KIPP VOICE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL (A division of KIPP Jacksonville, Inc.)

Basic Financial Statements and Supplemental Information

For the year ended June 30, 2014

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors KIPP Jacksonville, Inc. Jacksonville, Florida

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of KIPP Voice Elementary School. (the "School") and a component unit of the School Board of Duval County, Florida, and a division of KIPP Jacksonville, Inc. (the "Charterholder") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note A-1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position of the School at June 30, 2014, and the results of its operation for the year then ended, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Charterholder.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2014 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

September 30, 2014 Melbourne, Florida Berman Hopkins Wright & LaHam CPAs and Associates, LLP

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

As management of KIPP Voice Elementary School (the "School"), a division of KIPP Jacksonville, Inc. (the "Charterholder") and a component unit of the School Board of Duval County, Florida, we offer readers of the School's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview and analysis of the School's financial activities, (c) identify changes in the School's financial position, (d) identify material deviations from the approved budget, and (e) highlight significant issues in individual funds.

Since the information contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to highlight significant transactions, events, and conditions, it should be considered in conjunction with the basic financial statements starting on page 8.

# **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the School exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$190,489 (net position).
- The net position of the School increased by \$204,513 during the year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the School's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$348,152.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$295,231.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's basic financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide Financial Statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the School's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected funding and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the School that are principally supported by district, state, and federal funding (governmental activities). Basic instruction, exceptional instruction, and food services are examples of the School's governmental activities.

The government-wide financial statements include only the School itself, which is a component unit of the School Board of Duval County, Florida. The School Board of Duval County, Florida includes the operations of the School in their operational results.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8 and 9 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a collection of related accounts grouped together to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School, like state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the operations of the School are presented in governmental funds only.

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the School's statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School maintains various individual government funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The School reports the general fund as its only major fund.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 13 of this report.

The School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its entire operations. Budgetary comparison schedules with required notes have been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget and can be found on pages 26 through 28 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 14 of this report.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted previously, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the School's financial position. In the case of the School, assets exceeded liabilities by \$190,489 (net position), for the year ended June 30, 2014. The School's liabilities exceeded assets by \$14,024 (net position) for the year ended June 30, 2013.

The largest portion of net position is the unrestricted portion. Another portion of the School's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, furniture, fixtures and equipment and software). The School uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The condensed statement of net position and the statement of activities are provided below.

# KIPP Voice Elementary School Statement of Net Position

#### **Governmental Activities** 2014 2013 Variance **ASSETS** Current and other assets \$ 535,412 252,280 \$ 283,132 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 51,333 43,938 7,395 586,745 296,218 290,527 Total assets LIABILITIES **Current liabilities** 187,260 205,747 (18,487)Noncurrent liabilities 208,996 104,495 104,501 396,256 86,014 Total liabilities 310,242 **NET POSITION** Net investement in capital assets 51,333 43.938 7.395 Unrestricted 139,156 (57,962)197,118 Total net position \$ 190,489 \$ (14,024)204,513

The increase in current assets is a result of timing in cash inflows and outflows, increase of prepaid expenses and receivables due from other agencies and KIPP Impact Middle School. The decrease in current liabilities is the result of decrease in invoices due to vendors. Noncurrent liabilities increased as a result of accrued rent at June 30, 2014.

# KIPP Voice Elementary School Statement of Activities

Gov	/ernmen	tal Activ	ities
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	Governmental Activities						
	2014			2013	Variance		
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	2,352	\$	2,435	\$	(83)	
Operating grants and contributions		701,798		302,572		399,226	
General revenues:							
State passed through local school							
district		1,691,299		658,537		1,032,762	
Gifts, grants and bequests		534,290		599,225		(64,935)	
Other revenues		7,445		9,808		(2,363)	
Total revenues		2,937,184		1,572,577		1,364,607	
Expenses:		_					
Instruction		1,244,598		776,720		467,878	
Parental involvement		42,469		7,864		34,605	
Media services		33,321		43,391		(10,070)	
Staff development		102,868		41,698		61,170	
School administration		483,687		184,752		298,935	
Fiscal services		39,647		59,493		(19,846)	
Food services		158,314		78,906		79,408	
Central services		152,490		55,694		96,796	
Transportation		125,026		75,690		49,336	
Operation of plant		286,310		61,997		224,313	
Maintenance of plant		63,941		200,396		(136,455)	
Total expenses		2,732,671		1,586,601		1,146,070	
Change in net position		204,513		(14,024)		218,537	
Net position - beginning		(14,024)				(14,024)	
Net position - ending	\$	190,489	\$	(14,024)	\$	204,513	

Program revenue: (1) operating grants and contributions were a result of Title I, National School Lunch and a Start-up grant. General revenues: (1) state passed through local school district funds is the result of student enrollment of 196. The increase in expenses related to instruction, school administration and food services are directly related to the student enrollment.

**Governmental activities.** Governmental activities increased the School's net position by \$204,513 for the year ended June 30, 2014.

# **Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds**

As noted previously, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the School's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a School's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the main operating fund of the School. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$295,231 and nonspendable restricted for prepaid expenses was \$52,921.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The actual revenues and expenses in the general fund equaled the budgeted revenues and expenses for the year.

#### **Capital Asset Administration**

**Capital Assets.** The School's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2014, amounts to \$51,333 (net of accumulated depreciation). This net investment in capital assets includes furniture, fixtures and equipment and software. Additional information on the School's capital assets can be found in Note C of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Events Affecting Operations**

A majority of the School's funding is determined by the number of enrolled students. In the previous year the School had forecasted enrollment of 190 students and the forecasting enrollment increased to approximately 300 students for the 2014/2015 school year.

### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of School's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Executive Director's office at 1440 North McDuff Avenue, Jacksonville, FL 32254.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# June 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	181,297
Due from KIPP Impact Middle School		33,002
Due from other agencies		268,192
Prepaid expenses		52,921
Total current assets		535,412
CAPITAL ASSETS		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		15,795
Software		35,538
Total capital assets		51,333
Total assets		586,745
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		20,439
Accrued liabilities		165,690
Due to other agencies		1,131
Noncurrent liabilities		
Accrued rent - due in more than one year		208,996
Total liabilities		396,256
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		51,333
Unrestricted		139,156
Total net position	\$	190,489

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# For the year ended June 30, 2014

			Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services				Grants and		i an	t (Expense) Revenue d Changes let Position
Governmental activities:									
Instruction	\$1,244,598	\$	-	\$	288,864	\$	-	\$	(955,734)
Parental involvement	42,469		-		41,787		-		(682)
Media services	33,321		-		1,600		-		(31,721)
Staff development	102,868		-		28,892		-		(73,976)
School administration	483,687		-		149,826		-		(333,861)
Fiscal services	39,647		-		30,000		-		(9,647)
Food services	158,314		2,352		155,823		-		(139)
Central services	152,490		-		5,006		-		(147,484)
Transportation	125,026		-		-		-		(125,026)
Operation of plant	286,310		-		-		-		(286,310)
Maintenance of plant	63,941		-						(63,941)
Total governmental activities	\$2,732,671	\$	2,352	\$	701,798	\$			(2,028,521)
		Gen	eral reven	ues:					
		Sta	ate passed	thro	ugh local so	hool dist	rict		1,691,299
		Gif	fts, grants	and I	pequests				534,290
		Ot	her revenu	ıes	•				7,445
		Total general revenues							2,233,034
		Cha	nge in net	posit	ion				204,513
		Net	position at	July	1, 2013				(14,024)
		Net	position at	June	e 30, 2014			\$	190,489

# **BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

# June 30, 2014

	General Fund		Start-Up Grant Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	181,297	\$	-	\$	-	\$	181,297
Due from KIPP Impact Middle School		33,002		-		-		33,002
Due from other funds		268,192		-		-		268,192
Due from other agencies		-		34,562		233,630		268,192
Prepaid expenses		52,921		<u>-</u>				52,921
Total assets	\$	535,412	\$	34,562	\$	233,630	\$	803,604
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	20,439	\$	-	\$	-	\$	20,439
Accrued liabilities		165,690		-		-		165,690
Due to other agencies		1,131		-		-		1,131
Due to other funds				34,562		233,630		268,192
Total liabilities		187,260		34,562		233,630		455,452
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable								
Prepaid expenses		52,921		-		-		52,921
Unassigned		295,231		-		-		295,231
Total fund balances		348,152		-		-		348,152
Total liabilities and								
fund balances	\$	535,412	\$	34,562	\$	233,630	\$	803,604

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2014

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 348,152
The net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Those assets consist of:		
Furniture, fixtures and equipment, net Software, net Total capital assets	\$ 15,795 35,538	51,333
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:		
Accrued rent liability		(208,996)
Total net position of governmental activities		\$ 190,489

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# For the year ended June 30, 2014

	General Fund		Start-Up Grant Gover		Other Governmenta Funds		Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues Federal passed through state State passed through local school district Gifts, grants and bequests Other revenues	\$	1,691,299 534,290 7,445	\$	380,988	\$	320,810 - - 2,352	\$	701,798 1,691,299 534,290 9,797
Total revenues		2,233,034		380,988		323,162		2,937,184
Expenditures Current:								
Instruction		933,279		207,289		81,575		1,222,143
Parental involvement		682		32,300		9,487		42,469
Media services		31,721		1,600		-		33,321
Staff development School administration		73,976 333,861		22,938 81,855		5,954 67,971		102,868 483,687
Fiscal services		9,647		30,000		07,971		39,647
Food services		-		-		158,314		158,314
Central services		147,484		5,006		-		152,490
Transportation		125,026		-		-		125,026
Operation of plant		181,809		-		-		181,809
Maintenance of plant		63,941		-		-		63,941
Fixed capital outlay		29,850						29,850
Total expenditures		1,931,276		380,988		323,301		2,635,565
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		301,758		-		(139)		301,619
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		(139)		-		-		(139)
Transfers out		-		-		139		139
Total other financing sources (uses)		(139)		-		139		-
Net change in fund balances		301,619		_		_		301,619
Fund balances at July 1, 2013		46,533		-		-		46,533
Fund balances at June 30, 2014	\$	348,152	\$	-	\$	-	\$	348,152

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# For the year ended June 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total government funds		\$ 301,619
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report fixed capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Total fixed capital outlay Less: depreciation	\$ 29,850 (22,455)	7,395
Some of the expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued rent expense		 (104,501)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 204,513

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2014

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1. Reporting entity

KIPP Voice Elementary School (the "School") is a division of KIPP Jacksonville, Inc. (the "Charterholder") which is a Florida non-profit corporation. The School provides education services to students in sixth grade through eighth grade. The governing body of the School is the Board of Directors (the "Board"), which is composed of eight members. The financial information presented is that of KIPP Voice Elementary School only and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Charterholder. Additionally, there are other related companies and a consolidated financial statement was issued.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter of the sponsoring school district, which is the School Board of Duval County, Florida (the "District"). The current charter is effective until June 30, 2017, and may be renewed in increments of five years by mutual written agreement between the School and the District. At the end of the term of the charter, the District may choose not to renew the charter under the grounds specified in the charter in which case the District is required to notify the School in writing at least 90 days prior to the charter's expiration. During the term of the charter, the District may also terminate the charter if good cause is shown. KIPP Voice Elementary School is considered a component unit of the School Board of Duval County, Florida.

#### 2. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the School. As part of the consolidation process, all interfund activities are eliminated from these statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities.

Net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, as presented in the statement of net position, is subdivided into three categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position. Net position is reported as restricted when constraints are imposed on the use of the amounts either externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or enabling legislation.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between the direct and indirect expenses of a given function and its program revenues, and displays the extent to which each function contributes to the change in net position for the fiscal year. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable to a specific function.

Indirect expenses are costs the School has allocated to various functions. Program revenues consist of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2014

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

Charges for services refer to amounts received from those who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment. Grants and contributions consist of revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Revenues not classified as program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements report detailed information about the School's governmental funds. The focus of the governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Therefore, major funds are reported in separate columns on the fund financial statements. The School reports the general fund as its only major fund. A reconciliation is provided that converts the results of governmental fund accounting to the government-wide presentation.

#### 3. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the period earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred.

All governmental fund financial statements are reported using a current financial resources measurement focus on a modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues, except for certain grant revenues, are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of resources is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant resources, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt is recorded as expenditures only when payment is due.

The School's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Accordingly, the financial statements are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an accounting entity having a self-balancing set of accounts for recording assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, expenditures, and other financing sources and uses.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2014

### **NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

# 3. <u>Measurement focus</u>, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The School reports the following major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - is the general operating fund of the School and is used to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Start-Up Grant Fund</u> - is a special revenue fund of the School used for planning and initial implementation.

#### 4. Cash

Cash is made up of cash on hand at the School and checking accounts held at financial institutions. The School has no cash equivalents.

#### 5. Receivables

Receivables typically include amounts due from other agencies. The School's management determined that 100% of receivables are deemed to be fully collectible. Therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided.

#### 6. Interfund receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as due to/from other funds.

Transfers are used to move unrestricted fund revenues to finance programs and debt service activities that the School must account for in other funds.

#### 7. Prepaid expense

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2014, are recorded as prepaid expenses in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2014

#### **NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### 8. Capital assets

Capital assets are reported in the governmental columns on the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$750 and an estimated useful life of more than two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market values at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the School are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated Useful
Asset Class	Lives
Furnitures, fixtures and equipment	5 - 10
Software	1-3

#### 9. Revenue sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the State of Florida passed through the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33(17), Florida Statutes, the School reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District.

Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of FTE students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the Florida Education Finance Program. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the Florida Education Finance Program and the actual weighted FTE students reported by the School during the designated FTE student survey periods.

The School receives federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. This assistance is generally based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. These federal awards may have requirements whereby the issuance of grant funds is withheld until qualifying eligible expenditures are incurred. Revenues for these awards are recognized only to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred.

Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2014

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 10. Use of estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

#### 11. Income taxes

The School is a charter school under KIPP Jacksonville, Inc., which qualifies as a tax-exempt organization, and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. The School recognizes the financial statement effects from a tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. Examples of tax positions include the tax-exempt status of the School and various positions related to the potential sources of unrelated business taxable income. The assessment of the technical merits of a tax position is a matter of judgment. The School believes that all its tax positions are more likely than not to be sustained upon examination. The school files form 990 in U.S. Federal jurisdiction. The School is generally no longer subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service for years ending before June 30, 2011.

#### 12. Fund balance classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the School is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance - amounts that are not in non-spendable form (such as inventory and prepaid expense) or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by the School itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., Board of Directors). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2014

### **NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### 12. Fund balance classification (continued)

Assigned fund balance - amounts the School intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

Unassigned fund balance - amounts that are available for any purpose. Only the general fund may report positive unassigned fund balance.

The School would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

#### **NOTE B - CASH**

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School's deposits may not be returned to it. The bank balances of the School's deposits were \$190,022 at June 30, 2014. The deposits are insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000 per entity. Monies invested in amounts greater than the insurance coverage are secured by the qualified public depositories pledging securities with the State Treasurer in such amounts required by the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. In the event of a default or insolvency of a qualified public depositor, the State Treasurer will implement procedures for payment of losses according to the validated claims of the School pursuant to Section 280.08, Florida Statutes. At June 30, 2014, none of the School's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2014

# **NOTE C - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Changes in capital assets are as follows:

	Balance at					Balance at
	July 1,	_				June 30,
	2013	_A	dditions	Dele	etions	2014
Capital assets depreciated:						
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	\$ 24,177	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 24,177
Software	29,153		29,850		-	59,003
Total assets depreciated	53,330	\$	29,850	\$		83,180
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	4,089	\$	4,293	\$	-	8,382
Software	5,303		18,162			23,465
Total accumulated depreciation	9,392	\$	22,455	\$	-	31,847
Total governmental activities						
capital assets, net	\$ 43,938					\$ 51,333

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2014 was charged to the School's functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 20,145
School administration	 2,310
	\$ 22,455

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2014

#### **NOTE D - ACCRUED RENT**

A summary of changes in accrued rent is as follows:

	Balance at			Balance at			Due within			
July 1, 2013		A	dditions	Payments		June 30, 2014		one year		
Accrued rent	\$	104,495	\$	104,501	\$	-	\$	208,996	\$	-

In the governmental financial statements stated on a full accrual basis of accounting, GASB Statement No. 13 requires escalating leases to be calculated on a straight-line basis. Terms of the lease (see Note F-2) specify base annual rental payments of \$207,654, payable in equal monthly installments commencing July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2020. The School shares the facility with KIPP Impact Middle School. The rental payments are allocated based on the use of the facility at 70% to KIPP Impact Middle School and 30% to KIPP Voice Elementary School. Current year facility lease expense charged to operations for the School totaled \$166,792 and \$62,291 on the government-wide and fund financial statements, respectively.

The annual activity for the accrued rent balance is as follows for the fiscal years ended June 30:

	F	Full Accrual	Mo	dified Accrual	(	Change in		
	Basis - Rent		Е	Basis - Rent		Outstanding		
		Expense		Expense	Liability			
2015	\$	166,793	\$	62,531	\$	104,262		
2016		166,793		62,687		104,106		
2017		166,793		83,640		83,153		
2018		166,793		416,780		(249,987)		
2019-2020		333,586		836,728		(503,142)		
	\$	1,000,758	\$	1,462,366	\$	(461,608)		

Effective July 1, 2017, the annual rent obligation is increased to approximately \$417,000, of which 30% represents the School's portion.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2014

# **NOTE E - CONCENTRATIONS**

# Revenue sources

As stated in Note A-9, the School receives revenues for current operations primarily from the State of Florida through the District. The following is a schedule of revenue sources and amounts:

Sources	 Amounts		
School Board of Duval County, Florida:			
Base student allocation	\$ 835,674		
Knowledge is power program	301,380		
Class size reduction	296,884		
Exceptional student education	112,785		
Supplemental academic instruction	45,137		
Student transportation	36,951		
School improvement	990		
Instructional materials allocation	14,955		
Safe schools	5,354		
Lead teachers program	4,200		
Science laboratory materials	235		
Teacher salary allocation	 36,755		
Subtotal	1,691,300		
Title I funds	103,097		
Total School Board of Duval County,			
Florida	1,794,397		
Start-up grant	380,988		
Gifts, grants and bequests	534,290		
National school lunch program	158,174		
Other revenues	69,335		
	\$ 2,937,184		

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2014

#### **NOTE F - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

#### 1. Operating agreement

The Charterholder entered into an agreement with the operating company on May 1, 2010, and expiring June 30, 2014. This agreement calls for an ongoing fee for accounting services to be paid in monthly installments of \$4,000 with an additional monthly fee of \$2,000 for each additional school. As of July 1, 2012, the School shares its facility with KIPP Impact Middle School (see Note D). The accounting services are allocated 60% to KIPP Impact Middle School and 40% to KIPP Voice Elementary School, which is based on the number of students enrolled. The total amount charged to operations for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$21,600, which includes \$2,500 for set up costs.

#### 2. Facilities expense

The Charterholder entered into a lease agreement with Jacksonville Alliance for KIPP Schools, Inc., a related party (see Note G-1) commencing on August 1, 2010 through June 30, 2020 with two five year renewal options. Terms of the lease specify base annual rental payments of \$207,654, payable in equal monthly installments commencing July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2020. As of July 1, 2012, the School shares the facility with KIPP Impact Middle School. The rental payments are allocated based on the use of the facility at 70% to KIPP Impact Middle School and 30% to KIPP Voice Elementary School. GASB 13 requires escalating leases to be calculated on a straight-line basis (see Note D). Current year facility lease expense charged to operations for the School totaled \$166,792 and \$62,291 on the government-wide and fund financial statements, respectively.

The future minimum lease payments until the end of the School's current charter (June 30, 2015), which does not coincide with the lease term expiration (June 30, 2020) is \$62,687.

### 3. Federal grants

The School participates in federal and state grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the School has not complied with the rules and regulations governing grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2014 may be impaired. The School has determined that there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2014

#### **NOTE G - RELATED PARTIES**

### 1. Facilities expense

The School has a lease with a related party as described in Note F.

#### 2. Due from KIPP Impact Middle School

The School shares its facility with KIPP Impact Middle School. As a result, there are also shared expenses including, but not limited to: rent expense, administrative salaries and benefits, utilities and accounting services. The expenses are allocated 60% to KIPP Impact Middle School and 40% to KIPP Voice Elementary School, which is based on the number of students enrolled. At June 30, 2014, the due from KIPP Impact Middle School totaled \$33,002.

#### **NOTE H - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Under the plan for property insurance, the School has no liability per occurrence. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the fiscal year. Settled claims resulting from the risks described above have not exceeded the insurance coverage since the School's inception.

### **NOTE I - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The School has evaluated subsequent events through September 30, 2014; the date at which the financial statements became available for issue and has determined that no material events have occurred that would require disclosure.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION** 

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

### For the year ended June 30, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original & Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenue				
FEFP (state revenues)	\$ 1,654,348	\$ 1,654,348	\$	-
Transportation	36,951	36,951		-
Gifts, grants, and bequests	534,290	534,290		-
Sundry	7,445	7,445		
Gross school revenue	2,233,034	2,233,034		-
Expenses				
Instruction	933,279	933,279		-
Parental involvement	682	682		-
Media services	31,721	31,721		-
Staff development	73,976	73,976		-
School administration	333,861	333,861		-
Fiscal services	9,647	9,647		-
Central services	147,484	147,484		-
Transportation	125,026	125,026		-
Operation of plant	286,310	286,310		-
Depreciation expense	22,455	22,455		
Maintenance of plant	63,941	63,941		
Total expenses	2,028,382	2,028,382		
Change in net position	\$ 204,652	204,652	\$	
Adjustments to conform to GAAP:		(00.070)		
Capital outlay expenditures		(29,850)		
Depreciation expense		22,455		
Accrued rent expense		104,501		
Excess of revenue over expenditures (GAAP basis)		301,758		
Other financing sources (uses)		(139)		
Fund balances at July 1, 2013		46,533		
Fund balances at June 30, 2014		\$ 348,152		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - START-UP GRANT FUND

# For the year ended June 30, 2014

	Е	Budgeted				
		Amounts				
	C	Original & Final	Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenue						
Start-up Grant	\$	380,988	\$	380,988	\$	
Expenditures						
Salaries		81,993		81,993		-
Benefits		3,853		3,853		-
Staff development		54,670		54,670		-
Consumable instructional materials, office supplies, copier		212,894		212,894		-
Cellular/teleconference/internet		27,578		27,578		-
Total expenditures		380,988		380,988		
Net change in fund balances (GAAP basis)		-		-		-
Fund balances at July 1, 2013						
Fund balances at June 30, 2014	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	

#### NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

June 30, 2014

#### **NOTE A - BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

The School's annual budgets are adopted for the entire operations at the combined governmental level and may be amended by the Board. Since the budgetary basis differs from generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), budget and actual amounts in the accompanying required supplementary information are presented on the budgetary basis. A reconciliation to excess of revenues over expenditures presented in conformity with GAAP is set forth in the adjustments to the required supplementary information.

Budgets are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors
KIPP Voice Elementary School
Jacksonville, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of KIPP Voice Elementary School ("the School") a component unit of the School Board of Duval County, Florida, and a division of KIPP Jacksonville, Inc. (the "Charterholder) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2014.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose

September 30, 2014 Melbourne, Florida Berman Hopkins Wright & LaHam CPAs and Associates, LLP



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#### **MANAGEMENT LETTER**

To the Board of Directors KIPP Voice Elementary School Jacksonville, Florida

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of KIPP Voice Elementary School (the "School"), a component unit of the School Board of Duval County, Florida, and a division of KIPP Jacksonville, Inc. (the "Charterholder"), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2014.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in that report which are dated September 30, 2014, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective action has been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report noted under the heading **Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs - Corrected.** 



#### **Financial Condition**

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2. and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures to determine whether or not the School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply financial condition assessment procedures for the School. It is management's responsibility to monitor the School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

### Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7. and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures to determine whether the School maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

#### Other Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Section 10.854(1)(e)5, Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity. The official title of the school is KIPP Voice Elementary School, a division of KIPP Jacksonville, Inc., a Florida limited liability company.

#### **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the School's management, Board of Directors, others within the School, the School Board of Broward County, Florida, the State of Florida Office of the Auditor General, Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, and other regulatory agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

September 30, 2014 Melbourne, Florida

Berman Hopkins Wright & LaHam CPAs and Associates, LLP

### **Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs-Corrected**

#### 2012-1 Purchase card transactions

Significant deficiency at June 30, 2012. No longer significant deficiency at June 30, 2013.

<u>Criteria:</u> The School's purchasing procedures specify that all purchases should be accompanied by either a Purchase Order (PO) or a Payment Authorization Form (PAV) and contain all of the related signatures and documentation (receipts).

<u>Condition</u>: During the course of the audit, we tested a random sample of purchase cards to verify that controls over these expenditures were working adequately. We noted receipts were incomplete for the sample of items selected. Also, the classification for the various purchases was not clearly indicated on the purchase card or receipt making it difficult to determine where the expenditures should be recorded in the general ledger. In addition, we noted that there is a large amount of purchase card usage for the School and it appears to be the first method for making some purchases through the School.

<u>Cause:</u> The School's management is inconsistently following their own policy by not having consistent proper documentation. In addition, the School does not have a formal policy with regards to purchase card usage.

Effect: Various reimbursement reports were missing the appropriate documentation.

<u>Auditors' recommendation:</u> We recommend that the School establish a policy for purchase card usage for employees and set credit limits on individual purchase cards when you have specific issues with employees following established procedures.

<u>Status at June 30, 2013</u>: The School has instituted a policy to obtain receipts. Although the School has made a considerable improvement in this area, they are not timely following up on missing receipts. Furthermore, there is still a large amount of purchase card usage. However, we do not consider this a significant deficiency at June 30, 2013.

#### 2013-1 Student Attendance

Significant deficiency

<u>Criteria:</u> Each charter school shall report its student enrollment to the sponsor as required in s. 1011.62, and in accordance with the definitions in s. 1011.61. All charter schools submitting student record information required by the Department of Education shall comply with the Department of Education's guidelines for electronic data formats.

<u>Condition:</u> During our testing, it was noted that although students were reported correctly during the survey weeks to the District, correct attendance records were not maintained by the School.

<u>Cause:</u> School personnel made manual errors in their recording of attendance that were left uncorrected.

<u>Effect:</u> The School is deficient in their record-keeping related to student attendance.

<u>Auditors' recommendation:</u> In order to ensure the School is in compliance with Florida Statutes, we recommend that the School institute procedures to ensure attendance is accurately maintained per student on a daily basis.

Status at June 30, 2014: Corrected.

#### 2013-2 Board governance training

<u>Criteria:</u> Section 1002.33(9)(j)4., Florida Statutes and 6A-6.0784 Florida Administrative code requires all members of the School's governing board receive board governance training approved by the Department of Education.

<u>Condition:</u> During our compliance testing, it was noted governing board members training certification expired during the fiscal year.

<u>Cause:</u> The members did not complete the two hour required refresher course within three years of the initial training certification.

Effect: Members of the governing board were out of compliance with Florida Statutes.

<u>Auditors' recommendation:</u> In order to ensure the School is in compliance with Florida Statutes, we recommend that the School institute procedures to ensure that all current board members receive the required board governance training.

#### 2013-3 Purchase cards

<u>Criteria:</u> The School's policy states purchases in excess of \$1,000 require a purchase order from the Executive Director. The policy also states credit cards be used for out-of-field expenses such as travel and meals.

<u>Condition:</u> None of the purchases tested by the auditor, using purchase cards, were approved prior to the School employee initiating the transaction. The School was obligated to pay for these items when the purchase card was used without appropriate approval. Furthermore, the purchase cards are used for travel as well as the purchase of numerous school supplies, food, and textbooks.

<u>Cause:</u> The management of the School did follow the approved policy and credit card usage appeared to be a preferred purchase alternative.

<u>Effect:</u> The School did not follow their procedures and the disbursements using purchase cards were not properly approved.

<u>Auditors' recommendation:</u> We recommend the School apply their purchasing policy to all disbursements including purchase cards.

Status at June 30, 2014: Corrected.

#### 2013-4 Student Records

<u>Criteria:</u> Section 1002.33(9)(e) and 381.0056., Florida Statutes requires all students have a valid certificate of immunization or exemption on file before enrolling in or attending school.

<u>Condition:</u> During our testing of ten student records, it was noted one student did not have an updated immunization record and another student's exemption had expired.

Cause: The management of the School is not maintaining adequate student records.

<u>Effect:</u> The School is not in compliance with Florida Statutes.

<u>Auditors' recommendation:</u> We recommend the School institute a policy to ensure student records are complete as required by Florida statutes.

#### 2013-5 Cash Disbursements

<u>Criteria:</u> The School requires dual signature for cash disbursements in excess of \$5,000. Furthermore, the policy requires a purchase order for all transactions in excess of \$1,000.

<u>Condition:</u> During our audit testing of cash disbursement, it was noted the School does not consistently follow these policies.

<u>Cause:</u> The management of the School did not obtain the dual signature nor consistently follow the purchase order process.

<u>Effect:</u> The management of the School did not follow their procedures and the disbursements were not properly approved.

<u>Auditors' recommendation:</u> We recommend the School follow established policies for dual signatures and purchase orders.

Status at June 30, 2014: Corrected.

#### 2013-6 Bank reconciliations

<u>Criteria:</u> The School's financial protocol and procedures requires the monthly bank reconciliation be approved by the Executive Director.

Condition: The bank reconciliations are not approved.

Cause: The management of the School did follow the approved policy.

<u>Effect:</u> There is a risk that management could override controls and/or a misstatement could occur that would go undetected.

<u>Auditors' recommendation:</u> We recommend management of the School review the bank reconciliation monthly.

### 2013-7 Accrued expenses

<u>Criteria:</u> The School uses the accrual basis of accounting which requires expenses be recognized in the same period in which the related revenue is earned.

<u>Condition:</u> The School did not record approximately \$45,000 of expenses that were paid after June 30, 2013.

<u>Cause:</u> There is no approval of the timing or coding of transactions in the general ledger.

Effect: The School overstated income by approximately \$45,000.

<u>Auditors' recommendation:</u> We recommend management of the School institute a policy to ensure expenses are properly input into the accounting system and accrued at year end.

# **Current Year Findings, Recommendations or Other Matters**

As of June 30, 2014 there were no findings, recommendations or other matters.