Somerset Preparatory Academy W/L# 5501 (A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.) (A Charter School and Component Unit of the School Board of Duval County, Florida)

Jacksonville, Florida 32218

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2015

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Somerset Preparatory Academy (A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.) W/L# 5501 1429 Broward Road Jacksonville, Florida 32218

2014-2015

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Academy Jacksonville, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Preparatory Academy (the "School"), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which is a component unit of the District School Board of Duval County, as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2015, which collectively comprises the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Preparatory Academy at June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position of Somerset Preparatory Academy at June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Somerset Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of Somerset Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2015 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 29, 2015, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 8 and 27 through 28 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

HLB Drawn UP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2015

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Somerset Preparatory Academy (A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2015

The corporate officers of Somerset Preparatory Academy have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the school's financial activities for the fiscal ended June 30, 2015.

Financial Highlights

- 1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2015 was \$129,557.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$387,358.
- 3. The net position of the School increased by \$108,073 during the year.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$216,273.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between the four is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 - 10 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 9-15 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16-26 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, net position was \$129,557 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 follows:

	2015	2014
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 270,724	\$ 69,050
Due from other agencies	-	165,831
Prepaid expenses	40,604	111,125
Due from other agencies	68,000	-
Deposits receivable	8,030	8,030
Capital Assets, net	332,650	184,212
Total Assets	720,008	538,248
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
	100.451	10 564
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	122,451	48,764
Due to other schools and management company	468,000	468,000
Total Liabilities	590,451	516,764
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	_	-
Unrestricted	129,557	21,484
Total Net Position	\$ 129,557	\$ 21,484
	\$ 129,337	φ 21,404

At the end of the fiscal year, the School is able to report positive balances in total net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 follows:

	2015	2014
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Capital Outlay Funding	34,427	83,126
Federal sources	441,233	229,648
Lunch Program	11,273	8,770
Charges for Services	22,804	27,503
General Revenues		
Local Sources(FTE non specific)	2,286,296	1,190,682
Other Revenues	189,774	40,564
Total Revenues	\$ 2,985,807	\$ 1,580,293
EXPENSES		
Component Unit Activities:		
Instruction	\$ 1,394,397	\$ 675,495
Instructional staff training	7,031	12,116
Board	46,302	20,984
School administration	457,624	269,069
Fiscal services	54,225	28,950
Food services	164,762	102,380
Central services	78,685	50,962
Operation of plant	485,901	290,419
Maintenance of plant	129,063	81,863
Community Services	59,744	26,571
Total Expenses	2,877,734	1,558,809
Increase in Net Position	108,073	21,484
Net Position at Beginning of Year	21,484	
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 129,557	\$ 21,484

Student enrollment increased for 2015 by approximately 167 students. As a result, The School's general revenues and expenses increased by \$1,405,514 and \$1,318,925, respectively, in the current year. The School had an increase in its net position of \$108,073 for the year.

School Location and Lease of Facility

The School leases facilities located at 1429 Broward Road, Jacksonville, Florida.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

School Enrollment

This past year, the School had approximately 358 students enrolled in grades kindergarten to eighth grade.

Achievements

In 2015, Somerset Preparatory Academy completed its 2nd year of operations, serving over 360 students in grades K-8. To date, the State of Florida has not released school grades for the 2014-15 year.

This past year, Somerset Preparatory focused on the academic assessment of students to better determine the best way to help each one of them move forward, as well as maximizing learning gains for individual students in the Common Core framework. Somerset Prep's curriculum is fully aligned to the new Florida Standards, which are parallel with the Common Core. The school has incorporated i-Ready and Ready Florida materials for targeted instruction to ensure that all students have the direct instruction they need in both Reading and Math. The school has also implemented the research-based Reading programs to support all of its growing readers, as well as supplemental instruction through Accelerated Reader and Mathletics to provide high quality practice in reading and math for all students.

In addition to striving for academic excellence, Somerset Prep offers students a number of extracurricular activities including athletics and the arts. Student athletes participated in Volleyball, Boys and Girls Basketball, and Softball. Students also participated in Dance, Step, Somerset Serenaders, and Business Leadership club.

As a member of the Somerset Academy network of high quality charter schools, Somerset Preparatory Academy is fully accredited by AdvancED under the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Council on Accreditation and School Improvement (SACS-CASI) division. As with all the schools within the network, Somerset places high expectations for student learning and offers multiple opportunities for all students to acquire requisite knowledge, skills, and attitudes in a safe and nurturing environment. Key to achieving successful learning for all students is the school's implementation of research–based instructional strategies by a highly qualified instructional staff, and the use of innovative resources in a technology-rich setting.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$264,907. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$216,273. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2015 amounts to \$332,650 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes leasehold improvements and furniture, equipment, and textbooks. As of June 30, 2015, the School has \$468,000 long-term debt associated to its capital assets.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund		
	Original		
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
Program Revenues			
State capital outlay funding	\$ 119,275	\$ 34,500	\$ 34,427
Federal sources	435,000	440,000	441,233
Lunch program	11,000	11,000	11,273
General Revenues			
FTE nonspecific revenues	2,276,225	2,285,000	2,286,296
Charges and other revenues	175,000	212,000	212,578
Total Revenues	3,016,500	2,982,500	2,985,807
CURRENT EXPENDITURES			
Component Unit Activities			
Instruction	1,335,000	1,333,000	1,331,688
Instructional staff training	8,000	8,000	7,031
Board	50,000	47,000	46,302
School administration	460,000	460,000	457,475
Fiscal services	55,000	55,000	54,225
Food services	165,000	165,000	164,355
Central services	80,000	80,000	78,685
Operation of plant	564,275	485,500	485,177
Maintenance of plant	84,000	125,000	124,294
Community Services	60,000	60,000	59,744
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 2,861,275	\$ 2,818,500	\$ 2,808,976

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Broward, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida, 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Assets	Governmental Activities	
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid expenses Due from other agencies Deposits receivable	\$	270,724 40,604 68,000 <u>8,030</u> 387,358
Capital assets, depreciable Less: accumulated depreciation		424,927 (92,277) 332,650
Total Assets		720,008
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Liabilities		
Current liabilities: Salaries and wages payable Total Current Liabilities Long-term payables to other charter schools	2	122,451 122,451 368,000
Long-term payable to Somerset Academy, Inc. Total Liabilities		<u>100,000</u> 590,451
Deferred Inflows of Resources		-
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$	129,557 129,557

Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2015

		Program Revenues			
FUNCTIONS	Expenses	Charges for Services		Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$ 1,394,397	\$ 22,804	\$ 324,509	\$ -	\$ (1,047,084)
Instructional staff training	7,031	-	-	-	(7,031)
Board	46,302	-	-	-	(46,302)
School administration	457,624	-	-	-	(457,624)
Fiscal services	54,225	-	-	-	(54,225)
Food services	164,762	11,273	116,724	-	(36,765)
Central services	78,685	-	-	-	(78,685)
Operation of plant	485,901	-	-	34,427	(451,474)
Maintenance of plant	129,063	-)	-	-	(129,063)
Community Services	59,744	-	-	-	(59,744)
Total governmental activities	2,877,734	34,077	441,233	34,427	(2,367,997)

General revenues:	
FTE nonspecific revenues	2,286,296
Interest and other revenue	 189,774
Change in net position	108,073
Net position, beginning	 21,484
Net position, ending	\$ 129,557

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

General Fund	Special	Total
		Governmental
	Revenue Fund	Funds
\$ 270,724	\$ -	\$ 270,724
-	68,000	68,000
68,000	-	68,000
40,604	-	40,604
8,030		8,030
387,358	68,000	455,358
122,451	-	122,451
-	68,000	68,000
122,451	68,000	190,451
-	-	
48,634	-	48,634
216,273	-	216,273
264,907	_	264,907
\$ 387,358		\$ 455,358
	\$ 270,724 68,000 40,604 8,030 387,358 - 122,451 - 122,451 - 48,634 216,273 264,907	Revenue Fund \$ 270,724 \$ - - 68,000 68,000 - 40,604 - 8,030 - 387,358 68,000 - - 122,451 - - 68,000 122,451 - - 68,000 - - 48,634 - 216,273 - 264,907 -

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position For the year ended June 30, 2015

Total Fund Balance	e - Governmental Funds	\$ 264,907
Amounts reported different because:	for governmental activities in the statement of net position are	
	Capital assets of \$424,927 net of accumulated depreciation	
	of \$92,277 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.	332,650
	This proceeds from debt issuance provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long- term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the	
	amount by which repayments of \$0 exceeded proceeds of \$ 468,000.	 (468,000)
Total Net Position	- Governmental Activities	\$ 129,557

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2015

	ā		
	General Fund	Special	Total
			Governmental
		Revenue Fund	Funds
Revenues:			
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ 34,427	\$ 34,427
State passed through local	2,286,296	-	2,286,296
Federal sources	-	441,233	441,233
Lunch program	-	11,273	11,273
Charges and other revenue	212,578	-	212,578
Total Revenues	2,498,874	486,933	2,985,807
Expenditures:			
Current			
Instruction	1,189,287	142,401	1,331,688
Board	46,302	-	46,302
Instructional staff training	7,031	-	7,031
School administration	457,475	-	457,475
Fiscal services	54,225	-	54,225
Food services	-	164,355	164,355
Central services	78,685	-	78,685
Operation of plant	450,750	34,427	485,177
Maintenance of plant	124,294	-	124,294
Community Services	59,744	-	59,744
Capital Outlay:			
Other capital outlay	35,088	182,108	217,196
Total Expenditures	2,502,881	523,291	3,026,172
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(4,007)	(36,358)	(40,365)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in (out)	(36,358)	36,358	
Net change in fund balance	(40,365)	-	(40,365)
Fund Balance at beginning of year	305,272		305,272
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 264,907	\$ -	\$ 264,907

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures an Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ (40,365)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$217,196 exceeded depreciation expense of \$68,758.

148,438

108,073

\$

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

Assets	Agency Funds
Cash	\$ 22,615
Total Assets	22,615
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Liabilities	
Due to students and clubs	22,615
Total Liabilities	22,615
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Position	\$

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Somerset Preparatory Academy (the "School"), is a component unit of the School Board of Duval County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc. which is composed of eight members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the school financial statement.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Broward County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2018 and is renewable for an additional term pursuant to law and/or by a mutual written agreement between the School and the District. At the end of the term of the charter, the District may choose not to renew the charter under the grounds specified in the charter in which case the District is required to notify the School in writing at least 90 days prior to the charter's expiration. During the term of the charter, the District may terminate the charter if good cause is shown.

The School is located in Jacksonville, Florida for students from kindergarten through eighth grades and is funded by the District. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2015, when approximately 362 students were enrolled for the school year.

Basis of presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements also do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund - accounts for specific revenue, such as capital outlay funding and federal lunch program that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Agency Fund – Schools internal funds accounts for resources of the schools' Internal Fund which is used to administer monies collected at the schools in connection with school, student activities, class, and club activities.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Agency fund assets and liabilities are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Deposits and Investments

All deposits are held in major banks and high grade investments. The School has not adopted a formal investment policy; however the School invests excess deposit funds in collateralized repurchase agreements. Cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less. All deposits and investments in repurchase agreements are carried at cost plus accrued interest.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Inter-fund Transfers

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Inter-fund transfers are made to move any excess or shortage of funds derived from the National School Lunch Program from the Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund.

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

Long –Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$500 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Improvements	10 Years
Furniture, Equipment and Software	5 Years
Textbooks	3 Years

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

GASB Codification Section C60, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for sick days available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

In addition, the School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Net position and Fund balance classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three (3) components:

- a) <u>Net investment in capital assets</u> consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of net balances with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other net balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund financial statements

Under GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- a) <u>Nonspendable</u> includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).
- b) <u>Restricted</u> fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The School's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries. First Non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as restricted fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when non-spendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purposes amounts exceed the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

Income Taxes

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 29, 2015 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the period ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance 07/01/14	Additions	Reclass	Balance 06/30/15	
Capital Assets:					
Buildings and Improvements	\$-	\$ 36,140	\$ -	\$ 36,140	
Computer equipment and software	92,321	56,386	-	148,707	
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	115,410	124,670	-)	240,080	
Total Capital Assets	\$ 207,731	\$ 217,196	\$-	\$ 424,927	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings and Improvements	-	(3,614)	-	(3,614)	
Computer equipment and software	(9,232)	(25,175)	-	(34,407)	
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	(14,287)	(39,969)	-	(54,256)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(23,519)	(68,758)	-	(92,277)	
Capital Assets, net	\$ 184,212	\$ 148,438	\$ -	\$ 332,650	

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, depreciation expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

Instruction	\$ 62,709
School administration	149
Food service	407
Operation of plant	724
Maintenance of Plant	 4,769
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 68,758

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in major banks and in high grade investments. As of June 30, 2015, the School's deposits and investments was \$399,890; of which \$109,890 consisted of bank balances and \$290,000 was collateralized under a repurchase agreement with Regions Bank (the "Bank").

Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Somerset Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2015, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage totaled \$109,890; including fiduciary account bank balances.

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investments and Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2015, any of the School's investments in repurchase agreements were held as part of the Bank's investment portfolio.

The School has not formally approved an investment policy regarding custodial credit risk; however it mitigates its credit risk by maintaining excess funds available in overnight repurchase agreements. Amounts invested in repurchase agreements are secured obligations collateralized by securities that include: non-callable U.S. Government and Agency Securities; Callable and Structured Agency Securities; Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities guaranteed by a federal agency, Bonds issued by government sponsored enterprises, Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae. Amounts invested in repurchase agreements are not insured by the FDIC and are subject to investment risks, including possible loss of principal invested, and if the Bank fails the School will become a secured creditor and may become an unsecured general creditor to the extent the market value of the securities used as collateral falls below the outstanding amount of repurchase obligations to the School.

Note 4 – Education Services and Support Provider Agreement

Academica Broward, LLC, an education services and support provider, offers management and administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting. The agreement calls for a fee per full time equivalent (FTE) student per year. The agreement is with Somerset Academy, Inc. for a period of three years, through June 30, 2016, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed along with any renewals to the charter agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the School incurred approximately \$162,674, in fees.

Academica Broward, LLC is located at 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143 and its officers are: Fernando Zulueta, President Magdalena Fresen, Vice President & Treasurer Ignacio Zulueta, Vice President Collette Papa, Secretary

Note 5 – Transactions with other divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.

Somerset Academy, Inc. operates various charter schools. Somerset Academy, Inc. charges its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. Somerset Preparatory Academy paid Somerset Academy, Inc. \$36,225 in connection with these charges during the year.

During 2015, the School received a recoverable grant in the amount of \$115,000 from Somerset Academy, Inc. In the event that the School is operating at a surplus of its operating budget for any period ending on December 31 following the execution of this agreement, the School shall commence repayment of this grant in an amount equal to its surplus.

Notes 6 - Long - Term Advance from Other Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.

The following schedule provides a summary of long-term advances from other divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc. for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/14	Additions Deletions		06/30/15
Somerset Miramar	\$ 368,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 368,000
Somerset Academy, Inc.	100,000	·	-	100,000
Total Long Term Receivables	\$ 468,000	\$ -	\$-	\$ 468,000

Note 7 - Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations

The School entered into a lease agreement with Saint Patrick School Development, LLC for its facility including twelve classrooms (initially), a lunchroom/hall, gymnasium, covered and open patio areas, playfields, and additional related facilities. The landlord is an affiliate of the School's educational service provider (See Note 4). Initial fixed annual payments under this agreement are based on \$1,000 per full time equivalent (FTE) student with a first year minimum of \$250,000 and a \$350,000 minimum each year thereafter, plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. The per-student fixed rent shall increase by 2% each year beginning with the third year. The agreement continues through July 31, 2033 with an option to renew for two additional successive periods of five years each. Under the agreement, the School must meet certain requirements and covenants including maintaining a "Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio" of not less than 1.10 to 1.00.

Future minimum payments under the facility lease agreements are as follows:

Year		
2016	\$ 357,000	
2017	\$ 364,140	
2018	\$ 371,423	
2019	\$ 378,851	
2020	\$ 386,428	
2021-2025	\$ 2,051,208	(total for five year period)
2026-2030	\$ 2,264,699	(total for five year period)
2031-2033	\$ 1,470,446	(total for four year period)

Note 7- Commitments, Contingencies and Concentration (continued)

Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of up to 5% of the qualifying revenues of the School and up to and including 250 students. For the year ended June 30, 2015, administrative fees totaled \$114,024, of which \$34,427 was credited back for capital outlay purposes.

Note 8 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

Note 9 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

Post-retirement Benefits

The School's personnel, which are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a match of 50% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$-for the year ended June 30, 2015. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by MassMutual Financial Group.

Note 10 – Subsequent Events

As of July 1, 2015, the School moved to utilizing a government money market mutual fund as an investment vehicle for it excess deposit funds. A government money market mutual fund invests exclusively in obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government and its agencies and instrumentalities and in repurchase agreements collateralized by such securities.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2015

	General Fund					
	Original Budget		Final Budget			Actual
REVENUES State passed through local Charges and other revenue	\$	2,276,225 175,000	\$	2,285,000 212,000	\$	2,286,296 212,578
Total Revenues		2,451,225		2,497,000		2,498,874
EXPENDITURES Current:		1 100 000		1 100 000		1 100 007
Instruction		1,190,000		1,190,000		1,189,287
Instructional Staff Training Board		8,000 50,000		8,000 47,000		7,031 46,302
School Administration		460,000		460,000		40,302
Fiscal Services		55,000		55,000		54,225
Central Services		80,000		80,000		78,685
Operation of Plant		445,000		451,000		450,750
Maintenance of Plant		84,000		125,000		124,294
Community Services		60,000		60,000		59,744
Total Current Expenditures		2,432,000		2,476,000		2,467,793
Excess of Revenues Over Current Expenditures		19,225		21,000		31,081
Capital Outlay		25,000		36,000		35,088
Total Expenditures		2,457,000		2,512,000		2,502,881
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		(5,775)		(15,000)		(4,007)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in (out) Long term advances from other schools, net		(16,000)		(40,000)		(36,358)
Net change in fund balance		(21,775)		(55,000)		(40,365)
Fund Balance at beginning of year		305,272		305,272		305,272
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	283,497	\$	250,272	\$	264,907

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2015

	Special Revenue Fund					
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES						
State capital outlay funding	\$	119,275	\$	34,500	\$	34,427
Federal sources		435,000		440,000		441,233
Lunch program		11,000		11,000		11,273
Total Revenues		565,275		485,500		486,933
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		145,000		143,000		142,401
Food services		165,000		165,000		164,355
Operation of Plant		119,275		34,500		34,427
Total Current Expenditures		429,275		342,500		341,183
Excess of Revenues						
Over Current Expenditures		136,000		143,000		145,750
Capital Outlay		120,000		183,000		182,108
Total Expenditures		549,275		525,500		523,291
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		16,000		(40,000)		(36,358)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in (out)		(16,000)		40,000		36,358
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-
Fund Balance at beginning of year		-				-
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Academy Jacksonville, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Preparatory Academy (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a management letter dated September 29, 2015 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2015



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Academy Jacksonville, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Preparatory Academy as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2015.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General

Other Reports and Schedules

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosure in those reports, which are dated September 29, 2015, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity. The official title of the entity is Somerset Preparatory Academy.

Financial Condition

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2, Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we report the results of our determination as to whether or not Somerset Preparatory Academy has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Preparatory Academy did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Financial Condition (Continued)

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Somerset Preparatory Academy. It is management's responsibility to monitor Somerset Preparatory Academy's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same. We have applied such procedures as of the fiscal year end and no deteriorating financial condition has been noted.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we report the results of our determination as to whether Somerset Preparatory Academy maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Preparatory Academy maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Other Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we have the following finding or recommendations.

ML 15-01 – INTERNAL ACCOUNT DISBURSEMENTS

Observation

We noted instances whereby check disbursements did not contain dual signatures as required by the school' internal account policy.

Recommendation

We recommend that the treasurer not release any internal account disbursement without dual signatures on the check.

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Duval County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2015

Somerset Preparatory Academy

September 28, 2015

HLB Gravier, LLP 396 Alhambra Circle, 9th Floor Coral Gables, FL 33134

RE: MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE TO AUDITOR'S RECOMMENDATION

The following is the response by the School's Board of Directors to your recommendation:

ML 2015-01 – INTERNAL ACCOUNT

Recommendation

We recommend that the Treasurer not release any internal account disbursement without dual signatures on the check.

Management Responses

Management will adhere to auditor's recommendation. All disbursement checks shall include the required second signature.

Sincerely,

David Convepcion Board Chair, Somerset Academy, Inc.

David Cook School Principal, Somerset Preparatory Academy