PASCO MYCROSCHOOL OF INTEGRATED ACADEMICS AND TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

PASCO MYCROSCHOOL OF INTEGRATED ACADEMICS AND TECHNOLOGIES, INC. JUNE 30, 2018

GOVERNING BOARD

MEMBER	OFFICE					
Joseph Allotta	President					
Andrea Ceccoli	Secretary					
Pamela Gaylord	Treasurer					
ADMINISTRATION						
Sandra Sonberg	Principal					

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Governing Board, Pasco MycroSchool of Integrated Academics and Technologies, Inc.:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Pasco MycroSchool of Integrated Academics and Technologies, Inc. ("Pasco MycroSchool"), a component unit of The School Board of Pasco County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Pasco MycroSchool is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Pasco MycroSchool as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 11, 2019 on our consideration of Pasco MycroSchool's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Pasco MycroSchool's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James Maore : Co., P.L.

Tallahassee, Florida February 11, 2019

This section of Pasco MYcroSchool of Integrated Academics and Technologies, Inc.'s annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the School's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the School's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the Pasco MYcroSchool of Integrated Academics and Technologies, Inc. (the "School") using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement Number 34.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the School from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities. These statements include all assets of the School as well as all liabilities. Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables and receivables.

The Fund Financial Statements include statements for the governmental activities. The Governmental Funds are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

Reconciliations of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements are provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The Primary unit of the government is the School Board of Pasco County, Florida.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS OF THE PAST YEAR

An overview of significant financial information from the first year of operations includes:

- The school's total net position decreased by \$53 thousand.
- > Total governmental fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$226 thousand.
- > Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased by \$160 thousand.
- The School's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$226 thousand.

(Continued)

REPORTING THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the School as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the School using the accrual basis accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School's *net position* and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and liabilities, one way to measure the School's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the School's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the School's revenue base and the condition of the School's capital assets.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the School's operating results. Since the Board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the School. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we designate the School activities as follows:

Governmental activities—All of the School's services are reported in this category. This includes the education of high school students, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain capital assets. Revenues received from the Florida Education Finance Program through the Pasco County Public School system, Federal grants and miscellaneous local revenues finance these activities.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the School as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, management may establish various funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other monies that it receives.

Governmental funds—The School's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School's programs. The differences between the governmental fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are explained in reconciliations following each governmental fund financial statement.

(Continued)

THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The School's net deficit was \$52 thousand for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Of this amount, unrestricted funds were negative. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants grantors, constitutional provisions and enabling legislation that limit the School's ability to use those net position for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below, in summary form, focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the School's governmental activities.

Table 1

	Net Position June 30, 2018				
Current and other assets	\$ 234,059				
Capital assets	160,215				
Total Assets	394,274				
Deferred outflow	7,282				
Current liabilities	7,742				
Noncurrent liabilities	446,000				
Total Liabilities	453,742				
Deferred inflow					
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	160,215				
Restricted for Capital Projects	3,685				
Unrestricted	(216,086				
Total Net Position	\$ (52,186				

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the School as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities on page 10. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it slightly to more readily identify the total revenues for the year.

(Continued)

Changes in Net Position (Continued)

Table 2

	Governmenta Activities June 30, 2018			
Revenues				
General Revenues:				
State of Florida Education Finance Program	\$	305,716		
Public Education Capital Outlay Program		8,535		
Start-up Grant		244,465		
Miscellaneous		331,497		
Total Revenues		890,213		
Expenses				
Instruction		190,747		
Instructional Staff Training		520		
Board		1,806		
General Administration		14,561		
School Administration		507,785		
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		112,829		
Fiscal Services	2,042			
Central Services		1,728		
Transportation		726		
Operation of Plant		89,470		
Maintenance of Plant		644		
Depreciation		19,541		
Total Expenses		942,399		
Change in Net Position	\$	(52,186)		

(Continued)

THE SCHOOL'S FUNDS

As the School completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$226 thousand. (Table 3).

Table 3

	Fund Balance June 30, 2018			
General Fund Special Revenue	\$	222,632		
Public Education Capital Outlay Totals	\$	3,685 226,317		

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the course of the fiscal year, the School revised its General Fund Budget in order to deal with unexpected changes in revenue and expenditures. The Governing Board adopts its initial budget based on projected enrollment and the corresponding projected revenues. Amendments are primarily required to reflect changes in revenue estimates from the State of Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) as actual enrollments are determined. A schedule showing the School's original and final budget amounts compared with actual amounts paid and received is provided in our annual report on pages 29.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2018, the School had \$160k in a broad range of capital assets (net of depreciation), including furniture, equipment and building improvements (Table 4).

Table 4

	A	ernmental ctivities e 30, 2018
Furniture and Equipment Building Improvements Accumulated Depreciation	\$	168,247 11,509 (19,541)
Totals	\$	160,215

(Continued)

SIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES DURING FISCAL YEAR 2017-2018 ARE NOTED BELOW:

- The School's enrollment was 51 students.
- The School had a graduating class of 6 for the 2017-18 fiscal year.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The economic position of the school for general operating is closely tied to that of the State. The formula for determining funding for education is set by Statute. State funds to charter schools are provided primarily by legislative appropriations from the State's general revenue funds under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), and the State funding for operations is primarily from sales, gasoline, and corporate income taxes. Additionally, the level of tourism in the State heavily influences the amount of taxes collected. Significant changes in State revenue collections could directly impact future School revenue allocations.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and creditors with a general overview of the School's finances and to show the School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, please write to NEWCorp at 2611 Temple Heights Drive, Suite A, Oceanside, CA 92056.

PASCO MYCROSCHOOL OF INTEGRATED ACADEMICS AND TECHNOLOGIES, INC. STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 71,462
Due from other agencies	145,433
Other receivables	1,793
Prepaid expenses	15,371
Total Current Assets	234,059
Capital assets	179,756
Less: accumulated depreciation	(19,541)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	160,215
Total Assets	394,274
Deferred Outflows	
Related to changes in the net pension liability	7,282
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Payroll deductions and withholdings	2,565
Accounts payable	5,177
Current portion of long-term debt	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Current Liabilities	7,742
Non-current Liabilities	
Long-term debt, less current portion	446,000
Total Liabilities	453,742
I Viai Liabinics	
Net Position	
Invested in capital assets	160,215
Restricted for capital projects	3,685
Unrestricted	(216,086)
Total Net Position	\$ (52,186)

PASCO MYCROSCHOOL OF INTEGRATED ACADEMICS AND TECHNOLOGIES, INC. STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

			Program Revenues						Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges For Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	
Governmental Activities											
Instruction	\$	190,747	\$	_	\$	210,124	\$	_	\$	19,377	
Instructional Staff Training	Ψ	520	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	4	_	Ψ	(520)	
Board		1,806		_		_		_		(1,806)	
General Administration		14,561		_		_		_		(14,561)	
School Administration		507,785		_		17,221		_		(490,564)	
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		112,829		_		-		8,535		(104,294)	
Fiscal Services		2,042		_		_		-		(2,042)	
Central Services		1,728		_		_		-		(1,728)	
Transportation		726		_		-		-		(726)	
Operation of Plant		89,470		_		17,120		-		(72,350)	
Maintenance of Plant		644		-		-		-		(644)	
Depreciation (unallocated)		19,541		-		-		-		(19,541)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	942,399	\$	-	\$	244,465	\$	8,535		(689,399)	
	Stat	l revenues: e aid not resti									
	to s	pecific purpo	ses							305,716	
	Miscellaneous								331,497		
		Subtotal, C	General R	evenues						637,213	
	Chang	e in Net Posi	tion							(52,186)	
	Net Po	sition - Begin	ning of ye	ear						-	
	Net Po	sition - End o	f year						\$	(52,186)	

PASCO MYCROSCHOOL OF INTEGRATED ACADEMICS AND TECHNOLOGIES, INC. GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2018

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Gove	Other ernmental Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets								
Current Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	62,727	\$	6,671	\$	2,064	\$	71,462
Due from other agencies		2,276		141,536		1,621		145,433
Other receivables		-		1,793		-		1,793
Due from other funds		150,000		-		-		150,000
Prepaid expenditures		15,371						15,371
Total Assets	\$	230,374	\$	150,000		3,685	\$	384,059
Liabilities and Fund Balances Current Liabilities								
Payroll deductions and withholdings	\$	2,565	\$	-	\$	_	\$	2,565
Accounts payable		5,177		-		_		5,177
Due to other funds		- -		150,000		-		150,000
Total Liabilities		7,742		150,000		-		157,742
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		15,371		-		_		15,371
Restricted - capital outlay		-		-		3,685		3,685
Unassigned		207,261		-		-		207,261
Total Fund Balances		222,632		-		3,685		226,317
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	230,374	\$	150,000	\$ 3,685		\$	384,059

PASCO MYCROSCHOOL OF INTEGRATED ACADEMICS AND TECHNOLOGIES, INC. GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 226,317
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	179,756 (19,541)	160,215
Net pension liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net pension liability		
Deferred outflows Deferred inflows	7,282	7,282
Long-Term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of a note payable		(446,000)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (52,186)

PASCO MYCROSCHOOL OF INTEGRATED ACADEMICS AND TECHNOLOGIES, INC. GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	 General Fund	Special Program Fund		Program Gove		Other Governmental Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues									
Federal Through State	\$ -	\$	244,465	\$	-	\$	244,465		
State	305,716		-		8,535		314,251		
Local	2,411		-		-		2,411		
Miscellaneous	 329,086		_		-		329,086		
Total Revenues	 637,213		244,465		8,535		890,213		
Expenditures									
Instruction	167,661		210,124		-		377,785		
Instructional Staff Training	520		-		-		520		
Board	1,806		_		-		1,806		
General Administration	14,561		-		-		14,561		
School Administration	490,564		17,221		-		507,785		
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	107,979		-		4,850		112,829		
Fiscal Services	2,042		-		-		2,042		
Central Services	1,728		_		-		1,728		
Transportation	726		_		-		726		
Operation of Plant	72,350		17,120		-		89,470		
Maintenance of Plant	644		-		-		644		
Total expenditures	860,581		244,465		4,850		1,109,896		
Excess of Revenues Over									
Expenditures Before Other									
Financing Sources (Uses)	(223,368)		-		3,685		(219,683)		
Other Financing Sources									
Loan Proceeds	446,000						446,000		
Transfers In	440,000		-		-		440,000		
Transfers Out	-		-		-		-		
	 - 446,000						446,000		
Total Other Financing Sources	446,000		-		-		446,000		
Net Change in Fund Balances	 222,632		-		3,685		226,317		
Fund Balances, Beginning of year	-		-		-		-		
Fund Balances, Ending of year	\$ 222,632	\$	_	\$	3,685	\$	226,317		

PASCO MYCROSCHOOL OF INTEGRATED ACADEMICS AND TECHNOLOGIES, INC. RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because: Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures, however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation	17
governmental funds as expenditures, however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the statement of net position	
expenses in the statements of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation of capital assets.	
Capital outlays \$ 179,756	
Depreciation expense (19,541) 160,21	15
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Changes in:	
Net pension liability -	
Deferred outflows related to net pension liability Deferred inflows related to net pension liability 7,282 - 7,282	82
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.	
Issuance of long-term debt (446,00	00)

(52,186)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

(a) **Financial reporting entity**—The Pasco MYcroSchool of Integrated Academics and Technologies, Inc. (the "School") was organized in 2017 under the laws of the State of Florida. The School operates under a three-member Board form of government and provides educational services to students in grades nine through twelve. The School is located at 3565 Universal Plaza, New Port Richey, FL, 34652.

The School is a non-profit public benefit corporation that was incorporated February 10, 2017. On February 21, 2017, the School Board of Pasco County, Florida approved the application for the School to operate a charter. The purpose of the School is to provide educational services.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School. For Pasco MYcroSchool of Integrated Academics and Technologies, Inc., this includes general operations and student related activities of the School.

- (b) **Component units**—Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School is financially accountable. Component units may include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School in that the School approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the School is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the School is such that exclusion would cause the School's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The School has no component units. However, the School is considered a component unit of the Pasco County Public School system.
- (c) **Basis of presentation fund accounting**—The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The School has two governmental funds.

Governmental funds—Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School's major governmental funds:

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- (c) Basis of presentation fund accounting: (Continued)
 - (i) **General fund**—The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Florida.
 - (ii) Capital Project Fund (Public Education Capital Outlay) "PECO" fund—The PECO fund accounts for the revenue sources that are legally restricted to capital asset expenditures in accordance with the State's rules and regulations.
 - (iii) **Special Revenue Fund**—The Special Revenue Fund accounts for the Federal Title I, Title II Entitlement grants, and Start-up grants received from the Federal government.

Basis of accounting — **measurement focus** — *Government-wide financial statements*—The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The government-wide financial statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The School does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Fund financial statements—Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

Governmental funds—All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements and the statements for the governmental funds prepared on a modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

(c) Basis of presentation – fund accounting: (Continued)

Revenues – exchange and non-exchange transactions—Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities within ninety days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include Florida Education Finance Program funds (FEFP), certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from the FEFP is recognized in the fiscal year in which the revenues are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State FEFP distributions, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Expenses/expenditures—On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

- (d) Cash and cash equivalents—The School's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits.
- (e) **Restricted assets**—Restricted assets arise when restrictions on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation.
- (f) Capital assets and depreciation—The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the School as a whole. The School maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. The School does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are 5 years for furniture and equipment; and 20 years for building improvements.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

(g) **Accrued liabilities**—All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

(h) **Fund balances**—As a component unit of the School Board of Pasco County, the School has implemented GASB 54 during a previous fiscal year.

In accordance with GASB 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the School classifies governmental funds balances as follows:

Non-spendable—amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted—amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed—amounts that are constrained for specific purposes, are internally imposed by the School's governing Board, and do not lapse at year-end. The School had no committed funds at June 30, 2018.

Assigned—amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. Fund balance minimums may be assigned by management. The School had no assigned funds at June 30, 2018.

Unassigned—all other spendable amounts.

As of June 30, 2018, fund balances are comprised of the following:

The School spends *restricted* amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, unless there are legal documents or contracts that prohibit this action, such as a grant agreement. The School spends *committed* amounts next, then *assigned*, and lastly *unassigned* amounts of unrestricted funds balances when expenditures are made.

The School has not adopted a formal minimum fund balance policy but budgets to strive for a minimum general fund balance of five percent of current year expenditures.

(i) **Estimates**—The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

(j) **Budgetary data**—The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the laws of Florida and requires the governing board to adopt an operating budget each year. The School governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major function at year end.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

(k) **Income taxes**—The School is exempt from the payment of income taxes on its exempt activities under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Therefore, no provision for income taxes has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

The School files income tax returns in the U.S. Federal jurisdiction. The School's income tax returns for the past three years are subject to examination by tax authorities and may change upon examination.

The School has reviewed and evaluated the relevant technical merits of each of its tax positions in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for accounting for uncertainty in income taxes, and determined that there are no uncertain tax positions that would have a material impact on the financial statements of the School.

- (l) **Pensions**—For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) and additions to/deductions from FRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.
- (m) **Subsequent events**—Subsequent events have been evaluated through February 11, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No subsequent events have been recognized or disclosed.

(2) Cash and Cash Equivalents:

- (a) **Policies and practices**—The School maintains demand deposits with qualified depository financial institutions.
- (b) **Deposits**—At year-end, the carrying amounts of the School's demand deposits were \$71,462 for governmental activities. The bank balances totaled \$81,751. All of the bank balances were covered by Federal deposit insurance.

(3) Capital Assets:

All capital asset additions were acquired with public funds. Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2017		Additions		July 1,		Deductions		Jı	alance ine 30, 2018
Governmental Activities										
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings and improvements	\$		\$	11,509	\$			11,509		
Furniture and equipment	Ф	_	Φ	168,247	Ф	_		168,247		
Total capital assets being				179,756				179,756		
depreciated				177,750				177,730		
Less: Accumulated depreciation										
Buildings and improvements		_		1,544		_		1,544		
Furniture and equipment		_		17,997		_		17,997		
Total accumulated depreciation		_		19,541		_		19,541		
Governmental activities				,				,		
Capital assets, net	\$	_	\$	160,215	\$	_	\$	160,215		

During the year ended June 30, 2018, \$19,541 was charged to depreciation expense.

Governmental Activities

Unallocated \$ 19,541

(4) Florida Retirement System:

(a) General Information about the Pension Plan

The Pasco MycroSchool of Integrated Academics and Technologies, Inc. (The "School") participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a multiple-employer, cost sharing defined public employee retirement system which covers all of the School's full-time employees. The System is a noncontributory retirement plan, administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement to provide retirement and survivor benefits to participating public employees. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans and other nonintegrated programs. These include a defined-benefit pension plan (Plan), with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), and a defined-contribution plan, referred to as the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan).

(4) Florida Retirement System: (Continued)

(a) General Information about the Pension Plan: (Continued)

In addition, all regular employees of the School are eligible to enroll as members of the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program. The HIS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Plan Description and Administration

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Members of both Plans may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date.

The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation.

For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings.

The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. Employees may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined-benefit plan. Employer and employee contributions are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. The Investment Plan is funded by employer and employee contributions that are based on salary and membership class (Regular, DROP, etc.).

(4) Florida Retirement System: (Continued)

(a) General Information about the Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description and Administration (Continued)

Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Employees in the Investment Plan vest at one year of service.

Financial Statements

Financial statements and other supplementary information of the FRS are included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which is available from the Florida Department of Financial Services, Bureau of Financial Reporting Statewide Financial Reporting Section by mail at 200 E. Gaines Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0364; by telephone at (850) 413-5511; or at the Department's Web site (www.myfloridacfo.com). An annual report on the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from:

Florida Department of Management Services Division of Retirement, Research and Education Services P.O. Box 9000 Tallahassee, FL 32315-9000 850-488-5706 or toll free at 877-377-1737

Contributions

The School participates in certain classes of FRS membership. Each class has descriptions and contribution rates in effect at June 30, 2018, as follows (contribution rates are in agreement with the actuarially determined rates):

FRS Membership Plan & Class	Employee Contribution Rate	Employer Contribution Rate
Regular Class	3.00%	7.92%
Senior Management	3.00%	22.71%
Special Risk	3.00%	23.27%
DROP – Applicable to members above	0.00%	13.26%

Current-year employer HIS contributions were made at a rate of 1.66% of covered payroll.

Actual contributions made for School employees participating in FRS and HIS for the each of last three fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

	 2018		2017		2016	_
Contributions – FRS	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Contributions – HIS	-		-		-	
Employee Contributions – FRS	-		-		-	

(4) Florida Retirement System: (Continued)

(b) Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

At June 30, 2018, the School reported a liability of \$0 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, since the School was in first year of operations. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governmental entities, as actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018 and 2017, the School's FRS proportion was 0% and 0%, respectively. At June 30, 2018 and 2017, the School's HIS proportion was 0% and 0%, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School's recognized pension expense of \$(7,282).

Deferred outflows/inflows related to pensions:

At June 30, 2018, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	FRS				HIS			
	Out	eferred flows of sources	Infl	ferred ows of ources	Out	ferred flows of sources	Infl	ferred ows of ources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net different between projected and actual investment earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Change in proportionate share Contributions subsequent to measurement date		5,462		- - -		1,820		- -
•	\$	5,462	\$	-	\$	1,820	\$	-

The above amounts for deferred outflows of resources for contributions related to pensions resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions being amortized for a period of greater than one year will be recognized in pension expense in succeeding years as follows:

2019	\$ -
2020	-
2021	-
2022	-
2023	-
Thereafter	 -
Total	\$ -

(4) Florida Retirement System: (Continued)

(b) Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

Actuarial assumptions. The Actuarial assumptions for both defined benefit plans are reviewed annually by the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumptions Conference. The FRS has a valuation performed annually. The HIS Program has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the FRS was completed in 2014 for the period July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2013. Because HIS is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed.

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was determined by an actuarial valuation, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.60%. Payroll growth, including inflation, for both plans is assumed at 3.25%. Both the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return used for FRS investments is 7.10%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. Because HIS Program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 3.58% was used to determine was used to determine the total pension for the program. This rate increased from the prior year rate, which was 2.85%. Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return. To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in October 2017, the FRS Actuarial Assumptions conference reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and by a capital market assumptions team from Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting, which consults to the Florida State Board of Administration. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the long-term target asset allocation. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Arithmetic Expected Rate of Return
Cash	1.0%	3.0%
Fixed income	18.0%	4.5%
Global equities	53.0%	7.8%
Real estate	10.0%	6.6%
Private equity	6.0%	11.5%
Strategic investments	12.0%	6.1%
Total	100.0%	

(4) Florida Retirement System: (Continued)

(b) Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the proportionate shares of the FRS and HIS net pension liability of the School calculated using the current discount rates, as well as what the School's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

Plan	Current Discount Rate	NPL 1% Dec		NPL at C Discoun		NPL 1% Inc	
FRS	7.10%	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
HIS	3.58%		-		-		_

(5) Related Party Transactions:

The School has a vendor relationship with New Education for the Workplace, Inc., 2611 Temple Heights Drive, Oceanside, CA 92056. New Education for the Workplace, Inc. is an organization formed for charitable purposes, including advancing the vocational and technical education and training of young men and women, and managing, operating, guiding, directing, and promoting charter schools. The School entered into an agreement with New Education for the Workplace, Inc. effective July 1, 2017. Under the agreement, New Education for the Workplace, Inc. will provide the following services: IT, financial accounting, curriculum development, and training. New Education for the Workplace, Inc. charged the school \$329,086 for services provided under the terms of the agreement. At June 30, 2018, there was no management fee payable to New Education for the Workplace, Inc. under the terms of the agreement, since the management company waived the first years fees owed for services. New Education for the Workplace, Inc. also advanced operating funds to the School for cash flow purposes in various amounts during the fiscal year. At year-end, there was a long-term note payable to New Education for the Workplace, Inc in the amount of \$446,000.

(6) Risk Management:

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters and is provided through purchased commercial insurance. Health and hospitalization insurance coverage is provided to school employees through purchased commercial insurance. Insurance coverage for fiduciary and student accident are provided by commercial insurance. Settled claims resulting from insurance coverage above have not exceeded purchased insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

(7) 403(b) Retirement Plan:

NewCorp sponsors a Retirement Plan allowed by Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. This plan covers NewCorp, the Management Company, and affiliated schools. The plan covers all full-time employees, immediately eligible upon hire. This is a deduction only plan for School employees, there is no employee contribution matching.

(8) **Operating Leases:**

The School leases facilities under an operating lease expiring on June 30, 2022. Provided the lease is in full force and effect and not in default, the School shall have the right to renew the lease for one five-year terms upon providing the landlord with written notice.

Minimum future rental payments under operating leases (including estimated Common Area Maintenance fees) having remaining terms in excess of one year, for each of the next five years and in the aggregate are:

Year	 Amount
2019 2020 2021 2022	\$ 497,714 497,714 497,714 497,714
Total	\$ 1,990,856

(9) Interfund Receivables and Payables

The following is a summary of interfund receivables and payables reported in the fund financial statements:

	Interfund							
Funds	Rec	eivables	Pa	yables				
General	\$	150,000	\$	-				
Capital Projects		-		-				
Special Revenue		-		150,000				
Totals	\$	150,000	\$	150,000				

Interfund receivables and payables arose from the payment of expenditures related to Special Revenue funds, respectively, using General fund monies.

(10) Note Payable

Note Payable to New Education for the Workplace, Inc.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the School borrowed \$446,000 under a note payable loan agreement with an interest rate of 4.5%. The note payable to the management company, will be paid in 36 payments of \$13,864, including interest, beginning July 2019. The amount outstanding at June 30, 2018 was \$446,000.

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal		I	nterest
2019	\$	-	\$	-
2020		148.433		17,937
2021		155,252		11,117
2022		142,315		3,985
	\$	446,000	\$	33,039

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PASCO MYCROSCHOOL OF INTEGRATED ACADEMICS AND TECHNOLOGIES, INC. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Variances -

								Positive Negative)
		Bud	σet			Actual		Final
		Original Dud	gei	Final		AAP Basis)	t	o Actual
Revenues								
State	\$	1,571,500	\$	235,763	\$	305,716	\$	69,953
Local	4	1,500	Ψ	1,500	4	2,411	Ψ	911
Miscellaneous		-		-		329,086		329,086
Total Revenues		1,573,000		237,263		637,213		399,950
Expenditures								
Instruction		649,308		284,532		167,661		116,871
Pupil Personnel Services		25,930		20,458		-		20,458
Instructional Media		3,840		1,229		_		1,229
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services		48,000		15,360		_		15,360
Instructional Staff Training		48,000		15,360		520		14,840
Instructional Technology		84,480		27,034		-		27,034
Board		10,775		10,082		1,806		8,276
General Administration		104,112		15,619		14,561		1,058
School Administration		239,103		174,600		490,564		(315,964)
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		15,146		91,260		107,979		(16,719)
Fiscal Services		47,145		7,073		2,042		5,031
Food Services		1,900		-,075		_,0		-
Central Services		64,791		10,283		1,728		8,555
Transportation		50,731		28,000		726		27,274
Operation of Plant		124,724		115,945		72,350		43,595
Maintenance of Plant		4,964		8,295		644		7,651
Administrative Technology		1,964		295		- -		295
Total Expenditures		1,524,913		825,425		860,581		(35,156)
Excess of Revenues Over		-,,		,		000,000		(00,000)
Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		48,087		(588,162)		(223,368)		364,794
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Loan Proceeds				400,000		446,000		46,000
				400,000		446,000		46,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		400,000		446,000		46,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		48,087		(188,162)		222,632		410,794
Fund balances, Beginning of year		-		-		-		-
Fund balances, Ending of year	\$	48,087	\$	(188,162)	\$	222,632	\$	410,794

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

PASCO MYCROSCHOOL OF INTEGRATED ACADEMICS AND TECHNOLOGIES, INC. SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Buc	dget			Actual]	riances - Positive Jegative) Final
	(Original		Final	(GA	AAP Basis)	to	Actual
Revenues								
Federal Through State	\$	525,000	\$	257,914	\$	244,465	\$	(13,449)
Total Revenues		525,000		257,914		244,465		(13,449)
Expenditures								
Instruction		416,450		257,914		210,124		47,790
Instructional Technology		27,670		_		-		_
School Administration		52,229		_		17,221		(17,221)
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		16,104		-		-		-
Central Services		5,337		-		-		-
Operation of Plant		7,210		-		17,120		(17,120)
Total Expenditures		525,000		257,914		244,465		13,449
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures	'	-		-		-		-
Fund balance, Beginning		-		-		-		-
Fund balance, Ending	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Governing Board,
Pasco MycroSchool of Integrated Academics and Technologies, Inc:

We have audited in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of Pasco MycroSchool of Integrated Academics and Technologies, Inc. ("Pasco MycroSchool"), a component unit of The School Board of Pasco County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise Pasco MycroSchool's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 11, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Pasco MycroSchool's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Pasco MycroSchool's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Pasco MycroSchool's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Pasco MycroSchool's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Maore : Co., P.L.

Tallahassee, Florida February 11, 2019



MANAGEMENT LETTER OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.850, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Governing Board, Pasco MycroSchool of Integrated Academics and Technologies, Inc:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Pasco MycroSchool of Integrated Academics and Technologies, Inc. ("Pasco MycroSchool"), a component unit of School Board of Pasco County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated February 11, 2019.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in that report, which is dated February 11, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity. The official title of the entity is Pasco MycroSchool of Integrated Academics and Technologies, Inc.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2. and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures to communicate whether or not Pasco MycroSchool has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Pasco MycroSchool did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Pasco MycroSchool. It is management's responsibility to monitor Pasco MycroSchool's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7. and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures to determine whether the Pasco MycroSchool maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Pasco MycroSchool maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, Pasco County District School Board, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James Meore : Co., P.L.

Tallahassee, Florida February 11, 2019