

Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Middle School W/L# 4090

West Palm Beach, Florida

(A charter school under Sports Leadership and Management, Inc. Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report June 30, 2018

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2845 Summit Boulevard West Palm Beach, FL 33406

2017-2018

Board of Directors

Rene Ruiz, Board Chair/ President Joseph Anthony Mesa, III, Vice Chair, Vice President Alina Lopez, Secretary, Director Roberto Blanch, Director, resigned 7/18/2017 Chris Crousillat, Director

School Administration

Clint Duvo, Principal



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Middle School West Palm Beach, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Middle School (the "School"), a charter school under Sports Leadership and Management, Inc. as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Middle School as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position of Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Middle School as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Sports Leadership and Management, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of Sports Leadership and Management, Inc. as of June 30, 2018 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 8 and 27 through 29 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 28, 2018 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Coral Gables, Florida September 28, 2018 Heb Grain UP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Middle School (A Charter School Under Sports Leadership and Management, Inc.)

June 30, 2018

The corporate officers of Sports Leadership and Management, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Middle School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Financial Highlights

- 1. The net position of the School as of June 30, 2018 was \$44,622.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$112,558
- 3. The School had an increase in its net position of \$38,924 for the year ended June 30, 2018.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$38,922.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. The difference is reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-10 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

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The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11-14 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 15-26 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, the net position was \$44,622 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

	2018			2017
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,586	\$	51,914
Investments		62,535		270,000
Prepaid expenses		36,521		13,525
Due from other agencies		4,916		10,614
Capital assets, net		389,179		73,421
Total Assets	1	501,737		419,474
Deferred outflows of resources		2		32
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		37,115		13,776
Due to other divisions of SLAM, Inc.	-	420,000		400,000
Total Liabilities		457,115		413,776
Deferred inflows of resources		(#)		32
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets		203,197		66,632
Unrestricted		(158,575)		(60,934)
Total Net Position	\$	44,622	\$	5,698

At the end of 2018, the School is able to report a positive balance in its net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

	2018	2017
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 222,582	\$ 110,341
Capital Grants and Contributions	96,559	17,312
General Revenues		
Local Sources (FTE and other non specific)	895,399	395,039
Other Revenues	103,103	120,120
Total Revenues	\$ 1,317,643	\$ 642,812
EXPENSES		
Instruction	\$ 618,000	\$ 309,663
Instructional staff training	762	585
Board	13,581	6,150
School administration	166,559	75,851
Fiscal services	20,325	9,225
Central services	46,172	43,962
Operation of plant	310,856	150,520
Maintenance of plant	85,181	41,158
Administrative technology services	17,283	
Total Expenses	1,278,719	637,114
Increase in Net Position	38,924	5,698
Net Position at Beginning of the Period	5,698	
Net Position at End of the Period	\$ 44,622	\$ 5,698

The School's revenue and expenditures increased by \$674,831 and \$641,605 respectively as a result of an increase in student enrollment. The School had an increase in net position of \$38,924.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

Accomplishments

In 2018, Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Middle School successfully completed its 2nd year of operation, enrolling 133 students. The school earned a letter grade of "C."

In the fall of 2016, SLAM opened its doors to over 60 students in Palm Beach County. SLAM's mission is to provide an innovative and in-depth educational program that produces college-bound graduates through emphasis on sports-related majors and postsecondary preparation. SLAM offers students opportunities in career exploration and internships through the career academies in Sports Medicine, Digital Television and Sports Media Production, Sports Marketing, Entertainment and Management. SLAM also provides students with unique access to career mentors and executive internships through educational partnerships with local and national sports franchises such as such as NASCAR, Major League Baseball (MLB), The NBA, The Miami Marlins, the Miami HEAT and others. SLAM is currently working with partners such

as Google and Hendrick Motorsports to bring STEM initiates in computer science (CS) and engineering STEM education though co-curricular and extra-curricular programming.

SLAM Middle's curriculum is guided by the District approved course of study where students use critical thinking and problem solving skills to achieve success. SLAM students work diligently and rigorously in the core academic areas as well as the encore classes at each grade level in grades 6-8. The students also participate in the school's music, art, physical education, business, management, and athletic programs. Technology is an important tool for staff. Through the use of Smartboard technology and laptops, SLAM students and staff have many opportunities to use some of the most up-to-date technology for an educational setting.

As part of the Mater Academy network of high quality charter schools, SLAM is accredited by AdvancED under the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Council on Accreditation and School Improvement (SACS-CASI) division.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$75,443. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is 38,922. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2018 amounts to \$ 389,179 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes furniture, fixtures and equipment. The School has outstanding debt of \$420,000 associated to capital assets and working capital.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund					
	Original					
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual			
REVENUES	2:	1,	At the state of th			
Program Revenues						
State capital outlay funding	\$ 30,418	\$ 31,317	\$ 31,137			
Local capital improvement revenue	69,186	65,422	65,422			
Federal sources	222,623	223,932	222,582			
General Revenues						
FTE and other nonspecific revenues	890,800	893,476	895,399			
Charges and other revenues	102,500	102,980	103,103			
Total Revenues	1,315,527	1,317,127	1,317,643			
CURRENT EXPENDITURES						
Governmental Activities						
Instruction	564,266	569,090	564,814			
Instructional staff training	2,500	2,500	762			
Board	23,400	15,437	13,581			
School administration	163,638	169,857	166,559			
Fiscal services	20,100	20,325	20,325			
Central services	45,100	47,143	46,172			
Operation of plant	306,544	303,337	310,714			
Maintenance of plant	85,600	85,321	85,181			
Administrative technology services	17,500	17,500	17,283			
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 1,228,648	\$ 1,230,510	\$ 1,225,391			

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Broward, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

<u>Assets</u>	Governmental Activities		
Current assets:	\$	0.506	
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	Þ	8,586	
Pre paid expenses		62,535	
Due from other agencies		36,521	
Due from other agencies	_	4,916	
		112,558	
Capital assets		450,665	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(61,486)	
		389,179	
Total Assets		501,737	
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>		<u> </u>	
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current liabilities:			
Salaries and wages payable		29,456	
Due to landlord		7,659	
Due to fallefold		1,037	
Due to other divisions of SLAM, Inc.		420,000	
Total Liabilities		457,115	
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>		y 8	
Net Position		202.105	
Net investment in capital assets		203,197	
Unrestricted		(158,575)	
Total Net Position	\$	44,622	

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2018

Program Revenues

			i sgrum to remes							
FUNCTIONS	F	Expenses	Charg Serv						an	(Expense) Revenue d Changes Net Position
Governmental activities:										
Instruction	\$	618,000	\$	4	\$	222,582	\$	-	\$	(395,418)
Instructional staff training		762		*		-		~		(762)
Board		13,581		-				-		(13,581)
School administration		166,559		+		9				(166,559)
Fiscal services		20,325		-		·		-		(20,325)
Central services		46,172				~		*		(46,172)
Operation of plant		310,856				*		96,559		(214,297)
Maintenance of plant		85,181		-		-		 		(85,181)
Administrative technology services		17,283		-		9		4		(17,283)
Total governmental activities		1,278,719		19 8		222,582		96,559		(959,578)
		neral reven								
		E and other	•		even	nues				895,399
	Int	erest and o	ther reve	enue						103,103
	Ch	ange in net	position	1						38,924
	Ne	t position ,	beginni	ng						5,698
	Ne	t position,	ending						\$	44,622

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	-		Capital Projects		Special			Total
	Ge	eneral Fund					Go	vernmental
	-		-	Fund	Reven	ue Fund		Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,586	\$		\$	D e :	\$	8,586
Investments		62,535		-		· /-		62,535
Due from other agencies		21		4,916		: ·		4,916
Due from fund		4,916		-		95		4,916
Prepaid expenses		36,521		ā		2€		36,521
Total Assets		112,558		4,916		8#		117,474
Deferred Outflows of Resources	94		N-			<u>.</u>		-
Liabilities								
Salaries and wages payable		29,456		-		ne.		29,456
Due to landlord		7,659						7,659
Due to fund		_		4,916		(%)		4,916
Total Liabilities	-	37,115	_	4,916		59:		42,031
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	9	21		12	-	15		Ĕ
Fund Balance								
Nonspendable, not in spendable form		36,521		9		141		36,521
Unassigned		38,922		-		-		38,922
	-	75,443		-		-		75,443
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	-							
Resources and Fund Balance	\$	112,558	\$	4,916	\$	· <u>@</u>	\$	117,474
	_						_	

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	75,443
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets of \$450,665 net of accumulated depreciation of \$61,486 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.		389,179
Long term liabilties of \$420,000 were not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	-	(420,000)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

44,622

General		Capital Projects Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:		0 21 125		
State capital outlay funding	\$	\$ 31,137	\$	\$ 31,137
Local capital improvement revenue	905 200	65,422	•	65,422
State passed through local	895,399	58	222.592	895,399
Federal sources	102 102	-	222,582	222,582
Charges and other revenue	103,103			103,103
Total Revenues	998,502	96,559	222,582	1,317,643
Expenditures:				
Current				
Instruction	507,482		57,332	564,814
Instructional staff training	762	(#c)	9 -6	762
Board	13,581	24	19 2	13,581
School administration	166,559	70	<u>.</u> €	166,559
Fiscal services	20,325	? €2	65	20,325
Central services	46,172	(4):		46,172
Operation of plant	214,155	96,559	48	310,714
Maintenance of plant	85,181		, <u>#</u>	85,181
Administrative technology services	17,283	= 5	33 * C	17,283
Capital Outlay:				
Other capital outlay	203,836	120	165,250	369,086
Total Expenditures	1,275,336	96,559	222,582	1,594,477
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(276,834)	₩.	Ģ	(276,834)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Long term advances from affiliates	20,000	(#/)		20,000
Net change in fund balance	(256,834)	(*) :	÷=;	(256,834)
Fund Balance at beginning of year	332,277		· e	332,277
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 75,443	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 75,443

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ (256,834)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$369,086 exceeded depreciation expense of \$53,328.

315,758

The proceeds from debt issuance provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities int he statement of net position. This is the amount by which repayment of \$0 differed from proceeds of \$20,000.

(20,000)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 38,924

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Reporting Entity

Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Middle School (the "School"), is a charter school sponsored by School Board of Palm Beach County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Sports Leadership and Management, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Sports Leadership and Management, Inc., which is composed of four members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exits that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Palm Beach County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2019 and it can be renewed in accordance with law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes

The School is located in West Palm Beach, Florida for students from sixth through eighth grade. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2018, when on average 136 students were enrolled for the school year.

Basis of Presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net positions and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements

Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements do not include fiduciary funds. The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services and student activity fees; (2) Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. Other revenue sources not included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds with all other non-major funds aggregated in a single column:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – accounts for specific revenue, such as federal grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Projects Fund – accounts for state and local capital outlay as authorized by Charter School Capital Outlay, Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes mainly for capital outlay and maintenance purposes.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year.

Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School has adopted GASB Codification Section 3100 Fair Value Measurement and Application (see Note 2).

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies relate to grants or programs for which the services have been provided by the School.

Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund receivables/payables ("due from/to") are short-term balances that represent reimbursement between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$500 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Furniture and equipment 5 Years
Computer equipment and software 3-5 Years
Textbooks 3 Years

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. Employees may "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the state through the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP.

Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School receives a portion of the local capital improvement ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Net Position and Fund Balance Classification

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of balances with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets"

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).
- b) Restricted this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The School's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries. First non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as unassigned fund balances. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when non-spendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purposes amounts exceed the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

Income Taxes

Sports Leadership and Management, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) and is therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 28, 2018, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in two financial institutions. As of June 30, 2018, the School's deposits consisted of cash balances of \$8,586.

Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Sports Leadership and Management, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Sports Leadership and Management, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2018 bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage totaled \$8,586.

Investments

The School categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GASB Codification Section 3100 Fair Value Measurement and Application. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2018, the School has the following recurring fair value measurements:

• Government money market mutual fund of \$240,000 (Level 2 inputs).

The government money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of January 31, 2018, the fund's annual report, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 59% within 30 days.

Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (continued)

Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2018, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

Note 3 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	В	alance					I	Balance
	07	7/01/17	Additions		Retirements		06/30/18	
Capital assets, depreciable:								
Computer equipment and software	\$	54,421	\$	149,295	\$	9 10 1	\$	203,716
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	0	27,158		219,791		470		246,949
Total Capital Assets	-	81,579		369,086		-		450,665
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Computer equipment and software		(5,442)		(21,657)		18		(27,099)
Furniture, equipment and textbooks		(2,716)	4	(31,671)		16	-	(34,387)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(8,158)		(53,328)		(14)		(61,486)
Capital Assets, net	\$	73,421	\$	315,758	\$	-	\$	389,179

Note 3 - Capital Assets (continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, depreciation expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

Instruction	\$ 53,186
Operation of plant	 142
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 53,328

Note 4 - Education Service Support Provider

Academica Broward, LLC, an education service and support provider ("ESSP"), provides administrative services to the School including, but not limited to facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis.

The agreement is with Sports Leadership and Management, Inc. through June 30, 2021, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed along with any renewals to the charter agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the School incurred \$60,975 in fees.

Academica Broward, LLC is located at 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

On March 29, 2017 the School received a recoverable grant from Academica Dade, LLC ("Grantor") totaling \$120,000 with repayment contingent on the School subsequently meeting certain financial conditions. To date, management has determined that the School has not met the requirements under the grant terms. The maximum amount the School may be required to pay in the future should the School meet the requirements for repayment is \$120,000.

Note 5 – Transactions with affiliates

Sports Leadership and Management, Inc. share some board members with SLAM Foundation, Inc. which is a not-for-profit supporting organization of Sports Leadership and Management, Inc. under Section 509(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

In 2018, the School received a recoverable grant from SLAM Foundation, Inc. totaling \$100,000 with repayment contingent on the School subsequently meeting certain financial conditions. To date, management has determined that the School has not met the requirements under the grant terms. The maximum amount the School may be required to pay in the future should the School meet the requirements for repayment is \$100,000.

Note 5 – Transactions with affiliates (continued)

The School received non-interest bearing advances from Sports Leadership and Management, Inc. ("SLAM") and SLAM Foundation, Inc. As of the June 30, 2018, the outstanding balance amounted to \$420,000. The following represents changes in long term payables during the year:

	Balance					Balance
	07/01/17	07/01/17 Repayments		Advances		 06/30/18
Due to SLAM, Inc.	\$ 20,000	\$	(T)	\$	(#1	\$ 20,000
Due to SLAM Foundation, Inc.	380,000		-		20,000	400,000
Total Long Term Debt	\$ 400.000	\$	-	\$	20,000	\$ 420,000

Sports Leadership and Management, Inc. charges its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. The School paid Sports Leadership and Management, Inc. \$20,325 in connection with these charges during the year.

Note 6 - Transactions with other Organizations with Common ESSP

For 2018, the School's facility was shared with Somerset Academy Lakes Charter School, an affiliate of the School's education service and support provider. Management allocates a proportionate share of salaries, supplies, and other shared expenses to each school individually based on student enrollment or usage of facilities. During the year 2018, the School repaid Somerset Academy Lakes Charter School approximately \$247,000 in connection with these shared costs.

Note 7 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations

On July 25, 2016 SLAM Foundation, Inc. entered into a facilities lease agreement ("master lease") with Summit School Property, LLC ("Landlord") for its 65,000 square feet facility located at 2845 Summit Blvd, West Palm Beach, Florida. The Landlord is also an affiliate of the School's education service support provider (See Note 4). SLAM Foundation, Inc. (Sublandlord) entered into a space sublease agreement with Sports Leadership and Management, Inc. for 20,150 square feet of the 65,000 rentable square feet. The leased facilities are shared with Somerset Academy Lakes that leases the remaining 44,850 rentable square feet.

Initial fixed annual payments under the sublease agreement (based on \$23.08 per square foot) were \$465,000 including enrollment discounts through June 30, 2022 and adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index ("CPI") plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. The sublease agreement continues through June 30, 2036 with two options to renew for an additional five-year term.

Note 7 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations

Under the agreement, Sports Leadership and Management, Inc.must meet certain requirements and covenants including maintaining a "Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio" of not less than 1.10 to 1.00.

For 2018, the rent expense for the School totaled \$195,519.

Future minimum payments under the sublease agreement (net of enrollment discounts) is as follows:

Year		
2019	\$ 279,027	
2020	\$ 367,563	
2021	\$ 414,063	
2022	\$ 484,247	
2023	\$ 486,231	
2024-2028	\$ 2,431,155	(total for five-year period)
2029-2033	\$ 2,431,155	(total for five-year period)
2034-2036	\$ 1,458,693	(total for three-year period)

Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 5% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2018, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$44,689.

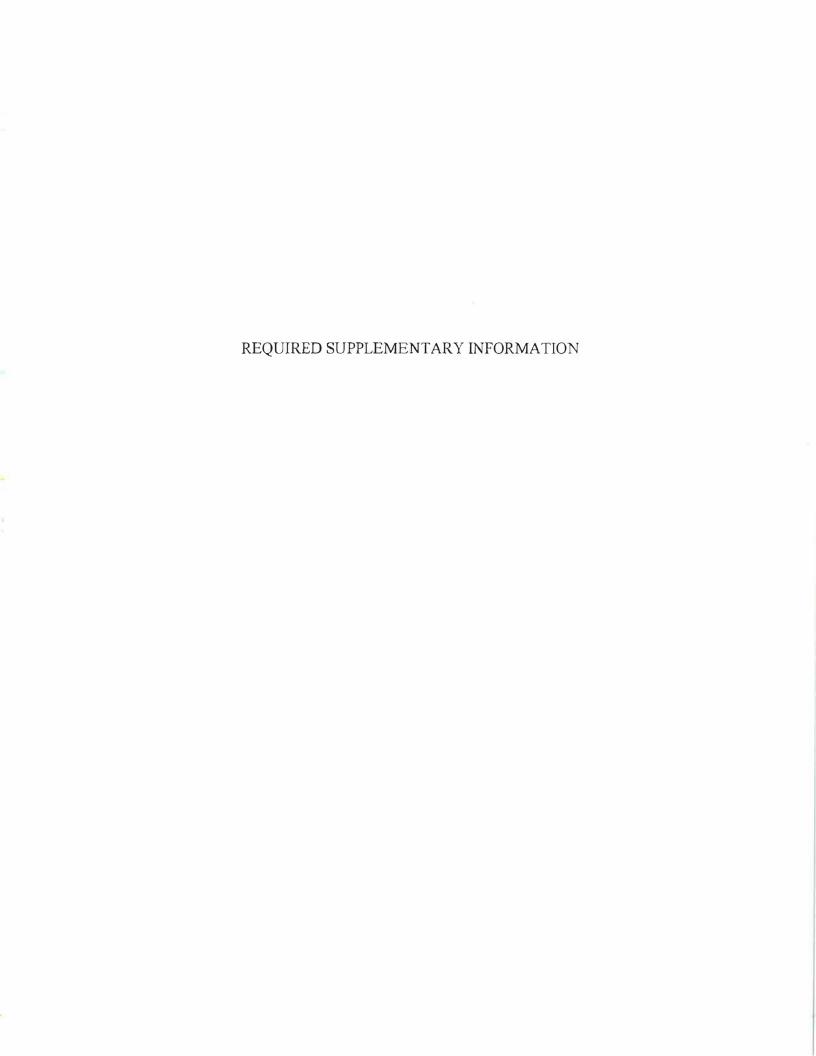
The School entered into a food services agreement with the School District of Palm Beach County ("Sponsor") to provide a lunch program for its students. Revenues and expenses related to this program are recorded in the Sponsor's books and not reflected in the School's financial statements. The agreement continues through May 31, 2019 unless otherwise terminated earlier.

Note 8 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; administrative errors and omissions; personal injury; workers compensation and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

Note 9 - Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, which are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a match of 100% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$2,245 for the year ended June 30, 2018. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2018

		General Fund		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
REVENUES				
State passed through local	\$ 890,800	\$ 893,476	\$ 895,399	
Charges and other revenue	102,500	102,980	103,103	
Total Revenues	993,300	996,456	998,502	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction	505,079	510,967	507,482	
Instructional Staff Training	2,500	2,500	762	
Board	23,400	15,437	13,581	
School Administration	163,638	169,857	166,559	
Fiscal Services	20,100	20,325	20,325	
Central Services	45,100	47,143	46,172	
Operation of Plant	206,940	206,598	214,155	
Maintenance of Plant	85,600	85,321	85,181	
Administrative technology services	17,500	17,500	17,283	
Total Current Expenditures	1,069,857	1,075,648	1,071,500	
Excess of Revenues				
Over Current Expenditures	(76,557)	(79,192)	(72,998)	
Capital Outlay	63,336	206,987	203,836	
Total Expenditures	1,133,193	1,282,635	1,275,336	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	(139,893)	(286,179)	(276,834)	
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in (out)	: R G	1584	:ee	
Long term advances from affiliates	145,000	20,000	20,000	
Net change in fund balance	5,107	(266,179)	(256,834)	
Fund Balance at beginning of year	332,277	332,277	332,277	
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 337,384	\$ 66,098	\$ 75,443	

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Fund						
	Orig	Final Budget		Actual			
REVENUES							
Federal sources	_\$	222,623	\$	223,932	\$	222,582	
Total Revenues		222,623		223,932	-	222,582	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction		59,187		58,123	16	57,332	
Total Current Expenditures		59,187		58,123		57,332	
Excess of Revenues							
Over Current Expenditures		163,436		165,809		165,250	
Capital Outlay		163,436		165,809		165,250	
Total Expenditures		222,623	_	223,932		222,582	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		*		(*		5	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in (out)							
Net change in fund balance		-					
Fund Balance at beginning of year		ж.		*			
Fund Balance at end of year	_\$	2	\$	3	\$	ě	

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2018

		Capital Projects Fund						
	Orig	inal Budget	Final Budget		Actual			
REVENUES								
State capital outlay funding	\$	30,418	\$	31,317	\$	31,137		
Local capital improvement revenue		69,186		65.422		65,422		
Total Revenues		99,604		96.739		96,559		
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Operation of plant		99,604		96.739		96.559		
Total Current Expenditures		99,604		96,739		96,559		
Excess/(Deficit) of Revenues	-							
Over Current Expenditures	1			246				
Capital Outlay		-						
Total Expenditures		99,604		96,739		96,559		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-				4		
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in (out)	74					*		
Net change in fund balance								
Fund Balance at beginning of year	9-				_			
Fund Balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$	2		

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors of Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Middle School Palm Beach, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States., the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Middle School (the "School"), as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 28, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant desiciency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 28, 2018 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

LEB Gruen UP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 28, 2018



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Middle School Palm Beach, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Middle School as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 and have issued our report thereon dated September 28, 2018.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reports and Schedules

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosure in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 28, 2018, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

No such findings or recommendations were made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Tittle

Section 10.854.(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity. The official title of the entity is Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Middle School

Financial Condition

Section 10.854(1)(e)2, Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we report the results of our determination as to whether or not Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Middle School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Middle School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply financial condition assessment procedures for Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Middle School. It is management's responsibility to monitor Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Middle School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same. We have applied such procedures as of the fiscal year end and no deteriorating financial condition has been noted.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures to determine whether maintains on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Middle School maintained on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Other Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In correction with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Palm Beach County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

JUB CHIMIN MP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 28, 2018

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