BIG PINE ELEMENTARY ACADEMY, INC.

A CHARTER SCHOOL AND COMPONENT UNIT OF THE MONROE COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD

> BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Activities	8
Balance Sheet – General Fund	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	10
Notes to the Financial Statements	11
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule	17
SUPPLEMENTAL INDEPENDENT AUDITOR REPORTS	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	19
Independent Auditor's Management Letter	21



Members: AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CPA'S FLORIDA INSTITUTE OF CPA'S

OROPEZA Sertified Public Accountants

815 Peacock Plaza Key West, Florida 33040 305.294.1049 | 305.294.1040 Fax: 305.294.3951

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Big Pine Elementary Academy, Inc. Big Pine Key, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of Big Pine Elementary Academy, Inc., (the "School"), a component unit of the Monroe County District School Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the general fund of Big Pine Elementary Academy, Inc., as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

John G. Parks, Jr., CPA - retired

Scott G. Oropeza, CPA, PA James H. Hill, Jr., CPA, PLLC

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 12, 2019, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Big Pine Elementary Academy, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting.

hopega & Parks

November 12, 2019

BIG PINE ACADEMY

30220 OVERSEAS HIGHWAY BIG PINE KEY, FL 33043

www.bigpineacademy.com PHONE: 305-872-1266 FAX: 305-872-1265

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Sarah Williams Sarah.williams@keysschools.com

ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT

Jennifer Blackburn Jennifer.blackburn@keysschools.com

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Teri Hiller Robin Kilgo Jennifer Reeves Trina Rodriguez Tommy Ryan Amy Zimmerman

HONORARY MEMBERS

Tom Forsythe Hazel Hartman Phillip Hughes Duncan Mathewson Jerry Parrish Peter Rosasco Andy Tobin Ray Slavin The management of the Big Pine Academy (School), a component of the Monroe County District School Board, has prepared the following discussion and analysis to (a) assist the reader in interpreting the significant financial and educational issues that occurred throughout the previous year, (b) provide an overview and analysis of the Big Pine Academy's financial activities, and (c) identify changes in the school's financial position with regard to increasing instructional costs. The information contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to highlight certain activities, provide additional detail to specific events and conditions, all to be considered in conjunction with the School's, financial statements, which will immediately follow this discussion.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements, which consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents financial information on all of the School's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the School's financial position is improving or deteriorating. However, as a government entity, the School's activities are not geared towards generating profit as are the activities of commercial entities. Other factors such as the safety at the School and quality of education must be considered in order to reasonably assess the School's overall performance.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Fund Financial Statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School has only one (1) category of funds – governmental funds.

Government funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as government activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental

funds financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing the School's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School's near term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and change in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental fund and governmental activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements: the notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the School's adopted budget to actual results.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position over time, may serve as a useful indicator of financial position. The following table presents a comparative analysis of the condensed government-wide statements of net position:

	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		 Variance
Assets:					
Current and other assets	\$	66,108	\$	172,392	\$ (106,284)
Capital assets, net of depreciation		2,524		3,987	 (1,463)
Total assets		68,632		176,379	(107,747)
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities		175,522		137,233	38,289
Noncurrent liabilities		73,008		73,435	 (427)
Total liabilities		248,530		210,668	 37,862
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets		2,524		3,987	(1,463)
Unrestricted		(182,422)		(38,276)	(1,100)
		(102,122)		(00,210)	 (111,110)
Total net position	\$	(179,898)	\$	(34,289)	\$ (145,609)

Current and other assets decreased due to an increase in receivables and a newly opened line of credit. Capital assets, net of depreciation decreased due to items destroyed in Hurricane Irma. The increase in total liabilities is due to a newly opened line of credit.

A portion of the School's net position reflects its investment in capital assets. The School uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used are classified as restricted net position. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the School had no restricted net position.

The following table presents comparative information of the condensed government-wide statements of changes in net position:

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	Variance
Revenues:			
State and local sources	\$ 1,149,374	\$ 968,332	\$ 181,042
Operating grants and contributions	111,495	295,809	(184,314)
Interest and rent	5,631	5,164	467
Fundraising	27,634	6,689	20,945
Total revenues	1,294,134	1,275,994	18,140
Expenses:			
Instruction	731,584	740,254	(8,670)
Pupil personnel services	92,527	97,524	(4,997)
School administration	236,779	232,432	4,347
Food service	20,744	20,627	117
Transportation	17,834	399	17,435
Operation and maintenance of facilities	327,040	156,888	170,152
Fundraising	11,772	11,405	367
Depreciation	1,463	1,870	(407)
Total expenses	1,439,743	1,261,399	178,344
Change in net position	\$ (145,609)	\$ 14,595	\$ (160,204)

- State and local source revenues increased primarily due to an increase in funding with Federally Connected Student Supplement funding from the Florida Department of Education (FLDOE) as a result of a net increase in total enrolled students.
- Operating grants and contributions decreased due to prior year community support following Hurricane Irma.
- School administration expenses increased due to repairs following Hurricane Irma.
- Operation and maintenance of facilities increased due to the ending of leasing of short term facilities.

Financial Analysis of the School's Funds

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The focus of the School's governmental fund is to provide information on near term inflow, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements.

As of the end of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 the School's governmental fund reported an ending fund deficit of \$71,580. The fund deficit – unassigned is \$84,994. The fund balance decreased by \$136,260.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

As of June 30, 2019, the School had an investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$2,524, compared to \$3,987 at June 30, 2018.

At June 30, 2019, the School had a line of credit with a local bank with an outstanding balance of \$59,391.

Accomplishments and Year in Review

The major event that had a significant negative impact to the school was Hurricane Irma. We had been in school for 15 days when Irma hit, and we were not able to return to school until October 2nd, missing 18 days of school. Without the support of volunteers and donors from both near and far, BPA would have been forced to close the doors. The Miami Heat took a specific interest in the school, helping to fund two new classrooms. Thousands and thousands of books were donated, as was furniture, supplies and materials. Needless to say, the school year was an extremely challenging year for the staff, students and families at BPA. We had made the decision to move away from a middle school concept, which proved to a be a blessing with the damage done from the Hurricane.

Our numbers shifted once again with regard to Kindergarten through Second Grade. Prior to Hurricane Irma we had one Kindergarten and first grade classrooms and two second grade classrooms. Our projections for enrollment were calculated to be 115. After Hurricane Irma hit we dropped in enrollment to 70 students, thus creating the need to drop one of our second grade classrooms. Many families had to leave due to the extensive damage from the Hurricane. We also lost 60% of our classrooms and the principal's office. Student counts are calculated during mid October and mid February, making it difficult to sometimes plan accurately. Due to the significant loss of students, we saw a decline in almost \$250,000 in FTE.

The Board of Education continues to look at ways to get more compensation to the staff, and continues to actively research all opportunities for both optimizing the retirement savings options for all staff and providing more appropriate opportunities for all staff needing health care.

While we were able to continue the development of our "Specials" programming to provide a more structured and indepth curriculum for all of the students, the subjects of, Music, Visual Art, and Physical Education (PE) were provided for all students throughout each nine week grading period.

- a. Music was offered throughout the year, allowing students to fine tune the skills needed for a major public performance leading into the winter holiday break. Additionally the music program lent its support for our annual Talent Show in the spring, attended by well over 150 parents and enthusiasts.
- b. Physical Education and Health continued throughout the year.
- c. After school programs consisted of the continuance of a quality aftercare program, The Eagles Nest, for parents unable to pick up their children at the end of the school day.

Space restrictions due to Hurricane Irma damage was a major challenge. Through it all, the FSA scores for grades 3, 4 and 5 were the top in the county. Teachers and students rose to the challenge, overcoming obstacle after obstacle to maintain our top notch academic standards.

As we take time to analyze the financial data, it is becoming imperative that we continue to look for ways to increase our revenues. As a High Performing Charter School, Big Pine Academy must actively look at some important steps to increase enrollment, increase classroom space and or decrease expenditures. Another avenue to expand our revenues could be in the area of grant development. Our campus continues to grow as we continually look to provide a high quality educational experience to each and every student, but it is obvious that we must look at ways to improve our finances.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School's finances and to demonstrate the School's accountability for the money it receives. Questions regarding this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to: Sarah Williams, BPA Executive Administrator, 30220 Overseas Highway, Big Pine Key, FL 33043

BIG PINE ELEMENTARY ACADEMY, INC. STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	32,882
Accounts receivable		11,174
Prepaid expenses		13,414
Total current assets		57,470
Noncurrent assets		
Capital assets		
Improvements		10,652
Furniture and equipment		53,731
Less accumulated depreciation		(61,859)
Total capital assets, net		2,524
Other assets		
Security deposit		8,638
Total other assets		8,638
Total assets	\$	68,632
LIABILITIES AND NET POSTITION		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	32,198
Accrued wages	·	46,099
Compensated absences, due within one year		37,834
Line of credit		59,391
Total current liabilities		175,522
Noncurrent liabilities		
Compensated absences, due in more than one year		73,008
		. 0,000
Total liabilities		248,530
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets		2,524
Unrestricted		(182,422)
Total net deficit		(179,898)

BIG PINE ELEMENTARY ACADEMY, INC. STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				-		-			vernmental
			Program Revenues						Activities
					0		Conital		(Expenses)
			Chara		-	erating	Capital	-	Revenue Changes in
	-			ges for		ints and			Changes in
Governmental Activities:		kpenses	Serv	/ices	Com	noutions	Contributions	ine	t Position
	¢	704 504	¢		¢		¢	¢	(704 504)
	\$	731,584	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(731,584)
Pupil personnel services		92,527							(92,527)
School administration		236,779							(236,779)
Food service		20,744							(20,744)
Fundraising expense		11,772				27,634			15,862
Transportation		17,834							(17,834)
Operation and maintenance of									
facilities		327,040							(327,040)
Depreciation	,	1,463							(1,463)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,439,743	\$	-	\$	27,634	\$-		(1,412,109)
	GE								
		State and	Local S	Sources					1,149,374
		Contributio	ons and	Other \$	Sourc	es			117,126
									1,266,500
	СН	ANGE IN N	ET PO	SITION					(145,609)
	NE	DEFICIT,	BEGIN	INING					(34,289)

NET DEFICIT, ENDING

\$

(179,898)

BIG PINE ELEMENTARY ACADEMY, INC. BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 32,882
Accounts receivable	11,174
Prepaid expenses	 13,414
Total current assets	 57,470
Other assets	
Security deposit	 8,638
Total other assets	 8,638
Total assets	\$ 66,108
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 32,198
Accrued wages	46,099
Line of credit	 59,391
Total current liabilities	 137,688
Fund equity	
Nonspendable	13,414
Unassigned	 (84,994)
Total fund deficit	 (71,580)
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ 66,108
Amounts reported in the statement of net position differ from amounts reported above as follows:	
Fund balance – total governmental funds	\$ (71,580)
Long-term liabilities which are not due and payable in the current period; and therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund:	
Compensated absences	(110,842)
Capital assets used in governmental activities that are not	
financial resources and therefore are not reported above.	2,524
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (179,898)

BIG PINE ELEMENTARY ACADEMY, INC. STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Revenues		
Program revenues	\$	1,149,374
Fundraising income		27,634
Rental income		5,020
Interest income		612
Community support		111,494
Total revenues		1,294,134
Expenditures		
Instruction		723,698
School administration		236,779
Pupil personnel services		92,527
Food service		20,744
Fundraising expense		11,772
Transportation		17,834
Operation and maintenance of facilities		327,040
Total expenditures		1,430,394
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(136,260)
Fund deficit, beginning of year		64,680
Fund deficit, end of year	\$	(71,580)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement		
of activities are different because:	•	((
Net change in fund balances – total governmental fund	\$	(136,260)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is capitalized net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,463		(1,463)
Some expenses do not use current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds		(7,000)
Compesated absences		(7,886)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(145,609)

Note 1 – Organization and Operations

Reporting entity: Big Pine Elementary Academy, Inc. (the "School") is a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not For Profit Corporation Act and Section 228.056, Florida Statutes, to provide all students with a safe and nurturing school environment and enriching and challenging mastery learning curriculum containing the skills, content knowledge and character development for quality and equitable student outcomes and to help all students become successful life-long learners and responsible, informed citizens of the 21st century. The governing body of the School is the not-for-profit corporation's Board of Directors, which is composed of not less than three members. The School's charter started March 12, 2007 and operations began August, 2007.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 228.056, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter of the sponsoring school district and is a component unit of the Monroe County District Board (the "District"). The current charter is effective until June 30, 2022.

Criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units of the School which should be reported with the School's basic financial statements are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100 and 2600. The application of these criteria provide for identification of any entities for which the School is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School are such that exclusion would cause the School's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on these criteria, no component units are included within the reporting entity of the School.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation: Based on the guidance provided in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Audit and Accounting Guide – Audits per State and Local Governments and provisions of Florida Statutes, the School is presented as a governmental organization for financial statement reporting purposes.

Government-wide statements: The School's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the School as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. All of the School's activities are classified as governmental activities.

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information for the School as a whole. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: charges for services which report fees, operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities and capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund financial statements: Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operation of funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, equity, revenues and expenditures. Major individual governmental funds, namely, the general, specific revenue and capital project funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements:

General fund – This fund is used to account for all operating activities of the School except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital projects fund – This fund is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and for the proceeds and related expenditures of charter school capital outlay funding.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation: The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidelines.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues from non-exchange transactions are reported according to the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section 1600 and Section N50 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions." On the accrual basis, revenues from grants and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current fiscal resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the year end. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for service recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Budgetary basis of accounting: An operating budget is adopted and maintained by the governing board for the School pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

Cash and cash equivalents: The School considers all demand accounts and highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Prepaid items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Receivables: Certain receivables for student services are presented on the statement of net position net of an allowance for doubtful accounts based on the School's assessment of collectability. As of June 30, 2019, the School considers all remaining receivables to be collectible within one year and no allowances have been recorded.

Any bad debts are expensed in the period in which they are determined to be uncollectible.

Capital assets: Capital assets purchased or acquired are carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more and a useful life of over one year. Donated capital assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend useful life of an asset are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed asset. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 – 10 years
Playground equipment	3 – 10 years
Motor vehicles	5 years
Improvements other than building	5 years
Building improvements	15 years

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources: In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Compensated absences: The School's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused paid time off. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

amounts is recorded in the governmental fund only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related benefits, where applicable.

Net position classification: Government-wide financial statements

Net position is divided into three components:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by: 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. There are no restricted net assets as of year-end.

Unrestricted – indicates that portion of net position that is available to fund future operations and that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Fund balance classification: Fund financial statements

The School follows the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance, Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions". This statement requires that governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based on the extent to which the School is bound by constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The following describe how the relative fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact. This classification includes inventories, prepaid amounts, assets held for sale, and long-term receivables.

Restricted – Constraints placed on the use of these resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or other governments; or are imposed by law (through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation).

Committed – Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes because of formal action (resolution or ordinance) by the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned – Amounts that are constrained by the School's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body, another body (such as a Finance Committee), or by an official to whom that authority has been given. With the exception of the General Fund, this is the residual fund balance classification for all governmental funds with positive balances.

Unassigned – This is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification, as the result of overspending for specific purposes for which amount had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School uses restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, when the School has expenditures for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balance is available, the School would first use committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance.

Revenue Sources: Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the Monroe County District School Board pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter, the School reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. The District reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP). Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the Florida Education Finance Program and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent students urvey periods.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Tax Status: The School is a nonprofit organization that is exempt from income taxes under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The School has also been classified as an entity that is not a private foundation within the meaning of section 509(a) and qualifies for deductible contributions as provided in section 170(b)(1)(A)(ii). The School has no excise or unrelated business income taxes in the twelve months ended June 30, 2019.

The federal income tax returns for the tax years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, 2017 and 2016 are subject to examination by the taxing Authority.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Date of management review: Subsequent events were evaluated by management through November 12, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the School's deposits and cash on hand totaled \$32,882, with a bank balance of \$39,587.

The bank balances were first covered by federal depository insurance and for any amount in excess of such federal depository insurance, by the State of Florida's Security of Public Deposits Act. Subject to certain exemptions, State statutes require, and it is the School's policy, that certain deposits be made into, and be held by, financial institutions designated by the treasurer of the State of Florida as qualified public depositories as defined by Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. This statute requires that every qualified public depository institution maintain eligible collateral to secure the public entity's funds. The minimum collateral to be pledged by an institution, the collateral eligible for pledge, and reporting requirements of the qualified public depositor to the treasurer is defined by the statute. Collateral is pooled in a multiple qualified public depository institution pool with the ability to assess its members of the pool should the need arise. The School's deposits are held in qualified public depositories. They are covered by the collateral pool, as the School has identified itself as a public entity at June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2019, the School did not have any balances held in financial institutions exceeding federally insured balances.

Note 4 – Schedule of Revenue Sources

The following is a schedule of revenue sources and amounts:

Monroe County District School Board: Florida Education Finance Program	\$ 994,726
VPK/3 year old revenue	138,548
PTO fundraising	27,634
Gifts, grants, bequests	116,651
Student lunches	35
After school program	10,908
Rental Income	5,020
Interest Income	612
Total revenue sources	\$ 1,294,134

The administrative fee paid to the District during the year ended June 30, 2019 totaled \$18,179, which is reflected as a school administrative expenditure in the accompanying statement of activities.

Note 5 - Changes in Capital Assets

The following table provides a summary of changes in capital assets:

	Balance July 01, 2018			ditions	Disp	osals	Balance June 30, 2019		
Capital assets									
Furniture and fixtures	\$	7,368	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,368	
Equipment		46,363		-		-		46,363	
Improvements		10,652				-		10,652	
Total capital assets		64,383		-		-		64,383	
Accumulated depreciation:									
Furniture and fixtures		5,569		652		-		6,221	
Equipment		46,024		289		-		46,313	
Improvements		8,803		522		-		9,325	
Total accumulated depreciation		60,396		1,463		-		61,859	
Capital assets, net	\$	3,987	\$	(1,463)	\$	-	\$	2,524	

Note 6 – Line of Credit

The School has a line of credit agreement of \$75,000 with a local bank, with an interest rate of 6.75% at year end. The line of credit is unsecured, is payable on demand and matures April 18, 2020. As of June 30, 2019, the amount outstanding for the line of credit was \$59,391.

Note 7 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities:

	Balance y 01, 2018	Additions Disposals		Balance Iditions Disposals June 30, 2019		Due Within One Year		Due More Than One Year		
Compensated absences	\$ 102,956	\$ 38,042	\$	30,156	\$	110,842	\$	37,834	\$	73,008
Total long term liabilities	\$ 102,956	\$ 38,042	\$	30,156	\$	110,842	\$	37,834	\$	73,008

Note 8 – Commitments and Contingencies

Lease commitments: The School entered into a lease agreement in September 2011 to lease modular facilities placed on location at 30220 Overseas Highway in Big Pine Key, Florida. The modular facilities were destroyed in Hurricane Irma. In August 2018, the School entered into a new agreement to lease two modular facilities for a three year lease term, renewable on request. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the amount paid by the School for the use of the facilities was \$142,901.

The District provides facilities for classroom and administrative space at 30220 Overseas Highway in Big Pine Key, Florida at no charge to the School.

The School entered into an additional lease agreement in June 2013 to lease facilities located at 30070 Pond Lane in Big Pine Key, Florida. The initial term of the lease agreement was five years, with an option for an additional five years. In June 2019, the School terminated the lease. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the amount paid by the School for use of the facilities was \$64,616.

Note 8 – Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Estimated future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2020	45,180
2021	45,180
2022	7,530
	\$ 97,890

Grant agreements: The School participates in state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the School has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required. In the opinion of the School, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

Note 9 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, employee health, workers' compensation and natural disasters, excluding hurricanes, for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BIG PINE ELEMENTARY ACADEMY, INC. BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Adopted Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues								
FEFP/FTE	\$	866,447	\$	866,447	\$	994,726	\$	128,279
VPK/3 year old revenue		140,000		140,000		138,548		(1,452)
Grants/Donations		200,000		200,000		139,129		(60,871)
Student lunches						35		35
After school program		7,000		7,000		10,908		3,908
Miscellaneous revenue		22,000		22,000		5,768		(16,232)
Rental income		500		500		5,020		4,520
Total revenues		1,235,947		1,235,947		1,294,134		58,187
Expenditures								
Instruction:								
Salaries		600,000		600,000		625,473		(25,473)
Benefits and taxes		80,000		80,000		76,685		3,315
Miscellaneous		2,000		2,000		2,127		(127)
Other purchased services		-		-		4,903		(4,903)
Supplies		16,000		16,000		14,510		1,490
Pupil personnel services								
Education services		-		-		18,038		(18,038)
Salaries		72,000		72,000		63,246		8,754
Benefits and taxes		12,000		12,000		11,243		757
Supplies & miscellaneous		2,600		2,600		-		2,600
School Administration:								
Salaries		137,056		137,056		136,735		321
Benefits and taxes		15,000		15,000		22,447		(7,447)
Fundraising expense						11,772		(11,772)
Insurance		30,000		30,000		11,436		18,564
Equipment rental						2,286		(2,286)
Interest						1,493		(1,493)
Bad debt uncollectible						5,454		(5,454)
Professional and technical services		38,300		38,300		40,072		(1,772)
Supplies & miscellaneous		6,100		6,100		16,856		(10,756)
Operation of plant:								
Salaries		15,000		15,000		13,164		1,836
Benefits and taxes		3,600		3,600		633		2,967
Insurance		10,000		10,000		9,939		61
Leased portables		36,000		36,000		142,901		(106,901)
Other purchased services		-		-		1,024		(1,024)
Rental ELC		60,000		60,000		69,460		(9,460)
Supplies & miscellaneous		5,400		5,400		57,426		(52,026)
Utilities		40,000		40,000		32,493		7,507

BIG PINE ELEMENTARY ACADEMY, INC. BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Adopted Budget	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Buuget	Budget	Actual	(onavorable)
Food service:				
Salaries	15,000	15,000	18,697	(3,697)
Benefits and taxes	2,500	2,500	1,876	624
Supplies	1,000	1,000	12	988
Miscellaneous	2,750	2,750	159	2,591
Pupil transportation:	33,200	33,200	17,834	15,366
		·		·
Total expenditures	1,235,506	1,235,506	1,430,394	(194,888)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$ 441	\$ 441	(136,260)	\$ (136,701)
Fund balance, beginning of year			64,680	
Fund deficit, end of year			\$ (71,580)	
Reconciliation of excess expenditures over revenues to statement of activities:				
Excess of revenues over expenditures Comepensated absences Depreciation			\$ (136,260) (7,886) (1,463)	
Change in net position			\$ (145,609)	

SUPPLEMENTAL INDEPENDENT AUDITOR REPORTS



John G. Parks, Jr., CPA - retired



815 Peacock Plaza Key West, Florida 33040 305.294.1049 | 305.294.1040 Fax: 305.294.3951

Scott G. Oropeza, CPA, PA James H. Hill, Jr., CPA, PLLC

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors of Big Pine Elementary Academy, Inc., Big Pine Key, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of Big Pine Elementary Academy, Inc., a component unit of the Monroe County District School Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Big Pine Elementary Academy, Inc.'s basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 12, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Big Pine Elementary Academy, Inc.'s, internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Big Pine Elementary Academy, Inc.'s, internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Big Pine Elementary Academy, Inc.'s, internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in separate letter dated November 12, 2019, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency* in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in separate letter dated November 12, 2019 as Finding 2019-01 to be a material weakness.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in separate letter dated November 12, 2019 as Finding 2019-02 to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and do not provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Viopeja & Parks

November 12, 2019



John G. Parks, Jr., CPA - retired



815 Peacock Plaza Key West, Florida 33040 305.294.1049 | 305.294.1040 Fax: 305.294.3951

Scott G. Oropeza, CPA, PA James H. Hill, Jr., CPA, PLLC

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors of Big Pine Elementary Academy, Inc. Big Pine Key, Florida

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Big Pine Elementary Academy, Inc., as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 and have issued our report thereon dated November 12, 2019.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reports

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report and Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated November 12, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. The findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report were not properly addressed and are noted in Finding 2019-01 and Finding 2019-02.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity. The official title of the entity is Big Pine Elementary Academy, Inc.

Financial Condition

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2. and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, requires that us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Big Pine Elementary Academy, Inc. has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Big Pine Elementary Academy, Inc., did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Big Pine Elementary Academy, Inc. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Big Pine Elementary Academy, Inc.'s, financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we provide the following:

Finding 2019-01

During our search for unrecorded liabilities, we noted several invoices for services performed during the year ending June 30, 2019 that were not recorded in accounts payable. Proper cutoffs are critical for the accuracy of the accrual basis of accounting. We recommend the School implement accounting policies and procedures that ensure proper cutoff of expenses. **This is a repeating comment on Finding 2018-01**.

Finding 2019-02

During our testing, we noted many monthly bank reconciliations were not prepared on a timely basis. The control over cash is strengthened through the process of timely consistent monthly reconciliations noting proper preparation and review and recommend all reconciliations be performed monthly. We recommend the reconciliation format be updated for the inclusion of these items. **This is a repeating comment on Finding 2018-02**.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7. and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether Big Pine Elementary Academy, Inc. maintains on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Big Pine Elementary Academy, Inc. did not maintain on its website all of the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, applicable management, and the Monroe County District School Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Lopera & Parks

November 12, 2019