SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (With Independent Auditors' Reports Thereon)

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6303 Blue Lagoon Drive, Suite 200 Miami, Florida 33126-6025 Ph: (305) 373-0123 • (800) 330-4728 Fax: (305) 374-4415 www.glsccpa.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Pembroke Pines, Florida Charter Schools

#### **Report on the Special Purpose Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying special purpose financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Pembroke Pines, Florida Charter Schools (the "Schools") operating under the charter sponsored by the Broward County School Board (special revenue funds of the City of Pembroke Pines, Florida), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the special purpose financial statements, which collectively comprise the Schools' special purpose financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Special Purpose Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these special purpose financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of special purpose financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinion on these special purpose financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the special purpose financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the special purpose financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the special purpose financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the special purpose financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the special purpose financial purpose financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the special purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Pembroke Pines, Florida Charter Schools as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Pembroke Pines, Florida Charter Schools

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in note 1.a, the special purpose financial statements of the City of Pembroke Pines, Florida Charter Schools, are intended to present the financial position, and the changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities and fund information of the City of Pembroke Pines, Florida that is attributable to the transactions of the Schools. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City of Pembroke Pines, Florida, as of June 30, 2019, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of the America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension schedules and OPEB Schedules on pages 3-10, 53-56, 57-60 and 61-62 be presented to supplement the basic special purpose financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic special purpose financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic special purpose financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic special purpose financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2019, on our consideration of the Schools' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Schools' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Schools' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

GLSC & Company, PLLC

Miami, Florida December 23, 2019



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Pembroke Pines Charter Schools (the "Schools") operating under the charter sponsored by the Broward County School Board, we offer readers of the Schools' special purpose financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Schools for the twelve-month period ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Schools' special purpose financial statements, which follow this section.

#### Financial Highlights

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the Schools as reported in the government-wide financial statements exceeded their assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the current fiscal year by (\$8,127,516) (*net position*) which decreased by \$159,448 from prior year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Schools' governmental funds' financial statements reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,346,958 or 5.0% of total expenditures. This represents an increase of \$541,370 30.0% from prior year. The entire fund balance is assigned for rent payments.

#### **Overview of the Special Purpose Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Pembroke Pines Charter Schools' special purpose financial statements. The Schools' special purpose financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to special purpose financial statements. In addition to these special purpose financial statements, this report contains required supplementary information.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Schools' finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Schools' assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Schools is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will eventually result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The Schools' *government-wide financial statements* distinguish the functions of the Schools as being principally supported by local revenues (FTE dollars through the Broward County School Board) (*governmental activities*) as opposed to *business-type activities* that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The Charter Schools have no business-type activities and no component units for which they are financially accountable. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-12 of this report.

**Fund financial statements**. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Schools, like other state and local governments, use fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. All of the funds used by the Schools are considered governmental fund types, and are special revenues funds of the City of Pembroke Pines, Florida.

**Governmental funds**. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions.

Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Schools maintain three funds (governmental funds). Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The Schools adopt an annual appropriated budget. Budgetary comparison schedules and notes have been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. The governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 13-15 of this report.

**Notes to special purpose financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to special purpose financial statements can be found on pages 16-52 of this report.

**Required Supplementary Information**. The information in this section is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). It consists of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) comprising pages 3 through 10, the budgetary comparison schedules, the note to budgetary comparison schedules, pension schedules, schedule of pension contributions, schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios and schedule of employer contributions which can be found on pages 53 through 62 of this report.

Supplementary Auditors' Reports. This section includes the following:

- Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, which can be found on pages 63-64.
- Management Letter in Accordance with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida, which can be found on pages 65-66.

**Government-wide financial analysis.** As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of June 30, 2019, the Schools' total net position decreased by \$159,448 when compared to prior year.

As of June 30, 2019, net investment in capital assets (e.g., improvements other than buildings and equipment) amounted to \$2,235,697. The Charter Schools do not have any related debt outstanding that was used to acquire these assets. These assets are not available for future spending.

#### CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	Governm Activiti	Increase/	
—	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	(Decrease)
Current assets	\$ 3,407,317	\$ 2,615,055	\$ 792,262
Capital assets, net of depreciation	2,235,697	2,336,394	(100,697)
Total assets	5,643,014	4,951,449	691,565
Total deferred outflows of			
resources	7,023,115	7,060,173	(37,058)
Current liabilities	1,060,359	809,467	250,892
Noncurrent liabilities	17,399,548	17,336,471	63,077
Total liabilities	18,459,907	18,145,938	313,969
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,333,738	1,833,752	499,986
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	2,235,697	2,336,394	(100,697)
Unrestricted	(10,363,213)	(10,304,462)	(58,751)
Total net position	<u>\$ (8,127,516)</u>	<u>\$ (7,968,068)</u>	<u>\$ (159,448)</u>

Total assets increased by \$691,565 (14.0%) mainly as a result of \$792,262 increase in current assets. The \$792,262 (30.3%) increase in current assets is mainly attributed to the increase of \$681,256 in pooled cash and cash equivalents.

Total liabilities increased by \$313,969 (1.7%) mainly as a result of \$194,929 increase in unearned revenues, \$63,947 increase in deposits and \$39,802 increase in net pension liability. Net investment in capital assets decreased by \$100,697 (-4.3%) and unrestricted net position decreased by \$58,751 (-0.6%) from prior year.

**Governmental activities.** The Schools' total net position at the end of the year amounted to (\$8,127,516), a decrease of \$159,448 (-2.0%) from the previous fiscal year. The total cost of all governmental activities this year was \$47,251,744. Key elements of these changes in net position are as follows:

#### CONDENSED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

_	Govern Activ	Increase/	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	(Decrease)
Revenues:			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 5,228,745	\$ 3,344,816	\$ 1,883,929
Operating grants and contributions	2,217,813	2,246,919	(29,106)
General revenues:			
FTE non-specific revenues	38,413,563	38,677,847	(264,284)
Unrestricted investment earnings	78,711	46,568	32,143
Rental income	1,120,093	1,003,639	116,454
E-rate program	14,569	16,302	(1,733)
ConEd energy tax deduction	-	148,369	(148,369)
ICMA forfeiture revenue	18,802	4,124	14,678
Total revenues	47,092,296	45,488,584	1,603,712
Expenses:			
Instructional services	25,386,533	24,617,146	769,387
Rent	4,963,159	5,266,892	(303,733)
Instructional support services	1,919,002	1,859,126	59,876
Food services	2,242,482	2,105,925	136,557
Student transportation services	2,018,981	1,879,293	139,688
Operation and maintenance of school	5,603,087	5,442,048	161,039
School administration	4,379,761	4,253,621	126,140
Other	738,739	741,296	(2,557)
Total expenses	47,251,744	46,165,347	1,086,397
Change in net position	(159,448)	(676,763)	517,315
Net position, beginning	(7,968,068)	(7,291,305)	<u>(676,763)</u>
Net position - ending	<u>\$ (8,127,516)</u>	<u>\$ (7,968,068)</u>	<u>\$ (159,448)</u>

The Schools' total revenues increased by \$1,603,712 (3.5%) during the year. This increase is mainly due to a \$1,883,929 (56.3%) increase in charges for services which is offset by \$264,284 (-0.7%) decrease in FTE non-specific revenues.

The \$1,883,929 increase in charges for services is mainly due to \$1,641,115 increase in public education capital outlay. The \$264,284 decrease in FTE non-specific revenues is mainly due to a \$1,468,849 decrease in local capital improvement revenue, which is offset by a \$228,471 increase in district schools taxes, \$126,461 increase in ESE guaranteed allocation, \$387,936 increase in Florida education finance program, \$120,363 increase in mental health allocation, \$169,155 increase in safe schools funding, and \$117,656 increase in supplemental academic instruction.

Total expenses before transfers increased by \$1,086,397 (2.4%) from prior year. This increase was mainly due to an increase in personnel costs including benefits of approximately \$629,560 (2.2%) and an increase in operating expenses of approximately \$492,161 (2.8%)

The \$629,560 increase in personnel costs including benefits is mainly attributed to the increase of approximately \$518,107 (2.6%) in salaries, and an increase of approximately \$163,580 (2.1%) in employee benefits. The \$492,161 increase in operating expenses is mainly due to an increase of approximately \$104,307 (17.2%) in textbooks, a \$134,553 (47.4%) increase in software and licenses, a \$131,274 (29.5%) increase in repairs and maintenance and a \$109,457 (13.2%) increase in administrative fees.

**Financial analysis of the Schools' funds.** As noted earlier, the Schools use fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements and segregation for particular purposes.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the Schools' governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Schools' financing requirements.

#### Budgetary Highlights

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Schools had final estimated revenues and appropriations of \$46,868,997 and \$47,713,573, respectively, excluding other financing sources.

Over the course of the year, the Schools made several revisions to budgeted revenues and appropriations.

These amendments may fall into one or more of the following categories:

- Amendments related to grants and new programs.
- Amendments to revise estimates for state and local revenues based on the latest information on student attendance.
- Amendments during the year for unexpected occurrences.

# The Charter Elementary Schools, East, West and Central Campuses, made the following amendments to budget:

Several amendments were made to increase budgeted revenues totaling \$318,972. This was mainly due to an increase of \$192,676 in revenues provided by the State for Governor's A+ funds and an increase of \$124,052 in revenues provided by Best & Brightest awards from the state.

Amendments were made decreasing the expenditure budget in the amount of \$362,853. These adjustments were made mainly to decrease the budget for the annual true-up adjustment for health, life and workers' compensation insurance in the amount of \$577,825, which was offset by an increase of \$192,676 in Governor's A+ expenditures and an increase of \$124,052 in Best & Brightest expenditures.

After appropriations were amended, as described above, actual revenues were under the budgeted revenues by \$179,280, and overall actual expenditures were below final budgeted amounts by \$481,366 before transfers.

# The Charter Middle Schools, West and Central Campuses, made the following amendments to budget:

Several amendments were made to increase the budgeted revenues totaling \$196,403. This was mainly due to an increase of \$130,931 in revenues provided by the State for Governor's A+ funds, and an increase of \$64,762 in Best and Brightest awards.

Amendments were made decreasing the expenditure budget in the amount of \$204,007. These adjustments were made mainly to decrease the budget for the annual true-up adjustment for health, life and workers' compensation insurance in the amount of \$400,410, which was offset by an increase of \$130,931 in Governor's A+ expenditures and an increase of \$64,762 in Best & Brightest expenditures.

After appropriations were amended, as described above, actual revenues were above the budgeted revenues by \$204,832, and actual expenditures were below final budgeted amounts by \$189,564 before transfers.

#### The Charter High School made the following amendments to budget:

Several amendments were made to increase the budgeted revenues totaling \$381,375. This was mainly due to an increase of \$205,454 in revenues provided by the State for Governor's A+ funds, and an increase of \$143,524 in Best and Brightest awards.

Amendments were made decreasing the expenditure budget in the amount of \$192,255. These adjustments were made mainly to decrease the budget for the annual true-up adjustment for health, life and workers' compensation insurance in the amount of \$566,434, which was offset by an increase of \$205,454 in Governor's A+ expenditures and an increase of \$143,524 in Best & Brightest expenditures.

After appropriations were amended, as described above, actual revenues were above the budgeted revenues by \$29,052, and actual expenditures were below final budgeted amounts by \$491,717 before transfers.

#### Capital Assets

The Schools' investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$2,235,697, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes improvements other than buildings and equipment.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Depreciation)

	Govern Activ		Increase/
	<u>2019</u> <u>2018</u>		(Decrease)
Improvements other than buildings	\$1,718,394	\$ 1,794,636	\$ (76,242)
Equipment	517,303	541,758	<u>(24,455)</u>
Total capital assets	\$2,235,697	\$ 2,336,394	<u>\$ (100,697)</u>

In fiscal year 2019, total capital purchases amounted to approximately \$103,384. Of this amount, approximately \$79,589 was spent to purchase equipment to support the schools.

Additional information on the Schools' capital assets can be found in Note 4 of the notes to the special purpose financial statements (page 30).

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Capital outlay funding from the State is expected to increase by 8% for FY 2019-20. The State is funding this revenue at an estimated 52% of the total maximum allocation.
- For fiscal year 2019-20, the Base Student Allocation (BSA) used to calculate the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues increased by approximately \$75.07 to \$4,279.49 in fiscal year 2019-20 as per Florida State Legislature SB2500 FEFP Conference Report dated May 1, 2019.
- The State determined annual employer contribution to the Florida Retirement System will increase to 8.47% for fiscal year 2019-20 from 8.26% for fiscal year 2018-19.
- The Schools' student attendance rate remains stable at 96.28%.
- The Schools' enrollment is at 100%.
- Broward County residents voted to approve the Secure the Next Generation voter referendum on August 20, 2018. Revenues from this will help fund the salaries of our School Resource Officers assigned to our Broward County Sponsored Charter Schools for the next four years.
- The Schools have estimated revenues and appropriations in the fiscal year 2019-20 budgets of \$49,882,311.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide the reader with a general overview of the Charter Schools' finances, as well as demonstrate accountability for funds the Charter Schools receive. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional information, should be addressed to the Office of the City Manager, 601 City Center Way, Pembroke Pines, Florida 33025.

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS	Governmental Activities
Pooled cash and cash equivalents Due from Broward County Due from Federal Government Capital assets being depreciated, net Total assets	\$ 3,184,102 217,578 5,637 2,235,697 5,643,014
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pension Deferred outflows related to OPEB Total deferred outflows of resources	6,716,557 <u>306,558</u> 7,023,115
LIABILITIES	
Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Deposits	62,945 239,526 757,888
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year Due in more than one year Total liabilities	707,133 <u>16,692,415</u> <u>18,459,907</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pension Deferred inflows related to OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	2,237,714 96,024 2,333,738
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total net position	2,235,697 (10,363,213) (8,127,516)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

<u>Functions/Programs</u>		<u>Expenses</u>		Charges for <u>Services</u>	(	Operating Grants and ontributions	F <u>I</u>	et (Expense) Revenue and Changes in <u>Net Position</u> Total covernmental <u>Activities</u>
Governmental activities:								
Instructional services	\$	25,386,533	\$	-	\$	21,122	\$	(25,365,411)
Rent		4,963,159		2,603,568		-		(2,359,591)
Instructional support services		1,919,002		-		-		(1,919,002)
Food services		2,242,482		1,374,630		1,036,653		168,801
Student transportation services		2,018,981		315,971		-		(1,703,010)
Operation and maintenance of school		5,603,087		-		523,575		(5,079,512)
School administration		4,379,761		325		-		(4,379,436)
Other		738,739		934,251		636,463		831,975
Total Charter Schools	\$	47,251,744	\$	5,228,745	\$	2,217,813	\$	(39,805,186)
	Gen	eral revenues:						
	F	TE non-specific	rev	enues				38,413,563
		nrestricted inve						78,711
		ental income		5				1,120,093
E-rate program					14,569			
ICMA revenue					18,802			
Total general revenues						39,645,738		
	Change in net position						(159,448)	
	Net	position, begin	ning				_	(7,968,068)
	Net	position, endin	g				\$	(8,127,516)

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2019

<u>ASSETS</u>	Charter Elementary <u>Schools</u>	Charter Middle <u>Schools</u>	Charter High <u>Schools</u>	<u>Total</u>
Pooled cash and cash equivalents Due from Broward County Due from Federal Government Total assets LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,429,931 73,023 <u>3,652</u> \$ 2,506,606	\$ 154,181 51,681 <u>1,824</u> <u>\$ 207,686</u>	\$ 599,990 92,874 <u>161</u> \$ 693,025	\$ 3,184,102 217,578 <u>5,637</u> \$ 3,407,317
Liabilities: Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Deposits Total liabilities	\$ 16,546 87,532 <u>178,681</u> 282,759	\$ 17,419 59,239 <u>130,448</u> <u>207,106</u>	\$ 28,980 92,755 <u>448,759</u> <u>570,494</u>	\$ 62,945 239,526 <u>757,888</u> 1,060,359
Fund balances: Assigned for rent payments Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances Amounts reported for governmental activities in t	2,223,847 2,223,847 \$ 2,506,606 he statement	580 580 \$ 207,686	<u>122,531</u> <u>122,531</u> \$ 693,025	<u>2,346,958</u> 2,346,958
of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities a resources and, therfore, are not reported in th Compensated absences, shown as noncurrent	ne funds.	due and payab	lo	2,235,697
in the current period and, therefore, are not re Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relate applicable to future periods and, therefore, are	eported in the fun ed to pensions and	ds. d OPEB are app		(865,045)
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources Long-term liabilities, such as net pension liability and payable in the current period and, therefore				7,023,115 (2,333,738) (16,534,503)
Net position of governmental activities (	(page 11)			\$ (8,127,516)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Revenues:	Charter Elementary <u>Schools</u>	Charter Middle <u>Schools</u>	Charter High <u>Schools</u>	<u>Total</u>
Local	\$ 16,899,227	\$ 10,433,254	\$ 18,065,576	\$ 45,398,057
Federal and State grants	440,745	274,595	342,436	1,057,776
Total revenues	17,339,972	10,707,849	18,408,012	46,455,833
Funandituraa				
Expenditures: Current				
K-3 Basic	5,656,922	-	-	5,656,922
4-8 Basic	2,717,852	5,932,890	1,220,328	9,871,070
9-12 Basic	2,717,002	0,002,000	7,060,768	7,060,768
	-	-	7,000,700	
Intensive English/ESOL Exceptional student program	- 691,147	182 662,727	- 382,062	182 1,735,936
Vocational 6-12	091,147	002,727	141,213	141,213
Substitute teachers	167,510	154,488	94,283	416,281
School/other	-	-	26,638	26,638
Guidance services	248,772	213,478	584,618	1,046,868
Instructional media services	295,019	257,938	124,052	677,009
ESE specialist	-	-	90,065	90,065
Instructional staff training	28,484	23,304	13,613	65,401
School administration	1,708,988	1,202,581	1,362,797	4,274,366
Food services	845,315	599,515	797,652	2,242,482
Student transportation services	716,788	494,389	807,804	2,018,981
Operation of school	2,861,413	2,260,009	5,239,593	10,361,015
Child care supervision	389,123	-	8,685	397,808
Athletics	-	35,633	328,904	364,537
Capital outlay	28,521	11,345	63,518	103,384
Total expenditures	16,355,854	11,848,479	18,346,593	46,550,926
Excess (Deficit) of revenue over (under) expenditures	984,118	(1,140,630)	61,419	(95,093)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	1,139,463	-	1,139,463
Transfers out	(503,000)	)		(503,000)
Total other financing sources (uses):	(503,000)	) 1,139,463		636,463
Net change in fund balances	481,118	(1,167)	61,419	541,370
Fund balances, beginning	1,742,729	1,747	61,112	1,805,588
Fund balances, ending	\$ 2,223,847	<u>\$580</u>	\$ 122,531	\$ 2,346,958

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Page 14)	:	\$!	541,370
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.			
The detail of the difference is as follows:			
Capital outlay	103,384		
Depreciation expense	(202,280)		
Net adjustment			(98,896)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets			(1,801)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
The details of the difference are as follows:			
Compensated absences			(7,638)
Pension contributions		1,:	327,525
OPEB contributions			81,888
Cost of benefits earned, net of employee contributions	-	(2,0	001,896)
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 12)	-	\$ ( <sup>^</sup>	159,448)

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a. Reporting Entity

On August 20, 1997, June 2, 1998 and August 19, 1998, the City Commission approved the creation of the City of Pembroke Pines Charter Elementary School, consisting of three campuses; the City of Pembroke Pines Charter Middle School, consisting of two campuses; and the City of Pembroke Pines Charter High School, consisting of one campus. The three schools will be referred to collectively as the Schools in these special purpose financial statements. The City of Pembroke Pines, Florida (the "City") is a municipal corporation operating charter schools organized pursuant to Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes. The City of Pembroke Pines Charter Elementary School's first school year commenced in August 1998; the City of Pembroke Pines Charter High School's first school year commenced in July 1999 and the City of Pembroke Pines Charter High School's first school year commenced in July 2000. The governing body of the Schools is the City Commission comprising five voting members which consist of the City of Pembroke Pines Mayor, Vice Mayor, and three Commissioners. The Pembroke Pines City Manager also serves as the Superintendent of the Charter Schools.

The Schools operate under a charter of the sponsoring school district, the Broward County School Board (the "District"). The Elementary Schools' charter agreement was approved by the District on August 18, 1998 and was effective until June 30, 2014. The Middle School's charter agreement was approved by the District on June 15, 1999 and was effective until June 30, 2014. The High School's charter was approved by the City Commission on April 04, 2000 and was effective until June 30, 2015. The Elementary, Middle and High Schools' charter agreements were renewed from July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2029. All three charters may be renewed pursuant to Section 1002.33(7)(b)(1), Florida Statutes, for such duration as may be established by mutual written agreement of the parties. At the end of the term of the charters, the District may choose not to renew the charters under grounds specified in the charter in which case the District is required to notify the Schools in writing at least 90 days prior to the charter's expiration. Pursuant to Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the charter school contract provides that in the event the Schools are dissolved or terminated, any unencumbered funds and all school property purchased with public funds automatically revert to the Broward County School Board. During the term of the charter, the District may also terminate the charter if good cause is shown.

The Schools are accounted for as special revenue funds of the City. The special purpose financial statements contained herein present only the operations of the Schools, and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City, as of June 30, 2019, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### a. Reporting Entity (Continued)

On February 1, 2003, the City entered into a Charter Agreement with Florida State University (FSU) to create a seventh Charter School – the City of Pembroke Pines/Florida State University Charter Elementary School. This Charter School opened for the 2003-2004 School year, and has a current enrollment of 694 students for the 2018-19 school year. Its financial information is not included herein, as it is separately chartered with Florida State University and issues its own special purpose financial statements.

#### b. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Schools' government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Schools. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Full-time equivalent (FTE) dollars and intergovernmental revenues support *governmental activities*.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. FTE dollars and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The Schools' special purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

#### c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The Schools' government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The Schools' fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Schools consider revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

FTE dollars, grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the Schools receive cash.

The Schools report the following major funds:

**Charter Elementary Schools** – The Elementary Schools consist of an East, West and Central campus, serving 1,914 student stations for the 2018-19 school year.

**Charter Middle Schools** – The Middle Schools consist of a West and Central campus, serving 1,326 student stations for the 2018-19 school year.

**Charter High School** – The Charter High School, located at the Academic Village site, serving 2,098 student stations for the 2018-19 school year.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Schools' policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

# d. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

The Schools consider all highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents. The Schools maintain their cash and cash equivalents in pooled accounts managed by the City. Within the City's pooled control accounts, separate accounting is maintained for each fund. Pooled cash and cash equivalents include deposits held with the State Board of Administration (SBA) Investment Pool.

#### 2. Receivables

All receivables are considered to be collectible; therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts is recorded.

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### d. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

#### 3. Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food commodities and are valued on the first-in, first-out basis. United States Department of Agriculture surplus commodities are stated at their fair value as determined at the time of donation to the Schools' food service program by the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Bureau of Food Distribution. This inventory is accounted for under the consumption method, and as such, is recorded as an expenditure when used rather than purchased. The Schools have no inventories at June 30, 2019.

#### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include improvements other than buildings and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Schools as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$1,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the acquisition date.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Schools are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>	
Improvements other than buildings	5-50	
Equipment	3-10	

In accordance with Florida Statutes, all property and improvements, furnishings and equipment purchased with public funds will automatically revert to full ownership by the Broward County School Board upon the non-renewal or termination of the charter agreement.

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

d. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

#### 5. Compensated Absences

The Schools' full-time teachers are given three sick leave days at the beginning of the school year and accrue one day per month up to ten days per year. Sick leave may be carried over into the following school year. Once teachers reach thirty days, they will bank those days for future use and will be compensated for any sick leave days over thirty at the end of September of each year at their current rate of pay. Part-time teachers are not entitled to sick leave. Non-Instructional full-time 12 and 10-month employees earn one sick day per month. Sick time not used is forfeited. Non-Instructional employees that work year-round (12 months) are entitled to vacation based on their continuous years of service earning from 1 day per month up to 12 days to 2 days per month up to 24 days. Non-Instructional employees may carryover unused vacation time. For current employees hired prior to February 1, 2010, annual leave accumulated above 320 hours will be paid out at time of termination at a rate of: (1) 75% of the employee's ending base salary for hours above 320 and up to 640; (2) 50% of the employee's ending base salary for any hours above 640; and (3) any leave accumulated prior to February 1, 2010 will be paid out at 100% of the employee's ending base salary. For employees hired on or after February 1, 2010, annual leave accumulated above 320 hours will be paid out at time of termination at a rate of: (1) 50% of the employee's ending base salary for hours above 320 and up to 640; and (2) 25% of the employee's ending base salary for any hours above 640.

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as noncurrent liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, the Schools report only the compensated absence liability due and payable at June 30th and paid from expendable available financial resources.

#### 6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Long-term debt, which is reported in the City's financial statements, is not included in the Schools' special purpose financial statements, and is described as follows.

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### d. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

#### 6. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

The City borrowed \$10,000,000 from a bank in December 1997 of which approximately \$8,000,000 was used to finance the acquisition of land and construction of the Elementary Schools. In 1998, the City issued Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 1998 for \$24,055,000 of which approximately \$12,500,000 was used to finance the construction of the Middle School, and the purchase and development of the site for the City's Charter High School. During 1999, the City issued Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 1999 for \$45,240,000 of which approximately \$31,000,000 was used to finance the construction of the City of Pembroke Pines Charter High School and further expansion of the Schools. During 2001, the City issued Charter School Revenue Bonds, Series 2001A and 2001B for \$31,910,000 and \$20,060,000, respectively, which were used to finance the construction of the City of Pembroke Pines Charter Central Campus and the shared-use facility located at the Academic Village Charter High School Campus.

On December 1, 2006, \$18,935,000 of the Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 1998, and \$10,985,000 of the Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2001 were advance refunded by the City's \$29,720,000 Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2006. On December 1, 2006, \$28,100,000 of the Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 1999 was advance refunded by a portion of the City's \$45,050,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2006. In October 2016, \$29,720,000 of the Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2006. In October 2016, \$29,720,000 of the Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 was refunded by \$17,386,400 Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016, which resulted in rent savings of approximately \$295,000 annually for all the Charter Schools. In May 2017, \$30,505,000 of the Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2006 was refunded by a portion of the City's \$45,960,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2006 was refunded by a portion of the City's \$45,960,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2006 was refunded by a portion of the City's \$45,960,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2006 was refunded by a portion of the City's \$45,960,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2006 was refunded by a portion of the City's \$45,960,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017, which resulted in rent savings of approximately \$151,000 annually for all the Charter Schools.

On March 25, 2008, the City advance refunded the Charter School Revenue Bonds, Series 2001A and 2001B, and constructed thirty-eight (38) additional classrooms for the City of Pembroke Pines Charter Schools and twelve (12) new classrooms for the City of Pembroke Pines/Florida State University Charter Elementary School by issuing the Charter School Revenue Bonds, Series 2008 for \$64,095,000. This was done to comply with the State's Class Size Amendment. The Amendment allows for no more than 18 students in Kindergarten through Third grade classrooms and 22 students in each Fourth through Fifth grade classroom. On May 17, 2011, the City remarketed the Series 2008 Bonds to Wells Fargo and obtained a variable rate of SIFMA rate plus 0.89% for a three-year term. On May 29, 2014, the City remarketed the Series 2008 Bonds to PNC Bank, National Association and obtained a variable rate of SIFMA rate plus 0.59% for a four year term, which resulted in rent savings of approximately \$139,000 annually for all the Charter Schools, including the FSU Charter School. The remarket was extended to November 7, 2019.

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### d. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

#### 6. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

On November 7, 2019, \$62,195,000 of the Charter School Revenue Bonds, Series 2008 was refunded by \$58,985,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2019A and \$3,635,000 Taxable Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2019B.

The Schools remit a yearly rental fee to the City for the use of the facilities that were constructed by the City (see Note 7 – Operating Leases).

#### 7. Net Position/Fund Balance

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

Net position is classified in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation which are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation. The Schools have no restricted assets as of June 30, 2019.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted' or "net investment in capital assets".

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Schools are bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in these funds can be spent. Amounts that are restricted to specific purposes either by a) constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation are classified as restricted fund balances. Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the City Commission through an ordinance or resolution are classified as committed fund balances. Amounts that are constrained by the intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed are classified as assigned fund balances. Assignments are made by management based on Commission direction. Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not spendable in form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

d. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

#### 7. Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund balances of the Schools are considered to be assigned for rent payments, as they are special revenue funds of the City. Per GASB 54, all remaining amounts reported in governmental funds that are not classified as nonspendable, and are neither restricted nor committed should be reported as assigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, Schools consider restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Schools consider amounts to have been spent, first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Schools have provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

#### 8. Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the Broward County School Board pursuant to the funding provisions included in the Schools' Charters. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charters and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the Schools report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of full-time equivalent students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the Florida Education Finance Program. Funding for the Schools is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the Florida Education Finance Program and the actual full-time equivalent students reported by the Schools during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods.

#### 9. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions it may undertake in the future, they may differ from actual results.

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### d. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

#### 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement Systems (FRS) and additions to/deductions from FRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 11. Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Pembroke Pines Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund (Trust) and additions to/deductions from the Trust's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Trust. For this purpose, the Trust recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

#### 12. Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will periodically report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Schools' deferred outflows of resources relate to the FRS pension and OPEB, as discussed in Note 11 and Note 12, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will periodically report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Schools' deferred inflows of resources relate to the FRS pension and OPEB, as discussed in Note 11 and Note 12, respectively.

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Schools pool their cash, cash equivalents, and investments in accordance with legal restrictions.

As of June 30, 2019, the Schools' pooled cash and cash equivalents are summarized as follows:

<u>Description</u>	Carrying Amount
State Board of Administration	\$3,182,227
Cash on hand	1,875
Total pooled cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$3,184,102</u>

The Schools' investment objective order of priority is safety of capital, liquidity of funds, and investment income. Authorized investments of the Schools are subject to limitations prescribed in the City of Pembroke Pines' Investment Policy as adopted per Ordinance 1493, dated September 1, 2004 and amended per Ordinance 1793, dated October 1, 2014. The average duration of the entire portfolio as a whole may not exceed five (5) years. This calculation excludes maturities of the underlying securities of a repurchase agreement. This calculation also applies to the expected average life of asset-backed securities and mortgage-backed securities (rather than the stated final maturity). No more than 30% of the total investment portfolio shall be placed in securities with an expected duration of more than five (5) years. This calculation excludes maturities of the underlying securities of a repurchase agreement.

Authorized Investments per the Investment Policy are as follows:

#### List of Authorized Investments:

(a) The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund and any other investment plan or investment trust developed by the Florida League of Cities, the Florida Association of Counties, the Florida Association of Court Clerks, or similar state or national associations, approved by the City.

(b) Negotiable direct obligations of, or obligations the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States Government or its agencies, including but not limited to, U.S. Government Treasury Securities, and Government National Mortgage Associations (GNMAs).

#### NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

(c) Non-negotiable interest-bearing time certificates of deposits or savings accounts in state or federal banks, state or federal savings and loan associations as permitted and/or prescribed by Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes.

(d) Government Sponsored Enterprises including but not limited to Federal Farm Credit Banks, Federal Home Loan Bank or its district banks, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Student Loan Marketing Association.

(e) Prime commercial paper. Commercial Paper having a maturity of 90 days or less shall require one of the following three minimum ratings: A-1, P-1 or F-1, or better as rated by Standard & Poors, Moody's, and/or Fitch Investors Service rating services. Prime commercial paper of U.S. Corporations having a maturity in excess of 90 days shall require two of the three above-mentioned ratings.

(f) Repurchase agreements comprised of only those investment instruments as otherwise authorized herein.

(g) State or local government taxable and tax-exempt debt, general obligation and/or revenue bonds rated at least "A3" by Moody's or "A-" by Standard & Poor's for long-term debt or rated at least MIG-2 by Moody's or SP-2 Standard & Poor's for short-term debt.

(h) Securities or, other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, provided the portfolio meets the City's investment policy.

(i) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency. The funds must be in compliance with Title 17, Part 270, Section 2a-7 of the Federal Code of Regulations.

(j) U.S dollar denominated debt obligations of domestic or foreign corporations, or foreign sovereignties issued in the U.S. or in foreign markets having two of the following three minimum ratings: BBB, Baa2, or BBB, as rated by Standard and Poor's, and/or Moody's, and/or Fitch Investors Service rating services. However, if such obligations are rated by only one rating service, then such rating shall be at least A-, A3, or A- by Standard & Poor's, or Moody's or Fitch.

(k) Real estate, so long as the acquisition and sale complies with applicable federal and state laws and regulations in addition to applicable City Charter provisions, if any, and the City Code of Ordinances.

#### NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

(I) Real Estate Investment Trusts ("REIT") which are properly registered pursuant to applicable Federal and State laws, provided the ("REIT") portfolio meets the City's Investment Policy.

(m) Land Trusts or Title Trusts as described in Sections 689.07 or 689.071, Florida Statutes, so long as the Land Trust complies with any applicable Federal and State laws and regulations, applicable City Charter provisions, if any, and the City's Code of Ordinances.

(n) Mortgage-Backed Securities. Securities collateralized by mortgages on residential property or commercial (industrial, office, retail etc.) property ("commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities"). The securities may be issued by a Federal Instrumentality or by a private corporation and may be structured as collateralized mortgage obligations or unstructured pass-through securities.

(o) Asset-Backed Securities. Securities collateralized by pools of assets (credit cards, autos, home equity loans). The securities may be structured or unstructured pass-through securities.

The Schools invest in the State Board of Administration (SBA). SBA was created by the Florida Constitution and is governed by a three-member Board of Trustees, comprised of the Governor as Chair, the Chief Financial Officer and the Attorney General. The SBA's Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund currently known as the Florida PRIME is governed by Chapter 19-7 of the Florida Administrative Code, which identifies the Rules of the SBA. These rules provide guidance and establish the general operating procedures for the administration of the Florida PRIME. Additionally, the Office of the Florida Auditor General performs the operational audit of the activities and investments of the SBA. The SBA is required to invest assets and discharge its duties in accordance with Florida law and in compliance with Fiduciary standards of care.

*Interest Rate Risk*: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. The Schools limit their exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates by limiting the effective duration of the investment portfolio.

The Schools' operating fund in the State Board of Administration and the sensitivity of the fair values of the Schools' investments to market interest rate fluctuations as of June 30, 2019 are provided below.

		Weighted Average	Weighted Average	Credit Rating
	<u>Fair Value</u>	Life	Maturity	S&P
SBA (the Florida PRIME)	\$3,182,227	80 days	28 days	AAAm

#### NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

*Credit Risk*: Credit risk is the risk that a security or a portfolio will lose some or all of its value due to a real or perceived change in the ability of the issuer to repay its debt. This risk is generally measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Schools utilize portfolio diversification and credit quality rating in order to control this risk. The Florida PRIME is rated by Standard and Poor's.

**Concentration of Credit Risk**: Concentration risk exists when investments are concentrated in one issuer. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools and other pooled investment are excluded from the concentration of credit risk disclosure requirements.

*Fair Value Measurement:* The Schools categorize their fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels.

Level 1 – Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Inputs are other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 3 – Inputs are significant unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

The overall valuation process and information sources for the investment classification is as follows:

As of June 30, 2019, the Schools had \$3,182,227 invested in the Florida PRIME. The investment of the Florida PRIME are not restricted as to deposits or withdrawals. Florida PRIME currently meets all the necessary criteria to elect to measure all of the investments in Florida PRIME at amortized cost. Therefore, Florida PRIME investment is exempt from the GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures, and the account balance should also be considered the fair value of the investment.

The Schools have the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

#### Investment Type Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV) State Board of Administration – Florida PRIME

\$3,182,227

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 3. REVENUE SOURCES

JIE 3. REVENUE SOURCES				
	Elementary	Middle	High	
	<u>Schools</u>	<u>Schools</u>	<u>School</u>	<u>Total</u>
Broward County School Board:				
Florida education finance program	\$ 8,864,798	\$ 5,712,477	\$ 10,025,799	\$ 24,603,074
Class size reduction	2,497,919	1,222,527	1,940,739	5,661,185
Public education capital outlay (PECO)	934,182	645,912	1,023,474	2,603,568
District school taxes	1,037,842	668,790	1,173,789	2,880,421
Supplemental academic instruction	426,222	294,728	467,062	1,188,012
Digital classroom allocation	27,718	19,167	30,375	77,260
Transportation revenue	167,450	264,177	498,213	929,840
ESE guaranteed allocation	399,852	329,200	394,370	1,123,422
Governor's A+ funds	192,676	130,931	205,454	529,061
Instructional materials	134,827	93,229	161,473	389,529
Safe schools program	102,595	70,941	112,418	285,954
Mental health allocation	43,185	29,860	47,317	120,362
Discretionary lottery funds	6,706	4,321	7,584	18,611
Best & brightest scholarship	124,052	65,471	145,652	335,175
Summer reading program	83,477	53,793	94,411	231,681
Library media materials	8,285	5,729	9,078	23,092
School lunch supplement	2,468	1,709	2,699	6,876
Science lab materials	2,264	1,566	2,481	6,311
School breakfast supplement	1,326	919	1,451	3,696
Total Broward County School Board	15,057,844	9,615,447	16,343,839	41,017,130
Other:				
Rental revenue	127,512	216,249	776,332	1,120,093
Food sales	426,231	379,497	568,902	1,374,630
Contributions	182,766	125,043	215,766	523,575
Before and after school education program	923,476	-	10,775	934,251
In-house transportation	113,396	78,611	123,964	315,971
Interest	62,658	(180)	16,233	78,711
ICMA forfeiture revenue	4	14,939	3,859	18,802
E-rate program	5,340	3,648	5,581	14,569
Other miscellaneous revenue			325	325
Total other	1,841,383	817,807	1,721,737	4,380,927
Total local	16,899,227	10,433,254	18,065,576	45,398,057
Federal and State grants:				
National school lunch program	326,557	216,711	254,043	797,311
NSLP non-cash assistance (commodities)	45,379	31,435	49,634	126,448
School breakfast program	64,631	22,447	25,817	112,895
Carl D. Perkins (FLDOE)	-	-	6,087	6,087
Individuals with disabilities education act (IDEA)	4,178	4,002	6,855	15,035
Total Federal and State grants	440,745	274,595	342,436	1,057,776
Total Revenues Sources	<u>\$ 17,339,972</u>	<u>\$ 10,707,849</u>	<u>\$ 18,408,012</u>	<u>\$ 46,455,833</u>

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	Decreases	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Improvements other than buildings	\$ 2,812,948	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,812,948
Equipment	2,847,700	103,384	(30,333)	2,920,751
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,660,648	103,384	(30,333)	5,733,699
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements other than buildings	(1,018,312)	(76,242)	-	(1,094,554)
Equipment	(2,305,942)	(126,038)	28,532	(2,403,448)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,324,254)	(202,280)	28,532	(3,498,002)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>\$ 2,336,394</u>	<u>\$ (98,896)</u>	<u>\$ (1,801)</u>	<u>\$ 2,235,697</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Schools as follows:

Governmental activities: Operation of school

\$ 202,280

#### NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables	Eler	harter nentary <u>chools</u>	Mic	arter Idle Iools	ŀ	narter High <u>chool</u>		<u>Total</u>
Due from Broward County	\$	73,023	\$5	51,681	\$	92,874	\$	217,578
Due from Federal Government		3,652		1,824		161		5,637
Total receivables	\$	76,675	<u>\$ 5</u>	5 <u>3,505</u>	\$	93,035	<u>\$</u>	223,215

#### NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 6. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

	<u>Transfe</u>	ers out:		
	Charter	City of		
	Elementary	Pembroke		
	<u>Schools</u>	<u>Pines</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Purpose</u>
<u>Transfers in:</u>				Supplement current year
Charter Middle Schools	\$ 503,000	\$ 636,463	\$ 1,139,463	operations and transfer gain of Early Development Centers

#### NOTE 7. OPERATING LEASES

#### **Communications Facility Lease**

In December 1997, the City leased two parcels of real property located on the Schools' ground to a private company, which was used to construct, maintain and operate communications facilities. The two lease agreements each have a term of fifteen (15) years with two five-year renewal periods upon mutual consent and written agreement by the parties. Rental payments of \$60,000 are due annually on October 1, and increase at a rate of three percent compounded annually.

In August 2015, the City leased an additional parcel for the use of communications facilities. The agreement has a term of ten (10) years with one five-year renewal periods upon mutual consent and written agreement by the parties. Rental payments of \$35,000 are due annually on August 1, and increase at a rate of three percent compounded annually.

In addition to the rental payments, the lessee pays the City 50% of all revenues received from any third-party source for co-location regarding the construction or use of the telecommunications facility.

The approximate minimum future rentals to be received on this non-cancelable lease are as follows:

Fiscal year ending June 30:

2020	\$	284,800
2021		288,741
2022		292,800
2023		43,046
2024		44,337
2025		45,667
Total approximate future minimum rentals	<u>\$</u>	999,391

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 7. OPERATING LEASES (Continued)

#### Schools' Facility Leases

The Schools lease their elementary, middle and high school campuses from the City for varying annual rental fees based on the total debt service requirements of the debt issued by the City to purchase the land and construct the Schools (see Note 1.d.6).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, rent expense was approximately \$1,094,000, \$1,086,000 and \$2,786,000 for the Elementary, Middle and High Schools, respectively.

The approximate combined minimum future rentals to be paid to the City are as follows:

2020 \$ 4,502,000 2021 5,394,000 2022 5,384,000 2023 6,766,000 2024 5,710,000 2025-2029 29,421,000 2030-2034 29,634,000 2035-2039 23,679,000 Total approximate minimum future rentals \$ 110,490,000

Fiscal year ending June 30:

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 8. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>	
Net pension liability	\$ 16,108,911	\$ 169,106	\$ (129,304)	\$ 16,148,713	\$-	
Net OPEB liability	370,153	251,047	(235,410)	385,790	-	
Compensated absences	857,407	815,080	(807,442)	865,045	707,133	
Total	<u>\$ 17,336,471</u>	<u>\$ 1,235,233</u>	<u>\$ (1,172,156)</u>	<u>\$ 17,399,548</u>	<u>\$ 707,133</u>	

#### NOTE 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

Health and hospitalization, workers' compensation and life insurance coverage is provided through the City of Pembroke Pines, Florida and the City, in turn, charges the Schools for this coverage. The Schools maintain their own insurance for general liability, automotive liability, School Board liability, basic and catastrophic student accident, and property and flood coverage through purchased commercial insurance with minimum deductibles for each line of coverage. There were no reductions in insurance coverage from the coverage provided in the prior year. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in the past two years.

#### NOTE 10. CONTINGENCY

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to future audit and compliance testing, which may result in adjustments by Federal or State grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of such expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Schools expect such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 11. PENSION PLANS

#### **Defined Benefit Plan**

#### Florida Retirement System

The Schools' employees participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer Public Employment Retirement System (PERS). The FRS is totally administered by the State of Florida.

#### Plan Description

Membership in the FRS is required for all full-time and part-time employees working in regularly established positions for state agencies, county governments, district school boards, state universities, and state community colleges, or cities, independent special districts, metropolitan planning districts, and public charter schools that make an irrevocable election to participate. Most Pension Plan members (including renewed members), and State Community College Optional Retirement Program participants may elect to participate in the FRS Investment Plan. Florida Retirement System Pension Plan members who retired and chose to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) are not eligible to become members of the FRS Investment Plan.

#### Type of Benefit

The FRS Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer qualified defined benefit pension plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) available for eligible employees. The FRS was established and is administered in accordance with Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. Retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options. FRS membership is compulsory for employees filling regularly established positions in a state agency, county agency, state university, state community college, or district school board, unless restricted from FRS membership under sections 121.053 and 121.122, Florida Statutes, or allowed to participate in a nonintegrated defined contribution plan in lieu of FRS membership. Participation by cities, municipalities, special districts, charter schools and metropolitan planning organizations is optional.

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 11. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

#### Average Final Compensation (AFC)

For members initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, average final compensation (AFC) is the average of the five highest fiscal years of salary earned during covered employment. For members initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011, AFC is the average of the eight highest fiscal years of salary earned during covered employment.

## Vesting

Members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2001, through June 30, 2011, vest after six years of service. Members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, vest after eight years of creditable service.

#### Service Retirement

Members become eligible for normal retirement or unreduced retirement based on their age and/or service when they first meet one of the minimum requirements below. Early retirement or reduced retirement may be taken after a member is vested and is within 20 years of normal retirement age; however, there is a 5 percent benefit reduction for each year remaining from a member's retirement age to normal retirement age.

Description:	Service retirement:
Normal Retirement Requirements for	Vested with six years of service and age 62; or
Regular Class members initially enrolled	the age after 62 that the member becomes
before July 1, 2011.	vested; or 30 years of service, regardless of age.
Normal Retirement Requirements for	Vested with eight years of service and age 65; or
Regular Class members initially enrolled	the age after 65 that the member becomes
on or after July 1, 2011.	vested; or 33years of service, regardless of age.

FRS issues an annual financial report. A copy can be obtained by contacting the Division of Retirement at:

Department of Management Services Division of Retirement Research and Education Section P.O. Box 9000 Tallahassee, FL 32315-9000 850-488-5706 or toll free at 877-377-1737

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 11. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

#### **Funding Policy**

The Schools' required contribution rate is established, and may be amended, by State Statute. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the contribution was 8.26% for Regular Class Members and 14.03% for DROP Members. The Schools are required to contribute both for full-time and part-time members of the Plan, which amounted to \$1,476,624 for FRS and HIS for the year ended June 30, 2019. As of June 30, 2019, there were 517 members in this Plan. The contribution rate includes the post-employment health insurance supplement of 1.66% and the administrative/educational fee of 0.06%.

Starting in fiscal year 2012, the State mandated that employees contribute 3% of pay to the FRS Pension Plan. This required employee contribution amounted to \$531,618 for fiscal year 2019.

Annual Total Required Employer				Percentage	Contribution Rates					
Contributions				<u>Contributed</u>	Regular Class	DROP				
\$	1,476,624	\$	1,476,624	100.0%	8.26%	14.03%				
	1,413,716		1,413,716	100.0%	7.52%	12.99%				
	1,311,513		1,311,513	100.0%	7.52%	12.99%				
	1,191,296		1,191,296	100.0%	7.26%	12.88%				
	1,202,083		1,202,083	100.0%	7.37%	12.28%				
	1,157,206		1,157,206	100.0%	6.95%	12.84%				
	884,548		884,548	100.0%	5.18%	5.44%				
	812,317		812,317	100.0%	4.91%	4.42%				
	1,761,326		1,761,326	100.0%	10.77%	12.25%				
	1,563,168		1,563,168	100.0%	9.85%	10.91%				
	<u>Co</u>	Required <u>Contributions</u> \$ 1,476,624 1,413,716 1,311,513 1,191,296 1,202,083 1,157,206 884,548 812,317 1,761,326	Required         E           Contributions         Contributions           \$ 1,476,624         \$           1,413,716         1,311,513           1,191,296         1,202,083           1,157,206         884,548           812,317         1,761,326	Required Contributions         Employer Contributions           \$ 1,476,624         \$ 1,476,624           1,413,716         1,413,716           1,311,513         1,311,513           1,191,296         1,191,296           1,202,083         1,202,083           1,157,206         1,157,206           884,548         884,548           812,317         812,317           1,761,326         1,761,326	Required ContributionsEmployer ContributionsPercentage Contributed\$ 1,476,624\$ 1,476,624100.0%1,413,7161,413,716100.0%1,311,5131,311,513100.0%1,191,2961,191,296100.0%1,202,0831,202,083100.0%1,157,2061,157,206100.0%884,548884,548100.0%812,317812,317100.0%1,761,3261,761,326100.0%	Required Contributions         Employer Contributions         Percentage Contributed         Contribution           \$ 1,476,624         \$ 1,476,624         100.0%         8.26%           1,413,716         1,413,716         100.0%         7.52%           1,311,513         1,311,513         100.0%         7.52%           1,191,296         1,191,296         100.0%         7.26%           1,202,083         1,202,083         100.0%         7.37%           1,157,206         1,157,206         100.0%         5.18%           812,317         812,317         100.0%         4.91%           1,761,326         1,761,326         100.0%         10.77%				

#### **Net Pension Liabilities**

The components of the collective net pension liability of the participating employers for each defined benefit plan for the measurement date of June 30, 2018, are shown below (in thousands):

	FRS	 HIS
Total Pension Liability	\$ 191,317,399	\$ 10,816,576
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(161,196,881)	 (232,463)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 30,120,518	\$ 10,584,113
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	84.26%	 2.15%

## NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 11. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

The total pension liability for each plan was determined by the plans' actuary and reported in the plans' valuations as of July 1, 2018. The fiduciary net position used by the actuary to determine the net pension liability (as shown above) was determined on the same basis used by the plan. Each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the financial statements and the net pension liability is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Update procedures were not used.

The Schools reported a liability of \$16,148,713 for their proportionate share of the net pension liability. The details of the proportionate share are as follow:

	FRS Pension Plan											
Employer / Agency Number	Employer / Agency Name	Employer Contribution for Pension Plan Funding for Prior Period	Proportion at Prior Measurement Date	Employer Contribution for Pension Plan Funding for Current Period	Proportion at Current Measurement Date	Employer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability/(Asset ) at Prior Measurement Date <sup>1</sup>	Employer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability/ (Asset) at Measurement Date					
16310	CITY OF PEMBROKE PINES CHARTER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	353,465	0.013577866%	391,227	0.013727637%	4,017,620	4,134,835					
16311	CITY OF PEMBROKE PINES CHARTER MIDDLE SCHOOL	238,650	0.009167388%	261,357	0.009170693%	2,712,583	2,762,260					
16312	CITY OF PEMBROKE PINES CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL	312,825	0.012016723%	329,129	0.011548723%	3,555,686	3,478,535					

#### FRS Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program

Employer / Agency Number	Employer / Agency Name	Employer Contribution for Pension Plan Funding for Prior Period	Proportion at Prior Measurement Date	Employer Contribution for Pension Plan Funding for Current Period	Proportion at Current Measurement Date	Employer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability/(Asset ) at Prior Measurement Date <sup>1</sup>	Employer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability/ (Asset) at Measurement Date
16310	CITY OF PEMBROKE PINES CHARTER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	112,860	0.021325349%	116,764	0.021531224%	2,280,205	2,278,889
16311	CITY OF PEMBROKE PINES CHARTER MIDDLE SCHOOL	75,171	0.021325349%	77,711	0.014329829%	1,518,743	1,516,685
16312	CITY OF PEMBROKE PINES CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL	100,357	0.021325349%	101,322	0.01868375%	2,027,604	1,977,509

<sup>1</sup>Reflects restatement of beginning net position due to implementation of GASB 75.

#### Basis for Allocation

The employer's proportionate share reported in the pension allocation schedules was calculated using accrued retirement contributions related to the reporting periods included in the system's fiscal years ended June 30, 2013 through June 30, 2018 for employers that were members of the FRS and HIS during those fiscal years. For fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2018, in addition to contributions from employers, the required accrued contributions for the division (paid on behalf of the division's employees who administer the plans) were allocated to each employer on a proportional basis. The division administers the plans, and therefore, cannot allocate a portion of the liability to itself. Although GASB 68 encourages the use of the employers' projected long-term contribution effort to the retirement plan, allocating on the basis of historical employer contributions is acceptable. The aggregate employer contribution amounts for each fiscal year.

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 11. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

The proportion calculated based on contributions for each of the fiscal years presented in the pension allocation schedules was applied to the net pension liability and other pension amounts applicable to that fiscal year to determine each employer's proportionate share of the liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and associated pension expense.

For the purposes of the pension allocation schedules, pension amounts are allocated to reporting employers. The pension amounts of participating employers whose payrolls are reported and contributions are remitted by another entity are included in the reporting employer's amounts and will be allocated to the participating employer by the reporting employer.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference is responsible for setting the assumptions used in the funding valuations of the defined benefit pension plan pursuant to section 216.136(10), Florida Statutes. The division determines the assumptions in the valuations for GASB 67 reporting purposes. The FRS Pension Plan's GASB 67 valuations is performed annually. The HIS Program has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan was completed in 2014 for the period July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2013. Because the HIS Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed for this program. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Program were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan.

The total pension liability for each cost-sharing defined benefit plan was determined using the individual entry age actuarial cost method. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.60%. Payroll growth, including inflation, for both plans is assumed at 3.25%. Both the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return used for FRS Pension Plan investments is 7.00%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. Because the HIS Program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 3.87% was used to determine the total pension liability for the program. Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2018:

- 1. FRS: The long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 7.10% to 7.00% and the active member mortality assumption was updated.
- 2. HIS: The municipal rate used to determine total pension liability increased from 3.58% to 3.87%.

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 11. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

Because the HIS is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to a long-duration, high-quality, tax-exempt municipal bond rate selected by the plan sponsor. In September 2014 the Actuarial Assumptions Conference adopted the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index as the applicable municipal bond index.

The benefits received by retirees and beneficiaries are increased by a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) each July based on their June benefit amount (excluding the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy benefit). For retirees who have been retired for less than 12 months on July 1, the first COLA increase is prorated. The COLA applies to all continuing monthly retirement benefits paid under the FRS Pension Plan (i.e., normal and early service retirement benefits, and benefits accruing in participant accounts under the DROP, disability retirement benefits, and survivor benefits). The COLA for retirements or DROP participation effective before Aug. 1, 2011, is 3 percent per year. The COLA formula for retirees with an effective retirement date or DROP begin date on or after Aug. 1, 2011, will be the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit divided by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Each Pension Plan member with an effective retirement. FRS Pension Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a COLA after retirement.

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.00% used in GASB discount rate calculations differs from the 7.40% investment rate of return assumption used in the funding calculation. The 7.00% assumption consists of two building block components: 1) a real (in excess of inflation) return of 4.40%, consistent with one capital market outlook model developed during 2018 by the outside investment consultant to the Florida State Board of Administration; and 2) a long-term average annual inflation assumption of 2.60% as most recently adopted in October 2018 by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. In the opinion of the FRS consulting actuary, Milliman, both components and the overall 7.00% return assumption were determined to be reasonable and appropriate per the Actuarial Standards of Practice.

# NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 11. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.9%	2.9%	1.8%
Fixed income	18.0%	4.4%	4.3%	4.0%
Global equity	54.0%	7.6%	6.3%	17.0%
Real estate	11.0%	6.6%	6.0%	11.3%
Private equity	10.0%	10.7%	7.8%	26.5%
Strategic investments	6.0%	6.0%	5.7%	8.6%
Assumed Inflation – Mean	1		2.6%	1.9%

#### **Sensitivity Analysis**

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the impact to the collective net pension liability of the participating employers if the discount rate was 1.00% higher or 1.00% lower than the current discount rate at June 30, 2019.

FRS Net Pension Liability										
	<u>1% Decrea</u> 6.00%	ase <u>Di</u>	Current scount Rate 7.00%	<u>19</u>						
Elementary	\$ 7,546	6,248 \$	4,134,835	\$	1,301,456					
Middle	5,04	1,241	2,762,260		869,432					
High	6,348	3,473	3,478,535		1,094,883					

HIS Net Pension Liability										
	<u>1% Decrease</u> 2.87%	Current <u>Discount Rate</u> 3.87%	<u>1% Increase</u> 4.87%							
Elementary	\$ 2,595,52	2,278,889	\$ 2,014,958							
Middle	1,727,41	6 1,516,685	1,341,029							
High	2,252,26	1,977,509	1,748,482							

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 11. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

#### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources

In accordance with GASB 68, paragraph 54 and 71, changes in the net pension liability are recognized in pension expense in the current measurement period, except as indicated below. For each of the following, a portion is recognized in pension expense in the current measurement period, and the balance is amortized as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources using a systematic and rational method over a closed period, as defined below:

- Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors – amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees)
- 2. Changes of assumptions or other inputs amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees)
- 3. Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pension through the pension plan (active and inactive employees)
- 4. Differences between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments amortized over five years

Employer contributions to the pension plans from employers are not included in collective pension expense; however, employee contributions are used to reduce pension expense.

The average expected remaining service life of all employees provided with pensions through the pension plans at June 30, 2018, was 6.4 years for FRS and 7.2 years for HIS. The components of collective pension expense reported in the pension allocation schedules for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are presented below:

	F	ollective Pension xpenses
Charter Elementary	\$	713,562
Charter Middle		520,801
Charter High		744,980
Total	\$	1,979,343

## NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 11. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

The components of deferred outflows and inflows of resources schedules for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are presented below for each plan.

FRS Pension Plan											
	Elem	entary	Mic	<u>idle</u>	Hi	<u>qh</u>					
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Outflows of Inflows of Outflows of Inflows of		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Total					
Changes in:											
Contributions, subsequent to measurement date	\$ 415,792	s -	\$ 260,083	s -	\$ 354,516	s -	\$ 1,030,391				
Assumptions/inputs	1,351,063	-	902,572	-	1,136,616	-	3,390,251				
Projected/Actual earnings	-	(319,466)	-	(213,418)	-	(268,759)	(801,643)				
Experience expected/actual	350,283	(12,714)	234,005	(8,493)	294,684	(10,696)	847,069				
Change in Proportion, NPL	69,468	(243,357)	51,660	(143,536)	93,349	(155,233)	(327,649)				
	\$ 2,186,606	\$ (575,537)	\$ 1,448,320	\$ (365,447)	\$ 1,879,165	\$ (434,688)	\$ 4,138,419				

HIS Program														
		Eleme	enta	Ω.		Mid	dle			Hi	iqh			
	Out	eferred tflows of sources	I	Deferred         Deferred         Deferred           Inflows of         Outflows of         Inflows of           Resources         Resources         Resources		nflows of	Deferred Outflows of Resources		h	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Total		
Changes in:														
Contributions, subsequent to measurement date	\$	116,922	\$	-	\$	76,906	\$	-	\$	103,306	\$	-	\$	297,134
Assumptions/inputs		253,441		(240,943)		168,674		(160,357)		219,923		(209,079)		31,659
Projected/Actual earnings		1,376		-		916		-		1,194		-		3,486
Experience expected/actual		34,889		(3,872)		23,220		(2,577)		30,275		(3,360)		78,575
Change in Proportion, NPL		29,566		(151,529)		51,334		(64,480)		90,524		(25,845)		(70,430)
	\$	436,194	\$	(396,344)	\$	321,050	\$	(227,414)	\$	445,222	\$	(238,284)	\$	340,424

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting period ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension expense will be recognized as follows:

Year		Eleme	ntary	/		Mide	dle		High			
<u>Ending</u> June 30,	FRS	Expense	HIS Expense		FRS	<u>Expense</u>	HIS	<u>Expense</u>	FRS	Expense	<u>HIS I</u>	<u>Expense</u>
2020	\$	416,897	\$	(21,578)	\$	298,914	\$	9,623	\$	429,491	\$	44,038
2021		302,524		(21,694)		212,498		9,546		295,597		43,937
2022		33,898		(3,126)		19,732		8,705		26,750		34,747
2023		246,719		5,573		163,191		6,206		195,163		13,656
2024		169,628		(26,016)		112,424		(11,721)		128,034		(18,324)
Thereafter		25,611		<u>(10,231)</u>		16,031		<u>(5,629)</u>		14,926		(14,422)
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,195,277</u>	\$	(77,072)	<u>\$</u>	822,790	<u>\$</u>	<u> 16,730</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,089,961</u>	<u>\$</u>	103,632

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 11. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### Defined Contribution Plan

Effective July 1, 2000, the City established a Defined Contribution Plan for employees of the Charter Schools and Early Development Centers (the Charter Schools' Plan) created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service Code 401(a) and Ordinance 1345 and amended by Ordinance 1401 dated April 3, 2002. If a participant separates from service and subsequently becomes employed with another unit of a state or local government, then the participant may rollover the benefits into his or her new employer's pension plan providing said plan permits rollovers.

In fiscal Year 2007 employees were given the option to enter the FRS or to remain in the Defined Contribution Plan with the ICMA-RC. At June 30, 2019, there were 27 Plan members. Effective January 1, 2002, the Schools' Plan members may make voluntary after-tax contributions of up to twenty-five percent (25%) of compensation during the fiscal year. The Schools' required contribution is 8.26% of the Plan member's gross salary to agree with the contribution to the FRS. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Schools contributed \$1 and the employees contributed \$14,495 to the Plan. Provisions of the Schools' Plan may be amended by the City Commission. The Schools' Plan is held in a trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. Therefore, the net position of the Schools' Plan is not included in the Schools' special purpose financial statements.

Beginning in fiscal year 2009, the Schools recorded a revenue and a receivable for ICMA forfeitures. These forfeitures represent the amount of non-vested accrued employer benefits. The Schools will utilize these forfeitures to offset future employer contributions to the Plan.

## NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB)

The City provides postemployment benefits for eligible participants of the Schools enrolled in the City of Pembroke Pines, Florida Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund. The benefits are provided in the form of:

- An implicit rate subsidy where retirees pay combined active/retiree rates for health coverage.
- An explicit subsidy where the City contributes towards the retiree health premium equivalents.

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

**Basis of Accounting** - The Plan's policy is to prepare its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

**Method Used to Value Investments** - Investments are reported at fair value in the plan financial statements based on the quoted market prices as reported by recognized security exchanges. Securities that have no quoted market price will be presented at estimated fair value as provided by the custodial bank and investment counsel. The Plan considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### Plan Description

The retiree health and life insurance program is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the City which provides medical and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their beneficiaries. The health plan is self-insured and administered by United Medical Resources (UMR) on behalf of the City. The life insurance plan is fully insured through Sun Life Financial. The City Commission has authority to establish and amend benefits related to the City's retiree health and life insurance program. On December 7, 2007 the City adopted Ordinance 1598 creating the Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund in accordance with Florida Statutes Chapter 115.

The City created a retiree health and life insurance program as adopted and amended by City Commission by the following ordinances:

OPEB							
Ordinance		Ordinance					
Number	Dated	Number	Dated				
990	April 15, 1992	1480	March 17, 2004				
1015	November 4, 1992	1554	August 16, 2006				
1024	February 17, 1993	1598	December 3, 2007				
1144	December 6, 1995	1670	August 4, 2010				
1371	April 4, 2001	1702	September 20, 2011				
1443	June 18, 2003	1779	November 5, 2014				

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) (Continued)

#### **Benefits Provided**

The City provides postemployment benefits such as health insurance for eligible School's participants enrolled in City-sponsored plans. Coverage of health insurance is provided to all regular full-time permanent general employees, if hired before October 1, 1991, who have reached normal retirement age and completed service as prescribed by the City Pension Plan which covers the employee.

Coverage for employees hired after October 1, 1991 is limited to employee (single) coverage only. Effective July 1, 2010, general employees, who are members of the collective bargaining unit, that retire after July 1, 2010 may continue to participate in the City's health insurance plan but will be required to pay the active/blended rate. Additionally, effective July 1, 2010, members hired prior to May 1, 2005 will receive a health insurance subsidy of five dollars per month for each year of service, as long as they have completed at least 10 years of eligible service and retire from the City at age 55 or above.

Primary insurance coverage is extended until the employee qualifies for Medicare benefits (at 65 years of age). At that time, Medicare becomes the primary coverage.

In addition, extended health insurance coverage is offered to terminated employees for a period of 18 months, divorced or widowed spouses of current employees for a period of 36 months, and disabled employees meeting the requirements of Social Security for a period of 29 months. These extended benefits are offered in order to comply with COBRA's requirements. The cost of this extended insurance coverage is paid by the covered individual using a blended/active rate.

At September 30, 2018, the measurement date used for the City's OPEB liability, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	-
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	<u>352</u>
	<u>352</u>

#### Contributions

Contributions are required for both retiree and dependent health insurance coverage. Contribution rates are determined based on the following factors: hire date, retirement date, and employee group. Based on these factors, retirees pay either the full rates, reduced rates or nothing for the medical and prescription drug benefit. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established and may be amended by the City Commission. The percentage contributed is expected to equal the Actuarial Determined Contribution (ADC) as determined by the annual actuarial valuation. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings where available.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City's average contribution rate was 8.25 percent of coveredemployee payroll.

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE 12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) (Continued)

## Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2018. The Schools' proportionate share of the City's net OPEB liability was calculated based on the Schools' OPEB contributions for the reporting period ended June 30, 2019. The components of the Schools' proportionate share of the City's net OPEB liability are as follows:

	Brow	ard Charter
Total OPEB liability	\$	805,778
Plan fiduciary net position		419,988
Net OPEB liability	\$	385,790
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		52.12% 58%

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE 12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 reporting date was based on an actuarial valuation with measurement date of September 30, 2018. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation Salary Increases Investment Rate of Return	<ul> <li>3.0% per annum</li> <li>3.0% per annum</li> <li>7.6% per annum</li> <li>Discount rate is based on expected long-term rate of return on plan investments using building block approach plus inflation (3%)</li> </ul>
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	7.00% initial for Pre-Medicare Medical and Prescription and stop loss fees, 6% initial for Medicare benefits, decreasing 0.5% per year until an ultimate rate of 4.5% is reached and 4.5% for administrative fees
Medical CPI Trend	Chained-CPI of 2.0% per annum
Marriage Rate	The assumed number of eligible spouses is based on the current information in the census provided.
Spouse Age	Male spouses are assumed to be three years older than female spouses.
Medicare Eligibility	All current and future retirees are assumed to be eligible for Medicare at age of 65
Cost Method	Entry Age Normal based on level percentage of projected salary
Amortization Method	<i>Experience/Assumption</i> gains and losses are amortized over a closed period of 5 years, equal to the average remaining service of active and inactive plan members (those without future service remaining count as 0 years in the averaging) <i>Investment gain and losses</i> are amortized over a closed period of 5 years starting on FY 2018
Mortality Rates	RP-2014 generational table back-projected to 2006 and scaled using MP-18 and applied on a gender-specific basis

The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of September 2016 through August 2018.

# NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) (Continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of returns for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Type	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap	37%	5.3%
Mid Cap	7%	7.6%
Small Cap	8%	5.9%
International Equity	8%	4.2%
Real Estate	10%	6.8%
Fixed income	30%	2.2%
Total Real Return	100%	4.6%

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the OPEB liability was updated from 8.2% in the prior valuation to 7.6%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE 12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) (continued)

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total OPEB Liability (a)		Liability Net Position		v Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)	
Total OPEB Liability (October 1, 2017)	\$	725,287	\$	355,134	\$	370,153
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		9,627		-		9,627
Interest cost		102,097		-		102,097
Differences between expected and actual experience		136,606		-		136,606
Changes in assumptions		(81,173)		-		(81,173)
Contributions		-		87,248		(87,248)
Net Investment Income		-		66,989		(66,989)
Benefit payments		(86,666)		(86,666)		-
Administration expenses		-		(2,717)		2,717
Net change		80,491		64,854		15,637
Total OPEB Liability (September 30, 2018)	\$	805,778	\$	419,988	\$	385,790

The following present the net OPEB liability of the City using the trend rate and the discount rate, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Net OPEB Liability (based on Trend Rate)						
1%	Decrease	Cur	rent Trend	1%	Increase		
\$	281,532	\$	385,790	\$	456,225		
	Net OPEB L	iability	(based on Dis	count l	Rate)		
19	% Decrease	С	urrent Rate	1%	Increase		
	6.60%		7.60%		8.60%		
\$	462,881	\$	385,790	\$	277,533		

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) (Continued)

#### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources Related to OPEB

In accordance with GASB 75, paragraph 86, changes in the collective net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense in the current measurement period, except as indicated below. For each of the following, a portion is recognized in OPEB expense in the current measurement period, and the balance is amortized as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources using a systematic and rational method over a closed period, as defined below:

- 1. Difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors amortized over 5.14 years
- 2. Changes of assumptions or other inputs amortized over 5.14 years
- 3. Differences between expected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments amortized over five years

The OPEB expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Collective OPEB Expense			
Charter Elementary	\$	6,851		
Charter Middle		7,179		
Charter High		8,523		
Total	\$	22,553		

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) (Continued)

#### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources (Continued)

Per GASB 75, paragraph 68, employer contributions to the OPEB plan made subsequent to the measurement date of the collective net OPEB liability, September 30, 2018, and before the end of the employer's reporting period, June 30, 2019, should be reported as a deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB. At June 30, 2019, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

\_ \_

\_ \_

#### **Charter Elementary**

Ou		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Total
Contributions, subsequent to measurement date	\$	29,981	\$	-	\$	29,981
Experience expected/actual		47,723		-		47,723
Assumptions/inputs		34,533		(23,775)		10,758
Projected/Actual earnings		-		(11,381)		(11,381)
	\$	112,237	\$	(35,156)	\$	77,081

**Charter Middle** 

Changes in:	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Total	
Contributions, subsequent to measurement date	\$	21,792	\$	-	\$	21,792
Experience expected/actual		34,688		-		34,688
Assumptions/inputs		25,101	(*	17,281)		7,820
Projected/Actual earnings		-		(8,273)		(8,273)
	\$	81,581	\$ (2	25,554)	\$	56,027

**Charter High** 

Changes in:	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Total	
Contributions, subsequent to measurement date	\$	30,115	\$	-	\$	30,115
Experience expected/actual		47,937		-		47,937
Assumptions/inputs		34,688		(23,882)		10,806
Projected/Actual earnings				(11,432)		(11,432)
	\$	112,740	\$	(35,314)	\$	77,426

NOTES TO SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) (Continued)

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the OPEB expense as follows:

\$ 39,083
39,083
39,083
11,397
-
\$ 128,646

# Required Supplementary Information

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CHARTER ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS

#### FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

						Variance with
						Final
						Budget
	<b>Budgeted</b>	An	<u>nounts</u>	Actual		Positive
	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(	<u>(Negative)</u>
Revenues:						
Local	\$ 16,781,116	\$	17,100,088	\$ 16,899,227	\$	(200,861)
Federal and State grants	 419,164		419,164	 440,745		21,581
Total revenues	 17,200,280		17,519,252	 17,339,972		(179,280)
Expenditures:						
Current						
K-3 Basic	5,702,361		5,656,946	5,656,922		24
4-8 Basic	2,815,774		2,717,859	2,717,852		7
Exceptional student program	763,492		691,157	691,147		10
Substitute teachers	159,957		167,517	167,510		7
Guidance services	258,398		262,986	248,772		14,214
Instructional media services	298,942		297,201	295,019		2,182
Instructional staff training	50,160		50,160	28,484		21,676
School administration	1,915,759		1,772,960	1,708,988		63,972
Food services	771,297		893,925	845,315		48,610
Student transportation services	712,586		717,513	716,788		725
Operation of school	3,243,057		3,125,914	2,861,413		264,501
Child care supervision	427,987		428,230	389,123		39,107
Capital outlay	 80,303		54,852	 28,521		26,331
Total expenditures	 17,200,073		16,837,220	 16,355,854		481,366
Excess (Deficit) of revenue over (under) expenditures	 207		682,032	 984,118		302,086
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers out	 (399,381)		(503,381)	 (503,000)		381
Net change in fund balances	(399,174)		178,651	481,118		302,467
Fund balances, beginning	 1,742,729		1,742,729	 1,742,729		-
Fund balances, ending	\$ 1,343,555	\$	1,921,380	\$ 2,223,847	\$	302,467

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CHARTER MIDDLE SCHOOLS

#### FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

					Variance with Final
					Budget
	<b>Budgeted</b>	An	<u>nounts</u>	Actual	Positive
	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	<u>(Negative)</u>
Revenues:					
Local	\$ 10,436,629	\$	10,633,032	\$ 10,433,254	\$ (199,778)
Federal and State grants	 279,649		279,649	 274,595	 (5,054)
Total revenues	 10,716,278		10,912,681	 10,707,849	 (204,832)
Expenditures:					
Current					
4-8 Basic	5,977,559		5,932,898	5,932,890	8
Intensive English/ESOL	1,921		921	182	739
Exceptional student program	678,166		662,765	662,727	38
Substitute teachers	108,956		154,506	154,488	18
Guidance services	204,193		213,487	213,478	9
Instructional media services	285,362		278,950	257,938	21,012
Instructional staff training	35,979		29,901	23,304	6,597
School administration	1,330,073		1,202,590	1,202,581	9
Food services	628,239		632,678	599,515	33,163
Student transportation services	489,640		495,445	494,389	1,056
Operation of school	2,446,984		2,378,249	2,260,009	118,240
Athletics	26,394		36,144	35,633	511
Capital outlay	 28,584		19,509	 11,345	 8,164
Total expenditures	 12,242,050		12,038,043	 11,848,479	 189,564
Excess (Deficit) of revenue over (under) expenditures	 (1,525,772)		(1,125,362)	 (1,140,630)	 (15,268)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	1,270,176		1,278,795	1,139,463	(139,332)
	 1,270,170		1,210,100	 1,100,400	 (100,002)
Net change in fund balances	(255,596)		153,433	(1,167)	(154,600)
Fund balances, beginning	 1,747		1,747	 1,747	 -
Fund balances, ending	\$ (253,849)	\$	155,180	\$ 580	\$ (154,600)

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CHARTER HIGH SCHOOLS

#### FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Variance with Final
	Dudestad	<b>A</b>	A	Budget
		Amounts	Actual	Positive
Devenues	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	<u>(Negative)</u>
Revenues:	¢ 47.746.000	\$ 18,092,270	¢ 40.005.570	¢ (00 004)
Local Federal and State grants	\$ 17,716,982 338,707	\$ 18,092,270 344,794	\$ 18,065,576 342,436	\$ (26,694) (2,358)
Total revenues	18,055,689	18,437,064	18,408,012	(29,052)
Expenditures:				
Current				
4-8 Basic	1,212,588	1,220,331	1,220,328	3
9-12 Basic	7,148,117	7,060,770	7,060,768	2
Exceptional student program	381,696	382,067	382,062	5
Vocational 6-12	151,831	141,231	141,213	18
Substitute teachers	73,024	94,284	94,283	1
School/other	41,729	26,679	26,638	41
Guidance services	584,615	584,623	584,618	5
Instructional media services	131,401	131,138	124,052	7,086
ESE specialist	87,650	90,066	90,065	1
Instructional staff training	23,836	17,166	13,613	3,553
School administration	1,638,427	1,505,808	1,362,797	143,011
Food services	815,321	873,679	797,652	76,027
Student transportation services	792,092	809,162	807,804	1,358
Operation of school	5,540,489	5,491,279	5,239,593	251,686
Child care supervision	7,825	8,647	8,685	(38)
Athletics	355,924	335,854	328,904	6,950
Capital outlay	44,000	65,526	63,518	2,008
Total expenditures	19,030,565	18,838,310	18,346,593	491,717
Excess (Deficit) of revenue over (under) expenditures	(974,876)	(401,246)	61,419	462,665
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	7,196			
Net change in fund balances	(967,680)	(401,246)	61,419	462,665
Fund balances, beginning	61,112	61,112	61,112	
Fund balances, ending	\$ (906,568)	<u>\$ (340,134)</u>	\$ 122,531	\$ 462,665

## NOTE TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

#### FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

 Annual budgets are legally adopted for all Charter School funds which are governmental funds. All governmental fund budgets are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, except for encumbrances, which are purchase orders and contracts issued for goods and services not received at year end.

For budgetary purposes, significant encumbrances outstanding at year end are reappropriated in the subsequent year's budget. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, there were no encumbrances.

- The Charter Schools' budgets are approved via resolution in a public hearing conducted by the City Commission. The adopted budgets are integrated into the accounting software system effective July 1<sup>st</sup>. The budgets establish the legal authority to incur expenditures up to the appropriated amount for each line item.
- 3. Section 30.30(F) of the Code of Ordinances requires a majority affirmative vote of the quorum to adopt the budgets, which prior to July 1<sup>st</sup>, are legally enacted through passage of a resolution. Section 6.06 of the City Charter provides that no officer, department or agency may legally expend or contract to expend the amounts in excess of the amounts appropriated for any department, within an individual fund.
- 4. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. The adopted budgets may be amended as follows:
  - a. The Principals approve line item adjustments within a school site or school function.
  - b. The City Manager or his designee approves budget adjustments that transfer monies from fund to fund or interdepartmentally.
  - c. The City Commission may approve supplemental appropriations of revenues and expenditures. If this is done, the adoption of an amended budget resolution is required.
- 5. The final budgets include the supplemental appropriations before transfers, which have the effect of adjusting the original adopted budgets. There were supplemental expenditure appropriations before transfers of \$362,853 less than the original budget in the elementary schools, \$204,007 less than the original budget in the middle schools and \$192,255 less than the original budget in the high school during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. There were revenues before transfer of \$318,972 more than the original budget in the elementary schools, \$196,403 more than the original budget in the middle schools, and \$401,246 more than the original budget in the high schools.

#### CITY OF PEMBROKE PINES, FLORIDA CHARTER SCHOOLS Charter Elementary School Required Supplementary Information Pension Schedule

Reporting period as of: Measurement date as of:	6/30/2019 6/30/2018	6/30/2018 6/30/2017	6/30/2017 6/30/2016	6/30/2016 6/30/2015	6/30/2015 6/30/2014				
Florida Retirement System Plan (in thousands): Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position Net pension liability	FRS         HIS           \$ 191,317,399         \$ 10,816,576           (161,196,881)         (232,463)           \$ 30,120,518         \$ 10,584,113	FRS         HIS           \$ 183,632,592         \$ 10,870,772           (154,053,263)         (178,311)           \$ 29,579,329         \$ 10,692,461	FRS         HIS           \$ 167,030,999         11,768,445           (141,780,921)         (113,859)           \$ 25,250,078         11,654,586	FRS         HIS           \$ 161,370,735         10,249,201           (148,454,394)         (50,774)           \$ 12,916,341         10,198,427	FRS         HIS           \$ 156,115,763         9,443,629           (150,014,292)         (93,385)           \$ 6,101,471         9,350,244				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.26% 2.15%	83.89% 1.64%	84.88% 0.97%	92.00% 0.50%	96.09% 0.99%				
Charter Elementary Schools: Share of net pension liability as a percentage Share of net pension liability as an amount	0.013727637% 0.021531224% \$ 4,134,835 \$ 2,278,889	0.013577866% 0.021325349% \$ 4,016,242 \$ 2,280,205	0.013137343% 0.021223884% \$3,317,189 \$2,473,556	0.014180334% 0.021143721% \$ 1,831,580 \$ 2,156,327	0.015319533% 0.023009714% \$ 934,718 \$ 2,151,464				
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,957,227 \$ 7,957,227	\$ 7,745,300 \$ 7,745,300	\$ 7,520,707 \$ 7,520,707	\$ 7,546,090 \$ 7,546,090	\$ 7,816,059 \$ 7,816,059				
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	51.96% 28.64%	51.85% 29.44%	44.11% 32.89%	24.27% 28.58%	11.96% 27.53%				

Note to Schedule:

Assumptions:

1. The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method.

2. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.60%.

3. Payroll growth for both plans is assumed at 3.25%.

4. Both the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return used for FRS Pension Plan investments is 7.00%.

5. Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

6. The municipal rate (the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index) used to determine total pension liability for HIS is 3.87%.

Benefit Types:

1. FRS pension plan's retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options.

2. HIS program is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes.

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### CITY OF PEMBROKE PINES, FLORIDA CHARTER SCHOOLS Charter Middle School Required Supplementary Information Pension Schedule

Reporting period as of: Measurement date as of:	6/30/2019 6/30/2018	6/30/2018 6/30/2017	6/30/2017 6/30/2016	6/30/2016 6/30/2015	6/30/2015 6/30/2014					
Florida Retirement System Plan (in thousands): Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position Net pension liability	FRS         HIS           \$ 191,317,399         \$ 10,816,576           (161,196,881)         (232,463)           \$ 30,120,518         \$ 10,584,113	FRS         HIS           \$ 183,632,592         10,870,772           (154,053,263)         (178,311)           \$ 29,579,329         10,692,461	FRS         HIS           \$ 167,030,999         \$ 11,768,445           (141,780,921)         (113,859)           \$ 25,250,078         \$ 11,654,586	FRS         HIS           \$ 161,370,735         \$ 10,249,201           (148,454,394)         (50,774)           \$ 12,916,341         \$ 10,198,427	FRS         HIS           \$ 156,115,763         9,443,629           (150,014,292)         (93,385)           \$ 6,101,471         9,350,244					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.26% 2.15%	83.89% 1.64%	84.88% 0.97%	92.00% 0.50%	96.09% 0.99%					
Charter Middle Schools: Share of net pension liability as a percentage Share of net pension liability as an amount	0.009170693% 0.014329829% \$ 2,762,260 \$ 1,516,685		0.008687191% 0.013636514% \$ 2,193,523 \$ 1,589,279	0.009774085% 0.013999520% \$ 1,262,454 \$ 1,427,731	0.010014704% 0.014743185% \$ 611,044 \$ 1,378,524					
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,606,419 \$ 5,606,419	\$ 5,398,562 \$ 5,398,562	\$ 5,357,386 \$ 5,357,386	\$ 5,273,513 \$ 5,273,513	\$ 5,373,301 \$ 5,373,301					
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	49.27% 27.05%	50.23% 28.13%	40.94% 29.67%	23.94% 27.07%	11.37% 25.66%					

Note to Schedule:

Assumptions:

1. The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method.

2. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.60%.

3. Payroll growth for both plans is assumed at 3.25%.

4. Both the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return used for FRS Pension Plan investments is 7.00%.

5. Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

6. The municipal rate (the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index) used to determine total pension liability for HIS is 3.87%.

Benefit Types:

1. FRS pension plan's retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options.

2. HIS program is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes.

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### CITY OF PEMBROKE PINES, FLORIDA CHARTER SCHOOLS Charter High School Required Supplementary Information Pension Schedule

Reporting period as of: Measurement date as of:	6/30/2019 6/30/2018	6/30/2018 6/30/2017	6/30/2017 6/30/2016	6/30/2016 6/30/2015	6/30/2015 6/30/2014
Florida Retirement System Plan (in thousands): Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position Net pension liability	FRS         HIS           \$ 191,317,399         \$ 10,816,576           (161,196,881)         (232,463)           \$ 30,120,518         \$ 10,584,113	FRS         HIS           \$ 183,632,592         \$ 10,870,772           (154,053,263)         (178,311)           \$ 29,579,329         \$ 10,692,461	FRS         HIS           \$ 167,030,999         \$ 11,768,445           (141,780,921)         (113,859)           \$ 25,250,078         \$ 11,654,586	FRS         HIS           \$ 161,370,735         10,249,201           (148,454,394)         (50,774)           \$ 12,916,341         10,198,427	FRS         HIS           \$ 156,115,763         9,443,629           (150,014,292)         (93,385)           \$ 6,101,471         9,350,244
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.26% 2.15%	83.89% 1.64%	84.88% 0.97%	92.00% 0.50%	96.09% 0.99%
Charter High School: Share of net pension liability as a percentage Share of net pension liability as an amount	0.011548723% 0.018683750% \$ 3,478,535 \$ 1,977,509	0.012016723% 0.018962929% \$ 3,554,466 \$ 2,027,604	0.011451996% 0.018074525% \$ 2,891,638 \$ 2,106,511	0.012391542% 0.018101749% \$ 1,600,534 \$ 1,846,094	0.011808963% 0.017492768% \$ 720,520 \$ 1,635,616
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,140,664 \$ 7,140,664	\$ 6,894,012 \$ 6,894,012	\$ 6,648,338 \$ 6,648,338	\$ 6,249,677 \$ 6,249,677	\$ 5,987,830 \$ 5,987,830
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	48.71% 27.69%	51.56% 29.41%	43.49% 31.68%	25.61% 29.54%	12.03% 27.32%

Note to Schedule:

Assumptions:

1. The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method.

2. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.60%.

3. Payroll growth for both plans is assumed at 3.25%.

4. Both the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return used for FRS Pension Plan investments is 7.00%.

5. Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

6. The municipal rate (the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index) used to determine total pension liability for HIS is 3.87%.

Benefit Types:

1. FRS pension plan's retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options.

2. HIS program is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes.

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

**Charter Schools** 

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Pension Contributions

Fiscal year ended June 30: Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ <b>2019</b> 1,476,624 (1,476,624)	\$ <b>2018</b> 1,413,716 (1,413,716)	\$ <b>2017</b> 1,311,513 (1,311,513)	<b>2016</b> 1,191,296 (1,191,296)	\$ <b>2015</b> 1,202,083 (1,202,083)	\$ <b>2014</b> 1,157,206 \$ (1,157,206)	\$ <b>2013</b> 884,548 \$ (884,548)	6	<b>012</b> 812,317 (812,317)	\$ <b>2011</b> 1,761,326 (1,761,326)	\$ <b>2010</b> 1,563,168 (1,563,168)
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 4	\$ - \$	5	-	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 21,015,246	\$ 20,704,310	\$ 20,037,874	\$ 19,526,431	\$ 19,069,280	\$ 19,177,190 \$	\$ 19,842,569 \$	5 19,	029,259	\$ 19,299,408	\$ 19,090,703
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.03%	6.83%	6.55%	6.10%	6.30%	6.03%	4.46%	4 0	27%	9.13%	8.19%

# Required Supplementary Information Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan (OPEB) Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Reporting period as of:	6	/30/2019	6	/30/2018
Measurement date as of:	9	/30/2018	9	/30/2017
Total OPEB liability:				
Service costs	\$	9,627	\$	4,617
Interest		102,097		48,054
Benefit payments		(86,666)		(44,063)
Differences in experience		136,606		21,639
Changes in assumptions		(81,173)		96,897
Net change in total OPEB liability		80,491		127,144
Total OPEB liability - beginning		725,287		598,143
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	805,778	\$	725,287
Plan fiduciary net position:				
Contributions - employer	\$	83,182	\$	62,377
Contributions - member		4,066		2,581
Net investment income		66,989		36,899
Benefit payments		(86,666)		(44,063)
Administrative expense		(2,717)		(800)
Net changes in plan fiduciary net position		64,854		56,994
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		355,134		298,140
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	419,988	\$	355,134
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$	385,790	\$	370,153
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		52.12%		48.96%
Covered-employee payroll (2)	\$	663,566	\$	260,156
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		58.14%		142.28%

#### Note to Schedule:

(1) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(2) Includes all active members with no adjustments.

**Required Supplementary Information** 

Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan (OPEB)

Schedule of Employer Contributions

		2018		2017	2016	5		2015		2014		2013		2012	2011		2010		2009
Actuarially determined contribution (1) Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	70,921	\$	41,981	\$ 2	6,989	\$	35,375	\$	35,577	\$	41,061	\$	40,064	\$ 37,821	\$	37,974	\$	53,069
determined contribution		54,751		62,377	6	6,706		43,954		41,061		41,079		40,258	48,313		60,740		42,312
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$	16,170	\$	(20,396)	\$ (3	9,717)	\$	(8,579)	)\$	(5,484)	\$	(18)	\$	(194)	\$ (10,492)	\$	(22,766)	\$	10,757
Covered-employee payroll	\$	663,566	\$	260,156	\$ 31	5,444	\$	306,256	\$	297,336	\$	288,676	\$	297,191	\$ 303,525	\$	320,328	\$	347,844
employee payroll		8.25%		23.98%	21.15	%		14.35%		13.81%		14.23%		13.55%	15.92%		18.96%		12.16%
Note to Schedule:																			
Valuation date:		2017																	
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal based on level percentage of projected salary Experience/Assumption gains and losses are amortized over a closed period of 5 years, equal to the average remaining service of active and inactive plan members (who																		
Amortization method	•			tion gains and lo ce) Investment (					•			•	•	•		inac	ctive plan me	mbe	ers (who
Remaining amortization period	30 ye	ears																	
Asset valuation method	Fair	Market valu	e																
Marriage rate	The a	assumed n	umbe	er of eligible spo	ouses is b	ased o	on th	e current info	ormat	tion in the cer	nsus	s provided.							
Spouse age	Male	spouses a	re as	ssumed to be th	ree years	older	than	female spou	ses.										
Mortality rates	RP-2	2014 genera	ation	al table back-pr	ojected to	year 2	2006	and scaled u	using	g MP-18 and a	appli	lied on a gende	r sp	pecific basis					
Actuarial assumptions:																			
Inflation rate		3.0%	, D																
Health CPI		3.0%	, D																
Investment rate of return (2)		7.6%	, D																
Projected salary increase rate		3.0%	, D																
Healthcare cost trend rate (3)		9.0%	6 init	ial															
		4.5%	6 ulti	mate															
		7.0%	6 cui	rrent															
Post-retirement benefits increase	N/A																		

(1) Prior to 2017, the ADC was represented by the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) in GASB 45

(2) Valuation results are developed assuming a discount rate of 7.6% determined based on the long-term yield on the investments used to finance the payment of benefits.

(3) The healthcare cost trend rate grades down every year by 0.5% until an ultimate rate of 4.5% is reached.



6303 Blue Lagoon Drive, Suite 200 Miami, Florida 33126-6025 Ph: (305) 373-0123 • (800) 330-4728 Fax: (305) 374-4415 www.glsccpa.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Pembroke Pines, Florida Charter Schools

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the special purpose financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Pembroke Pines, Florida Charter Schools (the "Schools") operating under the charter sponsored by the Broward County School Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the special purpose financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 23, 2019.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the special purpose financial statements, we considered the Schools' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the special purpose financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Schools' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Schools' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Schools' special purpose financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of special purpose financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Pembroke Pines, Florida Charter Schools

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

GLSC & Company, PLLC

Miami, Florida December 23, 2019





## MANAGEMENT LETTER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Pembroke Pines, Florida Charter Schools Pembroke Pines, Florida

#### **Report on the Special Purpose Financial Statements**

We have audited the special purpose financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Pembroke Pines, Florida Charter Schools (the "Schools") (special revenue funds of the City of Pembroke Pines, Florida), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated December 23, 2019.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.850, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

#### Other Reports and Schedules

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Special Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in that report, which is dated December 23, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies of the Charter Schools, Broward County District School Board, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations in the preceding audit report.

## **Official Title**

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and school code. The official title and school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity is City of Pembroke Pines, Florida Charter Schools, special revenue funds of the City of Pembroke Pines, Florida and the corresponding school codes are 5051, 5081 and 5121.



Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Pembroke Pines, Florida Charter Schools

#### **Financial Condition**

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2. and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we report the results of our determination as to whether or not the Schools have met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Schools did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the Schools. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Schools' financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

#### Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7. and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination whether the Schools maintain on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Schools maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

#### **Other Matters**

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the special purpose financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

We wish to thank the Schools and the personnel associated with it, for the opportunity to be of service to them in this endeavor as well as future engagements and the courtesies extended to us.

GLSC & Company, PLLC

Miami, Florida December 23, 2019

