Renaissance Charter School at Wellington A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc.

Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Renaissance Charter School at Wellington

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Renaissance Charter School at Wellington A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. Wellington, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Renaissance Charter School at Wellington (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc., as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the School are intended to present the financial position and change in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. that is attributable to the transactions of the School. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. as of June 30, 2019 and the changes in its financial position or budgetary comparisons, where applicable, for the year ended June 30, 2019 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 7 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 25, 2019, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 25, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Renaissance Charter School at Wellington (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc., we offer readers of the School's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

Management's discussion and analysis is included at the beginning of the School's basic financial statements to provide, in layman's terms, the current position of the School's financial condition. This summary should not be taken as a replacement for the audit which consists of the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Our basic financial statements provide these insights into the results of this year's operations.

- As of June 30, 2019, the School's governmental fund balances were \$ 1,319,757 as compared to \$ 124,996 as of June 30, 2018.
- As of June 30, 2019 the School had net position (deficit) of \$ (1,692,470) as compared to \$ (1,386,652) as of June 30, 2018.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Basic Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the School's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected revenues and services rendered but unpaid).

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by grants and entitlements from the state for full-time equivalent funding. The School does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the School primarily include instruction and instructional support services.

The government-wide basic financial statements can be found on pages 8 and 9 of this report.

Fund Basic Financial Statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide basic financial statements, governmental fund basic financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The General Fund, Special Revenue Fund and Capital Project Fund are considered to be the School's major funds.

The School adopts an annual budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 15 of this report.

Agency Fund: In addition, the School has one agency fund which is a student activity fund. This fund was formed for educational and school purposes.

The Agency Fund financial statement can be found on page 16 of this report. The assets and liabilities of this fund are not included in the government-wide statement of net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 26 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The School has been in operation for five years; therefore, comparative government-wide data is presented. The School's net position (deficit) was \$ (1,692,470) at June 30, 2019. This amount represents net investment in capital assets (deficit) of \$ (2,499,824), restricted for debt service of \$ 1,247,408 and unrestricted (deficit) of \$ (440,054). The School's net position (deficit) was \$ (1,386,652) at June 30, 2018. This amount represents net investment in capital assets of \$ 178,598 and unrestricted (deficit) of \$ (1,565,250).

Our analysis in the table below focuses on the net position of the School's governmental activities:

Renaissance Charter School at Wellington Net Position (Deficit)

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Assets: Current and other assets Noncurrent assets	\$ 273,063 19,224,650	\$ 400,088 232,401
Total assets	19,497,713	632,489
Liabilities: Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	259,067 20,931,116	724,996 1,294,145
Total liabilities	21,190,183	2,019,141
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets (deficit) Restricted for debt service Unrestricted (deficit)	(2,499,824) 1,247,408 (440,054)	178,598 - (1,565,250)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (1,692,470)	\$ (1,386,652)

Current and other assets decreased as a result of a decrease in cash and cash equivalents as well as deposits and prepaid items. Noncurrent assets increased due to an increase in restricted investments and capital assets, net of depreciation. Restricted investments consist of funds for a debt service reserve, which is a requirement of the School's bond financing that closed in June 2019 to purchase the facility. Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased as a result of the purchase of the facility. Total noncurrent liabilities increased as a result of the debt related to the bond financing.

Governmental Activities: The results of this year's operations for the School as a whole are reported in the statement of activities on page 9. The table below provides a condensed presentation of the School's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

Renaissance Charter School at Wellington Change in Net Position

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Revenues: General revenues Program revenues	\$ 4,784,599 856,649	\$ 3,968,223 822,050
Total revenues	5,641,248	4,790,273
Functions/Program Expenses: Instruction Instructional support services Non-instructional services	2,123,166 2,784,398 1,039,502	2,362,864 2,718,263 1,015,040
Total expenses	5,947,066	6,096,167
Change in net position	\$ (305,818)	\$ (1,305,894)

Total revenues increased mainly due to an increase in general revenues resulting from a contribution from the School's management company. The School had lower cost reimbursement and management fees, but this was offset by higher debt costs associated with the issuance of the bond financing. Overall, the School's total expenses were in line with the previous year.

Governmental Fund Expenditures

In the table below, we have presented the cost of the largest functions/programs as a percentage of total governmental expenditures:

		2019	<u> </u>	201	18	
Functions/Programs	_	Expenditures	Percent	Expenditures	Percent	
Governmental expenditures:						
Instruction	\$	1,961,234	8%	\$ 2,146,645	35%	
Plant operations and maintenance		1,997,577	8%	1,985,771	32%	
Capital outlay		17,918,195	71%	93,403	2%	
Administrative services		392,396	2%	457,297	8%	
Debt service		1,878,609	8%	170,698	3%	
All other functions/programs		751,314	3%	1,191,612	20%	
Total governmental						
expenditures	\$	24,899,325	100%	\$ 6,045,426	100%	

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets: At June 30, 2019, the School had capital assets of \$ 17,953,119, net of accumulated depreciation, invested in buildings, furniture, fixtures and equipment, computer equipment and improvements other than buildings, as compared to \$ 232,401 at June 30, 2018.

Debt: At June 30, 2019, the School had outstanding debt of \$20,452,943, as compared to \$1,328,803 at June 30, 2018. Additional information on the School's debt can be found in Notes 7 and 8 on pages 23 and 24.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Total revenues were unfavorable to the budget due to lower local source revenues resulting from lower support needed from the School's management company than anticipated. Total expenditures were unfavorable to the budget due to facilities acquisition and construction expenditures which were related to the purchase of the School's facility. The budget did not include the purchase of the facility or the issuance of bonds, which can be seen in other financing sources (uses). Overall, the School's ended the year with a change in fund balance that was favorable to the budget by approximately \$1,195,000.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

In fiscal year 2019, the State of Florida increased its Florida Education Finance Program funding by approximately 2% and the capital outlay funding pool increased to \$ 145 million. In addition, an allocation was given to fund safe schools and mental health initiatives. A 2% merit increase was also paid out to eligible staff.

For fiscal year 2020, capital outlay revenue was assumed at an increase of 2% of the current rate per student. The budgets reflect the Florida Education Finance Program funding increase of \$ 175 per student. A 2% merit increase for all staff was budgeted as well as safety initiatives for security resource officers. All other expenditures are budgeted in alignment with enrollment changes and the School's strategic objectives.

Requests for Information

If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, please write Lindsey Lennon, Controller - Schools, Charter Schools USA, 800 Corporate Drive, Suite 700, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33308.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Governmental Activities
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables Due from Agency Fund Due from related party Due from other governments Interest receivable Prepaid items Deposits Total current assets	\$ 174,236 5,673 4,943 29 39,262 694 7,120 41,106
Noncurrent Assets: Restricted investments Capital assets (depreciable), net of accumulated depreciation	1,271,531 17,953,119
Total noncurrent assets	19,224,650
Total assets	19,497,713
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to management company Salaries and wages payable Accrued interest payable Unearned revenue Compensated absences	28,359 39,625 136,739 24,123 20,009 10,212
Total current liabilities	259,067_
Noncurrent Liabilities: Deferred rental payments Compensated absences Bonds payable	474,769 3,404 20,452,943
Total noncurrent liabilities	20,931,116
Total liabilities	21,190,183
Commitments (Note 9)	-
Net Position (Deficit): Net investment in capital assets (deficit) Restricted for debt service Unrestricted (deficit)	(2,499,824) 1,247,408 (440,054)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (1,692,470)

					D	D			_	Activities		
	_	Expenses		Expenses		Charges for Services		ogram Revenu Operating Grants and Contributions	(Capital Grants and ontributions	_	Net Revenue (Expense) and Change in Net Position
Functions/Programs:												
Instruction	\$	2,123,166	\$	-	\$	118,354	\$	-	\$	(2,004,812)		
Student support services		185,756		-		99,842		-		(85,914)		
Instruction and curriculum												
development services		2,385		-		1,223		-		(1,162)		
Instructional staff training services		5,585		-		-		-		(5,585)		
Instruction related technology		91,218		-		-		-		(91,218)		
Board		48,366		-		-		-		(48,366)		
School administration		392,396		-		-		-		(392,396)		
Fiscal services		5,489		-		-		-		(5,489)		
Food services		201,416		21,497		166,382		-		(13,537)		
Central services		97,956		-		92		-		(97,864)		
Operation of plant		1,940,953		-		34,300		242,213		(1,664,440)		
Maintenance of plant		166,105		-		-		-		(166,105)		
Community services		113,143		172,746		-		-		59,603		
Interest and bond issuance costs	_	573,132			-	-	_	-	-	(573,132)		
Total governmental												
activities	\$ =	5,947,066	\$	194,243	\$_	420,193	\$=	242,213	_	(5,090,417)		
	Gr Co Int	neral revenues ants and entiti ntributions erest income scellaneous		ents					_	3,587,891 1,195,984 694 30		
	٦	otal general r	ever	nues					_	4,784,599		
		Change in n	et p	osition						(305,818)		
	Ne	t position (def	icit),	July 1, 2018					_	(1,386,652)		
	Ne	t position (def	icit),	June 30, 201	9				\$_	(1,692,470)		

	_	General Fund	_	Special Revenue Fund	_	Capital Project Fund	_	Total
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables Due from related party Due from Agency Fund Due from other governments Due from other funds Prepaid items Deposits Interest receivable Restricted investments	\$	174,236 5,673 29 4,943 4,250 34,907 7,120 41,106 694 1,271,531	\$	- - - 18,391 - - - -	\$	- - - 16,621 - - - -	\$	174,236 5,673 29 4,943 39,262 34,907 7,120 41,106 694 1,271,531
Total assets	\$_	1,544,489	\$_	18,391	\$_	16,621	\$_	1,579,501
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to management company Salaries and wages payable Unearned revenue Due to other funds Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues	\$	28,359 39,625 136,739 20,009 - 224,732	\$	- - - - 18,286 18,286	\$	- - - 16,621 16,621	\$	28,359 39,625 136,739 20,009 34,907 259,639
Commitments (Note 9)		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid items Deposits Restricted for debt service Total fund balances	_	7,120 41,106 1,271,531 1,319,757	-	- - - -	_	- - -	_	7,120 41,106 1,271,531 1,319,757
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	1,544,489	\$_	18,391	\$_	16,621	\$_	1,579,501

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds			\$ 1,319,757
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (deficit) are different because:			
The cost of capital assets acquired is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. The statement of net position (deficit) includes those capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, among the assets of the School as a whole.			
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$	19,132,851 (1,179,732)	17,953,119
Unavailable revenue in the governmental funds is susceptible to full accrual in the government-wide statements.			105
Liabilities not payable with current available resources are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide statements.			
Accrued interest payable Bonds payable Deferred rental payments Compensated absences	\$	(24,123) (20,452,943) (474,769) (13,616)	(20,965,451)
Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities	•	(13,010)	\$ (1,692,470)

	_	General Fund	_	Special Revenue Fund		Capital Project Fund	_	Total
Revenues:								
Federal through state	\$	_	\$	357,815	\$	_	\$	357,815
State sources	Y	3,616,282	Ą	1,787	Y	242,213	Y	3,860,282
Local sources		1,250,300		-		2-2,213		1,250,300
Aftercare		172,746		_		_		172,746
Artereare	_	172,740	-		_		-	172,740
Total revenues	_	5,039,328	_	359,602	_	242,213	_	5,641,143
Expenditures:								
Instruction		1,891,857		69,377		-		1,961,234
Student support services		85,914		99,842		-		185,756
Instruction and curriculum								
development services		1,162		1,223		-		2,385
Instructional staff training services		5,585		-		-		5,585
Instruction related technology		91,218		-		-		91,218
Board		48,366		-		-		48,366
School administration		392,396		-		-		392,396
Fiscal services		5,489		-		-		5,489
Food services		35,034		166,382		-		201,416
Central services		97,864		92		_		97,956
Operation of plant		1,589,259		-		242,213		1,831,472
Maintenance of plant		166,105		-		-		166,105
Community services		113,143		-		-		113,143
Facilities acquisition and construction		17,897,609		20,586		-		17,918,195
Debt service:		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						_: ,= ==,===
Principal		1,328,803		-		-		1,328,803
Interest		88,509		_		_		88,509
Bond issuance costs		461,297		-		-		461,297
Total expenditures		24,299,610	-	357,502		242,213	-	24,899,325
·	_		-		_		-	
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues over expenditures	_	(19,260,282)	-	2,100	_	-	-	(19,258,182)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Issuance of bonds		20,145,000		-		-		20,145,000
Premium of bonds		307,943						307,943
Transfer in		2,100		-		-		2,100
Transfer out			_	(2,100)				(2,100)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	20,455,043	_	(2,100)		_	_	20,452,943
Net change in fund balances		1,194,761		-		-		1,194,761
Fund Balances, July 1, 2018	_	124,996	-		_	-	_	124,996
Fund Balances, June 30, 2019	\$_	1,319,757	\$_		\$_	-	\$_	1,319,757

Renaissance Charter School at Wellington Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Fund		\$ 1,194,761
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as a provision for depreciation.		
Cost of capital assets Provision for depreciation	\$ 17,918,195 (197,477)	17,720,718
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental fund, but issuing debt increases longterm liabilities in the statement of net position (deficit).		
Proceeds from bond issuance, net of premium		(20,452,943)
Principal payments on long-term debt are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, but as a reduction of long-term liabilities in the statement of net position (deficit).		1,328,803
Revenues that are earned but not received within the availability period are recognized in the statement of activities when earned and subsequently in the governmental fund financial statements when they become available.		105
Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Change in accrued interest payable Change in deferred rental payments Change in compensated absences	\$ (23,326) (75,671) 1,735	(97,262)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (305,818)

	Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual	_	Variance
Revenues:							
State sources \$	4,309,746	\$	3,591,583	\$	3,616,282	\$	24,699
Local sources	1,061,977		1,544,355	-	1,250,300	-	(294,055)
Aftercare	161,539	_	163,112	_	172,746	_	9,634
Total revenues	5,533,262	_	5,299,050	-	5,039,328	-	(259,722)
Expenditures:							
Instruction	2,264,863		1,934,149		1,891,857		42,292
Student support services	108,071		115,197		85,914		29,283
Instruction and curriculum							
development services	858		2,551		1,162		1,389
Instructional staff training							
services	10,452		4,385		5,585		(1,200)
Instruction related technology	79,241		97,744		91,218		6,526
Board	22,242		41,859		48,366		(6,507)
School administration	452,089		417,379		392,396		24,983
Fiscal services	7,584		5,572		5,489		83
Food services	29,842		32,792		35,034		(2,242)
Central services	92,798		95,650		97,864		(2,214)
Operation of plant Maintenance of plant	1,578,242 159,744		1,677,624 159,745		1,589,259 166,105		88,365 (6,360)
Community services	91,890		125,928		113,143		12,785
Facilities acquisition and construction	105,500		68,575		17,897,609		(17,829,034)
Debt service:	103,300		08,373		17,837,003		(17,029,034)
Principal	495,148		436,092		1,328,803		(1,242,895)
Interest	34,698		85,908		88,509		347,583
Bond issuance costs	-	_	-	_	461,297	_	(461,297)
Total expenditures	5,533,262	_	5,301,150	_	24,299,610	_	(18,998,460)
Excess (deficiency)							
of revenues over							
expenditures	-	_	(2,100)	_	(19,260,282)	_	(19,258,182)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Issuance of bonds	_		_		20,145,000		20,145,000
Premium on bonds	_		_		307,943		307,943
Transfer in		_	2,100	_	2,100	_	-
Total other financing				_		_	
sources (uses)	-	-	2,100	-	20,455,043	-	20,452,943
Net change in							
fund balance \$	-	\$	_	\$	1,194,761	\$	1,194,761
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Renaissance Charter School at Wellington Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

IDEA 21,950 21,950 11,794 (10,156 Title I 96,505 162,737 179,326 16,589 Federal Emergency Management		_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual	_	Variance
Federal sources: National School Lunch Program \$ 158,954 \$ 150,287 \$ 164,595 \$ 14,308 IDEA 21,950 21,950 11,794 (10,156 Title I 96,505 162,737 179,326 16,589 Federal Emergency Management Federal Emergency Management 150,287 162,737 179,326 16,589	Revenues:								
IDEA 21,950 21,950 11,794 (10,156 Title I 96,505 162,737 179,326 16,589 Federal Emergency Management									
Title I 96,505 162,737 179,326 16,589 Federal Emergency Management	National School Lunch Program	\$	158,954	\$	150,287	\$	164,595	\$	14,308
Federal Emergency Management			•		•		•		(10,156)
o , o			96,505		162,737		179,326		16,589
	<i>o</i> , <i>o</i>				2.400		2.400		
Agency - 2,100 - State sources:	· ,		-		2,100		2,100		-
			275		803		1 707		894
National School Editor Flogram 373 893 1,787 894	National School Editor Frogram	-	3/3	-	693	-	1,767	-	854
Total revenues 277,784 337,967 359,602 21,635	Total revenues		277,784	_	337,967	_	359,602	_	21,635
Expenditures: Instruction 73.064 68.991 69.377 (386	•		72.064		CO 001		60.277		(200)
			•		•		•		(386) (22,941)
Instruction and curriculum	···		44,000		70,901		99,042		(22,941)
			_		1.126		1.223		(97)
	•		-		,		-		15,052
			159,329		•		166,382		(15,202)
	Central services		-				92		1,214
Community services 1,331	Community services		1,331		-		-		-
Capital outlay - 21,311 20,586 725	Capital outlay	_	-	_	21,311	_	20,586	_	725
Total expenditures 277,784 335,867 357,502 (21,635	Total expenditures	_	277,784	_	335,867	_	357,502	_	(21,635)
Excess (deficiency)	Excess (deficiency)								
of revenues over	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,								
expenditures - 2,100 2,100 -		_	-	_	2,100	_	2,100	_	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfer out - (2,100) (2,100) -			-		(2.100)		(2.100)		_
(-,)		_		-	(=,=30)	-	(=,=30)	-	
Net change in									
fund balance \$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>-</u> \$	fund balance	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	

		Student Activities
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$.	45,862
Total assets	\$.	45,862
Liabilities:		
Due to students Due to General Fund	\$	40,919 4,943
Due to General i unu	•	4,343
Total liabilities	\$	45,862

Note 1 - Organization and Operations

Renaissance Charter School at Wellington (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc., was established in July 2014 as a public charter school to serve students from kindergarten to eighth grade in Palm Beach County. The School is sponsored by its charter-holder, Renaissance Charter School, Inc., a Florida nonprofit corporation organized in August 1998. There were 496 students enrolled for the 2018/2019 school year.

The basic financial statements of the School present only the balances, activity and disclosures related to the School. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. as of June 30, 2019, and its changes in financial position or budgetary comparisons, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, these basic financial statements only include balances, activity and disclosures related to the School.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity: The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring school board, the School Board of Palm Beach County. The current charter is effective until June 30, 2029 and may be renewed in minimum terms of five years by mutual written agreement between the School and the School Board. At the end of the term of the charter, the School Board may choose not to renew the charter under grounds specified in the charter, in which case, the School Board is required to notify the School in writing at least ninety days prior to the charter's expiration. During the term of the charter, the School Board may also terminate the charter if good cause is shown.

The School may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the School regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by another government, or a jointly approved board. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School are such that exclusion would cause the basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

As a result of evaluating the above criteria, management has determined that no component units exist for which the School is financially accountable, which would require inclusion in the School's basic financial statements.

Basis of presentation: Based on the guidance provided in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Audit and Accounting Guide - Not-for-Profit Organizations and provisions of Section 228.056, Florida Statutes, the School is presented as a governmental organization for financial statement reporting purposes.

Government-wide financial statements: Government-wide financial statements, including the statement of net position and the statement of activities, present information about the School as a whole.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School.

Fund financial statements: Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School in the governmental funds. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column. Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements differs from the focus of government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is presented with each of the governmental fund financial statements.

The School's major governmental funds are as follows:

General Fund - This fund is used to account for all operating activities of the School except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund - This fund is used to account for federal grants and certain state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Project Fund - This fund is used to account for state and local capital outlay funding that is legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Additionally, the School reports separately the following fiduciary fund type:

Agency Fund - This fund is used to administer funds raised and earned by the various clubs and activities that are part of the School.

Basis of accounting: Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures, or expenses, are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current period. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized when due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Agency Fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting.

Cash and cash equivalents: The School considers all demand accounts and money market funds which are not subjected to withdrawal restrictions to be cash and cash equivalents.

The School maintains its cash accounts with one financial institution. The School's accounts at this institution, at times, may exceed the federally insured limit. The School has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk (Note 3).

Prepaid items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Due to and due from other funds: Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. The balances result from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

Revenue recognition: Student funding is provided by the State of Florida through the School Board. Such funding is recorded as entitlement revenue in the government-wide financial statements and state source revenue in the fund financial statements. This funding is received on a pro rata basis over a twelve-month period and is adjusted for changes in full-time equivalent (FTE) student population.

Income taxes: The School is a division of a nonprofit corporation. Revenue of the School is derived primarily from other governmental entities. The School is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in these basic financial statements.

Capital assets: Property and equipment purchased or acquired are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with a cost of \$ 750 and useful life of over one year. Donated property and equipment assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on all capital assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings	45 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 years
Computer equipment	3 years
Improvements other than buildings	10 years

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources: In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The government funds report unavailable revenues that are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Unearned revenue: Unearned revenue arises when the School receives resources before it has a legal claim to them.

Compensated absences: The School's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused paid time off, which is eligible for payment upon separation from service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable. Payments for compensated absences are generally paid out of the General Fund.

Net position: Net position is classified in three categories. The general meaning of each is as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets represents the difference between the cost of capital assets, less accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted (deficit) indicates that portion of net position that will need to be funded by future operations.

Fund balance: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance classifications and also sets a hierarchy which details how the School may spend funds based on certain constraints. The following are the fund balance classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements:

- Nonspendable this classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The School classifies inventories, prepaid items, long-term notes receivable and deposits as nonspendable since they are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted this classification includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes by external parties such as grantors and creditors or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- Committed this classification includes amounts that can be used for specific purposes voted on through formal action of the Board of Directors (the highest level of decision making authority). The committed amount cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the commitment through formal action.
- Assigned this classification includes amounts that the Board of Directors intends to use for a specific purpose but they are neither restricted nor committed. The School classifies existing fund balance to be used in the subsequent year's budget for elimination of a deficit as assigned.
- Unassigned this classification includes amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose within the General Fund.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet on page 10.

When the School incurs expenditures for which restricted or unrestricted fund balance is available, the School would consider restricted funds to be spent first. When the School has expenditures for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balance is available, the School would consider committed funds to be spent first, then assigned funds and lastly unassigned funds.

Budget: An operating budget is adopted and maintained by the governing board for the School pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Date of management review: Subsequent events were evaluated by management through September 25, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the deposits and cash on hand totaled \$ 220,098 with bank balances of \$ 229,407.

State statutes require, and it is the School's policy, that all deposits be made into, and be held by, financial institutions designated by the Treasurer of the State of Florida as "qualified public depositories" as defined by Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. This statute requires that every qualified public depository institution maintain eligible collateral to secure the public entity's funds. The minimum collateral to be pledged by an institution, the collateral eligible for pledge, and reporting requirements of the qualified public depositor to the treasurer is defined by the statute. Collateral is pooled in a multiple qualified public depository institution pool with the ability to assess members of the pool should the need arise. The School's deposits are held in a qualified public depository and are covered by the collateral pool as the School has identified itself as a public entity.

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	_	Balance at July 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions		Balance at June 30, 2019
Capital assets, depreciable: Buildings Furniture and equipment Computer equipment Improvements other than buildings	\$	- 484,021 722,635 8,000	\$ 17,825,235 45,863 47,097	\$ - - - -	\$	17,825,235 529,884 769,732 8,000
Total capital assets, depreciable	_	1,214,656	17,918,195		-	19,132,851
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings Furniture and equipment Computer equipment Improvements other than buildings	_	329,918 649,937 2,400	33,010 105,476 58,191 800	- - - -		33,010 435,394 708,128 3,200
Total accumulated depreciation	_	982,255	197,477			1,179,732
Net capital assets	\$_	232,401	\$ 17,720,718	\$ 	\$	17,953,119

Provision for depreciation was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction Operation of plant	\$ 163,667 33,810
	\$ 197,477

Note 5 - Due From Related Party

The School is a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. ("RCS"). As of June 30, 2019, RCS owes the School \$ 29 for board of directors' expenses prepaid by the School.

Note 6 - Restricted Investments

In June 2019 Renaissance Charter School, Inc. borrowed funds for the acquisition of facilities and refinancing of prior debt for four of their schools, including Renaissance Charter School at Wellington (Note 7). The restricted investments of the School are governed by the Bond Indenture. The investments are held by the Trustee and are restricted for debt service. At June 30, 2019, the School has \$ 1,271,531 invested in a money market mutual fund that is stated at amortized cost which approximates fair value.

Note 6 - Restricted Investments (continued)

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a debt type investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization. The exposure to credit risk is limited because the money market mutual fund is rated AAA-mf by Moody's.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The exposure to declines in fair values is limited because the weighted average maturity of the money market mutual fund is twenty days.

Note 7 - Bonds Payable

During the year, the Capital Trust Agency (the "Agency") issued \$84,210,000 in Tax Exempt Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2019A and \$1,770,000 in Taxable Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2019B pursuant to an Indenture of Trust between the Agency and a Trustee to make a loan to Renaissance Charter School, Inc. ("REN"), a division of which the School exists to finance the acquisition of the facilities and equipment and refinance prior debt of four charter schools existing under REN. The Series 2019A Bonds bear interest at 4.00% through June 2029, then at 5.00% through June 2049. The Series 2019B Bonds bear interest at 5.625% through June 2023. Principal and interest will be paid semi-annually on June 15 and December 15. In order to secure the payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds, the Agency assigned all of its rights and interest in the loan agreement to the Trustee. The Bonds are payable from and secured by a lien upon and pledge of payments to be received by the Trustee.

The School's share of the annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Series 2019 Bond is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	Total
2020	\$	-	\$	965,203	\$ 965,203
2021		131,207		979,684	1,110,891
2022		331,533		970,307	1,301,840
2023		345,591		954,640	1,300,231
2024		366,677		938,858	1,305,535
2025-2029		2,067,686		4,459,735	6,527,421
2030-2034		2,580,800		3,948,167	6,528,967
2035-2039		3,314,155		3,224,008	6,538,163
2040-2044		4,243,149		2,295,893	6,539,042
2045-2049		6,764,202		1,089,459	7,853,661
	_		-		
	\$_	20,145,000	\$	19,825,954	\$ 39,970,954

Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in the School's long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	_	Balance July 1, 2018	_	Additions	_	Retirements	_	Balance June 30, 2019	Amount Due Within One Year
Series 2019 Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, net of unamortized									
premium of \$ 307,943	\$	-	\$	20,452,943	\$	-	\$	20,452,943	\$ -
Capital leases		53,803		-		53,803		-	-
Promissory note payable		1,275,000		-		1,275,000		-	-
Compensated absences	_	15,351	_	9,918	_	11,653	_	13,616	10,212
	\$_	1,344,154	\$	20,462,861	\$	1,340,456	\$	20,466,559	\$ 10,212

Note 9 - Commitments

Operating lease agreement: The School had an operating lease for use of its premises until the closure of the Series 2019 Bonds (Note 7) at which time the lease was terminated. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the lease payments were \$1,213,175 and the School deferred \$75,671 in rent which includes \$23,192 of interest. As part of the bond transaction, the deferred rental payments were transferred from the operating leaseholder to Red Apple Development, LLC ("RAD"). The balance of the deferred rental payments at the time of the bond closing totaled \$474,769 and is due to RAD in fiscal year 2021.

Land lease agreement: Concurrent with the Series 2019 Bond issuance (Note 7), subsidiaries of Red Apple Development, LLC ("RAD") entered into four land lease agreements with REN. The land which is owned by RAD is leased by REN on behalf of the schools under a 45-year lease. In addition to rent, REN shall pay to RAD the total cost of ad valorem taxes, assessments and levies imposed upon the premises. Total cost to the School for the lease was \$ 14,167 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The following is a schedule of the School's future rent payments as of June 30, 2019:

Year Ending June 30,	
2020	\$ 170,000
2021	173,400
2022	176,868
2023	180,405
2024	184,013
2025-2029	976,766
2030-2034	1,078,428
2035-2039	1,190,672
2040-2044	1,314,598
2045-2049	1,451,423
2050-2054	1,602,488
2055-2059	1,769,276
2060-2064	1,953,424_
	\$ 12,221,761

Note 9 - Commitments (continued)

Management agreement: The School has a formal agreement with Charter Schools USA at Wellington, LLC ("CSUSA") to manage, staff and operate the School. The agreement states that CSUSA shall be entitled to cost reimbursements and management fees (the "fee") for its services, subject to availability of funds. The fee is subordinated to all bond payment requirements (Note 7). CSUSA did not receive a fee for the year ended June 30, 2019 and contributed \$ 1,195,984 to the School. The fee ranges from \$ 173,853 for fiscal year 2021 to \$ 2,265,417 for fiscal year 2049 as defined in the agreement or the budgeted amount approved by the Board of Directors based on enrollment and School performance. The agreement has an initial term which expires in June 2029. It will automatically renew with Charter renewals unless terminated by either party.

The School has an amount of \$39,625 due to CSUSA at June 30, 2019 for expenses paid on behalf of the School.

Post-retirement benefits: The School does not provide post-retirement benefits to retired employees.

Note 10 - Employee Benefit Plan

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the School offered all of its full-time employees who had attained 21 years of age, a retirement plan (the "Plan") under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k). The employee is allowed to contribute up to a maximum of 100% of his/her annual gross compensation, subject to certain limitations. The Plan provides for a discretionary employer matching contribution of the participant's annual elective deferral to the Plan. As determined annually by the School's management, the School may also make a discretionary profit sharing contribution, which is allocated among the participants based on a pro rata formula. Participants are immediately vested in their own contributions and earnings on those contributions. Participants become vested in School contributions and earnings on School contributions according to the following schedule:

<u>Percentage</u>
25%
50%
75%
L00%

Nonvested contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment and such forfeitures are used to reduce any employer contribution. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School contributed a matching amount of \$ 7,627.

Note 11 - Capital Appropriations Funding

The Florida Department of Education has approved a Charter School Capital Outlay (CSCO) award for the School. In each year that funds are appropriated by the state for charter school capital outlay purposes, those funds are allocated among eligible charter schools. The funds for the School's allocation are transferred to the School once a CSCO Plan has been provided to and approved by the sponsoring district. The School's CSCO award totaled \$ 242,213 for the 2018/2019 school year and has been recognized as revenue in the accompanying basic financial statements. If the CSCO funds are used to acquire tangible property assets, the School Board has a reversionary interest in those assets. In the event of non-renewal, termination, or breach of the charter school agreement, ownership of the assets would automatically revert to the School Board. The School has elected to use these funds to pay a portion of the lease expense on the facility.

Note 12 - Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets and natural disasters. The School has obtained property insurance from commercial companies including, but not limited to, general liability and errors and omissions insurance. There were no claims in excess of insurance coverage limits during the past three years.

As disclosed in Note 9, CSUSA employs all of the employees of the School. As a result, the School is not exposed to medical or workers' compensation claims for these individuals. In addition, CSUSA carries all required insurance including, but not limited to, general liability and errors and omissions insurance.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Renaissance Charter School at Wellington A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. Wellington, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Renaissance Charter School at Wellington (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc., as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 25, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 25, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

To the Board of Directors Renaissance Charter School at Wellington A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. Wellington, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Renaissance Charter School at Wellington (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc., as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated September 25, 2019.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in that report, which is dated September 25, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title of the entity be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity are Renaissance Charter School at Wellington and 504001.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2. and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not the School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the School. It is management's responsibility to monitor the School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7. and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether the School maintains on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School maintained on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

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Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 25, 2019