

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report June 30, 2019

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Somerset Academy Boca WL# 3413

333 SW 4th Avenue Boca Raton, Florida 33432

2018-2019

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Todd German, Board Chair & Treasurer Ana Diaz, Vice-Chair & Secretary David Concepcion, Director Jennifer Esquijarosa, Director Dr. Bernard Kimmel, Director Louis Marin, Director and Vice-Chair (Texas) Brian Matthew Cox, Director Lourdes Isla, resigned January 25, 2019

OTHER NON-VOTING OFFICERS:

Bernardo Montero, President Suzette Ruiz, Vice-President

SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

Daniel Shourds, Principal

BOARD COUNSEL

Charles Gibson, Esq. Eleni Pantardis, Esq.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Somerset Academy Boca Boca Raton, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy Boca (the "School"), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy Boca as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position of Somerset Academy Boca as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Somerset Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of Somerset Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2019 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 8 and 28 through 29 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 10, 2019, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Coral Gables, Florida September 10, 2019 **CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Somerset Academy Boca (A Charter School under Somerset Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2019

The corporate officers of Somerset Academy, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of Somerset Academy Boca's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Financial Highlights

- 1. The schools net position as of June 30, 2019 is \$1,857,709.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$1,786,370.
- 3. The School had an increase in its net position of \$299,157 for the year ended June 30, 2019.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$1,680,255.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between the four is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-10 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental or fiduciary funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for its major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 15 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 27 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, net position is \$1,857,709 as of the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	2019	2018
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,675	\$ 15,654
Investments	1,750,000	1,480,000
Prepaid expenses	14,880	18,781
Due from other agencies	13,815	5,093
Deposits receivable	25,000	25,000
Capital Assets, net	137,574	105,677
Total Assets	1,948,944	1,650,205
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	90,518	91,653
Accounts payable	717	
Total Liabilities	91,235	91,653
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	137,574	105,677
Unrestricted	1,720,135	1,452,875
Total Net Position	\$ 1,857,709	\$ 1,558,552

At the end of the fiscal year, the School is able to report positive balances in total net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	2019		2018	
REVENUES				
Program Revenues				
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$	-	\$	10,536
Capital Grants and Contributions		189,803		262,172
Charges for Services		1,135		1,062
General Revenues				
Local Sources (FTE and other non specific)		2,706,926		2,608,365
Other Revenues		38,099		18,924
Total Revenues	\$	2,935,963	\$	2,901,059
EXPENSES				
Instruction	\$	1,604,209	\$	1,517,411
Student support services		13,720		-
Instructional staff training		2,265		3,837
Board		22,706		22,581
School administration		321,176		298,097
Fiscal services		53,625		52,650
Food services		1,269		1,611
Central services		57,987		62,205
Operation of plant		443,030		417,813
Maintenance of plant		96,897		111,758
Administrative technology services		11,440		-
Community services		8,482		-
Total Expenses		2,636,806		2,487,963
Increase in Net Position		299,157		413,096
Net Position at Beginning of Year		1,558,552		1,145,456
Net Position at End of Year	\$	1,857,709	\$	1,558,552

During 2019, the School's revenues and expenses increased by \$34,904 and \$148,843, respectively, as a result of an increase in student enrollment. The School has an increase in its net position of \$299,157 for the year.

School Location

During 2018-2019 the School continued to operate from its facilities located at 333 SW 4th Ave, Boca Raton, Florida.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

Achievements

In 2019, Somerset Academy Boca completed its 7th year of operations, serving over 357 students in grades K-5. The school earned a letter grade of "A" from the Florida Department of Education (FLDOE), ranking among the top elementary schools in Palm Beach County. Somerset Boca strives to meet the academic, social and emotional needs of each and every student and is committed to the development of the whole child with an educational

philosophy that focuses on respect and high expectations. At Somerset Boca, teachers and the parents work in partnership to instill academic excellence, social responsibility and personal integrity in each student.

Students have had the opportunity to participate in various clubs and extracurricular activities including: Science Academy, Art Club, Student Government, Safety Patrol, Zumba, Dance, Musical Theater, Yoga, Flag Football, Soccer, and Somerset Sisters. Students also participated in the following community service initiatives and school-wide events:

- · Gardening Program
- · Spanish Enrichment Afterschool Club
- · Glee Musical Club
- · Around the World Activities
- · Anti-Bullying Presentation by Brooks Gibbs
- · Career Day
- · Story Book Parade
- Science Fair
- · Monthly Character Trait Awards
- · Fire Safety Week
- · Somerset Thanksgiving Feast
- · Bully Awareness Week
- · "We Rocked the FCAT" Party
- · Kindergarten Graduation Ceremony
- · Fifth grade "Stepping Up" Ceremony
- · Random Acts of Kindness Week
- · Wild Walk Get Fit Fundraising Campaign

As a member of the Somerset Academy network of high quality charter schools, Somerset Boca is fully accredited by AdvancED under the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Council on Accreditation and School Improvement (SACS-CASI) division. As with all the schools within the network, Somerset places high expectations for student learning and offers multiple opportunities for all students to acquire requisite knowledge, skills, and attitudes in a safe and nurturing environment. Key to achieving successful learning for all students is the school's implementation of research—based instructional strategies by a highly qualified instructional staff, and the use of innovative resources in a technology-rich setting.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education

Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$1,695,135. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$1,680,255. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2019 amounts to \$137,574 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes furniture, fixtures and computer equipment. As of June 30, 2019, the School had no long-term debt associated to its capital assets.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	(Governmental Fund			
	Original				
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual		
REVENUES					
Program Revenues					
Capital grants and contributions	\$ 187,200	\$ 190,000	\$ 189,803		
General Revenues					
FTE and other nonspecific revenues	2,588,400	2,702,737	2,706,926		
Charges and other revenues	12,804	30,125	39,234		
Total Revenues	2,788,404	2,922,862	2,935,963		
CURRENT EXPENDITURES					
Instruction	1,600,042	1,590,057	1,550,801		
Student support services	19,800	19,000	13,720		
Instructional staff training	2,000	2,506	2,265		
Board	23,500	23,406	22,706		
School administration	323,290	322,039	321,176		
Fiscal services	54,000	53,625	53,625		
Central services	78,000	60,625	57,987		
Operation of plant	445,408	445,400	443,030		
Maintenance of plant	83,000	88,000	84,663		
Administrative technology services	17,000	11,500	11,440		
Community services	-	-	8,482		
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 2,646,040	\$ 2,616,158	\$ 2,569,895		

Most variances occurred as a result of the budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Broward, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

<u>Assets</u>	Governmental Activities		
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Prepaid expenses Due from other agencies	\$	7,675 1,750,000 14,880 13,815 1,786,370	
Deposits receivable		25,000	
Capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation		536,472 (398,898) 137,574	
Total Assets		1,948,944	
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>			
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current liabilities: Salaries and wages payable Accounts payable Total Liabilities		90,518 717 91,235	
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>			
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$	137,574 1,720,135 1,857,709	

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2019

Program Revenues

			8		
FUNCTIONS	Expenses	Charges for Services		Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$ 1,604,209	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,604,209)
Student support services	13,720	-	-	-	(13,720)
Instructional staff training	2,265	-	-	-	(2,265)
Board	22,706	-	-	-	(22,706)
School administration	321,176	-	-	-	(321,176)
Fiscal services	53,625	-	-	-	(53,625)
Food services	1,269	-	-	-	(1,269)
Central services	57,987	-	-	-	(57,987)
Operation of plant	443,030	1,135	-	189,803	(252,092)
Maintenance of plant	96,897	-	-	-	(96,897)
Administrative technology services	11,440	-	-	-	(11,440)
Community services	8,482				(8,482)
Total governmental activities	2,636,806	1,135		189,803	(2,445,868)
	General reven FTE and other Interest and or	r nonspecific r	evenues		2,706,926 38,099
	Change in net	position			299,157
	Net position, l	beginning			1,558,552
	Net position,	ending			\$ 1,857,709

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

					Total		
			(Capital	Go	overnmental	
	Gen	neral Fund	Proj	jects Fund	Funds		
A4							
Assets Cook and analysis lands	Ф	7.675	¢.		¢.	7.675	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,675	\$	-	\$	7,675	
Investments	1	,750,000		-		1,750,000	
Due from other agencies		-		13,815		13,815	
Due from fund		13,815		-		13,815	
Prepaid expenses		14,880		-		14,880	
Total Assets	1	,786,370		13,815		1,800,185	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		_		-			
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Salaries and wages payable		90,518		-		90,518	
Accounts payable		717		-		717	
Due to fund		-		13,815		13,815	
Total Liabilities		91,235		13,815		105,050	
			1				
Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-	
Fund Balance							
Nonspendable, not in spendable form		14,880		-		14,880	
Unassigned	1	,680,255		-		1,680,255	
-		,695,135		_	-	1,695,135	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Resources and Fund Balance	<u>\$</u> 1	,786,370	\$	13,815	\$	1,800,185	

Somerset Academy	Boca	
(A charter school u	under Somerset Academy, Inc.)	
Reconciliation of t June 30, 2019	he Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	
Total Fund Balanc	e - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,695,135
Amounts reported different because:	for governmental activities in the statement of net position are	
	Capital assets of \$536,472 net of accumulated depreciation of \$398,898 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.	137,574
	Deposits receivable are considered long term and are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	25,000

\$ 1,857,709

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ 189,803	\$ 189,803
State passed through local	2,706,926	-	2,706,926
Charges and other revenue	39,234		39,234
Total Revenues	2,746,160	189,803	2,935,963
Expenditures:			
Current			
Instruction	1,550,801	_	1,550,801
Student support services	13,720	_	13,720
Instructional staff training	2,265	_	2,265
Board	22,706	_	22,706
School administration	321,176	_	321,176
Fiscal services	53,625	_	53,625
Central services	57,987	_	57,987
Operation of plant	253,227	189,803	443,030
Maintenance of plant	84,663	_	84,663
Administrative technology services	11,440	_	11,440
Community services	8,482	_	8,482
Capital Outlay:			
Other capital outlay	98,808	-	98,808
Total Expenditures	2,478,900	189,803	2,668,703
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	267,260	-	267,260
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in (out)			
Net change in fund balance	267,260	-	267,260
Fund Balance at beginning of year	1,427,875		1,427,875
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 1,695,135	\$ -	\$ 1,695,135

Somerset Academy Boca (A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2019	
Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 267,260
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.	
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlaws of \$00,000 differed from depreciation expense of	
outlays of \$98,808 differed from depreciation expense of \$66,911	 31,897

\$ 299,157

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

 $\label{eq:Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds} \\ June 30, 2019$

	Agency Funds
<u>Assets</u>	
Cash	\$ 109,063
Total Assets	109,063
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Due to students and clubs	109,063
Total Liabilities	109,063
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	
Net Position	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Somerset Academy Boca (the "School"), is a charter school whose charter is held by Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc., which is composed of seven members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component unit exists that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Palm Beach County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2032 and it can be renewed in accordance with law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in Boca Raton, Florida for students from kindergarten through fifth grade. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2019, when on average 358 students were enrolled for the school year.

Basis of presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, such as food service and student activity fees; (2) operating grants Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. Other revenue sources not included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds with all other non-major funds aggregated in a single column in the fund financial statements:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Capital Projects Fund - accounts for state and local capital outlay as authorized by Charter School Capital Outlay, Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes mainly for capital outlay and maintenance purposes.

Additionally, the School reports separately the following fiduciary fund types:

Agency Fund – accounts for resources of the School's Internal Fund, which is used to administer monies collected at the schools in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Agency fund assets and liabilities are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School has adopted GASB Codification Section 3100 Fair Value Measurement and Application (see Note 2).

Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund receivables/payables ("due from/to") are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$500 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Improvements 5 Years
Furniture, Equipment, and Computers 5 Years
Textbooks and Software 3 Years

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the State through the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local capital improvement ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Net Position and Fund balance classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned). All nonspendable balances at year end relate to not in spendable form assets.
- b) Restricted this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The School's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries. First, non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as unassigned fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when non-spendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purposes amounts exceed the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

Income Taxes

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 10, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in two financial institutions. As of June 30, 2019, the School's deposits consisted of cash balances of \$6,746.

Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Somerset Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2019, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage was \$116,069; including fiduciary account bank balances.

Investments

The School categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GASB Codification Section 3100 *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2019, the School has the following recurring fair value measurements:

• Government money market mutual fund of \$1,770,000 valued using Level 2 inputs.

The government money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of July 31, 2019, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 81% within 30 days.

Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2019, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

Note 3 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/18	01/18 Additions Reclass		06/30/19
Capital assets, depreciable:				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 127,068	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 127,068
Computer equipment and software	147,244	17,673	-	164,917
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	163,352	81,135	-	244,487
Total Capital Assets	437,664	98,808	-	536,472
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(112,857)	(12,235)	-	(125,092)
Computer equipment and software	(85,111)	(22,537)	-	(107,648)
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	(134,019)	(32,139)	-	(166,158)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(331,987)	(66,911)	-	(398,898)
Capital Assets, net	\$ 105,677	\$ 31,897	\$ -	\$ 137,574

Note 3 – Capital Assets (continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, depreciation expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function is as follows:

Instruction	\$ 53,408
Food services	1,269
Maintenance of plant	 12,234
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 66,911

Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Broward, LLC, an educational service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting, financial reporting, and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis.

The agreement is for a period of five years, through June 30, 2021, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed for an additional term of five (5) years. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the School incurred \$160,875 in fees related to this agreement.

Note 5 – Transactions with Other Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.

For 2019, the School's facility is shared with Somerset Academy Boca Middle School (a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.). Through the board of directors, management allocates a proportionate share of leases, salaries, supplies, and other expenses to each school individually based on student enrollment and usage of facilities and staff to these schools and other schools operated by Somerset Academy, Inc. In addition, Somerset Academy Boca Middle School's student activities account is recorded in the School's books.

Somerset Academy, Inc. charges its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. Somerset Academy Boca paid Somerset Academy, Inc. \$53,625 in connection with these charges during the year.

Note 6 – Commitments, Contingencies, and Concentrations

The School entered into an amended lease agreement with Temple Beth El of Boca Raton, Inc. for the use of its facility. Base annual rent under the agreement is equal to an amount of \$725 per student, with a minimum annual guarantee of 200 students, as amended. The student per annum rate will increase on each anniversary date by the lesser of 3% or the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The agreement continues through June 30, 2027, as extended, and shall automatically renew at the expiration of the extended term for an additional term of three years (the "renewal term"). At expiration of the renewal term, the agreement shall automatically renew for a term of two years, the intent and effect of such being to create continuous two-year floating renewal periods. Lease payments will be allocated among the two schools based on enrollment and usage of facility. The allocation used for 2019, was approximately 85% for the School and 15% for Somerset Academy Boca Middle School.

For 2019, rent expense totaled \$286,388. Future minimum payments under the agreement are as follows:

Year	_		
2020	\$	160,226	
2021	\$	160,226	
2022	\$	160,226	
2023	\$	160,226	
2024	\$	160,226	
2025-2027	\$	480,678	(total for three-vear period)

Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 2% of the qualifying revenues of the School, up to and including 250 students. For the year ended June 30, 2019, administrative fees totaled \$37,198.

Note 6 – Commitments, Contingencies, and Concentrations (continued)

In 2018 the School entered into a food services agreement with the School District of Palm Beach County ("Sponsor") to provide a lunch program for its students. Revenues and expenses related to this program are recorded in the Sponsor's books and not reflected in the School's financial statements. The agreement continues through June 1, 2020 unless otherwise terminated earlier.

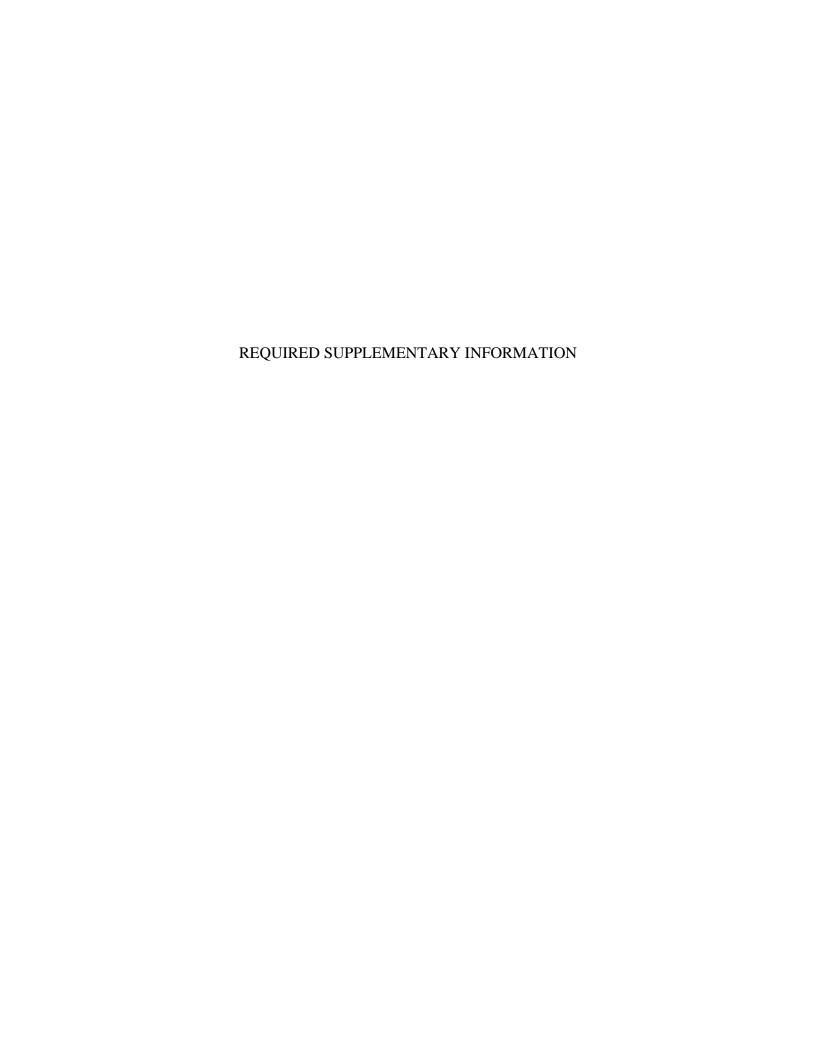
Note 7 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreements, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

Note 8 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, who are leased through ADP Total Source Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a match of 100% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed \$34,050 to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2019. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

For the year ended June 30, 2019

		General Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		
REVENUES					
State passed through local	\$ 2,588,400	\$ 2,702,737	\$ 2,706,926		
Charges and other revenue	12,804	30,125	39,234		
Total Revenues	2,601,204	2,732,862	2,746,160		
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction	1,600,042	1,590,057	1,550,801		
Student support services	19,800	19,000	13,720		
Instructional staff training	2,000	2,506	2,265		
Board	23,500	23,406	22,706		
School administration	323,290	322,039	321,176		
Fiscal services	54,000	53,625	53,625		
Central services	78,000	60,625	57,987		
Operation of plant	258,208	255,400	253,227		
Maintenance of plant	83,000	88,000	84,663		
Administrative technology services	17,000	11,500	11,440		
Community services	- -	-	8,482		
Total Current Expenditures	2,458,840	2,426,158	2,380,092		
Excess of Revenues	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>			
Over Current Expenditures	142,364	306,704	366,068		
Capital Outlay	102,000	99,907	98,808		
Total Expenditures	2,560,840	2,526,065	2,478,900		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	40,364	206,797	267,260		
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in (out)	_	_	_		
Transfeld in (out)					
Net change in fund balance	40,364	206,797	267,260		
Fund Balance at beginning of year	1,427,875	1,427,875	1,427,875		
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 1,468,239	\$ 1,634,672	\$ 1,695,135		

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Capital Projects Fund						
	Orig	Final Budget		Actual			
REVENUES							
State capital outlay funding	\$	187,200	\$	190,000	\$	189,803	
Total Revenues		187,200		190,000		189,803	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Operation of Plant		187,200		190,000		189,803	
Total Current Expenditures		187,200		190,000		189,803	
Excess of Revenues							
Over Current Expenditures						-	
Capital Outlay		-		-		_	
Total Expenditures		187,200		190,000		189,803	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		-		-	
Transfers in (out)				-		-	
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-	
Fund Balance at beginning of year		-		-		-	
Fund Balance at end of year	_\$		\$		\$	-	

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors of Somerset Academy Boca Boca Raton, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy Boca (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 10, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that were reported in a separate management letter dated September 10, 2019 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 10, 2019



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of Somerset Academy Boca Boca Raton, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Somerset Academy Boca as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and have issued our report thereon dated September 10, 2019.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 10, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854.(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity is Somerset Academy Boca, 3413.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Somerset Academy Boca has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Academy Boca did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Somerset Academy Boca. It is management's responsibility to monitor Somerset Academy Boca's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we have the following recommendation:

ML – 19-01 INTERNAL ACCOUNT DEPOSITS

Criteria: The School designed and implemented an internal control system as

outlined in their "Internal Accounts - Policies and Procedures" handbook

to reduce the risk of misappropriation of assets and/or cash receipts.

Condition: We noted the following: funds from the School's internal account were

erroneously deposited in the School's Aftercare bank account. In addition,

we noted a couple of recap sheets without the treasurer's signature.

Cause: The condition results from school personnel not consistently adhering to

the policies and procedures regarding the collection of funds as detailed in

the handbook.

Effect: Failure to perform the procedures mentioned above could result in

misappropriation of cash receipts.

Recom-

mendation: We recommend that the School adheres to its internal control policies and

procedures relating to the internal account so that all deposits and cash receipts are properly counted, reviewed and reconciled to the amount

deposited in the appropriate bank account.

Views of-Responsible

Officials: See attached management response.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether Somerset Academy Boca maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In Connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Academy Boca maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Palm Beach County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 10, 2019

SOMERSET ACADEMY BOCA

September 15th, 2019

HLB Gravier, LLP 396 Alhambra Circle, 9th Floor Coral Gables, FL 33134

RE: MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE TO AUDITOR'S RECOMMENDATION

The following is the response by the School's Administrator to your recommendations:

ML – 19-01 INTERNAL ACCOUNT DEPOSITS

Recommendation

We recommend that the School adheres to its internal control policies and procedures relating to the internal account so that all deposits and cash receipts are properly counted, reviewed and reconciled to the amount deposited in the appropriate bank account.

Management Response

Management will adhere to the auditor's recommendation. Continuous oversight of deposits will be performed by the Principal, ensuring that all deposits and cash receipts are properly counted, reviewed and reconciled to the amount deposited in the appropriate bank account.

Sincerely,

Daniel Shourds

Principal, Somerset Academy Boca