

#### Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus W/L# 1261

(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.) (A Charter School and Component Unit of the School Board of Duval County, Florida)

Jacksonville, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2019

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Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus (A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.) W/L# 1261 1429 Broward Road Jacksonville, Florida 32218

# 2018-2019

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Todd German, Director and Board Chair, effective January 25, 2019 (Florida) Lourdes Isla Marrero, Board Chair, resigned effective January 25, 2019 Ana Diaz, Secretary and Director David Concepcion, Director Jennifer Esquijarosa, Director Dr. Bernard Kimmel, Director Louis Marin, Director and Vice Chair (Texas) Brian M, Cox, Director, elected July 26, 2018

#### SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

Tunji Williams, Principal

#### OTHER NON-VOTING CORPORATE OFFICERS

Bernardo Montero, President Suzette Ruiz, Vice-President

#### BOARD COUNSEL

Charles Gibson, Esq. Eleni Pantaridis, Esq.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus Jacksonville, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus (the "School"), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which is a component unit of the District School Board of Duval County, as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position of Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Somerset Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of Somerset Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2019 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2019, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 9 and 29 through 30 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Alb Gravier, UP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 27, 2019

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus (A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2019

The corporate officers of Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the school's financial activities for the fiscal ended June 30, 2019.

# **Financial Highlights**

- 1. The net position of the School as of June 30, 2019 was \$423,721.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$255,413.
- 3. The School had an decrease in its net position of (\$1,829) during the year.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$172,241.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflow of resources. The difference between the two is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-11 of this report.

# Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12-15 of this report.

# Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 28 of this report.

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, the net position was \$423,721 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	2019	2018
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 80,803	\$ 158,506
Investments	50,000	20,000
Prepaid expenses	6,483	6,726
Due from other agencies	108,053	22,628
Due from affiliate and other charter schools	10,074	55,213
Due from affiliate and other charter schools, long term	178,320	178,320
Capital assets, net	56,603	17,703
Total Assets	490,336	459,096
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	40,125	33,546
Due to other charter school	24,161	-
Due to landlord	2,329	
Total Liabilities	66,615	33,546
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets and long term receivable	234,923	196,023
Unrestricted	188,798	229,527
Total Net Position	\$ 423,721	\$ 425,550

At the end of the fiscal year, the School is able to report positive balances in total net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	2019	2018
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Capital Grants and Contributions	\$ 76,122	\$ 71,488
Federal sources	173,976	174,024
Lunch Program fees	64,645	67,253
Charges for Services	-	-
General Revenues		
Local Sources (FTE and other non specific revenues)	822,522	912,386
Other Revenues	209,293	153,427
Total Revenues	\$ 1,346,558	\$ 1,378,578
EXPENSES		
Instruction	\$ 665,301	\$ 558,414
Instructional staff training	8,857	11,144
Board	11,963	12,344
School administration	206,792	243,948
Fiscal services	18,600	21,750
Food services	72,454	80,983
Central services	23,950	37,156
Student transportation services	13,996	17,135
Operation of plant	275,591	245,813
Maintenance of plant	50,883	76,438
Total Expenses	1,348,387	1,305,125
Increase in Net Position	(1,829)	73,453
Net Position at Beginning of Year	425,550	352,097
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 423,721	\$ 425,550

The School's revenues decreased by 32,020 and expenses increased by 43,262. The School had a decrease in its net position of (1,829) for the year.

# School Location and Lease of Facility

The School leases a facility located at 1429 Broward Road, Jacksonville, Florida.

# **Capital Improvement Requirements**

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

## **School Enrollment**

This past year, the School had on average 124 students enrolled in grades sixth to eighth grade.

# Achievements

In 2019, Somerset Academy Middle School Eagle Campus completed its 9th year of operations, serving approximately 125 students in grades 6-8. The school demonstrated vast academic improvement, as its grade went up to a "B" based on the points it received under the State of Florida Accountability Program.

Somerset Eagle believes that it is not enough to just challenge scholars to achieve academic excellence. We must also challenge our scholars to excellence in character.

The future of education lies in partnerships between communities, parents, and educators and their commitment to prepare lifelong learners. Therefore Somerset Academy, Inc. upholds an educational culture where:

Academic excellence is respected and pursued Teaching and learning is innovative Caring for others is intrinsic.

The "best practices" that have been established at Somerset Academy are derived from more than 16 years of educational success due to experienced board members, committed parents and students, and innovative educators. All Somerset programs implement the "neighborhood" school paradigm in their management structures to consistently maintain the feeling of a small school environment. Students can excel, parents and communities are involved in the process, and everyone is accountable for results.

On 2018-2019 state exams, scores for the English Language Arts FSA improved for the fourth grade with a passing rate of 55% for 2018-2019 compared to a passing rate of 17% for 2017-2018, fifth grade students' scores improved to 41% for 2018-2019 compared to 20% in 2017-2018.

Students participated in school-based productions and activities including a Science Fair, African American History Presentation, and Red-Ribbon Week. Also, the Girls Basketball Team were the North FL Sport Assoc. Champions while the Boys Basketball Team were 2nd place Runner Up in the North Division Championship.

As a member of the Somerset Academy network of high-quality charter schools, Somerset Academy Middle School (Eagle Campus) is fully accredited by AdvancED under the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Council on Accreditation and School Improvement (SACS-CASI) division. As with all the schools within the network, Somerset Academy Middle School (Eagle Campus) places high expectations for student learning and offers multiple opportunities for all students to acquire requisite knowledge, skills, and attitudes in a safe and nurturing environment. Key to achieving successful learning for all students is the school's implementation of research–based instructional strategies by a highly qualified instructional staff, and the use of innovative resources in a technology-rich setting.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$188,798. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$172,241. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

# Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2019 amounts to \$56,603 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes building and improvements, computer equipment and software and furniture, equipment, and textbooks. As of June 30, 2019, the School had no long-term debt associated to its capital assets.

# **Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights**

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund				
	Original				
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual		
REVENUES					
Program Revenues					
State capital outlay funding	\$ 72,500	\$ 77,128	\$ 76,122		
Federal sources	233,440	236,459	235,527		
Lunch program fees	2,500	3,500	3,094		
General Revenues					
FTE nonspecific revenues	865,650	821,124	822,522		
Charges and other revenues	104,300	206,300	209,293		
Total Revenues	1,278,390	1,344,511	1,346,558		
CURRENT EXPENDITURES					
Component Unit Activities:					
Instruction	348,455	591,210	651,400		
Instructional staff training	14,500	9,000	8,857		
Board	30,950	14,150	11,963		
School administration	289,466	212,516	206,792		
Fiscal services	21,750	18,600	18,600		
Food services	75,165	72,615	72,454		
Central services	26,750	24,228	23,950		
Student transportation services	20,000	16,228	13,996		
Operation of plant	262,011	277,103	275,591		
Maintenance of plant	76,400	53,000	50,883		
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 1,165,447	\$ 1,288,650	\$ 1,334,486		

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Broward, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida, 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

<u>sets</u>		Governmental Activities		
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	80,803		
Investments		50,000		
Prepaid expenses		6,483		
Due from other agencies		108,053		
Due from affiliate and other charter schools		10,074		
Total Current Assets		255,413		
Due from affiliate and other charter schools, long term		178,320		
Capital assets, depreciable		367,975		
Less: accumulated depreciation		(311,372)		
-		56,603		
Total Assets Deferred Outflows of Resources		490,336		
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Salaries and wages payable		40,125		
Due to other charter school		24,161		
Due to landlord		2,329		
Total Current Liabilities		66,615		
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets and long term receivable		234,923		
Unrestricted		188,798		
Total Net Position	\$	423,721		

# Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2019

			Program Revenues							
FUNCTIONS	F	xpenses		ges for vices	Gi	perating rants and ntributions	Gı	Capital cants and atributions	] an	t (Expense) Revenue d Changes Net Position
Instruction	\$	665,301	\$	-	\$	173,976	\$	-	\$	(491,325)
Instructional staff training		8,857		-		-		-		(8,857)
Board		11,963		-		-		-		(11,963)
School administration		206,792		-		-		-		(206,792)
Fiscal services		18,600		-		-		-		(18,600)
Food services		72,454	2	3,094		61,551		-		(7,809)
Central services		23,950		-		-		-		(23,950)
Student transportation services		13,996		-		-		-		(13,996)
Operation of plant		275,591		-		-		76,122		(199,469)
Maintenance of plant		50,883		-		-		-		(50,883)
Total governmental activities		1,348,387		3,094		235,527		76,122	(	1,033,644)

822,522
209,293
(1,829)
425,550
\$ 423,721
\$

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

				Special				Total
				special		Capital		
	Ge	neral Fund			5	jects Fund	Go	vernmental
			Rev	enue Fund	(No	on-Major)	Funds	
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	80,803	\$	-	\$	-	\$	80,803
Investments		50,000		-		-		50,000
Due from other agencies		64,051		39,249		4,753		108,053
Due from fund		44,002		-		-		44,002
Prepaid expenses		6,483		-		-		6,483
Due from affiliate and other charter schools		10,074		-		-		10,074
Total Assets		255,413		39,249		4,753		299,415
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		-	·			-		-
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Salaries and wages payable		40,125		-		-		40,125
Due to other charter school		24,161		-		-		24,161
Due to landlord		2,329		-				2,329
Due to fund		-		39,249		4,753		44,002
Total Liabilities		66,615	·	39,249	·	4,753		110,617
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>								
Deletted Innows of Resources								
<u>Fund balance</u>								
Nonspendable, not in spendable form		16,557		-		-		16,557
Unassigned		172,241		-		-		172,241
		188,798		-		-		188,798
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balance	\$	255,413	\$	39,249	\$	4,753	\$	299,415

The accompanying notes are an integral

part of this financial statement.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Total Fund Balance	e - Governmental Funds	\$ 188,798
Amounts reported different because:	for governmental activities in the statement of net position are	
	Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.	
	Capital assets, depreciable 367,975	
	Less: accumulated depreciation (311,372)	56,603
	Long term receivables from other schools in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	 178,320
Total Net Position -	- Governmental Activities	\$ 423,721

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund (Non-Major)	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 76,122	\$ 76,122
State passed through local	822,522	-	-	822,522
Federal sources	-	235,527	-	235,527
Lunch program fees	-	3,094	-	3,094
Charges and other revenue	209,293			209,293
Total Revenues	1,031,815	238,621	76,122	1,346,558
Expenditures: Current				
Instruction	585,996	65,404	-	651,400
Board	11,963	-	-	11,963
Instructional staff training	5,467	3,390	-	8,857
School administration	142,754	64,038	-	206,792
Fiscal services	18,600	-	-	18,600
Food services	-	72,454	-	72,454
Central services	23,950	-	-	23,950
Student transportation services	13,996	-	-	13,996
Operation of plant	199,469	-	76,122	275,591
Maintenance of plant	50,883	-	-	50,883
Capital Outlay:	20,002			20,002
Other capital outlay	11,657	41,144	-	52,801
Total Expenditures	1,064,735	246,430	76,122	1,387,287
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(32,920)	(7,809)		(40,729)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in (out)	(7,809)	7,809	-	-
Net change in fund balance	(40,729)	-	-	(40,729)
Fund Balance at beginning of year	229,527			229,527
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 188,798	\$-	\$ -	\$ 188,798

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ (40,729)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded from depreciation expense.

Capital outlay	52,801	
Depreciation expense	(13,901)	38,900

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (1,829)

### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### Reporting Entity

Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus (the "School"), is a component unit of the School Board of Duval County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus, which is composed of seven members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Duval County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2020 and it can be renewed in accordance with law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in Jacksonville, Florida for students from sixth through eighth grades and is funded by the District. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2019, when on average 124 students were enrolled for the school year.

# Basis of presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds with all non-major funds aggregated in a single column:

*General Fund* - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

*Special Revenue Fund* - accounts for specific revenue, such as federal lunch program and other federal grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. On the accrual basis, revenues from grants and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year.

Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

# Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts. The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School has adopted GASB Codification Section 3100 *Fair Value Measurement and Application* (see Note 3).

### Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund receivables/payables ("due from/to") are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

#### Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

### Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$500 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Improvements	5 Years
Furniture, Equipment and Software	5 Years
Textbooks	3 Years

### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for sick days available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

### Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the state through the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local capital improvement ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

# Net position and Fund balance classifications

# Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three (3) components:

- a) <u>Net investment in capital assets and long term receivables</u> consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and long term receivables reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets and long-term receivables."

### Fund financial statements

Under GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

a) <u>Nonspendable</u> - includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned). All nonspendable balances at year end relate to not in spendable form assets.

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- b) <u>Restricted</u> fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

# Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The School's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries. First, non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as unrestricted fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when non-spendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purposes amounts exceed the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

### Income Taxes

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 27, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

### Note 2 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the period ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance			Balance	
	07/01/18	Additions	Retirements	06/30/19	
Capital Assets:					
Improvements	\$ 3,815	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,815	
Computer equipment and software	103,167	43,259	-	146,426	
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	208,192	9,542	-	217,734	
Total Capital Assets	315,174	52,801	-	367,975	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Improvements	(3,815)	-	-	(3,815)	
Computer equipment and software	(87,583)	(9,466)	-	(97,049)	
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	(206,073)	(4,435)	-	(210,508)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(297,471)	(13,901)	-	(311,372)	
Capital Assets, net	\$ 17,703	\$ 38,900	\$ -	\$ 56,603	

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, depreciation expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

Instruction	\$ 13,901
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 13,901

### Note 3 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

#### Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in one financial institution. As of June 30, 2019, the School's deposits consisted of cash balances of \$7,100.

Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Somerset Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2019, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage was \$7,100.

# Note 3 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (continued)

### Investments

The School categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GASB Codification Section 3100 *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2019, the School has the following recurring fair value measurements:

• Government money market mutual fund of \$50,000 valued using Level 2 inputs.

The government money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of July 31, 2019, the fund's annual report, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 81% within 30 days.

# Credit Risk

*Concentration of credit risk* is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

*Custodial credit risk* is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2018, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

*Interest rate risk* is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

# Note 4 – Education Services and Support Provider

Academica Broward, LLC, an education services and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting, financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee per full time equivalent (FTE) student per year. The agreement is with Somerset Academy, Inc. for a period of five years, through June 30, 2021, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed for an additional term of five (5) years. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the School incurred \$55,800 in fees, of which \$56,250 were granted to the School and are non-recoverable.

Academica Broward, LLC is located at 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the School received a recoverable grant of \$150,000 from Academica Management, LLC. Repayment of these grants is contingent on the school subsequently meeting certain financial conditions. To date, management has determined that the school has not met the requirements for repayment under the grant terms. The maximum amount the School may be required to pay in the future should the school meet the requirements for repayment is \$150,000.

# Note 5 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.

Somerset Academy, Inc. operates various charter schools. During 2019, the School shared its facility with Somerset Preparatory Academy and Somerset Academy Elementary Eagle, other charter schools under Somerset Academy, Inc. Through the board, management allocates a proportionate share of leases, salaries, lunch receipts, food and supplies, and other expenses based on student enrollment and usage of facilities and staff to this school and other schools operated by Somerset Academy, Inc.

The School had a long-term receivable of \$178,320 from Somerset Academy Eagle Campus as of June 30, 2019.

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in long-term receivable for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance	Balance		
	07/01/18 Additions		Deletions	06/30/19
Somerset Eagle Campus	\$ 178,320	\$-	\$ -	\$ 178,320
Total Long Term Receivables	\$ 178,320	\$-	\$ -	\$ 178,320

# Note 5 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc. (continued)

Somerset Academy, Inc. charges its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus paid Somerset Academy, Inc. \$19,050 in connection with these charges during the year.

During the years ended June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2018, the School received recoverable grants in totaling \$365,000 from Somerset Academy, Inc. Repayment of these grants is contingent on the school subsequently meeting certain financial conditions. To date, management has determined that the school has not met the requirements for repayment under the grant terms. The maximum amount the School may be required to pay in the future should the school meet the requirements for repayment is \$365,000.

# Note 6 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations

The School entered into a lease agreement with Saint Patrick School Development, LLC for its facility including twelve classrooms (initially), a lunchroom/hall, gymnasium, covered and open patio areas, playfields, and additional related facilities. The landlord is an affiliate of the School's educational service provider (See Note 4). This facility is shared with Somerset Preparatory Academy and Somerset Academy Elementary Eagle (a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.). Initial fixed annual payments under this agreement are based on \$1,000 per full time equivalent (FTE) student with a first year minimum of \$250,000 and a \$350,000 minimum each year thereafter, plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. The per-student fixed rent shall increase by 2% each year beginning with the third year. The agreement continues through July 31, 2033 with an option to renew for two additional successive periods of five years each. Under the agreement, Somerset Academy, Inc. must meet certain requirements and covenants including maintaining a "Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio" of not less than 1.10 to 1.00.

Lease payments are allocated between the three schools based on enrollment and usage of facility. The allocation used for 2019, was 34% for the School, 49% for Somerset Preparatory Academy, and 17% for Somerset Academy Elementary Eagle. For 2019, rent expense totaled \$140,009.

For 2019-2020, the Board of Directors elected to voluntarily not renewal the charter agreement of Somerset Academy Preparatory, therefore the School will be sharing the campus with only Somerset Academy Elementary Eagle.

### Note 6 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentration (continued)

Future minimum payments under the facility lease agreement to be shared between the School and Somersete Academy Elementary Eagle:

Year		
2020	\$ 409,614	
2021	\$ 417,806	
2022	\$ 426,162	
2023	\$ 434,686	
2024	\$ 443,379	
2025-2029	\$ 2,353,511	(total for five year period)
2030-2033	\$ 2,057,990	(total for four year period)

# **Contingencies and Concentrations**

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 5% (or 2% if the school is high performing) of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2019, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$40,142.

### Note 7 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

### Note 7 – Risk Management (continued)

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreements, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

# **Note 8 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan**

The School's personnel, who are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc. are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a match of 100% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of employee's compensation. Contributions to the plan were \$7,625 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The school does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the plans' assets, which are administered by Voya.

### **Note 9 – Interfund Transfers**

Interfund transfers in governmental funds as of June 30, 2019, consist of the following:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund
To transfer lunch deficit	\$ (7,809)	\$ 7,809	\$ -
Total Transfers, net	\$ (7,809)	\$ 7,809	\$ -
	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund
Due to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund for capital outlay	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,753
Due to General Fund from Special Revenue Fund for Title I		_	39,249
Total Due from/(Due to)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 44,002

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund					
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES						
State passed through local	\$	865,650	\$	821,124	\$	822,522
Charges and other revenue		104,300		206,300		209,293
Total Revenues		969,950		1,027,424		1,031,815
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		264,188		512,951		585,996
Instructional Staff Training		14,500		5,500		5,467
Board		30,950		14,150		11,963
School Administration		225,916		147,516		142,754
Fiscal Services		21,750		18,600		18,600
Central Services		26,750		24,228		23,950
Student transportation services		20,000		16,228		13,996
Operation of Plant		189,511		199,975		199,469
Maintenance of Plant		76,400		53,000		50,883
Total Current Expenditures		869,965		992,148		1,053,078
Excess (deficit) of Revenues						_
Over Current Expenditures		99,985		35,276		(21,263)
Capital Outlay		_		25,000		11,657
Total Expenditures		869,965		1,017,148		1,064,735
Excess (deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		99,985		10,276		(32,920)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in (out)				(9,415)		(7,809)
Net change in fund balance		99,985		861		(40,729)
Fund Balance at beginning of year		229,527		229,527		229,527
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	329,512	\$	230,388	\$	188,798

#### Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2019

				Revenue Fund	I	
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES						
Federal sources	\$	233,440	\$	236,459	\$	235,527
Lunch program fees		2,500		3,500		3,094
Total Revenues		235,940		239,959		238,621
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		84,267		78,259		65,404
Instructional staff training		12,958		3,500		3,390
School administration		63,550		65,000		64,038
Food services		75,165		72,615		72,454
Total Current Expenditures		235,940		219,374		205,286
Excess of Revenues						
Over Current Expenditures		-		20,585		33,335
Capital Outlay				30,000		41,144
Total Expenditures		235,940		249,374		246,430
Deficit of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		(9,415)		(7,809)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out)				9,415		7,809
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-
Fund Balance at beginning of year		-				-
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	-	\$		\$	-

#### Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus Jacksonville, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2019.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 27, 2019 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

# Purpose of this report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Alb Gravier, UP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 27, 2019



# MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus Jacksonville, Florida

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus, Jacksonville, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2019.

# Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

# **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 27, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

# **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no findings made and recommendations made in the preceeding audit report.

# **Official Title**

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and school code assigned by the Florida Department of education of the entity is Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus, 1261

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# **Financial Condition and Management**

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus. It is management's responsibility to monitor Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings. However, the School has received recoverable grants during the years ended June 30, 2014 through 2019, totaling \$515,000 from various sources (see Notes 4 and 5 of the financial statements). Should Somerset Academy, Inc. and Academica Management, LLC no longer support the School with annual recoverable grants, the School will immediately experience a financial deteriorating condition.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we had the following recommendations:

### ML – 19-01 CAPITAL ASSETS

Criteria:	The School is required to maintain an inventory of capital assets purchased with public funds in accordance with local, state or federal regulations.
Condition:	We noted that the School does not have a formal process for reconciling the capital assets inventory report to the capital assets of the Schools trial balance.
Cause:	The condition results from school personnel not consistently performing an inventory of all fixed assets and reconciling to the Schools trial balance.
Effect:	Failure to perform the procedures mentioned above could result in a misstated Annual Property Inventory.
Recom- mendation:	We recommend that the School perform an annual inventory of all capital assets and reconcile to the capital asset ledgers recorded on the School's books.
Views of Resp	onsible
officials:	Management will adhere to auditor's recommendation. The ESSP is assisting the schools with identifying the proper support to ensure schools are in full compliance with inventory requirements.

# Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to report the results of our determination as to whether Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Academy Middle Eagle Campus maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we do not have such recommendations.

### **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Duval County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 27, 2019