Basic Financial Statements and Additional Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors SouthTech Success Center, Inc.

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of SouthTech Success Center, Inc. (the "School"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



SOUTH FLORIDA BUSINESS JOURNAL

Emphasis of Matter

As of June 30, 2020, the School rescinded their charter agreement and notified the School Board of Palm Beach County, Florida of its intent to terminate the School's operations.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 6, the budgetary comparison schedules – general fund and special revenue fund on pages 24 and 25 and the schedules related to the pension plan on pages 26 through 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 16, 2020, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 16, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



Our discussion and analysis of SouthTech Success Center (the "School") financial performance provides an overview of the School's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2020. Information in this section is normally presented in comparative format but since this is the initial year of operations, only one year is available. Please read it in conjunction with the School's financial statements which immediately follow this discussion.

Financial Highlights

The following are highlights of financial activity for the year ended June 30, 2020:

- The School's total assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows as of June 30, 2020 by \$ 17,653 (net position).
- The School's net position (deficit) increased by \$ 168,416 during the current fiscal year as a result of this year's operations.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements, which consist of the following two statements, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- The statement of net position presents information on all the School's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.
- The statement of activities presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by grants and entitlements from the state for full-time equivalent funding. The School does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the School primarily include instruction and instructional support services.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 7 and 8 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School only has one category of funds - governmental funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balance provide reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School maintains two governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance. The General and Special Revenue funds are considered to be the School's major funds.

The School adopts an annual budget for its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the General and Special Revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with the budgets adopted for each.

The governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 9 through 12 of this report.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 23 of this report.

Other Information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the School's adopted budget to actual results and schedules relating to the School's Pension Plan. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 24 through 31 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. The following table reflects the condensed government-wide statement of net position as of June 30:

SouthTech Success Center Statement of Net Position

Statement of Net Position	
	2020
Current Assets	\$ 47,383
Noncurrent Assets and Deferred Outflows	37,361
Total assets and deferred outflows	84,744
Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities and	13,724
Deferred Inflows	53,367
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	67,091
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	21,962 (4,309)
Total net position	\$ 17,653

A portion of the School's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The School uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The remaining balance, unrestricted, may be used to meet the School's ongoing obligations.

The following table reflects the School's change in net position for the year ended June 30, 2020:

SouthTech Success Center Statement of Changes in Net Position

	2020
Revenues: General revenues Program revenues Total revenues	\$ 727,496 239,974 967,470
Expenses: Instruction Administration Operation and maintenance of plant Student transportation services Fiscal services Board expenditures	432,447 235,905 55,298 49,039 21,859 4,506
Total expenses	799,054
Change in net position	168,416
Net Position (Deficit), beginning of year	(150,763)
Net Position, end of year	\$ 17,653

Financial Analysis of the School's Funds

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The focus of the School's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the School's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the School. At the end of year 2020, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$ 32,934.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Total revenues were unfavorable to the budget by approximately \$88,600.

Total expenditures were favorable to the budget by approximately \$ 106,400. See page 24 for budget and actual comparisons.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets: The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2020 amounts to \$21,962 net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets is composed of furniture & equipment and audio visual and computer software.

Debt: At June 30, 2020, the School had no outstanding debt.

Economic Factors

The School does not anticipate that any future economic factors will affect the planned closure of the School.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of SouthTech Success Center, Inc. for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the SouthTech Success Center, Inc.; 6161 W. Woolbright Road, Boynton Beach, FL 33437.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



	Governmental Activities
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Due from government agencies	\$ 45,660 1,723
Total current assets	47,383
Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	21,962
Total noncurrent assets	21,962
Total assets	69,345
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred pension outflows	15,399
Total assets and deferred outflows	84,744
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to related party	100 13,624
Total current liabilities	13,724
Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability	50,416
Total noncurrent liabilities	50,416
Total liabilities	64,140
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred pension inflows	2,951
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	67,091
Net Position (deficit): Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit)	21,962 (4,309)
Total net position	\$ 17,653

	_Expe	nses	Gra	Program pital nts and ributions	G	nues Operating Frants and ntributions	-	Governmental Activities Net Revenue (Expense) and Change in Net Position
Functions/Programs:								
Governmental activities:			_		_			(
Instruction	\$ 411,		\$	-	\$	217,859	\$	(193,349)
Pupil personnel services		730		-		121		(13,609)
Instructional staff training Board expenditures		509 506		-		7,354		(155) (4,506)
General administration	43,			_		6,689		(36,794)
School administration	172,			_		7,951		(164,619)
Fiscal services	,	859		_		-		(21,859)
Central services		906		-		-		(17,906)
Student transportation services	49,			-		-		(49,039)
Operation and maintenance								, ,
of plant	55,	298		-		-		(55,298)
Administrative technology								
services	1,	946					_	(1,946)
Total governmental								
activities	\$ <u>799,</u>	054	\$	-	\$	239,974		(559,080)
400.000	+ <u>- 1007</u>		T		—		-	(000)0007
	Genera							
			fic reve					566,451
	Contri	outions	and of	her reven	iue		_	161,045
	Tota	al gene	ral reve	nues			_	727,496
	Change in net position						168,416	
	Net position (deficit), July 1, 2019, inception						_	(150,763)
	Net pos	ition, J	une 30,	2020			\$_	17,653

	_	General Fund	_	Special Revenue Fund	_	Total
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Due from government agancies Due from speical revenue fund	\$ 	45,660 - 1,723	\$	- 1,723 -	\$	45,660 1,723 1,723
Total assets	\$	47,383	\$ _	1,723	\$ <u></u>	49,106
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to general fund Due to related party Total liabilities	\$ 	100 - 13,624 13,724	\$	1,723 1,723	\$	100 1,723 13,624 15,447
Fund Balances: Assigned - school-based student activity organizations Unassigned Total fund balances	_	725 32,934 33,659	_	- - -	_	725 32,934 33,659
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ <u></u>	47,383	\$ <u>_</u>	1,723	\$ <u></u>	49,106

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds			\$	33,659
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources; therefore, they are not reported in the governmental funds.				
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$	29,283 (7,321)		21,962
Certain funds related to pension assets and liabilities are not reported in the governmental funds.				
Deferred outflows, relating to the net pension liability Deferred inflows, relating to the net pension liability				15,399 (2,951)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.				
Net pension liability			-	(50,416)
Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ <u>_</u>	17,653

	_	General Fund	_	Special Revenue Fund	_	Total
Revenues: State sources	\$	566,451	\$		\$	566,451
Federal sources	Þ	500,451	Ş	239,974	Ş	239,974
Local sources	_	10,282	_	-	_	10,282
Total revenues	_	576,733	-	239,974	-	816,707
Expenditures:						
Instruction		166,515		217,859		384,374
Pupil personnel services		13,232		121		13,353
Instructional staff training		-		7,354		7,354
Board expenditures		4,320		-		4,320
General administration		35,969		6,689		42,658
School administration		150,412		7,951		158,363
Fiscal services		19,996		-		19,996
Central services		17,250		-		17,250
Student transportation services Operation and maintenance of plant		49,039 55,298		-		49,039 55,298
Administrative technology services		1,760		_		1,760
Capital outlay	_	29,283	_	-	_	29,283
Total expenditures	_	543,074	_	239,974	-	783,048
Net changes in fund balances		33,659		-		33,659
Fund Balances, July 1, 2019, inception	_	-	-	-	-	
Fund Balances, June 30, 2020	\$ _	33,659	\$	-	\$	33,659

SouthTech Success Center, Inc.
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,
Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 33,659
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as a provision for depreciation.		
Cost of capital assets Provision for depreciation	\$ 29,283 (7,321)	21,962
Foregiveness of debt is reported as a revenue in the statement of activities but not recorded in the statement of revenue, expenditures and change in fund balances - governmental funds.		\$ 150,763
Certain changes related to pension assets and liabilities are not reported in the net change in the governmental funds.		
Change in deferred outflows Change in deferred inflows		15,399 (2,951)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities require the use of current financial resources and, therefore not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Change in the net pension liability		 (50,416)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 168,416

Note 1 - Organization and Operations

SouthTech Success Center (the "School"), is a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act, and Section 228.056, Florida Statutes. The School commenced operations in August 2019 and offers classes for grades nine through twelve in the City of Boynton Beach, Florida. Seventy-six students were enrolled in classes when the school year ended June 30, 2020.

As of June 30, 2020, the School is no longer in operations. All students and staff have been absorbed into South Tech Charter Academy, Inc.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity: The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring School Board, the School Board of Palm Beach County, Florida. The current charter is effective until June 30, 2024. At the end of the term of the charter, the Board may choose not to renew the charter under grounds specified in the charter, in which case the Board is required to notify the School in writing at least ninety days prior to the charter's expiration. During the term of the charter, the Board may also terminate the charter if good cause is shown.

The School may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the School regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by another government, or a jointly approved board. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

As a result of evaluating the above criteria, management has determined that no component units exist for which the School is financially accountable which would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

Basis of presentation: Based on the guidance presented in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Audit and Accounting Guide — Not-for-Profit Organizations and provisions of Section 228.056(9), Florida Statutes, the School is presented as a governmental organization for financial statement reporting purposes.

Government-wide financial statements: Government-wide financial statements, including the statement of net position and the statement of activities, present information about the School as a whole.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School.

This government-wide focus is more on the ability to sustain the School as an entity and the change in the School's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund financial statements: Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School in the governmental funds. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column. Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements differs from the focus of government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is presented with each of the governmental fund financial statements.

The School reports the following major funds:

- **General Fund** This fund is employed in accounting for all the operating activities of the School except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- **Special Revenue Fund** This fund is used to account for federal grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Net position: Net position is classified in three categories. The general meaning of each is as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets represents the difference between the cost of any capital assets, less accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, if any.
- Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted indicates that portion of net position that can be used for future operations.

Fund balance: The School has implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and* Governmental *Fund Type Definitions*. This statement provides more clearly defined fund balance classifications to report on the nature and extent to which the School is bound to have constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Nonspendable amounts that are not in spendable form (such as prepaid items and deposits) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted amounts constrained to specific purposes by external providers (such as grantors) or imposed by law through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed amounts constrained to specific purposes by formal action of the School itself, using its highest level of decision making authority (i.e., the School Board) through Resolution. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School's Board takes the same highest level action (i.e., Resolution) to remove or change the constraint.

- Assigned amounts the School intends to use for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments can be made by the School's body or any delegated authority at their direction.
- Unassigned amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the School considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the School considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the School Board or its delegated official or body has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting: Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied. Governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and the governmental-wide statement uses the economic resources measurement focus.

Governmental activity in the government-wide financial statements is presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The governmental fund basic financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents are defined as demand deposits, money market accounts, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Due from government agencies: Amounts due to the School by governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

Due to/from other funds: Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. The balances result from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions recorded in the accounting system including reimbursement receivables from award grantor agency, and payments between funds are made.

Prepaid expenses/expenditures: Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to a future accounting period and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital assets: Capital assets purchased or acquired are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with an initial cost of \$ 1,000 and useful life of over one year. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

10-30 years
5-10 years
5-10 years
8-10 years

Compensated absences: Compensated absences (i.e. paid absences for employee vacation leave and sick leave) are recorded as expenditures in governmental funds when leave is used or when accrued as payable to employees entitled to cash payment in lieu of taking leave. In the government-wide financial statements, compensated absences are recorded as an expense when earned by the employees. The liability for compensated absences is classified as a long-term liability that is due within one year because the amount of vacation and sick time to be used after the following year cannot be reasonably estimated.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources: In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. At June 30, 2020, the School had deferred outflows of \$15,399, which is related to the net pension liability.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. At June 30, 2020, the School had deferred inflows of \$ 2,951, which is related to the net pension liability.

Unearned revenue: Unearned revenue arises when the School receives resources before it has a legal claim to them.

Grant and contract revenue: Grant and contract revenue is recognized when the allowable costs as defined by the individual grant or contract are incurred.

Revenue recognition: Student funding is provided by the State of Florida through the School Board. Such funding is recorded as entitlement revenue in the government-wide financial statements and state source revenue in the fund financial statements and is net of a 5% administration fee retained by the School Board. This funding is received on a prorata basis over the twelve month period and is adjusted for changes in full-time equivalent (FTE) student population.

Income taxes: The School is a department of a nonprofit corporation whose revenue is derived primarily from other governmental entities. The School is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in these basic financial statements.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Date of management's review: Subsequent events have been evaluated through September 16, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 - Budgets

The School formally adopted budgets for the General and Special Revenue funds by function for the year ended June 30, 2020. The budgets have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. A comparison of the actual results of operations to the final budgeted amounts for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund are presented as required supplemental information.

Note 4 - Deposits

At June 30, 2020 the total carrying amount of the School's cash balances was \$45,660. The bank balance at local depositories was \$120,660.

State statutes require, and it is the School's policy, that all deposits be made into, and be held by, financial institutions designated by the treasurer of the State of Florida as qualified public depositories as defined by Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. This statute requires that every qualified public depository institution maintain eligible collateral to secure the public entity's funds. The minimal collateral to be pledged by an institution, the collateral eligible for pledge, and reporting requirements of the qualified public depositor to the treasurer is defined by the statue. Collateral is pooled in a multiple qualified public depository institution pool with the ability to assess members of the pool should the need arise. The School's deposits are held in a qualified public depository. They are covered by the collateral pool, as the School has identified itself as a public entity at June 30, 2020.

Note 5 - Note Payable

The School previously entered into a note payable to South Tech Charter Academy, Inc. ("STCA") (Note 8). This note provided up to \$350,000 to the School to fund start-up operations. The note bears no interest and all outstanding principal was due and payable on June 30, 2021. Due to the School ceasing operations, it was determined that STCA forgive this note payable, which had a balance of \$150,763, and thus as of June 30, 2020, there is no outstanding balance on this note payable.

Note 6 - Contingencies and Commitments

Grant funding: The School received financial assistance from federal, state, and local governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and may be subject to audit by the grantor agencies. In accordance with Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards Uniform Guidance)* and the Florida Single Audit Act, the School is required to conduct "single audits" when the required threshold, which is \$ 750,000 for both federal and state financial assistance, is met. The School exceeded the federal threshold and thus a single audit is required under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 7 - Related Party Transactions

The School is related to STCA through common board members. The Schools entered into an agreement to provide short term financing to assist with the School's start up. The outstanding balance of the financing agreement at June 30, 2020 of \$ 150,763 (Note 5) was written off as this amount will not be paid back due to the closing of the School.

At June 30, 2020, the School has a payable balance to STCA in the amount of \$13,624 which represents reimbursement of certain shared expenditures. This amount is expected to be paid back to STCA.

Note 8 - Florida Retirement System

As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the Florida Retirement System ("FRS") provides two cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, including the FRS Pension Plan ("Pension and/or FRS Plan") and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS Plan"). As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, county government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the State of Florida. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code. Amendments to the law can be made only by an act of the Florida State Legislature.

The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or by calling (877) 377-1737 or by visiting the website: http://www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce_operations/retirement/publications.

Pension Plan:

<u>Plan Description</u> - The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") for eligible employees.

Benefits Provided - Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011, Regular class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Vested members with less than 30 years of service may retire before age 62 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Special Risk Administrative Support class members who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service or 25 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service.

Note 8 - Florida Retirement System (continued)

Special Risk class members (sworn law enforcement officers, firefighters, and correctional officers) who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service, or with 25 years of service regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Senior Management Service class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 2.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Elected Officers' class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% (3.33% for judges and justices) of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of creditable service.

For Plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of creditable service for all these members and increasing normal retirement to age 65 or 33 years of service regardless of age for Regular, Senior Management Service, and Elected Officers' class members, and to age 60 or 30 years of service regardless of age for Special Risk and Special Risk Administrative Support class members. Also, the final average compensation for all these members will be based on the eight highest years of salary.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before August 1, 2011, the annual cost of living adjustment ("COLA") is three percent per year. The COLA formula for retirees with an effective retirement date or DROP begin date on or after August 1, 2011, will be the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit divided by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants.

<u>Contributions</u> - Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute three percent of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year. The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020, were as follows: Regular – 8.47%; Special Risk Administrative Support – 38.59%; Special Risk – 25.48%; Senior Management Service – 25.41%; Elected Officers' - 48.82%; and DROP participants – 14.60%. These employer contribution rates include 1.66% HIS Plan subsidy for the periods from July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020.

HIS Plan:

<u>Plan Description</u> - The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$ 5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$ 30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$ 150 per month. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Note 8 - Florida Retirement System (continued)

<u>Contributions</u> - The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employer's asset by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the HIS contribution for the period from July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020 was 1.66%. The School contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2020, the School reported liabilities of \$ 36,576 for its proportionate share of the FRS Plan's net pension liability and \$ 13,840 for the HIS Plan's net pension liability for a total net pension liability of \$ 50,416. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School's 2019-20 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2018-19 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the School's proportion was 0.00093726% for the FRS plan and 0.00161149% for the HIS plan, which was an increase of 0.00093726% and 0.00161149%, respectively from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School recognized pension expense of \$31,418 for the FRS Plan and \$6,551 for the HIS Plan for a total pension expense of \$37,969.

At June 30, 2020, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources						
	FRS HIS Plan Plan			Total		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	-		3,129		3,129	
	1,371		13		1,384	
	3,426		4,192		7,618	
_	3,187		81		3,268	
\$_	7,984	\$_	7,415	\$_	15,399	
	\$ \$ \$_	FRS Plan \$ 1,371 3,426 3,187	\$ - \$ - 1,371 3,426 3,187	FRS Plan Plan \$ - \$ - 3,129 1,371 13 3,426 4,192 3,187 81	FRS Plan Plan \$ - \$ - \$ - 3,129 1,371 13 3,426 4,192 3,187 81	

Note 8 - Florida Retirement System (continued)

	Deferred Inflows of Resources					
	_	FRS Plan	_	HIS Plan	_	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,403	\$	126	\$	1,529
Changes of assumptions		1,422		-		1,422
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		-		-
Changes in proportion and differences between School contributions and proportionate share of contributions	_		_		_	
Total	\$_	2,825	\$_	126	\$_	2,951

Deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plan, totaling \$ 3,268 related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent reporting period ending June 30, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	FRS Plan	_	HIS Plan	_	Total
2021	\$ (5,134)	\$	1,120	\$	(4,014)
2022	\$ (2,183)	\$	933	\$	(1,250)
2023	\$ (4,158)	\$	829	\$	(3,329)
2024	\$ (3,152)	\$	415	\$	(2,737)
2025	\$ (1,044)	Ş	375	\$	(669)
Thereafter	\$ (285)	\$	439	\$	154

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumption Conference is responsible for setting the assumptions used in the funding valuations of both pension plans pursuant to section 216.136 (10), Florida Statutes. The Pension Plan's valuation is performed annually. The HIS Plan has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the Pension Plan was completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018. Because the HIS Plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed for that program. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the Pension Plan.

Note 8 - Florida Retirement System (continued)

	FRS Plan	HIS Plan			
Inflation	2.60%	2.60%			
Salary increases	3.25%, average, including inflation	3.25%, average, including inflation			
Investment rate of return	6.90%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation	N/A			
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age	Individual entry age			
Mortality table	PUB-2010 with Projection Scale MP-2018	Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables			

<u>Long-term Expected Rate of Return</u> - The long-term expected rate of Return on Pension Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation (1)	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.0%	3.3%	3.3%	1.2%
Fixed income	18.0%	4.1%	4.1%	3.5%
Global equity	54.0%	8.0%	6.8%	16.5%
Real estate	10.0%	6.7%	6.1%	11.7%
Private equity	11.0%	11.2%	8.4%	25.8%
Strategic investments	6.0%	5.9%	5.7%	6.7%
Total	100.0%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.6%	1.7%

⁽¹⁾ As outlined in the Pension Plan's investment policy

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90% for the FRS Plan. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculation the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.50% for the HIS Plan. In general, the discount rate for calculating the HIS Plan's total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS Plan benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the municipal bond rate of 3.50% was used to determine the total pension liability. The Bond Buyer General Obligation Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Note 8 - Florida Retirement System (continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following table represents sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis, below, shows the impact of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability if the discount rate was 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current discount rate at June 30, 2019.

		1% Decrease 5.90%	_	Current Discount Rate 6.90%	_	1% Increase 7.90%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability for FRS Plan	\$_	62,871	\$	36,576	\$_	14,236
	_	1% Decrease 2.50%	_	Current Discount Rate 3.50%	_	1% Increase 4.50%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability for HIS Plan	\$_	14,495	\$_	13,840	\$_	11,201

Note 9 - Risk Financing

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School places all insurance risk, less nominal deductibles, in the hands of commercial carriers. At the present time, management believes that any claims the School may have are insured and that any expense associated with them will not materially affect the financial position of the School.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION



		Original		Final		Actual	(Favorable Unfavorable) Variance
Revenues:	-		-		_		_	
State sources	\$	918,016	\$	665,228	\$	566,451	\$	(98,777)
Local sources	-	100	_	100	_	10,282	_	10,182
Total revenues	_	918,116	_	665,328	_	576,733	_	(88,595)
Expenditures:								
Instruction		358,117		247,424		166,515		80,909
Pupil personnel services		3,105		26,229		13,232		12,997
Board expenditures		19,509		9,860		4,320		5,540
General administration		79,845		41,282		35,969		5,313
School administration		165,560		151,104		150,412		692
Fiscal services		19,113		19,952		19,996		(44)
Central services		20,874		17,366		17,250		116
Student transportation services Operation and maintenance		75,000		70,000		49,039		20,961
of plant Administrative technology		74,010		64,000		55,298		8,702
services		24,399		2,260		1,760		500
Capital outlay	_		_		_	29,283	_	(29,283)
Total expenditures	_	839,532	-	649,477	_	543,074	_	106,403
Net change in								
fund balance	\$_	78,584	\$_	15,851	\$_	33,659	\$_	17,808

	_	Original		Final		Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance
Revenues:		_	-	_		_	
CSP grant revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	171,972	\$ 171,972
IDEA grant revenues		25,870		25,870		30,874	5,004
Title I funds		34,902		34,902		26,856	(8,046)
Title IV funds		2,662		2,662		7,924	5,262
Title II funds		4,855		4,855		2,348	(2,507)
Title III funds	_	789		789	_		(789)
Total revenues	_	69,078	-	69,078		239,974	170,896
Expenditures:							
Instruction		62,712		62,712		217,859	(155,147)
Pupil personnel services		35		35		121	(86)
Instructional staff training		2,117		2,117		7,354	(5,237)
General adminstration		1,925		1,925		6,689	(4,764)
Student adminstration	_	2,289		2,289	_	7,951	(5,662)
Total expenditures	_	69,078		69,078	_	239,974	(170,896)
Net change in fund balance	\$_		\$		\$_	_	\$

SouthTech Success Center, Inc.
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan
Last 10 Fiscal Years *
(Unaudited)

	2019
SouthTech Success Center, Inc.'s proportion of the net pension liability	0.00093726%
SouthTech Success Center, Inc.'s proportionate share of the net	
pension liability	\$ 36,576
SouthTech Success Center, Inc.'s covered-employee payroll	\$ 49,689
SouthTech Success Center, Inc.'s proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage	
of its covered-employee payroll	73.61%
Plan fiduciary net position as a	
percentage of total pension liability	96.09%

^{*} This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

SouthTech Success Center, Inc.
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program
Last 10 Fiscal Years *
(Unaudited)

	,	2019
SouthTech Success Center, Inc.'s proportion of the net pension liability		0.00161149%
SouthTech Success Center, Inc.'s proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	13,840
SouthTech Success Center, Inc.'s covered-employee payroll	\$	49,689
SouthTech Success Center, Inc.'s proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		27.85%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		2.15%

^{*} This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

SouthTech Success Center, Inc.
Schedule of Contributions
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan
Last 10 Fiscal Years *
(Unaudited)

	2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 29,062
Contributions in related to the contractually required contribution	\$ (29,062)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _
SouthTech Success Center, Inc.'s covered-employee payroll	\$ 49,689
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	58.49%

^{*} This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

SouthTech Success Center, Inc.
Schedule of Contributions
Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program
Last 10 Fiscal Years *
(Unaudited)

	_	2019
Contractually required contribution	\$	8,948
Contributions in related to the contractually required contribution	\$_	(8,948)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	
SouthTech Success Center, Inc.'s covered-employee payroll	\$	49,689
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		18.01%

^{*} This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

SouthTech Success Center, Inc.
Schedule of Investment Returns
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan
Last 10 Fiscal Years *
(Unaudited)

2019

Annual money-weighted annual rate of return, net of investment expenses

5.98%

* This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

SouthTech Success Center, Inc.
Schedule of Investment Returns
Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program
Last 10 Fiscal Years *
(Unaudited)

2019

Annual money-weighted annual rate of return, net of investment expenses

5.98%

^{*} This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

OTHER AUDITOR'S REPORTS





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors SouthTech Success Center, Inc.

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of SouthTech Success Center, Inc. (the "School") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 16, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Purpose of this Report

This purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 16, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

To the Board of Directors SouthTech Success Center, Inc.

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of SouthTech Success Center, Inc. (the "School") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and have issued our report thereon dated September 16, 2020.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reports and Schedules

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance required by the Uniform Guidance and Schedule of Findings and Question Costs. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated September 16, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. As this is the initial year of operations, there were no recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5, Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity are SouthTech Success Center, Inc. and 504121.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.854(1)(e)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not the School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.



Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the School. It is management's responsibility to monitor the School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7. and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether the School maintains on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School maintained on its Web site, the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less that material, but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 16, 2020