Renaissance Charter School at Cooper City A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. (A Component Unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida)

Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021



Renaissance Charter School at Cooper City

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Renaissance Charter School at Cooper City A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. Cooper City, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Renaissance Charter School at Cooper City (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Grants Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the School are intended to present the financial position and change in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. that is attributable to the transactions of the School. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. as of June 30, 2021 and the changes in its financial position or budgetary comparisons, where applicable, for the year ended June 30, 2021 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 7 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2021, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 30, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



As management of Renaissance Charter School at Cooper City (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida, we offer readers of the School's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

Management's discussion and analysis is included at the beginning of the School's basic financial statements to provide, in layman's terms, the current position of the School's financial condition. This summary should not be taken as a replacement for the audit which consists of the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Our basic financial statements provide these insights into the results of this year's operations.

- As of June 30, 2021, the School's governmental fund balances totaled \$ 1,310,683 as compared to \$ 1,204,112 for the year ended June 30, 2020.
- As of June 30, 2021, the School had a net position of \$1,197,317 as compared to \$1,091,318 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Basic Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the School's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected revenues and services rendered but unpaid).

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by grants and entitlements from the state for full-time equivalent funding. The School does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the School primarily include instruction and instructional support services.

The government-wide basic financial statements can be found on pages 8 and 9 of this report.

Fund Basic Financial Statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide basic financial statements, governmental fund basic financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The General Fund, Grants Fund and Capital Project Fund are considered to be the School's major funds.

The School adopts an annual budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and Grants Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 15 of this report.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 25 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

This is the School's ninth year of operations; therefore, comparative government-wide data is presented. The School's net position was \$ 1,197,317 at June 30, 2021. This amount represents net investment in capital assets (deficit) of \$ (77,305), restricted net position of \$ 41,320, and unrestricted net position of \$ 1,233,302. The School's net position was \$ 1,091,318 at June 30, 2020, of which \$ (53,644) represented net investment in capital assets (deficit), \$ 95,883 represented restricted net position and \$ 1,049,079 represented unrestricted net position.

Our analysis in the table below focuses on the net position of the School's governmental activities:

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Assets: Current and other assets Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 2,075,825 15,572,988	\$ 1,671,454 15,746,061
Total assets	17,648,813	17,417,515
Liabilities: Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	1,109,293 15,342,203	771,690 15,554,507
Total liabilities	16,451,496	16,326,197
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	(77,305) 41,320 1,233,302	(53,644) 95,883 1,049,079
Total net position	\$ 1,197,317	\$ 1,091,318

Renaissance Charter School at Cooper City Net Position

Current and other assets increased mainly due to an increase in the School's cash position. Capital assets, net of depreciation decreased due to depreciation expense of \$ 646,000 somewhat offset by asset purchases of \$ 473,000. Current liabilities increased due to a rise in accounts payable and salaries and wages payable. Noncurrent liabilities decreased due to payment of the School's capital lease.

Governmental Activities: The results of this year's operations for the School as a whole are reported in the statement of activities on page 9. The following table provides a condensed presentation of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

Renaissance Charter School at Cooper City Change in Net Position

	-	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Revenues: General revenues Program revenues	\$	8,693,103 1,584,562	\$ 8,421,365 2,006,124
Total revenues	-	10,277,665	10,427,489
Functions/Program Expenses: Instruction Instructional support services Non-instructional services	_	4,411,537 2,859,718 2,900,411	4,361,500 2,782,569 3,270,553
Total governmental activities	-	10,171,666	10,414,622
Change in net position	\$	105,999	\$ 12,867

General revenues increased due to a rise in enrollment and in state source revenues compared to the previous year with the new teacher salary allocation funds. Program revenues decreased compared to last year due to a reduction in before and aftercare revenues. Total expenses decreased due to a reduction in non-instructional services.

Governmental Fund Expenditures: In the table below, we have presented the cost of the largest functions/programs as a percentage of total governmental expenditures:

	202	1		2020			
Functions/Programs		Expenditures	Percent	-	Expenditures	Percent	
Governmental expenditures:							
Instructional expenditures	\$	4,198,049	40%	\$	4,111,057	40%	
Debt service		1,390,545	14%	-	1,443,244	15%	
Plant operations and maintenance		1,067,169	10%		1,315,995	15%	
Fiscal services		1,113,455	11%		982,418	11%	
Administrative services		688,044	7%		621,820	6%	
All other functions/programs	-	1,837,313	18%	_	1,740,669	13%	
Total governmental							
expenditures	\$	10,294,575	100%	\$	10,215,203	100%	

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: At June 30, 2021, the School had capital assets of \$ 15,572,988 net of accumulated depreciation, invested in buildings, computer equipment, furniture, fixtures and equipment, improvements other than buildings and vehicles, as compared to \$ 15,746,061 at June 30, 2020.

Debt: At June 30, 2021, the School had outstanding debt of \$15,650,293, as compared to \$15,799,705 at June 30, 2020. Additional information on the School's debt can be found in Notes 7 and 8 on pages 21 and 22.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

State sources revenues were favorable to budget due to a rise in enrollment and in state source revenues compared to the previous year with the new teacher salary allocation funds. Local sources revenues were unfavorable to budget due to lower food service and e-rate revenue. Aftercare revenues also fell short of budget due to a reduction in overall program participation. Total General Fund revenues were unfavorable to budget by \$ 485,000. Total General Fund expenditures were favorable to budget by \$ 656,000 due to savings in instruction, food services, student support and community services. Overall, the School ended the year with a change in fund balance that was favorable to the budget by approximately \$ 160,000.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

In fiscal year 2021, the State of Florida increased its Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) base funding to include a teacher salary increase pool of \$ 500 million and mental health initiative allocations. The capital outlay funding pool increased to \$ 169.6 million. A 2% merit increase was paid out to eligible staff.

For fiscal year 2022, the Florida Education Finance Program funding and the capital outlay revenue assumed at a flat rate in comparison to the current rate per student. The teacher salary allocation will continue to be a part of the base FEFP funding. A 2% merit increase for all staff was included in the budget. All other expenditures are budgeted in alignment with enrollment changes and the School's strategic objectives.

Requests for Information

If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please contact Myrna Lainé-Hyppolite, Senior Vice President - Finance and School Accounting; Charter Schools USA, 800 Corporate Drive, Suite 700, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33334.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



	Governmental Activities
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables	\$ 1,748,490 2,291
Due from other governments Due from Trustee Due from related parties Prepaid items	94,116 66,267 64,477 65,531
Deposits	34,653
Total current assets	2,075,825
Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets (depreciable), net of accumulated depreciation	15,572,988
Total assets	17,648,813
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Salaries and wages payable Due to related party Due to management company Unearned revenues Compensated absences Capital leases Total current liabilities	137,839 442,122 245 127,566 45,880 35,663 319,978 1,109,293
Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated absences Capital leases	11,888 15,330,315
Total noncurrent liabilities	15,342,203
Total liabilities	16,451,496
Commitments (Note 9)	
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets (deficit) Restricted for extracurricular activities Unrestricted	(77,305) 41,320 1,233,302
Total net position	\$ 1,197,317

				Pro	gram Revenue	25		_	Governmental Activities Net Revenue
	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and ontributions		Capital Grants and ontributions	_	(Expense) and Change in Net Position
Functions/Programs:									
Instruction	\$ 4,411,537	\$	-	\$	306,984	\$	-	\$	(4,104,553)
Student support services Instruction and curriculum	214,764		-		-		-		(214,764)
development services	13,200		-		-		-		(13,200)
Instructional staff training services	12,502		-		-		-		(12,502)
Instructional related technology	137,979		-		-		-		(137,979)
Board	30,757		-		-		-		(30,757)
School administration	688,044		-		-		-		(688,044)
Fiscal services	1,113,455		-		-		-		(1,113,455)
Food services	250,807		2,949		250,807		-		2,949
Central services	44,354		-		-		-		(44,354)
Operation of plant	1,488,265		-		87,126		-		(1,401,139)
Maintenance of plant	304,964		-		6,522		-		(298,442)
Community services	156,720		150,122		-		-		(6,598)
Extracurricular activities	198,156		-		143,593		-		(54,563)
Interest on long-term debt	1,106,162		-	_	-	_	636,459	-	(469,703)
Total governmental									
activities	\$ 10,171,666	\$	153,071	\$_	795,032	\$_	636,459	-	(8,587,104)
	General revenue Grants and entit		ents						8,688,050
	Interest income							-	5,053
	Total general r	even	ues					-	8,693,103
	Change in n	et po	osition						105,999
	Net position, July	/ 1, 2	020, as restat	ed (N	ote 13)			_	1,091,318
	Net position, Jun	e 30,	, 2021					\$_	1,197,317

	-	General Fund	_	Grants Fund		Capital Project Fund		Nonmajor Club and Activties Fund	_	Total
Assets:										
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables Due from other governments Due from other funds Due from related parties Due from Trustee Prepaid items Deposits	\$	1,697,170 2,291 - 68,074 64,477 66,267 65,531 34,653	\$	- - 94,116 - - - - - - - - -	\$	- - - - - - - -	\$	51,320 - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	1,748,490 2,291 94,116 68,074 64,477 66,267 65,531 34,653
Total assets	\$	1,998,463	\$_	94,116	\$_	-	\$	51,320	\$	2,143,899
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Salaries and wages payable	\$	137,839 442,122	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	137,839 442,122
Due to related party Due to management company Unearned revenues Due to other funds		245 127,566 21,328		- 24,552 58,074		-		- - 10,000		245 127,566 45,880 68,074
Total liabilities	-	729,100	_	82,626	-	-		10,000	-	821,726
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues	-	_	_	11,490		-		-	-	11,490
Commitments (Note 9)		-		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items Deposits Restricted for extrracurricular		65,531 34,653		-		-		-		65,531 34,653
activities Unassigned	-	_ 1,169,179	_	-	. _	-		41,320 -	_	41,320 1,169,179
Total fund balances	-	1,269,363	_	-	· <u>-</u>	-		41,320	_	1,310,683
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	Ś	1,998,463	Ś	94,116	Ś	_	Ś	51,320	Ś	2,143,899
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Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 1,310,683
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
The cost of capital assets acquired is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, among the assets of the School as a whole.		
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 20,089,019 (4,516,031)	15,572,988
Unavailable revenue in the governmental funds is susceptible to full accrual in the government-wide statements.		11,490
Liabilities not payable with current available resources are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide statements.		
Compensated absences Capital leases	\$ (47,551) (15,650,293)	(15,697,844)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 1,197,317

Renaissance Charter School at Cooper City Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		General Fund	_	Grants Fund		Capital Project Fund	. <u>-</u>	Nonmajor Club and Activities Total	_	Total
Revenues: Federal through state State sources Local sources Aftercare	\$	- 8,759,405 35,486 150,122	\$	537,743 3,367 - -	\$	- 636,459 - -	\$	- - 143,593 -	\$	537,743 9,399,231 179,079 150,122
Total revenues		8,945,013	_	541,110		636,459		143,593	_	10,266,175
Expenditures: Instruction Student support services Instruction and curriculum development services Instructional staff training		4,123,138 214,764 13,200		74,911 - -		- - -		- -		4,198,049 214,764 13,200
services Instruction related technology		12,502 137,979		-		-		-		12,502 137,979
Board School administration		30,757 688,044		-		-		-		30,757 688,044
Fiscal services Food services		1,113,455 -		- 250,807		-		-		1,113,455 250,807
Central services		44,354		-		-		-		44,354
Operation of plant		1,062,127		5 <i>,</i> 042		-		-		1,067,169
Maintenance of plant		298,442		6,522		-		-		304,964
Community services Extracurricular activities		156,720		-		-		- 198,156		156,720 198,156
Capital outlay Debt Service:		257,792		215,318		-		- 198,150		473,110
Principal Interest		303,707 450,379	_	-		- 636,459	· -	-	-	303,707 1,086,838
Total expenditures		8,907,360	_	552,600		636,459	· -	198,156	-	10,294,575
Total excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		37,653		(11,490)		-		(54,563)		(28,400)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from capital lease Transfer in		134,971	-	-		-		-	-	134,971
Transfer out		- (11,490)		11,490 -		-		-		11,490 (11,490)
Total other financing sources (uses)	,	123,481	-	11,490		-	· -	-	-	134,971
Net change in fund balances		161,134		-		-		(54,563)		106,571
Fund Balances, July 1, 2020, as restated (Note 13)		1,108,229	_	-	ı	_	· -	95,883	-	1,204,112
Fund Balances, June 30, 2021	\$	1,269,363	\$	-	\$	-	\$	41,320	\$	1,310,683
			-		•		-		-	

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds			\$	106,571
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as provision for depreciation.				
Cost of capital assets Provision for depreciation	\$	473,110 (646,183)		(173,073)
Revenues that are earned but not received within the availability period are recognized in the statement of activities when earned and subsequently in the governmental fund financial statements when they become available.				11,432
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long term liabilities in the statement of net position (deficit).				
Proceeds from capital leases				(134,971)
Principal payments on long-term debt are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, but as a reduction of long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.				303,707
Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.				
Change in compensated absences Provision for amortization of costs	\$	11,657		
associated with capital leases		(19,324)		(7,667)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ 	105,999

		Original and Final Budget	-	Actual	-	Variance
Revenues:						
State sources	\$	8,756,129	\$	8,759,405	\$	3,276
Local sources	T	172,735	Ŧ	35,486	T	(137,249)
Aftercare	-	501,121	_	150,122	_	(350,999)
Total revenues	-	9,429,985	_	8,945,013	_	(484,972)
Expenditures:						
Instruction		4,309,254		4,123,138		186,116
Student support services		298,094		214,764		83,330
Instruction and curriculum development				,, • • ·		,
services		_		13,200		(13,200)
Instructional staff training services		30,528		12,502		18,026
Instruction related technology		169,434		137,979		31,455
Board		42,680		30,757		11,923
School administration		712,754		688,044		24,710
Fiscal services		1,113,233		1,113,455		(222)
Food services		102,434		-		102,434
Central services		40,267		44,354		(4,087)
Operation of plant		1,055,504		1,062,127		(6,623)
Maintenance of plant		290,197		298,442		(8,245)
Community services		291,704		156,720		134,984
Capital outlay		315,985		257,792		58,193
Debt Service:				,		,
Principal		304,990		303,707		1,283
Interest	-	486,566	_	450,379	_	36,187
Total expenditures		9,563,624	-	8,907,360	-	656,264
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	-	(133,639)	_	37,653	_	171,292
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from capital lease		134,971		134,971		_
Transfer out	-	-	_	(11,490)		(11,490)
Total other financing sources (uses)		134,971	_	123,481	-	(11,490)
Net change in fund balance	\$	1,332	\$_	161,134	\$_	159,802

Renaissance Charter School at Cooper City Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual - Grants Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	_	Original and Final Budget	_	Variance		
Revenues:						
Federal sources:						
National School Lunch Program	\$	255,229	\$	240,992	\$	(14,237)
Title II		-		360		360
Title III		-		2,304		2,304
Title IV		-		44,928		44,928
Elementary and Secondary School				242,637		242,637
Education Relief Fund		-				
Governor's Emergency Education				6 533		6 5 3 3
Relief Fund		-		6,522		6,522
State sources:		2 1 1 0		2 2 7 7		240
National School Lunch Program		3,119	-	3,367		248
Total revenues	_	258,348	_	541,110	_	282,762
Expenditures						
Expenditures: Instruction				74,911		(74 011)
Food services		- 235,237		250,807		(74,911) (15,570)
		255,257		250,807 5,042		• • •
Operation of plant Maintenance of plant		-		5,042 6,522		(5,042) (6,522)
Community services		23,111		0,522		(0,522) 23,111
Capital outlay		25,111		- 215,318		(215,318)
Capital Outlay			-	215,516		(215,516)
Total expenditures	_	258,348	-	552,600	_	(294,252)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		_		(11,490)		(11,490)
over experiatures			-	(11,490)		(11,490)
Other Financing Sources:						
Transfer in		-		11,490		11,490
	_		-	,	-	,
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>_</u>	-	\$_	-	\$ <u></u>	-

Note 1 - Organization and Operations

Renaissance Charter School at Cooper City (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida, was established in July 2012 as a public charter school to serve students from kindergarten to eighth grade in Broward County. The School is sponsored by its charter-holder, Renaissance Charter School, Inc., a Florida nonprofit corporation organized in August 1998. There were 1,220 students enrolled for the 2020/2021 school year.

The basic financial statements of the School present only the balances, activity and disclosures related to the School. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. as of June 30, 2021, and its changes in financial position or budgetary comparisons, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, these basic financial statements only include balances, activity and disclosures related to the School.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity: The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring School Board of Broward County. The current charter is effective until June 30, 2032, and may be renewed for up to an additional fifteen years by mutual written agreement between the School and the School Board. At the end of the term of the charter, the School Board may choose not to renew the charter under grounds specified in the charter, in which case, the School Board is required to notify the School in writing at least ninety days prior to the charter's expiration. During the term of the charter, the School Board may also terminate the charter if good cause is shown. The School is considered a component unit of the School Board of Broward County.

The School may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the School regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by another government, or a jointly approved board. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School are such that exclusion would cause the basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

As a result of evaluating the above criteria, management has determined that no component units exist for which the School is financially accountable, which would require inclusion in the School's basic financial statements.

Basis of presentation: Based on the guidance provided in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Audit and Accounting Guide - Not-for-Profit Organizations and provisions of Section 228.056, Florida Statutes, the School is presented as a governmental organization for financial statement reporting purposes.

Government-wide financial statements: Government-wide financial statements, including the statement of net position and the statement of activities, present information about the School as a whole.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School.

Fund financial statements: Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School in the governmental funds. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column. Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements differs from the focus of government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is presented with each of the governmental fund financial statements.

The School's major governmental funds are as follows:

General Fund - This fund is used to account for all operating activities of the School except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Grants Fund - This special revenue fund is used to account for federal grants and certain state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Project Fund - This fund is used to account for state and local capital outlay funding that is legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Additionally, the School reports separately the following nonmajor fund type:

Club and Activities Fund - This special revenue fund is used to administer funds raised and earned by the various clubs and activities that are part of the School.

Basis of accounting: Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures, or expenses, are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized when due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Cash and cash equivalents: The School considers all demand accounts and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

The School maintains its cash accounts with two financial institutions. The School's accounts at these institutions, at times, may exceed the federally insured limit. The School has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk (Note 3).

Prepaid items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Due to and due from other funds: Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. The balances result from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

Revenue recognition: Student funding is provided by the State of Florida through the School Board. Such funding is recorded as entitlement revenue in the government-wide financial statements and state source revenue in the fund financial statements. This funding is received on a pro rata basis over a twelve-month period and is adjusted for changes in full-time equivalent (FTE) student population.

Income taxes: The School is a Department of a nonprofit corporation. Revenue of the School is derived primarily from other governmental entities. The School is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in these basic financial statements.

Capital assets: Property and equipment purchased or acquired are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with an initial cost of \$750 and useful life of over one year. Donated property and equipment are reported at acquisition value as of date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on all capital assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings	45 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 years
Computer equipment	3 years
Improvements other than buildings	10 years
Vehicles	5 years

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources: In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues that are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Unearned revenue: Unearned revenue arises when the School receives resources before it has a legal claim to them.

Compensated absences: The School's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused paid time off, which is eligible for payment upon separation from service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable. Payments for compensated absences are generally paid out of the General Fund.

Net position: Net position is classified in three categories. The general meaning of each is as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets represents the difference between the cost of capital assets, less accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted indicates that portion of net position that is available to fund future operations.

Fund balance: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance classifications and also sets a hierarchy which details how the School may spend funds based on certain constraints. The following are the fund balance classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements:

- Nonspendable this classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The School classifies inventories, prepaid items, long-term notes receivable and deposits as nonspendable since they are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted this classification includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes by external parties such as grantors and creditors or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- Committed this classification includes amounts that can be used for specific purposes voted on through formal action of the Board of Directors (the highest level of decision making authority). The committed amount cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the commitment through formal action.
- Assigned this classification includes amounts that the Board of Directors intends to use for a specific purpose but they are neither restricted nor committed. The School classifies existing fund balance to be used in the subsequent year's budget for elimination of a deficit as assigned.
- Unassigned this classification includes amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose within the General Fund.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet on page 10.

When the School incurs expenditures for which restricted or unrestricted fund balance is available, the School would consider restricted funds to be spent first. When the School has expenditures for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balance is available, the School would consider committed funds to be spent first, then assigned funds and lastly unassigned funds.

Budget: An operating budget is adopted and maintained by the governing board for the School pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Date of management review: Subsequent events were evaluated by management through September 30, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the deposits and cash on hand totaled \$ 1,748,490 with a bank balance of \$ 1,772,471.

State statutes require, and it is the School's policy, that all deposits be made into, and be held by, financial institutions designated by the Treasurer of the State of Florida as "qualified public depositories" as defined by Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. This statute requires that every qualified public depository institution maintain eligible collateral to secure the public entity's funds. The minimum collateral to be pledged by an institution, the collateral eligible for pledge, and reporting requirements of the qualified public depository institution pool with the ability to assess members of the pool should the need arise. The School's deposits are held in a qualified public depository. They are covered by the collateral pool as the School has identified itself as a public entity at June 30, 2021.

Note 4 - Due From Trustee

Due from Trustee at June 30, 2021 consists of \$66,267 relating to funding and accrued interest that has yet to be transferred to the School.

Note 5 - Due To/From Related Parties

The School is a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. ("RCS"). The due to/from balances represent amounts that are due to/from RCS and other schools that share common board membership and are departments of RCS.

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2020	-	Additions		Deletions		Balance at June 30, 2021
Capital assets, depreciable:							
Buildings	\$ 16,946,136	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,946,136
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	1,204,822		69,977		-		1,274,799
Computer equipment	1,029,129		403,133		-		1,432,262
Improvements other than buildings	427,072		-		-		427,072
Vehicles	8,750	_	-		-		8,750
Total capital assets, depreciable	19,615,909	-	473,110		-		20,089,019
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings	1,725,995		376,581		-		2,102,576
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	1,055,732		84,746		-		1,140,478
Computer equipment	926,173		140,399		-		1,066,572
Improvements other than buildings	155,240		42,707		-		197,947
Vehicles	6,708	_	1,750	-	-	-	8,458
Total accumulated		_					
depreciation	3,869,848	-	646,183	•	-	•	4,516,031
Net capital assets	\$ 15,746,061	\$	(173,073)	\$	-	\$	15,572,988

Provision for depreciation was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction Operation of plant	\$ 225,145 421,038
	\$ 646,183

Note 7 - Capital Leases

The School previously entered into a capital lease arrangement with Red Apple at Cooper City, LLC for use of its facility. This lease arrangement was entered into as part of a transaction consisting of a bond issuance by Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and Red Apple Development, Inc. (Note 9). The lease requires monthly principal and interest payments through June 2046. At June 30, 2021, the net book value of the leased facility is approximately \$ 14,843,600. Amortization of the leased facility is included with depreciation expense.

Note 7 - Capital Leases (continued)

Future minimum payments at June 30, 2021 are approximately as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	_	Principal	-	Interest	-	Total
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027-2031 2032-2036 2037-2041 2042-2046	\$	275,000 300,000 320,000 345,000 2,180,000 2,930,000 3,955,000 5,372,136	\$	1,063,881 1,043,400 1,021,469 997,544 973,325 4,506,625 3,755,822 2,732,056 1,318,560	\$	1,338,881 1,343,400 1,341,469 1,342,544 1,338,325 6,686,625 6,685,822 6,687,056 6,690,696
	\$_	16,042,136	\$	17,412,682	\$	33,454,818

During the year, the School entered into a capital lease for school computer equipment. The lease requires monthly payments of \$ 3,969 including interest at 2.87% through June 2023. As of June 30, 2021, the net book value of the leased computer equipment is approximately \$ 90,000. Amortization of the leased computer equipment is included with depreciation expense.

The following is a schedule of future minimum payments under this lease as of June 30, 2021:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2022 2023	\$ 44,978 46,286	\$ 2,653 1,346	\$ 47,631 47,632
	\$ 91,264	\$ 3,999	\$ 95,263

Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in the School's long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are as follows:

	-	Balance July 1, 2020	-	Additions	Retirements	Amortization	Balance June 30, 2021	_	Amount Due Within One Year
Capital lease obligations, net of unamortized costs of \$ 483,107 Capital lease - computers Compensated absences	\$	15,799,705 - 59,208	\$	- 134,971 15,892	\$ 260,000 43,707 27,549	\$ 19,324 - -	\$ 15,559,029 91,264 47,551	\$	275,000 44,978 35,663
	\$	15,858,913	\$	150,863	\$ 331,256	\$ 19,324	\$ 15,697,844	\$	355,641

Note 9 - Commitments

Lease agreement: In 2015, the Florida Development Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") issued \$86,835,000 in Tax Exempt Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A and \$9,145,000 in Taxable Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2015B pursuant to an Indenture of Trust between the Corporation and a trustee to make a loan to Renaissance Charter Schools, Inc. ("REN"), a division of which the School exists, and Red Apple Development, LLC and subsidiaries ("RAD") to finance the acquisition of the facilities of seven charter schools existing under Renaissance Charter Schools, Inc. In order to secure the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds, the Corporation assigned all of its rights and interest in the loan agreement to the trustee. The bonds are payable from and secured by a lien upon and pledge of payments to be received by the trustee.

Concurrent with the preceding loan transaction, RAD, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, entered into five lease agreements with REN. The facilities which are owned by RAD are leased by REN on behalf of the schools under a 45-year lease (Note 7). The leases are deemed to be capital leases and the capital lease payments are based on the debt service requirements of the bonds which extend through June 2046. These payments are made from the revenues received from the School Board of Broward County for the operation of the Schools. REN is obligated under the Indenture to deposit all Charter revenues received from the School Board and additional revenues, if any, directly with the trustee during the term of the lease. The payments are applied by the trustee to make sinking fund payments and pay for operating expenses.

In addition to the capital lease payments noted in Note 7, the School is required to pay incremental rent payments to RAD. The incremental rent payments range from approximately \$ 133,700 to \$ 134,300 per year over the term of the agreement which is through June 2046. For the year ending June 30, 2021, \$ 134,424 was paid in incremental rent.

Management agreement: The School has a formal agreement with Charter Schools USA at South Broward, LLC ("CSUSA") to manage, staff and operate the School. The agreement states that CSUSA shall be entitled to cost reimbursements and management fees (the "fee") for its services, subject to availability of funds. The fee is subordinated to all lease payment requirements (Note 7). Total cost reimbursements and management fees amounted to \$ 1,106,413 for the year ending June 30, 2021. The fee ranges from \$ 1,556,941 for fiscal year 2022 to \$ 2,504,242 for fiscal year 2046 as defined in the management agreement or the budgeted amount approved by the Board of Directors based on enrollment and School performance. The agreement has an initial term which expires in November 2020. It will automatically renew for five-year periods unless terminated by either party.

The School has an amount due to the management company of \$ 127,566 at June 30, 2020.

Note 10 - Employee Benefit Plan

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the School offered all of its full-time employees who had attained 21 years of age, a retirement plan (the "Plan") under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k). The employee is allowed to contribute up to a maximum of 100% of his/her annual gross compensation, subject to certain limitations. The Plan provides for a discretionary employer matching contribution of the participant's annual elective deferral to the Plan. As determined annually by the School's management, the School may also make a discretionary profit sharing contribution, which is allocated among the participants based on a pro rata formula. Participants are immediately vested in their own contributions and earnings on those contributions. Participants become vested in School contributions and earnings on School contributions according to the following schedule:

Note 10 - Employee Benefit Plan (continued)

Years of Service	Vesting Percentage
1	25%
2	50%
3	75%
4	100%

Nonvested contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment and such forfeitures are used to reduce any employer contribution. For the Plan year ended December 31, 2020, the School had \$ 1,457 in forfeitures. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School contributed a matching amount of \$ 20,991.

Note 11 - Capital Appropriations Funding

The Florida Department of Education has approved a Charter School Capital Outlay (CSCO) award for the School. In each year that funds are appropriated by the state for charter school capital outlay purposes, those funds are allocated among eligible charter schools. The funds for the School's allocation are transferred to the School once a CSCO Plan has been provided to and approved by the sponsoring district. The School's CSCO award totaled \$ 636,459 for the 2020/2021 school year, which has been recognized as revenue in the accompanying basic financial statements. If the CSCO funds are used to acquire tangible property assets, the School Board has a reversionary interest in those assets. In the event of non-renewal, termination, or breach of the charter school agreement, ownership of the assets would automatically revert to the School Board. The School has elected to use these funds to pay a portion of the interest expense on the capital lease.

Note 12 - Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets and natural disasters. The School has obtained property insurance from commercial companies including, but not limited to, general liability and errors and omissions insurance. There have been no claims in excess of insurance coverage limits during the past three years.

As disclosed in Note 9, CSUSA employs all of the employees of the School. As a result, the School is not exposed to medical or workers' compensation claims for these individuals. In addition, CSUSA carries all required insurance including, but not limited to, general liability and errors and omissions insurance.

Note 13 - Prior Period Adjustments

GASB No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, effective for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, deals with financial reporting of Fiduciary Activities and no longer permits the use of Agency Funds, which requires a change to the way the School reports its Internal Accounts. Internal Account activity will now be reported in the Club and Activities Fund. This treatment requires the restatement of the net position and fund balances as of June 30, 2020. The restatements are as follows:

Fund balances, June 30, 2020 Inclusion of Agency Fund	\$ 1,108,229 95,883
Restated fund balances, June 30, 2020	\$ 1,204,112
Net postion, June 30, 2020 Inclusion of Agency Fund	\$ 995,435 95,883
Restated net position, June 30, 2020	\$ 1,091,318

Note 14 - Risks and Uncertainties

The coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak has caused disruption in international and U.S. economies and markets. The coronavirus and fear of further spread has caused quarantines, cancellation of events, and overall reduction in business and economic activity. On March 11, 2020, the *World Health Organization* designated the coronavirus outbreak a pandemic. Management and the Board of Directors continue to evaluate and monitor the potential adverse effect that this event may have on the School's financial position and operations. The full impact of COVID-19 is unknown at this time and cannot be reasonably estimated as these events are still developing.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors Renaissance Charter School at Cooper City A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. Cooper City, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Renaissance Charter School at Cooper City (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 30, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

To the Board of Directors Renaissance Charter School at Cooper City A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. Cooper City, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Renaissance Charter School at Cooper City (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2021.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in that report, which is dated September 30, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education are Renaissance Charter School at Cooper City and 065049.

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Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2. and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not the School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the School. It is management's responsibility to monitor the School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7. and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether the School maintains on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School maintained on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 30, 2021