Renaissance Charter School at Tapestry A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. (A Component Unit of the School Board of Osceola County, Florida)

Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021



Renaissance Charter School at Tapestry

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Renaissance Charter School at Tapestry A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. Kissimmee, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Renaissance Charter School at Tapestry (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Osceola County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Grants Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the School are intended to present the financial position and change in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. that is attributable to the transactions of the School. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. as of June 30, 2021 and the changes in its financial position or budgetary comparisons, where applicable, for the year ended June 30, 2021 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 7 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2021 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 20, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



As management of Renaissance Charter School at Tapestry (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Osceola County, Florida (the "School Board"), we offer readers of the School's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2019.

Management's discussion and analysis is included at the beginning of the School's basic financial statements to provide, in layman's terms, the current position of the School's financial condition. This summary should not be taken as a replacement for the audit, which consists of the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Our basic financial statements provide these insights into the results of this year's operations.

- As of June 30, 2021, the School's fund balance was \$3,082,022 as compared to \$2,614,204 at June 30, 2020.
- As of June 30, 2021 the School had net position of \$715,683, as compared to of \$243,153 as of June 30, 2020.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide basic financial statements, 2) fund basic financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the School's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this Statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected revenues and services rendered but unpaid).

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by grants and entitlements from the state for full-time equivalent funding. The School does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the School primarily include instruction and instructional support services.

The government-wide basic financial statements can be found on pages 8 and 9 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide basic financial statements, governmental fund basic financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The General Fund, Grants Fund and Capital Project Fund are considered to be the School's major funds.

The School adopts an annual budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and Grants Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 15 of this report.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 25 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The School has been in operation for five years; therefore, comparative government-wide data is presented. The School's net position was \$715,683 at June 30, 2021. This amount represents net investment in capital assets (deficit) of \$(2,315,163), restricted net position of \$11,051 and unrestricted net position of \$3,019,795. The School's net position was \$243,153 at June 30, 2020. This amount represents net investment in capital assets (deficit) of \$(2,327,909), \$9,323 represented restricted net position and \$2,561,739 represented unrestricted net position.

Our analysis in the table below focuses on the net position of the School's governmental activities:

Assets:	-	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Current and other assets Noncurrent assets	\$	3,730,854 15,966,588	\$ 2,846,585 16,326,396
Total assets	-	19,697,442	19,172,981
Liabilities: Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities		1,183,464 17,798,295	813,353 18,116,475
Total liabilities	-	18,981,759	18,929,828
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets (deficit Restricted Unrestricted)	(2,315,163) 11,051 3,019,795	(2,327,909) 9,323 2,561,739
Total net position	\$	715,683	\$ 243,153

Renaissance Charter School at Tapestry Net Position

Current and other assets increased mainly due to an increase in the School's cash position. Capital assets, net of depreciation decreased due to depreciation expense of \$ 630,000 somewhat offset by an increase in asset purchases of \$ 345,000. Current liabilities increased due to an increase in salaries and wages payable. Noncurrent liabilities decreased due to payment of School's capital lease.

Governmental Activities: The results of this year's operations for the School as a whole are reported in the statement of activities on page 9. The table below provides a condensed presentation of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

Renaissance Charter School at Tapestry Change in Net Position

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Revenues: General revenues Program revenues	\$ 10,157,338 1,777,452	\$ 9,855,293 1,778,663
Total revenues	11,934,790	11,633,956
Functions/Program Expenses: Instruction Instructional support services Operation of noninstructional services	5,264,583 3,012,730 3,184,947	5,110,870 2,864,141 3,361,491
Total expenses	11,462,260	11,336,502
Change in net position	\$ 472,530	\$ 297,454

General revenues increased due to an increase in state source revenues compared to the previous year with the new teacher salary allocation funds. Program revenues decreased slightly compared to last year due to a reduction in before and aftercare revenue. Total expenses increased due to an increase in instruction and instructional support services expenses.

Governmental Fund Expenditures

In the table below, we have presented the cost of the largest functions/programs as a percentage of total governmental expenditures:

		20)21			2020	
Functions/Programs		Expenditures	Percent		Expenditures	P	ercent
Governmental expenditures:							
Instruction	\$	5,034,555	44%	\$	4,722,319		43%
Debt service		1,569,420	14%		1,576,202		18%
Fiscal services		1,615,567	14%		1,779,739		11%
Plant operations and maintenance		1,117,925	10%		1,124,244		11%
School adminstration		827,203	7%		549,768		7%
All other functions/programs		1,312,835	11%		1,320,480		10%
Total governmental	ć	11 477 505	100%	ć	11 072 752		100%
expenditures	Ş	11,477,505	100%	Ş	11,072,752		100%

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets: At June 30, 2021, the School had capital assets of \$ 15,810,338 net of accumulated depreciation, invested in buildings, furniture, fixtures and equipment, computer equipment and improvements other than building as compared to \$ 16,095,146 at June 30, 2020.

Debt: At June 30, 2021, the School had outstanding debt of \$18,125,501, as compared to \$18,423,055 at June 30, 2020. Additional information on the School's debt can be found in Notes 8 and 9 on page 22.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

State sources revenues were slightly favorable to budget due to a difference in state funding. Local sources revenues were unfavorable to budget due to a reduction in interest income. Aftercare revenues also fell short of budget due to a reduction in overall program participation.

Total General Fund revenues were \$ 205,000 below budget. Total General Fund expenditures were favorable to budget by \$ 598,000 due primarily to savings in school administration and instructional related technology. Overall, the School ended the year with a change in fund balance that was favorable to the budget by approximately \$ 393,000.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

In fiscal year 2021, the State of Florida increased its Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) base funding to include a teacher salary increase pool of \$500 million and mental health initiative allocations. The capital outlay funding pool increased to \$169.6 million. A 2% merit increase was paid out to eligible staff.

For fiscal year 2022, the Florida Education Finance Program funding and the capital outlay revenue assumed at a flat rate in comparison to the current rate per student. The teacher salary allocation will continue to be a part of the base FEFP funding. A 2% merit increase for all staff was included in the budget. All other expenditures are budgeted in alignment with enrollment changes and the School's strategic objectives.

Requests for Information

If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please contact Vivien Tsirkas, Controller - Schools; Charter Schools USA, 800 Corporate Drive, Suite 700, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33334.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



	Governmental Activities
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables Due from other governments Due from management company Due from Trustee Prepaid items Deposits Loan to related party Interest receivable	\$ 3,170,741 3,768 227,569 130,747 75,058 23,774 23,426 75,000 771
Total current assets	3,730,854
Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets (depreciable), net of accumulated depreciation Loan to related party	15,810,338 156,250
Total noncurrent assets	15,966,588
Total assets	19,697,442
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Salaries and wages payable Due to other governments Due to related parties Compensated absences Capital lease	106,790 658,955 32,853 6,484 38,382 340,000
Total current liabilities	1,183,464
Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated absences Capital lease Total noncurrent liabilities	12,794 17,785,501 17,798,295
Total liabilities	18,981,759
Commitments (Note 11)	
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets (deficit) Restricted for extracurricular activities Unrestricted	(2,315,163) 11,051 3,019,795
Total net position	\$ 715,683

		_	Program Revenues						Governmental Activities
	Expenses	-	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Grants and Grants and			Net Revenue (Expense) and Change in Net Position
Functions/Programs:									
Instruction	\$ 5,264,583	\$	-	\$	481,808	\$	-	\$	(4,782,775)
Student support services	464,165		-		-		-		(464,165)
Instruction and curriculum									
development services	10,392		-		-		-		(10,392)
Instructional staff training									
services	41,014		-		41,014		-		-
Instructional related									<i>/-</i>
technology	154,426		-		62,654		-		(91,772)
Board	29,584		-		-		-		(29,584)
School administration	827,203		-		74,811		-		(752,392)
Fiscal services	1,615,567		-		-				(1,615,567)
Central services	94,758		-		405		-		(94,353)
Operation of plant	1,295,705		-		73,733		-		(1,221,972)
Maintenance of plant	219,825		-		-		-		(219,825)
Community services	150,819		97,962		-		-		(52,857)
Extracurricular activities	22,353		-		21,981		-		(372)
Interest on long-term debt	1,271,866	-	-	-	-	_	923,084	-	(348,782)
Total governmental									
activities	\$ 11,462,260	\$	97,962	\$_	756,406	\$_	923,084	-	(9,684,808)
	General revenu	es:							
	Grants and ent	itlen	nents						10,141,414
	Interest incom	е							15,607
	Other income								317
	Total general	reve	enues					-	10,157,338
	Change in	net	position						472,530
	Net position, Ju	ly 1,	2020, as re	state	d (Note 14)			_	243,153
	Net position, Ju	ne 3	0, 2021					\$	715,683

	General Fund		Grants Fund		Capital Project Fund		Nonmajor Club and Activities Fund		Total
Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,159,297	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,444	\$	3,170,741
Other receivables	3,768	'	-	'	-	'	-	'	3,768
Due from other governments	-		137,174		90,395		-		227,569
Due from management									
company	130,747		-		-		-		130,747
Due from Trustee	75,058		-		-		-		75,058
Due from other funds	227,962		-		-		-		227,962
Prepaid items	23,774		-		-		-		23,774
Deposits Interest receivable	23,426 771		-		-		-		23,426 771
Loan to related party	231,250		-		-		-		231,250
Loan to related party	231,230	-	-		-		-	-	231,230
Total assets	\$ <u>3,876,053</u>	\$	137,174	\$	90,395	\$	11,444	\$	4,115,066
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and									
accrued liabilities	\$ 106,790	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	106,790
Salaries and wages payable	658,955	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	658,955
Due to other governments	32,853		-		-		-		32,853
Due to related parties	6,484		-		-		-		6,484
Due to other funds	-		137,174	_	90,395		393		227,962
Total liabilities	805,082		137,174		90,395		393		1,033,044
Commitments (Note 11)	_		_		_	-	_		_
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable:									
Prepaid items	23,774		-		-		-		23,774
Deposits	23,426		-		-		-		23,426
Loan to related party	156,250		-		-		-		156,250
Restricted for extracurricular							11 051		11 051
activities	- 2,867,521		-		-		11,051		11,051
Unassigned	2,007,521	-	-	_		-	-	-	2,867,521
Total fund balances	3,070,971	. <u> </u>	-	· _	-		11,051	. <u> </u>	3,082,022
Total liabilities and									
fund balances	\$ 3,876,053	¢	137,174	ç	90,395	ć	11,444	ć	4,115,066
		ڊ =	137,174	ڊ = ^ڊ	50,555	ڊ =	±±,+++	ڊ =	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 3,082,022
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
The cost of capital assets acquired is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, among the assets of the School as a whole.		
Cost of capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 20,846,256 (5,035,918)	15,810,338
Liabilities not payable with current available resources are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide statements.		
Compensated absences Capital lease	\$ (51,176) (18,125,501)	(18,176,677)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 715,683

Renaissance Charter School at Tapestry Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	-	General Fund	-	Grants Fund	Capital Project Fund	-	Nonmajor Club and Activities Fund		Total									
Revenues:																		
Federal through state	\$	-	\$	638,130	\$	\$	-	\$	638,130									
State sources		10,203,309		-	923,084		-		11,126,393									
Local sources		60,857		-	-		21,981		82,838									
Aftercare	-	97,962	-	-	-	-	-		97,962									
Total revenues	-	10,362,128	-	638,130	923,084	-	21,981		11,945,323									
Expenditures:																		
Instruction		4,772,416		262,139	-		-		5,034,555									
Student support services		464,165		-	-		-		464,165									
Instruction and curriculum																		
development services		10,392		-	-		-		10,392									
Instructional staff training																		
services		-		41,014	-	-			41,014									
Instruction related technology		91,772		62,654	-		-		154,426									
Board		29,584		-	-		-		29,584									
School administration		752,392		74,811	-	-			827,203									
Fiscal services		1,615,567		-	-				1,615,567									
Central services		94,353		405	-		-		94,758									
Operation of plant		898,100		-	-											-		898,100
Maintenance of plant		219,825		-	-		-		219,825									
Community services		150,819		-	-		-		150,819									
Extracurricular activities		-		-	-		22,353		22,353									
Capital outlay		148,217		197,107	-		-		345,324									
Debt service:																		
Principal		320,000		-	-		-		320,000									
Interest	-	326,336	-	-	923,084	-	-		1,249,420									
Total expenditures	-	9,893,938	-	638,130	923,084	_	22,353		11,477,505									
Net change in fund balances		468,190		-	-		(372)		467,818									
Fund Balances, July 1, 2020, as restated (Note 14)	-	2,602,781	-	-		-	11,423		2,614,204									
Fund Balances, June 30, 2021	\$	3,070,971	\$	-	\$ 	\$_	11,051	\$	3,082,022									

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Fund		\$	467,818
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as a provision for depreciation.			
Cost of capital assets Provision for depreciation	\$ 345,324 (630,132)		(284,808)
Revenues that are earned but not received within the availability period are recognized in the statement of activities when earned and subsequently in the governmental fund financial statements when they become available.			(10,538)
Principal payments on long-term debt are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, but as a reduction of long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			320,000
Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.			
Change in compensated absences Provision for amortization of costs associated with capital lease	\$ 2,504 (22,446)		(19,942)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ =	472,530

	-	Original and Final Budget		Actual	_	Variance
Revenues:						
State sources	\$	10,198,616	\$	10,203,309	\$	4,693
Local sources		123,437		60,857		(62,580)
Aftercare	-	245,133	-	97,962	_	(147,171)
Total revenues	-	10,567,186		10,362,128	_	(205,058)
Expenditures:						
Instruction		4,755,519		4,772,416		(16,897)
Student support services		391,906		464,165		(72,259)
Instruction and curriculum						
development services		28,541		10,392		18,149
Instructional staff training services		25,793		-		25,793
Instructional related technology		193,833		91,772		102,061
Board		25,668		29,584		(3,916)
School administration		854,616		752,392		102,224
Fiscal services		1,616,185		1,615,567		618
Food services		126		-		126
Central services		89,684		94,353		(4,669)
Operation of plant		979,825		898,100		81,725
Maintenance of plant		281,681		219,825		61,856
Community services		193,723		150,819		42,904
Capital outlay		138,633		148,217		(9 <i>,</i> 584)
Debt service:						
Principal		320,000		320,000		-
Interest	-	595,889	-	326,336		269,553
Total expenditures	-	10,491,622	-	9,893,938	_	597,684
Net change in fund balance	\$	75,564	\$	468,190	\$_	392,626

Renaissance Charter School at Tapestry Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual - Grants Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Original and Final Budget	-	Actual	-	Variance
Revenues:						
Federal sources:						<i>i</i>
Title I	\$	380,561	\$	351,984	\$	(28,577)
Title IV		35,541		29,628		(5,913)
Elementary and Secondary School						
Emergency Relief Fund		-	-	256,518	-	256,518
Total revenues		416,102		638,130		222,028
	•		-		-	
Expenditures:						
Instruction		387,501		262,139		125,362
Instructional staff training services		26,841		41,014		(14,173)
Instruction related technology		-		62,654		(62,654)
School administration		1,760		74,811		(73,051)
Central services		-		405		(405)
Capital outlay	-	-	-	197,107	-	(197,107)
Total expenditures	-	416,102	-	638,130	-	(222,028)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$_	-	\$_	

Note 1 - Organization and Operations

Renaissance Charter School at Tapestry (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Osceola County, Florida, was established in 2014 as a public charter school to serve students from kindergarten to eighth grade in Osceola County. Renaissance Charter School, Inc. is a Florida nonprofit corporation organized in August 1998. There were 1,412 students enrolled for the 2020/2021 school year.

The basic financial statements of the School present only the balances, activity and disclosures related to the School. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. as of June 30, 2021, and its changes in financial position or budgetary comparisons, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Renaissance Charter School Inc., (Notes 8 and 11) is the entity that funded the purchase of the facility housing the School's operations. Accordingly, these basic financial statements only include balances, activity and disclosures related to the School.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity: The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring School Board of Osceola County. The current charter is effective until June 30, 2022 and may be renewed by mutual written agreement between the School and the School Board. At the end of the term of the charter, the School Board may choose not to renew the charter under grounds specified in the charter in which case the School Board is required to notify the School in writing at least ninety days prior to the charter's expiration. During the term of the charter, the School Board may also terminate the charter if good cause is shown. Renaissance Charter School at Tapestry is considered a component unit of the School Board of Osceola County.

The School may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the School regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by another government, or a jointly approved board. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School are such that exclusion would cause the basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

As a result of evaluating the above criteria, management has determined that no component units exist for which the School is financially accountable which would require inclusion in the School's basic financial statements.

Basis of presentation: Based on the guidance presented in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Audit and Accounting Guide - Not-for-Profit Organizations and provisions of Section 228.056, Florida Statutes, the School is presented as a governmental organization for financial statement reporting purposes.

Government-wide financial statements: Government-wide financial statements, including the statement of net position and the statement of activities, present information about the School as a whole.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School.

Fund financial statements: Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School in the governmental funds. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column. Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements differs from the focus of government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is presented with each of the governmental fund financial statements.

The School's major governmental funds are as follows:

General Fund - this fund is used to account for all operating activities of the School except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Grants Fund - This special revenue fund is used to account for federal grants and certain state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Project Fund - This fund is used to account for state and local capital outlay funding that is legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Additionally, the School reports separately the following nonmajor fund type:

Club and Activities Fund - This special revenue fund is used to administer funds raised and earned by the various clubs and activities that are part of the School.

Basis of accounting: Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures, or expenses, are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current period. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized when due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Cash and cash equivalents: The School considers all demand accounts and money market funds which are not subject to withdrawal restrictions to be cash and cash equivalents. The School maintains its cash accounts at one financial institution. The School's accounts at this institution, at times, may exceed the federally insured limit. The School has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk (Note 3).

Prepaid items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Due to and due from other funds: Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. The balances result from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

Revenue recognition: Student funding is provided by the State of Florida through the School Board. Such funding is recorded as entitlement revenue in the government-wide financial statements and state source revenue in the fund financial statements. This funding is received on a prorata basis over the twelve month period and is adjusted for changes in full-time equivalent (FTE) student population.

Income taxes: The School is a division of a nonprofit corporation. Revenue of the School is derived primarily from other governmental entities. The School is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in these financial statements.

Capital assets: Property and equipment purchased or acquired are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with an initial cost of \$750 and useful life of over one year. Donated property and equipment are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Building	45 years
Improvements other than building	10 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 years
Computer equipment	3 years

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources: In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Unearned revenue: Unearned revenue arises when the School receives resources before it has a legal claim to them.

Compensated absences: The School's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused paid time off, which is eligible for payment upon separation from service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable. Payments for compensated absences are generally paid out of the General Fund.

Net position: Net position is classified in three categories. The general meaning of each is as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets represents the difference between the cost of capital assets, less accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted indicates that portion of net position that is available to fund future operations.

Fund balance: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance classifications and also sets a hierarchy which details how the School may spend funds based on certain constraints. The following are the fund balance classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements:

- Nonspendable this classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The School classifies inventories, prepaid items, long-term notes receivable and deposits as nonspendable since they are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted this classification includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes by external parties such as grantors and creditors or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- Committed this classification includes amounts that can be used for specific purposes voted on through formal action of the Board of Directors (the highest level of decision making authority). The committed amount cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the commitment through formal action.
- Assigned this classification includes amounts that the Board of Directors intends to use for a specific purpose, but they are neither restricted nor committed. The School classifies existing fund balance to be used in the subsequent year's budget for elimination of a deficit as assigned.
- Unassigned this classification includes amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose within the General Fund.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet on page 10.

When the School incurs expenditures for which restricted or unrestricted fund balance is available, the School would consider restricted funds to be spent first. When the School has expenditures for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balance is available, the School would consider committed funds to be spent first, then assigned funds and lastly unassigned funds.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budget: An operating budget is adopted and maintained by the governing board for the School pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

Date of management review: Subsequent events were evaluated by management through September 20, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the deposits and cash on hand totaled \$ 3,170,741, with a bank balance of \$ 3,176,071.

State statutes require, and it is the School's policy, that all deposits be made into, and be held by, financial institutions designated by the Treasurer of the State of Florida as "qualified public depositories" as defined by Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. This Statute requires that every qualified public depository institution maintain eligible collateral to secure the public entity's funds. The minimum collateral to be pledged by an institution, the collateral eligible for pledge, and the reporting requirements of the qualified public depository institution pool with the ability to assess members of the pool should the need arise. The School's deposits are held in a qualified public depository and are covered by the collateral pool because the School has identified itself as a public entity.

Note 4 - Due From Trustee

Due from Trustee at June 30, 2021 consists of \$75,058 relating to accrued interest and funding that has yet to be transferred to the School.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 are as follows:

		Balance at July 1, 2020	Additions		Deletions		Balance at June 30, 2021
Capital assets, depreciable:	-			-			
Buildings	\$	17,691,604	\$ -	\$	-	\$	17,691,604
Improvements other than building		21,235	26,200		-		47,435
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		965,680	70,002		-		1,035,682
Computer equipment	-	1,822,413	249,122	-	-	-	2,071,535
Total capital assets, depreciable	-	20,500,932	345,324	-	-	-	20,846,256
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings		1,961,968	393,147		-		2,355,115
Improvements other than building		4,339	4,453		-		8,792
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		761,256	106,151		-		867,407
Computer equipment	_	1,678,223	126,381	-	-	-	1,804,604
Total accumulated depreciation	-	4,405,786	630,132	-	-	-	5,035,918
Net capital assets	\$	16,095,146	\$ (284,808)	\$	-	\$	15,810,338

Provision for depreciation was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction Operation of plant	\$ 232,532 397,600
	\$ 630,132

Note 6 - Loan to Related Party

The School and Four Corners Upper School ("FCUS") are affiliated, as they share common board membership and are Departments of Renaissance Charter School, Inc ("RCS"). As of June 30, 2021, FCUS owes the School \$ 231,250 for general working capital purposes. Principal payments of \$ 6,250 plus interest at 4.0% are payable in monthly installments through June 2024.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum payments as of June 30, 2021:

Year Ending June 30,		
2022 2023 2024	\$	75,000 75,000 81,250
	Ś	231,250

Note 7 - Due To Related Parties

The School is a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. ("RCS"). The due to balances represent amounts that are due to RCS and other schools that share common board membership and are departments of RCS.

Note 8 - Capital Lease

The School entered into a capital lease arrangement with Red Apple at Tapestry, LLC for use of its facility and equipment. This lease arrangement was entered into as part of a transaction consisting of a bond issuance by Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and Red Apple Development, Inc. (Note 11). The lease requires monthly principal and interest payments through June 2046. At June 30, 2021, the net book value of the leased facility and equipment is approximately \$15,336,500. Amortization of the leased facility and equipment is included with depreciation expense.

Future minimum payments at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	-	Total
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027-2031 2032-2036 2037-2041	\$	340,000 365,000 390,000 415,000 440,000 2,650,000 3,565,000 4,815,000	\$	1,227,870 1,205,289 1,180,645 1,183,720 1,185,795 5,491,427 4,579,180 3,332,205	\$	1,567,870 1,570,289 1,570,645 1,598,720 1,625,795 8,141,427 8,144,180 8,147,205
2042-2046	_	5,706,660	_	1,612,460	-	7,319,120
	\$ _	18,686,660	\$_	20,998,591	\$	39,685,251

Note 9 - Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in the School's long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are as follows:

	-	Balance at July 1, 2020	Additions	Retirements	Amortization	_	Balance at June 30, 2021	Amount Due Within One Year
Capital lease obligations, net of unamortized costs of \$ 561,159 Compensated absences	\$	18,423,055 53,680	\$ - 22,322	\$ 320,000 24,826	\$ 22,446	\$	18,125,501 51,176	\$ 340,000 38,382
	\$	18,476,735	\$ 22,322	\$ 344,826	\$ 22,446	\$	18,176,677	\$ 378,382

Note 10 - Employee Benefit Plan

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the School offered all of its full-time employees who had attained 21 years of age, a retirement plan (the "Plan") under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k). The employee is allowed to contribute up to a maximum of 100% of his/her annual gross compensation, subject to certain limitations. The Plan provides for a discretionary employer matching contribution of the participant's annual elective deferral to the Plan. As determined annually by the School's management, the School may also make a discretionary profit sharing contribution, which is allocated among the participants based on a pro rata formula. Participants are immediately vested in their own contributions and earnings on those contributions. Participants become vested in School contributions and earnings on School contributions according to the following schedule:

Years of Service	Vesting Percentage
1	25%
2	50%
3	75%
4	100%

Nonvested contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment and such forfeitures are used to reduce any employer contribution. For the plan year ended December 31, 2020, there were no forfeitures for the School. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School contributed a matching amount of \$ 13,771.

Note 11 - Commitments

Management agreement: The School has a formal agreement with Charter Schools USA, Inc. ("CSUSA") to manage, staff and operate the School. The agreement states that CSUSA shall be entitled to cost reimbursements and management fees (the "fee") for its services, subject to availability of funds. The fee is subordinated to all lease payment requirements (Note 8). CSUSA received a fee of \$ 1,605,876 for the year ending June 30, 2021. The fee ranges from \$ 1,707,354 for fiscal year 2022 to \$ 2,746,172 for fiscal year 2046 as defined in the management agreement or the budgeted amount approved by the Board of Directors based on enrollment and School performance.

The basic financial statements reflect a due from management company of \$130,747, which is for invoices paid on behalf of the School.

Lease agreement: In 2015, the Florida Development Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") issued \$9,145,000 in Tax Exempt Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A and \$86,835,000 in Taxable Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2015B pursuant to an Indenture of Trust between the Corporation and a trustee to make a loan to Renaissance Charter Schools, Inc. ("REN"), a division of which the School exists, and Red Apple Development, LLC and subsidiaries ("RAD") to finance the acquisition of the facilities of seven charter schools existing under Renaissance Charter Schools, Inc. In order to secure the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds, the Corporation assigned all of its rights and interest in the loan agreement to the trustee. The bonds are payable from and secured by a lien upon and pledge of payments to be received by the trustee.

Note 11 - Commitments (continued)

Concurrent with the preceding loan transaction, RAD, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, entered into five lease agreements with REN. The facilities which are owned by RAD are leased by REN on behalf of the schools under a 45-year lease (Note 8). The leases are deemed to be capital leases and the capital lease payments are based on the debt service requirements of the bonds which extend through June 2046. These payments are made from the revenues received from the School Board of Osceola County for the operation of the Schools. REN is obligated under the Indenture to deposit all Charter revenues received from the School Board and additional revenues, if any, directly with the trustee during the term of the lease. The payments are applied by the trustee to make sinking fund payments and pay for operating expenses.

In addition to the capital lease payments noted in Note 8, the School is required to pay incremental rent payments to RAD. The incremental rent payments range from approximately \$ 162,800 to \$ 163,320 per year over the term of the agreement which is through June 2046. For the year ending June 30, 2021, \$ 162,924 was paid in incremental rent.

Post-retirement benefits: The School does not provide post-retired benefits to retired employees.

Note 12 - Capital Appropriations Funding

The Florida Department of Education has approved a Charter School Capital Outlay (CSCO) award for the School. In each year that funds are appropriated by the state for charter school capital outlay purposes, those funds are allocated among eligible charter schools. The funds for the School's allocation are transferred to the School once a CSCO Plan has been provided to and approved by the sponsoring School Board. The School's CSCO Award totaled \$923,084 for the 2020/2021 school year which has been recognized as revenue in the accompanying financial statements. If the CSCO funds are used to acquire tangible property assets, the School Board has a reversionary interest in those assets. In the event of nonrenewal, termination, or breach of the charter school agreement, ownership of the assets would automatically revert to the School Board. The School has elected to use these funds to pay a portion of the interest expense on the capital lease.

Note 13 - Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets and natural disasters. The School has obtained property insurance from commercial companies including, but not limited to, general liability and errors and omissions insurance. There have been no claims in excess of insurance coverage limits during the past three years.

As disclosed in Note 11, CSUSA employs all of the employees of the School. As a result, the School is not exposed to medical or workers' compensation claims for these individuals. In addition, CSUSA carries all required insurance including, but not limited to, general liability and errors and omissions insurance.

Note 14 - Prior Period Adjustments

GASB No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, effective for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, deals with financial reporting of Fiduciary Activities and no longer permits the use of Agency Funds, which requires a change to the way the School reports its Internal Accounts. Internal Account activity will now be reported in the Club and Activities Fund. This treatment requires the restatement of the net position and fund balances as of June 30, 2020. The restatements are as follows:

Fund balances, June 30, 2020 Inclusion of Agency Fund	\$ 2,602,781 11,423
Restated fund balances, June 30, 2020	\$ 2,614,204
Net position (deficit), June 30, 2020 Removal of due to Agency Fund Inclusion of Agency Fund	\$ 231,730 2,100 9,323
Restated net position (deficit), June 30, 2020	\$ 243,153

Note 15 - Risks and Uncertainties

The coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak has caused disruption in international and U.S. economies and markets. The coronavirus and fear of further spread has caused quarantines, cancellation of events, and overall reduction in business and economic activity. On March 11, 2020, the *World Health Organization* designated the coronavirus outbreak a pandemic. Management and the Board of Directors continue to evaluate and monitor the potential adverse effect that this event may have on the School's financial position and operations. The full impact of COVID-19 is unknown at this time and cannot be reasonably estimated as these events are still developing.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors Renaissance Charter School at Tapestry A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. Kissimmee, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Renaissance Charter School at Tapestry (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Osceola County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Renaissance Charter School at Tapestry

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 20, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

To the Board of Directors Renaissance Charter School at Tapestry A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. Kissimmee, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Renaissance Charter School at Tapestry (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Osceola County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2021.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in that report, which is dated September 20, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education are Renaissance Charter School at Tapestry and 490171.

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Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2. and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not the School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the School. It is management's responsibility to monitor the School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7. and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether the School maintains on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School maintained on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 20, 2021