



SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach
W/L# 7825
(A charter school and Component Unit of
the School Board of Hillsborough County)

Financial Statements and
Independent Auditors' Report
June 30, 2021

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SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach
(A charter school under SLAM Florida, Inc.)

W/L# 7825

5150 North U.S. Hwy 41
Apollo Beach, FL 33572

2020-2021

Board of Directors

Rene Ruiz, Board Chair/ President
Joseph Anthony Mesa, III, Vice Chair, Vice President
Alina Lopez, Secretary, Director
Alex Tamargo, Director

School Administration

Meredith Williamson, Principal



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of
SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach
Apollo Beach, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach (the "School"), a charter school under SLAM Florida, Inc., which is a component unit of the District School Board of Hillsborough County, as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position of SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of SLAM Florida, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of SLAM Florida, Inc. as of June 30, 2021 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 30 through 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2021 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2021 the School adopted new accounting guidance, GASB No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. Our opinion is not modified with respected to this matter.

Handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "HLB Gravier, LLP".

Coral Gables, Florida
September 20, 2021

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

SLAM

SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach

(A Charter School under SLAM Florida, Inc.)

June 30, 2021

The corporate officers of SLAM Florida, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Financial Highlights

1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2021 was \$1,332,986.
2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$1,201,673.
3. The net position of the School increased by \$1,058,199 during the year.
4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$322,921.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. The difference is reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-11 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 – 15 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 – 29 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, the net position was \$1,332,986 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

	2021	2020
Cash	\$ 111,792	\$ 763,252
Investments	680,000	420,000
Prepaid expenses	115,092	29,636
Due from other agencies	294,789	232,382
Capital assets, net	1,503,187	1,260,288
Total Assets	2,704,860	2,705,558
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Accounts payable	282,294	294,912
Salaries and wages payable	161,050	125,600
Due to SLAM Florida, Inc.	-	8,426
Due to SLAM Foundation, Inc.	-	869,122
Note payable	928,530	1,141,208
Total Liabilities	1,371,874	2,439,268
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	597,931	205,881
Unrestricted	735,055	60,409
Total Net Position	\$ 1,332,986	\$ 266,290

At the end of both fiscal years, the School is able to report a positive balance in its net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 940,014	\$ 295,886
Capital Grants and Contributions	504,662	359,292
Charges for Services	209,500	133,588
General Revenues		
Local Sources (FTE and other non specific)	4,632,507	3,629,454
Other Revenues	36,955	16,428
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 6,323,638</u>	<u>\$ 4,434,648</u>
EXPENSES		
Governmental Activities:		
Instruction	\$ 2,754,273	\$ 2,301,396
Student support services	7,735	37,368
Instructional staff training	1,214	31
Board	32,313	20,438
School administration	560,231	451,643
Fiscal services	100,200	81,750
Food services	207,215	74,426
Central services	117,087	115,103
Operation of plant	1,189,311	804,256
Maintenance of plant	86,898	161,441
Administrative technology services	54,592	12,623
Community services	117,271	107,883
Interest	37,099	-
Total Expenses	<u>5,265,439</u>	<u>4,168,358</u>
Increase in Net Position	1,058,199	266,290
Net Position at Beginning of Year (as restated)	274,787	-
Net Position at End of Year	<u>\$ 1,332,986</u>	<u>\$ 266,290</u>

During the year, revenues and expenses increased by \$1,888,990 and \$1,097,081 respectively due to an increase in enrollment. At the end of the year, the School's net position was \$1,332,986.

School Facility

The School leases a facility located at 5150 North U.S. Hwy 41, Apollo Beach, FL 33572.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance was \$438,013. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion was \$322,921. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2021 amounts to \$1,503,187 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes furniture, fixtures, equipment and software. The School has outstanding long term debt associated to capital assets and working capital.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School’s fiscal year, the Board of the School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School’s budget.

	Governmental Fund		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
Program Revenues			
State capital outlay funding	\$ 322,500	\$ 504,665	\$ 504,662
Federal sources	-	500,000	499,922
Lunch program	180,600	197,953	197,931
General Revenues			
FTE and other nonspecific revenues	4,418,895	4,625,090	4,632,507
Charges and other revenues	165,000	199,700	200,229
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 5,086,995</u>	<u>\$ 6,027,408</u>	<u>\$ 6,035,251</u>
CURRENT EXPENDITURES			
Governmental Activities			
Instruction	\$ 2,195,635	\$ 2,457,519	\$ 2,455,651
Student support services	9,753	8,503	8,485
Instructional staff training	500	500	464
Board	34,188	33,188	32,313
School administration	556,278	557,278	556,985
Fiscal services	96,750	100,200	100,200
Food services	184,740	210,953	207,215
Central services	111,750	117,800	117,087
Operation of plant	1,002,496	1,162,661	1,161,567
Maintenance of plant	94,000	88,005	86,898
Administrative technology services	42,000	55,680	54,592
Community services	10,860	120,700	38,530
Total Current Expenditures	<u>\$ 4,338,950</u>	<u>\$ 4,912,987</u>	<u>\$ 4,819,987</u>

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach
(A charter school under SLAM Florida, Inc.)

Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2021

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 111,792
Investments	680,000
Prepaid expenses	115,092
Due from other agencies	294,789
Total Current Assets	<u>1,201,673</u>
Capital assets	2,053,950
Less: accumulated depreciation	(550,763)
	<u>1,503,187</u>
Total Assets	<u>2,704,860</u>
 <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	 <u>-</u>
 <u>Liabilities</u>	
Current liabilities:	
Salaries and wages payable	161,050
Accounts payable	282,294
Current portion of note payable	220,134
Total Current Liabilities	<u>663,478</u>
Note Payable	<u>708,396</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>1,371,874</u>
 <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	 <u>-</u>
 <u>Net Position</u>	
Net investment in capital assets	597,931
Unrestricted	735,055
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 1,332,986</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach
(A charter school under SLAM Florida, Inc.)

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2021

Functions	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$ 2,754,273	\$ -	\$ 777,474	\$ -	\$ (1,976,799)
Student support services	7,735	-	-	-	(7,735)
Instructional staff training	1,214	-	750	-	(464)
Board	32,313	-	-	-	(32,313)
School administration	560,231	-	-	-	(560,231)
Fiscal services	100,200	-	-	-	(100,200)
Food services	207,215	46,226	151,705	-	(9,284)
Central services	117,087	-	-	-	(117,087)
Operation of plant	1,189,311	-	2,483	504,662	(682,166)
Maintenance of plant	86,898	-	7,602	-	(79,296)
Administrative technology services	54,592	-	-	-	(54,592)
Community services	117,271	163,274	-	-	46,003
Interest	37,099	-	-	-	(37,099)
Total governmental activities	5,265,439	209,500	940,014	504,662	(3,611,263)
General revenues:					
FTE and other nonspecific revenues					4,632,507
Investment earnings and other revenues					36,955
Change in net position					1,058,199
Net position, beginning (as restated)					274,787
Net position, ending					\$ 1,332,986

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach
(A charter school under SLAM Florida, Inc.)

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Non-Major Government al Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash	\$ 79,863	\$ 31,929	\$ -	\$ 111,792
Investments	680,000	-	-	680,000
Due from other agencies	-	-	6,402	6,402
Due from fund	6,402	-	-	6,402
Prepaid expenses	115,092	-	-	115,092
Total Assets	<u>881,357</u>	<u>31,929</u>	<u>6,402</u>	<u>919,688</u>
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>				
	-	-	-	-
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Salaries and wages payable	161,050	-	-	161,050
Accounts payable	282,294	-	-	282,294
Due to fund	-	-	6,402	6,402
Total Liabilities	<u>443,344</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,402</u>	<u>449,746</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>				
	-	-	-	-
<u>Fund Balance</u>				
Nonspendable, not in spendable form	115,092	-	-	115,092
Assigned	-	31,929	-	31,929
Unassigned	322,921	-	-	322,921
	<u>438,013</u>	<u>31,929</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>469,942</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	<u>\$ 881,357</u>	<u>\$ 31,929</u>	<u>\$ 6,402</u>	<u>\$ 919,688</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach
(A charter school under SLAM Florida, Inc.)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2021

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds \$ 469,942

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets of \$2,053,950 net of accumulated depreciation of \$550,763 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund 1,503,187

Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds. These revenues do not meet the recognition criteria and, therefore, the corresponding receivables are not reported in the funds. 288,387

Long term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. (928,530)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities \$ 1,332,986

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach
(A charter school under SLAM Florida, Inc.)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds
For the year ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 504,662	\$ 504,662
State passed through local	4,632,507	-	-	4,632,507
Federal sources	-	499,922	-	499,922
Lunch program	-	197,931	-	197,931
Charges and other revenue	151,393	48,836	-	200,229
Total Revenues	<u>4,783,900</u>	<u>746,689</u>	<u>504,662</u>	<u>6,035,251</u>
Expenditures:				
Current				
Instruction	2,155,673	299,978	-	2,455,651
Student support services	7,735	-	-	7,735
Instructional staff training	464	750	-	1,214
Board	32,313	-	-	32,313
School administration	556,985	-	-	556,985
Fiscal services	100,200	-	-	100,200
Food services	-	207,215	-	207,215
Central services	117,087	-	-	117,087
Operation of plant	654,422	2,483	504,662	1,161,567
Maintenance of plant	79,296	7,602	-	86,898
Administrative technology services	54,592	-	-	54,592
Community services	78,741	38,530	-	117,271
Capital Outlay:				
Other capital outlay	95,015	477,496	-	572,511
Debt Service:				
Principal	-	-	212,678	212,678
Interest	-	-	37,099	37,099
Total Expenditures	<u>3,932,523</u>	<u>1,034,054</u>	<u>754,439</u>	<u>5,721,016</u>
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	851,377	(287,365)	(249,777)	314,235
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in (out)	(560,574)	310,797	249,777	-
Repayment of advances	(283,426)	-	-	(283,426)
Net change in fund balance	7,377	23,432	-	30,809
Fund Balance at beginning of year (as restated)	<u>430,636</u>	<u>8,497</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>439,133</u>
Fund Balance at end of year	<u>\$ 438,013</u>	<u>\$ 31,929</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 469,942</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach
(A charter school under SLAM Florida, Inc.)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds \$ 30,809

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$572,511 exceeded depreciation expense of \$329,612 242,899

Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds. These revenues met the recognition criteria during the current year and, therefore, are reported in the funds. 288,387

The proceeds from debt issuance provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which repayments of \$496,104 differed from proceeds of \$0. 496,104

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 1,058,199

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach (the "School"), is a charter school and component unit of the school district of Hillsborough County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by SLAM Florida, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of SLAM Florida, Inc., which is composed of four members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Hillsborough County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2029 and it can be renewed in accordance with law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in Apollo Beach, Florida for students from kindergarten through eighth grade. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2021, when on average 672 students were enrolled during the year.

Basis of Presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net positions and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, such as food service and student activity fees; (2) operating grants such as Federal grants and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues, and other miscellaneous sources.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds with all other non-major aggregated funds in a single column:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – accounts for specific revenues, such as federal funding, federal lunch program, and COVID-19 emergency relief funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. Also, accounts for resources of the School's Internal Fund, which is used to administer monies collected in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. “Measurable” means the amount of the transaction can be determined. “Available” means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year.

Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund receivables/payables (“due from/to”) are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, nonmarketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 2). Money market investment that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies relate to grants or programs for which the services have been provided by the School.

Prepaid Expenses

Other assets consist mainly of prepaid expenses which are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in the governmentwide statements. Proceeds received from the sale or disposal of capital assets are recorded as other financing sources in the governmental funds. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Leasehold improvements	10 Years
Furniture, equipment, and textbooks	3-5 Years

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to receive one day per month up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a “benefit year”). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may “rollover” all unused days for use in future benefit years. Employees may “cash out” unused sick days, however, employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days. GASB Codification Section C60, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years. The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the state through the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP.

Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local capital improvement ad valorem tax revenues levied by the district.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Net Position and Fund Balance Classification

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets - consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position - consists of balances with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) Unrestricted net position - all other balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- a) Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with prepaid expenses. All nonspendable fund balances at year end relate to not in spendable form assets.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- a) Restricted – this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted balances at year end.
- b) Committed - fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School’s Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- c) Assigned - fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School’s management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The assigned fund balances at year end pertain to the School’s internal account.
- d) Unassigned – portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School’s general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Income Taxes

SLAM Florida, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under the Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) and is therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 20, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Standard Adopted

In fiscal year 2021, the School adopted a new statement of financial accounting standard issued by Governmental Accounting Standards Board: Statement No. 84 *Fiduciary Activities*. See Note 11.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Pronouncements Issued but Not Yet Effective

GASB has issued GASB Statement No. 87 *Leases, effective fiscal year 2022*, that will affect the future financial position, results of operations, or financial presentation of the School upon implementation. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in two financial institutions.

Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under SLAM Florida, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of SLAM Florida, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2021, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage was \$183,600.

Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2021, the School had \$1,280,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2021, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 79% within 30 days.

Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2021, all of the School’s investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

Note 3 –Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Balance 07/01/20	Additions	Retirements	Balance 06/30/21
Capital assets, depreciable:				
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	\$ 1,363,946	\$ 572,511	\$ -	\$ 1,936,457
Buildings and improvements	117,493	-	-	117,493
Total Capital Assets	<u>1,481,439</u>	<u>572,511</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,053,950</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	(208,423)	(315,904)	-	(524,327)
Buildings and improvements	(12,728)	(13,708)	-	(26,436)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(221,151)</u>	<u>(329,612)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(550,763)</u>
Capital Assets, net	<u>\$ 1,260,288</u>	<u>\$ 242,899</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,503,187</u>

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, depreciation expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

Instruction	\$ 298,622
School administration	3,246
Operation of plant	27,744
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$ 329,612</u>

Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Broward, LLC, an education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis.

The agreement is through SLAM Florida, Inc. expiring on June 30, 2022, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed along with any renewals to the charter agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the School incurred \$300,600 in fees of which \$50,625 are included in accounts payable as of year end.

Note 5 – Transactions with Affiliates

SLAM Florida, Inc.’s sole member is SLAM Foundation, Inc. which is an exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

In prior year, SLAM Foundation, Inc. and SLAM Florida, Inc. extended non-interest bearing long-term advances to the School. The following represents changes in long term advances during the year:

	Balance 07/01/20	Advances	Repayments	Balance 06/30/21
Due to Slam Foundation, Inc.	\$ 275,000	\$ -	\$ (275,000)	\$ -
Due to Slam Florida, Inc.	8,426	-	(8,426)	-
Total Long Term Payable	<u>\$ 283,426</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (283,426)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

SLAM Florida, Inc. charges its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. The School paid SLAM Florida, Inc. \$101,250 in connection with these charges during the year.

Note 6 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations

On July 15, 2019, SLAM Florida, Inc. (the “tenant”) entered into a space sublease agreement with SLAM Foundation Inc., as landlord. SLAM Foundation Inc. (“landlord”) is the tenant under a master lease agreement with School Property Development Apollo, LLC (“master landlord”). The Master Landlord is an affiliate of the School’s education service and support provider (See Note 4). The charter school facility is located at 5150 US Highway 41, Apollo Beach, Florida.

The term of this sublease agreement continues through June 29, 2039 with an option to renew for two additional five-year terms (subject to the master lease agreement extension). This sublease is subject and subordinate to the terms, conditions, and covenants stated in the master lease and if the superior sublease terminates for any reason, then this sublease shall also terminate.

The School shall pay a monthly fixed rent of \$68,412 which will be adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The master lease grants enrollment discounts for the first year of the agreement. The enrollment discounts are also included in the sublease agreement.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, rent expense totaled \$827,807. Future minimum payments under the sublease agreement are as follows:

<u>Year</u>		
2022	\$	928,476
2023	\$	928,476
2024	\$	928,476
2025	\$	928,476
2026	\$	928,476
2027-2031	\$	4,642,380 (total for five-year period)
2032-2036	\$	4,642,380 (total for five-year period)
2037-2039	\$	2,785,428 (total for three-year period)

Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the State through the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Note 6 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations (continued)

Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the State through the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 5% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2021, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$87,580.

Note 7 – Long Term Debt

On June 30, 2020, the School obtained equipment financing from a financial institution for a total loan balance of \$1,141,208. This financing was utilized to purchase fixed assets for the School and will be repaid in 60 monthly principal and interest at a fixed interest rate of 3.5%. As of June 30, 2021, the balance due was at \$928,530.

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in related party long-term debt for the year:

	Balance 07/01/20	Advances	Repayments	Balance 06/30/21
Notes Payable	<u>\$1,141,208</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$(212,678)</u>	<u>\$ 928,530</u>
Total Notes Payable	<u><u>\$1,141,208</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$(212,678)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 928,530</u></u>

Future minimum payments for the equipment loan are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest
2022	\$ 220,134	\$ 28,993
2023	\$ 227,963	\$ 21,164
2024	\$ 236,071	\$ 13,056
2025	\$ 244,362	\$ 4,659
	<u><u>\$ 928,530</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 67,872</u></u>

Note 7 – Long Term Debt (Continued)

The School’s debt agreement contains various covenants, restrictions and financial test requirements. In the event an instance of default is not remedied, the maturity can be accelerated and/or the underlying collateral may be forfeited. In addition, Academica Dade, LLC has guaranteed the payment and performance of the School’s obligations under equipment financing agreement including any additional extension of credit or advances.

Note 8 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; administrative errors and omissions; personal injury; workers compensation and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as “Professional Employer Organization” (PEO). Under a co-employment agreement, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

Note 9 – Interfund Transfers and Balances

Interfund transfers in governmental funds as of June 30, 2021 consists of the following:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Non Major Governmental Funds
To fund internal account deficit	\$ (9,284)	\$ 9,284	\$ -
To transfer internal account balance	(13,126)	13,126	-
To fund debt service fund for principal and interest payments	(249,777)	-	249,777
To fund ESSER federal expenditures for which revenues were not available	(288,387)	288,387	-
Total Transfers, net	<u>\$ (560,574)</u>	<u>\$ 310,797</u>	<u>\$ 249,777</u>

Note 9 – Interfund Transfers and Balances (Continued)

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Non Major Governmental Funds
Due to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund for capital outlay	\$ 6,402	\$ -	\$ (6,402)
Total Due from/(Due to)	<u>\$ 6,402</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (6,402)</u>

Note 10 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School’s personnel, which are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the “Plan”), the School provides a match of 100% of the employee’s contribution up to 4% of the employee’s compensation. The School contributed \$22,162 to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans’ assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.

Note 11 – Implementation of GASB 84

As of July 1, 2020, the School implemented GASB Statement No. 84. Fiduciary Activities. This Statement establishes new criteria for identifying fiduciary activities which, when met, require that activities be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. Items previously reported as part of the agency fund classification of the Fiduciary Fund statements were reviewed to evaluate if they met the new custodial funds criteria. The School identified the School’s internal account as non-fiduciary and re-categorized them as assigned in the Special Revenue Fund. The government-wide net position and fund balances were restated as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 as follows:

	Fiscal Year June 30, 2020 Original	GASB Statement No.84	Fiscal Year June 30, 2021 (Restated)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 430,636	\$ -	\$ 430,636
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning	-	-	-
Restatement of beginning fund balances	-	8,497	8,497
Fund balances (deficit) at the end of year	<u>\$ 430,636</u>		<u>\$ 439,133</u>
Change in net position	\$ 266,290	\$ -	\$ 266,290
Net position (deficit), beginning	-	-	-
Restatement of beginning net position	-	8,497	8,497
Net position (deficit), ending	<u>\$ 266,290</u>		<u>\$ 274,787</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach
(A charter school under SLAM Florida, Inc.)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
For the year ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
State passed through local	\$ 4,418,895	\$ 4,625,090	\$ 4,632,507
Charges and other revenue	150,000	151,000	151,393
Total Revenues	<u>4,568,895</u>	<u>4,776,090</u>	<u>4,783,900</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction	2,195,635	2,156,635	2,155,673
Student support services	9,753	7,753	7,735
Instructional staff training	500	500	464
Board	34,188	33,188	32,313
School administration	556,278	557,278	556,985
Fiscal services	96,750	100,200	100,200
Central services	111,750	117,800	117,087
Operation of plant	679,996	654,996	654,422
Maintenance of plant	94,000	80,000	79,296
Administrative technology services	42,000	55,680	54,592
Total Current Expenditures	<u>3,820,850</u>	<u>3,764,030</u>	<u>3,758,767</u>
Excess/(Deficit) of Revenues Over Current Expenditures	<u>748,045</u>	<u>1,012,060</u>	<u>1,025,133</u>
Capital Outlay			
Other Capital Outlay	200,000	96,000	95,015
Total Expenditures	<u>4,020,850</u>	<u>3,860,030</u>	<u>3,853,782</u>
Excess/(Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	548,045	916,060	930,118
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in (out)	(265,000)	(639,777)	(560,574)
Repayment of advances	-	(283,426)	(283,426)
Net change in fund balance	283,045	(7,143)	86,118
Fund Balance at beginning of year	<u>430,636</u>	<u>430,636</u>	<u>430,636</u>
Fund Balance at end of year	<u>\$ 713,681</u>	<u>\$ 423,493</u>	<u>\$ 516,754</u>

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach
(A charter school under SLAM Florida, Inc.)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Fund		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
Federal sources	\$ -	\$ 500,000	\$ 499,922
Lunch program	180,600	197,953	197,931
Charges and other revenue	15,000	48,700	48,836
Total Revenues	<u>195,600</u>	<u>746,653</u>	<u>746,689</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction	-	300,884	299,978
Instructional staff training	-	750	750
Food services	184,740	210,953	207,215
Operation of Plant	-	3,000	2,483
Maintenance of plant	-	8,005	7,602
Community services	10,860	120,700	38,530
Total Current Expenditures	<u>195,600</u>	<u>644,292</u>	<u>556,558</u>
Excess/(Deficit) of Revenues Over Current Expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>102,361</u>	<u>190,131</u>
Capital Outlay			
Other Capital Outlay	<u>265,000</u>	<u>480,000</u>	<u>477,496</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>460,600</u>	<u>1,124,292</u>	<u>1,034,054</u>
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(265,000)	(377,639)	(287,365)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in (out)	<u>265,000</u>	<u>377,639</u>	<u>310,797</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	23,432
Fund Balance at beginning of year	<u>8,497</u>	<u>8,497</u>	<u>8,497</u>
Fund Balance at end of year	<u>\$ 8,497</u>	<u>\$ 8,497</u>	<u>\$ 31,929</u>

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Board of Directors of
SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach
Apollo Beach, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States., the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach (the "School"), as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School’s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 20, 2021 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity’s internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity’s internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida
September 20, 2021



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of
SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach
Apollo Beach, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2021.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 20, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations in the preceding audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854.(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity are SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach, 7825.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach. It is management's responsibility to monitor SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have such recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that SLAM Academy at Apollo Beach maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Hillsborough County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida
September 20, 2021