

Somerset Academy South WL# 5263

(A Charter School under Somerset Academy, Inc. and Component Unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida)

Pembroke Pines, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

General Information	1
Independent Auditors' Report	2-4
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
(Required Supplementary Information)	5-9
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities	11
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance	
Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	16-29
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary comparison schedules	30-31
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over	
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other	
Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing	
Standards	32-33
Management Letter	34-35

Somerset Academy South

(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.) W/L# 5263

19620 Pines Boulevard, Pembroke Pines, FL 33029

2021-2022

Board of Directors

Todd German, Treasurer and Board Chair, (Florida) Ana Diaz, Vice-Chair and Secretary David Concepcion, Director Dr. Bernard Kimmel, Director Brian M. Cox, Director (Texas)

School Administration

Bernardo Montero, Principal

Other Non-voting Corporate Officers

Bernardo Montero, President Suzette Ruiz, Vice-President



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Academy South Pembroke Pines, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy South (the "School"), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc. which is a component unit of the District School Board of Broward County, as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Somerset Academy, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of a Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 6 to the financial statements, in 2022, the School adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No, 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Emphasis of a Matter - Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Somerset Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of

Somerset Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2022 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 30 through 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2022 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 30, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Somerset Academy South (A Charter school Under Somerset Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2022

The corporate officers of Somerset Academy, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Financial Highlights

- 1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2022 was \$14,713.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$999,521.
- 3. The School had a decrease in its net position of \$(86,315) for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$318,862.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 - 11 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Government Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Government Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16-29 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, net position was \$14,713 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	2022	2021
Cash	\$ 527,218	\$ 407,475
Investments	360,000	340,000
Due from other agencies	66,670	-
Prepaid expenses and other assets	45,633	40,194
Capital assets and right of use asset, net	5,057,589	597,555
Total Assets	6,057,110	1,385,224
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	301,801	191,369
Lease liability	4,706,009	-
Long-term debt	85,876	144,116
Due to other divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.	948,711	948,711
Total Liabilities	6,042,397	1,284,196
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	-	176,670
Restricted	31,845	6,452
Unrestricted	(17,132)	(82,094)
Total Net Position	\$ 14,713	\$ 101,028

At the end of both fiscal years, the School is able to report positive balances in total net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	2022	2021
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 80,110	\$ 74,028
Capital outlay funding	226,576	203,848
Lunch Program	122,147	39,314
Charges for services	705,858	471,124
General Revenues		
Local sources (FTE and other non specific)	2,478,890	2,385,351
Other revenues	6,192	1,529
Total Revenues	\$ 3,619,773	\$ 3,175,194
EXPENSES		
Instruction	\$ 1,914,804	\$ 1,577,010
Student support services	19,843	17,835
Instructional staff training	3,600	3,818
Board	21,878	16,816
General administration	-	92,845
School administration	343,251	258,770
Fiscal services	51,750	50,025
Food services	98,126	34,234
Central services	80,051	87,816
Student transportation services	3,147	1,594
Operation of plant	650,522	708,848
Maintenance of plant	87,950	118,984
Administrative technology services	2,169	4,169
Community services	192,873	86,289
Debt service	236,124	65,949
Total Expenses	3,706,088	3,125,002
Change in Net Position	(86,315)	50,192
Net Position at Beginning of Year	101,028	50,836
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 14,713	\$ 101,028

The School's revenues and expenses increased by \$444,579 and \$581,086 during the year. The School had a decrease in its net position of \$(86,315) for the year.

School Location and Lease of Facility

The School leases a facility located at 19620 Pines Boulevard, Pembroke Pines, Florida 33029.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$364,495. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$318,862. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2022 amounts to \$449,735 (net of accumulated depreciation) and right of use lease asset (building) \$4,607,854 (net of accumulated amortization). This investment in capital assets includes right of use lease asset (building), improvements, and furniture, fixtures and equipment. As of June 30, 2022, the School had long-term liabilities of \$5,740,596 associated to its capital assets.

New Accounting Pronouncements Adopted

As described in Note 6, the School adopted GASB Statement No, 87, *Leases*. The effect of the adoption was to capitalize a right of use asset (building) with a corresponding liability which is being amortized over the life of the underlying lease agreement. The overall impact on the financial statements was to record interest and amortization expense related to the underlying asset and liability which results in higher total expenses (compared to pre-adoption) during the early years of the lease agreement.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund						
	Original						
	Budget		Fir	Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES							
Program Revenues							
State capital outlay funding	\$	226,845	\$	226,845	\$	226,576	
Federal sources		15,777		19,603		20,052	
Lunch program		115,741		120,698		122,147	
General Revenues							
FTE nonspecific revenues	2	2,382,409		2,443,046		2,478,890	
Charges and other revenues		698,043		702,598		712,050	
Total Revenues	(3,438,815		3,512,790		3,559,715	
CURRENT EXPENDITURES							
Instruction		1,880,574		1,835,230		1,792,128	
Student support services		39,354		32,879		19,843	
Instructional staff training		6,500		4,734		3,600	
Board		24,456		23,571		21,878	
School administration		337,765		333,484		331,218	
Fiscal services		51,825		53,024		51,750	
Food services		101,913		97,115		96,754	
Central services		68,825		64,551		64,551	
Student transportation services		5,000		4,133		3,147	
Operation of plant		347,350		337,531		333,531	
Maintenance of plant		55,250		49,896		48,865	
Administrative technology services		7,541		5,960		2,169	
Community services		201,000		197,832		192,873	
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 3	3,127,353	\$	3,039,940	\$	2,962,307	

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Broward, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

<u>Assets</u>	Governmental Activities
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 527,218
Investments	360,000
Prepaid expenses and other assets	45,633
Due from other agencies	66,670
Total current assets	999,521
Capital assets, depreciable	1,153,304
Less: accumulated depreciation	(703,569)
Righ of use asset, building	4,896,108
Less: accumulated amortization	(288,254)
	5,057,589
Total Assets	6,057,110
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Current liabilities:	
Salaries and wages payable	119,858
Accounts payable	181,943
Long-term debt, current portion	60,188
Lease liability, current	197,159
Total Current Liabilities	559,148
Due to other divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc., long-term	948,711
Long term debt	25,688
Due to landlord	9,033
Lease liability	4,499,817
Total Liabilites	6,042,397
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	-
Restricted	31,845
Unrestricted	(17,132)
Total Net Position	\$ 14,713

Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2022

		Program Revenues										
Functions	Expenses	Charges for Services			Charges for Grants and Gra		Grants and Grants and				a	et (Expense) Revenue nd Changes Net Position
Governmental activities:								_				
Instruction	\$ 1,914,804	\$ 300,033	\$	68,070	\$	-	\$	(1,546,701)				
Student support services	19,843	-		12,040		-		(7,803)				
Instructional staff training	3,600	-		-		-		(3,600)				
Board	21,878	-		-		-		(21,878)				
School administration	343,251	-		-		-		(343,251)				
Fiscal services	51,750	-		-		-		(51,750)				
Food services	98,126	56,113		66,034		-		24,021				
Central services	80,051	-		-		-		(80,051)				
Student transportation services	3,147	-		-		-		(3,147)				
Operation of plant	650,522	148,411		-		226,576		(275,535)				
Maintenance of plant	87,950	-		-		-		(87,950)				
Administrative technology services	2,169	-		-		-		(2,169)				
Community services	192,873	257,414		-		-		64,541				
Debt service	236,124			-		-		(236,124)				
Total governmental activities	3,706,088	761,971		146,144		226,576		(2,571,397)				
	General reven	ues:										
	FTE and other	r nonspecific re	evenu	es				2,478,890				
Investment income and other revenues							6,192					
	Change in net	position						(86,315)				
	Net position,	beginning						101,028				
	Net position,	ending					\$	14,713				

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 254,051	\$ 273,167	\$ 527,218
360,000	-	360,000
-	6,612	6,612
6,612	-	6,612
45,633	-	45,633
666,296	279,779	946,075
119,858	-	119,858
181,943	-	181,943
-	6,612	6,612
301,801	6,612	308,413
45,633	_	45,633
-	31,845	31,845
-	241,322	241,322
318,862	-	318,862
364,495	273,167	637,662
\$ 666,296	\$ 279,779	\$ 946,075
	\$ 254,051 360,000 6,612 45,633 666,296 119,858 181,943 301,801 45,633 318,862 364,495	Revenue Fund \$ 254,051 \$ 273,167 360,000

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total	Fund	Ralance -	Governmental	Funds
i Otai	runu	Daiance -	CIOVELIIIICIIIAI	Funds

\$ 637,662

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Depreciable and non-depreciable capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.ces and therefore are not reported in the fund.

-	
1,153,304	
(703,569)	
4,896,108	
(288,254)	5,057,589
	(703,569) 4,896,108

Receivables in governmental activities that are not collected within 60 days are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the 60,058

Long term debt in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

(5,740,596)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 14,713

Somerset Academy South (A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June $30,\,2022$

	Ge	neral Fund	Special venue Fund	Cap	ital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: State passed through local	\$	2,478,890	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 2,478,890
State capital outlay funding		-	-		226,576	226,576
Federal sources		-	20,052		-	20,052
Lunch program		-	122,147		-	122,147
Charges and other revenues		454,636	 257,414			712,050
Total Revenues		2,933,526	399,613		226,576	3,559,715
Expenditures:						
Current						
Instruction		1,727,571	64,557		-	1,792,128
Student support services		7,803	12,040		-	19,843
Instructional staff training		3,600	-		-	3,600
Board		21,878	-		-	21,878
School administration		331,218	-		-	331,218
Fiscal services		51,750	-		-	51,750
Food services		-	96,754		-	96,754
Central services		64,551	-		-	64,551
Student transportation services		3,147	-		-	3,147
Operation of plant		333,531	-		-	333,531
Maintenance of plant		48,865	-		-	48,865
Administrative technology services		2,169	-		-	2,169
Community Services		-	192,873		-	192,873
Capital Outlay:						
Other capital outlay		68,070	3,513		-	71,583
Right of use asset		-	-		4,896,108	4,896,108
Debt Service:						
Repayment of Principal		58,240	-		199,132	257,372
Interest on long-term debt		3,847	_		232,277	236,124
Total Expenditures		2,726,240	369,737		5,327,517	8,423,494
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures		207,286	29,876	(5,100,941)	(4,863,779)
Proceeds from other financing sources:						
Transfers in (out)		(255,858)	60,058		195,800	-
Increase in lease liability and deferred rent CPI		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		4,905,141	4,905,141
Net change in fund balance		(48,572)	89,934		-	41,362
Fund Balance at beginning of year		413,067	183,233			596,300
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	364,495	\$ 273,167	\$	-	\$ 637,662
•		· ·	 <u> </u>			

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures an Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 41,362

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and amortization expense.

Capital Outlay	71,583	
Right to use leased asset capital outlay	4,896,108	
Depreciation and amortization expense	(507,657)	4,460,034

Increase in long term debt is revenue in the governmental funds, but a decrease or repayment of such payables reduces liabilities in the statement of net position.

Long-term debt issued	(4,905,141)	
Principal payments on long-term debt	257,372	(4,647,769)

Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds. These revenues did not meet the recognition criteria during the current year and, therefore, were not reported in the governmental funds.

60,058

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (86,315)

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Somerset Academy South (the "School"), is a component unit and charter school sponsored by the School Board of Broward County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc., which is composed of five members and also governs other charter schools. The board has determined that no component units exist that would be require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Broward County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2023 and it can be renewed in accordance with law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes

The School is located in Pembroke Pines, Florida and is approved to serve students from kindergarten through fifth grade and is funded by the District. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the school had students enrolled in kindergarten through fifth grade. These financial statements are for the period through June 30, 2022, when on average 345 students were enrolled for the school year. During 2020, the School amended its charter contact to allow for co-location with Somerset Academy (5141) for pre-kindergarten through fifth grades.

Basis of Presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements also do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees; (2) operating grants such as Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues and other miscellaneous sources.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds with all non-major funds aggregated in a single column:

General Fund – is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – accounts for specific revenues, such as federal funding, federal lunch program, and COVID-19 emergency relief funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. Also, accounts for resources of the School's Internal Fund, which is used to administer monies collected in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

Capital Outlay Fund – accounts for state and local capital outlay as authorized by Charter School Capital Outlay, Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes mainly for capital outlay and maintenance purposes.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

"Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year.

Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, nonmarketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 3). Money market investment that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

Other assets consist mainly of prepaid expenses which are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Inter-fund Transfers

Interfund receivables/payables are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by ne fund on behalf of another fund.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in the government wide statements. Proceeds received from the sale or disposal of capital assets are recorded as other financing sources in the governmental funds.

The right of use assets are initially measure at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right of use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease. Estimated useful lives, in years, for capital assets are as follows:

Furniture, Equipment and Fixtures 5 Years Building Improvements 5 Years Righ of Use Asset (Building) 20 Years

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

GASB Codification Section C60, Accounting for Compensated Absences, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for sick days available to be used in future benefits years. The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the state through the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local capital improvement ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Net Position and Fund Balance Classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three (3) components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

Fund financial statements

Under GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with prepaid expenses. All nonspendable fund balances pertain to assets not in spendable form.
- b) Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. Restricted balances at year end pertain to the School's lunch program.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Assigned fund balances at year end pertain to the School's internal account.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Long-Term Debt and Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Income Taxes

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualify as a tax-exempt organizations under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and are, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Standard Adopted

In fiscal year 2022, the School adopted a new statement of financial accounting standard issued by Governmental Accounting Standards Board: Statement No. 87 Leases. See Note 6.

In fiscal year 2022, the School adopted GASB issued Statement No. 92, Omnibus. This Statement enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Certain requirements of this Statement are effective immediately and others for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. These changes were incorporated in the School's 2022 financial statements and had no effect.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

GASB has issued GASBS Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 30, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the period ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance 07/01/21 Additions		Retirements/ Reclassifications	Balance 06/30/22	
Capital Assets:	07701721	ridarifons		00/30/22	
Non - Depreciable:					
Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ 68,070	\$ (68,070)	\$ -	
Depreciable:					
Furniture, equipment and fixtures	652,017	3,513	-	655,530	
Building improvements	217,174	-	68,070	285,244	
Audiovisual materials	212,530			212,530	
Total Capital Assets	1,081,721	71,583	-	1,153,304	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	(299,677)	(132,963)	-	(432,640)	
Building improvements	(93,545)	(43,435)	-	(136,980)	
Audiovisual materials	(90,944)	(43,005)		(133,949)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(484,166)	(219,403)	_	(703,569)	
Capital Assets, net	597,555	(147,820)		449,735	
Lease Assets:					
Right of use leased asset (building)	-	4,896,108	-	4,896,108	
Less accumulated amortization:		(288,254)		(288,254)	
Total Lease Assets being amortized, net	-	4,607,854	-	4,607,854	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 597,555	\$ 4,460,034	\$ -	\$ 5,057,589	

Note 2 – Capital Assets (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, depreciation and amortization expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

	Depreciation	Amortization
Instruction	\$ 122,676	\$ -
School administration	12,033	-
Facilities acquisition	15,500	-
Food service	1,372	-
Operation of plant	28,737	288,254
Maintenance of plant	39,085	
Total Expense	\$ 219,403	\$ 288,254

Note 3 – Cash and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in two financial institutions. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Somerset Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2022, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage was \$633,282.

Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2022, the School had \$360,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2022, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 87% within 30 days.

Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Note 3 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2022, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Broward, LLC, an education service and support provider, provides administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting, financial reporting and virtual services. The agreement between the School and the education service and support provider calls for a fee on a per student basis. The agreement is with Somerset Academy, Inc. continuing through June 30, 2023, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed along with any renewals to the charter agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the School incurred \$155,250 in fees, of which approximately \$71,000 was included in accounts payable as of year end.

Note 5 – Transactions with Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.

During the year, the School shared its campus and resources with Somerset Academy, another charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc. Through the board, management allocates a proportionate share of rent expense, salaries, supplies and other expenses based on student enrollment and usage of personnel to these schools. The School's lunch program is also shared with Somerset Academy. Revenues and expense related to the lunch program have been allocated based on FTE equivalent for purposes of presentation in the financial statements.

In addition, the School received long term, non-interest bearing advances from another charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.

Note 5 – Transactions with Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc. (Continued)

The following schedule provides a summary of the long term advances for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/21	Advances	Repayments	06/30/22
Due to Somerset Academy, Inc.	\$ 900,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 900,000
Due to Somerset Academy Middle	48,711			48,711
Long term advances payable	\$ 948,711	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 948,711

Somerset Academy, Inc. charges an assessment to all its affiliated schools for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. During 2022, the School paid Somerset Academy, Inc. \$51,750 in connection with these charges during the year.

Recoverable Grant

The School received \$50,000 in recoverable grants from Somerset Academy, Inc. to fund operating expenses. Under the terms, the School would repay the corporate account of Somerset Academy, Inc. contingent on subsequently meeting certain financial conditions. The maximum amount the School may be required to pay in the future should meet the School meet the requirements for repayment is \$50,000.

Note 6 – Long term Liabilities

Effective April 1, 2018, the Somerset Academy, Inc. entered into a lease agreement on behalf of the School with Pines Blvd School Development, LLC (the "Landlord"), for 56,161 square feet leased premises located at 19620 Pines Boulevard, Pembroke Pines, Florida 33029. The landlord is an affiliate of the School's educational service and support provider (see Note 4). Initial fixed annual payments under the lease agreement (based on \$22.00 per square foot) are \$1,235,542, adjusted annually and commencing on the second annual lease year based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The agreement continues through June 30, 2038 ("initial term"), with an option to renew for two additional five-year term periods. Under the lease agreement, Somerset Academy, Inc. must meet certain covenants and requirements, including a "Lease Payment Coverage Ratio" of not less than 1.10 to 1.00. The lease agreement is guaranteed by Somerset Academy, Inc.

The School has implemented GASB Statement No. 87 Leases, and as a result recorded a lease right of use asset and liability in these financial statements. The lease right of use asset and liability were allocated between School and Somerset Academy based on enrollment and usage of facility. The allocation used for 2022, was approximately 66% for Somerset Academy and 34% for the School. At the time of the initial measurement, there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The School has used an average effective interest for several borrowings during FY 2021 and 2022. The average borrowing rate was 5% which was used to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use this asset and the lease liability as of June 30, 2022.

Note 6 – Long term Liabilities (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, interest expense totaled \$232,277, as it relates to its lease agreements. For 2022, variable and other payments of \$23,165 in connection with the lease agreement.

Annual requirements to amortize the lease liability and related interest are as follows:

_	Interest Total		Interest	pal	Principa	Year
_	\$ 428,109)	\$ 230,950	159	\$ 197,1	2023
	428,109		220,863	246	207,2	2024
	428,109)	210,260	849	217,8	2025
	428,109		199,114	995	228,9	2026
	428,109		187,398	711	240,7	2027
Total for a five year period	2,140,545		739,167	378	1,401,3	2028-2032
Total for a five year period	2,128,977		342,075	902	1,786,9	2033-2037
Total for a five year period	428,109		11,373	736	416,7	2038-2042
_	\$ 6,838,176		\$ 2,141,200	976	\$4,696,9	

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

	Bal	ance				Balance
	07/0	01/21	Additions		eletions	06/30/22
Lease liability	\$	_	\$	4,896,108	\$ 199,132	\$ 4,696,976
Deferred rent CPI				9,033		9,033
Total	\$	-	\$	4,905,141	\$ 199,132	\$ 4,706,009

Note 7 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations

Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 5% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2022, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$88,601.

Note 8 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreements, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

Note 9 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

Post-retirement Benefits

The School's personnel, who are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School will match 100% of the employee's contribution 4% up to of the employee's compensation. The School contributed \$44,195 to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2022. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plan's assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.

Note 10 – Interfund Transfers

Transfers of balances in the governmental funds as of June 30, 2022 consist of the following:

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Capital Projects Fund	
To fund debt service payments	\$	(195,800)	\$	-	\$	195,800
To fund federal expenditure for which revenues were not available		(60,058)		60,058		
Total Transfers, net	\$	(255,858)	\$	60,058	\$	195,800
Due from / (Due to) fund balances are as follows:	1					
Due to general fund from special revenue fund for Title funds	\$	6,612	\$	(6,612)	\$	-
Total Due from/(Due to)	\$	6,612	\$	(6,612)	\$	

Note 11 – Long Term Debt

On July 25, 2019, the School obtained an equipment financing loan from a financial institution in the amount of \$230,597 for a term of 48 months with principal and interest payments at a fixed interest rate of 3.95%.

On November 16, 2020, the school paid off that loan with a new loan obtained from another financial institution. The total loan advance was for \$177,241 with payment of principal and interest over a 36 month period at annual rate of 3.25%.

The following schedule provides a summary of long-term debt for the year:

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/21	Advances	Repayments	06/30/22
Equipment financing Regions	\$ 144,116	\$ -	\$ (58,240)	\$ 85,876
Long term debt	\$ 144,116	\$ -	\$ (58,240)	\$ 85,876

Future total debt service requirements related to the promissory note are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 60,188	\$ 1,899	\$ 62,087
2024	25,688	210	25,898
	\$ 85,876	\$ 2,109	\$ 87,985



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in $\,$ Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund						
	Ori	ginal Budget	Fi	nal Budget		Actual	
REVENUES							
State passed through local	\$	2,382,409	\$	2,443,046	\$	2,478,890	
Charges and other revenue		451,988		453,479		454,636	
Total Revenues		2,834,397		2,896,525		2,933,526	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction		1,807,755		1,766,950		1,727,571	
Student support services		25,954		20,479		7,803	
Instructional staff training		6,500		4,734		3,600	
Board		24,456		23,571		21,878	
School administration		337,765		333,484		331,218	
Fiscal services		51,825		53,024		51,750	
Central services		68,825		64,551		64,551	
Student transportation services		5,000		4,133		3,147	
Operation of plant		347,350		337,531		333,531	
Maintenance of plant		55,250		49,896		48,865	
Administrative technology services		7,541		5,960		2,169	
Total Current Expenditures		2,738,221		2,664,313		2,596,083	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues							
Over Current Expenditures		96,176		232,212		337,443	
Debt Service:							
Interest on debt		3,847		3,847		3,847	
Redemption of Principal		58,240		58,240		58,240	
Capital Outlay							
Other capital outlay		69,465		69,465		68,070	
Total Capital Outlay and							
Debt Service Expenditures		131,552		131,552		130,157	
Total Expenditures		2,869,773		2,795,865		2,726,240	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(35,376)		100,660		207,286	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in (out)		(210,675)		(185,323)		(255,858)	
Transfers in (out)		(210,073)	-	(185,323)		(233,838)	
Net change in fund balance		(246,051)		(84,663)		(48,572)	
Fund Balance at beginning of year		413,067		413,067		413,067	
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	167,016	\$	328,404	\$	364,495	

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Fund					
	Orig	Original Budget		nal Budget		Actual
REVENUES						
Federal sources	\$	15,777	\$	19,603	\$	20,052
Lunch program		115,741		120,698		122,147
Charges and other revenues		246,055		249,119		257,414
Total Revenues		377,573		389,420		399,613
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		72,819		68,280		64,557
Student support services		13,400		12,400		12,040
Food services		101,913		97,115		96,754
Community Services		201,000		197,832		192,873
Total Current Expenditures		389,132		375,627		366,224
Excess of Revenues				_		
Over Current Expenditures		(11,559)		13,793		33,389
Capital Outlay		3,585		3,585		3,513
Total Expenditures		392,717		379,212		369,737
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		(15,144)		10,208		29,876
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in (out)		15,144		(10,208)		60,058
Net change in fund balance		-		-		89,934
Fund Balance at beginning of year		183,233		183,233		183,233
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	183,233	\$	183,233	\$	273,167

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Academy South Pembroke Pines, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Somerset Academy South (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 30, 2022 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 30, 2022



MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Academy South Pembroke Pines, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Somerset Academy South, Pembroke Pines, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 30, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations in the preceding audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and school code assigned by the Florida Department of education of the entity is Somerset Academy South, 5263.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Somerset Academy South has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Academy South did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Somerset Academy South. It is management's responsibility to monitor Somerset Academy South's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to report the results of our determination as to whether Somerset Academy South maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Academy South maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Broward County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 30, 2022