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Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton
(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc)
W/L#4012

13390 SW 248 ST
Homestead, FL 33032

2021-2022

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Todd German, Treasurer and Board Chair, (Florida)
Ana Diaz, Vice-Chair and Secretary
David Concepcion, Director
Dr. Bernard Kimmel, Director
Brian M. Cox, Director (Texas)

SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

Kerri Ann O'Sullivan, Principal

OTHER NON-VOTING CORPORATE OFFICERS

Bernardo Montero, President
Suzette Ruiz, Vice-President



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of
Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton
Homestead, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton (the "School"), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc. as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Somerset Academy, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of a Matter – Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 6 to the financial statements, in 2022, the School adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No, 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Emphasis of a Matter – Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Somerset Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of

Somerset Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2022 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 30 through 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2022 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Coral Gables, Florida
September 15, 2022

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis
Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton
(A Charter school Under Somerset Academy, Inc.)
June 30, 2022

The corporate officers of Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the school's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Financial Highlights

1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2022 was \$4,092,551.
2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$3,443,128.
3. The School had an increase in its net position of \$537,038 for the year ended June 30, 2022.
4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$2,239,302.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference is reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 - 11 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Government Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Government Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 – 15 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 29 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, the net position was \$4,092,551 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Cash	\$ 637,885	\$ 1,141,537
Investments	2,110,000	1,530,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	146,269	153,696
Due from other agencies	548,974	310,763
Due from other division of Somerset Academy, Inc.	1,000,000	500,000
Capital Assets, net	<u>8,434,163</u>	<u>313,760</u>
Total Assets	<u>12,877,291</u>	<u>3,949,756</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Salaries and wages payable	203,873	192,325
Accounts payable	296,130	201,918
Lease liability	<u>8,284,737</u>	-
Total Liabilities	<u>8,784,740</u>	<u>394,243</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets and long term receivables	1,149,426	813,760
Unrestricted	<u>2,943,125</u>	<u>2,741,753</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 4,092,551</u>	<u>\$ 3,555,513</u>

At the end of both years, the School can report positive balances in its net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 427,874	\$ 398,972
Capital outlay	428,147	331,588
Lunch Program	276,659	146,457
Charges for Services	285,878	108,775
General Revenues		
Local Sources (FTE and other non specific)	4,209,977	3,921,471
Other Revenues	<u>38,175</u>	<u>19,022</u>
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 5,666,710</u>	<u>\$ 4,926,285</u>
EXPENSES		
Instruction	\$ 2,575,661	\$ 2,017,051
Student Support Services	-	24,221
Instructional staff training	20,981	-
Board	30,501	19,213
General administration	37,906	-
School administration	358,797	403,201
Fiscal services	82,425	89,170
Food services	239,244	142,990
Central services	88,113	80,940
Operation of plant	1,074,424	1,120,147
Maintenance of plant	133,382	132,854
Community services	69,862	13,898
Debt service	<u>418,376</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Expenses	5,129,672	4,043,685
Change in Net Position	537,038	882,600
Net Position at Beginning of Year	<u>3,555,513</u>	<u>2,672,913</u>
Net Position at End of Year	<u>\$ 4,092,551</u>	<u>\$ 3,555,513</u>

The School's revenues and expenses increased by \$740,425 and \$1,085,987, respectively. The School had an increase in its net position of \$537,038 for the year.

School Location and Lease of Facility

The School leases a facility located at 13390 SW 248th St, Miami, FL 33032.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$2,385,671. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$2,239,402. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2022 amounts to \$310,258 (net of accumulated depreciation) and right of use lease asset (building) \$8,123,905 (net of accumulated amortization). This investment in capital assets includes right of use lease asset (building), improvements, and furniture, fixtures and equipment. As of June 30, 2022, the School had long-term liabilities of 8,284,737 associated to its capital assets.

New Accounting Pronouncements Adopted

As described in Note 6, the School adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The effect of the adoption was to capitalize a right of use asset (building) with a corresponding liability which is being amortized over the life of the underlying lease agreement. The overall impact on the financial statements was to record interest and amortization expense related to the underlying asset and liability which results in higher total expenses (compared to pre-adoption) during the early years of the lease agreement.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
Program Revenues			
State capital outlay funding	\$ 428,200	\$ 428,200	\$ 428,147
Federal sources	198,258	205,372	211,570
Lunch program	273,400	275,514	276,659
General Revenues			
FTE and other nonspecific revenues	4,263,160	4,198,225	4,209,977
Charges and other revenues	305,655	314,294	324,053
Total Revenues	<u>5,468,673</u>	<u>5,421,605</u>	<u>5,450,406</u>
CURRENT EXPENDITURES			
Instruction	2,592,451	2,540,432	2,454,850
Instructional staff training	27,396	24,425	20,981
Board	37,219	33,714	30,501
General administration	39,225	38,043	37,906
School administration	492,429	366,992	356,737
Fiscal services	82,875	82,859	82,425
Food services	249,552	248,047	237,240
Central services	88,300	88,296	88,113
Operation of plant	779,634	744,728	742,226
Maintenance of plant	175,000	133,503	129,819
Community services	75,441	73,421	69,862
Total Current Expenditures	<u>\$ 4,639,522</u>	<u>\$ 4,374,460</u>	<u>\$ 4,250,660</u>

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida, 33143.

Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton
(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2022

	<u>Primary Government Governmental Activities</u>
<u>Assets</u>	
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 637,885
Investments	2,110,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	146,269
Due from other agencies	<u>548,974</u>
Total Current Assets	3,443,128
Due from other division of Somerset Academy, Inc.	1,000,000
Capital assets, depreciable	768,382
Less: accumulated depreciation	(458,124)
Right of use lease asset	8,436,361
Less: accumulated amortization	<u>(312,456)</u>
	<u>8,434,163</u>
Total Assets	<u>12,877,291</u>
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Current liabilities:	
Salaries and wages payable	203,873
Accounts payable	296,130
Lease liability, current	<u>159,383</u>
Total Current Liabilities	659,386
Lease liability	<u>8,125,354</u>
Total Liabilities	8,784,740
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>Net Position</u>	
Net investment in capital assets and long term receivables	1,149,426
Unrestricted	<u>2,943,125</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 4,092,551</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton
(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2022

Primary Government	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$ 2,575,661	\$ 193,148	\$ 405,638	\$ -	\$ (1,976,875)
Instructional staff training	20,981	-	20,594	-	(387)
Board	30,501	-	-	-	(30,501)
General administration	37,906	-	-	-	(37,906)
School administration	358,797	-	1,642	-	(357,155)
Fiscal services	82,425	-	-	-	(82,425)
Food services	239,244	28,575	248,084	-	37,415
Central services	88,113	-	-	-	(88,113)
Operation of plant	1,074,424	36,297	-	428,147	(609,980)
Maintenance of plant	133,382	-	-	-	(133,382)
Community services	69,862	92,730	-	-	22,868
Debt service	418,376	-	-	-	(418,376)
Total governmental activities	5,129,672	350,750	675,958	428,147	(3,674,817)
General revenues:					
FTE and other nonspecific revenues					4,209,977
Investment earnings and other revenues					<u>1,878</u>
Change in net position					537,038
Net position, beginning					<u>3,555,513</u>
Net position, ending					<u>\$ 4,092,551</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton
(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash	\$ 542,927	\$ 94,958	\$ -	\$ 637,885
Investments	2,110,000	-	-	2,110,000
Due from other agencies	26,737	21,220	38,521	86,478
Due from fund	59,741	-	-	59,741
Prepaid expenses	146,269	-	-	146,269
Total Assets	<u>2,885,674</u>	<u>116,178</u>	<u>38,521</u>	<u>3,040,373</u>
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>				
	-	-	-	-
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Salaries and wages payable	203,873	-	-	203,873
Accounts payable	296,130	-	-	296,130
Due to fund	-	21,220	38,521	59,741
Total Liabilities	<u>500,003</u>	<u>21,220</u>	<u>38,521</u>	<u>559,744</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>				
	-	-	-	-
<u>Fund balance</u>				
Nonspendable, not in spendable form	146,269	-	-	146,269
Assigned	-	50,068	-	50,068
Restricted	-	44,890	-	44,890
Unassigned	2,239,402	-	-	2,239,402
	<u>2,385,671</u>	<u>94,958</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,480,629</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	<u>\$2,885,674</u>	<u>\$ 116,178</u>	<u>\$ 38,521</u>	<u>\$ 3,040,373</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton
 (A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
 June 30, 2022

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds \$ 2,480,629 .

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Depreciable and non-depreciable capital assets net of accumulated depreciation used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund. ces and therefore are not reported in the fund.

Capital assets, depreciable	768,382 .	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(458,124) .	
Right of use lease asset	8,436,361 .	
Less: accumulated amortization	<u>(312,456) .</u>	8,434,163 .

Receivables in governmental activities that are not collected within 60 days are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. 462,496

Long term receivables and deposits in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds 1,000,000 .

Long term debt in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. (8,284,737) .

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities \$ 4,092,551 .

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton
(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds
For the year ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 428,147	\$ 428,147
State passed through local	4,209,977	-	-	4,209,977
Federal sources	-	211,570	-	211,570
Lunch program	-	276,659	-	276,659
Charges and other revenues	231,323	92,730	-	324,053
Total Revenues	4,441,300	580,959	428,147	5,450,406
Expenditures:				
Current				
Instruction	2,113,664	341,186	-	2,454,850
Board	30,501	-	-	30,501
Instructional staff training	387	20,594	-	20,981
General administration	37,906	-	-	37,906
School administration	355,095	1,642	-	356,737
Fiscal services	82,425	-	-	82,425
Food services	-	237,240	-	237,240
Central services	88,113	-	-	88,113
Operation of plant	742,226	-	-	742,226
Maintenance of plant	129,819	-	-	129,819
Community services	-	69,862	-	69,862
Capital Outlay:				
Other capital outlay	80,226	64,452	-	144,678
Right of use lease asset	-	-	8,436,361	8,436,361
Debt service:				
Redemption of Principal	-	-	151,624	151,624
Interest	-	-	418,376	418,376
Total Expenditures	3,660,362	734,976	9,006,361	13,401,699
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	780,938	(154,017)	(8,578,214)	(7,951,293)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in (out)	(358,157)	216,304	141,853	-
Increase in lease liability	-	-	8,436,361	8,436,361
Change in long term advances , net	(500,000)	-	-	(500,000)
Net change in fund balance	(77,219)	62,287	-	(14,932)
Fund Balance at beginning of year	2,462,890	32,671	-	2,495,561
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 2,385,671	\$ 94,958	\$ -	\$ 2,480,629

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton
(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds \$ (14,932) .

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and amortization expense.

Capital Outlay	144,678 .	
Right to use leased asset capital outlay	8,436,361 .	
Depreciation and amortization expense	<u>(460,636) .</u>	8,120,403 .

Increase in long term receivables is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but a decrease or collections of such receivables reduces long-term assets in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which net increase in long-term receivables of \$1,000,000 differed from collections of \$500,000 in the current period. 500,000

Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds. These revenues did not meet the recognition criteria during the current year and, therefore, were not reported in the governmental funds. 216,304

Increase in long term debt is revenue in the governmental funds, but a decrease or repayment of such payables reduces liabilities in the statement of net position.

Long-term debt issued	(8,436,361) .	
Principal payments on long-term debt	<u>151,624 .</u>	<u>(8,284,737) .</u>

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 537,038 .

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton (the "School"), is a charter school sponsored by the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc., which is composed of five members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2030 and it can be renewed in accordance with law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in Miami, Florida for students from grades kindergarten through fifth and is funded by the District. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2022, when on average 549 students were enrolled for the school year.

Basis of Presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues, and other miscellaneous sources.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds with all non-major funds aggregated in a single column:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – accounts for specific revenues, such as federal funding, federal lunch program, and COVID-19 emergency relief funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. Also, accounts for resources of the School's Internal Fund, which is used to administer monies collected in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

Capital Outlay Fund – accounts for state and local capital outlay as authorized by Charter School Capital Outlay, Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes mainly for capital outlay and maintenance purposes.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, nonmarketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 3). Money market investment that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund receivables/payables ("due from/to") are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

Other assets consist mainly of prepaid expenses which are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

The right of use assets are initially measure at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right of use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Estimated useful lives, in years, for capital assets are as follows:

Building Improvements	10 Years
Furniture, Equipment, fixtures and software	5 Years
Right of use asset (building)	26 Years

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a “benefit year”). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may “rollover” all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to “cash out” unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for sick days available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local capital improvement ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Net Position and Fund Balance Classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three (3) components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets and long term receivables - consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and long term receivables and is reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position - consists of balances with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) Unrestricted net position - all other balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- a) Nonspendable - includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with prepaid expenses. All nonspendable fund balances pertain to assets not in spendable form.
- b) Restricted - fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. Restricted fund balances at year end pertain to the School's lunch program.
- c) Committed - fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) Assigned - fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Assigned fund balances pertain to the School's internal account.
- e) Unassigned - portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Income Taxes

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Long-Term Debt and Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Standard Adopted

In fiscal year 2022, the School adopted a new statement of financial accounting standard issued by Governmental Accounting Standards Board: Statement No. 87 Leases. See Note 6.

In fiscal year 2022, the School adopted GASB issued Statement No. 92. Omnibus. This Statement enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Certain requirements of this Statement are effective immediately and others for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. These changes were incorporated in the School's 2022 financial statements and had no effect.

Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

GASB has issued GASBS Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 15, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton
(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

Note 2 –Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the period ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance 07/01/21	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Balance 06/30/22
Capital Assets:				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 51,215	\$ 52,323	\$ -	\$ 103,538
Audio visual materials	29,518	4,834	-	34,352
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	542,971	87,521	-	630,492
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$ 623,704</u>	<u>\$ 144,678</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 768,382</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ (22,417)	\$ (22,104)	\$ -	\$ (44,521)
Audio visual materials	(4,920)	(6,629)	-	(11,549)
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	(282,607)	(119,447)	-	(402,054)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>\$ (309,944)</u>	<u>\$ (148,180)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (458,124)</u>
Capital Assets, net	<u>\$ 313,760</u>	<u>\$ (3,502)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 310,258</u>
Lease Assets:				
Right of use leased asset (building)	\$ -	\$ 8,436,361	\$ -	\$ 8,436,361
Less accumulated amortization:	-	(312,456)	-	(312,456)
Total Lease Assets being amortized, net	<u>-</u>	<u>8,123,905</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,123,905</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	<u>\$ 313,760</u>	<u>\$ 8,120,403</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,434,163</u>

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, depreciation and amortization expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

	Depreciation	Amortization
Instruction	\$ 120,811	\$ -
School administration	2,060	-
Food service	2,004	-
Operation of plant	19,742	312,456
Maintenance of Plant	3,563	-
Total Expense	<u>\$ 148,180</u>	<u>\$ 312,456</u>

Note 3 – Cash and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in two financial institutions. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Somerset Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2022, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage was \$254,089.

Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2022, the School had \$2,110,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2022, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 87% within 30 days.

Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2022, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Note 3 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (continued)

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

Note 4 – Education Services and Support Provider Agreement

Academica Dade, LLC, a professional education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis. The agreement is with Somerset Academy, Inc. for a period of five years, through June 30, 2023, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed along with any renewals to the charter agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the School incurred approximately \$247,275 in fees of which approximately \$104,000 was in accounts payable at year end..

Note 5 – Transactions with other division of Somerset Academy, Inc.

The School’s administrative staff and lunch program is shared with various schools. Revenues and expenses related to such program have been allocated based on FTE equivalent for purposes of presentation in the financial statements. Management allocates a proportionate share of salaries, lunch receipts, food and supplies, and other expenses to each school individually based on student enrollment and usage of facilities and staff.

The following schedule provides a summary of balance due from Somerset Academy at Silver Palms related to the transfer of assets and allocation of salaries:

	Balance 07/01/21	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/22
Due from Somerset Academy at Silver Palms	\$ 500,000	\$ -	\$ (500,000)	\$ -
Due from Somerset Academy, Inc.	-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Total long term receivables	<u>\$ 500,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,000,000</u>	<u>\$ (500,000)</u>	<u>\$ 1,000,000</u>

Somerset Academy, Inc., (the “Corporation”) charges an assessment to all its affiliated schools for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the school paid \$82,425 to the Corporation for these shared costs.

Note 6 – Long Term Liabilities

During 2019, the School entered into a lease with Princeton Church of the Nazarene, Inc. The initial term of the new lease is ten (10) years beginning July 1, 2018 and ending June 30, 2028 with renewal options for two additional ten year terms. The school shall pay to Organization during the Initial Term and each subsequent year of the term, including a renewal term thereafter, and amount of nine hundred fifty dollars per student (\$950) per student, per annum based on a minimum student enrollment. Additionally, to the base rent, the school shall pay to Organization the Per Student Rate, for each student enrolled by the school in excess of the Minimum Student Enrollment. The student rate shall be adjusted annually at each anniversary date of this Agreement, commencing during the second year using Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance.

The School has implemented GASB Statement No. 87 Leases, and as a result recorded a lease right of use asset and liability in these financial statements. At the time of the initial measurement, there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The School has used an average effective interest for several borrowings during FY 2021 and 2022. The average borrowing rate was 5% which was used to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use this asset and the lease liability as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, interest expense totaled \$418,376, as it relates to its lease agreements. For 2022, variable and other payments related to the lease totaled \$95,625. Annual requirements to amortize the lease liability and related interest are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total	
2023	\$ 159,383	\$ 410,617	\$ 570,000	
2024	167,537	402,463	570,000	
2025	176,109	393,891	570,000	
2026	185,119	384,881	570,000	
2027	194,590	375,410	570,000	
2028-2032	1,132,869	1,717,131	2,850,000	Total for a five year period
2033-2037	1,453,877	1,396,123	2,850,000	Total for a five year period
2038-2042	1,865,845	984,155	2,850,000	Total for a five year period
2043-2047	2,394,549	455,451	2,850,000	Total for a five year period
2048	554,859	15,142	570,001	
	<u>\$ 8,284,737</u>	<u>\$6,535,264</u>	<u>\$14,820,001</u>	

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

	Balance 07/01/21	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/22
Lease liability	-	8,436,361	151,624	8,284,737
Total	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$8,436,361</u>	<u>\$ 151,624</u>	<u>\$8,284,737</u>

Note 7 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations

Contingencies and Concentration

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 2% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2022, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$37,906.:

Note 8 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as “Professional Employer Organization” (PEO). Under a co-employment agreement, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton
(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

Note 9 - Interfund Transfers and Balances

Interfund transfers are as of June 30, 2022 consists of the following:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund
To fund debt service expenditures	\$(141,853)	\$ -	\$ 141,853
To fund federal expenditures for which revenues were not available	(216,304)	216,304	-
Total Transfers, net	<u>\$(358,157)</u>	<u>\$ 216,304</u>	<u>\$ 141,853</u>

Due from/(Due to) fund balances are as follows:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund
Due to general fund from capital projects fund for capital outlay	\$ 38,521	\$ -	\$ (38,521)
Due to general fund from special revenue fund for federal grants	21,220	(21,220)	-
Total Due from/(Due to)	<u>\$ 59,741</u>	<u>\$ (21,220)</u>	<u>\$ (38,521)</u>

Note 10– Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School’s personnel, which are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the “Plan”), the School provides a match of 100% of the employee’s contribution up to 4% of the employee’s compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$62,575 for the year ended June 30, 2022. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans’ assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton
(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
For the year ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
State passed through local	\$ 4,263,160	\$ 4,198,225	\$ 4,209,977
Charges and other revenue	214,998	223,233	231,323
Total Revenues	<u>4,478,158</u>	<u>4,421,458</u>	<u>4,441,300</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction	2,198,510	2,119,519	2,113,664
Instructional Staff Training	400	400	387
Board	37,219	33,714	30,501
General administration	39,225	38,043	37,906
School administration	490,787	365,350	355,095
Fiscal services	82,875	82,859	82,425
Central services	88,300	88,296	88,113
Operation of plant	779,634	744,728	742,226
Maintenance of Plant	175,000	133,503	129,819
Total Current Expenditures	<u>3,891,950</u>	<u>3,606,412</u>	<u>3,580,136</u>
Capital Outlay and Debt Service:			
Capital Outlay			
Other Capital Outlay	100,115	100,115	80,226
Total Expenditures	<u>3,992,065</u>	<u>3,706,527</u>	<u>3,660,362</u>
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	486,093	714,931	780,938
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in (out)	(391,956)	(402,800)	(358,157)
Change in long term advances , net	-	(500,000)	(500,000)
Net change in fund balance	94,137	(187,869)	(77,219)
Fund Balance at beginning of year	<u>2,462,890</u>	<u>2,462,890</u>	<u>2,462,890</u>
Fund Balance at end of year	<u>\$ 2,557,027</u>	<u>\$ 2,275,021</u>	<u>\$ 2,385,671</u>

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton
(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Fund		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
Federal sources	\$ 198,258	\$ 205,372	\$ 211,570
Lunch program	273,400	275,514	276,659
	90,657	91,061	92,730
Total Revenues	562,315	571,947	580,959
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction	393,941	420,913	341,186
Instructional staff training	26,996	24,025	20,594
School administration	1,642	1,642	1,642
Food services	249,552	248,047	237,240
Community services	75,441	73,421	69,862
Total Current Expenditures	747,572	768,048	670,524
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Current Expenditures	(185,257)	(196,101)	(89,565)
Capital Outlay	64,899	64,899	64,452
Total Expenditures	812,471	832,947	734,976
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(250,156)	(261,000)	(154,017)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in (out)	250,156	261,000	216,304
Net change in fund balance	-	-	62,287
Fund Balance at beginning of year	32,671	32,671	32,671
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 32,671	\$ 32,671	\$ 94,958

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors of
Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton
Homestead, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School’s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 15, 2022 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity’s internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity’s internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida
September 15, 2022



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of
Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton
Homestead, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 15, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.


Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. We had no such findings or recommendations in the preceding audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854.(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity is Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton, 4012.

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Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton. It is management's responsibility to monitor Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida
September 15, 2022