

Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter School at North Lauderdale
(A Charter School under
Somerset Academy, Inc. and Component Unit
of the School Board of Broward County, Florida)
W/L# 5003

North Lauderdale, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2022

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W/L# 5003

7101 Kimberly Boulevard, North Lauderdale, Florida 33068

2021-2022

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Todd German, Board Chair and Director Brian Mathew Cox, Director (Texas) Ana Diaz, Secretary and Director David Concepcion, Director Dr. Bernard Kimmel, Director

## **SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION**

Donyale McGhee, Principal

## OTHER NON-VOTING CORPORATE OFFICERS

Bernardo Montero, President Suzette Ruiz, Vice-President



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter School at North Lauderdale North Lauderdale, Florida

## **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter School at North Lauderdale (the "School"), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc. which is a component unit of the School Board of Broward County, as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Somerset Academy, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

## Emphasis of a Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 7 to the financial statements, in 2022, the School adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No, 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

## Emphasis of a Matter - Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Somerset Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Somerset Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2022 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 29 through 30 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2022 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Coral Gables, Florida September 30, 2022 CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

## **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter School at North Lauderdale (A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)

June 30, 2022

The corporate officers of Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter School at North Lauderdale have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the School's financial activities for the fiscal ended June 30, 2022.

## **Financial Highlights**

- 1. The Net Position of the school as of June 30, 2022 was \$3,319,976.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$1,873,127.
- 3. The School had a decrease in its net position of \$(211,206) during the year.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$1,209,636.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

## Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between the four is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 - 11 of this report.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

## Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 28 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, the net position was \$3,319,976 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	2022	2021
Cash	\$ 659,156	\$ 189,688
Investments	1,090,000	1,540,000
Due from other agencies	123,276	281,322
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	695	34,627
Capital and right-of-use capital assets, net	4,193,809	320,382
Due from Somerset Academy, Inc.	1,500,000	1,500,000
Deposit receivable, long term	55,581	55,581
Total Assets	7,622,517	3,921,600
Deferred outflows of resources	=	-
Salaries and wages payable	309,943	280,143
Accounts payable	92,553	110,275
Lease liability	3,900,045	
Total Liabilities	4,302,541	390,418
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets and long term receivables	1,793,764	1,820,382
Restricted	100,365	-
Unrestricted	1,425,847	1,710,800
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ 3,319,976	\$ 3,531,182

At the end of both fiscal years, the School reports positive balances in total net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	2022	2021
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 1,061,962	\$ 1,181,198
Capital grants and contributions	644,611	663,889
Charge for services	125,463	603
General Revenues		
Local sources (FTE and other non specific)	5,026,009	5,239,448
Other revenue	23,826	63,446
Total Revenues	\$ 6,881,871	\$ 7,148,584
EXPENSES		
Component Unit Activities:		
Instruction	\$ 3,886,348	\$ 3,687,718
Student support services	51,098	67,986
Instructional staff training	8,805	444
Instruction and curriculum development services	140,075	-
Board	39,745	37,085
General administration	-	86,644
School administration	618,627	726,695
Fiscal services	107,100	109,800
Food services	403,652	444,148
Central services	133,755	148,662
Operation of plant	1,225,968	1,289,320
Maintenance of plant	127,417	142,325
Administrative technology services	36,995	32,068
Community services	108,323	41,482
Debt service	205,169	-
Total Expenses	7,093,077	6,814,377
Change in Net Position	(211,206)	334,207
Net Position at Beginning of Year	3,531,182	3,196,975
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 3,319,976	\$ 3,531,182

The School's revenues decreased by \$266,713 and expenses increased by \$278,700 during the current year. The School had a decrease in its net position of \$(211,206) for the year.

# **Capital Improvement Requirements**

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

## **Facility and School Location**

The School entered into a lease agreement for use of facility located at 7101 Kimberly boulevard, North Lauderdale, Florida 33068.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund.

The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported an ending fund balance of \$1,210,331. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$1,209,636. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

## **Capital Assets**

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2022 amounts to \$395,935 (net of accumulated depreciation) and right of use lease asset (building) of \$3,797,874 (net of accumulated amortization). This investment in capital assets includes, right of use lease asset (building), building and improvements, furniture, and equipment. As of June 30, 2022, the School had long-term liabilities of \$3,900,045 associated to its capital assets.

## **New Accounting Pronouncements Adopted**

As described in Note 7, the School adopted GASB Statement No, 87, *Leases*. The effect of the adoption was to capitalize a right of use asset (building) with a corresponding liability which is being amortized over the life of the underlying lease agreement. The overall impact on the financial statements was to record interest and amortization expense related to the underlying asset and liability which results in higher total expenses (compared to pre-adoption) during the early years of the lease agreement.

# **Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights**

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund					
	Original					
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual			
REVENUES						
Program Revenues						
State capital outlay funding	\$ 732,859	\$ 732,859	\$ 644,611			
Federal sources	913,718	934,938	938,686			
Charges for services and other revenues	115,533	119,558	125,463			
General Revenues						
FTE nonspecific revenues	4,888,548	4,916,716	5,026,009			
Charges for services and other revenues	18,956	20,072	23,826			
Total Revenues	\$ 6,669,614	\$ 6,724,143	\$ 6,758,595			
CURRENT EXPENDITURES						
Component Unit Activities						
Instruction	\$ 3,726,048	\$ 3,709,304	\$ 3,830,597			
Student support services	57,687	53,362	51,098			
Instructional staff training	12,581	10,783	8,805			
Instruction and curriculum development services	141,000	140,518	140,075			
Board	41,025	40,986	39,745			
School administration	774,608	759,262	618,348			
Fiscal services	110,100	107,326	107,100			
Food services	464,634	390,776	388,703			
Central services	139,100	134,141	133,755			
Operation of plant	658,069	652,383	736,124			
Maintenance of plant	140,500	121,257	117,859			
Administrative technology services	43,962	38,828	36,995			
Community services	120,000	112,118	108,323			
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 6,429,314	\$ 6,271,044	\$ 6,317,527			

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

## **Requests for Information**

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Broward, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive Miami, Florida, 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

<u>Assets</u>	Governmental Activities	
Current assets:		
Cash	\$	659,156
Investments		1,090,000
Due from other agencies		123,276
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		695
Total Current Assets		1,873,127
Capital assets, net		
Capital assets, depreciable		620,076
Less: accumulated depreciation		(224,141)
Right-of-use lease asset		4,272,608
Less: accumulated amortization		(474,734)
Total Capital Assets, net		4,193,809
Advances to other divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.		1,500,000
Deposits receivable		55,581
2 - P - S - S - S - S - S - S - S - S - S		20,001
Total Assets		7,622,517
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities:		
Salaries and wages payable		309,943
Accounts payable		92,553
Lease liability, current		391,625
Total Current Liabilities		794,121
Lease liability		3,508,420
Total Liabilities		4,302,541
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net Position		1 702 754
Net investment in capital assets and long term receivables		1,793,764
Restricted		100,365
Unrestricted		1,425,847
Total Net Position	\$	3,319,976

Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2022

		P	ues		
FUNCTIONS	Expenses	Charges for Services		Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$ 3,886,348	\$ -	\$ 403,677	\$ -	\$ (3,482,671)
Student support services	51,098	-	30,585	-	(20,513)
Instructional staff training	8,805	-	-	-	(8,805)
Instruction and curriculum development services	140,075	-	140,075	-	-
Board	39,745	-	-	-	(39,745)
School administration	618,627	-	-	-	(618,627)
Fiscal services	107,100	-	-	-	(107,100)
Food services	403,652	1,443	487,625	-	85,416
Central services	133,755	-	-	-	(133,755)
Operation of plant	1,225,968	-	-	644,611	(581,357)
Maintenance of plant	127,417	-	-	-	(127,417)
Administrative technology services	36,995	-	-	-	(36,995)
Community services	108,323	124,020	-	-	15,697
Debt service	205,169	-	-	-	(205,169)
Total governmental activities	7,093,077	125,463	1,061,962	644,611	(5,261,041)
	General rever	nues:			
	FTE and other	er nonspecific	revenues		5,026,009
	Other revenu	ies			23,826
	Change in ne	et position			(211,206)
	Net position,	beginning			3,531,182
	Net position,	ending			\$ 3,319,976

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		Special	Total		
		Revenue	Governmental		
	General Fund	Fund	Funds		
Assets					
Cash	\$ 522,132	\$ 137,024	\$ 659,156		
Investments	1,090,000	-	1,090,000		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	695		695		
Total Assets	1,612,827	137,024	1,749,851		
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Salaries and wages payable	309,943	-	309,943		
Accounts payable	92,553		92,553		
Total Liabilities	402,496		402,496		
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>					
Fund balance					
Nonspendable, not in spendable form	695	-	695		
Restricted	-	100,365	100,365		
Assigned	-	36,659	36,659		
Unassigned	1,209,636	-	1,209,636		
-	1,210,331	137,024	1,347,355		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 1,612,827	\$ 137,024	\$ 1,749,851		

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

#### Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

1,347,355

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

> Governmental funds report capital outlays expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and amortization expense.

Capital assets, depreciable	620,076	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(224,141)	
Right-of-use lease asset	4,272,608	
Less: accumulated amortization	(474,734)	4,193,809
Long term deposits used in government financial resources and therefore the fund.		55,581
Long term receivables used in gove		
are not financial resources and therefore governmental funds.	ore, not reported in	1,500,000

Receivables in governmental activities that are not collected within 60 days are not current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

123,276

Long-term liabilities in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

(3,900,045)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 3,319,976

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June  $30,\,2022$ 

		Special	Capital	Total
	General Fund	Revenue		Governmental
		Fund	Projects Fund	Funds
Revenues:				
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 644,611	\$ 644,611
State passed through local and other local sources	5,026,009	-	-	5,026,009
Federal sources	-	938,686	-	938,686
Charges and other revenues	23,826	125,463		149,289
Total Revenues	5,049,835	1,064,149	644,611	6,758,595
Expenditures:				
Current	2 42 4 22 2	100		2 020 -0-
Instruction	3,426,920	403,677	-	3,830,597
Student support services	20,513	30,585	-	51,098
Instructional staff training	8,805	-	-	8,805
Instruction and curriculum development services	-	140,075	-	140,075
Board	39,745	-	-	39,745
School administration	618,348	-	-	618,348
Fiscal services	107,100	-	-	107,100
Food services	-	388,703	-	388,703
Central services	133,755	-	-	133,755
Operation of plant	669,246	-	66,878	736,124
Maintenance of plant	117,859	-	-	117,859
Administrative technology services	36,995	-	-	36,995
Community services	-	108,323	_	108,323
Capital Outlay:				
Right-of-use lease asset	-	-	4,272,608	4,272,608
Other capital outlay	171,199	-	_	171,199
Debt Service:				
Redemption of Principal	-	-	372,564	372,564
Interest	-	-	205,169	205,169
Total Expenditures	5,350,485	1,071,363	4,917,219	11,339,067
•				
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(300,650)	(7,214)	(4,272,608)	(4,580,472)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in (out)	(123,276)	123,276	_	_
Increase in lease liability	(123,270)	123,270	4,272,608	4,272,608
mercuse in lease manney			1,272,000	1,272,000
Net change in fund balance	(423,926)	116,062	-	(307,864)
Fund Balance at beginning of year	1,634,257	20,962		1,655,219
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 1,210,331	\$ 137,024	\$ -	\$ 1,347,355

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ (307,864)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and amortization expense.

Capital outlay	171,199	
Right of use lease asset capital outlay	4,272,608	
Depreciation and amortization expense	(570,381)	3,873,426

Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds. These revenues were not available at year end and therefore not reported in the governmental funds.

123,276

Increase in long-term liabilities is revenue in the governmental funds, but a decrease or repayment of such payables reduces liabilities in the statement of net position.

Long-term liabilities issued	(4,272,608)
Principal payments on long-term liabilities	372,564

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (211,206)

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## Reporting Entity

Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter School at North Lauderdale (the "School"), is a component unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter School at North Lauderdale, which is composed of five members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Broward County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2025 and it can be renewed in accordance with law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in North Lauderdale, Florida for students from kindergarten through eighth grades and is funded by the District. These financial statements are from for the year ended June 30, 2022, when on average 714 students were enrolled for the school year.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

## Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues and other miscellaneous sources.

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The school reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – accounts for specific revenues, such as federal funding, federal lunch program, and COVID-19 emergency relief funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. Also, accounts for resources of the School's Internal Fund, which is used to administer monies collected in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

Capital Outlay Fund – accounts for state and local capital outlay as authorized by Charter School Capital Outlay, Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes mainly for capital outlay purposes.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year.

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

## **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

## Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund.

The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 3). Money market investment that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

## <u>Inter-fund Transfers</u>

Inter-fund receivables/payables ("due from/to") are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

#### Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

## Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are sold or disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in the governmentwide statements. Proceeds received from the sale or disposal of capital assets are recorded as Other Financing Sources in the governmental funds.

The right of use assets are initially measure at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right of use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease. Estimated useful lives, in years, for capital assets are as follows:

Right of use lease asset (building) 9 Years Improvements 5 Years Furniture, Equipment and Software 5 Years

#### Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. Employees may "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, Accounting for Compensated Absences, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for sick days available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

## **Long-Term Debt and Liabilities**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

## Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the State through the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local capital improvement ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

#### Net Position and Fund Balance Classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

a) Net investment in capital assets and long-term receivables - consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets and long term receivables.

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

- b) <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of balances with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets and long-term receivables."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

#### Fund financial statements

Under GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not expected to be converted into cash or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories and prepaid expenses.
- b) Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. Restricted fund balances at year end relate to the School's National School Lunch Program.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Assigned fund balances at year end related to the School's student activities account.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

## Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets

Other assets consist mainly of prepaid expenses which are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification.

## <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

#### **Income Taxes**

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

## **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## New Accounting Standard Adopted

In fiscal year 2022, the School adopted a new statement of financial accounting standard issued by Governmental Accounting Standards Board: Statement No. 87 Leases. See Note 7.

In fiscal year 2022, the School adopted GASB issued Statement No. 92, Omnibus. This Statement enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Certain requirements of this Statement are effective immediately and others for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. These changes were incorporated in the School's 2022 financial statements and had no effect.

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

## Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

GASB has issued GASBS Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

## Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 30, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

## Note 2 - Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the period ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance 07/01/21	Ad	dditions	ssifications/ tirements	Balance 6/30/22
Capital assets, not depreciable					
Construction in progress	\$ 40,211	\$	-	\$ (40,211)	\$ -
Capital assets, depreciable					
Computer equipment	\$ 403,033	\$	2,185	\$ (212,787)	\$ 192,431
Building improvements	400,572		89,724	(256,418)	233,878
Furniture and equipment	 472,658		79,290	 (358,181)	193,767
Total Capital Assets	1,316,474		171,199	(867,597)	620,076
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Computer equipment	(249,027)		(14,954)	212,787	(51,193)
Building improvements	(379,082)		(3,316)	296,629	(85,769)
Furniture and equipment	(367,983)		(77,377)	358,181	(87,179)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(996,092)		(95,647)	867,597	(224,141)
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated net	320,382		75,552	-	395,935
Lease Assets:					
Right of use lease asset (building)	-	4	4,272,608	=	4,272,608
Less accumulated amortization	 -		(474,734)	 	(474,734)
Total Lease Assets being amortized, net	<u> </u>	3	3,797,874	<u> </u>	3,797,874
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 320,382	\$ 3	3,873,426	\$ -	\$ 4,193,809

# **Note 2 – Capital Assets (continued)**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, depreciation and amortization expense are allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

	Depreciation	Amortization
Instruction	\$ 55,751	\$ -
School administration	279	-
Food service	14,949	-
Operation of plant	15,110	474,734
Maintenance of plant	9,558	
Total Expense	\$ 95,647	\$ 474,734

#### Note 3 – Cash and Investments

## **Deposits**

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in two financial institutions. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Somerset Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2022, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage totaled \$360,016.

#### Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2022, the School had \$1,090,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2022, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 87% within 30 days.

#### Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

## Note 3 – Cash and Investments (continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2022, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

## Note 4 –Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Broward, LLC an education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting, financial reporting, and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis. The agreement is with Somerset Academy, Inc. through June 30, 2023. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the School incurred approximately \$321,300 in fees.

## Note 5 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.

Somerset Academy, Inc. operates various charter schools. During 2022, the School shared its facility with Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter High School at North Lauderdale (another charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.). Through the board, management allocates a proportionate share of leases, salaries, lunch receipts, food and supplies, and other expenses based on student enrollment and usage of facilities and staff to this school.

Revenues and expenses related to the lunch program have been allocated based on FTE equivalent for purposes of presentation in the financial statements. In addition, Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter High School at North Lauderdale's student activities account is recorded in the School's books.

Somerset Academy, Inc. charges its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. The School paid Somerset Academy, Inc. a total of \$107,100 in connection with these charges during the year.

## Note 5 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc. (continued)

The School has made long-term, non-interest bearing advances to other divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc. The following schedule provides a summary of changes in long-term receivables for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/21	Increases	Decreases	06/30/22
Due from Somerset Academy, Inc.	\$ 1,500,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,500,000
Total Long Term Receivables	\$ 1,500,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,500,000

## Note 6 – Contingencies and Concentrations

#### Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the State through the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 5% (or 2% if the school is high performing) of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2022, administrative fees totaled \$87,675.

## Note 7 – Long-Term Liabilities

The School entered into a lease agreement, as amended, with the City of North Lauderdale ("Lessor") for its 76,434 square feet facility including all ancillary facilities, outdoor areas and other improvements. The renewed and amended agreement continues through June 30, 2030 with an option to renew for one additional five-year term. Annual fixed rent payments is the previous year's rent adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI).

# **Note 7 – Long-Term Liabilities (continued)**

The School has implemented GASB Statement No. 87 Leases, and as a result recorded a lease right of use asset and liability in these financial statements. The lease right of use asset and liability were allocated approximately 67% between the School and 33% for Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter High School at North Lauderdale based on enrollment and usage of facility. At the time of the initial measurement, there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The School has used an average effective interest for several borrowings during FY 2021 and 2022. The average borrowing rate was 5% which was used to discount the annual lease payment to recognize the intangible right to use this asset and the lease liability as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, interest expense totaled \$205,169, as it relates to its lease agreement. For 2022, the School incurred variable and other payments of \$23,775 in connection with the lease agreement. Annual requirements to amortize the lease liability and related interest are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total	_
2023	\$ 391,625	\$ 186,108	\$ 577,733	
2024	417,488	165,940	583,428	
2025	444,675	144,448	589,123	
2026	473,253	121,565	594,818	
2027	503,293	97,220	600,513	
2028-2030	1,669,711	131,828	1,801,539	Total for a three year period
	\$ 3,900,045	\$ 847,109	\$ 4,747,154	

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

	Balance 07/01/21	Increases	Decreases	Balance 06/30/22		
Lease liability	\$ -	\$ 4,272,608	\$ (372,563)	\$ 3,900,045		
	\$ -	\$ 4,272,608	\$ (372,563)	\$ 3,900,045		

## Note 8 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

## Note 8 – Risk Management (continued)

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreement, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

#### Note 9 - Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, which are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a contribution match of 100% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed \$115,390 to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2022. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.

#### Note 10 - Interfund Transfers and Balances

Interfund transfers and balances as of June 30, 2022 consists of the following:

	Special	
General	Revenue	
Fund	Fund	
\$ (123,276)	\$ 123,276	
\$ (123,276)	\$ 123,276	
	Fund \$ (123,276)	

Special



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
REVENUES				
State passed through local	\$ 4,888,548	\$ 4,916,716	\$ 5,026,009	
Charges and other revenues	18,956	20,072	23,826	
Total Revenues	4,907,504	4,936,788	5,049,835	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction	3,302,422	3,286,170	3,426,920	
Student support services	26,737	22,697	20,513	
Instructional staff training	12,581	10,783	8,805	
Board	41,025	40,986	39,745	
School administration	774,608	759,262	618,348	
Fiscal services	110,100	107,326	107,100	
Central services	139,100	134,141	133,755	
Operation of plant	591,191	585,505	669,246	
Maintenance of plant	140,500	121,257	117,859	
Administrative technology services	43,962	38,828	36,995	
Total Current Expenditures	5,182,226	5,106,955	5,179,286	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues				
Over Current Expenditures	(274,722)	(170,167)	(129,451)	
Capital Outlay	172,355	172,355	171,199	
Total Expenditures	5,354,581	5,279,310	5,350,485	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(447,077)	(342,522)	(300,650)	
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in (out)	(150,386)	(42,142)	(123,276)	
Transiers in (out)	(130,300)	(42,142)	(123,270)	
Net change in fund balance	(597,463)	(384,664)	(423,926)	
Fund Balance at beginning of year	1,634,257	1,634,257	1,634,257	
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 1,036,794	\$ 1,249,593	\$ 1,210,331	

# Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Fund					
	Original Budget		Fin	al Budget	Actual	
REVENUES						
Federal sources	\$	913,718	\$	934,938	\$	938,686
Charges and other revenues		115,533		119,558		125,463
Total Revenues	-	1,029,251		1,054,496		1,064,149
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		423,626		423,134		403,677
Student support services		30,950		30,665		30,585
Instruction and curriculum development services		141,000		140,518		140,075
Food services		464,634		390,776		388,703
Community services		120,000		112,118		108,323
Total Current Expenditures		1,180,210		1,097,211		1,071,363
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues						
Over Current Expenditures		(150,959)		(42,715)		(7,214)
Capital Outlay		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		1,180,210		1,097,211		1,071,363
Deficit of Revenues Over Expenditures		(150,959)		(42,715)		(7,214)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in (out)		150,959		42,715		123,276
Net change in fund balance		-		-		116,062
Fund Balance at beginning of year		<u>-</u>				20,962
Fund Balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$	137,024

#### Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter School at North Lauderdale North Lauderdale, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter School at North Lauderdale (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2022.

## Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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## Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 30, 2022 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

# Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 30, 2022



#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter School at North Lauderdale North Lauderdale, Florida

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter School at North Lauderdale, Florida as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2022.

## **Auditors' Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

## **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated September 30, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

## **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

#### **Official Title**

Section 10.854.(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity are Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter School at North Lauderdale, 5003.

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## **Financial Condition and Management**

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter School at North Lauderdale has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter School at North Lauderdale did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter School at North Lauderdale. It is management's responsibility to monitor Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter School at North Lauderdale financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have such recommendations.

## **Transparency**

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter School at North Lauderdale maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Preparatory Academy Charter School at North Lauderdale maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

## **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Broward County, Federal and other granting agencies, the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc., and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS** 

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 30, 2022