

# Ben Gamla Palm Beach W/L# 3941

(A charter school under The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc.)

Boynton Beach, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2023

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# Ben Gamla Palm Beach (A charter school under The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc.) W/L# 3941 8600 Jog Road Boynton Beach, Florida

2022-2023

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Debra Klein, Director and Chair Daniel Fernandez, Director and Secretary Marcus Jadote, Director and Michelle Gerson, Director/Vice-Chair

# **SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION**

Elanit Weizman, Principal



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Ben Gamla Palm Beach Boynton Beach, Florida

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ben Gamla Palm Beach (the "School"), a charter school under The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc. as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ben Gamla Palm Beach as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Ben Gamla Palm Beach and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Ben Gamla Palm Beach's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Emphasis of a Matter – Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of Ben Gamla Palm Beach that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc. as of June 30, 2023 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 28 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 29, 2023, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

Ben Gamla Palm Beach (A Charter School under The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc.) June 30, 2023

The corporate officers of The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- 1. The net position of the School as of June 30, 2023 was \$1,739,695.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$1,784,932.
- 3. The School had an increase in its net position of \$158,840 for the year ended June 30, 2023.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$1,557,118.

# **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between the four is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 - 11 of this report.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for its major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16-27 of this report.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, the net position was \$1,739,695 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023	2022
Cash and cash equivalent	\$ 120,005	\$ 196,696
Investment	1,524,000	360,000
Cash, pledged	-	998,899
Prepaid expenses and other assets	42,776	30,862
Due from other agencies	98,151	38,555
Capital and right of use assets, net	436,715	588,015
Total Assets	2,221,647	2,213,027
Deferred outflows of resources		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	14,577	40,234
Salaries and wages payable	86,353	76,316
Lease liability	381,022	495,864
Total Liabilities	481,952	612,414
Deferred inflows of resources		
Tax referendum revenue		19,758
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	55,693	92,151
Restricted	-	998,899
Unrestricted	1,684,002	489,805
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$1,739,695	\$1,580,855

At the end of both years, the School is able to report positive balances in total net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023	2022
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 146,480	\$ 172,479
Capital outlay funding	134,152	140,478
General Revenues		
Local sources (FTE and other non specific revenues)	2,460,247	2,316,073
Other revenue	158,378	317,075
Total Revenues	\$2,899,257	\$2,946,105
EXPENSES		
Instruction	\$1,689,364	\$1,602,710
Student support services	15,033	212
Instructional staff training	17,573	17,485
Board	18,120	18,586
School administration	403,366	472,108
Fiscal services	36,600	38,475
Food services	12,588	23,804
Central services	54,052	55,616
Operation of plant	352,121	335,430
Maintenance of plant	36,959	27,553
Community services	82,456	32,269
Debt service	22,185	27,773
Total Expenses	2,740,417	2,652,021
Change in Net Position	158,840	294,084
Net Position at Beginning of Year	1,580,855	1,286,771
Net Position at End of Year	\$1,739,695	\$1,580,855

In the current year, the School's revenues decreased by \$46,848 and expenses increased by \$88,396. The School had an increase in its net position of \$158,840 for the year.

# **School Location and Lease of Facility**

The School leases a facility located at 8600 Jog Road, Boynton Beach, Florida.

# **Capital Improvement Requirements**

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$1,599,894. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$1,557,118. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

# **Capital Assets**

The School's investment in capital assets (including right of use lease assets) as of June 30, 2023 amounts to \$436,715 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets includes building, improvements, furniture, fixtures and computer equipment. As of June 30, 2023, the School had \$381,022 in long term liabilities relating to its capital assets.

# **Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights**

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund			
	Original	Original		
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
REVENUES				
Program Revenues				
State capital outlay funding	\$ 137,726	\$ 133,019	\$ 134,152	
Federal sources	98,985	105,569	106,713	
Lunch program	85,000	88,452	91,029	
General Revenues				
FTE and other nonspecific revenues	2,410,571	2,446,781	2,460,247	
Charges and other revenues	63,766	66,597	67,349	
Total Revenues	\$ 2,796,048	\$ 2,840,418	\$ 2,859,490	
CURRENT EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	\$ 1,738,180	\$ 1,714,015	\$ 1,687,176	
Student support services	22,077	21,173	15,033	
Instructional staff training	34,000	34,000	17,573	
Board	18,844	18,150	18,120	
School administration	390,699	405,041	393,315	
Fiscal services	39,375	36,600	36,600	
Food services	17,245	13,779	12,588	
Central services	56,375	56,100	54,052	
Operation of plant	211,154	234,337	216,780	
Maintenance of plant	34,500	34,500	33,239	
Community services	85,000	85,000	82,456	
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 2,647,449	\$ 2,652,695	\$ 2,566,932	

Most variances occurred as a result of the budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

# **Requests for Information**

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Broward, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

# Ben Gamla Palm Beach

(A charter school under The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc.)

# Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2023

	Primary Government
	Governmental
<u>Assets</u>	Activities
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalent	\$ 120,005
Investment	1,524,000
Prepaid expenses and other assets	42,776
Due from other agencies	98,151
Total Current Assets	1,784,932
Capital assets, depreciable	254,029
Less: accumulated depreciation	(180,364)
Right of use lease assets	605,088
Less: accumulated amortization	(242,038)
	436,715
Total Assets	2,221,647
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	14,577
Salaries and wages payable	86,353
Lease liability, current	120,717
Total Current Liabilities	221,647
Long term liabilities:	
Lease liability	260,305
Total Liabilities	481,952
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	
Tax referendum revenue	<u> </u>
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	55,693
Unrestricted	1,684,002
Total Net Position	\$ 1,739,695

Ben Gamla Palm Beach

(A charter school under The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc.)

Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2023

#### **Program Revenues**

		1			
Primary Government	Expenses	Charges for Services		Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$1,689,364	\$ -	\$ 130,706	\$ -	\$ (1,558,658)
Student support services	15,033	-	-	-	(15,033)
Instructional staff training	17,573	-	15,774	-	(1,799)
Board	18,120	-	-	-	(18,120)
School administration	403,366	-	-	-	(403,366)
Fiscal services	36,600	-	-	-	(36,600)
Food services	12,588	-	-	-	(12,588)
Central services	54,052	-	-	-	(54,052)
Operation of plant	352,121	653	-	134,152	(217,316)
Maintenance of plant	36,959	-	-	-	(36,959)
Community services	82,456	91,029	-	-	8,573
Debt service	22,185	-	-	-	(22,185)
Total governmental activities	2,740,417	91,682	146,480	134,152	(2,368,103)
	General reve	nues:	revenues		2,460,247
	Other revenu	•			66,696
	Change in ne	t position			158,840
	Net position	, beginning			1,580,855
	Net position	, ending			\$ 1,739,695

Ben Gamla Palm Beach (A charter school under The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc.)

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		Special Revenue Fund		Capital	Total
	General Fund			Projects	Governmental
		(Non-Majo	.)	Fund	Funds
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalent	\$ 102,165	\$ 17,84	0 9	S -	\$ 120,005
Investment	1,524,000	-		_	1,524,000
Prepaid expenses	42,776	_		_	42,776
Due from other agencies	-	21,91	8	9,965	31,883
Due from fund	31,883	-		-	31,883
Total Assets	1,700,824	39,75	8	9,965	1,750,547
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>				-	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Salaries and wages payable	86,353	-		-	86,353
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	14,577	-		-	14,577
Due to fund	_	21,91	8	9,965	31,883
Total Liabilities	100,930	21,91	8	9,965	132,813
Deferred Inflows of Resources				-	<del>-</del> _
Fund balance					
Nonspendable, not in spendable form	42,776	-		-	42,776
Assigned	, -	17,84	0	_	17,840
Unassigned	1,557,118	-		_	1,557,118
Š	1,599,894	17,84	0	-	1,617,734
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources and Fund Balance	\$1,700,824	\$ 39,75	8 \$	9,965	\$1,750,547

#### Ben Gamla Palm Beach

(A charter school under The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc.)

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total Fund Ba	lance - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,617,734
Amounts report different because	rted for governmental activities in the statement of net position are see:	
	Capital assets of \$859,117 net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$422,402 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.	436,715
	Receivables in governmental activities that are not considered available to pay current liabilities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	66,268
	Long term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 (381,022)

\$ 1,739,695

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

Ben Gamla Palm Beach (A charter school under The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc.)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2023

Revenues:	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund (Non-Major)	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
State passed through local and other local sources	\$ 2,460,247	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,460,247
State capital outlay funding	-	-	134,152	134,152
Federal sources	-	106,713	-	106,713
Other revenue	67,349	91,029		158,378
Total Revenues	2,527,596	197,742	134,152	2,859,490
Expenditures:				
Current				
Instruction	1,584,825	102,351	-	1,687,176
Student support services	15,033	-	-	15,033
Instructional staff training	1,799	15,774	-	17,573
Board	18,120	-	-	18,120
School administration	393,315	-	-	393,315
Fiscal services	36,600	-	-	36,600
Food services	12,588	-	-	12,588
Central services	54,052	-	-	54,052
Operation of plant	216,780	-	_	216,780
Maintenance of plant	33,239	-	_	33,239
Community services	- -	82,456	-	82,456
Debt Service:				
Redemption of principal	-	-	114,842	114,842
Interest	-	-	22,185	22,185
Total Expenditures	2,366,351	200,581	137,027	2,703,959
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	161,245	(2,839)	(2,875)	155,531
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in (out)	(14,287)	11,412	2,875	
Net change in fund balance	146,958	8,573	-	155,531
Fund Balance at beginning of year	1,452,936	9,267		1,462,203
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 1,599,894	\$ 17,840	\$ -	\$ 1,617,734

Ben Gamla Palm Beach

(A charter school under The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc.)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 155,531

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$0 differed from depreciation and amortization expense of \$151,300.

(151,300)

Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds. These revenues did not meet the criteria for recognition in the current year, therefore were not reported in the governmental funds.

39,767

Increases in long term payables provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but increases long term liabilities in the statement of net position. Decreases in long term payables is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which long term payable decreased.

114,842

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 158,840

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# Reporting Entity

Ben Gamla Palm Beach (the "School"), is a charter school under The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc., which is composed of four members and also governs other charter schools. The board has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Palm Beach County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2032, and it can be renewed in accordance with law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reason set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in Boynton Beach, Florida. It is approved to serve students in kindergarten through fifth grade for the 2022-2023 school year. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2023, when on average 244 students were enrolled for the school year.

# Basis of presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities.

These statements also do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees; (2) operating grants such as Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues, and other miscellaneous sources.

# **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of sources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds with all non-major funds aggregated in a single column:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund - is used to account for the resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital assets and from state and local capital funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

# Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined.

"Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

# **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

# **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

# Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 3). Money market investment that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

#### **Inter-fund Transfers**

Inter-fund receivables/payables ("due from/to") are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

# Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

# Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets

Other assets consist mainly of prepaid expenses which are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification.

# **Long-Term Debt and Liabilities**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

# **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

# Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are sold or disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in the government wide statements. Proceeds received from the sale or disposal of capital assets are recorded as Other Financing Sources in the governmental funds.

The right of use assets are initially measure at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Improvements5 YearsFurniture, Equipment and Software3-5 YearsRight of use assets (building)5 Years

#### Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. Employees may "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, Accounting for Compensated Absences, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for sick days available to be used in future benefits years. The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

# **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

# Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

# Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the State through the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

In addition, the School receives State funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

# **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

# Net position and Fund balance classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three (3) components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted net assets are related to an investment in commercial time deposits that serve as collateral for an outstanding loan obligation (Note 5).
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

# Fund financial statements

Under GASB Codification Section 1800.142, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories and prepaid expenses.
- b) <u>Restricted</u> fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted balances at year-end.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Assigned fund balance at year end pertains to the School's Internal Account.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

# **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

# **Income Taxes**

The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

# New Accounting Standard Adopted

In fiscal year 2023, the School adopted a new statement of financial accounting standard issued by Governmental Accounting Standards Board: GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. The adoption had no material effect on the School's 2023 financial statements.

# Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

GASB has issued GASBS Statement No. 101, Compensating Absences. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for certain types of compensated absences including parental leave, military leave, and injury duty leave. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements.

# Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# **Subsequent Events**

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 29, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

# Note 2 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the period ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance 07/01/22 Additions			
Capital Assets, depreciable:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 108,993	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 108,993
Computer equipment and software	85,546	-	(15,499)	70,047
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	113,771		(38,782)	74,989
Total Capital Assets	308,310		(54,281)	254,029
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(59,955)	(11,620)	-	(71,575)
Computer equipment and software	(47,143)	(10,895)	15,499	(42,539)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(97,265)	(7,767)	38,782	(66,250)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(204,363)	(30,282)	54,281	(180,364)
Capital Assets, net	\$ 103,947	\$ (30,282)	\$ -	\$ 73,665
Lease Assets				
Right of use assets (building)	\$ 605,088	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 605,088
Less: accumulated amortization	(121,020)	(121,018)		(242,038)
Lease Assets, net	484,068	(121,018)		363,050
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 588,015	\$ (151,300)	\$ -	\$ 436,715

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, depreciation and amortization expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

	Depreciation		Amortizatio			
Instruction	\$ 2,188		\$	-		
Operation of plant	14,323		14,323 121,01			
School administration	10,051			-		
Maintenance of plant	3,720		3,720			
Total Expense	\$	30,282	\$	121,018		

# Note 3 – Cash Cash Equivalents, and Investments

# **Deposits**

The School maintains its cash in one financial institution. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2023, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage were approximately \$120,000.

# Note 3 – Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (continued)

# Certificate of Deposit

The School entered into a commercial time deposit with a financial institution in the amount of \$93,554 accruing interest at an annual percentage yield of 2.79%. All accrued interest will be paid upon release in October 2023.

# Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2023, the School had \$1,640,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2023, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 91% within 30 days.

#### Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2023, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

# Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Broward, LLC, an education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting, financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement between the School and Academica Broward, LLC calls for a fee on a per student basis.

# **Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider (continued)**

The agreement is with The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc. through June 30, 2028, and unless terminated by the board will have an option to renew for an additional five year period. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School incurred \$109,800 in fees.

# Note 5 – Transactions with and Other Divisions of The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc.

The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc. charges its affiliated charter schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. Ben Gamla Palm Beach paid The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc. \$36,600 in connection with these charges during the year.

# Note 6 – Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the State through the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of up to 5% of the qualifying revenues of the School up to and including 250 students. For the year ended June 30, 2023, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$39,708.

#### **Note 7 – Long-Term Liabilities**

The School entered into a lease agreement with Temple Torat of West Boynton Beach to use the entire second floor of a building and have access to the playground, parking and other premises.

Under the extended agreement, current minimum annual rental payments are \$81,750. The extended agreement continues through June 30, 2026. The agreement includes additional charges for utilities, janitorial and maintenance services.

At the time of the initial measurement, the School recorded a right of use lease asset and liability. The School used an average effective interest for several borrowings during fiscal year 2021 and 2022. The average borrowing rate was 5% which was used to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use this asset and the lease liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, interest expense totaled \$22,185, as it relates to its lease agreements. For 2023, there were no variable payments related to the lease agreement.

# **Note 7 – Long-Term Liabilities (continued)**

Annual requirements to amortize the lease liability and related interest are as follows:

Year	P	<b>Principal</b>		nterest
2024	\$	120,717	\$	16,308
2025		126,893		10,132
2026		133,412		3,640
	\$	381,022	\$	30,080

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

		Balance					]	Balance
	07/01/22		Increases		Decreases		06/30/23	
Lease liability	\$	495,864	\$		\$ (114,84	42)	\$	381,022
Total Lease Liability	\$	495,864	\$		\$ (114,84	42)	\$	381,022

#### **Note 8 – Interfund Transfers**

Interfund transfers as of June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds (Non- Major)		Capital Projects Fund	
To fund federal expenditures for which revenues were not available	\$ (11,412)	\$	11,412	\$	-
Transfer funds to Capital Projects Fund for debt service	(2,875)		-		2,875
Total Transfers, net	\$ (14,287)	\$	11,412	\$	2,875
Due from/(Due to) fund balances are as follows:					
Due to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund for capital outlay	\$ 9,965	\$	-	\$	(9,965)
Due to General Fund from Special Revenue Fund for Federal funds	21,918		(21,918)		
Total Due from/(Due to)	\$ 31,883	\$	(21,918)	\$	(9,965)

# Note 9 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO).

Under a co-employment agreement, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

# Note 10 - Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, which are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a match of 50% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$13,430 for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.



Ben Gamla Palm Beach (A charter school under The National Ben Gamla Charter School Foundation, Inc.)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

Tot the year chief June 30, 2023	General Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
REVENUES				
State passed through local and other local	\$ 2,410,571	\$ 2,446,781	\$ 2,460,247	
Other revenue	63,766	66,597	67,349	
Total Revenues	2,474,337	2,513,378	2,527,596	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction	1,579,957	1,565,350	1,584,825	
Student support services	22,077	21,173	15,033	
Instructional staff training	17,750	17,750	1,799	
Board	18,844	18,150	18,120	
School administration	390,699	405,041	393,315	
Fiscal services	39,375	36,600	36,600	
Food services	17,245	13,779	12,588	
Central services	56,375	56,100	54,052	
Operation of plant	211,154	234,337	216,780	
Maintenance of plant	34,500	34,500	33,239	
Total Current Expenditures	2,387,976	2,402,780	2,366,351	
Excess/(Deficit) of Revenues				
Over Current Expenditures	86,361	110,598	161,245	
Capital Outlay	_	_	_	
Total Expenditures	2,387,976	2,402,780	2,366,351	
Excess/(Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	86,361	110,598	161,245	
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in (out)	(58,539)	(43,652)	(14,287)	
Net change in fund balance	27,822	66,946	146,958	
Fund Balance at beginning of year	1,452,936	1,452,936	1,452,936	
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 1,480,758	\$ 1,519,882	\$ 1,599,894	

# Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN

ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Ben Gamla Palm Beach Boynton Beach, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ben Gamla Palm Beach (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2023.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

# **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General dated September 29, 2023.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023



#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors of Ben Gamla Palm Beach Boynton Beach, Florida

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of Ben Gamla Palm Beach, Florida as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2023.

# Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

# **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated September 29, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

#### **Official Title**

Section 10.854.(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity is Ben Gamla Palm Beach (W/L#3941).

#### **Financial Condition and Management**

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Ben Gamla Palm Beach has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Ben Gamla Palm Beach did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Ben Gamla Palm Beach. It is management's responsibility to monitor Ben Gamla Palm Beach's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we have no such recommendations.

#### **Transparency**

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether Ben Gamla Palm Beach maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In Connection with our audit, we determined that Ben Gamla Palm Beach maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, require us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

# **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Palm Beach County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023