

(A Charter School under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

Doral, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report

June 30, 2023

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W/L #: 6030

2601 NW 112 Avenue Doral, FL 33172

2022-2023

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

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SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

Carlos Ferralls, Principal



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Doral Academy Charter Middle School Doral, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Doral Academy Charter Middle School (the "School"), a charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc. as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Doral Academy Charter Middle School as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Doral Academy Charter Middle School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Doral Academy Charter Middle School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of a Matter - Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of Doral Academy Charter Middle School that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of The Doral Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of The Doral Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2023 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 31 to 32 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2023 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 15, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Doral Academy Cherter Middle School (A Charter School Under The Doral Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2023

The corporate officers of Doral Academy Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Financial Highlights

- 1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2023 was \$22,893,777.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$20,866,214.
- 3. The net position of the School increased by \$3,578,751 during the year.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$17,149,757.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources. The difference between the four is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 - 11 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 30 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, assets exceeded liabilities by \$22,893,777 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	2023	2022
Cash	\$ 649,788	\$ 583,605
Investments	17,720,000	13,420,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	61,652	43,037
Deposits receivable	32,137	32,137
Due from other agencies	2,434,774	1,660,072
Due from other divisions of The Doral Academy, Inc., long-term	3,700,000	3,700,000
Capital and right-of-use assets, net	20,822,259	22,049,429
Total Assets	45,420,610	41,488,280
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	414,515	247,743
Salaries and wages payable	457,012	430,256
Deferred revenue	896,315	=
Lease liability	20,758,991	21,495,255
Total Liabilities	22,526,833	22,173,254
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	63,268	4,254,174
Restricted	111,040	92,196
Unrestricted	22,719,469	14,968,656
Total Net Position	\$ 22,893,777	\$ 19,315,026

At the end of both fiscal years, the School is able to report positive balances in total net position. A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 follows:

	2023	2022
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 1,845,297	\$ 866,113
Capital outlay funding	915,912	918,785
Lunch program	430,776	359,956
General Revenues		
Local sources (FTE and other non specific)	10,924,180	9,496,267
PPP loan forgiveness	-	848,949
Charges for services	4,582	4,587
Investment earnings and other revenue	510,323	10,601
Total Revenues	\$ 14,631,070	\$ 12,505,258
EXPENSES		
Instruction	\$ 4,640,834	\$ 4,112,019
Student support services	301,575	274,642
Instructional staff training	54,957	39,977
Board	76,431	66,115
General administration	-	45,362
School administration	973,419	917,054
Facilities acquisition	99,996	99,996
Fiscal services	208,500	202,200
Food services	413,282	269,111
Central services	227,229	208,307
Pupil transportation services	282	-
Operation of plant	2,848,450	2,252,738
Maintenance of plant	153,193	200,839
Administrative technology services	-	740
Debt service	1,054,171	1,085,243
Total Expenses	11,052,319	9,774,343
Increase in Net Position	3,578,751	2,730,915
Net Position at Beginning of Year	19,315,026	16,584,111
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 22,893,777	\$ 19,315,026

During the year, Doral Academy Charter Middle School's revenues and expenses increased by \$2,125,812 and \$1,277,976, respectively. The School had an increase in its net position of \$3,578,751 during the year.

School Location and Lease of Facility

The School leases a facility located at 2601 N.W. 112th Avenue, Doral, Florida 33172. The facility abuts the neighboring Doral Academy Charter High School.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported a fund balance of \$17,211,409. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$17,149,757. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2023 amounts to \$1,051,727 (net of accumulated depreciation) and right-of-use lease asset (building) of \$19,770,532 (net of accumulated amortization). This investment in capital assets includes right-of-use lease asset (building), furniture, fixtures and equipment, computer equipment and software. As of June 30, 2023, the School had \$20,758,991 in long-term liabilities associated to its capital assets.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		
REVENUES					
Program Revenues					
State capital outlay funding	\$ 640,000	\$ 912,039	\$ 915,912		
Federal sources	1,864,763	1,870,293	1,871,335		
Lunch fees	268,004	128,902	129,632		
General Revenues					
FTE and other nonspecific revenues	10,637,471	10,922,030	10,924,180		
Charges and other revenues	584,124	512,830	514,905		
Total Revenues	\$ 13,994,362	\$ 14,346,094	\$ 14,355,964		
CURRENT EXPENDITURES					
Instruction	\$ 5,978,898	\$ 4,538,285	\$ 4,535,443		
Student support services	293,775	302,930	301,575		
Instructional staff training	57,261	57,230	54,957		
Board	71,000	78,109	76,431		
School administration	1,042,347	975,029	973,419		
Fiscal services	192,000	210,393	208,500		
Food services	482,247	413,029	411,932		
Central services	252,000	230,919	227,229		
Pupil transportation services	10,000	500	282		
Operation of plant	1,507,845	1,466,492	1,463,879		
Maintenance of plant	357,275	154,592	153,193		
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 10,244,648	\$ 8,427,508	\$ 8,406,840		

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Statement of Net Position

part of this financial statement.

June 30, 2023

	Primary Government		
<u>Assets</u>		vernmental Activites	
Current assets:			
Cash	\$	649,788	
Investments		17,720,000	
Due from other agencies		2,434,774	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		61,652	
Total current assets		20,866,214	
Capital assets, net:			
Capital assets, depreciable		2,880,038	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(1,828,311)	
Right-of-use lease asset		22,262,757	
Less: accumulated amortization		(2,492,225)	
Total capital assets, net		20,822,259	
Due from other divisions of The Doral Academy, Inc., long-term		3,700,000	
Deposits		32,137	
Total Assets		45,420,610	
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>			
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		216,418	
Salaries and wages payable		457,012	
Deferred revenue		896,315	
Due to other charter schools under The Doral Academy, Inc.		198,097	
Lease liability, current		882,106	
Total Current Liabilities		2,649,948	
Lease liability		19,876,885	
Total Liabilities		22,526,833	
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>			
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets		63,268	
Restricted		111,040	
Unrestricted		22,719,469	
Total Net Position	\$	22,893,777	
The accompanying notes are an integral			

Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2023

]	Program Revenues			
Primary Government:	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Governmental activities:						
Instruction	\$ 4,640,834	\$ -	\$ 1,292,577	\$ -	\$ (3,348,257)	
Student support services	301,575	-	-	-	(301,575)	
Instructional staff training	54,957	-	51,544	-	(3,413)	
Board	76,431	-	-	-	(76,431)	
School administration	973,419	-	-	-	(973,419)	
Facilities acquisition	99,996	-	-	-	(99,996)	
Fiscal services	208,500	-	-	-	(208,500)	
Food services	413,282	129,632	301,144	-	17,494	
Central services	227,229	-	-	-	(227,229)	
Pupil transportation services	282	-	-	-	(282)	
Operation of plant	2,848,450	4,582	500,926	3,168	(2,339,774)	
Maintenance of plant	153,193	-	250	-	(152,943)	
Debt service	1,054,171			912,744	(141,427)	
Total governmental activities	11,052,319	134,214	2,146,441	915,912	(7,855,752)	
	General revenue	es:				
	FTE and other r	nonspecific reve	enues		10,924,180	
	Investment earn	ings			509,323	
	Other revenues				1,000	
	Change in net po	osition			3,578,751	
	Net position, be	eginning			19,315,026	
	Net position, en	ding			\$ 22,893,777	

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Cash	\$ 538,748	\$ 111,040	\$ -	\$ 649,788
Investments	17,720,000	-	-	17,720,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	61,652	-	-	61,652
Due from other agencies	-	593,883	64,968	658,851
Due from fund	658,851			658,851
Total Assets	18,979,251	704,923	64,968	19,749,142
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Salaries and wages payable	457,012	-	-	457,012
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	216,418	-	-	216,418
Due to other charter schools	198,097	-	-	198,097
Deferred revenues	896,315	-	-	896,315
Due to fund	-	593,883	64,968	658,851
Total Liabilities	1,767,842	593,883	64,968	2,426,693
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Fund balance				
Nonspendable, not in spendable form	61,652	-	-	61,652
Restricted	-	111,040	-	111,040
Unassigned	17,149,757			17,149,757
	17,211,409	111,040		17,322,449
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 18,979,251	\$ 704,923	\$ 64,968	\$ 19,749,142

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 17,322,449

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.

Capital assets	2,880,038	
Accumulated depreciation	(1,828,311)	
Right-of-use lease asset	22,262,757	
Less: accumulated amortization	(2,492,225)	20,822,259

Long term receivables in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. 3,700,000

Receivables in governmental activities that are not considered available to pay current liabilities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

1,775,923

Deposits receivable are considered long term and are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

32,137

Long term liabilities in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

(20,758,991)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 22,893,777

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended $\,$ June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: State capital outlay funding State passed through local and other local	\$ - 10,924,180	\$ -	\$ 915,912	\$ 915,912 10,924,180
Federal sources	-	1,871,335	_	1,871,335
Charges for services	4,582	129,632	_	134,214
Investment earnings and other revenue	510,323			510,323
Total Revenues	11,439,085	2,000,967	915,912	14,355,964
Expenditures:				
Current				
Instruction	3,468,162	1,067,281	-	4,535,443
Student support services	301,575	-	-	301,575
Instructional staff training	3,413	51,544	-	54,957
Board	76,431	-	-	76,431
School administration	973,419	-	-	973,419
Fiscal services	208,500	-	-	208,500
Food services	-	411,932	-	411,932
Central services	227,229	-	-	227,229
Pupil transportation services	282	-	-	282
Operation of plant	962,953	500,926	-	1,463,879
Maintenance of plant	152,943	250	-	153,193
Capital Outlay:				
Other capital outlay	235,889	21,417	-	257,306
Debt Service:				
Redemption of Principal	-	-	843,098	843,098
Interest			1,054,171	1,054,171
Total Expenditures	6,610,796	2,053,350	1,897,269	10,561,415
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	4,828,289	(52,383)	(981,357)	3,794,549
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in (out)	(1,052,584)	71,227	981,357	-
,		,	,	
Net change in fund balance	3,775,705	18,844	-	3,794,549
Fund Balance at beginning of year	13,435,704	92,196		13,527,900
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 17,211,409	\$ 111,040	\$ -	\$ 17,322,449

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures an Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 3,794,549

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which of capital outlays differed from losses on disposals, depreciation and amortization expense.

Capital assets	257,306	
Depreciation and amortization expense	(1,484,474)	(1,227,168)

Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds. These revenues did not meet the recognition criteria during the current year and, therefore, were not reported in the governmental funds.

1,109,165

Prior year revenues recorded this year at the fund level.

(834,059)

Increase in long term liabilities is revenue in the governmental funds, but a decrease or repayment of such payables reduces liabilities in the statement of net position.

Increases in long-term liabilities	(106,834)	
Principal payments on long-term liabilities	843,098	736,264

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 3,578,751

(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Doral Academy Charter Middle School (the "School"), is a charter school sponsored by the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by The Doral Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of The Doral Academy, Inc., which is composed of four members and also governs other charter schools. The board has determined no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2028 and it can be renewed in accordance with law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in Doral, Florida for students from sixth through eighth grades. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2023, when on average 1,390 students were enrolled during the school year.

Basis of Presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information for the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements also do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity.

(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, such as food service and student activity fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues and other miscellaneous sources.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – accounts for specific revenues, such as federal funding, federal lunch program, and COVID-19 emergency relief funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. Also, accounts for resources of the School's Internal Fund, which is used to administer monies collected in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

Capital Projects Fund – accounts for state and local capital outlay as authorized by Charter School Capital Outlay, Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes, mainly for capital outlay expenditures.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Cash and Investments

Cash are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 2). Money market investment that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund receivables/payables are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets

Other assets consist mainly of prepaid expenses which are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are sold or disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in the government wide statements. Proceeds received from the sale or disposal of capital assets are recorded as Other Financing Sources in the governmental funds.

The right to use assets are initially measure at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for capital assets are as follows:

Right-of-use assets (building)

Buildings and Improvements

Furniture, Equipment, and Computers

15-27 Years

10-27 Years

5 Years

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Long-Term Debt and Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for operations will be received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP.

Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years.

There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, Accounting for Compensated Absences, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years. The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

Income Taxes

The Doral Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Net Position and Fund Balance Classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three (3) components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital asset."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the Schools' policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund financial statements

Under GASB Codification Section 1800.142, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories and prepaid expenses.
- b) <u>Restricted</u> fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. Restricted fund balances at year end pertains to the School's lunch account
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

New Accounting Standard Adopted

In fiscal year 2023, the School adopted a new statement of financial accounting standard issued by Governmental Accounting Standards Board: GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. The adoption had no effect on the School's 2023 financial statements.

(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

GASB has issued GASB Statement No. 101, Compensating Absences. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for certain types of compensated absences including parental leave, military leave, and injury duty leave. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 15, 2023 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in two financial institutions. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Doral Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Doral Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2023, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage were approximately \$356,000.

Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (continued)

At June 30, 2023, the School had \$17,720,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2023, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 91% within 30 days.

Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2023, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 3 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance		Retirements /		tirements /	Balance	
		07/01/22		Additions	Rec	lassification	06/30/23
Capital Assets:							
Buildings improvements	\$	2,249,796	\$	3,819	\$	-	\$ 2,253,615
Computer equipment and software		36,366		-		-	36,366
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		956,297		253,487		(619,727)	590,057
Total Capital Assets		3,242,459		257,306		(619,727)	2,880,038
Less Accumulated Depreciation:							
Buildings improvements		(1,468,679)		(110,140)		-	(1,578,819)
Computer equipment and software		(8,115)		(5,876)		-	(13,991)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		(748,407)		(106,821)		619,727	(235,501)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(2,225,201)		(222,837)		619,727	(1,828,311)
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$	1,017,258	\$	34,469	\$	-	\$ 1,051,727
Lease Assets:							
Right of use lease asset (building)	\$	22,262,757	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 22,262,757
Less accumulated amortization:		(1,230,586)		(1,261,639)		=	(2,492,225)
Total Lease Assets being amortized, net		21,032,171		(1,261,639)		-	19,770,532
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$	22,049,429	\$	(1,227,170)	\$	-	\$ 20,822,259

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, depreciation and amortization expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

	De _]	preciation	A	Amortization		
Instruction	\$	105,391	\$	-		
Facilities acquisition		99,996		-		
Operation of plant		16,098		1,261,639		
Food services		1,350		-		
Total Depreciation and Amortization Expense	\$	222,835	\$	1,261,639		

(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Dade, LLC, an education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting, financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement between the School and the education service provider calls for a fee on a per student basis.

The agreement is with Doral Academy, Inc., through June 30, 2028, and unless terminated by the board will shall have the option to renew for an additional five year term. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School incurred \$625,500 in fees.

Note 5 – Transactions with other divisions of Doral Academy, Inc.

Charter Schools under The Doral Academy, Inc.

The School's facility and lunch program is shared with Doral Academy of Technology, Doral Performing Arts and Entertainment Academy and Doral Academy High School (charter schools under The Doral Academy, Inc.). Management allocates a proportionate share of leases, salaries, lunch receipts, food and supplies, and other expenses to each school individually based on student enrollment and usage of facilities and staff to these schools. As of June 30, 2023, there is approximately \$198,000 due to Doral Academy High School for shared expenses.

In addition during 2023, the School was charged by Doral Academy High School for the use of shared facilities. Total usage fees paid totaled approximately \$74,000.

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in long-term advance receivables for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance			Balance	
	06/30/22	Additions	Collections	06/30/23	
The Doral Academy, Inc.	\$ 3,700,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,700,000	
Total Long Term Receivable	\$ 3,700,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,700,000	

The Doral Academy, Inc.

The Doral Academy, Inc. charges all its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. The School paid The Doral Academy, Inc. \$208,425 in connection with these charges during the year.

(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities

Usage Fee Agreement – Doral Hall

On January 4, 2018, Miami-Dade County Industrial Development Authority issued tax-exempt revenue bonds), of \$22,045,000, on behalf of The Doral Academy, Inc. (the Organization), to be secured by a first mortgage on the land owned by the Organization as well as revenues of Doral Academy Charter Middle School, Doral Academy Charter High School, Doral Performing Arts & Entertainment Academy, and Doral Academy of Technology (the "Four Schools"). The proceeds of the bond issue have been used to fund the acquisition, design, construction, installation and equipping of a 91,000 square foot, six story building known as the Doral Hall Educational Facility ("Doral Hall"), fund a debt service reserve fund, and pay costs of the bond issuance.

Through a Usage Fee Agreement approved by the Board of Directors of the Organization, all Capital and Operating costs as defined herein will be due on a monthly basis commencing on the first day of the first full calender month following the date on which the Organization receives a temporary certificate of occupancy for Doral Hall. All costs of the required annual debt service of Doral Hall, together with an annual administrative fee of 5% of the sum of the Capital and Operating Costs each year, shall be shared among the Four Schools in proportion to their relative annual student enrollments. The annual Usage fee in relation to this agreement is approximately \$1,508,000 allocated among the Four Schools.

The Organization's debt agreements contain various covenants, restrictions and financial test requirements. In the event an instance of default is not remedied, the maturity can be accelerated and / or the underlying collateral may be subject to foreclosure.

All of the School's revenues (except for revenues restricted or assigned for specific programs) are pledged, under this bond issuance, up to the outstanding balance as of June 30, 2023 of \$20,240,000.

Lease Agreement – School Development II, LLC

The School entered into a lease and security agreement, as amended, with School Development II, LLC (the "Landlord", an affiliate of the School's education service provider – Note 4) for its 65,164 square feet building including all ancillary facilities, outdoor areas and other improvements. Fixed annual payments under the amended agreement are based on a rate of \$23.83 per square footage of the building, which amount to approximately \$1,553,000 adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. The agreement continues through June 30, 2036 with an option to renew for two additional five year terms.

For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Landlord has elected to defer all but 3% of the annual CPI adjustment and may elect to recover the deferred portion in subsequent lease years where the CPI adjustment is less than 3% or when the School receives increases in state funding.

(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

At the time of the initial measurement, based on the annual usage fee, the allocation used for implementation of the right-of-use asset and liability of Doral Hall was approximately 36% for the School, 10% for Doral Performing Arts, 47% for Doral Academy Charter High School and 7% for Doral Academy of Technology. The allocation used for School Development II, LLC was approximately 83% for the School and 17% for Doral Academy of Technology. There was no interest rate specified in the original lease or usage agreements. The School has used an average effective interest for comparable borrowings during FY 2021 and 2022. The average borrowing rate was 5% which was used to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use these assets and the lease liabilities.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, interest expense totaled \$1,054,171, as it relates to its agreements. For 2023, variable and other payments of \$219,943 in connection with the lease agreement not previously included in the measurement of the lease liability were recorded in rent expense based on enrollment and usage of facility.

Annual requirements to amortize the lease liabilities and related interest are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total	
2024	\$ 882,106 \$	1,011,234 \$	1,893,340	
2025	926,752	966,115	1,892,867	
2026	975,231	918,677	1,893,908	
2027	1,023,772	868,813	1,892,585	
2028	1,076,343	816,431	1,892,774	
2029-2033	6,269,004	3,197,322	9,466,326 (total for five year p	period)
2034-2038	5,208,970	1,554,719	6,763,689 (total for five year p	period)
2039-2043	1,865,314	846,269	2,711,583 (total for five year p	period)
2044-4048	2,398,085	448,496	2,846,581 (total for five year p	period)
	\$ 20,625,577 \$	10,628,076 \$	31,253,653	

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	06/30/22	Additions	Collections	06/30/23
Lease liability - School Development II, LLC	\$ 13,574,463	\$ -	\$ (687,046)	\$ 12,887,417
Lease liability - Doral Hall	7,894,212		(156,052)	7,738,160
Total ROU Lease Liabilities	21,468,675	-	(843,098)	20,625,577
Lease liability - deferred CPI adjustment	26,580	106,834		133,414
Total Long Term Liabilities:	\$ 21,495,255	\$ 106,834	\$ (843,098)	\$ 20,758,991

(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 7 – Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 2% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2023, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$36,210.

Note 8 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreement, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 9 – Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers in governmental funds as of June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

				Special	(Capital
			Revenue		F	Projects
	G	eneral Fund		Fund		Fund
To fund lease liabilities payments from the general fund	\$	(981,357)	\$	-	\$	981,357
To fund federal expenditures for which revenues were not available		(71,227)		71,227		-
Total Transfers, net	\$	(1,052,584)	\$	71,227	\$	981,357
						_
Due to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund for capital outlay	\$	64,968	\$	-	\$	(64,968)
Due to General Fund from Special Revenue Fund for Federal Funds		593,883		(593,883)		-
Total Due from/(Due to)	\$	658,851	\$	(593,883)	\$	(64,968)

Note 10 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, who are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School approved a match of 100% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$109,578 for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

For the year ended June 30, 2023

•	General Fund				
	Original Budget Final Budget		Actual		
REVENUES					
State passed through local and other local	\$ 10,637,471	\$ 10,922,030	\$ 10,924,180		
Other revenue	584,124	512,830	514,905		
Total Revenues	11,221,595	11,434,860	11,439,085		
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction	4,883,138	3,470,192	3,468,162		
Student support services	293,775	302,930	301,575		
Instructional staff training	3,501	4,209	3,413		
Board	71,000	78,109	76,431		
School administration	1,042,347	975,029	973,419		
Fiscal services	192,000	210,393	208,500		
Central services	252,000	230,919	227,229		
Pupil transportation services	10,000	500	282		
Operation of plant	1,007,345	964,093	962,953		
Maintenance of plant	356,775	154,092	152,943		
Total Current Expenditures	8,111,881	6,390,466	6,374,907		
Excess of Revenues					
Over Current Expenditures	3,109,714	5,044,394	5,064,178		
Capital Outlay	300,000	300,000	235,889		
Total Expenditures	8,411,881	6,690,466	6,610,796		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures Other financing sources (uses):	2,809,714	4,744,394	4,828,289		
Transfers in (out)	(1,257,269)	(1,048,077)	(1,052,584)		
Net change in fund balance	1,552,445	3,696,317	3,775,705		
Fund Balance at beginning of year	13,435,704	13,435,704	13,435,704		
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 14,988,149	\$ 17,132,021	\$ 17,211,409		

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Fund					
	Original Budget		Final Budget			Actual
REVENUES						
Federal sources	\$	1,864,763	\$	1,870,293	\$	1,871,335
Lunch program		268,004		128,902		129,632
Total Revenues		2,132,767		1,999,195		2,000,967
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		1,095,760		1,068,093		1,067,281
Instructional staff training		53,760		53,021		51,544
Food services		482,247		413,029		411,932
Operation of plant		500,500		502,399		500,926
Maintenance of Plant		500		500		250
Total Current Expenditures		2,132,767		2,037,042		2,031,933
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues						
Over Current Expenditures		-		(37,847)		(30,966)
Capital Outlay		-		25,000		21,417
Total Expenditures		2,132,767		2,062,042		2,053,350
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		(62,847)		(52,383)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in (out)				62,847		71,227
Net change in fund balance		-		-		18,844
Fund Balance at beginning of year		92,196		92,196		92,196
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	92,196	\$	92,196	\$	111,040

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors of Doral Academy Charter Middle School Doral, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Doral Academy Charter Middle School (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of Auditor General dated September 15, 2023.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 15, 2023



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of Doral Academy Charter Middle School Doral, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Doral Academy Charter Middle School, Doral, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 15, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity is Doral Academy Charter Middle School, 6030.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Doral Academy Charter Middle School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Doral Academy Charter Middle School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Doral Academy Charter Middle School. It is management's responsibility to monitor Doral Academy Charter Middle School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether Doral Academy Charter Middle School maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Doral Academy Charter Middle School maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Miami-Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 15, 2023