Duval Charter School at Baymeadows A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. (A Component Unit of the School Board of Duval County, Florida)

Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023



Duval Charter School at Baymeadows

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Duval Charter School at Baymeadows A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. Jacksonville, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Duval Charter School at Baymeadows (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Duval County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Grants Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the School are intended to present the financial position and change in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities and each major fund of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. that is attributable to the transactions of the School. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. as of June 30, 2023 and the changes in its financial position or budgetary comparisons, where applicable, for the year ended June 30, 2023 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

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BEST PLACES TO WORK

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing* Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 22, 2023 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 22, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



As management of Duval Charter School at Baymeadows (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Duval County, Florida (the "School Board"), we offer readers of the School's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Management's discussion and analysis is included at the beginning of the School's basic financial statements to provide, in layman's terms, the past and current position of the School's financial condition. This summary should not be taken as a replacement for the audit, which consists of the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Our basic financial statements provide these insights into the results of the year's operations.

- As of June 30, 2023, the School's total fund balance was \$ 1,946,225 as compared to \$ 3,514,592 at June 30, 2022.
- As of June 30, 2023, the School had net position of \$1,564,463 as compared to net position of \$898,281 as of June 30, 2022.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the School's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this Statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected revenues and services rendered but unpaid).

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by grants and entitlements from the state for full-time equivalent funding. The School does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the School primarily include instruction and instructional support services.

The government-wide basic financial statements can be found on pages 9 and 10 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the basic government-wide financial statements, governmental fund basic financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The General Fund, Grants Fund, Capital Project Fund and Club and Activities Fund are considered to be the School's major funds.

The School adopts an annual budget for its governmental funds except for the Club and Activities Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and Grants Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 through 16 of this report.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 26 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

This is the School's twelve year of operations; therefore, comparative government-wide data is being presented. The School's net position was \$1,564,463 at June 30, 2023. This amount represents net investment in capital assets (deficit) of \$ (331,670), restricted net position of \$165,907 and unrestricted net position of \$1,730,226. The School's net position was \$898,281 at June 30, 2022. This amount represented net investment in capital assets (deficit) of \$ (8,688), \$118,300 represented restricted net position and \$788,669 represented unrestricted net position.

Our analysis in the table below focuses on the net position of the School's governmental activities:

Nett	05111	011		
		June 30, 2023	_	June 30, 2022
Assets: Current and other assets Noncurrent assets	\$	2,741,902 15,148,513	\$	4,134,105 13,191,723
Total assets		17,890,415	_	17,325,828
Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,820,237	_	1,887,653
Liabilities: Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities		1,146,010 17,000,179	_	6,766,815 11,548,385
Total liabilities		18,146,189	_	18,315,200
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets (deficit) Restricted Unrestricted		(331,670) 165,907 1,730,226	_	(8,688) 118,300 788,669
Total net position	\$	1,564,463	\$	898,281

Duval Charter School at Baymeadows Net Position

Current and other assets declined due to a drop in the restricted investments. Capital assets, net of depreciation increased due to depreciation expense of approximately \$893,600 offset by the addition of \$2,970,638 in capital assets. Current liabilities decreased mainly due to a reduction in monies owed towards the leases. Noncurrent liabilities rose due to an increase in the School's lease liabilities.

Governmental Activities: The results of this year's operations for the School as a whole are reported in the statement of activities on page 10. The table below provides a condensed presentation of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

Duval Charter School at Baymeadows Change in Net Position

		June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022
Revenues:	-		•	
General revenues	\$	10,171,000	\$	9,026,459
Program revenues	-	4,950,771		3,399,204
Total revenues	-	15,121,771		12,425,663
Functions/Program Expenses:				
Instruction		6,199,242		5,754,132
Instructional support services		4,375,916		3,942,648
Noninstructional support services	_	3,880,431		3,220,730
Total expenses	-	14,455,589		12,917,510
Change in net position	\$	666,182	\$	(491,847)

General revenues increased compared to the previous year due to a rise in enrollment and Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenue. The program revenues rose due to an increase in ESSER II and ESSER III grant funding. Total expenses increased due to rising instructional and non-instructional services.

Governmental Fund Expenditures

In the table below, we have presented the cost of the largest functions/programs as a percentage of total governmental expenditures:

	_	2023				20)22	
Functions/Programs		Expenditures	_	Percent		Expenditures		Percent
Governmental expenditures:								
Instructional expenditures	\$	5,825,492		35%	\$	5,433,153		35%
Fiscal services		2,013,690		12%		1,570,303		10%
Debt service		1,355,467		8%		999,331		6%
Plant operations and maintenance		2,205,162		13%		1,821,270		12%
Capital outlay		2,970,638		18%		3,543,077		23%
All other functions/programs	-	2,348,316		14%		2,344,393		14%
Total governmental								
expenditures	\$	16,718,765		100%	\$	15,711,527	_	100%

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets: At June 30, 2023, the School had capital assets of \$15,148,513 net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, invested in intangible right to use assets, improvements other than buildings, furniture, fixtures and equipment and computer equipment as compared to \$13,071,473 at June 30, 2022.

Debt: At June 30, 2023, the School had outstanding debt of \$17,300,420 as compared to \$17,523,524 at June 30, 2022. Additional information on the School's debt can be found in Notes 8 and 9 on pages 23 and 24 of this report.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

State source revenues were unfavorable to budget due to FEFP projections. Local source revenues were unfavorable to budget due to decrease in grant revenues. Total General Fund revenues were unfavorable to budget by \$ 1,181,614. Total General Fund expenditures were favorable to budget by \$ 5,265,008. Overall, the School ended the year with a decrease in fund balance of \$ 1,615,974.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

In fiscal year 2023, the State of Florida continued to include a teacher salary increase allocation (TSIA) of \$ 800 million. The capital outlay funding pool ended up at \$ 196.2 million. In addition to the TSIA, teachers also received a compensation increase to align overall salaries with district levels.

For fiscal year 2024, the teacher salary increase allocation will be \$ 1.1 billion and will continue to be part of FEFP funding. Additionally, the State of Florida approved an increase to the base funding allocation and capital outlay. A 3% merit increase for all staff was included in the budget. All other expenditures are budgeted in alignment with enrollment changes and the School's strategic objectives.

Requests for Information

If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please contact Michael Valdes, Controller - School Accounting; Charter Schools USA, 800 Corporate Drive, Suite 700, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33334.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



	Governmental Activities
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Due from related parties Other receivables Accrued interest receivable Prepaid items Deposits Loan to related party	\$ 2,199,049 238,830 21,168 7,415 401 150,029 4,760 120,250
Total current assets	2,741,902
Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets (depreciable and amortizable), net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	15,148,513
Total assets	17,890,415
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred amount on renegotiation of lease	1,820,237
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Salaries and wages payable Due to management company Compensated absences Leases	47,657 563,475 184,545 37,569 312,764
Total current liabilities	1,146,010
Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated absences Leases Total noncurrent liabilities	12,523 16,987,656 17,000,179
Total liabilities	18,146,189
Commitments (Note 11)	-
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets (deficit) Restricted for extracurricular activities Unrestricted	(331,670) 165,907 1,730,226
Total net position	\$ 1,564,463

		_	Program Revenues						Governmental Activities
	Expenses		Charges for Services	Grant		Capital Grants and Contributions		_	Net Revenue (Expense) and Change in Net Position
Functions/Programs:									
Instruction	\$ 6,199,242	\$	-	\$	1,190,561	\$	-	\$	(5,008,681)
Student support services	584,272		-		-		-		(584,272)
Instructional media services	-		-		81,954		-		81,954
Instructional staff training services	43,763		-		23,971		-		(19,792)
Instructional related technology	235,566		-		-		-		(235,566)
Board	27,922		-		-		-		(27,922)
School administration	781,886		-		12,446		-		(769,440)
Fiscal services	2,013,690		-		-		-		(2,013,690)
Food services	334,007		99,080		334,007		-		99,080
Central services	54,609		-		-		-		(54,609)
Transportation services	7,240		-		-		-		(7,240)
Operation of plant	2,189,326		-		333,519		942,372		(913,435)
Maintenance of plant	533,863		-		-		-		(533,863)
Community services	109,349		360,085		-		-		250,736
Extracurricular activities	169,702		-		217,309		-		47,607
Interest on long-term debt	1,171,152		-	-	-	_	1,355,467	_	184,315
Total governmental									
activities	\$ 14,455,589	\$	459,165	\$	2,193,767	\$_	2,297,839	_	(9,504,818)
	General revenu	es:							
	Grants and ent	itleme	ents						10,124,272
	Interest incom	е						_	46,728
	Total general	rever	nues					_	10,171,000
	Change ir	net p	osition						666,182
	Net position, Ju	ly 1, 2	.022					_	898,281
	Net position, Ju	ine 30	, 2023					\$_	1,564,463

	-	General Fund	_	Grants Fund				Capital Project Fund		Club and Activities Fund		Total
Assets:												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,030,957	\$	-	\$	-	\$	168,092	\$	2,199,049		
Due from other governments		-		179,614		59,216		-		238,830		
Due from other funds		241,015		-		-		-		241,015		
Due from related parties		21,168		-		-		-		21,168		
Other receivables		7,415		-		-		-		7,415		
Loan to related party		120,250		-		-		-		120,250		
Accrued interest receivable		401		-		-		-		401		
Prepaid items		150,029		-		-		-		150,029		
Deposits	-	4,760	_	-	-	-		-	-	4,760		
Total assets	\$	2,575,995	\$_	179,614	\$	59,216	\$	168,092	\$	2,982,917		
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable and												
accrued liabilities	\$	47,657	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	47,657		
Salaries and wages payable		563,475		-		-		-		563,475		
Due to management company		184,545		-		-		-		184,545		
Due to other funds	-	-	_	179,614		59,216		2,185		241,015		
Total liabilities	_	795,677		179,614		59,216		2,185		1,036,692		
Commitments (Note 11)		-		-		-		-		-		
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:												
Prepaid items		150,029		_		_		_		150,029		
Deposits		4,760		-		-		-		4,760		
Restricted for extracurricular		.,,								.,,		
activities		-		-		-		165,907		165,907		
Unassigned	-	1,625,529	_	-		-		-	_	1,625,529		
Total fund balances	-	1,780,318		-	. <u> </u>	-	· _	165,907	· -	1,946,225		
Total liabilities and												
fund balances	\$	2,575,995	\$	179,614	\$	59,216	\$	168,092	\$	2,982,917		

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 1,946,225
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
The cost of capital assets acquired is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, among the assets of the School as a whole.		
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation and amortization	\$ 21,539,380 (6,390,867)	15,148,513
Liabilities not payable with current available resources are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide statements.		
Compensated absences Leases	\$ (50,092) (17,300,420)	(17,350,512)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and refundings and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are		
deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		1,820,237
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 1,564,463

Duval Charter School at Baymeadows Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund		Grants Fund		Capital Project Fund	_	Club and Activities Fund	_	Total
Revenues:									
	\$ -	\$	1,699,027	\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,699,027
State sources	10,371,525	Ļ	5,456	ç	723,149	ڔ	-	Ļ	11,100,130
Local sources	170,530		-		1,574,690		217,309		1,962,529
Aftercare	360,085		-		_)07 .)000				360,085
		• •		-		-		-	
Total revenues	10,902,140		1,704,483	-	2,297,839	-	217,309	_	15,121,771
Expenditures:									
Instruction	5,113,940		711,552		-		-		5,825,492
Student support services	502,318		81,954		-		-		584,272
Instructional staff training									
services	19,792		23,971		-		-		43,763
Instruction related technology	235,566		-		-		-		235,566
Board	27,922		-		-		-		27,922
School administration	769,440		12,446		-		-		781,886
Fiscal services	2,013,690		-		-		-		2,013,690
Food services	-		334,007		-		-		334,007
Central services	54,609		-		-		-		54,609
Transportation services	7,240		-		-		-		7,240
Operation of plant	650,483		78,444		942,372		-		1,671,299
Maintenance of plant	533,863		-		-		-		533,863
Community services	109,349		-		-		-		109,349
Extracurricular activities	-		-		-		169,702		169,702
Capital outlay	2,863,937		106,701		-		-		2,970,638
Debt service:									
Principal	-		-		300,117		-		300,117
Interest on long-term debt	-		-	-	1,055,350	1,055,350		_	1,055,350
Total expenditures	12,902,149		1,349,075	_	2,297,839	169,702		_	16,718,765
Excess (deficiency)									
of revenues over									
expenditures	(2,000,009)		355,408		-		47,607		(1,596,994)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):				-		-		-	<u>_</u>
Renegotiation of lease obligation	28,627		_		_		_		28,627
Transfer out	20,027		(355,408)		_				(355,408)
Transfer in	355,408		(333,408)		_				355,408
	555,400			-	_	-	_	-	555,400
Total other financing									
sources (uses)	384,035		(355,408)		-		-		28,627
/		•	(-			-,
Net change in									
fund balance	(1,615,974)		-		-		47,607		(1,568,367)
Fund Balances, July 1, 2022	3,396,292		_		_		118,300		
-				-	-	-		-	3,514,592
Fund Balances, June 30, 2023	\$ 1,780,318	\$	-	\$_	-	\$	165,907	\$_	1,946,225

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds			\$ (1,568,367)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as a provision for depreciation and amortization.			
Cost of capital assets Provision for depreciation and amortization	\$ -	2,970,638 (893,598)	2,077,040
Debt proceeds current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long- term liabilities in the statement of net position.			(28,627)
Principal payments on long-term debt are reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			300,117
Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Change in compensated absences Amortization of deferred charge on renegotiation of lease Amortization of costs associated with lease	\$	1,821 (67,416) (48,386)	(113,981)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	-	(\$ 666,182

Duval Charter School at Baymeadows Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues:				
	\$ 10,734,093	\$ 10,529,008	\$ 10,371,525	\$ (157,483)
Local sources	917,331	1,231,563	170,530	(1,061,033)
Aftercare	282,884	323,183	360,085	36,902
Total revenues	11,934,308	12,083,754	10,902,140	(1,181,614)
Expenditures:				
Instruction	5,345,674	4,808,039	5,113,940	(305,901)
Student support services	392,753	391,215	502,318	(111,103)
Instructional staff training	20.040	20 700	10 700	40.000
services	39,040	39,788	19,792	19,996
Instruction related technology Board	254,247 21,103	239,873 20,689	235,566 27,922	4,307 (7,233)
School administration	724,401	855,642	769,440	86,202
Food Service	-	30,420	-	30,420
Fiscal services	1,613,575	2,013,601	2,013,690	(89)
Central services	60,680	78,832	54,609	24,223
Transportation services	, _	, _	7,240	(7,240)
Operation of plant	1,505,451	1,568,696	650 <i>,</i> 483	918,213
Maintenance of plant	300,175	300,546	533 <i>,</i> 863	(233,317)
Community services	140,297	121,058	109,349	11,709
Capital outlay	7,092,340	7,394,108	2,863,937	4,530,171
Debt service:				
Principal	212,333	212,333	-	212,333
Interest	3,938	92,317		92,317
Total expenditures	17,706,007	18,167,157	12,902,149	5,265,008
Excess (deficiency)				
of revenues over				
expenditures	(5,771,699)	(6,083,403)	(2,000,009)	4,083,394
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Renegotiation of lease obligation	6,105,600	6,105,600	28,627	(6,076,973)
Transfer in	-	_	355,408	355,408
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	6,105,600	6,105,600	384,035	(5,721,565)
Net change in				
	\$333,901	22,197	\$(1,615,974)	\$ (1,638,171)

Duval Charter School at Baymeadows Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual - Grants Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual	_	Variance	
Revenues:									
Federal sources:									
National School Lunch Program	\$	294,291	\$	270,325	\$	405,514	\$	135,189	
21st Century		-		18,421		-		(18,421)	
Title II		-		42,992		46,469		3,477	
Title IV		191		14,446		47,835		33,389	
ESSER I		-		-		37		37	
ESSER II		491,516		928,073		672,159		(255,914)	
ESSER III		988,613		1,482,157		527,013		(955,144)	
State sources:						- 450		- 4-6	
National School Lunch Program	_	-		-	-	5,456	-	5,456	
Total revenues	_	1,774,611	_	2,756,414	_	1,704,483	_	(1,051,931)	
Expenditures:		1 022 408						812 400	
Instruction		1,022,408		1,524,051		711,552		812,499	
Student support services Instructional staff training		201,412		46,467		81,954		(35,487)	
services		2,000		29,443		23,971		5,472	
School administration		172,500		129,863		12,446		117,417	
Food services		272,925		270,325		334,007		(63,682)	
Operation of plant		21,366				78,444		(78,444)	
Capital outlay	_	82,000	_	756,265	_	106,701	_	649,564	
Total expenditures	_	1,774,611		2,756,414	_	1,349,075	_	1,407,339	
Excess (deficiency)									
of revenues over									
expenditures		-		-		355,408		355,408	
	-		_		-		-		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer out		-		-		(355,408)		(355,408)	
			_				-	· · · · ·	
Net change in fund balance	\$	-		-	\$	-	\$	-	
	. =				. =		. =		

Note 1 - Organization and Operations

Duval Charter School at Baymeadows (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the Duval County School Board, Florida, was established in July 2011 as a public charter school to serve students from kindergarten to eighth grade in Duval County. Renaissance Charter School, Inc. is a Florida nonprofit corporation organized in August 1998. There were 1,334 students enrolled for the 2022/2023 school year.

The basic financial statements of the School present only the balances, activity and disclosures related to the School. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. as of June 30, 2023, and its changes in financial position or budgetary comparisons, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, these financial statements only include balances, activity and disclosures related to the School.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity: The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring School Board, the Duval County School Board (the "School Board"). The current charter is effective until June 30, 2031 and may be renewed by mutual written agreement between the School and the School Board. At the end of the term of the charter, the School Board may choose not to renew the charter under grounds specified in the charter in which case the School Board is required to notify the School in writing at least ninety days prior to the charter's expiration. During the term of the charter, the School Board may also terminate the charter if good cause is shown. Duval Charter School at Baymeadows is considered a component unit of the Duval County School Board.

The School may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the School regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by another government, or a jointly approved board. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School are such that exclusion would cause the basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

As a result of evaluating the above criteria, management has determined that no component units exist for which the School is financially accountable which would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

Basis of presentation: Based on the guidance presented in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Audit and Accounting Guide - Not-for-Profit Organizations and provisions of Section 228.056, Florida Statutes, the School is presented as a governmental organization for financial statement reporting purposes.

Government-wide financial statements: Government-wide financial statements, including the statement of net position and the statement of activities, present information about the School as a whole.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School.

Fund financial statements: Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School in the governmental funds. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column. Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements differs from the focus of government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is presented with each of the governmental fund financial statements.

The School's major governmental funds are as follows:

General Fund - This fund is used to account for all operating activities of the School except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Grants Fund - This special revenue fund is used to account for federal grants and certain state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Project Fund - This fund is used to account for state and local capital outlay funding that is legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Club and Activities Fund - This special revenue fund is used to administer funds raised and earned by the various clubs and activities that are part of the School.

Basis of accounting: Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures, or expenses, are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one hundred twenty days of the end of the current period. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized when due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Cash and cash equivalents: The School considers all demand accounts and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

The School maintains its cash accounts with one financial institution. The School's accounts at this institution, at times, may exceed the federally insured limit. The School has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk (Note 3).

Prepaid items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Revenue recognition: Student funding is provided by the State of Florida through the School Board. Such funding is recorded as entitlement revenue in the government-wide financial statements and state source revenue in the fund financial statements. This funding is received on a prorata basis over a twelve-month period and is adjusted for changes in full-time equivalent (FTE) student population.

Income taxes: The School is a division of a nonprofit corporation. Revenue of the School is derived primarily from other governmental entities. The School is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in these financial statements.

Capital assets: Property and equipment purchased or acquired are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with an initial cost of \$ 750 and useful life of over one year. Donated property and equipment are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 years
Computer equipment	3 years
Improvements other than buildings	10 years

The School has recorded a right to use lease asset as a result of implementing GASB 87. The right to use asset is initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources: In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The government-wide statement of net position reports a deferred amount on renegotiation of lease.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Unearned revenue: Unearned revenue arises when the School receives resources before it has a legal claim to them.

Compensated absences: The School's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused paid time off, which is eligible for payment upon separation from service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable. Payments for compensated absences are generally paid out of the General Fund.

Net position: Net position is classified in three categories. The general meaning of each is as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets (deficit) represents the difference between the cost of capital assets, less accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted indicates that portion of net position that is available to fund future operations.

Fund balance: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance classifications and also sets a hierarchy which details how the School may spend funds based on certain constraints. The following are the fund balance classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements:

- Nonspendable this classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The School classifies inventories, prepaid items, long-term notes receivable and deposits as nonspendable since they are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted this classification includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes by external parties such as grantors and creditors or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed this classification includes amounts that can be used for specific purposes voted on through formal action of the Board of Directors (the highest level of decision making authority). The committed amount cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the commitment through formal action.

- Assigned this classification includes amounts that the Board of Directors intends to use for a specific purpose, but they are neither restricted nor committed. The School classifies existing fund balance to be used in the subsequent year's budget for elimination of a deficit as assigned.
- Unassigned this classification includes amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose within the General Fund.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet on page 11.

When the School incurs expenditures for which restricted or unrestricted fund balance is available, the School would consider restricted funds to be spent first. When the School has expenditures for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balance is available, the School would consider committed funds to be spent first, then assigned funds and lastly unassigned funds.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budget: An operating budget is adopted and maintained by the governing board for all governmental funds, except for the Club and Activities Fund, pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

Date of management review: Subsequent events were evaluated by management through September 22, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the deposits and cash on hand totaled \$ 2,199,049 with a bank balance of \$ 2,214,239.

State statutes require, and it is the School's policy, that all deposits be made into, and be held by, financial institutions designated by the Treasurer of the State of Florida as "qualified public depositories" as defined by Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. This Statute requires that every qualified public depository institution maintain eligible collateral to secure the public entity's funds. The minimum collateral to be pledged by an institution, the collateral eligible for pledge, and the reporting requirements of the qualified public depository institution pool with the ability to assess members of the pool should the need arise. The School's deposits are held in a qualified public depository and are covered by the collateral pool because the School has identified itself as a public entity.

Note 4 - Interfund Receivables and Payables and Interfund Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Due To/From Other Funds								
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount					
General Fund General Fund General Fund	Grants Fund Capital Project Fund Club and Activities Fund	\$	179,614 59,216 2,185					
		\$	241,015					

The outstanding balances between funds results mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

		Transfers In
	·	General
		Fund
	·	
Transfers Out:		
Grants Fund	\$	355,408

During the year, transfers were used to move grant revenue received in the current year for prior year expenditures to the General Fund.

Note 5 - Due From Related Parties

The School is a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. ("RCS"). The due from balances represent amounts that are due from RCS and other schools that share common board membership and are department of RCS.

Note 6 - Loan to Related Party

Previously, the School loaned Duval Charter High School at Baymeadows funds for general working capital purposes. Principal payments of \$9,250 plus interest at 4.0% are payable in monthly installments through June 2024.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum payments as of June 30, 2023:

Year Ending June 30,		
2024	\$	120,250

Note 7 - Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	_	Balance at July 1, 2022		Additions	_	Deletions		Transfers	_	Balance at June 30, 2023
Capital assets being depreciated/										
amortized:		4 570 050		10.470						4 50 4 000
Improvements other than building	\$	1,573,850	\$	10,478	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,584,328
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		1,422,186		111,335		-		(256,254)		1,277,267
Computer equipment Intangible right to use:		1,464,247		145,948		-		302,174		1,912,369
Building		14,062,539		2,702,877		-		-		16,765,416
Computer equipment		45,920		-	_	-	_	(45,920)		-
Total capital assets being										
depreciated/amortized		18,568,742	_	2,970,638	_	-	-	-	_	21,539,380
Accumulated depreciation/ amortization:										
Improvements other than building		485,562		155,540		-		-		641,102
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		1,001,790		125,035		-		-		1,126,825
Computer equipment		1,330,516		235,229		-		34,231		1,599,976
Intangible right to use:										
Building		2,660,477		362,487		-		-		3,022,964
Computer equipment		18,924		15,307	_	-	_	(34,231)	_	-
Total accumulated										
depreciation/amortization		5,497,269		893,598	_	-	_	-		6,390,867
Net capital assets being					-					
depreciated/amortized	\$	13,071,473	\$	2,077,040	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,148,513

Provision for depreciation and amortization was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction Operation of plant	\$ 375,571 518,027
	\$ 893,598

Note 8 - Lease

The School amended its lease arrangement with Red Apple at Baymeadows, LLC for use of its facility. The original lease arrangement was entered into as part of a transaction consisting of a bond issuance by the Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and Red Apple Development, Inc. (Note 11) and was amended when the Series 2020 Bonds were issued to refund the Series 2011 Bonds.

In addition to the Series 2020 Bonds, the School through Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and Red Apple at Baymeadows, LLC, issued Series 2021 Bonds which were used to finance and refinance the costs of expansion of the School. In November 2022, the School through Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and Red Apple at Baymeadows, LLC, issued Series 2022 Bonds which were used to refinance the Series 2021 Bonds and finance costs of expansion of the School. As a result of this additional financing, the lease described above was amended to include payments on both the Series 2020 and Series 2022 bonds. The lease is through June 2065 and requires monthly principal and interest payments through June 2050. As of June 30, 2023, the net book value of the leased facility is approximately \$13,742,400. Amortization of the leased facility is included with depreciation expense.

Note 8 - Lease (continued)

Future minimum payments June 30, 2023 are approximately as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029-2033 2034-2038 2039-2043 2044-2048	\$ 312,764 331,139 350,260 369,380 388,501 2,285,432 3,017,726 4,020,311 5,460,683	\$	1,235,468 1,218,055 1,199,575 1,180,010 1,159,631 5,459,090 4,722,492 3,717,967 2,282,579	\$	1,548,232 1,549,194 1,549,835 1,549,390 1,548,132 7,744,522 7,740,218 7,738,278 7,743,262
2049-2050	2,655,753	-	396,430	-	3,052,183
	\$ 19,191,949	\$	22,571,297	\$	41,763,246

Note 9 - Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in the School's long-term liabilities for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	-	Balance at July 1, 2022	_	Additions	Retirements	-	Amortization	_	Balance at June 30, 2023	-	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease - building, net of unamortized costs of \$ 1,891,529	\$	17,507,740	\$	28,627	\$ 284,333	\$	48,386	\$	17,300,420	\$	312,764
Lease - computer equipment Compensated absences	_	15,784 51,913	_	- 122,503	15,784 124,324	_	-		- 50,092	_	- 37,569
	\$	17,575,437	\$	151,130	\$ 424,441	\$	48,386	\$	17,350,512	\$	350,333

Note 10 - Employee Benefit Plan

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School offered all of its full-time employees who had attained 21 years of age, a retirement plan (the "Plan") under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k). The employee is allowed to contribute up to a maximum of 100% of his/her annual gross compensation, subject to certain limitations. The Plan provides for a discretionary employer matching contribution of the participant's annual elective deferral to the Plan. As determined annually by the School's management, the School may also make a discretionary profit sharing contribution, which is allocated among the participants based on a pro rata formula. Participants are immediately vested in their own contributions and earnings on those contributions. Participants become vested in School contributions and earnings on School contributions according to the following schedule:

Years of Service	Vesting Percentage
1	25%
2	50%
3	75%
4	100%

Note 10 - Employee Benefit Plan (continued)

Nonvested contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment and such forfeitures are used to reduce any employer contribution. For the Plan year ending December 31, 2022, the School had of forfeitures of \$ 1,115. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School contributed a matching amount of \$ 24,200.

Note 11 - Commitments

Management agreement: The School has a formal agreement with Charter Schools USA at Baymeadows, LLC ("CSUSA") to manage, staff and operate the School. The agreement states that CSUSA shall be entitled to cost reimbursements and management fees (the "fee") for its services, subject to availability of funds. The fee is subordinated to all lease payment requirements (Note 8). The agreement will automatically renew for five year periods unless terminated by either party. The fee ranges from \$ 1,100,061 for fiscal year 2024 to \$ 3,023,915 for fiscal year 2050 or the budgeted amount approved by the Board of Directors based on enrollment and School performance. Total cost reimbursements and management fees amounted to \$ 2,013,575 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

The School also has an amount due to CSUSA of \$ 184,545 at June 30, 2023. This amount is shown on the basic financial statements as amount due to management company.

Lease agreement: In March 2020, the Florida Development Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") issued \$ 95,565,000 in Tax Convertible Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2020A and \$ 450,000 in Taxable Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2020B pursuant to an Indenture of Trust between the Corporation and a trustee to make a loan to Renaissance Charter Schools, Inc. ("REN"), a division of which the School exists, and Red Apple Development, LLC and subsidiaries ("RAD") to refund the Series 2011 Tax Exempt Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds which financed the acquisition of the facilities of six charter schools existing under Renaissance Charter Schools, Inc. In order to secure the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds, the Corporation assigned all of its rights and interest in the loan agreement to the trustee. The bonds are payable from and secured by a lien upon and pledge of payments to be received by the trustee.

In December 2021, the Florida Development Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") issued \$ 8,000,000 in Taxable Educational Revenue Bonds, Series 2021 pursuant to an Indenture of Trust between the Corporation and a trustee to make a loan to Renaissance Charter Schools, Inc. ("REN"), a division of which the School exists, and Red Apple Development at Baymeadows, LLC and subsidiaries ("RAD") to expand the charter school facilities for two charter schools existing under Renaissance Charter Schools, Inc. In November 2022, the Florida Development Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") issued \$9,065,000 in Tax Exempt Educational Revenue Bonds, Series 2022D and \$ 660,000 in Taxable Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2022E pursuant to an Indenture of Trust between the Corporation and a trustee to make a loan to Renaissance Charter Schools, Inc. ("REN"), a division of which the School exists, and Red Apple Development at Baymeadows, LLC and subsidiaries ("RAD") to refinance the outstanding principal amount of the Series 2021 and finance the costs of expanding the charter school facilities for two charter schools existing under Renaissance Charter Schools, Inc. In order to secure the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds, the Corporation assigned all of its rights and interest in the loan agreement to the trustee. The bonds are payable from and secured by a lien upon and pledge of payments to be received by the trustee.

Note 11 - Commitments (continued)

Concurrent with the preceding loan transaction, RAD, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, amended its lease agreements with REN to include the 2020 and 2022 Bonds. The facilities which are owned by RAD are leased by REN on behalf of the schools under a 45-year lease (Note 8). The leases are deemed to be intangible right to use leases and the lease payments are based on the debt service requirements of the bonds which extend through June 2050. These payments are made from the revenues received from the School Board of Duval County for the operation of the Schools. REN is obligated under the Indenture to deposit all Charter revenues received from the School Board and additional revenues, if any, directly with the trustee during the term of the lease. The payments are applied by the trustee to make sinking fund payments and pay for operating expenses.

In addition to the lease payments noted in Note 8, the School is required to pay incremental rent payments to RAD. The incremental rent payments range from approximately \$410,900 to \$1,578,700 per year over the term of the agreement which is through June 2065. For the year ending June 30, 2023, \$376,199 was paid in incremental rent.

Post-retirement benefits: The School does not provide post-retired benefits to retired employees.

Note 12 - Capital Appropriations Funding

The Florida Department of Education has approved a Charter School Capital Outlay (CSCO) award for the School. In each year that funds are appropriated by the state for charter school capital outlay purposes those funds are allocated among eligible charter schools. The funds for the School's allocation are transferred to the School once a CSCO Plan has been provided to and approved by the sponsoring board. The School's CSCO Award totaled \$ 723,149 for the 2022/2023 school year which has been recognized as revenue in the accompanying financial statements. If the CSCO funds are used to acquire tangible property assets, the School Board has a reversionary interest in those assets. In the event of nonrenewal, termination, or breach of the charter school agreement, ownership of the assets would automatically revert to the School Board. The School has elected to use these funds to pay a portion of the interest expense on the lease.

Local Capital Improvement Revenue (LCIR) funds are also appropriated by the School Board for charter school capital outlay purposes, with funds being allocated among eligible charter schools in a similar manner to the CSCO award. The School's LCIR Award totaled \$1,574,690 for the 2022/2023 school year which has been recognized as revenue in the accompanying financial statements.

Note 13 - Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets and natural disasters. The School has obtained property insurance from commercial companies including, but not limited to, general liability and errors and omissions insurance. There have been no claims in excess of insurance coverage limits during the past three years.

As disclosed in Note 11, CSUSA employs all of the employees of the School. As a result, the School is not exposed to medical or workers' compensation claims for these individuals. In addition, CSUSA carries all required insurance including, but not limited to, general liability and errors and omissions insurance.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors Duval Charter School at Baymeadows A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. Jacksonville, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Duval Charter School at Baymeadows (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Duval County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 22, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 22, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

To the Board of Directors Duval Charter School at Baymeadows A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. Jacksonville, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Duval Charter School at Baymeadows (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc., and a component unit of the School Board of Duval County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated September 22, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in that report, which is dated September 22, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

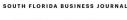
Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education are Duval Charter School at Baymeadows and 161321.

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Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2. and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not the School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the School. It is management's responsibility to monitor the School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7. and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether the School maintains on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School maintained on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors and applicable management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 22, 2023