

# Mater Gardens Academy WL# 0312

(A Charter School under Mater Academy, Inc.)

Miami, Florida

Financial Statements And Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2023

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9010 NW 178 Lane Miami, FL 33018

2022-2023

# **Board of Directors**

Cesar Christian Crousillat, Board Chair, Director Idalia Suarez, Secretary, Director Shannie Sadesky, Vice Chair, Director Maria Beatriz Nuñez, Director Maurene Sotero Balmaseda, Director, Student Alumni Representative

# **School Administration**

Pilar Fernandez Rives, Principal

Other Non-voting Corporate Officers

Roberto Blanch, President Kim Guilarte, Chief Operating Officer



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Mater Gardens Academy Miami, Florida

## **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Mater Gardens Academy (the "School"), a charter school under Mater Academy, Inc. as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Mater Academy, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

# Emphasis of a Matter - Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of the School that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Mater Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Mater Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2023 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 30 through 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2023 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Coral Gables, Florida September 15, 2023 CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

# **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

Mater Gardens Academy (A charter school under Mater Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2023

The corporate officers of Mater Academy, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the school's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

## **Financial Highlights**

- 1. The net position of the school at June 30, 2023 was \$1,253,500.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$2,700,699.
- 3. The net position of the School increased by \$506,193 during the year.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$915,635.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

# **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The *Government-wide Financial Statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between the four is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 - 11 of this report.

# Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

## Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 29 of this report.

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, the net position was \$1,253,500 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 follows:

	2023	2022
Cash	\$ 167,962	\$ 173,750
Investments	1,063,000	430,000
Prepaid expenses	59,542	193,777
Due from other agencies, net	1,381,182	879,622
Other current assets	29,013	36,157
Capital Assets and right of use lease asset, net	5,796,550	6,919,431
Total Assets	8,497,249	8,632,737
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Salaries and wages payable	296,833	293,313
Accounts payables	123,971	306,588
Deferred revenue	112,516	-
Due to Mater Academy, Inc.	1,050,000	500,000
Lease liability	5,660,429	6,785,529
Total Liabilities	7,243,749	7,885,430
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net Investment in capital assets	136,121	(133,902)
Restricted	90,001	-
Unrestricted	1,027,378	881,209
Total Net Position	\$ 1,253,500	\$ 747,307

At the end of the fiscal year, the School can report continued positive balances in the categories of net position. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 follows.

	2023	2022
REVENUES		·
Program Revenues		
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 1,205,629	\$ 553,153
Capital Outlay Funding	535,992	524,747
Lunch Program	481,363	360,868
Charges for Services	656,165	639,112
General Revenues		
Local Sources(FTE and other non specific)	7,136,564	6,154,649
Other Revenues	91,544	120,234
Total Revenues	\$ 10,107,257	\$ 8,352,763
EXPENSES		
Instruction	\$ 4,624,052	\$ 4,217,305
Student support services	95,220	85,315
Instructional staff training	52,936	31,758
Board	43,448	42,433
School administration	757,724	762,949
Facilities acquisition	-	3,151
Fiscal services	120,150	120,150
Food services	447,273	436,882
Central services	150,961	151,591
Operation of plant	2,544,995	2,171,913
Maintenance of plant	152,780	163,935
Administrative technology services	10,200	48,197
Community services	291,271	230,766
Debt service	310,054	369,415
Total Expenses	9,601,064	8,835,760
Change Increase in Net Position	506,193	(482,997)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	747,307	1,230,304
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 1,253,500	\$ 747,307

The School's revenues and expenses increased by \$1,754,494 and \$765,304. The School had an increase in its net position of \$506,193 for the year.

## **Lease of Facility**

The School leases a facility located at 9010 NW 178 Lane, Miami, Fl 33018.

## **Capital Improvements Requirements**

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the School's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$1,094,191. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$915,635. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

## **Capital Assets**

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2023 amounts to \$519,654 (net of accumulated depreciation) and right of use lease asset (building) \$5,276,896 (net of accumulated amortization). This investment in capital assets includes right of use lease asset (building), improvements, and furniture, fixtures and equipment. As of June 30, 2023, the School had long-term liabilities of \$5,660,429 associated to its capital assets.

# **Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights**

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

·	Governmental Fund				
	Original				
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual		
REVENUES					
Program Revenues					
State capital outlay funding	\$ 419,907	\$ 532,098	\$ 535,992		
Federal sources	1,610,240	684,999	996,282		
Lunch program	378,307	479,103	481,363		
General Revenues					
FTE and other nonspecific revenues	6,582,373	7,134,092	7,136,564		
Charges and other revenues	1,357,464	742,990	747,709		
Total Revenues	\$10,348,291	\$ 9,573,282	\$ 9,897,910		
CURRENT EXPENDITURES					
Instruction	\$ 4,766,361	\$ 4,550,190	\$ 4,544,684		
Student support services	79,326	96,720	95,220		
Instructional staff training	54,850	56,561	52,936		
Board	44,770	45,992	43,448		
School administration	746,590	765,901	756,296		
Fiscal services	120,000	122,054	120,150		
Food services	378,307	445,902	443,945		
Central services	153,690	153,091	150,961		
Operation of plant	1,104,025	1,092,300	1,089,230		
Maintenance of plant	162,477	138,814	136,163		
Administrative technology services	50,882	12,090	10,200		
Community services	280,000	293,111	291,271		
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 7,941,278	\$ 7,772,726	\$ 7,734,504		

Most variances occurred as a result of the budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

# **Requests for Information**

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida, 33143.

# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Primary		
		overnment al	
Assets		Activities	
		Activities	
Current assets:			
Cash	\$	167,962	
Investments		1,063,000	
Prepaid expenses		59,542	
Due from other agencies, net		1,381,182	
Other current assets		29,013	
Total Current Assets		2,700,699	
Capital assets, non-depreciable		296,847	
Capital assets, depreciable		1,085,762	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(862,955)	
Right of use lease asset		7,915,344	
Less: accumulated amortization		(2,638,448)	
Total Capital Assets, net		5,796,550	
Total Assets		8,497,249	
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>		-	
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current liabilities:			
Salaries and wages payable		296,833	
Accounts payables		123,971	
Deferred revenue		112,516	
Lease liability, current		1,282,059	
Total Current Liabilities		1,815,379	
Due to Mater Academy, Inc.		1,050,000	
Deferred rent		125,040	
Lease liability		4,253,330	
Total Liabilities		7,243,749	
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>		-	
Net Position			
Net Investment in capital assets		136,121	
Restricted		90,001	
Unrestricted		1,027,378	
Total Net Position	\$	1,253,500	

Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2023

		P			
Primary Government FUNCTIONS	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$ 4,624,052	\$ 395,393	\$ 732,562	\$ -	\$ (3,496,097)
Student support services	95,220	-	-	-	(95,220)
Instructional staff training	52,936	-	29,877	-	(23,059)
Board	43,448	-	-	-	(43,448)
School administration	757,724	-	195,225	-	(562,499)
Fiscal services	120,150	-	-	-	(120,150)
Food services	447,273	123,555	357,808	-	34,090
Central services	150,961	-	-	-	(150,961)
Operation of plant	2,544,995	32,396	233,547	535,992	(1,743,060)
Maintenance of plant	152,780	-	14,418	-	(138,362)
Administrative technology services	10,200	-	-	-	(10,200)
Community services	291,271	260,772	-	-	(30,499)
Debt service	310,054				(310,054)
Total governmental activities	9,601,064	812,116	1,563,437	535,992	(6,689,519)
	General reven	ues:			
	FTE and other	nonspecific re	venues		7,136,564
	Investment ear	nings			32,224
	Other revenue	s			26,924
	Change in net	position			506,193
	Net position,	beginning			747,307
	Net position, e	ending			\$ 1,253,500

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Fund			
Assets							
Cash	\$ 77,961	\$	90,001	\$	_	\$	167,962
Investments	1,063,000	·	-	·	_	·	1,063,000
Due from other agencies, net	-		354,136		43,859		397,995
Due from fund	397,995		-		-		397,995
Prepaid expenses	59,542		_		_		59,542
Other current assets	29,013		_		_		29,013
Total Assets	1,627,511		444,137		43,859		2,115,507
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			-				
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Salaries and wages payable	296,833		-		-		296,833
Accounts payables	123,971		-		-		123,971
Deferred revenue	112,516		-		-		112,516
Due to fund			354,136		43,859		397,995
Total Liabilities	533,320		354,136		43,859		931,315
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			_				-
Fund balance							
Nonspendable, not in spendable form	88,555		-		-		88,555
Restricted	-		90,001		-		90,001
Unassigned	915,635		-		-		915,635
	1,094,191		90,001		_		1,184,192
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							
Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 1,627,511	\$	444,137	\$	43,859	\$	2,115,507

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

#### Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 1,184,192

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.

Capital assets, non-depreciable	296,847	
Capital assets, depreciable	1,085,762	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(862,955)	
Right of use lease asset	7,915,344	
Less: accumulated amortization	(2,638,448)	5,796,550

Long term debt in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

(6,710,429)

Receivables in governmental activities that are not available are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

983,187

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 1,253,500

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended  $\quad$  June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 535,992	\$ 535,992
State passed through local and other local	7,136,564	-	-	7,136,564
Federal sources	-	996,282	-	996,282
Lunch program	-	481,363	-	481,363
Charges and other revenues	486,937	260,772		747,709
Total Revenues	7,623,501	1,738,417	535,992	9,897,910
Expenditures:				
Current				
Instruction	3,822,322	722,362	-	4,544,684
Student support services	95,220	-	-	95,220
Instructional staff training	23,059	29,877	-	52,936
Board	43,448	-	-	43,448
School administration	561,071	195,225	-	756,296
Fiscal services	120,150	-	-	120,150
Food services	-	443,945	-	443,945
Central services	150,961	-	-	150,961
Operation of plant	855,683	233,547	-	1,089,230
Maintenance of plant	121,745	14,418	-	136,163
Administrative technology services	10,200	-	-	10,200
Community services	_	291,271	-	291,271
Capital Outlay:				
Other capital outlay	328,867	10,200	-	339,067
Debt Service:				
Redemption of Principal	_	-	1,219,658	1,219,658
Interest	_	-	310,054	310,054
Total Expenditures	6,132,726	1,940,845	1,529,712	9,603,283
(Deficit) Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,490,775	(202,428)	(993,720)	294,627
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in (out)	(1,233,566)	239,846	993,720	_
Increase in long term advances	550,000		-	550,000
mereuse in rong term un vances				
Net change in fund balance	807,209	37,418	-	844,627
Fund Balance at beginning of year	286,982	52,583		339,565
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 1,094,191	\$ 90,001	\$ -	\$ 1,184,192

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 844,627

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization expense. These amounts for the year were as follows:

Capital Outlay 339,067 Depreciation and amortization expense (1,461,948) (1,122,881)

Increase in long term debt is revenue in the governmental funds, but a decrease or repayment of such payables reduces liabilities in the statement of net position.

Long-term debt issued, net of advances \$ (644,558)

Principal payments on long-term debt 1,219,658 575,100

Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds. These revenues did not meet the recognition criteria during the current year and, therefore, were not reported in the governmental funds.

209,347

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 506,193

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## Reporting Entity

Mater Gardens Academy (the "School") is a charter school sponsored by the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The Schools' charter is held by Mater Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Mater Academy, Inc., which is composed of five members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2031 and it can be renewed in accordance with law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School serves children from kindergarten through fifth grade and is funded by the District. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2023, when on average 801 students were enrolled for the school year. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Basis of presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

## Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

# **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

## Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, such as food service and student activity fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. In addition, revenues not classified ad program revenues are shown ad general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues, and other miscellaneous sources.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflow of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds:

*General Fund* - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – accounts for specific revenues, such as federal funding, federal lunch program, and COVID-19 emergency relief funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. Also, accounts for resources of the School's Internal Fund, which is used to administer monies collected in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

Capital Outlay Fund – accounts for state and local capital outlay as authorized by Charter School Capital Outlay, Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes mainly for capital outlay and maintenance purposes.

# **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

## **Inter-fund Transfers**

Inter-fund receivables/payables ("due from/to") are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

# **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

## **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

# Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

Other assets consist mainly of prepaid expenses which are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification

## Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, nonmarketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 2). Money market investment that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

# Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

# **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

The right to use assets are initially measure at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Building Improvements 10-20 Years
Furniture, Equipment and software 3-5 Years
Right-of-use asset (building) 5 Years

## Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

#### Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to receive one day per month up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. Employees may "cash out" unused sick days, however, employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, Accounting for Compensated Absences, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years. The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

## Long-Term Debt and Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

# **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received from the state through the district pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

# Net Position and Fund balance classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.

# **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> - all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

#### Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with prepaid expenses. All nonspendable fund balances at year end relate to not in spendable form assets.
- b) Restricted this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. Restricted balances at year end pertain to the School's lunch program.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Assigned fund balances at year end pertain to the School's internal account.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### **Income Taxes**

Mater Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

# **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### **Subsequent Events**

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 15, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# New Accounting Standard Adopted

In fiscal year 2023, the School adopted a new statement of financial accounting standard issued by Governmental Accounting Standards Board: GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. The adoption had no effect on the School's 2023 financial statements.

## Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

GASB has issued GASB Statement No. 101, Compensating Absences. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for certain types of compensated absences including parental leave, military leave, and injury duty leave. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements.

#### Note 2 – Cash and Investments

#### **Deposits**

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in two financial institutions. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Mater Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Mater Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2023, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage was \$170,354.

#### Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2023, the School had \$750,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2023, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 91% within 30 days.

#### Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2023, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

# **Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)**

*Interest rate risk* is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

# Note 3 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2023:

			Retirements/ Reclassifications	Balance 06/30/23
Capital Assets Non-Depreciable:				
Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ 296,847	\$ -	\$ 296,847
Capital Assets Depreciable:				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 628,839	\$ 12,550	\$ -	\$ 641,389
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	578,061	26,334	(215,044)	389,351
Audiovisual equipment	51,686	3,336		55,022
Total Capital Assets	1,258,586	339,067	(215,044)	1,382,609
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(494,250)	(62,559)	-	(556,809)
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	(421,504)	(69,212)	215,044	(275,672)
Audiovisual equipment	(19,525)	(10,949)		(30,474)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(935,279)	(142,720)	215,044	(862,955)
Capital Assets, net	323,307	196,347	-	519,654
Lease Assets:				
Right to use leased asset (building)	7,915,344	-	-	7,915,344
Less accumulated amortization:	(1,319,220)	(1,319,228)		(2,638,448)
Total Lease Assets being amortized, net	6,596,124	(1,319,228)	-	5,276,896
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$6,919,431	\$(1,122,881)	\$ -	\$5,796,550

# **Note 3 – Capital Assets (Continued)**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, depreciation and amortization expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

	Depreciation		Aı	mortization
Instruction	\$	79,368	\$	-
School administration		1,428		-
Food expenses		3,328		-
Operation of plant		41,979		1,319,228
Maintenance of plant		16,617		
Total Expense	\$	142,720	\$	1,319,228

## **Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider**

Academica Dade, LLC, an education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting, financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis.

The agreement is with Mater Academy, Inc. through June 30, 2028, and unless terminated by the board will have the option to renew for an additional five-year period. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School incurred \$360,450 in fees of which approximately \$23,000 were in accounts payable as of year end.

#### Note 5 – Transactions with Other Divisions of Mater Academy, Inc.

Mater Academy, Inc. charges all its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. The School paid Mater Academy, Inc. \$120,150 in connection with these charges during the year.

#### **Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities**

On August 1, 2015, the School entered into a lease and security agreement with Northwestern Grant, LLC for its 51,246 square feet facility including all ancillary facilities, outdoor areas and other improvements. The landlord is an affiliate of the School's education service and support provider (see Note 4).

# **Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities (continued)**

Initial fixed annual payments under this agreement are approximately \$1,433,255 adjusted annually after the second year based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. The agreement continues through June 30, 2027 with an option to renew for two additional five-year terms. Under the agreement, the School must meet certain covenants and requirements, including a "Lease Payment Coverage Ratio" of not less than 1.10 to 1.00.

At the time of the initial measurement, there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement and there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The School used an average effective interest for several borrowings during fiscal year 2021 and 2022. At the time of initial measurement, the average borrowing rate was 5% which was used to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use this asset and the lease liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, interest expense totaled \$310,054, as it relates to its lease agreements. Variable payments in connection with the lease agreement totaled \$214,183 during the year.

Annual requirements to amortize the lease liability and related interest are as follows:

Year	Principal Inte		Interest	Total
2024	\$ 1,282,059	\$	247,654	\$ 1,529,713
2025	1,347,652		182,061	1,529,713
2026	1,416,601		113,113	1,529,714
2027	 1,489,077		40,637	1,529,714
	\$ 5,535,389	\$	583,465	\$ 6,118,854

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

	07/01/22	Increase		Decrease	06/30/23	
Lease liability	\$ 6,755,047	\$	-	\$(1,219,658)	\$ 5,535,389	
Deferred rent CPI	30,482		94,558		125,040	
	\$ 6,785,529	\$	94,558	\$(1,219,658)	\$ 5,660,429	

## **Note 7 – Contingencies and Concentrations**

#### Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the State through the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School participates in a number of federal, state and local grants which are subject to financial and compliance audits.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 2% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2023, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$38,740.

# Note 8 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the three prior years.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreement, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

#### Note 9 – Interfund Transfers and Balances

Interfund transfers in governmental funds as of June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Projects Fund	
To fund internal fund deficit	\$ (30,499)	\$	30,499	\$	-	
To fund debt service payments	(993,720)		-	!	993,720	
To fund federal expenditures for which revenues were not available	(209,347)		209,347			
Total Transfers, net	\$ (1,233,566)	\$	239,846	\$	993,720	

# **Note 9 – Interfund Transfers and Balances (Continued)**

Due from/(Due to) fund balances are as follows:

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Capital Projects Fund	
Due to general fund from capital projects fund for capital outlay	\$	43,859	\$	-	\$	(43,859)
Due to general fund from special revenue fund for Title IV and ESSER grants		354,136		(354,136)		-
Total Due from/(Due to)	\$	397,995	\$	(354,136)	\$	(43,859)

#### **Note 10 - Defined Contribution Retirement Plan**

The School's personnel, which are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a match of 100% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$86,191 for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		
REVENUES					
State passed through local and other local	\$ 6,582,373	\$ 7,134,092	\$ 7,136,564		
Charges and other revenue	1,077,464	483,902	486,937		
Total Revenues	7,659,837	7,617,994	7,623,501		
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction	3,571,934	3,825,092	3,822,322		
Student support services	79,326	96,720	95,220		
Instructional Staff Training	19,326	25,709	23,059		
Board	44,770	45,992	43,448		
School Administration	546,590	566,096	561,071		
Fiscal Services	120,000	122,054	120,150		
Central Services	153,690	153,091	150,961		
Operation of Plant	950,458	857,203	855,683		
Maintenance of Plant	146,755	123,802	121,745		
Administrative technology services	50,882	12,090	10,200		
Total Current Expenditures	5,683,731	5,827,849	5,803,859		
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues					
Over Current Expenditures	1,976,106	1,790,145	1,819,642		
Capital Outlay	30,000	330,168	328,867		
Total Expenditures	5,713,731	6,158,017	6,132,726		
Total Experiences		0,120,017	0,132,720		
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	1,946,106	1,459,977	1,490,775		
Other financing sources (uses):					
Increase in long term advances	-	550,000	550,000		
Transfers in (out)	(1,109,805)	(1,530,301)	(1,233,566)		
Net change in fund balance	836,301	479,676	807,209		
Fund Balance at beginning of year	286,982	286,982	286,982		
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 1,123,283	\$ 766,658	\$ 1,094,191		

# Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Original Budget		Fiı	Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES		_				_
Federal sources	\$	1,610,240	\$	684,999	\$	996,282
Lunch program		378,307		479,103		481,363
Charges and other revenues		280,000		259,088		260,772
Total Revenues		2,268,547		1,423,190		1,738,417
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		1,194,427		725,098		722,362
Instructional staff training		35,524		30,852		29,877
School administration		200,000		199,805		195,225
Food services		378,307		445,902		443,945
Operation of Plant		153,567		235,097		233,547
Maintenance of Plant		15,722		15,012		14,418
Community services		280,000		293,111		291,271
Total Current Expenditures		2,257,547		1,944,877		1,930,645
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues		_				
Over Current Expenditures		11,000		(521,687)		(192,228)
Capital Outlay		11,000		11,000		10,200
Total Expenditures		2,268,547		1,955,877		1,940,845
Excess (deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		(532,687)		(202,428)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in (out)				532,687		239,846
Net change in fund balance		-		-		37,418
Fund Balance at beginning of year		52,583		52,583		52,583
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	52,583	\$	52,583	\$	90,001

# Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors of Mater Gardens Academy Miami, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Mater Gardens Academy (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2023.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

## **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 15, 2023 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 15, 2023



#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of Mater Gardens Academy Miami, Florida

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of Mater Gardens Academy, Florida as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2023.

# **Auditor's Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

## **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 15, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

## **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations in the preceding annual audit report.

#### **Official Title**

Section 10.854.(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity is Mater Gardens Academy, 0312.

## **Financial Condition and Management**

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Mater Gardens Academy has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Mater Gardens Academy did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Mater Gardens Academy. It is management's responsibility to monitor Mater Gardens Academy financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same. We have applied such procedures as of the fiscal year end and no deteriorating financial condition has been noted.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

## **Transparency**

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether Mater Gardens Academy maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Mater Gardens Academy maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

## **Additional Matters**

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

#### **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 15, 2023