

Mater International Preparatory W/L# 6047

> (A charter school under Mater Academy, Inc.)

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report June 30, 2023

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

General Information	1
Independent Auditors' Report.	2-4
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
(Required Supplementary Information)	5-9
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities.	11
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance	
Sheet to the Statement of Net Position.	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	16-29
<b>Required Supplementary Information:</b>	
Budgetary comparison schedules.	30-31
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over	
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
	32-33
Performed inAccordance with Government AuditingStandards	32-33
Management Letter	34-35
Management Detter	54-55

> 795 NW 32 Street Miami, FL 33127

> > 2022-2023

#### **Board of Directors**

Cesar Christian Crousillat, Board Chair, Director Shannie Sadesky, Vice Chair, Director Idalia Suarez, Secretary, Director Maria Beatriz Nunez, Director Maurene Sotero Balmaseda, Director& Student Alumni Representative

## School Administration

Ileana Melian, Principal

## Other Non-voting Corporate Officers

Roberto Blanch, President Kim Guilarte, Chief Operating Officer



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Mater International Preparatory Miami, Florida

## **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Mater International Preparatory (the "School"), a charter school under Mater Academy, Inc., as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Mater International Preparatory as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Mater Academy, Inc., and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Mater International Preparatory's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

396 Alhambra Circle, Suite 900, Coral Gables, FL 33134 • Tel: 305.446.3022 • Fax: 305.446.6319 www.hlbgravier.com

### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

## Emphasis of a Matter – Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of Mater International Preparatory that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Mater Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Mater Academy, Inc., as of June 30, 2023, and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 30 through 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2023, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Coral Gables, Florida September 15, 2023

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Mater International Preparatory (A Charter School Under Mater Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2023

The corporate officers of Mater Academy, Inc., have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- 1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2023, was \$3,015,142.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$1,982,138.
- 3. The net position of the School increased by \$235,851 during the year.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$1,562,352.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between the four is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-11 of this report.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 29 of this report.

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,015,142 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023	2022
Cash	\$ (2,026)	\$ 6,078
Investments	1,620,000	2,493,300
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	19,666	74,004
Due from other agencies	344,498	288,448
Due from other divisions of Mater Academy, Inc.	1,150,000	-
Capital and right-of-use capital assets, net	391,758	543,924
Total Assets	3,523,896	3,405,754
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Salaries and wages payable	57,602	60,781
Accounts payable	3,959	39,893
Deferred revenues	87,964	-
Lease liability	359,229	525,789
Total Liabilities	508,754	626,463
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	32,529	18,135
Unrestricted	2,982,613	2,761,156
Total Net Position	\$ 3,015,142	\$ 2,779,291

At the end of both fiscal years, the School is able to report positive balances in total net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

REVENUES	2023	2022
Program Revenues		
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 528,081	\$ 398,201
Capital grants and contributions	124,770	145,475
Charges for services	4,073	2,156
General Revenues		
Local sources (FTE and other non specific)	1,481,592	1,525,000
Other revenues	85,990	1,042
Total Revenues	\$ 2,224,506	\$ 2,071,874
EXPENSES		
Instruction	\$ 1,083,842	\$ 974,420
Student support services	9,500	8,499
Instructional staff training	11,945	12,713
Board	19,524	15,908
General administration	-	4,859
School administration	217,406	216,807
Fiscal services	29,775	32,250
Food services	143,504	149,108
Central services	39,520	35,982
Operation of plant	335,516	350,623
Maintenance of plant	61,771	48,742
Administrative technology services	13,851	15,677
Debt service	22,501	30,608
Total Expenses	1,988,655	1,896,196
Increase in Net Position	235,851	175,678
Net Position at Beginning of Year	2,779,291	2,603,613
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 3,015,142	\$ 2,779,291

The School's revenues increased during the current year by \$152,632 and expenses increased by \$92,459. The School had an increase in its net position of \$235,851 for the year.

## **Capital Improvement Requirements**

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

### **School Location**

For 2022-2023, the school continues to operate from its facility located at 795 NW 32<sup>nd</sup> Street in Miami, Florida 33127.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

## **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$1,582,198. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$1,562,532. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

## Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2023, amounts to \$49,694(net of accumulated depreciation) and right of use lease asset (building) of \$342,064 (net of accumulated amortization). This investment in capital assets includes right of use lease asset (building), building improvements, furniture, fixtures, equipment, computers and software. As of June 30, 2023, the School had long-term liabilities of \$359,229 associated to its capital assets.

## **Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights**

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Funds						
	Original						
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual				
REVENUES							
Program Revenues							
Capital grants and contributions	\$ 119,092	\$ 123,254	\$ 124,770				
Federal sources	492,625	507,245	528,620				
Charges for services - lunch program	2,500	4,000	4,073				
General Revenues							
FTE and other nonspecific revenues	1,323,099	1,464,177	1,481,592				
Other revenues	58,000	59,695	85,990				
Total Revenues	1,995,316	2,158,371	2,225,045				
CURRENT EXPENDITURES							
Instruction	720,280	1,091,811	1,073,465				
Student support services	5,000	10,000	9,500				
Instructional staff training	13,500	13,500	11,945				
Board	17,381	20,419	19,524				
School administration	257,689	234,811	217,368				
Fiscal services	27,525	29,775	29,775				
Food services	150,078	146,712	143,504				
Central services	38,025	41,675	39,520				
Operation of plant	151,594	177,085	163,766				
Maintenance of plant	80,000	80,000	61,771				
Administrative technology services	13,098	15,576	13,851				
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 1,474,170	\$ 1,861,364	\$ 1,783,989				

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

## **Requests for Information**

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Primary Government
Assets	Governmental Activities
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ (2,026)
Investments	1,620,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	19,666
Due from other agencies	344,498
Total current assets	1,982,138
Due from other divisions of Mater Academy, Inc.	1,150,000
Capital assets, net:	
Capital assets, depreciable	117,021
Less: accumulated depreciation	(67,327)
Right-of-use lease asset	684,132
Less: accumulated amortization	(342,068)
Total capital assets, net	391,758
Total Assets	3,523,896
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Current liabilities:	
Salaries and wages payable	57,602
Accounts payable	3,959
Deferred revenues	87,964
Lease liability, current	175,081
Total current liabilities	324,606
Lease liability	184,148
Total Liabilities	508,754
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	32,529
Unrestricted	2,982,613
Total Net Position	\$ 3,015,142

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

## Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2023

					8					
Primary Government	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Gr	Capital ants and tributions	I anc	: (Expense) Revenue I Changes Jet Positior
Governmental activities:		-								
Instruction	\$	1,083,842	\$	-	\$	330,066	\$	-	\$	(753,776)
Student support services		9,500		-		-		-		(9,500)
Instructional staff training		11,945		-		7,901		-		(4,044)
Board		19,524		-		-		-		(19,524)
School administration		217,406		-		33,194		-		(184,212)
Fiscal services		29,775		-		-		-		(29,775)
Food services		143,504		4,073		153,320		-		13,889
Central services		39,520		-		500		-		(39,020)
Operation of plant		335,516		-		3,100		124,770		(207,646)
Maintenance of plant		61,771		-		-		-		(61,771)
Administrative technology service		13,851		-		-		-		(13,851)
Debt service		22,501		-		-		-		(22,501)
Total governmental activities		1,988,655		4,073		528,081		124,770		(1,331,731)

General revenues:	
FTE and other nonspecific revenues	1,481,592
Interest and other revenue	85,990
Change in net position	235,851
Net position, beginning	2,779,291
Net position, ending	\$ 3,015,142

**Program Revenues** 

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

			Special Revenue Fund		(	Capital		Total
					5		Governmenta	
	Ger	neral Fund						Funds
Assets								
Cash	\$	(2,026)	\$	13,889	\$	-	\$	11,863
Investments	·	1,620,000	•	-	•	-	•	1,620,000
Due from other agencies		-		88,247		19,725		107,972
Due from fund		107,972		-		-		107,972
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		19,666		-		-		19,666
Total Assets		1,745,612		102,136		19,725		1,867,473
Deferred Outflows of Resources								-
Liabilities								
Salaries and wages payable		57,602		-		-		57,602
Due to other charter schools		3,959		-		-		3,959
Deferred revenues		87,964		-		-		87,964
Due to fund		13,889		88,247		19,725		121,861
Total Liabilities		163,414		88,247		19,725		271,386
Deferred Inflows of Resources								_
Fund balance								
Nonspendable, not in spendable form		19,666		-		-		19,666
Restricted		-		13,889		-		13,889
Unassigned		1,562,532				-		1,562,532
		1,582,198		13,889		-		1,596,087
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balance	\$	1,745,612	\$	102,136	\$	19,725	\$	1,867,473

The accompanying notes are an integral

part of this financial statement.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds \$ 1,596,087 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Depreciable and non-depreciable capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund. Capital assets, depreciable 117,021 Less: accumulated depreciation (67, 327)Right-of-use lease asset 684,132 Less: accumulated amortization (342,068) 391,758 Receivables in governmental activities that are not considered available to pay current liabilities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the 236,526 governmental funds. Long term receivable from other divisions of Mater Academy, Inc., are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. 1,150,000 Long-term liabilities in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. (359,229) Total Net Position - Governmental Activities \$ 3,015,142

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2023

		Special	Capital	Total
		Revenue	Projects	Governmental
	General Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
Revenues:				
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 124,770	\$ 124,770
State passed through local and other local	1,481,592	-	-	1,481,592
Federal sources	-	528,620	-	528,620
Charges for services and other revenue	85,990	4,073		90,063
Total Revenues	1,567,582	532,693	124,770	2,225,045
Expenditures:		,	,	
Current				
Instruction	824,432	249,033	-	1,073,465
Student support services	9,500	_	-	9,500
Instructional staff training	4,044	7,901	-	11,945
Board	19,524	_	-	19,524
School administration	184,174	33,194	-	217,368
Fiscal services	29,775	_	-	29,775
Food services	-	143,504	-	143,504
Central services	39,020	500	-	39,520
Operation of plant	163,766	-	-	163,766
Maintenance of plant	61,771	-	-	61,771
Administrative technology services	13,851	-	-	13,851
Capital Outlay:	,			
Right-of-use lease asset	-	-	-	-
Other capital outlay	26,899	3,100	-	29,999
Debt Service:		-		-
Redemption of Principal	-	-	166,560	166,560
Interest	-	-	22,501	22,501
Total Expenditures	1,376,756	437,232	189,061	2,003,049
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	190,826	95,461	(64,291)	221,996
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in (out)	17,281	(81,572)	64,291	-
Advances to other divisions of Mater Academy, Inc.	(1,150,000)			(1,150,000)
Net change in fund balance	(941,893)	13,889	-	(928,004)
Fund Balance at beginning of year	2,524,091			2,524,091
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 1,582,198	\$ 13,889	\$ -	\$ 1,596,087

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year en June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ (928,004)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation	
Capital Outlay29,999Loss on disposal(25)Depreciation and amortization expense(182,140)	(152,166)
Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds.	(539)
Issuance of long term receivables represents a financial expenditure to governmental funds, but increases of long-term assets in the statement of net position. Increase in long term receivables is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but a decrease or collections of such receivables reduces long-term assets in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which the increase in long-term receivables of \$1,150,000 exceeded collections of \$-0- in the current period.	1,150,000
Increase in long-term liabilities is revenue in the governmental funds, but a decrease or repayment of such payables reduces liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Principal payments on long-term liabilities	 166,560
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 235,851

The accompanying notes are an integral

part of this financial statement.

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Reporting Entity

Mater International Preparatory (the "School"), is a charter school sponsored by the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Mater Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, and the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Mater Academy, Inc., which is composed of five members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component unit exists that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2033. It can be renewed for additional terms in accordance with law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in Miami, Florida for students from sixth through eighth grade. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2023, when on average 185 students were enrolled for the school year.

## Basis of Presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

## Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements also do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, such as food service and student activity fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues and other miscellaneous sources.

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds:

*General Fund* - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

*Special Revenue Fund* - accounts for specific revenues, such as federal funding, federal lunch program, and COVID-19 emergency relief funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. Also, accounts for resources of the School's Internal Fund, which is used to administer monies collected in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

*Capital Projects Fund* - is used to account for the resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital assets and from state and local capital funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

## Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

## Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

## Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 2). Money market investment that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Prepaid Expenses and Current Assets

Other assets consist mainly of prepaid expenses which are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification.

#### Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund receivables/payables ("due from/to") are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

#### Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies relate to grants or programs for which the services have been provided by the School.

#### Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are sold or disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in the governmentwide statements. Proceeds received from the sale or disposal of capital assets are recorded as Other Financing Sources in the governmental funds.

The right to use assets are initially measure at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease. Estimated useful lives, in years, for capital assets are as follows:

Estimated useful lives, in years, for capital assets are as follows:

Right of use asset (building)	4 Years
Improvements	5 Years
Furniture and equipment	5 Years
Computer equipment and software	3-5 Years

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Compensated Absences**

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to receive one day per month up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. Employees may "cash out" unused sick days, however, employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

## Long-Term Debt and Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

## Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the state through the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP.

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

## Net Position and Fund Balance Classification

## *Government-wide financial statements*

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) <u>Net investment in capital assets</u> consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

- a) <u>Nonspendable</u> includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not expected to be converted into cash or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories and prepaid expenses.
- b) <u>Restricted</u> this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. Restricted balances at year end pertain to National School Lunch Program.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

## Income Taxes

Mater Academy, Inc., qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

## Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### New Accounting Standard Adopted

In fiscal year 2023, the School adopted a new statement of financial accounting standard issued by Governmental Accounting Standards Board: GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. The adoption had no material effect on the School's 2023 financial statements.

## Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

GASB has issued GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensating Absences*. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for certain types of compensated absences including parental leave, military leave, and injury duty leave. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements.

#### Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 15, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

## Note 2 – Cash and Investments

#### Deposits

The School maintains its cash in financial institutions. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Mater Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Mater Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2023, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage was \$2,782.

## Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

#### Note 2 – Cash and Investments (continued)

At June 30, 2023, the School has had \$2,020,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures.

The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2023, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 91% within 30 days.

#### Credit Risk

*Concentration of credit risk* is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's and issued by Morgan Stanley.

*Custodial credit risk* is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2023, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

*Interest rate risk* is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

## Note 3 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	-	Balance 07/01/22	А	dditions	Re	tirements	0	6/30/23
Capital assets, depreciable:								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	41,733	\$	-	\$	-	\$	41,733
Computer equipment and software		52,624		6,599		(20,757)		38,466
Furniture and equipment		31,336		23,400		(17,914)		36,822
Total Capital Assets	\$	125,693	\$	29,999	\$	(38,671)	\$	117,021
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	(39,054)	\$	(714)	\$	-	\$	(39,768)
Computer equipment and software		(34,746)		(6,535)		20,732		(20,549)
Furniture and equipment		(21,069)		(3,855)		17,914		(7,010)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(94,869)		(11,104)		38,646		(67,327)
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$	30,824	\$	18,895	\$	(25)	\$	49,694
Lease Assets:								
Right of use lease asset (building)	\$	684,132	\$	-	\$	-	\$	684,132
Less accumulated amortization		(171,032)		(171,036)		-		(342,068)
Total Lease Assets being amortized, net		513,100		(171,036)		-		342,064
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$	543,924	\$	(152,141)	\$	(25)	\$	391,758

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, depreciation and amortization expense are allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

	Depreciation		Amortization	
Instruction	\$	10,352	\$	-
School administration		38		-
Operation of plant		714		171,036
Total Expense	\$	11,104	\$	171,036

## Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Dade, LLC, an educational service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting, financial reporting, and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis.

The agreement is with Mater Academy, Inc., through June 30, 2028, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed along with any renewals to the charter agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School incurred \$89,325 in fees related to this agreement.

## Note 5 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Mater Academy, Inc.

For 2023, the School's facility was shared with Mater Academy of International Studies (a charter school under Mater Academy, Inc.). Management allocates a proportionate share of leases, salaries, lunch receipts, food and supplies, and other expenses to each school individually based on student enrollment, usage of facilities and staff to these schools and other schools operated by Mater Academy, Inc. In addition, the School's student activities account is recorded in the books of Mater Academy of International Studies. Federal lunch program revenues and expenses have been allocated to each school in the International Studies Campus based on FTE equivalent for purposes of presentation in the financial statements.

Mater Academy, Inc., charges all its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. Mater International Preparatory paid Mater Academy, Inc., approximately \$27,675 in connection with these charges during the year.

The School has made long-term, non-interest bearing advances to other divisions of Mater Academy, Inc. The activity for the year for long-term receivables was as follows:

	 ance )1/22	Advances	Colle	ctions	Balance 06/30/23
Mater Academy, Inc Corporate account	\$ -	\$ 1,150,000	\$	-	1,150,000
Total Long Term Receivables	\$ -	\$ 1,150,000	\$	-	\$ 1,150,000

## Note 6 – Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers in governmental funds as of June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Capital rojects Fund
To fund debt service payments	\$	(64,291)	\$	-	\$ 64,291
To transfer to general fund for federal prior period expenditures		81,572		(81,572)	 -
Total Transfers, net	\$	17,281	\$	(81,572)	\$ 64,291
Due to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund for Capital Outlay	\$	19,725	\$	-	\$ (19,725)
Due to General Fund from Special Revenue Fund for Federal Grants		88,247		(88,247)	 -
Total Due from/(Due to) Funds	\$	107,972	\$	(88,247)	\$ (19,725)

## Note 7 – Long-Term Liabilities

Mater Academy, Inc., entered into an educational facilities license agreement with the Archdiocese of Miami, Inc., for the School's facility. This facility is shared with Mater Academy of International Studies (a charter school under Mater Academy, Inc.). Under the agreement, the School pays an annual facility usage reimbursement of \$434,055 and an additional student census annual payment of \$790 for every student in excess of an enrollment of 499 students at the facility. These payments will be adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Additional property costs include repairs, maintenance, and insurance. This agreement continues through June 30, 2025.

At the time of initial measurement, the lease right of use asset and liability were allocated between the School and Mater International Preparatory based on enrollment and usage of facility. The allocation used was approximately 71% for Mater Academy of International Studies and 29% for the School and there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The School has used an average effective interest for several borrowings during fiscal years 2021 and 2022. At the time of initial measurement, the average borrowing rate was 5% which was used to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use this asset and the lease liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, interest expense totaled \$22,501 as it relates to its lease agreement. For 2023, there were variable payments of \$3,265 related to the lease agreement.

## Note 7 – Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize the lease liability and related interest are as follows:

Year	Р	Principal		Interest	Total		
2024	\$	175,081	\$	13,980	\$	189,061	
2025		184,148		5,022		189,170	
	\$	359,229	\$	19,002	\$	378,231	

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

	Balance 07/01/22	Increases	Decreases	Balance 06/30/23		
Lease liability	\$ 525,789	<u>\$</u> -	\$ (166,560)	\$ 359,229		
	\$ 525,789	<u>\$</u> -	\$ (166,560)	\$ 359,229		

#### Note 8 – Contingencies and Concentrations

#### **Contingencies and Concentrations**

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the state through the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 2% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2023, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$26,275.

#### Note 9 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; administrative errors and omissions; personal injury; workers compensation; and natural disasters; for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

## Note 9 – Risk Management (continued)

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreements, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

## Note 10– Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, which are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), for the 2022-2023 school year the School matched 100% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$18,175 for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund					
	Original Budget		Fi	Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES						
State passed through local	\$	1,323,099	\$	1,464,177	\$	1,481,592
Charges and other revenue		58,000		59,695		85,990
Total Revenues		1,381,099		1,523,872		1,567,582
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		424,214		835,838		824,432
Student support services		5,000		10,000		9,500
Instructional staff training		5,000		5,000		4,044
Board		17,381		20,419		19,524
School administration		220,908		200,251		184,174
Fiscal services		27,525		29,775		29,775
Central services		37,525		41,175		39,020
Operation of plant		151,594		177,085		163,766
Maintenance of plant		80,000		80,000		61,771
Administrative technology services		13,098		15,576		13,851
Total Current Expenditures		982,245		1,415,119		1,349,857
Excess of Revenues						
Over Current Expenditures		398,854		108,753		217,725
Capital Outlay		27,000		27,000		26,899
Total Expenditures		1,009,245		1,442,119		1,376,756
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		371,854		81,753		190,826
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in (out)		(69,969)		(4,007)		17,281
Advances to other divisions of Mater Academy, Inc.		-		(1,150,000)		(1,150,000)
Net change in fund balance		301,885		(1,072,254)		(941,893)
Fund Balance at beginning of year		2,524,091		2,524,091		2,524,091
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	2,825,976	\$	1,451,837	\$	1,582,198

#### Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Fund					
	Origi	nal Budget	Fin	al Budget		Actual
REVENUES		<u> </u>				
Federal sources	\$	492,625	\$	507,245	\$	528,620
Other grants		-		-		-
Charges for services		2,500		4,000		4,073
Total Revenues		495,125		511,245		532,693
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		296,066		255,973		249,033
Instructional staff training		8,500		8,500		7,901
School administration		36,781		34,560		33,194
Central services		500		500		500
Food services		150,078		146,712		143,504
Total Current Expenditures		491,925		446,245		434,132
Excess (deficit) of Revenues						
Over Current Expenditures		3,200		65,000		98,561
Capital Outlay		3,200		3,200		3,100
Total Expenditures		495,125		449,445		437,232
Excess (deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		61,800		95,461
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out)		_		(61,800)		(81,572)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		13,889
Fund Balance at beginning of year				-		
Fund Balance at end of year	\$		\$	-	\$	13,889

#### Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors of Mater International Preparatory Miami, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States., the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Mater International Preparatory (the "School"), as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2023.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

396 Alhambra Circle, Suite 900, Coral Gables, FL 33134 • Tel: 305.446.3022 • Fax: 305.446.6319 www.hlbgravier.com

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#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 15, 2023, pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ALB Gravier, UP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 15, 2023



#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of Mater International Preparatory Miami, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of Mater International Preparatory, Miami, Florida as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2023.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

#### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 15, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

## **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

## **Official Title**

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity is: Mater International Preparatory (W/L# 6047).

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#### **Financial Condition and Management**

Section 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Mater International Preparatory has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Mater International Preparatory did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Mater International Preparatory. It is management's responsibility to monitor Mater International Preparatory's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have such recommendations.

## Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether Mater International Preparatory maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Mater International Preparatory maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

## **Additional Matters**

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

#### **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Miami-Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

All Gravier, UP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 15, 2023