OAKLAND AVENUE CHARTER SCHOOL

FLORIDA

A Charter School and Special Revenue Fund of the Town of Oakland, Florida

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORTS June 30, 2023

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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Town of Oakland Commissioners Oakland Avenue Charter School Oakland, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Oakland Avenue Charter School, (the "School"), a charter school and special revenue fund of the Town of Oakland, Florida (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Oakland Avenue Charter School as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matters

Reporting Entity - As discussed in Note 1, the School is included in the operations of the Town and the School is presented in the Town's basic financial statements as a separate special revenue fund. These financial statements present only the financial position of the Oakland Avenue Charter School on June 30, 2023, and the changes in financial position for the year then ended and are not intended to be a complete presentation of the Town of Oakland, Florida. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Brynjulfson CPA, P.A.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (cont...)

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (concluded)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (concluded)

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedule – general fund and the schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability and related ratios as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2023, on our consideration of Oakland Avenue Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Oakland Avenue Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brynjutson CPA, P.A.

Brynjulfson CPA, P.A. Auburndale, Florida September 20, 2023

The management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of Oakland Avenue Charter School ("School") activities for the year ended June 30, 2023 and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto.

The MD&A, and the financial statements and notes thereto, are the responsibility of School management.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Net position represents the residual interest in the School's assets and deferred outflows of resources after deducting liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The School's net position at June 30, 2023 totaled \$1,620,670 or 26% of 2022-23 expenses compared to the previously reported June 30, 2022 total of \$1,242,982 or 22% of 2021-22 expenses.
- For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School's total net position increased by \$331,072 compared to an increase of \$141,435 the year ended June 30, 2022.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the School's general fund reported ending fund balance of \$442,638, an increase of \$89,818 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the School's general fund reported ending unassigned fund balance of \$375,888 which represents 6% of the total expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2022 compared to a ratio of 5% in the prior year.
- The previously reported June 30, 2022 net position of the governmental activities was restated to correct an error in the prior year governmental activities financial statements. Net position was increased by \$46,616 as a result of this restatement and reflects those grant revenues received in current fiscal year but for which all eligibility requirements had been met on June 30, 2022 that had not been recorded as a revenue in that period.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report includes the management's discussion and analysis, the independent auditor's report and the basic financial statements of the School as well as required supplementary information. The financial statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information found in the financial statements. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School.

The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both long-term and short-term information about the School's overall financial status. These statements report information about the School as a whole and about its activities in a manner that helps answer the question, "Is Oakland Avenue Charter School better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" These statements include all assets, liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by the private sector corporations. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into consideration regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The statement of net position presents all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the residual measure reported as "net position". Over time, increases or decreases in the net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating. The reader will need to consider other non-financial factors such as the current tax laws, student enrollment growth or decline, and facility conditions in arriving at their conclusion regarding the overall health of the School

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The remaining statements are the fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the School's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the governmental funds utilize a spendable financial resources measurement focus rather than the economic resources measurement focus found in the government-wide financial statements. The financial resources measurement focus allows the governmental fund statements to provide information on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that may be used to evaluate the School's near-term financing requirements. This short-term view is useful when compared to the long-term view presented as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. To facilitate this comparison, both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation of governmental fund(s) to governmental activities.

The governmental funds balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide detailed information about the School's most significant funds. The School operates one fund, a general fund to account for its general operations and internal account activities. For reporting purposes, the general fund is the only major fund of the School.

The School adopts an annual budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule, as required, has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Notes to financial statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following is a summary of the information in the Statement of Net position.

	Statement of Net Position (Summary)									
		Governmental Activities								
		June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022		Change	% Change			
Assets:										
Current and other assets	\$	978,328	\$	765,766	\$	212,562	28%			
Capital assets, net		1,195,515		1,023,077		172,438	17%			
Total assets		2,173,843		1,788,843		385,000	22%			
Liabilities:										
Current liabilities		358,997		308,793		50,204	16%			
Long-term liabilities		194,176		237,068		(42,892)	-18%			
Total liabilities		553,173		545,861		7,312	1%			
Net position:										
Net investment in capital assets		1,190,910		1,013,678		177,232	17%			
Unrestricted		429,760		229,304		200,456	87%			
Total net position	\$	1,620,670	\$	1,242,982	\$	377,688	30%			

The assets of the School primarily consist of cash and cash equivalents, building improvements, furniture and equipment. Liabilities consist primarily of accounts payable and accrued wages, compensated absences payable and the total OPEB liability.

Of the two components of the School's net position, the largest portion is the unrestricted portion and the remaining portion of net position reflects the School's investment in capital assets. The School uses these capital assets to provide services to students, so these assets are not available for future spending. The School's investment in capital assets totaled \$1,190,910 as of June 30, 2023 and \$1,013,678 as of June 30, 2022.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The School's net position was \$1,620,670 at the close of the current fiscal year. Unrestricted net position is approximately 27% of the total net position (18% at the end of the prior year) and the School's investment in capital assets makes up the remaining 73% (82% at the end of the prior year).

The key elements of the changes in the School's net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows.

	Governmental Activities						
		For the ye	ear er	ded			
	June 30, 2023		June	e 30, 2022	Change		% Change
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	443,375	\$	364,077	\$	79,298	22%
Operating grants and contributions		1,055,567		822,940		232,627	28%
Capital grants and contributions		288,200		266,691		21,509	8%
General revenues:							
State and local sources passed							
through local school district		4,749,490		4,283,092		466,398	11%
Other general revenues		49,920		111,933		(62,013)	-55%
Total revenues		6,586,552		5,848,733		737,819	13%
Expenses:							
Basic instruction		3,349,786		2,805,124		544,662	19%
Exceptional instruction		132,138		258,130		(125,992)	-49%
Student support services		110,733		108,219		2,514	2%
Instructional media services		59,548		63,079		(3,531)	-6%
Instructional staff training services		28,740		13,587		15,153	112%
School administration		422,770		433,492		(10,722)	-2%
Central services		212,154		193,346		18,808	10%
Food services		207,445		217,576		(10,131)	-5%
Fiscal services		184,292		188,913		(4,621)	-2%
Pupil transportation services		3,501		2,236		1,265	57%
Operation of plant		1,323,506		1,241,896		81,610	7%
Maintenance of plant		218,207		181,105		37,102	20%
Community services		2,299		-		2,299	
Interest expense		361		595		(234)	-39%
Total expenses		6,255,480		5,707,298		548,182	10%
Change in Net Position	\$	331,072	\$	141,435	\$	189,637	

Governmental activities' change in net position for 2023 was an increase of \$331,072 as compared to an increase of \$141,435 the prior year.

- Total revenue increased by \$737,819 or 13% mainly due to:
 - A \$376,026 or 9% increase in the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) funding through the sponsoring school district caused by a 1% increase in the number of students and an 8% increase in per-student funding through the FEFP program.
 - A \$254,138 or 23% increase in capital and operating grants mainly due to increased federal grants passed through the sponsoring School district in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

- A \$79,298 or 22% increase in charges for services which is due to increased food sales of \$84,078 and increased prekindergarten fees of \$49,490 which were partially offset by a decrease in student club fees of \$77,134. Food sales increased as all students were no longer eligible for the federal free lunch program as was the case in the prior year. Prekindergarten fees increased due to increased rates charged by the program. Student club fees decreased as these programs are now administered by the organization renting school facilities for after school programs.
- Total expenses increased by \$548,182 mainly due to:
 - Instructional expenses (basic and exceptional instruction) increased by \$418,670 or 14% mainly due to increased personnel related expenses, increased field trip expenses, increased purchases of educational materials and increased depreciation expense due to investments in technology that are capital in nature and that generate increased depreciation expense.
 - Operation and maintenance of plant expenses increased by \$118,712, or 8% mainly due to increased utilities and maintenance expenses as well as non-capitalized improvements to the School facilities.
 - The remaining functional expenses increased by \$10,800 or 1% for a myriad of reasons across a broad section of expense categories.

The largest revenue source for the School are the state and local funds received through the School District of Orange County, Florida (87% of total revenue for year ended June 30, 2022) Revenues from these state and local sources are primarily received through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) funding formula. The FEFP formula utilizes student enrollment data to determine the funds available for the School

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds - As of June 30, 2023, the School's general fund reported a positive fund balance of \$442,638 or 6% of 2022-2023 general fund expenditures. As of June 30, 2022, the School's general fund reported a positive fund balance of \$352,820 or 5% of 2021-2022 general fund expenditures.

The school reported \$104,153 of unavailable grant revenue as a deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022. Total fund balance on June 30, 2022, when combined with the deferred inflows of resources, represents 8% of 2021-2022 general fund expenditures.

The school reported \$176,693 of unavailable grant revenue as a deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2023 and when fund balance is combined with the unavailable revenues it represents 9% of 2022-2023 general fund expenditures.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The School's budget was developed based on anticipated revenues and expenditures which are driven by the expected student population for the school year. For the year ended June 30, 2023, actual revenues were \$255,491 more than the final budgeted amount and expenditures were \$351,808 more than final budgeted amounts resulting in an overall unfavorable budget variance of \$96,317.

The budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was not amended.

CAPITAL ASSETS

On June 30, 2023, the School had \$2,919,207 in capital assets, less accumulated depreciation/amortization of \$1,723,692 for net capital assets of \$1,195,515 (\$1,023,077 as of the end of the prior year). Depreciation/amortization charges for the current fiscal year totaled \$259,603 up from \$173,670 in the prior year mainly due to a large number of capital assets added in 2023 that had relatively short lives of 3-5 years which increases long-term depreciation expense trends. More information about the School's capital assets is presented in the notes to financial statements.

LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

On June 30, 2023, the School's long-term liabilities consisted of \$30,890 of unused personal time (\$35,741 at the end of the prior year), the total OPEB liability of \$158,681 (\$191,928 at the end of the prior year) and leases payable of \$4,605 (\$9,399 at the end of the prior year). More information about the School's long-term obligations is presented in the notes to financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS THAT WILL AFFECT THE FUTURE

The budget is initially adopted by June of the prior year based on a conservative estimate of enrollment and estimated per pupil revenue from the state. The School is forecasting enrollment for the 2023-2024 School year to remain constant at approximately 535 full-time equivalent students.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School's finances for all those with an interest in the School's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Town's administrative offices at 220 North Tubb Street, Oakland, Florida 34760.

	 vernmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 607,116
Receivables, current:	
Intergovernmental	304,462
Prepaid expenses	66,750
Capital assets:	
Non-depreciable	16,350
Depreciable, net	 1,179,165
TOTAL ASSETS	 2,173,843
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued wages	340,442
Unearned revenue	18,555
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	4,605
Due in more than one year	 189,571
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 553,173
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,190,910
Unrestricted	 429,760
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,620,670

OAKLAND AVENUE CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended June 30, 2023

			Program Revenues						Ne	et (Expense)	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Ex	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grant and Contributions		Capital Grant and Contributions		Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT											
Governmental activities:											
Basic instruction	\$	3,349,786	\$	319,015	\$	528,349	\$	126,800	\$	(2,375,622	
Exceptional instruction		132,138		-		-		-		(132,138	
Student support services		110,733		-		75,183		-		(35,550	
Instructional media services		59,548		-		16,934		-		(42,614	
Instructional staff training services		28,740		-		-		-		(28,740)	
School administration		422,770		-		-		-		(422,770	
Central services		212,154		-		-		161,400		(50,754)	
Food services		207,445		86,753		78,730		-		(41,962)	
Fiscal services		184,292		8,210		-		-		(176,082	
Pupil transportation services		3,501		-		-		-		(3,501	
Operation of plant		1,323,506		29,397		356,371		-		(937,738	
Maintenance of plant		218,207		-		-		-		(218,207	
Community services		2,299		-		-		-		(2,299	
Interest expense		361		-		-		-		(361)	
Total governmental activities	\$	6,255,480	\$	443,375	\$	1,055,567	\$	288,200	\$	(4,468,338	
	GENERAL	REVENUES:									
	State an	d local sources p	assed t	hrough local:	schoo	ol district				4,749,49	
	Interest	income									
	Other ge	eneral revenues								49,91	
	Total	general revenues	5							4,799,41	
	CHANGE II	N NET POSITION								331,07	
			-								

CHANGE IN NET POSITION331,0/2NET POSITION, beginning of year1,242,982Restatement (Note 13)46,616NET POSITION, beginning - as restated1,289,598NET POSITION, end of year\$ 1,620,670

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements

	General Fund		
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	607,116	
Receivables, current:			
Intergovernmental		304,462	
Prepaid expenditures		66,750	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	978,328	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued wages		340,442	
Unearned revenue		18,555	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		358,997	
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable grant revenue		176,693	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		176,693	
FUND BALANCE			
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid expenditures		66,750	
Unassigned		375,888	
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		442,638	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
AND FUND BALANCE	\$	978,328	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 442,638
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	1,195,515
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental fund. Unavailable revenue	176,693
Long-term liabilities, consisting of accumulated compensated absences leases payable and the total OPEB liability are not due and payable in the current period and therefore they are not reported in the governmental funds.	(194,176)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,620,670

OAKLAND AVENUE CHARTER SCHOOL

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended June 30, 2023

	General
	 Fund
REVENUES:	
State and local sources:	
State and local sources passed through local school district	\$ 5,039,072
Contributions and other local sources	 493,296
Total state and local sources	 5,532,368
Federal sources:	
Federal direct food service grants	78,730
Federal sources passed through local school district	 949,530
Total federal sources	 1,028,260
Total revenues	 6,560,628
EXPENDITURES:	
Current:	
Basic instruction	3,262,386
Exceptional instruction	133,576
Student support services	111,596
Instructional media services	48,599
Instructional staff training services	28,740
School administration	431,401
Central services	173,120
Food services	207,445
Fiscal services	184,292
Pupil transportation services	3,501
Operation of plant	1,228,452
Maintenance of plant	218,207
Community services	2,299
Capital outlay	432,041
Debt service	5,155
Total expenditures	 6,470,810
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	89,818
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	 352,820
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 442,638

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 89,818
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period. This is the amount of depreciation expense recorded in the current period.	432,041 (259,603)
Revenue not received within the "availability" period are not reported as revenues at the fund level and are recognized as revenue in the statement of activities. This represents the change caused by the "availability" criterion	25,924
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
This is the change in accrued compensated absences during the year. This is the change in the total OPEB liability during the year.	4,851 33,247
Repayment of principal on long term liabilities are expenditures in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the government-wide statement of net position.	
This is the amount of lease liability repayments	 4,794
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 331,072

REPORTING ENTITY

Oakland Avenue Charter School (the "School") is organized pursuant to Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes and is included in the financial operations of the Town of Oakland, Florida (the "Town"), which is the charter holder of the School. The governing body of the School is the Town of Oakland Commission consisting of five members. The financial information presented is that of the School only. The School is presented in the Town's basic financial statements as a separate special revenue fund.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter of the sponsoring school district, the School District of Orange County, Florida (the "District"). The current charter is effective until July 1, 2027. The charter may be renewed for up to an additional fifteen years. During the term of the charter, the District may terminate the charter if good cause is shown. In the event of termination of the charter, any property purchased by the School with Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) public funds and any unencumbered FEFP public funds revert to the District.

Criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units which should be reported within the School's basic financial statements are identified and described in Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Sections 2100 and 2600. The application of these criteria provides for identification of any entities for which the School is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School are such that exclusion would cause the School's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based upon these criteria, no component units are included within the reporting entity of the School.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The School's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the GASB. Accordingly, the basic financial statements consist of the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements, including the statement of net position and the statement of activities, present information about the School as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. These statements include nonfudiciary financial activity of the school. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION (cont...)

Fund Financial Statements - The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School's most significant funds. A fund is an accounting entity having a self-balancing set of accounts for recording assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund balance, revenues, expenditures, and other financing sources and uses. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The financial transactions of the School are recorded in a single governmental "general" fund. There are no other governmental funds. Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements differs from the focus of the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is presented with each of the governmental fund financial statements.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND MEASUREMENT FOCUS

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures, or expenses, are recognized in accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting related to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements, are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Imposed nonexchange resources are reported as deferred inflows if received before the date when use is first permitted. Government mandated nonexchange transactions and voluntary nonexchange transactions (donations and grants) resources are reported as liabilities until the eligibility requirements are met and as deferred inflows if received before time requirements are met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, except for certain grant revenues, are recognized when they become measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of resources is the prime factor for determining eligibility for Federal, state or other grant resources, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recognized only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The financial statement caption "cash and cash equivalents" includes all deposits with banks and financial institutions including certificates of deposit and all highly-liquid investments (with original maturities of three months or less). All deposits are insured by federal depository insurance and, are collateralized in Florida's multiple financial institution collateral pool as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

RECEIVABLES

Consist primarily of amounts due from other governments. All receivables are deemed collectible, and no allowance for uncollectible accounts is considered necessary.

INVENTORIES

Supplies inventory is immaterial and such items are charged to expense when purchased.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applied to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

- a) Non-instructional Staff: The School provides personal leave to non-instructional staff to be used for sick, vacation or personal paid time off. Personal leave is credited to non-instructional staff depending on years of service, ranging from eighteen to thirty-two days of leave per year. If a non-instructional staff does not use all of their personal leave by the end of the fiscal year, up to 480 hours will be carried forward to the following fiscal year. Non-instructional employees who are separated in good standing from the School shall be paid a lump sum amount for all accrued personal leave. Employees may elect to be paid for up to forty hours of unused personal leave if the election is submitted to the Principal and received by the Town Manager prior to the end of the fiscal year.
- b) Instructional Staff: Instructional staff are given five days of personal leave and five days of sick leave per year. Instructional staff are paid for up to three days of unused personal leave at the end of the School year. All unused personal leave over three days are forfeited. Instructional staff are allowed to carry forward up to eighty hours of unused sick leave. Sick leave accrued beyond the eighty-hour carryover maximum will be paid out at the end of the school year in which the maximum carryover was reached.

An employee who is involuntarily terminated from the School shall forfeit all unused accrued leave, unless a payout is approved by the Town Manager. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term in the government-wide statement of net position and not reported in the fund level balance sheet because the liability is generally not payable from expendable available financial resources.

The liability for unused personal leave to be paid with current financial resources, if any, is reported as a liability in the fund level balance sheet as a component of wages payable. As of June 30, 2023, there were no amounts accrued for unused personal leave at the fund level.

LEASES

The School is a lessee for noncancellable lease of equipment. The School recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The School recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$1,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the School initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the tangible asset being leased or the lease term.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the School determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term and (3) lease payments.

- The School uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the School generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term include the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the School is reasonably certain to exercise.

The School monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

CAPITAL ASSETS

In the government-wide statements, capital assets include building improvements, and furniture and equipment, including right-to-use leased assets. Capital assets are defined as personal or real property or improvements with an individual cost of \$1,000 or more and that is either titled in the School's name or for which the School has the continuing responsibility for maintenance. Such assets are recorded at historical cost and reported net of accumulated depreciation. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition value as of the date received. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

CAPITAL ASSETS (concluded)

Capital asset depreciation is recognized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

	Years
Building improvements	3-20
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5-10
Information technology equipment	3-10
Audio visual equipment	5-10

The School's right-to-use leased equipment is being amortized over 5.25 years and the amortization expense is combined with depreciation expense in the statement of activities.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

INCOME TAXES

The School is a charter school included in the financial operations of the Town of Oakland, Florida; the School's charter holder, which qualifies as a tax-exempt organization, and therefore, is exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes have been made in the accompanying financial statements.

REVENUE SOURCES

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33(17), Florida Statutes, the School reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the Florida Education Finance Program.

REVENUE SOURCES (concluded)

Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the Florida Education Finance Program and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. The District receives a 5% administrative fee from the School on the first 250 students, which is reflected as a central services expense / expenditure in the accompanying statement of activities and statement of revenues, expenditures and change in fund balance.

The School is also eligible for charter school capital outlay funding. The amounts received under this program are based on the School's actual and projected student enrollments during the fiscal year. Funds received under this program may only be used for lawful capital outlay expenditures and, as such, the unspent portion is reflected as restricted net position and fund balance in the accompanying statements of net position and balance sheet - governmental fund, respectively. As of June 30, 2023, the School had no unspent capital outlay funds.

EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

Government-wide Statements - The difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- *Restricted net position* Consists of net position with constraints placed in its use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c) Unrestricted net position Consists of the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of the investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available for use, it is the School's policy to use restricted net position first, then unrestricted net position as they are needed.

Fund Statements - The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the School is bound to honor the constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

a) Nonspendable - amounts that are not in spendable form (such as prepaid items and deposits) or are legally required to be maintained intact. The School reported nonspendable fund balance for prepaid expenditures at June 30, 2023.

EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS (concluded)

- b) Restricted amounts constrained to specific purposes by external purposes by external providers or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation. The School had no restricted fund balance amounts at June 30, 2023.
- c) Committed amounts constrained to specific purposes by formal action of the School itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (the School's Board of Directors) through resolution. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School's Board of Directors takes the same highest-level action (a resolution) to remove or change the constraint. The School had no committed fund balance amounts at June 30, 2023.
- d) Assigned amounts the School intends to use for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments can be made by the principal or by an official or body which the Board of Directors have delegated the authority. The School had no assigned fund balance amounts at June 30, 2023.
- e) Unassigned includes residual positive fund balance which has not been classified within the other above-mentioned categories.

The details of the fund balances are included in the governmental funds balance sheet. The School uses restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds. The details of the fund balances are included in the governmental fund balance sheet.

NOTE 2 – BUDGETARY LAW AND PRACTICE

The budget is adopted by the School's Board of Directors on or before July 1 of each year by motion in the minutes. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information have been adjusted for legally authorized amendments. The budget for the general fund is prepared on a cash basis which differs from the basis used for financial reporting purposes.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the general fund's actual expenditures exceeded budgeted appropriations by \$351,808 which were funded with revenue in excess of the original budgeted amounts of \$255,491 and the remainder was funded by previous years' fund balance.

NOTE 3 – CASH

The School's deposits are insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000 per financial institution. Monies invested in amounts greater than the insurance coverage are secured by the qualified public depositories pledging securities with the Chief Financial Officer, State of Florida ("CFO") in such amounts required by the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. In the event of a default or insolvency of a qualified public depositor, the CFO will implement procedures for payment of losses according to the validated claims of the School pursuant to Section 280.08. Florida Statutes.

NOTE 3 – CASH (concluded)

There were no investment securities maintained during the year. The captions on the government-wide statement of net position for "cash and cash equivalents" are summarized below.

Cash and cash equivalents:	
Insured or fully collateralized bank deposits	\$ 607,116
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 607,116

The types of investments in which the School may invest are governed by the Town of Oakland's investment policy. The School nor the Town of Oakland have any additional policies for dealing specifically with interest rate, credit or concentration risks.

NOTE 4 – CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2023
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Construction-in-progress	\$ -	\$ 16,350	\$-	\$ 16,350
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		16,350		16,350
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Building improvements	1,351,933	50,588	-	1,402,521
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	421,793	178,866	-	600,659
Information technology equipment	491,986	151,688	-	643,674
Audio visual equipment	196,319	34,549	-	230,868
Right-to-use leased equipment	25,135	-	-	25,135
Total capital assets, being depreciated	2,487,166	415,691		2,902,857
Less accumulated depreciation/ amortization for:				
Building improvements	(768,871)	(82,125)	-	(850,996)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(352,182)	(46,996)	-	(399,178)
Information technology equipment	(261,287)	(88,312)	-	(349,599)
Audio visual equipment	(65 <i>,</i> 786)	(37,382)	-	(103,168)
Right-to-use leased equipment	(15,963)	(4,788)		(20,751)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(1,464,089)	(259,603)		(1,723,692)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,023,077	156,088		1,179,165
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,023,077	\$ 172,438	\$-	\$ 1,195,515

NOTE 4 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS (concluded)

Depreciation expense was charged to the following programs and functions:

Governmental Activities:	
Basic instruction	\$ 113,224
Instructional media services	10,949
Central services	39,033
Operation of plant	 96,397
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 259,603

NOTE 5 – CHANGES IN LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance July 1, 2022 Increases Decreases				Balance June 30, 2023	Due	ounts within e Year
Governmental Activities:							
Long-term liabilities:							
Compensated absences	\$ 35,741	\$ 33,552	\$	(38,403)	\$ 30,890	\$	-
Total OPEB liability	191,928	-		(33,247)	158,681		-
Leases payable	9,399			(4,794)	4,605		4,605
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 237,068	\$ 33,552	\$	(76,444)	194,176	\$	4,605
Less amounts due in one year					(4,605)		
Net long-term liabilities due after one	year				\$ 189,571		

Leases Payable – Effective March 1, 2019, the School entered into a 63-month lease agreement as lessee for the use of two multifunction copiers. The lease agreement did not have an explicit interest rate and the School utilized an incremental borrowing rate of 5.5% to determine the present value of the lease obligation. This rate was determined by a review of market availability for acquisition loans and recent loans to other Schools. The value of the right-to-use asset at the end of the current year was \$25,135 and reports accumulated amortization of \$20,751.

Maturities – Annual requirements to repay all leases payable as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Principal		Interest	
2024	\$ 4,605		\$	116
Total	\$	4,605	\$	116

NOTE 6 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – The School follows GASB Cod. Sec. P52 for reporting postemployment benefits other than pensions.

Plan Description: The School's retiree health care plan (OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan that covers eligible retired employees of the School. The OPEB Plan, which is administered by the Town of Oakland, Florida, allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements of the School's defined contribution pension plan to continue medical insurance coverage as a participant in the School's plan pursuant to the provisions of Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes. The School subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the OPEB Plan at blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the OPEB Plan on average than those of active employees. The School does not offer any explicit subsidies for retiree coverage. The OPEB Plan does not issue a standalone financial report.

Participant data as of the most recent actuarial valuation:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	-
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	37
Total	37

Benefits Provided: The benefits provided are the same as those provided for active employees. Spouses and dependents of eligible retirees are also eligible for medical coverage. All employees of the School are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits. All retiree and dependent coverage are at the expense of the retiree.

Funding Policy: The School currently pays for post-employment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis and no assets are being accumulated in a trust to pay for the OPEB Plan benefits.

Total OPEB Liability: The Town's total OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuary employing the alternative measurement method as provided in GASB Cod. Sec.P52.

Discount rate: The discount rate was based on a high-quality municipal bond rate of 4.77%. The highquality bond rate was based on the measurement date of the S&P Municipal Bond 20-year High Grade Rate Index as published by S&P Down Jones Indices. The S&P 20-year High Grade Rate Index consists of bonds in the S&P Municipal Bond Index with a maturity of 20 years. Eligible bonds must be rated at least AA by Standard and Poor's Rating Services, Aa2 by Moody's or AA by Fitch. If there are multiple ratings, the lowest rating is used.

All future benefits were discounted using the above discount rate.

NOTE 6 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: Significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total OPEB liability were as follows:

Valuation date	September 30, 2021
Measurement date	September 30, 2022
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	2.50%
Discount rate	4.77%
Retirement rate	100% at age 58
Marital status	100% assumed married
Health care participation	20% participation assumed, with 50% electing spouse coverage
Initial health care inflation rate	7.50%
Ultimate health care inflation rate	4.00%
Years to ultimate trend rate	52
Eligibility for coverage	Must meet eligibility requirements for retirement

Mortality rates were based on the PubG-2010 Mortality Tables projected to the calculation date using projection scale MP-2019.

Change in assumptions: The discount rate changed from 2.43% for the reporting period ending June 30, 2022 to 4.77% for the reporting period ended June 30, 2023.

OPEB expense: For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School recognized a negative OPEB expense of (\$33,247).

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

	Total OPEB Liability
Reporting period ending June 30, 2022	\$ 191,928
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	17,228
Interest	5,034
Changes of assumptions	(39,519)
Benefit payments	(3,880)
Change in proportionate share between Town and School	 (12,110)
Net changes	 (33,247)
Reporting period ending June 30, 2023	\$ 158,681

NOTE 6 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (concluded)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School, as well as what the School's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

				Current discount		
	1% Decrease ra				1%	Increase
	3.77%		4.77%			5.77%
Total OPEB liability	\$	176,124	\$	158,681	\$	143,782

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School, as well as what the School's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate range that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate range:

			lthcare cost			
	1%	Decrease	tı	rend rate	1%	6 Increase
	3.00% to 6.50%		4.00	% to 7.50%	5.00	% to 8.50%
Total OPEB liability	\$	140,940	\$	158,681	\$	179,851

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Commercial insurance protection with normal deductibles, including general liability, property and workers compensation, is in place to limit the School's exposure from losses arising from theft, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. There has been no significant reduction in coverages, nor have settlement amounts exceeded the School's coverages during the year ended June 30, 2023 or the previous two years.

In the normal course of conducting operations, the School may become party to various legal actions and proceedings. In the opinion of management, the ultimate resolution of such legal matters will not have a significant adverse effect on financial operations. As of June 30, 2023, management was not aware of any legal actions or proceedings pending against the school.

NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The School may from time to time participate in state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the School has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required. In the opinion of management, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (continued)

In accordance with Florida Statutes, all property and improvements, furnishings and equipment purchased with FEFP public funds provided to the School through the District will automatically revert to full ownership of the District upon the non-renewal or termination of the charter agreement.

NOTE 9 - FACILITY USE AGREEMENTS

The School is a party to an operating facility use agreement with the Town of Oakland, Florida. The initial agreement began on December 10, 2002 and was renewed effective July 1, 2013 for a fifteen-year term expiring on June 30, 2028. Annual payments of \$720,000 per year are payable in equal monthly installments. This agreement is not governed by the guidance contained in GASB 87 – *Leases* as the School is a special revenue fund of the Town of Oakland, Florida and thereby not a separate legal entity.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease use payments for the fiscal years ending June 30 until the end of the operating facility use agreement:

Year	 Total					
2024	\$ 720,000					
2025	720,000					
2026	720,000					
2027	720,000					
2028	 720,000					
	\$ 3,600,000					

The School leased portable classroom facilities under a noncancelable operating lease agreement that expired on June 30, 2021. The School is responsible for all maintenance associated with the facilities and the lease does not transfer ownership of the portable classrooms. Total lease payments under this operating lease totaled \$43,189 for the year ended June 30, 2023 and the School continues to lease these portable facilities on a monthly-by-month basis and can be cancelled at any time.

NOTE 10 - RENTAL INCOME

The School leases a portion of their facilities to a third party on a month-to-month basis. Rental income for the year ended June 30, 2023 was approximately \$22,323.

NOTE 11 - INDIRECT COST ALLOCATION

The Town of Oakland provides finance, payroll and administrative services for the School at an indirect cost allocation rate of \$138,839 for the year ended June 30, 2023 and is reported as a component of the fiscal services expenditures/expenses of the School. This indirect cost allocation is determined by the finance, payroll and administrative personnel service costs allocated based on the estimated time they spend on School related activities.

NOTE 12 - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

The Town Commission has established by Resolution an Internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plan and a 401(a) defined contribution plan, both of which are accounted for as a combined defined contribution pension plan (the "Plan") under the provisions of GASB Cod. Sec. P21 – Pension Activities – Reporting for Benefits Provided through Trusts that Meet Specified Criteria – Defined Contribution.

Plan provisions include the following:

- Covers all full-time School employees who are over 18 years of age and who have completed three months of service. Full time employees are only those employees who normally work more than 20 hours per week.
- The Town is designated as the pension board of trustees and has designated the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund as the plan administrator.
- The Plan provides for non-elective contributions by the School of 4% of employee compensation and employer matching contributions of one-half of the employee contributions up to a maximum matching contribution rate of 1% of employee compensation.
- Benefits vest at a rate of 20% per year of service up to 100% vesting upon completion of the fifth year of service.

Pension costs are accrued and funded on a current basis and all required contributions for the year were made. Contributions made to the plan by the employees and the School totaled \$135,850 and \$97,635 respectively.

NOTE 13 – RESTATEMENT

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School received \$46,616 of grant reimbursements pursuant to the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund Program passed through the District for which all eligibility requirements had been met as of June 30, 2022 but the reimbursement receivable/revenue was not recorded as of that date. This is an error that has been corrected by restating beginning net position by \$46,616. Beginning fund balance was not affected as the reimbursements were received outside of the availability period and are appropriately reported as a fund-level revenue for the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 14 - CONCENTRATION OF REVENUE SOURCES

The School's principal source of revenues is from the State of Florida passed through the District, which provided approximately 90% of total revenue for the year ended June 30, 2023. The following is a schedule of revenue sources and amounts for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Sources	Amount		
School District of Orange County, Florida			
Base funding	\$	2,687,760	
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund		903,266	
Class size reduction		553,368	
Special millage		487,286	
Discretionary millage		349,509	
Capital outlay		289,582	
Exceptional student allocation		145,179	
Teacher salary increase allocation		144,137	
Supplemental academic instruction		122,306	
Instructional materials allocation		41,416	
Safe schools		37,645	
Reading allocation		29,150	
Mental health assistance allocation		24,098	
Compression adjustment		21,486	
Title IV grant		12,375	
Teacher supply program		10,800	
Safety security grant		6,951	
Funds compression allocation		4,976	
Title II grant		1,926	
Total revenue through the School District			
of Orange County, Florida		5,873,216	
Other revenue:			
Other local sources		47,830	
Prekindergarten revenue		258,594	
Other grants		115,385	
Fieldtrip revenue		59,010	
Food service sales		86,753	
Donations		11,708	
Rental income		29,397	
Federal school lunch/breakfast program income		78,730	
Interest income		5	
Total revenue	\$	6,560,628	



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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OAKLAND AVENUE CHARTER SCHOOL

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted /	Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
	Original	Final	Basis)	(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES					
State and local sources:					
State and local sources passed through					
local school district	\$ 4,917,447	\$ 4,917,447	\$ 5,039,072	\$ 121,625	
Contributions and other local sources	1,329,690	1,329,690	493,296	(836,394)	
Total state and local sources	6,247,137	6,247,137	5,532,368	(714,769)	
Federal sources:					
Federal direct food service grants	58,000	58,000	78,730	20,730	
Federal sources passed through					
local school district		-	949,530	949,530	
Total federal sources	58,000	58,000	1,028,260	970,260	
Total revenues	6,305,137	6,305,137	6,560,628	255,491	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Basic instruction	3,213,213	3,213,213	3,333,079	(119,866)	
Exceptional instruction	124,718	124,718	133,576	(8,858)	
Student support services	108,285	108,285	111,596	(3,311)	
Instructional media services	37,000	37,000	48,599	(11,599)	
Instructional staff training services	18,000	18,000	28,740	(10,740)	
School administration	447,191	447,191	431,401	15,790	
Central services	320,200	320,200	343,713	(23,513)	
Food services	222,080	222,080	207,445	14,635	
Fiscal services	172,898	172,898	184,292	(11,394)	
Pupil transportation services	2,000	2,000	3,501	(1,501)	
Operation of plant	1,182,582	1,182,582	1,267,355	(84,773)	
Maintenance of plant	270,835	270,835	375,214	(104,379)	
Total expenditures	6,119,002	6,119,002	6,470,810	(351,808)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 186,135	\$ 186,135	\$ 89,818	\$ (96,317)	

OAKLAND AVENUE CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Reporting date	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018
Measurement date	9/30/2022	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2017
Total OPEB Liability	5/50/2022	5/50/2021	5/50/2020	5/50/2015	5/50/2010	5/50/2017
Service cost	\$ 17,228	\$ 21,684	\$ 17,190	\$ 13,512	\$ 13,279	\$ 14,173
Interest	5,034	5,040	5 17,190 6,217	5,369	4,630	3,727
	,	,	,	,		
Changes of assumptions	(39,519)	(28,528)	32,772	(1,981)	(9,833)	(10,866)
Benefit payments	(3,880)	(6,356)	(5,988)	(3,188)	(732)	(3,179)
Change in proportionate share						
between Town and School	(12,110)	(6 <i>,</i> 055)	7,300	-	-	-
Difference between expected						
and actual experience		(9,869)		23,168	-	
Net change in total OPEB Liability	(33,247)	(24,084)	57,491	36,880	7,344	3,855
Total OPEB Liability - beginning	191,928	216,012	158,521	121,641	114,297	110,442
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$ 158,681	\$ 191,928	\$ 216,012	\$ 158,521	\$ 121,641	\$ 114,297
Covered-employee payroll	1,906,082	1,859,592	1,944,749	1,897,316	1,638,271	1,550,952
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.32%	10.32%	11.11%	8.36%	7.42%	7.37%

Notes to Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios:

No assets are being accumulated in a trust to pay for OPEB Plan benefits.

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience represents the impact of updated census data as of September 30, 2019 and 2021.

Changes in Assumptions:

• The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Reporting date June 30, 2023	4.77%
Reporting date June 30, 2022	2.43%
Reporting date June 30, 2021	2.14%
Reporting date June 30, 2020	3.58%
Reporting date June 30, 2019	4.18%
Reporting date June 30, 2018	3.64%
Reporting date June 30, 2017	3.06%

Benefit Payments represents expected net benefit payments produced by the actuarial valuation model rather than actual net benefits paid.

Additional years will be added to this schedule until 10 years of data is presented.



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OTHER REPORTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Town of Oakland Commissioners Oakland Avenue Charter School Oakland, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Oakland Avenue Charter School (the "School") a charter school and special revenue fund of the Town of Oakland, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2023.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses as described below.

2023-01 – Year-end Closing Process Needs Improvement

Criteria - The School's internal control over financial reporting should provide reasonable assurance that all transactions are properly recorded in the general ledger and reported in the School's financial reports.

Condition – During our current audit we identified several financial statement misstatements, some that were considered material and included grant revenues recorded in the wrong fiscal year, prior year prepaid expenditures not recognized in the current fiscal year and personnel costs payable not adjusted at the end of the fiscal year.

307 Pontotoc Plaza Auburndale, FL 33823 Phone 800.368.3959 Fax 863.583.0872

Brynjulfson CPA, P.A.

www.myfloridacpas.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Cause – The accounting records were not adequately reviewed and adjusted to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Effect – The School's financial records contained material misstatements that were identified by the auditors who proposed correcting entries which were accepted and posted by management.

Recommendation – We recommend management review the School's internal controls over financial reporting and make the necessary changes to the design, or the operations of, existing internal controls to improve the reliability and accuracy of the year-end financial reports. Monitoring of the internal control activities is crucial and a detailed review of the financial records, including a year-over-year fluctuation analysis, should be performed as part of this monitoring activity.

View of Responsible Official/Corrective Action Plan – See accompanying letter of management's response.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Oakland Avenue Charter School's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on School's response to the findings identified in our audit as described above. The School's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Brynjutson CPA, P.A.

Brynjulfson CPA, P.A. Auburndale, Florida September 20, 2023



MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Town of Oakland Commissioners Oakland Avenue Charter School Oakland, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Oakland Avenue Charter School, (the "School"), a charter school and special revenue fund of the Town of Oakland, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by *the Comptroller General of the United States* and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in this report, which is dated September 20, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address the preceding audit report findings except those listed below:

Tabulation of Uncorrected Findings		
Current Year Finding #	2021-2022 FY Finding #	2020-2021 FY Finding #
2022-01	2022-01	na

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not the School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the School, we determined that the School did not meet any of the specified conditions of a financial emergency described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

307 Pontotoc Plaza Auburndale, FL 33823 Phone 800.368.3959 Fax 863.583.0872

MANAGEMENT LETTER (cont...)

Financial Condition and Management (concluded)

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the School. It is management's responsibility to monitor the School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we report the results of our determination as to whether the School maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material, but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we have the following findings:

2022-01 – Budget Over Expenditure

Criteria – Pursuant to Section 166.241, Florida Statutes the Town may not expend or contract for expenditures except pursuant to the adopted budget. Because the School is a special revenue fund of the Town of Oakland, Florida, this statutory requirement applies to the activity of the School.

Condition – During our prior year audit we noted that actual expenditures exceeded total budgeted appropriations by \$317,197 for the year ended June 30, 2022. During our current year audit we noted that actual expenditures exceeded total budgeted appropriations by \$351,808 for the year ended June 30, 2023. These conditions resulted in expenditures being made that were not pursuant to the adopted budgets for both years.

Cause – Expenditures were made in excess of the adopted budget and a budget amendment was not passed to approve these excess expenditures.

Effect – Noncompliance

MANAGEMENT LETTER (concluded)

2022-01 - Budget Over Expenditure (concluded)

Recommendation – Expenditures should be monitored throughout the year to provide assurance that actual expenditures do not exceed the approved appropriations and if it appears this will happen, we recommend that a formal budget amendment be prepared and approved.

Views of Responsible Officials – See accompanying letter of management's response.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5, Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter.

The official title of the entity is Oakland Avenue Charter School of District 48 Orange, School 0072, which is a special revenue fund of the Town of Oakland, Florida.

Oakland Avenue Charter School's Response to Findings

The School's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, Town of Oakland Commissioners, the School District of Orange County, Florida and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Brynjutson CPA, P.A.

Brynjulfson CPA, P.A. Auburndale, Florida September 20, 2023



September 25, 2023

Honorable Mayor, Town Commissioners Town of Oakland, Florida

RE: Management Letter date September 25, 2023

View of responsible officials and planned corrective actions regarding OACS audit.

Finding 2022-01: Budget Over Expenditure

During the Town budget preparation in September, management will perform a budget to actual analysis of School activity after all year-end closing adjustments have been recorded and a budget amendment will be proposed if needed. This amendment will be presented to the Town Commission in conjunction with the Town budget to ensure the amendment is effective before September 30. Management will improve quarterly monitoring of school expenditures throughout the year.

Finding 2023-01: Year End Closing Process

Management will monitor the school's internal control process and make the necessary changes to ensure reliability and accuracy of the year end financial reports.

Respectfully Submitted,

Andy Stewart

Town Manager

Renee Mullen

Director of Finance



230 N. Tubb St., P.O. Box 98, Oakland, FL 3476C o 407.656.1117 r 407.656.2940 oaklandfl.gov