

# Pinecrest Glades Preparatory Academy Middle High School WL# 7027

(A Charter School under Pinecrest Academy, Inc.)

Miami, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2023

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

General Information	1
Independent Auditors' Report	2-4
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
(Required Supplementary Information)	5-9
D = 1 - E'	
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	1.0
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities	11
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance	
Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	16-29
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	30-31
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	30-31
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial	
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an	
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With	
Government Auditing Standards	32-33
Management Letter	34-35

# Pinecrest Glades Preparatory Academy Middle High School WL #7027

15250 SW 8<sup>th</sup> Street Miami, FL 33194

2022-2023

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Carlos Alvarez, Chair, Director Shannie Sadesky, Treasurer, Director Juan Molina, Secretary, Director Erin Demirjian, Director Albert Maillo, Director Sheila Caleo Gonzalez, Director

# **SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION**

Susie Dopico, Principal



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Pinecrest Glades Preparatory Academy Middle High School Miami, Florida

## **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Pinecrest Glades Preparatory Academy Middle High School (the "School"), a charter school under Pinecrest Academy, Inc. as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Pinecrest Academy, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

## Emphasis of a Matter - Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of the School that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Pinecrest Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Pinecrest Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2023 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 30 through 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2023 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Coral Gables, Florida

September 15, 2023

**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS** 

All Grain, UP

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

Pinecrest Glades Preparatory Academy Middle High School (A Charter School Under Pinecrest Academy, Inc.)

June 30, 2023

The corporate officers of Pinecrest Academy, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

## **Financial Highlights**

- 1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2023 was \$3,752,340.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets of \$4,425,863.
- 3. The School had an increase it its net position of \$1,668,311 during the year ended June 30, 2023.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$1,653,399.

## **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

## **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The *Government-wide Financial Statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between the four is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 - 11 of this report.

## Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide

financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

## Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 29 of this report.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. As of June 30, 2023 assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,752,340 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 follows:

	2023	2022
Cash	\$ -	\$ 8,975
Investments	2,405,000	1,636,000
Due from other agencies	1,697,743	899,878
Due from Pinecrest Glades Academy	-	120,606
Prepaid expenses	323,120	205,672
Capital and right-of-use capital assets, net	12,349,193	12,659,384
Total Assets	16,775,056	15,530,515
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Salaries and wages payable	331,661	266,759
Accounts payable	126,567	650,833
Deferred revenue	566,387	-
Deferred rent	126,376	-
Lease liability	11,871,725	12,528,894
Total Liabilities	13,022,716	13,446,486
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	351,092	130,490
Restricted	202,809	-
Unrestricted	3,198,439	1,953,539
Total Net Position	\$ 3,752,340	\$ 2,084,029

At the end of both fiscal years, the School is able to report positive balances in total Net Position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023	2022
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 1,605,248	\$ 560,862
Capital Outlay Funding	730,747	569,693
Lunch Program	536,846	306,566
General Revenues		
Local Sources (FTE and other non specific)	8,793,050	6,403,817
Other Revenues	89,223	12,158
Total Revenues	\$11,755,114	\$ 7,853,096
EXPENSES		
Governmental Activities:		
Instruction	\$ 5,345,318	\$ 3,851,951
Student support services	153,415	124,350
Instruction and curriculum development services	-	37,500
Instructional staff training	68,367	35,891
Board	62,075	46,778
School administration	890,402	767,997
Facilities acquisition and construction	7,133	-
Fiscal services	164,550	133,650
Food services	335,263	213,230
Central services	187,886	151,073
Operation of plant	2,074,902	1,554,345
Maintenance of plant	148,074	151,869
Administrative technology services	38,560	35,020
Debt service	610,858	641,663
Total Expenses	10,086,803	7,745,317
Change in Net Position	1,668,311	107,779
Net Position at Beginning of Year	2,084,029	1,976,250
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 3,752,340	\$ 2,084,029

The School had an increase in revenues and expenses of \$3,902,018 and \$2,341,486 the School's net position increased by \$1,668,311.

## **School Location and Lease of Facility**

The School leases a facility located at 15250 SW 8th St. Miami FL, 33194.

# **Capital Improvement Requirements**

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$1,976,519. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$1,653,399. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

## **Capital Assets**

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2023 amounts to \$990,020 (net of accumulated depreciation) and right of use lease asset (building) \$11,359,173. This investment in capital assets includes right of use lease asset (building), furniture, fixtures and equipment, audio visual and software. As of June 30, 2023, the School had long-term liabilities of \$11,998,101 associated to its capital assets.

## **Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights**

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund			
	Original			
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
REVENUES				
Program Revenues				
State capital outlay funding	\$ 630,392	\$ 728,940	\$ 730,747	
Federal sources	1,412,163	842,039	1,161,275	
Lunch program	400,000	534,922	536,846	
General Revenues				
FTE nonspecific revenues	8,468,721	8,792,039	8,793,050	
Charges and other revenues	94,531	88,039	89,223	
Total Revenues	\$11,005,807	\$10,985,979	\$11,311,141	
CURRENT EXPENDITURES				
Governmental Activities				
Instruction	\$ 4,491,652	\$ 5,120,959	\$ 5,115,802	
Student support services	371,694	149,046	153,415	
Instructional staff training	56,039	71,231	68,367	
Board	77,875	64,920	62,075	
School administration	903,083	887,029	882,973	
Fiscal services	179,625	166,940	164,550	
Food services	400,000	336,043	334,037	
Central services	199,025	189,023	187,886	
Operation of plant	796,536	877,399	1,079,197	
Maintenance of plant	437,493	353,742	145,698	
Administrative technology services	36,838	41,093	38,560	
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 7,949,860	\$ 8,257,425	\$ 8,232,560	

Most of the variances occurred because of the budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

## **Requests for Information**

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Primary	Government
	Governm	ental Activities
Assets		
Current assets:		
Investments	\$	2,405,000
Due from other agencies		1,697,743
Prepaid expenses		323,120
Total Current Assets		4,425,863
Capital assets, net:		
Capital assets, depreciable		2,501,389
Less: accumulated depreciation		(1,511,369)
Right-of-use lease asset		13,106,737
Less: accumulated amortization		(1,747,564)
Total Capital Assets, net		12,349,193
Total Assets		16,775,056
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		-
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities:		
Salaries and wages payable		331,661
Accounts payable		126,567
Deferred revenue		566,387
Lease liability, current		665,290
Total Current Liabilities		1,689,905
Lease liability		11,206,435
Deferred rent		126,376
Total Liabilities		13,022,716
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>		-
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		351,092
Restricted		202,809
Unrestricted		3,198,439
Total Net Position	\$	3,752,340

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2023

		Program Revenues			
Primary Government	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities:		-			
Instruction	\$ 5,345,318	\$ -	\$ 986,968	\$ -	\$ (4,358,350)
Student support services	153,415	-	142,755	-	(10,660)
Instructional staff training	68,367	-	49,518	-	(18,849)
Board	62,075	-	-	-	(62,075)
School administration	890,402	-	222,358	-	(668,044)
Facilities acquisition and construction	7,133	-	-	-	(7,133)
Fiscal services	164,550	-	-	-	(164,550)
Food services	335,263	155,549	381,297	-	201,583
Central services	187,886	-	-	-	(187,886)
Operation of plant	2,074,902	-	203,649	730,747	(1,140,506)
Maintenance of plant	148,074	-	-	-	(148,074)
Administrative technology services	38,560	-	-	-	(38,560)
Debt service	610,858	-	-	-	(610,858)
Total governmental activities	10,086,803	155,549	1,986,545	730,747	(7,213,962)
	General rever	niles:			
		r nonspecific r	evenues		8,793,050
	Interest and or	•	<b>.</b> , <b>.</b>		89,223
	Change in net	position			1,668,311
	Net position,	beginning			2,084,029
	Net position,	ending			\$ 3,752,340

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		Capital	Special	Total
	General Fund			Governmental
		Project Funds	Revenue Fund	Funds
Aggeta				
Assets	¢ 2 202 101	¢.	\$ 202,809	¢ 2.405.000
Investments	\$ 2,202,191	\$ -		\$ 2,405,000
Due from other agencies	477.022	58,592	417,231	475,823
Due from fund	475,823	-	-	475,823
Due from Pinecrest Glades Academy		-	-	-
Prepaid expenses	323,120			323,120
Total Assets	3,001,134	58,592	620,040	3,679,766
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>				
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Salaries and wages payable	331,661	-	-	331,661
Accounts payable	126,567	-	-	126,567
Deferred revenue	566,387			566,387
Due to fund		58,592	417,231	475,823
Total Liabilities	1,024,615	58,592	417,231	1,500,438
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	-	-	_	-
Fund balance				
Nonspendable, not in spendable form	323,120	_	_	323,120
Restricted	-	_	202,809	202,809
Unassigned	1,653,399	_	-	1,653,399
	1,976,519		202,809	2,179,328
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	<u> </u>			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 3,001,134	\$ 58,592	\$ 620,040	\$ 3,679,766
Tito out to wild I wild Daiwillo	7 2,001,101	<del>-</del> 50,572		- 2,0.7,700

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 2,179,328

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Depreciable and non-depreciable capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.

Capital assets, depreciable	2,501,389
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,511,369)
Right-of-use lease asset	13,106,737
Less: accumulated amortization	(1,747,564)

12,349,193

Receivables in governmental activites that are not available are not current fianancial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

1,221,920

Long term liabilities in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

(11,998,101)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 3,752,340

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended  $\,$  June 30, 2023

		Capital Project		Capital Project Special Revenue		Go	Total overnmental
	General Fund	]	Fund		Fund		Funds
Revenues:							
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$	730,747	\$	-	\$	730,747
State passed through local and other local	8,793,050		-		-		8,793,050
Federal sources	_		-		1,161,275		1,161,275
Lunch program	-		-		536,846		536,846
Other revenue	89,223		-		-		89,223
Total Revenues	8,882,273		730,747		1,698,121		11,311,141
Expenditures:							
Current							
Instruction	4,836,675		-		279,127		5,115,802
Student support services	10,660		-		142,755		153,415
Instructional staff training	18,849		-		49,518		68,367
Board	62,075		-		-		62,075
School administration	660,615		-		222,358		882,973
Fiscal services	164,550		-		-		164,550
Food services	-		-		334,037		334,037
Central services	187,886		-		-		187,886
Operation of plant	875,548		-		203,649		1,079,197
Maintenance of plant	145,698		-		-		145,698
Administrative technology services	38,560		-		-		38,560
Capital Outlay:							
Other capital outlay	741,518		-		89,561		831,079
Debt Service:							
Redemption of Principal	-		632,908		-		632,908
Interest			610,858				610,858
Total Expenditures	7,742,634	1	,243,766		1,321,005		10,307,405
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	1,139,639		(513,019)		377,116		1,003,736
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in (out)	(338,712)		513,019		(174,307)		_
Transfeld in (out)	(330,712)		313,017		(171,307)		
Net change in fund balance	800,927		-		202,809		1,003,736
Fund Balance at beginning of year	1,175,592	-					1,175,592
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 1,976,519	\$		\$	202,809	\$	2,179,328

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures an Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 1.003.736

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. These amounts for the year were as follows:

Capital Outlay 831,079
Depreciation and amortization expense (1,141,270) (310,191)

Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds. This is the difference between the two basis of recognition.

443,973

Increase in long term liabilities is revenue in the governmental funds, but a decrease or repayment of such payables reduces liabilities in the statement of net position.

Long-term liabilities issued (102,115)
Principal payments on long-term liabilities 632,908

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 1,668,311

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Pinecrest Glades Preparatory Academy Middle High School (the "School"), is a charter school sponsored by the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The Schools' charter is held by Pinecrest Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Pinecrest Academy, Inc., which is composed of six members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2031 and it can be renewed in accordance with the law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in Miami, Florida for students from six through twelfth grade and is funded by the District. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2023, when on average 1,097 students were enrolled for the school year.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

## Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

## Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity.

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, such as food service and student activity fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues and other miscellaneous sources.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds:

*General Fund* - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – accounts for specific revenues, such as federal funding, federal lunch program, and COVID-19 emergency relief funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. Also, accounts for resources of the School's Internal Fund, which is used to administer monies collected in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

Capital Projects Fund – is used to account for the resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital assets and for state capital outlay funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

## Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions.

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues and other miscellaneous sources.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

## **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

## Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 2).

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

Money market investment that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

## Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

#### Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets

Other assets consist mainly of prepaid expenses which are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification.

#### Long-Term Debt and Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

## Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP.

Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made. The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

## Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method.

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in the government-wide statements. Proceeds received from the sale or disposal of capital assets are recorded as Other Financing Sources in the governmental funds. The right of use assets are initially measure at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right of use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for capital assets are as follows:

Building and Leasehold Improvements	10-20 Years
Right-of-use lease asset (building)	14 Years
Furniture and Equipment	5 Years
Audio Visual and Software	3 Years

# Net position and Fund Balance Classifications

## Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of balances with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments. There is no restricted net position balance at year end.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

#### Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

### **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with prepaid expenses (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned). All nonspendable fund balances at year end relate to not in spendable form assets.
- b) Restricted this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. Restricted balances at year end pertain to the School's lunch program.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditure are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

## Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

#### **Inter-fund Transfers**

Inter-fund receivables/payables ("due from/to") are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

#### **Income Taxes**

Pinecrest Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## New Accounting Standard Adopted

In fiscal year 2023, the School adopted a new statement of financial accounting standard issued by Governmental Accounting Standards Board: GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. The adoption had no effect on the School's 2023 financial statements.

#### Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

GASB has issued GASBS Statement No. 101, Compensating Absences. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for certain types of compensated absences including parental leave, military leave, and injury duty leave. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements.

#### Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 15, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### Note 2 – Cash and Investments

## **Deposits**

The School maintains its cash in one financial institution. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Pinecrest Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Pinecrest Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2023, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage were \$881.

#### Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2023, the School had \$2,870,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2023, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 91% within 30 days.

#### Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

As of June 30, 2023, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

*Interest rate risk* is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

# Note 3 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Capital Assets Non Depreciable:         Capital Assets Non Depreciable:         Capital Assets Non Depreciable:         Capital Assets         Seconstruction in progress         \$ 224,339         \$ (224,339)         \$ -           Capital Assets:         Buildings and improvements         8,626         473,900         224,339         706,865           Audio visual materials         49,738         9,959         -         59,697           Furniture and equipment         1,611,946         122,881         -         1,734,827           Total Capital Assets         1,670,310         831,079         -         2,501,389           Less Accumulated Depreciation:         Buildings and improvements         (6,613)         (34,079)         -         (40,692)           Audito visual materials         (8,800)         (6,302)         -         (15,102)           Furniture and equipment         (1,228,468)         (227,107)         -         (1,455,575)           Total Accumulated Depreciation         (1,243,881)         (267,488)         -         (1,511,369)           Capital Assets, net         \$ 426,429         \$ 563,591         \$ -         \$ 990,020           Lease Assets:           Right of use lease asset (building)         \$ 13,106,737         -         -         (1,747,564)     <		Balance			Balance
Construction in progress         \$ -         \$ 224,339         \$ (224,339)         \$ -           Capital Assets:         Buildings and improvements         8,626         473,900         224,339         706,865           Audio visual materials         49,738         9,959         -         59,697           Furniture and equipment         1,611,946         122,881         -         1,734,827           Total Capital Assets         1,670,310         831,079         -         2,501,389           Less Accumulated Depreciation:         8         8,800         6,302         -         (15,102)           Buildings and improvements         (8,800)         (6,302)         -         (15,102)           Furniture and equipment         (1,228,468)         (227,107)         -         (1,455,575)           Total Accumulated Depreciation         (1,243,881)         (267,488)         -         (1,511,369)           Capital Assets, net         \$ 426,429         \$ 563,591         \$         -         \$ 990,020           Lease Assets:         Right of use lease asset (building)         \$ 13,106,737         \$         -         \$ 13,106,737           Less accumulated amortization:         (873,782)         (873,782)         -         (1,747,564)		07/01/22	Additions		06/30/23
Capital Assets:         Buildings and improvements         8,626         473,900         224,339         706,865           Audio visual materials         49,738         9,959         -         59,697           Furniture and equipment         1,611,946         122,881         -         1,734,827           Total Capital Assets         1,670,310         831,079         -         2,501,389           Less Accumulated Depreciation:         800         6,613         (34,079)         -         (40,692)           Audito visual materials         (8,800)         (6,302)         -         (15,102)           Furniture and equipment         (1,228,468)         (227,107)         -         (1,455,575)           Total Accumulated Depreciation         (1,243,881)         (267,488)         -         (1,511,369)           Capital Assets, net         \$426,429         \$563,591         \$         -         \$990,020           Lease Assets:           Right of use lease asset (building)         \$13,106,737         \$         -         \$13,106,737           Less accumulated amortization:         (873,782)         -         \$13,106,737           Total Lease Assets being amortized, net         12,232,955         (873,782)         -         \$11,359,173 <th>Capital Assets Non Depreciable:</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Capital Assets Non Depreciable:				
Buildings and improvements         8,626         473,900         224,339         706,865           Audio visual materials         49,738         9,959         -         59,697           Furniture and equipment         1,611,946         122,881         -         1,734,827           Total Capital Assets         1,670,310         831,079         -         2,501,389           Less Accumulated Depreciation:         831,079         -         (40,692)           Buildings and improvements         (6,613)         (34,079)         -         (40,692)           Audito visual materials         (8,800)         (6,302)         -         (15,102)           Furniture and equipment         (1,228,468)         (227,107)         -         (1,455,575)           Total Accumulated Depreciation         (1,243,881)         (267,488)         -         (1,511,369)           Capital Assets, net         \$426,429         \$563,591         \$         -         \$990,020           Lease Assets:           Right of use lease asset (building)         \$13,106,737         \$         -         \$13,106,737           Less accumulated amortization:         (873,782)         (873,782)         -         \$11,359,173           Total Lease Assets being amortized, net <t< td=""><td>Construction in progress</td><td>\$ -</td><td>\$ 224,339</td><td>\$ (224,339)</td><td>\$ -</td></t<>	Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ 224,339	\$ (224,339)	\$ -
Audio visual materials       49,738       9,959       -       59,697         Furniture and equipment       1,611,946       122,881       -       1,734,827         Total Capital Assets       1,670,310       831,079       -       2,501,389         Less Accumulated Depreciation:       Buildings and improvements       (6,613)       (34,079)       -       (40,692)         Audito visual materials       (8,800)       (6,302)       -       (15,102)         Furniture and equipment       (1,228,468)       (227,107)       -       (1,455,575)         Total Accumulated Depreciation       (1,243,881)       (267,488)       -       (1,511,369)         Capital Assets, net       \$ 426,429       \$ 563,591       \$       -       \$ 990,020         Lease Assets:         Right of use lease asset (building)       \$ 13,106,737       \$       -       \$ 13,106,737         Less accumulated amortization:       (873,782)       -       \$ 11,359,173         Total Lease Assets being amortized, net       12,232,955       (873,782)       -       11,359,173	Capital Assets:				
Furniture and equipment         1,611,946         122,881         -         1,734,827           Total Capital Assets         1,670,310         831,079         -         2,501,389           Less Accumulated Depreciation:         Buildings and improvements         (6,613)         (34,079)         -         (40,692)           Audito visual materials         (8,800)         (6,302)         -         (15,102)           Furniture and equipment         (1,228,468)         (227,107)         -         (1,455,575)           Total Accumulated Depreciation         (1,243,881)         (267,488)         -         (1,511,369)           Capital Assets, net         \$ 426,429         \$ 563,591         \$         -         \$ 990,020           Lease Assets:           Right of use lease asset (building)         \$ 13,106,737         \$         -         \$ 13,106,737           Less accumulated amortization:         (873,782)         (873,782)         -         \$ 11,359,173           Total Lease Assets being amortized, net         12,232,955         (873,782)         -         11,359,173	Buildings and improvements	8,626	473,900	224,339	706,865
Total Capital Assets         1,670,310         831,079         -         2,501,389           Less Accumulated Depreciation:         Buildings and improvements         (6,613)         (34,079)         -         (40,692)           Audito visual materials         (8,800)         (6,302)         -         (15,102)           Furniture and equipment         (1,228,468)         (227,107)         -         (1,455,575)           Total Accumulated Depreciation         (1,243,881)         (267,488)         -         (1,511,369)           Capital Assets, net         \$ 426,429         \$ 563,591         \$         -         \$ 990,020           Lease Assets:         Right of use lease asset (building)         \$ 13,106,737         \$         -         \$ 13,106,737           Less accumulated amortization:         (873,782)         (873,782)         -         \$ 11,359,173           Total Lease Assets being amortized, net         12,232,955         (873,782)         -         11,359,173	Audio visual materials	49,738	9,959	-	59,697
Less Accumulated Depreciation:       Buildings and improvements       (6,613)       (34,079)       -       (40,692)         Audito visual materials       (8,800)       (6,302)       -       (15,102)         Furniture and equipment       (1,228,468)       (227,107)       -       (1,455,575)         Total Accumulated Depreciation       (1,243,881)       (267,488)       -       (1,511,369)         Capital Assets, net       \$ 426,429       \$ 563,591       \$       -       \$ 990,020         Lease Assets:       Right of use lease asset (building)       \$ 13,106,737       \$       -       \$ 13,106,737         Less accumulated amortization:       (873,782)       (873,782)       -       \$ 11,359,173         Total Lease Assets being amortized, net       12,232,955       (873,782)       -       11,359,173	Furniture and equipment	1,611,946	122,881		1,734,827
Buildings and improvements       (6,613)       (34,079)       -       (40,692)         Audito visual materials       (8,800)       (6,302)       -       (15,102)         Furniture and equipment       (1,228,468)       (227,107)       -       (1,455,575)         Total Accumulated Depreciation       (1,243,881)       (267,488)       -       (1,511,369)         Capital Assets, net       \$ 426,429       \$ 563,591       \$       -       \$ 990,020         Lease Assets:         Right of use lease asset (building)       \$13,106,737       \$       -       \$ 13,106,737         Less accumulated amortization:       (873,782)       (873,782)       -       (1,747,564)         Total Lease Assets being amortized, net       12,232,955       (873,782)       -       11,359,173	Total Capital Assets	1,670,310	831,079		2,501,389
Audito visual materials       (8,800)       (6,302)       -       (15,102)         Furniture and equipment       (1,228,468)       (227,107)       -       (1,455,575)         Total Accumulated Depreciation       (1,243,881)       (267,488)       -       (1,511,369)         Capital Assets, net       \$ 426,429       \$ 563,591       \$       -       \$ 990,020         Lease Assets:       Right of use lease asset (building)       \$13,106,737       \$       -       \$ 13,106,737         Less accumulated amortization:       (873,782)       (873,782)       -       (1,747,564)         Total Lease Assets being amortized, net       12,232,955       (873,782)       -       11,359,173	Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Furniture and equipment         (1,228,468)         (227,107)         - (1,455,575)           Total Accumulated Depreciation         (1,243,881)         (267,488)         - (1,511,369)           Capital Assets, net         \$ 426,429         \$ 563,591         \$ - \$ 990,020           Lease Assets:         Right of use lease asset (building)         \$13,106,737         \$ - \$ \$ 13,106,737           Less accumulated amortization:         (873,782)         (873,782)         - (1,747,564)           Total Lease Assets being amortized, net         12,232,955         (873,782)         - 11,359,173	Buildings and improvements	(6,613)	(34,079)	-	(40,692)
Total Accumulated Depreciation         (1,243,881)         (267,488)         -         (1,511,369)           Capital Assets, net         \$ 426,429         \$ 563,591         \$ -         \$ 990,020           Lease Assets:           Right of use lease asset (building)         \$13,106,737         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 13,106,737           Less accumulated amortization:         (873,782)         (873,782)         -         (1,747,564)           Total Lease Assets being amortized, net         12,232,955         (873,782)         -         11,359,173	Audito visual materials	(8,800)	(6,302)	-	(15,102)
Capital Assets, net       \$ 426,429       \$ 563,591       \$ -       \$ 990,020         Lease Assets:       Right of use lease asset (building)       \$13,106,737       \$ -       \$ -       \$ 13,106,737         Less accumulated amortization:       (873,782)       (873,782)       -       (1,747,564)         Total Lease Assets being amortized, net       12,232,955       (873,782)       -       11,359,173	Furniture and equipment	(1,228,468)	(227,107)	-	(1,455,575)
Lease Assets:       Right of use lease asset (building)       \$13,106,737       \$ -       \$ -       \$ 13,106,737         Less accumulated amortization:       (873,782)       (873,782)       -       (1,747,564)         Total Lease Assets being amortized, net       12,232,955       (873,782)       -       11,359,173	Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,243,881)	(267,488)	-	(1,511,369)
Right of use lease asset (building)       \$13,106,737       \$ -       \$ -       \$ 13,106,737         Less accumulated amortization:       (873,782)       (873,782)       -       (1,747,564)         Total Lease Assets being amortized, net       12,232,955       (873,782)       -       11,359,173	Capital Assets, net	\$ 426,429	\$ 563,591	\$ -	\$ 990,020
Less accumulated amortization:       (873,782)       (873,782)       -       (1,747,564)         Total Lease Assets being amortized, net       12,232,955       (873,782)       -       11,359,173	Lease Assets:				
Total Lease Assets being amortized, net 12,232,955 (873,782) - 11,359,173	Right of use lease asset (building)	\$13,106,737	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,106,737
<u> </u>	Less accumulated amortization:	(873,782)	(873,782)		(1,747,564)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net \$12,659,384 \$ (310,191) \$ - \$ 12,349,193	Total Lease Assets being amortized, net	12,232,955	(873,782)		11,359,173
	Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$12,659,384	\$ (310,191)	\$ -	\$ 12,349,193

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, depreciation and amortization expense are allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

	<u>Deprectation</u>	<u>Amortization</u>
Instruction	\$ 229,516	\$ -
School administration	7,429	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	7,133	-
Food services	1,226	-
Operation of plant	19,808	873,782
Maintenance of plant	2,376	
Total Expense	\$ 267,488	\$ 873,782

## Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Dade, LLC, an education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual education services.

The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis. The agreement is with Pinecrest Academy, Inc. through June 30, 2028, and unless terminated by the board will have the option to renew for an additional five-year period. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School incurred \$493,650, in fees.

## Note 5 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Pinecrest Academy, Inc.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the School's facility was shared with Pinecrest Glades Preparatory Academy WL#2031 (a charter schools under Pinecrest Academy, Inc.). Management allocates a proportionate share of leases, salaries, lunch receipts, food and supplies, and other expenses to each school individually based on student enrollment and usage of facilities and staff to these schools. In addition, the student activities account for both charters was recorded in the books of Pinecrest Glades Preparatory Academy.

Pinecrest Academy, Inc. charges all its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. The School paid Pinecrest Academy, Inc. approximately \$187,400 in connection with these charges during the year.

## **Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities**

The School entered into a lease agreement with Tamiami School Property, LLC for its facility including all ancillary facilities, outdoor areas and other improvements. The landlord is an affiliate of the School's education service and support provider (See Note 4). Initial fixed annual payments under this agreement are approximately \$2,434,954 adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance.

The agreement continues through June 30, 2036 with an option to renew for two additional five-year terms.

## **Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)**

At the time of the initial measurement, the lease right of use asset and liability were allocated between the School and Pinecrest Glades Academy based on enrollment and usage of facility. The allocation used was approximately 49% for Pinecrest Glades Academy and 51% for the School and there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The School used an average effective interest for several borrowings during fiscal year 2021 and 2022. The average borrowing rate was 5% which was used to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use this asset and the lease liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, interest expense totaled \$610,858, as it relates to its lease agreements. The School also incurred variable and other payments of \$174,160 related to the lease agreement.

Annual requirements to amortize the lease liability and related interest are as follows:

<b>Year</b>	<b>Principal</b>	<u>Interest</u>	<b>Total</b>	
2024	\$ 665,290	\$ 578,477	\$ 1,243,767	
2025	699,327	544,440	1,243,767	
2026	735,106	508,661	1,243,767	
2027	772,715	471,052	1,243,767	
2028	812,249	431,518	1,243,767	
2029-2033	4,728,775	1,490,060	6,218,835	Total for a five year period
2034-2036	3,458,263	273,038	3,731,301	Total for a three year period
	\$ 11,871,725	\$ 4,297,246	\$ 16,168,971	

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

	Balance						Balance	
	07/01/22	A	dditions	F	Payments	06/30/23		
Lease liability - building	\$12,504,633	\$	-	\$	(632,908)	\$	11,871,725	
Lease liability - deferred rent	24,261		102,115				126,376	
	\$ 12,528,894	\$	102,115	\$	(632,908)		#NAME?	

## **Note 7 – Contingencies and Concentrations**

#### Contingencies and concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the State through the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School participates in a number of federal, state and local grants which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of revenue, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 5% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2023, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$36,633.

#### **Note 8 - Interfund Transfers**

Interfund transfers in government funds as of June 30, 2023 consists of the followings:

	General Fund		Capital Outlay		Special	
				Fund		Revenue Fund
To fund capital projects fund	\$	(513,019)	\$	513,019	\$	-
Transfer to general fund for prior year federal expenditures		174,307				(174,307)
Total Transfers, net	\$	(338,712)	\$	513,019	\$	(174,307)
Due from/(Due to) fund balances are as follows:						
Due to general fund from capital projects fund for capital outlay	\$	58,592	\$	(58,592)	\$	-
Due to general fund from special revenue fund for Title IV and ESSER grants		417,231		-		(417,231)
Total Due from/(Due to)	\$	475,823	\$	(58,592)	\$	(417,231)

#### Note 9 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

## **Note 9 – Risk Management (continued)**

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreements, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

#### Note 10 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, which are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a match of 100% of the employees contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$95,945 for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

		General Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		
REVENUES		_			
State passed through local	\$ 8,468,721	\$ 8,792,039	\$ 8,793,050		
Other revenue	94,531	88,039	89,223		
Total Revenues	8,563,252	8,880,078	8,882,273		
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction	3,736,575	4,838,920	4,836,675		
Student support services	166,694	12,039	10,660		
Instructional staff training	21,039	20,192	18,849		
Board	77,875	64,920	62,075		
School administration	690,990	662,930	660,615		
Fiscal services	179,625	166,940	164,550		
Central services	199,025	189,023	187,886		
Operation of plant	796,536	877,399	875,548		
Maintenance of plant	232,500	147,893	145,698		
Administrative technology services	36,838	41,093	38,560		
Total Current Expenditures	6,137,697	7,021,349	7,001,116		
Excess of Revenues		_			
Over Current Expenditures	2,425,555	1,858,729	1,881,157		
Capital Outlay					
Other capital outlay	20,000	742,000	741,518		
Total Capital Outlay	20,000	742,000	741,518		
Total Expenditures	6,157,697	7,763,349	7,742,634		
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	2,405,555	1,116,729	1,139,639		
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in (out)	(613,374)	(468,941)	(338,712)		
Net change in fund balance	1,792,181	647,788	800,927		
Fund Balance at beginning of year	1,175,592	1,175,592	1,175,592		
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 2,967,773	\$ 1,823,380	\$ 1,976,519		

## Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Pinecrest Academy Charter Schools (A charter school under Pinecrest Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Fund					
	Original Budget	Final Budget	l Budget Actual			
REVENUES						
Federal sources	\$ 1,412,163	\$ 842,039	\$ 1,161,275			
Lunch program	400,000	534,922	536,846			
Total Revenues	1,812,163	1,376,961	1,698,121			
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction	755,077	282,039	279,127			
Student support services	205,000	137,007	142,755			
Instructional staff training	35,000	51,039	49,518			
School administration	212,093	224,099	222,358			
Food services	400,000	336,043	334,037			
Operation of plant	204,993	205,849	203,649			
Total Current Expenditures	1,812,163	1,236,076	1,231,444			
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues						
Over Current Expenditures		140,885	466,677			
Capital Outlay						
Other Capital Outlay	-	95,000	89,561			
Total Capital Outlay						
Total Expenditures	1,812,163	1,331,076	1,321,005			
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	45,885	377,116			
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in (out)		(45,885)	(174,307)			
Net change in fund balance	-	-	202,809			
Fund Balance at beginning of year	<del>_</del> _					
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 202,809			

## Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Pinecrest Glades Preparatory Academy Middle High School Miami, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Pinecrest Glades Preparatory Academy Middle High School (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2023.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 15, 2023 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 15, 2023



#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors of Pinecrest Glades Preparatory Academy Middle High School Miami, Florida

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of Pinecrest Glades Preparatory Academy Middle High School, Florida as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2023.

## **Auditor's Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

#### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in those reports and schedules which are dated September 15, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

## **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

#### **Official Title**

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity is Pinecrest Glades Preparatory Academy Middle High School, 7027.

### **Financial Condition and Management**

Section 10.854(1)(e)2, and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Pinecrest Glades Preparatory Academy Middle High School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Pinecrest Glades Preparatory Academy Middle High School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Pinecrest Glades Preparatory Academy Middle High School. It is management's responsibility to monitor Pinecrest Glades Preparatory Academy Middle High School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any recommendations.

## **Transparency**

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether Pinecrest Glades Preparatory Academy Middle High School maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Pinecrest Glades Preparatory Academy Middle High School maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

#### **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Miami-Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Coral Gables, Florida September 15, 2023 CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP