

Pinecrest Lakes Academy (A charter school under Pinecrest Academy, Inc. and Component Unit of the School District of Lake County, Florida)

WL# 9041

Minneola, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report June 30, 2023

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

General Information	1
Independent Auditors' Report.	2-4
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
(Required Supplementary Information)	5-9
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position.	10
Statement of Activities.	11
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance	
Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	16-29
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules.	30-31
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial	
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an	
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With	
Government Auditing Standards	32-33
Management Letter	34-35

> 14012 Old Highway 50, Minneola, FL 34711

## 2022-2023

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Carlos Alvarez, Chair and President, Director Shannie Sadesky, Director Juan Molina, Secretary, Director Erin Demirjian, Director Albert Maillo, Director Sheila Gonzalez, Director

#### SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

Christina Alcalde, Principal



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Pinecrest Lakes Academy Minneola, Florida

# **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Pinecrest Lakes Academy (the "School"), a charter school under Pinecrest Academy, Inc., which is a component unit of the School District of Lake County, as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

396 Alhambra Circle, Suite 900, Coral Gables, FL 33134 • Tel: 305.446.3022 • Fax: 305.446.6319 www.hlbgravier.com

HLB Gravier, LLP is a member of (HLB) International. A world-wide organization of accounting firms and business advisers.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

# Emphasis of a Matter – Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of the School that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Pinecrest Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Pinecrest Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2023 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 30 through 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report September 29, 2023 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HB Gravier, UP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

Pinecrest Lake Academy (A Charter School under Pinecrest Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2023

The corporate officers of Pinecrest Academy, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

## **Financial Highlights**

- 1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2023 was \$907,789.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$1,903,359.
- 3. The School had a decrease in its net position of \$(177,150) for the year ended June 30, 2023.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$99,396.

# **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

# Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between the four is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-11 of this report.

# Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

# Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16-29 of this report.

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, assets exceeded liabilities by \$907,789 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023	2022
Cash	\$ 422,371	\$ 429,005
Investments	615,000	570,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	539,888	357,476
Due from other agencies	326,100	365,401
Deposit receivable	32,060	32,060
Capital and right-of-use assets, net	12,816,625	9,590,638
Total Assets	14,752,044	11,344,580
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Salaries and wages payable	282,106	195,824
Accounts payable	421,196	263,380
Due to landlord	119,139	80,987
Notes payable	51,612	75,484
Lease liability	12,970,202	9,643,966
Total Liabilities	13,844,255	10,259,641
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	(324,328)	(209,799)
Unrestricted	1,232,117	1,294,738
Total Net Position	\$ 907,789	\$ 1,084,939

At the end of both fiscal years, the School is able to report positive balances in total net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 follows:

	2023		2022
REVENUES			 
Program Revenues			
Federal sources	\$	680,894	\$ 609,254
Capital grants & contributions		669,113	476,222
Lunch program		408,538	245,634
Charges for services		531,396	417,169
General Revenues			
Local sources (FTE non specific)		7,835,715	5,490,811
Other revenues		438,952	 211,687
Total Revenues	\$	10,564,608	\$ 7,450,777
EXPENSES			
Component Unit Activities:			
Instruction	\$	5,396,198	\$ 3,615,273
Student support services		158,139	54,315
Instruction staff trainning		18,446	36,746
Board		56,421	40,571
School administration		977,105	809,538
Fiscal services		152,400	114,525
Food services		372,959	295,840
Central services		244,291	154,385
Operation of plant		1,989,184	1,366,263
Maintenance of plant		189,109	170,908
Administrative technology services		47,107	33,182
Community services		564,900	370,475
Debt service		575,499	496,788
Total Expenses		10,741,758	 7,558,809
Change in Net Position		(177,150)	 (108,032)
Net Position at Beginning of Year		1,084,939	 1,192,971
Net Position at End of Year	\$	907,789	\$ 1,084,939

The School's revenues and expenditures increased by \$3,113,832 and \$3,107,785 respectively. The School had a decrease in its net position of \$(177,150) for the current year.

# **Facility and School Location**

The School entered into a lease agreement for use of facility located at 14012 Old Highway 50, Minneola, FL 34711.

# **Capital Improvement Requirements**

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

## **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$639,284. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$99,396. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

# **Capital Assets**

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2023 amounts to \$315,271 (net of accumulated depreciation) and the right of use lease asset (building) \$12,501,354 net of accumulated amortization. This investment in capital assets includes building, leasehold improvements, furniture, fixtures and computer equipment. As of June 30, 2023, the School had long-term liabilities of \$13,140,953 associated to capital assets and working capital.

# **Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights**

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for total governmental funds (both general fund and special revenue funds) to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
REVENUES				
Program Revenues				
Federal sources	\$ 905,705	\$ 398,829	\$ 400,348	
State capital outlay funding	522,002	667,920	669,113	
Lunch program	290,288	407,682	408,538	
Charges and other revenue	430,000	530,221	531,396	
General Revenues				
State passed through local and other local	7,383,410	7,834,023	7,835,715	
Charges and other revenues	1,179,808	437,921	438,952	
Total Revenues	10,711,213	10,276,596	10,284,062	
CURRENT EXPENDITURES Component Unit Activities				
Instruction	5,411,359	5,286,949	5,283,970	
Student support services	172,791	160,013	158,139	
Instruction staff trainning	27,350	28,902	18,446	
Board	53,469	57,920	56,421	
School administration	981,466	978,932	977,105	
Fiscal services	151,875	153,574	152,400	
Food services	290,288	365,505	364,110	
Central services	223,875	245,983	244,291	
Operation of plant	1,000,649	1,015,331	1,013,120	
Maintenance of plant	360,000	186,892	185,395	
Administrative technology services	52,000	48,920	47,107	
Community services	430,000	566,281	564,900	
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 9,155,122	\$ 9,095,202	\$ 9,065,404	

Most variances occurred as a result of the budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Broward, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

<u>Assets</u> Current assets:	Governmental Activities
Cash	\$ 422,371
Investments	¢ 422,371 615,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	539,888
Due from other agencies	326,100
Total Current Assets	1,903,359
	1,705,557
Capital assets, net:	
Capital assets, depreciable	1,485,178
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,169,907)
Right-of-use lease asset	14,001,409
Less: accumulated amortization	(1,500,055)
Total Capital Assets, Net	12,816,625
-	
Deposit receivable	32,060
Total Assets	14,752,044
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	421,196
Salaries and wages payable	282,106
Notes payable, current portion	25,151
Lease liability, current portion	465,696
Total Current Liabilities	1,194,149
Total Cullent Liabilities	1,194,149
Deferred rent	119,139
Notes payable	26,461
Lease liability	12,504,506
Total Liabilities	13,844,255
	, ,
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	(324,328)
Unrestricted	1,232,117
Total Net Position	\$ 907,789
	÷ ,,,,,,,,,,

# Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2023

		Program Revenues							
FUNCTIONS	Expenses		arges for Services	G	perating rants and ntributions	Gr	Capital ants and tributions	aı	t (Expense) Revenue nd Changes Net Position
Governmental activities:									
Instruction	\$ 5,396,198	\$	310,415	\$	621,967	\$	-	\$	(4,463,816)
Student support services	158,139		-		-		-		(158,139)
Instruction staff trainning	18,446		-		27,350		-		8,904
Board	56,421		-		-		-		(56,421)
School administration	977,105		-		-		-		(977,105)
Fiscal services	152,400		-		-		-		(152,400)
Food services	372,959		195,581		212,957		-		35,579
Central services	244,291		-		-		-		(244,291)
Operation of plant	1,989,184		57,101		31,577		669,113		(1,231,393)
Maintenance of plant	189,109		-		-		-		(189,109)
Administrative technology services	47,107		-		-		-		(47,107)
Community services	564,900		531,396		-		-		(33,504)
Debt service	575,499		-		-		-		(575,499)
Total governmental activities	10,741,758	1	1,094,493		893,851		669,113		(8,084,301)

General revenues:	
FTE and other nonspecific revenues	7,835,715
Interest and other revenue	 71,436
Change in net position	(177,150)
Net position, beginning	1,084,939
Net position, ending	\$ 907,789

# Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

			Special			Total		
	Ger	neral Fund						overnmental
			Re	venue Fund		Funds		
Assets								
Cash	\$	142,144	\$	280,227	\$	422,371		
Investments	Ψ	615,000	Ψ	- 200,227	Ψ	615,000		
Due from other agencies		12,020		33,534		45,554		
Due from fund		33,534				33,534		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		539,888				539,888		
Total Assets	1	,342,586		313,761		1,656,347		
Total Assets	1	,542,580		515,701		1,050,547		
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		-		-		-		
Liabilities								
Salaries and wages payable		282,106		-		282,106		
Accounts payable		421,196		-		421,196		
Due to fund		-		33,534		33,534		
Total Liabilities		703,302		33,534		736,836		
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Fund balance								
Nonspendable, not in spendable form		539,888		-		539,888		
Assigned		-		280,227		280,227		
Unassigned		99,396		-		99,396		
č		639,284		280,227		919,511		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				<u> </u>		·		
Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 1	,342,586	\$	313,761	\$	1,656,347		

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$	919,511
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the st different because:	tatement of net position are		
Depreciable and non-depreciable capi depreciation and amortization used i not financial resources and therefore a	n governmental activities are		
Capital assets, depreciable	1,485,178		
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,169,907)		
Right-of-use lease asset	14,001,409		
Less: accumulated amortization	(1,500,055)		12,816,625
Deposits used in governmental a resources and therefore are not reported			32,060
Receivables in governmental activitie are not current financial resources reported in the governmental funds.			280,546
Long term liabilities which is not du period and, therefore, is not reported i			
Note payable	(51,612)		
Lease liability and deferred rent CPI	(13,089,341)	(	13,140,953)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$	907,789

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	•	*	<b>.</b>	
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ 669,113	\$ -	\$ 669,113
State passed through local and other local	7,835,715	-	-	7,835,715
Federal sources	-	-	400,348	400,348
Lunch program	-	-	408,538	408,538
Charges and other revenues	438,952		531,396	970,348
Total Revenues	8,274,667	669,113	1,340,282	10,284,062
Expenditures:				
Current				
Instruction	4,751,576	-	532,394	5,283,970
Student support services	158,139	-	-	158,139
Instruction staff trainning	(8,904)	-	27,350	18,446
Board	56,421	-	-	56,421
School administration	977,105	-	-	977,105
Fiscal services	152,400	-	-	152,400
Food services	-	-	364,110	364,110
Central services	244,291	-	-	244,291
Operation of plant	981,543	-	31,577	1,013,120
Maintenance of plant	185,395	-	-	185,395
Administrative technology services	47,107	-	-	47,107
Community services	-	-	564,900	564,900
Capital Outlay:				·
Right-of-use lease asset (building)	-	3,935,976	-	3,935,976
Other capital outlay	294,468	-	4,714	299,182
Debt Service:				
Repayment of Principal	23,872	609,740	-	633,612
Interest expense	2,467	573,032	-	575,499
Total Expenditures	7,865,880	5,118,748	1,525,045	14,509,673
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	408,787	(4,449,635)	(184,763)	(4,225,611)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in (out)	(664,918)	513,659	151,259	-
Increase in lease liability	(001,910)	3,935,976		3,935,976
mereuse in leuse nuonity				
Net change in fund balance	(256,131)	-	(33,504)	(289,635)
Fund Balance at beginning of year	895,415		313,731	1,209,146
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 639,284	\$ -	\$ 280,227	\$ 919,511

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ (289,635)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. These amounts during the year were as follows:	
Capital outlay299,182Depreciation and amortization expense(1,009,171)	(709,989)
	(10),20)
Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds.	280,546
Increase in long term liabilities is revenue in the governmental funds, but a decrease or repayment of such payables reduces liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Increase in long term liabilities (91,684)	
Principal reductions on long-term liabilities 633,612	 541,928
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (177,150)
The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.	

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## **Reporting Entity**

Pinecrest Lake Academy (the "School"), is a is a component unit of the School Board of Lake County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Pinecrest Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Pinecrest Academy, Inc., which is composed of six members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Lake County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2031 and it can be renewed in accordance with the law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School, serves students for grades kindergarten through eight and is funded by the District. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2023, when on average 1,016 students were enrolled for the school year.

# **Basis of Presentation**

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

# Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, such as food service and student activity fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. In addition, revenues not classified ad program revenues are shown ad general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues, and other miscellaneous sources.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds:

*General Fund* - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

*Special Revenue Fund* – accounts for specific revenues, such as federal funding, federal lunch program, and COVID-19 emergency relief funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. Also, accounts for resources of the School's Internal Fund, which is used to administer monies collected in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

*Capital Projects Funds* – accounts for state and local capital outlay as authorized by Charter School Capital Outlay, Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes mainly for capital outlay expenditures.

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*. The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

# Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, nonmarketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 2). Money market investment that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

#### Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund receivables/payables ("due from/to") are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

#### Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

### Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

Other assets consist mainly of prepaid expenses which are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification.

#### Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method.

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in the government wide statements. Proceeds received from the sale or disposal of capital assets are recorded as other financing sources in the governmental funds.

The right of use assets are initially measure at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right of use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease. Estimated useful lives, in years, for capital assets are as follows:

Right of use asset (building)	15 Years
Improvements	10 Years
Furniture, Equipment, and Computers	5 Years
Software	3 Years

## Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. Employees may "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the State through the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP.

Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

# Net Position and Fund Balance Classifications

### Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

a) <u>Net investment in capital assets</u>- consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- b) <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of balances with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net positions</u> all other balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

# Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

- a) <u>Nonspendable</u> includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with prepaid expenses. At year end all nonspendable fund balances pertained to assets not in spendable form.
- b) <u>Restricted</u> this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Assigned fund balances at year end pertain to the School's internal account.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### Long –Term Debt and Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

## Income Taxes

Pinecrest Academy, Inc., qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

## New Accounting Standard Adopted

In fiscal year 2023, the School adopted a new statement of financial accounting standard issued by Governmental Accounting Standards Board: GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. The adoption had no material effect on the School's 2023 financial statements.

# Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

GASB has issued GASB Statement No. 101, Compensating Absences. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for certain types of compensated absences including parental leave, military leave, and injury duty leave. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements.

#### Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 29, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# Note 2 – Cash and Investments

### **Deposits**

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in two financial institutions. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Pinecrest Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Pinecrest Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2023, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage was \$482,410.

## Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2023, the School had \$1,480,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2023, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 91% within 30 days.

# Credit Risk

*Concentration of credit risk* is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

*Custodial credit risk* is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

At June 30, 2023, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

## Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (continued)

*Interest rate risk* is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

## Note 3 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance 07/01/22	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Balance 06/30/23
Capital Assets, depreciable:				
Leasehold improvements	\$ 50,297	\$ 18,728	\$ -	\$ 69,025
Furniture, Fixtures and equipment	1,135,150	275,122	(130,771)	1,279,501
Audio visual materials	127,176	5,332	-	132,508
Motor vehicles	4,144			4,144
Total Capital Assets	1,316,767	299,182	(130,771)	1,485,178
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Leasehold improvements	(18,912)	(13,493)	-	(32,405)
Furniture, Fixtures and equipment	(1,039,399)	(113,621)	130,771	(1,022,249)
Audio visual materials	(100,088)	(11,021)	-	(111,109)
Motor vehicles	(4,075)	(69)		(4,144)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,162,474)	(138,204)	130,771	(1,169,907)
Capital Assets, net	\$ 154,293	\$ 160,978	\$ -	\$ 315,271
Lease Assets:				
Right of use lease asset (building)	\$10,065,433	\$ 3,935,976	\$ -	\$ 14,001,409
Less accumulated amortization:	(629,088)	(870,967)		(1,500,055)
Total Lease Assets being amortized, net	9,436,345	3,065,009	-	12,501,354
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 9,590,638	\$ 3,225,987	\$	\$ 12,816,625

# Note 3 – Capital Assets (continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, depreciation and amortization expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

	Depreciation	Amortization
Instruction	\$ 112,228	\$ -
Food service	8,849	-
Operation of plant	13,413	870,967
Maintenance of plant	3,714	
Total Expense	\$ 138,204	\$ 870,967

# Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Broward, LLC, an education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis. The agreement continues through June 30, 2028, and unless terminated by the board will have the option to renew for an additional five-year period. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School incurred \$457,200 in fees.

# Note 5 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Pinecrest Academy, Inc.

During 2023, the School shared resources with Pinecrest Lakes Academy Middle High School, a charter school under Pinecrest Academy, Inc. Through the board, management allocates a proportionate share of salaries, lunch receipts, food, supplies and other expenses based on student enrollment and usage of staff to these schools.

Pinecrest Academy, Inc. charges its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. The School paid Pinecrest Academy, Inc., \$152,325 in connection with these charges during the year.

# Note 6 – Long Term Liabilities

On March 1, 2017, Pinecrest Academy, Inc. entered into a lease agreement with Minneola School Development, LLC for 45,976 square feet of space to be used as the School facility. On August 1, 2022, the lease was amended to incorporate Phase 2 of the facility for an additional 19,732 square feet. The agreement continues through June 30, 2037 with an option to renew the lease for two additional term of five years each. The agreement calls for an annual minimum rent of \$873,544 adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance.

# Note 6 – Long Term Liabilities (continued)

Under the above agreements, the School must meet certain covenants and requirements, including a "Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio" of not less than 1.10 to 1.00. The landlord is an affiliate of the School's education service and support provider (See Note 4).

The School has recorded a lease right of use asset and liability, and at the time of the initial measurement, there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The School used an average effective interest for several borrowings during fiscal year 2021 and 2022. At the time of the initial measurement, the average borrowing rate was 5% which was used to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use this asset and the lease liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, interest expense totaled \$649,092, as it relates to its lease agreements. For 2023, variable and other payments of \$195,426 in connection with the lease agreement not previously included in the measurement of the lease liability were recorded in rent expense. Annual requirements to amortize the lease liability and related interest are as follows:

Year	Principal		Interest	Total	_
2024	\$ 656,473	\$	633,601	\$ 1,290,074	_
2025	690,059		600,015	1,290,074	
2026	725,364		564,710	1,290,074	
2027	762,475		527,599	1,290,074	
2028	801,485		488,590	1,290,075	
2029-2033	4,666,108		1,784,264	6,450,372	(Total for a five year period)
2034-2037	 4,668,238		492,061	5,160,299	(Total for a four year period)
	\$ 12,970,202	\$ :	5,090,840	\$ 18,061,042	_

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follow:

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/22	 Additions	Payments	06/30/23
Lease Liability	\$ 9,643,966	\$ 3,935,976	\$ (609,740)	\$ 12,970,202
Deferred Rent	27,455	91,684		119,139
Total Liability	\$ 9,671,421	\$ 4,027,660	\$ (609,740)	\$ 13,089,341

# Note 7 – Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs.

# Note 7 – Contingencies and Concentrations (Continued)

The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School participates in a number of federal, state and local grants which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of revenue, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the charter school contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 5% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2023, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$35,620.

# Note 8 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreement, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

# Note 9 – Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund transfers between governmental funds as of June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

	Ge	eneral Fund	Special venue Fund	Capital Projects Fund
To fund prior period lunch expenditures	\$	44,428	\$ (44,428)	\$ -
To fund spercial revenue fund for federal revenues that were not available		(195,687)	195,687	-
To fund lease payments in the capital projects fund		(513,659)	 -	 513,659
Total Transfers, net	\$	(664,918)	\$ 151,259	\$ 513,659

## Note 9 – Inter-fund Transfers (Continued)

Due from/(Due to) funds consists of the following:

	General Fund			Special Revenue Fund		Projects Fund	
Due to general fund from special revenue fund federal grants	\$	33,534	\$	(33,534)	\$	-	
Total Due from/(Due to)	\$	33,534	\$	(33,534)	\$	-	

Capital

#### Note 10 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, who are leased through ADP Total Source Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a match of 100% of the employees contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed \$89,858 to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.

#### Note 11 – Long Term Debt

Pinecrest Academy, Inc. obtained a term loan from Regions bank in the amount of \$121,585. This note matures in June 2025 and accrues interest at 3.5%. This note is secured by certain of the School's capital assets. The following summarizes the activity during the year:

	Balance	Balance			
	07/01/22	Advances	Repayments	06/30/23	
Equipment financing	\$ 75,484	\$-	\$ (23,872)	\$ 51,612	
Total notes payable	\$ 75,484	\$ -	\$ (23,872)	\$ 51,612	

Future debt service payments are as follows:

Year	P	rincipal	In	terest
2024	\$	\$ 25,151		1,391
2025		26,461		496
	\$	51,612	\$	1,887

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		
REVENUES					
State passed through local and other local	\$ 7,383,410	\$ 7,834,023	\$ 7,835,715		
Interest and other revenues	1,179,808	437,921	438,952		
Total Revenues	8,563,218	8,271,944	8,274,667		
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction	4,813,443	4,752,029	4,751,576		
Student support services	172,791	160,013	158,139		
Instruction staff trainning	-	-	(8,904)		
Board	53,469	57,920	56,421		
School administration	981,466	978,932	977,105		
Fiscal services	151,875	153,574	152,400		
Central services	223,875	245,983	244,291		
Operation of plant	967,748	982,302	981,543		
Maintenance of plant	360,000	186,892	185,395		
Administrative technology services	52,000	48,920	47,107		
Total Current Expenditures	7,776,667	7,566,565	7,545,073		
Excess/(Deficit) of Revenues					
Over Current Expenditures	786,551	705,379	729,594		
Debt Service:					
Redemption of Principal	23,872	23,872	23,872		
Debt service	2,467	2,467	2,467		
Capital Outlay:	,	,	,		
Right-of-use lease asset (building)	3,935,976	3,935,976	3,935,976		
Other Capital Outlay	280,000	295,550	294,468		
Total Capital Outlay and					
Debt Service Expenditures	4,242,315	4,257,865	4,256,783		
Total Expenditures	12,018,982	11,824,430	11,801,856		
i our Expenditures	12,010,902	11,021,150	11,001,000		
Excess/(Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(3,455,764)	(3,552,486)	(3,527,189)		
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in (out)	(413,232)	(706,757)	(664,918)		
Increase in lease liability	3,935,976	3,935,976	3,935,976		
Net change in fund balance	66,980	(323,267)	(256,131)		
Fund Balance at beginning of year	895,415	895,415	895,415		
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 962,395	\$ 572,148	\$ 639,284		

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

		S	d			
	Orig	ginal Budget	Fi	nal Budget		Actual
REVENUES						
Federal sources	\$	905,705	\$	398,829	\$	400,348
Lunch program		290,288		407,682		408,538
Charges and other revenues		430,000		530,221		531,396
Total Revenues		1,625,993		1,336,732		1,340,282
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		597,916		534,920		532,394
Instructional staff training		27,350		28,902		27,350
Food services		290,288		365,505		364,110
Operation of plant		32,901		33,029		31,577
Community services		430,000		566,281		564,900
Total Current Expenditures		1,378,455		1,528,637		1,520,331
Excess of Revenues						
Over Current Expenditures		247,538		(191,905)		(180,049)
Total Expenditures		1,378,455		1,528,637		1,525,045
Excess/(Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		247,538		(191,905)		(184,763)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in (out)		(247,538)		191,905		151,259
Net change in fund balance		-		-		(33,504)
Fund Balance at beginning of year		313,731		313,731		313,731
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	313,731	\$	313,731	\$	280,227

## Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors of Pinecrest Lake Academy Minneola, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities of Pinecrest Lake Academy (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2023.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.



# **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 29, 2023 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

All Gravier, UP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023



# MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of Pinecrest Lake Academy Minneola, Florida

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of Pinecrest Lake Academy, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2023.

# **Auditor's Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing* Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

# **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 29, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

# **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations in the preceding audit report.

# **Official Title**

Section 10.854.(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity is Pinecrest Lake Academy, 9041.

396 Alhambra Circle, Suite 900, Coral Gables, FL 33134 • Tel: 305.446.3022 • Fax: 305.446.6319 www.hlbgravier.com

## **Financial Condition and Management**

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Pinecrest Lake Academy has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Pinecrest Lake Academy did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Pinecrest Lake Academy. It is management's responsibility to monitor Pinecrest Lake Academy's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we had no such recommendations:

## Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether Pinecrest Lake Academy maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Pinecrest Lake Academy maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

#### **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Lake County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

All Gravier, UP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023