

Pinecrest Preparatory Charter School (Orlando Campus)
(A charter school under Pinecrest Academy, Inc.
and a component unit of the School District of Orange County)
WL# 0155

Orlando, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report June 30, 2023

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8503 Daetwyler Drive Orlando, Florida 32827

2022-2023

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

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SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Pinecrest Preparatory Charter School (Orlando Campus) Orlando, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Pinecrest Preparatory Charter School (Orlando Campus) (the "School"), a charter school under Pinecrest Academy, Inc., which is a component unit of the School District of Orange County, as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Pinecrest Academy, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of a Matter – Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of the School that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Pinecrest Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Pinecrest Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2023 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 30 through 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 29, 2023 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023 CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

Pinecrest Preparatory Charter School (Orlando Campus) (A Charter School under Pinecrest Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2023

The corporate officers of Pinecrest Academy, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Financial Highlights

- 1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2023 was \$1,212,748.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$637,658.
- 3. The School had an increase in its net position of \$232,362 for the year ended June 30, 2023.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$510,201.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School's special purpose financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the special purpose financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between the four is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal years.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 - 11 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Government Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Government Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The special purpose governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 29 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, the net position was \$1,212,748 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023	2022
Cash	\$ 34,549	\$ 23,128
Investments	600,000	320,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	3,109	395
Due from other agencies	-	24,263
Deposits receivable	12,232	12,232
Due from other divisions of Pinecrest Academy, Inc.	600,000	600,000
Capital and right-of-use assets, net	2,006,142	2,152,365
Total Assets	3,256,032	3,132,383
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Salaries and wages payable	74,242	84,980
Accounts payable	9,058	46,679
Lease liability	1,959,984	2,020,338
Total Liabilities	2,043,284	2,151,997
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	46,158	132,027
Unrestricted	1,166,590	 848,359
Total Net Position	\$ 1,212,748	\$ 980,386

At the end of the both years, the School can report positive balances in its total net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023	2022
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Capital grants and contributions	\$ 207,191	\$ 150,700
Federal sources	273,480	360,982
Lunch program	6,136	63,070
General Revenues		
Local sources (FTE and other non specific)	2,485,688	2,125,029
Other revenues	112,282	68,807
Total Revenues	\$ 3,084,777	\$ 2,768,588
EXPENSES		
Governmental Activities:		
Instruction	\$ 1,552,110	\$ 1,535,273
Student support services	13,345	57,592
Instructional staff training	16,781	18,489
Board	18,995	18,414
School administration	419,909	462,173
Fiscal services	42,900	40,575
Food services	76,657	125,483
Central services	55,836	56,157
Operation of plant	363,088	319,268
Maintenance of plant	134,202	105,012
Community services	58,946	51,132
Debt service	99,646	
Total Expenses	2,852,415	2,789,568
Change in Net Position	232,362	(20,980)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	980,386	1,001,366
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 1,212,748	\$ 980,386

The School's revenues and expenses increased by \$316,189 and \$62,847, respectively. The School had an increase in its net position of \$232,362 during the year.

Facility and School Location

The School entered into a lease agreement for use of facility located at 8503 Daetwyler Drive, Orlando, Florida 32827.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$513,310. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$510,201. These funds will be available for the School's future operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2023 amounts to \$86,822 (net of accumulated depreciation) and right of use lease asset (building) \$1,919,320 (net of accumulated of amortization). This investment in capital assets includes building, leasehold improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment. As of June 30, 2023 the School had long term liabilities of \$1,959,984 associated to its capital assets.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for total governmental funds (both general fund and special revenue funds) to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund					
	Original Budget		Fi	Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES						
Program Revenues						
State capital outlay	\$	145,933	\$	204,953	\$	207,191
Federal sources		374,503		270,394		273,480
Lunch program		102,454		5,934		6,136
General Revenues						
FTE nonspecific revenues		2,368,238		2,483,093		2,485,688
Charges and other revenues		85,710		109,136		112,282
Total Revenues	\$	3,076,838	\$	3,073,510	\$	3,084,777
CURRENT EXPENDITURES						
Component Unit Activities						
Instruction	\$	1,504,865	\$	1,526,840	\$	1,518,592
Student support services		49,470		15,029		13,345
Instructional staff training		20,932		18,492		15,381
Board		21,206		20,193		18,995
School administration		473,261		424,388		420,808
Food services		102,454		78,393		76,080
Fiscal services		41,625		45,023		42,900
Central services		57,625		56,094		55,836
Operation of plant		361,832		258,784		253,883
Maintenance of plant		98,000		120,984		119,788
Community services		65,000		60,124		58,946
Total Current Expenditures	\$	2,796,270	\$	2,624,344	\$	2,594,554

Most variances occurred as a result of the budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Broward, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Primary	
	Government	
Assets	Governmental	
	Activities	
Current assets:	Φ 24.540	
Cash	\$ 34,549	
Investments	600,000	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	3,109	
Total Current Assets	637,658	
Deposits receivable	12,232	
Due from other divisions of Pinecrest Academy, Inc.	600,000	
Capital assets, net:		
Capital assets, depreciable	325,819	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(238,997)	
Right-of-use lease asset	2,020,338	
Less: accumulated amortization	(101,018)	
Total Capital Assets, Net	2,006,142	
Total Assets	3,256,032	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities:		
Salaries and wages payable	74,242	
Accounts payable	9,058	
Lease liability, current	63,442	
Total Current Liabilities	146,742	
Lease liability	1,896,542	
Total Liabilities	2,043,284	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net Position:		
	AE 150	
Net investment in capital assets	46,158	
Unrestricted Total Net Position	1,166,590	
1 Otal Net Position	\$ 1,212,748	

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2023

FUNCTIONS	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$ 1,552,110	\$ -	\$ 272,080	\$ -	\$ (1,280,030)
Student support services	13,345	-	-	-	(13,345)
Instructional staff training	16,781	-	1,400	-	(15,381)
Board	18,995	-	-	-	(18,995)
School administration	419,909	-	-	-	(419,909)
Fiscal services	42,900	-	-	-	(42,900)
Food services	76,657	5,536	600	-	(70,521)
Central services	55,836	-	-	-	(55,836)
Operation of plant	363,088	-	-	207,191	(155,897)
Maintenance of plant	134,202	-	-	-	(134,202)
Community services	58,946	90,670	-	-	31,724
Debt service	99,646	-	-	-	(99,646)
Total governmental activities	2,852,415	96,206	274,080	207,191	(2,274,938)
	2,485,688				
	Interest and o	ther revenues			21,612
	Change in net	position			232,362
	Net position,	beginning			980,386
	Net position,				\$ 1,212,748

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

			,	Special		Total	
	General Fund			•	Go	vernmental	
			Rev	renue Fund	Funds		
Assets							
Cash	\$	34,549	\$	-	\$	34,549	
Investments		558,952		41,048		600,000	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		3,109		_		3,109	
Total Assets		596,610		41,048		637,658	
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Salaries and wages payable		74,242		-		74,242	
Accounts payable		9,058		-		9,058	
Total Liabilities		83,300		-		83,300	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Fund balance							
Nonspendable, not in spendable form		3,109		_		3,109	
Assigned		-		41,048		41,048	
Unassigned		510,201		-		510,201	
-		513,310		41,048		554,358	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							
Resources and Fund Balance	\$	596,610	\$	41,048	\$	637,658	

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

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Total Fund	Balance -	Governmental	Funds

\$ 554,358

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Depreciable and non-depreciable capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.

Capital assets, depreciable	325,819
Less: accumulated depreciation	(238,997)
Right-of-use lease asset	2,020,338
Less: accumulated amortization	(101,018)

2,006,142

Long term deposits receivable used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.

12,232

Long term liabilities in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

(1,959,984)

Long term receivables in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

600,000

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 1,212,748

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended $\,$ June 30, 2023

		Special Revenue	Capital Project	Total Governmental
	General Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
Revenues:				
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 207,191	\$ 207,191
State passed through local and other local	2,485,688	-	_	2,485,688
Federal sources	-	273,480	-	273,480
Lunch program	-	6,136	-	6,136
Charges and other revenues	21,612	90,670	_	112,282
Total Revenues	2,507,300	370,286	207,191	3,084,777
Expenditures:				
Current				
Instruction	1,290,996	227,596	_	1,518,592
Student support services	13,345	· -	_	13,345
Instructional staff training	15,381	1,400	_	16,781
Board	18,995	· -	_	18,995
School administration	419,408	_	-	419,408
Fiscal services	42,900	_	_	42,900
Food services	-	76,080	_	76,080
Central services	55,836	-	-	55,836
Operation of plant	206,692	_	47,191	253,883
Maintenance of plant	119,788	_	, <u> </u>	119,788
Community services	-	58,946	_	58,946
Capital Outlay:		,		
Other capital outlay	11,992	_	_	11,992
Debt Service:				,
Repayment of principal	_	_	60,354	60,354
Interest	_	_	99,646	99,646
Total Expenditures	2,195,333	364,022	207,191	2,766,546
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	311,967	6,264	_	318,231
Other financing sources (uses)	(25.450)	25.460		
Transfers in (out)	(25,460)	25,460	- -	
Net change in fund balance	286,507	31,724	-	318,231
Fund Balance at beginning of year	226,803	9,324		236,127
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 513,310	\$ 41,048	_ \$ -	\$ 554,358

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 318,231

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization expense. These amounts during the year were as follows:

Capital outlay, net of disposals 11,992

Depreciation and amortization expense (158,215) (146,223)

Increase in long term liabilities is revenue in the governmental funds, but a decrease or repayment of such payables reduces liabilities in the statement of net position.

Principal payments on long-term liabilities 60,354

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 232,362

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Pinecrest Preparatory Charter School (Orlando Campus) (the "School"), is a component unit of the school Board of Orange County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Pinecrest Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The corporate board of the school is the Governing board of Pinecrest Academy, Inc., as established in its Bylaws. The board of directors of the School is the local governing board as established in the Bylaws of Pinecrest Academy, Inc. The duties of each are further defined in the charter contract. The board of directors is composed of six members that also govern other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Orange County, Florida. The current charter expired on June 30, 2030 and it can be renewed in accordance with the law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes

The School serves students from kindergarten through eighth grades and is funded by the District. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2023, when on average 286 students were enrolled for the school year.

Basis of presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, such as food service and student activity fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. In addition, revenues not classified ad program revenues are shown ad general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues, and other miscellaneous sources.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – accounts for specific revenues, such as federal funding, federal lunch program, and COVID-19 emergency relief funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. Also, accounts for resources of the School's Internal Fund, which is used to administer monies collected in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

Capital Projects Funds – accounts for state and local capital outlay as authorized by Charter School Capital Outlay, Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes mainly for capital outlay expenditures.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues and other miscellaneous sources.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Interfund Transfers

Interfund receivables/payables ("due from/to") are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, nonmarketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 2). Money market investment that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

Other assets consist mainly of prepaid expenses which are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital Assets (continued)

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in the government wide statements. Proceeds received from the sale or disposal of capital assets are recorded as other financing sources in the governmental funds.

The right to use assets are initially measure at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease. Estimated useful lives, in years, for capital assets are as follows:

Right of Use Asset (building)	20 Years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 Years
Audiovisual Materials	3 Years
Leasehold Improvements	5 Years

Long-Term Debt and Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. Employees may "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Compensated Absences (continued)

Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years. The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the State through the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Net Position and Fund Balance Classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position consists of balances with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with prepaid expenses. All nonspendable balances pertain to assets not in spendable form.
- b) Restricted this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted balances at year end.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Assigned fund balances at year end pertain to the School's internal account.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Net Position and Fund Balance Classifications (continued)

e) <u>Unassigned</u> – portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Income Taxes

Pinecrest Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Standard Adopted

In fiscal year 2023, the School adopted a new statement of financial accounting standard issued by Governmental Accounting Standards Board: GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. The adoption had no material effect on the School's 2023 financial statements.

Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

GASB has issued GASB Statement No. 101, Compensating Absences. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for certain types of compensated absences including parental leave, military leave, and injury duty leave. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 29, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in one financial institution. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Pinecrest Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Pinecrest Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2023, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage were \$38,034.

Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2023, the School had \$580,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2023, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 91% within 30 days.

Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2023, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

Note 3 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance 07/01/22 Additions			irements/ ssifications	Balance 06/30/23	
Capital Assets: depreciable						
Leasehold improvements	\$ 101,748	\$	-	\$	(4,090)	\$ 97,658
Audiovisual materials	52,743		-		-	52,743
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	163,426		13,476		(1,484)	175,418
Total Capital Assets	317,917		13,476		(5,574)	325,819
Less Accumulated Depreciation:						
Leasehold improvements	(45,331)		(17,955)		4,090	(59,196)
Audiovisual materials	(32,416)		(10,387)		-	(42,803)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(108,143)		(28,855)		-	(136,998)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(185,890)		(57,197)		4,090	(238,997)
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 132,027	\$	(43,721)	\$	(1,484)	\$ 86,822
Lease Assets:						
Right of use lease asset (building)	\$ 2,020,338	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,020,338
Less accumulated amortization:	-		(101,018)		-	(101,018)
Total Lease Assets being amortized, net	2,020,338		(101,018)	1	-	1,919,320
Capital Assets, net	\$ 2,152,365	\$	(144,739)	\$	(1,484)	\$ 2,006,142

Note 3 – Capital Assets (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, depreciation and amortization expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

	Depre	Amortization		
Instruction	\$	33,518	\$	-
School administration		501		-
Food services		577		-
Operation of plant		8,187	10	01,018
Maintenance of plant		14,414		_
Total Expense	\$	57,197	\$ 10	01,018

Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Broward, LLC, an education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis.

The agreement continues through June 30, 2028 and unless terminated by the board will have the option to renew for an additional five-year period. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School incurred \$128,700 in fees.

Note 5 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Pinecrest Academy, Inc.

Pinecrest Academy, Inc. charges its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. The School paid Pinecrest Academy, Inc. \$42,900 in connection with these charges during the year.

In addition, the School has made long term, non-interest bearing advances to other divisions of Pinecrest Academy, Inc. The following schedule provides a summary of changes in long-term advances during the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance					Balance	
	07/01/22	Advances		Collections		06/30/23	
Pinecrest Avalon Academy	\$ 400,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 400,000	
Pinecrest Academy, Inc.	200,000		_			200,000	
Total long term receivables	\$ 600,000	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 600,000	

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities

On June 1, 2022, the School entered into a lease agreement with Pinecrest Academy Foundation, Inc., a not for profit supporting organization of Pinecrest Academy, Inc., effective June 22, 2022. The agreement continues through June 30, 2042, with two options to renew of five additional years each. This agreement calls for rent at a rate of \$1,250 per full-time student equivalent with a minimum enrollment of 200 students. Annual payments under this agreement are adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance, and insurance. On July 1, 2022, the School entered into an Amended lease with Pinecrest Academy Foundation, Inc. changing the rate to \$800 per full time student equivalent.

The School has recorded a lease right of use asset and liability, and at the time of the initial measurement, there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The School used an average effective interest for several borrowings during fiscal year 2021 and 2022. At the time of the initial measurement, the average borrowing rate was 5% which was used to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use this asset and the lease liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, interest expense totaled \$99,646, as it relates to the lease agreement. For 2023, variable and other payments related to the lease totaled \$66,316. Annual requirements to amortize the lease liability and related interest are as follows:

Year	P	rincipal	Interest		Total	_
2024	\$	63,442	\$ 96,558	\$	160,000	_
2025		66,687	93,313		160,000	
2026		70,099	89,901		160,000	
2027		73,686	86,314		160,000	
2028		77,456	82,544		160,000	
2029-2033		450,933	349,067		800,000	(Total for a five year period.
2034-2038		578,709	221,291		800,000	(Total for a five year period.
2039-2042		578,972	61,027		639,999	(Total for a four year period
	\$ 1	1,959,984	\$ 1,080,015	\$.	3,039,999	_

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	7/1/2022	Additions	Payments	6/30/2023
Lease Liability	\$ 2,020,338	\$ -	\$ (60,354)	\$ 1,959,984
Total Lease Liability	\$ 2,020,338	\$ -	\$ (60,354)	\$ 1,959,984

Note 7 – Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School participates in a number of federal, state and local grants which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of revenue, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the District, the District withholds an administrative fee of up to 5% or 2% if high performing, of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2023, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$42,447.

Note 8 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreement, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

Note 9 – Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers between governmental funds as of June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

	General Fund			Special Revenue Fund		
To fund lunch deficit	\$	(69,944)	\$	69,944		
To reimburse the general fund for prior year expenditures		44,484		(44,484)		
Total Transfers, net	\$	(25,460)	\$	25,460		

Note 10 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, who are leased through ADP Total Source Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a match of 100% of the employees contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed \$22,192 to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
REVENUES				
State passed through local	\$ 2,368,238	\$ 2,483,093	\$ 2,485,688	
Charges and other revenue	20,710	20,193	21,612	
Total Revenues	2,388,948	2,503,286	2,507,300	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction	1,131,762	1,296,830	1,290,996	
Student support services	49,470	15,029	13,345	
Instructional staff training	20,932	18,492	15,381	
Board	21,206	20,193	18,995	
School administration	471,861	422,039	419,408	
Fiscal services	41,625	45,023	42,900	
Central services	57,625	56,094	55,836	
Operation of plant	306,453	203,405	206,692	
Maintenance of plant	98,000	120,984	119,788	
Total Current Expenditures	2,198,934	2,198,089	2,183,341	
Excess of Revenues				
Over Current Expenditures	190,014	305,197	323,959	
Capital Outlay	22,854	12,500	11,992	
Total Expenditures	2,221,788	2,210,589	2,195,333	
Deficcit of Revenues Over Expenditures	167,160	292,697	311,967	
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in (out)	(61,258)	(7,843)	(25,460)	
Net change in fund balance	105,902	284,854	286,507	
Fund Balance at beginning of year	226,803	226,803	226,803	
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 332,705	\$ 511,657	\$ 513,310	

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Fund						
	Orig	inal Budget	Final Budget		Actual		
REVENUES						·	
Federal sources	\$	374,503	\$	270,394	\$	273,480	
Lunch program		102,454		5,934		6,136	
Charges and other revenues		65,000		88,943		90,670	
Total Revenues		541,957		365,271		370,286	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction	\$	373,103		230,010		227,596	
Instructional staff training		1,400		2,349		1,400	
Food services		102,454		78,393		76,080	
Community services		65,000		60,124		58,946	
Total Current Expenditures		541,957		370,876		364,022	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues							
Over Current Expenditures				(5,605)		6,264	
Total Expenditures		541,957		370,876		364,022	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		(5,605)		6,264	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in (out)				5,605		25,460	
Net change in fund balance		-		-		31,724	
Fund Balance at beginning of year		9,324		9,324		9,324	
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	9,324	\$	9,324	\$	41,048	

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Pinecrest Preparatory Charter School (Orlando Campus) Orlando, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Pinecrest Preparatory Charter School (Orlando Campus) (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 29, 2023 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of Pinecrest Preparatory Charter School (Orlando Campus) Orlando, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Pinecrest Preparatory Charter School (Orlando Campus), Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 29, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no findings or recommendations in the preceding audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854.(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity is Pinecrest Preparatory Charter School (Orlando Campus), 0155.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Pinecrest Preparatory Charter School (Orlando Campus) has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Pinecrest Preparatory Charter School (Orlando Campus) did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Pinecrest Preparatory Charter School (Orlando Campus). It is management's responsibility to monitor Pinecrest Preparatory Charter School (Orlando Campus) financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we had no such recommendations:

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether Pinecrest Preparatory Charter School (Orlando Campus) maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Pinecrest Preparatory Charter School (Orlando Campus) maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Orange County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023