Renaissance Charter Middle School at Pines

A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. (A Component Unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida)

Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023



Renaissance Charter Middle School at Pines

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Renaissance Charter Middle School at Pines A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. Pembroke Pines, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Renaissance Charter Middle School at Pines (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Grants Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the School are intended to present the financial position and change in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities and each major fund of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. that is attributable to the transactions of the School. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. as of June 30, 2023 and the changes in its financial position or budgetary comparisons, where applicable, for the year ended June 30, 2023 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

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BEST PLACES TO WORK

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing* Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 19, 2023 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 19, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



As management of Renaissance Charter Middle School at Pines (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida, we offer readers of the School's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Management's discussion and analysis is included at the beginning of the School's basic financial statements to provide, in layman's terms, the current position of the School's financial condition. This summary should not be taken as a replacement for the audit which consists of the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Our basic financial statements provide these insights into the results of this year's operations.

- As of June 30, 2023, the School's governmental fund balances totaled \$ 613,579 as compared to \$ 706,563 for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- As of June 30, 2023, the School has net position of \$156,472 as compared to \$445,484 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Basic Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the School's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the net position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected revenues and services rendered but unpaid).

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by grants and entitlements from the state for full-time equivalent funding. The School does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the School primarily include instruction and instructional support services.

The government-wide basic financial statements can be found on pages 9 and 10 of this report.

Fund Basic Financial Statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide basic financial statements, governmental fund basic financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The General Fund, Grants Fund, Capital Project Fund and Club and Activities Fund are considered to be the School's major funds.

The School adopts an annual budget for its governmental funds, except for the Club and Activities Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and Grants Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 through 16 of this report.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 26 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

This is the School's ninth year of operations; therefore, comparative government-wide data is presented. The School's net position was \$ 156,472 at June 30, 2023. This amount represents net investment in capital assets (deficit) of \$ (438,479) and unrestricted net position of \$ 594,951. The School's net position was \$ 445,484 at June 30, 2022, which represented net investment in capital assets (deficit) of \$ (239,189), and unrestricted net position of \$ 684,673.

Our analysis in the table below focuses on the net position of the School's governmental activities:

Renaissance Charter Middle School at Pines Net Position

	June 30, 2023	_	June 30, 2022
Assets: Current and other assets Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 818,942 8,751,462	\$	894,972 9,075,218
Total assets	9,570,404	_	9,970,190
Liabilities: Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	 354,198 9,059,734	-	333,196 9,191,510
Total liabilities	9,413,932	-	9,524,706
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets (deficit) Unrestricted	 (438,479) 594,951	-	(239,189) 684,673
Total net position	\$ 156,472	\$	445,484

Current and other assets declined due to a drop in the School's cash position. Capital assets, net of depreciation decreased due to depreciation expense of approximately \$405,600 offset by the addition of \$81,839 in capital assets. Current liabilities rose mainly due to an increase in trade payables. Noncurrent liabilities decreased due to principal payments made on the School's lease liabilities.

Governmental Activities: The results of this year's operations for the School as a whole are reported in the statement of activities on page 10. The following table provides a condensed presentation of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

Renaissance Charter Middle School at Pines Change in Net Position

	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Revenues: General revenues Program revenues	\$ 3,394,207 749,753	\$ 3,108,565 892,159
Total revenues	4,143,960	4,000,724
Functions/Program Expenses: Instruction Instructional support services Non-instructional services	1,667,962 1,404,497 1,360,513	1,747,617 994,313 1,132,305
Total governmental activities	4,432,972	3,874,235
Change in net position	\$ (289,012)	\$ 126,489

General revenues increased compared to the previous year due to a rise in enrollment and Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenue. The program revenues declined to a drop in 21st Century grant funding. Total expenses increased due to rising instructional and non-instructional services.

Governmental Fund Expenditures: In the table below, we have presented the cost of the largest functions/programs as a percentage of total governmental expenditures:

		2023			20	22	
Functions/Programs	_	Expenditures	P	ercent	Expenditures	P	ercent
Governmental expenditures:							
Instructional expenditures	\$	1,615,749		37%	\$ 1,708,093		44%
Plant operations and maintenance		319,555		8%	299,227		8%
Fiscal services		614,385		15%	599,850		16%
Debt service		540,194		13%	540,472		14%
School administration		400,235		9%	274,122		7%
All other functions/programs		746,826		18%	438,073		11%
Total governmental							
expenditures	\$	4,236,944		100%	\$ 3,859,837		100%

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets: At June 30, 2023, the School had capital assets of \$8,751,462, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, invested in intangible right to use assets, furniture, fixtures and equipment and computer equipment as compared to \$9,075,218 at June 30, 2022. A detailed schedule is on pages 22 and 23 in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Debt Administration: At June 30, 2023, the School had outstanding debt of \$9,189,941 as compared to \$9,314,407 at June 30, 2022. Additional information on the School's debt can be found in Notes 7 and 8 on pages 23 and 24.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

State source revenues were favorable to budget due to an increase in enrollment and FEFP. Local source revenues were favorable to budget due to an increase in food service revenues. Total General Fund revenues were favorable to budget by \$ 289,112. Total General Fund expenditures were unfavorable to budget by \$ 406,258. Overall, the School ended the year with a decrease in fund balance of \$ 92,984.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

In fiscal year 2023, the State of Florida continued to include a teacher salary increase allocation (TSIA) of \$ 800 million. The capital outlay funding pool ended up at \$ 196.2 million. In addition to the TSIA, teachers also received a compensation increase to align overall salaries with district levels.

For fiscal year 2024, the teacher salary increase allocation will be \$ 1.1 billion and will continue to be part of FEFP funding. Additionally, the State of Florida approved an increase to the base funding allocation and capital outlay. A 3% merit increase for all staff was included in the budget. All other expenditures are budgeted in alignment with enrollment changes and the School's strategic objectives.

Requests for Information

If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please contact Michael Valdes, Controller - School Accounting; Charter Schools USA, 800 Corporate Drive, Suite 700, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33334.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



	Governmental Activities
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 540,855
Due from other governments	76,496
Due from management company	26,630
Prepaid items	174,961
Total current assets	818,942
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital assets (depreciable and amortizable), net of	
accumulated depreciation and amortization	8,751,462
Total assets	9,570,404
Current Liabilities:	
Salaries and wages payable	156,100
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	20,844
Due to related parties	28,419
Compensated absences	13,971
Leases	134,864
Total current liabilities	354,198
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Compensated absences	4,657
Leases	9,055,077
Total noncurrent liabilities	9,059,734
Total liabilities	9,413,932
	- / - /
Commitments (Note 9)	-
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets (deficit)	(438,479)
Unrestricted	594,951
Total net position	\$ 156,472

		I	Program Revenue	es	Governmental Activities Net Revenue
		Charges	Operating	Capital	(Expense) and
		for	Grants and	Grants and	Change in
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Net Position
Functions/Programs:					
Due from management company	1,667,962	-	135,118	-	(1,532,844)
Student support services	258,769	-	12,707	-	(246,062)
Instructional staff training services	8,539	-	-	-	(8,539)
Instructional related technology	67,279	-	-	-	(67,279)
Board	28,137	-	-	-	(28,137)
School administration	400,235	-	62,380	-	(337,855)
Fiscal services	614,385	-	-	-	(614,385)
Food services	206,338	17,808	206,338	-	17,808
Central services	60,882	-	-	-	(60,882)
Operation of plant	635,974	-	27,917	-	(608,057)
Maintenance of plant	33,701	-	-	-	(33,701)
Community services	1,672	24	-	-	(1,648)
Extracurricular activities	33,371	-	33,371	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	415,728	-		254,090	(161,638)
Total governmental					
activities	\$4,432,972	\$ <u>17,832</u>	\$ <u>477,831</u>	\$	(3,683,219)
	General revenu	es:			
	Grants and ent	itlements			3,385,152
	Interest incom	e			9,055
	Total general	revenues			3,394,207
	Change	in net position			(289,012)
	Net position, Ju	ıly 1, 2022			445,484
	Net position, Ju	ine 30, 2023			\$ 156,472

	_	General Fund	_	Grants Fund		Capital Project Fund		Club and Activities Fund		Total
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Due from management company Due from other funds Prepaid items	\$	536,589 - 26,630 80,762 174,961	\$	- 76,496 - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	4,266 - - - - -	\$	540,855 76,496 26,630 80,762 174,961
Total assets	\$_	818,942	\$_	76,496	\$_	-	\$	4,266	\$	899,704
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Salaries and wages payable Due to related parties Due to other funds Total liabilities Commitments (Note 9)	\$ 	20,844 156,100 28,419 - 205,363	\$	- - - 76,496 76,496 -	\$ 	- - - -	\$	- - 4,266 4,266 -	\$	20,844 156,100 28,419 80,762 286,125
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid items Unassigned	_	174,961 438,618	_	-	_	-		-		174,961 438,618
Total fund balances	_	613,579	_	-		-	· -	-	_	613,579
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	818,942	\$_	76,496	\$_	-	\$	4,266	\$	899,704

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	613,579
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
The cost of capital assets acquired is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, among the assets of the School as a whole.			
Cost of capital assets Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	\$ 10,413,179 (1,661,717)		8,751,462
Liabilities not payable with current available resources are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide statements.			
Leases Compensated absences	\$ (9,189,941) (18,628)	_	(9,208,569)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$_	156,472

Renaissance Charter Middle School at Pines Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	_	General Fund	_	Grants Fund	_	Capital Project Fund	Club and Activities Fund	 Total
Revenues: Federal through state State sources Local sources Aftercare	\$	- 3,425,898 36,981 24	\$	393,596 - - - -	\$	- 254,090 - -	\$ - 33,371 -	\$ 393,596 3,679,988 70,352 24
Total revenues	_	3,462,903	-	393,596	-	254,090	33,371	 4,143,960
Expenditures: Instruction Student support services Instructional training staff services Instruction related technology Board School administration Fiscal services Food services Central services Operation of plant Maintenance of plant Community services Extracurricular activities Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest		1,562,360 246,062 8,539 67,279 28,137 337,855 614,385 - 60,882 275,735 33,701 1,672 - 44,326 128,370 157,734		53,389 12,707 - - - 62,380 206,338 10,119 - - 37,513 -		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,615,749 258,769 8,539 67,279 28,137 400,235 614,385 206,338 60,882 285,854 33,701 1,672 33,371 81,839 128,370 411,824
Total expenditures		3,567,037		382,446	-	254,090	33,371	4,236,944
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over fund balances	_	(104,134)	_	11,150	_		-	 (92,984)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer out Transfer in	_	- 11,150		(11,150)	-	-	-	 (11,150) 11,150
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	11,150	_	(11,150)	-	-	-	 -
Net change in fund balances		(92,984)		-		-	-	(92,984)
Fund Balances, July 1, 2022	_	706,563	_	_	-	_	-	 706,563
Fund Balances, June 30, 2023	\$_	613,579	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$ -	\$ 613,579

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds			\$	(92,984)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives as provision for depreciation and amortization.				
Expenditures for capital assets Less provision for depreciation and amortization	\$ 	81,839 (405,595)		(323,756)
Principal payments on long-term debt are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, but as a reduction of long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.				128,370
Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.				
Change in compensated absences Provision for amortization of costs associated	\$	3,262		
with lease	_	(3,904)	-	(642)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ _	(289,012)

	-	Original and Final Budget	-	Actual		Variance
Revenues:						
State sources	\$	3,109,806	\$	3,425,898	\$	316,092
Local sources		13,732	·	36,981		23,249
Aftercare	_	50,253	-	24	-	(50,229)
Total revenues	_	3,173,791	-	3,462,903		289,112
Expenditures:						
Instruction		1,513,454		1,562,360		(48,906)
Student support services		34,673		246,062		(211,389)
Instructional staff training services		12,645		8,539		4,106
Instruction related technology		99,006		67,279		31,727
Board		15,911		28,137		(12,226)
School administration		77,483		337 <i>,</i> 855		(260,372)
Fiscal services		618,837		614,385		4,452
Central services		56,359		60,882		(4,523)
Operation of plant		523,747		275,735		248,012
Maintenance of plant		102,724		33,701		69,023
Community services		104		1,672		(1,568)
Capital outlay		12,500		44,326		(31,826)
Debt service:						
Principal		93,336		128,370		(35 <i>,</i> 034)
Interest	-	-	-	157,734		(157,734)
Total expenditures	_	3,160,779	-	3,567,037		(406,258)
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over expenditures	-	13,012	-	(104,134)		(117,146)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfer in	-	-	-	11,150		11,150
Net change in fund balance	\$_	13,012	\$ _	(92,984)	\$	(105,996)

Renaissance Charter Middle School at Pines Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual - Grants Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	_	Original and Final Budget	-	Actual	-	Variance
Revenues:						
Federal sources:						
National School Lunch Program	\$	186,190	\$	216,457	\$	30,267
Title I ESSER II		136,806 30,950		161,214		24,408 (15,025)
ESSER III		300,869		15,925		300,869
21st Century Community Learning Centers	_	37,672	_		-	(37,672)
Total revenues	_	692,487	_	393,596	-	302,847
Expenditures:						
Instruction		379,697		53 <i>,</i> 389		326,308
Student support services		86,441		12,707		73,734
Board		40,159		-		40,159
School administration		-		62,380		(62,380)
Food services		134,895		206,338		(71,443)
Operation of plant		51,295		10,119		41,176
Capital outlay	-	-	-	37,513	-	(37,513)
Total expenditures	_	692,487	-	382,446	-	310,041
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over expenditures		-	-	11,150	-	11,150
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfer out	_	-	_	(11,150)	-	(11,150)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$_	-	\$	-

Note 1 - Organization and Operations

Renaissance Charter Middle School at Pines (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida, was established in July 2014 as a public charter school to serve students from sixth through eighth grade in Broward County. The School is sponsored by its charter-holder, Renaissance Charter School, Inc., a Florida nonprofit corporation organized in August 1998. There were 470 students enrolled for the 2022/2023 school year.

The basic financial statements of the School present only the balances, activity and disclosures related to the School. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. as of June 30, 2023, and its changes in financial position or budgetary comparisons, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, these basic financial statements only include balances, activity and disclosures related to the School.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity: The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring school board, the School Board of Broward County. The current charter is effective until June 30, 2034. At the end of the term of the charter, the School Board may choose not to renew the charter under grounds specified in the charter, in which case, the School Board is required to notify the School in writing at least ninety days prior to the charter's expiration. During the term of the charter, the School Board of Cause is shown. The School is considered a component unit of the School Board of Broward County.

The School may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the School regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by another government, or a jointly approved board. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School are such that exclusion would cause the basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

As a result of evaluating the above criteria, management has determined that no component units exist for which the School is financially accountable, which would require inclusion in the School's basic financial statements.

Basis of presentation: Based on the guidance provided in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Audit and Accounting Guide - Not-for-Profit Organizations and provisions of Section 228.056, Florida Statutes, the School is presented as a governmental organization for financial statement reporting purposes.

Government-wide financial statements: Government-wide financial statements, including the statement of net position and the statement of activities, present information about the School as a whole.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School.

Fund financial statements: Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School in the governmental funds. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column. Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements differs from the focus of government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is presented with each of the governmental fund financial statements.

The School's major governmental funds are as follows:

General Fund - This fund is used to account for all operating activities of the School except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Grants Fund - This special revenue fund is used to account for federal grants and certain state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Project Fund - This fund is used to account for state and local capital outlay funding that is legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Club and Activities Fund - This special revenue fund is used to administer funds raised and earned by the various clubs and activities that are part of the School.

Basis of accounting: Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures, or expenses, are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one hundred twenty days of the end of the current period. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized when due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Cash and cash equivalents: The School considers all demand accounts and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents. The School maintains its cash accounts with one financial institution. The School's accounts at this institution, at times, may exceed the federally insured limit. The School has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk (Note 3).

Prepaid items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Revenue recognition: Student funding is provided by the State of Florida through the School Board. Such funding is recorded as entitlement revenue in the government-wide financial statements and state source revenue in the fund financial statements. This funding is received on a pro rata basis over a twelve-month period and is adjusted for changes in full-time equivalent (FTE) student population.

Income taxes: The School is a Department of a nonprofit corporation. Revenue of the School is derived primarily from other governmental entities. The School is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in these basic financial statements.

Capital assets: Property and equipment purchased or acquired are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with a cost of \$ 750 and useful life of over one year. Donated property and equipment assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on all capital assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 years
Computer equipment	3 years

The School has recorded a right to use lease asset as a result of implementing GASB 87. The right to use asset is initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources: In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Unearned revenue: Unearned revenue arises when the School receives resources before it has a legal claim to them.

Compensated absences: The School's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused paid time off, which is eligible for payment upon separation from service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable. Payments for compensated absences are generally paid out of the General Fund.

Net position: Net position is classified in three categories. The general meaning of each is as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets (deficit) represents the difference between the cost of capital assets, less accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted indicates that portion of net position that is available to fund future operations.

Fund balance: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance classifications and also sets a hierarchy which details how the School may spend funds based on certain constraints. The following are the fund balance classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements:

- Nonspendable this classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The School classifies inventories, prepaid items, long-term notes receivable and deposits as nonspendable since they are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted this classification includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes by external parties such as grantors and creditors or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- Committed this classification includes amounts that can be used for specific purposes voted on through formal action of the Board of Directors (the highest level of decision-making authority). The committed amount cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the commitment through formal action.
- Assigned this classification includes amounts that the Board of Directors intends to use for a specific purpose, but they are neither restricted nor committed. The School classifies existing fund balance to be used in the subsequent year's budget for elimination of a deficit as assigned.
- Unassigned this classification includes amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose within the General Fund.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet on page 11.

When the School incurs expenditures for which restricted or unrestricted fund balance is available, the School would consider restricted funds to be spent first. When the School has expenditures for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balance is available, the School would consider committed funds to be spent first, then assigned funds and lastly unassigned funds.

Budget: An operating budget is adopted and maintained by the governing board for all governmental funds, except the Club and Activities Fund, pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Date of management review: Subsequent events were evaluated by management through September 19, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the deposits and cash on hand totaled \$540,855 with a bank balance of \$543,085.

State statutes require, and it is the School's policy, that all deposits be made into, and be held by, financial institutions designated by the Treasurer of the State of Florida as "qualified public depositories" as defined by Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. This statute requires that every qualified public depository institution maintain eligible collateral to secure the public entity's funds. The minimum collateral to be pledged by an institution, the collateral eligible for pledge, and reporting requirements of the qualified public depository institution pool with the ability to assess members of the pool should the need arise. The School's deposits are held in a qualified public depository and are covered by the collateral pool as the School has identified itself as a public entity.

Note 4 - Interfund Receivables and Payables and Interfund Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Du		
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund General Fund	Grants Fund Club and Activities Fund	\$ 76,496 4,266
		\$ 80,762

The outstanding balances between funds results mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	-	General Fund
Transfers Out: Grants Fund	\$ _	11,150

During the year, transfers were used to move grant revenues received in the current year for prior year expenditures to the General Fund.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	_	Balance at July 1, 2022	_	Additions	_	Deletions	_	Balance at June 30, 2023
Capital assets being depreciated/ amortized:								
Improvements other than building	\$	6,722	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,722
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		337,197	,	45,693	•	-		382,890
Computer equipment Intangible right to use:		352,912		36,146		-		389,058
Land		5,884,882		-		-		5,884,882
Building		3,749,627		-		-		3,749,627
Total capital assets being			_		-		-	
depreciated/amortized	_	10,331,340	_	81,839	-	-	_	10,413,179
Accumulated depreciation/ amortization:								
Improvements other than building		224		672		-		896
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		329,676		10,181		-		339,857
Computer equipment		275,932		45,294		-		321,226
Intangible right to use:								
Land		240,608		120,304		-		360,912
Building	_	409,682	_	229,144		-	_	638,826
Total accumulated depreciation/ amortization		1,256,122		405,595		-		1,661,717
	-	1,230,122		+05,555	-		-	1,001,717
Net capital assets being depreciated/amortized	\$	9,075,218	\$	(323,756)	\$		\$	8,751,462

Note 5 - Capital Assets (continued)

Provision for depreciation and amortization of was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction Operation of plant	\$ 55,475 350,120
	\$ 405,595

Note 6 - Due To Related Parties

The School is a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. ("RCS"). The due to balances represent amounts that are due to RCS and other schools that share common board membership and are departments of RCS.

Note 7 - Leases

The School previously entered into a lease arrangement with Red Apple at Pembroke Pines, LLC for use of its facility. This lease arrangement was entered into as part of a transaction consisting of a bond issuance by Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and Red Apple Development, Inc. (Note 9). The lease requires monthly principal and interest payments through June 2046. At June 30, 2023, the net book value of the leased facility is approximately \$3,110,800. Amortization of the leased facility is included with depreciation expense.

Future minimum payments at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	_	Principal Interest		Interest	_	Total
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029-2033 2034-2038	\$	76,211 79,386 84,149 88,913 95,264 565,230 763,696	\$	236,150 232,260 228,045 222,901 217,471 993,710 798,114	Ş	312,361 311,647 312,194 311,813 312,735 1,558,940 1 561 810
2034-2038 2039-2043 2044-2046	- \$ _	763,696 1,030,434 792,044 3,575,327	- \$_	798,114 529,711 145,531 3,603,893	- \$_	1,561,810 1,560,145 937,575 7,179,220

The School previously entered into a lease agreement for the use of the land where the School is located through May 2024. The lease agreement qualifies as other than short-term leases under GASB 87 and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the implementation date of June 30, 2021. The rent shall increase each year based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index. The lease provides for an option to renew for up to nine additional five-year periods and the School anticipates exercising all options.

Note 7 - Leases (continued)

Future lease payments before the increase in the Consumer Price Index are approximately as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Principal Interest				Total
Julie 30,	-	FILICIPAL	-	IIIterest	-	TULAI
2024	\$	58,653	\$	170,331	\$	228,984
2025	Ŷ	60,437	Ŷ	168,547	Ŷ	228,984
2026		62,275		166,709		228,984
2027		64,170		164,814		228,984
2028		66,121		162,863		228,984
2029-2033		362,025		782,895		1,144,920
2034-2038		420,535		724,385		1,144,920
2039-2043		488,500		656,420		1,144,920
2044-2048		567,450		577 <i>,</i> 470		1,144,920
2049-2053		659,160		485 <i>,</i> 760		1,144,920
2054-2058		765,691		379,229		1,144,920
2059-2063		889,439		255 <i>,</i> 481		1,144,920
2064-2068		1,033,188		111,732		1,144,920
2069	_	206,788	_	3,114	_	209,902
		5 704 400		4 000 750		10 51 1 100
	\$ <u>-</u>	5,704,432	\$ <u></u>	4,809,750	\$	10,514,182

Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in the School's long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	-	Balance July 1, 2022	_	Additions	Retirements	Amortization	Balance June 30, 2023	-	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease - building and equipment net of unamortized costs of \$ 89,818 Lease - land Compensated absences	\$	3,553,053 5,761,354 21,890	\$	30,719	\$ 71,448 56,922 33,981	\$ 3,904 - -	\$ 3,485,509 5,704,432 18,628	\$	76,211 58,653 13,971
	\$	9,336,297	\$	30,719	\$ 162,351	\$ 3,904	\$ 9,208,569	\$	148,835

Note 9 - Commitments

Lease agreement: In 2015, the Florida Development Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") issued \$86,835,000 in Tax Exempt Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A and \$9,145,000 in Taxable Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2015B pursuant to an Indenture of Trust between the Corporation and a trustee to make a loan to Renaissance Charter Schools, Inc. ("REN"), a division of which the School exists, and Red Apple Development, LLC and subsidiaries ("RAD") to finance the acquisition of the facilities of seven charter schools existing under Renaissance Charter Schools, Inc. In order to secure the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds, the Corporation assigned all of its rights and interest in the loan agreement to the trustee. The bonds are payable from and secured by a lien upon and pledge of payments to be received by the trustee.

Note 9 - Commitments (continued)

Concurrent with the preceding loan transaction, RAD, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, entered into five lease agreements with REN. The facilities which are owned by RAD are leased by REN on behalf of the schools under a 45-year lease (Note 7). The leases are deemed to be intangible right to use leases and the lease payments are based on the debt service requirements of the bonds which extend through June 2046. These payments are made from the revenues received from the School Board of Broward County for the operation of the Schools. REN is obligated under the Indenture to deposit all Charter revenues received from the School Board and additional revenues, if any, directly with the trustee during the term of the lease. The payments are applied by the trustee to make sinking fund payments and pay for operating expenses.

In addition to the lease payments noted in Note 7, the School is required to pay incremental rent payments to RAD. The incremental rent payments range from approximately \$ 31,200 to \$ 31,400 per year over the term of the agreement which is through June 2046. For the year ending June 30, 2023, \$ 31,164 was paid in incremental rent.

Management agreement: The School has a formal agreement with Charter Schools USA at Pembroke Pines Middle School, LLC ("CSUSA") to manage, staff and operate the School. The agreement states that CSUSA shall be entitled to cost reimbursements and management fees (the "fee") for its services, subject to availability of funds. The fee is subordinated to all lease payment requirements (Note 7). The fee ranges from \$ 615,677 for fiscal year 2024 to \$ 951,824 for fiscal year 2046 as defined in the agreement or the budgeted amount approved by the Board of Directors based on enrollment and School performance. The agreement has a term which runs concurrent with the charter. Total cost reimbursements and management fees amounted to \$ 603,605 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

The School also has an amount due from CSUSA of \$ 26,630 at June 30, 2023.

Post-retirement benefits: The School does not provide post-retirement benefits to retired employees.

Note 10 - Employee Benefit Plan

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School offered all of its full-time employees who had attained 21 years of age, a retirement plan (the "Plan") under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k). The employee is allowed to contribute up to a maximum of 100% of his/her annual gross compensation, subject to certain limitations. The Plan provides for a discretionary employer matching contribution of the participant's annual elective deferral to the Plan. As determined annually by the School's management, the School may also make a discretionary profit-sharing contribution, which is allocated among the participants based on a pro rata formula. Participants are immediately vested in their own contributions and earnings on those contributions.

Participants become vested in School contributions and earnings on School contributions according to the following schedule:

<u>Years of Service</u>	Vesting Percentage
1	25%
2	50%
3	75%
4	100%

Note 10 - Employee Benefit Plan (continued)

Nonvested contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment and such forfeitures are used to reduce any employer contribution. For the Plan year ending December 31, 2022, the School had forfeitures of \$459. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School contributed a matching amount of \$5,565.

Note 11 - Capital Appropriations Funding

The Florida Department of Education has approved a Charter School Capital Outlay (CSCO) award for the School. In each year that funds are appropriated by the state for charter school capital outlay purposes, those funds are allocated among eligible charter schools. The funds for the School's allocation are transferred to the School once a CSCO Plan has been provided to and approved by the sponsoring district. The School's CSCO award totaled \$ 254,090 for the 2022/2023 school year, which has been recognized as revenue in the accompanying basic financial statements. If the CSCO funds are used to acquire tangible property assets, the School Board has a reversionary interest in those assets. In the event of non-renewal, termination, or breach of the charter school agreement, ownership of the assets would automatically revert to the School Board. The School has elected to use these funds to pay a portion of the interest expense on the capital lease.

Note 12 - Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets and natural disasters. The School has obtained property insurance from commercial companies including, but not limited to, general liability and errors and omissions insurance. There were no claims in excess of insurance coverage limits during the past three years.

As disclosed in Note 9, CSUSA employs all of the employees of the School. As a result, the School is not exposed to medical or workers' compensation claims for these individuals. In addition, CSUSA carries all required insurance including, but not limited to, general liability and errors and omissions insurance.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors Renaissance Charter Middle School at Pines A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. Pembroke Pines, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Renaissance Charter Middle School at Pines (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 19, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 19, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

To the Board of Directors Renaissance Charter Middle School at Pines A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. Pembroke Pines, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Renaissance Charter Middle School at Pines (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated September 19, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in that report, which is dated September 19, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education are Renaissance Charter Middle School at Pines and 065014.

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BEST PLACES TO WORK

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2. and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not the School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the School. It is management's responsibility to monitor the School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7. and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether the School maintains on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School maintained on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors and applicable management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 19, 2023