SIATECH MYCROSCHOOL, INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2023

SIATECH MYCROSCHOOL, INC. JUNE 30, 2023

GOVERNING BOARD

MEMBER	OFFICE
Alena Lawson Bennett	President
Christopher Stokes	Vice-President
Steven Schwab	Secretary/Treasurer
Mortlake Nembhard	Director
Suzanne Warner	Director
Romona Jackson	Director

ADMINISTRATION

Emma Lewis

Principal

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors, Siatech MYcroSchool, Inc.:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of Siatech MYcroSchool, Inc. (the "School") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Siatech MYcroSchool, Inc. as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The School's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal-control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 12, 2023 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James Meore : 60., P.L.

Tallahassee, Florida October 12, 2023

SIATECH MYCROSCHOOL, INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2023

This section of Siatech MYcroSchool, Inc.'s annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Siatech MYcroSchool's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the School's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the Siatech MYcroSchool, Inc. (the "School") using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement Number 34.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the School from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities. These statements include all assets of the School as well as all liabilities. Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables and receivables.

The Fund Financial Statements include statements for the governmental activities. The Governmental Funds are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

Reconciliations of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements are provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The Primary unit of the government is the School Board of Alachua County, Florida.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS OF THE PAST YEAR

An overview of significant financial information from the current year includes:

- > The school's total net position decreased by approximately \$22 thousand.
- > Total governmental fund expenditures exceeded revenues by approximately \$20 thousand.
- Capital and right-to-use assets, net of depreciation and amortization, decreased by approximately \$97 thousand.
- The School's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of approximately \$296 thousand.

SIATECH MYCROSCHOOL, INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2023 (Continued)

REPORTING THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* report information about the School as a whole and about its activities. These statements include *all* assets and liabilities of the School using the accrual basis accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School's *net position* and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and liabilities, one way to measure the School's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the School's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the School's revenue base and the condition of the School's capital assets.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the School's operating results. Since the Board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the School. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, we designate the School activities as follows:

Governmental activities—All of the School's services are reported in this category. This includes the education of high school students, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain capital assets. Revenues received from the Florida Education Finance Program through the Alachua County Public School system, Federal grants and miscellaneous local revenues finance these activities.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the School as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, management may establish various funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other monies that it receives.

Governmental funds—The School's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School's programs. The differences between the governmental fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are explained in reconciliations following each governmental fund financial statement.

SIATECH MYCROSCHOOL, INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2023 (Continued)

THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The School's net position was approximately \$(52) thousand for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Unrestricted net position was approximately \$(224) thousand. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants grantors, constitutional provisions and enabling legislation that limit the School's ability to use those net position for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below, in summary form, focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the School's governmental activities.

Table 1

	June	e 30, 2023	Jur	ne 30, 2022
Current and other assets	\$	367,612	\$	340,728
Capital and right-to-use assets		954,993		1,051,685
Total assets		1,322,605		1,392,413
Deferred outflows		176,437		124,473
Current liabilities		271,807		264,721
Long-term liabilities		1,217,237		1,016,177
Total Liabilities		1,489,044		1,280,898
Deferred inflows		62,541		266,831
Net position				
Net investment in capital and right to use assets		171,499		217,275
Unrestricted		(224,042)		(248,118)
Total Net Position	\$	(52,543)	\$	(30,843)

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the School as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities on page 11. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it slightly to more readily identify the total revenues for the year.

SIATECH MYCROSCHOOL, INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2023

(Continued)

Changes in Net Position (Continued)

Table 2

	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Revenues		
State of Florida education finance program	\$ 1,071,566	\$ 814,565
Public education capital outlay program	-	78,337
Federal grants	186,300	271,126
Other general revenues	51,599	58,227
Total Revenues	1,309,465	1,222,255
Expanses		
Expenses Instruction-related services	602 000	676 756
	692,888	626,756
Support services	336,005	319,020
Maintenance, Facilities, and Operation of Plan	151,575	110,209
Debt Service	54,441	50,031
Depreciation and amortization	100,534	102,625
Pension	(4,278)	(50,349)
Total expenses	1,331,165	1,158,292
Change in Net Position	\$ (21,700)	\$ 63,963

SIATECH MYCROSCHOOL, INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2023 (Continued)

THE SCHOOL'S FUNDS

As the School completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of approximately \$296k (Table 3).

Table 3

	<u>1 abic 5</u>				
	-	nd Balance ne 30, 2023	Fund Balance June 30, 2022		
General Fund	\$	295,805	\$	316,007	
Totals	\$	295,805	\$	316,007	

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the course of the fiscal year, the School revised its General Fund Budget in order to deal with unexpected changes in revenue and expenditures. The Governing Board adopts its initial budget based on projected enrollment and the corresponding projected revenues. Amendments are primarily required to reflect changes in revenue estimates from the State of Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) as actual enrollments are determined. A schedule showing the School's original and final budget amounts compared with actual amounts paid and received is provided in our annual report on page 32.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2023, the School had approximately \$226k in a broad range of capital assets (net of depreciation), including furniture, equipment and building improvements (Table 4).

Table 4

	Ι	vernmental Activities ne 30, 2023	Governmental Activities June 30, 2022		
Furniture and Equipment	\$	277,746	\$	273,904	
Building Improvements		423,473		423,473	
Accumulated Depreciation		(475,256)		(447,023)	
Totals	\$	225,963	\$	250,354	

SIATECH MYCROSCHOOL, INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2023 (Continued)

SIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES DURING FISCAL YEAR 2022-2023 ARE NOTED BELOW:

> The School's enrollment was 156 students.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The economic position of the School for general operating is closely tied to that of the State. The formula for determining funding for education is set by Statute. State funds to charter schools are provided primarily by legislative appropriations from the State's general revenue funds under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), and the State funding for operations is primarily from sales, gasoline, and corporate income taxes. Additionally, the level of tourism in the State heavily influences the amount of taxes collected. Significant changes in State revenue collections could directly impact future School revenue allocations.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and creditors with a general overview of the School's finances and to show the School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, please write to NEWCorp at 1204 NW 69th Terrace, Suite B, Gainesville, Florida 32605.

SIATECH MYCROSCHOOL, INC. STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Assets		
Current assets	¢	204 770
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable and due from other agencies	\$	294,779 51,795
Deposits		6,000
Prepaid expenses		15,038
Total current assets		367,612
		507,012
Capital assets		701,219
Less: accumulated depreciation		(475,256)
Total capital assets		225,963
Right-to-use assets		873,632
Less: accumulated amortization		(144,602)
Right-to use assets being amortized, net		729,030
Total Assets	\$	1,322,605
Deferred Outflows	¢	176 427
Related to changes in the net pension liability	•	176,437
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	23,464
Due to other agencies		48,343
Line of credit		200,000
Total current liabilities		271,807
Non-current liabilities		
		122 712
Net pension liability		433,743
Due within one year - lease		47,496
Due within more than one year - lease		735,998
Total non-current liabilities		1,217,237
Total Liabilities	\$	1,489,044
Deferred Inflows		
Related to changes in the net pension liability	\$	62,541
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	171,499
Unrestricted	Ŷ	(224,042)
Total net position	\$	(52,543)

SIATECH MYCROSCHOOL, INC. STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			C	narges	0	am Revenues perating		apital	Re C	(Expenses) venues and hanges in et Position	
Functions/Programs	F	Expenses		For rvices	Grants and Contributions		Grants and Contributions			Governmental Activities	
Tunctions/Trograms			5(I vices			Cont	ibutions		Activities	
Governmental Activities											
Basic Instruction	\$	552,601	\$	-	\$	186,300	\$	-	\$	(366,301)	
Student Support Services		96,334		-		-		-		(96,334)	
Instructional Staff Training Services		16,836		-		-		-		(16,836)	
Instructional Technology		27,117		-		-		-		(27,117)	
Board		42,222		-		-		-		(42,222)	
General Administration		53,664		-		-		-		(53,664)	
School Administration		140,673		-		-		-		(140,673)	
Facilities		2,183		-		-		-		(2,183)	
Fiscal Services		39,419		-		-		-		(39,419)	
Food services		8,163		-		-		-		(8,163)	
Central Services		59,049		-		-		-		(59,049)	
Transportation		978		-		-		-		(978)	
Operation of Plant		133,124		-		-		-		(133,124)	
Maintenance of Plant		2,710		-		-		-		(2,710)	
Administrative technology		5,395		-		-		-		(5,395)	
Debt service		54,441		-		-		-		(54,441)	
Pension		(4,278)		-		-		-		4,278	
Depreciation and amortization		100,534		-		-		-		(100,534)	
Total governmental activities	\$	1,331,165	\$	-	\$	186,300	\$	-		(1,144,865)	

to specific purposes	1,071,566
Miscellaneous	51,599
Subtotal, general revenues	 1,123,165
Change in Net Position	 (21,700)
Net position - beginning of year	 (30,843)
Net position - end of year	\$ (52,543)

SIATECH MYCROSCHOOL, INC. GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets								
Current assets	¢	204 550	¢		¢		¢	004 550
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	294,779	\$	-	\$	-	\$	294,779
Accounts receivable and due from other agencies		10,545		-		41,250		51,795
Due from other funds		47,250		-		-		47,250
Deposits		-		6,000		-		6,000
Prepaid expenditures		15,038		-		-		15,038
Total Assets	\$	367,612	\$	6,000	\$	41,250	\$	414,862
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	23,464	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23,464
Due to other agencies		48,343		-		-		48,343
Due to other funds		-		6,000		41,250		47,250
Total Liabilities		71,807		6,000		41,250		119,057
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		15,038		_		_		15,038
Unassigned		280,767		-		-		280,767
Total Fund Balances		295,805						295,805
	¢	,	¢	-	¢	41.250	¢	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	367,612	\$	6,000	\$	41,250	Э	414,862

SIATECH MYCROSCHOOL, INC. GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 295,805
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds		
Cost of capital assets	701,219	
Accumulated depreciation	(475,256)	225,963
Right-to-use assets	873,632	
Accumulated amortization	(144,602)	729,030
Long term debt not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Lease payable	(783,494)	
Line of credit	(200,000)	(983,494)
Net pension liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension liability	(433,743)	
Deferred outflows	176,437	
Deferred inflows	(62,541)	(319,847)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (52,543)

SIATECH MYCROSCHOOL, INC. GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Pr		Capital Projects Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues								
Federal Through State	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 167,700	\$	167,700	
State		1,071,566		-	18,600		1,090,166	
Local		18,991		-	-		18,991	
Miscellaneous		32,608		-	 -		32,608	
Total Revenues		1,123,165		-	 186,300		1,309,465	
Expenditures								
Basic Instruction		369,538		-	183,063		552,601	
Student Support Services		95,930		-	404		96,334	
Instructional Staff Training Services		16,836		-	-		16,836	
Instructional Technology		27,117		-	-		27,117	
Board		42,222		-	-		42,222	
General Administration		53,664		-	-		53,664	
School Administration		140,523		-	150		140,673	
Facilities		2,183		-	-		2,183	
Fiscal Services		39,419		-	-		39,419	
Food services		8,163		-	-		8,163	
Central Services		59,049		-	-		59,049	
Transportation		978		-	-		978	
Operation of Plant		134,283		-	2,683		136,966	
Maintenance of Plant		2,710		-	-		2,710	
Administrative technology		5,395		-	-		5,395	
Debt service		90,916		-	-		90,916	
Interest		54,441		-	-		54,441	
Total expenditures		1,143,367		-	 186,300		1,329,667	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(20,202)		-	 -		(20,202)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of year		316,007		-	-		316,007	
Fund Balances, End of year	\$	295,805	\$	-	\$ -	\$	295,805	

SIATECH MYCROSCHOOL, INC. RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ (20,202)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures, however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation and amortization expenses in the statements of activities.		
Capital outlays	\$ 3,842	
Depreciation and amortization	 (100,534)	(96,692)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Long-term lease liability - redemption of principle Line of credit- redemption of principle	 50,916 40,000	90,916
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Changes in:		
Net pension liability	\$ (251,976)	
Deferred outflows related to net pension liability Deferred inflows related to net pension liability	51,964 204,290	4,278
1 2	 - , - •	,
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (21,700)

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:</u>

(a) **Financial reporting entity**—The Siatech MYcroSchool, Inc. (the "School") was organized in 2003 under the laws of the State of Florida. The School operates under a seven-member Board form of government and provides educational services to students in grades nine through twelve. The School is located at 7022 NW 20th Place, Gainesville Florida, 32605. Effective for the year ended June 30, 2022, the School changed names from Florida School for Integrated Academics and Technologies Gainesville, Inc. to Siatech MYcroSchool, Inc.

The School is a non-profit public benefit corporation that was incorporated December 31, 2003. On March 18, 2003, the School Board of Alachua County, Florida approved the application for the School to operate a charter. The purpose of the School is to provide educational services.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School. Siatech MYcroSchool, Inc., includes general operations and student related activities of the School.

(b) **Component units**—Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School is financially accountable. Component units may include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School in that the School approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the School is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the School is such that exclusion would cause the School's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The School has no component units. However, the School is considered a component unit of the Alachua County Public School system.

(c) **Basis of presentation – fund accounting**—The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The School has two governmental funds.

Governmental funds—Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School's major governmental funds:

(i) **General Fund**—The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Florida.

(ii) **Capital Project Fund**—The Capital Project Fund accounts for the revenue sources that are legally restricted to capital asset expenditures in accordance with the State's rules and regulations.

(iii) **Special Revenue Fund**—The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the activities related to grant activities related to the Cares Act and Title I, II, and IV, which are cost reimbursement.

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:</u> (Continued)

(c) **Basis of presentation – fund accounting:** (Continued)

Basis of accounting – **measurement focus** – *Government-wide financial statements*—The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The government-wide financial statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The School does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Fund financial statements—Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

Governmental funds—All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements and the statements for the governmental funds prepared on a modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Revenues – exchange and non-exchange transactions—Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:</u> (Continued)

(c) **Basis of presentation – fund accounting:** (Continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include Florida Education Finance Program funds (FEFP), certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from the FEFP is recognized in the fiscal year in which the revenues are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State FEFP distributions, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Expenses/expenditures—On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

(d) **Cash and cash equivalents**—The School's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits.

(e) **Capital assets and depreciation**—The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the School as a whole. The School maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. The School does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are 5 years for furniture and equipment; and 20 years for building improvements.

(f) **Accrued liabilities**—All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:</u> (Continued)

(g) **Fund balances**—In accordance with GASB 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the School classifies governmental funds balances as follows:

Non-spendable—amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted—amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed—amounts that are constrained for specific purposes, are internally imposed by the School's governing Board, and do not lapse at year-end. The School had no committed funds at June 30, 2023.

Assigned—amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. Fund balance minimums may be assigned by management. The School had no assigned funds at June 30, 2023.

Unassigned—all other spendable amounts.

The School spends *restricted* amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, unless there are legal documents or contracts that prohibit this action, such as a grant agreement. The School spends *committed* amounts next, then *assigned*, and lastly *unassigned* amounts of unrestricted funds balances when expenditures are made.

(h) **Estimates**—The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

(i) **Budgetary data**—The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the laws of Florida and requires the governing board to adopt an operating budget each year. The School governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major function at year end.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

(j) **Pensions**—For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) and additions to/deductions from FRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

(k) **Income taxes**—The School is exempt from the payment of income taxes on its exempt activities under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Therefore, no provision for income taxes has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

The School files income tax returns in the U.S. Federal jurisdiction. The School's income tax returns for the past three years are subject to examination by tax authorities and may change upon examination.

The School has reviewed and evaluated the relevant technical merits of each of its tax positions in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for accounting for uncertainty in income taxes, and determined that there are no uncertain tax positions that would have a material impact on the financial statements of the School.

(1) **New accounting pronouncements**— GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). The School has considered the impact of this new accounting standard and determined that there was no impact on the financial statements related to implementation.

GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for Public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. The School has considered the impact of this new accounting standard and determined that there was no impact on the financial statements related to implementation.

(m) Leases—The School leases a building and copier equipment. The School determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. The School recognize intangible right-to-use (RTU) assets and corresponding lease liabilities for all leases that are not considered short-term. RTU assets represent the School's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the School's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. RTU assets and liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term.

Basis of lease classification – Leases that meet the following requirements will not be considered short term: the maximum possible lease term(s) is non-cancelable by both lessee and lessor, and is more than 12 months.

Discount Rate – Unless explicitly stated in the lease agreement, known by the School, or the School is able to determine the rate implicit within the lease, the discount rate used to calculate lease right-to-use assets and liabilities will be the School's estimated borrowing rate at the time of lease inception.

(n) **Subsequent events**—Subsequent events have been evaluated through October 12, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No subsequent events have been recognized or disclosed.

(2) Cash and Cash Equivalents:

(a) **Policies and practices**—The School maintains demand deposits with qualified depository financial institutions.

(b) **Deposits**—At year-end, the carrying amounts of the School's demand deposits were \$294,779 for governmental activities. The bank balances totaled \$302,572. All of the bank balances were covered by Federal deposit insurance up to \$250,000.

(3) Capital Assets:

All capital asset additions were acquired with public funds. Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2021		A	Additions	Deductions		-	Balance June 30, 2022
Governmental Activities								
Capital assets being depreciated	¢	400 470	¢		¢		¢	400 470
Buildings and improvements	\$	423,473	\$	-	\$	-	\$	423,473
Furniture and equipment		273,904		3,842		-		277,746
Total capital assets being		697,377		3,842		-		701,219
depreciated								
Less: Accumulated depreciation								
Buildings and improvements		184,731		21,540		-		206,271
Furniture and equipment		262,292		6,693		-		268,985
Total accumulated depreciation		447,023		28,233		-		475,256
Governmental activities								
Total Capital assets, net	\$	250,354	\$	(24,391)	\$	-	\$	225,963

During the year ended June 30, 2023, \$28,233 was charged to depreciation expense.

Governmental Activities

Unallocated

\$ 28,233

(4) Florida Retirement System:

Plan Description and Administration

The School participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a multiple-employer, cost sharing defined public employee retirement system which covers all of the School's full-time employees. The System is administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement to provide retirement and survivor benefits to participating public employees. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans and other nonintegrated programs. These include a defined-benefit pension plan (Plan), with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), and a defined-contribution plan, referred to as the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan).

In addition, all regular employees of the School are eligible to enroll as members of the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program. The HIS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. Eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Benefits Provided and Employees Covered

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Members of both Plans may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

(4) Florida Retirement System: (Continued)

Benefits Provided and Employees Covered (Continued)

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months.

During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest.

Employees may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined-benefit plan. Employer and employee contributions are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. The Investment Plan is funded by employer and employee contributions that are based on salary and membership class (Regular, DROP, etc.). Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Employees in the Investment Plan vest at one year of service.

Financial Statements

Financial statements and other supplementary information of the FRS are included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which is available from the Florida Department of Financial Services, Bureau of Financial Reporting Statewide Financial Reporting Section by mail at 200 E. Gaines Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0364; by telephone at (850) 413-5511; or at the Department's Web site (www.myfloridacfo.com). An annual report on the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from:

Florida Department of Management Services Division of Retirement, Research and Education Services P.O. Box 9000 Tallahassee, FL 32315-9000 850-488-5706 or toll free at 877-377-1737

Contributions

The School participates in certain classes of FRS membership. Each class has descriptions and contribution rates in effect at June 30, 2023, as follows (contribution rates are in agreement with the actuarially determined rates):

FRS Membership Plan & Class	Through June 30, 2022	After June 30, 2022
Regular Class	10.82%	11.91%
DROP	18.34%	18.60%
Senior Management	29.01%	31.57%

(4) Florida Retirement System: (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

Actual contributions made for School employees participating in FRS and HIS for the plan year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

School Contributions – FRS	\$ 35,516
School Contributions – HIS	7,087
Employee Contributions – FRS	12,808

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the School reported a net pension liability related to FRS and HIS as follows:

Plan	 t Pension Liability
FRS	\$ 309,688
HIS	124,055
Total	\$ 433,743

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governmental entities, as actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, the School's proportionate share of the FRS and HIS net pension liabilities were as follows:

Plan	2023	2022
FRS	0.000832316%	0.000742619%
HIS	0.001171257%	0.001024506%

For the plan year ended June 30, 2023, pension expense was recognized related to the FRS and HIS plans as follows:

FRS	\$ 38,135
HIS	 4,155
Total	\$ 42,290

(4) Florida Retirement System: (Continued)

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2023, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	FRS				HIS			
	Ou	Deferred Itflows of esources	In	Deferred Iflows of esources	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Ь	Deferred nflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual								
experience	\$	14,708	\$	-	\$	3,765	\$	(546)
Changes of assumptions		38,139		-		7,111		(19,191)
Net different between projected and actual								
investment earnings		20,449		-		180		-
Change in School's proportionate share		24,362		(21,927)		21,154		(20,877)
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		38,765		-		7,804		-
	\$	136,423	\$	(21,927)	\$	40,014	\$	(40,614)

The above amounts for deferred outflows of resources for contributions related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions being amortized for a period of greater than one year will be recognized in pension expense in succeeding years as follows:

Year	 FRS	 HIS	 Total
2024	\$ 15,425	\$ (5,816)	\$ 9,609
2025	4,913	(1,314)	3,599
2026	(5,563)	(1,641)	(7,204)
2027	55,933	614	56,547
2028	5,023	(93)	4,930
Thereafter	-	(154)	(154)
Total	\$ 75,731	\$ (8,404)	\$ 67,327

(4) Florida Retirement System: (Continued)

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial assumptions for both defined benefit plans are reviewed annually by the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumptions Conference. The FRS has a valuation performed annually. The HIS Program has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the FRS was completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018. Because HIS is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed.

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was determined by an actuarial valuation, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.40%. Payroll growth, including inflation, for both plans is assumed at 3.25%. Both the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return used for FRS investments is 6.70%. This rate decreased from the prior year rate of 6.80%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. Because HIS Program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 3.54% was used to determine the total pension for the program. This rate increased from the prior year rate, which was 2.16%. Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the PUB2010 base table varies by member category and sex, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018 details.

Long-term expected rate of return:

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in October 2020, the FRS Actuarial Assumptions conference reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and by a capital market assumptions team from Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting, which consults to the Florida State Board of Administration. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the long-term target asset allocation. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

(4) Florida Retirement System: (Continued)

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Arithmetic Expected Rate of Return
Cash	1.0%	2.6%
Fixed income	19.8%	4.4%
Global equities	54.0%	8.8%
Real estate	10.3%	7.4%
Private equity	11.1%	12.0%
Strategic investments	3.8%	6.2%
Total	100.0%	

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the proportionate shares of the FRS and HIS net pension liability of the School calculated using the current discount rates, as well as what the School's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

		NPL at						
Plan	Current Discount Rate		NPL with 6 Decrease		Current count Rate		PL with Increase	
FRS	6.70%	\$	535,585	\$	309,688	\$	120,812	
HIS	3.54%		141,929		124,055		109,264	

(5) **<u>Risk Management:</u>**

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters and is provided through purchased commercial insurance. Health and hospitalization insurance coverage is provided to school employees through purchased commercial insurance. Insurance coverage for fiduciary and student accident are provided by commercial insurance. Settled claims resulting from insurance coverage above have not exceeded purchased insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

(6) **<u>Related Party Transactions:</u>**

The School has a vendor relationship with New Education for the Workplace, Inc., 1204 NW 69th Terrace, Suite B, Gainesville, Florida 32605. New Education for the Workplace, Inc. is an organization formed for charitable purposes, including advancing the vocational and technical education and training of young men and women, and managing, operating, guiding, directing, and promoting charter schools. The School entered into an agreement with New Education for the Workplace, Inc. effective July 1, 2013. Under the agreement, New Education for the Workplace, Inc. will provide the following services: human resources administration, business administration, curriculum licensing, technology services, and general administrative support. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School paid New Education for the Workplace, Inc. \$255,595 for services provided under the terms of the agreement. At June 30, 2023, \$48.343 was due and payable to New Education for the Workplace, Inc. under the terms of the agreement. In addition, the School has a line of credit with New Education for the Workplace, Inc.

(7) 403(b) Retirement Plan:

New Education sponsors a Retirement Plan allowed by Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. This plan covers New Education, the Management Company, and affiliated schools. The plan covers all full-time employees, immediately eligible upon hire. This is a deduction only plan for School employees, there is no employer contribution matching.

(8) Interfund Balance and Transfers:

The following is a summary of inter-fund amounts related to agency fund expenditures paid out of the general fund account at June 30, 2023:

Receivable Fund	Receivable FundPayable Fund		Amount		
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	\$	6,000		
General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	\$	41,250		

(9) <u>Leases:</u>

The School leases facilities and equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Provided the lease is in full force and effect and not in default, the School shall have the right to renew the lease for two five-year terms upon providing the landlord with written notice through 2034.

As of June 30, 2023, total lease related assets by major class, and the related accumulated amortization, disclosed separately from other capital assets as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2022	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2023
Right-to-use leased assets, being amortized:				
Facilities	\$ 873,632	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 873,632
Total leased assets, being amortized	873,632			873,632
Less accumulated amortization for:				
Facilities	(72,301.00)	(72,301)		(144,602)
Total accumulated amortization	(72,301.00)	(72,301)	-	(144,602)
Right-to-use leased assets, net	\$ 801,331	\$ (72,301)	\$ -	\$ 729,030

The amortization expense for right-to-use leased assets was for the \$72,301 year ended June 30, 2023.

The principal and interest requirements to maturity for the lease liability as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal]	Interest	Total		
2024	\$	47,496	\$	34,929	\$	82,425	
2025		56,457		35,522		91,979	
2026		61,698		32,580		94,278	
2027		67,266		29,369		96,635	
2028		73,179		25,872		99,051	
2029-2033		468,079		65,582		533,661	
2034		9,319		39		9,358	
Total future minimum lease payments	\$	783,494	\$	223,893	\$	1,007,387	

(10) Line of Credit:

At June 30, 2023 the School had a \$300,000 line-of-credit with the management company, New Education for the Workplace, Inc., to be drawn upon as needed. The balance at June 30, 2023 was \$200,000 and is due July 1, 2023. The interest rate is 4.5%, collateralized by future revenue.

	Balance July 1, 2022		Additions D			ductions	Balance June 30, 2023	Due within one year		
Governmental activities: Line of credit	\$	240,000	\$	-	\$	40,000	\$ 200,000	\$	200,000	

(11) **<u>Recent Accounting Pronouncements:</u>**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") has issued several pronouncements that have effective dates that may impact future financial statements. Listed below are pronouncements with required implementation dates effective for subsequent fiscal years that have not yet been implemented. Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following will have on the School's financial statements:

GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, in June 2022. GASB Statement No. 101 amends the existing guidance related to the calculation and disclosures surrounding the liability for compensated absences. The provisions for GASB 101 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SIATECH MYCROSCHOOL, INC. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

						Variances - Positive (Negative)			
		Budget	D: 1	(6	Actual		Final		
	Origina	<u> </u>	Final	(G	AAP Basis)	to Actual			
Revenues									
State	\$ 1,058,	.308 \$	1,071,566	\$	1,071,566	\$	-		
Local		700	18,991		18,991		-		
Miscellaneous	1.	000	32,608		32,608		-		
Total Revenues	1,146,		1,123,165		1,123,165		-		
Expenditures									
Basic Instruction	425.	400	369,538		369,538		-		
Student Support Services	69,	558	95,930		95,930		-		
Instructional Staff Training Services	13,	389	16,836		16,836		-		
Instructional Technology	24,	633	27,117		27,117		-		
Board	33,	33,116		42,222			-		
General Administration	54,	,224	53,664	53,664			-		
School Administration	146,	461	140,523		140,523		-		
Facilities	23,	472	2,183		2,183		-		
Fiscal Services	39,	266	39,419		39,419		-		
Food Services		235	8,163		8,163		-		
Central Services	60,	687	59,049		59,049		-		
Transportation	1,	500	978		978		-		
Operation of Plant	112,	052	134,283		134,283		-		
Maintenance of Plant	2,	000	2,710		2,710		-		
Administrative Technology	5,	,309	5,395		5,395		-		
Debt service	105,	250	90,916		90,916		-		
Interest			54,441		54,441		-		
Total Expenditures	1,116,	,552	1,143,367		1,143,367		-		
Net Change in Fund Balances	29,	456	(20,202)		(20,202)		-		
Fund balances, Beginning of year	316,	.007	316,007		316,007		-		
Fund balances, End of year	\$ 345,	,463 \$	295,805	,805 \$ 295,		\$	-		

SIATECH MYCROSCHOOL, INC. SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

							Po	ances - sitive gative)
		Bu	dget			Actual	F	inal
	Original			Final		AP Basis)	to A	Actual
Revenues								
Federal through State	\$	84,873	\$	167,700	\$	167,700	\$	-
State		-		18,600		18,600		-
Total Revenues		84,873		186,300		186,300		-
Expenditures								
Basic Instruction		76,274		183,063		183,063		-
Student Support Services		-		404		404		-
School Administration		-		150		150		-
Operation of Plant		-		2,683		2,683		-
Total Expenditures		76,274		186,300		186,300		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		8,599		-		-		-
Fund balances, Beginning of year		-		-		-		-
Fund balances, End of year	\$	8,599	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-

SIATECH MYCROSCHOOL, INC. SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY -LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS AS OF JUNE 30

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2020 2019 2018		2017	2016	2015
Florida Retirement System (FRS)									
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.000832316%	0.000742619%	0.000758909%	0.000783627%	0.000958254%	0.000850023%	0.001090948%	0.001040099%	0.001089198%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 309,688	\$ 56,096	\$ 328,922	\$ 269,870	\$ 288,631	\$ 251,431	\$ 275,465	\$ 134,343	\$ 66,456
Covered payroll	426,933	362,774	362,278	342,123	429,345	429,241	364,222	465,172	405,966
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its									
covered payroll	72.54%	15.46%	90.79%	78.88%	67.23%	58.58%	75.63%	28.88%	16.37%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.89%	96.40%	78.85%	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%
Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)									
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.001171257%	0.001024506%	0.001043608%	0.001022751%	0.001314234%	0.001142653%	0.001506840%	0.001338110%	0.001452277%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 124,055	\$ 125,671	\$ 127,423	\$ 114,436	\$ 139,100	\$ 122,178	\$ 175,616	\$ 136,466	\$ 135,792
Covered payroll	426,933	362,774	362,278	342,123	429,345	429,241	465,172	465,172	405,966
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its									
covered payroll	29.06%	34.64%	35.17%	33.45%	32.40%	28.46%	37.75%	29.34%	33.45%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	4.81%	3.56%	3.00%	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the school will present information for only those years for which information is available.

SIATECH MYCROSCHOOL, INC. SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS AS OF JUNE 30

		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
<u>Florida Retirement System (FRS)</u> Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ \$	35,516 (35,516)	\$ \$	28,291 (28,291)	\$ \$	25,215 (25,215)	\$ \$	24,298 (24,298)	\$ \$	27,309 (27,309)	\$ \$	28,786 (28,786) -	\$ \$	23,604 (23,604)	\$ \$	30,300 (30,300)	\$ \$	28,936 (28,936) -	\$ \$	28,219 (28,219)
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	426,933 8.32%	\$	362,774 7.80%	\$	362,278 6.96%	\$	342,123 7.10%	\$	429,345 6.36%	\$	429,241 6.71%	\$	364,222 6.48%	\$	465,172 6.51%	\$	405,966 7.13%	\$	431,496 6.54%
<u>Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)</u> Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ \$	7,087 (7,087) -	\$ \$	6,022 (6,022)	\$ \$	6,014 (6,014)	\$ \$	5,679 (5,679) -	\$ \$	7,127 (7,127)	\$ \$	7,125 (7,125)	\$ \$	6,046 (6,046) -	\$ \$	7,722 (7,722)	\$ \$	5,115 (5,115) -	\$ \$	5,178 (5,178)
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	426,933 1.66%	\$	362,774 1.66%	\$	362,278 1.66%	\$	342,123 1.66%	\$	429,345 1.66%	\$	429,241 1.66%	\$	364,222 1.66%	\$	465,172 1.66%	\$	405,966 1.26%	\$	431,496 1.20%

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the school will present information for only those years for which information is available.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors, Siatech MYcroSchool, Inc.:

We have audited in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Siatech MYcroSchool, Inc. as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Siatech MYcroSchool, Inc.'s basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 12, 2023.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Siatech MYcroSchool, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Siatech MYcroSchool, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Siatech MYcroSchool, Inc.'s internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Siatech MYcroSchool, Inc.'s financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests did not disclose instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Maore : 60., P.L.

Tallahassee, Florida October 12, 2023



MANAGEMENT LETTER OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.850, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Governing Board, Siatech MYcroSchool, Inc.:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Siatech MYcroSchool, Inc. ("School"), a component unit of School Board of Alachua County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated October 12, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in that report, which is dated October 12, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding annual financial report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this man agement letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity are Siatech MYcroSchool, Inc. and 010991.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2. And 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not the School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the School. It is management's responsibility to monitor the School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7. and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures to determine whether the School maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, no such items noted.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, Alachua County District School Board, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James Meore : 60., P.L.

Tallahassee, Florida October 12, 2023