

Somerset Academy Elementary South Campus WL# 5263

(A Charter School under Somerset Academy, Inc. and Component Unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida)

Pembroke Pines, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

General Information	1
Independent Auditors' Report	2-4
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
(Required Supplementary Information)	5-9
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities	11
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance	
Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	16-29
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary comparison schedules	30-31
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over	
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other	
Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing	
Standards	32-33
Management Letter	34-35

19620 Pines Boulevard, Pembroke Pines, FL 33024

2022-2023

Board of Directors

Todd German, Treasurer and Board Chair, (Florida) Ana Diaz, Vice-Chair and Secretary David Concepcion, Director Brian M. Cox, Director (Texas)

School Administration

Bernardo Montero, Principal

Other Non-voting Corporate Officers

Bernardo Montero, President Suzette Ruiz, Vice-President



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Academy Elementary South Campus Pembroke Pines, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy Elementary South Campus (the "School"), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc. which is a component unit of the District School Board of Broward County, as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of a Matter – Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of the School that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Somerset Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Somerset Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2023 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Emphasis of a Matter - Related Party Transactions

As described in Note 5 to the financial statements, the School relies on significant support from Somerset Academy, Inc. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 30 through 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 29, 2023 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Somerset Academy Elementary South Campus (A Charter school Under Somerset Academy, Inc.)
June 30, 2023

The corporate officers of Somerset Academy, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Financial Highlights

- 1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2023 was \$11,334.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$981,576.
- 3. The School had a decrease in its net position of \$(3,379) for the year ended June 30, 2023.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$256,688.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 - 11 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Government Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Government Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16-29 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, net position was \$11,334 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023	2022
Cash	\$ 498,248	\$ 527,218
Investments	120,000	360,000
Due from other agencies	306,183	66,670
Prepaid expenses and other assets	57,145	45,633
Capital assets and right of use asset, net	4,575,142	5,057,589
Total Assets	5,556,718	6,057,110
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	115,537	301,801
Lease liability	4,555,290	4,706,009
Long-term debt	25,846	85,876
Due to other divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.	848,711	948,711
Total Liabilities	5,545,384	6,042,397
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	(5,994)	265,704
Restricted	55,325	31,845
Unrestricted	(37,997)	(282,836)
Total Net Position	\$ 11,334	\$ 14,713

At the end of both fiscal years, the School is able to report positive balances in total net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023	2022
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 425,583	\$ 80,110
Capital outlay funding	207,614	226,576
Lunch Program	157,532	122,147
Charges for services	640,311	705,858
General Revenues		
Local sources (FTE and other non specific)	2,708,363	2,478,890
Other revenues	257,479	6,192
Total Revenues	\$ 4,396,882	\$ 3,619,773
EXPENSES		
Instruction	\$ 2,222,364	\$ 1,914,804
Student support services	25,027	19,843
Instructional staff training	18,872	3,600
Board	18,521	21,878
School administration	314,693	343,251
Fiscal services	52,200	51,750
Food services	135,854	98,126
Central services	81,336	80,051
Student transportation services	28,912	3,147
Operation of plant	824,853	650,522
Maintenance of plant	135,888	87,950
Administrative technology services	12,322	2,169
Community services	296,411	192,873
Debt service	233,008	236,124
Total Expenses	4,400,261	3,706,088
Change in Net Position	(3,379)	(86,315)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	14,713	101,028
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 11,334	\$ 14,713

The School's revenues and expenses increased by \$771,109 and \$694,173 during the year. The School had a decrease in its net position of \$(3,379) for the year.

School Location and Lease of Facility

The School leases a facility located at 19620 Pines Boulevard, Pembroke Pines, Florida 33024.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$313,833. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$256,688. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2023 amounts to \$255,047 (net of accumulated depreciation) and right of use lease asset (building) \$4,320,095 (net of accumulated amortization). This investment in capital assets includes right of use lease asset (building), improvements, and furniture, fixtures and equipment. As of June 30, 2023, the School had long-term liabilities of \$4,581,136 associated to its capital assets.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund			
	Original			
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
REVENUES				
Program Revenues				
State capital outlay funding	\$ 181,934	\$ 205,932	\$ 207,614	
Federal sources	271,515	5 232,039	234,946	
Lunch program	101,800	155,092	157,532	
General Revenues				
FTE nonspecific revenues	2,674,280	2,706,822	2,708,363	
Charges and other revenues	749,497	7 795,646	797,790	
Total Revenues	3,979,026	4,095,531	4,106,245	
CURRENT EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	2,127,543	3 2,105,122	2,101,923	
Student support services	30,091	27,832	25,027	
Instructional staff training	23,320	23,602	18,872	
Board	24,625	5 19,399	18,521	
School administration	324,838	303,768	302,660	
Fiscal services	52,500	54,732	52,200	
Food services	101,800	137,292	134,052	
Central services	65,500	66,898	65,836	
Student transportation services	30,500	30,500	28,912	
Operation of plant	456,466	6 460,809	458,698	
Maintenance of plant	87,250	98,983	96,803	
Administrative technology services	13,104	14,932	12,322	
Community services	286,500	298,932	296,411	
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 3,624,037	\$ 3,642,801	\$ 3,612,237	

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Broward, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

<u>Assets</u>	Governi Activ	
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 49	98,248
Investments	1:	20,000
Prepaid expenses and other assets		57,145
Due from other agencies		06,183
Total current assets	9	81,576
Capital assets, depreciable	1,1	91,002
Less: accumulated depreciation	(9)	35,955)
Righ of use asset, building	4,89	96,108
Less: accumulated amortization	(5'	76,013)
	4,5	75,142
Total Assets	5,5	56,718
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>		
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities:		
Salaries and wages payable	(99,350
Accounts payable		16,187
Long-term debt, current portion		25,846
Lease liability, current		07,246
Total Current Liabilities	34	48,629
Due to other divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc., long-term	8	48,711
Deferred rent		43,904
Lease liability		04,140
Total Liabilites	5,5	45,384
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>		
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		(5,994)
Restricted		55,325
Unrestricted		37,997)
Total Net Position	\$	11,334

Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2023

		Program Revenues				-	
Functions	Expenses	Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Grants and Services Contributions Contributions					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes a Net Position
Governmental activities:						,	
Instruction	\$ 2,222,364	\$ 308,087	\$	423,039	\$ -	\$	(1,491,238)
Student support services	25,027	-		-	-		(25,027)
Instructional staff training	18,872	-		2,544	-		(16,328)
Board	18,521	-		-	-		(18,521)
School administration	314,693	-		-	-		(314,693)
Fiscal services	52,200						(52,200)
Food services	135,854	58,444 99,088 -					21,678
Central services	81,336						(81,336)
Student transportation services	28,912						(28,912)
Operation of plant	824,853	30,949 - 207,614					(586,290)
Maintenance of plant	135,888						(135,888)
Administrative technology services	12,322						(12,322)
Community services	296,411	301,275					4,864
Debt service	233,008						(233,008)
Total governmental activities	4,400,261	0,261 698,755 524,671 207,614					(2,969,221)
	General reven	ues:					
FTE and other nonspecific revenues						2,708,363	
Investment income and other revenues						257,479	
	Change in net position						(3,379)
	Net position, l	beginning					14,713
	Net position,	ending				\$	11,334

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Assets			
Cash	\$ 196,737	\$ 301,511	\$ 498,248
Investments	120,000	-	120,000
Due from other agencies	-	55,488	55,488
Due from fund	55,488	-	55,488
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	57,145	-	57,145
Total Assets	429,370	356,999	786,369
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Liabilities			
Salaries and wages payable	99,350	-	99,350
Accounts payable	16,187	-	16,187
Due to fund	-	55,488	55,488
Total Liabilities	115,537	55,488	171,025
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Fund balance			
Nonspendable, not in spendable form	57,145	_	57,145
Restricted	-	55,325	55,325
Assigned	-	246,186	246,186
Unassigned	256,688	-	256,688
	313,833	301,511	615,344
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			
Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 429,370	\$ 356,999	\$ 786,369

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Total	Fund	Balance -	Governmental	Funds
--	-------	------	-----------	--------------	-------

\$ 615,344

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Depreciable and non-depreciable capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.ces and therefore are not reported in the fund.

Capital assets, depreciable	1,191,002	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(935,955)	
Right of use lease asset	4,896,108	
Less: accumulated amortization	(576,013)	4,575,142

Receivables in governmental activities that are not available are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

250,695

Long term liabilities in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

(5,429,847)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

11,334

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June $30,\,2023$

	General Fund	Special renue Fund	Cap	oital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
State passed through local and other local	\$ 2,708,363	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 2,708,363
State capital outlay funding	-	-		207,614	207,614
Federal sources	-	234,946		-	234,946
Lunch program	-	157,532		-	157,532
Charges and other revenues	496,515	301,275			797,790
Total Revenues	3,204,878	 693,753		207,614	4,106,245
Expenditures:					
Current					
Instruction	1,920,200	181,723		-	2,101,923
Student support services	25,027	_		-	25,027
Instructional staff training	16,328	2,544		-	18,872
Board	18,521	_		-	18,521
School administration	302,660	-		-	302,660
Fiscal services	52,200	-		-	52,200
Food services	_	134,052		-	134,052
Central services	65,836	-		-	65,836
Student transportation services	28,912	_		-	28,912
Operation of plant	458,698	_		-	458,698
Maintenance of plant	96,803	_		-	96,803
Administrative technology services	12,322	_		_	12,322
Community Services	-	296,411		_	296,411
Capital Outlay:		,			,
Other capital outlay	23,842	13,856		_	37,698
Debt Service:					2.,020
Repayment of Principal	60,030	_		185,590	245,620
Interest on long-term debt	2,058	_		230,950	233,008
Total Expenditures	3,083,437	 628,586	-	416,540	4,128,563
1 other Emperiories	2,000,107	 020,000		.10,6 .0	.,120,000
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	121,441	65,167		(208,926)	(22,318)
Proceeds from other financing sources:					
Transfers in (out)	(172,103)	(36,823)		208,926	
Net change in fund balance	(50,662)	28,344		-	(22,318)
Fund Balance at beginning of year	364,495	 273,167			637,662
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 313,833	\$ 301,511	\$		\$ 615,344

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures an Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

(22,318)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. These amounts during the year were as follows:

Capital outlay 37,698

Depreciation and amortization expense (520,145) (482,447)

Increase in long term debt is revenue in the governmental funds, but a decrease or repayment of such payables reduces liabilities in the statement of net position.

Increase in long term liabilities (34,871)
Principal payments on long-term liabilities 345,620 310,749

Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds. These revenues did not meet the recognition criteria during the current year and, therefore, were not reported in the governmental funds.

190,637

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (3,379)

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Somerset Academy Elementary South Campus (the "School") is a component unit and charter school sponsored by the School Board of Broward County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc., which is composed of four members and also governs other charter schools. The board has determined that no component units exist that would be require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Broward County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2028 and it can be renewed in accordance with law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes

The School is located in Pembroke Pines, Florida and is approved to serve students from kindergarten through fifth grade and is funded by the District. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the school had students enrolled in kindergarten through fifth grade. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2023, when on average 348 students were enrolled for the school year. The School's charter contact allows for co-location with Somerset Academy (5141) for pre-kindergarten through fifth grades.

Basis of Presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements also do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees; (2) operating grants such as Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues and other miscellaneous sources.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – accounts for specific revenues, such as federal funding, federal lunch program, and COVID-19 emergency relief funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. Also, accounts for resources of the School's Internal Fund, which is used to administer monies collected in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

Capital Outlay Fund – accounts for state and local capital outlay as authorized by Charter School Capital Outlay, Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes mainly for capital outlay and maintenance purposes.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

"Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, nonmarketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 3). Money market investment that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

Other assets consist mainly of prepaid expenses which are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Inter-fund Transfers

Interfund receivables/payables are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by ne fund on behalf of another fund.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in the government wide statements. Proceeds received from the sale or disposal of capital assets are recorded as other financing sources in the governmental funds.

The right of use assets are initially measure at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right of use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease. Estimated useful lives, in years, for capital assets are as follows:

Furniture, Audio visual Equipment and Fixtures

Building Improvements

S Years

Righ of Use Asset (Building)

16 Years

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

GASB Codification Section C60, Accounting for Compensated Absences, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for sick days available to be used in future benefits years. The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the state through the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local capital improvement ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Net Position and Fund Balance Classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three (3) components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

Fund financial statements

Under GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with prepaid expenses. All nonspendable fund balances pertain to assets not in spendable form.
- b) Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. Restricted balances at year end pertain to the School's lunch program.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Assigned fund balances at year end pertain to the School's internal account.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Long-Term Debt and Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Income Taxes

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualify as a tax-exempt organizations under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and are, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Standard Adopted

In fiscal year 2023, the School adopted a new statement of financial accounting standard issued by Governmental Accounting Standards Board: GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. The adoption had no material effect on the School's 2023 financial statements.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

GASB has issued GASB Statement No. 101, Compensating Absences. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for certain types of compensated absences including parental leave, military leave, and injury duty leave. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 29, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the period ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance 07/01/22	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Balance 06/30/23
Capital Assets:				
Depreciable:				
Furniture, equipment and fixtures	\$ 655,530	\$ 37,698	\$ -	\$ 693,228
Building improvements	285,244	-	-	285,244
Audiovisual materials	212,530		<u> </u>	212,530
Total Capital Assets	1,153,304	37,698	-	1,191,002
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	(432,640)	(132,833)	-	(565,473)
Building improvements	(136,980)	(57,048)	-	(194,028)
Audiovisual materials	(133,949)	(42,505)	<u> </u>	(176,454)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(703,569)	(232,386)	-	(935,955)
Capital Assets, net	449,735	(194,688)	_	255,047
Lease Assets:				
Right of use leased asset (building)	4,896,108	_	-	4,896,108
Less accumulated amortization:	(288,254)	(287,759)	-	(576,013)
Total Lease Assets being amortized, net	4,607,854	(287,759)	-	4,320,095
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 5,057,589	\$ (482,447)	\$ -	\$ 4,575,142

Note 2 – Capital Assets (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, depreciation and amortization expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

	Depreciation	Amortization
Instruction	\$ 120,441	\$ -
School administration	12,033	-
Facilities acquisition	15,500	-
Food service	1,802	-
Operation of plant	43,525	287,759
Maintenance of plant	39,085	
Total Expense	\$ 232,386	\$ 287,759

Note 3 – Cash and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in two financial institutions. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Somerset Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2023, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage was \$501,791.

Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2023, the School had \$270,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2023, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 91% within 30 days.

Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Note 3 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2023, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Broward, LLC, an education service and support provider, provides administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting, financial reporting and virtual services. The agreement between the School and the education service and support provider calls for a fee on a per student basis. The agreement is with Somerset Academy, Inc. continuing through June 30, 2028, and unless terminated by the board shall have the option to renew for an additional five-year period. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School incurred \$156,600 in fees.

Note 5 – Transactions with Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.

During the year, the School shared its campus and resources with Somerset Academy, another charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc. Through the board, management allocates a proportionate share of rent expense, salaries, supplies and other expenses based on student enrollment and usage of personnel to these schools. The School's lunch program is also shared with Somerset Academy. Revenues and expense related to the lunch program have been allocated based on FTE equivalent for purposes of presentation in the financial statements.

In addition, the School received long term, non-interest bearing advances from another charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.

Note 5 – Transactions with Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc. (Continued)

The following schedule provides a summary of the long term advances for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/22	Advances	Decreases	06/30/23
Due to Somerset Academy, Inc.	\$ 900,000	\$ -	\$(100,000)	\$ 800,000
Due to Somerset Academy Middle	48,711			48,711
Long term advances payable	\$ 948,711	\$ -	\$(100,000)	\$ 848,711

Somerset Academy, Inc. charges an assessment to all its affiliated schools for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. During 2023, the School paid Somerset Academy, Inc. \$52,125 in connection with these charges during the year.

Recoverable Grant

To date, the School received \$50,000 in recoverable grants from Somerset Academy, Inc. to fund operating expenses. During 2023, the School received \$200,000 in additional grants of which \$100,000 was previously advanced and reflected in long term payable as of prior year end. Under the terms of the agreement, the School would repay the corporate account of Somerset Academy, Inc. contingent on subsequently meeting certain financial conditions. The maximum amount the School may be required to pay in the future should meet the School meet the requirements for repayment is \$250,000.

Note 6 – Long term Liabilities

Effective April 1, 2018, the Somerset Academy, Inc. entered into a lease agreement on behalf of the School with Pines Blvd School Development, LLC (the "Landlord"), for 56,161 square feet leased premises located at 19620 Pines Boulevard, Pembroke Pines, Florida 33029. The landlord is an affiliate of the School's educational service and support provider (see Note 4). Initial fixed annual payments under the lease agreement (based on \$22.00 per square foot) are \$1,235,542, adjusted annually and commencing on the second annual lease year based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The agreement continues through June 30, 2038 ("initial term"), with an option to renew for two additional five-year term periods. Under the lease agreement, Somerset Academy, Inc. must meet certain covenants and requirements, including a "Lease Payment Coverage Ratio" of not less than 1.10 to 1.00. The lease agreement is guaranteed by Somerset Academy, Inc.

At the time of the initial measurement, the lease right of use asset and liability were allocated between School and Somerset Academy based on enrollment and usage of facility. The allocation used was approximately 34% for the School and 66% for Somerset Academy and there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The School used an average effective interest for several borrowings during fiscal year 2021 and 2022. At the time of the initial measurement, the average borrowing rate was 5% which was used to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use this asset and the lease liability.

Note 6 – Long term Liabilities (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, interest expense totaled \$230,950 related to its lease agreements of which approximately \$16,000 was included in accounts payable at year end. For 2023, variable and other payments of \$74,301 in connection with the lease agreement.

Annual requirements to amortize the lease liability and related interest are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total	_
2024	\$ 207,246	\$ 220,863	\$ 428,109	_
2025	217,849	210,260	428,109	
2026	228,995	199,114	428,109	
2027	240,711	187,398	428,109	
2028	253,026	175,083	428,109	
2029-2033	1,473,075	667,470	2,140,545	Total for a five year period
2034-2038	1,890,484	250,062	2,140,546	Total for a five year period
	\$4,511,386	\$ 1,910,250	\$ 6,421,636	_

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	07/01/22	A	dditions	Deletions	06/30/23
Lease liability	\$4,696,976	\$	-	\$ (185,590)	\$ 4,511,386
Deferred rent CPI	9,033		34,871		43,904
Total	\$4,706,009	\$	34,871	\$ (185,590)	\$ 4,555,290

Note 7 – Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 5% (or 2% if high performing) of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2023, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$36,846.

Note 8 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, personal injury, workers compensation and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in any the past three years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreements, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

Note 9 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

Post-retirement Benefits

The School's personnel, who are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School will match 100% of the employee's contribution 4% up to of the employee's compensation. The School contributed \$37,268 to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plan's assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.

Note 10 – Interfund Transfers

Transfers of balances in the governmental funds as of June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

	Ge	neral Fund	Special enue Fund	Capi	tal Projects Fund
To fund debt service payments	\$	(208,926)	\$ 4,864	\$	208,926
To reimburse general fund for prior period federal expenditures		36,823	(36,823)		
Total Transfers, net	\$	(172,103)	\$ (31,959)	\$	208,926
Due from / (Due to) fund balances are as follows:					
Due to general fund from special revenue fund for federal					
grants	\$	(55,488)	\$ 55,488	\$	
Total Due from/(Due to)	\$	(55,488)	\$ 55,488	\$	-

Note 11 – Notes Payable

On July 25, 2019, the School obtained an equipment financing loan from a financial institution in the amount of \$230,597 for a term of 48 months with principal and interest payments at a fixed interest rate of 3.95%.

On November 16, 2020, the school refinanced an existing equipment loan with another financial institution. The total loan advance was for \$177,241 with payment of principal and interest over a 36 month period at annual rate of 3.25%.

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year:

	Balance	Balance		
	07/01/22	Advances	Repayments	06/30/23
Equipment financing Regions	\$ 85,876	\$ -	\$ (60,030)	\$ 25,846
Long term debt	\$ 85,876	\$ -	\$ (60,030)	\$ 25,846

Future total debt service requirements related to the promissory note are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total		
2024	\$ 25,846	\$ 210	\$ 26,056		
	\$ 25.846	\$ 210	\$ 26,056		



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund					
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual			
REVENUES						
State passed through local and other local	\$ 2,674,280	\$ 2,706,822	\$ 2,708,363			
Charges and other revenue	462,997	495,633	496,515			
Total Revenues	3,137,277	3,202,455	3,204,878			
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction	1,874,528	1,922,093	1,920,200			
Student support services	30,091	27,832	25,027			
Instructional staff training	19,820	19,820	16,328			
Board	24,625	19,399	18,521			
School administration	324,838	303,768	302,660			
Fiscal services	52,500	54,732	52,200			
Central services	65,500	66,898	65,836			
Student transportation services	30,500	30,500	28,912			
Operation of plant	456,466	460,809	458,698			
Maintenance of plant	87,250	98,983	96,803			
Administrative technology services	13,104	14,932	12,322			
Total Current Expenditures	2,979,222	3,019,766	2,997,507			
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues	_,>,>,===	2,017,700	2,>>1,001			
Over Current Expenditures	158,055	182,689	207,371			
Debt Service:						
Interest on debt	2,058	2,058	2,058			
Redemption of Principal	60,030	60,030	60,030			
Capital Outlay	00,030	00,020	00,030			
Other capital outlay	20,000	25,000	23,842			
Total Capital Outlay and	20,000	25,000	23,012			
Debt Service Expenditures	82,088	87,088	85,930			
Total Expenditures	3,061,310	3,106,854	3,083,437			
Total Expenditures	3,001,310	3,100,034	3,003,437			
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	75,967	95,601	121,441			
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in (out)	(234,606)	(161,499)	(172,103)			
Transfers in (out)	(234,000)	(101,499)	(172,103)			
Net change in fund balance	(158,639)	(65,898)	(50,662)			
Fund Balance at beginning of year	364,495	364,495	364,495			
			_			
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 205,856	\$ 298,597	\$ 313,833			

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

		Special Revenue Fund					
	Orig	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES	<u> </u>					•	
Federal sources	\$	271,515	\$	232,039	\$	234,946	
Lunch program		101,800		155,092		157,532	
Charges and other revenues		286,500		300,013		301,275	
Total Revenues		659,815		687,144		693,753	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction		253,015		183,029		181,723	
Instructional staff training		3,500		3,782		2,544	
Food services		101,800		137,292		134,052	
Community Services		286,500		298,932		296,411	
Total Current Expenditures		644,815		623,035		614,730	
Excess of Revenues	<u> </u>					•	
Over Current Expenditures	_	15,000		64,109		79,023	
Capital Outlay		15,000		15,000		13,856	
Total Expenditures		659,815		638,035		628,586	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		49,109		65,167	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out)		-		(49,109)		(36,823)	
Net change in fund balance		-		-		28,344	
Fund Balance at beginning of year		273,167		273,167		273,167	
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	273,167	\$	273,167	\$	301,511	

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Academy Elementary South Campus Pembroke Pines, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, of Somerset Academy Elementary South Campus (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 29, 2023 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023



MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Academy Elementary South Campus Pembroke Pines, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Somerset Academy Elementary South Campus, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 29, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations in the preceding audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and school code assigned by the Florida Department of education of the entity is Somerset Academy Elementary South Campus, 5263.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Somerset Academy Elementary South Campus has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Academy Elementary South Campus did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Somerset Academy Elementary South Campus. It is management's responsibility to monitor Somerset Academy Elementary South Campus's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to report the results of our determination as to whether Somerset Academy Elementary South Campus maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Academy Elementary South Campus maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Broward County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023