

Somerset Academy Riverside Charter Middle School W/L# 5419

(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.) (A Charter School and Component Unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida)

> Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report June 30, 2023

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

General Information	1
Independent Auditors' Report	2-4
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
(Required Supplementary Information)	5-9
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities.	11
Fund Financial Statements:	11
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance	12
Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	13
in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,	17
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	16-27
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	28-29
Badgetary Comparison Schedules	20 2)
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over	
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters	
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	30-31
Management Letter	32-33

# Somerset Academy Riverside Charter Middle School (A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.) W/L# 5419 2251 Riverside Dr. Coral Springs, FL 33065

2022-2023

# **Board of Directors**

Todd German, Director and Board Chair Ana Diaz, Secretary and Director David Concepcion, Director Brian M, Cox, Director

**School Administration** 

Sonia Andreu, Principal

Other non-voting officers

Bernardo Montero, President Suzette Ruiz, Vice-President



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Academy Riverside Charter Middle School Coral Springs, Florida

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy Riverside Charter Middle School (the "School"), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which is a component unit of the District School Board of Broward County, as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy Riverside Charter Middle School as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Somerset Academy, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Emphasis of a Matter - Related Party Transactions

As described in Note 5, to the financial statements, the School relies on significant support from Somerset Academy, Inc. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Emphasis of a Matter – Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Somerset Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Somerset Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2023 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 28 to 29 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 29, 2023 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023 **CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS** 

All Grain, UP

## **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

Somerset Academy Riverside Charter Middle School (A Charter School under Somerset Academy, Inc.)
June 30, 2023

The corporate officers of Somerset Academy, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of Somerset Academy Riverside Charter Middle School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

# **Financial Highlights**

- 1. The net position of the Charter School as of June 30, 2023 was \$22,746.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$325,290.
- 3. The net position of the School increased by \$21,206 during the year.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$86,323.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between the four is reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-11 of this report.

# **Fund Financial Statements**

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for its major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

# Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 27 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, the net position was \$22,746 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023	2022		
Cash	\$ 5,013	\$	4,244	
Investments	72,000		237,900	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	94,287		62,774	
Due from other agencies	153,990		22,986	
Deposits	23,238		-	
Capital assets, net	 2,766,799		2,885,474	
Total Assets	3,115,327		3,213,378	
Deferred outflows of resources	-		-	
Accounts payable	19,998		25,628	
Salaries and wages payable	61,864		32,797	
Due to other divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.	75,000		89,396	
Lease liability	 2,935,719		3,064,017	
Total Liabilities	3,092,581		3,211,838	
Deferred inflows of resources	-		-	
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	(168,920)		(178,543)	
Unrestricted	191,666		180,083	
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ 22,746	\$	1,540	

At the end of both years, the School is able to report a positive balance in net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023	2022		
REVENUES				
Program Revenues				
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 266,015	\$	103,030	
Capital Grants and Contributions	101,103		63,260	
Charges for Services	14,145		12,085	
General Revenues				
Local Sources (FTE and other non specific)	1,332,053		821,194	
Other Revenues	 456,770		500,160	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$ 2,170,086	\$	1,499,729	
EXPENS ES				
Instruction	\$ 979,737	\$	709,259	
Student support services	26,925		24,387	
Instructional staff training	8,978		992	
Board	13,321		11,843	
School administration	249,566		169,589	
General administration	-		-	
Fiscal services	27,600		17,625	
Food services	83,939		52,718	
Central services	36,257		24,526	
Operation of plant	432,623		288,062	
Maintenance of plant	138,635		104,473	
Adminstrative technology services	1,011		6,180	
Debt service	 150,288		153,073	
Total Expenses	2,148,880		1,562,727	
Increase (decrease) in Net Position	 21,206		(62,998)	
Net Position at Beginning of Year	1,540		64,538	
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 22,746	\$	1,540	

The School's revenues and expenses increased by \$670,357 and \$586,153, respectively, in the current year. The School had an increase in its net position of \$21,206.

### **Capital Improvement Requirements**

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

# **School Location**

For 2022-2023, the school's facility is located at 2251 Riverside Dr. Coral Springs, FL 33065.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$180,610. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$86,323. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

### **Capital Assets**

The School's investment in capital assets (including right of use lease assets) as of June 30, 2023 amounts to \$2,766,799 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets includes right of use lease asset (building), furniture, fixtures and equipment. As of June 30, 2023, the School had long-term liabilities of \$2,935,719 associated to its capital assets.

# **Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights**

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund						
	Original Budget		Final Budget			Actual	
REVENUES	<u> </u>	·				_	
Program Revenues							
State capital outlay funding	\$	94,582	\$	99,090	\$	101,103	
Federal sources		167,996		221,500		221,517	
Charges for services		14,000		14,000		14,145	
General Revenues							
FTE and other nonspecific revenues		1,313,540		1,331,333		1,332,053	
Charges and other revenues		450,000		455,000		456,770	
Total Revenues	\$	2,040,118	\$	2,120,923	\$	2,125,588	
CURRENT EXPENDITURES							
Component Unit Activities:							
Instruction	\$	1,016,555	\$	997,631	\$	972,585	
Student support services		28,293		27,944		26,925	
Instructional staff training		9,000		9,000		8,978	
Board		16,269		15,381		13,321	
School administration		273,306		265,346		249,046	
Fiscal services		27,075		27,525		27,600	
Food services		60,000		85,000		83,939	
Central services		36,075		36,892		36,257	
Operation of plant		261,236		288,963		275,040	
Maintenance of plant		82,072		139,427		138,635	
Administrative technology services		8,947		2,000		1,011	
Total Current Expenditures	\$	1,818,828	\$	1,895,109	\$	1,833,337	

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

# **Requests for Information**

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Broward, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	
<u>Assets</u>		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$	5,013
Investments		72,000
Due from other agencies		153,990
Prepaid expenses and other assets		94,287
Total current assets		325,290
Deposits		23,238
Capital assets, net		
Capital assets, depreciable		78,710
Less: accumulated depreciation		(11,424)
Right-of-use lease asset		3,059,444
Less: accumulated amortization		(359,931)
Total capital assets, net		2,766,799
Total Assets		3,115,327
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		19,998
Salaries and wages payable		61,864
Lease liability, current		134,863
Total current liabilities		216,725
Lease liability		2,800,856
Due to other divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc., long term		75,000
Total Liabilities		3,092,581
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		(168,920)
Unrestricted		191,666
Total Net Position	\$	22,746

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2023

# **Program Revenues**

FUNCTIONS	Expens	es	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Positior
Governmental activities:						
Instruction	\$ 979	,737	\$ -	\$ 194,344	\$ -	\$ (785,393)
Student support services	26	,925	-	-	-	(26,925)
Instructional staff training	8	,978	-	-	-	(8,978)
Board	13	,321	-	-	-	(13,321)
School administration	249	,566	-	1,039	-	(248,527)
Fiscal services	27	,600	-	-	-	(27,600)
Food services	83	,939	14,145	70,632	-	838
Central services	36	,257	-	-	-	(36,257)
Operation of plant	432	,623	-	-	101,103	(331,520)
Maintenance of plant	138	,635	-	-	-	(138,635)
Administrative technology services	1	,011	-	-	-	(1,011)
Debt service	150	,288				(150,288)
Total governmental activities	2,148	,880	14,145	266,015	101,103	(1,767,617)
		othe	er nonspecific	revenues merset Academ	v Ino	1,332,053 450,000
			_	merset Academ	y, inc.	
	Other re	venu	C			6,770
	Change in net position				21,206	
	Net posi	tion,	beginning			1,540
	Net posi	tion,	ending			\$ 22,746

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		Special	Capital	Total
		Revenue		Governmental
	General Fund	Fund	Project Fund	Funds
Assets				
Cash	\$ 5,013	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,013
Investments	72,000	-	-	72,000
Due from other agencies	-	91,172	-	91,172
Due from fund	91,172	-	-	91,172
Prepaid expenses	94,287	-	-	94,287
Total Assets	262,472	91,172		353,644
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	19,998	-	_	19,998
Salaries and wages payable	61,864	-	-	61,864
Due to fund	-	91,172	-	91,172
Total Liabilities	81,862	91,172		173,034
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Fund balance				
Nonspendable, not in spendable form	94,287	-	_	94,287
Unassigned	86,323	_	_	86,323
	180,610	_	_	180,610
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 262,472	\$ 91,172	\$ -	\$ 353,644

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total	Fund	Ralance	Governmental	Funde
т отат	ะยากด	Balance -	Ciovernmeniai	Filmas

\$ 180,610

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.

Capital assets, depreciable	78,710
Less: accumulated depreciation	(11,424)
Right-of-use lease asset	3,059,444
Less: accumulated amortization	(359,931)

2,766,799

Long term deposits and advances in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

23,238

Receivables in governmental activities that are not considered available to pay current liabilities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

62,818

Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.

(3,010,719)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 22,746

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June  $30,\,2023$ 

		Special	Capital	Total	
		•	Сарнаг		
		Revenue		Governmental	
	General Fund	fund	Projects Fund	Funds	
Revenues:	Φ.	Φ.	<b>4.04.402</b>	<b>4.04.402</b>	
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 101,103	\$ 101,103	
State passed through local	1,332,053	221 517	-	1,332,053	
Federal sources	-	221,517	-	221,517	
Charges for services	456 770	14,145	-	14,145	
Other revenue	456,770	225 ((2	101 102	456,770	
Total Revenues	1,788,823	235,662	101,103	2,125,588	
Expenditures:					
Current Instruction	944 907	127 770		072 595	
	844,807	127,778	-	972,585	
Student support services	26,925			26,925	
Instructional staff training Board	8,978	-	-	8,978	
School administration	13,321 248,007	1,039	-	13,321 249,046	
Fiscal services		1,039	-	,	
Food services	27,600	83,939	-	27,600 83,939	
Central services	36,257	65,959	-	36,257	
	*	_	_	275,040	
Operation of plant	275,040	-	-	*	
Maintenance of plant	138,635	-	-	138,635	
Administratrive technology services	1,011	-	-	1,011	
Capital Outlay:					
Right-of-use lease asset (building)	-	-	-	-	
Other capital outlay	20,798	49,020	-	69,818	
Debt Service:					
Redemption of Principal	_	_	128,298	128,298	
Interest			150,288	150,288	
Total Expenditures	1,641,379	261,776	278,586	2,181,741	
Total Experiences	1,041,379	201,770	270,300	2,101,741	
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	147,444	(26,114)	(177,483)	(56,153)	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in (out)	(203,597)	26,114	177,483	_	
Net increase in long term payables to affiliates	10,604	-	-	10,604	
Net change in fund balance	(45,549)			(45,549)	
_	(10,019)			(10,01)	
Fund Balance at beginning of year	226,159			226,159	
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 180,610	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 180,610	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

(45,549)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Capital outlay 69,818 Depreciation and amortization expense (188,493)

(118,675)

Increase in long term receivables and deposits is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but a decrease of such receivables and deposits reduces long-term assets in the statement of net position. In the current period, these amounts are:

Increases in long term receivables and desposits 23,238

Decreases in long term receivables and deposits -

23,238

Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds. This is the difference between the revenues from prior year that is now available to pay current liabilities to the revenues from the current year that is not available to pay current liabilities. In the current period, these amounts are:

Prior year revenues available in current year (18,320)
Current year revenues not available 62,818

44,498

Additions in long term liabilities provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but increases long term liabilities in the statement of net position. Reductions in long term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. In the current period, these amounts are:

Decreases in long term liabilities 192,694
Increases in long term liabilities 75,000

117,694

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 21,206

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### Reporting Entity

Somerset Academy Riverside Charter Middle School (the "School"), is a component unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc., which is composed of four members and also governs other charter schools.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Broward, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2033 and it can be further renewed in accordance with law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in Coral Springs, Florida for students from sixth through eighth grades. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2023, when on average 184 students were enrolled for the school year.

# Basis of Presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements do not included fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, such as food service and student activity fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues and other miscellaneous sources.

# **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – accounts for specific revenues, such as federal funding, federal lunch program, and COVID-19 emergency relief funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Projects Fund – is used to account for the resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital assets and for state capital outlay funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. On the accrual basis, revenues from grants and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

# **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

#### Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund.

The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 2). Money market investment that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

#### **Inter-fund Transfers**

Inter-fund receivables/payables ("due from/to") are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund. Inter-fund transfers to/from the general fund to/from the special revenue fund during the year are for federal program fundings or reimbursements.

### Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies relate to grants or programs for which the services have been provided by the School.

# **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

# Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net assets in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are sold or disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in the governmentwide statements. Proceeds received from the sale or disposal of capital assets are recorded as Other Financing Sources in the governmental funds.

The right to use assets are initially measure at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for capital assets are as follows:

Right-of-use asset (building)	16 Years
Improvements	5-20 Years
Furniture and computer equipment	5 Years
Software	3 Years

### **Compensated Absences**

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, Accounting for Compensated Absences, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place.

Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years. The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

# **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

### Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP.

Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local capital improvement ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

# **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

# Net Position and Fund Balance Classification

Government-wide financial statements

Net position are classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

## Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not expected to be converted into cash or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories and prepaid expenses.
- b) Restricted this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

# **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

# Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

Other assets consist mainly of prepaid expenses which are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification.

# **Long-Term Debt and Liabilities**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

#### Income Taxes

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

### Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 29, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

# New Accounting Standard Adopted

In fiscal year 2023, the School adopted a new statement of financial accounting standard issued by Governmental Accounting Standards Board: GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. The adoption had no material effect on the School's 2023 financial statements.

### Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

GASB has issued GASB Statement No. 101, Compensating Absences. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for certain types of compensated absences including parental leave, military leave, and injury duty leave. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

# Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note 2 – Cash and Investments

### **Deposits**

The School maintains its cash in one financial institution. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Somerset Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2023, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage was approximately \$5,400.

#### Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2023, the School had \$90,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2023, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 91% within 30 days.

#### Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

At June 30, 2023, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

*Interest rate risk* is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

# Note 3 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2023:

		Balance					Balance	
	07/01/22		Additions		Retirements		 06/30/23	
Capital Assets:								
Capital assets, depreciable:								
Leasehold improvements	\$	-	\$	17,142	\$	-	\$ 17,142	
Furniture and equipment		16,328		52,676		(7,436)	 61,568	
Total Capital Assets		16,328		69,818		(7,436)	78,710	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Leasehold improvements		-		(857)		-	(857)	
Furniture and equipment		(10,331)		(7,672)		7,436	(10,567)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(10,331)		(8,529)		7,436	(11,424)	
Capital Assets, net	\$	5,997	\$	61,289	\$	-	\$ 67,286	
Lease Assets:								
Right of use lease asset (building)	\$	3,059,444	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,059,444	
Less accumulated amortization:		(179,967)		(179,964)		-	(359,931)	
Total Lease Assets being amortized, net		2,879,477		(179,964)		-	2,699,513	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$	2,885,474	\$	(118,675)	\$	-	\$ 2,766,799	

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, depreciation and amortization expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

	Dep	preciation	Amo	rtization
Instruction	\$	7,152	\$	179,964
School administration		520		-
Operation of plant		857		-
Total Expense	\$	8,529	\$	179,964

### Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Broward, LLC, an education service and support provider, provides administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting, financial reporting, and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis. The agreement is with Somerset Academy, Inc. through June 30, 2028 and unless terminated by the board, will have the option to renew for an additional 5 year period. During 2023, the School incurred \$82,800 in fees.

# Note 5 – Transactions with other Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.

During 2023, the School shared its premises with Somerset Academy Riverside Charter School (another charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.). Through the board, management allocates a proportionate share of leases, salaries, lunch receipts, food and supplies, and other expenses based on student enrollment and usage of facilities and staff to this school.

Somerset Academy, Inc. charges all of its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. The School paid Somerset Academy, Inc. approximately \$27,525 in connection with these charges during the year.

### Recoverable Grant

During 2023, the School received a \$450,000 recoverable grant from Somerset Academy, Inc. Repayment of this grant is contingent on the School meeting certain financial conditions. In previous years, the School received additional recoverable grants with a balance of \$874,000. During the year ended June 30, 2023, management determined that the School did not meet the requirements for repayment under the grant terms. The maximum amount the School may be required to pay in the future should the School meet the requirements for repayment under these agreements is \$1,324,000.

The School received long-term, non-interest bearing advances from other divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc. for working capital purposes. The following schedule provides a summary of changes in long-term payables as of year end June 30, 2023:

D 1

	Balance						Balance		
	07/01/22		In	creases	Decreases		06/30/23		
Due to Somerset Academy, Inc.	\$	-	\$	75,000	\$	-	\$	75,000	
Due to Somerset Riverside Charter School		64,396		-		(64,396)			
Total Long Term Payables	\$	64,396	\$	75,000	\$	(64,396)	\$	75,000	

### Note 6 – Long-term liabilities

Somerset Academy, Inc. entered into an educational facilities lease agreement with Riverside School Development, LLC for the use of its 77,000 sq.ft. facility. The landlord is an affiliate of the School's education service and support provider (see Note 4).

Under this agreement, initial fixed rent shall be approximately \$1,031,800, adjusted annually by the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The School is responsible for additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. The agreement continues through June 30, 2038 with two options to renew an additional five years each.

Under the agreement, Somerset Academy, Inc. must meet certain covenants and requirements, including a "Lease Payment Coverage Ratio" of not less than 1.10 to 1.00. Lease payments are to be allocated among the two schools based on enrollment and usage of facility.

# **Note 6 – Long-term liabilities (continued)**

At the time of initial measurement, the School recorded a lease right of use asset and liability. The lease right of use asset and liability were allocated between School and Somerset Academy Riverside Charter School based on enrollment and usage of facility. The allocation was approximately 73% for Somerset Academy Riverside Charter School and 27% for the School. The School used an average effective interest for several borrowings during fiscal year end 2021 and 2022. The average borrowing rate was 5% which was used to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use this asset and the lease liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, interest expense totaled \$150,288, as it relates to its lease agreements. For 2023, variable payments related to the lease agreement was approximately \$83,000.

Annual requirements to amortize the lease liability and related interest are as follows:

<b>Year</b>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	
2024	\$ 134,863	\$ 143,723	
2025	141,763	136,823	
2026	149,015	129,571	
2027	156,639	121,947	
2028	164,653	113,933	
2029-2033	958,583	434,347	(For a five year period)
2034-2038	1,230,203	162,724	(For a five year period)
	\$ 2,935,719	\$ 1,243,068	_
			=

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

	Balance	Balance		
	07/01/22	Increases	Decreases	06/30/23
Lease liability	\$ 3,064,017	\$ -	\$ (128,298)	\$ 2,935,719
Total Long Term Payables	\$ 3,064,017	\$ -	\$ (128,298)	\$ 2,935,719

#### Note 7 – Interfund Transfers and Balances

Interfund transfers and balances as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Ger	neral Fund	Special evenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	
To reimburse the General Fund for prior period's lunch shortfall	\$	838	\$ (838)	\$	=
To fund federal expenditures for which revenues were not available		(26,952)	26,952		-
To fund debt service in the Capital Projects Fund		(177,483)	 		177,483
Total Transfers, net	\$	(203,597)	\$ 26,114	\$	177,483
Due to General Fund from Special Revenue Fund for federal funds	\$	91,172	\$ (91,172)	\$	-
Total Due from/(Due to) Funds	\$	91,172	\$ (91,172)	\$	

# Note 8 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations

# **Contingencies and Concentrations**

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the State through the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee up to 5% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2023, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$64,959.

#### Note 9 - Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, which are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a match of 100% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$25,640 for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.

# Note 10 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; administrative errors and omissions; personal injury; workers compensation and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreements, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative errors and omissions.



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

			Ge	neral Fund		
	Original Budget		Fir	nal Budget	Actual	
REVENUES	<u>-</u>					
State passed through local	\$	1,313,540	\$	1,331,333	\$	1,332,053
Charges and other revenue		450,000		455,000		456,770
Total Revenues		1,763,540		1,786,333		1,788,823
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		888,559		869,635		844,807
Student support services		28,293		27,944		26,925
Instructional staff training		9,000		9,000		8,978
Board		16,269		15,381		13,321
School administration		271,306		263,346		248,007
Fiscal Services		27,075		27,525		27,600
Central Services		36,075		36,892		36,257
Operation of Plant		261,236		288,963		275,040
Maintenance of Plant		82,072		139,427		138,635
Administrative technology services		8,947		2,000		1,011
Total Current Expenditures		1,628,832		1,680,113		1,620,581
Excess (deficit) of Revenues	<u>-</u>					
Over Current Expenditures		134,708		106,220		168,242
Capital Outlay		-		22,000		20,798
Other Capital Outlay	-					
Total Capital Outlay and						
Debt Service Expenditures		-		-		20,798
Total Expenditures		1,628,832		1,702,113		1,641,379
Excess (deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		134,708		84,220		147,444
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in (out)		(229,281)		(196,269)		(203,597)
Net change in fund balance		(94,573)		(112,049)		(56,153)
Fund Balance at beginning of year		226,159		226,159		226,159
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	131,586	\$	114,110	\$	170,006

### Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

		Sį	oject Revenu	nue			
	Original Budget		Fina	ıl Budget		Actual	
REVENUES							
Federal sources	\$	167,996	\$	221,500	\$	221,517	
Charges for services		14,000		14,000		14,145	
Total Revenues		181,996		235,500		235,662	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction		127,996		127,996		127,778	
School administration		2,000		2,000		1,039	
Food services		60,000		85,000		83,939	
Total Current Expenditures		189,996		214,996		212,756	
Excess (deficit) of Revenues		_				_	
Over Current Expenditures		(8,000)		20,504		22,906	
Debt Service:							
Redemption of Principal		-		-		-	
Capital Outlay		50,000		50,000		49,020	
Other Capital Outlay		-		-	'	-	
Total Capital Outlay and							
Debt Service Expenditures		50,000		50,000		49,020	
Total Expenditures		239,996		264,996		261,776	
Excess /(Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(58,000)		(29,496)		(26,114)	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in (out)		58,000		29,496		26,114	
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-	
Fund Balance at beginning of year							
Fund Balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$	-	

### Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Academy Riverside Charter Middle School Coral Springs, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States., the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy Riverside Charter Middle School (the "School"), as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2023.

# Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

## Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 29, 2023 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

# Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023



#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Academy Riverside Charter Middle School Coral Springs, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of Somerset Academy Riverside Charter Middle School, Coral Springs, Florida as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2023.

# **Auditor's Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

## **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated September 29, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

#### **Official Title**

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity are: Somerset Academy Riverside Charter Middle School (W/L# 5419).

#### **Financial Condition and Management**

Section 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Somerset Academy Riverside Charter Middle School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Academy Riverside Charter Middle School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Somerset Academy Riverside Charter Middle School. It is management's responsibility to monitor Somerset Academy Riverside Charter Middle School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have such recommendations.

#### **Transparency**

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether Somerset Academy Riverside Charter Middle School maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Academy Riverside Charter Middle School maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

# **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Broward County, Federal and other granting agencies, the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc. , and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023