

Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead) WL # 0754

> (A Charter School under Somerset Academy, Inc.)

Homestead, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2023

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> 3000 SE 9th Road Homestead, FL 33035

> > 2022-2023

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Todd German, Director, Board Chair Ana Diaz, Director and Secretary David Concepcion, Director Brian M. Cox, Director (Texas)

SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead) Homestead, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, of Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead) (the "School"), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc. as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead) as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Somerset Academy, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



HLB Gravier, LLP is a member of (HLB) International. A world-wide organization of accounting firms and business advisers.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of a Matter – Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead) that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Somerset Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Somerset Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2023 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 30 to 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2023 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

AB Gravier, UP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 15, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead) (A Charter school Under Somerset Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2023

The corporate officers of Somerset Academy, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the school's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Financial Highlights

- 1. The net position of the School as of June 30, 2023 was \$1,639,335.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$1,312,159.
- 3. The School had an increase in net position of \$607,279 for the year ended June 30, 2023.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$552,527.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, net outflows of resources, liabilities, and net inflows of resources. The difference is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 - 11 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Government Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Government Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 29 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, the net position was \$1,639,335 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023	2022
Cash	\$ 3,497	\$ 1,154
Investments	776,000	325,000
Prepaid expenses	37,033	26,727
Due from other agencies	495,629	738,594
Due from other divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.	-	19,395
Capital and right of use assets, net	7,193,053	7,325,841
Total Assets	8,505,212	8,436,711
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Salaries and wages payable	154,397	147,287
Accounts payable	4,102	163,846
Deferred revenue	155,651	-
Lease liability	6,551,727	6,693,522
Due to Somerset Academy, Inc.		400,000
Total Liabilities	6,865,877	7,404,655
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	641,326	632,319
Restricted	64,772	-
Unrestricted	933,237	399,737
Total Net Position	\$ 1,639,335	\$ 1,032,056

At the end of both years, the School is able to report positive balances in total net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023	2022
REVENUES		
Program Revenues:		
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 660,839	\$ 698,678
Capital grants and contributions	258,234	263,685
Lunch program	203,713	164,156
General Revenues:		
Local sources (FTE and other non specific)	3,220,313	2,650,020
Change for services and othe revenues	31,175	264
Total Revenues	\$ 4,374,274	\$ 3,776,803
EXPENSES		
Instruction	\$ 1,795,061	\$ 1,679,544
Student support services	64,198	56,165
Instructional staff training	16,131	10,991
Board	28,048	21,863
School administration	353,006	346,566
Fiscal services	57,450	51,750
Food services	148,003	136,750
Central services	67,810	57,153
Operation of plant	804,155	676,839
Maintenance of plant	81,763	57,739
Administrative technology services	21,488	19,914
Debt service	329,882	336,486
Total Expenses	3,766,995	3,451,760
Increase in Net Position	607,279	325,043
Net Position at Beginning of Year	1,032,056	707,013
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 1,639,335	\$ 1,032,056
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The School's revenues and expenses increased by \$597,471 and \$315,235, respectively. The School had an increase in its net position of \$607,279 for the year.

School Location and Lease of Facility

The School leases a facility located at 3000 SE 9th Road, Homestead, FL 33035.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$589,560. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$552,527. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2023 amounts to \$1,175,610 (net of accumulated depreciation) and right of use lease asset (building) of \$6,017,443 (net of accumulated amortization). This investment in capital assets includes right of use lease asset (building), improvements, furniture, fixtures, and computer equipment. As of June 30, 2023, the School had long-term liabilities of \$6,551,727 relating to capital assets.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund					
	Original					
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual			
REVENUES						
Program Revenues						
State capital outlay funding	\$ 249,057	\$ 256,820	\$ 258,234			
Federal sources	989,945	1,095,929	1,192,840			
Lunch program fees	15,500	17,125	17,413			
General Revenues						
FTE nonspecific revenues	3,051,026	3,187,333	3,220,313			
Other revenue	7,480	25,625	31,175			
Total Revenues	\$4,313,008	\$4,582,832	\$ 4,719,975			
CURRENT EXPENDITURES						
Component Unit Activities						
Instruction	\$ 1,872,440	\$1,730,248	\$ 1,629,135			
Student support services	73,682	67,310	64,198			
Instructional staff training	20,953	18,000	16,131			
Board	36,769	31,863	28,048			
School administration	424,399	375,380	352,785			
Fiscal services	77,075	57,450	57,450			
Food services	159,700	150,633	148,003			
Central services	86,972	70,450	67,810			
Operation of plant	380,680	362,447	376,509			
Maintenance of plant	98,303	82,603	38,362			
Administrative technology services	36,653	28,857	21,488			
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 3,267,626	\$ 2,975,241	\$ 2,799,919			

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Assets	Primary <u>Government</u> Governmental Activities
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 3,497
Investments	776,000
Due from other agencies	495,629
Prepaid expenses	37,033
Total Current Assets	1,312,159
Capital assets, net	
Capital assets, depreciable	1,581,516
Less: accumulated depreciation	(405,906)
Right of use lease asset	6,769,623
Less: accumulated amortization	(752,180)
Total Capital Assets, net	7,193,053
Total Assets	8,505,212
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Salaries and wages payable	154,397
Accounts payable	4,102
Deferred revenue	155,651
Lease liability-current	272,028
Total Current Liabilities	586,178
Lease liability	6,279,699
Total Liabilities	6,865,877
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	641,326
Restricted	64,772
Unrestricted	933,237
Total Net Position	\$ 1,639,335
The accompanying notes are an integral	

part of these financial statements.

Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2023

				Pro	gram Reve	nues			
Primary Government	Expenses		ges foi vices	r G	Operating rants and ntributions	G	Capital rants and ntributions	a	et (Expense) Revenue nd Changes Net Position
Governmental activities:									
Instruction	\$ 1,795,061	\$	-	\$	468,205	\$	-	\$	(1,326,856)
Student support services	64,198		-		-		-		(64,198)
Instructional staff training	16,131		-		14,249		-		(1,882)
Board	28,048		-		-		-		(28,048)
School administration	353,006		-		91,951		-		(261,055)
Fiscal services	57,450		-		-		-		(57,450)
Food services	148,003	17	7,413		186,300		-		55,710
Central services	67,810		-		-		-		(67,810)
Operation of plant	804,155		-		86,434		258,234		(459,487)
Maintenance of plant	81,763		-		-		-		(81,763)
Administrative technology services	21,488		-		-		-		(21,488)
Debt service	329,882		-		-		-		(329,882)
Total governmental activities	3,766,995	17	7,413		847,139		258,234		(2,644,209)

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

				Special	C	Capital		Total		
	General Fund		General Fund						Go	overnmental
			Rev	venue Fund	Proj	ects Fund		Funds		
Assets										
Cash	\$	3,497	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,497		
Investments	ψ	711,228	ψ	64,772	Ψ		Ψ	776,000		
Due from other agencies		- 11,220		138,673		13,279		151,952		
Due from fund		151,952						151,952		
Prepaid expenses		37,033		_		_		37,033		
Total Assets		903,710		203,445		13,279		1,120,434		
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		200,0		10,275		1,120,101		
Deferred Outflows of Resources		-		-		-		-		
<u>Liabilities</u>										
Salaries and wages payable		154,397		_		_		154,397		
Deferred revenue		155,651		_		_		155,651		
Due to fund		-		138,673		13,279		151,952		
Accounts payable		4,102				-		4,102		
Total Liabilities		314,150		138,673		13,279		466,102		
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Deterred filliows of Resources										
Fund balance										
Nonspendable, not in spendable form		37,033		-		-		37,033		
Restricted		-		64,772		-		64,772		
Unassigned		552,527		-		-		552,527		
-		589,560		64,772		-		654,332		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balance	\$	903,710	\$	203,445	\$	13,279	\$	1,120,434		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance - Govern	nmental Funds		\$	654,332
Amounts reported for gove different because:	ernmental activities in the st	atement of net position are	2	
amortizat	assets net of accumulated tion used in governmental resources and therefore are	activities are not		
Capital a	ssets, depreciable	1,581,516		
Less: acc	sumulated depreciation	(405,906)		
Right of	use lease asset	6,769,623		
Less: acc	umulated amortization	(752,180)		7,193,053
considere current fi	les in governmental actived available to pay current inancial resources and, therefore vernmental funds.	liabilities are not		343,677
Academy	rm payables to other div 7, Inc. in governmental activit 5 and therefore are not	ies are not financial		
	ental funds.			(6,551,727)
Total Net Position - Governr	nental Activities		\$	1,639,335
The accompanying notes are	-			

part of these financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Special	Capital	Total Governmental
		Revenue Fund	Projects Fund	Funds
Revenues:				
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 258,234	\$ 258,234
State passed through local and other local	3,220,313	-	-	3,220,313
Federal sources	-	1,192,840	-	1,192,840
Lunch program fees	-	17,413	-	17,413
Other revenue	31,175			31,175
Total Revenues	3,251,488	1,210,253	258,234	4,719,975
Expenditures:				
Current				
Instruction	1,275,668	353,467	-	1,629,135
Student support services	64,198	-	-	64,198
Board	28,048	-	-	28,048
Instructional staff training	1,882	14,249	-	16,131
School administration	260,834	91,951	-	352,785
Fiscal services	57,450	-	-	57,450
Food services	-	148,003	-	148,003
Central services	67,810	-	-	67,810
Operation of plant	290,075	86,434	-	376,509
Maintenance of plant	38,362	-	-	38,362
Administrative technology services	21,488	-	-	21,488
Capital Outlay:				
Other capital outlay	442,019	18,984	-	461,003
Debt Service:				
Redemption of principal	-	-	185,196	185,196
Interest			329,882	329,882
Total Expenditures	2,547,834	713,088	515,078	3,776,000
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	703,654	497,165	(256,844)	943,975
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in (out)	175,549	(432,393)	256,844	-
Repayment of long term advances	(400,000)			(400,000)
Net change in fund balance	479,203	64,772	-	543,975
Fund Balance at beginning of year	110,357	-	-	110,357
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 589,560	\$ 64,772	\$ -	\$ 654,332
J				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures an Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fun	\$ 543,975	
Amounts reported different because:	for governmental activities in the statement of activities are	
	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization expense.	
	Capital Outlay461,003Depreciation and amortization expense(593,793)	(132,790)
	Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds.	(345,701)
	Increase in long term liabilities is revenue in the governmental funds, but a decrease or repayment of such payables reduces liabilities in the statement of net position.	
	Principal payments on long-term liabilities	541,795
Change in Net Pos	\$ 607,279	
The accompanying	notes are an integral	

part of these financial statements.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead) (the "School"), is a charter school sponsored by the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc., which is composed of four members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exists that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2025 and it can be renewed in accordance with law. A charter can be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in Homestead, Florida for students from kindergarten through fifth grades and is funded by the District. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2023, when an average 420 students were enrolled for the school year.

Basis of Presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both government wide and fund financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, such as food service and student activity fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues and other miscellaneous sources.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – accounts for specific revenues, such as federal funding, federal lunch program, and COVID-19 emergency relief funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Projects Funds – accounts for state and local capital outlay as authorized by Charter School Capital Outlay, Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes mainly for capital outlay.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Cash and Investments

Cash is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 2). Money market investment that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Inter-fund Transfers

Interfund receivables/payables are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

Prepaid Expenses and other current assets

Other assets consist mainly of prepaid expenses which are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in the government wide financial statements. Proceeds from the sale of or disposal of capital assets are recorded as other financing sources in the governmental funds.

The right to use assets are initially measure at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right of use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for capital assets are as follows:

Right of use asset (building)	18 Years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	3-5 Years
Computer Equipment and Software	3-5 Years

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to receive one day per month up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. Employees may "cash out" unused sick days, however, employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the state through the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent students of FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Net Position and Fund Balance Classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) <u>Net investment in capital assets</u> consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of balances with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions,* defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- a) <u>Nonspendable</u> includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories and prepaid expenses.
- b) <u>Restricted</u> this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end. Restricted funds balances at year end pertain to the School's lunch program.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term liabilities and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 15, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

New Accounting Standard Adopted

In fiscal year 2023, the School adopted a new statement of financial accounting standard issued by Governmental Accounting Standards Board: GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. The adoption had no effect on the School's 2023 financial statements.

Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

GASB has issued GASB Statement No. 101, Compensating Absences. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for certain types of compensated absences including parental leave, military leave, and injury duty leave. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash in one financial institution. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Somerset Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (continued)

Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2023, the School had \$1,180,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2023, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 91% within 30 days.

Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2023, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

Note 3 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the period ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance 07/01/22 Additions		Retirements / Reclassifications	Balance 06/30/23	
Capital Assets, non-depreciable:				00/00/20	
Construction in progress	\$ 282,717	\$ 426,828	\$ (709,545)	\$ -	
Capital Assets, depreciable:					
Computer equipment and software	404,176	-	-	404,176	
Furniture, fixture and equipment	433,620	743,720		1,177,340	
Total Capital Assets	1,120,513	1,170,548	(709,545)	1,581,516	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Computer equipment and software	(114,813)	(80,835)	-	(195,648)	
Furniture, fixture and equipment	(73,390)	(136,868)	-	(210,258)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(188,203)	(217,703)	-	(405,906)	
Capital Assets, net	\$ 932,310	\$ 952,845	\$ (709,545)	\$ 1,175,610	
Lease Assets:					
Right to use lease asset (building)	\$6,769,623	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,769,623	
Less accumulated amortization:	(376,090)	(376,090)	-	(752,180)	
Total Lease Assets being amortized, net	6,393,533	(376,090)	-	6,017,443	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$7,325,843	\$ 576,755	\$-	\$ 7,193,053	

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, depreciation and amortization expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

		De	Depreciation		ortization
Instruction		\$	165,926	\$	-
School administration			221		-
Operation of plant			51,556		376,090
	Total Expense	\$	217,703	\$	376,090

Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Dade, LLC, an education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis. The agreement is with Somerset Academy, Inc. through June 30, 2028, and unless terminated by the board shall have the option to renew for an additional five year term. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School incurred \$172,350, in fees.

Note 5 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.

The School's facility is shared with Somerset Preparatory Academy Middle (Homestead) and Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead) (charters school under Somerset Academy, Inc.). Management allocates a proportionate share of leases, salaries, lunch receipts, food and supplies and other expenses to each school individually based on student enrollment and usage of facilities and staff. Also, revenues and expenses related to the lunch program have been allocated based on FTE equivalent for purposes of presentation in the financial statements.

Somerset Academy, Inc. charges all its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate and accreditation expenses. Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead) paid Somerset Academy, Inc. \$57,450 in connection with these charges during the year.

The School had \$400,000 in long-term payables to Somerset Academy, Inc., this payable was non-interest bearing with no specific repayment terms. The payable was repaid during the year. The following summarizes the changes in long-term payables to Somerset Academy, Inc. during the year.

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/22	Additions	Deletions	06/30/23
Somerset Academy, Inclong-term	\$ 400,000	\$ -	\$ 400,000	\$ -
Total Long Term Payables	\$ 400,000	\$ -	\$ 400,000	\$ -

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities

The School entered into a lease and security agreement ("Original Lease") with Homestead Arts School Development, LLC (the "Landlord") for its 78,132 square feet building including all ancillary facilities, outdoor areas and other improvements. The agreement continues through June 30, 2039, with an option to renew for two additional periods of five-year term. The landlord and ESSP may have owners in common, but they operate independently from each other. The contractual agreement between the ESSP and the school is independent from the separate lease agreement between the school and landlord. (See Note 4).

Fixed annual payments under the agreement are \$117,198 per month or \$1,406,376 a year; adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. The agreement calls for enrollment discounts the first three years if the School does not meet a minimum enrollment requirement.

This facility is shared with Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead) and Somerset Preparatory Academy Middle (Homestead) (charter schools under Somerset Academy, Inc.). The lease right of use asset and liability were allocated between School and Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead) and Somerset Preparatory Academy Middle (Homestead) based on enrollment and usage of facility. The allocation used for 2023, was approximately 42% for the School and 29% each for the other Schools. At the time of the initial measurement, there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The School has used an average effective interest for several borrowings during fiscal year 2021 and 2022. The average borrowing rate was 5% which was used to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use this asset and the lease liability.

Under the agreement, the School must meet certain covenants and requirements, including a "Lease Payment Coverage Ratio" of not less than 1.10 to 1.00.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, interest expense totaled \$329,882, as it relates to its lease agreements. For 2023, variable and other payments of \$40,024 in connection with the lease agreement not previously included in the measurement of the lease liability were recorded in rent expense.

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize the lease liability and related interest are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>	
2024	\$ 272,028	\$ 318,650	\$ 590,678	
2025	285,945	304,732	590,677	
2026	300,575	290,103	590,678	
2027	315,953	274,725	590,678	
2028	332,118	258,560	590,678	
2029-2033	1,933,533	1,019,857	2,953,390	(Total of a five year period)
2034-2038	2,481,416	471,974	2,953,390	(Total of a five year period)
2039	574,987	15,691	590,678	_
	\$ 6,496,555	\$ 2,954,292	\$ 9,450,847	

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/22	Additions	Payments	06/30/23
Lease liability	\$6,681,751	\$ -	\$(185,196)	\$ 6,496,555
Lease liability - deferred CPI	11,771	43,401	-	55,172
Total Long Term Payables	\$6,693,522	\$ 43,401	\$(185,196)	\$ 6,551,727

Note 7 – Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits.

It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of up to 5% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2023, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$96,609.

Note 8 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past two fiscal years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreements, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

Note 9 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, who are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School approved a match of 100% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of employee compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$51,906 for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.

Note 10 – Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers in governmental funds as of June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund
Lunch transfer	\$ (9,062)	\$ 9,062	\$ -
To transfer from operating to cover debt service	(256,844)	-	256,844
To return to operating prior year collected federal receivables	441,455	(441,455)	
Total Transfers, net	\$ 175,549	\$(432,393)	\$256,844
	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund
Due to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund for capital outlay	\$ 13,279	\$ -	\$ (13,279)
Due to General Fund from Special Revenue Fund for federal funds	138,673	(138,673)	
Total Due from/(Due to)	\$ 151,952	\$(138,673)	\$ (13,279)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

		General Fund	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
State passed through local and other local	\$ 3,051,026	\$ 3,187,333	\$ 3,220,313
Other revenue	7,480	25,625	31,175
Total Revenues	3,058,506	3,212,958	3,251,488
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction	1,436,514	1,328,539	1,275,668
Student support services	73,682	67,310	64,198
Board	36,769	31,863	28,048
Instructional staff training	2,500	2,500	1,882
School administration	304,042	273,400	260,834
Fiscal services	77,075	57,450	57,450
Central services	86,972	70,450	67,810
Operation of plant	285,171	272,324	290,075
Maintenance of plant	98,303	82,603	38,362
Administrative technology services	36,653	28,857	21,488
Total Current Expenditures	2,437,681	2,215,296	2,105,815
Excess (deficit) of Revenues	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	i
Over Current Expenditures	620,825	997,662	1,145,673
Capital Outlay	442,500	442,500	442,019
Total Capital Outlay and			
Debt Service Expenditures	442,500	442,500	442,019
Total Expenditures	2,880,181	2,657,796	2,547,834
Excess (deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	178,325	555,162	703,654
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in (out)	(109,521)	75,851	175,549
Repayment of long term advances		(400,000)	(400,000)
Net change in fund balance	68,804	231,013	479,203
Fund Balance at beginning of year	110,357	110,357	110,357
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 179,161	\$ 341,370	\$ 589,560
Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule			

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Fund				d		
	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
Federal sources	\$	989,945	\$	1,095,929	\$	1,192,840	
Lunch program		15,500		17,125		17,413	
Total Revenues		1,005,445		1,113,054		1,210,253	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction		435,926		401,709		353,467	
Instructional staff training		18,453		15,500		14,249	
School administration		120,357		101,980		91,951	
Food services		159,700		150,633		148,003	
Operation of plant		95,509		90,123		86,434	
Total Current Expenditures		829,945		759,945		694,104	
Excess (deficit) of Revenues							
Over Current Expenditures		175,500		353,109		516,149	
Capital Outlay		19,000		19,000		18,984	
Total Expenditures		848,945		778,945		713,088	
Excess (deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		156,500		334,109		497,165	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in (out)		(156,500)		(334,109)		(432,393)	
Net change in fund balance		-		-		64,772	
Fund Balance at beginning of year							
Fund Balance at end of year	\$		\$	-	\$	64,772	

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead) Homestead, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead) (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 15, 2023 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

All Gravier, UP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 15, 2023



MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead) Homestead, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead), Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 15, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no findings or recommendation in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and school code assigned by the Florida Department of education of the entity is Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead), 0754.

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Financial Condition

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead) has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead) did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead). It is management's responsibility to monitor Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead)'s financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we had no recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to report the results of our determination as to whether Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead) maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead) maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Miami-Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Alb Gravier, UP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 15, 2023