

Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead) WL# 7242

(A Charter School under Somerset Academy, Inc.)

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report June 30, 2023

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Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead) WL# 7242

3000 SE 9th Road Homestead, FL 33035

2022-2023

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Todd German, Director, Board Chair Ana Diaz, Director and Secretary David Concepcion, Director Brian M. Cox, Director (Texas)

SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

Jessica Mesa, Principal

OTHER NON-VOTING CORPORATE OFFICERS

Bernardo Montero, President Suzette Ruiz, Vice-President



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead) Homestead, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, of Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead) (the "School"), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc. as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead) as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Somerset Academy, Inc., and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of a Matter - Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead) that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Somerset Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Somerset Academy, Inc., as of June 30, 2023 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 31 to 32 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2023 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 15, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead) (A Charter school Under Somerset Academy, Inc.)
June 30, 2023

The corporate officers of Somerset Academy, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the School's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Financial Highlights

- 1. The net position of the School as of June 30, 2023 was \$138,201.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$1,020,838.
- 3. The School had an increase in its net position of \$11,535 for the year ended June 30, 2023.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$520,313.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. The difference is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-11 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Government Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Government Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12-15 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 30 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, the net position was \$138,201 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023	2022
Cash	\$ 7,425	\$ 3,849
Investments	628,000	228,000
Prepaid expenses	37,124	14,848
Due from other agencies	348,289	473,593
Due from other divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.	-	130,646
Capital and right of use assets, net	4,493,394	4,870,267
Total Assets	5,514,232	5,721,203
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Salaries and wages payable	89,218	72,698
Deferred revenue	158,696	-
Lease liability	4,525,004	4,621,717
Due to Somerset Academy, Inc.	600,000	800,000
Accounts payable	3,113	100,122
Total Liabilities	5,376,031	5,594,537
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	(31,610)	248,550
Unrestricted	169,811	(121,884)
Total Net Position	\$ 138,201	\$ 126,666

At the end of the year, the School is able to report positive balance in total net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 follows:

	2023	2022
REVENUES		-
Program Revenues:		
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 313,720	\$ 422,788
Capital grants and contributions	154,230	125,699
Lunch program	135,668	93,270
General Revenues:		
Local sources (FTE and other non specific)	2,130,778	1,392,117
Other revenues	27,751	100,140
Total Revenues	\$ 2,762,147	\$ 2,134,014
EXPENSES		
Instruction	\$ 1,333,462	\$ 990,253
	44,781	32,810
Student support services Instructional staff training	11,348	7,206
Board	27,300	18,565
School administration	27,300 287,946	221,938
Fiscal services	40,500	28,500
Food services	106,259	77,699
Central services	46,119	31,760
Operation of plant	544,026	464,741
Maintenance of plant	58,991	34,159
Administrative technology services	22,105	10,822
Debt service	227,775	232,336
	2,750,612	2,150,789
Total Expenses Incomes (Decreese) in Net Resition	· · ·	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	11,535	(16,775)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	126,666	143,441
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 138,201	\$ 126,666

The School's revenues and expenses increased by \$628,133 and \$599,823, respectively. The School had an increase in its net position of \$11,535 for the year.

School Location and Lease of Facility

The School leases a facility located at 3000 SE 9th Road, Homestead, FL 33035.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$557,437. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$520,313. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2023 amounts to \$338,493 (net of accumulated depreciation) and right of use lease asset (building) \$4,154,901. This investment in capital assets includes right of use asset (building), furniture, fixtures and equipment. As of June 30, 2023, the School had \$4,525,004 of long-term liabilities associated to its capital assets and working capital.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund				
	Original				
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual		
REVENUES					
Program Revenues:					
State capital outlay funding	\$ 145,530	\$ 151,118	\$ 154,230		
Federal sources	553,471	588,499	634,387		
Lunch program fees	11,500	11,500	12,502		
General Revenues:					
FTE and other nonspecific revenues	2,110,616	2,125,035	2,130,778		
Other revenues	10,470	24,552	27,751		
Total Revenues	\$ 2,831,587	\$ 2,900,704	\$2,959,648		
CURRENT EXPENDITURES					
Component Unit Activities:					
Instruction	\$ 1,020,313	\$1,295,794	\$1,211,141		
Student support services	41,576	45,067	44,781		
Instructional staff training	33,394	22,975	21,344		
Board	21,520	18,552	17,304		
School administration	318,254	301,010	287,946		
Fiscal services	43,575	42,877	40,500		
Food services	110,658	107,852	106,259		
Central services	51,272	50,425	46,119		
Operation of plant	294,916	253,236	251,160		
Maintenance of plant	34,600	65,738	58,991		
Administrative technology services	12,714	23,269	22,105		
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 1,982,792	\$ 2,226,795	\$2,107,650		

Most variances occurred as a result of the budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Primary
	Government
<u>Assets</u>	Governmental
	Activities
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 7,425
Investments	628,000
Prepaid expenses	37,124
Due from other agencies	348,289
Total Current Assets	1,020,838
Capital assets:	
Capital assets, depreciable	625,128
Less: accumulated depreciation	(286,635)
Right-of-use lease asset	4,674,264
Less: accumulated amortization	(519,363)
Total Capital Assets, Net	4,493,394
Total Assets	5,514,232
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Current liabilities:	
Salaries and wages payable	89,218
Accounts payable	3,113
Deferred revenue	158,696
Lease liability-current	187,829
Total Current Liabilities	438,856
Lease liability	4,337,175
Due to Somerset Academy, Inc.	600,000
Total Liabilities	5,376,031
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	(31,610)
Unrestricted	169,811
Total Net Position	\$ 138,201

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2023

Program Revenues

Primary Government	Expenses	Charges for Services		Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$1,333,462	\$ -	\$ 186,117	\$ -	\$ (1,147,345)
Student support services	44,781	-	-	-	(44,781)
Instructional staff training	11,348	-	9,996	-	(1,352)
Board	27,300	-	-	-	(27,300)
School administration	287,946	-	35,162	-	(252,784)
Fiscal services	40,500	-	-	-	(40,500)
Food services	106,259	12,502	123,166	-	29,409
Central services	46,119	-	-	-	(46,119)
Operation of plant	544,026	-	82,445	154,230	(307,351)
Maintenance of plant	58,991	-	-	-	(58,991)
Administrative technology services	22,105	-	-	-	(22,105)
Debt service	227,775				(227,775)
Total governmental activities	2,750,612	12,502	436,886	154,230	(2,146,994)
	General reve FTE and other	er nonspecific	revenues		2,130,778 27,751
	Change in ne	et position			11,535 126,666
	Net position	, ending			\$ 138,201

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Gene	eral Fund	Specia	ıe	Pı	Capital	Go	Total vernmental
			Funds	<u> </u>		Fund		Funds
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash	\$	7,425	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,425
Investments	6	528,000		-		-		628,000
Due from other agencies		-	123,0)39		12,876		135,915
Due from fund	1	35,915		-		-		135,915
Prepaid expenses		37,124		-		-		37,124
Total Assets	8	308,464	123,0)39		12,876	-	944,379
Deferred Outflows of Resources								-
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Salaries and wages payable		89,218		-		-		89,218
Deferred revenue	1	58,696		-		-		158,696
Due to fund		-	123,0)39		12,876		135,915
Accounts payable		3,113						3,113
Total Liabilities	2	251,027	123,0)39		12,876		386,942
Deferred Inflows of Resources								_
Fund balance								
Nonspendable, not in spendable form		37,124		-		-		37,124
Unassigned	5	520,313				_		520,313
	5	557,437						557,437
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 8	308,464	\$ 123,0)39	\$	12,876	\$	944,379

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

June 30, 2023	
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 557,437
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.	
Capital assets, depreciable 625,128	
Less: accumulated depreciation (286,635)	
Right-of-use lease asset 4,674,264	
Less: accumulated amortization (519,363)	4,493,394
Receivables in governmental activities that are not considered available to pay current liabilities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	212,374
	,_ ,
Long term liabilities in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(4,525,004)
Long term payables to other divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc., in governmental activities are not financial resources and	(600,000)
therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	 (600,000)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 138,201

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June $30,\,2023$

		Special	Capital	Total
	General Fund	Revenue	1	Governmental
		Funds	Projects Fund	Funds
Revenues:				
State passed through local and other local	\$ 2,130,778	\$ -	\$ -	2,130,778
State capital outlay funding	-	_	154,230	154,230
Federal sources	_	634,387		634,387
Lunch program fees	_	12,502	_	12,502
Charges and other revenue	27,751	,	_	27,751
Total Revenues	2,158,529	646,889	154,230	2,959,648
Expenditures:	_,,	0.10,000	,	_,, ,, ,, ,,
Current				
Instruction	1,119,351	91,790	_	1,211,141
Student support services	44,781	,,,,	_	44,781
Board	11,348	_	_	11,348
Instructional staff training	17,304	9,996	_	27,300
School administration	252,784	35,162	_	287,946
Fiscal services	40,500	-	_	40,500
Food services	-	106,259	_	106,259
Central services	46,119	-	_	46,119
Operation of plant	168,715	82,445	_	251,160
Maintenance of plant	58,991	_	_	58,991
Administrative technology services	22,105	_	_	22,105
Capital Outlay:	,			,
Other capital outlay	7,154	_	_	7,154
Debt service:	,			,
Redemption of principal	_	_	127,873	127,873
Interest	_	_	227,775	227,775
Total Expenditures	1,789,152	325,652	355,648	2,470,452
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	369,377	321,237	(201,418)	489,196
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in (out)	119,819	(321,237)	201,418	-
Repayment of Advances	(200,000)			(200,000)
Net change in fund balance	289,196	-	-	289,196
Fund Balance at beginning of year	268,241			268,241
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 557,437	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 557,437

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

289,196

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays differed from depreciation and amortization expense.

Capital outlay expenditures, net 7,154

Depreciation and amortization expense (384,026) (376,872)

Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds. These revenues did not meet the recognition criteria during the current year and, therefore, were not reported in the governmental funds.

(197,502)

Increase in long term debt is revenue in the governmental funds, but a decrease or repayment of such payables reduces liabilities in the statement of net position.

Lease liability - deferred CPI adjustment (31,160)

Principal payments on long-term debt 127,873 96,713

Governmental funds report repayment of long-term debt as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, this reduces long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which long-term debt decreased.

200,000

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 11,535

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead) (the "School"), is a charter school sponsored by the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc., which is composed of four members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exists that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The School's current charter expires on June 30, 2024. A charter can be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in Homestead, Florida for students from ninth through twelfth grades. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2023, when an average 270 students were enrolled for the school year.

Basis of Presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both government wide and fund financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements do not include fiduciary funds. The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, such as food service and student activity fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues and other miscellaneous sources.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – accounts for specific revenues, such as federal funding, federal lunch program, and COVID-19 emergency relief funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Projects Funds – accounts for state and local capital outlay as authorized by Charter School Capital Outlay, Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes mainly for capital outlay and maintenance purposes.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 2). Money market investment that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification.

Inter-fund Transfers

Interfund receivables/payables are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in the government wide financial statements. Proceeds from the sale of or disposal of capital assets are recorded as other financing sources in the governmental funds.

The right of use assets are initially measure at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right of use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for capital assets are as follows:

Right-of-use asset (building)

Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment

Computer Hardware

19 Years

5 Years

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full - time instructional employees are eligible to receive one day per month up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. Employees may "cash out" unused sick days, however, employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, Accounting for Compensated Absences, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the state through the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Net Position and Fund balance classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories and prepaid expenses.
- b) Restricted this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at vear end.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Long-Term Debt and Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Income Taxes

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

New Accounting Standard Adopted

In fiscal year 2023, the School adopted a new statement of financial accounting standard issued by Governmental Accounting Standards Board: GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. The adoption had no effect on the School's 2023 financial statements.

Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

GASB has issued GASB Statement No. 101, Compensating Absences. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for certain types of compensated absences including parental leave, military leave, and injury duty leave. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 15, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash in one financial institution. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Somerset Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2023, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage were approximately \$8,200.

Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2023, the School had \$1,080,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2023, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 91% within 30 days.

Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

At June 30, 2023, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (continued)

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

Note 3 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the period ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance		Reclassifications /	Balance
	07/01/22	Additions	Retirements	06/30/23
Capital Assets, depreciable:				
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	\$ 255,488	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 255,488
Computer hardware	362,486	7,154		369,640
Total Capital Assets	617,974	7,154	-	625,128
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	(69,376)	(51,097)	-	(120,473)
Computer hardware	(92,914)	(73,248)	<u> </u>	(166,162)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(162,290)	(124,345)	-	(286,635)
Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 455,684	\$ (117,191)	\$ -	\$ 338,493
Lease Assets:				
Right of use lease asset (building)	\$4,674,264	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,674,264
Less accumulated amortization:	(259,682)	(259,681)	<u> </u>	(519,363)
Total Lease Assets being amortized, net	4,414,582	(259,681)		4,154,901
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$4,414,582	\$ (376,872)	\$ -	\$ 4,493,394

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, depreciation and amortization expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

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		Depreciation	Amortization	
Instruction		\$ 122,320	\$ -	
Operation of plant		2,025	259,681	
	Total Expense	\$ 124,345	\$ 259,681	

Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Dade, LLC, an education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis. The agreement is with Somerset Academy, Inc. through June 30, 2028, and unless terminated by the board shall have the option to renew for an additional five year term. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School incurred \$121,500 in fees.

Note 5 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.

The School's facility is shared with Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead) and Somerset Preparatory Academy Middle (Homestead) (charter schools under Somerset Academy, Inc.). Management allocates a proportionate share of leases, salaries, lunch receipts, food and supplies and other expenses to each school individually based on student enrollment and usage of facilities and staff. Also, revenues and expenses related to the lunch program have been allocated based on FTE equivalent for purposes of presentation in the financial statements.

Somerset Academy, Inc. Somerset Academy, Inc. charges all its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate and accreditation expenses. Somerset Academy Charter Schools paid Somerset Academy, Inc. \$53,900 in connection with these charges during the year.

As of June 30, 2023, there is a long-term payable to Somerset Academy, Inc., this payable is non-interest bearing with no specific repayment terms. The following summarizes the changes in long-term debt to Somerset Academy, Inc. during the year.

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/22	Additions	Deletions	06/30/23
Due to Somerset Academy, Inc.	\$ 800,000	\$ -	\$ 200,000	\$ 600,000
Total Long Term Payables	\$ 800,000	\$ -	\$ 200,000	\$ 600,000

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D-1----

Note 5 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc. (continued)

Recoverable Grant

The School received a recoverable grant totaling \$295,000 from Somerset Academy, Inc. during previous school years. The purpose of the Grant was to assist the School in its successful development and to incentivize the School to develop annual surpluses. The Grant shall become repayable once the School operates with a surplus from its operating budget in any fiscal year.

The maximum the School may be required to pay of recoverable grants in the future should the School meet the requirements for full repayment is \$295,000.

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities

The School entered into a lease and security agreement ("Original Lease") with Homestead Arts School Development, LLC (the "Landlord") for its 78,132 square feet building including all ancillary facilities, outdoor areas and other improvements. The agreement continues through June 30, 2039, with an option to renew for two additional periods of five-year term. The landlord and ESSP may have owners in common, but they operate independently from each other. The contractual agreement between the ESSP and the school is independent from the separate lease agreement between the school and landlord. (See Note 4).

Fixed annual payments under the agreement are \$117,198 per month or \$1,406,376 a year; adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. The agreement calls for enrollment discounts the first three years if the School does not meet a minimum enrollment requirement.

This facility is shared with Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead) and Somerset Preparatory Academy Middle (Homestead) (charters school under Somerset Academy, Inc.). The lease right of use asset and liability were allocated between School and Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead) and Somerset Preparatory Academy Middle (Homestead) based on enrollment and usage of facility. The allocation used for 2023, was approximately 29% for the School and 42% to Somerset Preparatory Academy (Homestead) and 29% to Somerset Preparatory Academy Middle (Homestead). At the time of the initial measurement, there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The School has used an average effective interest for several borrowings during fiscal year 2021 and 2022. The average borrowing rate was 5% which was used to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use this asset and the lease liability.

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Under the agreement, the School must meet certain covenants and requirements, including a "Lease Payment Coverage Ratio" of not less than 1.10 to 1.00.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, interest expense totaled \$227,775, as it relates to its lease agreements. For 2023, variable and other payments of \$42,885 in connection with the lease agreement not previously included in the measurement of the lease liability were recorded in rent expense.

Annual requirements to amortize the lease liability and related interest are as follows:

Year]	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>	
2024	\$	187,829	\$ 220,020	\$ 407,849	
2025		197,439	210,410	407,849	
2026		207,540	200,309	407,849	
2027		218,158	189,691	407,849	
2028		229,319	178,530	407,849	
2029-2033		1,335,058	704,187	2,039,245	(total of a five year period)
2034-2038		1,713,359	325,886	2,039,245	(total of a five year period)
2039		397,015	10,834	407,849	_
	\$	4,485,717	\$ 2,039,867	\$ 6,525,584	_

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/22	Additions	Deletions	06/30/23
Lease liability	\$ 4,613,590	\$ -	\$(127,873)	\$ 4,485,717
Lease liability - deferred CPI adjustment	8,127	31,160		39,287
Total Long Term Payables	\$ 4,621,717	\$ 31,160	\$(127,873)	\$ 4,525,004

Note 7 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 5% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2023, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$91,608.

Note 8 – Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers in governmental funds as of June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund
Lunch program transfer for costs covered by general fund	\$ 29,409	\$ (29,409)	\$ -
Transfer from operating to cover debt service	(201,418)	-	201,418
To reimburse general fund for prior period expenditures	291,828	(291,828)	
Total Transfers, net	\$ 119,819	\$(321,237)	\$ 201,418
	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund
Due to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund for capital outlay	\$ 12,876	\$ -	\$ (12,876)
Due to General Fund from Special Revenue Fund for federal funds	123,039	(123,039)	
Total Due from/(Due to)	\$ 135,915	\$(123,039)	\$ (12,876)

Note 9 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreements, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

Note 10 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, who are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan, the School provides a match of 100% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of employee compensation. Contributions to the Plan \$37,521 for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets which are administered by Voya Financial.



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

		General Fund	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
State passed through local and other local	\$ 2,110,616	\$ 2,125,035	\$ 2,130,778
Other revenues	10,470	24,552	27,751
Total Revenues	2,121,086	2,149,587	2,158,529
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction	906,842	1,186,695	1,119,351
Student support services	41,576	45,067	44,781
Board	23,394	12,975	11,348
Instructional staff training	21,520	18,552	17,304
School administration	277,733	264,866	252,784
Fiscal services	43,575	42,877	40,500
Central services	51,272	50,425	46,119
Operation of plant	207,945	169,692	168,715
Maintenance of plant	34,600	65,738	58,991
Administrative technology services	12,714	23,269	22,105
Total Current Expenditures	1,621,171	1,880,156	1,781,998
Excess (deficit) of Revenues			
Over Current Expenditures	499,915	269,431	376,531
Capital Outlay	7,500	7,500	7,154
Total Expenditures	1,628,671	1,887,656	1,789,152
Excess (deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	492,415	261,931	369,377
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in (out)	24,392	48,830	119,819
Repayment of advances		(200,000)	(200,000)
Net change in fund balance	516,807	110,761	289,196
Fund Balance at beginning of year	268,241	268,241	268,241
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 785,048	\$ 379,002	\$ 557,437

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

		S	Special Revenue Fund			
	Orig	inal Budget	Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES		_		_		
Federal sources	\$	553,471	\$	588,499	\$	634,387
Lunch program		11,500		11,500		12,502
Total Revenues		564,971		599,999		646,889
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instructional		113,471		109,099		91,790
Instructiona staff training		10,000		10,000		9,996
School administration		40,521		36,144		35,162
Food services		110,658		107,852		106,259
Operation of plant		86,971		83,544		82,445
Total Current Expenditures		361,621		346,639		325,652
Excess of Revenues						
Over Current Expenditures		203,350		253,360		321,237
Capital Outlay		_		_		_
Total Expenditures		361,621		346,639		325,652
Excess (deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		203,350		253,360		321,237
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in (out)		(203,350)		(253,360)		(321,237)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-
Fund Balance at beginning of year						
Fund Balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$	

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead) Homestead, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead) (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 15, 2023 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 15, 2023



MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead) Homestead, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead), Miami, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 15, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and school code assigned by the Florida Department of education of the entity is Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead), 7242.

Financial Condition

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead) has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead) did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead). It is management's responsibility to monitor Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead)'s financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we had no recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to report the results of our determination as to whether Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead) maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Preparatory Academy High (Homestead) maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Miami-Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 15, 2023