

Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School (A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc. and Component Unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida) WL# 5441

Miramar, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2023

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Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School (A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.) W/L #5441 9300 Pembroke Road Miramar, Florida 33025

2022-2023

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

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SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School Miramar, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School (the "School"), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which is a component unit of the District School Board of Broward County, as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Somerset Academy, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of a Matter – Related Party Transactions

As described in Note 5 to the financial statements, the School relies on significant support from Somerset Academy, Inc. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Emphasis of a Matter – Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Somerset Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Somerset Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2023 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 29 to 30 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 29, 2023 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

All Gravin, UP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School (A Charter School under Somerset Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2023

The corporate officers of Somerset Academy, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Financial Highlights

- 1. The School's net position at June 30, 2023 was \$593,654.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$507,614.
- 3. The School had a decrease in net position of \$24,965 for the year ended June 30, 2023.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was a deficit of (203,053).

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *Government-Wide Financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between the four is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-11 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and

local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 28 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School's net position was \$593,654 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 follows:

	2023	2022
Cash	\$ 1,774	\$ 6,723
Investments	184,000	378,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	145,017	4,469
Due from other agencies	176,823	50,282
Capital and right-of-use assets, net	277,920	540,848
Due from Somerset Academy, Inc.	500,000	500,000
Total Assets	1,285,534	1,480,322
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Salaries and wages payable	149,878	127,445
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,038	45,035
Due to landlord	288,581	198,692
Lease liability	251,383	490,531
Total Liabilities	691,880	861,703
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	26,537	50,317
Unrestricted	567,117	568,302
Total Net Position	\$ 593,654	\$ 618,619
	•.• • • • •	1

At the end of the fiscal year, the School is able to report positive balances in total net position.

2025 and 2022 10110WS.		
	2023	2022
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 429,062	\$ 278,242
Capital Outlay Funding	227,791	217,867
Lunch Program fees	6,818	10,936
General Revenues		
Local Sources (FTE and other non specific)	2,519,660	2,333,113
Other revenue	18,644	391
Total Revenues	\$ 3,201,975	\$ 2,840,549
EXPENSES		
Component Unit Activities:		
Instruction	\$ 1,975,294	\$ 1,736,501
Student support services	26,870	23,827
Instructional staff training	4,191	1,561
Board	22,876	22,689
School administration	421,662	424,581
Fiscal services	52,500	51,675
Food services	140,892	112,367
Central services	65,160	61,682
Pupil transportation services	1,714	13,113
Operation of plant	557,857	538,167
Maintenance of plant	164,331	113,801
Administrative technology services	19,498	15,152
Interest on long-term debt	19,095	30,735
Total Expenses	3,471,940	3,145,851
Change in Net Position	(269,965)	(305,302)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	618,619	923,921
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 348,654	\$ 618,619

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 follows:

The School's revenues and expenses increased by \$606,426 and \$326,089, respectively. The School had a decrease in its net position of \$24,965 for the year.

School Location and Lease of Facility

The School leases a facility located at 9300 Pembroke Road Miramar, Florida 33025.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund deficit of (58,036). The unassigned fund deficit is (203,053). These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2023 amounts to \$38,574 (net of accumulated depreciation) and right of use lease asset (building) \$239,346 (net of accumulated amortization). This investment in capital assets includes right-of-use asset, furniture, fixtures and computer equipment. As of June 30, 2023, the School had long-term liabilities of \$251,383 associated to its capital assets.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund					
	Original Budget		F	Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES						
Program Revenues						
State capital outlay funding	\$	212,482	\$	225,029	\$	227,791
Federal sources		485,450		345,898		347,288
Lunch program fees		6,500		6,500		6,818
General Revenues						
FTE and other nonspecific revenues		2,431,948		2,518,202		2,519,660
Charges for services and other revenues		260,000		261,899		263,644
Total Revenues	\$	3,396,380	\$	3,357,528	\$	3,365,201
CURRENT EXPENDITURES						
Component Unit Activities						
Instruction	\$	2,040,384	\$	1,958,661	\$	1,954,860
Student support services		21,421		25,893		23,870
Instructional staff training		1,090		5,230		4,191
Board		27,206		24,039		22,876
School administration		398,402		427,613		424,662
Fiscal services		60,825		54,046		52,500
Food services		143,000		143,004		140,892
Central services		72,536		66,890		65,160
Pupil transportation services		2,483		2,483		1,714
Operation of plant		208,303		308,113		306,333
Maintenance of plant		132,000		165,923		164,331
Administrative technology services		16,221		22,109		19,498
Total Current Expenditures	\$	3,123,871	\$	3,204,004	\$	3,180,887

Most variances occurred as a result of the budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Broward, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Assets	Governmental Activities	
Current assets:		
Cash	\$	1,774
Investments		184,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		145,017
Due from other agencies		176,823
Total Current Assets		507,614
Capital assets, net:		
Capital assets, depreciable		277,792
Less: accumulated depreciation		(239,218)
Right-of-use lease asset		718,039
Less: accumulated amortization		(478,693)
Total Capital Assets, net		277,920
Due from Somerset Academy, Inc.		500,000
Total Assets		1,285,534
Deferred Outflows of Resources		-
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Salaries and wages payable		149,878
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		2,038
Due to landlord		288,581
Lease liability, current portion		251,383
Total Current Liabilities		691,880
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		26,537
Unrestricted		567,117
Total Net Position	\$	593,654

Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2023

			Program Revenues							
FUNCTIONS]	Expenses		arges for ervices	G)perating rants and ntributions	and Grants and		a	et (Expense) Revenue nd Changes Net Position
Governmental activities:										
Instruction	\$	1,975,294	\$	-	\$	308,039	\$	-	\$	(1,667,255)
Student support services		26,870		-		3,000		-		(23,870)
Instructional staff training		4,191		-		-		-		(4,191)
Board		22,876		-		-		-		(22,876)
School administration		421,662		-		-		-		(421,662)
Fiscal services		52,500		-		-		-		(52,500)
Food services		140,892		6,818		118,023		-		(16,051)
Central services		65,160		-		-		-		(65,160)
Pupil transportation services		1,714		-		-		-		(1,714)
Operation of plant		557,857		-		-		227,791		(330,066)
Maintenance of plant		164,331		-		-		-		(164,331)
Administrative technology services		19,498		-		-		-		(19,498)
Interest on long-term debt		19,095	_	-		-		-		(19,095)
Total governmental activities		3,471,940		6,818	429,062 227,791		227,791		(2,808,269)	
	Ge	neral revenue	es:							
	FT	E and other r	nonsp	ecific rev	enue	s				2,519,660
	Ot	her revenues								18,644
	Re	coverable G	rant							245,000
	Ch	ange in net p	ositic	on						(24,965)
	Ne	t position, be	eginni	ng						618,619
	Ne	t position, en	ding						\$	593,654

The accompanying notes are an integral

part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	General Fu	General Fund Special Revenue Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets					
Cash	\$ 1,77	/4 \$	-	\$	1,774
Investments	184,00	00	-		184,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	145,01	7	-		145,017
Due from other agencies		-	51,670		51,670
Due from fund	51,67	/0	-		51,670
Total Assets	382,46	51	51,670		434,131
Deferred Outflows of Resources			-		-
Liabilities					
Salaries and wages payable	149,87	'8	-		149,878
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,03	88	-		2,038
Due to landlord	288,58	31	-		288,581
Due to fund		-	51,670		51,670
Total Liabilities	440,49	97	51,670		492,167
Deferred Inflows of Resources					-
Fund balance					
Nonspendable, not in spendable form	145,01	7	-		145,017
Unassigned	(203,05	53)	-		(203,053)
-	(58,03	36)	-		(58,036)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					· · ·
Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 382,46	51 \$	51,670	\$	434,131
The accompanying notes are an integral					

part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance	e - Governmental Funds	\$	(58,036)
Amounts reported different because:	for governmental activities in the statement of net position as	re	
	Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization used in governmental activities are not financial resources are therefore are not reported in the fund.		
	Capital assets, depreciable 277,792	2	
	Less: accumulated depreciation (239,21)	8)	
	Right-of-use lease asset 718,03	9	
	Less: accumulated amortization (478,69)	3)	277,920
	Receivables in governmental activities that are not considered available to pay current liabilities are not current financial resourced and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		125,153
	Long term receivables from other divisions in government activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reporte in the governmental funds.		500,000
	Long term liabilities in governmental activities are not due ar payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		(251,383)
Total Net Position	- Governmental Activities	\$	593,654

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 227,791	\$ 227,791
State passed through local	2,519,660	-	-	2,519,660
Federal sources	-	347,288	-	347,288
Lunch program fees	-	6,818	-	6,818
Other revenues	263,644			263,644
Total Revenues	2,783,304	354,106	227,791	3,365,201
Expenditures:				
Current				
Instruction	1,730,791	224,069	-	1,954,860
Student support services	23,870	3,000	-	26,870
Instructional staff training	4,191	-	-	4,191
Board	22,876	-	-	22,876
School administration	421,662	-	-	421,662
Fiscal services	52,500	-	-	52,500
Food services	-	140,892	-	140,892
Central services	65,160	-	-	65,160
Pupil transportation services	1,714	-	-	1,714
Operation of plant	306,333	-	-	306,333
Maintenance of plant	164,331	-	-	164,331
Administrative technology services	19,498	-	-	19,498
Capital Outlay:	- ,			- 7
Other capital outlay	3,834	5,196	-	9,030
Debt Service:	-,	-,-,-		,,
Redemption of Principal	_	_	239,148	239,148
Interest	_	_	19,095	19,095
Total Expenditures	2,816,760	373,157	258,243	3,448,160
Total Experientures	2,810,700	575,157	230,243	3,448,100
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(33,456)	(19,051)	(30,452)	(82,959)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in (out)	(49,503)	19,051	30,452	-
Net change in fund balance	(82,959)	-	-	(82,959)
Fund Balance at beginning of year	24,923			24,923
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ (58,036)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (58,036)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ (82,959)

81,774

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays differed from depreciation and amortization expense.

Capital outlay expenditures	9,030	
Depreciation and amortization expense	(271,958)	(262,928)

Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds. These revenues did not meet the recognition criteria during the current year and, therefore, were not reported in the governmental funds.

Increase in long term liabilities is revenue in the governmental funds, but a decrease or repayment of such payables reduces liabilities in the statement of net position.

Principal payments on long-term liabilities	239,148	 239,148
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (24,965)

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School (the "School"), is a component unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida (the "District"). The Schools charter is held by Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc., which is composed of four members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Broward County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2025 and it can be renewed in accordance with the law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in Miramar, Florida for students from sixth through eighth grades and is funded by the District. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2023, when on average 350 students were enrolled for the school year.

Basis of presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements also do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues and other miscellaneous sources.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund - accounts for specific revenue, such as federal funding, federal lunch program, and COVID-19 emergency relief funding that is legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Projects Fund – accounts for state and local capital outlay as authorized by Charter School Capital Outlay, Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes mainly for capital outlay expenditures.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available.

Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognizing other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Cash and Investments

Cash is cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 3).

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Money market investment that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund receivables/payables ("due from/to") are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets

Other assets consist mainly of prepaid expenses which are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification.

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are sold or disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in the government wide statements. Proceeds received from the sale or disposal of capital assets are recorded as Other Financing Sources in the governmental funds.

The right of use assets are initially measure at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right of use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Right-of-use asset (building)	3 Years
Building Improvements	5 Years
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	5 Years

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for sick days available to be used in future benefits years. The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

Long-Term Debt and Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Net position and Fund balance classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three (3) components:

- a) <u>Net investment in capital assets</u> consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

Fund financial statements

Under GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

- a) <u>Nonspendable</u> includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories and prepaid expenses.
- b) <u>Restricted</u> fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Income Taxes

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

New Accounting Standard Adopted

In fiscal year 2023, the School adopted a new statement of financial accounting standard issued by Governmental Accounting Standards Board: GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based* Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. The adoption had no material effect on the School's 2023 financial statements.

Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

GASB has issued GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensating Absences*. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for certain types of compensated absences including parental leave, military leave, and injury duty leave. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 29, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the period ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance		Retirements /	Balance
	07/01/22	Additions	Reclassifications	06/30/23
Capital Assets, depreciable:				
Building improvements	\$ 149,006	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 149,006
Computer equipment	135,749	1,174	(102,665)	34,258
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	106,733	7,856	(20,061)	94,528
Total Capital Assets	391,488	9,030	(122,726)	277,792
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Building improvements	(140,600)	(8,406)	-	(149,006)
Computer equipment	(124,003)	(6,832)	102,665	(28,170)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(64,730)	(17,373)	20,061	(62,042)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(329,333)	(32,611)	122,726	(239,218)
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 62,155	\$ (23,581)	\$ -	\$ 38,574
Lease Assets:				
Right of use lease asset (building)	\$ 718,039	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 718,039
Less accumulated amortization:	(239,346)	(239,347)		(478,693)
Total Lease Assets being amortized, net	478,693	(239,347)	-	239,346
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 540,848	\$ (262,928)	\$ -	\$ 277,920

Note 2 – Capital Assets (continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, depreciation and amortization expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

		De	preciation	Amortiz	ation
Instruction		\$	20,434	\$	-
Operation of plant			12,177	239	,347
	Total Expense	\$	32,611	\$ 239	,347

Note 3 – Cash and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in one financial institution. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Somerset Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2023, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage was \$1,309.

Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2023, the School had \$340,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2023, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 91% within 30 days.

Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Note 3 – Cash and Investments (continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

At June 30, 2023, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Broward, LLC, an education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis.

The agreement is with Somerset Academy, Inc. through June 30, 2028, and unless terminated by the board shall have the option to renewed for an additional five year term. During 2023, the School incurred \$157,500 in fee.

Academica Broward, LLC is located at 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Note 5 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.

During 2023, the School shared its campus with other charter schools under Somerset Academy, Inc. (see Note 6). Through the board, management allocates a proportionate share of leases, salaries, supplies, and other expenses based on student enrollment and usage of facilities and staff to these schools.

Recoverable Grant from Somerset Academy, Inc.

During 2023, the School has received recoverable grants from Somerset Academy, Inc. totaling \$245,000 with repayment contingent on the School subsequently meeting certain financial conditions. Management decided to reduce the amount of advances received during the year and reflect as a repayment of recoverable grants.

Note 5 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc. (continued)

The School's lunch program is shared with various charter schools under Somerset Academy, Inc. Revenues and expenses related to such program have been allocated based on FTE equivalent for purposes of presentation in the financial statements.

Somerset Academy, Inc. charges its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School paid Somerset Academy, Inc. \$52,425 in connection with these charges during the year.

In addition, the School made long term, non-interest bearing advances to Somerset Academy, Inc. The following schedule provides a summary of changes in long-term advances for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance	Balance		
	07/01/22	Advances	Repayments	06/30/23
Due from Somerset Academy, Inc.	\$ 500,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 500,000
Total Long Term Receivables	\$ 500,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 500,000

Note 6 – Long Term Liabilities

Somerset Academy, Inc. entered into an educational facilities lease agreement with Florida Bible Church, Inc. for use of its facility beginning July 1, 2011. Current annual payments per this agreement are approximately \$490,000 plus \$700 per student per annum for every student above 700 enrolled by the School at the facility, plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. Commencing the second year of initial term, annual payments are adjusted by the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The agreement continues through June 30, 2024 (current renewal term). During the fiscal year, this facility was shared with Somerset Neighborhood School and Somerset Academy High School Miramar Campus.

The lease right of use asset and liability were allocated between the School and Somerset Neighborhood School and Somerset Academy High School – Central Miramar Campus ("High") based on enrollment and usage of facility. At the time of the initial measurement the allocation, was approximately 33% for the School, 24% for High and 43% for Somerset Neighborhood School. At the time of the initial measurement, there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The School has used an average effective interest for several borrowings during fiscal year 2021 and 2022. The average borrowing rate was 5% which was used to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use this asset and the lease liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, interest expense totaled \$19,095, as it relates to its lease agreements. For 2023, variable and other payments of \$72,085 in connection with the lease agreement not previously included in the measurement of the lease liability were recorded in rent expense. As of June 30, 2023, there is \$288,581 of rent expense payable to the landlord.

Note 6 – Long Term Liabilities (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize the lease liability and related interest are as follows:

 Year	P	rincipal		Interest	Total	
 2024	\$	251,383	\$	6,860	\$	258,243
	\$	251,383	\$	6,860	\$	258,243

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

	Balance	Balance		
	07/01/22	Additions	Repayments	06/30/23
Lease liability	\$ 490,531	\$ -	\$ (239,148)	\$ 251,383
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 490,531	\$ -	\$ (239,148)	\$ 251,383

Note 7 – Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School participates in a number of federal, state and local grants which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of revenue, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of up to 5% or 2% if high performing, of the qualifying revenues of the School and up to and including 250 students. For the year ended June 30, 2023, administrative fees totaled \$86,011.

Note 8 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three fiscal years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

Note 8 – Risk Management (continued)

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreements, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

Note 9 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, who are leased through ADP Total Source Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a match of 100% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed \$47,589 to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.

Note 10 – Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers in governmental funds as of June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

	General Fund		eral Fund Special Revenue Fund		Capital Projects Fund	
To transfer lunch deficit	\$	(16,051)	\$	16,051	\$	-
To fund lease liabilities payments from the general fund		(30,452)		-		30,452
To fund ESSER federal expenditures for which revenues were not available		(3,000)		3,000		-
Total Transfers, net	\$	(49,503)	\$	19,051	\$ 3	30,452
	Ger	neral Fund		Special enue Fund	Pro	apital ojects fund
Due to General Fund from Special Revenue Fund for Federal Funds	\$	51,670	\$	(51,670)	\$	-
Total Due from/(Due to)	\$	51,670	\$	(51,670)	\$	-

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Ori	ginal Budget	Fi	nal Budget	Actual
REVENUES					
State passed through local	\$	2,431,948	\$	2,518,202	\$ 2,519,660
Other revenues		260,000		261,899	263,644
Total Revenues		2,691,948		2,780,101	 2,783,304
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction		1,701,554		1,732,568	1,730,791
Student support services		21,421		25,893	23,870
Instructional staff training		1,090		5,230	4,191
Board		27,206		24,039	22,876
School administration		394,282		423,493	421,662
Fiscal services		60,825		54,046	52,500
Central services		72,536		66,890	65,160
Pupil transportation services		2,483		2,483	1,714
Operation of plant		208,303		308,113	306,333
Maintenance of plant		132,000		165,923	164,331
Administrative technology services		16,221		22,109	19,498
Total Current Expenditures		2,637,921		2,830,787	 2,812,926
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues					
Over Current Expenditures		54,027		(50,686)	 (29,622)
Capital Outlay		5,000		5,000	3,834
Total Expenditures		2,642,921		2,835,787	 2,816,760
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		49,027		(55,686)	(33,456)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in (out)		(45,761)		(60,033)	 (49,503)
Net change in fund balance		3,266		(115,719)	(82,959)
Fund Balance at beginning of year		24,923		24,923	 24,923
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	28,189	\$	(90,796)	\$ (58,036)

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Fund								
	Orig	inal Budget	-	nal Budget	Actual				
REVENUES		0		U					
Federal sources	\$	485,450	\$	345,898	\$	347,288			
Lunch program		6,500		6,500		6,818			
Total Revenues		491,950		352,398		354,106			
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Instruction		338,830		226,093		224,069			
Student support services		4,120		4,120		3,000			
Food services		143,000		143,004		140,892			
Total Current Expenditures		485,950		373,217		367,961			
Excess (deficit) of Revenues									
Over Current Expenditures		6,000		(20,819)		(13,855)			
Capital Outlay		6,000		6,000		5,196			
Total Expenditures		491,950		379,217		373,157			
Excess (deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		(26,819)		(19,051)			
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in (out)				26,819		19,051			
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-			
Fund Balance at beginning of year		-		-		-			
Fund Balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$				

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School Miramar, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 29, 2023 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023



MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School Miramar, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School, Mirarmar, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 29, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and school code assigned by the Florida Department of education of the entity is Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School, 5441.

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Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School. It is management's responsibility to monitor Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to report the results of our determination as to whether Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Broward County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023