SouthShore Charter Academy
A Department of Florida Charter
Educational Foundation, Inc. (A Component Unit of the School Board of Hillsborough County, Florida)

Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023



SouthShore Charter Academy

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors SouthShore Charter Academy A Department of Florida Charter Educational Foundation, Inc. Riverview, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of SouthShore Charter Academy (the "School"), a Department of Florida Charter Educational Foundation, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Hillsborough County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Grants Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the School are intended to present the financial position and change in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities and each major fund of Florida Charter Educational Foundation, Inc. that is attributable to the transactions of the School. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Florida Charter Educational Foundation, Inc. as of June 30, 2023 and the changes in its financial position or budgetary comparisons, where applicable, for the year ended June 30, 2023 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.



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Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing* Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 25, 2023 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 25, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



As management of SouthShore Charter Academy (the "School"), a Department of Florida Charter Educational Foundation, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Hillsborough County, Florida (the "School Board"), we offer readers of the School's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Management's discussion and analysis is included at the beginning of the School's basic financial statements to provide, in layman's terms, the current position of the School's financial condition. This summary should not be taken as a replacement for the audit which consists of the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Our basic financial statements provide these insights into the results of this year's operations.

- As of June 30, 2023, the School's governmental fund balances totaled \$4,772,374, as compared to \$4,640,671 at June 30, 2022.
- As of June 30, 2023, the School has net position (deficit) of \$ (815,733), as compared to \$ (852,280) at June 30, 2022.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Basic Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the School's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected revenues and services rendered but unpaid).

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by grants and entitlements from the state for full-time equivalent funding. The School does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the School primarily include instruction and instructional support services.

The government-wide basic financial statements can be found on pages 9 and 10 of this report.

Fund Basic Financial Statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide basic financial statements, governmental fund basic financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The General Fund, Grants Fund, Capital Project Fund, Debt Service Fund and Club and Activities Fund are considered to be the School's major funds.

The School adopts an annual budget for its governmental funds except for the Club and Activities Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and Grants Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 through 16 of this report.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 28 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

This is the School's seventh year of operations; therefore, comparative government-wide data is presented. The School's net position (deficit) was \$ (815,733) at June 30, 2023. This amount represents net investment in capital assets (deficit) of \$ (3,840,975), restricted net position of \$ 375,079 and unrestricted net position of \$ 2,650,163. The School's net position (deficit) was \$ (852,280) at June 30, 2022, which represented net investment in capital assets (deficit) \$ (3,756,149), restricted net position of \$ 351,043 and unrestricted net position of \$ 2,552,826.

Our analysis in the table below focuses on the net position of the School's governmental activities:

SouthShore Charter Academy Net Position (Deficit)

		June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022
Assets: Current and other assets	_	2 000 022	,	2 556 510
Noncurrent assets	\$	3,889,822 18,059,989	\$	3,556,519 18,494,204
Total assets		21,949,811		22,050,723
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities		1,235,337		1,000,192
Noncurrent liabilities		21,530,207		21,902,811
Total liabilities		22,765,544		22,903,003
Net Position (Deficit):				
Net investment in capital assets (deficit)		(3,840,975)		(3,756,149)
Restricted		375,079		351,043
Unrestricted		2,650,163		2,552,826
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(815,733)	\$	(852,280)

Current and other assets rose due to an increase in the School's cash position, prepaid items and restricted investments. Capital assets, net of depreciation decreased due to depreciation expense of approximately \$570,600 offset by the addition of \$132,785 in capital assets. Current liabilities rose mainly due to increased trade payables. Noncurrent liabilities decreased due to principal payments made on the School's bond liabilities.

Governmental Activities: The results of this year's operations for the School as a whole are reported in the statement of activities on page 10. The following table provides a condensed presentation of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

SouthShore Charter Academy Change in Net Position

	June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022
Revenues:	0.222.464		0.420.205
General revenues Program revenues	\$ 9,333,161 2,319,317	\$	8,128,205 1,661,741
riogiani revenues	2,313,317		1,001,741
Total revenues	11,652,478	_	9,789,946
Functions/Programs Expenses:			
Instruction	4,529,461		3,911,284
Instructional support services	3,041,353		2,333,196
Non-instructional services	4,045,117	_	3,509,373
Total governmental activities	11,615,931	_	9,753,853
Change in net position	\$ 36,547	\$	36,093

General revenues increased compared to the previous year due to a rise in enrollment and Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenue. The program revenues rose due to an increase in ESSER III grant funding. Total expenses increased due to rising instructional and non-instructional services.

Governmental Fund Expenditures: In the table below, we have presented the cost of the largest functions/programs as a percentage of total governmental expenditures:

	_		2023		_			
Functions/Programs		Expenditures		Percent		Expenditures	_	Percent
Governmental expenditures:								
Instruction	\$	4,471,184		40%	\$	3,809,734		38%
General administration -								
management fee		1,747,471		15%		1,419,090		15%
Debt service		1,733,244		15%		1,728,392		18%
Plant operations and maintenance		1,080,415		9%		752,806		8%
Instructional support services		743,441		6%		391,551		4%
All other functions/programs	_	1,745,020		15%	_	1,624,736	_	17%
Total governmental								
expenditures	\$ _	11,520,775		100%	\$ _	9,726,309	_	100%

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets: At June 30, 2023, the School had capital assets of \$ 16,457,231, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, invested in intangible right to use assets, building, furniture, fixtures, and equipment, computer equipment, and improvements other than buildings, as compared to \$ 16,895,005 at June 30, 2022. A detailed schedule is on page 23 in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Debt: At June 30, 2023, the School had outstanding debt of \$21,900,964 as compared to \$22,250,353 at June 30, 2022. Additional information on the School's debt can be found in Notes 8, 9 and 10 on pages 24 and 25.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

State source revenues were favorable to budget due to an increase in enrollment and FEFP. Local source revenues were favorable to budget due to an increase in interest revenues. Total General Fund revenues were favorable to budget by \$1,022,298. Total General Fund expenditures were unfavorable to budget by \$894,623. Overall, the School ended the year with an increase in fund balance of \$107,667.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

In fiscal year 2023, the State of Florida continued to include a teacher salary increase allocation (TSIA) of \$ 800 million. The capital outlay funding pool ended up at \$ 196.2 million. In addition to the TSIA, teachers also received a compensation increase to align overall salaries with district levels.

For fiscal year 2024, the teacher salary increase allocation will be \$ 1.1 billion and will continue to be part of FEFP funding. Additionally, the State of Florida approved an increase to the base funding allocation and capital outlay. A 3% merit increase for all staff was included in the budget. All other expenditures are budgeted in alignment with enrollment changes and the School's strategic objectives.

Requests for Information

If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, please write Michael Valdes, Controller - School Accounting; Charter Schools USA, 800 Corporate Drive, Suite 700, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33334.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



	-	Governmental Activities
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Due from related party Accrued interest receivable Other receivables Prepaid items Deposits Restricted investments	\$	3,284,782 80,646 990 4,258 36,965 147,099 10,949 324,133
Total current assets	-	3,889,822
Noncurrent Assets: Restricted investments Capital assets (depreciable and amortizable), net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	_	1,602,758 16,457,231
Total noncurrent assets	_	18,059,989
Total assets	_	21,949,811
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Salaries and wages payable Due to management company Due to related parties Compensated absences Accrued interest payable Bonds payable	_	171,717 433,680 86,873 27,936 27,730 107,401 380,000
Total current liabilities	_	1,235,337
Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated absences Bonds payable Lease	_	9,243 19,120,927 2,400,037
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	21,530,207
Total liabilities	_	22,765,544
Commitments (Note 13)		-
Net Position (Deficit): Net investment in capital assets (deficit) Restricted for repair and replacement reserves Restricted for extracurricular activities Unrestricted	_	(3,840,975) 260,000 115,079 2,650,163
Total net position (deficit)	\$ _	(815,733)

								Governmental Activities	
				Pro	gram Revenu	es		Net Revenue	
		_	Charges		Operating		Capital	(Expense) and	
			for		Grants and		Grants and	Change in	
	Expenses	_	Services	. (<u>Contributions</u>	Co	ontributions	Net Position	
Functions/Programs:									
Instruction	\$ 4,529,461	\$	-	\$	740,977	\$	-	\$ (3,788,484)	
Instruction support services	743,441		-		19,925		-	(723,516)	
Board	31,848		-		-		-	(31,848)	
General administration -								-	
District administrative fee	300,946		-		-		-	(300,946)	
General administration -								-	
Management fee	1,747,471		-		-		-	(1,747,471)	
Administrative services	710,061		-		197,481		-	(512,580)	
Fiscal services	11,102		-		-		-	(11,102)	
Food services	280,477		35,908		280,477		-	35,908	
Central services	8,861		-		_		-	(8,861)	
Pupil transportation	8,015				8,015				
Operation of plant	1,289,985		-		52,920		-	(1,237,065)	
Maintenance of plant	289,851		-				-	(289,851)	
Community services - childcare									
or VPK salaries, benefits,	400.070		.==						
materials and supplies, etc.	120,870		175,398		464004		-	54,528	
Extracurricular activities	140,055		-		164,091		-	24,036	
Interest and other debt	4 402 407						644425	(750, 262)	
service costs	1,403,487	_	-			_	644,125	(759,362)	
Total governmental									
activities	\$ 11,615,931	\$_	211,306	\$	1,463,886	\$_	644,125	(9,296,614)	
	C								
	General revenue							0.476.247	
	Grants and ent	tien	nents					9,176,347	
	Miscellaneous							5,160	
	Investment inco	ome						151,654	
Total general revenues									
	Change	in ne	et position					36,547	
	Net position (de	ficit), July 1, 202	22				(852,280)	
	Net position (de	ficit	:), June 30, 2	202	3			\$ (815,733)	

		neral und	Grants Fund		_	Capital Project Fund		Debt Service Fund		Club and Activities Fund	_	Total
Assets:												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,1	79,828	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	104,954	\$	3,284,782
Due from other governments		-		32,376		48,270		-		-		80,646
Due from related party Due from other funds		990 80,646		-		-		-		10 125		990
Accrued interest receivable	,	4,258		-		-		-		10,125		90,771 4,258
Other receivables		36,965		_		_		_		_		36,965
Prepaid items		47,099				_		_				147,099
Deposits		10,949		_		_		_		_		10,949
Restricted investments		26,891		_		_		_		_		1,926,891
Nestricted investments		20,031	_		-		-		-		-	1,320,031
Total assets	\$ 5,3	87,626	\$_	32,376	\$_	48,270	\$=	-	\$	115,079	\$_	5,583,351
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable and accrued												
liabilities	\$ 1	71,717	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	171,717
Salaries and wages payable	•	33,680	,	_	т.	-	7	_	7	_	т	433,680
Due to management company		86,873		-		_		_		_		86,873
Due to other funds		10,125		32,376		48,270		-		-		90,771
Due to related parties		27,936		-		-		-		-		27,936
·			_		_		-				_	· · ·
Total liabilities	7	30,331	_	32,376	_	48,270	_	-		-	_	810,977
Commitments (Note 13)		-		-		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable:												
Prepaid items	1	47,099		-		-		_		-		147,099
Deposits		10,949		-		-		-		-		10,949
Restricted for debt service	1,6	66,891		-		-		-		-		1,666,891
Restricted for repair and												
replacement reserves	2	60,000		-		-		-		-		260,000
Restricted for extracurricular												
activities		-		-		-		-		115,079		115,079
Unassigned	2,5	72,356	_	-	_	-	_	-		-	_	2,572,356
Total fund balances	4,6	57,295			_	-	_	-		115,079	_	4,772,374
Total liabilities												
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 5,3	87,626	\$_	32,376	\$_	48,270	\$_	-	\$	115,079	\$_	5,583,351

Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds			\$	4,772,374
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (deficit) are different because:	t			
The cost of capital assets acquired is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital ssets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, among the assets of School as a whole				
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation and amortization	\$	21,531,380 (5,074,149)		16,457,231
Liabilities not payable with current available resources are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental fund statement. All liabilities both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide statements.				
Accrued interest payable Compensated absences Bonds payable Lease	\$	(107,401) (36,973) (19,500,927) (2,400,037)	-	(22,045,338)

\$ (815,733)

SouthShore Charter Academy Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund		Grants Fund	_	Capital Project Fund	_	Debt Service Fund		Club and Activities Fund	_	Total
Revenues:											
Federal through state and local	\$ -	\$	1,240,788	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,240,788
State sources:	0.176.247										0.176.247
Florida Education Finance Program State capital outlay and debt service	9,176,347		-		- 644,125		-		-		9,176,347 644,125
Other State revenue	30,618		_		044,125		-		_		30,618
National School Lunch Program	50,016		1,728		_		_		_		1,728
Food service revenue	35,908		-		_		_		_		35,908
Childcare revenue	175,398		_		_		_		_		175,398
Miscellaneous local source revenue	183,475		-		-		-		164,091		347,566
Total revenues	9,601,746	,	1,242,516	_	644,125	_	-		164,091		11,652,478
Expenditures:			_		_			_			
Instruction	3,778,414		692,770		_		_		_		4,471,184
Instructional support services	723,516		19,925		_		_		_		743,441
Board services	31,848		-		_		_		_		31,848
General administration - District	31,010										32,010
administration fee	300,946		_		_		_		_		300,946
General administration -	,-										,-
Management fee	1,747,471		-		-		-		-		1,747,471
Administrative services	512,580		197,481		-		-		-		710,061
Facilities acquisition and construction	103,385		29,400		-		-		-		132,785
Fiscal services	11,102		-		-		-		-		11,102
Food services	-		280,477		-		-		-		280,477
Central services	8,861		-		-		-		-		8,861
Pupil transportation	-		8,015		-		-		-		8,015
Operation of plant	779,169		11,395		-		-		-		790,564
Maintenance of plant	289,851				-		-		-		289,851
Community services - childcare or VPK salaries, benefits, materials											
and supplies, etc.	120,870				-		-		-		120,870
Extracurricular activities	-		-		-		-		140,055		140,055
Debt service:											
Principal	-		-		-		360,000		-		360,000
Interest			-	_	644,125	_	729,119	_	-	_	1,373,244
Total expenditures	8,408,013		1,239,463	_	644,125	_	1,089,119	_	140,055	-	11,520,775
Excess (deficiency)											
in revenues over											
expenditures	1,193,733		3,053	_	-	_	(1,089,119)		24,036		131,703
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfer in	3,053				_		1,089,119		_		1,092,172
Transfer out	(1,089,119)		(3,053)		_		-		_		(1,092,172)
	(1,003,113)		(3,033)	-		-		-		•	(1,032,172)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,086,066)		(3,053)	_	-	_	1,089,119	_	-		-
Net change in fund		,		_		_					
balances	107,667		-		-		-		24,036		131,703
Fund Balances, July 1, 2022	4,549,628		-	_	-	_	-	-	91,043		4,640,671
Fund Balances, June 30, 2023	\$ 4,657,295	\$	-	\$	-	\$_		\$	115,079	\$	4,772,374

SouthShore Charter Academy
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	131,703
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as a provision for depreciation and amortization			
Cost of capital assets Provision for depreciation and amortization	\$ 132,785 (570,559)		(437,774)
Retirement of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position (deficit).			360,000
Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.			
Change in compensated absences Change in accrued interest payable Provision for amortization of bond discount	\$ 12,861 (19,632) (10,611)	_	(17,382)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ _	36,547

	_	Original Budget	Final Budget		_	Actual		Variance
Revenues:								
State sources:								
Florida Education Finance								
Program	\$	8,440,345	\$	8,440,345	\$	9,176,347	\$	736,002
Other state revenue	۲	13,064	Ų	13,064	Ą	30,618	Ų	17,554
Food service revenue		-		-		35,908		35,908
Childcare revenue		81,789		81,789		175,398		93,609
Miscellaneous local source		0_,, 00		0=,, 00		_, _,		55,555
revenue	_	44,250	_	44,250	_	183,475	_	139,225
Total revenues		8,579,448		8,579,448		9,601,746		1,022,298
E conditions	_	_	-		_	_	-	
Expenditures:		2 400 254		2 400 254		2 770 414		(200.462)
Instruction		3,490,251		3,490,251		3,778,414		(288,163)
Instruction support services		343,772		343,772		723,516		(379,744)
Board General administration - District		19,517		19,517		31,848		(12,331)
		02 142		02 142		200.046		(200,002)
administrative fee General administration -		92,143		92,143		300,946		(208,803)
Management fee		1 447 472		1,447,472		1 7/7 /71		(299,999)
Administrative services		1,447,472 565,925		565,925		1,747,471		
Facilities acquisition and		303,923		303,923		512,580		53,345
construction		44,500		44,500		103,385		(58,885)
Fiscal services		8,347		308,347		11,102		297,245
Food services		1,769		1,769		11,102		1,769
Central services		21,682		21,682		8,861		12,821
Pupil transportation		350		350				350
Operation of plant		867,577		867,577		779,169		88,408
Maintenance of plant		212,555		212,555		289,851		(77,296)
Community services - childcare		212,333		212,333		205,051		(77,230)
or VPK salaries, benefits,								
materials and supplies, etc.	_	97,530	_	97,530	_	120,870	_	(23,340)
Total expenditures		7,213,390		7,513,390		8,408,013		(894,623)
	-		-		-		-	
Excess in revenues		4 266 252		4 000 050		4 400 700		427.675
over expenditures	-	1,366,058	-	1,066,058	-	1,193,733	-	127,675
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfer in		-		-		3,053		3,053
Transfer out	_	(1,010,454)	_	(1,010,454)	_	(1,089,119)	_	(78,665)
Total other financing								
		(1 010 454)		(1 010 454)		(1 006 066)		/7E 612\
sources (uses)	-	(1,010,454)	-	(1,010,454)	-	(1,086,066)	-	(75,612)
Net change in								
fund balance	\$	355,604	\$	55,604	\$	107,667	\$	52,063
	٠	223,007	٠.		= ۲		٠,	22,000

	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	Actual		_	Variance
Revenues:								
Federal sources:								
National School Lunch Program	\$	153,942	\$	153,942	\$	290,144	\$	136,202
Title IV		-		-		20,446		20,446
ESSER I		-		-		120,443		120,443
ESSER II		209,585		209,585		136,574		(73,011)
ESSER III State sources:		799,801		799,801		673,181		(126,620)
National School Lunch Program						1 720		1,728
National School Editor Frogram	_		-		_	1,728	-	1,720
Total revenues	_	1,163,328	_	1,163,328	_	1,242,516	_	79,188
Expenditures:								
Instruction		891,226		891,226		692,770		198,456
Instructional support services		59,660		59,660		19,925		39,735
Administrative services		7,500		7,500		197,481		(189,981)
Facilities acquisition and		,		,		•		, , ,
construction		51,000		51,000		29,400		21,600
Food services		153,942		153,942		280,477		(126,535)
Pupil transportation		-		-		8,015		(8,015)
Operation of plant	_		-		_	11,395	-	(11,395)
Total expenditures	_	1,163,328	_	1,163,328	_	1,239,463	_	(76,135)
Excess (deficiency) in revenues over expenditures		_		_		3,053		3,053
скрепаниез	_		-		-	3,033	-	3,033
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer out	_	<u>-</u>	_		_	(3,053)	_	(3,053)
Net change in fund balance	\$_		\$_		\$_		\$_	-

Note 1 - Organization and Operations

SouthShore Charter Academy (the "School"), a Department of Florida Charter Educational Foundation, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Hillsborough County, Florida, was established in 2015 as a public charter school to serve students from kindergarten to eighth grade in Hillsborough County. There were 1,192 students enrolled for the 2022/2023 school year. The Florida Charter Educational Foundation, Inc. ("FCEF") is a Florida nonprofit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes. The governing body of the School consists of the officers and directors of FCEF. FCEF operates Winthrop Charter School, Winthrop College Prep Academy Woodmont Charter School, Henderson Hammock Charter School, Waterset Charter School, and Creekside Charter Academy in Hillsborough County, Clay Charter Academy in Clay County, Keys Gate Charter School in Miami-Dade County, Union Park Charter Academy and Innovation Preparatory Academy in Pasco County.

The basic financial statements of the School present only the balances, activity and disclosures related to the School. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of FCEF as of June 30, 2023, and the changes in its financial position or budgetary comparisons, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, these basic financial statements only include balances, activity and disclosures related to the School.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity: The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring school board, the School Board of Hillsborough County. The current charter is effective until June 30, 2026, and may be renewed by mutual written agreement between the School and the School Board. At the end of the term of the charter, the School Board may choose not to renew the charter under grounds specified in the charter, in which case, the School Board is required to notify the School in writing at least ninety days prior to the charter's expiration. During the term of the charter, the School Board may also terminate the charter if good cause is shown. The School is considered a component unit of the School Board of Hillsborough County.

The School may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the School regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by another government, or a jointly approved board. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School are such that exclusion would cause the basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

As a result of evaluating the above criteria, management has determined that no component units exist for which the School is financially accountable, which would require inclusion in the School's basic financial statements.

Basis of presentation: Based on the guidance provided in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Audit and Accounting Guide - Not-for-Profit Organizations and provisions of Section 228.056, Florida Statutes, the School is presented as a governmental organization for financial statement reporting purposes.

Government-wide financial statements: Government-wide financial statements, including the statement of net position and the statement of activities, present information about the School as a whole.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School.

Fund financial statements: Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School in the governmental funds. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column. Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements differs from the focus of government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is presented with each of the governmental fund financial statements.

The School's major governmental funds are as follows:

General Fund - This fund is used to account for all operating activities of the School except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Grants Fund - This fund is used to account for federal grants and certain state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Project Fund - This fund is used to account for state and local capital outlay funding that is legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Debt Service Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on long-term obligations of governmental funds.

Club and Activities Fund - This special revenue fund is used to administer funds raised and earned by the various clubs and activities that are part of the School.

Basis of accounting: Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures, or expenses, are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one hundred twenty days of the end of the current period. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized when due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Cash and cash equivalents: The School considers all demand accounts and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents. The School maintains its cash accounts with one financial institution. The School's accounts at this institution, at times, may exceed the federally insured limit. The School has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk (Note 3).

Prepaid items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Revenue recognition: Student funding is provided by the State of Florida through the School Board. Such funding is recorded as entitlement revenue in the government-wide financial statements and state source revenue in the fund financial statements. This funding is received on a pro rata basis over a ten-month period the School is in session and is adjusted for changes in full-time equivalent (FTE) student population.

Income taxes: The School is a Department of a nonprofit corporation. Revenue of the School is derived primarily from other governmental entities. The School is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in these basic financial statements.

Capital assets: Property and equipment purchased or acquired are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with a cost of \$ 750 and useful life of over one year. Donated property and equipment are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on all capital assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Building	40 years
Improvements other than buildings	10 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 years
Computer equipment	3 years

The School has recorded a right to use lease asset as a result of implementing GASB 87. The right to use asset is initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources: In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Unearned revenue: Unearned revenue arises when the School receives resources before it has a legal claim to them.

Compensated absences: The School's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused paid time off, which is eligible for payment upon separation from service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable. Payments for compensated absences are generally paid out of the General Fund.

Net position: Net position is classified in three categories. The general meaning of each is as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets (deficit) represents the difference between the cost of capital assets, less accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted indicates that portion of net position that is available to fund future operations.

Fund balance: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance classifications and also sets a hierarchy which details how the School may spend funds based on certain constraints. The following are the fund balance classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements:

 Nonspendable - this classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The School classifies inventories, prepaid items, long-term notes receivable and deposits as nonspendable since they are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.

- Restricted this classification includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes by external parties such as grantors and creditors or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed this classification includes amounts that can be used for specific purposes voted on through formal action of the Board of Directors (the highest level of decision making authority). The committed amount cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the commitment through formal action.
- Assigned this classification includes amounts that the Board of Directors intends to use for a specific purpose but they are neither restricted nor committed. The School classifies existing fund balance to be used in the subsequent year's budget for elimination of a deficit as assigned.
- Unassigned this classification includes amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose within the General Fund.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet on page 11.

When the School incurs expenditures for which restricted or unrestricted fund balance is available, the School would consider restricted funds to be spent first. When the School has expenditures for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balance is available, the School would consider committed funds to be spent first, then assigned funds and lastly unassigned funds.

Budget: An operating budget is adopted and maintained by the governing board for all governmental funds, except the Club and Activities Fund, pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Date of management review: Subsequent events were evaluated by management through September 25, 2023, which is he date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the demand deposits and cash on hand totaled \$3,284,782 with bank balances of \$3,298,173.

State statutes require, and it is the School's policy, that all deposits be made into, and be held by, financial institutions designated by the Treasurer of the State of Florida as "qualified public depositories" as defined by Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. This statute requires that every qualified public depository institution maintain eligible collateral to secure the public entity's funds. The minimum collateral to be pledged by an institution, the collateral eligible for pledge, and reporting requirements of the qualified public depositor to the treasurer is defined by the statute. Collateral is pooled in a multiple qualified public depository institution pool with the ability to assess members of the pool should the need arise. The School's deposits are held in qualified public depositories. They are covered by the collateral pool as the School has identified itself as a public entity.

Note 4 - Interfund Receivables and Payables and Interfund Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Due To/			
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund General Fund Club and Activities Fund	Grants Fund Capital Projects Fund General Fund	\$ _	32,376 48,270 10,125

The outstanding balances between funds results mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

90,771

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	_		Transfers In	
	_	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total
	-	Turiu	Tana	Total
Transfers Out: General Fund Grants Fund	\$	- 3,053	\$ 1,089,119 \$ -	3,053
	-	-,,,,,		
Total	\$	3,053	\$ <u>1,089,119</u> \$	1,092,172

During the year, transfers were used to move grant revenue received in the current year for prior year expenditures to the General Fund and to move funds to the Det Service Fund to make debt service payments.

Note 5 - Due To/From Related Parties

The School is a Department of Florida Charter Educational Foundation, Inc. ("FCEF"). The due to/from balances represent amounts that are due to/from FCEF and other schools that share common board membership and are departments of FCEF.

Note 6 - Restricted Investments

Florida Charter Educational Foundation, Inc. ("FCEF"), previously issued bonds to finance the acquisition of facilities and equipment for two of their schools, including SouthShore Charter Academy (Note 8). The restricted investments of the School are held by the Trustee and are governed by the Bond Indenture. At June 30, 2023, the School has \$ 1,926,891 invested in a money market fund that is stated at amortized cost which approximates fair value.

Note 6 - Restricted Investments (continued)

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a debt type investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization. The exposure to credit risk is limited because the money market fund is rated AAA-mf by Moody's.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The exposure to declines in fair values is limited because the weighted average maturity of the money market fund is fifteen days.

Note 7 - Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	_	Balance at July 1, 2022	_	Additions	_	Transfers	_	Balance at June 30, 2023
Capital assets being depreciated/ amortized:								
Building	\$	16,583,949	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,583,949
Improvements other than building		268,726		-		-		268,726
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		875,781		-		(6,578)		869,203
Computer equipment Intangible right to use:		1,270,102		132,785		6,578		1,409,465
Land		2,400,037		_		_		2,400,037
	•	,,	-		-		-	,,
Total capital assets being								
depreciated/amortized	-	21,398,595	_	132,785	_		_	21,531,380
Accumulated depreciation/ amortization:								
Building	\$	2,314,843	\$	414,599	\$	-	\$	2,729,442
Improvements other than building		32,877		26,873		-		59,750
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		791,648		25,099		19,297		836,044
Computer equipment Intangible right to use:		1,248,324		46,039		(19,297)		1,275,066
Land		115,898	_	57,949	_		_	173,847
Total accumulated depreciation/ amortization		4,503,590	_	570,559	_		_	5,074,149
Net capital assets being depreciated/amortized	\$	16,895,005	\$_	(437,774)	\$_	-	\$_	16,457,231

Provision for depreciation and amortization was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction	\$ 71,138
Operation of plant	 499,421
Total	\$ 570,559

Note 8 - Bonds Payable

The Florida Development Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") previously issued \$40,900,000 in Tax Exempt Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A and \$370,000 in Taxable Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2016B pursuant to an Indenture of Trust between the Corporation and a Trustee to make a loan to Florida Charter Educational Foundation, Inc. ("FCEF"), a division of which the School exists to finance the acquisition of the facilities and equipment of two charter schools existing under FCEF. The Series 2016A Bonds bear interest at 5.125% through June 2026, then at 6.250% through June 2036 and finally at 6.375% through June 2046. The Series 2016B Bonds bear interest at 6.250% through June 2019. Principal and interest will be paid semi-annually on June 15 and December 15. In order to secure the payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds, the Corporation assigned all of its rights and interest in the loan agreement to the Trustee. The Bonds are payable from and secured by a lien upon and pledge of payments to be received by the Trustee.

The School's share of the annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Series 2016 Bond is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	_	Total
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029-2033 2034-2038 2039-2043 2044-2046	\$ 380,000 395,000 420,000 440,000 470,000 2,835,000 3,855,000 5,270,000 5,680,000	\$ 1,231,544 1,211,941 1,191,313 1,168,294 1,140,481 5,214,906 4,191,800 2,776,950 747,788	\$	1,611,544 1,606,941 1,611,313 1,608,294 1,610,481 8,049,906 8,046,800 8,046,950 6,427,788
	\$ 19,745,000	\$ 18,875,016	\$	38,620,016

Note 9 - Lease

Concurrent with the Series 2016 Bond issuance (Note 8), subsidiaries of Red Apple Development, LLC ("RAD") entered into two land lease agreements with FCEF. The land which is owned by RAD is leased by FCEF on behalf of the schools under a 45-year lease. The lease agreement qualifies as other than short-term leases under GASB 87 and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of its inception. In addition to rent, FCEF shall pay to RAD the total cost of ad valorem taxes, assessments and levies imposed upon the premises.

Note 9 - Lease (continued)

The following is a schedule of the School's future rent payments as of June 30, 2023:

Year Ending June 30,	_	Principal	Interest	-	Total
2024	\$	-	\$ 125,328	\$	125,328
2025		-	127,834		127,834
2026		-	130,391		130,391
2027		-	132,999		132,999
2028		-	135,658		135,658
2029-2033		-	720,093		720,093
2034-2038		-	795,040		795,040
2039-2043		-	877,788		877,788
2044-2048		281,686	687,463		969,149
2049-2053		511,429	558,589		1,070,018
2054-2058		815,868	365,519		1,181,387
2059-2062	_	791,054	85,555		876,609
	_			_	
	\$_	2,400,037	\$ 4,742,257	\$_	7,142,294

Note 10 - Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in the School's long-term liabilities for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	_	Balance July 1, 2022	_	Additions	_	Retirements	ļ	Amortization	_	Balance June 30, 2023	_	Amount Due Within One Year
Series 2016 Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, net of unamortized discount of \$ 244,073 Lease - land Compensated absences	\$	19,850,316 2,400,037 49,834	\$	- - 79,066	\$	360,000 - 91,927	\$	10,611	\$	19,500,927 2,400,037 36,973	\$	380,000 - 27,730
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	\$	22,300,187	\$	79,066	\$	451,927	\$	10,611	- \$	21,937,937	\$	407,730

Note 11 - Federal, State and Local Revenue Sources

The School recorded the following revenues for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Federal:		
National School Lunch Program	\$	290,144
Title IV	•	20,446
ESSER I		120,443
ESSER II		136,574
ESSER III		673,181
State:		
Florida Education Finance Program		9,176,347
Capital outlay		644,125
Other state revenue		30,618
National School Lunch Program		1,728
Local:		
Food service revenue		35,908
Childcare revenue		175,398
Miscellaneous local source revenue	_	347,566
	\$_	11,652,478

Note 12 - Employee Benefit Plan

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School offered all of its full-time employees who had attained 21 years of age, a retirement plan (the "Plan") under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k). The employee is allowed to contribute up to a maximum of 100% of his/her annual gross compensation, subject to certain limitations. The Plan provides for a discretionary employer matching contribution of the participant's annual elective deferral to the Plan. As determined annually by the School's management, the School may also make a discretionary profit-sharing contribution, which is allocated among the participants based on a pro rata formula. Participants are immediately vested in their own contributions and earnings on those contributions. Participants become vested in School contributions and earnings on School contributions according to the following schedule:

Vesting Percentage
25%
50%
75%
100%

Nonvested contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment and such forfeitures are used to reduce any employer contribution. For the Plan year ending December 31, 2022, the School had forfeitures of \$ 1,303. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School contributed a matching amount of \$ 12,170.

Note 13 - Commitments

Management agreement: The School has a formal agreement with Charter Schools USA at Big Bend, LLC ("CSUSA") to manage, staff, and operate the School. The agreement has an initial term which expires in June 2022. It will automatically renew for five-year periods unless terminated by either party. The agreement states that CSUSA shall be entitled to cost reimbursements and management fees (the "fee") for its services, subject to availability of funds. The fee is subordinated to all bond payment requirements (Note 8). The fee ranges from \$1,476,420 for fiscal year 2024 to \$2,282,515 for fiscal year 2046 as defined in the agreement or the budgeted amount approved by the Board of Directors based on enrollment and School performance. Total cost reimbursements and management fees amounted to \$1,747,471 for the year ending June 30, 2023.

The basic financial statements reflect a due to CSUSA which totaled \$86,873 at June 30, 2023 for expenses incurred on behalf of the School.

Post-retirement benefits: The School does not provide post-retirement benefits to retired employees.

Note 14 - Capital Appropriations Funding

The Florida Department of Education has approved a Charter School Capital Outlay (CSCO) award for the School. In each year that funds are appropriated by the state for charter school capital outlay purposes, those funds are allocated among eligible charter schools. The funds for the School's allocation are transferred to the School once a CSCO Plan has been provided to and approved by the sponsoring district. The School's CSCO award totaled \$ 644,125 for the 2022/2023 school year, which has been recognized as revenue in the accompanying basic financial statements. If the CSCO funds are used to acquire tangible property assets, the School Board has a reversionary interest in those assets. In the event of non-renewal, termination, or breach of the charter school agreement, ownership of the assets would automatically revert to the School Board. The School has elected to use these funds to pay a portion of the debt service on the capital lease.

Note 15 - Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) Funding

The basic amount of funding through the FEFP under Section 1011.62 is the product of (1) the School's unweighted FTE, multiplied by (2) the cost factor for each program, multiplied by (3) the base student allocation established by the legislature. Additional funds for exceptional students who do not have a matrix of services are provided through the guaranteed allocation designated in Section 1011.62(1)(e)2., Florida Statutes. For the 2022/2023 school year, the School reported 1,191.44 unweighted FTE. Weighted funding represented approximately 3% of total state funding.

FEFP funding may also be adjusted as a result of subsequent FTE audits conducted by the Auditor General pursuant to Section 1010.305, Florida Statutes, and Rule 6A-1.0453, Florida Administrative Code (FAC). Schools are required to maintain the following documentation for three years or until the completion of an FTE audit:

- Attendance and membership documentation (Rule 6A-1.044, FAC)
- Teacher certificates and other certification documentation (Rule 6A-1.0503, FAC)

Note 15 - Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) Funding (continued)

- Procedural safeguards for weighted programs (Rule 6A-6.03411, FAC)
- Evaluation and planning documents for weighted programs (Sections 1011.62(1)(e), FS, and Rule 6A-6.03411, FAC).

Note 16 - Risk Financing

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets and natural disasters. The School has obtained property insurance from commercial companies including, but not limited to, general liability and errors and omissions insurance. There have been no claims in excess of insurance coverage limits during the past three years.

As disclosed in Note 13, CSUSA employs all of the employees of the School. As a result, the School is not exposed to medical or workers' compensation claims for these individuals. In addition, CSUSA carries all required insurance including, but not limited to, general liability and errors and omissions insurance.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors SouthShore Charter Academy A Department of Florida Charter Educational Foundation, Inc. Riverview, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of SouthShore Charter Academy (the "School"), a Department of Florida Charter Educational Foundation, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Hillsborough County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 25, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



SOUTH FLORIDA BUSINESS TOURNAL

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 25, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

To the Board of Directors SouthShore Charter Academy A Department of Florida Charter Educational Foundation, Inc. Riverview. Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of SouthShore Charter Academy (the "School"), component unit of the School Board of Hillsborough County, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated September 25, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in that report, which is dated September 25, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education are SouthShore Charter Academy and 297806.



BEST PLACES TO WORK

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2. and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not the School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the School. It is management's responsibility to monitor the School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7. and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether the School maintains on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School maintained on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors and applicable management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 25, 2023