

Photos courtesy of the Communication & Customer Relations and Tourism Divisions, Collier County Board of County Commissioners and the Naples, Marco Island, Everglades Convention & Visitors Bureau



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

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COUNTY ATTORNEY
JEFFREY A. KLATZKOW

CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT AND COMPTROLLER
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
CRYSTAL K. KINZEL

DIRECTOR OF FINANCE AND ACCOUNTING DEREK M. JOHNSSEN, CPA

Prepared by the Office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller,

Finance and Accounting Department

COLLIER COUTY, FLORIDA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

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Introductory section





Crystal K. Kinzel

Collier County Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller 3315 Tamiami Trail East, Suite 102 Naples, Florida 34112-5324

March 10, 2020

To the Citizens and Members of the Board of County Commissioners, Collier County, Florida:

It is with pleasure that we present to you, the citizens of Collier County and members of the Board of County Commissioners, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the information presented herein is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of County operations.

The Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller's Finance and Accounting Department, as well as County management, is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability of assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Chapter 218.39 of the Florida Statutes requires an independent certified public accountant's financial audit of counties in the State. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 the independent auditor, CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, issued an unmodified opinion on the financial statements. Their report is included in the Financial Section of this report. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in State statutes, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of the Government Auditing Standards, the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the Rules of the Auditor General, Chapter 10.550 Local Governmental Entity Audits. Information relating to the Single Audits, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance and the independent auditors' report on compliance and internal control over compliance with requirements applicable to each major federal program and state project, are included in the Federal and State Single Audit Section of this report.

Governmental accounting and auditing principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and the two should be read in concert. Collier County's MD&A can be found in the Financial Section immediately following the independent auditors' report.

Phone- (239) 252-2646 Website-www.CollierClerk.com

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Collier County is a Constitutional form of government and was established in 1923 under the Constitution and the laws of the State of Florida. The Board of County Commissioners is the legislative body for Collier County and is made up of five residents elected by voters. In addition to the County Commissioners, voters elect the following five constitutional officers: the Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections and Tax Collector.

The County provides its citizens with a wide range of services that include law enforcement, emergency management, fire and EMS services, animal services, library, museum and cultural services, parks and recreation operations, road maintenance and construction. Additionally, the County owns and operates a water and wastewater utility, a solid waste landfill and recycling program, a landfill gas to energy facility, three airports and a transit system.

Budgets are prepared annually. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control throughout the year. The Board of County Commissioners conducts budget workshops during June of each year and a proposed budget is released in July. The budgets of Constitutional Officers are presented to the appropriate authorizing bodies according to State statute. Two public hearings are held in September to allow taxpayer input and to adopt the final budget.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Collier County, the state's second largest county at 2,026 square miles, is on the southwest coast of Florida, directly west of Miami. With a 2019 population of 376,086 (a 13.3 percent increase over the last ten years), Collier County has been considered to be one of the fastest growing counties in the state over the last ten years. The resident population includes Unincorporated County (pop. 335,693) and three municipalities: the Cities of Naples (pop. 22,039), Marco Island (pop. 17,930) and Everglades (pop. 424). The County's economic base is concentrated in tourism, agriculture, fishing, construction, ranching and forestry with a growing services economy and an active technology sector. Gulf of Mexico beaches and the Everglades National Park are important attractions to this area.

Taxable property market valuation for fiscal year 2019 totaled \$93.2 billion, a very high \$247,784 per capita. The County's millage for General Fund operations in fiscal year 2019 remained at only 36% of the statutory 10 mill limit, or \$3.56 per thousand dollars of taxable value. Unemployment levels in recent years approximate, or are slightly below, the statewide average. The 2019 annual County unemployment rate stood at 3.2%, while the statewide average is 3.0%. Income levels are high, with a per capita personal income of \$92,686.

LONG TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Several annual processes take place which influence long range planning and the development of the budget. Each year the County performs a three-year budget projection of primary ad valorem supported funds (General Fund and the Unincorporated Area Municipal Services Taxing District Fund) prior to developing budget policy. In addition, there are several annual long range planning processes such as the Capital Improvement Element (CIE), the Annual Update and Inventory Report (AUIR), the Long Range Transportation Plan, the Water and Wastewater Master

Plans, the Master Mobility Plan and concurrency planning. The County is required to prepare and present to the Board of County Commissioners an Annual Update and Inventory Report (AUIR) and adopt a five-year Capital Improvement Element (CIE). Both of these processes focus on the schedule of capital improvements for the County. The AUIR is an annual status report on public facilities and the CIE is a planning document that identifies public facilities that will be required during the next five or more years. The Capital Improvement Element is the foundation of Collier County's annual Capital Improvement Program (CIP). The total planned for CIP projects for fiscal years 2020-2024 is \$1.4 billion. Included in the County's current CIP for fiscal years 2020-2024 are approximately \$486.5 million in water and wastewater projects, \$475.0 million in transportation projects, \$130.4 million in stormwater projects and \$79.3 million in government facilities projects. In addition, parks and recreation projects of approximately \$91.5 million are planned, as well as \$55.8 million for tourist development funded projects, \$19.1 million in solid waste projects, \$56.7 million in public safety projects and miscellaneous projects totaling \$13.6 million. Approximately \$293.7 million of the fiscal year 2020 - 2024 Capital Improvement Program is currently planned to be funded by bond or loan proceeds and \$342.8 million is planned to be funded by the new infrastructure sales tax. The Master Mobility Plan (MMP) was developed to address the transportation mobility needs of Collier County. The MMP is focused on demand management and coordination to reduce the need for transportation infrastructure.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Relevant financial policies include the appropriation of carryforward as revenue in the following year, maintaining a recommended General Fund unassigned fund balance of between 8% and 16% of actual expenditures and net operating transfers, the assessment of impact fees at such levels as allowed by law and supported by studies, and prioritizing gas taxes for payment of debt service on the Series 2012 and 2014 Gas Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds.

Debt administration policies include the limitation of the debt repayment period to the useful life of the underlying assets and the establishment of a 5% benchmark for net present value savings generated by refinancing. The Collier County Debt Management Policy provides that a smaller net present value savings may be considered on a case-by-case basis. Consistent with Collier County's Debt Management Policy, outstanding debt is continually monitored in relation to existing conditions in the debt market. When sufficient cost savings can be realized debt will be refinanced. In addition, the debt policy establishes a maximum ratio of total general governmental debt service to bondable revenues from current sources of 13%.

The Clerk of the Circuit Court's Finance and Accounting Department monitors the daily cash needs of the County and invests the County's funds in accordance with the Collier County Investment Policy. The primary objective of the investment policy is the preservation of capital and the protection of investment principal. Authorized investments include certificates of deposit, the Local Government Funds Surplus Trust Fund (Florida PRIME), U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. agency securities, commercial paper and bankers' acceptances. The par weighted average maturity of the total managed portfolio, to first call or maturity, was .46 years as of September 30, 2019. The total return for fiscal year 2019 was 3.17%, a reflection of overall market interest rate increases in fiscal year 2019. Changes in the fair value of investments are recorded as part of interest income in the financial statements.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

While the County is currently focused on many initiatives, some of the most significant include the following items:

- Development of the Golden Gate Golf Course property
- The hardening of County facilities to better prepare for natural disasters
- Upgrades to Information Technology infrastructure and the County's various management, financial and accounting software
- Completion of the construction, and operation, of the Big Corkscrew Regional Park and the amateur sports complex facility
- Public safety capital projects including a new evidence facility for the Sheriff
- The extension of Vanderbilt Beach Road and bridge rehabilitation and replacement
- Enhancements in storm-water capital infrastructure and maintenance service levels
- Expansion of Collier Area Transit and the Collier County airport system

AWARDS

GFOA Certificate of Achievement:

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Collier County, Florida for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report whose contents conform to program standards. The CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. Collier County has received this award for the past thirty-three years, from fiscal year 1986 to 2018. We believe our current report conforms to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA for consideration for an award again this year.

Distinguished Budget Presentation Awards:

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada presented an award for Distinguished Presentation to Collier County for its annual budget for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2018. In order to receive this award, a government unit must publish a

budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications device. The Distinguished Budget Presentation Award is valid for a period of one year only. Collier County has received this award for the last thirty-three consecutive years.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada presented an award for Distinguished Presentation to the Office of the Collier County Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller for its annual budget for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2018. In order to receive this award, a government unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications device. The Distinguished Budget Presentation Award is valid for a period of one year only. The Clerk's Office has received this award for the last seventeen consecutive years.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation and publication of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report represents a significant effort by the Finance and Accounting Department as well as numerous County personnel who contribute to its production. In particular, we would like to express our appreciation to Edith Manuel, Finance Manager, Leslie Miller, Operations Manager, Raymond Milum, Jr., Accounting Manager and all of the staff of the Finance and Accounting Department.

Sincere appreciation is also expressed to Clifton Larson Allen, the Board of County Commissioners, the Constitutional Officers, the County Manager, Department Heads and the Division Directors for their assistance throughout the year in matters pertaining to the financial affairs of the County.

We hope you find this report informative, accurate and easily readable. If you should have any questions related to this report or if additional information is desired, do not hesitate to contact Derek M. Johnssen, Director of Finance and Accounting, at (239) 252-7863.

Respectfully,

Crystal K. Kinzel

Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller

Augstal K. Kinzel

Derek M. Johnssen, CPA

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Deputy Clerk, Director of Finance and Accounting

Kelly Jones, CGFO

Deputy Clerk, Assistant Director of Finance and Accounting

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Collier County, Florida for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. This was the thirty-third consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Collier County Clerk of the Circuit Court Florida

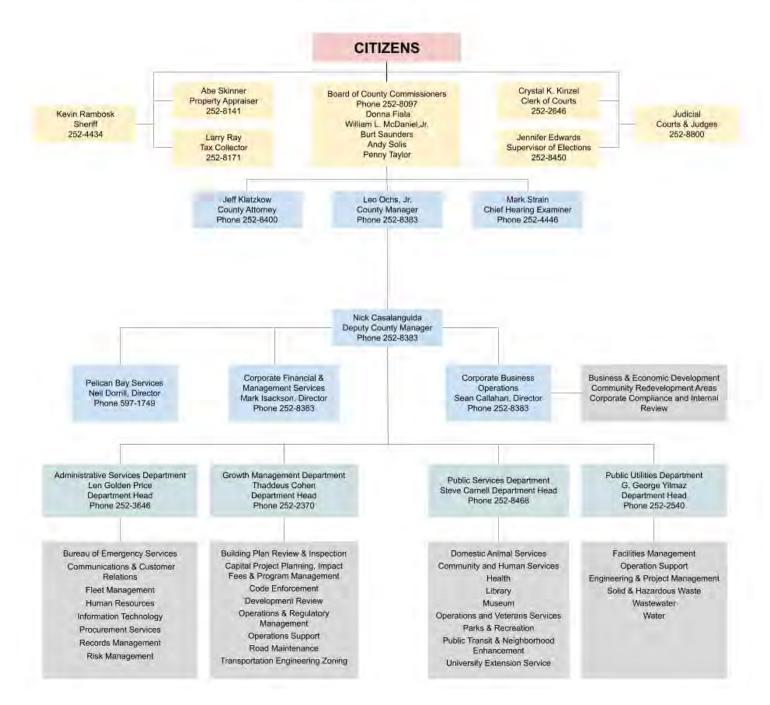
For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2018

Chuitophe P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO







Financial section





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Collier County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Collier County, Florida (County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the entity's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, the Bayshore Gateway Redevelopment Agency special revenue fund, and the Immokalee Redevelopment Agency special revenue fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) on pages 4 - 13, the schedules of the county's proportionate share of the net pension liability and of county contributions on page 77, and the schedules of other postemployment benefits total OPEB liability and related ratios for the retiree health plans on page 78 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and Chapter 10.550, Local Governmental Entity Audits, Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida, is also presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Collier County, Florida

Other Matters (Continued)

Other Information (Continued)

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplemental information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and the statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 13, 2020, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida February 13, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

As Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller of Collier County, Florida, I present the readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Collier County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented in this narrative in conjunction with additional information offered in the letter of transmittal, found on pages i-v of this report.

Financial Highlights

- Collier County's assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows as of September 30, 2019 by \$2,772,511,890. Of this amount, \$173,598,298 represents unrestricted net position and may be used to meet future County obligations. Unrestricted net position increased by \$59,728,209 from the previous year.
- The County's total net position increased by \$214,171,743 when compared to fiscal year 2018, with a \$129,669,784 increase from governmental activities and a \$84,501,959 increase resulting from business-type activities.
- As of September 30, 2019, Collier County's governmental fund financial statements showed combined ending fund balances of \$705,196,327, an increase \$204,846,785 over the previous fiscal year. Of the total combined ending governmental fund balance, \$103,707,232 is reported as unassigned.
- The General Fund reported an unassigned fund balance of \$103,707,232 at September 30, 2019, an increase in unassigned General Fund balance of \$26,365,466 when compared to September 30, 2018.
- Total bonded debt, notes, outstanding loans and capital leases owed by Collier County increase of \$134,304,551 during fiscal year 2019, with an increase in governmental activities debt of \$69,583,193 and an increase in the business-type activities debt of \$64,721,358. In October of 2018, the County issued the Series 2018 Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds to construct and equip a regional tournament caliber amateur sports complex. In April 2019, the County Water and Sewer District issued the Series 2019 Collier County Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds to finance various utility capital improvements in the northeast area of the County. In July 2019, the County issued the Series 2019 Special Obligation Revenue Note (Taxable Bank Term Loan) for purposes of acquiring the Golden Gate Golf Course. Additional information on debt activity can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements beginning on page 50.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction and explanation of Collier County's basic financial statements. Collier County's basic financial statements include government-wide and fund financial statements, as well as notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader an overview of the financial position of the County and are similar to private sector financial statements. These statements are comprised of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities and are found on pages 16 to 18 of this report.

The Statement of Net Position shows the financial position of Collier County as of September 30, 2019. The statement shows the County's assets plus deferred outflows of resources less its liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, with the difference being reported as net position. Changes in net position are useful indicators of financial condition.

The Statement of Activities follows the Statement of Net Position and reports the changes in net position over the fiscal period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying events that gave rise to the change occur, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items, such as accounts receivable, notes receivable or accrued unused vacation and sick leave, that will manifest themselves in cash inflows and outflows, respectively, in future fiscal periods.

These statements distinguish Collier County functions that are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities), from business-type activities, which are intended to have their costs primarily recovered through user fees and charges.

Governmental activities reported in the financial statements are general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, human services and culture and recreation. Business-type activities in Collier County include water and sewer, solid waste collections, airport operations, transit operations and emergency medical services.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a group of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated to meet specific objectives. As dictated by generally accepted accounting principles, Collier County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The funds of the County can be divided into the following three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds, presented on pages 20 to 28, account for substantially the same functions as governmental activities reported under the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. The difference is that the governmental fund financial statements focus on inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year, on a near term basis. As such, these statements present a narrower view of financial condition, but are nonetheless useful in evaluating Collier County's near term financing requirements and available resources.

Comparison between the two sets of financial statements allows the reader to better assess the future impact of the government's near term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to the respective government-wide financial statements to facilitate comparison.

Governmental funds presented individually in Collier County's statements include four major funds, the General Fund and the Bayshore Gateway and Immokalee Community Redevelopment Agencies and the Infrastructure Sales Tax fund. There are many smaller governmental funds under Collier County management and they are aggregated in a total column named "other governmental funds". Combining statements for these other governmental funds have been presented elsewhere in this report.

Collier County adopts an annual budget as described in Note 1 to the financial statements. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. Budgetary comparison schedules for any non-major governmental fund required to adopt an annual budget is presented in the combining statements presented elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary funds

Collier County maintains two different types of proprietary funds, enterprise and internal service, which are reflected on pages 29 to 33 of this report.

Enterprise funds report, with more detail, the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements for water and sewer, solid waste disposal, emergency medical services, transit and the airport authority. The Collier County Water and Sewer District Fund, the Solid Waste Disposal Fund and the Emergency Medical Services Fund are presented individually as major funds.

Internal service funds are primarily maintained to allocate and accumulate costs internally for Collier County. The County uses internal service funds to account for health insurance, worker's compensation insurance, property and casualty insurance, fleet operations and information technology. The internal service funds are presented in total in the proprietary fund financial statements, but may be viewed on a combining basis elsewhere in the report.

Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of Collier County government. These funds are not presented in the government-wide financial statements as they do not represent resources available to support Collier County functions. The fiduciary funds are presented on page 34 of this report. All of the County's fiduciary funds are agency funds. The accounting used for agency funds is based on the concept that assets equal liabilities when the government is acting in a fiduciary capacity.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes appear on pages 35 to 73 of this report.

Other Information

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules mentioned above present more detailed views of nonmajor governmental and enterprise funds and begin on page 81. This section contains combining balance sheets and statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for governmental funds, including budgetary comparisons, and combining statements of net position and statements of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position for enterprise funds. Also included are combining financial statements for internal service and agency funds.

Additional information about the County, which may be of interest to the reader, can be found under the Statistical and Single Audit sections of this report. The statistical section has been prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 44, Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section. This section contains data regarding financial trends, revenue capacity, debt capacity, demographic and economic conditions and operating indicators of the County. The Single Audit grants compliance section lists the expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance during the fiscal year and presents grant compliance information as well as auditor reports.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$2,772,511,890 as of the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019 for Collier County. Positive balances were reported in all categories of net position in the governmental and business-type activities for fiscal year 2019 with the exception of a negative unrestricted net position for governmental activities. The negative unrestricted net position for governmental activities is primarily a result of reporting the long-term net pension liability associated with the County and should not be considered, solely, as evidence of financial difficulties.

Collier County's net position at September 30, 2019 increased by \$59,728,209 for unrestricted net position and increased \$124,092,563 for restricted net position. Restricted net position consists of resources subject to external restriction on how they may be used while unrestricted net position may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations. Increases in restricted net position were mainly due to a 30.6% increase in restricted net position related to growth related capital expansion and the implementation of a 1% Infrastructure Sales Tax for capital projects. The Infrastructure Sales Tax was effective as of January 1, 2019. The increase in unrestricted net position was mainly the result of Hurricane Irma related operating grant reimbursements.

Collier County's investment in capital assets such as land, roads, buildings, parks and machinery and equipment, net of depreciation or any outstanding debt related to the asset, amounts to 75.1% of net position as of September 30, 2019, compared to 80.1% as of September 30, 2018. During fiscal year 2019, the County's net investment in capital assets increased by \$30,350,971, but decreased as a proportion of total net position due to the overall increase in restricted and unrestricted net position discussed above. Capital assets provide services to the citizens and consequently do not represent spendable resources and cannot be used to liquidate the debt incurred to purchase or construct capital assets.

The following are Collier County's net position and changes in net position for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2018 and 2019, shown in condensed form:

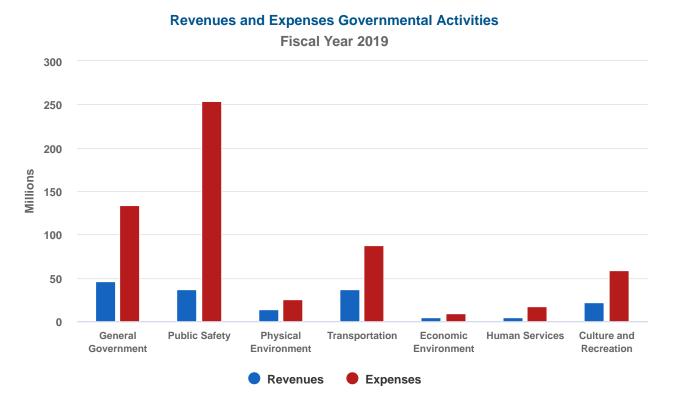
Collier County's Schedule of Net Position (in millions)

											Total
					Busine	ss-t	уре				Percentage
	Gov	ernmen	tal Ac	tivities	Activ	/itie	S	To	tal		Change
	20	19		2018	2019		2018	2019		2018	2018-2019
Current and other assets	\$	834.0	\$	626.8	\$ 382.7	\$	233.4	\$ 1,216.7	\$	860.2	41.4%
Capital assets, net	1	1,618.7		1,589.0	966.8		955.9	2,585.5		2,544.9	1.6%
Total assets		2,452.7		2,215.8	1,349.5		1,189.3	3,802.2		3,405.1	11.7%
Deferred outflows of resources		112.1		123.4	 23.3	_	26.3	 135.4		149.7	-9.60%
Long-term liabilities		692.7		591.3	302.4		230.8	995.1		822.1	20.8%
Current liabilities		100.2		102.5	43.2		41.6	143.4		144.1	-0.6%
Total liabilities		792.9		693.8	345.6		272.4	1,138.5		966.2	17.8%
Deferred inflows of resources		22.3		25.5	 4.3		4.8	 26.6		30.3	-12.2%
Net position:											
Net investment in capital assets	1	1,303.0		1,287.2	777.8		763.2	2,080.8		2,050.4	1.5%
Restricted		478.7		362.0	39.4		32.0	518.1		394.0	31.5%
Unrestricted (deficit)		(32.2)		(29.3)	205.7		143.2	173.5		113.9	52.4%
Total net position	\$ 1	1,749.6	\$	1,619.9	\$ 1,022.9	\$	938.4	\$ 2,772.5	\$	2,558.3	8.4%

Collier County's Schedule of Changes in Net Position (in millions)

Operating grants and contributions 30.3 29.6 46.6 16.4 76.9 46.0 67. Capital grants and contributions 56.3 47.6 37.9 38.7 94.2 86.3 9. General revenues: Property taxes 356.1 337.4 - - 356.1 337.4 5. Other taxes and shared revenues 186.8 114.3 - - 186.8 114.3 63. Interest income 24.1 6.9 9.7 2.6 33.8 9.5 255. Miscellaneous 17.6 18.1 1.5 8.4 19.1 26.5 -27.	l age je
Program revenues: Fines, fees and charges for services \$ 77.0 \$ 78.0 \$ 227.5 \$ 214.1 \$ 304.5 \$ 292.1 4. Operating grants and contributions 30.3 29.6 46.6 16.4 76.9 46.0 67. Capital grants and contributions 56.3 47.6 37.9 38.7 94.2 86.3 9. General revenues: Property taxes 356.1 337.4 356.1 337.4 5. Other taxes and shared revenues 186.8 114.3 186.8 114.3 63. Interest income 24.1 6.9 9.7 2.6 33.8 9.5 255. Miscellaneous 17.6 18.1 1.5 8.4 19.1 26.5 -27.)19
Program revenues: Fines, fees and charges for services \$ 77.0 \$ 78.0 \$ 227.5 \$ 214.1 \$ 304.5 \$ 292.1 4. Operating grants and contributions 30.3 29.6 46.6 16.4 76.9 46.0 67. Capital grants and contributions 56.3 47.6 37.9 38.7 94.2 86.3 9. General revenues: Property taxes 356.1 337.4 356.1 337.4 5. Other taxes and shared revenues 186.8 114.3 186.8 114.3 63. Interest income 24.1 6.9 9.7 2.6 33.8 9.5 255. Miscellaneous 17.6 18.1 1.5 8.4 19.1 26.5 -27.	
Fines, fees and charges for services \$ 77.0 78.0 227.5 214.1 304.5 292.1 4. Operating grants and contributions 30.3 29.6 46.6 16.4 76.9 46.0 67. Capital grants and contributions 56.3 47.6 37.9 38.7 94.2 86.3 9. General revenues: Property taxes 356.1 337.4 - - 356.1 337.4 5. Other taxes and shared revenues 186.8 114.3 - - 186.8 114.3 63. Interest income 24.1 6.9 9.7 2.6 33.8 9.5 255. Miscellaneous 17.6 18.1 1.5 8.4 19.1 26.5 -27.	
Operating grants and contributions 30.3 29.6 46.6 16.4 76.9 46.0 67. Capital grants and contributions 56.3 47.6 37.9 38.7 94.2 86.3 9. General revenues: Property taxes 356.1 337.4 - - 356.1 337.4 5. Other taxes and shared revenues 186.8 114.3 - - 186.8 114.3 63. Interest income 24.1 6.9 9.7 2.6 33.8 9.5 255. Miscellaneous 17.6 18.1 1.5 8.4 19.1 26.5 -27.	
Capital grants and contributions 56.3 47.6 37.9 38.7 94.2 86.3 9. General revenues: 9.0 356.1 337.4 - - 356.1 337.4 5. Other taxes and shared revenues 186.8 114.3 - - 186.8 114.3 63. Interest income 24.1 6.9 9.7 2.6 33.8 9.5 255. Miscellaneous 17.6 18.1 1.5 8.4 19.1 26.5 -27.	4.2%
General revenues: Property taxes 356.1 337.4 - - 356.1 337.4 5. Other taxes and shared revenues 186.8 114.3 - - 186.8 114.3 63. Interest income 24.1 6.9 9.7 2.6 33.8 9.5 255. Miscellaneous 17.6 18.1 1.5 8.4 19.1 26.5 -27.	7.2%
Property taxes 356.1 337.4 - - 356.1 337.4 5. Other taxes and shared revenues 186.8 114.3 - - 186.8 114.3 63. Interest income 24.1 6.9 9.7 2.6 33.8 9.5 255. Miscellaneous 17.6 18.1 1.5 8.4 19.1 26.5 -27.	9.2%
Other taxes and shared revenues 186.8 114.3 - - 186.8 114.3 63. Interest income 24.1 6.9 9.7 2.6 33.8 9.5 255. Miscellaneous 17.6 18.1 1.5 8.4 19.1 26.5 -27.	
Interest income 24.1 6.9 9.7 2.6 33.8 9.5 255. Miscellaneous 17.6 18.1 1.5 8.4 19.1 26.5 -27.	5.5%
Miscellaneous 17.6 18.1 1.5 8.4 19.1 26.5 -27.	3.4%
	5.8%
Total revenues 748.2 631.9 323.2 280.2 1,071.4 912.1 17.	7.9%
	7.5%
Expenses	
·	5.6%
	4.0%
	1.5%
,	5.8%
·	4.4%
	6.6%
	2.2%
	6.1%
	6.6%
	5.5%
	8.0%
5 ,	6.4%
r	3.1%
Total expenses 601.7 566.1 255.5 301.4 857.2 867.5 -1.	1.2%
Increase (decrease) in net position	
before net transfers 146.5 65.8 67.7 (21.2) 214.2 44.6 380.	0.3%
Transfers, net (16.8) (16.5) 16.8 16.5	0%
Change in net position 129.7 49.3 84.5 (4.7) 214.2 44.6 380.	0.3%
Net position – beginning 1,619.9 1,570.6 938.4 943.1 2,558.3 2,513.7 1.	1.8%
Net position – ending \$ 1,749.6 \$ 1,619.9 \$ 1,022.9 \$ 938.4 \$ 2,772.5 \$ 2,558.3 8.	8.4%

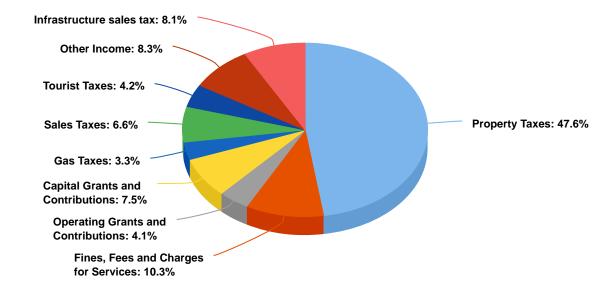
Expenses and revenues, in the form of fees, fines, grants and contributions, for governmental activities are shown graphically by function. General revenues, such as property taxes, must be used to the extent that the fees, fines, grants and contributions do not cover the cost of the governmental function. Public safety is the largest category of expenses followed by general government.



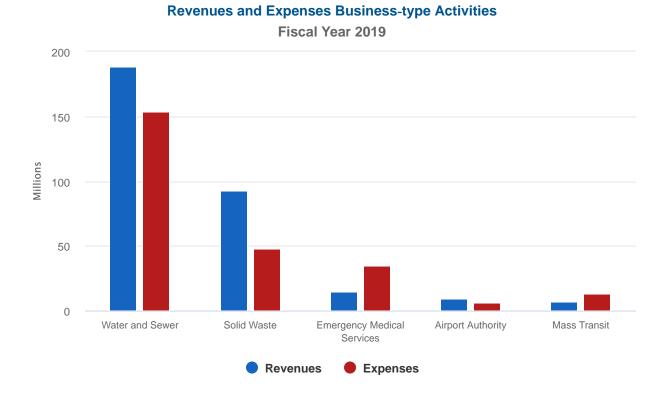
Revenues for governmental activities are shown graphically by type. The largest type of revenue for governmental activities is property taxes followed by fines, fees and charges for services.

Revenue by Type Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year 2019



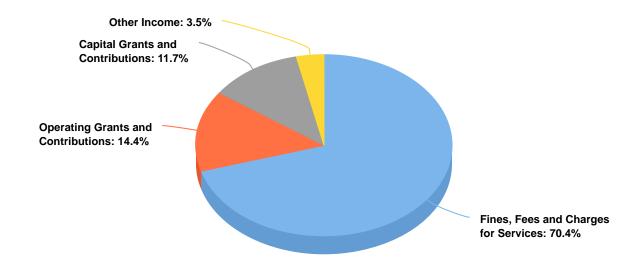
Revenues and expenses are shown by business-type activity. The Water and Sewer system is the largest business-type activity followed by the Solid Waste system.



Revenues for business-type activities are shown graphically by type. The largest type of revenue is fines, fees and charges for services followed by operating grants and contributions.

Revenue by Type Business-type Activities

Fiscal Year 2019



FINANCIAL SECTION

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Governmental Activities

The current year increase in the net position of governmental activities amounted to \$129,669,784, an increase of 8.0% when compared to the previous year's net position. The previous fiscal years' increase in net position was 3.1%. The current years' increase is mainly due to the following:

- Overall, revenues related to governmental activities increased by 18.4%, or \$116,313,811 while expenses increased by 6.3%, or \$35,599,214.
- Governmental activities revenues increased primarily due to the new levy of a 1% Local Government Sales Tax. Effective
 January 1, 2019, the tax generated \$60,787,027 in revenue during fiscal year 2019. Also contributing to the increase was
 an increase in total ad valorem taxes collected in fiscal year 2019, when compared to fiscal year 2018, of \$18,651,615.
 The increase in ad valorem revenues was due to a 5.6% increase in county wide taxable value. Market interest rates also
 increased during fiscal year 2019 and as a result interest revenues increased significantly over fiscal year 2018.
- General government expenses increased by \$7,098,034 largely due to increased pension costs. Public safety expense increased \$31,163,085 primarily due to increased pension costs. Physical environment expenses decreased by \$12,001,346 due to the non-recurring expenses related to waterway debris cleanup that occurred in fiscal year 2018 related to Hurricane Irma. Governmental activities interest expense increased by 35.8% primarily due to the issuance of the Series 2018 Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds.

Business-type Activities

The increase in net position related to business-type activities amounted to \$84,501,959 in the aggregate, representing a 9.0% increase over the previous year's net position. The previous fiscal year's decrease in net position was 0.5%. The current year's increase is mainly due to the following:

- Collier County Water and Sewer District (District) saw an increase of \$35,836,300 in net position. The increase in the
 District's net position is largely due to a 2.8% rate increase that went in to effect October 1, 2018, a 3.7% increase in water
 consumption and the addition of 2,522 customer accounts.
- Solid Waste Disposal experienced an increase of \$46,635,064 in net position. This increase is primarily due to a \$29,309,862 increase in operating grants and contributions related to reimbursements for Hurricane Irma debris removal.

Fund Financial Statement Analysis

As mentioned above, Collier County utilizes fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds provide information on near term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Unassigned fund balance is a useful measure of net resources available to be spent at the end of the fiscal year. Governmental funds consist of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Permanent Funds, Debt Service Funds and Capital Project Funds.

As of September 30, 2019, Collier County governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$705,196,327, an increase of \$204,846,785 when compared to prior year combined fund balances. The governmental funds had non-spendable fund balances of \$5,270,345 consisting of inventory, prepaid items, notes receivable, endowments and advances to other funds. The restricted fund balance was \$522,771,580 and consists of monies whose expenditure is externally constrained by grantors, creditors, binding law or enabling legislation. Of the remaining \$177,154,402 in fund balance, \$40,354,691 is classified as committed, \$33,092,479 is recorded as assigned and \$103,707,232 is recorded as unassigned.

The following were noteworthy activities and changes relating to the major governmental funds for fiscal year 2019:

- The General Fund is the primary operating fund of Collier County. At September 30, 2019, total fund balance in the General Fund was \$107,666,002, of which \$103,707,232 was unassigned. As a percentage of total general fund expenditures and net transfers, the unassigned portion is 28.1%. The total fund balance increased by \$25,637,205 or 31.3%, compared to the September 30, 2018 total fund balance. The General Fund's total fund balance increased due to increased Ad Valorem Tax collections of \$15,787,405 and increased interest revenue earned over fiscal year 2018 of \$3,290,574. These increases were directly related to a 5.6% increase in county wide taxable values and increased market rates of interest.
- The Bayshore Gateway Community Redevelopment Agency was created to benefit blighted areas in the Bayshore Gateway
 Triangle. During fiscal year 2019, the Bayshore Gateway Community Redevelopment Agency collected \$1,765,900 in tax
 increment revenues. In addition, the agency received \$85,816 in miscellaneous revenues for rents and earned \$94,158 in
 interest income. Operating expenditures of \$717,594, mainly consisting of personal services and residential rehabilitation
 grants were associated with the Bayshore Gateway Triangle Community Redevelopment Agency.

- The Immokalee Community Redevelopment Agency was created to benefit blighted areas in Immokalee. During fiscal
 year 2019, the Immokalee Community Redevelopment Agency collected \$705,000 in tax increment revenues. Operating
 expenditures of \$475,840, mainly personal services and residential rehabilitation grants, were associated with the
 Immokalee Community Redevelopment Agency. In addition, capital expenditures of \$73,571 were made for computer
 equipment, an automobile and sidewalk projects in the district.
- The infrastructure Sales Tax fund was established to account for the proceeds of the 1% Infrastructure Sales Tax. The
 tax was effective as of January 1, 2019 and fiscal year 2019 collections were \$60,787,027. The Infrastructure Sales Tax
 Fund earned interest revenue of \$408,601 and capital outlay totaled \$1,166,289. Capital outlay included \$1,135,004 spent
 for jail heating, ventilation and air conditioning improvements and \$31,285 for the Sheriff's Forensics Building.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund statements provide the same information as the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, but in greater detail, and on a fund basis for enterprise funds.

At September 30, 2019, total net position amounted to \$1,025,727,074 for enterprise funds, as compared to \$939,595,210, as of September 30, 2018, an increase of \$86,131,864. Net position changes as a result of operations, non-operating revenues and expenses, capital contributions and grants and donations. For fiscal year 2019, the Solid Waste Disposal fund's activities represent the largest share of the increase in the business-type net position.

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the Collier County Water and Sewer District (District) reported capital grants and contributions of \$32,352,245, which consists of water and sewer impact fees of \$15,513,268, \$16,452,557 in developer infrastructure contributions and other capital contributions of \$386,420.

Net Operating Income/(Loss)

	2019	2018
County Water and Sewer	\$ 10,116,153	\$ 9,585,177
Solid Waste Disposal	5,455,232	(55,790,046)
Emergency Medical Services	(21,091,679)	(18,835,777)
Non-major enterprise funds	 (13,464,760)	(12,838,906)
Total	\$ (18,985,054)	\$ (77,879,552)

The Collier County Water and Sewer District's net operating income increased by \$530,978 when compared to fiscal year 2018. The increase in net operating income was primarily the result of a 2.8% rate increase effective October 2018, increased water usage of 3.7% and the addition of 2,522 customer accounts offset by a 7.0% increase in total operating expenses, including depreciation and amortization. County Water and Sewer payments in lieu of taxes paid to the General Fund of \$7,743,300 were reclassified from operating expense to transfers in for financial statement purposes. These payments are reclassified pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles as the amount charged is not an approximation of services rendered.

The Solid Waste Disposal fund's net operating income increased by \$61,245,278 when compared to fiscal year 2018. The increase in net operating income was primarily the result of non-recurring expenses of \$58,552,728 in fiscal year 2018 related to Hurricane Irma debris removal. The Solid Waste Disposal payments in lieu of taxes paid to the General Fund of \$363,000 were reclassified from operating expense to transfers in for financial statement purposes. These payments are reclassified pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles as the amount charged is not an approximation of services rendered.

The Solid Waste Disposal fund's increase in net position was mainly related to fiscal year 2019 operating grants and contributions of \$40,575,375. Reimbursements totaling \$40,391,910 were related to Hurricane Irma debris removal and \$183,465 was related to other operating grants.

The Emergency Medical Services fund's net operating income decreased by \$2,255,902 when compared to fiscal year 2018. The decrease in net operating income was the result of a 10.3% increase in total operating costs, coupled with a \$907,134 increase in charges for services due to increased billable calls. Operating expenses increased mainly due to increased personal services costs, including pension expense.

Capital Assets

Collier County's financial statements present capital assets in two distinct groups, those that are depreciated and those not subject to depreciation. Buildings and equipment are examples of assets that are depreciated and land and construction in progress are examples of assets not depreciated. Collier County's net investment in capital assets for the governmental and business-type activities amounted to \$2,080,794,262. This investment in capital assets, both purchased and donated, includes land, buildings and improvements, water and wastewater plants, machinery and equipment, parks, roads, beach renourishment and drainage structures. Net investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year increased by \$30,350,971 when compared to the previous year. There was an increase in the governmental activities capital assets of \$29,709,030, or 1.9%, while the business-type activities capital assets increased by \$10,901,515, or 1.1%. The major capital asset activities during the current and previous fiscal years are as follows:

- Capitalization as construction in process of \$40,030,325 in governmental activity costs including \$8,518,244 related to county wide 800 MHz system upgrades, \$4,133,340 to convert the North Collier Regional Park facilities to artificial turf and \$3,734,855 for various bridge improvement projects. The remaining \$23,643,886 is related to \$12,061,450 in other transportation projects, \$3,090,797 in other physical environment projects, \$5,059,179 in public safety projects and \$3,432,460 in other capital projects.
- The business-type activities capitalized \$30,485,064 of construction in process during fiscal year 2019 including \$2,298,912 for energy efficiency improvements for the water and sewer system in the Golden Gate area, \$7,821,370 for master pump systems improvements, and \$2,079,841 for Goodlette-Frank Road utility improvements. In addition, \$9,105,640 was related to the Solid Waste Northeast recycling drop-off center. The remaining \$9,179,301 was made up of \$8,712,127 in other County Water and Sewer projects and \$467,174 in various Mass Transit projects.
- Developer donated water and wastewater infrastructure in fiscal year 2019 amounted to \$16,452,557 and \$19,350,530 in fiscal year 2018. Subdivisions are required to meet County standards when installing water and wastewater services.
 Once completed and inspected, these assets are donated to and accepted by the County.
- Total purchases of land and non-depreciable assets were \$33,138,026 for fiscal year 2019, compared to \$16,579,584 for fiscal year 2018. Fiscal year 2019 land purchases were primarily related to the acquisition of the Golden Gate Golf Course, conservation lands and various transportation projects.

Additional information regarding Collier County's capital assets can be found in Note 5 beginning on page 49 of this report.

Debt Administration

At September 30, 2019, Collier County had total bonded debt, notes, loans and capital leases of \$627,758,382, an increase of \$134,304,551 from the previous year. The following table illustrates the balances of all bonds, notes, loans and capital leases for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018:

Outstanding Debt

	2019	2018
Limited General Obligation Bonds	\$ 1,559,866	\$ 2,037,028
Revenue Bonds	366,278,364	234,722,807
Direct Placement Loans Payable	175,310,427	161,476,907
Commercial Paper and Notes Payable	84,283,331	94,459,755
Capital Leases	326,394	757,334
Total	\$ 627,758,382	\$ 493,453,831

On October 24, 2018, Collier County issued the Series 2018 Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds in the par amount of \$62,965,000. These bonds were issued for purposes of financing the development, acquisition, construction and equipping of a regional tournament caliber amateur sports complex. The final maturity of the Series 2018 bonds is October 1, 2048, with interest rates from 4.00% to 5.00%.

On April 17, 2019, the Board of County Commissioners of Collier County, Florida and ex-officio as the governing Board of the Collier County Water-Sewer District (District) issued the Series 2019 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds in the par amount of \$76,185,000. These bonds were issued for purposes of financing the acquisition, construction and equipping of various utility capital improvements in the northeast area of the County. The Series 2019 bonds were issued on a parity with the District's outstanding Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2015, Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 and Water and Sewer Revenue Bond, Series 2018. The final maturity of the Series 2019 bonds is July 1, 2039, with interest rates from 3.00% to 5.00%.

On July 18, 2019, Collier County issued the Series 2019 Special Obligation Revenue Note (Taxable Bank Term Loan) in the par amount of \$28,060,000. This loan was issued for the purpose of acquiring the real property known as the Golden Gate Golf Course. The final maturity of the Series 2019 Note is October 1, 2029, with an interest rate of 2.74%. The Series 2019 Special Obligation Revenue Note was issued as a direct placement financing, secured with a lien on parity with all outstanding Special Obligation Bonds and Notes.

Collier County's Special Obligation Revenue Bonds carry ratings of Aa1, AAA and AA by Moody's, Standard and Poor's and Fitch Ratings, Inc., respectively. The Series 2017 and 2019 Special Obligation Refunding Revenue Notes (Bank Term Loans) were issued as direct placements with commercial banks and therefore carry an implied rating of Aa1, AAA and AA by Moody's, Standard and Poor's and Fitch Ratings, Inc., respectively. The County's Series 2012 Gas Tax Revenue Bonds carry ratings of A2, A+ and AA- by Moody's, Standard and Poor's and Fitch Ratings, Inc., respectively. The Series 2014 Gas Tax Revenue Bond (Bank Term Loan) was issued as a direct placement with a commercial bank and therefore carries an implied rating of A2, A+ and AA- by Moody's, Standard and Poor's and Fitch Ratings, Inc., respectively. Collier County's Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds carry ratings of Aa3 and AA+ by Moody's and Fitch Ratings, Inc., respectively. Collier County's Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds carry ratings of Aaa and AAA, respectively, by Moody's and Fitch Ratings, Inc. The Series 2013, 2015 and 2018 County Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds issued as direct placements with commercial banks and, as such, carry an implied rating of Aaa and AAA by Moody's and Fitch Ratings, Inc., respectively.

The Constitution of the State of Florida, Florida Statute 200.181 and Collier County set no legal debt limit. Further information regarding Collier County's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 beginning on page 50 of this report.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the current fiscal year, the General Fund expenditure appropriations increased by \$3,817,262. Significant variances between the original budget and the final amended budget are listed below:

- \$809,529 increase in facilities management operating for a preventative maintenance initiative in addition to Hurricane Irma repairs.
- \$1,481,900 increase in Sheriff's personal services related to special detail duties and \$255,064 in Sheriff's operating to provide funds for education and training programs.
- \$376,072 increase in Mental health operating due to re-budgeting of lapsed appropriations from the previous fiscal year.

Significant variances between actual results and final budget amounts in the General Fund occurred during fiscal year 2019. Tax revenues were under budget by \$11,655,300 primarily due to the early payment discount allowed for property taxes. The discount ranges from a maximum 4.0% to 1.0%, depending on the date of payment. Intergovernmental revenues were \$10,916,203 over the amount budgeted primarily due to an increase in the amount of state revenue sharing and sales tax as well as the recognition of revenue from the Federal Emergency Management Agency that was not budgeted for in the 2019 fiscal year.

Economic Factors and Year 2020 Budgets and Rates

The following factors were taken into account in preparing the fiscal year 2020 budget:

- A 4.0% increase in countywide taxable property values.
- Millage neutral General Fund tax rate.
- · A \$1,200 per employee general wage adjustment along with a .5% market based pay plan maintenance component.
- Maintain health care program contributions at 80% employer and 20% employee across all agencies (excluding Sheriff).

During fiscal year 2019, the General Fund unassigned fund balance increased by \$26,365,466 to \$103,707,232. As of January 24, 2019, \$83,477,570 of the fiscal year 2019 unassigned fund balance has been appropriated as carryforward for fiscal year 2020, with \$53,857,910 budgeted in reserves.

Contact Information

This financial report is intended to give the user a general overview of Collier County Government's finances. Any questions resulting from review of this information may be addressed to:

Collier County Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller
Department of Finance and Accounting
3299 Tamiami Trail East, Suite #403
Naples, Florida 34112-5746

Our office may also be contacted via the internet at www.collierclerk.com.





Basic Financial Statements

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2019

	Governmental	Primary Government Governmental Business-type				
	Activities	Activities	Total	Component Units		
ASSETS	7.0411400					
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 260,947,802	\$ 238,091,391	\$ 499,039,193	\$ 188,785		
Cash with fiscal agent	10,575,231	-	10,575,231	-		
Trade receivables, net	1,782,861	17,714,754	19,497,615	_		
Special assessments receivable	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	90,303	90,303	_		
Interest receivable	827,791	1,168,565	1,996,356	_		
Due from other governments	9,788,996	1,549,654	11,338,650	_		
Internal balances	3,324,877			_		
Deposits	16,494		18,494	_		
Inventory	988,122	•	7,774,431	_		
Prepaid costs	135,631	7,380	143,011	_		
Restricted assets:	100,001	7,000	1 10,011			
Cash and investments	19,659,856	8,847,671	28,507,527	_		
Trade receivables, net	2,739,392		2,739,832	_		
Notes receivable	54,611		54,611	_		
Interest receivable	1,538,105	62,039	1,600,144	_		
Due from other governments	25,597,341	4,710,654	30,307,995	_		
Deposits	1,875		1,875	_		
Inventory	943,211	_	943,211	_		
Inventory Inventory for resale	9,796,692		9,796,692			
Total current assets	348,718,888	275,706,283	624,425,171	188,785		
Total culterit assets	340,710,000	273,700,203	024,423,171	100,703		
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted assets:						
Cash and investments	477,657,809	106,842,232	584,500,041	-		
Notes receivable	321,061	-	321,061	-		
Impact fee receivable	5,723,082	-	5,723,082	-		
Special assessments receivable	1,405	164,200	165,605	-		
Notes receivable	1,543,206	-	1,543,206	-		
Unamortized bond insurance	5,605	-	5,605	-		
Capital assets:						
Land and non-depreciable capital assets	523,994,207	114,754,762	638,748,969	-		
Depreciable capital assets, net	1,094,772,680	852,032,565	1,946,805,245	-		
Total noncurrent assets	2,104,019,055	1,073,793,759	3,177,812,814			
Total assets	2,452,737,943	1,349,500,042	3,802,237,985	188,785		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred charges on debt refundings	11,756,290	3,476,542	15,232,832	-		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	4,605,938	231,377	4,837,315	-		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	95,692,551	19,596,907	115,289,458	-		
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 112,054,779	\$ 23,304,826	\$ 135,359,605	\$ -		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (continued)

September 30, 2019

	Primary Government							
		Governmental		Business-type			Co	mponent
		Activities	_	Activities		Total		Units
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	16,820,873	\$	13,389,102	\$	30,209,975	\$	-
Wages payable		7,892,707		2,170,360		10,063,067		-
Retainage payable		1,070,033		2,083,840		3,153,873		-
Due to other governments		2,289,383		30,207		2,319,590		-
Self-insurance claims payable		7,833,264		-		7,833,264		-
Compensated absences		10,673,026		2,676,040		13,349,066		-
Capital lease obligations		87,140		94,432		181,572		-
Notes payable		490,556		6,770,250		7,260,806		-
Unearned revenue		109,560		34,283		143,843		-
Net pension liability		1,227,605		233,718		1,461,323		-
Landfill post-closure liability		-		51,148		51,148		-
Interest payable		5,420,217		-		5,420,217		-
Bonds and loans payable		24,577,000		4,788,347		29,365,347		-
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:								
Accounts payable		13,069,338		3,877,358		16,946,696		-
Wages payable		1,454,295		-		1,454,295		-
Retainage payable		2,459,028		932,924		3,391,952		-
Refundable deposits		942,660		125,642		1,068,302		-
Interest payable		-		1,855,743		1,855,743		-
Due to other governments		3,810,955		66,445		3,877,400		-
Unearned revenue		-		108,488		108,488		-
Notes payable		-		2,322,307		2,322,307		-
Bonds and loans payable			_	1,596,117		1,596,117		
Total current liabilities		100,227,640	_	43,206,751		143,434,391		
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Arbitrage rebate liability		-		125,442		125,442		-
Self-insurance claims payable		4,036,454		-		4,036,454		-
Compensated absences		20,867,974		669,011		21,536,985		-
Capital lease obligations		66,129		78,693		144,822		_
Landfill post-closure liability		-		1,679,387		1,679,387		-
Total OPEB liability		28,364,194		2,591,357		30,955,551		-
Net pension liability		290,013,336		59,710,573		349,723,909		_
Notes payable		3,651,218		59,549,000		63,200,218		_
Bonds and loans payable, net		345,689,254		177,997,939		523,687,193		_
Total noncurrent liabilities		692,688,559	_	302,401,402		995,089,961		
Total liabilities		792,916,199	_	345,608,153	_	1,138,524,352		
			_			.,,		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflavor of resources related to ODER		1 077 001		16 F F O O		1 440 070		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		1,277,281		165,592		1,442,873		-
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		21,027,973	_	4,090,502	_	25,118,475		
Total deferred inflows of resources		22,305,254	_	4,256,094	_	26,561,348		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		1,302,980,505		777,813,757		2,080,794,262		-
Restricted for:								
Growth related capital expansion		148,975,875		21,612,025		170,587,900		-
Transportation capital projects		55,501,080		-		55,501,080		-
Community development		40,194,609		-		40,194,609		-
Tourist development		84,406,539		-		84,406,539		-
Conservation Collier		31,426,820		_		31,426,820		_
Community redevelopment		13,240,235		_		13,240,235		_
Infrastructure sales tax capital projects		60,011,731		_		60,011,731		_
Grants		12,170,225		2,837,323		15,007,548		-
Debt service		7,126,856		14,621,281		21,748,137		-
Court programs		12,647,718		,02.,201		12,647,718		-
Public safety		7,050,018		_		7,050,018		_
Nonexpendable purposes - other		1,794,264		_		1,794,264		_
Special revenues - other		4,202,731		_		4,202,731		_
Renewal and replacement		-,,,		300,000		300,000		_
Unrestricted		(32,157,937)		205,756,235		173,598,298		188,785
	_		_		<u></u>		<u> </u>	
Total net position	\$	1,749,571,269	\$	1,022,940,621	\$	2,772,511,890	\$	188,785

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

		Program Revenues					
Expenses		Fees, Fines and Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
\$	134,017,951	\$	39,981,386	\$	2,014,333	\$	3,651,971
	254,340,500		26,136,563		5,806,300		4,715,925
	25,840,284		838,614		8,945,973		4,206,780
	88,199,686		1,205,692		6,048,293		29,488,401
	8,937,371		250,348		3,640,420		810,105
	17,722,065		771,960		3,282,142		11,440
	59,400,873		7,808,741		575,949		13,383,735
	13,223,939			_			-
	601,682,669		76,993,304	_	30,313,410		56,268,357
	153,602,137		155,839,222		562,776		32,352,245
	47,529,546		51,928,525		40,575,375		3,175
	34,871,133		13,853,773		912,270		-
	6,360,692		4,638,741		-		4,671,930
	13,089,803		1,203,177	_	4,541,137		860,582
	255,453,311	_	227,463,438	_	46,591,558		37,887,932
\$	857,135,980	\$	304,456,742	\$	76,904,968	\$	94,156,289
\$	3,675	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	52,855		-		-		-
	3,688		-		-		-
	16,000	_		_			
\$	76,218	\$		\$		\$	
	<u> </u>	\$ 134,017,951 254,340,500 25,840,284 88,199,686 8,937,371 17,722,065 59,400,873 13,223,939 601,682,669 153,602,137 47,529,546 34,871,133 6,360,692 13,089,803 255,453,311 \$ 857,135,980 \$ 3,675 52,855 3,688 16,000	\$ 134,017,951 \$ 254,340,500	Expenses Charges for Services \$ 134,017,951 \$ 39,981,386 254,340,500 26,136,563 25,840,284 838,614 88,199,686 1,205,692 8,937,371 250,348 17,722,065 771,960 59,400,873 7,808,741 13,223,939 - 601,682,669 76,993,304 153,602,137 155,839,222 47,529,546 51,928,525 34,871,133 13,853,773 6,360,692 4,638,741 13,089,803 1,203,177 255,453,311 227,463,438 \$ 857,135,980 \$ 304,456,742 \$ 3,675 \$ - 52,855 - 3,688 - 16,000 -	Expenses Fees, Fines and Charges for Services \$ 134,017,951 \$ 39,981,386 \$ 254,340,500 26,136,563 25,840,284 838,614 88,199,686 1,205,692 8,937,371 250,348 17,722,065 771,960 59,400,873 7,808,741 13,223,939 -	Expenses Fees, Fines and Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions \$ 134,017,951 \$ 39,981,386 \$ 2,014,333 254,340,500 26,136,563 5,806,300 25,840,284 838,614 8,945,973 88,199,686 1,205,692 6,048,293 8,937,371 250,348 3,640,420 17,722,065 771,960 3,282,142 59,400,873 7,808,741 575,949 13,223,939 - - 601,682,669 76,993,304 30,313,410 153,602,137 155,839,222 562,776 47,529,546 51,928,525 40,575,375 34,871,133 13,853,773 912,270 6,360,692 4,638,741 - 13,089,803 1,203,177 4,541,137 255,453,311 227,463,438 46,591,558 \$ 857,135,980 \$ 304,456,742 \$ 76,904,968 \$ 3,688 - - 52,855 - - 3,688 - - 16,000	Expenses Fees, Fines and Charges for Services Services Contributions Contributions

General revenues:

Property taxes

Gas taxes

Sales tax

Tourist taxes Communications services tax

Infrastructure sales tax

State revenue sharing

Other taxes

Interest income

Miscellaneous

Transfers, net

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning Net position - ending

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Net (Expense	and Changes in Net Positi	on
---	--------------	---------------------------	----

_	Governmental	Primary Government Business-type			Component
	Activities	Activities		Total	Units
\$	(88,370,261)	\$ -	\$	(88,370,261)	\$ -
	(217,681,712)	-		(217,681,712)	· -
	(11,848,917)	-		(11,848,917)	-
	(51,457,300)	-		(51,457,300)	-
	(4,236,498)	-		(4,236,498)	-
	(13,656,523)	-		(13,656,523)	-
	(37,632,448)	-		(37,632,448)	-
_	(13,223,939)			(13,223,939)	
_	(438,107,598)			(438,107,598)	
		25 152 106		25 152 106	
	-	35,152,106 44,977,529		35,152,106 44,977,529	-
		(20,105,090)		(20,105,090)	
	_	2,949,979		2,949,979	_
	_	(6,484,907)		(6,484,907)	_
_		56,489,617	_	56,489,617	
_	(438,107,598)	56,489,617	_	(381,617,981)	
					\$ (3,675)
					(52,855)
					(3,688)
					(16,000)
					\$ (76,218)
\$	356,098,756	\$ -	\$	356,098,756	\$ -
	24,485,158	-		24,485,158	-
	49,549,523	-		49,549,523	-
	31,652,487	-		31,652,487	-
	4,716,146	-		4,716,146	-
	60,787,027	-		60,787,027	-
	13,194,721	-		13,194,721	-
	2,424,080	-		2,424,080	-
	24,112,995	9,699,362		33,812,357	492
	17,593,942	1,475,527		19,069,469	-
_	(16,837,453) 567,777,382	16,837,453 28,012,342		595,789,724	492
	129,669,784	84,501,959		214,171,743	(75,726)
	1,619,901,485	938,438,662		2,558,340,147	264,511
\$	1,749,571,269	\$ 1,022,940,621	\$	2,772,511,890	\$ 188,785
<u>Y</u>	1,1 72,01 1,203	<u>γ 1,022,340,021</u>	<u>~</u>	2,112,011,090	100,703

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2019

		General Fund	Bayshore Gateway Community Redevelopment Agency	ı	Immokalee Community Redevelopment Agency		frastructure Sales Tax	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>											
Cash and investments	\$	120,642,878	\$ 2,914,587	\$	944,866	\$	47,840,973	\$	516,211,297	\$	688,554,601
Cash with fiscal agent		-	-	-	-		-		10,575,231		10,575,231
Receivables:											
Interest		342,309	9,512		3,136		109,413		1,680,872		2,145,242
Trade, net		650,177	1,500)	-		-		3,082,326		3,734,003
Notes		1,543,206	-	-	-		-		375,672		1,918,878
Impact Fee		-	-	-	-		-		5,723,082		5,723,082
Special assessments		-	-	-	-		-		1,405		1,405
Due from other funds		449,482	-	-	11,244		-		14,638,074		15,098,800
Due from other governments		6,519,352	-	-	-		12,223,038		16,589,548		35,331,938
Deposits		16,494	-	-	625		-		1,250		18,369
Inventory for resale		-	9,566,959)	-		-		229,733		9,796,692
Inventory		455,899	-	-	-		-		1,087,880		1,543,779
Advances to other funds		333,479	-	-	-		-		1,100,675		1,434,154
Prepaid costs	_	50,417		_					5,200		55,617
Total assets	\$	131,003,693	\$ 12,492,558	\$	959,871	\$	60,173,424	\$	571,302,245	\$	775,931,791
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	Ś	11,062,456	\$ 37,237	Ś	49,035	Ś	80,178	Ś	17,130,538	Ś	28,359,444
Wages payable	Ÿ	6,769,175	12,028	-	10,052	Ÿ	-	Ÿ	2,255,804	Ψ.	9,047,059
Due to other funds		2,459,405	. 2,020				_		13,859,837		16,319,242
Due to other governments		2,165,727	_		_		_		3,926,241		6,091,968
Unearned revenues		1,511	_		_		_		5,933		7,444
Refundable deposits		873,777	1,500	1	_		_		67,383		942,660
Retainage payable		-	1,000		_		112,800		3,416,261		3,529,061
Advances from other funds		_	_		148,901		112,000		492,139		641,040
Advances from other range	_				140,501	_		_	472,107	_	041,040
Total liabilities	_	23,332,051	50,765	<u> </u>	207,988	_	192,978	_	41,154,136		64,937,918
Deferred inflows of resources:											
Unavailable revenue		5,640	-		-		-		5,791,906		5,797,546
				_		_		_			
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable		2,383,001	-		-		-		2,887,344		5,270,345
Restricted		460,575	12,441,793	}	751,883		59,980,446		449,136,883		522,771,580
Committed		-			-		-		40,354,691		40,354,691
Assigned		1,115,194	-		-		-		31,977,285		33,092,479
Unassigned		103,707,232	-		-		-		-		103,707,232
g	_	,		_		_		_		_	,
Total fund balances	_	107,666,002	12,441,793	_	751,883	_	59,980,446	_	524,356,203	_	705,196,327
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of											
resources and fund balances	¢	131,003,693	\$ 12,492,558	\$	959,871	Ś	60,173,424	Ś	571,302,245	Ś	775,931,791
resources and rand balances	y	101,000,090	<u>γ 12,492,330</u>	<u> </u>	909,071	<u>×</u>	00,170,424	<u>~</u>	07 1,00Z,Z 4 0	<u> </u>	, , 0, , 0 1, , 9 1

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2019

Differences in amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position on pages 16-17:

Fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 705,196,327

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:

Land and other non-depreciable assets \$ 464,558,594
Construction in progress 59,435,613

Depreciable assets, net of \$1,051,655,212 in accumulated depreciation

in accumulated depreciation 1,074,400,490 1,598,394,697

Certain long-term assets are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds - unamortized bond insurance premium.

5,605

Certain revenues will be collected after year-end, but are not available to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as deferred inflows in the funds.

5,797,546

Certain liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds, but is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at September 30, 2019 are:

 Accrued interest on bonds
 \$ (5,420,217)

 Bonds, loans and notes payable
 (360,801,774)

 Capital lease obligations
 (153,269)

 Compensated absences
 (30,955,492)

 Total OPEB liability
 (28,039,331)

 Pension liability
 (285,315,181)

 Unamortized premium
 (13,606,254)

(724,291,518)

Unamortized deferred charges on refunding

11,756,290

OPEB deferred outflows
Pension deferred outflows

4,576,932 93,821,681

OPEB deferred inflows
Pension deferred inflows

(1,256,015) (20,615,397)

Internal service funds are used by the County to charge self-insurance, fleet management, motor pool capital recovery and information technology services to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. Internal service fund net position is:

76,185,121

Total net position - governmental activities

1,749,571,269

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	General Fund	Bayshore Gateway Community Redevelopment Agency	Immokalee Community Redevelopment Agency	Infrastructure Sales Tax	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 301,381,400	\$ 1,765,900	\$ 705,000	\$ 60,787,027	\$ 106,487,876	\$ 471,127,203
Licenses, permits and impact fees	449,200	-	-	-	77,733,066	78,182,266
Intergovernmental	65,128,455	9,768	11,244	-	35,041,607	100,191,074
Charges for services	18,998,763	63,745	68,550	-	18,123,536	37,254,594
Fines and forfeitures	537,685	-	-	_	1,953,573	2,491,258
Interest income	4,945,995	94,158	31,654	408,601	16,565,889	22,046,297
Special assessments	-		-	-	7,451,791	7,451,791
Miscellaneous	2,502,141	85,816	6,363	_	2,971,265	5,565,585
Middenanedad					2,571,200	
Total revenues	393,943,639	2,019,387	822,811	61,195,628	266,328,603	724,310,068
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	70,298,575	_	_	_	33,146,086	103,444,661
Public safety	179,000,590	_	_	_	34,828,064	213,828,654
Physical environment	739,828			_	22,987,927	23,727,755
Transportation	357,859				44,887,493	45,245,352
Economic environment	1,886,678	717,594	475,840	_	5,297,938	8,378,050
Human services	12,562,671	717,394	475,040	48,893	4,393,254	17,004,818
Culture and recreation		-	-	40,093		
	16,794,280	-	-	-	31,999,126	48,793,406
Debt service	E0 010				22.060.270	00 106 E00
Principal	58,210	-	-	-	23,068,378	23,126,588
Interest	4,975	-	-	-	11,516,486	11,521,461
Fiscal charges	-	-		-	800,554	800,554
Capital outlay	13,827,555	43,307	73,571	1,166,289	92,770,727	107,881,449
Total expenditures	295,531,221	760,901	549,411	1,215,182	305,696,033	603,752,748
Excess (deficit) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	98,412,418	1,258,486	273,400	59,980,446	(39,367,430)	120,557,320
Other financing sources (uses):						
Bonds issued					62,965,000	62,965,000
Premiums on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	3,238,363	3,238,363
Loans issued	-	-	-	-		
	225 6 5 1	-	104	-	28,060,000	28,060,000
Sale of capital assets	235,651	-	104	-	140,334	376,089
Insurance proceeds Transfers in	433,750	010.000	05.000	-	5,982,123	6,415,873
Transfers out	13,584,583	210,900	85,000	-	126,752,955	140,633,438
Transfers out	(87,029,197)	(625,100)	(74,100)		(69,670,901)	(157,399,298)
Total other financing sources	(70	/			457	04000 11-
(uses)	(72,775,213)	(414,200)	11,004		157,467,874	84,289,465
Net change in fund balances	25,637,205	844,286	284,404	59,980,446	118,100,444	204,846,785
Fund balances at beginning of year	82,028,797	11,597,507	467,479		406,255,759	500,349,542
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 107,666,002	\$ 12,441,793	\$ 751,883	\$ 59,980,446	\$ 524,356,203	\$ 705,196,327

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. $\label{eq:control}$

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Differences in amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities on pages 18-19:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	204,846,785			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net position the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimate useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.							
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$	107,881,449 (74,842,024)		33,039,425			
Donations of capital assets are not financial resources to governmental funds, but receiving donated assets increases net position in the statement of net position.				1,153,598			
Capital assets transferred to and from proprietary funds are not recorded in the governmental funds as there is no flow of current financial resources.				19,377			
In the statement of net position, the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds the proceeds from the sale of capital assets increase financial resources. The change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the net book value of assets disposed.							
Certain revenues not considered available are not recognized in the governmental funds but are included in the statement of activities.							
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources for governemntal funds, but issuing debt increases liabilities in th statement of net position. Repayment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in governmental funds, but a reduction of long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	е						
Debt proceeds Bond, loan and note principal payments Payments on capital lease obligations	\$	(94,263,363) 23,043,424 83,164		(71,136,775)			
Certain amounts reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.							
Compensated absences OPEB expense Pension expense Accrued interest on bonds and loans Amortization of bond insurance premium Amortization of deferred charges on refunding Amortization of premium	\$	(1,871,943) (201,355) (38,114,667) (1,178,468) (2,492) (1,274,546) 1,553,582		(41,089,889)			
The net revenues of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. Change in net position - governmental activities			\$	8,222,170 129,669,784			

Basic Financial Statements

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 313,036,700			\$ (11,655,300)
Licenses, permits and impact fees	229,200	229,200	449,200	220,000
Intergovernmental	54,103,500	54,103,500	65,019,703	10,916,203
Charges for services	15,102,809	16,867,872	18,998,763	2,130,891
Fines and forfeitures	392,500	392,500	537,685	145,185
Interest income	966,900	966,900	3,802,864	2,835,964
Miscellaneous	8,696,100	8,696,100	10,851,641	2,155,541
Total revenues	392,527,709	394,292,772	401,041,256	6,748,484
Expenditures: Current:				
General government				
Board of County Commissioners personal services	1,182,700	1,183,000	1,170,858	12,142
Board of County Commissioners operating	104,700	108,516	78,318	30,198
Board of County Commissioners capital outlay	-	1,200	1,100	100
County manager administrative personal services	1,041,900	1,041,900	1,032,635	9,265
County manager administrative operating	65,900	65,900	43,020	22,880
Corporate planning and improvement personal services	620,100	620,100	543,038	77.062
Corporate planning and improvement personal cervices	44,100	44,100	28,655	15,445
Budget and management personal services	715,600	729,200	717,089	12,111
Budget and management operating Budget and management capital outlay	97,500 1,500	78,948 1,500	54,078 1,170	24,870 330
budget and management capital outlay	1,500	1,300	1,170	330
Administrative services personal services	2,949,800	2,907,500	2,717,388	190,112
Administrative services operating	282,500	324,800	293,830	30,970
Administrative services capital outlay	5,000	9,952	9,633	319
Human resources administration personal services	1,582,800	1,656,300	1,656,256	44
Human resources administration operating	584,100	592,783	524,563	68,220
Human resources administration capital outlay	6,500	38,944	33,615	5,329
Clerk of the Circuit Court personal services	8,607,800	7,830,900	7,629,661	201,239
Clerk of the Circuit Court operating	2,223,200	2,844,500	2,482,288	362,212
Clerk of the Circuit Court capital outlay	129,500	298,600	288,860	9,740
•				
Property Appraiser personal services	6,045,049	6,047,312	5,768,197	279,115
Property Appraiser operating	1,906,940	1,906,940	2,301,949	(395,009)
Property Appraiser capital outlay	25,000	25,000	99,403	(74,403)
Tax Collector personal services	11,788,152	11,788,152	10,975,231	812,921
Tax Collector operating	4,245,477	4,245,477	4,028,579	216,898
Tax Collector capital outlay	424,247	424,247	363,522	60,725
County attorney personal services	2,402,500	2,402,500	2,341,495	61,005
County attorney operating	402,400	587,432	161,941	425,491
County attorney capital outlay	10,600	10,600	8,831	1,769
Natural resource planning operating	107,300	107,300	107,240	60
Circuit court operating	39,500	39,500	34,819	4,681
County court operating	26,400	26,400	22,801	3,599
State Attorney operating	407,400	417,400	412,971	4,429
Public Defender operating	308,400	308,400	281,637	26,763
Other general administrative personal services	200,000	175,000	11,643	163,357
Other general administrative operating	9,771,500	9,532,484	7,465,936	2,066,548
Facilities management personal services	5,760,000	5,760,000	5,600,922	159,078
Facilities management operating	9,851,700	10,661,229	10,465,782	195,447
Facilities management capital outlay	82,000	88,829	86,379	2,450
Sheriff personal services	4,260,100	4,260,100	4,585,485	(325,385)
Sheriff operating	4,260,100 167,500	4,260,100	4,365,465	(325,385)
5g	107,000	107,300	00,107	101,010
				(

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COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Supervisor of Elections personal services	2,351,800	2,212,800	2,118,703	94,097
Supervisor of Elections operating	1,559,800	1,634,342	1,619,405	14,937
Supervisor of Elections capital outlay	48,000	107,339	107,337	2
Public services operations personal services	579,500	588,000	582,243	5,757
Public services operations operating	104,000	79,500	49,807	29,693
Public services operations capital outlay	1,500	17,500	6,476	11,024
Real property management personal services	688,600	688,600	667,469	21,131
Real property management operating	45,600	45,600	34,947	10,653
Total general government	83,856,165	84,734,126	79,683,362	5,050,764
Public safety	140 172 700	140 655 600	144620142	E 02E 4E7
Sheriff personal services	148,173,700	149,655,600	144,630,143	5,025,457
Sheriff operating	30,264,300	30,519,364	31,151,954	(632,590)
Sheriff capital outlay	7,842,700	7,845,136	10,801,018	(2,955,882)
Emergency management administration personal services	1,048,700	1,048,700	1,043,516	5,184
Emergency management administration operating	773,700	795,207	705,979	89,228
Emergency management administration capital outlay	16,400	17,400	14,538	2,862
Helicopter operations operating	40,600	40,600	40,351	249
Medical examiner services operating	1,434,400	1,434,400	1,428,647	5,753
Total public safety	189,594,500	191,356,407	189,816,146	1,540,261
Physical environment				
Conservation and resource management personal services	606,900	589,600	522,975	66,625
Conservation and resource management operating	169,000	215,891	197,656	18,235
Conservation and resource management capital outlay	-	3,131	3,131	-
Immokalee cemetery operating	30,100	30,100	19,197	10,903
Total physical environment	806,000	838,722	742,959	95,763
Transportation				
Alternative transportation modes personal services	329,300	337,200	337,114	86
Alternative transportation modes operating	29,700	26,100	20,745	5,355
Total transportation	359,000	363,300	357,859	5,441
Economic environment				
Veterans services personal services	353,500	361,100	360,389	711
Veterans services operating	45,400	40,200	32,034	8,166
Economic development personal services	459,300	459,300	443,409	15,891
Economic development operating	1,602,700	1,846,449	1,050,846	795,603
Economic development capital outlay Total economic environment	1,500 2,462,400	1,500 2,708,549	1,170 1,887,848	330 820,701
	2,402,400	2,700,349	1,007,040	020,701
Human services Health Care Responsibility Act operating	46,100	46,100	_	46,100
Domestic animal services personal services			2 1 0 0 4 1 2	
Domestic animal services personal services Domestic animal services operating	2,403,900 1,037,800	2,266,400 1,145,450	2,189,413 1,131,513	76,987 13,937
Domestic animal services operating Domestic animal services capital outlay	1,037,000	1,143,430	1,131,313	13,937
Health department operating	1,861,000	1,982,250	1,812,740	169,510
Mental health operating	2,133,200	2,509,272	2,021,922	487,350
. •		, ,		
Client assistance personal services	862,000	859,600	760,207	99,393
Client assistance operating Client assistance capital outlay	4,509,600 6,400	4,646,358 12,685	4,333,944 8,296	312,414 4,389
onent assistance capital outlay	0,400	12,000	0,290	4,309

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
264,300	266,700	266,387	313
34,600	32,200	17,041	15,159
3,100	3,100		3,100
13,162,000	13,889,444	12,660,792	1,228,652
5,725,600	5,734,400	5,451,083	283,317
2,440,900	2,432,100	2,094,071	338,029
50,000	50,000	49,354	646
3.471.400	3.442.100	3.361.780	80.320
2,574,200	2,561,671	2,198,266	363,405
36,000	145,908	47,035	98,873
1 463 500	1 440 500	1 434 995	5,505
			162,356
200,000	207,600	206,746	854
18,266,800	18,433,579	17,100,274	1,333,305
308,506,865	312,324,127	302,249,240	10,074,887
84,020,844	81,968,645	98,792,016	16,823,371
24,108,756 (86,091,000) (61,982,244)	24,398,856 (96,971,487) (72,572,631)	69,998 54,472 13,584,583 (86,964,197) (73,255,144)	69,998 54,472 (10,814,273) 10,007,290 (682,513)
22,038,600	9,396,014	25,536,872	16,140,858
43,020,600	60,057,613	60,057,613	
\$ 65,059,200	\$ 69,453,627	\$ 85,594,485	\$ 16,140,858
		\$ 25,536,872 1,143,131 (8,349,500) 108,752 2,316 8,349,500 (719,875) (913,922) 379,278 165,653 (65,000) \$ 25,637,205	
	264,300 34,600 3,100 13,162,000 5,725,600 2,440,900 50,000 3,471,400 2,574,200 36,000 1,463,500 2,305,200 200,000 18,266,800 308,506,865 84,020,844	Budget Budget 264,300 266,700 34,600 32,200 3,100 3,100 13,162,000 13,889,444 5,725,600 5,734,400 2,440,900 2,432,100 50,000 50,000 3,471,400 3,442,100 2,574,200 2,561,671 36,000 145,908 1,463,500 1,440,500 2,305,200 2,419,300 200,000 207,600 18,266,800 18,433,579 308,506,865 312,324,127 84,020,844 81,968,645 24,108,756 24,398,856 (86,091,000) (96,971,487) (61,982,244) (72,572,631) 22,038,600 9,396,014 43,020,600 60,057,613	Budget Budget Actual 264,300 266,700 266,387 34,600 32,200 17,041 3,100 3,100 - 13,162,000 13,889,444 12,660,792 5,725,600 5,734,400 5,451,083 2,440,900 2,432,100 2,094,071 50,000 50,000 49,354 3,471,400 3,442,100 3,361,780 2,574,200 2,561,671 2,198,266 36,000 145,908 47,035 1,463,500 1,440,500 1,434,995 2,305,200 2,419,300 2,256,944 200,000 207,600 206,746 18,266,800 18,433,579 17,100,274 308,506,865 312,324,127 302,249,240 84,020,844 81,968,645 98,792,016 24,108,756 24,398,856 13,584,583 (86,091,000) (96,971,487) (86,964,197) (61,982,244) (72,572,631) (73,255,144) 22,038,600 9,396,014

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA BAYSHORE GATEWAY COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	1,765,900	\$	1,765,900	\$	1,765,900	\$	-
Intergovernmental		-		511,758		9,768		(501,990)
Charges for services		-		718,242		63,745		(654,497)
Interest income		28,600		28,600		68,799		40,199
Miscellaneous		-	_	<u> </u>		85,816		85,816
Total revenues		1,794,500	_	3,024,500		1,994,028	_	(1,030,472)
Expenditures:								
Economic environment								
Personal services		490,800		490,800		339,438		151,362
Operating		1,104,100		1,257,255		378,156		879,099
Capital outlay		26,500	_	1,259,500	_	43,307	_	1,216,193
Total expenditures		1,621,400	_	3,007,555		760,901		2,246,654
Excess of revenues over expenditures		173,100	_	16,945		1,233,127		1,216,182
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		210,900		210,900		210,900		-
Transfers out		(625,100)	_	(625,100)		(625,100)		<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		(414,200)	_	(414,200)		(414,200)	_	
Net change in fund balances		(241,100)		(397,255)		818,927		1,216,182
Fund balances at beginning of year		1,909,400	_	2,065,555		2,065,555	_	<u>-</u>
Fund balances at end of year	\$	1,668,300	\$	1,668,300	\$	2,884,482	\$	1,216,182
Reconciliation: Net change in fund balance, budgetary basis Net change in fair value of investments Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis					\$	818,927 25,359 844,286		

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA IMMOKALEE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ 705,000	\$	705,000	\$	705,000	\$	-
Intergovernmental	-		-		11,244		11,244
Charges for services	-		676,365		68,550		(607,815)
Interest income	5,000		5,000		23,117		18,117
Miscellaneous	 			-	6,363		6,363
Total revenues	 710,000	_	1,386,365	_	814,274	_	(572,091)
Expenditures:							
Economic environment							
Personal services	320,200		320,200		220,616		99,584
Operating	321,100		451,600		255,224		196,376
Capital outlay	 4,000	_	705,365		73,571		631,794
Total expenditures	 645,300		1,477,165		549,411		927,754
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 64,700		(90,800)		264,863		355,663
Other financing sources (uses):							
Sale of capital assets	-		-		104		104
Transfers in	85,000		185,000		85,000		(100,000)
Transfers out	(104,100)	_	(204,100)		(104,100)		100,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (19,100)		(19,100)		(18,996)		104
Net change in fund balances	45,600		(109,900)		245,867		355,767
Fund balances at beginning of year	 507,700		607,700		607,700		
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 553,300	\$	497,800	\$	853,567	\$	355,767
Reconciliation: Net change in fund balance, budgetary basis Net change in fair value of investments Advances budgeted as transfers Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis				\$	245,867 8,537 30,000 284,404		

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2019

		Governmental				
	County Water and Sewer	Solid Waste Disposal	Emergency Medical Services	Other Funds	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 185,534,375	\$ 30,339,839	\$ 18,601,693	\$ 3,615,484	\$ 238,091,391	\$ 69,710,866
Receivables:						
Trade, net	14,348,876	1,761,877	1,568,895	35,106	17,714,754	788,250
Special assessments	90,303	-	-	-	90,303	-
Interest	866,482	225,017	64,229	12,837	1,168,565	220,654
Due from other funds	12,708	389,123	-	1,098	402,929	1,016,516
Due from other governments	1,268,009	93,618	188,027	-	1,549,654	54,399
Deposits	2,000	· -	-	-	2,000	· -
Inventory	5,724,917	-	935,897	125,495	6,786,309	387,554
Prepaid costs	7,380	-	-	-	7,380	80,014
Restricted assets:	,				,	/-
Cash and investments	8,334,646	105,735	229,433	177,857	8,847,671	-
Trade, net	440	-	-	-	440	_
Interest receivable	61,345	-	694	-	62,039	_
Due from other governments	-	-	-	4,710,654	4,710,654	_
2 de nom etner gevenimente						
Total current assets	216,251,481	32,915,209	21,588,868	8,678,531	279,434,089	72,258,253
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted assets:						
Cash and investments	106,842,232	-	-	-	106,842,232	-
Receivables:						
Special assessments	164,200	-	-	-	164,200	-
Advances to other funds	7,392,950	-	-	-	7,392,950	-
Capital assets:						
Land and nondepreciable capital assets	89,362,391	8,659,396	791,130	15,941,845	114,754,762	-
Depreciable capital assets, net	766,197,817	29,847,840	8,470,073	47,516,835	852,032,565	20,372,190
Total noncurrent assets	969,959,590	38,507,236	9,261,203	63,458,680	1,081,186,709	20,372,190
Total assets	1,186,211,071	71,422,445	30,850,071	72,137,211	1,360,620,798	92,630,443
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred charges on debt refundings	3,476,542	-	-	-	3,476,542	-
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	140,984	12,143	72,179	6,071	231,377	29,006
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	7,877,931	786,770	10,627,258	304,948	19,596,907	1,870,870
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 11,495,457	\$ 798,913	\$ 10,699,437	\$ 311,019	\$ 23,304,826	\$ 1,899,876

(Continued)

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds								
	County Water and Sewer	Solid Waste Disposal	Emergency Medical Services	Other Funds	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds			
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities:	\$ 9,184,677	ć 2012212	¢ 204.020	\$ 998,082	ć 12.200.102	¢ 1 E20 767			
Accounts payable Wages payable	1,191,067	\$ 2,812,313 110,800	\$ 394,030 820,764	\$ 998,082 47,729	\$ 13,389,102 2,170,360	\$ 1,530,767 299,943			
Retainage payable	2,009,659	-	-	74,181	2,083,840	277,740			
Due to other funds	129,234	7,859	7,340	3,806	148,239	50,764			
Due to other governments	7,514	151	1,446	21,096	30,207	8,370			
Unearned revenues	-	-	-	34,283	34,283	102,116			
Self-insurance claims payable	-	-	-	-	-	7,833,264			
Compensated absences	1,755,322	173,061	678,151	69,506	2,676,040	468,407			
Capital lease obligations	-	-	94,432	-	94,432	-			
Net pension liability	145,056	12,997	69,017	6,648	233,718	31,595			
Landfill post-closure liability	-	51,148	-	-	51,148	-			
Notes payable	6,770,250	-	-	-	6,770,250	-			
Bonds and loans payable	4,788,347	-	-	-	4,788,347	-			
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:									
Accounts payable	2,009,428	-	-	1,867,930	3,877,358	-			
Wages payable	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Retainage payable	435,285	-	-	497,639	932,924	-			
Due to other governments	-	-	-	66,445	66,445	-			
Refundable deposits	115,766	-	-	9,876	125,642	-			
Unearned revenue	-	105,735	-	2,753	108,488	-			
Interest payable	1,855,743	-	-	-	1,855,743	-			
Notes payable	2,322,307	-	-	-	2,322,307	-			
Bonds and loans payable	1,596,117				1,596,117				
Total current liabilities	34,315,772	3,274,064	2,065,180	3,699,974	43,354,990	10,325,226			
A1									
Noncurrent liabilities:	105 440				10F 440				
Arbitrage rebate liability Self-insurance claims payable	125,442	-	-	-	125,442	4,036,454			
Advance from other funds	175,465	7,392,950	_	617,649	8,186,064	4,030,434			
Compensated absences	438,831	43,265	169,538	17,377	669,011	117,101			
Capital lease obligations	-	-	78,693	-	78,693	-			
Total OPEB liability	1,578,991	135,989	808,383	67,994	2,591,357	324,863			
Net pension liability	25,070,024	2,472,655	31,175,900	991,994	59,710,573	5,894,165			
Landfill post closure liability	-	1,679,387	-	-	1,679,387	-			
Notes payable	59,549,000	-	-	-	59,549,000	-			
Bonds and loans payable net	177,997,939				177,997,939				
Total noncurrent liabilities	264,935,692	11,724,246	32,232,514	1,695,014	310,587,466	10,372,583			
Total liabilities	299,251,464	14,998,310	34,297,694	5,394,988	353,942,456	20,697,809			
DEFENDED INTLOWA OF DECOURAGE									
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	100,712	9,296	51,013	A E71	165,592	21 266			
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to	100,712	9,290	31,013	4,571	100,092	21,266			
pensions	1,765,831	172,812	2,081,050	70,809	4,090,502	412,576			
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,866,543	182,108	2,132,063	75,380	4,256,094	433,842			
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	668,792,806	38,470,363	9,088,078	61,462,510	777,813,757	20,032,992			
Restricted for grants and other purposes	-	-	230,126	2,607,197	2,837,323	_5,002,772			
Restricted for growth related capital expansion	21,612,025	-	-	_,00.,,	21,612,025	-			
Restricted for renewal and replacement	300,000	-	-	-	300,000	-			
Restricted for debt service	14,621,281	-	-	-	14,621,281	-			
Unrestricted	191,262,409	18,570,577	(4,198,453)	2,908,155	208,542,688	53,365,676			
Total net position	\$ 896,588,521	\$ 57,040,940	\$ 5,119,751	\$ 66,977,862	\$ 1,025,727,074	\$ 73,398,668			

Cumulative consolidation adjustment for internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds Net position of Business-type Activities \$ (2,786,453) \$ 1,022,940,621

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

		Governmental				
	County Water and Sewer	Solid Waste Disposal	Emergency Medical Services	Other Funds	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:	↑ 1EE 422.0E4	Ć E1 704 000	↑ 10.6E4.074	ć E700111	¢ 226.670.241	¢ 105.002.615
Charges for services	\$ 155,433,254	\$ 51,794,802			\$ 226,670,241	\$ 105,093,615
Miscellaneous	405,968	133,723	199,699	53,807	793,197	25,918
Total operating revenues	155,839,222	51,928,525	13,853,773	5,841,918	227,463,438	105,119,533
Operating expenses:						
Personal services	39,218,482	3,762,431	27,800,734	1,550,047	72,331,694	9,257,283
Operating	59,062,526	40,868,046	5,268,530	14,292,218	119,491,320	93,855,063
Depreciation	47,442,061	1,842,816	1,876,188	3,464,413	54,625,478	3,484,770
·						
Total operating expenses	145,723,069	46,473,293	34,945,452	19,306,678	246,448,492	106,597,116
Operating income (loss)	10,116,153	5,455,232	(21,091,679)	(13,464,760)	(18,985,054)	(1,477,583)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):						
Operating grants and contributions	562,776	40,575,375	912,270	4,541,137	46,591,558	4,159
Interest income	7,909,295	1,030,347	639,048	120,672	9,699,362	2,066,698
Insurance reimbursement	670,311	12,558	30,628	762,030	1,475,527	5,612,484
	(6,418,822)	•				3,012,404
Interest expense		(656,372)	(4,636)	(8,287)	(7,088,117)	-
Rebatable arbitrage	(125,442)	- (40.041)	-	16.005	(125,442)	-
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(392,332)	(40,241)	233,641	16,995	(181,937)	477,477
Total non-operating revenues	2,205,786	40,921,667	1,810,951	5,432,547	50,370,951	8,160,818
Income (loss) before contributions						
and transfers	12,321,939	46,376,899	(19,280,728)	(8,032,213)	31,385,897	6,683,235
and transfers		10,070,077	(17,200,720)	(0,002,210)		
Capital grants and contributions	32,352,245	3,175	-	5,532,512	37,887,932	1,205
Transfers in	327,969	1,123,612	18,460,100	7,004,829	26,916,510	949,425
Transfers out	(9,165,853)	(868,622)		(15,000)	(10,058,475)	(1,041,600)
	(-1,1,1)	(000,000)	(-7)	(***)	(10,000,110)	(1,011,000)
Total transfers and contributions	23,514,361	258,165	18,451,100	12,522,341	54,745,967	(90,970)
Change in net position	35,836,300	46,635,064	(829,628)	4,490,128	86,131,864	6,592,265
Net position - beginning	860,752,221	10,405,876	5,949,379	62,487,734		66,806,403
Net position - ending	\$ 896,588,521	\$ 57,040,940	\$ 5,119,751	\$ 66,977,862		\$ 73,398,668
Consolidation adjustment for internal servic Change in net position of Business-type Act		ted to enterprise fu	unds		\$ (1,629,905) \$ 84,501,959	

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

			Governmental			
			rpe Activities Ente	<u>r</u>		Activities -
	County Water	Solid Waste	Medical	Other		Internal
	and Sewer	Disposal	Services	Funds	Total	Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Cash received for services	\$ 155,448,916	\$ 51,755,301	\$ 13,743,602	\$ 5,848,522	\$ 226,796,341	\$ -
Cash received from other funds for services	-	-	-	-	-	95,102,047
Cash received from employees for services	-	-	-	-	-	7,289,438
Cash received from other governments						
for services	-	-	-	-	-	439,241
Cash received from refundable deposits	89,000	3,006,305	-	-	3,095,305	-
Cash received from retirees for services	-	-	-	-	-	1,807,923
Cash payments on behalf of retirees	-	-	-	-	-	(1,327,118)
Cash payments for goods and services	(49,790,149)	(39,360,214)	(2,091,460)	(11,257,147)	(102,498,970)	(92,211,868)
Cash payments to employees	(35,236,367)	(3,638,292)	(23,359,194)	(1,400,900)	(63,634,753)	(8,447,360)
Cash payments for interfund services	(11,313,407)	(1,644,663)	(3,099,760)	(3,123,800)	(19,181,630)	(774,407)
Cash payments on refundable deposits	(94,000)	(3,024,241)	-	-	(3,118,241)	-
Net cash provided by (used for)						
operating activities	59,103,993	7,094,196	(14,806,812)	(9,933,325)	41,458,052	1,877,896
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:						
Cash received from operating grants	249,410	41,796,584	995,438	4,858,466	47,899,898	234,008
Cash transfers from other funds	34,944,772	1,153,035	18,460,100	7,629,841	62,187,748	949,425
Cash transfers to other funds	(9,307,253)	(35,223,794)	(9,000)	(15,000)	(44,555,047)	(1,041,600)
Net cash provided by non-capital financing						
activities	25,886,929	7,725,825	19,446,538	12,473,307	65,532,599	141,833
Cash flows from capital and related financing						
activities:						
System development charges	15,521,894	-	-	-	15,521,894	-
Special assessment collections	108,148	-	-	-	108,148	-
Receipts from insurance reimbursements	264,347	12,558	30,628	802,929	1,110,462	4,998,826
Proceeds from bond issued	81,144,510	-	-	-	81,144,510	-
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	94,080	24,717	31,194	17,725	167,716	477,477
Proceeds from capital grants	-	-	-	3,554,968	3,554,968	-
Payments for capital acquisitions	(34,342,576)	(2,704,766)	(3,535,612)	(5,443,214)	(46,026,168)	(4,376,232)
Principal payments on notes	(9,303,000)	-	-	-	(9,303,000)	-
Principal payments on direct pay loans	(6,261,480)	-	-	-	(6,261,480)	-
Principal payments on leases	-	-	(347,776)	-	(347,776)	-
Interest and fiscal agent fees paid	(5,794,053)		(4,636)		(5,798,689)	
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and						
related financing activities	41,431,870	(2,667,491)	(3,826,202)	(1,067,592)	33,870,585	1,100,071
Cash flows from investing activities:		054 615	(10.55=	440 ***	0.000 5 15	4 000 4
Interest on investments	6,652,679	951,612	612,927	113,423	8,330,641	1,990,185
Net cash provided by investing activities	6,652,679	951,612	612,927	113,423	8,330,641	1,990,185
Net increase in cash and investments	133,075,471	13,104,142	1,426,451	1,585,813	149,191,877	5,109,985
			.,.20,.01	1,000,010	, , ,	-,.02,200
Cash and investments, October 1, 2018	167,635,782	17,341,432	17,404,675	2,207,528	204,589,417	64,600,881
Cash and investments, September 30, 2019	\$ 300,711,253	\$ 30,445,574	\$ 18,831,126	\$ 3,793,341	\$ 353,781,294	\$ 69,710,866
- · · · ·						
Current cash and investments	\$ 185,534,375	\$ 30,339,839	\$ 18,601,693	\$ 3,615,484	\$ 238,091,391	\$ 69,710,866
Current cash and investments-restricted	8,334,646	105,735	229,433	177,857	8,847,671	-
Noncurrent cash and investments-restricted	106,842,232				106,842,232	
Cash and investments, September 30, 2019	\$ 300,711,253	\$ 30,445,574	\$ 18,831,126	\$ 3,793,341	\$ 353,781,294	\$ 69,710,866

(Continued)

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds						
			Emergency			Activities -	
	County Water	Solid Waste	Medical	Other		Internal	
	and Sewer	Disposal	Services	Funds	Total	Service Funds	
	and Sewer	Disposal	Services	Fullus	Total	Service Funds	
Operating income (loss)	\$ 10,116,153	\$ 5,455,232	\$ (21,091,679)	\$ (13,464,760)	\$ (18,985,054)	\$ (1,477,583)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provi	ded by (used for) o	perating activities	: :			
Depreciation expense	47,442,061	1,842,816	1,876,188	3,464,413	54,625,478	3,484,770	
Net changes in assets and liabilities:							
Trade receivable	(766,791)	(106,948)	(143,422)	339	(1,016,822)	(154,799)	
Due from other funds	-	(46,682)	-	(1,098)	(47,780)	(500,409)	
Due from other governments	439,700	-	(3,474)	(67)	436,159	18,568	
Inventory	(364,909)	-	83,995	4,872	(276,042)	(12,306)	
Prepaid costs	3,001	-	12,262	-	15,263	(33,748)	
Accounts payable	(2,002,114)	(143,599)	16,178	(92,561)	(2,222,096)	(72,375)	
Retainage payable	131,384	4,977	-	-	136,361	-	
Wages payable	168,916	6,737	108.177	8,884	292,714	35,380	
Due to other funds	128,381	82	(3,696)		123,727	50,764	
Due to other governments	12	83	1,446	16,706	18,247	8,335	
Compensated absences	102,944	-	58,533	31,572	193,049	39,420	
Refundable deposits	(5,000)	(17,936)	-	50	(22,886)	-	
Unearned revenue	(0,000)	(17,500)	_	(9,326)	(9,326)	3,223	
Self-insurance claims payable	_	_	_	(3,320)	(3,320)	(266,355)	
Total OPEB liability	89,497	(19,630)	67,341	(6,110)	131,098	(4,900)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to	09,497	(19,030)	07,341	(0,110)	131,090	(4,900)	
OPEB	(140,984)	(12,143)	(72,179)	(6,071)	(231,377)	(29,006)	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	, ,	5,611	33,352	2,805	106,914	13,402	
Net pension liability Deferred outflows of resources related to	3,223,940	(4,994)	2,820,281	94,235	6,133,462	594,906	
pensions	696,046	200,969	1,781,065	36,049	2,714,129	246,188	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(223,390)	(50,734)	(351,180)	(12,217)	(637,521)	(65,579)	
Landfill post closure liability		(19,645)			(19,645)		
Total adjustments	48,987,840	1,638,964	6,284,867	3,531,435	60,443,106	3,355,479	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 59,103,993	\$ 7,094,196	\$ (14,806,812)	\$ (9,933,325)	<u>\$ 41,458,052</u>	\$ 1,877,896	
Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:							
Change in fair value of investments	\$ 2,021,175	\$ 283,228	\$ 171,533	\$ 8,341	\$ 2,484,277	\$ 588,608	
Arbittage rebate	125,442	-	-	-	125,442	-	
Developer infrastructure contributions	16,452,557	-	-	-	16,452,557	-	
Contributed capital assets	-	3,175	-	275,908	279,083	1,205	
Change in capital related grant receivable	375,000	-	-	1,701,636	2,076,636	-	
Change in system development receivable	(8,626)	-	-	-	(8,626)	-	
Change in special assessment receivable	(96,728)	-	-	-	(96,728)	-	
Bond proceeeds	219,385	-	-	-	219,385	-	
Bond underwriters discount	(219,385)	-	-	-	(219,385)	-	
Capital related accounts payable	7,085,473	36,873	-	1,424,350	8,546,696	339,198	
Assets received from utility acquisition	2,135,087	-	-	571,820	2,706,907	-	

Basic Financial Statements

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS

September 30, 2019

	 Agency Funds		
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and investments	\$ 33,640,098		
Receivables:			
Interest	22,880		
Other	 39,195		
Total assets	\$ 33,702,173		
LIABILITIES			
Due to other governments	\$ 7,988,419		
Due to individuals	711,981		
Refundable deposits	24,004,712		
Due to special assessment holders	 997,061		
Total liabilities	\$ 33,702,173		

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Collier County, Florida (County) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental entities (GAAP). The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

THE REPORTING ENTITY

Entity status for financial reporting purposes is governed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended. The GASB is the standard setting body for the establishment of GAAP in governmental entities. Determination of the financial reporting entity of the County is founded upon the objective of accountability. These financial statements include the County government (the primary government) and two types of legally separate component units (blended and discrete). Component units are legally separate agencies that the primary government is financially accountable for or organizations which should be included in the reporting entity because of the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government.

Financial accountability is determined by the primary government's ability to appoint the voting majority of the entity's board and impose its will on the organization or there is a potential specific financial benefit/burden relationship. Financial accountability also exists if an organization is fiscally dependent and there is potential specific financial benefit/burden relationship.

The primary government consists of Collier County, a political subdivision of the State of Florida that was established in 1923 by the Florida State Legislature. The County is governed by a Board of County Commissioners which consists of five members elected within single member districts. In addition, there are five separately elected Constitutional Officers: the Tax Collector, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller and Supervisor of Elections. The Constitutional Officers are elected county wide. Under the direction of the Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller, the Finance and Accounting Department maintains the accounting system for the operations of the Board of County Commissioners, Supervisor of Elections and the Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller. The Tax Collector, Property Appraiser and Sheriff each maintain their own accounting systems. For financial reporting purposes, the operations of the Board of County Commissioners and the Constitutional Officers are combined and presented as the primary government.

The County's blended component units consist of organizations whose respective governing Boards are composed entirely of the Board of County Commissioners serving ex-officio. These entities are legally separate, however the County has the financial and operational responsibility for these component units. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, as amended, these organizations are reported as if they were part of the County's operations.

<u>Collier County Water and Sewer District (District)</u> - The District was established by Chapter 88-499, Laws of Florida, as amended by Chapter 03-353, to provide water, sewer and effluent services to portions of the unincorporated area of Collier County.

<u>Collier County Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA)</u> - The CRA was established by Resolution 2000-82 to benefit blighted areas in both the Immokalee Redevelopment and Bayshore/Gateway Triangle Redevelopment Areas. These two redevelopment areas are geographically separate and distinct.

<u>Collier County Airport Authority</u> - The Board of County Commissioners was established as the governing body of the Airport Authority by Ordinance 2010-10. The Airport Authority is responsible for construction, improvement, equipment, development, regulation, operation and maintenance of the Marco Island, Immokalee and Everglades Airports and all related airport facilities.

<u>Collier County Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO)</u> - The Authority was created in 1981 by Collier County Resolution 81-222 pursuant to Section 334.215, Florida Statutes, as amended by Section 339.175, Florida Statutes. The purpose of the MPO is to provide planning for all modes of travel in order to benefit the citizens of Collier County. The MPO is reported as part of the Grants and Shared Revenues fund.

The County's discretely presented component units consist of organizations whose board members are appointed by the Board of County Commissioners. The County is able to impose its will on these entities because of its ability to remove appointed members from the component units' Boards. The Authorities maintain their own financial records, but do not issue separate financial statements. GASB Statement No. 14, as amended, requires that the financial data of the following organizations be reported in separate columns to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

<u>Collier County Housing Finance Authority</u> - The Authority was formed in 1980 by Collier County Ordinance 80-66 for the purpose of stimulating the construction of residential housing for low and moderate income families through the use of public financing. Their financial position and results of operations are reported in the accompanying financial statements and the outstanding conduit debt issued by the Authority is disclosed in Note 7, "Conduit Debt Obligations".

<u>Collier County Health Facilities Authority</u> - The Authority was established in 1979 by Collier County Ordinance 79-95 for the purpose of assisting health facilities in the acquisition, construction and financing of projects within the County. Their financial position and results of operations are reported in the accompanying financial statements and the outstanding conduit debt issued by the Authority is disclosed in Note 7, "Conduit Debt Obligations".

FINANCIAL SECTION

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Collier County Industrial Development Authority</u> - The Authority was created in 1978 by Collier County Resolution 78-94, rescinded and replaced by Resolution 79-34, to facilitate the financing of projects that promote economic growth and increase opportunities for employment in the County. Their financial position and results of operations are reported in the accompanying financial statements and the outstanding conduit debt issued by the Authority is disclosed in Note 7, "Conduit Debt Obligations".

<u>Collier County Educational Facilities Authority</u> - The Authority was created in 1999 by Collier County Resolution 99-17 to assist institutions for higher education in the construction, financing and refinancing of projects. Their financial position and results of operations are reported in the accompanying financial statements and the outstanding conduit debt issued by the Authority is disclosed in Note 7, "Conduit Debt Obligations".

Financial information on the individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices or from the Finance and Accounting Department of the Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller.

Administrative Offices

Collier Water and Sewer District 3339 East Tamiami Trail, Suite #302 Naples, Florida 34112

Collier County Metropolitan Planning Organization 2885 South Horseshoe Drive Naples, Florida 34104

Bayshore Gateway Community Redevelopment Agency 3299 Tamiami Trail East, Bldg. F Suite #103 Naples, Florida 34112 Collier County Airport Authority 2005 Mainsail Drive, Suite #1 Naples, Florida 34114

Immokalee Community Redevelopment Agency 750 South 5th Street Immokalee, Florida 34142

Collier County Health Facilities Authority
Collier County Housing Finance Authority
Collier County Industrial Development Authority
Collier County Educational Facilities Authority
5150 Tamiami Trail North, #502
Naples, Florida 34103

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements are made up of the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. Both of these sets of financial statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of Collier County. The government-wide financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements report on the financial condition of Collier County, at the reporting entity level. Internal balances represent net amounts due between the governmental and business-type activities. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements with the exception of interfund services provided and used. The internal service activity has also been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Aggregate internal service fund activity is reported in full as a single column in the proprietary fund financial statements. Fiduciary funds are not included in these presentations as their assets do not represent amounts that are available for Collier County government operations. The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources of Collier County's governmental and business-type activities. Net position equals assets plus deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, and is shown in three categories: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position and unrestricted net position. The Statement of Activities reports results of operations on a functional activity (program) basis and demonstrates to what degree the particular program has been self-supporting.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and, thus are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The effect of indirect expense allocations has been eliminated in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation expense for capital assets that can specifically be identified with a function is recorded as a direct expense of that function. Depreciation for capital assets that serve all functions is recorded as a direct expense of the general government function on the government-wide Statement of Activities. All interest on general long term debt is considered indirect and is reported separately in the government-wide Statement of Activities.

Program revenues are reported in the following three categories: charges for services, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions. Charges for services are amounts charged to customers for a particular service, and are netted against the cost of the relevant program. Internal charges for indirect services are allocated across functions as direct expenses. Grants and contributions refer to revenues restricted for capital or operational use in a particular program. The general revenue category encompasses all other revenue types and represents revenue collected to support all functions of Collier County government.

The fund financial statements follow the government-wide statements and report more detailed information about operations of major funds on an individual basis and nonmajor funds on an aggregate basis for the governmental and proprietary funds. Following the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances are reconciliations explaining the differences between the governmental fund presentation and the government-wide presentation.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The following are reported as major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – the General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not accounted for in other funds are accounted for in the General Fund. The general operating funds of the Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections and Tax Collector are presented together with the Board of County Commissioners' general operating fund in the County's consolidated General Fund.

<u>Bayshore/Gateway and Immokalee Community Redevelopment Area Special Revenue Funds</u> – the Redevelopment funds are used to account for the receipt and expenditure of tax increment revenues generated by the Bayshore/Gateway and Immokalee Community Redevelopment Areas.

<u>Infrastructure Sales Tax Capital Project Fund</u> – the Infrastructure Sales Tax fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of an additional one-cent sales surtax approved by the voters.

The following are reported as major enterprise funds:

<u>County Water and Sewer Fund</u> – the County Water and Sewer fund is used to account for the provision of water, wastewater and effluent services to certain portions of the County's unincorporated area.

<u>Solid Waste Disposal Fund</u> – the Solid Waste Disposal fund is used to account for the provision of solid waste disposal services to users throughout the County.

<u>Emergency Medical Services</u> – the Emergency Medical Services fund is used to account for the provision of emergency ambulance and paramedical services to users throughout the County.

Collier County also maintains the following nonmajor fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Permanent Fund</u> – Permanent funds are used to account for resources that were legally restricted to the extent that only earnings and not principal may be spent. Collier County operates a permanent fund to defray costs associated with the maintenance and management of conservation land.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> – Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest related to long-term obligations.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> – Capital project funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise funds are used to account for activities for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

Internal Service Funds – Internal service funds are used to account for the provision of goods and services by one department to other departments within the County or to other governmental units on a cost reimbursement basis. Collier County currently reports the following Internal Service Funds: Self-Insurance, Sheriff's Self-Insurance, Fleet Management, Motor Pool Capital Recovery and Information Technology.

<u>Agency Funds</u> – Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not report the results of operations (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds are clearing accounts for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations or other governments. The Board of County Commissioners, Sheriff, Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller and Tax Collector all maintain agency funds.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position and the operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned and measurable, and expenses are recognized in the period incurred. Grant and similar revenues are recognized when eligibility requirements are met. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Generally, revenues are considered available when they are collected within the current period or within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Grant revenues are an exception and are considered available when eligibility requirements are met. Primary revenues which have been treated as susceptible to accrual include, where material, charges for services, interest earnings and certain taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Property taxes are discussed later in Note 1. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include accrued compensated absences and principal and interest on long-term debt.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, restricted resources will be used first for incurred expenses, and then unrestricted as needed. When using the unrestricted resources, committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY DATA

The following are the statutory procedures followed by the Board of County Commissioners in establishing the budgets for the County:

- Within fifteen days after certification of the ad valorem tax roll by the Property Appraiser, the County budget officer
 prepares and presents to the Board a tentative budget for the ensuing fiscal year. The budget includes all estimated
 receipts and all estimated expenditures, reserves and balances to be carried forward at the end of the year as specified
 in Section 129.03, Florida Statutes.
- 2. Within eighty days of the certification of value, but not earlier than sixty-five days after certification, the Board holds a public hearing on the tentative budget and proposed millage rate. At this hearing the Board amends and adopts the tentative budget, recomputes the proposed millage rate, and announces publicly the percentage, if any, by which the recomputed proposed millage rate exceeds the rolled-back rate. If the millage rate tentatively adopted exceeds that proposed, each taxpayer within the jurisdiction is notified of the increase by first class mail, at the expense of the Board.
- 3. Within fifteen days of the meeting adopting the tentative budget, the Board advertises the County's intent to adopt a final budget and millage rate.
- 4. A public hearing is held by the Board to finalize the budget and adopt a millage rate. This hearing is held not less than two days and not more than five days after the day that the advertisement is first published. Prior to September 30, the millage levy is adopted by a separate vote. The millage rate adopted is not allowed to exceed the tentatively adopted millage rate, except as allowed for by emergency provision with strict public notice requirements. This is followed by the approval and ratification of the final budget.
- 5. The resolution approved at the final hearing is forwarded to the Property Appraiser, Tax Collector and Florida Department of Revenue, not later than thirty days following the adoption of the Resolution, the Board certifies to the State of Florida, Department of Revenue, Division of Ad Valorem Tax, that it has complied with the provisions of Chapter 200, Florida Statutes.
- 6. The County Manager approves interdepartmental budget changes within the same fund and division of \$50,000 or less that do not impact reserves or recognize revenue. All other budgetary changes must be approved by the Board of County Commissioners as matter of policy. The initial adopted budget was amended in accordance with Florida Statutes.
- 7. Florida State Section 129.07, as amended in 1978, provides that expenditures in excess of total fund budgets are unlawful. However, because the Board approves all budgetary changes between departments, except those approved by the County Manager, the departmental budget becomes the level of control.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for all funds. Budgets have been legally adopted by the Board for all Board departments except for the agency funds, the Impact Fees Escrow special revenue fund and the Other Debt Service fund. The Property Appraiser and the Tax Collector adopt budgets for their general funds independently of the Board. The Clerk of Courts operates as a fee officer, and as such, prepares its budget in accordance with Section 218.35, Florida Statutes.

The Sheriff and Supervisor of Elections prepare budgets for their general funds, which are submitted to and approved by the Board. The Clerk of Court's budget for court related functions is prepared according to Section 28.36 Florida Statutes and submitted to the Clerks of Court Operations Corporation for approval by the Legislative Budget Commission.

Budgets are adopted for all governmental departments except as described in the previous paragraph. These budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) except for certain non-budgeted revenues and expenditures and mark to market activity on investments. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the current year. For further information regarding encumbrances, refer to Note 16 on page 81.

Capital project costs are budgeted in the year they are anticipated to be obligated. In subsequent years, the unused budget is reappropriated until the project is completed. Proprietary funds are budgeted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except that capital related and debt transactions are based upon cash receipts and disbursements. Estimated beginning fund balances are considered in the budgetary process.

For purposes of the budgetary presentation, certain transactions that have been accounted for in the governmental funds statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances have not been reflected in the budgetary financial statements. Specifically, bad debt expense and the net change in fair value of investments are not presented in the budget to actual statements.

CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Florida Statutes Section 218.415 establishes guidelines for Florida local government investment policies. The County's current investment policy, as amended, was adopted December 9, 2014 by Resolution 2014-260 and is consistent with the requirements of that statute. This investment policy authorized the following investments:

- 1. U.S. Treasury and Government Guaranteed U.S. Treasury obligations and obligations the principal and interest of which are backed or guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government;
- 2. Federal Agency/Government Sponsored Enterprise Debt obligations, participations or other instruments issued or fully guaranteed by any U.S. Federal agency, instrumentality or government sponsored enterprise;
- 3. Corporates U.S. dollar denominated corporate notes, bonds or other debt obligations issued or guaranteed by a domestic corporation, financial institution, non-profit or other entity;
- Municipals Obligations, including both taxable and tax-exempt, issued or guaranteed by any State, territory or possession
 of the United States, political subdivision, public corporation, authority, agency board, instrumentality or other unit of local
 government of any State or territory;
- 5. Agency Mortgage Backed Securities Mortgage backed securities, backed by residential, multi-family or commercial mortgages, that are issued or fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by a U.S. Federal agency or government sponsored enterprise, including but not limited to pass-throughs, collateralized mortgage obligations and real estate mortgage investment conduits;
- 6. Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit Non-negotiable interest bearing time certificates of deposit or savings accounts in banks organized under the laws of this state or in national banks organized under the laws of the United States and doing business in this state, provided that any such deposits are secured by the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, Chapter 280, Florida Statutes;
- Depository Bank Account Negotiated Order of Withdrawal accounts in banks organized under the laws of this state or
 in national banks organized under the laws of the United States and doing business in this state, provided that any such
 deposits are secured by the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, Chapter 280, Florida Statutes;
- 8. Commercial Paper U.S. dollar denominated commercial paper issued or guaranteed by a domestic corporation, company, financial institution, trust or other entity, including both unsecured debt and asset backed programs;
- 9. Repurchase Agreements Repurchase agreements must be governed by written agreement, counterparty must be a Federal Reserve Bank, a Primary Dealer or a nationally chartered commercial bank. Acceptable underlying securities must be direct obligations of, or that are fully guaranteed by, the United States or any agency of the United States, or U.S. Agency backed mortgage related securities with an aggregate current market value of at least 102% (or 100% if the counterparty is a Federal Reserve Bank) of the purchase price plus current accrued price differential;

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- 10. Money Market Funds Shares in open end and no load money market mutual funds, provided such funds are registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and operate in accordance with Security and Exchange Commission Rule 2a-7;
- 11. Fixed-Income Mutual Funds Shares in open end and no load fixed income mutual funds whose underlying investments would be permitted for purchase under the investment policy and all its restriction;
- 12. Local Government Investment Pools State, local government or privately sponsored investment pools that are authorized pursuant to state law;
- 13. The Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Funds (Florida Prime).

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Investment income is allocated to individual funds based upon their average daily balance in the cash and investment pool. Each fund's individual equity in the County's cash and investment pool is considered to be a cash equivalent as the funds can deposit or withdraw cash at any time without notice or penalty. The statement of cash flows for the proprietary funds also uses this methodology.

Investments in debt securities are recorded at fair value based upon values obtained from an independent pricing service. Investments in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Florida Prime) are stated at fair value. The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established in GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurements and Application".

Florida PRIME is considered a qualifying external investment pool that meets all of the necessary criteria to elect to measure all of the investments at amortized cost. Therefore, the fair value of the County's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The Florida PRIME investments are not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Throughout the year, and as of September 30, 2019, Florida PRIME contained certain floating and adjustable rate securities. These investments represented 36.5% of Florida PRIME's portfolio at September 30, 2019.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants", as a participant in a qualifying external investment pool, the County should disclose the presence of any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals (such as redemption notice periods, maximum transaction amounts, and the qualifying external investment pool's authority to impose liquidity fees or redemption gates) in notes to the financial statements.

With regard to redemption gates, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states that "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the Executive Director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the Executive Director until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days."

With regard to liquidity fees, Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

As of September 30, 2019, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

RECEIVABLES

All trade receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectibles, which is generally a year except for Emergency Medical Services receivable which uses an estimated uncollectible percentage.

INVENTORIES AND PREPAID COSTS

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventory in the governmental funds consists of supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time inventory items are consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Inventories and prepaid costs reported within governmental funds are classified as non-spendable, which indicates that they do not constitute available resources. Inventories and prepaid costs in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported as an expense when consumed.

Inventory held for resale consists of real estate holdings, acquired through various programs, which the County intends to sell. The value of these properties includes the original purchase price plus the cost of any rehabilitation. Inventory held for resale of \$9,796,692 is classified as restricted, which indicates that they do not constitute available resources.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure (e.g., roads and bridges, water and wastewater systems, drainage systems and similar items), are reported in the proprietary fund financial statements and in the governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are reported at cost where historical records are available and at estimated fair value in the absence of historical cost records. Capital contributions are recorded at acquisition value on the date donated.

The County capitalizes expenditures with a cost of \$1,000 or more and with a useful life in excess of one year. Betterments and major improvements which significantly increase value, change capacity or extend useful lives are also capitalized. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to operating expenses. The cost of capital assets retired or sold, together with the related accumulated depreciation, is removed from the respective accounts and any gain or loss on disposition is credited or charged to earnings in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method. The estimated useful life of the various classes of depreciable capital assets is as follows:

Capital Asset Class	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings	20-45 years
Infrastructure	3-30 years
Improvements other than buildings	4-45 years
Machinery and equipment	3-20 years

CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements capital lease obligations and the related cost of assets acquired are reflected in the Statement of Net Position. For capital lease obligations originating in governmental funds, an expenditure for the asset and the offsetting other financing source is reflected in the fund financial statements in the year of inception.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

The deferred outflows of resources reported in the County's statement of net position represent changes in actuarial assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments, changes in the proportion and differences between the County's contributions and proportionate share of contributions and the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date, relating to the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program. In addition, deferred outflows related to the difference between expected and actual economic experience relating to the Florida Retirement System Pension and the Other Post Employment Benefits Plan were reported. These amounts will be recognized as increases in pension expense and OPEB expense in future years. The County also reports the deferred charge on refunding as a deferred outflow in the proprietary and government wide statements of net position. A deferred charge results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The deferred inflows of resources reported in the County's statement of net position represent the difference between expected and actual economic experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments, and changes in the proportion and differences between the County's contributions and proportionate share of contributions relating to the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan, the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program and the Other Post Employment Benefits Plan. These amounts will be recognized as reductions in pension expense and OPEB expense in future years. The County has also recorded amounts associated with long term receivables, primarily related to deferred impact fee agreements, as deferred inflows.

BOND PREMIUMS, LOSS ON DEFEASANCE AND ISSUANCE COSTS

Bond premiums and bond insurance costs for the governmental activities and the business-type activities are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an increase to the face amount of bonds payable, while bond insurance costs are recorded as deferred charges and shown on the face of the Statement of Net Position as a component of noncurrent assets.

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, the gain or loss on defeasance of debt is reported as a deferred inflow or outflow of resources. The gain or loss is calculated as the difference between the reacquisition price of the refunded debt and the net carrying amount at the time of the refunding. The gain or loss is amortized on a straight line basis over the shorter of the life of the new debt or the remaining life of the old debt as a component of interest expense.

In the governmental fund financials, bond premiums and issuance costs, including bond insurance costs, are recognized in the current period. The face amount of debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are also reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, including bond insurance costs, whether or not they have been paid from debt proceeds are reported as debt service expenditures.

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes become due and payable on November 1st of each year and become delinquent on April 1st of the following year. Property taxes receivable and a corresponding allowance for uncollectible property taxes are not included in the financial statements, as delinquent taxes as of September 30, 2019 are not significant. Discounts on property taxes are allowed for payments made prior to the April 1st delinquent date as follows: November - 4%, December - 3%, January - 2%, and February - 1%. Tax certificates for the full amount of any unpaid taxes must be sold no later than June 1st of each year.

No accrual for the property tax levy becoming due in November 2019 is included in the accompanying financial statements, since such taxes are collected to finance expenditures of the subsequent period.

Key dates in the property tax cycle for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 are as follows:

Property Tax Cycle	Date
Assessment roll compiled	January 1, 2018
Assessment roll certified	July 1, 2018
Millage resolution approved	Within 35 days of the certification of the assessment roll
Beginning of fiscal year for tax levy	October 1, 2018
Taxes due and payable (levy date)	November 1, 2018
Collection dates	By November 30: 4% discount
	By December 31: 3% discount
	By January 31: 2% discount
	By February 29: 1% discount
Due date	March 31, 2019
Delinquent (lien date)	April 1, 2019
Tax certificates sold	Prior to June 1, 2019

ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimated.

UNEARNED REVENUE

In instances where assets have been received by the County for services to be rendered in future periods, asset balances are offset by an unearned revenue liability account in the financial statements. Unearned revenues of the County as of September 30, 2019 are gift certificates issued and prepayments on accounts.

ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The County follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences. This statement provides for the measurement of accrued vacation leave and other compensated absences using the pay or salary rates in effect at the balance sheet date. It also requires additional amounts to be accrued for certain salary related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences.

It is the Board of County Commissioners' policy to allow employees of record on August 2, 1996 a sick leave payment upon termination for any service period earned prior to August 2, 1996 and a payout of unused vacation up to 440 hours for all employees. The Sheriff's policy allows for a percentage of unused sick leave payout based upon years of service, not to exceed 2,000 hours, and up to 500 hours of unused vacation time.

Both the Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller's and Tax Collector's policies allow for a percentage of unused sick leave payout based upon years of service, and up to 240 hours of unused vacation hours. The Property Appraiser's policy allows for a percentage of unused sick leave payout based upon years of service, not to exceed 1,040 hours, and up to 200 hours of unused vacation hours. The Supervisor of Election's policy allows for a percentage of unused sick leave payout based upon years of service, and up to 440 hours of unused vacation.

Payments for compensated absences are made by the respective fund. Accrued compensated absences are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financials. A liability is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements, and are considered due and payable as of year end.

PENSIONS

In the government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position, liabilities are recognized for the County's proportionate share of each pension plan's net pension liability. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) and additions to/deductions from FRS's and HIS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS and HIS plans. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds of employee contributions are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

In the government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position, liabilities are recognized for the County's total OPEB liability as determined by an actuarial review of the healthcare coverage purchased by retirees to continue participation in the County's self-insured health plan. The County is responsible for covering the excess of retiree claims over premium payments made by retirees to the County, which creates an other post employment benefit. OPEB expense is recognized immediately for changes in the OPEB liability resulting from current year service cost, interest on the total OPEB liability and changes of benefit terms or actuarial assumptions.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

As of September 30, 2019, the County had the following cash, cash equivalents and investments:

Investment	Final Maturities		Fair Value	First Call Date	Call Frequency	Rating *
Cash on hand	N/A	\$	93,762	N/A	N/A	N/A
Demand deposits	N/A	*	124,937,540	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cash with fiscal agent	N/A		10,575,231	N/A	N/A	N/A
Money market / CD	N/A		607,066	N/A	N/A	N/A
State Board of Administration Pool:			·			
Florida PRIME	N/A		103,154,266	N/A	N/A	AAAm
US Treasury Note	10/15/19		24,989,500	none	N/A	N/A
US Treasury Note	10/31/19		249,877	N/A	N/A	N/A
Federal Home Loan Bank	12/13/19		499,380	N/A	N/A	AA+
US Treasury Bill	01/30/20		49,700,850	none	N/A	N/A
US Treasury Bill	01/30/20		84,491,445	none	N/A	N/A
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	02/05/20		495,137	N/A	N/A	AA+
US Treasury Bill	02/13/20		49,667,200	none	N/A	N/A
Federal Farm Credit Bank	02/20/20		500,015	N/A	N/A	AA+
Federal Farm Credit Bank	03/02/20		349,552	N/A	N/A	AA+
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	05/01/20		7,034,758	none	N/A	AA+
US Treasury Note	05/31/20		502,010	N/A	N/A	N/A
US Treasury Bill	07/16/20		24,645,525	none	N/A	N/A
US Treasury Bill	07/16/20		24,645,525	none	N/A	N/A
US Treasury Bill	07/16/20		24,645,525	none	N/A	N/A
Federal National Mortgage Association	07/27/20		24,883,495	01/27/17	quarterly	AA+
US Treasury Bill	08/13/20		24,620,525	none	N/A	N/A
Federal Home Loan Bank	08/27/20		34,996,715	11/27/19	quarterly	AA+
US Treasury Note	08/31/20		476,169	N/A	N/A	N/A
US Treasury Bill	09/10/20		49,180,600	none	N/A	N/A
Federal Home Loan Bank	09/11/20		25,000,769	11/15/19	quarterly	AA+
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	09/29/20		250,105	N/A	N/A	AA+
US Treasury Note	09/30/20		224,017	N/A	N/A	N/A
US Treasury Note	09/30/20		497,815	N/A	N/A	N/A
Federal Home Loan Bank	10/19/20		499,970	N/A	N/A	AA+
US Treasury Note	10/31/20		249,835	N/A	N/A	N/A
US Treasury Note Federal Home Loan Bank	11/15/20		504,490	N/A	N/A	N/A
Federal Farm Credit Bank	01/11/21		50,006,022	10/11/19	quarterly	AA+ AA+
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	02/08/21 02/08/21		24,964,203 49,931,922	11/08/19 11/08/19	continuously	AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	05/13/21		49,931,922	N/A	quarterly N/A	AA+
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	05/25/21		549,681	N/A	N/A	AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	08/05/21		24,990,849	11/05/19	guarterly	AA+
Federal Farm Credit Bank	08/16/21		148,977	N/A	N/A	AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	08/27/21		24,974,505	11/27/19	quarterly	AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	09/27/21		248,908	N/A	N/A	AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	09/27/21		24,890,825	12/27/16	continuously	AA+
Federal National Mortgage Association	09/30/21		24,932,298	03/30/17	quarterly	AA+
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	10/04/21		25,002,418	10/04/19	quarterly	AA+
US Treasury Note	10/15/21		25,610,350	none	N/A	N/A
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	10/29/21		25,022,462	10/29/19	quarterly	AA+
Federal Farm Credit Bank	11/16/21		248,800	N/A	N/A	AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	11/26/21		25,047,282	11/26/19	quarterly	AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	12/10/21		25,049,133	12/10/19	continuously	AA+
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	12/24/21		25,066,546	12/24/19	annually	AA+
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	02/01/22		25,028,120	11/01/19	quarterly	AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	11/25/22		500,305	N/A	N/A	AA+
Federal Farm Credit Bank	03/03/23		9,993,924	none	N/A	AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	04/12/23		250,005	N/A	N/A	AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	12/27/23		25,068,930	12/27/19	quarterly	AA+
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	12/27/23	_	25,068,831	12/27/19	quarterly	AA+
		\$	1,156,262,090			
* Standard and Poor's rating						

^{*} Standard and Poor's rating

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the balance sheet under the heading of *Cash and Investments*. Investment income is allocated monthly to participating funds based on the percentage of each fund's average daily balance in the total pool.

CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County's investment policy limits credit risk by restricting authorized investments to the Florida Local Government Surplus Trust Fund (Florida PRIME), direct obligations of, or obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government, U.S. government sponsored Corporation/Instrumentalities (except for Student Loan Marketing Association), certificates of deposit collateralized by U.S. Government Securities or Agencies, fixed income mutual funds collateralized by U.S. Government Securities or Agencies, domestic bankers' acceptances rated "AA" or higher, prime commercial paper rated "A-1" and "P-1", tax-exempt obligations rated "AA" or higher and issued by state or local governments, NOW accounts fully collateralized in accordance with Chapter 280, Florida Statutes and qualifying repurchase agreements. The policy requires that each firm involved in a repurchase agreement must execute the County's master repurchase agreement, a third party custodian must hold collateral for all repurchase agreements with a term of more than one day and the market value of the collateral shall maintain a minimum price of 101 percent on U.S. Government securities and 104 percent on Agencies and Instrumentalities with a term over five (5) years, and must be marked to market at least weekly. Florida PRIME is an investment pool administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA), under the regulatory oversight of the State of Florida. At September 30, 2019, the County had \$103,154,266 invested in the State Board of Administration's Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Investment Pool. All of these funds are held in the Florida PRIME pool. Florida PRIME is rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services.

All cash deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act". Under the Act, all qualified public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral having a market value equal to or greater than the average daily or monthly balance of all public deposits, multiplied by the depository's collateral pledging level. The pledging level may range from 25% to 200% depending upon the depository's financial condition. Any losses to public deposits are covered by applicable deposit insurance, sale of securities pledged as collateral, and if necessary, assessments against other qualified public depositories of the same type as the depository in default.

CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At September 30, 2019, the County had demand deposits of \$124,937,540. All balances in excess of the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance for these demand deposits are fully collateralized by the multiple financial institutions' collateral pool in accordance with Florida Statutes Section 280. The discretely presented component unit demand deposits of \$188,785 are secured by the FDIC as individual entity balances do not exceed \$250,000. Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County's investment policy requires execution of a third-party custodial safekeeping agreement for purchased securities and collateral, and requires that securities be held in the County's name.

INTEREST RATE RISK

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. One of the primary objectives of the investment policy is to match investment cash flow and maturity with known cash needs and anticipated cash flow requirements. The County limits exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to meet daily cash flow demands. Investments shall have an average maturity of not more than five years, except for mortgage securities. Mortgage securities will not be used to match liabilities that are reasonably definable as to amount and disbursement date and are used to invest funds associated with reserves or liabilities that are not associated with a specifically identified cash flow schedule.

The dollar weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of Florida PRIME at September 30, 2019, was 39 days. Next interest rate reset dates for floating rate securities are used in the calculation of the WAM. The weighted average life (WAL) of Florida PRIME at September 30, 2019, was 85 days.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The portion of the County's cash and investments invested in U.S. Government Agencies is detailed as follows, at September 30, 2019:

Issuer	% of Portfolio
Federal Home Loan Bank	22.75%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	3.13%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	15.78%
Federal National Mortgage Association	4.35%
Total U.S. Government Agencies	46.01%

Reconciliation of cash and investments to the basic financial statements:

Primary government:	
Cash and investments	\$ 499,042,818
Cash with Fiscal Agent	10,575,231
Restricted cash and investments - current	28,054,160
Restricted cash and investments - noncurrent	584,949,783
Agency funds:	
Cash and investments	33,640,098
Total	\$ 1,156,262,090

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurements and Application, sets forth the framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are described as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the County has the ability to access.

Level 2 – Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;

Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;

Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;

Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. Unobservable inputs, if any, reflect the County's own assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk). Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the County's own data.

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2019:

US Treasury Notes and Bills classified as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy were valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. As of September 30, 2019, the fair value of the County's US Treasury Notes and Bills was \$384,901,258.

US Agency obligations classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy were valued using quoted prices for similar assets in active markets for those securities. As of September 30, 2019, the fair value of the County's US Agency obligations was \$531,992,967.

NOTE 3 - TRADE RECEIVABLES

Trade receivables for Governmental and Business-type Activities are net of an allowance for doubtful accounts as follows:

	R	Trade eceivables	f	ss Allowance or Doubtful Accounts	Net Trade Receivables
General Fund	\$	1,197,182	\$	547,005	\$ 650,177
Bayshore Gateway Community Redevelopment Agency		14,220		12,720	1,500
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		3,826,900		744,574	3,082,326
Total receivables reported in Governmental Funds		5,038,302		1,304,299	3,734,003
Total receivables reported in Internal Service Funds		802,769		14,519	 788,250
Total Governmental Activities trade receivables	\$	5,841,071	\$	1,318,818	\$ 4,522,253
County Water and Sewer	\$	14,357,844	\$	8,528	\$ 14,349,316
Solid Waste Disposal		1,762,196		319	1,761,877
Emergency Medical Services		24,062,247		22,493,352	1,568,895
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		54,551		19,445	 35,106
Total Business-type Activities trade receivables	\$	40,236,838	\$	22,521,644	\$ 17,715,194

The County has multi and single-family home rehabilitation and homeownership loan programs funded under the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), HOME Investment Partnership Loan Program (HOME), Disaster Recovery Initiative (DRI), Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP) and the State Housing Initiative Partnership Program (SHIP). If the homeowners remain in their homes for the full term of the deferred loan, the loan is forgiven. If the property is transferred or sold before the end of the loan period, the proceeds from the repayment including interest, if any, are then repaid and returned to the appropriate grant program. A lien is placed against the property to ensure the repayment of the loan and interest, if any. As collection is uncertain on these loans, they are not recognized in the financial statements.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES

ADVANCES

Advances are made to funds for the purposes of capital acquisitions and improvements. Reimbursements will take place over the next several years as funds are available. Advances to and advances from other funds at September 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Advance To		Advance Fron	
Governmental Activities:				
General Fund	\$	333,479	\$	-
Immokalee Community Redevelopment Agency		-		148,901
Other governmental funds:				
Unincorporated Area MSTD		473,762		-
Community Development		626,913		-
Improvement Districts		-		214,775
Fire Control Districts		-		268,100
Other Capital Projects				9,264
Total Governmental Activities		1,434,154		641,040
Business-type Activities:				
County Water and Sewer		7,392,950		175,465
Solid Waste Disposal		-		7,392,950
Other business-type funds:				
Airport Authority				617,649
Total Business-type Activities		7,392,950		8,186,064
Total Advances	\$	8,827,104	\$	8,827,104

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES (Continued)

DUE FROM AND DUE TO

Interfund receivables and payables generally result from recording the excess fees associated with Tax Collector and Property Appraiser services, as excess fees are allocated from the General Fund back to the funds that paid for the collection services. Excess fees are calculated after year end, and as such are interfund receivables and payables. Other outstanding balances are the result of time delays between the provision and payment of interfund services and to cover temporary cash deficits.

Due from and due to other funds at September 30, 2019 were as follows:

	I	Due From	Due To		
Governmental Activities:					
General Fund	\$	449,482	\$	2,459,405	
Immokalee Community Redevelopment Agency		11,244		-	
Other Governmental Funds:					
Road Districts		859,803		-	
Unincorporated Area MSTD		553,860		623	
Water Management and Pollution Control		34,156		-	
Pelican Bay Special Revenue		76,209		1	
Grants and Shared Revenues		52,486		5,462,409	
Improvement Districts		181,006		-	
Fire Control Districts		15,711		-	
Lighting Districts		9,564		-	
911 Enhancement Fee		-		174,759	
Tourist Development		36,536		22,660	
Other Public Safety Revenue Funds		1,076		58,905	
Other Special Revenue Funds		141		-	
Forest Lakes Limited General Obligation Bonds		6,474		-	
Special Obligation Revenue Bonds		-		8,061,500	
County-Wide Capital Improvement		192,180		6,507	
Parks Improvements		20,637		5,892	
County Wide Library		384,000		-	
Correctional Facilities Impact Fee		1,269,000		-	
Emergency Medical Services Impact Fee		194,500		-	
Water Management		1,328,093		66,581	
Pelican Bay Capital		62,872		-	
Parks Impact Fee		2,331,892		-	
Road Construction		3,951,878		-	
Government Facilities Impact Fee		2,605,000		-	
Law Enforcement Impact Fee		471,000		-	
Total other governmental funds		14,638,074		13,859,837	
Business-type Activities:					
County Water and Sewer	\$	12,708	\$	129,234	
Solid Waste		389,123		7,859	
Emergency Medical Services		-		7,340	
Other Business-type funds:					
Airport Authority		-		170	
Collier Area Transit		1,098		3,636	
Total other Business-type funds		1,098		3,806	
Internal Service Funds	_	1,016,516		50,764	
Total All Funds	\$	16,518,245	\$	16,518,245	

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 is as follows:

	October 1, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Transfers and Reclassifications	September 30, 2019
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets not depreciated: Land and other non-depreciable assets	\$ 436,764,337	\$ 33,138,026	\$ (5,343,769)	¢ .	\$ 464,558,594
Construction in progress	44,239,309	55,528,371	(301,742)	(40,030,325)	59,435,613
Total capital assets not depreciated	481,003,646	88,666,397	(5,645,511)	(40,030,325)	523,994,207
0					
Capital assets depreciated: Buildings	462,188,581	142,130	_	2,971,058	465,301,769
Infrastructure	1,132,694,193		(14,027)	13,067,322	1,146,042,544
Improvements other than buildings	304,764,180		(3,991)	11,503,245	317,826,526
Machinery and equipment	220,364,648		(11,800,335)	12,512,148	244,154,023
Total capital assets depreciated	2,120,011,602	25,077,840	(11,818,353)	40,053,773	2,173,324,862
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	205,292,660		-	-	219,224,605
Infrastructure	444,809,849	36,950,220	(10,871)	-	481,749,198
Improvements other than buildings	198,275,013	8,624,717	(3,991)	-	206,895,739
Machinery and equipment	163,579,869	18,819,912	(11,720,007)	2,866	170,682,640
Total accumulated depreciation	1,011,957,391	78,326,794	(11,734,869)	2,866	1,078,552,182
Total depreciable capital assets, net	1,108,054,211	(53,248,954)	(83,484)	40,050,907	1,094,772,680
Total Governmental Activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 1,589,057,857	\$ 35,417,443	\$ (5,728,995)	\$ 20,582	\$ 1,618,766,887
Business-type Activities:					
Capital assets not depreciated:					
Land and other non-depreciable assets	\$ 34,228,706	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,228,706
Construction in progress	70,063,535	41,445,229	(497,644)	(30,485,064)	80,526,056
Total capital assets not depreciated	104,292,241	41,445,229	(497,644)	(30,485,064)	114,754,762
Capital assets depreciated:					
Buildings	158,368,775	_	_	9,144,937	167,513,712
Improvements other than buildings	1,262,051,314	17,074,286	(7,325)	20,967,428	1,300,085,703
Machinery and equipment	81,816,678	7,758,134	(3,952,199)	349,251	85,971,864
Total capital assets depreciated	1,502,236,767	24,832,420	(3,959,524)	30,461,616	1,553,571,279
Lancas and control of the state					
Less accumulated depreciation:	02 71 5 000	E 262 722			00 070 540
Buildings Improvements other than buildings	92,715,809 513,418,563	5,362,733 41,022,892	(4,019)	-	98,078,542 554,437,436
Machinery and equipment	44,508,824		(3,723,075)	(2,866)	49,022,736
Total accumulated depreciation	650,643,196		(3,727,094)	(2,866)	701,538,714
·	223,010,130				
Total depreciable capital assets, net	851,593,571	(29,793,058)	(232,430)	30,464,482	852,032,565
Total Business-type Activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 955,885,812	\$ 11,652,171	\$ (730,074)	\$ (20,582)	\$ 966,787,327
L		. ,,,,,,,,	. ,,,	. (==,===)	

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Schedule of depreciation for fiscal year 2019:

General Government	\$ 7,408,424
Public Safety	15,813,999
Physical Environment	5,428,213
Transportation	36,534,993
Economic Environment	434,206
Human Services	317,801
Culture and Recreation	8,904,388
Subtotal	74,842,024
Internal Service Funds	 3,484,770
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 78,326,794
Water and Sewer	\$ 47,442,061
Solid Waste	1,842,816
EMS	1,876,188
Airport Authority	1,541,896
Mass Transit	 1,922,517
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 54,625,478

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT

SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2019:

_					<u>000's C</u>)mit	<u>ted</u>		
	C	ctober 1,				- 1	Premium	September	Due within
		2018	 Additions	Re	eductions		Amortized	30, 2019	one year
Governmental Activities:									
Limited General Obligation Bonds	\$	2,030	\$ -	\$	(475)	\$	-	\$ 1,555	\$ 495
Bonds Payable		164,060	62,965		(13,730)		-	213,295	15,530
Premium on Bonds Payable		11,921	3,238		-		(1,553)	13,606	-
Direct Placement Loans Payable		110,215	28,060		(7,965)		-	130,310	8,152
Commercial Paper Loans		11,900	-		(400)		-	11,500	400
Notes Payable		4,615	-		(473)		-	4,142	491
Capital Lease Obligations		236	-		(83)		-	153	87
Self-Insurance Claims		12,136	72,719		(72,985)		-	11,870	7,833
Compensated Absences		29,630	8,927		(7,016)			31,541	10,673
Total	\$	346,743	\$ 175,909	\$	(103,127)	\$	(1,553)	\$ 417,972	\$ 43,661
Business-type Activities:									
Bonds Payable	\$	48,105	\$ 76,185	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 124,290	\$ -
Premium on Bonds Payable		10,643	5,179		-		(730)	15,092	-
Direct Placement Loans Payable		51,262	-		(6,262)		-	45,000	6,384
Notes Payable		77,945	-		(9,303)		-	68,642	9,093
Capital Lease Obligations		521	-		(348)		-	173	94
Landfill Closure Liability		1,750	-		(19)		-	1,731	-
Compensated Absences		3,152	2,456		(2,263)			3,345	2,676
Total	\$	193,378	\$ 83,820	\$	(18,195)	\$	(730)	\$ 258,273	\$ 18,247

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

DESCRIPTIONS OF BONDS, LOANS AND NOTES PAYABLE

Bonds, loans and notes payable at September 30, 2019 were composed of the following:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Governmental Activities Limited General Obligation Bonds

\$6,215,000 2007 Limited General Obligation Bonds, Forest Lakes Roadway and Drainage Municipal Service Taxing Unit, due in installments of \$300,000 to \$540,000 through January 1, 2022; interest at 3.75% to 4.25% and collateralized by a limited ad valorem pledge of up to 4 mils. Bonds were issued for purposes of financing the costs of certain roadway lighting, drainage and restoration within the Forest Lakes Municipal Service Taxing Unit.

1,555,000

Total Governmental Activities Limited General Obligation Bonds

1,555,000

Governmental Activities Revenue Bonds

\$38,680,000 2012 Gas Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds, due in annual installments of \$2,700,000 to \$6,605,000 through June 1, 2023; interest at 3.00% to 5.00% and collateralized by a pledge on the combined gas tax proceeds. Bonds were issued for purposes of advance refunding the County's 2003 Gas Tax Revenue Bonds.

14,100,000

\$59,895,000 2010 Special Obligation Revenue Bonds, due in annual installments of \$1,545,000 to \$3,860,000 through July 1, 2034; interest at 3.00% to 4.50% and collateralized by a pledge on legally available non-ad valorem revenues, including but not limited to the proceeds of the local government half cent sales tax, state revenue sharing, communications services tax and charges and services generated by governmental activities. Bonds were issued to refund all of the County's then outstanding promissory notes issued pursuant to the pooled commercial paper loan program of the Florida Local Government Finance Commission.

2,165,000

\$24,620,000 2010B Special Obligation Refunding Revenue Bonds, due in annual installments of \$1,830,000 to \$2,630,000 through October 1, 2021; interest at 3.00% to 5.00% and collateralized by pledge on legally available non-ad valorem revenues, including but not limited to the proceeds of the local government half cent sales tax, state revenue sharing, communications services tax and charges and services generated by governmental activities. Bonds were issued for purposes of advance refunding the County's 2002 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds.

7,620,000

\$92,295,000 2011 Special Obligation Refunding Revenue Bonds, due in annual installments of \$1,605,000 to \$8,270,000 through October 1, 2029; interest at 2.50% to 5.00% and collateralized by a pledge on legally available non-ad valorem revenues, including but not limited to the proceeds of the local government half cent sales tax, state revenue sharing, communications services tax and charges and services generated by governmental activities. Bonds were issued for purposes of advance refunding a portion of the County's 2003 and 2005 Capital Improvement and Refunding Revenue Bonds.

52,640,000

\$73,805,000 2013 Special Obligation Refunding Revenue Bonds, due in annual installments of \$4,860,000 to \$8,525,000 through October 1, 2035; interest at 3.50% to 4.00% and collateralized by a pledge on legally available non-ad valorem revenues, including but not limited to the proceeds of the local government half cent sales tax, state revenue sharing, communications services tax and charges and services generated by governmental activities. Bonds were issued for purposes of advance refunding all of the County's remaining 2003 and 2005 Capital Improvement and Refunding Revenue Bonds.

73,805,000

\$62,965,000 2018 Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds, due in annual installments of \$1,030,000 to \$3,605,000 through October 1, 2048; interest at 4.00% to 5.00% and collateralized by a pledge on tourist development tax revenues. Bonds were issued for purposes of financing the development, acquisition, construction and equipping of a regional tournament caliber amateur sports complex.

62,965,000

Total Governmental Activities Revenue Bonds

213,295,000

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Governmental Activities Direct Placement Loans

\$89,780,000 2014 Gas Tax Refunding Revenue Bond (Bank Term Loan) due in annual installments of \$1,065,000 to \$13,265,000 through June 1, 2025; interest at 2.33% and collateralized by a pledge on the combined gas tax proceeds. Loan was issued to advance refund a portion of the County's 2005 Gas Tax Revenue Bonds.	\$ 58,905,000
\$43,713,000 2017 Special Obligation Refunding Revenue Note (Bank Term Loan) due in annual installments of \$113,000 to \$3,724,000 through July 1, 2034; interest at 3.09% and collateralized by a pledge on legally available non-ad valorem revenues, including but not limited to the proceeds of the local government half cent sales tax, state revenue sharing, communications services tax and charges and services generated by governmental activities. Loan was issued to advance refund a portion of the County's 2010 Special Obligation Revenue Bonds.	43,345,000
\$28,060,000 2019 Special Obligation Taxable Revenue Note (Bank Term Loan) due in annual installments of \$1,555,000 to \$5,165,000 through October 1, 2029; interest at 2.74% and collateralized by a pledge on legally available non-ad valorem revenues, including but not limited to the proceeds of the local government half cent sales tax, state revenue sharing, communications services tax and charges and services generated by governmental activities. Loan was issued to acquire the real property known as the Golden Gate Golf Course.	 28,060,000
Total Governmental Activities Direct Placement Loans	\$ 130,310,000
Governmental Activities Commercial Paper Loans	
\$12,000,000 Commercial Paper issued by the Florida Local Government Finance Commission Pooled Commercial Paper Program due on June 6, 2023; monthly variable interest for the current fiscal year of 2.49% to 2.91%, based on the underlying commercial paper that is purchased and collateralized by all legally available non-ad valorem revenues. Loan was issued for purposes of purchasing a parcel of land for the County's amateur sports complex.	\$ 11,500,000
Total Governmental Activities Commercial Paper Loans	\$ 11,500,000
Governmental Activities Note Payable	
\$5,293,293 2017 Bayshore Gateway Community Redevelopment Agency Taxable Note with TD Bank, N.A., due in monthly installments of \$35,574 to \$52,349 through March 1, 2027; interest at 3.56% and collateralized by a pledge on all legally available non-ad valorem revenues of the Bayshore Gateway Community Redevelopment Agency. Note was issued to refund the 2013 Collier County Community Redevelopment Agency Taxable Note (Fifth Third Bank).	\$ 4,141,774
Total Governmental Activities Note Payable	4,141,774
Total Governmental Activities Obligations	 360,801,774
Unamortized Bond Premium	13,606,254
Governmental Activities Obligations, Net	 374,408,028
Less Current Portion of Governmental Activities Obligations	 (25,067,556)
Long-Term Portion of Governmental Activities Obligations, Net	\$ 349,340,472

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Business-type Activities Revenue Bonds

\$48,105,000 2016 Collier County Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds due in annual installments of \$5,035,000 to \$7,090,000 through July 1, 2036; interest at 5.00% and collateralized by a lien on and a pledge of net revenues of the Collier County Water and Sewer District (District). Bonds were issued for purposes of currently refunding all of the District's remaining 2006 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds.	\$ 48,105,000
\$76,185,000 2019 Collier County Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds due in annual installments of \$4,385,000 to \$14,160,000 through July 1, 2039; interest at 3.00% to 5.00% and collateralized by a lien on and a pledge of net revenues of the Collier County Water and Sewer District (District). Bonds were issued for purposes of financing the acquisition, construction and equipping of various utility capital improvements within the northeast area of the County.	76,185,000
Total Business-type Activities Revenue Bonds	\$ 124,290,000
Business-type Activities Direct Placement Loans	
\$17,769,080 2013 Collier County Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bond (Bank Term Loan) due in annual installments of \$1,369,430 to \$4,312,275 through July 1, 2021; interest at 1.47% and collateralized by a lien on and a pledge of net revenues of the Collier County Water and Sewer District. Loan was issued to currently refund all of the District's 2003B Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds.	\$ 2,871,427
\$17,687,000 2015 Collier County Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bond (Bank Term Loan) due in annual installments of \$2,533,000 to \$4,561,000 through July 1, 2022; interest at 1.75% and collateralized by a lien on and a pledge of net revenues of the Collier County Water and Sewer District. Loan was issued to advance refund a portion of the District's 2006 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds.	9,954,000
\$35,965,000 2018 Collier County Water and Sewer Revenue Bond (Bank Term Loan) due in annual installments of \$1,560,000 to \$3,945,000 through July 1, 2029; interest at 2.41% and collateralized by a lien on and a pledge of net revenues of the Collier County Water and Sewer District. Loan was issued to finance the acquisition of water and wastewater utility facilities within the Golden Gate Community.	 32,175,000
Total Business-type Activities Direct Placement Loans	\$ 45,000,427
Business-type Activities Notes Payable	
\$166,580 County Water and Sewer District agreement with private developer payable through use of sewer impact fee credits. Non-interest bearing agreement.	\$ 65,557
\$89,982,000 2016 County Water and Sewer District Refunding Revenue Note with Synovus Financial Corporation, due in monthly installments of \$2,881,000 to \$9,574,000 through July 1, 2029; interest at 1.80% and collateralized by a subordinated pledge on the net revenues of the Collier County Water and Sewer District.	
Loan was issued to currently refund all of the District's State Revolving Fund Loans.	 68,576,000
Total Business-type Activities Loans and Notes Payable	\$ 68,641,557
Total Business-type Activities Obligations	\$ 237,931,984
Unamortized Bond Premium	\$ 15,091,976
Business-type Activities Obligations, Net	\$ 253,023,960
Less Current Portion of Business-type Activities Obligations Payable from Unrestricted Assets	\$ (11,558,597)
Less Current Portion of Business-type Activities Obligations Payable from Restricted Assets	 (3,918,424)
Long-Term Portion of Business-type Activities Obligations, Net	\$ 237,546,939

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

SUMMARY OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY

The total annual debt service requirements to maturity of long-term debt, excluding compensated absences, capitalized leases, premiums, discounts and arbitrage rebate liability, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities													
Fiscal		Limited	Ger	neral										
Year	Obligation Bonds					Revenu	е Во	onds	_	Direct Placement Loans				
	ı	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2020	\$	495,000	\$	55,569	\$	15,530,000	\$	8,702,719	\$	8,152,000	\$	3,252,173		
2021		520,000		34,000		13,810,000		7,994,356		10,576,000		3,288,759		
2022		540,000		11,475		14,470,000		7,304,256		10,843,000		3,023,292		
2023		-		-		12,395,000		6,672,407		13,300,000		2,721,153		
2024		-		-		9,070,000		6,116,981		17,966,000		2,381,044		
2025-29		-		-		44,800,000		25,086,066		46,779,000		6,657,347		
2030-34		-		-		48,440,000		16,221,201		22,694,000		1,728,823		
2035-39		-		-		24,380,000		7,814,775		-		-		
2040-44		-		-		13,715,000		4,751,500		-		-		
2045-49			_		_	16,685,000	_	1,720,900	_		_			
Total	\$	1,555,000	\$	101,044	\$	213,295,000	\$	92,385,161	\$	130,310,000	\$	23,052,591		

				Government	tal	Activities				
Fiscal										
Year		Commercial	Pap	per Loans		Notes F	_	Totals		
		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2020	\$	400,000	\$	681,000	\$	490,556	\$	139,494	\$	37,898,511
2021		400,000		657,000		508,308		121,743		37,910,166
2022		400,000		633,000		526,702		103,349		37,855,074
2023		10,300,000		459,000		545,762		84,289		46,477,611
2024		-		-		565,510		64,540		36,164,075
2025-29		-		-		1,504,936		70,193		124,897,542
2030-34		-		-		-		-		89,084,024
2035-39		-		-		-		-		32,194,775
2040-44		-		-		-		-		18,466,500
2045-49		_							_	18,405,900
Total	Ś	11,500,000	Ś	2,430,000	Ś	4,141,774	Ś	583,608	Ś	479,354,178
· Stai	<u>~</u>	11,000,000	<u>~</u>	2, 100,000	<u> </u>	1,1 11,7 7 1	<u>~</u>	330,000	<u>~</u>	17 7,00 4,170

	Business-type Activities													
Fiscal														
Year		Revenu	е В	onds	_	Direct Place	me	ent Loans	_	Notes F	ay	able	_	Totals
		Principal	_	Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2020	\$	-	\$	5,196,781	\$	6,384,464	\$	991,822	\$	9,092,557	\$	1,234,368	\$	22,899,992
2021		-		5,196,781		6,499,963		869,013		9,189,000		1,071,882		22,826,639
2022		-		5,196,781		6,961,000		743,893		7,891,000		906,480		21,699,154
2023		-		5,196,781		3,505,000		606,235		8,034,000		764,442		18,106,458
2024		-		5,196,781		3,585,000		521,765		8,178,000		619,830		18,101,376
2025-29		5,035,000		25,983,905		18,065,000		1,270,311		26,257,000		1,208,340		77,819,556
2030-34		53,355,000		19,741,259		-		-		-		-		73,096,259
2035-39		65,900,000	_	7,188,400	_		_		_		_		_	73,088,400
Total	\$ 1	24,290,000	\$	78,897,469	\$	45,000,427	\$	5,003,039	\$	68,641,557	\$	5,805,342	\$	327,637,834

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

CURRENT YEAR FINANCING ACTIVITIES

On October 24, 2018, Collier County issued the Series 2018 Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds in the par amount of \$62,965,000. These bonds were issued for purposes of financing the development, acquisition, construction and equipping of regional tournament caliber amateur sports complex. The final maturity of the Series 2018 bonds is October 1, 2048, with interest rates from 4.00% to 5.00%.

On April 17, 2019, the Board of County Commissioners of Collier County, Florida and ex-officio as the governing Board of the Collier County Water-Sewer District (District) issued the Series 2019 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds in the par amount of \$76,185,000. These bonds were issued for purposes of financing the acquisition, construction and equipping of various utility capital improvements in the northeast area of the County. The Series 2019 bonds were issued on a parity with the District's outstanding Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2015, Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2016 and Water and Sewer Revenue Bond, Series 2018. The final maturity of the Series 2019 bonds is July 1, 2039, with interest rates from 3.00% to 5.00%.

On July 18, 2019, Collier County issued the Series 2019 Special Obligation Revenue Note (Taxable Bank Term Loan) in the par amount of \$28,060,000. This loan was issued for the purpose of acquiring the real property known as the Golden Gate Golf Course. The final maturity of the Series 2019 Note is October 1, 2029, with an interest rate of 2.74%. The Series 2019 Special Obligation Revenue Note was issued as a direct placement financing, secured with a lien on parity with all outstanding Special Obligation Bonds and Notes.

RESTRICTIVE COVENANTS

According to County resolutions authorizing the issuance of the Series 2010, 2010B, 2011 and 2013 Special Obligation Refunding Revenue Bonds and Series 2017 and 2019 Special Obligation Refunding Revenue Notes, the County has covenanted, subject to certain restrictions and limitations, to appropriate in its annual budget, by amendment if necessary, from non-ad valorem revenues amounts sufficient to pay principal and interest on the combined Special Obligation Bonds and Notes.

According to County resolutions authorizing the issuance of the Series 2012 Gas Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds and Series 2014 Gas Tax Refunding Revenue Bond, the issues are payable from and secured by liens on gas tax revenues.

According to County resolutions authorizing the issuance of the Series 2018 Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds, the issues are payable from and secured by a lien on tourist development tax revenues.

The covenants of the loan agreement authorizing the Florida Local Government Finance Commission loans include appropriation in the annual amounts of non-ad valorem revenues or other legally available funds sufficient to satisfy the loan repayments.

Bayshore Gateway Community Redevelopment Agency (Agency) tax increment revenues are pledged for the repayment of the Agency's Series 2017 taxable note. The Agency has additionally covenanted to budget and appropriate from all legally available non-ad valorem revenues of the Agency to pay the Series 2017 note to the extent the tax increment revenues are insufficient. The Series 2017 note does not constitute an indebtedness of the County and is payable solely from the security provided by the Bayshore Gateway Community Redevelopment Agency. The Agency is required to have a debt service reserve balance with the lending bank of \$315,026 as of the end of fiscal year 2019. The Agency was in compliance with these covenants for the year ended September 30, 2019.

The County Water and Sewer District (District) has pledged future water and sewer customer revenues, net of certain operating expenses, to repay \$169,290,427 in Series 2013, 2015, 2016, 2018 and 2019 revenue bonds and direct placement loans. Proceeds from the bonds and loans were used for the expansion of the District's water and sewer systems as well as the refinancing of bonds issued for purposes of rehabilitation or expansion of the District's water and sewer systems. Principal and interest are payable through July 1, 2039, solely from the net revenues and certain other fees and charges derived from operation of the County's Water and Sewer District (District). The pledge of net revenues by the District from the operation of the system does not constitute a lien upon the system or any other property of the County. The resolutions authorizing the revenue bonds include an obligation for the District to fix, establish and maintain such rates and collect such fees so as to provide in each year net revenues, as defined in the bond resolutions, which together with system development fees (impact fees) and special assessment proceeds (if applicable) received shall be at least 125% of the annual debt service requirements for the bonds; provided, however, that net revenues, net of operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization), were \$65,372,468, and \$80,883,174 when system development fees were included. Principal and interest paid on the bonds during fiscal year 2019 totaled \$10,352,598, providing coverage of 631% and 781%, respectively. In addition, bond covenants require a renewal and replacement amount equal to \$300,000 in the District funds. The District was in compliance with these covenants for the year ended September 30, 2019.

FINANCIAL SECTION

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The District has a note outstanding in the amount of \$68,576,000 with Synovus Financial Corporation. This note is collateralized by a lien on pledged revenues consisting of net revenues from the operations of the County Water and Sewer System and system development fees. The lien is subordinate in all respects to the liens placed upon pledged revenues established by bonded and direct placement loan indebtedness. The District's note was in compliance with these covenants for the year ended September 30, 2019.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

The Constitution of the State of Florida and the Florida Statutes set no legal debt limit.

LEASE OBLIGATIONS

Capitalized leases payable at September 30, 2019 amounted to \$326,394. These obligations, which are collateralized by equipment and vehicles, have total annual installments ranging from \$29,702 to \$187,320 including interest ranging from 0.0% to 4.82% and mature through 2022. As of year-end, equipment currently leased under capital leases in the governmental activities had a historical cost of \$521,716 and accumulated depreciation of \$430,245. Equipment currently leased under capital leases in the business-type activities had a historical cost of \$571,158 and accumulated depreciation of \$371,253.

Future minimum capital lease obligations as of September 30, 2019 were as follows:

	vernmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities		Total		
2020 2021 2022	\$ 92,888 40,233 29,702	\$	94,432 78,693	\$	187,320 118,926 29,702		
Total minimum lease payments	162,823		173,125		335,948		
Less amount representing interest	 (9,554)	_		_	(9,554)		
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 153,269	\$	173,125	\$	326,394		

The County also leases office space, office equipment and storage space under operating leases. These leases expire or are cancellable within the next fiscal year. In the normal course of operations, these leases will be renewed or replaced by other leases. Total rental expenditures for all operating leases within the governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2019 were \$1,918,589. Total rental expenditures for all operating leases within business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2019 were \$501,201.

NOTE 7 - CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

COMPONENT UNIT CONDUIT DEBT

The Industrial Development Authority, Housing Finance Authority, Health Facilities Authority and Educational Facilities Authority, all component units of Collier County, issue debt instruments for the purpose of providing capital financing to independent third parties. Industrial development revenue bonds have been issued to provide financial assistance to public entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities. Housing revenue bonds have been issued for the purpose of financing the development of multi-family residential rental communities. The health facility revenue bonds were issued to provide financing for the construction of health park facilities. The educational facility revenue bonds were used to provide financing for the construction of educational facilities. These bonds were secured by the financed property, a letter of credit or a corporate guarantee. The primary revenues pledged to pay the debt are those revenues derived from the project or facilities constructed. Neither the issuing authority, nor the County, is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds and as such they are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of September 30, 2019, the outstanding principal amount payable on all component unit conduit debt was \$464,266,757 and is made up of the following:

Industrial development revenue bonds	\$ 138,340,000
Housing finance revenue bonds	23,756,750
Health facilities revenue bonds	205,882,339
Educational facilities revenue bonds	96,287,668
Total	\$ 464,266,757

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

BACKGROUND

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, effective December 1, 1970. The FRS is a qualified retirement plan under Section 401(a), Internal Revenue Code, created to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the County are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs.

A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' web site (**www.dms.myflorida.com**).

The County's pension expense totaled \$76,123,081 for both the FRS Pension Plan and HIS Plan for the year ended September 30, 2019.

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

Regular Class - Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.

Elected County Officers Class - Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.

Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) - Members in senior management level positions.

Special Risk Class – Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

BENEFITS PROVIDED

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment and Retirement Age/Years of Service:	% Value (per year of service)
Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Elected County Officers' Class	3.00
Senior Management Service Class	2.00
Special Risk Class Service from December 1, 1970 through September 30, 1974 Service on and after October 1, 1974	2.00 3.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

CONTRIBUTIONS

The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Effective July 1, 2011, all FRS Plan members (except those in DROP) are required to make 3% employee contributions on a pretax basis. The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from October 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 and from July 1, 2019 through September 30, 2019, respectively, were as follows: Regular employees-8.26% and 8.47%; Special Risk – Regular-24.50% and 25.48%; County Elected Officials-48.70% and 48.82%; Senior Management Services-24.06% and 25.41%; and DROP participants-14.03% and 14.60%. The County's contributions to the FRS Plan were \$25,202,730 for the year ended September 30, 2019.

PENSION COSTS

At September 30, 2019, the County reported a liability of \$274,763,972 for its proportionate share of the FRS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by FRS during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2018, through June 30, 2019, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of FRS's participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the County's proportion was 0.797837%, which was a decrease of 0.006831% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$69,387,325 for its proportionate share of FRS's pension expense. In addition, the County reported its proportionate share of FRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	(Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of
Description		Resources		Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$	16,297,036	\$	170,517
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		70,571,210		-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan				
Investments		-		15,201,376
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between County Contributions and				
Proportionate Share of Contributions		6,842,801		2,104,766
County Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		6,413,445	_	
Total	\$	100,124,492	\$	17,476,659

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$6,413,445, resulting from County contributions to the FRS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as an increase in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30	Amount
2020	\$ 28,102,098
2021	9,455,920
2022	19,805,044
2023	14,493,085
2024	3,550,181
Thereafter	828.060

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60% per year

Salary Increases 3.25%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.90%, Net of Pension Plan investment expense

Mortality rates changed from the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB to the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption.

The target allocation, as outlined in the FRS Plan's investment policy, and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Compound	
		Annual	Annual	
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.0%	3.3%	3.3%	1.2%
Fixed income	18.0%	4.1%	4.1%	3.5%
Global equity	54.0%	8.0%	6.8%	16.5%
Real estate (property)	10.0%	6.7%	6.1%	11.7%
Private equity	11.0%	11.2%	8.4%	25.8%
Strategic investments	6.0%	5.9%	5.7%	6.7%
Totals	100.0%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.6%	1.7%

DISCOUNT RATE

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90% for the FRS Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

PENSION LIABILITY SENSITIVITY

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the FRS Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Description	1% Decrease in Discount Rate	Сι	urrent Discount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate	
FRS Plan Discount Rate	5.90%		6.90%	7.90%	
County's Proportionate Share of the FRS Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 474,975,412	\$	274,763,972	\$ 107,553,555	

PENSION PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Detailed information about the FRS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. That report may be obtained through the Florida Department of Management Services website at www.dms.myflorida.com.

RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a non-qualified, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

BENEFITS PROVIDED

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

CONTRIBUTIONS

The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. The FRS contribution rates include a 1.66% HIS Plan subsidy for the periods October 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 and from July 1, 2019 through September 30, 2019, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The County contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding 3 years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled. The County's contributions to the HIS Plan were \$3,792,652 for the year ended September 30, 2019.

PENSION COSTS

At September 30, 2019, the County reported a liability of \$76,421,260 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2018, through June 30, 2019, relative to the total employer contributions received from all participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the County's proportion was 0.683004%, which was a decrease of 0.007062% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$6,735,756 for its proportionate share of HIS's pension expense. In addition, the County reported its proportionate share of HIS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Defe	rred Outflows	Defer	red Inflows of
Description	of	Resources	F	Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$	928,221	\$	93,575
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		8,848,859		6,246,052
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on HIS Program Investments		49,315		-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between County Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		4,381,804		1,302,189
County Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		956,767		-
Total	\$	15,164,966	\$	7,641,816

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$956,767, resulting from County contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as an increase in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending September	
30	 Amount
2020	\$ 2,360,418
2021	2,020,557
2022	1,255,228
2023	49,938
2024	385,424
Thereafter	494,818

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60% per year
Salary Increases	3.25%, including inflation
Municipal Bond Rate	3.50%

Mortality rates changed from the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB to the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2013.

FINANCIAL SECTION

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

DISCOUNT RATE

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.50% for the HIS Plan. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

PENSION LIABILITY SENSITIVITY

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the HIS Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	19	6 Decrease in		Current		1% Increase in
Description	D	iscount Rate		Discount Rate		Discount Rate
HIS Plan Discount Rate		2.50%	3.50%		4.50%	
County's Proportionate Share of the HIS Plan						
Net Pension Liability	\$	87,238,785	\$	76,421,260	\$	67,411,485

PENSION PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary's net position is available in a separately-issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. That report may be obtained through the Florida Department of Management Services website at www.dms.myflorida.com.

SUMMARY

The aggregate amount of net pension liability, related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and pension expense for the County's defined benefit pension plans are summarized below:

	 FRS Plan	HIS Plan	Total
Net pension liability	\$ 274,763,972	\$ 76,421,260	\$ 351,185,232
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	100,124,492	15,164,966	115,289,458
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	17,476,659	7,641,816	25,118,475
Pension expense	69,387,325	6,735,756	76,123,081

NOTE 9 - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. County employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of .06% of payroll from July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019 and .06% of payroll from July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020 in addition to forfeited benefits of plan members. The County's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$5,147,503 for the year ended September 30, 2019.

NOTE 9 – DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN (Continued)

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the County.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

NOTE 10 - TRANSFERS

Transfers between funds were used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires they be collected in to the fund that statute or budget requires they be expended from, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service to the debt service fund as payments become due and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance operating and capital programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Transfers for the year ended September 30, 2019 were as follows:

Transfers from Fund	Transfers to Fund	Amount
Governmental Activities:		
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 60,884,791
	County Water and Sewer	300,769
	Solid Waste Disposal	335,712
	Emergency Medical Services	18,454,300
	Nonmajor Business-type	6,943,625
	Internal Service Funds	110,000
Bayshore Gateway Community		
Redevelopment Agency	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	625,100
Immokalee Community		
Redevelopment Agency	Bayshore Gateway Community Redevelopment Agency	74,100
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	3,777,133
•	Bayshore Gateway Community Redevelopment Agency	136,800
	Immokalee Community Redevelopment Agency	85,000
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	65,009,564
	County Water and Sewer	27,200
	Nonmajor Business-type	61,204
	Internal Service Funds	574,000
Business-type Activities:		
County Water and Sewer	General Fund	7,944,728
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	218,500
	Solid Waste Disposal	787,900
	Internal Service Funds	214,725
Solid Waste Disposal	General Fund	862,722
·	Internal Service Funds	5,900
Emergency Medical Services	Internal Service Funds	9,000
Nonmajor Business-type	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	15,000
Internal Service Funds	General Fund	1,000,000
	Emergency Medical Services	5,800
	Internal Service Funds	 35,800
Total Transfers		\$ 168,499,373

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 11 - NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION

Net position represents the difference between total assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources and is categorized as follows:

Net investment in capital assets: Total capital assets, net of debt issued and deferred amounts on refundings related to the acquisition of these assets and net of depreciation is reported separately in the net position section.

Restricted for growth related capital expansion: Impact fees are restricted for growth related capital expansion.

Restricted for transportation capital projects: Gas taxes and other revenues restricted for transportation capital improvements.

Restricted for tourist development: Tourist development tax proceeds are restricted for tourist related activities.

Restricted for Conservation Collier: Balances generated by the former levy of one quarter mill of ad valorem revenues restricted for the maintenance and management of environmentally sensitive land.

Restricted for community redevelopment: Tax increment revenues generated in the redevelopment areas are restricted for redevelopment purposes.

Restricted for grants: State and federal government grant monies restricted for grant related purposes.

Restricted for infrastructure sales tax capital projects: Infrastructure sales tax proceeds are restricted for infrastructural capital improvements.

Restricted for debt service: Balances are restricted in conjunction with the issuance of bonds and have been funded by operating transfers from the appropriate funds. The use of monies in the sinking fund is restricted to the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt.

Restricted for nonexpendable purposes – other: Balances are restricted in conjunction with the maintenance and management of certain conservation lands for mitigation purposes.

Restricted for special revenues - other: Balances are restricted for specific uses associated with the revenue collected.

Restricted for renewal and replacement: Balance is restricted in conjunction with the issuance of County Water and Sewer District Bondsfor use in funding the cost of additions, replacement or major repair of District capital assets.

Unrestricted: Balances are not restricted for specific purposes.

Governmental funds report fund balances as either spendable or non-spendable as follows:

Non-spendable fund balance: Amounts that are not in spendable form or that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Items that are not spendable also include inventories, prepaid amounts and long term portions of advances, loans and notes receivable.

Spendable fund balance:

Restricted fund balance – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes through restrictions placed upon them by external resource providers such as creditors, grantors or contributors; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes determined by the County's highest decision making authority, the Board of County Commissioners, via ordinance. Commitments may be modified or removed by the Board of County Commissioners only by amending the ordinance that created the original commitment.

Assigned fund balance – Amounts that are intended to be spent for specific purposes as determined by the Board of County Commissioners, but that are neither restricted nor committed to the specific purpose.

Unassigned fund balance – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the County's general fund. Amounts in this classification are spendable but have not been deemed restricted, committed or assigned. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund whose expenditures have exceeded the amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those specific purposes.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, the County spends the restricted amounts first, unless prohibited by law, grant agreements or other contractual arrangement. Further, when committed fund balance is available the County will use it first, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance for purposes in which any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 11 - NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION (Continued)

A detailed schedule of fund balances at September 30, 2019 is as follows:

	General Fund	Bayshore Gateway Community Redevelopment Agency	Immokalee Community Redevelopment Agency	Infrastructure Sales Tax	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:						
Endowments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,794,264	\$ 1,794,264
Inventory	455,899	-	-	-	1,087,880	1,543,779
Advances	333,479	-	-	-	-	333,479
Notes	1,543,206	-	-	-	-	1,543,206
Prepaid costs	50,417	-	-	-	5,200	55,617
Total nonspendable fund balance	2,383,001			-	2,887,344	5,270,345
Restricted for:						
Community redevelopment	\$ -	\$ 12,441,793	\$ 751,883	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,193,676
Federal and state grants	460,575	-	-	-	10,271,058	10,731,633
Infrastructure sales tax capital projects	-	_	-	59,980,446	-	59,980,446
Bond covenants or debt service	_	_	_	-	7,126,856	7,126,856
Transportation growth related capital	_	_	_	_	92,824,664	92,824,664
Parks growth related capital expansion	_	_	_	_	33,065,796	33,065,796
Transportation capital projects	_	_	_	_	59,592,231	59,592,231
Community development	_	_	_		40,094,448	40,094,448
Transportation operations	_	_	_		2,100,564	2,100,564
Tourist development	_	_	_		138,539,317	138,539,317
Conservation Collier	_	_	_		31,426,820	31,426,820
Emergency 911	_	_	_	_	5,941,682	5,941,682
Law Enforcement	-	-	-	-		
	-	-	-	-	8,601,814	8,601,814
General government facilities Libraries	-	-	-	-	4,587,357	4,587,357
	-	-	-	-	1,072,876	1,072,876
Court functions	-	-	-	-	7,951,655	7,951,655
Public records modernization	-	-	-	-	4,690,538	4,690,538
Other purposes					1,249,207	1,249,207
Total restricted fund balance	460,575	12,441,793	751,883	59,980,446	449,136,883	522,771,580
Committed for:						
Special districts	-	-	-	-	34,476,742	34,476,742
Natural resource management	-	-	-	-	3,427,137	3,427,137
Utility regulation	-	-	-	-	1,315,530	1,315,530
Other purposes					1,135,282	1,135,282
Total committed fund balance					40,354,691	40,354,691
Assigned for:						
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	9,050,453	9,050,453
General building & improvements	-	-	-	-	9,306,805	9,306,805
Water management	-	-	-	-	5,285,066	5,285,066
Other purposes	1,115,194	-	-	-	8,334,961	9,450,155
Total assigned fund balance	1,115,194				31,977,285	33,092,479
Unassigned:	103,707,232					103,707,232
Total Fund Balances	\$ 107,666,002	\$ 12,441,793	\$ 751,883	\$ 59,980,446	\$ 524,356,203	\$ 705,196,327

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. A self-insurance internal service fund is maintained by the County to administer insurance activities relating to workers' compensation, health and property and casualty, which covers general, property, auto, public official and crime liabilities. The County self-insurance program covers operations of the Board and the constitutional officers, except for the Sheriff. Under these programs, the self-insurance fund provides coverage up to a maximum amount for each claim. The County purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the self-insurance fund and for all other covered risks of loss.

Claim Type Property and casualty claims	County's Coverage \$50,000 - \$500,000 (\$250,000 named storm deductible; 3% deductible of reported values per damaged building; subject to \$5,000,000 deductible cap)	Excess Carrier's Coverage \$50,000 - \$75,000,000
Auto liability claims	\$300,000	\$300,001 - \$5,000,000
Employee health claims	\$450,000	\$450,001 - Unlimited
Workers' compensation claims	\$500,000	\$500,001 - Statutory

Settled claims have not exceeded the insurance provided by third party carriers in any of the past three years. All divisions of the County, excluding the Sheriff, participate in this program. Charges to operating departments are based upon amounts believed by management to meet the required annual payouts during the fiscal year and to pay for the estimated operating costs of the programs. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 the operating departments were charged \$45,229,270 for workers' compensation, health and property and casualty self-insurance programs.

The claims loss reserve for workers' compensation, health and property and casualty of \$8,923,718 reported at September 30, 2019 was calculated by third party actuaries based upon GASB Statement No. 30, *Risk Financing Omnibus*, which requires that a liability for claims be reported when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The estimated liabilities for unpaid losses related to workers' compensation and property and casualty were discounted at 3.5%. It should be noted that the discount rate is an estimate based on the expected rate of return over extended periods. The estimated liabilities for unpaid losses related to health were not discounted as their turnover period is much shorter. Claims loss reserves of \$4,887,264 are recorded as current liabilities.

The Sheriff participates in the Statewide Florida Sheriff's Self-Insurance Fund for its professional liability insurance. The fund is managed by representatives of the participating Sheriff offices and provides professional liability insurance to participating Sheriff agencies. The Florida Sheriff's Self-Insurance Fund provides liability insurance coverage subject to the following limitations: \$5,000,000 for any one incident or occurrence and \$10,000,000 for an annual aggregate per member.

The Sheriff also participates in the Statewide Florida Sheriff's Self-Insurance Fund program for workers' compensation coverage. The Florida Sheriff's Association Workers' Compensation Insurance Trust (FSAWIT) is a limited self-insurance fund providing coverage for the first \$500,000 of every claim. Re-insurance is provided through a third party insurer for all claims exceeding \$500,000 up to \$15,000,000.

Settled claims have not exceeded the insurance provided by third party carriers in any of the past three years.

Premiums charged to participating Sheriffs are based upon amounts believed by Fund management to meet the estimated annual payouts during the fiscal year and to pay for the estimated operating costs of the program. All liabilities associated with these self-insured risks are reported in the basic financial statements of the Statewide Florida Sheriff's Self-Insurance Fund. The Sheriff cannot be additionally assessed for claims paid by the program.

The Sheriff has also established a self-funded employee health plan. An internal service fund is used to account for the activities of the plan. Excess coverage has been purchased which provides specific claim excess coverage for any one incident exceeding \$200,000. In 2019, there were two covered individuals who had higher deductible amounts because of a history of high claims. Both individuals had deductibles of \$350,000. Specific claim excess coverage for these individuals was for claims exceeding \$350,000. The maximum annual individual stop loss payment amount is unlimited. Payments to the internal service fund are based on actuarial estimates of amounts needed to pay prior year and current year claims including claims incurred but not yet reported.

The claims loss reserve for health of \$2,946,000 reported at September 30, 2019 was calculated by third party actuaries based upon GASB Statement No. 30, *Risk Financing Omnibus*, which requires that a liability for claims be reported when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The entire Sheriff's health claim loss reserve is recorded as a current liability.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

CHANGES IN SELF-INSURANCE CLAIMS PAYABLE

Changes in the self-insurance claims payable for fiscal years 2018 and 2019 were as follows for the County and Sheriff self-insurance programs:

Balance at September 30, 2017	Property and Casualty \$ 1,188,801	Group Health \$ 6,110,000	Workers' Compensation \$ 1,185,958	Total \$ 8,484,759
'	1,100,001	0,110,000	,,,,,,,,,	0,101,703
Current year claims incurred and changes in estimates	15,322,570	60,597,427	886,853	76,806,850
Claim payments	(12,726,286)	(59,700,427)	(728,823)	(73,155,536)
Balance at September 30, 2018	3,785,085	7,007,000	1,343,988	12,136,073
Current year claims incurred and changes in estimates	7,013,280	64,969,121	736,218	72,718,619
Claim payments	(8,062,174)	(64,261,121)	(661,679)	(72,984,974)
Balance at September 30, 2019	\$ 2,736,191	\$ 7,715,000	\$ 1,418,527	\$ 11,869,718

NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

COUNTY'S PLAN DESCRIPTION AND BENEFITS PROVIDED

The County provides post employment healthcare benefits for retirees through a single employer defined benefit plan (County's OPEB Plan) and can amend the benefits provisions. The participants of this plan include retirees of the Board of County Commissioners, the Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller, the Property Appraiser, the Tax Collector and the Supervisor of Elections. The Sheriff also provides post employment healthcare benefits under as separate plan. In accordance with Florida Statute 112.0801, employees who retire and immediately begin receiving benefits from the FRS have the option of paying premiums to continue in the County's health insurance plan at the same group rate as for active employees.

The Board of County Commissioners and the Tax Collector also subsidize the cost of the post employment healthcare for qualifying retirees and each has the authority to amend benefit provisions. The Board of County Commissioners offers a subsidy for its retirees who have at least 60% of eligible accrued sick leave remaining at the time of retirement and have completed 15 years of continuous service with the Board. In addition, the retiree must retire from the Board, be at least 55 years of age or have completed 30 years of service under the Florida Retirement System (FRS) and be eligible to receive an FRS benefit with no break in time. Such employees are eligible to receive a 50% to 100% subsidy toward the cost of coverage under the active plan. A subsidy is currently provided to 24 retirees. The Tax Collector offers a subsidy of 100% the cost of health care for employees with 10 years of service, between the ages of 54 and 64 and who exchange 800 hours of sick leave at retirement for employees hired prior to June 1, 2015. A subsidy is currently provided to 6 retirees.

The County's OPEB Plan is currently being funded on a pay as you go basis. No trust or agency fund has been established for the plan. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

PARTICIPANT DATA

As of September 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	\$ 65
Active employees	2,443
Total employees	\$ 2,508

NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

The County's total OPEB liability of \$9,169,502 was measured as of September 30, 2019 and was determined by an actual valuation as of October 1, 2019. The following table shows the changes in the County's total OPEB liability for the year ended September 30, 2019.

	 Total OPEB Liability	
Balance, as of October 1, 2018	\$ 8,730,722	
Changes:		
Service cost	438,933	
Interest on total OPEB liability	287,048	
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	387,596	
Benefit payments	(674,797)	
Net changes	 438,780	
Balance, as of September 30, 2019	\$ 9,169,502	

OPEB LIABILITY DISCOUNT RATE SENSITIVITY

The following presents the County's total OPEB liability, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	Decrease in		Current	1%	Increase in
Description	Di	scount Rate	D	iscount Rate	Di	scount Rate
OPEB Plan Discount Rate		1.00%		2.00%		3.00%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	9,906,057	\$	9,169,502	\$	8,502,103

OPEB LIABILITY HEALTHCARE TREND RATE SENSITIVITY

The following presents the County's total OPEB liability, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare trend rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare trend rate:

	1%	Decrease in			1	% Increase in
	He	althcare Cost	Н	ealthcare Cost	Н	ealthcare Cost
Description		Trend Rate		Trend Rate		Trend Rate
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate		4.00%		5.00%		6.00%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	8,294,158	\$	9,169,502	\$	10,188,349

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the County's OPEB expense was \$835,132. In addition, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred		
	Outflows of	Defe	rred Inflows
Description	Resources	of I	Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$	- \$	440,795
Changes in assumptions	823,983	3	167,593
	\$ 823,983	\$	608,388

NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be amortized over 4.31 years and will be recognized as follows:

		Deferred		
Year Ending	0	utflows of	Defe	red Inflows
September 30	R	desources	of F	Resources
2020	\$	191,179	\$	156,891
2021		191,179		156,891
2022		191,179		155,524
2023		191,179		107,696
Thereafter		59,267		31,386

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Calculations for financial reporting purposes are based on the benefits provided under terms of the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

The actuarial methods are: Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Actuarial
7.0000.101	<u>=</u>
The actuarial assumptions are:	
Discount rate	2.0% (Based on the 20 year AA municipal bond rate)
Healthcare cost trend rate	6% decreasing to 5% in 2026 and thereafter
Salary increase	3%
New employees	None

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Fully Generational tables using Projection Scale MP-2018.

Since the most recent valuation, the following changes have been made:

The discount rate was changed from 3.25% to 2.0%.

SHERIFF'S PLAN DESCRIPTION AND BENEFITS PROVIDED

The Sheriff provides post employment healthcare benefits for retirees through a single employer defined benefit plan (Sheriff's OPEB Plan) and can amend the benefit provisions. In accordance with Florida Statute 112.0801, employees who retire and immediately begin receiving benefits from the FRS have the option of paying premiums to continue in the Sheriff's health insurance plan at the same group rate as for active employees.

Prior to 2010, the Sheriff subsidized approximately 20% of the cost for both single and family healthcare for its retirees who have 6 years of creditable service with the Sheriff and who receive a monthly retirement benefit from the Florida Retirement System. Approximately 29% of retirees receive the subsidy.

The Sheriff's OPEB Plan is currently being funded on a pay as you go basis. No trust or agency fund has been established for the plan. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

FINANCIAL SECTION

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

PARTICIPANT DATA

As of September 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	125
Active employees	1,122
Total employees	1,247

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

The Sheriff's total OPEB liability of \$21,786,049 was measured as of September 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2018. The following table shows the changes in the Sheriff's total OPEB liability for the year ended September 30, 2019.

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance, as of October 1, 2018	\$ 19,492,497
Changes:	
Service cost	485,365
Interest on total OPEB liability	631,825
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	2,250,569
Benefit payments	(1,074,207)
Net changes	2,293,552
Balance, as of September 30, 2019	\$ 21,786,049

OPEB LIABILITY DISCOUNT RATE SENSITIVITY

The following presents the Sheriff's total OPEB liability, as well as what the Sheriff's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	in Cu	urrent Discount	1% Increase in
Description	Discount Ra	te	Rate	Discount Rate
OPEB Plan Discount Rate	1.	00%	2.00%	3.00%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 23,864,0	77 \$	21,786,049	\$ 19,950,680

OPEB LIABILITY HEALTHCARE TREND RATE SENSITIVITY

The following presents the Sheriff's total OPEB liability, as well as what the Sheriff's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare trend rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare trend rate:

	19	% Decrease in		1	1% Increase in			
	He	ealthcare Cost	H	ealthcare Cost	Н	ealthcare Cost		
Description		Trend Rate		Trend Rate		Trend Rate		
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate		5.00%		6.00%		7.00%		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	19,982,313	\$	21,786,049	\$	23,951,848		

NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the Sheriff's OPEB expense was \$1,266,149. In addition, the Sheriff reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

		Deferred		
	0	utflows of	Defe	rred Inflows
Description	F	Resources	of	Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$	1,762,763	\$	60,888
Changes in assumptions		2,250,569		773,597
	\$	4,013,332	\$	834,485

Amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB will be amortized over 7.17 and 7.09 years and will be recognized as follows:

Year Ending		eferred	D	eferred
September	Οι	ıtflows of	In	flows of
30	Re	esources	Re	esources
2020	\$	603,128	\$	136,740
2021		603,128		136,740
2022		603,128		136,740
2023		603,128		136,740
2024		603,128		136,740
Thereafter		997,692		150,785

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Calculations for financial reporting purposes are based on the benefits provided under terms of the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

The actuarial methods are: Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Actuarial
The actuarial assumptions are:	
Discount rate	2.0% (Based on the 20 year AA municipal bond rate
Healthcare cost trend rate	6% decreasing to 5% in 2021 and thereafter
Salary increase	None
New employees	None

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Fully Generational tables using Projection Scale MP-2017.

Since the most recent valuation, the following changes have been made:

The discount rate was changed from 3.25% to 2.0%.

FINANCIAL SECTION

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

SUMMARY

The aggregate amount of total OPEB liability, related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and OPEB expense for the County's postemployment benefits plans are summarized below:

	County's	Sheriff's	
	OPEB Plan	OPEB Plan	Total
Total OPEB liability	\$ 9,169,502	\$ 21,786,049	\$ 30,955,551
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	823,983	4,013,332	4,837,315
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	608,388	834,485	1,442,873
OPEB expense	835,132	1,266,149	2,101,281

NOTE 14 - LANDFILL LIABILITY

On May 1, 1995, the County entered into a landfill operating agreement with a third party for the privatization of the County's landfill operations. Under the contract, the third party is responsible for the daily operations, capital improvements, closure, postclosure and financial assurance requirements of the active cells within the Naples and Immokalee landfill sites. Collier County is responsible for the postclosure costs relating to portions of the Naples and Immokalee landfill sites. None of the cells that Collier County is responsible for has accepted waste since December 1989. The County is also responsible for staffing and operating the scale house at each site.

In accordance with U.S. Environmental Protection Agency rule *Solid Waste Disposal and Facility Criteria* and GASB Statement No. 18, *Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs*, a liability has been established representing amounts estimated to be spent on postclosure relating to cells for which Collier County is responsible. The County's estimated liability in connection with the landfills is included in the proprietary funds statement of net position. The landfill liability will be reassessed on an annual basis, and any increase due to inflation, changes in technology or additional postclosure care requirements will be recorded as a current cost.

NOTE 15 - SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

LITIGATION

The County is involved as defendant or plaintiff in certain litigation and claims arising in the ordinary course of operations. In the opinion of County legal counsel, the range of potential recoveries or liabilities, other than as disclosed here, will not materially affect the financial position of the County.

STATE AND FEDERAL GRANTS

Grant monies received and disbursed by the County are for specific purposes and are subject to review by the grantor agencies. Such audits may result in requests for reimbursement due to disallowed expenditures. Based upon prior experience, the County does not believe that such disallowances, if any, would have a material effect on the financial position of the County.

ARBITRAGE REBATE

In accordance with the Tax Reform Act of 1986, any interest earnings on borrowed construction funds in excess of the interest costs incurred are required to be rebated to the federal government. The County Water and Sewer District reported an arbitrage liability of \$125,442 as of September 30, 2019.

HURRICANE IRMA

On September 10, 2017, Category 3 Hurricane Irma made landfall in Collier County. Statewide, an estimated 6.5 million Floridians were ordered to evacuate, mostly those living on barrier islands or in coastal areas, in mobile or sub-standard homes and in low lying or flood prone areas. Mandatory evacuations were ordered for portions of Collier County. The primary impacts of Hurricane Irma were widespread power outages and debris, coastal flooding and beach erosion. The County has spent approximately \$104 million on recovery efforts and has budgeted an additional \$20.7 million in the 2020 fiscal year. In 2019, the County recognized \$6.4 million in insurance proceeds and \$44.7 million in revenue from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). The County continues to expect significant reimbursements from both insurance and FEMA.

In September 2018, the County filed a suit against the County's property insurance carriers and insurance broker to recover costs incurred for debris removal from roadways and medians under the County's property insurance policy. Claims were originally denied due to the determination that the roadways and medians were not "insurable locations". The County estimates a favorable ruling will result in insurance reimbursements up to \$10,000,000.

NOTE 16 - SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Collier County has active construction projects as of September 30, 2019. The projects include road construction, governmental facilities and utilities improvements. At year end, the County's significant commitments with contractors include the following:

	Category	_	Construction ommitments
Governmental Activities:			
Infrastructure Sales Tax	Public Safety	\$	2,543,019
Other Governmental Funds	Public Safety		2,359,605
	Physical Environment		812,071
	Transportation		13,350,457
	Culture and Recreation		28,484,989
Business-type Activities:			
Water and Sewer	Utilities		79,725,788
Other Enterprise Funds	Airports		3,730,639
Total		\$	131,006,568

Encumbrances represent commitments for future expenditures, based on purchase orders or contracts issued, where the goods or services have been ordered but not received. Encumbrance commitments do not include construction contracts, as they are included as contract commitments.

Collier County had the following significant encumbrances as of September 30, 2019:

	Category	 ncumbrance nmmitments
Governmental Activities:		
Other Governmental Funds	General Government	\$ 518,339
	Public Safety	569,779
	Physical Environment	7,811,545
	Transportation	4,593,476
	Economic Environment	758,727
Business-type Activities:		
Water and Sewer	Utilities	2,188,769
Emergency Medical Services	Emergency Medical Services	7,120,169
Internal Service Funds	Motor Pool Capital Recovery	623,586
Total		\$ 24,184,390





Required Supplementary Information



COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's Proportion of the Net Pension						
Liability	0.797837050%	0.804668214%	0.796720676%	0.772938545%	0.736106708%	0.703655077%
County's Proportionate Share of the Net						
Pension Liability	\$ 274,763,972	\$ 242,370,237	\$ 235,664,630	\$ 195,167,590	\$ 95,078,054	\$ 42,933,306
County's Covered Payroll *	\$ 228,455,160	\$ 225,786,565	\$ 212,195,163	\$ 199,870,915	\$ 195,154,275	\$ 184,577,284
County's Proportionate Share of the Net						
Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of						
Its Covered Payroll	120.27%	107.34%	111.06%	97.65%	48.72%	23.26%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage						
of the total Pension Liability	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%

^{*} Covered Payroll consists of pensionable wages calculated as of the respective measurement date, restated for periods 2014 to 2017 pursuant to GASB No. 82, Pension Issues.

SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 25,202,730	\$ 23,401,059	\$ 20,299,090	\$ 20,563,824	\$ 17,830,147	\$ 17,287,796
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually						
Required Contribution	(25,202,730)	(23,401,059)	(20,299,090)	(20,563,824)	(17,830,147)	(17,287,796)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's Covered Payroll - Fiscal Year *	\$ 230,500,331	\$ 226,283,207	\$ 216,521,253	\$ 206,179,415	\$ 193,543,352	\$ 185,505,694
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered						
Payroll	10.93%	10.34%	9.38%	9.97%	9.21%	9.32%

^{*} Covered Payroll - Fiscal Year consists of pensionable wages calculated for the respective fiscal year, restated for periods 2014 to 2017 pursuant to GASB No. 82, Pension Issues.

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's Proportion of the Net Pension						
Liability	0.683003525%	0.690065185%	0.665383863%	0.645620406%	0.642983194%	0.621385755%
County's Proportionate Share of the Net						
Pension Liability	\$ 76,421,260	\$ 73,037,274	\$ 71,145,914	\$ 75,244,385	\$ 65,574,171	\$ 58,101,084
County's Covered Payroll *	\$ 228,455,160	\$ 225,786,565	\$ 212,195,163	\$ 199,870,915	\$ 195,154,275	\$ 184,577,284
County's Proportionate Share of the Net						
Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage						
of Its Covered Payroll	33.45%	32.35%	33.53%	37.65%	33.60%	31.48%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a						
Percentage of the totalPension Liability	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

^{*} Covered Payroll consists of pensionable wages calculated as of the respective measurement date pursuant to GASB No.82, Pension Issues.

SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 3,792,652	\$ 3,750,438	\$ 3,593,353	\$ 3,415,537	\$ 2,614,704	\$ 2,131,155
Contributions in Relation to the						
Contractually Required Contribution	(3,792,652)	(3,750,438)	(3,593,353)	(3,415,537)	(2,614,704)	(2,131,155)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's Covered Payroll - Fiscal Year *	\$ 230,500,331	\$ 226,283,207	\$ 216,521,253	\$ 206,179,415	\$ 193,543,352	\$ 185,505,694
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered						
Payroll	1.65%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.35%	1.15%

^{*} Covered Payroll - Fiscal Year consists of pensionable wages calculated pursuant to GASB No.82, Pension Issues.

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for only those years for which information is available.

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COLLIER COUNTY TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019			2018		2017	
Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Total OPEB liability							
Service Cost	\$	438,933	\$	491,865	\$	464,531	
Interest		287,048		252,345		248,849	
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		- ()	
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		-		(8,258)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		387,596		(221,309)		(======================================	
Benefit payments		(674,797)	_	(625,275)	_	(589,882)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		438,780		(102,374)		115,240	
Total OPEB liability, beginning		8,730,722		8,833,096		8,717,856	
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$	9,169,502	\$	8,730,722	\$	8,833,096	
Sheriff Total OPEB liability							
Service Cost	\$	485,365	\$	520,082	\$	491,420	
Interest		631,825		503,525		502,621	
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		2,048,462		(83,607)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		2,250,569		(898,977)		-	
Benefit payments	_	(1,074,207)		(941,061)		(871,353)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		2,293,552		1,232,031		39,081	
Total OPEB liability, beginning		19,492,497		18,260,466		18,221,385	
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$	21,786,049	\$	19,492,497	\$	18,260,466	

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for only those years for which information is available.



Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Other Supplemental Information



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

ROAD DISTRICTS – To account for taxes levied and expenditures to carry on all work on roads and bridges in the County except that provided for in capital project funds.

<u>UNINCORPORATED AREA MUNICIPAL SERVICES TAXING DISTRICT</u> – To account for revenues derived from and expanded for the benefit of the unincorporated areas of the County.

<u>COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT</u> – To account for building permit and development fees to support licensing, permitting and inspection services.

<u>WATER MANAGEMENT AND POLLUTION CONTROL</u> – To account for taxes levied County-wide to provide water resource management and water pollution control.

PELICAN BAY – To account for taxes levied in the Pelican Bay development to provide water resource management and beautification services.

STORMWATER UTILITY – To account for the accumulation of resources and expenditures related to the management of facilities and services for drainage and flood protection County-wide.

GRANTS AND SHARED REVENUES - To account for the revenues received from federal, state and local grants.

IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS – To account for taxes levied within municipal service taxing districts to provide for specified improvements and/or the maintenance of such improvements.

FIRE CONTROL DISTRICTS - To account for taxes levied within municipal service taxing districts for fire prevention and control.

LIGHTING DISTRICTS - To account for taxes levied within municipal service taxing district for street lighting.

911 ENHANCEMENT FEE – To account for fees levied on each telephone access line in the County for the enhancement of the 911 emergency telephone system.

TOURIST DEVELOPMENT – To account for the 5% tourist development tax.

STATE HOUSING INITIATIVE PARTNERSHIP – To account for state revenues received to provide affordable residential housing for very low to moderate income persons and those who have special housing needs.

800 MHZ INTERGOVERNMENTAL RADIO COMMUNICATIONS PROGRAM FUND – To account for moving traffic violation surcharges received to fund the County's intergovernmental radio communications program.

STATE COURT ADMINISTRATION - To account for County monies used to fund the operation of the court system.

CONFISCATED PROPERTY – To account for the accumulation and expenditure of proceeds from the sale of property confiscated by the Sheriff.

<u>GAC LAND SALES, ROADS AND CANALS</u> – To account for principal and settlement fees received from a 1977 settlement with GAC Properties, Inc., and interest thereon to be expended for the restoration and maintenance of roads, facilities and drainage improvements in the Golden Gate Estates area.

<u>UTILITY FEE</u> – To account for fees to be used to effectively and efficiently regulate private water and wastewater utilities operating within the unincorporated areas of Collier County and the City of Marco Island.

CONSERVATION COLLIER - To account for the acquisition and management of environmentally sensitive lands.

COURT INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY – To account for the accumulation of resources to enhance and increase access to court information.

COURT SERVICES - To account for the accumulation of revenues associated with the function of the local court system.

<u>UNIVERSITY EXTENSION</u> – To account for fund accumulation to meet the educational goals of the Collier County UF/IFAS extension.

COURT FACILITIES FEE – To account for the accumulation of resources to improve court facilities.

AFFORDABLE HOUSING - To account for fees to be used to provide for affordable housing related projects.

AVA MARIA INNOVATION ZONE – To account for the accumulation of resources for economic development in accordance with an approved tax increment financing plan.

<u>OTHER COURT SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS</u> – To account for the statutory surcharge on recording documents to be paid to the Clerk of the Circuit Court for modernization.

FINANCIAL SECTION

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

<u>OTHER PUBLIC SAFETY SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS</u> – To account for the accumulation of resources for the Sheriff's Inmate Welfare, Federal Equitable Sharing and other statutory revenues paid to the Sheriff to fund various inmate welfare, crime prevention and training programs.

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - To account for the accumulation of resources for the following programs:

Miscellaneous Florida Statutes Fee Collections Euclid and Lakeland Assessment

Adoption Awareness Legal Aid Society

Teen Court Law Enforcement Training

Animal Control Domestic Violence

Public Library Juvenile Assessment Center

Law Library Driver Education
Freedom Memorial Crime Prevention

County Drug Abuse

Permanent Funds

RESOURCE RECOVERY PARK ENDOWMENT – To account for the permanent endowment established for the benefit of the County's land conservation program.

PEPPER RANCH CONSERVATION BANK – To account for the permanent endowment established for the benefit of establishing and maintaining a panther habitat land conservation bank.

Debt Service Funds

POOLED COMMERCIAL PAPER PROGRAM – To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of interest and principal on variable rate debt incurred for the acquisition of land for the County's amateur sports park.

<u>GAS TAX REFUNDING REVENUE BONDS</u> – To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of interest and principal on the Series 2012 Gas Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds and Series 2014 Gas Tax Refunding Revenue Bond (bank term loan) incurred in the refinancing of Gas Tax Revenue Bonds.

<u>COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT TAXABLE NOTE</u> – To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of interest and principal on taxable long-term debt incurred for the acquisition of land in the Bayshore/Gateway Community Redevelopment Agency.

<u>FOREST LAKES LIMITED GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS</u> – To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of interest and principal on the Series 2007 Forest Lakes Limited General Obligation Bonds debt incurred to finance the cost of certain roadway lighting, drainage and restoration in the Forest Lakes Municipal Services Taxing Unit.

SPECIAL OBLIGATION REFUNDING REVENUE BONDS – To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of interest and principal on the Series 2010, 2010B, 2011 and 2013 Special Obligation Refunding Revenue Bonds and the Series 2017 Special Obligation Refunding Revenue Note (bank term loan) incurred in the refinancing of variable rate commercial paper loans and revenue bonds. Also used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of interest and principal on the Series 2019 Taxable Special Obligation Revenue Note (bank term loan) used to purchase the Golden Gate Golf Course.

<u>TOURIST DEVELOPMENT TAX REVENUE BONDS</u> – To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of interest and principal on the Series 2018 Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds incurred to pay the cost of the development, acquisition, construction and equipping of a regional tournament caliber amateur sports complex.

<u>OTHER DEBT SERVICE</u> – To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of interest and principal on special assessment debt incurred in the Naples Park area.

Capital Project Funds

COUNTY-WIDE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS – To account for capital projects, designated by the Board of County Commissioners, to be funded by a County-wide one third mil levy.

<u>PARKS IMPROVEMENTS</u> – To account for the expenditure of funds raised specifically for improvements to parks. Projects include land acquisition, design, construction and equipping of certain Community Park sites in the unincorporated areas of the County. Primary funding is ad valorem taxes.

COUNTY-WIDE LIBRARY IMPACT FEES – To account for the receipt and expenditure of library impact fees collected from all qualifying new construction. These impact fees must be used for acquisition of County-wide library facilities.

CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES IMPACT FEES – To account for the receipt and expenditure of correctional facilities impact fees collected from all qualifying new construction. These impact fees must be used for the acquisition/construction of correctional facilities.

EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES IMPACT FEES – To account for the receipt and expenditure of emergency medical service impact fees collected from all qualifying new construction. These impact fees must be used for acquisition/construction of emergency service facilities.

<u>WATER MANAGEMENT</u> – To account for the receipt and expenditure of funds raised specifically for water management purposes. Primary funding is ad valorem taxes.

<u>PELICAN BAY CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS</u> – To account for the receipt and expenditure of funds raised specifically for water management purposes and the restoration of the Clam Bay estuary in the Pelican Bay Development. Primary funding is a special assessment.

<u>PARKS IMPACT DISTRICTS</u> – To account for the receipt and expenditure of parks impact fees collected from all qualifying new construction. The impact fees must be used for the acquisition/construction of park facilities.

ROAD IMPACT DISTRICTS – To account for the receipt and expenditure of road impact fees collected from all qualifying new construction. The impact fees must be used for the acquisition/construction of roads.

ROAD CONSTRUCTION – To account for the receipt and expenditure of gas taxes. Projects include, but are not limited to, right-of-way acquisition, design and construction of various transportation improvements.

GOVERNMENT FACILITIES IMPACT FEES – To account for the receipt and expenditure of government facilities impact fees collected from qualifying new construction. The impact fees must be used for the acquisition and construction of government facilities.

LAW ENFORCEMENT IMPACT FEES – To account for the receipt and expenditure of law enforcement impact fees collected from all qualifying new construction. The impact fees must be used for the acquisition and construction of law enforcement related facilities.

ALL TERRAIN VEHICLE PARK – To account for the receipt and expenditure of funds for the creation of an All Terrain Vehicle park.

AMATEUR SPORTS COMPLEX - To account for major capital expenditures related to the new Amateur Sports Complex.

<u>OTHER CAPITAL PROJECTS</u> – To account for major capital expenditure financed from resources other than proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt and the one third mil levy.

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2019

Special Revenue Funds

100570	Road Districts		Unincorporated Area MSTD			Community evelopment	Water Management and Pollution Control			Pelican Bay	S ⁻	tormwater Utility
ASSETS Cash and investments	Ś	1,909,870	ċ	15,257,221	ċ	42,759,459	ċ	1,215,685	ė	4,098,341	ė	417,208
Cash with fiscal agent	Ų	1,909,070	Ų	10,207,221	Ų	42,709,409	Ų	1,213,003	Ų	4,090,041	Ų	417,200
Receivables:												
Interest		14,915		67,264		136,441		4,641		14,473		2,178
Trade, net		3,120		235,421		3,864		26		3		_,
Notes		-		-		-		-		-		-
Impact Fee		-		-		-		-		-		-
Special assessments		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		859,803		553,860		-		34,156		76,209		-
Due from other governments		26,662		683,112		220,373		9,975		-		-
Deposits		-		-		-		-		-		-
Inventory for resale		-		-		-		-		-		-
Inventory		943,211		18,825		-		86,899		-		38,945
Advances to other funds		-		473,762		626,913		-		-		-
Prepaid costs												
Total assets	\$	3,757,581	\$	17,289,465	\$	43,747,050	\$	1,351,382	\$	4,189,026	\$	458,331
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources And Fund Balances Liabilities:												
Accounts payable Wages payable	\$	241,884 471,855	\$	1,362,796 554,958	\$	432,421 734,518	\$	44,448 60,679	\$	92,958 53,881	\$	44,207 46,638

61,785 Refundable deposits 1,628 Retainage payable 95,165 Advances from other funds 90,845 Total liabilities 713,806 2,026,361 105,127 3,652,602 146,840 Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue Fund balances: Nonspendable 943,211 18,825 86,899 38,945 Restricted 2,100,564 40,094,448 Committed 15,244,279 1,159,356 4,042,186 Assigned 328,541 4,042,186 Total fund balances 3,043,775 15,263,104 40,094,448 1,246,255 367,486 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of

17,289,465 \$

623

2,423,878

43,747,050 \$

1,351,382 \$

4,189,026 \$

458,331

5,258

5,933

67

See accompanying independent auditors' report

resources and fund balances

Due to other funds

Unearned revenues

Due to other governments

Special Revenue Funds

rants and Shared Revenue	In	nprovement Districts		Fire Control Districts		Lighting Districts	E	911 nhancement Fee	_!	Tourist Development	_	State Housing Initiative Partnership		800 MHz ICRP Fund		State Court
\$ 6,257,658	\$	17,139,201	\$	525,073	\$	383,877	\$	2,800,773	\$	81,853,066	\$	3,890,869	\$	241,958	\$	110,401
14,523 157,856		54,891 149 -		3,198 226		1,622 44 -		8,923 - -		265,779 2,316,823		10,928 2,424 375,672		719 23,703		1,174 60,896 -
- 52,486 7,501,222		- - 181,006 -		- - 15,711 -		- 9,564 -		- - -		- 36,536 1,307,647		- - -		- - -		- - -
- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		-		- - -
 13,983,745	_	17,375,247	_	544,208	_	395,107	_	2,809,696	_	85,779,851	-	4,279,893	_	5,200 271,580	_	172,471
\$ 1,774,980 88,370 5,462,409	\$	225,607 18,016 - 7	\$	- - - -	\$	44,332 - - -	\$	55,954 - 174,759 -	\$	1,243,419 109,474 22,660 100	\$	299,413 8,259 -	\$	16,360 - - -	\$	76,426
 290,325 -	_	3,970 81,697 214,775		- - - 268,100	_	- - -	_	- - -	_	- - - -	_	- - -	_	- - -	_	- - -
 7,616,084	_	544,072		268,100	_	44,332		230,713	_	1,375,653	_	307,672	_	16,360	_	76,426
 68,824			_		_		_		_		-		_		_	
- 6,298,837 - -		- - 16,831,175 -		- - 276,108 -		- - 350,775 -		- 2,578,983 - -		- 84,404,198 - -		- 3,972,221 - -		5,200 - 250,020		96,045
6,298,837		16,831,175	_	276,108	_	350,775	_	2,578,983	_	84,404,198	-	3,972,221	_	255,220	_	96,045
\$ 13,983,745	\$	17,375,247	\$	544,208	\$	395,107	\$	2,809,696	\$	85,779,851	\$	4,279,893	\$	271,580	\$	172,471

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2019

Special Revenue Funds

	Confiscated Property	I 	GAC Land Sales, Roads and Canals		Utility Fee	Conservation Collier		Court nformation echnology		Court Services
ASSETS	A 05.0	44 6	705 570		1 000 700	A 00.050.146	^	1 006 777		1 450 107
Cash and investments Cash with fiscal agent	\$ 85,6	511 \$	785,570	\$	1,300,720	\$ 30,950,146	\$	1,206,777	\$	1,450,127
Receivables:										
Interest	3	33	2,515		4,135	100,127		3,811		-
Trade, net		-	-		19,110	-		68,452		25
Notes		-	-		-	-		-		-
Impact Fee		-	-		-	-		-		-
Special assessments		-	-		-	-		-		-
Due from other funds		-	-		-	-		-		-
Due from other governments Deposits		-	-		-	-		-		40,917
Inventory for resale		-	229,733		-	-		-		-
Inventory		_	223,700		_	-		_		_
Advances to other funds		_	-		-	-		-		-
Prepaid costs		-	-		-	-		-		-
Total assets	\$ 85,9	944 \$	1,017,818	\$	1,323,965	\$ 31,050,273	\$	1,279,040	\$	1,491,069
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources And Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Wages payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenues Refundable deposits Retainage payable Advances from other funds			- - - - - - -		- 8,435 - - - - - -	5,493 14,261 - - - - - -		20,868 2,343 - 176,734 - - -		281,583 - - 1,209,486 - - -
Total liabilities			<u>-</u>	_	8,435	19,754	_	199,945	_	1,491,069
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue										
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned	85,9	-)44 - <u>-</u> _	- 1,017,818 - -		- - 1,315,530 -	- 31,030,519 - -		- 1,079,095 - -		- - -
Total fund balances	85,9	44 _	1,017,818		1,315,530	31,030,519		1,079,095		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 85,9	<u>944</u> \$	1,017,818	\$	1,323,965	\$ 31,050,273	\$	1,279,040	\$	1,491,069

See accompanying independent auditors' report

Special Revenue Funds

University Extension					Facilities Affordable				Other Court Special Revenue Funds	_	Other Public Safety Revenue Funds		Other Special Revenue Funds		Total Special Revenue Funds
\$	97,441 -	\$	6,773,992	\$	581,209	\$	211,610	\$	4,743,688	\$	4,173,049	\$	1,176,549	\$	232,397,149
	255 - -		21,040 77,528 -		1,718 - -		660				3,828 85,657 -		3,774 22,143 -		743,865 3,077,470 375,672
	- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - 1,076 -		141 40		- - 1,820,548 9,789,948
	- - - -		- - - -		- - -		- - -		- - - -		- - -		- - -		- 229,733 1,087,880 1,100,675 5,200
\$	97,696	\$	6,872,560	\$	582,927	\$	212,270	\$	4,743,688	\$	4,263,610	\$	1,202,647	\$	250,628,140
\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	2,742 3,238 - -	\$	- - -	\$	53,150 - - -	\$	11,572 - 58,905 -	\$	42,380 4,453 - 303	\$	6,296,567 2,255,804 5,719,357 3,815,833
	- - - -		- - -		- - - -		- - - -		- - -		- - - -		- - - <u>-</u>		5,933 67,383 467,187 482,875
_		_		_	5,980	_		_	53,150	_	70,477	_	47,136	_	19,110,939
	-	_		_		_		_		_				_	68,824
	97,696 -		- 6,872,560 -		- - 576,947		- - 212,270		- 4,690,538 -		- 4,193,133 -		199,366 -		1,093,080 188,715,920 40,354,691
_	97,696	_	6,872,560	_	576,947	_	212,270	_	4,690,538	_	4,193,133	_	956,145 1,155,511	_	1,284,686 231,448,377
\$	97,696	\$	6,872,560	\$	582,927	\$	212,270	\$	4,743,688	\$	4,263,610	\$	1,202,647	\$	250,628,140

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2019

	P	ermanent Funds	<u> </u>		Debt Service Funds									
	Resource Recovery Park Endowment	Pepper Ranch Conservation Bank	Total Permanent Funds	Pooled Commercial Paper Program	Gas Tax Revenue Bonds	Community Redevelopment Taxable Note	Forest Lakes Limited General Obligation Bonds							
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 1,791,199	\$ 393,212	\$ 2,184,411	\$ 1,387	\$ 918,479	\$ 35,948	\$ 627,967							
Cash with fiscal agent	-	-	-		-	317,603	-							
Receivables:														
Interest	5,601	1,243	6,844		2,406	165	1,981							
Trade, net	-	-	-		-	-	-							
Notes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
Impact Fee Special assessments	-	-	-		-	-	-							
Due from other funds	-	-	-	•	-	-	6,474							
Due from other governments	_	_	-	16,687	344,465	-	0,474							
Deposits	_	_	_	10,007	. 344,403	_	-							
Inventory for resale	_	_	_			_	_							
Inventory	-	_	-			-	-							
Advances to other funds	-	-	-			-	-							
Prepaid costs					·									
Total assets	\$ 1,796,800	\$ 394,455	\$ 2,191,255	\$ 18,074	\$ 1,265,350	\$ 353,716	\$ 636,422							
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources And Fund Balances Liabilities:														
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -							
Wages payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
Due to other funds Due to other governments	-	690	690	-	-	-	-							
Unearned revenues	_	090	090			-	-							
Refundable deposits	_	_	_			_	-							
Retainage payable	-	_	-			-	-							
Advances from other funds	-	-	-			-	-							
Total liabilities		690	690	-										
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue					·									
Fund balances:														
Nonspendable	1,582,800	211,464	1,794,264			-	-							
Restricted	214,000		396,301	18,074	1,265,350	353,716	636,422							
Committed	-	-	-			-	-							
Assigned				·	·									
Total fund balances	1,796,800	393,765	2,190,565	18,074	1,265,350	353,716	636,422							
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of														
resources and fund balances	\$ 1,796,800	\$ 394,455	\$ 2,191,255	\$ 18,074	\$ 1,265,350	\$ 353,716	\$ 636,422							

See accompanying independent auditors' report

		Debt Ser	vice Funds			Capital Project Funds										
	Special Obligation Revenue Bonds	Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds	Other Debt Service		Total Debt Service Funds		ounty-Wide Capital provements	<u>lı</u>	Parks mprovements		Count-Wide Library mpact Fees	Correctional Facilities Impact Fees	_	Emergency Medical Services Impact Fees		
\$	97,238 10,257,628	\$ 2,588,564	\$	- \$ -	4,269,583 10,575,231	\$	8,519,311 -	\$	6,243,402	\$	670,852 -	\$ 777,787	\$	3,151,367		
	7,275 -	89		-	11,916 -		31,592 -		19,747 4,853		2,775 -	5,963 -		9,960		
	-	- - -	·	- - -	-		-		-		- 214,603 -	- 91,362 -		61,073 -		
	-	-		-	6,474 361,152		192,180 2,385,865		20,637		384,000 15,249	1,269,000 24,887		194,500 6,872		
	-	-		-	-		-		-		-	- - -		-		
\$	10,362,141	\$ 2,588,653	\$	- - \$	15,224,356	\$	11,128,948	\$	6,288,639	\$	1,287,479	\$ 2,168,999	\$	3,423,772		
\$	-	\$ 36,000	\$	- \$	36,000	\$	1,197,024	\$	364,487	\$	-	\$ -	\$; - -		
	8,061,500 -	- -		-	8,061,500 -		6,507 109,718		5,892 -		-	-		-		
	- - -	- - -		-	-		- 508,894		- - -		- - -	- - -		- - -		
_	8,061,500	36,000	·	 	8,097,500	_	1,822,143	_	370,379	_	<u>-</u>		_	-		
			: <u> </u>					_		_	214,603	91,362	_	61,073		
	- 2,300,641	- 2,552,653		-	- 7,126,856		-		-		- 1,072,876	- 2,077,637		- 3,362,699		
	-			-	- -		9,306,805		5,918,260		-			-		
_	2,300,641	2,552,653			7,126,856		9,306,805	_	5,918,260		1,072,876	2,077,637	-	3,362,699		
\$	10,362,141	\$ 2,588,653	\$	<u>- \$</u>	15,224,356	\$	11,128,948	\$	6,288,639	\$	1,287,479	\$ 2,168,999	\$	3,423,772		

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2019

Capital Project Fund

	Water Management			Pelican Bay Capital pprovements		Parks Impact Districts	Road Impact Districts		Road Construction			Government Facilities mpact Fees
<u>ASSETS</u>												
Cash and investments	\$	400,790	\$	3,978,996	\$	30,598,255	\$ 95,007,25	52	\$	53,857,538	\$	1,923,549
Cash with fiscal agent		-		-		-		-		-		-
Receivables:		6.007		10.074		110,000	200.0			170.007		10 500
Interest		6,237		12,974		112,209	292,37	/5		178,297		13,590
Trade, net Notes		-		3		-		-		-		-
Impact Fee		-		-		1,372,009	3,649,68	- 26		-		236,240
Special assessments						1,372,009	3,049,00	-				230,240
Due from other funds		1,328,093		62,872		2,331,892		_		3,951,878		2,605,000
Due from other governments		-		136,253		122,661	452,13	31		3,249,312		45,218
Deposits		-		-		1,250	102,10	-				-
Inventory for resale		-		-		-,200		-		_		-
Inventory		-		-		-		-		_		-
Advances to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid costs		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	1,735,120	\$	4,191,098	\$	34,538,276	\$ 99,401,44	14	\$	61,237,025	\$	4,823,597
Resources And Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Wages payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenues	\$	421,567 - 66,581 -	\$	248,151 - - - -	\$	100,471 - - - -	\$ 1,849,42	29 - - -	\$	1,630,397 - - - -	\$	- - -
Refundable deposits Retainage payable Advances from other funds		184,725		48,669	_	- - -	1,077,66	55 		14,397	_	- - -
Total liabilities		672,873		296,820		100,471	2,927,09	94		1,644,794	_	
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue						1,372,009	3,649,68	36	_		_	236,240
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned		- - 1,062,247		- - - 3,894,278		- 33,065,796 -	92,824,66	- 54 -		- 59,592,231 -		- 4,587,357 -
-					_	22.065.706	00.004.66		_	E0 E00 001	_	4 507 057
Total fund balances		1,062,247	_	3,894,278	_	33,065,796	92,824,66	<u>4</u>	_	59,592,231	_	4,587,357
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	1,735,120	\$	4,191,098	\$	34,538,276	\$ 99,401,44	<u>14</u>	\$	61,237,025	\$	4,823,597

See accompanying independent auditors' report

Capital	Project	Funds

					Oupitui i i	ojec	t i ulius				
Law Enforcement Impact Fees		_	All Terrain Vehicle Park		Amateur Sports Complex	_	Other Capital Projects		Total Capital Project Funds	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	1,662,498	\$	3,122,428	\$	59,772,573 -	\$	7,673,556 -	\$	277,360,154	\$	516,211,297 10,575,231
	5,588 - -		9,765 - -		192,241 - -		24,934 - -		918,247 4,856		1,680,872 3,082,326 375,672
	98,109		-		-		-		5,723,082		5,723,082
	-		-		-		1,405		1,405		1,405
	471,000		-		-		-		12,811,052		14,638,074
	-		-		-		-		6,438,448 1,250		16,589,548 1,250
	-		_		_		_		1,230		229,733
	-		-		-		-		-		1,087,880
	-		-		-		-		-		1,100,675
				_						_	5,200
\$	2,237,195	\$	3,132,193	\$	59,964,814	\$	7,699,895	\$	303,258,494	\$	571,302,245
\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	4,865,854 - - - -	\$	120,591 - - - -	\$	10,797,971 - 78,980 109,718	\$	17,130,538 2,255,804 13,859,837 3,926,241 5,933
	-		-		-		-		-		67,383
	<u>-</u>		- -		963,841		150,883 9,264		2,949,074 9,264		3,416,261 492,139
		_	<u>-</u>	_	5,829,695		280,738	_	13,945,007	_	41,154,136
_	98,109	_		_					5,723,082	_	5,791,906
	-		-		-		-		-		2,887,344
	2,139,086		-		54,135,119		40,341		252,897,806		449,136,883
	-		3,132,193		-		7,378,816		30,692,599		40,354,691 31,977,285
	2,139,086		3,132,193	_	54,135,119	_	7,419,157	_	283,590,405	_	524,356,203
	2,100,000		0,102,190	_	0 1, 100, 119	_	7,712,107	_	200,070,400	-	02 f,000,200
\$	2,237,195	\$	3,132,193	\$	59,964,814	\$	7,699,895	\$	303,258,494	\$	571,302,245

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

			Special Rev	enue Funds		
Revenues:	Road Districts	Unincorporated Area MSTD	Community Development	Water Management and Pollution Control	Pelican Bay	Stormwater Utility
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 47,516,329	\$ -	\$ 2,494,511	\$ 563,751	¢ -
Licenses, permits and impact fees	-	24,066	27,380,276	485	300,731	-
Intergovernmental	1,983,197	151,837	378		10,277	_
Charges for services	239,335	2,538,324	3,494,353	357,935	10,277	62,500
Fines and forfeitures	-	220,345	-	-	_	-
Interest income	127,445	864,029	1,472,829	55,841	159,127	16,773
Special assessments	-	-	-, ., 2,025	-	4,023,222	-
Miscellaneous	35,523	674,802	49,955	_	1,154	_
Total revenues	2,385,500	51,989,732	32,397,791	2,908,772	4,757,531	79,273
- "					· · ·	
Expenditures:						
Current:		(40((0)	0.045.500			
General government	-	6,436,695	8,245,562	-	-	-
Public safety Physical environment	-	4,272,198 571,558	19,444,745 1,280,936	2,460,731	958,109	2,326,888
Transportation	20,702,797	10,798,033	313,662	2,400,731	2,704,008	2,320,000
Economic environment	20,702,797	93,002	313,002		2,704,000	
Human services	_	93,002	_	_	_	_
Culture and recreation	_	13,156,178	_	_	_	_
Debt service		10,100,170				
Principal	_	_	-	_	-	_
Interest	_	_	_	_	_	_
Fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	600,014	3,592,206	867,307	20,659	180,542	14,599
Total expenditures	21,302,811	38,919,870	30,152,212	2,481,390	3,842,659	2,341,487
Excess (deficit) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(18,917,311)	13,069,862	2,245,579	427,382	914,872	(2,262,214)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Bond issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premiums on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	25,335	3,451	38	-	26,225	800
Insurance proceeds	251,194	253,867	2,186	790	7,317	-
Transfers in	20,170,858	2,001,650	934,700	76,656	110,709	2,648,900
Transfers out	(1,660,358)	(14,246,076)	(9,349,600)	(214,132)	(153,863)	(20,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	18,787,029	(11,987,108)	(8,412,676)	(136,686)	(9,612)	2,629,700
Net change in fund balances	(130,282)	1,082,754	(6,167,097)	290,696	905,260	367,486
Fund balances at beginning of year	3,174,057	14,180,350	46,261,545	955,559	3,136,926	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 3,043,775	\$ 15,263,104	\$ 40,094,448	\$ 1,246,255	\$ 4,042,186	\$ 367,486

Special Revenue Funds

Grants and Shared Revenue	lr	mprovement Districts	_	Fire Control Districts	_	Lighting Districts	Er	911 nhancement Fee		Tourist Development	_	State Housing Initiative Partnership	_	800 MHz ICRP Fund		State Court Iministration
\$ -	\$	4,339,962	\$	1,247,392	\$	839,454	\$	-	\$	31,652,487	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
16,880,457 28,245		73,506 181,954		9,636		-		1,849,336		1,368,295 28,235		1,226,416 -		290,232		166,275 707,795
143,990		549,112 -		34,373		18,559		89,505		2,505,352		132,079		6,327		9,519
331,103	_	10,566			_	9,077			_	129,072	_	306,251	_	144,318	_	4,500
17,383,795		5,155,100		1,291,401	_	867,090		1,938,841		35,683,441	_	1,664,746	_	440,877	-	888,089
833,882 791,781		-		- 1,875,309		-		- 1,924,098		-		-		- 923,432		1,192,683 1,543,015
7,429,558		461,757		-		-		-		2,905,036		-		-		-
707 2,389,556		1,010,283		-		748,221		-		-		- 2,735,985		-		-
4,039,306		-		-		-		-		-		2,/30,980		-		-
19,725		1,043,704		-		-		-		14,828,596		-		-		-
-		-		24,954		-		-		-		-		-		-
-		976		4,749		-		-		-		-		-		-
5,715,187		215,446	_		_			32,216	_	1,333,469	_	1,170	_			4,060
21,219,702	_	2,732,166	_	1,905,012	_	748,221		1,956,314	_	19,067,101	_	2,737,155	_	923,432		2,739,758
(3,835,907)	_	2,422,934	_	(613,611)	_	118,869		(17,473)	_	16,616,340	_	(1,072,409)	_	(482,555)	_	(1,851,669)
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
116		-		25		-		-		11,219		-		-		-
-		10,750		-		-		-		-		-		1,580		-
4,160,440		616,865 (793,419)		581,892 (41,103)		9,564 (23,955)		-		1,928,600 (4,670,255)		- (31,571)		730,400		2,120,300 (108,800)
4460.556	_	<u> </u>	_		-	<u> </u>	_		_		_		_	704.000	_	
4,160,556	_	(165,804)	_	(72,707)	-	(14,391)		(17.470)	_	(2,730,436)	_	(31,571)	-	731,980	_	2,011,500
324,649		2,257,130		(72,797)		104,478		(17,473)		13,885,904		(1,103,980)		249,425		159,831
5,974,188	_	14,574,045	_	348,905	_	246,297	_	2,596,456	_	70,518,294	_	5,076,201	_	5,795	_	(63,786)
\$ 6,298,837	\$	16,831,175	\$	276,108	\$	350,775	\$	2,578,983	\$	84,404,198	\$	3,972,221	\$	255,220	\$	96,045

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Special Revenue Funds

Revenues:	Confiscated Property	GAC Land Sales, Roads and Canals	_	Utility Fee	Conservation Collier	Court Information Technology	Court Services
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	Ś	74,260	\$ 935	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses, permits and impact fees	· -	· -	Ų	74,200	ý 955 -	· -	-
Intergovernmental	_	_		_	4,557	-	427,032
Charges for services	_	_		_	486	876,486	7,223,375
Fines and forfeitures	11,319	_		_	-	-	
Interest income	3,888	27,342		43,809	1,029,157	36,730	67,398
Special assessments	-	-		-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-		-	32,991	-	-
Total revenues	15,207	27,342		118,069	1,068,126	913,216	7,717,805
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	_	_		_	_	813,826	7,717,805
Public safety	41,000	_		_	_	4,572	7,717,000
Physical environment	-	_		271,332	726,624	-	_
Transportation	_	_			-	-	_
Economic environment	-	-		-	-	-	-
Human services	-	-		-	-	26,536	-
Culture and recreation	-	116,155		-	-	-	-
Debt service							
Principal	-	-		-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-		-	-	-	-
Fiscal charges	-	-		-	-	-	-
Capital outlay					1,685,166	18,604	
Total expenditures	41,000	116,155		271,332	2,411,790	863,538	7,717,805
Excess (deficit) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(25,793)	(88,813)		(153,263)	(1,343,664)	49,678	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Bond issued	-	-		-	-	-	-
Loans issued	-	-		-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	-	-		-	-	-	-
Insurance proceeds	-	-		-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-		-	-	-	-
Transfers out					(253,600)		
Total other financing sources (uses)					(253,600)		
Net change in fund balances	(25,793)	(88,813)		(153,263)	(1,597,264)	49,678	-
Fund balances at beginning of year	111,737	1,106,631		1,468,793	32,627,783	1,029,417	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 85,944	\$ 1,017,818	\$	1,315,530	\$ 31,030,519	\$ 1,079,095	\$ -

Special Revenue Funds

	Jniversity Extension	Court Facilities Fee	Affordable Housing	Ave Maria Innovation Zone	Other Court Special Revenue Funds	Other Public Safety Revenue Funds	Other Special Revenue Funds		Total Special Revenue Funds
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 89,800	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	88,818,881
	-	-	150	-	-	-	99,305		27,504,132
	14,429	-	159 41,032	-	1,120,830	820,671	299,166		23,975,447 17,793,499
	-	891,443	•	_	1,120,030	77,187	45,484		1,953,573
	2,649	205,982		5,992	68,556	41,092	37,101		7,765,205
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		4,023,222
	6,052		142,080			9,107	245,304		2,131,855
	23,130	1,097,425	193,920	95,792	1,189,386	948,057	726,360	_	173,965,814
		332,588			971,528		196,543		26,741,112
	-	332,300	-	-	9/1,320	859,832	121,400		31,801,382
	31,317	-	-	-	-	-	-		19,423,846
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		36,277,711
	-	-	79,395	-	-	-	-		5,297,938
	-	-	-	-	-	-	309,105		4,374,947
	-	-	-	-	-	-	113,904		29,278,262
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		24,954
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		5,725
	-	10.004	- 0.041	-	-	- 075 010	- 50.700		14601000
-	31,317	12,324 344,912			971,528	275,319 1,135,151	50,700 791,652	_	14,621,329 167,847,206
	31,317	344,912			971,320	1,133,131	791,032	_	107,047,200
	(8,187)	752,513	112,184	95,792	217,858	(187,094)	(65,292)	_	6,118,608
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		67,209
	23,807	-	-	-	-	150,000	-		551,491
	-	-	224,000	-	-	150,000	256,500		36,722,034 (31,566,732)
	23,807		224,000			150,000	256,500		5,774,002
	15,620	752,513		95,792	217,858	(37,094)	191,208		11,892,610
	82,076	6,120,047	240,763	116,478	4,472,680	4,230,227	964,303		219,555,767
\$	97,696	\$ 6,872,560	\$ 576,947	\$ 212,270	\$ 4,690,538	\$ 4,193,133	\$ 1,155,511	\$	231,448,377

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Pe	rmanent Funds		Debt Service Funds				
	Resource Recovery Park Endowment	Pepper Ranch Conservation Bank	Total Permanent Funds	Pooled Commercial Paper Program	Gas Tax Revenue Bonds	Community Redevelopment Taxable Note	Forest Lakes Limited General Obligation Bonds	
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 509,376	
Licenses, permits and impact fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental	-	- 011 464	- 011 464	-	2,229,931	-	-	
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	-	211,464	211,464	-	-	-	-	
Interest income	- 56,350	6,907	63,257	39	33,686	2,074	21.466	
Special assessments	50,350	0,907	03,237	39	33,080	2,074	21,400	
Miscellaneous	8,059	10,300	18,359	_				
Miscellarieous	0,039	10,300	10,339					
Total revenues	64,409	228,671	293,080	39	2,263,617	2,074	530,842	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Physical environment	1,509	88,506	90,015	-	-	-	-	
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Human services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Debt service								
Principal	-	-	-	400,000	10,830,000	473,424	475,000	
Interest	-	-	-	335,792	2,541,594	156,626	76,181	
Fiscal charges	-	-	-	3,249	1,686	-	2,939	
Capital outlay								
Total expenditures	1,509	88,506	90,015	739,041	13,373,280	630,050	554,120	
Excess (deficit) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	62,900	140,165	203,065	(739,002)	(11,109,663)	(627,976)	(23,278)	
Other financing sources (uses):								
Bond issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Premiums on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Loans issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Insurance proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers in	-	253,600	253,600	729,650	11,350,900	625,100	6,275	
Transfers out							(15,439)	
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	-	253,600	253,600	729,650	11,350,900	625,100	(9,164)	
Net change in fund balances	62,900	393,765	456,665	(9,352)	241,237	(2,876)	(32,442)	
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,733,900	-	1,733,900	27,426	1,024,113	356,592	668,864	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,796,800	\$ 393,765	\$ 2,190,565	\$ 18,074	\$ 1,265,350	\$ 353,716	\$ 636,422	
-								

	Debt Service Fu	ınds		Capital Project Funds								
Special Obligation Revenue Bonds	Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds	Other Debt Service	Total Debt Service Funds	County-Wide Capital Improvements	Parks Improvements	Count-Wide Library Impact Fees	Correctional Facilities Impact Fees	Emergency Medical Services Impact Fees				
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 509,376	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
-	-	-	-	-	584,577	1,108,775	1,947,643	528,858				
-	-	-	2,229,931	3,355,915	81,050	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-	5,999	-	-	-	-				
78,047	1,927	-	137,239	321,995 -	183,778	24,834	41,330	83,548				
				7,551	2,925							
78,047	1,927		2,876,546	3,691,460	852,330	1,133,609	1,988,973	612,406				
-	-	-	-	6,373,985	-	-	10.160	2.001				
-	-	-	-	2,937,739 244,524	-	-	18,162	3,901				
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-	18,307	-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-	7,712	2,463,048	-	-	-				
10,865,000	_		23,043,424	_	_	_	_	_				
7,190,796	1,209,772	_	11,510,761	_	_	_	_	_				
55,057	737,623	-	800,554	-	-	-	-	-				
				5,553,999	1,592,710	416		367,799				
18,110,853	1,947,395		35,354,739	15,136,266	4,055,758	416	18,162	371,700				
(18,032,806)	(1,945,468)		(32,478,193)	(11,444,806)	(3,203,428)	1,133,193	1,970,811	240,706				
-	751,121	-	751,121	-	-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
60,000	-	-	60,000	70.105	-	-	-	-				
-	-	-	-	73,125 3,967,778	912,347	-	-	-				
17,378,600	3,747,000	-	33,837,525	14,635,700	3,850,000	545,100	457,500	3,167,800				
		(13,633)	(29,072)		(22,006)	(1,071,100)	(1,838,000)	(421,600)				
17,438,600	4,498,121	(13,633)	34,619,574	8,475,028	4,740,341	(526,000)	(1,380,500)	2,746,200				
(594,206)	2,552,653	(13,633)	2,141,381	(2,969,778)	1,536,913	607,193	590,311	2,986,906				
2,894,847		13,633	4,985,475	12,276,583	4,381,347	465,683	1,487,326	375,793				
\$ 2,300,641	\$ 2,552,653	\$ -	\$ 7,126,856	\$ 9,306,805	\$ 5,918,260	\$ 1,072,876	\$ 2,077,637	\$ 3,362,699				

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

0		
Canita	l Project	FIINGS

	Water Management	Pelican Bay Capital Improvements		Parks Impact Districts	Road Impact Districts	Road Construction	Government Facilities Impact Fees
Revenues: Taxes Licenses, permits and impact fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- 11,948,088	\$ - 28,305,759	\$ 17,159,619	\$ - 3,633,274
Intergovernmental Charges for services	- 39,753	254,644		-	-	5,144,620 72,821	-
Fines and forfeitures Interest income	- 117,705	113,719		- 965,326	- 2,745,115	- 1,786,390	100,943
Special assessments Miscellaneous	- 249,702	3,428,569		- 10,224	-	550,649	-
Total revenues	407,160	3,796,932		12,923,638	31,050,874	24,714,099	3,734,217
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	-	-		-	-	-	30,989
Public safety	-	-		-	-	-	-
Physical environment	2,170,784	1,058,758		-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-		-	298,480	8,311,302	-
Economic environment	-	-		-	-	-	-
Human services	-	-		-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-		48,307	-	-	-
Debt service							
Principal	-	-		-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-		-	-	-	-
Fiscal charges	-	-		-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	3,005,550	58,753	:	30,557,959	13,283,937	6,152,330	
Total expenditures	5,176,334	1,117,511	;	30,606,266	13,582,417	14,463,632	30,989
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,769,174)	2,679,421	((17,682,628)	17,468,457	10,250,467	3,703,228
Other financing sources (uses):							
Bond issued	-	-		-	-	-	-
Premiums on bonds issued	-	-		-	-	-	-
Loans issued	-	-	:	28,000,000	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	-	-		-	-	-	-
Insurance proceeds	-	-		5,892	-	544,615	-
Transfers in	5,663,438	62,871		-	-	10,805,800	6,460,074
Transfers out	(2,957,806)	(137,384)		(2,938,200)		(11,350,900)	(5,393,900)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,705,632	(74,513)	:	25,067,692		(485)	1,066,174
Net change in fund balances	(2,063,542)	2,604,908		7,385,064	17,468,457	10,249,982	4,769,402
Fund balances at beginning of year	3,125,789	1,289,370		25,680,732	75,356,207	49,342,249	(182,045)
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,062,247	\$ 3,894,278	\$	33,065,796	\$ 92,824,664	\$ 59,592,231	\$ 4,587,357

0:4-1	Project	F
Cabillai	Project	Funds

	Law All Terrain Enforcement Vehicle Impact Fees Park		Amateur Sports Park	Other Capital Projects			Total Capital Project Funds	(Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
\$	- 2,160,462 - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$	- 11,498 - -	\$	17,159,619 50,228,934 8,836,229 118,573	\$	106,487,876 77,733,066 35,041,607 18,123,536		
	53,220 - -	98,558 - 	1,783,173 - 	_	- 180,554 - -	_	8,600,188 3,428,569 821,051		1,953,573 16,565,889 7,451,791 2,971,265		
_	2,213,682	98,558	1,783,173	_	192,052	_	89,193,163		266,328,603		
	- 5,323	-	-		- 61,557		6,404,974 3,026,682		33,146,086 34,828,064		
	-	-	-		-		3,474,066 8,609,782		22,987,927 44,887,493		
	-	-	-		-		0,009,702		5,297,938		
	-	-	-		-		18,307		4,393,254		
	-	9,580	3,970		188,247		2,720,864		31,999,126		
	-	-	-		-		-		23,068,378		
	-	-	-		-		-		11,516,486		
	-	-	-		-		-		800,554		
			14,247,816	_	3,328,129	_	78,149,398	_	92,770,727		
	5,323	9,580	14,251,786	_	3,577,933	_	102,404,073	_	305,696,033		
	2,208,359	88,978	(12,468,613)		(3,385,881)		(13,210,910)		(39,367,430)		
									<u> </u>		
	-	-	62,213,879		-		62,213,879		62,965,000		
	-	-	3,238,363		-		3,238,363		3,238,363		
	-	-	-		-		28,000,000		28,060,000		
	-	-	-		-		73,125		140,334		
	-	-	1,075,400		9,216,113		5,430,632 55,939,796		5,982,123 126,752,955		
	(1,731,100)	-	1,075,400		(11,526)		(38,075,097)		(69,670,901)		
			66,527,642	_		_		_			
	(1,731,100)	- 00.070				116,820,698		-			
		477,259 88,978 54,059,02		5,818,706 103,609,788							
			76,090	_		1,600,451 179,980,617			·		
\$	2,139,086	\$ 3,132,193	\$ 54,135,119	\$	7,419,157	<u>Ş</u>	283,590,405	\$	524,356,203		

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	In		ructure Sales T Igetary Basis)	Гах			Roa (Bud			
	Budget		Actual		Variance	Budget	Budget			Variance
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$ 18,105,338	\$	60,787,027	\$	42,681,689	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses, permits and impact fees	-		-		-	-		-		-
Intergovernmental	-		-		-	1,861,800		1,983,197		121,397
Charges for services	-		-		-	230,000		239,335		9,335
Fines and forfeitures	-		-			-		-		
Interest income	-		277,343		277,343	15,000		93,837		78,837
Special assessments	-		-		-	-		-		- (4.677)
Miscellaneous		_		_		40,200		35,523	_	(4,677)
Total revenues	18,105,338		61,064,370		42,959,032	2,147,000		2,351,892		204,892
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government	-		-		-	-		-		-
Public safety	-		-		-	-		-		-
Physical environment	-		-		-	-		-		-
Transportation	-		-		-	22,435,228		20,702,797		1,732,431
Economic environment	-		-		-	-		-		-
Human services	300,000		48,893		251,107	-		-		-
Culture and recreation	-		-		-	-		-		-
Debt service	-		-		-	-		-		-
Capital outlay	17,805,338	_	1,166,289	_	16,639,049	735,551		600,014		135,537
Total expenditures	18,105,338	_	1,215,182	_	16,890,156	23,170,779		21,302,811	_	1,867,968
Excess (deficit) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures			59,849,188	_	59,849,188	(21,023,779)		(18,950,919)	_	2,072,860
Other financing sources (uses):										
Bonds issued	-		-		-	-		-		-
Premiums on bonds issued	-		-		-	-		-		-
Loans issued	-		-		-	-		-		-
Sale of capital assets	-		-		-	-		25,335		25,335
Insurance proceeds	-		-		-	246,550		251,194		4,644
Transfers in	300,000		-		(300,000)	20,169,300		20,170,858		1,558
Transfers out	(300,000)			_	300,000	(1,658,800)		(1,660,358)	_	(1,558)
Total other financing sources (uses)					-	18,757,050		18,787,029		29,979
Net change in fund balances	-		59,849,188		59,849,188	(2,266,729)		(163,890)		2,102,839
Fund balances at beginning of year			-	_	-	2,266,729		2,266,729		<u>-</u>
Fund balances at end of year	\$ -	\$	59,849,188	\$	59,849,188	\$ -	\$	2,102,839	\$	2,102,839
Reconciliation:										
Net change in fund balance, budgetary bas	rie	\$	59,849,188				\$	(163,890)		
Change in fair value of investments	10	Ŷ	131,258				Ŷ	33,608		
Ad valorem refunds not budgeted								-		
Change in inventory			-					_		
Advances budgeted as transfers			-					-		
Unbudgeted funds			-					-		
Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis		\$	59,980,446				\$	(130,282)		

Unincorporated Area MSTD
(Budgetary Basis)

Community Development (Budgetary Basis)

	Budget		Actual	 Variance	 Budget		Actual		Variance
\$	48,706,200	\$	47,516,329	\$ (1,189,871)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
	35,300		24,066	(11,234)	24,074,200		27,380,276		3,306,076
	3,157,700		151,837 2,538,324	151,837 (619,376)	3,335,600		378 3,494,353		378 158,753
	237,000		220,345	(16,655)	3,333,000		3,494,333		136,733
	122,000		645,062	523,062	143,300		1,082,401		939,101
	206,400		674,802	 468,402	 50,100		49,955		(145)
	52,464,600		51,770,765	(693,835)	27,603,200		32,007,363		4,404,163
	7,610,770		6,436,695	1,174,075	9,234,831		8,245,562		989,269
	4,673,903		4,272,198	401,705	24,504,734		19,444,745		5,059,989
	879,302		571,558	307,744	1,611,600		1,280,936		330,664
	13,792,552		10,795,827	2,996,725	364,900		313,662		51,238
	111,500		93,002	18,498	-		-		-
	13,970,114		13,156,178	813,936	-		-		-
	- 4,985,142		- 3,592,206	- 1,392,936	- 1,362,904		- 867,307		- 495,597
	46,023,283		38,917,664	7,105,619	 37,078,969		30,152,212		6,926,757
	6,441,317		12,853,101	 6,411,784	 (9,475,769)	_	1,855,151		11,330,920
	-		-	-	-		-		-
	-		-	-	-		-		-
	-		-	-	-		-		-
	-		3,451	3,451	-		38		38
	150,682		253,867	103,185	-		2,186		2,186
	5,482,882		5,757,773	274,891	1,054,700		1,054,700		- 0.200.620
	(18,332,694)		(18,129,558)	 203,136	 (18,469,600)	_	(10,078,962)		8,390,638
	(12,699,130)		(12,114,467)	 584,663	 (17,414,900)		(9,022,038)		8,392,862
	(6,257,813)		738,634	6,996,447	(26,890,669)		(7,166,887)		19,723,782
_	11,970,466	_	11,970,466	 	 41,330,536	_	41,330,536	_	-
\$	5,712,653	\$	12,709,100	\$ 6,996,447	\$ 14,439,867	\$	34,163,649	\$	19,723,782
		\$	738,634			\$	(7,166,887)		
			218,967				390,428		
			(2,206)				-		
			127,359				609,362		
		\$	1,082,754			\$	(6,167,097)		
		<u>~</u>	1,002,704			<u> </u>	(0,107,077)		

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Water Man	agement and P (Budgetary Ba	ollution Control sis)		Pelican Bay (Budgetary Basis)						
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance					
Revenues:											
	\$ 2,587,400	\$ 2,494,5			\$ 563,751	\$ (21,249)					
Licenses, permits and impact fees	-	4	85 485	-	10.077	10.077					
Intergovernmental Charges for services	275,000	357,9	35 82,935	1,500	10,277	10,277					
Fines and forfeitures	273,000	337,9	50 62,930	1,300	-	(1,500)					
Interest income	15,000	41,4	11 26,411	9,400	200,959	191.559					
Special assessments	-	71,7		4,176,200	4,023,222	(152,978)					
Miscellaneous	-				1,154	1,154					
Total revenues	2,877,400	2,894,3	42 16,942	4,772,100	4,799,363	27,263					
Evnonditureo											
Expenditures: Current:											
General government	_			_	_	_					
Public safety	_			-	_	_					
Physical environment	2,738,145	2,460,7	31 277,414	1,199,912	958,109	241,803					
Transportation	-			3,428,289	2,704,008	724,281					
Economic environment	-			-	-	-					
Human services	-			-	-	-					
Culture and recreation	-			-	-	-					
Debt service	-			-	-	-					
Capital outlay	26,900	20,6	59 6,241	223,369	180,542	42,827					
Total expenditures	2,765,045	2,481,3	90 283,655	4,851,570	3,842,659	1,008,911					
Excess (deficit) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures	112,355	412,9	52 300,597	(79,470)	956,704	1,036,174					
Other financing sources (uses):											
Bonds issued	-		-	-	-	-					
Premiums on bonds issued	-			-	-	-					
Loans issued	-		-	-	-	-					
Sale of capital assets	-	7	90 790	-	26,225	26,225					
Insurance proceeds Transfers in	42,500	76,6		1,034,500	7,317 110,709	7,317 (923,791)					
Transfers out	(230,200)	(214,1									
Total other financing sources (uses)	(187,700)	(136,6									
Net change in fund balances	(75,345)	276,2		(285,770)	-	1,232,862					
Fund balances at beginning of year	752,845	752,8		2,992,170	2,992,170	-					
	\$ 677,500	\$ 1,029,1		\$ 2,706,400	\$ 3,939,262	\$ 1,232,862					
		-									
Reconciliation:		\$ 276,2	66		\$ 947,092						
Net change in fund balance, budgetary basis Change in fair value of investments	5	\$ 276,2 14,4			\$ 947,092 (41,832)						
Ad valorem refunds not budgeted		14,4	-		(41,032)						
Change in inventory			-		_						
Advances budgeted as transfers			-		-						
Unbudgeted funds			-		-						
Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis		\$ 290,6	96		\$ 905,260						

_		nwater Utility getary Basis)		Grants and Shared Revenues (Budgetary Basis)										
	Budget	 Actual	 /ariance	_	Budget	_	Actual		Variance					
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					
	- -	62,500	62,500		39,128,670 26,962		15,866,922 28,245		(23,261,748) 1,283					
	-	11,923	11,923		35,040		105,290		70,250					
				_	113,739		331,103		217,364					
		 74,423	 74,423	_	39,304,411		16,331,560	_	(22,972,851)					
	-	-	-		2,321,284		833,882		1,487,402					
	-	-	-		240,086		47,143		192,943					
	2,541,200	2,365,833	175,367		14,003,798		7,429,558		6,574,240					
	-	-	-		589,980		707		589,273					
	-	-	-		10,291,598		2,556,044		7,735,554					
	-	-	-		6,917,425 1,010,174		4,039,306 19,725		2,878,119 990,449					
	_	_	_		1,010,174		19,725		990,449					
	40,700	 14,599	 26,101		11,060,830		5,556,678		5,504,152					
	2,581,900	 2,380,432	 201,468	_	46,435,175	_	20,483,043	_	25,952,132					
	(2,581,900)	 (2,306,009)	 275,891	_	(7,130,764)		(4,151,483)	_	2,979,281					
	-	_	_		_		_		_					
	-	-	-		-		-		-					
	-	-	-		-		-		-					
	-	800	800		-		116		116					
	2,648,900	2,648,900	_		6,234,116		4,214,122		(2,019,994)					
	(20,000)	(20,000)	<u> </u>	_	(129,819)	_	(53,682)	_	76,137					
	2,628,900	 2,629,700	 800	_	6,104,297	_	4,160,556	_	(1,943,741)					
	47,000	323,691	276,691		(1,026,467)		9,073		1,035,540					
_		 	 	_	3,197,539	_	3,197,539	_	-					
\$	47,000	\$ 323,691	\$ 276,691	\$	2,171,072	\$	3,206,612	\$	1,035,540					
		\$ 323,691				\$	9,073							
		4,850 -					38,700							
		38,945					-							
		-					-							
		-				_	276,876							
		\$ 367,486				\$	324,649							

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Improvement Districts (Budgetary Basis)							Fire Control Districts (Budgetary Basis)					
		Budget		Actual		Variance		Budget		Actual	\	/ariance	
Revenues:													
Taxes	\$	4,498,900	\$	4,339,962	\$	(158,938)	\$	1,311,000	\$	1,247,392	\$	(63,608)	
Licenses, permits and impact fees		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental		-		73,506		73,506		-		-		-	
Charges for services		259,900		181,954		(77,946)		-		9,636		9,636	
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Interest income		91,600		401,840		310,240		1,000		25,231		24,231	
Special assessments		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Miscellaneous	_		_	10,566	_	10,566	_	1,200	_			(1,200)	
Total revenues	_	4,850,400	_	5,007,828	_	157,428	_	1,313,200		1,282,259		(30,941)	
Expenditures:													
Current:													
General government		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Public safety		-		-		-		2,101,500		1,875,309		226,191	
Physical environment		4,237,100		461,757		3,775,343		-		-		-	
Transportation		2,670,784		1,010,283		1,660,501		-		-		-	
Economic environment		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Human services		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Culture and recreation		1,112,363		1,043,704		68,659		-		-		-	
Debt service		1,000		976		24		-		29,703		(29,703)	
Capital outlay		8,754,138		215,446		8,538,692		-		-		-	
Total expenditures	_	16,775,385	_	2,732,166	_	14,043,219	_	2,101,500		1,905,012		196,488	
Excess (deficit) of revenues													
over (under) expenditures		(11,924,985)		2,275,662		14,200,647		(788,300)		(622,753)		165,547	
` , .											-		
Other financing sources (uses):													
Bonds issued		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Premiums on bonds issued		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Loans issued		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Sale of capital assets		-		10.750		10.750		-		25		25	
Insurance proceeds		-		10,750		10,750		-		-		(11 000)	
Transfers in		5,924,930		5,862,095		(62,835)		593,800		581,892		(11,908)	
Transfers out	_	(6,089,430)	_	(6,038,649)	-	50,781	_	(42,800)	_	(41,103)	_	1,697	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(164,500)	_	(165,804)	_	(1,304)	_	551,000	_	540,814		(10,186)	
Net change in fund balances		(12,089,485)		2,109,858		14,199,343		(237,300)		(81,939)		155,361	
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	14,215,685	_	14,215,685	_	-	_	578,000	_	578,000		-	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	2,126,200	\$	16,325,543	\$	14,199,343	\$	340,700	\$	496,061	\$	155,361	
Reconciliation:													
Net change in fund balance, budgetary basis			\$	2,109,858					\$	(81,939)			
Change in fair value of investments				147,272						9,142			
Ad valorem refunds not budgeted				-						-			
Change in inventory				-						-			
Advances budgeted as transfers				-						-			
Unbudgeted funds			_							-			
Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis			\$	2,257,130					\$	(72,797)			

Lighting Districts (Budgetary Basis)							911 Enhancement Fee (Budgetary Basis)									
	Budget		Actual		Variance	_	Budget		Actual	_	Variance					
\$	871,800	\$	839,454	\$	(32,346)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					
	-		-		-		1,700,000		1,849,336		149,336					
	-		-		-		-		-		-					
	-		13,748		13,748		26,200		65,533		39,333					
			9,077		9,077			_		_						
	871,800		862,279		(9,521)	_	1,726,200	_	1,914,869	_	188,669					
	-		-		-		2,000,200		- 1,956,314		43,886					
	- 889,900		- 748,221		- 141,679		-		-		-					
	-				141,079		-		-		-					
	-		-		-		-		-		-					
	-		-		-		-		-		-					
		_			-	_	222,839	_		_	222,839					
_	889,900	_	748,221	_	141,679	_	2,223,039	_	1,956,314	_	266,725					
	(18,100)		114,058	_	132,158		(496,839)		(41,445)	_	455,394					
	-		-		-		-		-		-					
	-		-		-		-		-		-					
	-		-		-		-		-		-					
	- (00.500)		9,564		9,564		-		-		-					
_	(29,600)	_	(23,955)	_	5,645	_		_		_						
	(29,600) (47,700)		(14,391) 99,667		15,209 (147,367)	_	(496,839)		(41,445)	_	455,394					
	202,400		202,400		-		2,783,700		2,783,700		-					
\$	154,700	\$	302,067	\$	(147,367)	\$	2,286,861	\$	2,742,255	\$	455,394					
		=						=		_						
		\$	99,667					\$	(41,445)							
			4,811 -						23,972							
			-						-							
			-						-							
		\$	104,478					\$	(17,473)							

	Tourist Development (Budgetary Basis)							using Initiativeship F (Budgetary Basis)				
	Budget		Actual		Variance		Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 27,926,600	\$	31,652,487	\$	3,725,887	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Licenses, permits and impact fees Intergovernmental Charges for services	6,500		1,368,295 28,235		1,368,295 21,735		5,537,264 -		1,226,416 -		(4,310,848)	
Fines and forfeitures Interest income Special assessments	528,500 -		- 1,826,464 -		- 1,297,964 -		- 103,025 -		97,646 -		(5,379)	
Miscellaneous	50,000		129,072	_	79,072	_	1,228,185	_	306,251	_	(921,934)	
Total revenues	28,511,600		35,004,553	_	6,492,953	_	6,868,474		1,630,313		(5,238,161)	
Expenditures:												
Current: General government	-		-		-		-		-		-	
Public safety Physical environment	5,099,516		2,905,036		2,194,480		-		-		-	
Transportation Economic environment	-		-		-		- 6,867,304		- 2,735,985		- 4,131,319	
Human services Culture and recreation	- 18,326,017		14,828,596		- 3,497,421		-		-		-	
Debt service			1,000,460		-		- 1 170		- 1170		-	
Capital outlay	22,279,252		1,333,469	-	20,945,783	_	1,170	_	1,170			
Total expenditures	45,704,785		19,067,101	_	26,637,684	_	6,868,474	_	2,737,155	_	4,131,319	
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(17,193,185) _	15,937,452		33,130,637	_		_	(1,106,842)	_	(1,106,842)	
Other financing sources (uses):												
Bonds issued Premiums on bonds issued	-		-		-		-		-		-	
Loans issued	-		-		-		-		-		-	
Sale of capital assets Insurance proceeds	-		11,219		11,219		-		-		-	
Payment to refunding bond escrow	-		-		-		-		-		-	
Transfers in	5,629,500		5,798,598		169,098		-		-		-	
Transfers out	(8,381,205) _	(8,540,253)	_	(159,048)	_		_	(31,571)	_	(31,571)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,751,705) _	(2,730,436)	_	21,269	_		_	(31,571)	_	(31,571)	
Net change in fund balances	(19,944,890)	13,207,016		33,151,906		-		(1,138,413)		(1,138,413)	
Fund balances at beginning of year	67,091,890		67,091,890	_		_						
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 47,147,000	\$	80,298,906	\$	33,151,906	\$		\$	(1,138,413)	\$	(1,138,413)	
Reconciliation: Net change in fund balance, budgetary basis Change in fair value of investments Ad valorem refunds not budgeted Change in inventory		\$	13,207,016 678,888 - -					\$	(1,138,413) 34,433 - -			
Advances budgeted as transfers Unbudgeted funds Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis		¢	13,885,904					Ś	(1,103,980)			
Net change in fund balance, OAAL basis		₹	10,000,904					<u>~</u>	(1,100,500)			

800 MHZ IRCP Fund (Budgetary Basis)							State Court Administration (Budgetary Basis)									
_	Budget		Actual	_	Variance	_	Budget	_	Actual	_	Variance					
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					
	-		-		- (0.00)		150,000		-		-					
	291,100		290,232		(868)		150,000 698,300		166,275 707,795		16,275 9,495					
	800		4,565		3,765		1,000		6,921		5,921					
_	144,100		144,318		218	_			4,500	_	4,500					
_	436,000	_	439,115	_	3,115	_	849,300	_	885,491	_	36,191					
	-		-		-		1,229,840		1,192,683		37,157					
	1,086,900		923,432		163,468		1,584,400		1,543,015		41,385					
	-		-		-		-		-		-					
	-		-		-		-		-		-					
	-		-		-		-		-		-					
	-		-		-		-		-		-					
_	135,000			_	135,000	_	4,060	_	4,060	_						
	1,221,900		923,432	_	298,468		2,818,300	_	2,739,758	_	78,542					
	(785,900)		(484,317)	_	301,583	_	(1,969,000)	_	(1,854,267)	_	114,733					
	-		-		-		-		-		-					
	-		-		-		-		-		-					
	-		-		-		-		-		-					
	-		1,580		1,580		-		-		-					
	730,400		730,400 -		-		2,267,400 (255,900)		2,267,400 (255,900)		-					
	730,400		731,980		1,580		2,011,500		2,011,500		-					
	(55,500)		247,663		303,163		42,500		157,233		114,733					
	75,600		75,600				2,500		2,500							
\$	20,100	\$	323,263	\$	303,163	\$	45,000	\$	159,733	\$	114,733					
		\$	247,663 1,762 -					\$	157,233 2,598 - -							
			-						-							
		\$	249,425					\$	159,831							

		onfiscated Proper		GAC Land Sales, Roads and Canals (Budgetary Basis)					
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance			
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Licenses, permits and impact fees	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Fines and forfeitures	-	11,319	11,319	-	-	-			
Interest income	1,500	2,876	1,376	9,000	20,053	11,053			
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Miscellaneous				16,900		(16,900)			
Total revenues	1,500	14,195	12,695	25,900	20,053	(5,847)			
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Public safety	61,000	41,000	20,000	-	-	-			
Physical environment	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Human services	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	119,063	116,155	2,908			
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital outlay									
Total expenditures	61,000	41,000	20,000	119,063	116,155	2,908			
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(59,500)	(26,805)	32,695	(93,163)	(96,102)	(2,939)			
Other financing sources (uses):									
Bonds issued	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Premiums on bonds issued	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Loans issued	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Sale of capital assets	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Insurance proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Transfers out	(6,753)	-	6,753	-	-	-			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(6,753)		6,753						
Net change in fund balances	(66,253)	(26,805)	39,448	(93,163)	(96,102)	(2,939)			
Fund balances at beginning of year	112,910	112,910		883,300	883,300				
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 46,657	\$ 86,105	\$ 39,448	\$ 790,137	\$ 787,198	\$ (2,939)			
Reconciliation:									
Net change in fund balance, budgetary basis Change in fair value of investments Ad valorem refunds not budgeted		\$ (26,805) 1,012			\$ (96,102) 7,289				
Change in inventory		-			-				
Advances budgeted as transfers		-			-				
Unbudgeted funds									
Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis See accompanying independent auditors' report		\$ (25,793)			\$ (88,813)				

		Utility Fee (Budgetary Basis)	_	Conservation Collier (Budgetary Basis)								
Budg	et	Actual	Variance	_	Budget		Actual	_	Variance				
\$ 6	0,000	\$ 74,260	\$ 14,260	\$	-	\$	935	\$	935				
10	-	-	(100,000)		- 100		4,557		4,557				
10	0,000	-	(100,000)		100		486		386				
	5,000	32,097	27,097 -		302,800		753,623 -		450,823				
				_	326,200	_	32,991		(293,209)				
16	5,000	106,357	(58,643)		629,100		792,592	_	163,492				
					_				_				
	-	-	-		-		-		-				
42	6,300	271,332	154,968		1,168,009		726,624		441,385				
	-	-	-		-		-		-				
	-	-	-		-		-		-				
	-	-	-		-		-		-				
	-			_	2,055,508	_	1,685,166	_	370,342				
42	6,300	271,332	154,968		3,223,517	_	2,411,790	_	811,727				
(26	1,300)	(164,975)	96,325		(2,594,417)		(1,619,198)		975,219				
	,,			-	<u> </u>		(,,,,,,,						
	-	-	-		-		-		-				
	-	-	-		-		-		-				
	-	-	-		-		-		-				
	-	-	-		100		-		(100)				
	-	-	-		1,060,400		1,060,400		-				
					(1,314,000)	_	(1,314,000)	_	(100)				
				_	(253,500)	_	(253,600)	_	(100)				
(26	1,300)	(164,975)	96,325		(2,847,917)		(1,872,798)		975,119				
1,41	3,100	1,413,100		_	32,995,017	_	32,995,017	_	-				
\$ 1,15	1,800	\$ 1,248,125	\$ 96,325	\$	30,147,100	\$	31,122,219	\$	975,119				
		\$ (164,975) 11,712 -				\$	(1,872,798) 275,534 -						
		-					-						
		\$ (153,263)				\$	(1,597,264)						

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Court Information Technology

		(Budgetary Basis))	Court Services						
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance				
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Licenses, permits and impact fees	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	458,456	427,032	(31,424)				
Charges for services	800,000	876,486	76,486	6,159,849	7,223,375	1,063,526				
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Interest income	4,200	26,859	22,659	27,600	67,398	39,798				
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Miscellaneous										
Total revenues	804,200	903,345	99,145	6,645,905	7,717,805	1,071,900				
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government	944,819	813,826	130,993	6,645,905	5,941,962	703,943				
Public safety	27,900	4,572	23,328	-	-	-				
Physical environment	-		-	-	_	_				
Transportation	_	_	_	_	_	_				
Economic environment	_	_	_	_	_	_				
Human services	32,849	26,536	6,313	_	_	_				
Culture and recreation	-		-	_	_	_				
Debt service	_	_	_	-	_	_				
Capital outlay	69,881	18,604	51,277	-	-	-				
Total expenditures	1,075,449	863,538	211,911	6,645,905	5,941,962	703,943				
- (1.5 W) (
Excess (deficit) of revenues	(071.040)	00.007	011.056		1 775 0 40	1 775 040				
over (under) expenditures	(271,249)	39,807	311,056		1,775,843	1,775,843				
Other financing sources (uses):										
Bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Premiums on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Loans issued	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Insurance proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Transfers out										
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Net change in fund balances	(271,249)	39,807	311,056		1,775,843	1,775,843				
Fund balances at beginning of year	802,749	802,749	-	-	-	-				
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 531,500	\$ 842,556	\$ 311,056	\$ -	\$ 1,775,843	\$ 1,775,843				
Reconciliation:										
Net change in fund balance, budgetary basis		6 00.007			6 1775040					
		\$ 39,807			\$ 1,775,843					
Change in fair value of investments Ad valorem refunds not budgeted		9,871			-					
_		-			-					
Change in inventory		-			-					
Advances budgeted as transfers		-			(1 775 0.40)					
Unbudgeted funds		ė 40.670			(1,775,843)					
Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis See accompanying independent auditors' report		\$ 49,678			y -					

	University Extens (Budgetary Basi		Court Facilities Fee (Budgetary Basis)					
Budget	Actual	Variance	_	Budget		Actual	_	Variance
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-	-	-		-		-		-
16,600	14,429	(2,171)		-		-		-
-	1.054	1.054		800,000 50,000		891,443		91,443
-	1,954 -	1,954 -		50,000		150,434 -		100,434
	6,052	6,052	_	-	_		_	
16,600	22,435	5,835	_	850,000		1,041,877		191,877
-	-	-		1,541,181		332,588		1,208,593
68,200	- 31,317	36,883		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		- 1,680,580		- 12,324		- 1,668,256
68,200	31,317	36,883	_	3,221,761		344,912		2,876,849
(51,600)	(8,882) 42,718		(2,371,761)		696,965		3,068,726
-	-	-		-		_		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	23,807	23,807		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
	23,807	23,807	_					
(51,600)			_	(2,371,761)		696,965		3,068,726
74,600	74,600	<u> </u>	_	6,199,084		6,199,084		<u>-</u>
\$ 23,000	\$ 89,525	\$ 66,525	\$	3,827,323	\$	6,896,049	\$	3,068,726
	\$ 14,925 695 -				\$	696,965 55,548 -		
	-					-		
	\$ 15,620	- =			\$	752,513		

Revenue: Budget Actual Variance Budget Actual Variance Taxes \$ \$ \$ \$89,800 \$89,800 \$ Licenses, permits and impact fees 159 159 5 \$ \$ Interpovermental 41,032 41,032 159 5 \$ 4,33 Fines and forfeitures 14,032 13,928 13,928 4,33 4,33 Special assessments 142,052 142,080 28 6 4,33 4,33 Miscellanceou 142,052 142,080 28 6 94,138 4,33 Total revenues 142,052 142,050 28 6 94,138 4,33 Experiment 1 20 1 6 94,13 4,33 Experiment 1 2 1 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			Affordable Hous (Budgetary Basi			Maria Innovation (Budgetary Basis	
Taxes		Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance
Licenses, permits and impact fees 159	Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	- \$ -	\$ 89,800	\$ 89,800	\$ -
Changes for services	Licenses, permits and impact fees	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income	Intergovernmental	-	159	159	-	-	-
Interest income		41,032	41,032	-	-	-	-
Special assessments	Fines and forfeitures	-	-		-	-	-
Miscellaneous	Interest income	-	13,928	13,928	-	4,338	4,338
Total revenues	•	-	-		-	-	-
Current: General government General governmen	Miscellaneous	142,052	142,080	28			
Current: General government	Total revenues	183,084	197,199	14,115	89,800	94,138	4,338
Current: General government	Expenditures:						
Ceneral government	•						
Public safety		_	_		_	_	_
Physical environment	_	_	_		_	_	_
Transportation		_	_		_	_	_
Economic environment 610,447 79,395 531,052 1,000 - 1,000 Human services .		_	-	_	_	_	_
Human services	•	610 447	79 395	531 052	1 000	_	1 000
Culture and recreation Culture and recreation and recrea		-	, ,,,,,,,,		-	_	-
Debt service Capital outlay 2,500 2,341 159		_	-	_	_	_	_
Capital outlay 2,500 2,341 159 — — — — — — — — — 1,000 —		_	-	_	_	_	_
Total expenditures 612,947 81,736 531,211 1,000 - 1,000 Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures (429,863) 115,463 545,326 88,800 94,138 5,338 Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital susued 0		2,500	2,341	159	-	-	-
Over (under) expenditures (429,863) 115,463 545,326 88,800 94,138 5,338 Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued 0					1,000		1,000
Over (under) expenditures (429,863) 115,463 545,326 88,800 94,138 5,338 Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued 0	F (1.5.10) (
Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued	· · ·	(400.060)	115 460	E4E 200	00.000	04100	F 220
Bonds issued	over (under) expenditures	(429,863)	115,463	545,326	88,800	94,138	5,338
Premiums on bonds issued <td>Other financing sources (uses):</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Other financing sources (uses):						
Loans issued - <t< td=""><td>Bonds issued</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>	Bonds issued	-	-		-	-	-
Sale of capital assets -	Premiums on bonds issued	-	-		-	-	-
Insurance proceeds	Loans issued	-	-		-	-	-
Transfers in 224,000 224,000 - <td>Sale of capital assets</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	Sale of capital assets	-	-		-	-	-
Transfers out - <	Insurance proceeds	-	-		-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses) 224,000 224,000 -	Transfers in	224,000	224,000	-	-	-	-
Net change in fund balances (205,863) 339,463 545,326 88,800 94,138 5,338 Fund balances at beginning of year 205,863 205,863 - 116,000 116,000 - Fund balances at end of year \$ - \$ 545,326 \$ 545,326 \$ 204,800 \$ 210,138 \$ 5,338 Reconciliation: Net change in fund balance, budgetary basis \$ 339,463 \$ 94,138 Change in fair value of investments (3,279) 1,654 Ad valorem refunds not budgeted - (3,279) - Change in inventory - -	Transfers out			·			
Fund balances at beginning of year 205,863 205,863 - 116,000 116,000 - Fund balances at end of year \$ - \$ 545,326 \$ 545,326 \$ 204,800 \$ 210,138 \$ 5,338 Reconciliation: Net change in fund balance, budgetary basis \$ 339,463 \$ 94,138 \$ 94,138 Change in fair value of investments (3,279) 1,654 - Ad valorem refunds not budgeted - - - - Change in inventory - - - - -	Total other financing sources (uses)	224,000	224,000	<u>-</u>			
Fund balances at end of year \$ - \$ 545,326 \$ 545,326 \$ 204,800 \$ 210,138 \$ 5,338 Reconciliation: Net change in fund balance, budgetary basis \$ 339,463 \$ 94,138 Change in fair value of investments (3,279) \$ 1,654 Ad valorem refunds not budgeted - - Change in inventory - -	Net change in fund balances	(205,863)	339,463	545,326	88,800	94,138	5,338
Reconciliation: Net change in fund balance, budgetary basis \$ 339,463 \$ 94,138 Change in fair value of investments (3,279) 1,654 Ad valorem refunds not budgeted	Fund balances at beginning of year	205,863	205,863	<u>-</u>	116,000	116,000	
Net change in fund balance, budgetary basis \$ 339,463 \$ 94,138 Change in fair value of investments (3,279) 1,654 Ad valorem refunds not budgeted	Fund balances at end of year	\$ -	\$ 545,326	\$ 545,326	\$ 204,800	\$ 210,138	\$ 5,338
Change in fair value of investments (3,279) 1,654 Ad valorem refunds not budgeted Change in inventory	Reconciliation:						
Ad valorem refunds not budgeted	Net change in fund balance, budgetary basis		\$ 339,463			\$ 94,138	
Change in inventory	Change in fair value of investments		(3,279)		1,654	
	Ad valorem refunds not budgeted		-	-		-	
Advances hudgeted as transfers	Change in inventory		-	-		-	
Advances budgeted as transfers	Advances budgeted as transfers		-	-		-	
Unbudgeted funds	Unbudgeted funds			_			
Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis \$ 336,184 \$ 95,792	Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis		\$ 336,184	<u>. </u>		\$ 95,792	

Other Public Safety Revenue Funds (Budgetary Basis)

Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance
\$ -	\$ -	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
- 1,110,000	- 1,120,830	10,830	70,000	69,862	(138)
30,500	68,556 -	38,056	69,000 17,500	77,187 30,207	8,187 12,707 -
1,140,500	1,189,386	48,886	156,500	177,256	20,756
2,175,700	971,528	1,204,172	-	-	-
-	-	-	1,024,300	239,327	784,973 -
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
573,100	-	573,100	100,000	-	100,000
2,748,800	971,528		1,124,300	239,327	884,973
(1,608,300)	217,858	1,826,158	(967,800)	(62,071)	905,729
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
			(2,767)		2,767
-		<u> </u>	(2,767)		2,767
(1,608,300)	217,858	1,826,158	(970,567)	(62,071)	908,496
3,985,774	3,985,774	<u> </u>	1,306,618	1,306,618	
\$ 2,377,474	\$ 4,203,632	\$ 1,826,158	\$ 336,051	\$ 1,244,547	\$ 908,496
	\$ 217,858			\$ (62,071)	
	- -			10,885 - -	
	-			-	
	\$ 217,858			14,092 \$ (37,094)	

Other Court Special Revenue Funds

See accompanying independent auditors' report

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Othe	r Special Revenue	Funds	Resource	e Recovery Park End	dowment
		(Budgetary Basis)		(Budgetary Basis)	
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses, permits and impact fees	51,000	99,305	48,305	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	242,900	299,166	56,266	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	40,000	45,484	5,484	-	-	-
Interest income	6,700	27,052	20,352	20,000	41,205	21,205
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	187,081	245,304	58,223	300	8,059	7,759
Total revenues	527,681	716,311	188,630	20,300	49,264	28,964
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	245,300	196,543	48,757	-	-	-
Public safety	121,400	121,400	-	-	-	-
Physical environment	-	-	-	23,900	1,509	22,391
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	-	-
Human services	323,500	309,105	14,395	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	277,281	113,904	163,377	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	107,000	50,700	56,300	-	-	-
Total expenditures	1,074,481	791,652	282,829	23,900	1,509	22,391
· ·	1,071,101	771,002	202,027		1,005	
Excess (deficit) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(546,800)	(75,341)	471,459	(3,600)	47,755	51,355
Other financing sources (uses):						
Bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premiums on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	256,500	256,500	_	-	_	-
Transfers out		-	_	-	_	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	256,500	256,500				
Net change in fund balances	(290,300)	· '	471,459	(3,600)	47,755	51,355
Fund balances at beginning of year	808,900	808,900	-	1,733,200	1,733,200	-
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 518,600	·	\$ 471,459	\$ 1,729,600	\$ 1,780,955	\$ 51,355
Reconciliation:		· 			· 	
Net change in fund balance, budgetary basis		\$ 181,159			\$ 47,755	
Change in fair value of investments		10,049			15,145	
Ad valorem refunds not budgeted		-			-	
Change in inventory		-			-	
Advances budgeted as transfers		-			-	
Unbudgeted funds		6 101 202			6 60,000	
Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis		\$ 191,208			\$ 62,900	

Peppei	Ranch Conservation (Budgetary Basis)		Pooled Commercial Paper Program (Budgetary Basis)					
Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance			
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- \$ -	\$ -			
-	-	-		-	-			
- -	211,464	211,464			-			
-	4,848	4,848		- 32	32			
	10,300	10,300		<u> </u>	- 			
	226,612	226,612		_ 32	32			
-	-	-			-			
- 195,300	- 88,506	106,794			-			
-	-	-			-			
-	-	-			-			
-	-	-			-			
-	-	-	763,50	739,041	24,459			
195,300	88,506	106,794	763,50	739,041	24,459			
(195,300)	138,106	333,406	(763,50	(739,009)	24,491			
-	-	-			-			
-	-	-			-			
-	-	-			-			
253,600	253,600	-	763,50	729,650	(33,850)			
253,600	253,600		763,50	729,650	(33,850)			
58,300	391,706	333,406		- (9,359)				
-	-	-			-			
\$ 58,300	\$ 391,706	\$ 333,406	\$	- \$ (9,359)) \$ (9,359)			
	\$ 391,706			\$ (9,359)	.			
	2,059			ş (9,559 <u>)</u>				
	-			-				
	-			-				
					-			
	\$ 393,765			\$ (9,352)	<u>)</u>			

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Ga	s Tax Revenue Bo (Budgetary Basis			Redevelopment T (Budgetary Basis)	
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses, permits and impact fees Intergovernmental Charges for services	1,975,000 -	2,229,931 -	254,931 -	- -	- -	- -
Fines and forfeitures Interest income Special assessments Miscellaneous	1,000 - -	24,767 - -	23,767	- - -	1,945 - -	1,945 - -
Total revenues	1,976,000	2,254,698	278,698		1,945	1,945
Expenditures:						
Current: General government	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety Physical environment	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic environment Human services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service Capital outlay	13,388,600	13,373,280	15,320 	631,200	630,050	1,150
Total expenditures	13,388,600	13,373,280	15,320	631,200	630,050	1,150
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(11,412,600)	(11,118,582)	294,018	(631,200)	(628,105)	3,095
Other financing sources (uses):						
Bonds issued Premiums on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance proceeds Transfers in Transfers out	11,350,900	11,350,900 -	- -	625,100	625,100	- -
Total other financing sources (uses)	11,350,900	11,350,900		625,100	625,100	
Net change in fund balances	(61,700)	232,318	294,018	(6,100)	(3,005)	3,095
Fund balances at beginning of year	983,500	983,500		356,100	356,100	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 921,800	\$ 1,215,818	\$ 294,018	\$ 350,000	\$ 353,095	\$ 3,095
Reconciliation: Net change in fund balance, budgetary basis Change in fair value of investments Ad valorem refunds not budgeted Change in inventory Advances budgeted as transfers Unbudgeted funds Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis		\$ 232,318 8,919 - - - - \$ 241,237			\$ (3,005) 129 - - - - - \$ (2,876)	

		es Limited G nds (Budgeta		_			gation Revenu dgetary Basis)		Bonds
Budget		Actual	Variance	_	Budget	_	Actual	_	Variance
\$ 529,900	\$	509,376	\$ (20,524)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-		-	-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-
2,000		15,812	13,812		12,000		56,985		44,985
-		-	-		-		-		-
531,900	_	525,188	(6,712)	_	12,000	_	56,985	_	44,985
-		-	-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-
555,200 -		554,120 -	1,080		18,147,900 -		18,110,853 -		37,047 -
555,200		554,120	1,080	_	18,147,900	_	18,110,853		37,047
 (23,300)	_	(28,932)	(5,632)	_	(18,135,900)	_	(18,053,868)	_	82,032
-		-	-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-
-		-	-		60,000		60,000 -		-
-		- 6,275	- 6,275		- 17,378,600		- 17,378,600		-
 (20,700)		(15,439)	5,261		-		17,376,000	_	
(20,700)		(9,164)	11,536		17,438,600		17,438,600		-
(44,000)		(38,096)	5,904		(697,300)		(615,268)		82,032
650,700		650,700			2,779,300	_	2,779,300		
\$ 606,700	\$	612,604	\$ 5,904	\$	2,082,000	\$	2,164,032	\$	82,032
	\$	(38,096) 5,654 -				\$	(615,268) 21,062 - -		
		-					-		
	\$	(32,442)				\$	(594,206)		

See accompanying independent auditors' report

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Tourist Dev	relopment Tax Rev (Budgetary Basis)		County-Wide Capital Improvements (Budgetary Basis)						
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance				
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Licenses, permits and impact fees Intergovernmental	-	-		6,143,190	3,355,915	(2,787,275)				
Charges for services	_	_		5,999	5,999	(2,767,273)				
Fines and forfeitures	_	_	-		-	_				
Interest income	-	1,416	1,416	70,000	409,261	339,261				
Special assessments	-	-	-		-	-				
Miscellaneous				<u> </u>	7,551	7,551				
Total revenues		1,416	1,416	6,219,189	3,778,726	(2,440,463)				
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government	-	-	-	6,841,802	6,373,985	467,817				
Public safety	-	-	-	5,040,088	3,657,614	1,382,474				
Physical environment	-	-	-	289,263	244,524	44,739				
Transportation Economic environment	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Human services	-	_	_	38,619	18,307	20,312				
Culture and recreation	_	_	-	8,000	7,712	288				
Debt service	1,961,150	1,947,395	13,755			-				
Capital outlay		<u> </u>	-	16,974,819	5,553,999	11,420,820				
Total expenditures	1,961,150	1,947,395	13,755	29,192,591	15,856,141	13,336,450				
Excess (deficit) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(1,961,150)	(1,945,979)	15,171	(22,973,402)	(12,077,415)	10,895,987				
Other financing sources (uses):										
Bonds issued	751,150	751,121	(29) -	-	-				
Premiums on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Loans issued	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	73,125	73,125				
Insurance proceeds	-	-	-	1,264,259	3,967,778	2,703,519				
Transfers in	3,747,000	3,747,000	-	19,497,205	14,635,700	(4,861,505)				
Transfers out				(4,174,900)	(9,481,700)	(5,306,800)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,498,150	4,498,121	(29	16,586,564	9,194,903	(7,391,661)				
Net change in fund balances	2,537,000	2,552,142	15,142	(6,386,838)	(2,882,512)	3,504,326				
Fund balances at beginning of year				8,051,623	8,051,623					
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,537,000	\$ 2,552,142	\$ 15,142	\$ 1,664,785	\$ 5,169,111	\$ 3,504,326				
Reconciliation: Net change in fund balance, budgetary basis Change in fair value of investments Ad valorem refunds not budgeted Change in inventory Advances budgeted as transfers Unbudgeted funds Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis		\$ 2,552,142 511 - - - - \$ 2,552,653			\$ (2,882,512) (87,266) - - - - - \$ (2,969,778)					

_	P		s Improvement dgetary Basis)	S		_			de Library Impa dgetary Basis)		Fee
	Budget		Actual	_	Variance		Budget	_	Actual		Variance
\$	- 615,000 -	\$	584,577 81,050	\$	(30,423) 81,050	\$	825,000 -	\$	- 1,108,775 -	\$	- 283,775 -
	32,000 -		233,897 -		- - 201,897 -		7,000 -		31,337 -		- - 24,337 -
	647,000	_	2,925 902,449	_	2,925 255,449		832,000	_	1,140,112	_	308,112
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	- -		-		-		-		- -		-
	3,340,025		2,463,048		876,977		89,598		-		89,598
	6,623,957		1,592,710	_	5,031,247	_	456		416	_	40
	9,963,982	_	4,055,758		5,908,224	_	90,054	_	416	_	89,638
_	(9,316,982)	_	(3,153,309)	_	6,163,673	_	741,946	_	1,139,696	_	397,750
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	791,543		912,347		120,804		-		-		-
	4,822,000 (24,625)		3,850,000 (22,006)		(972,000) 2,619		233,500 (1,071,100)		233,500 (1,071,100)		-
_	5,588,918		4,740,341	_	(848,577)	_	(837,600)		(837,600)	_	
	(3,728,064)		1,587,032		5,315,096	_	(95,654)		302,096	_	397,750
	4,281,766		4,281,766		<u>-</u>		565,854		565,854		-
\$	553,702	\$	5,868,798	\$	5,315,096	\$	470,200	\$	867,950	\$	397,750
		\$	1,587,032 (50,119)					\$	302,096 (6,503)		
			-						- 311,600		
		\$	1,536,913					\$	607,193		

	Correcti	onal Facilities Imp (Budgetary Basis			Medical Services (Budgetary Basis)	npact Fees	
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance	
Revenues:							
Taxes	1 460 000	1047642	407.642	\$ -	\$ -	160.050	
Licenses, permits and impact fees Intergovernmental	1,460,000	1,947,643	487,643	360,000	528,858	168,858	
Charges for services	-	-	-	105,000	-	(105,000)	
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest income	12,000	29,879	17,879	6,000	60,619	54,619	
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous							
Total revenues	1,472,000	1,977,522	505,522	471,000	589,477	118,477	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public safety	159,007	18,162	140,845	177,104	3,901	173,203	
Physical environment Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Economic environment	_	_	-	-	-	-	
Human services	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay				3,001,731	367,799	2,633,932	
Total expenditures	159,007	18,162	140,845	3,178,835	371,700	2,807,135	
Excess (deficit) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	1,312,993	1,959,360	646,367	(2,707,835)	217,777	2,925,612	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Premiums on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Loans issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Insurance proceeds Transfers in	457,500	457,500	-	1,205,000	1,205,000	-	
Transfers out	(1,838,000)			(421,600)	(421,600)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,380,500)	(1,380,500)		783,400	783,400		
Net change in fund balances	(67,507)	578,860	646,367	(1,924,435)	1,001,177	2,925,612	
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,557,707	1,557,707		2,274,135	2,274,135		
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,490,200	\$ 2,136,567	\$ 646,367	\$ 349,700	\$ 3,275,312	\$ 2,925,612	
Reconciliation:							
Net change in fund balance, budgetary basis		\$ 578,860			\$ 1,001,177		
Change in fair value of investments		11,451			22,929		
Ad valorem refunds not budgeted		-			-		
Change in inventory		-			1.000.000		
Advances budgeted as transfers Unbudgeted funds		-			1,962,800		
Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis		\$ 590,311			\$ 2,986,906		

		er Managemer dgetary Basis)			_		-	Capital Impro dgetary Basis)		ents
Budget		Actual	_	Variance	_	Budget		Actual		Variance
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
- 39,753		39,753		- - -		- - -		254,644 -		254,644 -
97,000 -		145,273		48,273		5,500 3,558,800		144,850 3,428,569		139,350 (130,231)
136,753	_	249,702 434,728	_	249,702	_	3,564,300	_	3,828,063	_	263,763
- - 7,652,133		- - 2,170,784		- - 5,481,349		- - 1,493,603		- - 1,058,758		- - 434,845
- - - -		- - - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		
14,420,412 22,072,545		3,005,550 5,176,334	_	11,414,862 16,896,211	_	2,714,487 4,208,090	_	58,753 1,117,511	_	2,655,734 3,090,579
(21,935,792)	_	(4,741,606)	_	17,194,186	_	(643,790)	_	2,710,552	_	3,354,342
- - -		- - -		- - -		-		- - -		-
20,100,000 (4,613,292)		5,663,438 (2,957,806)	_	(14,436,562) 1,655,486	_	1,000,000 (1,193,400)	_	62,871 (137,384)		(937,129) 1,056,016
15,486,708	_	2,705,632	_	(12,781,076)	_	(193,400)	_	(74,513)	_	118,887
(6,449,084)		(2,035,974) 6,453,984		4,413,110		(837,190)		2,636,039		3,473,229
6,453,984 \$ 4,900	\$	4,418,010	\$	4,413,110	\$	1,068,144 230,954	\$	1,068,144 3,704,183	\$	3,473,229
	\$	(2,035,974) (27,568) - - -					\$	2,636,039 (31,131) - - -		
	\$	(2,063,542)					\$	2,604,908		

		irks Impact Distric (Budgetary Basis)	ts	Road Impact Districts (Budgetary Basis)					
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance			
Revenues: Taxes Licenses, permits and impact fees Intergovernmental	\$ - 8,325,000	\$ - 11,948,088	\$ - 3,623,088	\$ - 13,600,000	\$ - 28,305,759	\$ - 14,705,759			
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Interest income Special assessments Miscellaneous	- - 112,000 - -	701,397 - 10,224	589,397 - 10,224	200,000 - -	3,492,472 - -	3,292,472 - -			
Total revenues	8,437,000	12,659,709	4,222,709	13,800,000	31,798,231	17,998,231			
Expenditures: Current:									
General government Public safety Physical environment Transportation	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - 4,288,589	- - - 298,480	- - - 3,990,109			
Economic environment Human services Culture and recreation	- - 262,034	- - 48,307	- - 213,727	- -	-	-			
Debt service Capital outlay	55,354,039	30,557,959	24,796,080	53,830,801	13,283,937	40,546,864			
Total expenditures	55,616,073	30,606,266	25,009,807	58,119,390	13,582,417	44,536,973			
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(47,179,073)	(17,946,557)	29,232,516	(44,319,390)	18,215,814	62,535,204			
Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued Premiums on bonds issued Loans issued Sale of capital assets Insurance proceeds Transfers in Transfers out	28,500,000 - - - - (2,938,200)	28,000,000 - 5,892 - (2,938,200)	- (500,000) - 5,892 -	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - -			
Total other financing sources (uses)	25,561,800	25,067,692	(494,108)						
Net change in fund balances	(21,617,273)	7,121,135	28,738,408	(44,319,390)	18,215,814	62,535,204			
Fund balances at beginning of year	24,530,515	24,530,515		72,787,897	72,787,897				
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,913,242	\$ 31,651,650	\$ 28,738,408	\$ 28,468,507	\$ 91,003,711	\$ 62,535,204			
Reconciliation: Net change in fund balance, budgetary basis Change in fair value of investments Ad valorem refunds not budgeted Change in inventory Advances budgeted as transfers Unbudgeted funds Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis		\$ 7,121,135 263,929 - - - - - \$ 7,385,064			\$ 18,215,814 (747,357) - - - - \$ 17,468,457				

(Government Facilities Impact Fees (Budgetary Basis)							
Budget	Actual	Variance	_	Budget	_	Actual		Variance
\$ 15,700,000	\$ 17,159,619	\$ 1,459,619		-	\$	-	\$	-
4,500,000 65,321	5,144,620 72,821	644,620 7,500		2,350,000 - -		3,633,274 - -		1,283,274 - -
250,000	2,270,815	2,020,815		20,000		73,152		53,152
800,344	550,649	(249,695)						
21,315,665	25,198,524	3,882,859	_	2,370,000	_	3,706,426	_	1,336,426
-	-	-		130,025		30,989 -		99,036
- 10,324,558	- 8,311,302	- 2,013,256		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
42,402,691	6,152,330	36,250,361	-	408	-		-	408
52,727,249_	14,463,632	38,263,617	_	130,433	_	30,989	_	99,444
(31,411,584)	10,734,892	42,146,476	_	2,239,567	_	3,675,437	_	1,435,870
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-		-		-
530,000 12,805,800 (25,800,900)	544,615 10,805,800 (11,350,900)	14,615 (2,000,000) 14,450,000	_	3,105,900 (5,393,900)	_	3,105,900 (5,393,900)		- - -
(12,465,100)	(485)	12,464,615		(2,288,000)		(2,288,000)		
(43,876,684)	10,734,407	54,611,091		(48,433)		1,387,437		1,435,870
54,810,784	54,810,784		_	3,075,333	_	3,075,333	_	
\$ 10,934,100	\$ 65,545,191	\$ 54,611,091	\$	3,026,900	\$	4,462,770	\$	1,435,870
	\$ 10,734,407 (484,425) -				\$	1,387,437 27,791 -		
	-					3,354,174		
	\$ 10,249,982				\$	4,769,402		

See accompanying independent auditors' report

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Law Enforcement Impact Fee (Budgetary Basis)						All Terrain Vehicle Park (Budgetary Basis)								
		Budget	Actual			Variance		Budget		Actual		Variance			
Revenues: Taxes Licenses, permits and impact fees Intergovernmental	\$	1,310,000	\$	2,160,462	\$		\$	- - -	\$		\$	-			
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Interest income Special assessments Miscellaneous		20,000 - -		- - 38,927 - -		- - 18,927 - -		- 30,000 - -		- 72,080 - -		- 42,080 - -			
Total revenues		1,330,000		2,199,389		869,389		30,000		72,080		42,080			
Expenditures: Current: General government		_		_	-			_		_		_			
Public safety		160,345		5,323		155,022		-		-		-			
Physical environment Transportation Economic environment		- -		-		- - -		-		- -		-			
Human services Culture and recreation Debt service		-		- - -		- - -		40,000		9,580 -		30,420			
Capital outlay		15,209			-	15,209	_								
Total expenditures		175,554		5,323	-	170,231		40,000		9,580		30,420			
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	_	1,154,446	_	2,194,066	_	1,039,620	_	(10,000)		62,500	_	72,500			
Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued Premiums on bonds issued Loans issued Sale of capital assets Insurance proceeds Transfers in		- - - -		- - - -		- - - - -		- - - -		- - - - -		- - - -			
Transfers out		(1,731,100)	_	(1,731,100)	-	-	_	-			_				
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(1,731,100)	_	(1,731,100)	_	-	_	-	_		_				
Net change in fund balances		(576,654)		462,966		1,039,620		(10,000)		62,500		72,500			
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	1,169,154		1,169,154	-		_	3,043,639		3,043,639					
Fund balances at end of year	\$	592,500	\$	1,632,120	\$	1,039,620	\$	3,033,639	\$	3,106,139	\$	72,500			
Reconciliation: Net change in fund balance, budgetary basis Change in fair value of investments Ad valorem refunds not budgeted Change in inventory Advances budgeted as transfers Unbudgeted funds Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis			\$	462,966 14,293 - - - - 477,259					\$	62,500 26,478 - - - - 88,978					
			<u>~</u>	1,7,209					<u>~</u>	30,770					

Amateur Sports Park (Budgetary Basis)				Other Capital Projects (Budgetary Basis)								
Budget		Actual	_	Variance	_	Budget	_		Actual		Variance	
\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	Ş	\$ - 5,000 -	\$		- 11,498 -	Ş	6,498 -	
- - -		2,289,761 -		- - 2,289,761 -		- 10,200 -			- 129,091 -		118,891 - -	
	_	2,289,761	_	2,289,761	-	15,200	-		140,589	-	125,389	
-		-		-		3,376,200 96,966			- 61,557 -		3,376,200 35,409	
		-		-		-			-		-	
4,000		3,970		30		- 747,087			- 188,247		558,840	
66,598,256		- 14,247,816		- 52,350,440		- 5,979,542			3,328,129		2,651,413	
66,602,256	_	14,251,786	_	52,350,470	-	10,199,795	_		3,577,933	_	6,621,862	
(66,602,256)	_	(11,962,025)	_	54,640,231	-	(10,184,595)	_		(3,437,344)	-	6,747,251	
62,213,850 3,238,450		62,213,879 3,238,363		29 (87)					-		-	
-		-		-		-			-		-	
1,075,400 		- 1,075,400 -		- - -		9,214,800 (101,650)			9,216,113 (11,526)		- 1,313 90,124	
66,527,700		66,527,642		(58)		9,113,150			9,204,587		91,437	
(74,556)		54,565,617		54,640,173		(1,071,445)			5,767,243		6,838,688	
74,556	_	74,556	_		_	1,659,745	_		1,659,745	_	-	
\$ -	\$	54,640,173	\$	54,640,173	2	\$ 588,300	\$		7,426,988	5	6,838,688	
	\$	54,565,617 (506,588)					\$		5,767,243 51,463			
	\$	54,059,029					\$		5,818,706			



NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

<u>AIRPORT AUTHORITY</u> – To account for the provision of landing facilities and the sale of fuel at the airports.

<u>COLLIER AREA TRANSIT</u> – To account for the provision of public transportation throughout the County.

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

September 30, 2019

30ptc2015	Airport Authority	Collier Area Transit	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 2,255,478	\$ 1,360,006	\$ 3,615,484
Receivables:			
Trade, net	23,963	11,143	35,106
Interest	8,744	4,093	12,837
Due from other funds	-	1,098	1,098
Inventory	125,495	-	125,495
Restricted assets:			
Cash and investments	109,734	68,123	177,857
Due from other governments	2,913,443	1,797,211	4,710,654
Total current assets	5,436,857	3,241,674	8,678,531
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Land and nondepreciable capital assets	9,795,347	6,146,498	15,941,845
Depreciable capital assets, net	28,954,713	18,562,122	47,516,835
Total noncurrent assets	38,750,060	24,708,620	63,458,680
Total assets	44106017	27,950,294	70 107 011
Total assets	44,186,917	27,950,294	72,137,211
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	4,385	1,686	6,071
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	218,720	86,228	304,948
Total deferred outflows of resources	000.105	07.01.4	011 010
lotal deterred outflows of resources	223,105	87,914	311,019
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	389,327	608,755	998,082
Wages payable	32,386	15,343	47,729
Retainage payable	74,181	-	74,181
Due to other funds	170	3,636	3,806
Due to other governments	4,594	16,502	21,096
Unearned revenues	34,283	-	34,283
Compensated absences	41,898	27,608	69,506
Net pension liability	4,930	1,718	6,648
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:			
Accounts payable	996,548	871,382	1,867,930
Wages payable	-	-	-
Retainage payable	462,419	35,220	497,639
Due to other governments	-	66,445	66,445
Refundable deposits	9,826	50	9,876
Unearned revenue	2,753	-	2,753
Total current liabilities	2,053,315	1,646,659	3,699,974
		.,5 10,000	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Advances from other funds	617,649	-	617,649
Compensated absences	10,475	6,902	17,377
Total OPEB liability	49,107	18,887	67,994
Net pension liability	714,872	277,122	991,994
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,392,103	302,911	1,695,014
Total liabilities	3,445,418	1,949,570	5,394,988
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	3,268	1,303	A 571
			4,571 70,809
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	51,172	19,637	
Total deferred inflows of resources	54,440	20,940	75,380
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	36,917,287	24,545,223	61,462,510
Restricted for grants and other purposes	1,551,564	1,055,633	2,607,197
Unrestricted	2,441,313	466,842	2,908,155
Total net position	\$ 40,910,164	\$ 26,067,698	\$ 66,977,862

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For The fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Operating revenues:	Airport Authority	Collier Area Transit	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 4,619,243 19,498	\$ 1,168,868 34,309	\$ 5,788,111 53,807
Total operating revenues	4,638,741	1,203,177	5,841,918
Operating expenses: Personal services Operating Depreciation	1,113,117 3,667,225 1,541,896	436,930 10,624,993 1,922,517	1,550,047 14,292,218 3,464,413
Total operating expenditures	6,322,238	12,984,440	19,306,678
Operating loss	(1,683,497)	(11,781,263)	(13,464,760)
Non-operating revenues: Operating grants and contributions Interest income Insurance reimbursement Interest expense Gain on disposal of capital assets	74,844 585,498 (8,287) 2,175	4,541,137 45,828 176,532 - 14,820	4,541,137 120,672 762,030 (8,287) 16,995
Total non-operating revenues	654,230	4,778,317	5,432,547
Loss before contributions and transfers	(1,029,267)	(7,002,946)	(8,032,213)
Capital grants and contributions Transfers in Transfers out	4,671,930 1,445,000 (15,000)	860,582 5,559,829	5,532,512 7,004,829 (15,000)
Total transfers and contributions	6,101,930	6,420,411	12,522,341_
Changes in net position	5,072,663	(582,535)	4,490,128
Net position - beginning	35,837,501	26,650,233	62,487,734
Net position - ending	\$ 40,910,164	\$ 26,067,698	\$ 66,977,862

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For The fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

		Collier	Total Nonmajor
	Airport Authority	Area Transit	Enterprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received for services	\$ 4,624,154		\$ 5,848,522
Cash payments for goods and services	(3,268,191) (1,012,789)	(7,988,956)	(11,257,147)
Cash payments to employees Cash payments for interfund services	(442,182)	(388,111) (2,681,618)	(1,400,900) (3,123,800)
Net cash used for operating activities	(99,008)	(9,834,317)	(9,933,325)
······································	(==,==)	(=100.110.11)	(=)====================================
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:			
Cash received from operating grants		4,858,466	4,858,466
Cash transfers from other funds	2,054,363	5,575,478	7,629,841
Cash transfers to other funds Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	(15,000) 2,039,363	10,433,944	<u>(15,000)</u> 12,473,307
Net cash provided by horr-capital financing activities	2,039,303	10,433,944	12,473,307
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Receipts from insurance reimbursements	625,041	177,888	802,929
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	2,175	15,550	17,725
Proceeds from capital grants	2,685,334	869,634	3,554,968
Payments for capital acquisitions Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	<u>(4,507,202)</u> (1,194,652)	(936,012)	(5,443,214)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	(1,194,052)	127,060	(1,067,592)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest on investments	69,606	43,817	113,423
Net cash provided by investing activities	69,606	43,817	113,423
Net increase in cash and investments	815,309	770,504	1,585,813
Cash and investments, October 1, 2018	1,549,903	657,625	2,207,528
Cash and investments, September 30, 2019	\$ 2,365,212	\$ 1,428,129	\$ 3,793,341
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Cash and investments	\$ 2,255,478	\$ 1,360,006	\$ 3,615,484
Cash and investments - restricted	109,734	68,123	177,857
Cash and investments, September 30, 2019	\$ 2,365,212	\$ 1,428,129	\$ 3,793,341
Operating loss	\$ (1,683,497)	\$ (11,781,263)	¢ (12.464.760)
Operating loss	\$ (1,003,497)	\$ (11,761,203)	\$ (13,404,700)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used for operating			
activities:			
		4 000 545	
Depreciation expense	1,541,896	1,922,517	3,464,413
Net changes in assets and liabilities: Trade receivable	(6,802)	7,141	339
Due from other funds	(0,002)	(1,098)	(1,098)
Due from other governments	(67)	-	(67)
Inventory	4,872	-	4,872
Accounts payable	(48,020)	(44,541)	(92,561)
Wages payable	4,228	4,656	8,884
Due to other funds	1 600	(1,040)	(1,040)
Due to other governments Compensated absences	1,608 8,159	15,098 23,413	16,706 31,572
Refundable deposits		50	50
Unearned revenue	(9,326)	-	(9,326)
Total OPEB liability	(2,766)	(3,344)	(6,110)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	(4,385)	(1,686)	(6,071)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	2,026	779	2,805
Net pension liability	81,065	13,170	94,235
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	19,717 (7,716)	16,332 (4,501)	36,049 (12,217)
Total adjustments	1,584,489	1,946,946	3,531,435
Net cash used for operating activities	\$ (99,008)		
Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:	A 22.55	A (1000)	A
Change in fair value of investments	\$ 20,581	\$ (12,240)	\$ 8,341
Contributed capital assets	_	275,908	275,908
Change in capital related grant receivable	1,986,596	(284,960)	1,701,636
,	, ,-,0	(,0)	, : ,,==3
Capital related accounts payable	1,296,173	128,177	1,424,350
Capital related retainage payable	536,600	35,220	571,820
Con accompanying independent auditors' report			
See accompanying independent auditors' report			

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

<u>SELF-INSURANCE</u> – To account for the self-insurance costs of providing coverage for property, general and vehicle liability. To account for the provisions of health benefits to Board and participating constitutional officer employees and their dependents. To account for payment of workers' compensation claims, in lieu of insurance.

SHERIFF'S SELF-INSURANCE – To account for the provisions of health benefits to Sheriff employees and their dependents. To account for payment of workers' compensation claims, in lieu of insurance.

FLEET MANAGEMENT – To account for fuel, oil, lubricants, repairs and maintenance of County vehicles and the use of certain County owned vehicles by County employees.

MOTOR POOL CAPITAL RECOVERY – To account for the accumulation of resources for the replacement of vehicles and heavy equipment for County governmental activities.

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY – To account for the costs of operating the County data processing facility and telephone communication system.

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

September 30, 2019

	Sheriff's Self- Self- Fleet Insurance Insurance Management		Motor Pool Capital Recovery	Information Technology	Total	
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current assets:						
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 43,563,026	\$ 12,430,869	\$ 1,464,639	\$ 8,513,464	\$ 3,738,868	\$ 69,710,866
Trade, net	630,832	157,418	_	_	_	788,250
Interest	135,946	42,511	3,608	27,353	11,236	220,654
Due from other funds	16,516	1,000,000	-		-	1,016,516
Due from other governments	-	-	54,302	-	97	54,399
Inventory	-	-	387,554	-	-	387,554
Prepaid costs					80,014	80,014
Total current assets	44,346,320	13,630,798	1,910,103	8,540,817	3,830,215	72,258,253
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Depreciable capital assets, net	307,265		9,115,513	8,572,371	2,377,041	20,372,190
Total noncurrent assets	307,265		9,115,513	8,572,371	2,377,041	20,372,190
Total assets	44,653,585	13,630,798	11,025,616	17,113,188	6,207,256	92,630,443
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	4,722	-	8,769	337	15,178	29,006
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	305,028		519,303	18,955	1,027,584	1,870,870
Total deferred outflows of resources	309,750		528,072	19,292	1,042,762	1,899,876
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	425,297	-	761,987	123,991	219,492	1,530,767
Wages payable Due to other funds	48,514	-	81,349 3,164	3,148	166,932 47,600	299,943 50,764
Due to other governments	8,365	-	3,104	-	47,600	8,370
Unearned revenues	8,715	93,401	_	_	-	102,116
Self-insurance claims payable	4,887,264	2,946,000	_	_	_	7,833,264
Compensated absences	89,642	-	129,210	2,802	246,753	468,407
Net pension liability	4,930	-	9,785	373	16,507	31,595
Total current liabilities	5,472,727	3,039,401	985,495	130,314	697,289	10,325,226
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Self-insurance claims payable	4,036,454	_	_	_	_	4,036,454
Compensated absences	22,410	-	32,302	701	61,688	117,101
Total OPEB liability	52,884	-	98,215	3,777	169,987	324,863
Net pension liability	956,369		1,658,181	59,887	3,219,728	5,894,165
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,068,117		1,788,698	64,365	3,451,403	10,372,583
Total liabilities	10,540,844	3,039,401	2,774,193	194,679	4,148,692	20,697,809
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	3,421	-	6,700	243	10,902	21,266
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	66,741	-	116,986	4,252	224,597	412,576
Total deferred inflows of resources	70,162		123,686	4,495	235,499	433,842
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	307,265	-	8,900,306	8,448,380	2,377,041	20,032,992
Unrestricted	34,045,064	10,591,397	(244,497)	8,484,926	488,786	53,365,676
Total net position	\$ 34,352,329	\$ 10,591,397		\$ 16,933,306		
·						

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

		Sheriff's		Motor Pool		
	Self-	Self-	Fleet	Capital	Information	
	Insurance	Insurance	Management	Recovery	Technology	Total
Operating revenues: Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 53,052,052 11,192	\$ 30,735,415	\$ 8,836,295 14,726	\$ 3,480,100	\$ 8,989,753	\$ 105,093,615 25,918
Total operating revenues	53,063,244	30,735,415	8,851,021	3,480,100	8,989,753	105,119,533
Operating expenses: Personal services Operating Depreciation	1,482,894 56,163,659 33,497	- 28,090,031 -	2,578,499 6,134,897 578,934	70,145 3,112 1,756,805	5,125,745 3,463,364 1,115,534	9,257,283 93,855,063 3,484,770
Total operating expenditures	57,680,050	28,090,031	9,292,330	1,830,062	9,704,643	106,597,116
Operating income (loss)	(4,616,806)	2,645,384	(441,309)	1,650,038	(714,890)	(1,477,583)
Non-operating revenues: Operating grants and contributions Interest income Insurance reimbursement Gain on disposal of capital assets	1,360,301 5,612,484	- 287,015 - -	1,833 31,236 - 4,300	285,250 - 471,400	2,326 102,896 - 1,777	4,159 2,066,698 5,612,484 477,477
Total non-operating revenues	6,972,785	287,015	37,369	756,650	106,999	8,160,818
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	2,355,979	2,932,399	(403,940)	2,406,688	(607,891)	6,683,235
Capital grants and contributions Transfers in Transfers out	1,205 - (1,000,000)	- -	- - -	765,000 (5,800)	184,425 (35,800)	1,205 949,425 (1,041,600)
Total transfers and contributions	(998,795)			759,200	148,625	(90,970)
Changes in net position	1,357,184	2,932,399	(403,940)	3,165,888	(459,266)	6,592,265
Net position - beginning	32,995,145	7,658,998	9,059,749	13,767,418	3,325,093	66,806,403
Net position - ending	\$ 34,352,329	\$ 10,591,397	\$ 8,655,809	\$ 16,933,306	\$ 2,865,827	\$ 73,398,668

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Self- Insurance	Sheriff's Self- Insurance	Fleet Management	Motor Pool Capital Recovery	Information Technology	Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from other funds for services Cash received from employees for services	\$ 45,198,528 7,289,438	\$ 29,000,000	\$ 8,433,666	\$ 3,480,100	\$ 8,989,753	\$ 95,102,047 7,289,438
Cash received from other governments for services	_	_	439,241	_	_	439,241
Cash received from retirees for services	568,344	1,239,579	-59,241	-	-	1,807,923
Cash payments on behalf of retirees	(1,327,118)	(20.177.400)	- (F 000 027)	- (E10)	(2.242.205)	(1,327,118)
Cash payments for goods and services Cash payments to employees	(54,790,824) (1,319,835)	(28,177,400) -	(5,900,927) (2,428,429)	(512) (86,977)	(3,342,205) (4,612,119)	(92,211,868) (8,447,360)
Cash payments for interfund services	(322,435)		(246,311)	(2,600)	(203,061)	(774,407)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(4,703,902)	2,062,179	297,240	3,390,011	832,368	1,877,896
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities						
Cash transfers from operating grants	29,587	-	106,259	-	98,162	234,008
Cash transfers from other funds	(1,000,000)	-	-	765,000	184,425	949,425
Cash transfers to other funds Net cash provided by (used for) non-capital	(1,000,000)		·	(5,800)	(35,800)	(1,041,600)
financing activities	(970,413)		106,259	759,200	246,787	141,833
Cash flows from capital and related financing ac	ctivities:					
Receipts from insurance reimbursements	4,998,826	-	4 200	471 400	- 1 777	4,998,826
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets Payments for capital acquisitions	(153,556)	-	4,300 (56,895)	471,400 (3,142,793)	1,777 (1,022,988)	477,477 (4,376,232)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and						
related financing activities	4,845,270		(52,595)	(2,671,393)	(1,021,211)	1,100,071
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments	1,322,465	266,123	29,232	271,620	100,745	1,990,185
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,322,465	266,123	29,232	271,620	100,745	1,990,185
Net increase in cash and investments	493,420	2,328,302	380,136	1,749,438	158,689	5,109,985
Cash and investments, October 1, 2018	43,069,606	10,102,567	1,084,503	6,764,026	3,580,179	64,600,881
Cash and investments, September 30, 2019	\$ 43,563,026	\$ 12,430,869	\$ 1,464,639	\$ 8,513,464	\$ 3,738,868	\$ 69,710,866
Operating income (loss)	\$ (4,616,806)	\$ 2,645,384	\$ (441,309)	\$ 1,650,038	\$ (714,890)	\$ (1,477,583)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss Depreciation expense	to net cash provid 33,497	ed by operating act	ivities: 578,934	1,756,805	1,115,534	3,484,770
Net changes in assets and liabilities:	,			1,1 00,000	1,110,00	
Trade receivable Due from other funds	212	(155,011)		-	-	(154,799)
Due from other governments	(563)	(500,000)	18,568	-	-	(500,409) 18,568
Inventory	-	-	(12,306)	-	-	(12,306)
Prepaid costs Accounts payable	43,272	-	- (19,888)	-	(33,748) (95,759)	(33,748) (72,375)
Wages payable	7,095	-	2,839	347	25,099	35,380
Due to other funds	-	-	3,164	-	47,600	50,764
Due to other governments Compensated absences	8,365 8,782	-	(35) (442)	(4,497)	5 35,577	8,335 39,420
Unearned revenue	(6,583)	9,806	-	-	-	3,223
Self-insurance claims payable Total OPEB liability	(328,355) 1,011	62,000	- (12,941)	- 72	6,958	(266,355) (4,900)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	(4,722)	-	(8,769)		(15,178)	(29,006)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	2,182	-	4,052	155	7,013	13,402
Net pension liability Deferred outflows of resources related to	136,132	-	96,877	3,542	358,355	594,906
pensions	20,119	-	113,755	(15,695)	128,009	246,188
Deferred inflows of resources related to	(7.5.40)		(0= 440)	(440)	(00.00=)	(45.570)
pensions Total adjustments	(7,540)	(583,205)	(25,413) 738,549	(419) 1,739,973	(32,207) 1,547,258	<u>(65,579)</u> 3,355,479
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities						
Non-cash investing, capital and financing activity Change in fair value of investments	ti es: \$ 361,911	\$ 113,671	\$ 8,581	\$ 76,909	\$ 27,536	\$ 588,608
Contributed capital assets	1,205	-	-	-	-	1,205
Capital related accounts payable	-,_55	_	215,207	123,991	_	339,198
See accompanying independent auditors' report	-	-	213,207	123,331	-	335,150
See accompanying independent additors report						

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>CLERK OF COURTS AGENCY FUND</u> – To account for monies held in Trust by the Clerk of the Circuit Court prior to disbursement.

SHERIFF AGENCY FUND – To account for monies held in a custodial capacity by the Sheriff.

TAX COLLECTOR AGENCY FUND - To account for assets held by the Tax Collector prior to legal disbursement.

<u>DEPOSITS AGENCY FUND</u> – To account for monies held by the County for businesses and individuals.

<u>PINE RIDGE AND NAPLES PRODUCTION PARK AGENCY FUND</u> – To account for the receipt of special assessments and the payment of principal and interest on behalf of assessment holders.

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS

September 30, 2019

	Clerk				Tax					Pine Ridge and Naples		
		of Courts		Sheriff		Collector	Deposits		Production Park			
		gency Fund	Α	Agency Fund		Agency Fund		Agency Fund		Agency Fund		Total
ASSETS		goney : and		igonoj i unu		igonoj i unu		goney rana		rigerie) i unu	_	
Cash and investments	\$	18,842,673	Ś	613,876	Ś	6,835,471	Ś	6,354,232	Ś	993,846	Ś	33,640,098
Receivables:	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	·	,.	•	.,,	•	,,,,,,	•	.,.	•	,-
Interest		-		-		-		19,665		3,215		22,880
Other		-		9,646		29,549				-		39,195
Total assets	\$	18,842,673	\$	623,522	\$	6,865,020	\$	6,373,897	\$	997,061	\$	33,702,173
LIABILITIES												
Due to other governments	\$	1,211,858	\$	95,128	\$	6,681,433	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,988,419
Due to individuals		-		528,394		183,587		-		-		711,981
Refundable deposits		17,630,815		-		-		6,373,897		-		24,004,712
Due to special assessment holders					_		_			997,061	_	997,061
Total liabilities	\$	18,842,673	\$	623,522	\$	6,865,020	\$	6,373,897	\$	997,061	\$	33,702,173

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

		Balance October 1		Additions		Deductions	Se	Balance eptember 30
Clerk of Courts Agency Fund					-			
Assets: Cash and investments Receivable:	\$	22,971,495	\$	161,036,041	\$	165,164,863	\$	18,842,673
Other			_	-		-		-
Total assets	\$	22,971,495	\$	161,036,041	\$	165,164,863	\$	18,842,673
Liabilities: Due to other governments	\$	1,095,270	\$	5,382,588	\$	5,266,000	\$	1,211,858
Refundable deposits		21,876,225	_	155,653,453	_	159,898,863		17,630,815
Total liabilities	\$	22,971,495	\$	161,036,041	\$	165,164,863	\$	18,842,673
Sheriff Agency Fund								
Assets:								
Cash and investments Receivable:	\$	634,937	\$,	\$	634,937	\$	613,876
Other		26,778	_	9,646	_	26,778	_	9,646
Total assets	\$	661,715	\$	623,522	\$	661,715	\$	623,522
Liabilities:								
Due to other governments	\$	94,016	\$	95,128	\$	94,016	\$	95,128
Due to individuals	_	567,699	_	528,394	_	567,699	_	528,394
Total liabilities	\$	661,715	\$	623,522	\$	661,715	\$	623,522
Tax Collector Agency Fund								
Assets: Cash and investments Receivable:	\$	6,354,628	\$	1,165,164,124	\$	1,164,683,281	\$	6,835,471
Other		32,959		3,941,293		3,944,703		29,549
Total assets	\$	6,387,587	\$	1,169,105,417	\$	1,168,627,984	\$	6,865,020
12.1200								
Liabilities: Due to other governments Due to individuals	\$	6,317,621 69,966	\$	1,340,519,812 719,607,912	\$	1,340,156,000 719,494,291	\$	6,681,433 183,587
Total liabilities	\$		\$	2,060,127,724	\$		\$	6,865,020
Deposits Agency Fund Assets:								
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	5,924,548	\$	959,392	\$	529,708	\$	6,354,232
Interest		12,224		19,774		12,333		19,665
Total assets	\$	5,936,772	\$	979,166	\$	542,041	\$	6,373,897
15 1996								
Liabilities: Refundable deposits	\$	5,936,772	\$	1,019,766	\$	582,641	\$	6,373,897
Total liabilities			_		_			
rotai liapilities	\$	5,936,772	<u>\$</u>	1,019,766	<u>\$</u>	582,641	\$	6,373,897
								(Continued)

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Balance October 1			Additions Deductions		Balance September 30		
Pine Ridge and Naples Production Park Agency Fund								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	965,092	\$	31,166	\$	2,412	\$	993,846
Receivables:								
Interest		2,028	_	3,215	_	2,028		3,215
Total assets	\$	967,120	\$	34,381	\$	4,440	\$	997,061
Liabilities:								
Due to special assessment holders	\$	967,120	\$	34,381	\$	4,440	\$	997,061
Total liabilities	\$	967,120	\$	34,381	\$	4,440	\$	997,061
Total - All Agency Funds								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	36,850,700	\$	1,327,804,599	\$	1,331,015,201	\$	33,640,098
Receivables:								
Interest		14,252		22,989		14,361		22,880
Other	_	59,737	_	3,950,939	_	3,971,481		39,195
Total assets	\$	36,924,689	\$	1,331,778,527	\$	1,335,001,043	\$	33,702,173
Liabilities:								
Due to other governments	\$	7,506,907	\$	1,345,997,528	\$	1,345,516,016	\$	7,988,419
Due to individuals		637,665		720,136,306		720,061,990		711,981
Refundable deposits		27,812,997		156,673,219		160,481,504		24,004,712
Due to special assessment holders		967,120	_	34,381	_	4,440		997,061
Total liabilities	\$	36,924,689	\$	2,222,841,434	\$	2,226,063,950	\$	33,702,173

COMPONENT UNITS

COLLIER COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY – The authority was established for the purpose of stimulating the construction of residential housing for low and moderate income families through the use of public financing.

<u>COLLIER COUNTY HEALTH FACILITIES AUTHORITY</u> – The authority was established for the purpose of assisting health facilities in the acquisition, construction and financing of projects within the County.

<u>COLLIER COUNTY INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY</u> – The authority was established for the purpose of facilitating projects that promote economic growth and opportunities for employment in Collier County.

COLLIER COUNTY EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES AUTHORITY – The authority was established for the purpose of assisting institutions of higher education in the construction, financing and refinancing of projects.

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS

September 30, 2019

ASSETS	Deve	ustrial lopment thority	_	Health Facilities Authority	_	Housing Finance Authority	Educational Facilities Authority	_	Total
Cash and investments	\$	21,759	\$	26,590	\$	113,122	\$ 27,314	\$	188,785
Total assets	\$	21,759	\$	26,590	\$	113,122	\$ 27,314	\$	188,785
NET POSITION Net position - unrestricted	\$	21,759	\$	26,590	\$	113,122	\$ 27,314	\$	188,785
Total Net Position	\$	21,759	\$	26,590	\$	113,122	\$ 27,314	\$	188,785

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs	E	Expenses	Fees, Fines and Charges for Services		Governmental Activities
Industrial Development Authority	\$	3,676	\$	- \$	(3,675)
Health Facilities Authority		52,855		-	(52,855)
Housing Finance Authority		3,687		-	(3,688)
Educational Facilities Authority		16,000			(16,000)
Total	\$	76,218	\$	\$	(76,218)
			General revenues:		
			Interest income		492
			Total general revenues		492
			Change in net position		(75,726)
			Net position - beginning		264,511
			Net position - ending	\$	188,785



OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Schedule of receipts and expenditures of funds related to the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill.

Other Supplemental Information

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FUNDS RELATED TO THE DEEPWATER HORIZON OIL SPILL

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Amount		Amount	
	Received		Expended	
	in the		in the	
	2019		2019	
Source	Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year	
British Petroleum:				
Gulf Seafood and Tourism Promotional Fund	\$	-	\$	-

Note: This schedule does not include funds related to the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill that are considered Federal awards or State financial assistance. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance does not include any expenditures of Federal awards or State financial assistance related to the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill for the 2019 fiscal year.



Statistical section



Statistical schedules differ from financial statements because they usually cover more than one fiscal year and may present non-accounting data. These schedules reflect social and economic data, and financial trends of Collier County, Florida.

FINANCIAL TRENDS

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and wellbeing have changed over time.

Net Position by Component	148
Change in Net Position	150
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source	152
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	153
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	154
REVENUE CAPACITY	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue sourse, Property Tax.	
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	156
Property Tax Rates – All Direct and Overlapping Governments	157
Principal Tax Payers County-Wide	158
Property Tax Levies and Collections	159
DEBT CAPACITY	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels o outstanding debt and the Conty's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The County implemented GASB 34 for fiscal year 2002. Schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that fiscal year.

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

	Fiscal Year											
		2019		2018	_	2017		2016	_	2015	_	2014
Governmental Activities:												
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,302,980	\$	1,287,184	\$	1,257,685	\$	1,225,520	\$	1,217,176	\$	1,207,751
Restricted		479,192		362,045		336,922		327,968		298,360		223,526
Unrestricted		(32,601)		(29,328)		(24,011)		2,478		13,109		169,633
Total governmental activities net position	\$	1,749,571	\$	1,619,901	\$	1,570,596	\$	1,555,966	\$	1,528,645	\$	1,600,910
Business-type Activities:												
Net investment in capital assets	\$	777,814	\$	763,259	\$	741,912	\$	723,000	\$	714,239	\$	705,065
Restricted		39,371		31,982		32,619		35,760		31,511		29,749
Unrestricted		205,756		143,198		168,602		169,287		165,128		185,420
Total business-type activities net position	\$	1,022,941	\$	938,439	\$	943,133	\$	928,047	\$	910,878	\$	920,234
Primary Government:												
Net investment in capital assets	\$	2,080,794	\$	2,050,443	\$	1,999,597	\$	1,948,520	\$	1,931,415	\$	1,912,816
Restricted		518,563		394,027		369,541		363,728		329,871		253,275
Unrestricted		173,155		113,870		144,591		171,765		178,237		355,053
Total primary government net position	\$	2,772,512	\$	2,558,340	\$	2,513,729	\$	2,484,013	\$	2,439,523	\$	2,521,144

icoal	Year

 2013	 2012	 2011	 2010
\$ 1,198,971	\$ 1,187,298	\$ 1,172,121	\$ 1,169,052
221,501	226,934	253,977	232,571
152,790	147,188	147,080	189,911
\$ 1,573,262	\$ 1,561,420	\$ 1,573,178	\$ 1,591,534
\$ 668,160	\$ 650,684	\$ 643,777	\$ 635,702
34,379	34,199	38,002	37,795
196,050	194,389	177,939	169,514
\$ 898,589	\$ 879,272	\$ 859,718	\$ 843,011
\$ 1,867,131	\$ 1,837,982	\$ 1,815,898	\$ 1,804,754
255,880	261,133	291,979	270,366
348,840	341,577	325,019	359,425
\$ 2,471,851	\$ 2,440,692	\$ 2,432,896	\$ 2,434,545

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)
(unaudited)

	Fiscal Year											
		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Expenses												
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$	134,018	\$	126,920	\$	108,388	\$	104,188	\$	93,644	\$	92,176
Public safety Transportation		254,341 88,200		223,177 83,386		225,360 75,589		205,347 70,560		174,874 70,296		177,267 71,623
Culture and recreation		59,401		58,042		51,889		49,526		45,117		41,630
Other activities		52,500		64,822		41,899		48,256		45,621		39,171
Interest on long-term debt		13,223		9,736		11,294		12,077		12,912		12,674
Total governmental activities expenses	\$	601,683	\$	566,083	\$	514,419	\$	489,954	\$	442,464	\$	434,541
Business-type activities:								· ·				<u> </u>
Water and Sewer	\$	153,602	\$	144,113	\$	144,850	\$	130.792	\$	122,858	Ś	112,643
Solid Waste	Ψ.	47,529	Ÿ	106,823	Ÿ	43,664	Ÿ	39,271	Ÿ	36,411	Ÿ	33,787
Emergency Medical Services		34,871		32,275		28,644		26,529		24,094		23,208
Airport Authority		6,361		5,533		4,905		4,402		4,771		3,764
Mass Transit		13,090		12,680		11,354		11,333		10,416		10,306
Total business-type activities expenses		255,453		301,424		233,417		212,327		198,550		183,708
Total primary government expenses	\$	857,136	\$	867,507	\$	747,836	\$	702,281	\$	641,014	\$	618,249
Program Revenues												
Governmental activities:												
Charges for services:												
General government	\$	39,981	\$	37,703	\$	33,377	\$	35,184	\$	34,240	\$	34,662
Public safety		26,137		28,040		24,240		25,276		25,227		21,765
Transportation		1,206		2,111		2,024		4,880		1,094		959
Culture and recreation		7,808		7,886		8,192		8,393		8,685		7,943
Other activities		1,862		2,235		1,467		1,230		4,237		2,661
Operating Grants and Contributions		30,313		29,549		26,539		26,387		35,521		31,444
Capital Grants and Contributions		56,268		47,645		38,124		36,818		29,986		28,945
Total governmental activities program revenues		163,575		155,169	_	133,963		138,168		138,990		128,379
Business-type activities:												
Charges for services:												
Water and Sewer		155,839		145,757		135,045		123,856		116,645		107,924
Solid Waste		51,928		50,449		45,209		41,918		39,121		35,368
Emergency Medical Services		13,854		12,836		11,812		13,161		12,327		9,922
Airport Authority		4,639		3,951		3,734		3,073		3,350		2,589
Mass Transit		1,203		1,129		1,267		1,225		1,719		1,641
Operating Grants and Contributions		46,592		16,426		5,025		4,435		5,142		3,077
Capital Grants and Contributions		37,888		38,670		26,993		25,367		21,165		30,662
Total business-type activities program revenues Total primary government program revenues		311,943 475,518		269,218	-	229,085		213,035 351,203		199,469		191,183
		4/3,316		424,387		363,048		331,203		338,459		319,562
Net (expense)/revenue:		(400 400)		(440.04.4)		(000 456)		(054 706)		(000 474)		(006.460)
Governmental activities		(438,108)		(410,914)		(380,456)		(351,786)		(303,474)		(306,162)
Business-type activities	<u> </u>	56,490	<u> </u>	(32,206)	<u> </u>	(4,332)	Ċ	708	<u>~</u>	(302,555)	<u>~</u>	7,475
Total primary government net expense	\$	(381,618)	\$	(443,120)	\$	(384,788)	\$	(351,078)	\$	(302,555)	\$	(298,687)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	on											
Governmental Activities:												
Taxes:	٨	256,000	Ċ	337.447	٨	312.633	<u> </u>	281.136	٥	250 770	٨	244 404
Property taxes	\$	356,099 24,485	\$	337,447 22,749	\$	21,799	\$	281,136	\$	259,779 19,547	\$	244,404 18,556
Gas taxes Sales taxes		49,550		44,093		41,799		40,659		38,573		35,786
Local government sales tax		60,787				÷1,/39 -		40,009		- 30,373		-
Tourist taxes		31,653		27,962		21,961		21,838		21,188		19,137
Other taxes		7,140		6,914		7,478		7,280		7,322		7,840
State revenue sharing		13,194		12,564		11,602		11,100		10,589		9,657
Interest income		24,113		6,857		3,574		4,891		5,069		2,599
Miscellaneous		17,594		18,121		9,714		5,976		17,510		13,333
Special item - registry bond		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers, net		(16,837)		(16,487)		(14,793)		(14,250)		(14,192)		(13,185)
Total governmental activities	\$	567,778	\$	460,220	\$	415,767	\$	379,108	\$	365,385	\$	338,127
Business-type Activities:												
Interest income	\$	9,699	\$	2,602	\$	1,379	\$	2,011	\$	2,209	\$	1,301
Miscellaneous	-	1,476	•	8,423		126		200		94		68
Transfers, net		16,837		16,487		14,793		14,250		14,192		13,184
Total business-type activities		28,012		27,512		16,298		16,461		16,495		14,553
Total primary government	\$	595,790	\$	487,732	\$	432,065	\$	395,569	\$	381,880	\$	352,680
Change in Net Position			_		_		_		_		_	
Governmental activities	\$	129,670	\$	49,306	\$	35,311	\$	27,322	\$	61,911	\$	31,965
Business-type activities		84,502		(4,694)		11,966		17,169		17,414		22,028
Total primary government	\$	214,172	\$	44,612	\$	47,277	\$	44,491	\$	79,325	\$	53,993

				l Year			
	2013		2012		2011		2010
\$	95,941	\$	94,227	\$	103,045	\$	100,483
	171,210		165,782		173,286		179,276
	69,275		73,000		81,383		76,603
	41,453		42,507		44,205		46,871
	43,067		51,057		39,991		40,937
\$	16,129 437,075	\$	16,412 442,985	\$	19,797 461,707	\$	19,475 463,645
<u>\$</u>	437,073	<u>\$</u>	442,903	\$	401,707	\$	403,043
\$	114,041	\$	102,642	\$	104,333	\$	103,272
	32,760		29,618		28,000		27,416
	21,545		21,792		22,657		23,073
	4,439 10,111		4,601 9,925		4,458 10,187		4,382 9,617
	182,896		168,578		169,635		167,760
\$	619,971	\$	611,563	\$	631,342	\$	631,405
\$	36,080	\$	31,388	\$	33,919	Ś	29,281
·	19,735	•	16,743	·	15,554	•	16,385
	1,045		880		715		829
	8,416		9,126		9,093		8,267
	3,667		4,941		2,296		1,557
	20,921		22,892		19,503		31,884
	28,280		20,279		19,347		25,762
	118,144		106,249		100,427		113,965
	109,176		103,042		105,858		101,062
	34,585		34,275		33,769		33,568
	10,335		10,249		8,980		10,759
	3,021		2,805		2,938		2,519
	1,450		1,360		1,290		1,145
	3,914 24,953		2,948 17,818		4,378 14,307		4,448
	187,434		172,497		171,520		10,385 163,886
	305,578		278,746		271,947		277,851
	(318,931)		(336,736)		(361,280)		(349,680)
	4,538		3,919		1,885		(3,874)
\$	(314,393)	\$	(332,817)	\$	(359,395)	\$	(353,554)
\$	249,352	\$	248,232	\$	261,630	\$	299,389
	18,229		18,525		18,311		18,415
	32,168		29,713		28,364		26,927
	16,183		14,898		13,884		12,857
	9,403		9,997		10,155		10,039
	8,792		8,233		8,310		7,854
	1,496		2,430		3,888		4,665
	9,063		7,397 -		11,498 -		8,022
	(13,912)		(14,447)		(13,117)		(11,259)
	330,774		324,978		342,923		376,909
\$	712	\$	1,106	\$	1,609	\$	1,569
	154		82		96		88
	13,912		14,447		13,117		11,259
_	14,778		15,635	_	14,822		12,916
\$	345,552	\$	340,613	\$	357,745	\$	389,825
\$	11,843	\$	(11,758)	\$	(18,357) 16,707	\$	27,229
\$	19,316 31,159	\$	19,554 7,796	\$	16,707 (1,650)	\$	9,042 36,271
<u> </u>	01,102	<u>*</u>	7,730	-	(1,000)	<u>×</u>	00,471

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

 Fiscal Year	_ P	roperty Tax	 Gas Tax	 Sales Tax	lr	nfrastructure Sales Tax	Tourist Tax	_	Other Taxes	 Total
2010	\$	299,389	\$ 18,415	\$ 26,927	\$	- \$	12,857	\$	10,039	\$ 367,627
2011		261,630	18,311	28,364		-	13,884		10,155	332,344
2012		248,232	18,525	29,713		-	14,898		9,997	321,365
2013		249,352	18,229	32,168		-	16,183		9,403	325,335
2014		244,404	18,556	35,786		-	19,137		7,840	325,723
2015		259,779	19,547	38,573		-	21,188		7,322	346,409
2016		281,136	20,478	40,659		-	21,838		7,280	371,391
2017		312,633	21,799	41,799		-	21,961		7,478	405,670
2018		337,447	22,749	44,093		-	27,962		6,914	439,165
2019		356,099	24,485	49,550		60,787	31,653		7,140	529,714

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

		Fiscal Year															
	2019			2017	2016	_	2015	_	2014	_	2013	_	2012	_	2011	_	2010
General fund (1)																	
Nonspendable	\$ 2,38	3 \$ 2,64	5 \$	3,386	\$ 3,675	\$	3,546	\$	19,843	\$	15,744	\$	12,914	\$	11,805	\$	9,460
Restricted	46	51 30	6	2,440	264		345		125		96		110		-		-
Committed		-	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned	1,11	5 1,73	6	1,598	1,674		1,299		850		813		952		1,114		2,182
Unassigned	103,70	77,34	2	54,805	53,961		55,002		57,781		56,497		57,091		54,459		59,705
Total general fund	\$ 107,66	\$ 82,02	9 \$	62,229	\$ 59,574	\$	60,192	\$	78,599	\$	73,150	\$	71,067	\$	67,378	\$	71,347
All other governmental funds																	
Nonspendable	\$ 2,88	37 \$ 8,13	5 \$	2,385	\$ 3,055	\$	3,112	\$	53,544	\$	46,049	\$	-	\$	-	\$	107,626
Restricted	522,31	1 354,51	4	328,447	324,334	:	293,281		242,981		223,700		209,352		229,546		232,699
Committed	40,35	55 34,78	8	32,759	26,069		25,663		27,349		29,810		47,406		48,445		48,764
Assigned	31,97	7 21,12	9	33,822	28,644		30,800		28,391		36,364		80,771		79,556		34,215
Unassigned		- (24	6)	-	(89)		(514)		(62,085)		(55,212)		(48,944)		(40,258)		23,192
Total all other																	
governmental funds	\$ 597,53	<u>\$ 418,32</u>	0 \$	397,413	\$ 382,013	\$:	352,342	\$	290,180	\$	280,711	\$	288,585	\$	317,289	\$	446,496

⁽¹⁾ In Fiscal Year 2011, the County implemented GASB 54 under which governmental fund balances are reported as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. As part of the implementation, the governmental fund balances for Fiscal Year 2010 were re-classified.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

					Fisca	scal Year					
	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
B											
Revenues:	ć 471.107	\$	386,814	\$	255 005	ć	222.015	\$	200 241	ć	202 21 5
Taxes	\$ 471,127 78,182	Ş		Ş	355,885	\$	322,915	Ş	300,341	\$	282,315
Licenses, permits and impact fees			75,102		59,217		61,033		51,319		40,631
Intergovernmental	100,191		92,206		86,656		83,949		92,818		89,392
Charges for services	37,255		36,981		34,008		38,362		37,172		35,149
Fines and forfeitures	2,491		2,375		2,263		2,708		2,866		3,252
Interest income	22,046		6,133		3,233		4,440		4,606		2,393
Special assessments	7,452		4,789		4,350		3,746		3,132		2,922
Miscellaneous	5,566		4,527		8,705		6,600		16,063		11,553
Total revenues	724,310		608,927		554,317		523,753		508,317		467,607
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government	103,445		101,198		89,193		84,599		78,147		73,739
Public safety	213,829		198,097		197,762		177,375		167,788		163,169
Physical environment	23,728		31,994		12,465		15,283		16,157		11,276
Transportation	45,245		45,904		41,003		36,011		36,992		38,789
Economic environment	8,378		9,942		8,199		11,061		9,159		9,265
Human services	17,005		15,849		15,058		14,038		13,151		12,367
Culture and recreation	48,793		47,671		42,889		40,886		37,523		34,114
Debt service:	,		,		,		,		0.,0=0		- ,,
Principal	23,127		21,864		21,439		20,743		20,039		18,510
Interest	11,521		10,165		11,908		12,713		13,555		14,177
Redemption of debt	, 0 = .		-		5,588						
Payment to refunding bond escrow	_		_		5,555		_		_		2,086
Other fiscal charges	801		128		48		19		21		173
Capital outlay	107,881		82,871		80,495		67,198		62,186		63,613
Capital Outlay	107,001		02,071	_	00,493	_	07,190	_	02,100	_	03,013
Total expenditures	603,753		565,683		526,047		479,926		454,718		441,278
Excess (deficit) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures	120,557		43,244	_	28,270	_	43,827		53,599		26,329
Other financing sources (uses):											
Bonds issued	62,965		-		-		-		-		89,780
Premiums on bonds issued	3,238		-		-		-		-		-
Notes issued	-		-		5,293		-		-		-
Payment to refunding escrow	-		(44,525)		-		-		-		(89,622)
Capital leases	-		-		-		-		1,915		-
Loans issued	28,060		55,713		-		-		-		-
Sale of capital assets	376		1,065		155		306		595		314
Insurance proceeds	6,416		3,762		339		796		379		316
Transfers in	140,633		114,358		117,833		121,654		196,026		97,854
Transfers out	(157,399)		(132,910)		(133,834)		(137,530)		(208,760)		(110,052)
	(2 /2 /		(- , -)		((- , ,		(, ,		(-, ,
Total other financing sources (uses)	84,289		(2,537)	_	(10,214)	_	(14,774)		(9,845)		(11,410)
Special item - registry bond			<u>-</u>						-		
Net change in fund balances	\$ 204,847	\$	40,707	\$	18,056	\$	29,053	\$	43,754	\$	14,919
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	7.15%		6.66%		7.50%		8.11%		8.56%		9.25%

2013	2012	2011	2010
\$ 285,765	\$ 284,124	\$ 296,640	\$ 333,554
35,168	30,436	23,695	28,920
83,667	79,402	74,453	86,445
32,435	30,739	27,855	27,122
3,712	4,205	3,882	5,730
1,406			4,306
	2,197	3,602	
2,924 4,833	3,035 4,664	2,725 10,565	2,848 6,380
449,910	438,802	443,417	495,305
75,725	73,812	79,499	82,409
153,566	151,858	160,890	165,017
13,790	22,870	14,251	9,974
37,170	42,176	50,741	43,677
14,436	14,393	7,841	11,122
12,254	10,988	13,075	12,116
33,744	34,253	35,745	37,569
25,125	31,602	36,493	34,274
17,565	18,149	20,933	20,340
-	-	-	-
132	-	-	-
2,165	1,082	434	891
61,278	49,406	38,726	69,809
446,950	450,589	458,628	487,198
2,960	(11,787)	(15,211)	8,107
73,805	131,525	24,620	59,895
2,082	17,192	2,050	844
(73,747)	- (150,550)	(26,593)	- (59,893)
236	236	-	-
233	313	70	248
300	270	384	310
90,637	91,524	107,167	105,394
(102,061)	(103,738)		
(8,751)	(13,228)	(10,339)	(8,107)
-			
\$ (5,791)	\$ (25,015)	\$ (25,550)	\$ -
11.66%	12.679	% 13.78%	13.30%

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended	Residential	Personal	Centrally Assessed	Less: Tax	Total Taxable Assessed	Total Direct Tax	Estimated Actual Taxable	Assessed Value as a Percentage of
September 30	Property	Property	Property	Exempt	Value	Rate	Value	Actual Value1
2010	\$ 77,359,174	\$ 2,444,323	\$ 202	\$ 9,826,950	\$ 69,976,749	\$ 4.4236	\$ 79,803,699	100%
2011	67,947,039	2,259,654	171	8,770,667	61,436,197	4.4151	70,206,864	100%
2012	64,464,592	2,248,702	187	8,510,911	58,202,570	4.4149	66,713,481	100%
2013	64,723,621	2,240,098	184	8,471,142	58,492,761	4.4126	66,963,903	100%
2014	66,977,907	2,198,734	152	8,539,021	60,637,772	4.1592	69,176,793	100%
2015	71,149,974	2,186,145	195	8,739,269	64,597,045	4.1582	73,336,314	100%
2016	76,970,360	2,353,841	134	9,235,508	70,088,827	4.1572	79,324,335	100%
2017	84,314,428	2,342,953	211	9,537,260	77,120,332	4.2029	86,657,592	100%
2018	91,067,675	2,448,008	246	9,905,942	83,609,987	4.1851	93,515,929	100%
2019	96,068,580	2,534,892	244	10,317,449	88,286,267	4.1827	98,603,715	100%

Property is assessed as of January 1, and taxes based on these assessments are levied and become due on the following November 1. Therefore, assessments and levies applicable to a certain tax year are collected in the fiscal year ending during the next succeeding calendar year. 1 The basis of assessed value required by the state is 100% of actual value including tax exemptions.

Source: Property Appraiser Recapitulation Report

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX RATES - ALL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

			Collier Cou	nty		Oth		
	scal ear	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Total	County School District	Independent Districts	Total
20	010	3.5645	0.7225	0.1366	4.4236	5.2390	1.3243	10.9869
20)11	3.5645	0.6926	0.1580	4.4151	5.6990	1.3299	11.4440
20)12	3.5645	0.7627	0.0877	4.4149	5.5270	1.2202	11.1621
20	013	3.5645	0.7555	0.0926	4.4126	5.5760	1.2395	11.2281
20)14	3.5645	0.5873	0.0074	4.1592	5.6900	1.2228	11.0720
20)15	3.5645	0.5860	0.0077	4.1582	5.5800	1.1853	10.9235
20)16	3.5645	0.5856	0.0071	4.1572	5.4800	1.1331	10.7703
20)17	3.5645	0.6323	0.0061	4.2029	5.2450	1.1138	10.5617
20)18	3.5645	0.6145	0.0061	4.1851	5.1220	1.2375	10.5446
20)19	3.5645	0.6122	0.0060	4.1827	5.0490	1.2331	10.4648

Basis for property tax rates is 1 mill per \$1,000 of assessed value. Property is assessed as of January 1 and taxes based on those assessments are levied according to the tax rate in effect that tax year and become due on November 1. Therefore, assessments and levies applicable to a certain tax year are collected in the fiscal year ending during the following calendar year.

Sources: Property Appraiser Recapitulation Report

Collier County Adopted Budget

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS COUNTY-WIDE 2019 TAX ROLL

(unaudited)

		2019				2010	
	Property		Percent of		Property		Percent of
	Taxes		Total		Taxes		Total
Owner/Taxpayer	Levied	Rank	Taxes Levied		Levied	Rank	Taxes Levied
Florida Power & Light Company	\$ 3,134,250	1	0.31%	\$	2,537,374	1	0.31%
HHR Naples LLC	1,866,428	2	0.19%		1,492,811	2	0.18%
The Moorings, Inc.	1,314,683	3	0.13%		779,467	7	0.10%
Marco Hotel, LLC	1,202,688	4	0.12%		-		-
PR Mercato LLP	1,190,608	5	0.12%		-		-
CC-Naples Inc	982,387	6	0.10%		-		-
Arthrex Manufacturing Inc.	907,516	7	0.09%		-		-
Lee County Electric Co-Op, Inc.	865,810	8	0.09%		827,470	5	0.10%
Coastland Center, LLC	747,629	9	0.07%		759,211	8	0.09%
Collier HMA, Inc.	720,518	10	0.07%		749,390	10	0.09%
Century Link	-		-		1,156,394	3	0.14%
City National Bank of Miami	-		-		925,737	4	0.11%
Naples HMA, Inc.	-		-		812,779	6	0.10%
Wal-Mart Stores East LP	 			_	757,599	9	0.09%
Total	\$ 12,932,517		1.29%	\$	10,798,232		1.31%
Total Property Taxes Levied	\$ 1,002,431,712			\$	816,058,399		

Amounts for taxpayers with similar names have not been combined. Source: Property Appraiser's taxpayer listing in order of taxes levied. Property Appraiser Recapitulation Report.

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended	Total Tax Levy for				ed within the ear of the Levy	Collections in			Total Collections to Date		
September 30		Fiscal Year	Amount		Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years			Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2010	\$	314,176	\$	297,953	94.8%	\$	1,355	\$	299,308	95.3%	
2011		275,704		260,961	94.7%		482		261,443	94.8%	
2012		261,137		247,749	94.9%		542		248,291	95.1%	
2013		262,037		248,648	94.9%		1,197		249,845	95.3%	
2014		255,354		243,137	95.2%		615		243,752	95.5%	
2015		271,893		259,121	95.3%		78		259,199	95.3%	
2016		295,304		281,138	95.2%		-		281,138	95.2%	
2017		328,706		312,557	95.1%		-		312,557	95.1%	
2018		354,535		337,117	95.1%		-		337,117	95.1%	
2019		369,258		352,560	94.6%		-		352,560	95.5%	

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

	Governmental Activities									Business-type Activities									
	L	imited																	
	(General			l	oans and						Loans and				Total	Percentage		
Fiscal	Ol	oligation	F	Revenue		Notes		Capital		Revenue		Notes		Capital		Primary	of Personal	Per	
Year		Bonds	Bonds		Payable		Leases		Bonds		Payable		_	Leases		overnment	Income ¹	Capita 1	
2010	\$	29,854	\$	435,590	\$	19,690	\$	439	\$	148,782	\$	106,509	Ş	636	\$	741,500	3.76%	2,302	
2011		14,684		415,855		16,914		269		143,992		99,517		387		691,618	3.62%	2,126	
2012		9,994		391,123		9,686		412		138,983		92,438		175		642,811	3.31%	1,914	
2013		4,664		373,862		7,432		323		106,565		111,787		40		604,673	3.01%	1,794	
2014		4,223		367,665		7,081		230		95,570		113,013		1222		589,004	2.67%	1,732	
2015		3,369		348,278		6,401		1519		89,690		104,475		1,074		554,806	2.26%	1,669	
2016		2,941		327,650		5,845		937		84,681		95,707		1,247		519,008	2.01%	1,577	
2017		2,499		306,302		5,072		316		80,176		87,519		865		482,749	1.57%	1,320	
2018		2,037		286,190		16,515		236		110,010		77,945		521		493,454	1.51%	1,326	
2019		1,560		357,206		15,642		153		184,382		68,642		173		627,758	1.79%	1,659	

¹⁻ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

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COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

As Of September 30, 2019 (unaudited)

The Constitution of the State of Florida, Florida Statute 200.181 and Collier County set no legal debt limit.

DIRECT, OVERLAPPING AND UNDERLYING DEBT

As Of September 30, 2019

(unaudited)

		Estimated Percentage	Estimated Share of
	Debt	Applicable Based	Overlapping
	Outstanding	on Population (1)	Debt
Direct Debt:			
Governmental Activities			
Limited General Obligation Bonds	\$ 1,559,866	100.00%	\$ 1,559,866
Gas Tax Revenue Bonds (2)	74,593,791	100.00%	74,593,791
Special Obligation Revenue Bonds (2)	216,517,179	100.00%	216,517,179
Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds	66,095,418	100.00%	66,095,418
Commercial Paper	11,500,000	100.00%	11,500,000
Notes Payable (2)	4,141,774	100.00%	4,141,774
Capital Leases (2)	153,269	100.00%	153,269
Total Governmental Activities Direct Debt	374,561,297		374,561,297
Business-type Activities			
Revenue Bonds	184,382,403	100.00%	184,382,403
Capital Leases (2)	173,125	100.00%	173,125
Notes Payable (2)	68,641,557	100.00%	68,641,557
Total Business-type Activities Direct Debt	253,197,085		253,197,085
Subtotal, Direct Debt	627,758,382		627,758,382
Overlapping Debt:			
N/A		0.00%	
Underlying Debt:			
City of Naples (3)	6,853,626	5.86%	401,622
City of Marco Island (4)	7,986,674	4.77%	380,964
City of Everglades (5)	-		-
Subtotal, Underlying Debt	14,840,300	10.63%	782,586
Total Direct, Overlapping and Underlying Debt	\$ 642,598,682		\$ 628,540,968

⁽¹⁾ Population numbers obtained from www.florida-demographics.com/cities_by_population.

⁽²⁾ Totals consist of more than one issuance.

⁽³⁾ Governmental activities debt outstanding amount obtained from the City of Naples.

⁽⁴⁾ Governmental activities debt outstanding amount obtained from the City of Marco Island.

⁽⁵⁾ Governmental activities debt outstanding amount obtained from the City of Everglades.

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

Governmental Activities:

				Gas Tax	Вс	nds		Special Obligation Bonds ⁽⁴⁾							
Fiscal		Gas Tax		Debt S	orv	ice		_	Legally Available Non-Ad Valorem	Debt Se	rvice				
Year	С	Collections		Principal	CIV	Interest	Coverage		Collections(5)	Principal	Interest	Coverage			
2010	\$	18,415	\$	6,935	\$	7,645	1.26	ζ	-		-	N/A			
2011		18,312		7,185		7,399	1.26		76,416	1,545	2,597	18.45			
2012		18,525		7,505		7,077	1.27		82,866	4,265	4,265	9.71			
2013		18,229		7,855		6,453	1.27		86,640	9,695	7,249	5.11			
2014		18,556		8,040		4,018	1.54		91,043	9,145	9,674	4.84			
2015		19,547		9,440		3,697	1.49		102,375	8,885	9,426	5.59			
2016		20,478		9,900		3,242	1.56		107,268	9,280	9,020	5.86			
2017		21,799		10,195		2,939	1.66		108,577	9,705	8,591	5.93			
2018		22,749		10,510		2,737	1.72		118,725	10,258	7,012	6.87			
2019		22,709		10,830		2,542	1.70		125,162	10,865	7,191	6.93			

Business-type Activities:

	Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds														
	Water/ Sewer	Less:	Net												
Fiscal	Charges	Operating	Available	Debt Se	ervice										
Year	and Other (1)	Expenses (2)	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage (3)									
2010	\$ 101,830	\$ 50,893	\$ 50,937	\$ 5,274	6,843	4.20									
2011	106,839	60,107	46,732	4,969	6,711	4.00									
2012	104,164	58,155	46,009	5,189	6,494	3.94									
2013	105,682	68,916	36,766	5,422	6,268	3.15									
2014	109,514	69,710	39,804	5,967	3,986	4.00									
2015	118,066	74,344	43,722	6,073	3,639	4.50									
2016	125,456	84,474	40,982	3,986	2,841	6.00									
2017	136,064	97,904	38,160	3,902	2,818	5.68									
2018	155,847	90,507	65,340	5,528	3,050	7.62									
2019	163,653	98,281	65,372	6,261	4,091	6.31									

⁽¹⁾ Operating revenues plus other income; certain interest income gain on disposal of assets, capital grants and contributions and transfers in are not included.

⁽²⁾ Total operating expenses, excluding depreciation and amortization; loss on disposal of assets, interest expense and transfers out are not included.

⁽³⁾ Net available revenue divided by total bonded debt service requirements for the County Water and Sewer District.

⁽⁴⁾ Special Obligation Bonds were first issued in FY-2010, debt service payments commenced in FY-2011.

⁽⁵⁾ The revenues that comprise the legally available non-ad valorem revenues are defined by bond documents; these revenues include Sales Tax and certain impact fees.

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(unaudited)

			Per Capita			
Fiscal		Personal	Personal	Median	School	Unemployment
Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	Income ⁽²⁾	Income ⁽³⁾	Age ⁽⁴⁾	Enrollment ⁽⁵⁾	Rate ⁽⁶⁾
2010	331,800	19,739,453,000	62,559	45.2	42,716	12.2%
2011	321,520	19,127,928,000	60,049	45.9	42,921	11.4%
2012	323,785	19,446,631,000	59,264	46.9	43,238	9.3%
2013	329,849	20,075,468,000	60,391	47.1	43,789	7.2%
2014	339,642	22,033,344,000	64,872	47.4	44,415	6.3%
2015	348,777	24,571,667,000	73,869	47.5	45,228	5.2%
2016	353,936	25,763,656,000	78,473	47.9	47,289	4.9%
2017	360,846	30,708,249,000	84,101	48.5	49,394	3.6%
2018	368,534	32,749,753,000	87,829	49.7	47,934	3.3%
2019	376,086	35,080,466,000	92,686	50.3	48,441	3.2%

Sources:

- $(1) \quad \underline{\textit{www.colliergov.net/your-government/divisions-a-e/comprehensive-planning/population-and-demographics}$
- (2) https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/PI12021
- (3) https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/PCPI12021
- (4) https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/B01002001E012021
- (5) <u>www.collierschools.com/Page/349</u>
- (6) <u>www.floridajobs.org</u>

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

(unaudited)

		2019			2010	
			Percent of Total County			Percent of Total County
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Collier County Public Schools	5,731	1	3.84%	4,728	2	4.49%
NCH Healthcare System	4,315	2	2.89%	5,000	1	4.75%
Arthex, Inc	2,502	4	1.67%			
Collier County Government (excl. Sheriff)	2,396	3	1.60%	2,200	5	2.09%
Collier County Sheriff's Office	1,415	5	0.95%	1,383	7	1.31%
Publix Supermarkets	1,257	6	0.84%	3,246	3	3.09%
JW Marriott - Marco Island	1,150	7	0.77%			
Ritz Carlton Hotel	1,100	8	0.74%			
Seminole Casino - Immokalee	1,068	9	0.72%	2,328	4	2.21%
Naples Grande Beach Resort ⁽¹⁾	700	10	0.48%			
Other employers	127,793		85.50%	86,299		82.05%
Totals	149,427		100.00%	105,184		100.00%

⁽¹⁾ The Naples Grande Beach Resort property has also operated as the Registry Resort and the Waldorf Astoria Naples in recent years.

Sources:

Southwest Florida Economic Development Alliance Collier County Public Schools NCH Healthcare System Publix Corporate Office Arthrex, Inc. 2019 Collier County Budget Book

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA BUDGETED FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Fiscal Year

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Function:										
General government	1,342	1,299	1,351	1,262	1,217	1,216	1,203	1,222	1,219	1,252
Public safety	1,080	1,089	1,112	1,124	1,096	1,072	1,061	1,061	1,062	1,053
Physical environment	80	73	73	70	69	67	67	69	66	66
Transportation	228	224	219	211	192	187	187	199	213	234
Economic environment	31	30	29	26	27	28	26	28	27	22
Human services	58	58	58	56	56	53	51	50	50	54
Culture and recreation	347	337	324	304	298	294	289	293	293	308
Water and Sewer	436	414	410	384	342	340	342	344	344	335
Solid Waste	45	43	31	28	27	28	29	27	27	27
Emergency Medical										
Services	202	199	194	193	193	172	172	172	172	183
Airport Authority	15	15	15	15	14	14	16	16	16	16
Collier Area Transit	5	5	4	4	3	3	3	3	1	1
Total	3,869	3,786	3,820	3,677	3,534	3,474	3,446	3,484	3,490	3,551

⁽¹⁾ Includes the Board of County Commissioners and the Constitutional Officers

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(unaudited)

-					Fiscal	Year				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Function:										
Police:										
Physical arrests	9,072	9,266	8,269	9,359	9,347	11,277	11,277	11,297	20,180	13,310
Parking violations	817	894	1068	867	931	964	1,182	1,175	1,479	1,283
Traffic violations	26,773	17,157	15,473	14,462	16,355	19,868	22,211	19,237	19,680	22,051
Fire:										
Fires reported	**	**	**	31	82	37	52	46	468	498
Emergency responses										
(exclude fires)	**	**	**	839	1,093	1,080	1024	764	569	825
Number of calls answered	870	804	795	870	1,175	1,117	1076	810	1,037	1,323
Transportation:										
Collier Area Transit ridership	913,569	944,931	996,687	1,082,519	1,177,029	1,181,530	1,361,294	1,207,866	1,154,702	1,064,910
Street resurfacing (lane miles)	43	40	38	34	34	80	78	142	131	85
Culture and recreation:										
Beach parking stickers issued	146.500	143,500	149.490	139.828	134,051	181.878	122.415	114.778	312,144	98,093
Library circulation	2,471,878	2,253,555	2,193,351	2,349,418	2,302,017	2,578,588	2,578,589	2,768,648	2,760,427	2,969,238
Water:										
New connections	2,297	2,776	1,951	2,023	2,204	1,878	1,417	1,189	921	909
	2,2	2,770	.,,,,	2,020	2,20 .	.,0.70	.,	.,	,	202
Wastewater:										
Average daily sewage	10 0F2	18.030	18.555	17064	17,000	17 1 F O	16 OF 4	15.004	1/17/7	14226
treatment (millions of gallons)	18,853	18,030	18,555	17,864	17,090	17,150	16,954	15,834	14,747	14,326

^{** -}Due to the consolidation of Fire Districts, this information is no longer being tracked.

Sources:

Police-Collier County Sheriff's Department

Fire-Collier County Bureau of Emergency Services, Greater Naples Fire District

Transportation-Collier County Alternative Transportation , Road and Bridge

Culture and Recreation-Collier County Parks and Recreation, Public Library

Water-Collier County Utility Billing

Wastewater-Collier County Wastewater

COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

-					Fiscal	Year				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Function:										
Public Safety:										
Police stations	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Patrol units	272	272	270	274	276	276	275	275	275	275
Fire:										
Fire stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3
Highways and streets:										
Streets (miles)	1,169	1,166	1,161	1,159	1,149	1,151	1,184	1,184	1,184	1,184
Streetlights	4,635	5,083	5,074	5,182	4,958	4,958	4,868	4,781	4,759	4,701
Traffic signals	377	377	374	365	360	370	353	297	295	283
Culture and recreation:										
Parks acreage	1,521	1,521	1,521	1,521	1,521	1,521	1,521	1,520	1,511	1,473
Parks	61	61	61	61	61	61	61	61	60	59
Swimming pools	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Tennis courts	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
Community centers	9	9	9	9	9	8	8	8	8	8
Libraries	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Number of volumes in libraries	663,811	593,378	557,188	567,248	605,408	683,237	692,229	673,131	741,389	797,823
Water:										
Number of customers	73,854	71,614	66,010	61,830	59,443	57,548	55,878	54,190	53,181	51,796
Water mains (miles)	1,149	1,132	1,067	1,015	986	925	888	888	886	886
Maximum daily capacity (per										
million gallons)	32,113	30,956	32,243	33,877	31,376	30,460	30,120	29,988	29,616	28,368
Wastewater:										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	1,181	1,156	1,085	1,021	1,028	1,030	1,081	1,116	1,115	1,095
Primary and secondary										
drainage facilities	322	312	289	294	306	306	305	305	303	303

Police-Collier County Sheriff's Department

Fire-Collier County Bureau of Emergency Services
Highway and Streets-Collier County Traffic Operations, Transportation Engineering, Road and Bridge

Culture and Recreation-Collier County Public Library, Parks and Recreation

Water-Collier County Water, Utility Billing

Wastewater-Collier County Stormwater, Wastewater





Single Audit





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Collier County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Collier County, Florida (County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 13, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida February 13, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Collier County, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited Collier County, Florida's (County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the requirements described in the State of Florida Department of Financial Services' *State Projects Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2019. The County's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards and state projects applicable to its federal programs and state projects.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs and state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General *Local Governmental Entity Audits* (Chapter 10.550). Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.



Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 10.550 and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-001. Our opinion on each major federal program and state project is not modified with respect to these matters.

The County's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program or state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we did identify a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-001, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Collier County, Florida

The County's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida February 13, 2020

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

FEDERAL / STATE AGENCY PASS-THROUGH ENTITY FEDERAL PROGRAM / STATE PROJECT	CFDA / CSFA NUMBER	FEDERAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION / GRANT / CONTRACT NUMBER	EXPENDITURES	TRANSFERS TO SUBRECIPIENTS
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Direct Programs:				
Natural Resources Conservation Service:	10.000	NID104000VVVVV0000	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	٨
Emergency Watershed Protection Program	10.923	NR184209XXXXC028	\$ 4,662,041	-
Pass-Through Programs:				
Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	18588	59,110	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			59,110	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			4,721,151	
U.S. Department of Commerce				
Pass-Through Programs:				
Florida Department of Environmental Protection:				
Coastal Zone Management Administration Awards	11.419	CM918	2,021	
Total U.S. Department of Commerce			2,021	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct Programs: Assistant Secretary for Community Planning and Development:				
CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster:	14010	D 00 UN 10 0000	117	
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-08-UN-12-0003	117	-
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-11-UN-12-0003	2,538	-
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-13-UC-12-0016	651	651
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-14-UC-12-0016	53,240	53,240
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-15-UC-12-0016	142,204	142,204
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-16-UC-12-0016	220,340	156,554
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218 14.218	B-17-UC-12-0016 B-18-UC-12-0016	1,027,022 727,956	941,996 248,230
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants Total CFDA	14.210	B-16-0C-12-0010	2,174,068	1,542,875
Total CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster			2,174,068	1,542,875
Total CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster			2,174,008	1,342,673
Emergency Solutions Grant Program	14.231	E-17-UC-12-0016	42,077	40,322
Emergency Solutions Grant Program	14.231	E-18-UC-12-0016	122,036	111,012
Total CFDA			164,113	151,334
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-14-UC-12-0217	47,038	47,038
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-16-UC-12-0217	51,310	51,310
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-18-UC-12-0217	67,810	
Total CFDA			166,158	98,348
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			2,504,339	1,792,557
U.S. Department of the Interior Direct Programs:				
Office of the Secretary of the Interior:	45.000	0.1110		
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	15.226	Collier County	1,416,537	-
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service:				
National Wildlife Refuge Fund	15.659	Collier County	173,520	
Total U.S. Department of the Interior			1,590,057	

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state projects.

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

FEDERAL / STATE AGENCY PASS-THROUGH ENTITY FEDERAL PROGRAM / STATE PROJECT	CFDA / CSFA NUMBER	FEDERAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION / GRANT / CONTRACT NUMBER	EXPENDITURES	TRANSFERS TO SUBRECIPIENTS
U.S. Department of Justice				
Direct Programs:				
Criminal Division:				
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	Collier County Sheriff	\$ 57,196	\$ -
Office of Justice Programs:				
Drug Court Discretionary Grant Program	16.585	2017-DC-BX-0053	124,585	112,830
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2017-DJ-BX-0482	64,573	_
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2018-DJ-BX-0467	3,648	_
Total CFDA		2010 20 27 0 107	68,221	112,830
STOP School Violence	16.839	2018-YS-BX-0011	62,864	-
Pass-Through Programs:				
Florida Department of Legal Affairs:				
		VOCA-2018-Collier County		
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	Sheriff's -00019	170,448	110,000
Total U.S. Department of Justice			483,314	112,830
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Direct Programs:				
Federal Aviation Administration (FAA):				
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-12-0021-004-2017	25,797	-
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-12-0031-009-2016	3,180	-
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-12-0142-012-2018	6,214	
Total CFDA			35,191	
Federal Transit Administration (FTA):				
Federal Transit Cluster:				
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	FL-90-X766-00	28,233	-
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	FL-90-X853-00	3,350	-
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	FL-95-X062-00	23,288	-
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	FL-95-X085-00	1,536	-
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	FL-95-X086-00	32,631	-
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	FL-2016-056-00	6,193	-
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	FL-2017-035-00	548,571	-
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	FL-2017-044-00	50,409	-
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	FL-2017-055-00	27,398	-
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	FL-2018-034-00	254,984	-
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	FL-2018-098-00	2,122,054	
Total CFDA			3,098,647	
Buses and Bus Facilities Formula, Competitive, and Low or				
No Emissions Programs	20.526	FL-2017-017-00	12,328	-
Buses and Bus Facilities Formula, Competitive, and Low or				
No Emissions Programs	20.526	FL-2018-084-00	53,150	-
Pass-Through Programs:				
Florida Department of Transportation:				
Buses and Bus Facilities Formula, Competitive, and Low or				
No Emissions Programs	20.526	439255-1-94-14	54,158	-
Buses and Bus Facilities Formula, Competitive, and Low or				
No Emissions Programs	20.526	G0015	20,096	-
Buses and Bus Facilities Formula, Competitive, and Low or				
No Emissions Programs	20.526	G0A60	6,616	-
Buses and Bus Facilities Formula, Competitive, and Low or				
No Emissions Programs	20.526	G0L50	4,696	
Total CFDA			151,044	
Total Federal Transit Cluster			3,249,691	
				(Continued)

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Highway Planning and Construction 20,205 601,51 5 169,346 5 Highway Flanning and Construction 20,205 601,52 13,434 14,44 14,	FEDERAL / STATE AGENCY PASS-THROUGH ENTITY FEDERAL PROGRAM / STATE PROJECT	CFDA / CSFA NUMBER	FEDERAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION / GRANT / CONTRACT NUMBER	EXPENDITURES	TRANSFERS TO SUBRECIPIENTS
Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 G0L52 13,434 14	Highway Planning and Construction Cluster:				
Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 G0L54 151 14 151	Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	G0L51	\$ 169,346	\$ -
Highway Planning and Construction	• ,	20.205	G0L52	13,434	-
Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 G01.55 334,008 - Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 G01.55 317,7373 - Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 G0830 1,353,263 - Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 G0830 3,353,263 - Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 G0897 6.3 - Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 G0897 445,010 - Total CFDA 22,484,252 - Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster 20.205 G0770 445,010 - Total CFDA 24,842,52 - Total Highway Planning and State and Non-Metropolitan Planning and State and Non-Metropolitan Planning and Research 20.505 G0581 G1,618 - Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program 20.509 G0738 3,004 - Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program 20.509 G1561 306,004 - Total CFDA 309,008 - Total CFDA 309	• ,				-
Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 G0.59 177.373 - Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 G0.897 6.3					-
Highway Planning and Construction	• ,				-
Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 60997 436.010					-
Highway Planning and Construction 20.205 G0V70 436,010 - 1 Total FIGPM - 2,484,252 - 1 - 1 Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster - 2,484,252 - 1 - 1 Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster - 2,484,252 - 1 - 1 Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster - 2,484,252 - 1 - 1 Total Highway Planning and Research - 20,505 G0S81 - 61,618 - 2,484,252 - 1 Total CPDM - 2,505 G0S81 - 61,618 - 2,505 - 2,505 G0S81 - 61,618 - 2,505 - 2,505 G0S81 - 61,618 - 2,505 - 2,505 G0S81 - 2,505 - 2,505 G0S81 - 2,505 - 2,505 - 2,505 G0S81 - 2,505 - 2,505 - 2,505 G0S81 - 2,505	• ,				-
Total CFDA Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster 2,484,252	• ,				-
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster		20.205	GUY7U		
Metropolitan Transportation Planning and State and Non-Metropolitan Planning and Research 20.505 G0581 G1,618 -					
Non-Metropolitan Planning and Research 20.505 G0581 G1,618 C1,618	Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster				
Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program 20.509 61561 306.004 309.008		20.505	G0581	61,618	-
Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program 20.509 61561 306.004 309.008	Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program	20 509	G0738	3 004	_
Transit Services Programs Cluster: Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities 20.513 435210-1-93-14 211 - 1 -					_
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities 20.513 435210-1-93-14 211 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	•				
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities 20.513 435210-1-93-14 211 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	T 110 1 D 01 1				
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities 20.513 435210-1-93-15 9,533 9,744 1	<u> </u>	20 513	435210-1-93-14	211	_
Total CFDA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				_
Total Transit Services Programs Cluster	•	20.010	1002101 3010		
Name					
Resources and Ecosystems Sustainability, Tourist Opportunities, and Revived Economies of the Gulf Coast States 21.015 1 RDCGR060041-01-00 895.654 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury 895.654 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury 895.654 - Total U.S. Department of State: Florida Department of State: Florida Department of State: Grants to States 45.31 18-LSTA-D-07 2,875 - 2,875 - 7 total Institute of Museum and Library Services 895.7 total Institute of Museum and Library Services 90.401 2017-2018-0001-CLL 18 - Pass-Through Programs: Florida Department of State: 10 10 10 2017-2018-0001-CLL 18 - 190,156 - 190,056				6,149,504	
Pass-Through Programs: Florida Department of State: Grants to States	Direct Programs: Resources and Ecosystems Sustainability, Tourist Opportunities, and Revived Economies of the Gulf Coast States		1 RDCGR060041-01-00		
Florida Department of States Grants to States Grants to States 45.31 18-LSTA-D-07 2,875 7 total Institute of Museum and Library Services U.S. Election Assistance Commission Pass-Through Programs: Florida Department of State: Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments 90.401 2017-2018-0001-CLL 18 - Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments 90.401 2018-2019-001-CLL 190,156 - Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments 90.401 2018-2019-004-CLL 69,038 - Total U.S. Election Assistance Commission U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass-Through Programs: Florida Department of Elder Affairs: Area Agency on Aging for Southwest Florida, Inc.: Aging Cluster: Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 0AA 203.18 96,917 - Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 0AA 203.19 249,149	Institute of Museum and Library Services				
Grants to States 45.31 18-LSTA-D-07 2,875 2,875 Total Institute of Museum and Library Services 2,875 2,875 U.S. Election Assistance Commission Pass-Through Programs: Florida Department of State: Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments 90.401 2017-2018-0001-CLL 18 - Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments 90.401 2018-2019-001-CLL 190,156 - Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments 90.401 2018-2019-001-CLL 69,038 - Total U.S. Election Assistance Commission 259,212 - U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass-Through Programs: Florida Department of Elder Affairs: Area Agency on Aging for Southwest Florida, Inc.: Aging Cluster: Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 0AA 203.18 96,917 - Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 0AA 203.19 249,149 -	Pass-Through Programs:				
Total Institute of Museum and Library Services U.S. Election Assistance Commission Pass-Through Programs: Florida Department of State: Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments 90.401 2017-2018-0001-CLL 18 - Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments 90.401 2018-2019-001-CLL 190,156 - Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments 90.401 2018-2019-004-CLL 69,038 - Total U.S. Election Assistance Commission 259,212 - U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass-Through Programs: Florida Department of Elder Affairs: Area Agency on Aging for Southwest Florida, Inc.: Aging Cluster: Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 0AA 203.18 96,917 - Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 0AA 203.19 249,149 -	·				
U.S. Election Assistance Commission Pass-Through Programs: Florida Department of State: Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments 90.401 2017-2018-0001-CLL 18 - Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments 90.401 2018-2019-001-CLL 190,156 - Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments 90.401 2018-2019-004-CLL 69,038 - Total U.S. Election Assistance Commission 259,212 - U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass-Through Programs: Florida Department of Elder Affairs: Area Agency on Aging for Southwest Florida, Inc.: Aging Cluster: Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 OAA 203.18 96,917 - Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 OAA 203.19 249,149 -		45.31	18-LSTA-D-07		
Pass-Through Programs: Florida Department of State: Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments 90.401 2017-2018-0001-CLL 18 - Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments 90.401 2018-2019-001-CLL 190,156 - Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments 90.401 2018-2019-004-CLL 69,038 - Total U.S. Election Assistance Commission 259,212 - U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass-Through Programs: Florida Department of Elder Affairs: Area Agency on Aging for Southwest Florida, Inc.: Aging Cluster: Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 0AA 203.18 96,917 - Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 0AA 203.19 249,149 -	Total Institute of Museum and Library Services			2,875	
Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments 90.401 2018-2019-001-CLL 190,156 - Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments 90.401 2018-2019-004-CLL 69,038 - Total U.S. Election Assistance Commission 259,212 - U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass-Through Programs: Florida Department of Elder Affairs: Area Agency on Aging for Southwest Florida, Inc.: Aging Cluster: Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 0AA 203.18 96,917 - Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 0AA 203.19 249,149 -	Pass-Through Programs: Florida Department of State:	00.404	2047 2042 2024 214		
Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments Total U.S. Election Assistance Commission 90.401 2018-2019-004-CLL 69,038 259,212 - U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass-Through Programs: Florida Department of Elder Affairs: Area Agency on Aging for Southwest Florida, Inc.: Aging Cluster: Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 0AA 203.18 96,917 - Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 0AA 203.19 249,149 -					-
Total U.S. Election Assistance Commission 259,212 - U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass-Through Programs: Florida Department of Elder Affairs: Area Agency on Aging for Southwest Florida, Inc.: Aging Cluster: Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 0AA 203.18 96,917 - Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 0AA 203.19 249,149 -	·				-
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass-Through Programs: Florida Department of Elder Affairs: Area Agency on Aging for Southwest Florida, Inc.: Aging Cluster: Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 0AA 203.18 96,917 - Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 0AA 203.19 249,149 -		90.401	2010-2019-004-CEL		
Pass-Through Programs: Florida Department of Elder Affairs: Area Agency on Aging for Southwest Florida, Inc.: Aging Cluster: Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 0AA 203.18 96,917 - Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 0AA 203.19 249,149 -	Total C.C. Election Addictance Commission				
Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 OAA 203.18 96,917 - Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 OAA 203.19 249,149	Pass-Through Programs: Florida Department of Elder Affairs: Area Agency on Aging for Southwest Florida, Inc.: Aging Cluster:				
Supportive Services and Senior Centers 93.044 0AA 203.19 <u>249,149</u>		93.044	OAA 203.18	96,917	-
Total CFDA 346,066		93.044	OAA 203.19		
	IOIAI CHUA			346,066	

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

FEDERAL / STATE AGENCY PASS-THROUGH ENTITY FEDERAL PROGRAM / STATE PROJECT	CFDA / CSFA NUMBER	FEDERAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION / GRANT / CONTRACT NUMBER	EXPENDITURES	TRANSFERS TO SUBRECIPIENTS
Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition				
Services	93.045	OAA 203.18	\$ 191,207	\$ -
Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C, Nutrition				
Services Total CFDA	93.045	OAA 203.19	514,965 706,172	
Total CFDA				
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053	OAA 203.18	12,326	_
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053	OAA 203.19	38,046	
Total CFDA			50,372	
Total Aging Cluster			1,102,610	
National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E	93.052	OAA 203.18	44,457	_
National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E	93.052	OAA 203.16 OAA 203.19	92,826	_
Total CFDA	70.002	OAA 200.17	137,283	
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	EHEAP 203.18	25,246	-
51 11 2 1 1 1 1				
Florida Department of Revenue: Child Support Enforcement	93.563	COC11	187,106	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	93.303	COCTI	1,452,245	
Total 6.6. Beparament of Floatal and Flaman Gervices			1,102,210	
Corporation for National and Community Service				
Direct Programs:				
Retired and Senior Volunteer Program	94.002	18SRSFL005	52,644	
Total Corporation for National and Community Service			52,644	
U.S. Executive Office of the President Direct Programs:				
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program	95.001	G17MI0015A	69,109	-
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program	95.001	G18MI0015A	77,868	
Total U.S. Executive Office of the President			146,977	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Pass-Through Programs:				
Executive Office of the Governor:				
Florida Division of Emergency Management:				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared				
Disasters)	97.036	Z0001	38,934,959	-
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	Z0237	19.282	_
Total CFDA	97.030	20237	38,954,241	
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	19-FG-AF-09-21-01-165	106,859	-
Fire Management Assistance Grant	97.046	Z0309	62,224	_
			,·	
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	17-DS-V4-09-21-23-283	6,892	-
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	18-DS-X1-09-21-23-165	44,311	-
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	19-DS-01-09-18-02-281	32,719	-
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067 97.067	19-DS-01-09-21-02-211 19-DS-X5-09-21-23-050	148,418	-
Homeland Security Grant Program Total CFDA	97.007	13-02-03-03-71-52-020	18,234 250,574	
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			39,373,898	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 57,633,891	\$ 1,905,387

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

FEDERAL / STATE AGENCY PASS-THROUGH ENTITY FEDERAL PROGRAM / STATE PROJECT	CFDA / CSFA NUMBER	FEDERAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION / GRANT / CONTRACT NUMBER	EXPENDITURES	TRANSFERS TO SUBRECIPIENTS
Florida Executive Office of the Governor				
Executive Office of the Governor				
Direct Projects:				
Emergency Management Programs	31.063	19-BG-21-09-21-01-019	\$ 89,679	\$ -
Emergency Management Programs	31.063	A0002	1,211	
Total Florida Executive Office of the Governor			90,890	
Florida Department of Environmental Protection				
Direct Projects:				
Beach Management Funding Assistance Program	37.003	14CO1	70,357	-
Beach Management Funding Assistance Program	37.003	16CO1	2,888	-
Beach Management Funding Assistance Program	37.003	19CO1	1,237,304	
Total CSFA			1,310,549	
Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects	37.039	AB005	16,700	_
Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects	37.039	LP11030	750,000	-
Total CSFA	07.005	2	766,700	
Total Florida Department of Environmental Protection			2,077,249	
Florida Department of Economic Opportunity				
Pass-Through Projects: Enterprise Florida, Inc.:				
Economic Development Partnerships	40.04	Collier County FY 2018-2019	20,600	_
Economic Development Faitherships	40.04	Comer County 1 1 2010 2019	20,000	
Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation, Inc., doing business as VISIT FLORIDA®:				
Economic Development Partnerships	40.04	9120	22,500	_
Economic Development Partnerships	40.04	9314	44,879	-
Total Florida Department of Economic Opportunity			87,979	-
Florida Housing Finance Corporation Direct Projects:				
State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program (SHIP)	40.901	Collier County FY 2015-2016	697,300	-
State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program (SHIP)	40.901	Collier County FY 2016-2017	1,362,378	30,027
State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program (SHIP)	40.901	Collier County FY 2017-2018 Collier County FY 2017-2018	452,976	-
State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program (SHIP)	40.901	DR	23,085	-
State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program (SHIP)	40.901	Collier County FY 2018-2019	136,235	-
State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program (SHIP) Total Florida Housing Finance Corporation	40.901	Collier County FY 2019-2020	65,181 2,737,155	30,027
Total Florida Flousing Finance Corporation			2,737,133	30,027
Florida Department of State and Secretary of State Direct Projects:				
State Aid to Libraries	45.03	15-ST-08	1,068	-
State Aid to Libraries	45.03	16-ST-08	107,635	-
State Aid to Libraries	45.03	17-ST-08	84,120	
Total Florida Department of State and Secretary of State			192,823	
Florida Department of Transportation Direct Projects:				
Aviation Grant Programs	55.004	G0E50	4,450,761	-
Aviation Grant Programs	55.004	G0E63	177	-
Aviation Grant Programs	55.004	G0039	1,433	-
Aviation Grant Programs	55.004	G0051	40,642	-
Aviation Grant Programs	55.004	G0V81	89,826	-
Aviation Grant Programs	55.004	G0Z16	53,695	-
Aviation Grant Programs Total CSFA	55.004	G1643	<u>205</u> 4,636,739	
Total Ool A				

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

FEDERAL / STATE AGENCY PASS-THROUGH ENTITY FEDERAL PROGRAM / STATE PROJECT	CFDA / CSFA NUMBER	FEDERAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION / GRANT / CONTRACT NUMBER	EXPENDITURES	TRANSFERS TO SUBRECIPIENTS
Public Transit Block Grant Program	55.01	G0Q98	\$ 95,568	\$ -
Public Transit Block Grant Program	55.01	G1577	545,832	-
Total CSFA			641,400	
Public Transit Service Development Program	55.012	G0575	19,341	-
Public Transit Service Development Program	55.012	G0G64	61,205	
Total CSFA			80,546	
Local Transportation Projects	55.039	G0T26	218,180	-
Pass-Through Projects:				
Florida Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged:				
Florida Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged (CTD)				
Trip and Equipment Grant Program	55.001	G0X18	576,781	-
Florida Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged (CTD)				
Trip and Equipment Grant Program	55.001	G0X96	26,962	-
Florida Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged (CTD)				
Trip and Equipment Grant Program	55.001	G1A20	227,647	
Total CSFA			831,390	
Total Florida Department of Transportation			6,408,255	-
Florida Department of Children and Families Direct Projects:				
Criminal Justice, Mental Health, and Substance Abuse				
Reinvestment Grant Program	60.115	LHZ54	283,149	265,624
Total Florida Department of Children and Families			283,149	265,624
Florida Department of Health Direct Projects:				
County Grant Awards	64.005	C6011	20,658	_
County Grant Awards	64.005	C7011	42,429	_
Total Florida Department of Health			63,087	
Florida Department of Elder Affairs Pass-Through Projects: Area Agency on Aging for Southwest Florida, Inc.:				
Home Care for the Elderly	65.001	HCE 203.18	17,031	_
Home Care for the Elderly	65.001	HCE 203.19	6,540	-
Total CSFA			23,571	
Alzheimer's Respite Services	65.004	ADI 203.18	368,983	-
Alzheimer's Respite Services	65.004	ADI 203.19	83,467	
Total CSFA			452,450	
Community Care for the Elderly	65.01	CCE 203.18	686,725	_
Community Care for the Elderly	65.01	CCE 203.19	160,659	-
Total CSFA			847,384	
Total Florida Department of Elder Affairs			1,323,405	
Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Direct Projects:				
Derelict Vessel Removal Program	77.005	17327	31,875	-
	77.00.	0.111.		
Bear Resistant Equipment	77.034	Collier County	44,850	
Total Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission			76,725	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 13,340,717	\$ 295,651

Year Ended September 30, 2019

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Projects (the Schedule) includes the Federal and State grant activity for Collier County, Florida (the County) and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting for expenditures accounted for in the governmental funds and the accrual basis of accounting for expenditures in proprietary funds. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue is recognized if it is both measurable and available for use during the fiscal year and expenditures are recognized in the period liabilities are incurred, if measurable. Under the accrual basis, expenditures are recognized in the period liabilities are incurred.

The information in the schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and Section 215.97, Florida Statutes. Therefore, some amounts presented in the Schedule may differ from amounts presented, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

2. Contingency

The grant revenue amounts received are subject to audit and adjustment. If any expenditures or expenses are disallowed by the grantor agencies as a result of such an audit, any claim for reimbursement to the grantor agencies would become a liability of the County.

3. Indirect Cost Rate

The County has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimus cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

4. Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) (97.036)

After a presidentially declared disaster, FEMA provides Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) (CFDA 97.036) to reimburse eligible costs associated with debris removal, emergency protective measures and the repair, restoration, reconstruction or replacement of public facilities or infrastructure damaged or destroyed. Reimbursements are provided in the form of cost-shared grants. Hurricane Irma (FEMA-4337-DR) made landfall in Collier County on September 10, 2017. In 2019, \$36.3 million eligible expenditures were approved that were incurred in 2017 and 2018 and are included in the Schedule.

5. Fire Management Assistance Grant (97.046)

After a fire declaration, FEMA provides Fire Management Assistant Grants (CFDA 97.046) to reimburse eligible costs associated with mitigation, management, and control of fires. Reimbursements are provided in the form of cost-shared grants. A Fire Management Assistance Declaration was declared in April 2017 for the Florida 30th Avenue Fire (FM-5178). In 2019, \$62,224 eligible expenditures were approved that were incurred in 2017 and are included in the Schedule.

COLLIER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results						
Finar	ncial Statements						
1.	Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified					
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:						
	 Material weakness(es) identified? 	yesX no					
	• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yesX none reported					
3.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yesXno					
Fede	ral Awards						
1.	Internal control over major federal programs:						
	 Material weakness(es) identified? 	yesXno					
	• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yesX none reported					
2.	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified					
3.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yesX no					
ldent	ification of Major Federal Programs						
	CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster					
	97.036	Disaster Grants-Public Assistance					
	20.500, 20.507, 20.525, and 20.526	Federal Transit Cluster					
	r threshold used to distinguish between A and Type B programs:	\$ <u>1,729,017</u>					
Audite	ee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Xno					

COLLIER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

State Financial Assistance								
1. Internal control over state projects:								
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes Xno							
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? 	X yesnone reported							
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state projects:	Unmodified							
3. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with state requirements?	X							
Identification of Major State Projects								
CSFA Number(s)	Name of State Project							
37.003	Beach Management Funding Assistance Program							
55.004	Aviation Grants Program							
55.001	Florida Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged (CTD) Trip and Equipment Grant Program							
65.010 Community Care for the Elderly								
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B state projects:	\$750,000							
Section II – Financial Statement Findings								
Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> .								
Section III – Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Programs								

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

COLLIER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Section IV – Findings and Questioned Costs – Major State Projects

2019 - 001: Allowable Costs, Activities, and Period of Availability

State agency: State of Florida, Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged

State program title: Florida Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged (CTD) Trip and Equipment

Grant Program

CSFA Number: 55.001

Award Period: July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2020

Type of Finding: Compliance; Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance

Criteria or specific requirement: Per Florida Statutes Chapter 427.0155 (7), F.A.C. 41-2.006 (4)(j), the CTC, in cooperation with the coordinating board and pursuant to criteria developed by the Florida Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged (FCTD), must establish eligibility guidelines with regard to the recipients of non-sponsored transportation disadvantaged services that are purchased with Transportation Disadvantaged Trust Fund moneys. The Program Manual states that the two areas for which grant funds may be utilized include Non-sponsored trips and capital equipment. A Non-sponsored trip is a one-way trip for an eligible individual who meets the definition of transportation disadvantaged and is not sponsored by any other federal, state, or local government program. Per the contract agreements, there should be an approved eligibility application before a rider receives a non-sponsored service. In addition, documentation which supports the eligibility determination shall be maintained by the recipient as part of the rider's eligibility file.

Condition: The following allowable costs and period of availability deficiencies were noted:

Number of Instances	Finding	Dollar Impact
motunoco	Riders had gaps in their eligibility but were still included in the monthly invoicing	Impuot
5	to the grantor for reimbursement of their related 347 non-sponsored trips.	\$11,789

Questioned costs: \$11,789

Context: There were 60 riders tested and 5 of these riders had gaps in their eligibility but continued to use the transportation during the gap period and were included on the reimbursement request.

Cause: The County's updated policy to help identify expiring applications had not been put into play until August 2019 and all errors noted were prior to that period.

Effect: Noncompliance with grant agreement and Florida Statutes Chapter 427.0155(7). The potential exists that riders are receiving benefits that do not meet the eligibility requirements.

Repeat Finding: No

Recommendation: We recommend management ensure all expired applications associated with riders be identified and those riders be excluded from the reimbursement request.

Views of responsible officials: There is no disagreement with the audit finding.





MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Collier County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Collier County, Florida (County) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated February 13, 2020.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated February 13, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information has been included in the notes to the basic financial statements.



Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the County met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the County did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the County. It is management's responsibility to monitor the County's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of County Commissioners, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida February 13, 2020



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Collier County, Florida

We have examined Collier County, Florida's (County) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds and Section 365.172(10) and 365.172(2)(d), Florida Statutes, regarding emergency communications number E911 system fund during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management of the County is responsible for the County's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the County complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the County complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds and Section 365.172(10) and 365.173(2) (d), Florida Statutes, regarding emergency communications number E911 system fund during the year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the County and the Auditor General, state of Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida February 13, 2020





Financial Statements and Supplemental Reports

Year Ended September 30, 2019



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CONSULTING

Financial Statements and Other Reports

Year Ended September 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Crystal K. Kinzel Clerk of the Circuit Court Collier County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Collier County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court (Clerk), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clerk as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, Court Services Fund and Other Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information only for that portion of the major funds and the aggregate remaining fund information of Collier County, Florida that is attributable to the Clerk. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Collier County as of September 30, 2019, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements. The combining statements, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2019, on our consideration of the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida December 27, 2019

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

September 30, 2019

	General	Court Services		Other Special Revenue	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,483,175	\$ 1,450,127	\$	4,743,688	\$	8,676,990
Accounts receivable, net	15,091	25		-		15,116
Due from Collier County, Florida Board						
of County Commissioners	6,220	-		-		6,220
Due from other governments	19,227	 40,917				60,144
Total assets	\$ 2,523,713	\$ 1,491,069	\$	4,743,688	\$	8,758,470
Liabilities and fund balances						
Liabilities:						
Vouchers payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 707,460	\$ 281,583	\$	53,150	\$	1,042,193
Due to Collier County, Florida Board of						
County Commissioners	966,126	-		-		966,126
Due to other governments	-	1,209,486		-		1,209,486
Deposits	850,127	-		-		850,127
Total liabilities	2,523,713	1,491,069	`	53,150		4,067,932
Fund balance:						
Restricted	-	-		4,690,538		4,690,538
Total fund balance	-	-		4,690,538		4,690,538
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 2,523,713	\$ 1,491,069	\$	4,743,688	\$	8,758,470

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds

Year Ended September 30, 2019

	General	Court Services	Other Special Revenue	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	Φ.	Φ 427.022	Φ.	Φ 427.022
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 427,032	\$ -	\$ 427,032
Charges for services	3,433,947	7,223,375	1,120,830	11,778,152
Miscellaneous	36	-	-	36
Interest income	115,261	67,398	68,556	251,215
Total revenues	3,549,244	7,717,805	1,189,386	12,456,435
Expenditures:				
General government:				
Personal services	7,629,661	5,329,749	971,528	13,930,938
Operating	2,033,999	612,213	-	2,646,212
Capital outlay	288,860	-	-	288,860
Total expenditures	9,952,520	5,941,962	971,528	16,866,010
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(6,403,276)	1,775,843	217,858	(4,409,575)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in: Collier County, Florida Board of County				
Commissioners appropriations Transfers out:	7,367,000	-	-	7,367,000
Distribution of excess fees to State of Florida Distribution of excess appropriations to Collier County, Florida Board of	-	(1,775,843)	-	(1,775,843)
County Commissioners	(963,724)	_	_	(963,724)
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,403,276	(1,775,843)		4,627,433
Net change in fund balance	-	-	217,858	217,858
Fund balances – beginning of year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	4,472,680	4,472,680
Fund balances – end of year	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ 4,690,538	\$ 4,690,538

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2019

				Variance With Final Budget
	Bud			Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 3,055,400	\$ 3,068,900	\$ 3,433,947	\$ 365,047
Miscellaneous	-	-	36	36
Interest income	36,000	36,000	115,261	79,261
Total revenues	3,091,400	3,104,900	3,549,244	444,344
Expenditures:				
General government:				
Personal services	8,607,800	7,830,900	7,629,661	201,239
Operating expenditures	1,721,100	2,342,400	2,033,999	308,401
Capital outlay	129,500	298,600	288,860	9,740
Total expenditures	10,458,400	10,471,900	9,952,520	519,380
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(7,367,000)	(7,367,000)	(6,403,276)	963,724
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in: Collier County, Florida Board of County				
Commissioners appropriations Transfers out: Distribution of excess appropriations to Collier County, Florida Board of County	7,367,000	7,367,000	7,367,000	-
Commissioners			(963,724)	(963,724)
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,367,000	7,367,000	6,403,276	(963,724)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	_
Fund balance – beginning of year	-	-	-	-
Fund balance – end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Court Services Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2019

				Variance With Final Budget
	Buc	dget		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 458,456	\$ 458,456	\$ 427,032	\$ (31,424)
Charges for services	6,159,849	6,159,849	7,223,375	1,063,526
Interest income	27,600	27,600	67,398	39,798
Total revenues	6,645,905	6,645,905	7,717,805	1,071,900
Expenditures: General government:				
Personal services	5,894,099	5,880,099	5,329,749	550,350
Operating expenditures	751,806	765,806	612,213	153,593
Total expenditures	6,645,905	6,645,905	5,941,962	703,943
Excess of revenues over expenditures			1,775,843	1,775,843
Other financing (uses): Transfers out: Distribution of excess fees to State of Florida	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> ,	(1,775,843)	(1,775,843)
Total other financing (uses)			(1,775,843)	(1,775,843)
Net change in fund balance Fund balance – beginning of year Fund balance – end of year		\$ -		
-				

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Other Special Revenue Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Buo	dget		Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,110,000	\$ 1,110,000	\$ 1,120,830	\$ 10,830
Interest income	30,500	30,500	68,556	38,056
Total revenues	1,140,500	1,140,500	1,189,386	48,886
Expenditures: General government:				
Personal services	1,053,300	1,053,300	971,528	81,772
Operating expenditures	1,122,400	1,122,400	-	1,122,400
Capital outlay	573,100	573,100		573,100
Total expenditures	2,748,800	2,748,800	971,528	1,777,272
Net change in fund balance Fund balance – beginning of year	(1,608,300) 1,872,731	(1,608,300) 3,985,774	217,858 4,472,680	1,826,158 486,906
Fund balance – end of year	\$ 264,431	\$ 2,377,474	\$ 4,690,538	\$ 2,313,064
i and balance ond of your	Ψ 204,431	Ψ 2,311,717	Ψ +,070,530	Ψ 2,313,004

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Agency Funds

September 30, 2019

Assets
Cash and cash equivalents
Total assets

18,842,673

Liabilities

Due to the Collier County,	
Florida Board of County Commissioners	\$ 302,311
Due to other governments	909,547
Deposits	 17,630,815
Total liabilities	\$ 18,842,673

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The Collier County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court (Clerk) is an elected constitutional officer as provided for by the Constitution of the State of Florida. The Clerk's Budget is presented pursuant to Chapter 218, *Florida Statutes*. Additionally, a budget is submitted to the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation for the Court Services Fund.

The financial statements presented include the general fund, special revenue funds, and agency funds of the Clerk's office. The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), *Florida Statutes*, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General - Local Governmental Entity Audits*, which allows the Clerk to only present fund financial statements. These financial statements present only the portion of the funds of Collier County, Florida that are attributable to the Clerk. They are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of Collier County, Florida in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The financial activities of the Clerk, as a constitutional officer, are included in the Collier County, Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. There are no separate legal entities (component units) for which the Clerk is considered to be financially accountable.

The general operations of the Clerk are funded by: fees from third parties, transfer in lieu of fees from the Collier County, Florida Board of County Commissioners (Board), appropriations from the State of Florida, and interest income. Pursuant to Chapter 218 *Florida Statutes*, funds remaining in the general fund at fiscal year-end, in excess of amounts expended, are returned to the Board. Excess revenues returned to the Board are reflected as transfers out in the Clerk's general fund. Court-related operations are funded by the collection of fines, fees costs and service charges and a child support grant. Any surplus of revenues after expenditures in this fund is remitted to the State in January of the next year. Special revenue funds are retained by the Clerk and budgeted according to requirements of each source.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

These fund financial statements report detailed information about the Clerk. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. Only current assets and current liabilities, generally, are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements for these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The Clerk reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is used to account for all revenue and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Clerk, which are not accounted for in another fund. All operating revenue not specifically restricted or designated as to use, is recorded in the general fund.

Court Services Fund – The court services fund is a special revenue fund established to account for court-related filing fees, service charges, fines, court costs, appropriations and expenses of the Clerk as mandated by Section 28.35, Florida Statutes.

Other Special Revenue Fund – The other special revenue fund is a special revenue fund used to account for revenues mandated by Section 28.24(12)(d), Florida Statutes, to be held in trust by the Clerk and used exclusively for equipment and maintenance of equipment, personnel training, and technical assistance in modernizing the public records system of the office; and revenues mandated by Section 28.24(12)(e).

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become measurable and available to finance liabilities of the current fiscal year). For this purpose, the Clerk considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for certain compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured.

Charges for services, interest income, and other revenues are recognized as they are earned and become measurable and available to pay liabilities of the current period.

With the implementation of Revision 7 to Article V on July 1, 2004, the Clerk's activities are classified as court-related and non-court-related. The Clerk's general fund activity, which is classified as non-court-related, is funded through service charges for recording instruments and documents into the official records, interest income and through transfers in from the Board of County Commissioners.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental Funds (continued)

Court-related operations are funded by the collection of fines, fees costs and service charges, and a child support grant. Any surplus of revenues after expenditures in this fund is remitted to the State in January of the next year.

Florida Statutes provide that the amount by which revenues and transfers exceed annual expenditures for the general fund be remitted to the Board immediately following the fiscal year for which the funding was provided or following the fiscal year during which other revenues were recognized. The amount of this distribution is recorded as a liability and as an other financing use in the accompanying purpose financial statements.

Capital outlays expended in governmental funds are capitalized in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida rather than in the governmental funds of the Clerk.

Additionally, the Clerk reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary Funds – Agency Funds – Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Clerk in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and other funds. The agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities), and do not involve measurement of results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the full accrual basis of accounting.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. The Clerk does not currently hold investments.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Compensated Absences

All full-time employees of the Clerk are allowed to accumulate an unlimited number of hours of unused sick leave and up to 240 hours of unused vacation leave (with limited exceptions per the employee manual). Upon termination, employees receive 100% of allowable accumulated vacation hours and a percentage of unused sick leave, depending on years of service. Vacation leave and sick leave are included in governmental funds when the payments are made to employees. The Clerk is not legally required to accumulate financial resources for these un-matured obligations. Accordingly, the liability for compensated absences is not reported in the Clerk's funds, but rather is reported in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida.

Prepaid Expenses

The Clerk has elected to follow GASB Codification 1600.127 *Other Expenditure Recognition Alternatives* and expends maintenance costs as they are incurred and does not allocate the cost between periods.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements requires management of the Clerk to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the period. Actual results could differ slightly from those estimates.

Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-Type Definitions

Fund balances are classified either as non-spendable or as spendable. Spendable fund balances are further classified in a hierarchy based on the extent to which there are external and/or internal constraints in how fund balance amounts may be spent.

Non-spendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. There were no non-spendable fund balances at the Clerk as of September 30, 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-Type Definitions (continued)

Spendable fund balances are classified based on a hierarchy of the Clerk's ability to control the spending of these fund balances and are reported in the following categories: restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. The Clerk's fund balances for the special revenue funds fall into the spendable restricted category. Fund balances maintained in the special revenue funds are restricted pursuant to certain Florida Statutes and have been presented as restricted fund balances in the fund financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Clerk considers restricted funds to have been spent first.

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Clerk considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Clerk has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

2. Budgetary Process

Florida Statutes govern the preparation, adoption, and administration of the Clerk's annual budget. The Clerk prepares and approves the budget for the Clerk's non-court functions, including special revenue fund and the budget related to the recording function based on anticipated fees. The budget of the Clerk for services to the Board is submitted to the Board.

Pursuant to Section 28.36, *Florida Statutes*, a balanced court-related budget must be prepared on or before June 1 (for the period starting the next October 1 through September 30) and submitted to the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation (Corporation).

If the Clerk estimates that projected revenues are insufficient to meet anticipated expenditures, the Clerk must report the revenue deficit to the Corporation. Once the Corporation verifies the revenue deficit, the Clerk can increase fees up to the maximum amounts specified by law to resolve the deficit. If a deficit is still projected, a request can be submitted to release funds from the Department of Revenue Clerks of the Court Trust Fund. For the year ending September 30, 2019, the Clerk had sufficient revenues to meet expenditures.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

2. Budgetary Process (continued)

The budget is prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except for the classification and presentation of the distribution of excess court revenue to the State for the court services fund, which is treated as other financing use (transfer out) for budgetary purposes and as an expenditure in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance in the court services fund. The annual budget serves as the legal authorization for expenditures. Any subsequent amendments to the Board approved transfer must be approved by the Board; amendments to the Clerk's fee budget are at the discretion of the Clerk, and any amendments that increase or decrease the court budget must be approved by the Corporation for the court services fund. Budgetary changes within the court services fund not affecting the overall budget are made at the discretion of the Clerk.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Appropriations lapse at yearend. Budgetary control is maintained at the departmental major object expenditure level. Budgetary changes within major object expenditure categories are made at the discretion of the Clerk.

The original budget is the first complete appropriated budget. The final budget is the original budget adjusted by all reserves, transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriations, and other legally authorized changes applicable to the fiscal year.

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

At September 30, 2019, the carrying value of the Clerk's cash and cash equivalents was as follows:

		Ca	rrying			
Type	Maturity		Value	Credit Rating		
Cash on hand	N/A	\$	7,900	N/A		
Demand deposits	N/A	27	,511,763	N/A		
Total cash and cash equivalents		\$ 27	,519,663			

The Clerk maintains a cash pool for the deposits of all governmental and agency funds. Each fund type's portion of these balances is presented as cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying financial statements. Interest income is allocated to each fund based on its proportionate balance in the pool.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents as of September 30, 2019 are reported as \$8,676,990 and \$18,842,673 in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk

At September 30, 2019, the Clerk's deposits were entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance or by collateral pledged with the State Treasurer pursuant to Chapter 280, *Florida Statutes*. Under this Chapter, in the event of default by a participating financial institution (a qualified public depository), all participating institutions are obligated to reimburse the governmental entity for the loss.

Credit Risk

The Clerk's policy is to follow the guidance in Section 219.075, Florida Statutes, regarding the deposit of funds received and the investment of surplus funds. Sections 219.075 and 218.415, Florida Statutes, authorize the Clerk to invest in Florida PRIME or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Inter-local Cooperation Act; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; direct obligations of the United States Treasury, federal agencies and instrumentalities, or interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in banks organized under the laws of the United States and doing business and situated in the State of Florida, savings and loan associations which are under state supervision, or in federal savings and loan associations located in the State of Florida and organized under federal law and federal supervision, provided that any such deposits are secured by collateral as may be prescribed by law. Additionally, Florida Statutes allow local governments to place public funds with institutions that participate in a collateral pool under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. The pool is administered by the State Treasurer, who may make additional assessments to ensure that no public funds will be lost.

Interest Rate Risk

Investment of Clerk's funds is based on maintaining 24 hour liquidity. All Clerks funds are held in local banks or short term investment instruments.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

4. Interest Income and Investment of County Funds

Pursuant to *Florida Statutes*, Section 28.33, the Clerk invests all County funds in excess of those required to meet expenses. Interest income is allocated to each fund based on its proportionate balance in the pool. Interest income of \$115,261 is reported in the general fund for the year ended September 30, 2019, as the portion of interest earned on Clerk funds.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets used by the governmental fund type operations are capitalized in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida rather than in the governmental funds of the Clerk. Upon acquisition, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds of the Clerk and are capitalized at cost in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at acquisition value on the date received.

The Clerk maintains custodial responsibility for capital assets used by the office. No depreciation expense has been provided on capital assets in these financial statements. However, depreciation expense on these assets is recorded in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida.

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets, which are reported in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida:

	October 1,				Tra	ansfer-	Se	ptember 30,
	2018	Additions	De	ductions		out		2019
Capital assets depreciated:								
Machinery and equipment	\$6,441,349	\$ 288,860	\$	(16,207)	\$(1	90,142)	\$	6,523,860
Less accumulated depreciation	(5,143,256)	(650,984)		16,207	1	87,640		(5,590,393)
Total capital assets depreciated	1,298,093	(362,124)		-		(2,502)		933,467
Total capital assets, net	\$1,298,093	\$(362,124)	\$	-	\$	(2,502)	\$	933,467
	·				•			

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

6. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities which are reported in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida:

	October 1,			September 30,
<u>-</u>	2018	Additions	Deletions	2019
Accrued compensated absences	\$ 1,817,416	\$ 1,012,135	\$ (898,406)	\$ 1,931,145

Of these liabilities, \$907,638 is expected to be paid during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020. These long-term liabilities are not reported in the financial statements of the Clerk since they have not matured.

7. Pension Plans

Background

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, *Florida Statutes*, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Clerk are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, *Florida Statutes*; Chapter 112, Part IV, *Florida Statutes*; Chapter 238, *Florida Statutes*; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

7. Pension Plans (continued)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Elected County Officers Class* Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, *Florida Statutes*, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

7. Pension Plans (continued)

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

As provided in Section 121.101, *Florida Statutes*, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of FRS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, *Florida Statutes*, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

7. Pension Plans (continued)

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of HIS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

FRS Investment Plan

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Collier County Clerk employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

7. Pension Plans (continued)

FRS Investment Plan (continued)

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Collier County Clerk.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

Contributions

Participating employer contributions are based upon statewide rates established by the State of Florida. The Clerk's contributions made to the plans during the years ended September 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$1,009,015, \$877,162 and \$802,245, respectively, equal to the actuarially determined contribution requirements for each year.

Additional information about pension plans can be found in the Collier County comprehensive annual financial report or County-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

8. Related Party Transactions

The Board provided funding for the Clerk in the amount of \$7,367,000. The Supervisor of Elections provided funding in the amount of a \$47,000 fee for financial services performed by the Clerk. At September 30, 2019, the Clerk had a payable due to the Board of \$1,268,437, comprised as follows:

Distribution of excess fees	\$ 963,724
Amounts due for various services	2,402
Agency funds due	 302,311
Total due to Board of County Commissioners	\$ 1,268,437

9. Risk Management

Collier County, Florida (County) is exposed to various risks of loss, including, but not limited to, general liability, health and life, property and casualty, auto and physical damage, and workers' compensation. The County is substantially self-insured and accounts for and finances its risk of uninsured losses through an internal service fund. All liabilities associated with these self-insured risks are reported in the basic financial statements of the County. During the year ended September 30, 2019, the Clerk was charged \$2,376,168 by the County for participation in the risk management program.

The County retains the first \$500,000 per claim for workers' compensation, and has purchased outside excess coverage for up to the statutory limits for each injury and illness. The County also provides coverage for \$250,000 per occurrence for general liability and \$300,000 per occurrence for auto liability coverage and has purchased outside excess coverage for up to \$5 million per claim. Negligence claims in excess of the statutory limits set in Section 768.28, *Florida Statutes*, which provide for limited sovereign immunity of \$200,000/\$300,000 per occurrence can only be recovered through an act of the State Legislature. Property claims are subject to a 3 % wind deductible and a \$50,000 deductible for all other perils. The County retains the first \$100,000 per claim/\$200,000 per occurrence for public official errors and omissions and crime coverage and has purchased outside excess coverage for up to \$5 million per claim. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the last year. Settled claims have not exceeded the insurance provided by third party carriers in any of the last three years.

The County is self-insured for health claims covering all of its employees and their eligible dependents. The County retains the first \$450,000 per covered member and has purchased outside excess coverage for all claims exceeding this amount. An actuarial valuation is performed each year to estimate the amounts needed to pay prior and future claims and to establish reserves.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

10. Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits (OPEB) Plan

In accordance with Section 112.0801, *Florida Statutes*, the Clerk participates with Collier County in offering retiring employees the opportunity to continue participation in the County's health insurance plan. The participating retirees pay 100% of the premium cost applicable to an active employee. The liability and expense for other postemployment benefits, calculated in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, are reported in the financial statements of the County.

11. Claims and Contingencies

Litigation

The Clerk is routinely involved as defendant, plaintiff and as a "party in interest" in carrying out its statutorily and constitutionally assigned tasks. During the year ended September 30, 2019, the Clerk was involved in approximately 115,416 collection cases. These are court actions designed to collect fees and costs imposed by the courts in criminal cases. The Clerk was involved in 226 bond forfeiture actions. Those cases involve collecting forfeitures of criminal appearance bonds. There are 20 active actions for foreclosure of property in which the Clerk has been a named defendant.

The Clerk is named as a party in a lawsuit regarding records retention. The Clerk is disputing the claim and expects a favorable outcome.

In the opinion of the Clerk of the Circuit Court and legal counsel, the range of potential recoveries or liabilities from matters involving litigation will not materially affect the financial position of the Clerk of the Circuit Court. The Clerk's Office carries insurance to protect against loss.

Combining Statements of Fiduciary Net Position All Agency Funds

September 30, 2019

Accepto		Clerk's Agency		Court Registry	O	ıry and rdinary Vitness		Total
Assets Cash and assh aguivalents	•	2 202 422	Φ	15,535,796	Φ	14,444	Φ	19 942 672
Cash and cash equivalents	Ф.	3,292,433	Φ.		Φ.		Ф.	18,842,673
Total assets	\$	3,292,433	\$	15,535,796	\$	14,444	\$	18,842,673
Liabilities Due to Collier County, Florida								
Board of County Commissioners	\$	302,311	\$	-	\$	-	\$	302,311
Due to other governments		895,103		-		14,444		909,547
Deposits		2,095,019		15,535,796				17,630,815
Total liabilities	\$	3,292,433	\$	15,535,796	\$	14,444	\$	18,842,673



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Crystal K. Kinzel Clerk of the Circuit Court Collier County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Collier County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court (Clerk), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida December 27, 2019



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Crystal K. Kinzel Clerk of the Circuit Court Collier County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Collier County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court (Clerk), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2019.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated December 27, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note 1 in the notes to the financial statements.



Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Clerk and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida December 27, 2019



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Honorable Crystal K. Kinzel Clerk of the Circuit Court Collier County, Florida

We have examined the Collier County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court's (Clerk) compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds; Section 61.181, *Florida Statutes*, regarding clerks of the courts alimony and child support payments; and Sections 28.35 and 28.36, *Florida Statutes*, regarding clerks of the courts performance standards and budgets, during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management of the Clerk is responsible for the Clerk's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Clerk's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Clerk complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgement, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Clerk's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds; Section 61.181, *Florida Statutes*, regarding clerks of the courts alimony and child support payments; and Sections 28.35 and 28.36, *Florida Statutes*, regarding clerks of the courts performance standards and budgets during the year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Clerk and the Auditor General, State of Florida and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida December 27, 2019



Financial Statements and Supplemental Reports

Year Ended September 30, 2019



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Financial Statements and Other Reports

Year Ended September 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Abe Skinner Property Appraiser Collier County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the general fund of the Collier County, Florida Property Appraiser (Property Appraiser), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Property Appraiser's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Honorable Abe Skinner Property Appraiser

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the general fund of the Property Appraiser as of September 30, 2019, and the changes in financial position and budgetary comparison of its general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, only for that portion of the major funds of Collier County, Florida that is attributable to the Property Appraiser. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Collier County, Florida as of September 30, 2019, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2019 on our consideration of the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida December 17, 2019

Balance Sheet – General Fund

September 30, 2019

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,514,281
Total assets	\$ 1,514,281
Liabilities and fund balance	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 76,498
Due to Collier County, Florida Board of	
County Commissioners	471,124
Due to other taxing districts	966,659
Total liabilities	 1,514,281
Fund balance	-
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 1,514,281

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance General Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2019

Revenues:		
Commissions and fees	\$	8,866,135
Interest		582
Miscellaneous		10,427
Total revenues	_	8,877,144
Expenditures:		
General government:		
Personal services		5,768,197
Operating		1,571,761
Capital outlay		99,403
Total expenditures		7,439,361
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,437,783
Other financing uses:		
Distribution of excess fees and commissions to Collier County, Florida		
Board of County Commissioners		(471,124)
Distribution of excess fees and commissions to other		
governmental agencies		(966,659)
Total other financing uses		(1,437,783)
Net change in fund balance		_
Fund balance, beginning of year		_
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual General Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Bu	dget		Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Commissions and fees	\$ 7,797,089	\$ 7,799,352	\$ 7,799,352	\$ -
Interest revenue	-	-	341	341
Miscellaneous			10,427	10,427
Total revenues	7,797,089	7,799,352	7,810,120	10,768
Expenditures:				
General government:				
Personal services	6,045,049	6,047,312	5,768,197	279,115
Operating	1,727,040	1,727,040	1,505,932	221,108
Capital outlay	25,000	25,000	7,516	17,484
Total expenditures	7,797,089	7,799,352	7,281,645	517,707
Excess of revenues over expenditures			528,475	528,475
Other financing uses: Distribution of excess fees to				
Collier County, Florida Board of County Commissioners Distribution of excess commissions and fees to other governmental	-	-	(471,124)	(471,124)
agencies	_	_	(57,351)	(57,351)
Total other financing uses			(528,475)	(528,475)
Net change in fund balance Fund balance, beginning of year	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of the financial statements of the Collier County, Florida Property Appraiser (Property Appraiser).

Reporting Entity

The Property Appraiser is an elected official of the County, pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Property Appraiser is part of the primary government of the County. Although the Board and the Florida Department of Revenue approve the Property Appraiser's total operating budget, the Property Appraiser is responsible for the administration and the operation of the Property Appraiser's office. The Property Appraiser's financial statements include only the funds of the Property Appraiser's office. There are no separate legal entities (component units) for which the Property Appraiser is considered to be financially accountable.

The financial activities of the Property Appraiser, as a constitutional officer, are included in the Collier County, Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits, which allows the Property Appraiser to only present fund financial statements. These financial statements present only the portion of the funds of Collier County, Florida that are attributable to the Property Appraiser. They are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of Collier County, Florida in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The financial activities of the Property Appraiser, as a constitutional officer, are included in the Collier County, Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

These fund financial statements report detailed information about the Property Appraiser. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. Only current assets and current liabilities, generally, are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements for these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. The Property Appraiser's only governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund is used to account for the general operations of the Property Appraiser and includes all transactions not accounted for in another fund.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become measurable and available to finance liabilities of the current fiscal year). For this purpose, the Property Appraiser considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for certain compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured.

Interest revenue and miscellaneous revenue are recognized as they are earned and become measurable and available to pay liabilities of the current period.

Substantially all of the Property Appraiser's revenue is received from taxing authorities. These monies are virtually unrestricted and are revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These resources are reflected as revenue at the time of receipt, earlier if the "susceptible to accrual" criteria are met.

Florida Statutes provide that the amount by which revenues exceed annual expenditures be remitted to each governmental agency or the Board immediately following the fiscal year for which the funding was provided or following the fiscal year during which other revenue was recognized.

Capital outlays expended in the general fund operations are capitalized in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida rather than in the governmental funds of the Property Appraiser.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Refund of "Excess Fees"

Florida Statutes further provide that the excess of revenues over expenditures held by the Property Appraiser be distributed to each governmental agency or the Board in the same proportion as the fees paid by each governmental agency bear to total fee revenues. The amount of this distribution is recorded as a liability and as an other financing use-transfer out in the accompanying financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Compensated Absences

All full-time employees of the Property Appraiser are allowed to accumulate an unlimited number of hours of unused sick leave and up to 200 hours of unused vacation leave. Upon termination, employees receive 100% of allowable accumulated vacation hours and a percentage of unused sick leave, depending on years of service, not to exceed 1,040 hours. Vacation and sick leave payments are included in operating costs of the general fund when the payments are made to the employees. The Property Appraiser does not, nor is legally required to, accumulate financial resources for these unmatured obligations. Accordingly, the liability for compensated absences is not reported in the general fund of the Property Appraiser, but rather is reported in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida.

Prepaid Expenses

The Property Appraiser has elected to follow GASB Codification 1600.127 *Other Expenditure Recognition Alternatives* and expends maintenance costs as they are incurred and does not allocate the cost between periods.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management of the Property Appraiser to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Budgetary Process

Florida Statutes govern the preparation, adoption, and administration of the Property Appraiser's annual budget. The Property Appraiser prepares a budget for the general fund and submits it to the Florida Department of Revenue for approval. A copy of the approved budget is provided to the Board. Any subsequent amendments to the Property Appraiser's total budget must be approved by the Florida Department of Revenue. The annual budget serves as the legal authorization for expenditures. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Appropriations lapse at year-end. Budget control is maintained at the departmental major object expenditure level. Budgetary changes within major object expenditure categories are made at the discretion of the Property Appraiser.

The original budget is the first complete appropriated budget. The final budget is the original budget adjusted by all reserves, transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriations, and other legally authorized changes applicable to the fiscal year, whenever legally authorized.

The Property Appraiser's budget is prepared under a budgetary basis of accounting that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Certain revenues received from non-ad valorem commissions, expenditures of such revenue, and other financing uses related to non-ad valorem revenue are not recognized under the budgetary basis of accounting; however, these items have been recognized under GAAP.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

2. Budgetary Process (continued)

A reconciliation of revenues, expenditures, and other financing uses on a budgetary basis to a GAAP is as follows:

Total revenues - budgetary basis	\$ 7,810,120
Revenues not budgeted:	
Non-ad valorem commissions are not budgeted	1,066,783
Non-ad valorem interest is not budgeted	241
Total revenues - GAAP basis	\$ 8,877,144
Total expenditures - budgetary basis	\$ 7,281,645
Expenditures not budgeted:	
Non-ad valorem related expenditures are not budgeted	157,716
Total expenditures - GAAP basis	\$ 7,439,361
Total other financing uses - budgetary basis	\$ (528,475)
Other financing uses not budgeted:	
Distribution of non-ad valorem excess fees are not budgeted	(909,308)
Total other financing uses - GAAP basis	\$ (1,437,783)

3. Cash

At September 30, 2019, the carrying value of the Property Appraiser's cash was as follows:

Туре	Carrying Value	
Cash on hand Demand deposits	\$ 125 1,514,156	
Total cash	\$ 1,514,281	-

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

3. Cash (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

At September 30, 2019, the Property Appraiser's deposits were entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance or by collateral pledged with the State Treasurer pursuant to Chapter 280, *Florida Statutes*. Under this Chapter, in the event of default by a participating financial institution (a qualified public depository), all participating institutions are obligated to reimburse the governmental entity for the loss.

Credit Risk

The Property Appraiser's policy is to follow the guidance in Section 219.075, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the deposit of funds received and the investment of surplus funds. Sections 219.075 and 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, authorize the Property Appraiser to invest in Florida PRIME (formerly the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund) or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; direct obligations of the United States Treasury; federal agencies and instrumentalities or interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in banks organized under the laws of the United States and doing business and situated in the State of Florida, savings and loan associations which are under state supervision; or in federal savings and loan associations located in the State of Florida and organized under federal law and federal supervision, provided that any such deposits are secured by collateral as may be prescribed by law.

Interest Rate Risk

The Property Appraiser has no specific investment policy regarding interest rate risk.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets used by the Property Appraiser are capitalized in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida rather than in the governmental funds of the Property Appraiser. Upon acquisition, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the general fund of the Property Appraiser, and are capitalized at cost in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at acquisition value on the date received. The Property Appraiser maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by the office. No depreciation expense has been provided on capital assets in these financial statements. However, depreciation expense on these assets is recorded in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida.

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2019:

	(October 1,				Se	eptember 30,
		2018	Additions	Γ	Deductions		2019
Improvements other than buildings	\$	15,332	\$ -	\$	-	\$	15,332
Machinery and equipment		1,559,442	99,403		(103,507)		1,555,338
Total capital assets		1,574,774	99,403		(103,507)		1,570,670
Less: accumulated depreciation		(1,380,520)	(77,138)		103,507		(1,354,151)
Total capital assets, net	\$	194,254	\$ 22,265	\$	-	\$	216,519

5. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities, which are reported in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida:

	October 1,						September 30,		
		2018	Increase Decre		Decrease		2019		
Accrued compensated absences	\$	350,947	\$	308,251	\$	(303,100)	\$	356,098	

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

5. Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Of these liabilities, approximately \$150,000 is expected to be paid during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020, which will be included in the operating costs of the general fund when expended. These long-term liabilities are not reported in the financial statements of the Property Appraiser since they have not matured.

6. Pension Plans

Background

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, *Florida Statutes*, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Property Appraiser are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

6. Pension Plans (continued)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Elected County Officers Class* Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62, or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

6. Pension Plans (continued)

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, *Florida Statutes*, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

As provided in Section 121.101, *Florida Statutes*, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of FRS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

6. Pension Plans (continued)

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, *Florida Statutes*, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, *Florida Statutes*. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of HIS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

FRS Investment Plan

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, *Florida Statutes*, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Property Appraiser employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

6. Pension Plans (continued)

Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Property Appraiser.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

6. Pension Plans (continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirements of the Property Appraiser are established and may be amended by the State of Florida. The Property Appraiser's employer contributions to the plan for the years ended September 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017, were \$512,315, \$472,786, and \$409,812, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Additional information about pension plans can be found in the County's comprehensive annual financial report or County-wide financial statements.

7. Other Postemployment Benefits

In accordance with Section 112.0801, *Florida Statutes*, the Property Appraiser participates with Collier County in offering retiring employees the opportunity to continue participation in the County's health insurance plan. The participating retirees pay 100% of the premium cost applicable to an active employee. The liability and expense for other postemployment benefits, calculated in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, are reported in the financial statements of the County.

8. Related Party Transactions

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the Board paid fees to the Property Appraiser that amounted to \$6,952,956. At September 30, 2019, the Property Appraiser had a payable due to the Board as follows:

Distribution of excess commissions and fees

\$ 471,124

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

9. Risk Management

Collier County, Florida (County) is exposed to various risks of loss including but not limited to, general liability, health and life, property and casualty, auto and physical damage, and workers' compensation. The County is substantially self-insured and accounts for and finances its risk of uninsured losses through an internal service fund. All liabilities associated with these self-insured risks are reported in the basic financial statements of the County. The Property Appraiser participates in the County's self-insurance program. During the year ended September 30, 2019, the Property Appraiser was charged \$1,081,213 by the County for participation in the risk management program.

The County retains the first \$500,000 per claim for workers' compensation, and has purchased outside excess coverage for up to the statutory limits for each injury or illness. The County also provides coverage for up to \$250,000 per occurrence for general liability and \$300,000 per occurrence for auto liability coverage and has purchased outside excess coverage for up to \$5 million per claim. Negligence claims in excess of the statutory limits set in Section 768.20, *Florida Statutes*, which provide for limited sovereign immunity of \$200,000/\$300,000 per occurrence can only be recovered through an act of the State Legislature. Property claims are subject to a 3% wind deductible and a \$50,000 deductible for all other perils. The County retains the first \$100,000 per claim/\$200,000 per occurrence for public official errors and omissions and crime coverage and has purchased outside excess coverage for up to \$5 million per claim. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the last year. Settled claims have not exceeded the insurance provided by third-party carriers in any of the last three years.

The County is self-insured for health claims covering all of its employees and their eligible dependents. The County retains the first \$450,000 per covered member and has purchased outside excess coverage for all claims exceeding this amount. An actuarial valuation is performed each year to estimate the amounts needed to pay prior and future claims and to establish reserves.

10. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The Property Appraiser is involved as a defendant or plaintiff in certain litigation and claims arising from the ordinary course of operations. In the opinion of the Property Appraiser and legal counsel, the range of potential recoveries or liabilities will not materially affect the financial position of the Property Appraiser.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Abe Skinner Property Appraiser Collier County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the general fund of the Collier County, Florida Property Appraiser (Property Appraiser), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Property Appraiser's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal* control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Honorable Abe Skinner Property Appraiser

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Property Appraiser's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Property Appraiser's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida December 17, 2019



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Abe Skinner Property Appraiser Collier County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the general fund of the Collier County, Florida Property Appraiser (Property Appraiser) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2019.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports which are dated December 17, 2019 should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. The status of significant findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report are listed in Appendix A.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note 1 in the notes to financial statements.



Honorable Abe Skinner Property Appraiser

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we made recommendations as listed in the following schedule of findings and response.

The Property Appraiser's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and response. The Property Appraiser's response was not subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, and the Property Appraiser and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida December 17, 2019

Schedule of Findings and Responses

September 30, 2019

2019-001 Allocation of non-ad valorem excess fees

Criteria: The allocation of non-ad valorem excess fees remitted to the non-ad valorem assessment districts should be based on the percentage of non-ad valorem fees collected from each district as compared to the total non-ad valorem assessments fees collected.

Condition: During the audit, we noted that the allocation of non-ad valorem excess fees calculated for each of the non-ad valorem assessment districts was incorrect.

Cause: An incorrect tax roll recapitulation was used to determine the allocation of excess fees.

Effect: This error resulted in the non-ad valorem assessment districts receiving an incorrect amount of excess fees.

Recommendation: We recommend that the calculation be thoroughly reviewed prior to the journal entry being made and the credit given to the non-ad valorem assessment districts.

Management's response: The allocation of the non-ad valorem excess fees will be corrected for next year's billing using the appropriate percentages.

Appendix A

September 30, 2019

Prior Year Findings		Fi	nding Numb	er	Current Year Status			
Fnor Year Fil	umgs	Current				Partially	Not	
		Year	2017-2018	2016-2017	Cleared	Cleared	Cleared	
	Material							
Financial Reporting	Weakness	N/A	2018-001	N/A	X			
Allocation of non-ad	Management							
valorem excess fees	Letter	2019-001	2018-002	N/A			X	



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Honorable Abe Skinner Property Appraiser Collier County, Florida

We have examined the Collier County Property Appraiser, Collier County, Florida's (Property Appraiser) compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management of the Property Appraiser is responsible for the Property Appraiser's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Property Appraiser's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Property Appraiser complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Property Appraiser complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Property Appraiser's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Property Appraiser complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Property Appraiser and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida December 17, 2019



Financial Statements and Supplemental Reports

Year Ended September 30, 2019



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Financial Statements and Other Reports

Year Ended September 30, 2019

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Honorable Kevin Rambosk Sheriff

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Kevin Rambosk Sheriff Collier County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Collier County, Florida Sheriff (Sheriff), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information for the Sheriff as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows and budgetary comparison thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Collier County that is attributable to the Sheriff. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Collier County as of September 30, 2019, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Sheriff's financial statements. The combining statements, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 11, 2020 on our consideration of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida February 11, 2020

Balance Sheet –Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2019

	General	Re	Grant Special venue Fund	Prisoner Welfare	Fed	leral Equitable Sharing	er Non-Major ecial Revenue Funds	Total
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,486,940	\$	1,060,500	\$ 2,314,966	\$	643,040	\$ _	\$ 17,505,446
Accounts receivable	94,641		_	_		_	_	94,641
Other receivable	3,410		_	11,813		_	_	15,223
Due from other funds	246,593		_	62,665		1,076	_	310,334
Due from other governments	24,319		116,865	_		_	_	141,184
Due from Collier County, Florida Board of								
County Commissioners	10,284		77,882	_			238,484	326,650
Total assets	\$ 13,866,187	\$	1,255,247	\$ 2,389,444	\$	644,116	\$ 238,484	\$ 18,393,478
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued expenses	\$ 1,455,911 10,900,425	\$	2,500	\$ 6,224	\$	5,016 -	\$ 56,286	\$ 1,525,937 10,900,425
Due to other funds Due to Collier County, Florida Board of	1,001,076		_	46,436		5,030	182,198	1,234,740
County Commissioners	508,775		_	_		_	_	508,775
Unearned revenue	_		68,824	_		_	_	68,824
Total liabilities	13,866,187		71,324	52,660		10,046	238,484	14,238,701
Fund balances:								
Restricted	_		1,183,923	2,336,784		634,070		4,154,777
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 13,866,187	\$	1,255,247	\$ 2,389,444	\$	644,116	\$ 238,484	\$ 18,393,478

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Governmental Funds

Year Ended September 30, 2019

	General	Grant Special Revenue Fund	Prisoner Welfare	Federal Equitable Sharing	Other Non-Major Special Revenue Funds	Total
Revenues:						
Grant revenue	\$ 108,752	\$ 1,180,023	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,288,775
Charges for services	1,480,830	_	750,809	_	_	2,231,639
Other revenue			_	9,107		9,107
Total revenues	1,589,582	1,180,023	750,809	9,107		3,529,521
Expenditures:						
General government:						
Personal services	4,585,485	_	_	_	_	4,585,485
Operating expenditures	66,157	_	_	_	_	66,157
Capital outlay	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public safety:					_	
Personal services	144,630,143	442,755	276,610	_	612,675	145,962,183
Operating expenditures	28,217,673	301,883	136,698	57,196	1,741,750	30,455,200
Capital outlay	11,457,709	158,509	275,319	_	32,216	11,923,753
Debt Service - principal	58,210	_	_	_	_	58,210
Debt Service - interest	4,975	_	_	_	_	4,975
Total expenditures	189,020,352	903,147	688,627	57,196	2,386,641	193,055,963
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(187,430,770)	276,876	62,182	(48,089)	(2,386,641)	(189,526,442)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in: Collier County, Florida Board of County						
Commissioners appropriations	187,203,400	_	_	_	_	187,203,400
Collier County, Florida Board of County Commissioners	719,875	_	_	_	2,386,641	3,106,516
Transfers out:						
Distribution of excess appropriations to Collier County,						
Florida Board of County Commissioners	(492,505)	_	_	_	_	(492,505)
Total other financing sources	187,430,770		_		2,386,641	189,817,411
Net change in fund balances	_	276,876	62,182	(48,089)	_	290,969
Fund balances – beginning of year	_	907,047	2,274,602	682,159	_	3,863,808
Fund balances – end of year	\$ -	\$ 1,183,923	\$ 2,336,784	\$ 634,070	\$ –	\$ 4,154,777

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual General Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Bu	dget		Variance With Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: Grant Revenue Charges for services	\$ - -	\$ - 1,589,400	\$ 108,752 1,480,830	\$ 108,752 (108,570)
Total revenues		1,589,400	1,589,582	182
Expenditures: General government: Personal services Operating expenditures Capital outlay Public safety:	4,260,100 167,500 –	4,260,100 167,500 –	4,585,485 66,157 –	(325,385) 101,343 -
Personal services Operating expenditures Capital outlay Total expenditures	148,173,700 26,759,400 7,842,700 187,203,400	149,655,600 26,866,900 7,842,700 188,792,800	144,630,143 28,217,673 10,801,019 188,300,477	5,025,457 (1,350,773) (2,958,319) 492,323
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(187,203,400)	(187,203,400)	(186,710,895)	492,525
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in: Collier County, Florida Board of County Commissioners appropriations Transfers out: Distribution of excess appropriations to Collier County, Florida Board of County Commissioners Total other financing sources (uses)	187,203,400 	187,203,400 187,203,400	187,203,400 (492,505) 186,710,895	(492,505) (492,505)
Net change in fund balance Fund balance – beginning of year Fund balance – end of year				
rund balance – end of year	э —	\$	\$ _	<u> </u>
Total expenditures - budgetary basis Expenditures not budgeted:			\$ 188,300,477	
Expenditures for multi-period projects that are not be	udgeted		719,875	
Total expenditure - GAAP basis			\$ 189,020,352	
Total other financing sources (uses) - budgetary basis Transfers in from Collier County Florida Board of C	ounty		\$ 186,710,895	
Commissioners (non-appropriations)	· J		719,875	
Total other financing sources (uses) - GAAP basis			\$ 187,430,770	

Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Fund

September 30, 2019

Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,080,631
Investments	8,350,238
Due from stop loss	156,551
Due from other	867
Due from other funds	1,000,000
Interest receivable	42,511
Total assets	13,630,798
Liabilities:	
Self insurance claims payable	2,946,000
Deferred revenue	93,401
Total liabilities	3,039,401
Net position:	
Unrestricted	10,591,397
Total net position	\$ 10,591,397

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Internal Service Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2019

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 30,735,415
Charges for services	20,001
Total operating revenues	30,755,416
Operating expenses:	
Claims and claims expenses	26,081,340
Reinsurance premiums	1,401,480
Administrative and other expenses	607,211
Total operating expenses	 28,090,031
Operating income	2,665,385
Nonoperating revenues:	
Interest income, net of management fees	137,178
Realized gain on sale of investments	16,165
Decrease in fair value of investments	113,671
Total nonoperating revenues	267,014
Change in net position	2,932,399
Net position – beginning of year	 7,658,998
Net position – end of year	\$ 10,591,397

Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2019

Operating activities	
Cash payments for claims and claims related services	\$ (26,173,483)
Cash payments for reinsurance premiums	(1,401,480)
Cash payments for administrative services and supplies	(588,210)
Cash received from other funds for services	29,000,000
Cash received from retirees for services	1,239,579
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,076,406
Investing activities	
Interest earnings, net of management fees	116,286
Purchase of securities	(4,301,286)
Proceeds from sales of securities	4,185,000
Net cash used by investing activities	
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents, and investments	2,076,406
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments – beginning of year	2,004,225
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments – end of year	\$ 4,080,631
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash	
provided by operating activities	
Operating income	\$ 2,665,385
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	
net cash provided by operating activities:	
Increase in other receivables	(160,785)
Increase in due to/from other funds	(500,000)
Increase in self-insurance claims payable	9,806
Increase in deferred revenue	62,000
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 2,076,406

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Agency Funds

September 30, 2019

Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 613,876
Due from individuals and businesses	 9,646
Total assets	\$ 623,522
Liabilities:	
Due to other funds	\$ 75,594
Due to Collier County, Florida	
Board of County Commissioners	19,534
Due to individuals and businesses	528,394
Total liabilities	\$ 623,522

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The Collier County, Florida Sheriff (Sheriff) is an elected constitutional officer as provided for by the Constitution of the State of Florida. Pursuant to Chapter 129, *Florida Statutes*, the Sheriff's budget is submitted to the Collier County, Florida Board of County Commissioners (Board) for approval. The Sheriff is the chief law enforcement officer of Collier County, Florida (County) and is responsible for operating the County's corrections facilities.

The financial statements include the general fund, special revenue funds, proprietary fund (internal service fund), and agency funds of the Sheriff's office. The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), *Florida Statutes*, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General - Local Governmental Entity Audits*, which allows the Sheriff to only present fund financial statements. These financial statements present only the portion of the funds of Collier County, Florida that are attributable to the Sheriff. They are not intended to present fairly the financial positions and results of operations of Collier County, Florida in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. There are no separate legal entities (component units) for which the Sheriff is financially accountable.

Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General - Local Governmental Entity Audits, requires the Sheriff to only present fund financial statements. Accordingly, due to the omission of government-wide financial statements and related disclosures, including management's discussion and analysis, these financial statements do not constitute a complete presentation of the financial position of the Sheriff as of September 30, 2019 and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended, in conformity with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, but otherwise constitute financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the budgetary oversight by the Board and the financial dependency on the Board, the financial activities of the Sheriff are included in the Collier County, Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

Transfers are provided by appropriations from the Board pursuant to law. Estimated receipts and budgeted fund balances must equal appropriations. The Sheriff is required to refund to the Board all excess appropriations annually; therefore, no unappropriated general fund balance is carried forward.

The fund financial statements report detailed information about the Sheriff. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. Only current assets and current liabilities, generally, are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements for these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become measurable and available to finance liabilities of the current fiscal year). For this purpose, the Sheriff considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end with the exception of grants, which have a period of availability of one year. Grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured.

Substantially all of the Sheriff's funding is appropriated by the Board. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenue, there are essentially two types of revenue. In one, money must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the Sheriff; therefore, revenue is recognized based upon the expenditures incurred. In the other, money is virtually unrestricted and is revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These resources are reflected as revenue at the time of receipt, or earlier, if the "susceptible to accrual" criteria are met.

Other revenue is recognized as earned and becomes measurable and available to pay liabilities of the current period.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental Funds (continued)

Florida Statutes provide that the amount by which revenues and transfers exceed annual expenditures be remitted to the Board immediately following the fiscal year for which the funding was provided or following the fiscal year during which other revenue was recognized. The amount of this distribution is recorded as a liability and as an other financing use in the accompanying financial statements.

Capital outlays expended in governmental fund operations are capitalized in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida rather than in the governmental funds of the Sheriff.

The Sheriff has four major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is used to account for the general operations of the Sheriff and includes all transactions which are not accounted for in another fund.

Grant Special Revenue Fund – This fund is used to account for the proceeds of federal and state grant revenues that are legally restricted to specified purposes. It also includes funds donated to the Collier County Sheriff's Office. Donated funds are used in accordance with how each donor designates the use of funds. The majority of donated funds are usually designated for youth programs, however, funds have also been donated for officer safety, use by specific districts/substations for community activities, or other programs/activities in the community.

Prisoner Welfare Fund – This fund is used to account for the proceeds of inmate-related services and is legally restricted to specified purposes, which benefit the inmate population.

Federal Equitable Sharing Fund – The revenue from this fund is the result of joint investigations with federal agencies that result in the equitable sharing of the net proceeds of the forfeiture.

The Sheriff also has the following non-major funds:

Reported as Other Non-major Special Revenue Funds

Confiscated Trust Fund – This fund is used to account for the proceeds of funds collected pursuant to Florida Statute 932.705. Funds are generally used for local match for grants, drug abuse education and prevention programs, and for other law enforcement purposes as the Board deems appropriate.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental Funds (continued)

Civil Citation – This fund is used to account for the proceeds of funds collected pursuant to Florida Statute 775.083. Funds are used for local match for grants and to defray the costs for crime prevention programs in the county.

Education Trust Fund – This fund is used to account for the proceeds of funds collected pursuant to Florida Statute 943.25. Funds are used to defray training costs.

E911 – This fund is used to account for the proceeds of funds collected pursuant to Florida Statute 365.172. Funds are used to pay certain costs associated with the Emergency 911 System.

Criminal Justice Education and Training – This fund is used to account for the proceeds of funds collected pursuant to Florida Statute 943.25. Funds are used to defray training costs.

Domestic Violence Training Fund – This fund is used to account for the proceeds of funds collected pursuant to Florida Statute 938.08. Funds are used to defray of incarcerating persons sentenced under Florida Statute 741.283 and to provide additional training to law enforcement personnel in combating domestic violence.

Fund balances reported in these funds are to be used for the specified purpose of the respective fund.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds – Agency Funds – These funds are used to account for assets held by the Sheriff as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities), and do not involve measurement of results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

Proprietary Fund

Internal Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the health and dental insurance services provided to departments and retirees of the Sheriff on a cost-reimbursement basis. Proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

The Sheriff invests funds throughout the year with Florida PRIME, an investment pool administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA), under the regulatory oversight of the State of Florida. Investments in Florida PRIME are made pursuant to Chapter 125.31, *Florida Statutes*. Florida PRIME is considered a qualifying external investment pool that meets all the necessary criteria to elect to measure all of the investments at amortized cost. Therefore, the fair value of the Sheriff's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The investments are not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Throughout the year, and as of September 30, 2019, Florida PRIME contained certain floating and adjustable rate securities. These investments represented 36.5% of Florida PRIME's portfolio at September 30, 2019.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, as a participant in a qualifying external investment pool, the Sheriff should disclose the presence of any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals (such as redemption notice periods, maximum transaction amounts, and the qualifying external investment pool's authority to impose liquidity fees or redemption gates in the notes to the financial statements.

With regards to redemption gates, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states that "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the Executive Director until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days."

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash Equivalents and Investments (continued)

With regard to liquidity fees, Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

At September 30, 2019, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

Compensated Absences

All full-time employees of the Sheriff are allowed to accumulate an unlimited number of hours of unused sick time and up to 500 hours of unused vacation leave. Upon termination, employees receive 100% of allowable accumulated vacation hours. If the member leaves in good standing they will also receive a percentage of unused sick leave, depending on years of service, not to exceed 2,000 hours. Vacation time and sick leave are included in operating costs when the payments are made to the employees. The Sheriff does not, nor is the Sheriff legally required to, accumulate expendable financial resources for these unmatured obligations. Accordingly, the liability for compensated absences is not reported in the governmental funds, but rather is reported in the basic financial statements for the County.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management of the Sheriff to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the period. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the self-insurance claims payable. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-Type Definitions

Fund balances are classified either as non-spendable or as spendable. Spendable fund balances are further classified in a hierarchy based on the extent to which there are external and/or internal constraints in how fund balance amounts may be spent.

Non-spendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Sheriff did not have any non-spendable fund balances as of September 30, 2019.

Spendable fund balances are classified based on a hierarchy of the Sheriff's ability to control the spending of these fund balances and are reported in the following categories: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. The Sheriff's fund balances for the Grant Special Revenue Fund, Prisoner Welfare Fund, and Federal Equitable Sharing Fund fall into this category.

Fund balances maintained in the Grant Special Revenue Fund, Prisoner Welfare Fund, and the Federal Equitable Sharing Fund are constrained for specific purposes that are externally imposed by donors, grantors, laws, or regulations or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation, and are reports as restricted fund balances.

2. Budgetary Process

Florida Statutes govern the preparation, adoption, and administration of the Sheriff's annual budget. The Sheriff prepares a budget for the general fund and submits it to the Board for approval. The budget is prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except that the proceeds from capital leases and the related capital outlay are not budgeted and certain expenditures for long-term projects which are reimbursed by the Board are also not budgeted. Any subsequent amendments to the budget must be approved by the Board. The annual budget serves as the legal authorization for expenditures.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Appropriations lapse at year-end. Budgetary control is maintained at the departmental major object expenditure level. Budgetary changes within the major object expenditure categories are made at the discretion of the Sheriff.

The Sheriff does not budget for the grant special revenue fund as it is funded by federal and state grants and is governed by those documents. Additionally, the prisoner welfare and federal equitable sharing funds do not have legally adopted budgets.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

2. Budgetary Process (continued)

The original budget is the first complete appropriated budget. The final budget is the original budget adjusted by all reserves, transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriations, and other legally authorized changes applicable to the fiscal year, whenever legally authorized.

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Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

At September 30, 2019, the carrying value of the Sheriff's cash, cash equivalents, and investments was as follows:

Type	Maturity	Carrying Value	Credit Rating *
Туре	Maturity	• •	Kating
Cash on hand	N/A	\$ 27,144	N/A
Demand deposits	N/A	21,384,313	N/A
Local government surplus funds trust fund:			
Florida Prime	N/A	788,495	AAAm
Total cash and cash equivalents		22,199,952	
Money Market	N/A	115,066	Not rated
Federal Farm Credit Bank	4/12/2023	250,005	AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	5/13/2021	498,125	AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	9/27/2021	248,908	AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	11/25/2022	500,305	AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	10/19/2020	499,970	AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	12/13/2019	499,380	AA+
Federal Farm Credit Bank	11/16/2021	248,800	AA+
Federal Farm Credit Bank	8/16/2021	148,977	AA+
Federal Farm Credit Bank	3/2/2020	349,552	AA+
Federal Farm Credit Bank	2/20/2020	500,015	AA+
Federal Home Loan - FREDDIE MAC	5/25/2021	549,681	AA+
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	9/29/2020	250,105	AA+
Federal National Mortgage Association - FANNIE MAE	2/5/2020	495,137	AA+
Certificate of Deposit	4/4/2022	246,000	Not rated
Certificate of Deposit	4/4/2022	246,000	Not rated
Treasury Note	10/31/2020	249,835	AA+
Treasury Note	5/31/2020	502,010	AA+
Treasury Note	10/31/2019	249,877	AA+
Treasury Note	9/30/2020	497,815	AA+
Treasury Note	9/30/2020	224,017	AA+
Treasury Note	11/15/2020	504,490	AA+
Treasury Note	8/31/2020	476,169	AA+
Total Investments	•	8,350,239	
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments		\$ 30,550,191	

^{*}Credit ratings are Moody ratings except for Florida Prime which is a Standard & Poor rating.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (continued)

The total cash, cash equivalent and investments balances at September 30, 2019, were as follows:

General fund	\$ 13,486,940
Grant special revenue fund	1,060,500
Prisoner welfare fund	2,314,966
Federal equitable sharing fund	643,040
Other non-major special revenue funds	0
Internal service fund	12,430,869
Agency funds	613,876
	\$ 30,550,191

Custodial Credit Risk

At September 30, 2019, the Sheriff's demand deposits were entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance or by collateral pledged with the State Treasurer pursuant to Chapter 280, *Florida Statutes*. Under this Chapter, in the event of default by a participating financial institution (a qualified public depository), all participating institutions are obligated to reimburse the government entity for the loss.

The investments in the Internal Service Fund are part of the Florida Sheriffs Multiple Employers Trust (FSMET) and are administered by Hunt Insurance Group. FMSET's policy requires execution of a third-party custodial safekeeping agreement for purchased securities and collateral, and requires that securities be held in the Sheriff's name.

Credit Risk

The Sheriff's policy is to follow the guidance in Sections 218.415 and 219.075, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the deposit of funds received and the investment of surplus funds. The Sheriff's Investment Policy authorizes investments in Florida PRIME (formerly the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund), or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act, as provided in s. 163.01, F.S.; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories, as defined in s. 280.02, F.S.; and direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (continued)

Credit Risk (continued)

Additionally, *Florida Statutes* allow local governments to place public funds with institutions that participate in a collateral pool under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. The pool is administered by the State Treasurer, who may make additional assessments to ensure that no public funds will be lost.

Florida PRIME is administered by the State Board of Administration. Florida PRIME consisted of money market appropriate assets. At September 30, 2019, the Sheriff had \$788,495 invested in Florida PRIME. Florida PRIME is rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services.

Interest Rate Risk

The Sheriff has no specific investment policy regarding interest rate risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Sheriff's investments are included in the internal service fund which is used to account for the Sheriff's self-insured health plan. FSMET administers the investments for the Sheriff's self-insured health plan and has an investment policy that allows for the investment of funds that exceed one month's required funding by more than \$100,000. Investments can be made in government securities. The Sheriff's portfolio managed by FSMET includes investments in U.S. government instrumentalities, and demand deposits. There are also demand deposits that are not managed by FSMET and are available dollars managed by the Sheriff to cover daily operations.

The portion of the Sheriff's portfolio invested in FSMET is detailed as follows, at September 30, 2019:

	% of Portfolio
Money Market	1%
Treasury Note	32%
Certificate of Deposit	6%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	3%
Federal Home Loan - FREDDIE MAC	7%
Federal National Mortgage Association - FANNIE MAE	6%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	15%
Federal Home Loan Bank	30%
Total	100%

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (continued)

Fair Value Measurements

The Sheriff categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Sheriff has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2019:

- U.S. Treasury Notes classified as level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.
- U.S. Agency obligations classified as level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using quoted prices for similar assets in active markets.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets used by the Sheriff are capitalized in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida rather than in the governmental funds of the Sheriff. Upon acquisition, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds of the Sheriff and are capitalized at cost in the basic financial statements of the County. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value on the date received. The Sheriff maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by his office. No depreciation expense has been provided on capital assets in these financial statements. However, depreciation expense on these assets is recorded in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

4. Capital Assets (continued)

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets which are reported in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida:

	0	october 1, 2018	Additions		Deductions/ Additions Reclassifications		Sej	ptember 30, 2019
Governmental Activities				_				_
Capital assets not depreciated:								
Construction in Progress	\$	3,932,356	\$	434,810	\$	(2,436,847)	\$	1,930,319
Total capital assets not depreciated		3,932,356		434,810		(2,436,847)		1,930,319
Capital assets depreciated:								
Machinery and equipment		82,808,319		12,446,819		(3,606,696)		91,648,442
Total capital assets depreciated		82,808,319		12,446,819		(3,606,696)		91,648,442
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Machinery and equipment	(56,839,577)		(8,154,418)		6,031,559		(58,962,436)
Total Accumulated depreciation	(56,839,577)		(8,154,418)		6,031,559		(58,962,436)
Total Depreciable capital assets, net		25,968,742		4,292,401		2,424,863		32,686,006
Total Governmental Activities capital assets, net	\$	29,901,098	\$	4,727,211	\$	(11,984)	\$	34,616,325

5. Long-Term Liabilities

The Sheriff has entered into certain capital lease agreements under which the related equipment will become the property of the Sheriff's Office when all terms of the lease agreements are met.

	Stated	Present Val	Present Value of Remaining		
	Interest	Payments	as of September		
	Rate	30	0, 2019		
Governmental fund activities:					
Telephone system	4.82%	\$	71,544		
Total Capital Lease Obligations		\$	71,544		

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

5. Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Equipment and related accumulated depreciation under capital leases is as follows:

	Governm	ental Activities
Equipment	\$	276,128
Less: accumulated depreciated		(246,054)
Less: disposal		_
Net Value	\$	30,074

As of September 30, 2019, capital lease annual amortization are as follows:

Year ending September 30:	Governm	ental Activities
2020		63,185
2021		10,531
Total minimum lease payments		73,716
Less: amount representing interest		(2,172)
Present value of remain payments	\$	71,544

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities, which are reported in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida:

	October 1,		Deductions/		September 30,		
	2018		 Additions Reclassif		lassifications		2019
Capital lease agreements	\$	129,754	\$ _	\$	(58,210)	\$	71,544
Compensated Absences		19,475,708	2,306,233		(1,286,768)	\$	20,495,173
Total	\$	19,605,462	\$ 2,306,233	\$	(1,344,978)	\$	20,566,717

Of these liabilities, approximately \$1,013,000 is expected to be paid during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020. These long-term liabilities are not reported in the financial statements of the Sheriff since they have not matured.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

6. Interfund Balances and Transfers

Due from and due to other funds at September 30, 2019, were as follows:

Due From			Due To
\$	246,593	\$	1,001,076
	62,665		46,436
	1,000,000		_
	1,076		5,030
	_		182,198
	_		75,594
\$	1,310,334	\$	1,310,334
		\$ 246,593 62,665 1,000,000 1,076	\$ 246,593 \$ 62,665 1,000,000 1,076 -

Interfund receivables and payables generally represent recurring activities between funds.

7. Related Party Transactions

The Board provided funding for the Sheriff for the year of \$187,203,400. At September 30, 2019, the Sheriff had a payable due to the Board of \$528,309 comprised of the following:

General fund:

Distributions of excess appropriations	\$ 470,009
Distribution of interest collected	14,981
FEMA DAC PAAP	22,496
Miscellaneous payables	1,289
Agency fund	19,534
Total	\$ 528,309

Additionally, the Sheriff had a receivable from the Board related to services provided to the County of \$326,650 at September 30, 2019.

Agency Funds

The Sheriff's Office administers funds for the Collier County Sheriff's Office Explorers Program. The program is funded by donations from employees through payroll deduction and donations from outside organizations. The program is designed for students to explore the opportunity to learn about and interact with law enforcement and to help stimulate further interest in the possibility of a law enforcement career.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

8. Pension Plans

Background

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, *Florida Statutes*, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Sheriff are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, *Florida Statutes*; Chapter 112, Part IV, *Florida Statutes*; Chapter 238, *Florida Statutes*; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Elected County Officers Class* Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

8. Pension Plans (continued)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (continued)

- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.
- Renewed Membership Class Members who retired from July 1, 1991 through June 30, 2010, and are reemployed in a regularly established position with a covered employer, upon vesting again, are eligible for an additional retirement benefit based on service as a renewed member. Retirees of the FRS Investment Plan who are employed on or after July 1, 2017 are eligible for renewed membership in the Investment Plan.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, *Florida Statutes*, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

8. Pension Plans (continued)

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for inline-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

As provided in Section 121.101, *Florida Statutes*, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of FRS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, *Florida Statutes*, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

8. Pension Plans (continued)

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, *Florida Statutes*. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of HIS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

FRS Investment Plan

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, *Florida Statutes*, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Sheriff employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

8. Pension Plans (continued)

FRS Investment Plan (continued)

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Sheriff.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

Contributions

Participating employer contributions are based upon statewide rates established by the State of Florida. The Sheriff's contributions made to the plans during the years ended September 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$18,763,457, \$17,500,632, and \$16,967,099, respectively, equal to the actuarially determined contribution requirements for each year.

Additional information about pension plans can be found in the County's comprehensive annual financial report.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

9. Other Postemployment Benefits

The Sheriff follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, for its other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The liability, expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for OPEB, calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, are reported in the financial statements of the County.

Plan Description

The Sheriff administers a single-employer defined benefit plan (OPEB Plan) and can amend the benefit provisions. Prior to 2010, the Sheriff offered an OPEB Plan that subsidized the cost of health care for retirees who have six years of creditable service with the Sheriff and who receive a monthly retirement benefit from the Florida Retirement System. The Sheriff subsidizes approximately 20% for both single coverage and family coverage for qualifying individuals. In 2010, the subsidy was no longer made available to eligible retirees who chose to continue their health insurance coverage. Approximately 29% of retirees receive the subsidy. Additionally, in accordance with Florida Statute 112.0801, Sheriff's employees who retire and immediately begin receiving benefits from the FRS have the option of paying premiums to continue in the Sheriff's health insurance plan at the same group rate as for active employees.

Participant Data

At September 30, 2019, the Sheriff's plan participation consisted of:

Active employees	1,122
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	125

Funding Policy

The Sheriff has the authority to establish and amend funding policy. The OPEB Plan is currently being funded on a pay-as-you go basis. No trust or agency fund has been established for the plan.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

9. Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Total OPEB Liability

The Sheriff's OPEB liability of \$21,786,049 was measured as of September 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2018. The following table shows the changes in the Sheriff's total OPEB liability for the year ended September 30, 2019.

	Total OPEB		
	Liability		
Balance, as of October 1, 2018	\$	19,492,497	
Changes:			
Service cost		485,365	
Interest		631,825	
Differences between expected and actual experience			
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		2,250,569	
Employer contributions		(1,074,207)	
Net changes		2,293,552	
Balance, as of September 30, 2019	\$	21,786,049	

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Sheriff, as well as what the Sheriff's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	19	1% Decrease		iscount Rate	1% Increase
		(1.0%)		(2.0%)	(3.0%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	23,864,077	\$	21,786,049	\$ 19,950,680

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Sheriff, as well as what the Sheriff's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% point lower (5% decreasing to 4.0%) or 1% point higher (7% decreasing to 6%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	He	Healthcare rate sensitivity						
	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Discount Rate						
	(5% decreasing	(6% decreasing	(7% decreasing					
	to 4%)	to 5%)	to 6%)					
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 19,982,313	\$ 21,786,049	\$ 23,951,848					

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

9. Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the Sheriff's OPEB expense was \$1,266,149. In addition the Sheriff reported deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
	O	utflows of	Inflows of
Description	I	Resources	 Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,762,763	\$ 60,888
Changes in assumptions	\$	2,250,569	\$ 773,597
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
OPEB plan investments			
Total	\$	4,013,332	\$ 834,485

Amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources are being amortized over periods of 7.17 and 7.09 years and will be recognized as follows:

Defen	red Outflows	Deferred Inflows					
of l	Resources	of Resources					
\$	603,128	\$	136,740				
\$	603,128	\$	136,740				
\$	603,128	\$	136,740				
\$	603,128	\$	136,740				
\$	603,128	\$	136,740				
\$	997,692	\$	150,784				

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

9. Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (continued)

Calculations for financial reporting purposes are based on the benefits provided under terms of the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

The actuarial methods are:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Actuarial

The actuarial assumptions are:

Discount rate 2.0% (Based on 20 year AA municipal bond rate) Healthcare cost trend rate 6% decreasing to 5% in 2021 and thereafter

Salary increase None New employees None

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Fully Generational tables using Projection Scale MP-2017.

The following changes have been made since the prior year valuation:

• The discount rate was changed from 3.25% to 2.0%

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

10. Self-Insurance Program

The Sheriff's Office participates in the Statewide Florida Sheriff's Self-Insurance Fund (the Fund) for its professional liability insurance. The Fund is managed by representatives of the participating Sheriff offices and provides professional liability insurance to participating agencies. The Fund provides liability insurance coverage subject to the following limitations: \$5,000,000 for any one incident, and \$10,000,000 for an annual aggregate. The Sheriff also participates in the Fund for workers' compensation coverage. The Florida Sheriffs Workers' Compensation Self Insurance Program is a self-insurance program providing coverage for the first \$500,000 of every claim. Reinsurance is purchased by the Program to cover claims exceeding \$500,000 (or \$350,000 where applicable) up to \$15,000,000. Reinsurance coverage up to \$20,000,000 any one person on a catastrophic basis is available when applicable. Settled claims have not exceeded the insurance provided by third-party carriers in any of the past three years.

Premiums charged to participating Sheriffs are based upon amounts believed by the Fund management to meet the estimated annual payout during the fiscal year and to pay for the estimated operating costs of the program. All liabilities associated with these self-insured risks are reported in the basic financial statements of the Fund.

The Sheriff has also established a self-funded employee health plan for active employees and retirees. An internal service fund is used to account for the activities of the plan. Excess coverage has been purchased which provides specific claim excess coverage for any one incident exceeding \$200,000. In FY19 there were two covered individuals who had higher deductible amounts because of a history of high claims. Both individuals had deductibles of \$350,000. Specific claim excess coverage for these individuals was for claims exceeding \$350,000. The maximum annual individual stop loss payment amount is unlimited. Payments to the internal service fund are based on actuarial estimates of amounts needed to pay prior year and current year claims including claims incurred but not yet reported.

The Sheriff's Office uses a Third-Party Administrator (TPA) to administer and pay claims for the health plan. Meritain Health, Inc. has been the TPA since July 1, 2013.

Changes in the balance of estimated insurance claims payable for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

		New Claims		
	Balance	and Changes	Claim	Balance
Fiscal year ending:	October 1	in Estimates	Payments	September 30
2018	\$2,660,000	\$24,067,975	(\$23,843,975)	\$2,884,000
2019	\$2,884,000	\$26,143,340	(\$26,081,340)	\$2,946,000

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

11. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The Sheriff is involved in various claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of operations. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Sheriff.

Federal and State Grants

Grant funds received by the Sheriff are subject to audit by grantor agencies. Audits of these grants may result in disallowed costs, which may constitute a liability of the Sheriff. In the opinion of management, disallowed costs, if any, would be immaterial to the financial position of the Sheriff.

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

September 30, 2019

	2019		2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$	485,365	\$ 520,082	\$ 491,420
Interest		631,825	503,525	502,621
Differences between expected and actual experience		_	2,048,462	(83,607)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		2,250,569	(898,977)	_
Employer contributions		(1,074,207)	(941,061)	(871,353)
Net change in total OPEB Liability		2,293,552	1,232,031	39,081
Total OPEB Liability, beginning		19,492,497	18,260,466	18,221,385
Total OPEB Liability, ending	\$	21,786,049	\$ 19,492,497	\$ 18,260,466
Covered-employee payroll	\$	81,378,975	\$ 80,473,682	\$ 91,192,818
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		26.77%	24.22%	 20.02%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in Assumptions: Change in the discount rate of 3.25% as of September 30, 2018 to 2.0% as of September 30, 2019.

There are no assets held in a trust for payment of OPEB benefits.

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is completed, the County will present information for only those years for which information is available.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Agency Funds

September 30, 2019

	Civil Trust	Evidence Trust		Flexible Spending		Inmate Trust		Explorers		Total Agency Funds	
Assets:											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 33,354	\$	201,353	\$	222,372	\$	137,617	\$	19,180	\$	613,876
Due from individuals and businesses	_						9,646				9,646
Total assets	\$ 33,354	\$	201,353	\$	222,372	\$	147,263	\$	19,180	\$	623,522
Liabilities:											
Due to other funds	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	75,594	\$	_	\$	75,594
Due to Collier County, Florida Board											
of County Commissioners	9,735		_		_		9,799		_		19,534
Due to individuals and businesses	23,619		201,353		222,372		61,870		19,180		528,394
Total liabilities	\$ 33,354	\$	201,353	\$	222,372	\$	147,263	\$	19,180	\$	623,522

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds

September 30, 2019

	O	ctober 1, 2017	A	dditions	J	Deletions	Sep	otember 30, 2018
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	634,937	\$	613,876	\$	(634,937)	\$	613,876
Due from individuals and businesses		26,778		9,646		(26,778)		9,646
Total assets	\$	661,715	\$	623,522	\$	(661,715)	\$	623,522
Liabilities:. Due to other funds Due to Collier County, Florida Board	\$	73,239	\$	75,594	\$	(73,239)	\$	75,594
of County Commissioners		20,777		19,534		(20,777)		19,534
Due to individuals and businesses		567,699		528,394		(567,699)		528,394
Total liabilities	\$	661,715	\$	623,522	\$	(661,715)	\$	623,522



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Kevin Rambosk Sheriff Collier County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Collier County, Florida Sheriff (Sheriff), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 11, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Sheriff's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Sheriff's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida February 11, 2020



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Kevin Rambosk Sheriff Collier County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Collier County, Florida Sheriff (Sheriff), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 and have issued our report thereon dated February 11, 2020.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and our Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated February 11, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note 1 in the notes to the financial statements.



Honorable Kevin Rambosk Sheriff

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, and the Sheriff and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida February 11, 2020



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Honorable Kevin Rambosk Sheriff Collier County, Florida

We have examined the Collier County, Florida Sheriff's (Sheriff) compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management of the Sheriff is responsible for the Sheriff's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Sheriff's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Sheriff complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Sheriff's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Sheriff and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

lifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida February 11, 2020





INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Honorable Kevin Rambosk Sheriff Collier County, Florida

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by management of the Collier County, Florida Sheriff (Sheriff) on the Sheriff's policies and procedures as defined by the Sheriff over its investigative funds for the year ended September 30, 2019. The Sheriff's management is responsible for the Sheriff's compliance with those procedures and policies. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures we performed and our findings are summarized as follows:

We randomly selected 25 investigative fund disbursements during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 (the population sampled included transactions from October 1, 2018 through September 30, 2019), and performed the following procedures with respect to the Sheriff's policies and procedures over investigative funds:

- 1. We obtained the "Disbursement for Investigation" form and observed the form was properly completed and authorized by appropriate personnel. No exceptions were noted.
- 2. We obtained the "Purchase of Evidence/Information Voucher" and observed the form was properly completed to reflect the expenses incurred within the investigation procedures, the investigative expenditures were properly supported, and the use of funds was for authorized purposes. No exceptions were noted.
- 3. We observed the unused funds returned, if applicable, agreed to the corresponding deposit and bank statement detail and observed the amount deposited agreed to the amount returned per the "Receipt for Funds Received" form detail. No exceptions were noted.



Honorable Kevin Rambosk Sheriff

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. We were not engaged to, and did not, conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on the policies and procedures as defined by the Sheriff over its investigative funds. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management of the Sheriff and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than this specified party.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida February 11, 2020 Collier County, Florida Supervisor of Elections

Financial Statements and Supplemental Reports

Year Ended September 30, 2019



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Collier County, Florida Supervisor of Elections

Financial Statements and Other Reports

Year Ended September 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Jennifer J. Edwards Supervisor of Elections Collier County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund of the Collier County, Florida Supervisor of Elections (Supervisor), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Supervisor's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Honorable Jennifer J. Edwards Supervisor of Elections

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund of the Supervisor as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparison of its general fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, only for that portion of the major funds of Collier County, Florida that is attributable to the Supervisor. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Collier County, Florida as of September 30, 2019, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated January 27, 2020 on our consideration of the Supervisor's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Supervisor's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida January 27, 2020

Collier County, Florida Supervisor of Elections

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

September 30, 2019

	<u>General</u>	R	levenue	Total		
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 229,731	\$	39,444	\$	269,175	
Accounts receivable	242		-		242	
Due from other funds			53		53	
Total assets	\$ 229,973	\$	39,497	\$	269,470	
Liabilities and fund balance						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 15,238	\$	-	\$	15,238	
Accrued liabilities	102,306		-		102,306	
Due to other funds	53		-		53	
Due to Collier County, Florida						
Board of County Commissioners	 112,376		_		112,376	
Total liabilities	229,973		-		229,973	
Fund balances:						
Restricted			39,497		39,497	
Total fund balances			39,497		39,497	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 229,973	\$	39,497	\$	269,470	

Collier County, Florida Supervisor of Elections

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Year Ended September 30, 2019

	General	Grant Special Revenue	Total
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 103,163	\$ 103,163
Interest	-	775	775
Total revenues		103,938	103,938
Expenditures:			
General government:			
Personal services	2,118,703	-	2,118,703
Operating	1,562,405	201,162	1,763,567
Capital outlay	107,337	127,286	234,623
Total expenditures	3,788,445	328,448	4,116,893
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures over revenues	(3,788,445)	(224,510)	(4,012,955)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in:			
General Fund	-	5,119	5,119
Collier County, Florida Board of			
County Commissioners appropriations	3,893,000	-	3,893,000
Transfers out:			
Special revenue fund	(5,119)	-	(5,119)
Distribution of excess appropriations:	, , ,		
Collier County, Florida Board of			
County Commissioners	(99,436)	-	(99,436)
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,788,445	5,119	3,793,564
Net change in fund balances	-	(219,391)	(219,391)
Fund balances – beginning of the year		258,888	258,888
Fund balances – end of the year	\$ -	\$ 39,497	\$ 39,497

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Buc	dget		Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues	_\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Expenditures:				
General government:				
Personal services	2,351,800	2,212,800	2,118,703	94,097
Operating	1,493,200	1,567,742	1,562,405	5,337
Capital outlay	48,000	107,339	107,337	2
Total expenditures	3,893,000	3,887,881	3,788,445	99,436
Excess (deficiency)of expenditures over revenues	(3,893,000)	(3,887,881)	(3,788,445)	99,436
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in:				
Collier County, Florida Board of				
County Commissioners appropriations	3,893,000	3,893,000	3,893,000	-
Transfers out:				
Special Revenue Fund	-	(5,119)	(5,119)	-
Distribution of excess appropriations:				
Collier County, Florida Board of				
County Commissioners			(99,436)	(99,436)
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,893,000	3,887,881	3,788,445	(99,436)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance – beginning of the year				
Fund balance – end of the year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The Collier County, Florida Supervisor of Elections (Supervisor) is an elected constitutional officer as provided for by the Constitution of the State of Florida. Pursuant to Chapter 129, *Florida Statutes*, the Supervisor of Elections' budget is submitted to the Collier County, Florida Board of County Commissioners (Board) for approval.

The financial statements presented include the general fund and grant special revenue fund of the Supervisor's office. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), *Florida Statutes*, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits*, which allows the Supervisor to only present fund financial statements. These financial statements present only the portion of the funds of Collier County, Florida that are attributable to the Supervisor. They are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of Collier County, Florida in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The financial activities of the Supervisor, as a constitutional officer, are included in the Collier County, Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. There are no separate legal entities (component units) for which the Supervisor is considered to be financially accountable.

The general operations of the Supervisor are funded by appropriations from the Collier County, Florida Board of County Commissioners (Board), and grant revenue is funded from the State of Florida. Pursuant to Chapter 218, *Florida Statutes*, funds remaining in the general fund at fiscal year-end, in excess of amounts expended, are returned to the Board. Excess revenues returned to the Board are reflected as transfers out in the Supervisor's general fund. The special revenue fund of the Supervisor is not budgeted and is governed by grant agreements.

As a result of the budgetary oversight by the Board and financial dependency on the Board, the financial activities of the Supervisor are included in the Collier County, Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

These fund financial statements report detailed information about the Supervisor. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. Only current assets and current liabilities, generally, are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements for these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The Supervisor has the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is used to account for the general operations of the Supervisor, and includes all revenues and expenditures which are not accounted for in another fund.

Grant Special Revenue Fund – The grants fund is used to account for the activities of voter education and poll worker training grants from the State of Florida.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become measurable and available to finance liabilities of the current fiscal year). For this purpose, the Supervisor considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured.

The appropriations from the Board are the primary source of funds considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Intergovernmental revenues are recognized when eligibility requirements are met and related amounts are available from the grantor.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental Funds (continued)

Interest income and other revenues are recognized as they are earned and become measurable and available to pay liabilities of the current period.

Florida Statutes provide that the amount by which revenues and transfers exceed annual expenditures be remitted to the Board immediately following the fiscal year for which the funding was provided or following the fiscal year during which other revenue was recognized. The amount of this distribution is recorded as a liability and as an other financing use in the accompanying financial statements.

Capital outlays expended in general fund operations are capitalized in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida rather than in the governmental funds of the Supervisor.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Compensated Absences

All full-time employees of the Supervisor are allowed to accumulate an unlimited number of hours of unused sick time and up to 440 hours of unused vacation leave. Effective October 1, 2007, the vacation leave limit was increased to 480 hours, with Supervisor approval. Upon termination, employees receive 100% of allowable accumulated vacation hours and a percentage of unused sick leave, depending on years of service. Vacation time and sick leave are included in operating costs of the general fund when the payments are made to employees. The Supervisor does not, nor is legally required to accumulate financial resources for these unmatured obligations. Accordingly, the liability for compensated absences is not reported in the general fund of the Supervisor, but rather is reported in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management of the Supervisor to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-Type Definitions

Fund balances are classified either as non-spendable or as spendable. Spendable fund balances are further classified in a hierarchy based on the extent to which there are external and/or internal constraints in how fund balance amounts may be spent.

Non-spendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Supervisor did not have any non-spendable fund balances as of September 30, 2019.

Spendable fund balances are classified based on a hierarchy of the Supervisor's ability to control the spending of these fund balances and are reported in the following categories: restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. The Supervisor's fund balances for the Grant Special Revenue Fund fall into the spendable restricted category. Fund balances maintained in the Grant Special Revenue Fund are restricted pursuant to specific grant agreements, and have been presented in the fund financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

2. Budgetary Process

Florida Statutes govern the preparation, adoption and administration of the Supervisor's annual budget. The Supervisor submits a budget for the general fund to the Board for approval. The budget is prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The annual budget serves as the legal authorization for expenditures. Any subsequent amendments to the Supervisor's total budget must be approved by the Board.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Appropriations lapse at year-end. Budgetary control is maintained at the departmental major object expenditure level. Budgetary changes within major object expenditure categories are made at the discretion of the Supervisor.

The Supervisor does not budget for the grant special revenue fund as it is funded by state grants and is governed by those documents.

The original budget is the first complete appropriated budget. The final budget is the original budget adjusted by all reserves, transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriations, and other legally authorized changes applicable to the fiscal year, whenever legally authorized.

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

At September 30, 2019, the carrying value of the Supervisor's cash and cash equivalents was as follows:

Туре	arrying Value	Credit Rating		
Cash on hand Demand deposits	\$ 200 268,975	N/A N/A		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 269,175			

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

At September 30, 2019, the Supervisor's deposits were entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance or by collateral pledged with the State Treasurer pursuant to Chapter 280, *Florida Statutes*. Under this Chapter, in the event of default by a participating financial institution (a qualified public depository), all participating institutions are obligated to reimburse the governmental entity for the loss.

Credit Risk

The Supervisor's policy is to follow the guidance in Section 219.075, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the deposit of funds received and the investment of surplus funds. Sections 219.075 and 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, authorize the Supervisor to invest in Florida PRIME (formerly the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund) or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; direct obligations of the United States Treasury; federal agencies and instrumentalities or interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in banks organized under the laws of the United States and doing business and situated in the State of Florida, savings and loan associations which are under state supervision, or in federal savings and loan associations located in the State of Florida and organized under federal law and federal supervision, provided that any such deposits are secured by collateral as may be prescribed by law. The pool is administered by the State Treasurer, who may make additional assessments to ensure that no public funds will be lost.

Interest Rate Risk

The Supervisor has no specific investment policy regarding interest rate risk.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets used by the Supervisor are capitalized in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida rather than in the governmental funds of the Supervisor. Upon acquisition, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the general fund of the Supervisor and are capitalized at cost in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at acquisition value on the date received.

The Supervisor maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by the office. No depreciation expense has been provided on capital assets in these financial statements. However, depreciation expense is recorded in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida.

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets, which are reported in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida:

	O	ctober 1,					Sej	ptember 30,
		2018	A	Additions	D	eductions		2019
Machinery and equipment	\$	694,389	\$	234,623	\$	(65,468)	\$	863,544
Less accumulated depreciation		(532,419)		(93,193)		63,248		(562,364)
Machinery and equipment, net	\$	161,970	\$	141,430	\$	(2,220)	\$	301,180

5. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities, which are reported in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida:

	O	ctober 1, 2018	A	dditions	D	eductions	Sep	tember 30, 2019
Accrued Compensated Absences	\$	206,436	\$	115,445	\$	(116,146)	\$	205,735

Of these liabilities, approximately \$119,326 is expected to be paid during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020, which will be included in the operating costs of the general fund when expended. These long-term liabilities are not reported in the financial statements of the Supervisor since they have not matured.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

6. Pension Plans

Background

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, *Florida Statutes*, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Supervisor are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, *Florida Statutes*; Chapter 112, Part IV, *Florida Statutes*; Chapter 238, *Florida Statutes*; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

Regular Class – Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.

Elected County Officers Class – Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.

Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) – Members in senior management level positions.

Special Risk Class – Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

6. Pension Plans (continued)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62, or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, *Florida Statutes*, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

6. Pension Plans (continued)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (continued)

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

As provided in Section 121.101, *Florida Statutes*, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of FRS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, *Florida Statutes*, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

6. Pension Plans (continued)

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (continued)

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, *Florida Statutes*. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of HIS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

FRS Investment Plan

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, *Florida Statutes*, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Supervisor employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

6. Pension Plans (continued)

FRS Investment Plan (continued)

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Supervisor.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

Contributions

Participating employer contributions are based upon statewide rates established by the State of Florida. The Supervisor's contributions made to the plans during the years ended September 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017, were \$137,154 \$130,124 and \$115,546 respectively, equal to the actuarially determined contribution requirements for each year.

Additional information about pension plans can be found in the County's comprehensive annual financial report.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

7. Related-Party Transactions

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the Board provided funding for the Supervisor that amounted to \$3,893,000. At September 30, 2019, the Supervisor had a payable due to the Board of \$102,306 comprised as follows:

Distribution of excess appropriations	\$ 99,436
Distribution of interest earnings	12,419
Amounts due for various services	 521
Total due to Board of County Commissioners	\$ 112,376

8. Risk Management

Collier County, Florida (County) is exposed to various risks of loss including, but not limited to, general liability, health and life, property and casualty, auto and physical damage and workers' compensation. The County is substantially self-insured and accounts for and finances its risk of uninsured losses through an internal service fund. All liabilities associated with these self-insured risks are reported in the basic financial statements of the County. The Supervisor participates in the County's self-insurance program. During the year ended September 30, 2019, the Supervisor was charged \$274,246 by the County for participation in the risk management program.

The County retains the first \$500,000 per claim for workers' compensation, and has purchased outside excess coverage for up to \$250,000 per occurrence for general liability and \$300,000 per occurrence for auto liability coverage and has purchased outside excess coverage for up to \$5 million per claim. Negligence claims in excess of the statutory limits set in Section 768.28, *Florida Statutes*, which provide for limited sovereign immunity of \$200,000/\$300,000 per occurrence can only be recovered through an act of the State Legislature. Property claims are subject to a 3 percent wind deductible and a \$50,000 deductible for all other perils. The County retains the first \$100,000 per claim/\$200,000 per occurrence for public official errors and omissions and crime coverage and has purchased outside excess coverage for up to \$5 million per claim. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the last year. Settled claims have not exceeded the insurance provided by third-party carriers in any of the last three years.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

8. Risk Management (continued)

The County is self-insured for health claims covering all of its employees and their eligible dependents. The County retains the first \$450,000 per covered member and has purchased outside excess coverage for all claims exceeding this amount. An actuarial valuation is performed each year to estimate the amounts needed to pay prior and future claims and to establish reserves.

9. Other Postemployment Benefits

In accordance with Section 112.0801, *Florida Statutes*, the Supervisor participates with Collier County in offering retiring employees the opportunity to continue participation in the County's health insurance plan. The participating retirees pay 100% of the premium cost applicable to an active employee. The liability and expense for other postemployment benefits, calculated in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, are reported in the financial statements of the County.

10. Contingencies

Grant funds received by the Supervisor are subject to audit by grantor agencies. Audits of these grants may result in disallowed costs, which may constitute a liability of the office of the Supervisor. In the opinion of management, disallowed costs, if any, would not have a significant impact on the financial position of the Supervisor.

11. Transfers

Transfers between funds are for the purpose of providing matching funds to the Supervisor's grants. Transfers were required in the amount of \$5,119 for the year ending September 30, 2019.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Jennifer J. Edwards Supervisor of Elections Collier County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund of the Collier County, Florida Supervisor of Elections (Supervisor), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Supervisor's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 27, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Supervisor's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Honorable Jennifer J. Edwards Supervisor of Elections

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Supervisor's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida January 27, 2020



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Jennifer J. Edwards Supervisor of Elections Collier County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of each major fund of the Collier County, Florida Supervisor of Elections (Supervisor) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 and have issued our report thereon dated January 27, 2020.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated January 27, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations reported in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note 1 in the notes to the financial statements.



Honorable Jennifer J. Edwards Supervisor of Elections

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Supervisor and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida January 27, 2020



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Honorable Jennifer J. Edwards Supervisor of Elections Collier County, Florida

We have examined the Collier County, Florida Supervisor of Elections' (Supervisor) compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds, during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management of the Supervisor is responsible for the Supervisor's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Supervisor's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Supervisor complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Supervisor complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Supervisor's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Supervisor complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Supervisor and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida January 27, 2020



Financial Statements and Supplemental Reports

Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018



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Financial Statements and Other Reports

Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Larry H. Ray Tax Collector Collier County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Collier County, Florida Tax Collector (Tax Collector), as of and for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tax Collector's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tax Collector as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the years then ended and the budgetary comparison for the general fund thereof for the year ended September 30, 2019, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Collier County, Florida that is attributable to the Tax Collector. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Collier County, Florida as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2019 on our consideration of the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida December 17, 2019

Balance Sheets – General Fund

	September 30,				
		2019		2018	
Assets				_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,159,562	\$	9,349,681	
Due from other funds		89,524		100,594	
Prepaid rent		40,116		29,608	
Prepaid expense		10,301		3,606	
Security deposit		14,868		4,628	
Total assets	\$	10,314,371	\$	9,488,117	
Liabilities and fund balance					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	12,085	\$	154,028	
Due to Collier County, Florida Board of					
County Commissioners		8,781,057		8,175,198	
Due to other governmental agencies		1,521,229		1,138,651	
Other current liabilities		-		20,240	
Total liabilities		10,314,371		9,488,117	
Fund balance				<u>-</u>	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	10,314,371	\$	9,488,117	

Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance General Fund

	Year Ended S	Sept	tember 30,
	2019		2018
Revenues:			
Commissions and fees	\$ 23,579,549	\$	22,625,793
Miscellaneous	384,789		249,076
Total revenues	23,964,338		22,874,869
Expenditures:			
General government:			
Personal services	10,975,231		10,684,424
Operating	2,323,299		2,252,976
Capital outlay	 363,522		623,620
Total expenditures	13,662,052		13,561,020
Excess of revenues over expenditures	10,302,286		9,313,849
Other financing uses:			
Distribution of excess commissions and			
fees to Collier County, Florida Board of County			
Commissioners	(8,781,057)		(8,175,198)
Distribution of excess commissions and			
fees to other governmental agencies	 (1,521,229)		(1,138,651)
Total other financing uses	(10,302,286)		(9,313,849)
Net change in fund balance	-		-
Fund balance, beginning of year	-		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual General Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2019

						iance With al Budget
	Buo	lge	t]	Positive
	Original		Final	Actual	(N	legative)
Revenues:						
Commissions and fees	\$ 23,377,620	\$	23,377,620	\$23,579,549	\$	201,929
Miscellaneous	233,500		233,500	384,789		151,289
Total revenues	23,611,120		23,611,120	23,964,338		353,218
Expenditures:						
General government:						
Personal services	11,788,152		11,788,152	10,975,231		812,921
Operating	2,743,210		2,743,210	2,323,299		419,911
Capital outlay	424,247		424,247	363,522		60,725
Total expenditures	14,955,609		14,955,609	13,662,052		1,293,557
Balance of revenues over expenditures	8,655,511		8,655,511	10,302,286		1,646,775
Other financing uses: Distribution of excess commissions and fees to Collier County, Florida						
Board of County Commissioners Distribution of excess commissions and fees to other governmental	(7,377,444)		(7,377,444)	(8,781,057)		(1,403,613)
agencies	(1,278,067)		(1,278,067)	(1,521,229)		(243,162)
Total other financing uses	(8,655,511)		(8,655,511)	(10,302,286)		(1,646,775)
Net change in fund balance	-		-	-		-
Fund balance, beginning of year	-		-	-		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	

Statements of Fiduciary Net Position Agency Funds

	September 30,				
	 2019		2018		
Assets			_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,835,471	\$	6,354,628		
Accounts receivable	 29,549		32,959		
Total assets	\$ 6,865,020	\$	6,387,587		
			_		
Liabilities					
Due to other funds	\$ 89,524	\$	100,594		
Due to Collier County, Florida Board of					
County Commissioners	1,315,817		1,139,571		
Due to other governmental agencies	5,276,092		5,077,456		
Due to individuals and businesses	 183,587		69,966		
Total liabilities	\$ 6,865,020	\$	6,387,587		

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 and 2018

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The Tax Collector is an elected official of the County, pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Tax Collector is part of the primary government of the County. Although the Florida Department of Revenue approves the Tax Collector's operating budget, the Tax Collector is responsible for the administration and the operation of the Tax Collector's office. Upon approval, the operating budget is provided to the Collier County Board of County Commissioners (Board). The Tax Collector's financial statements include only the funds of the Tax Collector's office. There are no separate legal entities (component units) for which the Tax Collector is considered to be financially accountable.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits, which allows the Tax Collector to only present fund financial statements. These financial statements present only the portion of the funds of Collier County, Florida that are attributable to the Tax Collector. They are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of Collier County, Florida in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The financial activities of the Tax Collector, as a constitutional officer, are included in the Collier County, Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

These fund financial statements report detailed information about the Tax Collector. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 and 2018

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. Only current assets and current liabilities, generally, are included on the balance sheets. Operating statements for these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. The Tax Collector's only governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund is used to account for the general operations of the Tax Collector and includes all transactions not accounted for in another fund.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become measurable and available to finance liabilities of the current fiscal year). For this purpose, the Tax Collector considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for certain compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured.

Interest income and other revenue are recognized as they are earned and become measurable and available to pay liabilities of the current period.

Substantially all of the Tax Collector's revenue is received from taxing authorities. These monies are virtually unrestricted and are revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These resources are reflected as revenue at the time of receipt, earlier if the "susceptible to accrual" criteria are met.

Florida Statutes provide that the amount by which revenues exceed annual expenditures be remitted to each governmental agency or the Board immediately following the fiscal year for which the funding was provided or following the fiscal year during which other revenue was recognized.

Capital outlays expended in the general fund operations are capitalized in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida rather than in the governmental funds of the Tax Collector.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 and 2018

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Agency funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Tax Collector in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities), and do not involve measurement of results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

Refund of "Excess Fees"

Florida Statutes further provide that the excess of revenues over expenditures held by the Tax Collector be distributed to each governmental agency or the Board in the same proportion as the fees paid by each governmental agency bear to total fee revenues. The amount of this distribution is recorded as a liability and as an other financing use-transfer out in the accompanying financial statements.

Compensated Absences

All full-time employees of the Tax Collector are allowed to accumulate an unlimited number of hours of unused sick leave and up to 240 hours of unused vacation leave. Upon termination, employees receive 100% of allowable accumulated vacation hours and a percentage of unused sick leave, depending on years of service. Vacation and sick leave payments are included in operating costs of the general fund when the payments are made to the employees. The Tax Collector does not, nor is legally required to, accumulate financial resources for these unmatured obligations. Accordingly, the liability for compensated absences is not reported in the general fund of the Tax Collector, but rather is reported in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 and 2018

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Property Taxes

Property taxes in Collier County are levied by the Board and other taxing authorities. The millage levies are determined on the basis of estimates of revenue needs and the total taxable valuations within the jurisdiction of the Board and other taxing authorities. No aggregate ad valorem tax millage in excess of 10 mills on the dollar can be levied by the Board against property in the County as specified in *Florida Statutes*, Section 200.071.

Each year the total taxable property valuation is established by the Collier County, Florida Property Appraiser, and the list of property assessments is submitted to the State Department of Revenue for approval. Taxes, assessed as of January 1 of each year, are due and payable on November 1 of each year or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll is opened for collection. Pursuant to Florida law, all owners of property have the responsibility of ascertaining the amount due and paying it before April 1 of the year following the year in which the tax was assessed.

Chapter 197, Florida Statutes, governs property tax collections as follows:

Current Taxes

All property taxes become due and payable on November 1, and are delinquent on April 1 of the following year. Discounts are allowed for early payment of 4% in November; 3% in December; 2% in January; and 1% for payment in February.

Unpaid Taxes - Sale of Tax Certificates

The Tax Collector advertises, as required by *Florida Statutes*, and sells tax certificates on all real property for unpaid taxes. The taxes assessed on the property are struck off the tax roll to the purchaser of the tax certificate. Certificates not sold are struck off to the County. The Tax Collector must receive payment before the certificates are delivered. Any person owning land upon which a tax certificate has been sold may redeem the tax certificate by paying the Tax Collector the face amount of the tax certificate plus interest and other costs.

Tax Deeds

Two years after the purchase of a tax certificate the owner may file an application for tax deed sale. The County, as a certificate owner, exercises similar procedures. Tax deeds are issued to the highest bidder for the property which is sold at public auction. The Clerk of the Circuit Court administers these sales.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 and 2018

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements requires management of the Tax Collector to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Budgetary Process

Florida Statutes govern the preparation, adoption, and administration of the Tax Collector's annual budget. The Tax Collector submits a budget for the general fund to the Florida Department of Revenue for approval. A copy of the approved budget is provided to the Board. Any subsequent amendments to the Tax Collector's total budget must be approved by the Florida Department of Revenue. The budget for the general fund is prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The annual budget serves as the legal authorization for expenditures.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Appropriations lapse at year-end. Budget control is maintained at the departmental major object expenditure level. Budgetary changes within major object expenditure categories are made at the discretion of the Tax Collector.

The original budget is the first complete appropriated budget. The final budget is the original budget adjusted by all reserves, transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriations, and other legally authorized changes applicable to the fiscal year, whenever legally authorized.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 and 2018

3. Cash

At September 30, 2019 and 2018, the carrying value of the Tax Collector's cash was as follows:

	2018	
Th.	Carrying	Carrying
Туре	Value	 Value
Cash on hand	\$ 33,639	\$ 35,897
Demand deposits	 16,961,394	15,668,412
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,995,033	\$ 15,704,309

Such amounts are reported as \$10,159,562 and \$6,835,471 for 2019 and \$9,349,681 and \$6,354,628 for 2018 in the general and agency funds, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk

At September 30, 2019, the Tax Collector's deposits were entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance or by collateral pledged with the State Treasurer pursuant to Chapter 280, *Florida Statutes*. Under this Chapter, in the event of default by a participating financial institution (a qualified public depository), all participating institutions are obligated to reimburse the governmental entity for the loss.

Credit Risk

The Tax Collector's policy is to follow the guidance in Section 219.075, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the deposit of funds received and the investment of surplus funds. Sections 219.075 and 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, authorize the Tax Collector to invest in Florida PRIME or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; direct obligations of the United States Treasury; federal agencies and instrumentalities or interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in banks organized under the laws of the United States and doing business and situated in the State of Florida, savings and loan associations which are under state supervision, or in federal savings and loan associations located in the State of Florida and organized under federal law and federal supervision, provided that any such deposits are secured by collateral as may be prescribed by law.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 and 2018

3. Cash (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The Tax Collector has no specific investment policy regarding interest rate risk.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets used by the Tax Collector are capitalized in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida rather than in the governmental funds of the Tax Collector. Upon acquisition, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the general fund of the Tax Collector, and are capitalized at cost in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at acquisition value on the date received.

The Tax Collector maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by the office. No depreciation expense has been provided on capital assets in these financial statements. However, depreciation expense on these assets is recorded in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida.

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2019:

	(October 1, 2018		Additions		Deletions/ Reclassifications		ptember 30, 2019
Capital assets not depreciated:								
Construction in progress	\$	240,774	\$	168,295	\$	(390,869)	\$	18,200
Total assets not depreciated		240,774		168,295		(390,869)		18,200
Infrastructure		11,735		-		-		11,735
Improvements other than buildings		109,084		-		(3,991)		105,093
Machinery and equipment		1,899,188		195,227		(182,060)		1,912,355
Total capital assets		2,260,781		363,522		(576,920)		2,047,383
Less accumulated depreciation:		(1,784,344)		(98,019)		186,051		(1,696,312)
Total capital assets, net	\$	476,437	\$	265,503	\$	(390,869)	\$	351,071

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 and 2018

4. Capital Assets (continued)

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2018:

	October 1, 2017	Additions	Deletions/ Reclassifications	September 30, 2018	
Capital assets not depreciated:					
Construction in progress	\$ 1,698,143	\$ 566,454	\$ (2,023,823)	\$ 240,774	
Total assets not depreciated	1,698,143	566,454	(2,023,823)	240,774	
Infrastructure	11,735	-	-	11,735	
Improvements other than buildings	109,084	-	-	109,084	
Machinery and equipment	1,884,111	57,166	(42,089)	1,899,188	
Total capital assets	3,703,073	623,620	(2,065,912)	2,260,781	
Less accumulated depreciation:	(1,713,395)	(106,287)	35,338	(1,784,344)	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 1,989,678	\$ 517,333	\$ (2,030,574)	\$ 476,437	

During the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, costs related to completed leasehold improvements totaling \$390,869 and \$2,023,823, respectively, were transferred to Collier County, Florida.

5. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities which are reported in the basic financial statements of Collier County, Florida:

	(October 1,					Se	ptember 30,
		2018	I	ncrease	Ι	Decrease		2019
Accrued compensated absences	\$	1,151,014	\$	689,596	\$	(562,470)	\$	1,278,140
	(October 1,					Se	ptember 30,
		2017	I	ncrease	I	Decrease		2018
Accrued compensated absences	\$	1,232,879	\$	633,595	\$	(715,460)	\$	1,151,014

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 and 2018

5. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Of these liabilities, approximately \$724,100 is expected to be paid during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020, which will be included in the operating costs of the general fund when expended. These long-term liabilities are not reported in the financial statements of the Tax Collector since they have not matured.

6. Pension Plans

Background

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, *Florida Statutes*, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Tax Collector are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, *Florida Statutes*; Chapter 112, Part IV, *Florida Statutes*; Chapter 238, *Florida Statutes*; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 and 2018

6. Pension Plans (continued)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Elected County Officers Class* Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62, or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 and 2018

6. Pension Plans (continued)

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, *Florida Statutes*, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

As provided in Section 121.101, *Florida Statutes*, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of FRS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 and 2018

6. Pension Plans (continued)

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, *Florida Statutes*, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, *Florida Statutes*. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of HIS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

FRS Investment Plan

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 and 2018

6. Pension Plans (continued)

FRS Investment Plan (continued)

As provided in Section 121.4501, *Florida Statutes*, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Tax Collector employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Tax Collector.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 and 2018

6. Pension Plans (continued)

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

Contributions

Participating employer contributions are based upon statewide rates established by the State of Florida. The Tax Collector's contributions made to the plans during the years ended September 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$768,338, \$716,867, and \$655,667, respectively, equal to the actuarially determined contribution requirements for each year.

Additional information about pension plans can be found in the County's comprehensive annual financial report or County-wide financial statements.

7. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

In accordance with Section 112.0801, *Florida Statutes*, the Tax Collector participates with Collier County in offering retiring employees the opportunity to continue participation in the County's health insurance plan. The participating retirees pay 100% of the premium cost applicable to an active employee. The liability and expense for other postemployment benefits, calculated in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, are reported in the financial statements of the County.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 and 2018

8. Related Party Transactions

During the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Board paid commissions and fees to the Tax Collector that amounted to \$17,128,612 and \$16,465,146, respectively.

At September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Tax Collector had a payable due to the Board of \$10,096,874 and \$9,314,769, respectively, comprised as follows:

	 2019	2018
Distribution of unused commissions and fees	\$ 8,781,057	\$ 8,175,198
Agency funds due to the Board	1,315,817	1,139,571
Total	\$ 10,096,874	\$ 9,314,769

9. Risk Management

Collier County, Florida (County) is exposed to various risks of loss including but not limited to, general liability, health and life, property and casualty, auto and physical damage, and workers' compensation. The County is substantially self-insured and accounts for and finances its risk of uninsured losses through an internal service fund. All liabilities associated with these self-insured risks are reported in the basic financial statements of the County. The Tax Collector participates in the County's self-insurance program. During the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Tax Collector was charged \$3,068,241 and \$2,938,265, respectively, by the County for participation in the risk management program.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 and 2018

9. Risk Management (continued)

The County provides coverage for up to \$500,000 per claim for workers' compensation, and has purchased outside excess coverage for up to the statutory limits for each injury or illness. The County also provides coverage for up to \$250,000 per occurrence for general liability and \$300,000 per occurrence for auto liability coverage and has purchased outside excess coverage for up to \$5 million per claim. Negligence claims in excess of the statutory limits set in Section 768.20, *Florida Statutes*, which provide for limited sovereign immunity of \$200,000/\$300,000 per occurrence can only be recovered through an act of the State Legislature. Property claims are subject to a 3% wind deductible and a \$50,000 deductible for all other perils. The County retains the first \$100,000 per claim/\$200,000 per occurrence for public official errors and omissions and crime coverage and has purchased outside excess coverage for up to \$5 million per claim. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the last year. Settled claims have not exceeded the insurance provided by third-party carriers in any of the last three years.

The County is self-insured for health claims covering all of its employees and their eligible dependents. The County retains the first \$450,000 per covered member and has purchased outside excess coverage for all claims exceeding this amount. An actuarial valuation is performed each year to estimate the amounts needed to pay prior and future claims and to establish reserves.

10. Commitments and Contingencies

Leases

The Tax Collector has noncancelable operating leases for certain office facilities that were utilized solely by the Tax Collector for fiscal year 2019. One of the current leases will expire in February of 2020 and be replaced by a new lease with a 10-year initial term and includes options for two 5-year renewals with an annual escalation clause of 2.5% annually. A second lease agreement expires July 31, 2021 with no existing renewal terms at this time.

Notes to Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 and 2018

10. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Leases (continued)

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the operating leases:

Fiscal year ending September 30:

2020	\$ 284,045
2021	242,887
2022	98,490
2023	100,952
2024	103,483

Rental expense for all operating leases in the aggregate was \$359,344 and \$352,553 for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. There were no contingent rentals or sublease rentals associated with leases in effect at September 30, 2019 or 2018.

Litigation

The Tax Collector is involved as a defendant or plaintiff in certain litigation and claims arising from the ordinary course of operations. In the opinion of the Tax Collector and legal counsel, the range of potential recoveries or liabilities will not materially affect the financial position of the Tax Collector.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Larry H. Ray Tax Collector Collier County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Collier County, Florida Tax Collector (Tax Collector), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tax Collector's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal* control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Tax Collector's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Tax Collector's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida December 17, 2019



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Larry H. Ray Tax Collector Collier County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Collier County, Florida Tax Collector (Tax Collector) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2019.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports which are dated December 17, 2019 should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations reported in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note 1 in the notes to the financial statements.



Honorable Larry H. Ray Tax Collector

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Tax Collector and applicable management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Naples, Florida December 17, 2019



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Honorable Larry H. Ray Tax Collector Collier County, Florida

We have examined the Collier County Tax Collector, Collier County, Florida's (Tax Collector) compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management of the Tax Collector is responsible for the Tax Collector's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Tax Collector's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Tax Collector complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Tax Collector complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Tax Collector's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Tax Collector complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Tax Collector and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton/arsonAllen LLP

Naples, Florida December 17, 2019

