

Highlands County is located in the heart of Florida. With Tampa to the west, Orlando to the north, Miami to the south and the Treasure Coast to the east, Highlands County is right in the middle of it all. Whether revving your engines at Sebring International Raceway or enjoying a morning off at Highlands Hammock State Park, there is something for everyone. Various attractions including art museums, theaters, lakes, golf courses, and parks make Highlands County the perfect destination for any visitor. Its inland location in the beautiful Sunshine State is paired with excellent connectivity to Florida's metro markets and a robust regional workforce. When considering these many benefits, along with the picturesque hometowns of Sebring, Avon Park, and Lake Placid, it is evident that Highlands County is a great place to call home!



Thank you to the Highlands County Tourist Development Council, the Highlands County Office of Economic Development, and the Sebring International Raceway for providing the photos in this year's report.

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

PREPARED BY THE OFFICE OF ROBERT W. GERMAINE CLERK OF COURTS

SALLY B. HOOD DIRECTOR OF ACCOUNTING

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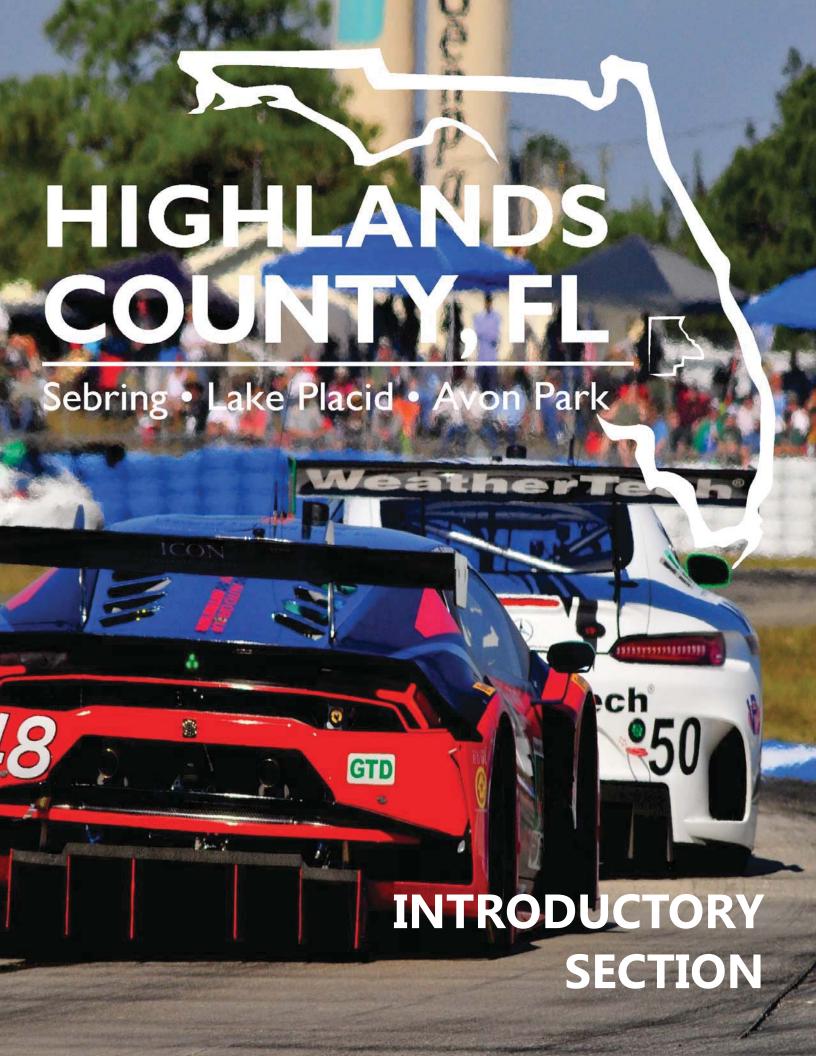
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HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

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DIRECTOR OF ACCOUNTING

Sally B. Hood

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP



ROBERT W. GERMAINE

CLERK OF COURTS – HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA OFFICE LOCATION: 430 SOUTH COMMERCE AVENUE THE COURTHOUSE

PLEASE REPLY TO:

CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT
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COUNTY AUDITOR
COUNTY RECORDER
CLERK TO THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

590 SOUTH COMMERCE AVENUE SEBRING, FLORIDA 33870-3867 PHONE (863) 402-6564 SUNCOM 742-6564 FAX (863) 402-6768

March 9, 2020

Honorable Members of the Board of County Commissioners, Constitutional Officers and Citizens of Highlands County, Florida:

I am pleased to present to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Highlands County, Florida (County), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

This report was prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) by the Clerk of Courts' Accounting Division. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Clerk of Courts as Chief Financial Officer of Highlands County.

We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the County, as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. In addition, all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a thorough understanding of the County's financial affairs have been included.

REPORT FORMAT

This report is intended to provide informative and relevant financial information for the citizens of the County, Board Members, investors, creditors and other concerned readers. This CAFR is a countywide report, which discloses the combined results of operations for the Board of County Commissioners, Clerk of Courts, Property Appraiser, Tax Collector, Sheriff, and Supervisor of Elections. This report includes all funds and activities of governmental operations where the Board of County Commissioners is financially accountable, the exclusion of which would render the financial statements misleading or incomplete. The County provides a full range of services and this report includes all activities of the County.

The Highlands County District School Board, the Highlands County Hospital District, the South Florida Water Management District, and the Southwest Florida Water Management District have not met the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity and, accordingly, are excluded from this report.

In accordance with GAAP, this CAFR includes a narrative introduction from management, in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which provides an overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent

auditors. The remainder of this letter provides an overview of the local economy and a report on some of the County's current and future initiatives.

County Profile

Highlands County is a non-charter county established under the Constitution and laws of the State of Florida. Established on April 23, 1921 from a segment of DeSoto County, Highlands County is Florida's 56th county. The County is located in the south-central part of Florida and is within close proximity to all major attractions and ports. Over 86% of the state's population is within a two-hour radius of the County. The County encompasses 1,029 square miles of the state's heartland that includes 78 square miles of water. The resident population served is estimated to be approximately 103,434, which includes the unincorporated County and three municipalities - the City of Avon Park, the City of Sebring and the Town of Lake Placid. According to the Florida Legislature's Office of Economic and Demographic Research, Highlands County is Florida's 36th most populous county.

The County operates under a commission form of government. The citizens of the County elect a five-member Board of County Commission to serve as the legislative body for the County. The County Commissioners appoint a County Administrator who is responsible for the operation of all County departments. The citizens of the County also elect a Clerk of Courts, Property Appraiser, Tax Collector, Sheriff, and Supervisor of Elections.

The Board of County Commissioners, as the legislative body, budgets and provides the funding used by the County departments and the separate Constitutional Officers, with the exception of fees collected by the Clerk of Courts, Property Appraiser and Tax Collector. Under the direction of the Clerk of Courts, the Clerk's Business Services Department maintains the accounting system for the Board of County Commissioners' operations. The Clerk of Courts, Property Appraiser, Tax Collector, Sheriff, and Supervisor of Elections each maintain a separate accounting system; however, the operations of each agency have been combined for presentation in this report.

Economic Condition

Citrus, cattle and dairy operations provide the primary source of economic activity within the County. In 2018, Highlands County ranked second in the State in citrus production with 7.93 million boxes of fruit. The County is also ranked first in the State in the production of beef cows and second in beef cows and calves. According to the Florida Department of Agriculture, there are over 121,000 total cattle grazing annually on over 425,000 acres.

Tourism also plays a vital role in the local economy. With over 100 lakes, Highlands County is home to both recreational and tournament fishing, as well as recreational boating and skiing. The 12 Hours of Sebring endurance race, North America's longest running and most prestigious road race, provides a great opportunity for racing enthusiasts. The race, which is held annually in March at the Sebring International Raceway, celebrated 67 years of racing in 2019.

The local economy continued expanding in 2019. For the fifth consecutive year, overall property values improved, up 1.6 % for the year. Building permits issued totaled 6,820, a 0.40% decrease for the fiscal year. The decline in volume was primarily a result of building activity returning to normal after the prior years' Hurricane Irma-related increase. Foreclosure cases were 253, an increase of 15.0% from last fiscal year, however, a marked improvement from a high of 758 for the fiscal year ending in 2012. The unemployment rate in Highlands County was 4.3% at fiscal-year end, a slight increase of 0.1% from the prior year, but down from a high of 12.5% in 2010. It continues to lag the state average by 1.10%, and the national average by 0.8%. Sustained improvement in the local economy is expected throughout 2019 and 2020.

Major Initiatives

During the 2018-2019 fiscal year, asset and infrastructure project expenditures were as follows:

<u>Description</u>		Amount
ADA Improvements to County Facilities	\$	40,128
Children's Advocacy Center		1,286
Cisco Network Equipment		747,440
Clerk of Courts, Government Center Office Remodel		408,862
Courthouse Roof Replacement		361,719
Engineering Equipment		355,010
Extension Office Remodel		3,770
Erosion Control Watershed Project for Catfish Creek and Josephine Creek		5,184
Facilities Equipment		3,258
Generators		59,920
Government Center Fire Alarm System		22,085
HVAC Improvements, County Facilities		554,808
Improvements to Roads and Streets		4,583,252
Information Technology Equipment		3,614
Lake Grassy Recreation Building Repairs		36,326
Lake Placid Health Department Improvements		587,775
Max Long Playground System		80,000
New Animal Control Operation Building		20,000
Parks and Recreation Equipment		79,736
Public Safety Equipment		556,823
Pump Test Pit for Firetrucks		3,158
Road and Bridge Equipment		1,206,243
Sebring High School Tennis Courts, Restroom Facilities		23,877
Sheriff's Office, Detention Reconfiguration		69,146
Sheriff's Office, Parking Lot for State of Florida Probation & Parole Office		116,829
Spring Lake Improvement District, Dog Park		35,770
Vehicles		857,176
Weed Control Equipment	_	169,383
Total	\$ _	10,992,578

The major initiatives have been funded through a one-cent local option sales surtax for the purpose of financing, planning, and constructing infrastructure. The surtax was originally approved on August 22, 1989 for fifteen years (November 1, 1989 – October 31, 2004) and extended by the electorate of Highlands County on July 20, 1999 for an additional fifteen years (November 1, 2004 – October 31, 2019). On August 26, 2014 the voters of Highlands County approved the continuation of the surtax for an additional 15 years (January 1, 2019 – December 31, 2033).

Major Accomplishments for 2018-2019

- **Highlands Park Estates Clubhouse Expansion Project** This project was set up and funded in 2013 at the request of the residents of Highlands Park Estates. The Board of County Commissioners approved the Agreement Documents between Highlands County and Brian Sullivan Contractor, Inc. for the demolition of the existing building and construction of a new building in its place on May 15, 2018. A Notice to Proceed was issued on July 27, 2018. Construction was completed in February 2019.
- Lake Blue Water Line In December 2015, a Subgrant Agreement between the Department of Economic Opportunity and Highlands County was approved for \$750,000 from the Small Cities Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Program. The award was to fund replacement, upgrades, and repairs of water mains in the Lake Blue area. The project consisted of approximately 15,000 feet of water lines and was completed May 2019.

Major Projects Scheduled for the Future

- **Sebring Parkway Phase III** This project was constructed using County personnel and equipment. The construction started February 2018 and was substantially complete by December 7, 2019. The project has been modified to include all 4 travel lanes and 2 roundabouts. It was partially funded by the State of Florida Department of Transportation.
- **Sebring Parkway Phase IIA** This project begins at Youth Care Lane and ends at Desoto Road encompassing the existing 2-lane roadway, currently known as S. Highlands Avenue. The project length is approximately 0.70 miles in length and involves the construction to replace the existing 2-lane roadway with a 4-lane divided roadway. The new roadway system will consist of four 12' wide travel lanes, curb and gutter drainage, and an 8' concrete multi-use path. Other improvements such as traffic signal upgrades, access management, and pedestrian crosswalks are also included as part of the project. The current budget for Phase IIA is \$5,500,000, with FDOT's participation being \$3,811,072. Construction is scheduled to begin by May 2020 and be completed within one year.
- **Sebring Parkway Phase IIB** This project begins at the Desoto Road intersection and extends to US 27 and is approximately 0.474 miles in length. The existing 2-lane roadway is proposed to be replaced with a 4-lane divided roadway. North of Highlands Regional Medical Center, there is a proposed design of a roundabout to reduce traffic conflicts in the area. As part of the project, a stormwater pond is a necessity to reduce runoff from the additional impervious area. The current budget for Phase IIB is \$4,861,969, with FDOT's participation being \$3,714,624. The project will be bid with Phase IIA, so the timelines are similar in nature.
- Memorial Drive Multiuse Path Highlands County was awarded a State of Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) Local Agency Program (LAP) grant to construct an 8-foot-wide multiuse path along the right-of-way of Memorial Drive from Pompano Drive to Sebring Parkway in Sebring, FL, for an approximate distance of 7,500 linear feet. The total grant amount is \$1,520,457. The intent is for the design, construction and CEI services to be done by outside forces. The estimated completion date is June 2022.
- **CR 721 Roadway Improvements** In June 2018, Highlands County entered into a state-funded grant agreement with the State of Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) for an FDOT Small County Road Assistance Program (SCRAP) grant in the amount of \$4,000,000 for design and construction of improvements to CR 721 from SR 70 to US 98. The work consists of resurfacing approximately 45,823

linear feet of roadway. Construction will be completed by the County Road and Bridge Department. Construction must be completed by March 2021.

- CR 623 (Kenilworth Boulevard) Roadway Improvements Highlands County was awarded a State of Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) Small County Road Assistance Program (SCRAP) grant in the amount of \$1,419,207 for roadway improvements on CR 623 (Kenilworth Boulevard). The improvements will include, but not be limited to, the milling and resurfacing of existing pavement from Haywood Taylor Boulevard to Mini Ranch Road for an approximate distance of 7,804 linear feet (1.478 miles). The project is expected to be completed by July 2023.
- Interlake Boulevard Resurfacing Highlands County is assisting the Town of Lake Placid on an awarded FDOT Small County Outreach Program (SCOP) grant in the amount of \$655,000 for resurfacing of East Interlake Boulevard. The improvements will include, but not limited to, the milling and resurfacing of existing pavement from Devane Circle to US 27, approximately 0.637 miles. The project is expected to be completed by September 2020.
- Animal Services Building Addition Highlands County has budgeted the amount of \$450,000 for the construction of an addition to the existing Highlands County Sheriff's Office Animal Services unit operations building. The project is expected to be completed by September 2022.
- Traffic Operations Building Highlands County has budgeted the amount of \$760,000 for the construction of a building for the Traffic Operations Division. The project is expected to be completed by September 2022.
- **Heron Street Roadway Improvements** Highlands County was awarded a FDOT Small County Outreach Program (SCOP) grant in the amount of \$1,001,791 for roadway improvements on Heron Street. The improvements will include, but not limited to, the milling and resurfacing of existing pavement from Hammock Road to Howey Road, approximately 1.000 mile. The project is expected to be completed by July 2023.
- W. Stryker Road Roadway Improvements Highlands County was awarded a FDOT Small County Road Assistance Program (SCRAP) grant in the amount of \$1,941,246 for roadway improvements on West Stryker Road. The improvements will include, but not limited to, the milling and resurfacing of existing pavement from North Olivia Drive to US 27, approximately 1.999 miles. The project is expected to be completed by July 2023.
- Thunderbird Road East/West Sidewalk Extension The projects consist of the construction of 4,700 lineal feet of a five (5) foot wide concrete sidewalk along the right-of-way of Thunderbird Road in Sebring including associated safety and drainage improvements. Highlands County was awarded a FDOT Local Agency Program (LAP) grant for construction costs in the amount of \$382,213 for the East Sidewalk Extension and \$118,104 for the West Sidewalk Extension. The projects have undergone extensive environmental delays due to the presence of sand skinks and gopher tortoises within the project limits. The County has addressed and mitigated for said impacts. Currently, the project's bid documents and complete plan sets have been submitted to FDOT for their review and approval. Completion of both projects is anticipated to be in August 2020.
- Arbuckle Creek Road Turn Lane In February 2017, Highlands County was awarded an FDOT Small County Outreach Program (SCOP) grant in the amount of \$936,152 for intersection improvements at Arbuckle Creek Road and Landfill Access Road. The construction consists of the addition of an eastbound left turn lane and a westbound right turn lane from Arbuckle Creek Road to the northbound Landfill Access Road. Design, inspection and construction of pavement widening and

transition segments from the turn lanes back to the existing two-lane roadway, drainage improvements, and lighting are also included. Construction must be completed by July 2021.

Financial Information

The County operates on a fiscal year of October 1st to September 30th. The fiscal year 2018-2019 budget was adopted with a millage rate of 8.55, a continued rate from the millage rate for fiscal year 2017-2018.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the General and Special Revenue Funds. Budgets for these funds are legally adopted on an annual basis consistent with GAAP. The level of budgetary control exists with the Board of County Commissioners, and the Board follows the laws of Florida regarding the control, adoption, and amendment of the budget during each fiscal year. Open encumbrances in the General Fund are reported as assigned fund balance at year-end and reappropriated the following year. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The Clerk of Courts, through the Clerk's Business Services Division, and County Management are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe the County's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Independent Audit. Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, requires that an annual financial audit of the accounts and records of the County be performed by an independent certified public accounting firm. This requirement has been accomplished for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 and the opinions of the independent auditors are included in the Financial Section of this report.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in the state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and *Rules of the Auditor General*, Chapter 10.550. The auditor's reports pertaining to the single audit are included in the Single Audit Section of this report.

Single Audit. The County is a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, making it mandatory that proper internal controls are in place to ensure that compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs are achieved. This internal control structure is audited each year by our independent auditors.

Awards. The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Highlands County for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. This was the 34th year that the County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

The Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one (1) year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and will submit it to the GFOA to determine eligibility for another certificate for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019.

Acknowledgments. The preparation of the CAFR could not have been accomplished without the efforts and dedication of the entire staff of the Highlands County Clerk of Courts Business Services Division.

I, and my staff, would like to thank CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, the County Administrator and his staff, and the Board of County Commissioners for their help and support in the preparation of this report for the citizens of Highlands County.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert W. Germaine Clerk of Courts

Jerome Kaszubowski, CGCIO Sr. Director of Business Services Sally B. Hood, CPA, CGFM Director of Accounting



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Highlands County Florida

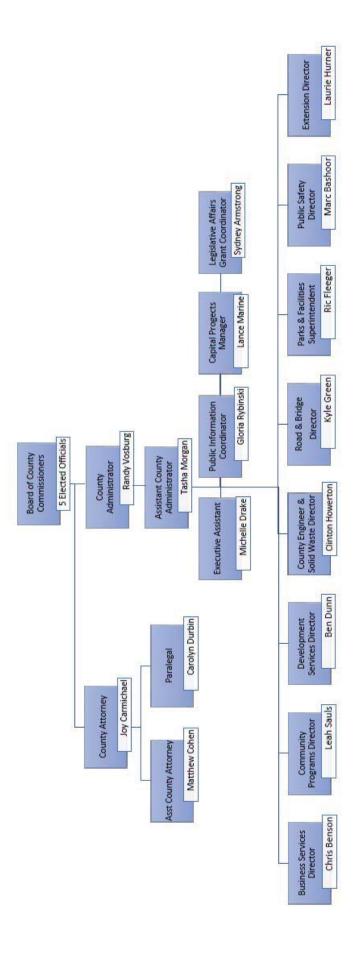
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA ORGANIZATIONAL CHART YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019







INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Highlands County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Highlands County, Florida (County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, County Transportation Trust Fund, Istokpoga Marsh Watershed Improvement District Fund, and Local Government Infrastructure Surtax Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 14 through 25, information on infrastructure using the modified approach on page 101, information on other postemployment benefits on page 102, and information on pension benefits on pages 103 through 106 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual financial statements and schedules and introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and Chapter 10.550, Local Governmental Entity Audits, Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida, is also presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 9, 2020, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida March 9, 2020

The management of Highlands County (County) offers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information that we have furnished in our Letter of Transmittal.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following are key financial highlights for the fiscal year:

- Total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$243.7 million (net position). Of this amount, \$234.1 million was invested in capital assets and \$40.9 million was restricted by laws, grant agreements, debt covenants or for capital projects. The County had an unrestricted net position of (\$31.3) million.
- Total net position increased by \$13.5 million or 5.9%. The net position of governmental activities increased \$13 million and business-type activities increased \$505 thousand.
- The fund balance in the General Fund was \$19.2 million, an increase of \$12.6 million from the previous year. The unassigned fund balance for the General Fund, which is available for use at the County's discretion, was \$17.1 million or 25.5% of total general fund expenditures.
- The governmental funds, in total, reported combined fund balances of \$59.3 million, an increase of \$15.3 million from the previous year. Of this amount, \$11.7 million was unassigned fund balance. The increase in fund balance was due in part from Hurricane Irma costs from prior years being reimbursed from FEMA and the State of Florida in the current year.
- Total assets increased by \$28.5 million or 9% and total liabilities increased by \$15.7 million or 14%. The increase in total assets was due to the growth in cash and cash equivalents as well as investments and capital assets. The increase in liabilities was due to the net pension liability, short and long-term obligations, and a slight increase in OPEB liability. The County is required to report, as a liability, the County's proportionate share of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) Plan Net Pension Liability.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances using the accrual basis of accounting in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The County's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities. As described below, these statements do not include the County's fiduciary funds because resources in these funds cannot be used to finance the County's activities. However, the financial statements of fiduciary funds are included in the County's fund financial statements because the County is financially accountable for those resources, even though they belong to other parties.

The statement of net position presents information on the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County (known as the primary government) that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, human services, culture and recreation and court related. The business-type activities of the County include solid waste and energy recovery.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself, but also legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable (known as component units). Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 26-27 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Highlands County maintains 75 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the County Transportation Trust Fund, the Istokpoga Marsh Watershed Improvement District Fund, the Local Government Infrastructure Surtax Fund, and the Highlands County Infrastructure Sales Surtax Refunding Revenue Note (HCISSR Construction) Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 70 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and other major special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its solid waste and energy recovery operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its employee benefit, insurance and compensated absences. Because these services benefit governmental and business-type functions, they have been allocated to the governmental activities and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the proprietary operations, both of which are considered to be major funds of the County.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

<u>Notes to the Financial Statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Other Information</u> - The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, internal service funds and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information (RSI).

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$243.7 million (total net position) as of September 30, 2019. The County recognized an increase in its total net position of \$13.5 million, or 5.9%, from \$230.2 million in 2018 to \$243.7 million in 2019.

Highlands County's Net Position

Current and Other Assets 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 Current and Other Assets \$59,429,746 \$76,001,877 \$16,927,364 \$19,057,557 \$76,357,110 \$95,059,434 Capital Assets 236,693,156 247,093,901 9,368,924 8,787,886 246,062,080 255,881,787 Total Assets 296,122,902 323,095,778 26,296,288 27,845,443 322,419,190 350,941,221 Deferred Outflows of Resources 28,801,199 27,562,214 314,606 308,576 29,115,805 27,870,790 Long-Term Debt Outstanding Other Liabilities 97,717,813 112,462,937 7,498,118 8,557,943 105,215,931 121,020,880 Other Liabilities 7,456,734 7,309,952 643,641 643,891 8,100,375 7,953,843 Total Liabilities 105,174,547 119,772,889 8,141,759 9,201,834 113,316,306 128,974,723 Deferred Inflows of Resources 7,901,680 6,022,161 97,912 75,881 7,999,592 6,098,042		Governmer	ntal Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities			Total			
Capital Assets 236,693,156 247,093,901 9,368,924 8,787,886 246,062,080 255,881,787 Total Assets 296,122,902 323,095,778 26,296,288 27,845,443 322,419,190 350,941,221 Deferred Outflows of Resources 28,801,199 27,562,214 314,606 308,576 29,115,805 27,870,790 Long-Term Debt Outstanding Other Liabilities 97,717,813 112,462,937 7,498,118 8,557,943 105,215,931 121,020,880 Other Liabilities 7,456,734 7,309,952 643,641 643,891 8,100,375 7,953,843 Total Liabilities 105,174,547 119,772,889 8,141,759 9,201,834 113,316,306 128,974,723 Deferred Inflows		2018	2019		2018	2019			2018		2019	
Total Assets 296,122,902 323,095,778 26,296,288 27,845,443 322,419,190 350,941,221 Deferred Outflows of Resources 28,801,199 27,562,214 314,606 308,576 29,115,805 27,870,790 Long-Term Debt Outstanding Other Liabilities 97,717,813 112,462,937 7,498,118 8,557,943 105,215,931 121,020,880 Other Liabilities 7,456,734 7,309,952 643,641 643,891 8,100,375 7,953,843 Total Liabilities 105,174,547 119,772,889 8,141,759 9,201,834 113,316,306 128,974,723 Deferred Inflows	Current and Other Assets	\$ 59,429,746	\$ 76,001,87	7 \$	16,927,364	\$	19,057,557	\$	76,357,110	\$	95,059,434	
Deferred Outflows of Resources 28,801,199 27,562,214 314,606 308,576 29,115,805 27,870,790 Long-Term Debt Outstanding Other Liabilities 97,717,813 112,462,937 7,498,118 8,557,943 105,215,931 121,020,880 Other Liabilities 7,456,734 7,309,952 643,641 643,891 8,100,375 7,953,843 Total Liabilities 105,174,547 119,772,889 8,141,759 9,201,834 113,316,306 128,974,723 Deferred Inflows	Capital Assets	236,693,156	247,093,90	<u> </u>	9,368,924		8,787,886		246,062,080		255,881,787	
of Resources 28,801,199 27,562,214 314,606 308,576 29,115,805 27,870,790 Long-Term Debt Outstanding Other Liabilities 97,717,813 112,462,937 7,498,118 8,557,943 105,215,931 121,020,880 Other Liabilities 7,456,734 7,309,952 643,641 643,891 8,100,375 7,953,843 Total Liabilities 105,174,547 119,772,889 8,141,759 9,201,834 113,316,306 128,974,723 Deferred Inflows	Total Assets	296,122,902	323,095,77	3	26,296,288		27,845,443		322,419,190		350,941,221	
Long-Term Debt Outstanding Other Liabilities 97,717,813 112,462,937 7,498,118 8,557,943 105,215,931 121,020,880 Other Liabilities 7,456,734 7,309,952 643,641 643,891 8,100,375 7,953,843 Total Liabilities 105,174,547 119,772,889 8,141,759 9,201,834 113,316,306 128,974,723 Deferred Inflows	Deferred Outflows											
Other Liabilities 7,456,734 7,309,952 643,641 643,891 8,100,375 7,953,843 Total Liabilities 105,174,547 119,772,889 8,141,759 9,201,834 113,316,306 128,974,723 Deferred Inflows	of Resources	28,801,199	27,562,21	1	314,606		308,576		29,115,805		27,870,790	
Total Liabilities 105,174,547 119,772,889 8,141,759 9,201,834 113,316,306 128,974,723 Deferred Inflows	Long-Term Debt Outstanding	97,717,813	112,462,93	7	7,498,118		8,557,943		105,215,931		121,020,880	
Deferred Inflows	Other Liabilities	7,456,734	7,309,95	2	643,641		643,891		8,100,375		7,953,843	
	Total Liabilities	105,174,547	119,772,88)	8,141,759		9,201,834		113,316,306		128,974,723	
of Resources 7.901.680 6.022.161 97.912 75.881 7.999.592 6.098.042	Deferred Inflows											
7.2 /	of Resources	7,901,680	6,022,16	I	97,912		75,881		7,999,592		6,098,042	
Net Position:	Net Position:											
Net Investment in	Net Investment in											
Capital Assets 213,827,131 225,367,005 9,368,924 8,758,438 223,196,055 234,125,443	Capital Assets	213,827,131	225,367,00	5	9,368,924		8,758,438		223,196,055		234,125,443	
Restricted 42,707,255 40,882,840 42,707,255 40,882,840	Restricted	42,707,255	40,882,84)	-		-		42,707,255		40,882,840	
Unrestricted (44,686,512) (41,386,903) 9,002,299 10,117,866 (35,684,213) (31,269,037)	Unrestricted	(44,686,512)	(41,386,90	3)	9,002,299		10,117,866		(35,684,213)		(31,269,037)	
Total Net Position \$ 211,847,874 \$ 224,862,942 \$ 18,371,223 \$ 18,876,304 \$ 230,219,097 \$ 243,739,246	Total Net Position	\$ 211,847,874	\$ 224,862,94	2 \$	18,371,223	\$	18,876,304	\$	230,219,097	\$	243,739,246	

The largest portion of the County's net position (\$234.1 million, or 96.1%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment), net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding related debt used to acquire those assets, plus capital-related deferred outflows of resources. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and therefore, are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources required to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net position (\$40.9 million, or 16.8%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions such as debt covenants, grantors, laws or regulations, or restrictions through enabling legislation on how they may be used.

The remaining balance is the unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. As of September 30, 2019, the County's unrestricted net position was (\$31.3) million. The change in the total unrestricted net position from (\$35.7) million at September 30, 2018 to (\$31.3) million at September 30, 2019 was partially due to changes in net pension liability. The County is required to report, as a liability, the County's proportionate share of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) Plan Net Pension Liability.

Highlands County's Changes in Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019		
Revenues:								
Program Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$ 20,106,195	\$ 25,246,712	\$ 10,940,672	\$ 11,136,751	\$ 31,046,867	\$ 36,383,463		
Operating Grants								
and Contributions	3,096,143	16,217,196	90,909	90,909	3,187,052	16,308,105		
Capital Grants								
and Contributions	3,767,400	3,250,430	-	-	3,767,400	3,250,430		
General Revenues:								
Property Taxes	39,565,159	39,979,150	-	-	39,565,159	39,979,150		
Other Taxes	15,657,634	15,959,654	-	-	15,657,634	15,959,654		
Other	18,237,494	21,675,268	243,069	457,293	18,480,563	22,132,561		
Total Revenues	100,430,025	122,328,410	11,274,650	11,684,953	111,704,675	134,013,363		
Expenses:								
General Government	18,519,219	20,874,168	-	-	18,519,219	20,874,168		
Public Safety	59,326,852	56,939,713	-	-	59,326,852	56,939,713		
Physical Environment	1,864,091	1,178,231	-	-	1,864,091	1,178,231		
Transportation	13,459,205	14,508,911	-	-	13,459,205	14,508,911		
Economic Environment	3,508,116	3,704,233	-	-	3,508,116	3,704,233		
Human Services	3,682,396	3,639,034	-	-	3,682,396	3,639,034		
Culture and Recreation	2,988,164	2,894,053	-	-	2,988,164	2,894,053		
Court Related	4,782,597	5,215,689	-	-	4,782,597	5,215,689		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	479,532	452,226	-	-	479,532	452,226		
Solid Waste	-	-	8,258,598	9,019,161	8,258,598	9,019,161		
Energy Recovery			1,286,705	2,067,795	1,286,705	2,067,795		
Total Expenses	108,610,172	109,406,258	9,545,303	11,086,956	118,155,475	120,493,214		
Change in Net Position	(- ((-)				(- ()			
Before Transfers	(8,180,147)	12,922,152	1,729,347	597,997	(6,450,800)	13,520,149		
Transfers	226,063	92,916	(226,063)	(92,916)				
Change in Net Position	(7,954,084)	13,015,068	1,503,284	505,081	(6,450,800)	13,520,149		
Net Position - Beginning	216,864,466	211,847,874	16,802,799	18,371,223	233,667,265	230,219,097		
Prior Period Adjustment	2,937,492	,,	65,140	-	3,002,632			
Net Position - Beginning,	,,,,,,,,		,					
as Restated	219,801,958	211,847,874	16,867,939	18,371,223	236,669,897	230,219,097		
Net Position - Ending	\$ 211,847,874	\$ 224,862,942	\$ 18,371,223	\$ 18,876,304	\$ 230,219,097	\$ 243,739,246		
•								

Governmental Activities

The net position of governmental activities increased \$13 million.

- Overall, revenues related to governmental activities increased \$21.9 million, or 21.8%.
- Charges for Services increased \$5.1 million, or 25.6%. Public Safety charges increased a net \$4.4 million. Transportation increased a net \$818 thousand.
- Property Taxes increased \$414 thousand or 1% due to a 1.97% increase in property tax values.

Governmental Activities (Continued)

- Operating Grants and Contributions increased by \$13.1 million or 423.8%. Public Safety funding increased \$12.7 million, Economic Environment funding increased \$624 thousand.
- Other Taxes increased \$302 thousand, or 2%. The County recognized a \$503 thousand increase in tourist development tax collections, offset by a \$108 thousand decrease in fuel taxes.
- Other general revenues increased \$3.4 million, or 18.9%. State shared revenues increased \$229 thousand, higher interest rates generated additional interest earnings of \$382 thousand, and miscellaneous revenues increased \$2 million.
- Overall, expenses related to governmental activities increased \$796 thousand, or 0.7%. Emergency and disaster relief expenses decreased approximately \$10 million related to debris hauling and monitoring, and overtime related to Hurricane Irma. Expenditures in the Local Government Infrastructure Surtax fund increased \$4.6 million due to additional projects in General Government of \$1.65 million, Transportation projects of \$2.35 million, and \$350 thousand in Public Safety. Expenditures in the nonmajor funds increased \$2.3 million due to Public Safety increasing \$2.9 million but Physical Environment decreasing \$600 thousand. Additionally, expenditures related to the net pension liability increased \$6 million from the prior year.
- General Government expenses increased \$2.4 million, or 12.7%. The increase is due to increase in appropriations to constitutional officers of \$300 thousand, pension expense increase of \$1.1 million and \$344 thousand increase in county planning and development.
- Public Safety expenses decreased \$2.4 million, or 4.0%. The decrease is due to \$9.3 million of hurricane expenses from the prior year, \$3.2 million of expenses related to the new countywide fire services, and pension expense increased \$4.0 million.
- Physical Environment expenses decreased by \$686 thousand, or 36.8%. Conservation activity decreased \$500 thousand.
- Transportation expenses increased by \$1.1 million, or 7.8%. The increase is due to a \$500 thousand increase in resurfacing and pension expense of \$370 thousand.

Business-Type Activities

The net position of business-type activities increased \$505 thousand.

- Overall, revenues related to business-type activities increased \$410 thousand, or 3.6%, and expenses increased \$1.5 million, or 16.2%.
- Charges for Services increased \$196 thousand, or 1.8%. The sale of asphalt increased total operating revenues by \$831 thousand as well as a \$36 thousand increase of charges for services for the Energy Recovery facility. There was a minimal increase in revenues from the non-ad valorem assessment for solid waste collection, disposal and recycling but there was a \$593 thousand decrease for landfill tipping fees from the hauler.
- Solid Waste expenses increased \$761 thousand, or 9.2%. Personal Services increased \$99 thousand, Waste Franchise Fees increased \$100 thousand, and Contractual Services increased \$533 thousand.
- Energy Recovery expenses increased \$781 thousand, or 60.7%. The increase in Road Materials and Supplies was a direct result of the increase in asphalt production.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$59.3 million. Approximately \$11.7 million of the combined fund balances constitutes the unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the balance is not available for new spending because it is non-spendable (\$1.8 million), restricted (\$44.4 million) or assigned (\$1.5 million). Significant restrictions include: restrictions for infrastructure and land acquisitions (\$25.6 million), restrictions for transportation related (\$7.6 million), and restrictions for fire districts (\$3.9 million).

The <u>General Fund</u> is the chief operating fund of the County. In 2019 the County maintained its millage rate of 8.55 mils in order to continue to provide quality services to its citizens and minimize the need to dip into its fund balance for operational needs. At September 30, 2019, the General Fund's total fund balance was \$19.2 million of which \$17.1 million (89.3%) was unassigned fund balance. The unassigned fund balance increased by \$12.2 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, the total fund balance represents 28.6% of total General Fund expenditures.

The <u>County Transportation Trust Fund</u> accounts for the operation of the road and bridge department, which is funded by the County's share of state gasoline taxes and the sixth-cent local option gas tax. As of September 30, 2019, the total fund balance was \$5.4 million, compared to \$4.9 million in 2018. The increase in fund balance was due to normal operations.

The <u>Istokpoga Marsh Watershed Improvement District Fund</u> accounts for assessments and grant funds related to water control and improvements for the restoration of the watershed of Lake Okeechobee and the Florida Everglades. As of September 30, 2019, total fund balance was (\$5.5) million compared to (\$4.5) million in 2018. The decrease in fund balance was due to a major grant funded project that was not complete as of September 30, 2019 and therefore did not meet the eligibility requirements to request reimbursement from the grantor agencies.

The <u>Local Government Infrastructure Surtax Fund</u> accounts for the one-cent local discretionary sales surtax that was approved by voters. As of September 30, 2019, the total fund balance was \$19.9 million, compared to \$23.5 million in 2018. The decrease in fund balance was due to an increase in expenditures for transportation and general government related projects as well as a decrease in revenues.

The <u>Highlands County Infrastructure Sales Surtax Refunding Revenue Note (HCISSR Construction)</u> <u>Fund</u> accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and infrastructure. As of September 30, 2019, the total fund balance was \$207 thousand, compared to \$1 million in 2018. The decrease in fund balance is due to Sebring Parkway Phase III costs.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Proprietary Funds

The <u>Solid Waste Fund</u> reported a net position of \$15.8 million, which is an increase of \$484 thousand over prior year. Unrestricted net position totaled \$9.2 million, a \$972 thousand increase over prior year, and net investments in capital assets totaled \$6.7 million, a \$489 thousand decrease over prior year. Operating Revenues decreased \$661 thousand, or 8.2% and Operating Expenses increased \$774 thousand. The change in revenues was primarily due to decreased landfill fees which decreased \$583,323. In addition, miscellaneous revenues and sale of recyclable materials decreased a combined \$91,343. The change in expenses was primarily due to Waste Franchise Fees increased \$99,523, Contractual Services increased \$533,106, and Personal Services increased \$98,639.

The <u>Energy Recovery Fund</u> reported a net position of \$3.0 million, which is an increase of \$25 thousand over prior year. Unrestricted net position totaled \$883 thousand. This fund accounts for the operation of the County's Asphalt Plant which was constructed at the landfill site in order to use materials disposed at the landfill as production material for asphalt. The change in total net position and unrestricted net position is due to the increase in asphalt sales which exceeded the increase in production costs.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund budget to actual schedule is presented in the basic financial statements. The schedule shows the original adopted budget, the final budget, actual results, and the positive or negative variance between the final budget and actual results. After the original budget is approved, it may be amended for various reasons such as unanticipated revenues, unforeseen expenditures or new grant awards.

- The actual net change in the fund balance of the General Fund compared to the final budget was a positive variance of \$17.5 million.
- General Fund revenues were \$12.3 million more than the final budget amounts. Intergovernmental revenues were over budget by \$11.8 million. Miscellaneous revenue exceeded budget by a net \$740 thousand.
- Actual expenditures in the General Fund were \$4.3 million less than the final budget. Significant variations are summarized below:

General Fund Department	Positive Variance	Reason for Variance
Sheriff	752,303	Unexpended Appropriations.
Tax Collector	603,956	Unexpended Appropriations.
Natural Resources	456,535	Appropriations for lake watershed investigation projects not expended.
County Fire Coordinator	290,209	Expenditures accounted for in the Fire Assessment fund in fiscal year 18.
Facilities Management	231,180	Appropriations for personal services, contractual services, repair and maintenance and utilities not spent.
Ambulance Services	206,009	Monitor defibrillator project funds not expended
Central Services	203,387	Professional Services, insurance and other charges and obligations not expended.
County Planning and Development	173,793	Appropriations for personal services, Central Florida Regional Planning Council services, and APAFR project funds not spent.
Local Emergency Management Agency	160,846	Appropriations for personal services, communication and freight, and repair and maintenance not expended.
Detention and Correction	159,817	Unexpended Appropriations.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2019 amounted to \$255.9 million (net of accumulated depreciation) compared to \$246.1 million for the prior year. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, parks, roads, highways, bridges, software, and land use rights. Major capital asset events during the fiscal year included the following:

- Parkway Phase III
- Istokpoga Marsh Impoundment
- EMS Buildings / Ambulance / Equipment
- IT Infrastructure Upgrades
- Road & Bridge Equipment / Vehicles
- Road Construction / Improvements
- Sheriff Office Vehicles

Highlands County's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Goverr Acti	nmer vities		Business-Type Activities			Entity Total				
	2018		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019
Land	\$ 46,062,673	\$	48,480,496	\$	1,833,866	\$	1,833,866	\$	47,896,539	\$	50,314,362
Infrastructure	107,895,752		107,895,752		-		-		107,895,752		107,895,752
Land Use Rights	2,255,569		2,415,419		-		-		2,255,569		2,415,419
Buildings	40,885,771		41,748,766		152,208		124,404		41,037,979		41,873,170
Improvements	7,355,401		7,037,708		3,777,672		3,506,056		11,133,073		10,543,764
Equipment	17,311,011		17,992,148		3,599,712		3,318,094		20,910,723		21,310,242
Computer Software	686,285		1,015,470		-		-		686,285		1,015,470
Construction in Progress	14,240,694		20,508,142		5,466		5,466		14,246,160		20,513,608
Total	\$ 236,693,156	\$	247,093,901	\$	9,368,924	\$	8,787,886	\$	246,062,080	\$	255,881,787

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Infrastructure

The County has elected to use the modified approach to account for its bridges and roadways included on the County highway system. Under this approach, the County has made the commitment to preserve and maintain these assets at levels established by the County and approved by the Board of County Commissioners. No depreciation expense is reported for such assets, nor are amounts capitalized in connection with improvements that lengthen the lives of such assets, unless the improvements also increase their service potential. The County maintains an inventory of these assets and performs periodic condition assessments to establish that the predetermined condition level is being maintained.

Road System - The County has established an overall minimum average condition level of "fair" which carries a rating between 51 and 75. The overall average condition of the County road system for fiscal year 2019 was 52.86, compared to 61.17 in 2018.

Infrastructure (Continued)

 Bridge System - It is the County's policy to maintain an overall minimum average sufficiency rating of not less than 60%. The overall average sufficiency rating of the County bridge system for fiscal year 2019 was 77.96, compared to 75.20 in 2018.

Additionally, the County makes annual estimates of the amounts that must be expended to preserve and maintain these assets at the predetermined condition levels. There were no significant differences from the estimated annual amount to preserve and maintain these assets compared with the actual amounts spent during the current period.

- Road System The County budgeted \$5.8 million for maintenance/preservation of its road system and expended \$1.38 million.
- Bridge System The County budgeted \$150,000 for maintenance/preservation of its bridge system and expended \$22,272.

For further information on the County's established condition standards, recent condition assessments or other information on infrastructure reported on the modified approach, refer to the RSI section of this report.

Long-Term Debt

At September 30, 2019, the County had total debt outstanding of \$25.9 million compared, to \$22.7 million in the prior year. Of this amount, all \$25.9 million represents governmental activities loans payable and other obligations. The increase in total outstanding debt is attributed to a new note for the acquisition, construction and equipping of fire safety equipment, vehicles and fire stations located within the County.

Highlands County's Outstanding Debt

	Governmental Activities						
	2018		2019				
Notes Payable, Revenue							
Certificates and Capital Leases	\$ 22,687,328	\$	25,888,552				

Please refer to Note 7 of the Notes to Financial Statements for a complete presentation of all long-term liabilities. The above table does not present information for compensated absences, net pension liability, other post-employment benefits or landfill closure liability.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The following factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2020 fiscal year. More information on economic factors is provided in the Statistical Section and the Transmittal Letter.

- Highlands County's population increased in 2019 by 0.88%, from 102,441 in 2018 to an estimated 103,342 in 2019, and is projected to see an increase in 2020. Additionally, all three cities showed population increases over the prior year according to the Office of Economic & Demographic Research.
- Highlands County's unemployment rate (October September) averaged 4.7%, which was slightly higher than the average for the State of Florida (3.3%) and the nation (3.7%).
- Highlands County has a diverse property tax base. The ten largest taxpayers in the County represent 6.26% of the assessed property values of all taxpayers.
- In 2019, the total taxable value of property increased 1.97% over prior year. This was the fifth increase in total taxable value that has been recognized since 2008.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide users with a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning budgets, long-term financial planning, future debt issuances, or questions related to the management of County operations should be addressed to the County Administrator at:

Office of the County Administrator Highlands County Board of County Commissioners 600 South Commerce Avenue Sebring, FL 33870

Questions concerning the Basic Financial Statements or other financial information contained within this report should be addressed to the Clerk of Courts at:

Highlands County Clerk of Courts 590 South Commerce Avenue Sebring, FL 33870



HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Primary Governmen	<u>t</u>
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 32,812,432	\$ 4,947,462	\$ 37,759,894
Investments	31,928,910	6,820,339	38,749,249
Accounts Receivable - Net	2,442,189	146,972	2,589,161
Internal Balances	(136,754)	136,754	
Due from Other Governmental Units	7,139,793	94,221	7,234,014
Inventory	361,466	656,648	1,018,114
Prepaid Items	1,383,761	79,071	1,462,832
Restricted Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	70,080	6,176,090	6,246,170
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated/Amortized	179,299,809	1,839,332	181,139,141
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated	07 704 000	0.040.554	74740040
Depreciation/Amortization	67,794,092	6,948,554	74,742,646
Total Assets	323,095,778	27,845,443	350,941,221
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Charge on Refunding	1,666	-	1,666
Pension Related Items	27,400,394	305,182	27,705,576
OPEB Related Items	160,154	3,394	163,548
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	27,562,214	308,576	27,870,790
LIABILITIES			
Vouchers Payable	2,897,582	512,798	3,410,380
Claims Payable	448,933	· -	448,933
Contracts Payable - Retained Percentage	832,997	-	832,997
Due to Other Governmental Units	282,705	_	282,705
Due to Others	305,709	_	305,709
Accrued Interest Payable	187,937	_	187,937
Accrued Wages Payable	1,403,685	42,220	1,445,905
Deposits	72,770	88,873	161,643
Unearned Revenue	877,634	-	877,634
Noncurrent Liabilities:	,		, , , , ,
Due Within One Year	3,661,153	85,391	3,746,544
Total OPEB Liability	126,664	-	126,664
Due in More than One Year	27,095,488	7,475,497	34,570,985
Net Pension Liability	79,048,809	940,741	79,989,550
Total OPEB Liability	2,530,823	56,314	2,587,137
Total Liabilities	119,772,889	9,201,834	128,974,723
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension Related Items	5,983,861	75,069	6,058,930
OPEB Related Items	38,300	812	39,112
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,022,161	75,881	6,098,042
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	225,367,005	8,758,438	234,125,443
Restricted for:	223,307,003	0,730,430	204,120,440
General Government	688,423		600 422
		-	688,423
Public Safety	8,412,681	-	8,412,681
Infrastructure and Land Acquisition	21,420,558	-	21,420,558
Transportation	7,702,425	-	7,702,425
Economic Environment	453,033	-	453,033
Community Programs	694,634	-	694,634
Conservation	220,423	-	220,423
Tourist Development	977,877	-	977,877
Culture and Recreation Unrestricted	312,786 (41,386,903)	10,117,866	312,786 (31,269,037)
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Total Net Position	\$ 224,862,942	\$ 18,876,304	\$ 243,739,246

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

									Primary Government	nent	
Elin dirne/Drograme	7. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.		Charges for	~ ₀ ₂	Operating Grants and	- (Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	0	Total
dictions/110glanns	Expelises	1	2017100	5	O I I I I DOGI DI I I		CHICIDATIONS			1	5
Primary Government:											
Governmental Activities:											
General Government	\$ 20,874,168	↔	3,611,736	8	89,915	↔	167,864	\$ (17,004,653)	€	٠	(17,004,653)
Public Safety	56,939,713		14,611,053		13,637,806		446,895	(28,243,959)			(28,243,959)
Physical Environment	1,178,231		223,291		269,695		870,117	184,872			184,872
Transportation	14,508,911		3,778,828		•		809,475	(9,920,608)			(9,920,608)
Economic Environment	3,704,233		218,340		1,363,228			(2,122,665)			(2,122,665)
Human Services	3,639,034		22,944		646,931		926,079	(2,013,080)			(2,013,080)
Culture and Recreation	2,894,053		198,047		194,621			(2,501,385)			(2,501,385)
Court Related	5,215,689		2,582,473		15,000			(2,618,216)			(2,618,216)
Debt Service:											
Interest on Long-Term Debt	452,226		•		•			(452,226)			(452,226)
Total Governmental Activities	109,406,258	 -	25,246,712		16,217,196		3,250,430	(64,691,920)		 -	(64,691,920)
Business-Type Activities:											
Solid Waste	9,019,161		9,043,194		606'06			•	114,942	42	114,942
Energy Recovery	2,067,795		2,093,557		•		•		25,762	32	25,762
Total Business-Type Activities	11,086,956		11,136,751		606'06				140,704	74	140,704
Total Primary Government	\$ 120,493,214	↔	36,383,463	↔	16,308,105	↔	3,250,430	(64,691,920)	140,704	₄	(64,551,216)
				Foreral	General Revenues.						
			-	Taxes:							
				Pro	Property Taxes			39,979,150			39,979,150
				Fue	Fuel Taxes			4,554,036			4,554,036
				CO	Color Tox			0 766 710			0 766 712

Taxes:			
Property Taxes	39,979,150	•	39,979,150
Fuel Taxes	4,554,036		4,554,036
Sales Tax	9,766,712		9,766,712
Services Taxes	574,650		574,650
Other Taxes	1,064,256		1,064,256
Unrestricted State Shared Revenues	15,434,257		15,434,257
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	1,274,929	450,023	1,724,952
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	952,383	2,888	955,271
Insurance Recoveries	752,218	4,382	756,600
Miscellaneous	3,261,481		3,261,481
Transfers	92,916	(92,916)	•
Total General Revenues	77,706,988	364,377	78,071,365
Change in Net Position	13,015,068	505,081	13,520,149
Net Position - Beginning	211,847,874	18,371,223	230,219,097
Net Position - Ending	\$ 224,862,942	\$ 18,876,304	\$ 243,739,246

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		General	Tra	County ansportation Trust	٧	stokpoga Marsh Vatershed provement District		Local Sovernment frastructure Surtax		HCISSR enstruction		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmenta Funds	ıl
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4.063.732	\$	1.750.518	\$	_	\$	6.946.005	\$	208.762	\$	13.913.423	\$ 26.882.440)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	Ψ	70,080	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	•	-	70,080	
Investments		8,460,526		2,853,003		-		11,995,737		-		6,813,785	30,123,051	1
Accounts Receivable - Net		2,209,746		23,205		-		92,693		-		106,897	2,432,541	1
Due from Other Funds		4,702,980		-		203		-		-		73,654	4,776,837	7
Due from Other Governmental Units		2,824,572		1,094,952		-		2,892,832		-		327,437	7,139,793	3
Advances to Other Funds		81,517		-		-		-		-		-	81,517	7
Prepaid Items		1,245,650		83,862		-		-		-		54,249	1,383,761	1
Inventory		361,466		-		-		-		-		-	361,466	
Total Assets	\$	24,020,269	\$	5,805,540	\$	203	\$	21,927,267	\$	208,762	\$	21,289,445	\$ 73,251,486)
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:														
Vouchers Payable	\$	841,480	\$	133,801	\$	219,436	\$	717,597	\$	1,434	\$	273,743	\$ 2,187,491	
Accrued Wages Payable		988,545		251,073		-				-		164,067	1,403,685	
Contracts Payable-Retained Percentage				-		642,748		190,249		-			832,997	
Customer Deposits		72,120		-		-		-		-		650	72,770	
Due to Other Governmental Units		58,312		2,917		-				-		221,476	282,705	
Due to Other Funds		91,666		-		4,594,327		86,079		-		22,574	4,794,646	
Due to Others		2,609		-		-		-		-		303,100	305,709	
Advances from Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-		121,909	121,909	
Unearned Revenue		58,152										- _	58,152	
Total Liabilities		2,112,884		387,791		5,456,511		993,925		1,434		1,107,519	10,060,064	1
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue:														
Intergovernmental		1,573,791		-		-		1,051,974		-		-	2,625,765	5
Charges for Services		1,154,008		-		-		-		-		64,859	1,218,867	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,727,799		-		-		1,051,974		-		64,859	3,844,632	2
Fund Balances:														
Nonspendable		1,688,633		83,862		_		-		-		54,249	1,826,744	4
Restricted		-		4,202,291		-		19,881,368		207,328		20,071,833	44,362,820)
Assigned		357,689		1,131,596		-		-		-		-	1,489,285	5
Unassigned		17,133,264		-		(5,456,308)		-		-		(9,015)	11,667,941	1
Total Fund Balances		19,179,586		5,417,749		(5,456,308)		19,881,368		207,328		20,117,067	59,346,790)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of														
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	24,020,269	\$	5,805,540	\$	203	\$	21,927,267	\$	208,762	\$	21,289,445	\$ 73,251,486	3

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 59,346,790
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Deferred charges on refunding of bonds are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	1,666
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	247,093,901
Certain receivables are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.	3,844,632
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, notes payable, and capital leases are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(25,888,552)
Accrued general long-term debt interest expense is not a financial use and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	(187,937)
Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(57,193,919)
Total other postemployment benefits liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(2,535,633)
The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds, used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds, are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	381,994
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 224,862,942

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

REVENUES	General	County Transportation Trust	Istokpoga Marsh Watershed Improvement District	Local Government Infrastructure Surtax	HCISSR Construction	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Taxes	\$ 40,479,096	\$ 4,628,740	\$ -	\$ 9,766,712	\$ -	\$ 1,013,179	\$ 55,887,727
Licenses and Permits	1.495	60,200	Ψ -	φ 0,700,712	Ψ -	940,059	1,001,754
Intergovernmental	27,116,307	3,323,902	911,649	1,159,611	_	2,306,476	34,817,945
Charges for Services	9,106,464	163,494	-	1,100,011		2,674,365	11,944,323
Fines and Forfeitures	55,233	-	_	_	_	541,973	597,206
Assessments	-	_	72,461	_		5,359,963	5,432,424
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	323,296	84,498	-	436,627	12,086	273,184	1,129,691
Miscellaneous	2,759,997	2,900,268	_	150	12,000	456,676	6,117,091
Total Revenues	79,841,888	11,161,102	984,110	11,363,100	12,086	13,565,875	116,928,161
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government	16,480,955	-	-	2,987,665	-	36,125	19,504,745
Public Safety	40,530,788	-	-	1,526,350	-	6,629,390	48,686,528
Physical Environment	1,056,393	-	1,904,023	289,848	-	6,638	3,256,902
Transportation	59,458	10,609,761	-	7,196,621	817,792	590,010	19,273,642
Economic Environment	1,544,849	-	-		-	2,004,062	3,548,911
Human Services	3,352,756	-	-	20,001	-	223,857	3,596,614
Culture and Recreation	2,435,566	-	-	278,799	-	56,433	2,770,798
Court Related	1,587,453	-	-	-	-	3,021,077	4,608,530
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement	106,777	-	-	2,581,969	-	132,640	2,821,386
Interest and Fiscal Charges				431,176		8,495	439,671
Total Expenditures	67,154,995	10,609,761	1,904,023	15,312,429	817,792	12,708,727	108,507,727
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	12,686,893	551,341	(919,913)	(3,949,329)	(805,706)	857,148	8,420,434
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	127,580	-	-	-	-	1,192,956	1,320,536
Transfers Out	(1,044,438)	(67,044)	-	(81,474)	-	(34,664)	(1,227,620)
Insurance Recoveries	708,704	19,258	-	19,868	-	4,387	752,217
Issuance of Debt	106,777	-	-	415,833	-	5,500,000	6,022,610
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(101,377)	(47,786)		354,227		6,662,679	6,867,743
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	12,585,516	503,555	(919,913)	(3,595,102)	(805,706)	7,519,827	15,288,177
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	6,594,070	4,914,194	(4,536,395)	23,476,470	1,013,034	12,597,240	44,058,613
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ 19,179,586	\$ 5,417,749	\$ (5,456,308)	\$ 19,881,368	\$ 207,328	\$ 20,117,067	\$ 59,346,790

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 15,288,177
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation or amortization expense. This is the amount by which net capital outlay exceeded depreciation and amortization in the current period.	11,496,636
In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of capital assets sold.	(1,095,891)
Long-term liabilities are reported in the statement of net position but not in the governmental funds because they are not due and payable in the current period. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(3,201,224)
Some revenues reported in the statement of activities will not be collected for several months after the fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.	1,368,941
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(12,554)
Changes in net pension liability reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(10,440,831)
Changes in total other postemployment benefits liability reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(93,011)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The net cost of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(295,175)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 13,015,068

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

				Variance with Final Budget
	Bud	dget		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 40,553,036	\$ 40,553,036	\$ 40,479,096	\$ (73,940)
Licenses and Permits	2,150	2,150	1,495	(655)
Intergovernmental	14,775,928	15,345,363	27,116,307	11,770,944
Charges for Services	8,462,682	9,420,949	9,106,464	(314,485)
Fines and Forfeitures	58,250	58,250	55,233	(3,017)
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	135,500	135,564	323,296	187,732
Miscellaneous	2,030,852	2,020,495	2,759,997	739,502
Total Revenues	66,018,398	67,535,807	79,841,888	12,306,081
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	17,481,613	17,953,451	16,480,955	1,472,496
Public Safety	40,226,317	42,390,633	40,530,788	1,859,845
Physical Environment	1,393,275	1,681,967	1,056,393	625,574
Transportation	59,458	59,458	59,458	-
Economic Environment	1,608,524	1,630,293	1,544,849	85,444
Human Services	3,412,523	3,469,921	3,352,756	117,165
Culture and Recreation	2,518,758	2,593,142	2,435,566	157,576
Court Related	1,587,809	1,602,240	1,587,453	14,787
Debt Service:	,,	, ,	, ,	, -
Principal Retirement	-	106,777	106,777	_
Total Expenditures	68,288,277	71,487,882	67,154,995	4,332,887
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,269,879)	(3,952,075)	12,686,893	16,638,968
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	27,750	120,666	127,580	6,914
Transfers Out	(1,159,591)	(1,159,591)	(1,044,438)	115,153
Insurance Recoveries	-	-	708,704	708,704
Issuance of Debt	-	106,777	106,777	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,131,841)	(932,148)	(101,377)	830,771
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,401,720)	(4,884,223)	12,585,516	17,469,739
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	3,401,720	4,884,223	6,594,070	1,709,847
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,179,586	\$ 19,179,586

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

						ariance with nal Budget
	Bud	dget				Positive
	Original		Final	 Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 4,775,828	\$	4,775,828	\$ 4,628,740	\$	(147,088)
Licenses and Permits	45,000		45,000	60,200		15,200
Intergovernmental	3,247,635		3,316,733	3,323,902		7,169
Charges for Services	70,800		70,800	163,494		92,694
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	12,000		12,000	84,498		72,498
Miscellaneous	1,627,540		1,627,540	2,900,268		1,272,728
Total Revenues	9,778,803		9,847,901	11,161,102		1,313,201
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Transportation:						
County Engineer	160,156		166,857	163,541		3,316
Engineering Services	1,482,645		1,493,845	1,433,335		60,510
Roads and Bridges	5,724,502		5,899,345	5,541,010		358,335
Bridge and Concrete	354,562		354,780	342,994		11,786
Maintenance Shop	802,906		827,183	824,412		2,771
Traffic Operations	1,076,215		1,206,379	1,183,095		23,284
Mowing - Right of Ways	578,553		579,053	499,475		79,578
County Shell Pit	247,344		274,098	274,098		-
Multi-Use Paths	47,040		47,040	-		47,040
Road and Bridge Superintendent	140,540		148,760	147,164		1,596
GIS	252,317		252,664	200,637		52,027
Total Expenditures	10,866,780		11,250,004	10,609,761		640,243
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,087,977)		(1,402,103)	551,341		1,953,444
OTHER FINANCING (USES)						
Transfers Out	(816,404)		(816,404)	(67,044)		749,360
Insurance Recoveries	-		7,136	19,258		12,122
Total Other Financing Sources	(816,404)		(809,268)	(47,786)		761,482
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,904,381)		(2,211,371)	503,555		2,714,926
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	 1,904,381		2,211,371	4,914,194		2,702,823
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ 	\$		\$ 5,417,749	\$	5,417,749

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ISTOKPOGA MARSH WATERSHED IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Bud	get			Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	C	Original		Final	 Actual	1)	Negative)
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	1,477,793	\$ 911,649	\$	(566,144)
Assessments		71,129		71,129	72,461		1,332
Total Revenues		71,129		1,548,922	984,110		(564,812)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Physical Environment:							
Istokpoga Marsh Improvements		98,986		2,427,878	1,904,023		523,855
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES							
UNDER EXPENDITURES		(27,857)		(878,956)	(919,913)		(40,957)
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		27,857		878,956	(4,536,395)		(5,415,351)
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$		\$		\$ (5,456,308)	\$	(5,456,308)

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL GOVERNMENT INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Buc	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 9,945,423	\$ 9,945,423	\$ 9,766,712	\$ (178,711)
Intergovernmental	14,067,758	19,355,772	1,159,611	(18,196,161)
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	171,700	171,700	436,627	264,927
Miscellaneous	157,972		150	150
Total Revenues	24,342,853	29,472,895	11,363,100	(18,109,795)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government:				
Central Services	2,081,300	1,810,750	1,248,533	562,217
Facilities Management	2,063,759	2,961,834	1,735,518	1,226,316
Supervisor of Elections		8,391	3,614	4,777
Total General Government	4,145,059	4,780,975	2,987,665	1,793,310
Public Safety:				
Sheriff	400,000	478,835	478,835	-
County Jail	1,863,335	2,151,099	130,757	2,020,342
Local Emergency Management Agency	68,538	68,538	67,703	835
Ambulance Service	711,932	1,018,168	849,055	169,113
Total Public Safety	3,043,805	3,716,640	1,526,350	2,190,290
Physical Environment:				
Natural Resources	234,000	993,469	289,848	703,621
Transportation:				
Road and Bridges	23,306,815	37,324,780	7,196,621	30,128,159
County Shell Pit	15,904	-	-	-
Total Transportation	23,322,719	37,324,780	7,196,621	30,128,159
Human Services:				
Animal Control	449,868	449,708	20,001	429,707
Culture and Recreation:				
Recreation Department	562,417	562,417	139,647	422,770
Parks Department	144,200	182,480	139,152	43,328
Total Culture and Recreation	706,617	744,897	278,799	466,098

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL GOVERNMENT INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX FUND (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Bud	laot					ariance with inal Budget Positive
	 Original	iget	Final		Actual		(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)	 Original	_	i iilai		Actual	_	(Ivegative)
Current (Continued):							
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement	\$ 2,558,037	\$	2,581,969	\$	2,581,969	\$	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	425,710		431,180		431,176		4
Total Debt Service	2,983,747		3,013,149		3,013,145		4
Total Expenditures	34,885,815		51,023,618		15,312,429		35,711,189
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER							
EXPENDITURES	(10,542,962)		(21,550,723)		(3,949,329)		17,601,394
OTHER FINANCING (USES)							
Transfers In	750,000		750,000		-		(750,000)
Transfers Out	(81,474)		(81,474)		(81,474)		-
Insurance Recoveries	-		15,132		19,868		4,736
Issuance of Debt	-		415,833		415,833		-
Total Other Financing (Uses)	668,526		1,099,491		354,227		(745,264)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(9,874,436)		(20,451,232)		(3,595,102)		16,856,130
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	9,874,436		20,451,232	_	23,476,470		3,025,238
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ 	\$		\$	19,881,368	\$	19,881,368

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					unds		
ACCETO		Solid Waste	F	Energy Recovery		Total		overnmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
ASSETS Current Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,696,827	\$	250,635	\$	4,947,462	\$	5,929,992
Investments	φ	6,820,339	φ	230,033	φ	6,820,339	φ	1,805,859
Accounts Receivable - Net		146,972		_		146,972		9,648
Due from Other Funds		17,809		_		17,809		3,040
Due from Other Governmental Units		94,221				94,221		_
Advances to Other Funds		40,392				40,392		_
Prepaid Items		79,071		_		79,071		_
Inventory		-		656,648		656,648		_
Total Current Assets		11,895,631		907,283		12,802,914	_	7,745,499
Noncurrent Assets:								
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		6,176,090		_		6,176,090		_
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		0,170,090		_		0,170,090		_
Capital Assets:								
(Net of \$12,704,757 Accumulated								
Depreciation)		6,684,289		2,103,597		8,787,886		-
Total Noncurrent Assets		12,860,379		2,103,597		14,963,976		-
Total Assets		24,756,010		3,010,880		27,766,890		7,745,499
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension Related Items		305,182		-		305,182		-
OPEB Related Items		3,394				3,394		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		308,576		-		308,576		-
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Vouchers Payable		488,163		24,635		512,798		710,091
Accrued Wages Payable		42,220		-		42,220		-
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		819,482
Compensated Absences - Current Portion		7,771		-		7,771		-
Landfill Closure Liability - Current Portion		77,620		-		77,620		-
Claims Payable								448,933
Total Current Liabilities		615,774		24,635		640,409		1,978,506

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Solid Waste		Energy Recovery		Total	A	vernmental ctivities - Internal Service Funds
LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)								
Long-Term Liabilities:								
Payable from Restricted Assets -								
Customer Deposits	\$	88,873	\$	-	\$	88,873	\$	-
Landfill Closure Liability		6,087,217		-		6,087,217		-
Compensated Absences Payable		69,941		-		69,941		5,306,446
Total OPEB Liability		56,314		-		56,314		-
Landfill Closure Liability		1,318,339		-		1,318,339		-
Net Pension Liability		940,741		_		940,741		_
Total Long-Term Liabilities		8,561,425		-		8,561,425		5,306,446
Total Liabilities		9,177,199		24,635		9,201,834		7,284,952
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension Related Items		75,069		-		75,069		-
OPEB Related Items		812				812		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		75,881		-		75,881		-
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		6,654,841		2,103,597		8,758,438		-
Unrestricted		9,156,665	_	882,648		10,039,313		460,547
Total Net Position	\$	15,811,506	\$	2,986,245		18,797,751	\$	460,547
Adjustment to Reflect Consolidation of Internal Service F	und Acti	vities Related to	o Ente	rprise Funds		78,553		
Net Position of Business-Type Activities					\$	18,876,304		

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					unds	_		
		Solid Waste		Energy Recovery		Total		overnmental Activities - Internal Service Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES	¢.	2 625 504	¢	2 002 557	¢	4 700 050	¢	16 014 624	
Charges for Services	\$	2,635,501	\$	2,093,557	\$	4,729,058	\$	16,014,634	
Special Assessments		6,373,043		-		6,373,043		-	
Sale of Recyclable Materials Miscellaneous		8,014		-		8,014		-	
	_	26,636 9,043,194	-	2,093,557		26,636		16,014,634	
Total Operating Revenues		9,043,194		2,093,337		11,130,731		10,014,034	
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Personal Services		1,140,100		-		1,140,100		-	
General and Administrative		7,306,490		1,946,490		9,252,980		6,484,788	
Insurance and Claims		-		-		-		9,974,334	
Depreciation		567,871		121,931		689,802			
Total Operating Expenses		9,014,461		2,068,421		11,082,882	_	16,459,122	
Operating Income (Loss)		28,733		25,136		53,869		(444,488)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Operating Grants		90,909		-		90,909		-	
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		449,785		238		450,023		145,239	
Insurance Recoveries		4,382		-		4,382		-	
Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets		2,888		-		2,888		-	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		547,964		238		548,202		145,239	
INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS		576,697		25,374		602,071		(299,249)	
Transfer Out		(92,916)				(92,916)			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		483,781		25,374		509,155		(299,249)	
Net Position - October 1, 2018		15,327,725		2,960,871				759,796	
NET POSITION - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	15,811,506	\$	2,986,245			\$	460,547	
Adjustment to Reflect Consolidation of Internal Service Fun	d Activit	ties Related to I	Enterp	rise Funds		(4,074)			
Change in Net Position of Business-Type Activities					\$	505,081			

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Business-T	ype Activities - Ente	erprise Funds	
	Solid Waste	Energy Recovery	Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 9,106,907	\$ 2,093,557	\$ 11,200,464	\$ -
Cash Received from Internal Customers	-	-	-	16,449,462
Cash Payments for Personal Services	(1,012,335)	-	(1,012,335)	-
Cash Payments to Vendors	(6,335,052)	(2,125,108)	(8,460,160)	- (44.005.750)
Cash Payments for Insurance Premiums and Claims	-	-	-	(11,985,752)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	- (4.040)	-	(4.240)	(4,689,683)
Customer Deposits	(1,310)	-	(1,310)	-
Other Miscellaneous Cash Received	8,014		8,014	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	1,766,224	(31,551)	1,734,673	(225,973)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Grant Funds Received	90,909	_	90,909	_
Insurance Recoveries	4,382		4,382	
Advance to Other Funds	3,744,124	-	3,744,124	-
Repayment on Advance to Other Funds	3,744,124	_	3,744,124	216,095
Transfers to Other Funds	(92,916)		(92,916)	(375)
Net Cash Provided by	(32,310)		(32,310)	(373)
Noncapital Financing Activities	3,746,499	-	3,746,499	215,720
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	2,888	-	2,888	-
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(79,316)		(79,316)	
Net Cash Used by Capital				
and Related Financing Activities	(76,428)	-	(76,428)	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of Investments	(5,323,640)	-	(5,323,640)	(1,793,977)
Sale of Investments	5,872,310	-	5,872,310	662,478
Investment Income	229,078	238	229,316	107,800
Net Cash Provided (Used) by				(,)
Investing Activities	777,748	238	777,986	(1,023,699)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH				
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	6,214,043	(31,313)	6,182,730	(1,033,952)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - October 1, 2018	4,658,874	281,948	4,940,822	6,963,944
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ 10 Q72 Q17	\$ 250.635	\$ 11,123,552	\$ 5,020,002
OLI ILMIDLIK 30, 2013	\$ 10,872,917	\$ 250,635	\$ 11,123,552	\$ 5,929,992

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
DECONOULATION OF NET OPERATING INCOME		Solid Waste		Energy Recovery		Total		overnmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	28,733	\$	25,136	\$	53,869	\$	(444,488)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	Φ	20,733	Φ	25,130	Φ	55,669	Φ	(444,400)
Depreciation Changes in Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Deferred Inflows of Resources: (Increase) Decrease in:		567,871		121,931		689,802		-
Accounts Receivable		1,306		-		1,306		(3,568)
Inventory		-		(133,043)		(133,043)		-
Due from Other Funds		7,636		-		7,636		_
Due from Other Governmental Units		70,421		_		70,421		485
Prepaid Items		30,054		_		30,054		_
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		9,424		_		9,424		_
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB Increase (Decrease) in:		(3,394)		-		(3,394)		-
Vouchers Payable		4,966		(45,553)		(40,587)		(580,632)
Accrued Wages Payable		13,239		(40,000)		13,239		(300,032)
Due to Other Governmental Units				(22)				
		(516)		(22)		(538)		44.005
Claims Payable		- (4.045)		-		- (4.045)		14,805
Compensated Absences		(1,015)		-		(1,015)		349,514
Landfill Closure Liability		929,298		-		929,298		-
Unearned Revenues		-		-		-		437,911
Customer Deposits		(1,310)		-		(1,310)		-
Total OPEB Liability		8,721		-		8,721		-
Net Pension Liability		122,821		-		122,821		-
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		(21,890)		-		(21,890)		-
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB		(141)		-		(141)		-
Total Adjustments		1,737,491		(56,687)		1,680,804		218,515
Net Cash Provided (Used) by								
Operating Activities	\$	1,766,224	\$	(31,551)	\$	1,734,673	\$	(225,973)
NONCASH CAPITAL AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Capital Additions Funded by Accounts Payable	\$	29,448	\$	_	\$	29,448	\$	_
Change in Fair Value of Investments	Ψ	222,996	Ψ	_	Ψ	222,996	Ψ	_
Change in rain value of investments		222,550				222,550		
Total Noncash Capital and Investing Activities	\$	252,444	\$	-	\$	252,444	\$	-
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS								
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	10,872,917	\$	250,635	\$	11,123,552	\$	5,929,992
Less: Restricted Cash and Investments		6,176,090		-	_	6,176,090		-
Total Unrestricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,696,827	\$	250,635	\$	4,947,462	\$	5,929,992

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

ASSETS	
--------	--

Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Due from Others Due from Other Governmental Units	\$ 3,211,775 134,037 42,224 2,029
Total Assets	\$ 3,390,065
LIABILITIES Due to Others Due to Other Governmental Units Deposits	\$ 570,706 1,849,296 970,063
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,390,065

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NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Highlands County (County) is a non-charter County established under the Constitution and the laws of the State of Florida. The six offices elected county-wide are as follows: Board of County Commissioners (Board) composed of five members, Clerk of the Courts (Clerk), Property Appraiser, Tax Collector, Sheriff, and Supervisor of Elections.

The Board, as the legislative body for the County, budgets and provides the funding used by the separate constitutional offices with the exception of fees collected by the Tax Collector, Property Appraiser, and the Clerk's court operations. Under the direction of the Clerk, the Division of Business Services maintains the accounting system for the Board's operations. The Clerk, Property Appraiser, Tax Collector, Sheriff, and Supervisor of Elections each maintain their own accounting system. The operations of the Board and each constitutional office have been combined in these financial statements.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the government's operations, so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government.

Blended Component Units

The following component units are included in the accompanying financial statements as part of the primary government because they satisfy the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements:

Istokpoga Marsh Watershed Improvement District was established by Ordinance 80-2 to provide flood and erosion control and improvements to waterways within the District. The Board is the ex-officio board of supervisors, the governing body of the District, and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Improvement District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

Lake Placid Sun-N-Lake Estates Fire District was established by Ordinance 81-2 to provide fire protection services to the residents of the District. The Board is the exofficio board of supervisors, the governing board of the District, and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Fire District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued)

<u>DeSoto City Special Benefit Fire District</u> was established by Ordinance 03-04-5 (82-6 was amended in its entirety) to provide fire protection services to the residents within the District. The Board serves as the board of supervisors, the governing body of the District, and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit Fire District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

<u>Orange Villa Special Benefit District</u> was established by Ordinance 79-1 to provide street and recreational lights within the District. The Board serves as the governing body of the District and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

<u>Hickory Hills Special Benefit District</u> was established by Ordinance 87-3 to provide street and recreational facilities within the District. The Board serves as the board of supervisors, the governing body of the District, and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

<u>Placid Lakes Special Benefit District</u> was established by Ordinance 92-10 to provide maintenance of recreational areas, streets, fire protection, and canals. The Board is the ex-officio board of supervisors, the governing body of the District, and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

<u>Sebring Country Estates Special Benefit District</u> was established by Ordinance 78-4 to provide installation and maintenance of street lighting within the District. The Board serves as the governing body of the District and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

Avon Park Estates Special Benefit District was established by Ordinance 80-5 to provide road maintenance, improvements, reconstruction and paving, drainage maintenance, maintenance of streetlights, and other purposes within the District. The Board serves as the governing body of the District and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued)

<u>Highlands Lakes Special Tax District</u> was established by Ordinance 84-1 to provide fire protection services within the District. The Board serves as the board of supervisors, the governing body of the District, and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Tax District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

<u>Highlands Park Special Benefit Fire District</u> was established by Ordinance 88-4 to provide fire protection services directly, or by assistance, to local volunteer fire departments on property located within the District. The Board serves as the governing body of the District and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit Fire District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

Highlands Park Estates Improvement Trust was established by resolution in 1981 (Resolution Book 6, Page 20) to assure maintenance, construction and repairs on public thoroughfares in Highlands Park Estates Subdivision. The Board serves as the governing body of the District and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Improvement Trust is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

<u>Leisure Lakes Special Benefit Fire District</u> was established by Ordinance 85-4 to provide fire protection services within the District. The Board serves as the governing body of the District and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit Fire District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

<u>Sebring Hills Special Benefit District</u> was established by Ordinance 89-5 to provide street lights within the District. The Board serves as the board of supervisors, the governing body of the District, and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

Red Hill Farms Improvement District was established by Ordinance 89-16 to provide construction and maintenance of roads and drainage facilities within the District. The Board serves as the governing body of the District and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Improvement District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

<u>Orange Blossom Estates Special Benefit District</u> was established by Ordinance 90-16 to provide road maintenance, construction of roads, and drainage facilities. The Board serves as the governing body of the District and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued)

<u>Sun-N-Lakes of Lake Placid Recreation District</u> was established by Ordinance 92-35 to provide recreational facilities, maintenance of parks and installation and maintenance of streetlights within the District. The Board is the ex-officio board of supervisors, the governing body of the District, and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Recreation District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

<u>Sebring Acres Special Benefit District</u> was established by Ordinance 94-14 and Section 125.01(1)(q), Florida Statutes, to provide flood and erosion control, water and sewer systems, road maintenance, fire protection, recreational facilities, and street lighting within the District. The Board is the ex-officio board of supervisors, the governing body of the District, and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

<u>Orange Blossom (Unit 12) Special Benefit District</u> was established by Ordinance 95-39 and Section 125.01(1)(q), Florida Statutes, to provide flood and erosion control, water and sewer systems, fire protection services, recreational facilities, road maintenance, and street lighting within the District. The Board is the ex-officio board of supervisors, the governing body of the District, and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

Lake Haven Estates Special Benefit District was established by Ordinance 95-34 and Section 125.01(1)(q), Florida Statutes, to provide street lighting within the District. The Board is the ex-officio board of supervisors, the governing body of the District, and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

<u>Lorida Special Benefit Fire District</u> was established by Ordinance 96-20 to provide fire protection services within the District. The Board is the ex-officio board of supervisors, the governing body of the District, and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit Fire District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

<u>Lake Placid Special Benefit Fire District</u> was established by Ordinance 98-03 to provide fire protection services within the District. The Board is the ex-officio board of supervisors, the governing body of the District, and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit Fire District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued)

<u>Highway Park Special Benefit District</u> was established by Ordinance 98-36 to provide and maintain street lighting within the District and pay the electrical bills incurred. The Board is the ex-officio board of supervisors, is the governing body of the District and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

<u>Sun-N-Lakes 1-20 Improvement Trust</u> was established by Resolution 2001-96 to assure construction of drainage and paved streets in Units 1 through 20 of Sun-n-Lakes Estates of Lake Placid Subdivision. The Board serves as the governing body of the District and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Improvement Trust is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

Highlands Park Estates Special Benefit District was established by Ordinance 00-25 to provide facilities and improvements within the District. The Board is the exofficio board of supervisors, the governing body of the District, and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

<u>West Sebring Special Benefit Fire District</u> was established by Ordinance 01-02-6 to provide fire protection services within the District. The Board is the ex-officio board of supervisors, the governing body of the District, and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit Fire District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

<u>Venus Special Benefit Fire District</u> was established by Ordinance 96-19 to provide fire protection services within the District. The Board serves as the board of supervisors, the governing body of the District, and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit Fire District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

<u>Placid Lakes Special Benefit Fire District</u> was established by Ordinance 03-04-6 to provide fire protection services within the District. The Board serves as the board of supervisors, the governing body of the District, and approves the annual budget of the district. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit Fire District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued)

Oak Manor Avenue Road Paving District was established by Ordinance 19-20-06 to track the special assessment financing for paving Oak Manor Avenue. The Board serves as the board of supervisors, the governing body of the District, and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Road Paving District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

Thunderbird Hill Wastewater Special Benefit District was established by Ordinance 07-08-13 to track the special assessment financing of the upgrade, construction and operations of the wastewater infrastructure for the Thunderbird Hills area. The Board serves as the board of supervisors, the governing body of the District, and approves the annual budget of the District. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

Highlands County Fire Protection Special Benefit District was established by Ordinance 17-18-04 to track the special assessment to provide fire protection services within the County. The Board serves as the board of supervisors, the governing body of the District, and approves the annual budget of the district. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the District. The Special Benefit District is operated as a special revenue fund of the Board.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the County are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. These statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

Program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the reporting government's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; they reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the government's general revenues. Program revenues include charges for services, program specific operating grants and contributions and program specific capital grants and contributions. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

In the State of Florida, certain state shared revenues are considered to be unrestricted general revenues.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as other financing sources. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements, with an exception for interfund services provided and used, which are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. The County chooses to eliminate the indirect costs between governmental activities to avoid a "doubling up" effect.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type (agency). Since these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the County is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds. The fiduciary statement includes financial information for the agency funds. The agency funds of the County primarily represent assets held by the County in a custodial capacity for other individuals or governments.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are combined in a fund, expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted resources and then from unrestricted resources.

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues susceptible to accrual are certain tax revenues, intergovernmental revenues, emergency medical services (EMS), and investment earnings. Major revenue sources not susceptible to accrual include charges for services (other than EMS), fines and forfeitures, and miscellaneous revenues. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental funds operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental funds excludes amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental funds expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability. However, debt service expenditures and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Proprietary Funds

The County's enterprise funds and internal service funds are proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their statement of net position. Proprietary funds operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds, the Solid Waste Disposal System and Energy Recovery System are charges for services to customers. Operating expenses of these operations include salaries, contractual services, materials and supplies, utilities, equipment rental and maintenance, administrative charges, and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the fund financial statements, rather than reported as an expense. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the fund financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as a reduction of the related liabilities, rather than as an expense.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Basis of Presentation

GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of either fund category and the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the combining section.

The County considers the Istokpoga Marsh Watershed Improvement District Fund, the HCISSR Fund, and the Energy Recovery Fund important to financial statement users because of public interest and is, therefore, reporting those funds as major funds even though the quantitative criteria have not been met.

Governmental Major Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>County Transportation Trust</u> – The County Transportation Trust Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the operations of the road and bridge department. Financing is provided principally by the County's share of state gasoline taxes and the sixth-cent local option gas tax which are restricted.

<u>Istokpoga Marsh Watershed Improvement District</u> – The Istokpoga Marsh Watershed Improvement District Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for assessments and Federal and State grants relating to water control and improvements for the restoration of the watershed of Lake Okeechobee and the Florida Everglades. The Istokpoga Marsh Watershed Improvement District accounts for the purchase of land and the building of infrastructure through Federal and State grants as well as property assessments to create retention areas for excess water for the use of agriculture and to improve water quality of Lake Okeechobee and the Florida Everglades.

<u>Local Government Infrastructure Surtax</u> – The Local Government Infrastructure Surtax Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the one-cent local discretionary sales surtax that was approved by voters. This revenue collected is restricted per Section 212.055(2), Florida Statutes.

<u>Highlands County Infrastructure Sales Surtax Refunding Revenue Note</u> (<u>HCISSR Construction</u>) – The HCISSR Construction Fund is a capital projects fund used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and infrastructure projects (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Proprietary Major Funds

<u>Solid Waste</u> – The Solid Waste Fund accounts for all facilities and administration relating to the sanitary disposal of solid waste (refuse).

Energy Recovery – The Energy Recovery Fund accounts for the operation of a County owned and operated asphalt plant.

Other Fund Types

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> – The Internal Service Funds account for employee benefits, insurance, and compensated absences provided to other departments of the County on a cost reimbursement basis.

<u>Agency Funds</u> – The Agency Funds account for all assets held by the County in its capacity as custodian or agent for individuals, other governmental units and non-public organizations. The Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. A description of each agency fund can be found on page 193.

C. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The following are the procedures followed by the Board in establishing the budget for Highlands County:

- On or before June 1 of each year, the Sheriff, the Clerk, the Tax Collector and the Supervisor of Elections submit to the Board a tentative budget for their respective offices for the ensuing fiscal year.
- Within 15 days after certification of the ad valorem tax roll by the Property Appraiser, the Office of Management and Budget submits to the Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 3. By Board resolution, a tentative budget is submitted to the public and public hearings are held to obtain taxpayers' comments.
- 4. Within 20 days after adoption of the tentative budget, a final budget is submitted for review and adoption at a final public hearing.
- 5. The County's operating budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution at the final public hearing. Accordingly, the funds have an adopted budget as required by Section 129.03, Florida Statutes.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- C. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)
 - 6. Section 129.07, Florida Statutes, as amended in 1978, provides that only expenditures in excess of total fund budgets are unlawful. However, because the Board acts on all budget changes between departments, this becomes the level of control. The budgetary data presented herein was amended by the Board during the year in a legally permissible manner.
 - 7. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds except for the Industrial Development Agency Fund, Court Fund, Public Records Modernization Trust Fund, Teen Court Operations Fund, Court Related Technology Modernization Trust Fund, Homeowner's Foreclosure Education Fund, Community Donations Fund, and the Inmate Welfare Fund, which do not have legally adopted budgets.
 - 8. Annual appropriated budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Proprietary Funds are legally adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. However, the only funds required to report budgets are the General and Special Revenue Funds.
 - 9. It is the Board's policy to amend the budget when unanticipated revenues and expenditures occur.
 - 10. All appropriations lapse at the close of the fiscal year.
 - 11. The Clerk's Court Services Fund does not budget for the excess of revenue over expenditures that is required to be returned to the state of Florida. For the year ending September 30, 2019, \$97,740 of revenue over expenditures returned to the state of Florida is included in total expenditures.
- D. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

"Total fund balances" of the County's governmental funds, \$59,346,790, differs from "net position" of governmental activities, \$224,862,942, reported in the statement of net position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheet.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Certain resources are not available to pay current period expenditures, and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Balances as of September 30, 2019 were:

Deferred Charges on Refunding of Bonds

\$ 1,666

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position (Continued)

Capital Related Items

When capital assets (property, plant, equipment) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets is reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the County as a whole.

Cost of Capital Assets	\$ 332,884,712
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(85,790,811)
Total Capital Assets	\$ 247,093,901

Receivable Transactions

Certain receivables are not available to pay current period expenditures, and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds. Balances as of September 30, 2019 were:

Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	3,844,632
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Long-Term Debt Transactions

Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities (both current and long term) are reported in the statement of net position. Balances as of September 30, 2019 were:

Notes Payable	\$ (25,042,643)
Capital Leases	(845,909)
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ (25,888,552)

Accrued Interest

Accrued liabilities in the statement of net position differ from the amount reported in governmental funds due to accrued interest on notes payable and capital leases.

Accrued Interest on Notes Payable and Capital Leases	\$	(187,937)
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NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position (Continued)

Pension Related Items

Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period, and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Accrued pension contributions included in the Compensated Absences Fund were adjusted to avoid duplication of the pension liability. Balances as of September 30, 2019 were:

Net Pension Liability	\$ (79,048,809)
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension Related	27,400,394
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension Related	(5,983,861)
Compensated Absences Adjustment	438,357_
Total	\$ (57,193,919)

Other Postemployment Benefits Related Items

Total other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period, and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Balances as of September 30, 2019 were:

Total OPEB Liability	\$ (2,657,487)
Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB Related	160,154
Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB Related	 (38,300)
Total	\$ (2,535,633)

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk retention, employee benefits and compensated absences to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position because they primarily serve governmental activities of the County.

Internal Service Funds	9	\$ 381.996

Elimination of Interfund Receivables/Payables

Interfund receivables, payables, and advances in the amount of \$4,858,354 between governmental funds must be eliminated from the statement of net position.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Operating Statement and the Statement of Activities

The "net change in fund balances" for governmental funds, \$15,288,177, differs from the "change in net position" for governmental activities, \$13,015,068 reported in the statement of activities. The differences arise primarily from the long-term economic focus of the statement of activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

Capital Related Items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. As a result, fund balances decrease by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net position decreases by the amount of depreciation/amortization expense charged for the year.

Capital Outlay	\$ 15,506,926
County Acquired Surplus Properties	3,133,852
Depreciation/Amortization Expense	(7,144,142)
Difference	\$ 11,496,636

In the statement of activities, the gain/loss on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the capital assets sold.

Sale of Capital Assets \$ (1,095,891)

Long-Term Debt Transactions

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities.

Issuance of Notes Payable	\$ (6,022,610)
Principal Repayments of Notes Payable	1,988,717
Principal Repayments of Capital Leases	832,669
Net Adjustment	\$ (3,201,224)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Operating Statement and the Statement of Activities (Continued)

Revenue Transactions

Some revenue reported in the statement of activities will not be collected for several months after the fiscal year-end and, therefore, are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.

Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 932,115
Charges for Services	 436,826
Total Adjustment	\$ 1,368,941

Expense Transactions

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Net Change in Interest Payable	\$ 7,455
Amortization of Bond Refunding Costs	(20,009)
Total Adjustment	\$ (12,554)

Pension Related Items

Changes in net pension obligations reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Pension Expense ___\$ (10,440,831)

Other Postemployment Benefits Related Items

Changes in total OPEB obligations reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

OPEB Expense \$ (93,011)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Operating Statement and the Statement of Activities (Continued)

Internal Service Funds Net Cost

The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position because they primarily serve governmental activities of the County.

Internal Service Funds Change in Net Position	\$ (299,249)
Internal Service Funds Operating Loss	
Allocated to Business-Type Activities	4,074
Net Adjustment	\$ (295,175)

Transfers in and transfers out in the amount of \$1,227,621 between governmental funds must be eliminated from the statement of activities.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand as well as demand deposits and investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Cash balances from the majority of funds are pooled for investment purposes. Earnings from such investments are allocated to the respective funds based on applicable cash participation by each fund. The investment pools are managed such that all participating funds have the ability to deposit and withdraw cash as if they were demand deposit accounts and, therefore, all balances representing participants' equity in the investment pools are classified as cash equivalents for purposes of these financial statements.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, each fund's equity in the investment pool is considered to be a cash equivalent since deposits and withdrawals can be made at any time without prior notice or penalty.

F. Investments

The County's investment policy authorizes investment of surplus funds in local government investment pools, certificates of deposit and savings accounts, money market mutual funds, and securities issued by the United States Treasury. The policy was adopted pursuant to Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Investments (Continued)

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, the County reports investments at their fair value on the balance sheet or statement of net position, as applicable, with unrealized gains and losses charged or credited to the net change in fair value of investments. The fair value of each security is based on the quoted market value provided by the broker. Money market investments, the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Funds PRIME Fund and the Florida Local Government Investment Trust (FLGIT) Day to Day Fund are reported as cash equivalents at amortized cost. Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust Stable NAV Fund, Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System, and Florida Public Assets for Liquidity Management Portfolio are reported as cash equivalents at net asset value (NAV).

G. Accounts Receivable

Receivables are shown net of allowance for doubtful accounts. Doubtful accounts are those unpaid more than 180 days for Emergency Medical Services (EMS) and 90 days for all other accounts. Receivables are set up when services are rendered for EMS, landfill, and asphalt plant. The retired employees' health insurance premiums receivables are billed on a monthly basis. Receivables related to grants are not reflected until qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met for the grant. Reinsurance recovery receivable is determined by those insurance claims that exceed the County's insurance limit, but are covered by the County's excess coverage.

H. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are accounted for in the following manner:

Transactions for services rendered are recorded as revenues in the receiving fund and as expenditures or expenses (as appropriate) in the disbursing fund.

Transactions to reimburse a fund for expenditures made by it for the benefit of another fund are recorded as expenditures or expenses (as appropriate) in the disbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures or expenses (as appropriate) in the receiving fund, and transactions to shift revenues from the fund budgeted to receive them to the fund budgeted to expend them are recorded as transfers in and out, respectively.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Interfund Transactions (Continued)

Transfers are reported in the "Other Financing Sources (Uses)" section in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and in the "Transfers" section in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. As of fiscal year-end, any unpaid amounts related to these transactions are reported as due to/from other funds on the governmental funds balance sheet or proprietary funds statement of net position. Assets acquired or constructed by resources of a Governmental Fund which are subsequently transferred to a Proprietary Fund are accounted for as expenditures within the Governmental Fund and as contributed capital in the Proprietary Fund.

Long-term interfund advances are reported as "Advances to Other Funds" and as "Nonspendable Fund Balance" in the General Fund to maintain accountability and to properly disclose the amount available for appropriation. Repayments are recorded as reductions in the receivable.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at cost using the moving average cost basis. The consumption method is used to account for inventories. The cost is recorded as an expenditure or expense (as appropriate) at the time individual inventory items are consumed. Inventories reported in the General Fund are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance which indicates they are unavailable for appropriation.

J. Prepaid Items

Prepaid insurance and similar items are recorded using the consumption method of accounting. Under the consumption method, services paid for in advance are reported as an asset until the period in which the services are actually consumed.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Property Tax

The County's property tax roll is as follows:

Valuation Date	January 1, 2019
Property Appraiser prepares the assessment roll with values as of January 1, 2019, submits this preliminary roll for approval by the Department of Revenue and notifies each taxing authority of their respective valuations.	July 1, 2019
Each taxing authority holds two required public hearings and adopts a budget and ad valorem tax millage rates for the coming year.	September 2019
Property Appraiser certifies the assessment roll and all real and tangible personal property taxes are due and payable (levy date).	November 2019
Tax Collector mails a notice of taxes to each property owner on the assessment roll. Taxes may be paid November 2019 through March 2020 with the following applicable discounts:	

<u>Month</u>	<u>Discount Percent</u>
November	4
December	3
January	2
February	1
March	0

All unpaid taxes on real and tangible personal property become delinquent.

April 1, 2020

A list of unpaid tangible personal property taxes and a list of unpaid real property taxes are advertised.

Tax certificates are sold on all real estate parcels with unpaid real property taxes (lien date).

June 1, 2020

A court order is obtained authorizing the seizure and sale of personal property if the taxpayer fails to pay the delinquent personal property taxes.

June 1, 2020

April and May 2020

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Property Tax (Continued)

Ad valorem taxes on any real property with more than \$100 of estimated taxes due may be prepaid in installments as follows:

Payment		Discount	Discount
Due	Amount Due	Percent	Due Date
First	25% of estimated tax	6.00	June 30, 2019
Second	25% of estimated tax	4.50	September 30, 2019
Third	25% of estimated tax plus 50% adjustment to actual tax	3.00	December 31, 2019
Fourth	25% of estimated tax plus 50% adjustment to actual tax	0.00	March 31, 2020

No accrual for the property tax levy becoming due in November 2019 is included in the accompanying financial statements since such taxes are collected to finance expenditures of the subsequent period. Property taxes receivable and a corresponding allowance for uncollectible property taxes are not included in the financial statements.

L. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, intangibles (e.g., software, easements, websites, radio frequencies, land use rights, patents, trademarks and copyrights) and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, rights-of-way, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 51 established accounting and financial reporting requirements for intangible assets. Highlands County has implemented this statement by incorporating software, easements, patents, copyrights, water, timber, and land use rights as intangible assets. Information regarding intangible assets is included in Note 4 in the financial statements.

The Board holds legal title for the capital assets used in the operations of the Board, the Clerk, the Property Appraiser, the Supervisor of Elections, and the Tax Collector, and is accountable for them under Florida Law. The Sheriff holds legal title for capital assets used in the Sheriff's operations.

Capital assets used by the governmental funds are reported in the government-wide financial statements of the County. Capital assets of the Board's enterprise and internal service funds are reported in the Proprietary Funds financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets are defined by the County as having a minimum established cost (in the table listed below) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value. Property, plant, equipment and intangibles are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the following generally applied estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years	Th	reshold
Buildings	10 – 40	\$	5,000
Improvements Other Than Buildings	3 - 40		5,000
Operating Machinery and Equipment	4 – 20		5,000
Software – Internally Generated	3 – 10		15,000
Software – Purchased/Leased	3 – 10		25,000
Land Use Rights – Permanent	N/A		15,000
Land Use Rights – Term	Term		25,000
Other Capital Intangibles	Varies		20,000

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Capital assets acquired by lease/purchase agreements or multiple year installment purchase contracts are recorded in the governmental funds in the year acquired as capital outlay expenditures and as other financing sources in the amount of the discounted present value of the total stipulated payments.

The County has elected to use the modified approach for accounting for its bridges and roadways included in the County highway system. Under this approach, the County has made the commitment to preserve and maintain these assets at levels established by the County and approved by the Board. No depreciation expense is reported for such assets, nor are amounts capitalized in connection with improvements that lengthen the lives of such assets, unless the improvements also increase their service potential. The County maintains an inventory of these assets and performs periodic condition assessments to establish that the predetermined condition level is being maintained. In addition, the County makes annual estimates of the amounts that must be expended to preserve and maintain these assets at the predetermined condition levels. Refer to required supplementary information (RSI) for additional information on infrastructure using the modified approach.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenue at the government-wide level arises only when the County receives resources before it has a legal claim to them. Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Revenues in the Proprietary Funds which have not been earned are reported in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting as unearned revenue. The unearned revenue will be recognized as revenues in the fiscal year they are earned.

N. Pensions

In the government-wide statement of net position, liabilities are recognized for the County's proportionate share of each pension plan's net pension liability. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) and additions to/deductions from FRS's and HIS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS and HIS plans. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds of employee contributions are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

O. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

In the statement of net position, liabilities are recognized for the County's total OPEB liability as determined by an actuarial review of the healthcare coverage purchased by retirees to continue participation in the County's health plan. OPEB expense is recognized immediately for changes in the OPEB liability resulting from current year service cost, interest on the total OPEB liability, and changes of benefit terms or actuarial assumptions.

P. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category including the deferred charge on refunding, differences between expected and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, changes in proportion and differences between the County's contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date, relating to the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan, the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program, and the OPEB Plan. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

P. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

The other amounts will be recognized as increases in pension or OPEB expense in future years.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category including differences between expected and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and changes in the proportion and differences between the County's contributions and proportionate share of contributions, relating to the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan, the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program and the OPEB Plan. The County also has several items, which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualified for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the items are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from intergovernmental revenues and charges for services. The amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available.

Q. Compensated Absences

County policy permits employees to accumulate leave credits in varying amounts, which will be paid to employees upon termination of employment. Accumulated leave is recorded as an expenditure/expense in the fund in which an employee's payroll expense is normally recorded. The liability for compensated absences related to governmental activities is recorded in an internal service fund. The liability for compensated absences related to business-type activities is recorded in the proprietary funds. The liability is liquidated with funds accumulated in the internal service fund or proprietary fund as applicable.

R. Landfill Closure Costs

The County has obtained engineering estimates of future costs to close and monitor sanitary landfill sites in accordance with State and Federal guidelines. Estimated landfill closing and monitoring costs are being accrued in the Solid Waste Enterprise Fund over the operating life of the landfill representing the commitment to fund such costs for the future.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

S. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditure of funds are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the Governmental Funds. Encumbrances are not the equivalent of expenditures; but rather represent a future commitment to purchase goods or services. Although encumbrances lapse at fiscal year-end, it is the County's intention to honor these encumbrances under authority provided in the subsequent year's budget. Encumbrances outstanding as of September 30, 2019 totaled \$3,521,355. Encumbrances of the major funds totaled \$3,087,190 and consisted of the following: General Fund, \$357,689; County Transportation Trust \$98,351; Istokpoga Marsh Watershed Improvement District \$159,727, Local Government Infrastructure Surtax, \$2,460,317, and HCISSR Construction, \$11,106. Nonmajor fund encumbrances, in the aggregate, totaled \$434,165.

T. Operating Subsidies and Grants

Operating subsidies and grants which finance current operations are generally recorded as nonoperating revenue in the Enterprise Funds when earned and as intergovernmental revenue in the Governmental Funds when they become measurable and available.

U. Self-Insurance

Employee health and dental insurances are provided under externally administered self-insured plans. Contributions from the County (single rate) and the employees (family rate) pay the health and dental insurance plans. Contributions are based in part on the annual actuarial studies performed by an enrolled actuary. The self-insurance health and dental plans are accounted for in the Employee Benefit Fund.

V. Eliminations

Eliminating entries were made between departments in the General Fund.

W. Fund Balance

The classifications of fund balances are described as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventories, prepaid amounts, and advances to other funds) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

W. Fund Balance (Continued)

Committed Fund Balance – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes determined by a formal action (ordinance) of the Board of County Commissioners, the County's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Board of County Commissioners taking the same formal action that originally imposed the constraint.

Assigned Fund Balance – Amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes. According to the County's fund balance policy, this includes spendable fund balance amounts established by the Board of County Commissioners or the County Administrator that are neither restricted nor committed. The County's fund balance policy does not describe the specific action required to assign fund balance.

Unassigned Fund Balance – Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts can be reported only in the Board's General Fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balance for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those purposes.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions. The Board of County Commissioners adopted a fund balance policy for the county as a whole. It is the County's goal to maintain unassigned fund balance in the General Fund of not less than three months of the following year's General Fund budgeted expenditures, excluding certain items.

X. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make use of estimates that affect reported amounts in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from estimates.

NOTE 2 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 2019, the bank balances of the County's deposits consisted of the following:

 Demand Deposits
 \$ 14,434,301

 Certificates of Deposit
 11,232,253

 Total
 \$ 25,666,554

NOTE 2 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's monies must be deposited in banks designated as qualified public depositories by the Chief Financial Officer, Florida Department of Financial Services. Therefore, the County's total deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation and collateralized by the Bureau of Collateral Management, Division of Treasury, Florida Department of Financial Services. The law requires the Chief Financial Officer to ensure that funds are entirely collateralized throughout the fiscal year. Other than the preceding, the County has no policy on custodial credit risk.

Collateral is provided for demand deposits through the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. This law establishes guidelines for qualification and participation by banks and savings associations, procedures for the administration of the collateral requirements and characteristics of eligible collateral. Under this law, the qualified public depository must pledge at least 25% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance.

Additional collateral, up to a maximum of 150%, may be required if deemed necessary under the conditions set forth in this law. Eligible collateral consists of obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of states and their local political subdivisions and unaffiliated corporations.

Obligations pledged to secure deposits must be delivered to the Department of Financial Services or, with the approval of the Chief Financial Officer, to a bank, savings association or trust company provided a power of attorney is delivered to the Chief Financial Officer. On a monthly basis, the Chief Financial Officer determines that the collateral has a market value adequate to cover the deposits under the provisions of this law.

A reconciliation of deposits and investments to amounts shown on the statement of net position and statement of fiduciary net position – agency funds is as follows:

Deposits	\$ 24,048,215
Petty Cash and Change Funds	26,544
Investments	62,026,366
Total	\$ 86,101,125
Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 37,759,894
Investments	38,749,249
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	6,246,170
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Agency Funds:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,211,775
Investments	134,037
Total	\$ 86,101,125

NOTE 2 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

The County invested funds throughout the year with local government investment pools. At September 30, 2019, the County's investments consisted of the following:

Investment Type	Fair Value
Measured at Amortized Cost: Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Funds PRIME Fund Florida Local Government Investment Trust - Day To Day Fund Total Measured at Amortized Cost	\$ 16,755,030 598,408 17,353,438
Measured at NAV:	
Florida Local Government Investment Trust - Short-Term Bond Fund	608,001
Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust - Stable NAV Fund	2,596,188
Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust - Variable NAV Fund	3,130,802
Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System	5,145,071
Florida Public Assets for Liquidity Management Portfolio	9,279,969
Florida Public Assets for Liquidity Management Term Fund	13,200,142
Florida Fixed Income Trust	10,712,755
Total Measured at NAV	44,672,928
Total	\$ 62,026,366

Florida PRIME

Florida PRIME is an investment pool administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA), under the regulatory oversight of the State of Florida. Investments in Florida PRIME are made pursuant to Chapter 125.31, Florida Statutes. The investments are not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Throughout the year and as of September 30, 2019, Florida PRIME contained certain floating and adjustable rate securities which were indexed based on the prime rate and/or one and three month LIBOR rates. These investments represented 36.7% of the Florida PRIME's portfolio at September 30, 2019.

Florida PRIME meets all of the necessary criteria to elect to measure all of the investments in Florida PRIME at amortized cost, as a cash equivalent.

The weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of Florida PRIME as of September 30, 2019 was 37 days. Next interest rate reset dates for floating securities are used in the calculation of the WAM. The weighted average life (WAL) of the Florida PRIME at September 30, 2019 was 85 days.

NOTE 2 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

With regard to redemption gates, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states, "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, and the Investment Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the Executive Director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the Executive Director may extend the moratorium until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days."

With regard to liquidity fees, Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

As of September 30, 2019, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

Florida Local Government Investment Trust

Florida Local Government Investment Trust (FLGIT) is a public entity investment trust organized under the laws of the State of Florida. At September 30, 2019 the County was invested in the Day to Day Fund and the Short-Term Bond Fund.

FLGIT Day to Day Fund – At September 30, 2019, the average maturity in days was 30.45 days. The investments in the Day to Day Fund meet all of the necessary criteria to elect to measure all of the investments at amortized cost, as a cash equivalent.

FLGIT Short Term-Bond Fund – At September 30, 2019, the average maturity in years was 2 years. The FLGIT reports all share information at net asset value (NAV). The value of the County's position in the FLGIT external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool's shares.

NOTE 2 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

The investment strategy of the FLGIT Short Term Bond Fund is to hold a diversified mix of sectors for income generation. The Fund remains overweight and constructive on short-dated credit given attractive yields, lack of supply and solid fundamentals. Over the year, Treasuries have been used to slightly extend the Fund's interest rate exposure, while credit spread duration declined as securities within spread sectors aged down. The portfolio currently has a neutral duration position versus the benchmark. The Fund expects to remain active buyers of high-quality asset-backed securities as it continues to reinvest monthly paydowns. Overall, the portfolio's sensitivity to changes in credit spreads is diminished.

Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust

Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust (FL SAFE) is a common law trust organized in 2007 under the laws of the State of Florida. The trust is administered by Prudent Man Advisors, Inc. and an elected five member Board of Trustees. At September 30, 2019, the County was invested in the Stable NAV Fund and the Variable NAV Fund.

FL SAFE Stable NAV Fund - At September 30, 2019, the average maturity in days was 37 days. FL SAFE reports all share information at NAV. The value of the County's position in FL SAFE external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool's shares.

The investment strategy of FL SAFE Stable NAV Fund is to provide safety and preservation of principal, liquidity, transparency, and competitive yields.

FL SAFE Variable NAV Fund - At September 30, 2019, the weighted average maturity (WAM) in days was about 1 year. FL SAFE reports all share information at NAV. The value of the County's position in FL SAFE external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool's shares.

The investment strategy of FL SAFE Variable NAV Fund is to invest in a diversified portfolio of short-term, investment-grade fixed income securities that include obligations guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the U.S., U.S. government agency obligations, corporate obligations, asset-backed securities, bank obligations, and other obligations permitted by applicable Florida statutes.

Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System

Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (FLCLASS) is an independent local government investment pool. The trust is administered by Public Trust Advisors, LLC and an appointed Board of Trustees. FLCLASS is accounted as a stable NAV investment pool. At September 30, 2019, the WAM in days was 54 days. Next interest rate reset dates for floating securities are used in the calculation of the WAM.

The investment strategy of FLCLASS is to offer a safe, convenient, and liquid investment option to Florida governmental entities.

NOTE 2 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Florida Public Assets for Liquidity Management Fund

The Florida Public Assets for Liquidity Management Fund (FL PALM) is a common law trust organized under the laws of the state of Florida. FL PALM is directed by a Board of Trustees and an Advisory Committee. At September 30, 2019, the County was invested in the FL PALM Portfolio and FL PALM Term Series.

Investments in FL PALM Portfolio and Term Series are measured at NAV. As of September 30, 2019, FL PALM Portfolio's WAM in days was 52 days, and FL PALM Term Series WAM in days was 96 days.

The investment strategy of FL PALM is to provide investors with the highest possible investment yield, while maintaining liquidity and preserving capital.

Florida Fixed income Trust

Florida Fixed Income Trust (FL-FIT) was formed through indenture of trust pursuant to Florida Statutes, Sections 163.01 and 218.415.

Investments in FL-FIT are measured at NAV. As of September 30, 2019, FL-FIT's WAM in days was 135 days.

The investment strategy of FL-FIT seeks to maintain a portfolio of high-quality short-duration fixed-income instruments.

The fair value of investments in certain pooled funds is based in the investments' fair value measurements. Such fair value measurements are as follows at September 30, 2019:

	Fair	Unfunded	Redemption	Redemption Notice
Pooled Funds:	Value	Commitments	Frequency	Period
FLGIT Short-Term Bond Fund	\$ 608,001	\$ -	Daily	1-3 Days
FL SAFE Stable NAV Fund	2,596,188	-	Daily	1 Day
FL SAFE Variable NAV Fund	3,130,802	-	Daily	1 Day
FLCLASS	5,145,071	-	Daily	1 Day
FL PALM Portfolio	9,279,969	-	Daily	1 Day
FL PALM Term Fund	13,200,142	-	Daily	7 Days
FL-FIT	10,712,755	-	Daily	1 Day

NOTE 2 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County has no policy on interest rate risk. Investments and related level of risk at September 30, 2019, were as follows:

Investment Type	Investment Maturity (in Years)
Florida PRIME	Less than 1
FLGIT - Day To Day Fund	Less than 1
FLGIT - Short-Term Bond Fund	1 - 5
FL SAFE Stable NAV Fund	Less than 1
FL SAFE Variable NAV Fund	1 - 5
FLCLASS	Less than 1
FL PALM Portfolio	Less than 1
FL PALM Term Fund	Less than 1
FL-FIT	1 - 5

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County has no policy on credit risk. Presented below is the actual rating as of September 30, 2019 for each type of investment:

	Credit
Investment Type	Rating
Florida PRIME	AAAm
FLGIT - Day To Day Fund	AAAm
FLGIT - Short-Term Bond Fund	AAAf
FL SAFE Stable NAV Fund	AAAm
FL SAFE Variable NAV Fund	AAAf
FLCLASS	AAAm
FL PALM Portfolio	AAAm
FL PALM Term Fund	AAAf
FL-FIT	AAAf

NOTE 3 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable for the individual major and nonmajor and internal service funds in the aggregate consisted of the following at September 30, 2019:

					Local					
		(County	Gov	vernment		Nor	major		
		Tran	sportation	Infra	astructure	Solid	and	Other		
	General		Trust	;	Surtax	Waste	Fu	unds		Total
Emergency Medical Services	\$ 5,562,519	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 5	5,562,519
Landfill Charges	-		-		-	144,415		-		144,415
Interest	907		23,205		92,693	2,557	;	30,388		149,750
Miscellaneous	62,869					 		86,157		149,026
Accounts Receivable, Gross	5,626,295		23,205		92,693	146,972	1	16,545	6	5,005,710
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(3,416,549)				-	 -		-	(3	3,416,549)
Accounts Receivable, Net	\$ 2,209,746	\$	23,205	\$	92,693	\$ 146,972	\$ 1	16,545	\$ 2	2,589,161

Activity in Emergency Medical Services accounts receivable was as follows:

Balance - September 30, 2018	\$ 4,999,250
Billings	7,016,298
Less:	
Cash Receipts	(3,607,150)
Medical/Medicaid Adjustments	(1,663,989)
Sent to Collection	(1,225,275)
Other Adjustments	43,385
Balance - September 30, 2019	\$ 5,562,519

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases			Ending Balance
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated/Amortized:						
Land	\$ 46,062,673	\$ 3,170,091	\$	(752,268)	\$	48,480,496
Construction in Progress	14,240,694	8,905,236		(2,637,788)		20,508,142
Infrastructure	107,895,752	-		-		107,895,752
Land Use Rights, Permanent	 2,255,569	159,850		-		2,415,419
Total Capital Assets, Not Being						
Depreciated/Amortized	170,454,688	12,235,177		(3,390,056)		179,299,809
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized:						
Buildings	70,042,546	2,948,043		(112,969)		72,877,620
Improvements Other Than Buildings	13,225,005	159,418		(23,167)		13,361,256
Machinery and Equipment	58,169,484	5,332,945		(2,500,747)		61,001,682
Computer Software	 5,741,362	602,983		-		6,344,345
Total Capital Assets Being	 					
Depreciated/Amortized	147,178,397	9,043,389		(2,636,883)		153,584,903
Less: Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization for:						
Buildings	(29,156,775)	(1,983,557)		11,478		(31,128,854)
Improvements Other Than Buildings	(5,869,604)	(466,278)		12,334		(6,323,548)
Machinery and Equipment	(40,858,473)	(4,420,509)		2,269,448		(43,009,534)
Computer Software	 (5,055,077)	(273,798)		-		(5,328,875)
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(80,939,929)	(7,144,142)		2,293,260		(85,790,811)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/						
Amortized, Net	 66,238,468	 1,899,247		(343,623)	_	67,794,092
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 236,693,156	\$ 14,134,424	\$	(3,733,679)	\$	247,093,901

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Increases Decreases			
Business-Type Activities						
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated/Amortized:						
Land	\$ 1,833,866	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,833,866		
Construction in Progress	5,466			5,466		
Total Capital Assets, Not Being						
Depreciated/Amortized	1,839,332	-	-	1,839,332		
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized:						
Buildings and Systems	696,881	-	-	696,881		
Improvements Other Than Buildings	10,379,791	-	-	10,379,791		
Machinery and Equipment	8,475,713	108,764	(7,838)	8,576,639		
Total Capital Assets Being						
Depreciated/Amortized	19,552,385	108,764	(7,838)	19,653,311		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization for:						
Buildings and Systems	(544,673)	(27,804)	-	(572,477)		
Improvements Other Than Buildings	(6,602,119)	(271,616)	-	(6,873,735)		
Machinery and Equipment	(4,876,001)	(390,382)	7,838	(5,258,545)		
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(12,022,793)	(689,802)	7,838	(12,704,757)		
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/						
Amortized, Net	7,529,592	(581,038)		6,948,554		
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 9,368,924	\$ (581,038)	\$ -	\$ 8,787,886		

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 1,168,539
Public Safety	3,988,487
Physical Environment	63,038
Transportation	1,228,362
Economic Environment	49,534
Human Services	110,168
Culture and Recreation	431,685
Court Related	104,329
Total Depreciation/Amortization Expense -	_
Governmental Activities	\$ 7,144,142
Business-Type Activities:	
Solid Waste	\$ 567,871
Energy Recovery	121,931
Total Depreciation/Amortization Expense -	
Business-Type Activities	\$ 689,802

NOTE 5 INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund balances at September 30, 2019 consisted of the following amounts:

Due To/From Other Funds

	Due From Other Funds			Due To Other Funds			
Major Funds:			_				
General Fund	\$	4,702,980		\$	91,666		
Local Government Infrastructure Surtax		-			86,079		
Istokpoga Marsh Watershed Improvement District		203			4,594,327		
Solid Waste Fund		17,809			-		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		73,654	_		22,574		
Total	\$	4,794,646		\$	4,794,646		

Amounts due to and from other funds arise from timing differences as a result of transactions and cash transfers for operating purposes.

Advances

- In 2018, the Solid Waste Fund advanced a nonmajor governmental fund money for wastewater improvements. The outstanding balance as of September 30, 2019 was \$40,392.
- In 2018, the General Fund advanced a nonmajor governmental fund money for construction of a building. As of September 30, 2019, the outstanding balance was \$81,517.

NOTE 6 RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets include customer deposits and amounts required by Florida Administrative Code 62-701.630 to be deposited in escrow for landfill management. Total restricted assets as of September 30, 2019 were as follows:

	 sh and Cash quivalents
Governmental Funds	
General Fund:	
Customer Deposits	\$ 70,080
Enterprise Funds Solid Waste:	
Customer Deposits	\$ 88,873
Landfill Closure	 6,087,217
Total Enterprise Funds	\$ 6,176,090

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The summary of changes in long-term debt for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 is as follows:

		Balance		Balance								
	Se	eptember 30,					Se	eptember 30,	Due Within			
		2018	Additions Reductions			Reductions		2019	(One Year		
Governmental Activities:												
Notes Payable	\$	21,008,750	\$	6,022,610	\$	(1,988,717)	\$	25,042,643	\$	2,328,435		
Capital Leases		1,678,578		-		(832,669)		845,909		845,909		
Compensated Absences		4,562,315		4,995,457		(4,689,683)		4,868,089		486,809		
Governmental Activity												
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	27,249,643	\$	11,018,067	\$	(7,511,069)	\$	30,756,641	\$	3,661,153		
Business-Type Activities:												
Landfill Closure Liability	\$	6,553,878	\$	991,877	\$	(62,580)	\$	7,483,176	\$	77,620		
Compensated Absences		78,727		67,217		(68,232)		77,712		7,771		
Business-Type Activity												
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	6,632,605	\$	1,059,094	\$	(130,812)	\$	7,560,888	\$	85,391		

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences represent the vested portion of leave credits. See Note 1 for a summary of the County's compensated absences policy. For governmental activities, the liability for compensated absences is liquidated with resources of the Compensated Absences Internal Service Fund. For business-type activities, the liability for compensated absences is liquidated with resources of the Solid Waste Fund.

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The following notes payable and revenue certificates were outstanding at September 30, 2019:

	Remaining Principal Amount
Governmental Activities Notes Payable: \$3,448,637 dated August 3, 2005 with final payment due November 1, 2019. The interest rate adjusts on November 1, 2010 and November 1, 2015 based on the lesser of LIBOR rate plus 57 basis point or 7.25%. During the year ended September 30, 2019 the rate was 0.926%. Beginning November 1, 2005, payments are due in semi-annual installments of approximately \$155,744 including interest until maturity date. Serviced from and secured by designated revenues derived from the County's share of the one cent local discretionary infrastructure sales surtax for the construction of the Windy Point complex.	\$ 155,744
\$23,600,000 with a fixed interest rate equal to 2.01% dated May 7, 2015 with final payment due November 1, 2025. Interest payments are due on May 1 and November 1. Beginning November 1, 2015, principal payments ranging from \$1,025,000 to \$2,970,000, are due in annual installments until maturity date. Serviced from and secured by designated revenues derived from the County's share of the one cent local discretionary infrastructure sales surtax. The proceeds from the note are used for refunding the Series 2010 Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Note and financing the cost of a new Sheriff's administration building, jail roofing project, and Sebring Parkway Phase III.	18,995,000
\$522,610 with an interest rate equal to 2.169% dated November 1, 2018, with final payment due May 1, 2022. Beginning November 1, 2018 combined principal and interest payments of \$67,939 are due in semi-annual installments until maturity date. The proceeds from the note are used to finance Lifepak equipment purchase.	391,899
\$5,500,000 with a fixed interest rate equal to 2.08% dated September 19, 2019 with final payment due August 1, 2034. Interest payments are due on February 1 and August 1. Beginning August 1, 2021, principal payments ranging from \$345,000 to \$450,000 are due in annual installments until maturity date. Serviced from and secured by the County's Non-Ad Valorem Fire Assessment. The proceeds from the note are used for issuance expenses and the cost of the acquisition, construction and equipping of fire safety equipment, vehicles, a fire station and other infrastructure improvement projects located within the County.	5,500,000
Total Governmental Activities Notes Payable	\$ 25,042,643

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various notes and certificate indentures. The County is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

The annual debt service requirements to amortize all debts outstanding as of September 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
Year Ending		Notes F	Paya	ble				
September 30,	Principal Interest							
2020	\$	2,328,435	\$	469,318				
2021		3,160,611		433,379				
2022		3,223,597		368,696				
2023		3,150,000		303,507				
2024		3,215,000		239,391				
2025-2029		7,815,000		464,903				
2030-2034		2,150,000		136,240				
Total	\$	25,042,643	\$	2,415,434				

NOTE 8 LEASES

Capital Leases

The County has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of communications equipment for the County. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through a capital lease are as follows:

	G	overnmentai
Assets:		Activities
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,328,349
Computer Software		481,428
Less: Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization		(4,720,444)
Total	\$	1,089,333

Covernmental

The future minimum lease obligation and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2019 are as follows:

	GO\	/ernmentai
Year Ending September 30,		Activities
2020	\$	859,359
Less: Amount Representing Interest		(13,450)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payment	\$	845,909

NOTE 9 GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

At September 30, 2019, the County's governmental fund balances were classified as follows:

		General	Tra	County ansportation Trust	Local Marsh Government Watershed ion Infrastructure Improvement Surtax District			HCISSR enstruction	Nonmajor Governmental Funds			Total overnmental Funds		
Nonspendable: Advances to Other Funds	\$	81,517	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	81,517
Prepaid Items	Ψ	1.245.650	Ψ	83,862	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	54,249	Ψ	1,383,761
Inventories		361,466		-		_		_		_		-		361,466
Total Nonspendable		1,688,633	_	83,862		-		-		-		54,249	_	1,826,744
Restricted:														
General Government		-		-		-		-		-		205,920		205,920
Public Safety		-		-		-		-		-		1,046,816		1,046,816
Fire Districts		-		-		-		-		-		3,947,630		3,947,630
Inmate Welfare		-		-		-		-		-		506,965		506,965
Building Department		-		-		-		-		-		2,846,067		2,846,067
Conservation		-		-		-		-		-		220,423		220,423
Tourist Development		-		-		-		-		-		977,877		977,877
Transportation		-		4,202,291		-		-		-		3,416,272		7,618,563
Housing Programs		-		-		-		-		-		563,322		563,322
Human Services		-		-		-		-		-		121,449		121,449
Culture and Recreation		-		-		-		-		-		313,395		313,395
Court Related		-		-		-		-		-		186,724		186,724
Court Facilities		-		-		-		-		-		251,503		251,503
Infrastructure and														
Land Acquisition		-		-		19,881,368		-		207,328		5,467,470		25,556,166
Total Restricted		-		4,202,291		19,881,368		-		207,328		20,071,833		44,362,820
Assigned: Subsequent Year														
Expenditures		357,689		-		-		-		-		-		357,689
Transportation		-		1,131,596		-		-		-		-		1.131.596
Total Assigned		357,689		1,131,596		-		-	6	-		-		1,489,285
Unassigned	_	17,133,264			_		_	(5,456,308)	_			(9,015)	_	11,667,941
Total Fund Balances	\$	19,179,586	\$	5,417,749	\$	19,881,368	\$	(5,456,308)	\$	207,328	\$	20,117,067	\$	59,346,790

NOTE 10 PERSONNEL COMMITMENTS

Deferred Compensation Plan

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all County employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Effective January 1, 1997, Federal legislation converted the Section 457 deferred compensation assets from County assets to employee assets. As a result of these changes, plan assets are no longer subject to the claims of the County's general creditors.

NOTE 10 PERSONNEL COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deferred Compensation Plan (Continued)

The County had previously reported the assets and associated liabilities of the deferred compensation plan in its financial statements as an agency fund. Effective with the change in legislation, these assets are no longer County assets and fiduciary responsibility has been transferred to the third party plan administrator. Consequently, these assets are no longer reported in the accompanying financial statements in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 32.

NOTE 11 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

The County is obligated to make available to qualified retired employees the option to maintain coverage with the group health, life and dental insurance plans.

Plan Description – The Postemployment Health Care Benefits Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the County. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, former employees and eligible dependents who retire from the County may continue to participate in the County's self-funded health and hospitalization plan for medical, prescription drug and dental coverage. The County subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the plans at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the plan on average than those of active employees. Retirees are required to enroll in the Federal Medicare program for their primary coverage as soon as they are eligible. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

For the Postemployment Health Care Benefits Plan, contribution requirements of the County are established and may be amended through the County. The plan is currently being funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. No trust or agency fund has been established for the plan, and there are no assets accumulated in trust for payment of benefits. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At September 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	31
Active Plan Members	762
Total	793

NOTE 11 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Total OPEB Liability

The County's Total OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017. The following table shows the County's total OPEB liability for the year ended September 30, 2019.

	Total OPEB Liability
Balances - October 1, 2018	\$ 2,442,277
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	113,559
Interest	91,062
Changes in Assumptions	196,258
Benefit Payments	(129,355)
Net Changes	271,524
Balances - September 30, 2019	\$ 2,713,801

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in				1% Increase in		
Description	Dis	scount Rate	Di	scount Rate	Di	scount Rate	
OPEB Plan Discount Rate		1.75 %		2.75 %		3.75 %	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	2,901,027	\$	2,713,801	\$	2,531,800	

Healthcare Trend Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Description	Hea	Decrease in althcare Cost rend Rate	 althcare Cost rend Rate	1% Increase in Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	
OPEB Plan Healthcare Cost Rate		2.80 %	 3.80 %		4.80 %
Total OPER Liability	\$	2 382 339	\$ 2 713 801	\$	3 107 461

NOTE 11 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$227,553. In addition, the County reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferre	d Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of		
	Re	sources	Resources		
Changes of assumptions	\$	163,548	\$	39,112	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be amortized over 5 years and will be recognized as follows:

Year Ended September 30,					
2020	\$	22,932			
2021		22,932			
2022		22,932			
2023		22,932			
2024		32,708			

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	3.80%

The actuarial cost method used was the Entry Age Normal method.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational using Scale BB.

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.75%, based on yield for 20-year general obligation bond index.

Since the most recent GASB 45 valuation, the following changes have been made:

- The trend table was updated to the latest model released by the Society of Actuaries and has been adjusted to include the effects of the Cadillac Tax, set to take effect in 2022.
- The funding method was changed to Entry Age Normal as required by GASB 75.
- The mortality and disability decrements were updated to the latest assumptions used for the FRS valuation.

NOTE 12 LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE CARE COST

Highlands County has four landfill sites which are comprised of a total of ten cells, five of which are currently in operation. State and Federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on the five cells currently in use when they are closed and to perform maintenance and monitoring functions for all landfill sites for thirty years after closure. Landfill operations and landfill closure and post-closure care costs are accounted for in the Solid Waste Enterprise Fund. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports as a liability a portion of closure and postclosure care costs based on landfill capacity used as of the balance sheet date. The landfill closure and post-closure care liability of \$7,483,176 at September 30, 2019 represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on an average use of 52% of the total estimated capacity. The portion of the liability related to 2019 usage is an increase of \$929,297. It is estimated that an additional liability totaling \$7,033,816 for Arbuckle Creek Cells 1A, 1B, 3, C&D and Agricultural Plastic will be recognized between the balance sheet date and the dates these cells will be filled to capacity in the years 2024, 2024, 2024, 2031 and 2099, respectively. Actual costs may differ due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

The County is required by State and Federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to a landfill management escrow account to finance closure and post-closure care financial assurance requirements. The County is in compliance with these requirements at September 30, 2019 with cash and investments of \$9,695,711 held for these purposes. The County expects that future inflation costs will be paid from future contributions and interest earnings on these contributions. In the event closure escrows and interest earnings prove inadequate due to higher than expected inflation, changes in technology or changes in laws or regulations, these costs may need to be financed by future landfill users or future tax revenue.

NOTE 13 MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE

Miscellaneous revenue included in the Governmental Funds for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 consists of the following:

	General	Tra	County ansportation Trust	Infras	ernment structure urtax	Gov	Other vernmental Funds
Interfund Services Rendered	\$ 1,133,196	\$	2,705,850	\$	-	\$	-
Commissions on Inmate							
Phone Calls and Commis-							
sary Sales Profits	-		-		-		98,472
Sale of Surplus Properties	905,602		-		-		-
Other	721,199		194,418		150		358,204
Total	\$ 2,759,997	\$	2,900,268	\$	150	\$	456,676

NOTE 14 MAJOR CUSTOMERS

A significant amount of the Solid Waste Fund revenue for 2019 is derived from one major customer as follows:

Percentage of Total Revenue 8%

Waste Connections, Inc.

The Solid Waste Fund revenue is comprised of charges for services to residential and commercial customers and a special non-ad valorem assessment of \$173 per property owner.

NOTE 15 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The County has entered into various contracts for design, construction, and other services as of September 30, 2019:

	Commitment
ADA Transition Plan	\$ 3,956
Asphalt Milling and Resurfacing of Various Roadways	1,412,047
Clerk of Courts Technology, Equipment and Software	175,219
Courthouse Chiller Replacement	25,225
CR 721	1,384
Erosion Control Watershed Project for Catfish Creek and Josephine	
Creek	449,480
Fire/EMS Administration Building	25,547
Fire Rescue Station 01 Highlands Lakes	1,375
Fire Rescue Station 18 DeSoto City	3,435
Fire Rescue Station 33 Highlands Park	19,129
Fire Rescue Station 45 Venus	29,140
Government Center HVAC Upgrade	90,003
Health Department Upgrades	368,787
Istokpoga Marsh Watershed Improvement District, Phase II Above	
Ground Impoundment	2,575
Istokpoga Marsh Watershed Improvement District, Water Quality	
Improvement	642,748
Lake Placid Health Department Roof Replacement	39,713
New Animal Control Operation Building	67,082
Remodel for Probation LEA	9,863
Sebring Parkway Phase IIA	282,089
Sebring Parkway Phase III	285,930
Unified Communications Equipment and Software	8,800
Total	\$ 3,943,527

NOTE 15 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The County is currently receiving, and has received in the past, grants which are subject to special compliance audits by the grantor agency and which may result in disallowed expenditure/expense amounts. These amounts, if any, constitute a contingent liability of the County. Accordingly, such liabilities are not reflected within the financial statements. Management does not believe the effects of contingent liabilities, if any, will be material to the financial statements.

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of legal counsel for the County, the resolution of these matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

NOTE 16 RISK MANAGEMENT

Insurance Fund

Effective April 1, 2009, the County became a member of Preferred Governmental Insurance Trust (PGIT), a governmental insurance carrier. PGIT administers insurance activities relating to property, general liability, public official's and employment practices liability, automobile, crime, and worker's compensation. The County is liable for deductible on certain coverages. PGIT meets the GASB Statement No. 10 guidelines for governmental entity pools and provides audited financial statements annually. Transactions related to PGIT activity are presented within the Insurance Internal Service Fund.

There is no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year. The insurance settlements have not exceeded the County's insurance coverage in any of the three prior fiscal years.

Employee Benefit Fund

On October 1, 1977, the County established the Employee Benefit Fund which was formerly an expendable trust fund. In 1989, the County transferred its assets, liabilities and fund equity to an internal service fund. This fund was created to self-insure County employees and their dependents for group medical costs. Both the County and employees contribute to the cost of insurance premiums. Premiums and contributions, which are used to pay medical claims, are determined by projected losses based on historical claims experience.

From October 1, 2001 through September 30, 2012, the County maintained private insurance for health insurance. Effective October 1, 2012, the County discontinued private insurance and re-established its self-insurance plan for group medical costs. The County maintained its self-insurance plan for health and dental costs for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

Health and dental liabilities are recorded when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, including an estimate for claims incurred but not reported. This estimate is based on historical experience and current trends and it is computed by an actuarial firm. The claims liability for estimated health and dental claims payable as of September 30, 2019 is \$447,769.

NOTE 16 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Employee Benefit Fund (Continued)

Health and dental claims are adjudicated by a third party administrator under contract. The County limits its exposure to health claims through stop-loss coverage.

The following table shows the changes in aggregate liabilities for health and dental claims for the past two fiscal years:

Fiscal	В	eginning		Incurred				Ending				
Year	E	Balance		Claims		Claims		Claims		Payments		Balance
2018	\$	418,178	\$	7,748,214	\$	7,733,589	\$	432,803				
2019		432,803		8,231,262		8,216,296		447,769				

NOTE 17 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Background

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the County are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes, and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The County's pension expense totaled \$17,468,568 for both the FRS Pension Plan and HIS Plan for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

NOTE 17 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Elected County Officers Class Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62, or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

NOTE 17 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service	% Value
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled Before July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement up to age 63 or up to 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement up to age 64 or up to 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.68
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled on or After July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement up to age 66 or up to 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement up to age 67 or up to 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement up to age 68 or up to 36 years of service	1.68
Elected County Officers	3.00
Senior Management Service Class	2.00
Special Risk Regular:	
Service from December 1, 1970, through September 30, 1974	2.00
Service on and after October 1, 1974	3.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

NOTE 17 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions

The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Effective July 1, 2011, all FRS Plan members (except those in DROP) are required to make 3% employee contributions on a pretax basis. The contribution rates attributable to the County, effective July 1, 2018, were applied to employee salaries as follows: regular employees 8.26%, special risk 24.50%, county elected officials 48.70%, senior management 24.06%, and DROP participants 14.03%. The County's contributions to the FRS Plan were \$6,157,860 for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Pension Costs

At September 30, 2019, the County reported a liability of \$65,904,936 for its proportionate share of the FRS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by FRS during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2018, through June 30, 2019, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of FRS's participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the County's proportion was 0.191369337%, which was an increase of 0.005480121% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$16,312,142 for its proportionate share of FRS's pension expense. In addition, the County reported its proportionate share of FRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred			Deferred
	(Outflows of		Inflows of
Description	F	Resources	F	Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	3,909,010	\$	(40,900)
Changes of Assumptions		16,927,223		-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings				
on Pension Plan Investments		-		(3,646,205)
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between County				
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		2,390,261		(923,794)
County Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date		1,666,543		_
Total	\$	24,893,037	\$	(4,610,899)
Total	\$	24,893,037	\$	(4,610,899)

NOTE 17 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Costs (Continued)

\$1,666,543 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions to the FRS Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as an increase (decrease) in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	Amount	
2020	\$ 6,556,493	
2021	2,308,278	
2022	4,851,129	
2023	3,580,982	
2024	1,030,458	
Thereafter	288,255	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60% Per Year

Salary Increases 3.25%, Average, Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.90%

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, varies by member category and sex, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption.

NOTE 17 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The target allocation, as outlined in the FRS Plan's investment policy, and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.0%	3.3%	3.3%	1.2%
Fixed Income	18.0%	4.1%	4.1%	3.5%
Global Equity	54.0%	8.0%	6.8%	16.5%
Real Estate (Property)	10.0%	6.7%	6.1%	11.7%
Private Equity	11.0%	11.2%	8.4%	25.8%
Strategic Investments	6.0%	5.9%	5.7%	6.7%
Totals	100.0%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.6%	1.7%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90% for the FRS Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, each of the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the FRS Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

			Current Discount	1% Increase in
	Description	1% Decrease	Rate	Discount Rate
FR	S Plan Discount Rate	5.90%	6.90%	7.90%
	unty's Proportionate Share of the RS Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 113,927,687	\$ 65,904,936	\$ 25,797,815

NOTE 17 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the FRS Plan's fiduciary's net position is available in a separately-issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. That report may be obtained through the Florida Department of Management Services website at http://www.dms.myflorida.com.

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions

The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the contribution rate was 1.66% of payroll pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statues. The County contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled. The County's contributions to the HIS Plan were \$715,780 for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Pension Costs

At September 30, 2019, the County reported a liability of \$14,084,614 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2018, through June 30, 2019, relative to the total employer contributions received from all participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the County's proportion was 0.125879122%, which was an increase of 0.003992537% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

NOTE 17 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (Continued)

Pension Costs (Continued)

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,156,426 for its proportionate share of HIS's pension expense. In addition, the County reported its proportionate share of HIS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
	C	Outflows of	Inflows of
Description	F	Resources	Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	171,073	\$ (17,246)
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		1,630,865	(1,151,162)
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings			
on Pension Plan Investments		9,089	-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between County			
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		815,673	(279,623)
County Contributions Subsequent to the			
Measurement Date		185,839	
Total	\$	2,812,539	\$ (1,448,031)

\$185,839 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions to the FRS Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as an increase (decrease) in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	Amount		
2020	\$	350,040	
2021		307,891	
2022		235,209	
2023		35,393	
2024		81,440	
Thereafter		168,696	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60% per year

Salary Increases 3.25%, Average, Including Inflation

Municipal Bond Rate 3.50%

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

NOTE 17 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.50% for the HIS Plan. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-asyou-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the HIS Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		Current Discount	1% Increase in
Description	1% Decrease	Rate	Discount Rate
HIS Plan Discount Rate	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
County's Proportionate Share of the HIS Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 16,078,309	\$ 14,084,614	\$ 12,424,092

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary's net position is available in a separately-issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. That report may be obtained through the Florida Department of Management Services website at http://www.dms.myflorida.com.

Summary

The aggregate amount of net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for the County's defined benefit pension plans are summarized below. These liabilities are typically liquidated by the individual activity in which the employee's costs are associated.

Description	FRS	S Plan	HIS Pla	n	Total	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 65,	904,936	\$ 14,084,0	614	\$ 79,989,550	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	24,	893,037	2,812,	539	27,705,576	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	4,	610,899	1,448,0	031	6,058,930	
Pension Expense	16,	312,142	1,156,4	426	17,468,568	

NOTE 18 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

FRS Investment Plan

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. County employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the County.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The County's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$1,011,655 for the year ended September 30, 2019. Employee contributions to the Investment Plan totaled \$192,024 for the year ended September 30, 2019.

NOTE 19 FUND BALANCE DEFICIT

Special Revenue Funds

Istokpoga Marsh Watershed Improvement District – The fund balance deficit of \$5,456,308 is a result of a major grant funded project that was not complete as of September 30, 2019. Since the project tasks were not complete at year end, the County did not meet the eligibility requirements to request reimbursements from the grantor agencies. The project tasks are expected to be complete during fiscal year ending September 30, 2020. A significant portion of the project expenditures that contribute to the fund's deficit should be reimbursed at that time.

Oak Manor Avenue Road Paving Fund – The fund balance deficit of \$415 is a result of initial costs related to the road paving project. No assessments were collected until fiscal year 2020.

Thunderbird Hill Waste Water Special Benefit District – The fund balance deficit of \$8,600 is a result of a loan that was initiated to pay the City of Sebring for improvements needed with the City taking over the Landmark Utility System. The \$50,000 advance from the Solid Waste Fund is being paid back with the assessments collected from this district.

NOTE 20 INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers for the year ended September 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

Transfers to the General Fund from:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 34,664
Solid Waste Fund	92,916
Total	127,580
Transfers to Nonmajor Governmental Funds from:	
General Fund	1,044,438
County Transportation Trust	67,044
Local Government Infrastructure Surtax Fund	81,474
Total	1,192,956
Total Interfund Transfers	\$ 1,320,536

Transfers are used to: 1) move revenues from the fund that state law requires to collect them to the fund that state law requires to expend them; 2) provide matching funds for grants, and 3) use unrestricted General Fund and other fund revenues to finance transportation or other activities which must be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE 21 TAX ABATEMENTS

The Highlands County Economic Development Ad Valorem Tax Exemption program is designed to advance economic development in the county. In accordance with Article VII, Section 3 of the Constitution of the State of Florida and Section 196.1995, Florida Statutes, Highlands County voters approved a referendum on August 24, 2014, that authorizes the Board to grant Economic Development Ad Valorem Tax Exemptions. At its discretion, the Board may grant exemptions of up to 100 percent of the assessed value of all improvements to qualifying property for up to 10 years. The exemptions do not apply to taxes levied by the school district, water management district, or taxes levied for the payment of bonds or taxes authorized by a vote of the electors pursuant to Section 9 and Section 12, Article VII of the State Constitution. To be eligible, applicants must meet the definition of a new or expanding business, as defined in Section 196.012 (14) and (15), Florida Statutes. Additionally, applicants must also meet the criteria and standards defined by the Highlands County Economic Development Ad Valorem Tax Exemption Program, as adopted by Resolution No. 10-11-11, effective May 17, 2011. A grantee must submit an annual report evidencing satisfaction of its performance conditions. Failures to meet the standards result in revocation of the exemption. If it is determined that for any year within the exemption period the owner was not entitled to receive such exemption, the owner shall be subject to the taxes exempted because of such failure plus annual interest at the maximum rate allowed by law.

To date, the Board has granted one exemption since the commencement of the program. On June 5, 2012, the Board granted Howard Fertilizer & Chemical Co., Inc., an ad valorem tax exemption of 72.64% for 10 years. No other commitments were made by government entities as part of the agreement. The gross dollar amount of tax abated during the 2018-2019 fiscal year for Howard Fertilizer & Chemical Co., equates to \$13,609.

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MODIFIED APPROACH FOR INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Condition Rating of Highlands County Roadway System

Overall Minimum Average Condition Level (Fair Condition 51 – 75)

	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Road System	61.32	61.17	52.86

Comparison of Estimated to Actual Maintenance/Preservation

	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Budgeted	\$ 2,624,047	\$ 2,895,859	\$ 3,007,781	\$ 3,513,970	\$ 5,758,461
Actual	2,512,846	2,604,701	2,572,640	977,259	1,381,079

The condition of a road segment is measured using the Road Evaluation Standards Version 1 (RES) that is based on weighted averages or distress factors of the pavement surface. The RES system uses a measurement scale to evaluate the Pavement Condition Level (PCL) ranging from zero for a failed pavement to 100 for pavement in perfect condition. The PCL index is used to classify road segments in good condition (76–100), fair condition (51-75), poor condition (26-50), and needs reconstruction (25 or below). An overall minimum average condition level is then determined from the individual road segments and the total lane miles of roads. It is the County's policy to maintain the road system at an overall minimum average condition level not less than 45. Road segment condition is determined annually for all arterial roads and all of the local roads are inspected annually.

Condition Rating of Highlands County Bridge System

Overall Average Sufficiency Rating

	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Bridge System	75.91	75.20	77.96

Comparison of Estimated to Actual Maintenance/Preservation

	F	FY 2015	F	FY 2016	F	FY 2017	F	FY 2018	F	FY 2019
Budgeted	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	150,000
Actual		33,248		24,525		23,841		40,275		22,272

The condition of the County's bridges is determined using the inspection program that follows state mandates and regulations. The bridge sufficiency rating is a weighted average of an assessment of the ability of individual components to meet necessary performance requirements and uses a numerical condition scale ranging from 0 to 100. It is the County's policy to maintain an overall minimum average sufficiency rating for the County maintained bridges of not less than 60%.

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability			
Service Cost	\$	113,559	\$ 115,422
Interest		91,062	82,736
Changes of Benefit Terms		-	-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		-	-
Changes of Assumptions		196,258	(58,668)
Benefit Payments		(129,355)	(122,205)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		271,524	 17,285
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		2,442,277	2,424,992
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	2,713,801	\$ 2,442,277
Covered Employee Payroll	\$4	3,213,012	\$ 39,987,348
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of the Covered Employee Payroll		6.28%	6.11%

Notes to Schedule:

Covered Employee Payroll: The OPEB plan is not administered through a trust.

Benefit changes: There have been no substantive plan provision changes since the last full valuation. Changes of assumptions: The following assumptions have been updated in accordance with GASB 75.

- The trend table was updated to the latest model released by the Society of Actuaries and has been adjusted to include the effects of the Cadillac Tax, set to take effect in 2022.
- The funding method was changed to Entry Age Normal as required by GASB 75.
- The mortality and disability decrements were updated to the latest assumptions used for the FRS valuation.

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for only those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 **HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA**

		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
County's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.1	0.191369337%	0.1	0.185889216%	0	0.188036873%	0	0.183000953%	0	0.173515439%	
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	↔	65,904,936	↔	55,990,794	↔	55,620,044	↔	46,207,883	\$	22,411,845	
County's Covered Payroll	₩	36,132,143	↔	\$ 33,972,614	↔	33,267,015	↔	31,346,347	↔	30,555,555	
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll		182.40%		164.81%		167.19%		147.41%		73.35%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		82.61%		84.26%		83.89%		84.88%		92.00%	

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for only those years for which information is available. Note:

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually Required Contribution	↔	6,157,860	↔	5,451,120	↔	4,824,979	\$	4,743,244	↔	4,232,805
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(6,157,860)		(5,451,120)		(4,824,979)		(4,743,244)		(4,232,805)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	1	↔	1	↔	1	S	1	↔	
County's Covered Payroll	↔	36,803,640	↔	34,177,906	↔	33,195,550	↔	32,285,583	↔	30,424,498
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		16.73%		15.95%		14.54%		14.69%		13.91%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of September 30.

Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for only those years for which information is available. Note:

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION **HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA**

	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
County's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.125879122%	0.1	0.121886584%	0.1	0.122329734%	0.1	0.117095796%		0.117233715%
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 14,084,614	↔	\$ 12,900,612	↔	13,080,059	↔	13,647,029	↔	11,955,994
County's Covered Payroll	\$ 42,283,674	↔	39,890,912	↔	39,037,082	↔	36,239,309	\$	35,581,960
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll	33.31%		32.34%		33.51%		37.66%		33.60%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	2.63%		2.15%		1.64%		%26.0		0.50%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for only those years for which information is available. Note:

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS— HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually Required Contribution	↔	715,780	↔	660,671	↔	646,964	↔	622,318	↔	481,791
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(715,780)		(660,671)		(646,964)		(622,318)		(481,791)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		υ	1	↔	ı	↔	1	S	'
County's Covered Payroll	\$	43,213,012	↔	39,987,348	↔	39,019,305	↔	37,331,763	↔	35,431,913
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		1.66%		1.65%		1.66%		1.67%		1.36%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of September 30.

Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for only those years for which information is available. Note:

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

				Variance with Final Budget
		dget		Positive
DEVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES Taxes	¢ 40 FF2 026	¢ 40 552 026	f 40 470 006	¢ (72.040)
Licenses and Permits	\$ 40,553,036	\$ 40,553,036	\$ 40,479,096	\$ (73,940)
Intergovernmental	2,150	2,150 15,345,363	1,495 27,116,307	(655) 11,770,944
Charges for Services	14,775,928			
Fines and Forfeitures	8,462,682 58,250	9,420,949 58,250	9,106,464 55,233	(314,485) (3,017)
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	135,500	135,564	323,296	, , ,
Miscellaneous	2,030,852	2,020,495	2,759,997	187,732 739,502
Total Revenues	66,018,398	67,535,807	79,841,888	12,306,081
Total Nevellues	00,010,390	67,555,607	79,041,000	12,300,001
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government:				
Board of County Commissioners	450,908	469,111	468,560	551
County Administrator	518,828	519,321	519,319	2
Business Services	187,765	198,547	197,098	1,449
Clerk to Board-Financial and Administration	2,979,395	2,964,839	2,898,873	65,966
County Audits-CPA	189,300	189,300	189,300	-
Office of Management and Budget	298,933	308,721	300,639	8,082
Human Resources	251,344	256,402	252,815	3,587
Risk Management	91,033	91,033	85,119	5,914
Non-Ad Valorem Assessments	58,036	58,036	57,909	127
Public Information	78,820	79,425	76,182	3,243
Central Services	1,405,353	1,451,033	1,247,646	203,387
Property Appraiser	3,062,582	3,063,710	2,997,966	65,744
Tax Collector	3,314,905	3,314,905	2,710,949	603,956
Supervisor of Elections	849,917	959,302	923,480	35,822
Purchasing	212,925	220,425	218,994	1,431
County Attorney	382,558	382,614	316,293	66,321
County Planning and Development	838,144	1,053,953	880,160	173,793
Development Services	141,061	141,061	139,456	1,605
Clerk to Board - Other General Government Services	670,246	731,224	730,888	336
Facilities Management	1,499,560	1,500,489	1,269,309	231,180
Total General Government	17,481,613	17,953,451	16,480,955	1,472,496
Public Safety:				
Sheriff	17,476,655	21,696,875	20,944,572	752,303
Fire Department	-	10,001	8,848	1,153
County Fire Coordinator	290,209	290,209	-	290,209
Division of Forestry	35,180	35,180	35,180	-
County Jail Maintenance	667,624	-	- -	-
Detention and Correction	9,115,832	10,912,333	10,752,516	159,817
Detention Medical	960,460	-	-	-
Detention and Corrections Other	86,667	-	-	-
Law Enforcement Maintenance	280,429	-	-	<u>-</u>
Law Enforcement Other	2,979,887	138,412	-	138,412
Zoning Department	563,015	568,559	523,427	45,132
Local Emergency Management Agency	510,960	578,153	417,307	160,846
Communications Program	103,981	103,981	97,353	6,628
Information Technology	95,000	95,000	89,452	5,548
Community Safety	89,544	90,764	90,764	-
Ambulance Services	6,331,353	6,964,035	6,758,026	206,009

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

				Variance with Final Budget
		dget		Positive
EVERYDITUES (CONTINUED)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)				
Current (Continued):				
Public Safety (Continued):				
Medical Examiner	\$ 392,479	\$ 392,479	\$ 391,691	\$ 788
Emergency/Disaster Relief	-	157,472	153,156	4,316
Children's Advocacy Center	247,042	357,180	268,496	88,684
Total Public Safety	40,226,317	42,390,633	40,530,788	1,859,845
Physical Environment:				
County Extension	259,207	274,472	268,340	6,132
Natural Resources	505,919	754,892	298,357	456,535
Aquatic Plant Program	549,549	549,743	445,363	104,380
Nuisance Abatement	78,600	102,860	44,333	58,527
Total Physical Environment	1,393,275	1,681,967	1,056,393	625,574
Transportation:				
Avon Park Airport	20,078	20,078	20,078	=
Avon Park Southside	39,380	39,380	39,380	-
Total Transportation	59,458	59,458	59,458	-
Economic Environment:				
Office of Economic Development	345,888	367,562	293,594	73,968
Community Redevelopment - Sebring	513,149	513,149	513,149	-
Community Redevelopment - Avon Park	140,789	140,789	140,789	-
Community Redevelopment - Lake Placid	12,544	12,544	12,544	_
Sebring Regional Airport/Industrial Park	412,123	412,123	412,123	_
Veteran Service Office	184,031	184,126	172,650	11,476
Total Economic Environment	1,608,524	1,630,293	1,544,849	85,444
Human Services:				
Health Care Responsibility Act	150,000	145,371	84,016	61,355
Health Unit	243,000	243,000	243,000	-
Animal Control	243,000	6,125	4,640	1,485
Mental Health	500,834	500,834	500,834	1,400
Public Assistance Programs	71,365	67,527	54,254	13,273
State County Assistance Program	1,622,978	1,649,936	1,649,936	10,270
Human Services - Project Hope	42,045	42,045	42,045	_
Children's Services Council	31,350	61,350	60,000	1,350
Transportation for Disadvantaged	201,751	201,751	197,734	4,017
Community Program Services	42,261	44,094	43,446	648
Community Programs	107,201	107,201	96,149	11,052
Healthy Families Grant	399,738	400,687	376,702	23,985
Total Human Services	3,412,523	3,469,921	3,352,756	117,165
Culture and Recreation:				
	400.004	400 700	177 400	45 047
Library - Avon Park	192,021	192,739	177,492	15,247
Library - Sebring	398,033	404,990	391,814	13,176
Librarios Countravido	194,208	196,328	187,395	8,933
Libraries - Countywide	144,439	208,036	166,866	41,170
Recreation Department	330,000	330,000	330,000	=

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	D	da at		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	dget Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)	Original	1 IIIdi	Hotaai	(Nogative)
Current (Continued):				
Culture and Recreation (Continued):				
Parks Department	\$ 949,856	\$ 942,942	\$ 914,177	\$ 28,765
Sports Complex	170,590	178,496	175,876	2,620
Historic District Site Survey	2,466	2,466	2,031	435
Heartland Library Cooperative	137,145	137,145	89,915	47,230
Total Culture and Recreation	2,518,758	2,593,142	2,435,566	157,576
Court Related:				
Court General Administration:				
Circuit Court Administration	16,468	16,471	11,505	4,966
County Court Administration	-	250	3	247
State Attorney	16,748	16,748	9,356	7,392
Public Defender	6,011	6,011	3,841	2,170
Law Library	115,155	119,793	119,793	-
Circuit Court Criminal:				
Pre-Trial Release	120,079	118,334	118,334	-
Circuit Court Family:				
Pro Se Services	108,153	106,135	106,135	-
Circuit Court Juvenile:				
Circuit Court Juvenile Guardian Ad Litem	1,699	1,714	1,714	-
Court General Operations:				
General Operations Courthouse Security	1,034,030	1,042,318	1,042,318	-
General Operations Courthouse Facilities	169,466	174,466	174,454	12
Total Court Related	1,587,809	1,602,240	1,587,453	14,787
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	-	106,777	106,777	-
Total Expenditures	68,288,277	71,487,882	67,154,995	4,332,887
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
UNDER EXPENDITURES	(2,269,879)	(3,952,075)	12,686,893	16,638,968
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	27,750	120,666	127,580	6,914
Transfers Out	(1,159,591)	(1,159,591)	(1,044,438)	115,153
Insurance Recoveries	-	-	708,704	708,704
Issuance of Debt	-	106,777	106,777	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,131,841)	(932,148)	(101,377)	830,771
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,401,720)	(4,884,223)	12,585,516	17,469,739
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	3,401,720	4,884,223	6,594,070	1,709,847
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,179,586	\$ 19,179,586

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA OTHER MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND DESCRIPTION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital Projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital – related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Highlands County Infrastructure Sales Surtax Refunding Revenue Note (HCISSR Construction) – This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and infrastructure projects (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

HIGHLANDS COUNTY INFRASTRUCTURE SALES SURTAX REFUNDING REVENUE NOTE (HCISSR CONSTRUCTION) FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Bud	get			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Origir	nal		Final	Actual	(N	legative)
REVENUES							
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 12,086	\$	12,086
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Transportation:							
Sebring Parkway II Series 2002	313	3,970		945,827	 817,792		128,035
Total Expenditures	31:	3,970		945,827	817,792		128,035
Total Expolication		3,010		0.10,027	011,102		120,000
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(313	3,970)		(945,827)	(805,706)		140,121
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	313	3,970		945,827	 1,013,034		67,207
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$		\$		\$ 207,328	\$	207,328

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for revenues from specific taxes or other earmarked revenue sources which, by law, are restricted to finance particular functions or activities of government which include special benefit districts that account for the cost of street lighting, paving and maintaining streets, water control, fire protection, and recreation within certain benefit areas (districts) of the County. The purpose of the individual funds is depicted as follows:

Lake Placid Sun-N-Lake Estates Fire District - To account for assessments relating to fire protection.

DeSoto City Special Benefit Fire District - To account for assessments relating to fire protection.

Orange Villa Special Benefit District - To account for assessments relating to recreation and street lighting.

Hickory Hills Special Benefit District - To account for assessments relating to street maintenance and recreation.

Placid Lakes Special Benefit District - To account for assessments relating to maintenance of recreational areas, cleaning canals and fire protection, etc.

Sebring Country Estates Special Benefit District - To account for assessments relating to street lighting.

Avon Park Estates Special Benefit District - To account for assessments relating to street maintenance.

Highlands Lakes Special Tax District - To account for assessments relating to fire protection.

Highlands Park Special Benefit Fire District - To account for assessments relating to fire protection.

Highlands Park Estates Improvement Trust - To account for funds available for street maintenance.

Leisure Lakes Special Benefit Fire District - To account for assessments relating to fire protection.

Sebring Hills Special Benefit District - To account for assessments relating to street lighting.

Red Hill Farms Improvement District - To account for assessments relating to constructing road and drainage facilities.

E911 Emergency Operations - To account for the ongoing fiscal activity relating to the collection and use of the \$.50 user fee for the E911 emergency telephone number system.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Hospital District - To account for revenues used exclusively for health services in Highlands County.

Orange Blossom Estates Special Benefit District - To account for assessments relating to constructing roads and drainage facilities.

Sun-N-Lakes of Lake Placid Recreation District - To account for assessments relating to recreation and street lighting.

Conservation Trust - To account for operations relating to land preservation.

Intergovernmental Radio Communications - To account for the additional surcharge, up to \$12.50 for each moving traffic violation, to assist in funding the County's participation in the intergovernmental radio communication program approved by the Division of Communications of the Department of Management Services.

Sebring Acres Special Benefit District - To account for assessments relating to road construction, drainage and maintenance.

Orange Blossom (Unit 12) Special Benefit District - To account for assessments relating to roads and rights-of-way maintenance, flood and erosion control, water and sewer systems, fire protection, recreational facilities, and street lighting.

Lake Haven Estates Special Benefit District - To account for assessments relating to street lighting.

Lorida Special Benefit Fire District - To account for assessments relating to fire protection.

Lake Placid Special Benefit Fire District - To account for assessments relating to fire protection.

Law Enforcement Education - To account for a \$2 court cost added to all fines and forfeitures. These monies can only be used for approved education and training of law enforcement, correctional and administrative personnel per §318.18(11)(d) and §938.15 FS.

Building Code Enforcement - To account for operations of the building department. Financing is provided primarily from building department permits and fees.

Florida Boating Improvement - To account for the operation and maintenance of County boat ramps.

Special Law Enforcement Trust - To account for the sale of confiscated property. These monies are used for the purchase of equipment and materials to be used in specialized law enforcement activities as well as to defray the cost of protracted or complex investigations.

Highway Park Special Benefit District - To account for assessments relating to street lighting.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Community Development Block Grant - To account for revenues and expenditures of community development block grant projects.

Affordable Housing Assistance Trust - To account for the revenues and expenditures of the State Housing Initiatives Partnership which aids low-income persons seeking housing loans.

Sun-N-Lakes 1-20 Improvement Trust - To account for funds available for the construction of drainage and paved streets.

Highlands Park Estates Special Benefit District - To account for assessments relating to facilities and improvements.

West Sebring Special Benefit Fire District - To account for assessments relating to fire protection.

Driver Education Safety Trust - To account for funds for driver education programs in schools of Highlands County per §318.1215 FS.

Tourist Development Trust - To account for the expenditure of tax revenues collected to promote and assist tourism in Highlands County, Florida.

Industrial Development Agency - To account for the revenue and expenditures of the Industrial Development Agency. Revenue sources are primarily from bond issues.

Domestic Violence Training - To account for a domestic violence surcharge used to defray the costs of incarcerating persons sentenced under §741.283 FS and provide additional training to law enforcement personnel in combating domestic violence.

Fire Inspection and Safety - To account for fees collected to be used for paying the cost of inspections conducted pursuant to §633.216(1) FS and related administrative expenses. This fund also accounts for fire safety enforcement fees and fire safety program fees collected and appropriated for these purposes.

Venus Special Benefit Fire District - To account for assessments relating to fire protection.

Sebring Parkway Maintenance - To account for the costs associated with the interlocal agreement (July 1, 2003) with the City of Sebring for maintenance of the Sebring Parkway.

State Court Facilities Trust - To account for the surcharge imposed per §318.18(13) FS that shall be used to fund state court facilities.

Innovations and Supplemental Courts Funding Trust - To account for the additional court cost imposed by §939.185 FS used to fund innovations to supplement state funding for the elements of the state court system identified in §29.004 FS and county funding for local requirements under §29.008(2)(a)2 FS.

Crime Prevention - To account for the court cost imposed per §775.083(2) FS for crime prevention programs in the county, including safe neighborhood programs.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Court Technology 28.24(12)(e)1 - To account for recording fees used to fund court related technology and court technology needs for the state trial courts, state attorney and public defender in the County.

Court - To account for the Child Support Enforcement grant activity, which is restricted by the grantor, and bond estreature activity.

Home Initiatives Partnership - To account for HUD funds to be used for housing rehabilitation, tenant based rental assistance, assistance to home buyers, acquisition of housing, and new construction of housing.

Placid Lakes Special Benefit Fire District - To account for assessments for fire protection.

Oak Manor Avenue Road Paving Special Benefit District - To account for assessments relating to paving Oak Manor Avenue.

Public Records Modernization Trust - To account for the additional service charges on recorded instruments used exclusively for modernizing the official record keeping systems in the Clerk's office per §28.24(12)(d) FS.

Teen Court Operations - To account for assessment of mandatory court costs for the operation and administration of the Highlands County Teen Court Program per §938.19 FS.

Court Related Technology Modernization Trust - To account for the recording fees used exclusively to fund court related technology information needs for the Clerk of Courts per §28.24(12)(e) FS.

Court Services - To account for court-related filing fees, service charges, fines, court costs, appropriations, and expenses of the Clerk as mandated by §28.35 FS.

Community Donations - To account for public donations received by the Sheriff's Office.

Inmate Welfare - To account for the profits earned from telephone services and commissary services operated within the County jail. Profits are earned from the sales of products such as candy and toothpaste to the inmates. Profits from these sales can only be spent for the benefit of the inmates.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Impact Fee Parks and Recreation Avon Park - Pursuant to County Ordinance 05-06-44, parks and recreation impact fees are collected by the County to provide growth-necessitated capital improvements in the area of parks and recreation.

Impact Fee Correctional Facilities - Pursuant to County Ordinance 05-06-44, correctional facility impact fees are collected by the County to provide growth-necessitated capital improvements in the area of correctional facilities.

Impact Fee Fire - Pursuant to County Ordinance 05-06-44, fire services impact fees are collected by the County to accommodate new development without decreasing the current level of fire services.

Impact Fee Libraries - Pursuant to County Ordinance 05-06-44, library services impact fees are collected by the County to accommodate new development without decreasing the current level of library services.

Impact Fee Law Enforcement - Pursuant to County Ordinance 05-06-44, law enforcement impact fees are collected by the County to provide growth-necessitated capital improvements in the area of law enforcement.

Impact Fee Emergency Medical Services - Pursuant to County Ordinance 05-06-44, emergency medical services impact fees are collected by the County to provide growth-necessitated capital improvements in the area of emergency medical services.

Thunderbird Hill Wastewater Special Benefit District - To account for assessments relating to financing the upgrade, construction and operations of the wastewater infrastructure for the Thunderbird Hills area.

Highlands County Fire Protection Special Benefit District - To account for assessments relating to fire protection within the County.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital – related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Highlands County Public Improvement Revenue Note (HCIPRN Construction) - The HCPIRN Construction Fund is a capital projects fund used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and infrastructure projects (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

										Se	Sebring	Á	Avon			Hig	Highlands
	Lake Placid	Ó	DeSoto	Orange	ge	Ξ̈́	Hickory	₫	Placid	റ്	Country	ď	Park	High	Highlands	_	Park
	Sun-N-Lake	-	City	Villa	Ø	_	Hills	Γø	Lakes	Es	Estates	Est	Estates	La	Lakes	Š	Special
	Estates	Ś	Special	Special	ial	S	Special	Sp	Special	g	Special	Spe	Special	Spe	Special	Ğ	Benefit
	Fire	á	Benefit	Benefit	əfit	Be	Benefit	Be .	Benefit	. A	Benefit	. Be	Benefit	. Ľ	Тах	_	Fire
	District	Fire	Fire District	District	ict	Ωį	District	Ĭ	District	ā	District	Dis	District	Dis	District		District
ASSETS																	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 217,050	↔	36,608	↔	884	↔	21,025	€9	271,124	↔	51,357	\$	468,068	↔	38,777	€	69,268
Investments	204,220		•				٠		250,264		•	~	803,364	τ-	100,000		'
Accounts Receivable - Net	2,197		•						282		٠		324		1,076		'
Due from Other Funds	•		٠		4		7		467		26		251				'
Due from Other Governmental Units	98		٠				٠		120		7		513		23		591
Prepaid Items	, '								<u>'</u>		. '		, '		i '		'
Total Assets	\$ 423,561	₩	36,608	↔	888	€	21,032	↔	522,257	↔	51,424	\$	1,272,520	\$	139,876	↔	69,859
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF																	
Liabilities:																	
Vouchers Payable	€	₩	٠	₩	253	₩	100	€9	9,712	€9	3,289	s	653	€9	٠	↔	6,984
Accrued Wages Payable	•		٠		٠		٠		٠		٠		٠		٠		'
Contracts Payable-Retained Percentage	•		٠		٠		٠		٠				٠		٠		•
Customer Deposits	•		٠		•		٠		400		•		٠		٠		
Due to Other Governmental Units	•		٠		•		٠				•		٠		٠		
Due to Other Funds	•		٠						٠		•				٠		•
Due to Others			•		٠		٠		•		•		٠		٠		
Advances from Other Funds	•		٠		•		•		٠		•		٠		٠		
Unearned Revenue	•		٠		٠				٠		•				٠		
Total Liabilities					253		100		10,112		3,289		653				6,984
Deferred Inflows of Resources:																	
Unavailable Revenue:																	
Charges for Services	•		٠		٠		٠		٠		٠		٠		٠		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources							٠		٠						٠		ľ
Fund Balances:																	
Nonspendable	•						•				•				•		'
Restricted	423,561		36,608		635		20,932		512,145		48,135	Ψ,	1,271,867	,-	139,876		62,875
Unassigned	•		'		1		'				'				'		'
Total Fund Balances	423,561		36,608		635		20,932		512,145		48,135	<u></u>	1,271,867	,-	139,876		62,875
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of																	
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 423,561	↔	36,608	↔	888	↔	21,032	↔	522,257	↔	51,424	\$	1,272,520	\$	139,876	↔	69,859

	Highlands		Leisure			Red	þ				Ĭ	Orange						
	Park		Lakes	Ø	Sebring	Ī	=				ш	Blossom					Inte	Intergov-
	Estates		Special		Hills	Fan	Farms					Estates	Sun-	Sun-N-Lakes			em	ernmental
	Improve-		Benefit	S	Special	Improve-	-evo	E911				Special	of Lak	of Lake Placid			æ	Radio
	ment		Fire District	шС	Benefit District	ment	ent	Emergency	> ··	Hospital District	. –	Benefit District	Rec	Recreation	Cons	Conservation Trust	Con	Communi- cations
ASSETS		 							l I									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 59,747	.7	159,754	↔	45,670	\$	135,948	↔	€	121,447	↔	23,038	↔	75,329	↔	220,510	↔	•
Investments		,	٠		•		٠		,	•		٠		٠		٠		٠
Accounts Receivable - Net		,	,		٠		٠			•				٠		٠		4,643
Due from Other Funds		,	٠		74		16	58,613	5	•		٠		175		٠		٠
Due from Other Governmental Units		,	17				18	133,565	35	•				31				•
Prepaid Items		 	'		'		'		 - -	'		•				٠		•
Total Assets	\$ 59,747	\$ 2.	159,771	₩	45,744	\$	135,982	\$ 192,178	82	121,447	↔	23,038	↔	75,535	↔	220,510	↔	4,643
LIABILITIES. DEFERRED INFLOWS OF																		
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES																		
Liabilities:																		
Variables Describes	6	6		6	040	6		6	6		6	cc	6	0000	6	0.7	6	0 7 20
vouchers Payable	Ð	0	•	Ð	2,812	0		Ð	0	•	Ð	77	Ð	7,300	Ð	/0	Ð	2,129
Accrued wages rayable										•								
Contracts Payable-Retained Percentage			•		•					•								•
Customer Deposits			•		•					•		•		•		1		•
Due to Other Governmental Units			•		•					•		•		•				•
Due to Other Funds		,	•		•			17,537	37	•								1,914
Due to Others			•							•						٠		•
Advances from Other Funds			•		•		٠			•		•		•		٠		•
Unearned Revenue			•		•		٠			•		1		٠		٠		٠
Total Liabilities		 •			2,912			17,537	37			22		2,988		87		4,643
Deferred Inflows of Resources:																		
Unavailable Revenue:																		
Charges for Services			•		•		٠	64,859	6.	•		•		•		٠		•
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		 -			'		'	64,859	 ရု			'		'		'		'
Fund Balances:																		
Nonspendable		,	٠							٠		٠						•
Restricted	59,747	7	159,771		42,832	÷	135,982	109,782	ŭ	121,447		23,016		72,547		220,423		٠
Unassigned		,							,									٠
Total Fund Balances	59,747	_~	159,771		42,832	1,1	135,982	109,782	 ₂₂	121,447		23,016		72,547		220,423		
Lotal Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Recourses and Fund Ralances	\$ 59 747	\$	159.771	€9	45.744	\$	135,982	\$ 192,178	82	121,447	€9	23.038	€.	75.535	¥	220 510	¥	4 643

								Special	Special Revenue Funds	Funds						
	Sebrinde	Orange	ge Ja	Lake	e G	Crida		Lake							Ĩ	Highway
	Acres	(Unit 12)	12	Estates	es	Special		Special						Special		Park
	Special	Special	jal (Special	ial	Benefit	±	Benefit		Law	Building	Florida		Law	S	Special
	Benefit	Benefit	fi	Benefit	əfit	Fire		Fire	Ш	Enforcement	Code	Boating	ш	Enforcement	Ā	Benefit
	District	District	ש	District	Ict	District	اپ	District		Education	Enforcement	Improvement		Trust		District
ASSETS																
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 98,567	↔	8,190	€	31,620	\$	59,484	\$ 55,530	\$	88,361	\$ 1,142,088	\$ 131,177	2	151,398	↔	34,411
Investments	75,000							345,000	0	140,623	1,726,018	100,000	00	65,623		•
Accounts Receivable - Net	123							3,712	2	1,801	8,781	16	163			
Due from Other Funds	27				59					•	•			•		20
Due from Other Governmental Units	22									•	•	3,161	51	684		~
Prepaid Items			•				•			•				•		٠
Total Assets	\$ 173,774	€	8,190	€	31,649	\$ 26	59,484	\$ 404,242	2	230,785	\$ 2,876,887	\$ 234,501	\$	217,705	₩	34,432
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF																
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:																
Vouchers Double	\$ CC P	6		6	4 500	6		ť	6		e	6	6		6	0.4
Voucinets rayable		9		9	1,323	9		•	9			9	9		9	6
Accrued vyages Payable	•									•	20,036			'		
Contracts Payable-Retained Percentage	•										•					
Customer Deposits	•									•	•			•		
Due to Other Governmental Units	•									•	7,894			•		
Due to Other Funds	•								,	•	•			•		٠
Due to Others	•									•	•			•		٠
Advances from Other Funds	•									•	•			•		
Unearned Revenue	'		۱				· 		 -	•	'		 -			
Total Liabilities	429				1,523					•	30,821			•		519
Deferred Inflows of Resources:																
Unavailable Revenue:																
Charges for Services	•									•	•			,		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	'		'		•		•		 -				 -			
Fund Balances:																
Nonspendable	•									•	•			٠		٠
Restricted	173,345		8,190	•	30,126	56	59,484	404,242	Ŋ	230,785	2,846,066	234,501	70	217,705		33,913
Unassigned	,		i		·				 -	•	'		 - 	'		•
Total Fund Balances	173,345		8,190		30,126	26	59,484	404,242	 2	230,785	2,846,066	234,501	ا اء	217,705		33,913
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of																
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 173,774	θ.	8,190	€	31,649	\$ 26	59,484	\$ 404,242	çş	230,785	\$ 2,876,887	\$ 234,501	-S	217,705	69	34,432

	Com	Community	Affor	Affordable	N-uns	Sun-N-Lakes	High Park b	Highlands Park Estates	· Ø	West	۵	Driver							
	Devel	Development Block	Hot Assis	Housing Assistance	1 - Improv	1 - 20 Improvement	S Be	Special Benefit	Ser	Special Benefit Fire	Edu	Education Safety	T. Deve	Tourist Development	Industrial Development		Domestic Violence	dsul	Fire
SET SE	5	Grant	=	ırust	=	Lust	ž ا	District	1	DISTRICT	-	I rust		ırust	Agency	 	Iraining	And	And Sarety
Cash and Cash Equivalents	↔	164	€	274,617	↔	58,174	↔	21,989	↔	488,501	↔	27,147	↔	209,844	\$ 1,005	\$ 20	94,131	€9	150,050
Investments		٠	. 4	252,657		٠		000'09		355,275		٠		689,588			•		٠
Accounts Receivable - Net		٠				٠		645		2,910		2,125		4,009			510		٠
Due from Other Funds		٠		٠		٠		172		•		٠					•		٠
Due from Other Governmental Units		٠		٠		٠		3,406		1		٠		113,539			•		٠
Prepaid Items		'		٠		•		'		•		•		1,000		 - 			٠
Total Assets	₩	164	€	527,274	€	58,174	↔	86,212	↔	846,697	↔	29,272	€	1,017,980	\$ 1,005	\$ 20	94,641	€9	150,050
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF																			
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES																			
Liabilities:																			
Vouchers Payable	↔	٠	↔	30,118	↔	٠	€	1,526	↔	•	€	18,848	↔	38,575	€9	₩.	•	€	718
Accrued Wages Payable		•		1,951		٠		•		•		٠		1,534					٠
Contracts Payable-Retained Percentage		•				•		•		•		•		•			•		•
Customer Deposits		•				•		250		•		•		•			•		•
Due to Other Governmental Units		•				•		•		•		•		•			•		•
Due to Other Funds		•				•		•		•		•		•					•
Due to Others		•				•		•		•		•		•		,	•		•
Advances from Other Funds		•				•		81,517		•		•		•		,	•		•
Unearned Revenue		1		•		1		'				•		•		 - 	•		1
Total Liabilities				32,069				83,293				18,848		40,109					718
Deferred Inflows of Resources:																			
Unavailable Revenue:																			
Charges for Services		•				٠		•		•		•		•		,	•		٠
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		١		١								١				l ·			١
Find Balances:																			
Nonspendable						٠		٠						1.000			٠		٠
Restricted		164	7	495,205		58,174		2,919		846,697		10,424		976,871	1,005	05	94,641		149,332
Unassigned		٠		٠		٠		•		•		٠		•		,	٠		٠
Total Fund Balances		164		495,205		58,174		2,919		846,697		10,424		977,871	1,005	02	94,641		149,332
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	↔	164	€	527,274	↔	58,174	↔	86,212	↔	846,697	↔	29,272	€	1,017,980	\$ 1,005	\$	94,641	↔	150,050

		Venus					Innovations and Supplemental	ons and mental							Placid Lakes Special
		Special	o T	Sebring	State Court Facilities	ourt	Courts	irts	Crime		Court Tech			Home	Benefit
	Ē	Fire District	Mai	Maintenance	Trust		Trust	st	Prevention	ļ	28.24(12)(e)1		Court	Partnership	District
ASSE1S Cash and Cash Equivalents	69	101.948	69	630.139	<u>`</u>	71.962	€9	20.344	\$8.099		\$ 74.177	€9	269.274	\$ 67.951	\$ 147.751
Investments	٠		٠	341,308			.					٢			
Accounts Receivable - Net				2,746	7	12,922		5,416	2,5	2,210	14,157		•	•	2,197
Due from Other Funds		٠		•				٠		,	•		٠	•	•
Due from Other Governmental Units		•		26,035				•			•		39,716	•	8
Prepaid Items Total Assets	69	101.948	69	1.000.228	\$ 256	3,421	69	25.760	- 155.932		39,422	69	308.990	- 67.951	\$ 354.176
														II .	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES															
Liabilities:															
Vouchers Payable	↔		↔	5,914	€9	2,057	€9	4,145	₩	1	\$ 17,768	€9	498	· \$	₩
Accrued Wages Payable		٠		•	•	2,952		٠		,	5,316		5,392	•	•
Contracts Payable-Retained Percentage				٠				٠						•	•
Customer Deposits		•		•									•	'	•
Due to Other Governmental Units		•		1				٠					•	1	•
Due to Other Funds		•		•				2,708			•		•	1	•
Due to Others		•		•							'		303,100	•	•
Advances from Other Funds		•		1				٠					•	1	•
Unearned Revenue				-				٠					-		•
Total Liabilities				5,914	4)	5,009		6,853		 -	23,084		308,990	•	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:															
Unavailable Revenue:															
Charges for Services		1		i				٠			i		1	1	•
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources						·		-		' ·	'			'	
Fund Balances:															
Nonspendable		•		•	()	3,421					39,422		•	•	•
Restricted		101,948		994,314	25,	251,503		18,907	155,932	932	65,250		•	67,951	354,176
Unassigned		1		1		·		اً ا		- I -				1	
Total Fund Balances		101,948		994,314	722	254,924		18,907	155,932	932	104,672		•	67,951	354,176
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of															
Resources, and Fund Balances	↔	101,948	↔	1,000,228	\$ 256	259,933	↔	25,760	\$ 155,932	932 \$	\$ 127,756	↔	308,990	\$ 67,951	\$ 354,176

Oak Manor Avenue Road Paving District	Mod A	Public		ے ک	Court							
Avenue oad Paving District	Mod R.			Ć	Related						lmpa	Impact Fee
oad Paving District	Wod ₩	Records	Teen	Tec	Technology	,	Homeowner's			,	Park	Parks and
	↔	Modernization Trust	Court Operations	Wod	Modernization Trust	Court	Foreclosure Education	Community Donations	unity tions	Inmate Welfare	Recr	Recreation Avon Park
	⇔											
		82,168	\$ 1,690	€	52,841	\$ 247,550	\$ 28	\$	66,466	\$ 489,858	\$	4,620
		156,842	•		52,281	•	'					
		283	•		94	•	1			33,238		
		,	•		•	•	•			•		٠
		•	•		•	2,566	1					
			'		'	'	'		·			'
	↔	239,293	\$ 1,690	&	105,216	\$ 250,116	\$ 28	\$	66,466	\$ 523,096	↔	4,620
1	↔	33,400	\$ 143	↔	324	\$ 5,029	\$	49		\$ 15,820	s	
•		,	279		3,596	31,505	'			311		
•		٠	•		1	•	•			٠		
1		,	•		٠	•	•			•		٠
•		,	•		٠	213,582	•			,		٠
415		٠	•		•	•	•					
•		,	'		,	•	•			,		٠
,		,	'		•	•	'			•		٠
•		,	•		٠	•	•			,		٠
415		33,400	422		3,920	250,116	•		·	16,131		•
٠		٠	•		٠	•	•			٠		٠
'		·	' 				' 		 			
•		٠	•		•	•	•			•		٠
,		205,893	1,268		101,296	•	28		36,466	506,965		4,620
(415)		,	•		,	•	•			,		٠
(415)		205,893	1,268		101,296		28		36,466	506,965		4,620
•	↔	239,293	\$ 1,690	₩	105,216	\$ 250,116	€9	↔		\$ 523,096	↔	4,620
	(415)	"	↔	205,893 - 205,893 - 205,893 \$ 239,293 \$	205,893 1,268 205,893 1,268 5 239,293 \$ 1,690	205,893	205,893 1,268 101,296	205,893 1,268 101,296	205,893	205,893 1,268 101,296 - 28 66,466 - 205,893 1,268 101,296 - 28 66,466 - 28 66,	205,893 1,268 101,296 - 28 66,466 5 5 529,293 \$ 1,690 \$ 105,216 \$ 250,116 \$ 250,116 \$ 5 66,466 \$ 5	205,893 1,268 101,296 - 205,893 1,268 101,296

				g	Special Revenue Funds	spun_			Capital Projects Fund	
							Thunderbird Hill Waste	Highlands		
	500				1000	Impact Fee		Fire Protection		Total All
	Correctional	Impact Fee		Impact Fee	Law	Medical		Benefit	HCPIRN	Governmental
0.00	Facilities	Fire	ا ^ا ا	Libraries	Enforcement	Services	District	District	Construction	Funds
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,554	\$ 4,829	8	1,728	\$ 1,337	\$ 1,034	4 \$ 31,743	\$ 814,713	\$ 5,494,567	\$ 13,913,423
Investments	•							654,251	•	6,813,785
Accounts Receivable - Net	•			•	'			333		106,897
Due from Other Funds	•			٠	1		- 49	13,694	•	73,654
Due from Other Governmental Units	•			٠				3,270	•	327,437
Prepaid Items			-	'				10,406		54,249
Total Assets	\$ 4,554	\$ 4,829	& 0	1,728	\$ 1,337	\$ 1,034	\$ 31,792	\$ 1,496,667	\$ 5,494,567	\$ 21,289,445
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF										
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Vouchers Payable	. ↔	€9	\$	٠	· ↔	↔	. ↔	\$ 36,672	\$ 27,097	\$ 273,743
Accrued Wages Payable	•			٠	1			91,195	•	164,067
Contracts Payable-Retained Percentage	•		,	•	'			•	•	
Customer Deposits	•			٠	1		,	•	•	650
Due to Other Governmental Units	•			•	1		'	•	•	221,476
Due to Other Funds	•			٠	1		,	•	•	22,574
Due to Others	•				1			•	•	303,100
Advances from Other Funds	•			•	1		- 40,392	•	•	121,909
Uneamed Revenue	'			٠	'			'	•	
Total Liabilities	•			1	•		- 40,392	127,867	27,097	1,107,519
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable Revenue:										
Charges for Services				٠	'				•	64,859
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	•			•	•			•	•	64,859
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable	•			٠	1			10,406	•	54,249
Restricted	4,554	4,829	6	1,728	1,337	1,034	,	1,358,394	5,467,470	20,071,833
Unassigned				٠	'		- (8,600)		•	(9,015)
Total Fund Balances	4,554	4,829	6	1,728	1,337	1,034	(8,600)	1,368,800	5,467,470	20,117,067
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 4,554	\$ 4,829	φ	1,728	\$ 1,337	\$ 1,034	4 \$ 31,792	\$ 1,496,667	\$ 5,494,567	\$ 21,289,445

		DeSoto				Sebring	Avon		Highlands
	Lake Placid	City	Orange	Hickory	Placid	Country	Park	Highlands	Park
	Sun-N-Lake	Special	Villa	E	Lakes	Estates	Estates	Lakes	Special
	Estates	Benefit	Special	Special	Special	Special	Special	Special	Benefit
	Fire	Fire	Benefit	Benefit	Benefit	Benefit	Benefit District	Tax	Fire
REVENUES			20180						
Taxes	49	€9	9	9	€	9	9	· \$	6
Licenses and Permits									
Intergovernmental									•
Charges for Services	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Fines and Forfeitures	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Assessments	8,989	2,133	1,275	2,424	158,515	20,067	89,383	1,824	1,047
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	099'6	109	7	105	10,524	251	23,572	3,461	338
Miscellaneous	က	266			180				•
Total Revenues	18,652	2,508	1,282	2,529	169,219	20,318	112,955	5,285	1,385
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General Government		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Public Safety	34,035	25,391	•	•	•	•	•	89,387	27,765
Physical Environment		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Transportation	•	•	1,715	5,193	165,255	22,163	42,883	•	•
Economic Environment	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Human Services					•	•			
Culture and Recreation	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Court Related		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Debt Service:									
Principal Retirement		5,839	•			•	•		•
Interest and Fiscal Charges	•	1,129	•	•		•	•	•	'
Total Expenditures	34,035	32,359	1,715	5,193	165,255	22,163	42,883	89,387	27,765
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(15,383)	(29,851)	(433)	(2,664)	3,964	(1,845)	70,072	(84,102)	(26,380)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers III									
Insurance Recoveries	•	•	•	1	•	•	•	•	'
Issuance of Debt		'				'		'	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		'	•	•	•	1	•		•
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(15,383)	(29,851)	(433)	(2,664)	3,964	(1,845)	70,072	(84,102)	(26,380)
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	438,944	66,459	1,068	23,596	508,181	49,980	1,201,795	223,978	89,255
FIND BALANCES - SEDTEMBED 30 2010		909 98 0	A 22	\$ 20.032	£10 11E	A8 135	4 7 27 4 867	130 876	87 878
FUND BALANCES - SET LEMBER 30, 2018	\$ 423,301	900,0c ¢	CC0 +	\$ 20,932	\$ 517,145	40,133	/QO'I /Z'I ¢	070,851 \$	¢ 07,013

					Special Re	Special Revenue Funds				
	Highlands Park Estates Improve- ment	Leisure Lakes Special Benefit	Sebring Hills Special Benefit	Red Hill Farms Improve- ment	E911 Emergency	Hospital	Orange Blossom Estates Special Benefit	Sun-N-Lakes of Lake Placid Recreation	Conserva-	Intergov- ernmental Radio Communi-
	Trust	District	District	District	Operations	District	District	District	Trust	cations
KEVENUES Taxes	€	€	<i>€</i>	€7	69	У	69	·	€9	€
Licenses and Permits	,	,	•	,	•	•	,	,	•	,
Intergovernmental	•	•	•	•	474,216	260,000	•	•	•	•
Charges for Services			•	•	365,974	•	•	•	34,125	50,465
Fines and Forfeitures		•	•	•		•			•	
Assessments		2,154	26,379	5,988	•			62,047	•	
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	263	1,886	221	1,373	•	612	102	365	2,216	•
Miscellaneous	•	•	'	'	'	•	•	2,300	•	30,210
Total Revenues	263	4,040	26,600	7,361	840,190	260,612	102	64,712	36,341	80,675
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government	•	•	•	•	•		•		•	
Public Safety	•	12,550	•	•	1,445,797	•	•	•	•	379,328
Physical Environment			•	•		•	•	•	4,942	
Transportation			20,047	583	•	•	270			
Economic Environment	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•
Human Services	•	•	•	•	•	223,857	•	•	•	
Culture and Recreation	•	•	•	•		•		52,019		
Court Related	•	•	•	•		•			•	
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement	•	•	•	•	•		•		•	•
Interest and Fiscal Charges		'	'	'		•	'	•	•	•
Total Expenditures		12,550	20,047	583	1,445,797	223,857	270	52,019	4,942	379,328
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	263	(8,510)	6,553	8,778	(605,607)	36,755	(168)	12,693	31,399	(298,653)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers In	•	'	•	•	605,607	1	•	•	•	298,653
Transfers Out				•	•					
Issuance of Debt	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					605,607					298,653
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	263	(8,510)	6,553	6,778	•	36,755	(168)	12,693	31,399	
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	59,484	168,281	36,279	129,204	109,782	84,692	23,184	59,854	189,024	
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ 59,747	\$ 159,771	\$ 42,832	\$ 135,982	\$ 109,782	\$ 121,447	\$ 23,016	\$ 72,547	\$ 220,423	· \$

					Special	Special Revenue Funds				
	-	Orange	Lake	-	Lake					-
	Sebring Acres	Blossom (Unit 12)	Haven Estates	Lorida Special	Placid		Building	Florida	Special	Highway Park
	Special	Special	Special	Benefit	Benefit	Law	Code	Boating	Enforce-	Special
	Benefit	Benefit	Benefit	Fire	Fire	Enforcement	Enforce-	Improve-	ment	Benefit
REVENUES					2000				200	
Taxes	5	· \$	· &	· \$	€9	. ↔	· \$	· \$	· \$	· \$
Licenses and Permits		•		•			939,289	•	•	
Intergovernmental		•	•	•	•	•		43,751	10,438	•
Charges for Services		1	•	•	•	20,252	128,009			
Fines and Forfeitures		1	•	•	•			•	•	٠
Assessments	9,641	•	10,342	413	88	•		•	•	7,070
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	2,022	36	150	281	9,028	3,140	51,279	2,615	2,695	155
Miscellaneous			•	•	•	•	3,523		•	
Total Revenues	11,663	36	10,492	694	9,116	23,392	1,122,100	46,366	13,133	7,225
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government			•						•	
Public Safety		•	•	16,006	152,754		636,643		32,478	
Physical Environment		•	•			•		•		•
Transportation	3,507	1	10,146	•	•	•	•	•	•	6,916
Economic Environment		•		•	•	•		•	•	
Human Services		•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•
Culture and Recreation		•	•	•	•	•	•	4,414	•	
Court Related		•	•		•	•		•	•	
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement		•	•	•	•	•		•	•	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		'	'	•	'	•	•	'	•	•
Total Expenditures	3,507		10,146	16,006	152,754		636,643	4,414	32,478	6,916
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	8,156	98	346	(15,312)	(143,638)	23,392	485,457	41,952	(19,345)	309
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers In	•	•	•	•	1	•	•	•	1	•
Transfers Out	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Insurance Recoveries				•		•		•		•
Total Other Eineneing Courses (1999)										
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	8,156	36	346	(15,312)	(143,638)	23,392	485,457	41,952	(19,345)	309
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	165,189	8,154	29,780	74,796	547,880	207,393	2,360,609	192,549	237,050	33,604
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ 173,345	\$ 8,190	\$ 30,126	\$ 59,484	\$ 404,242	\$ 230,785	\$ 2,846,066	\$ 234,501	\$ 217,705	\$ 33,913

					Special Revenue Funds	nue Funds				
	Community Development Block Grant	Affordable Housing Assistance Trust	Sun-N-Lakes 1 - 20 Improvement Trust	Highlands Park Estates Special Benefit	West Sebring Special Benefit Fire	Driver Education Safety Trust	Tourist Development Trust	Industrial Development Agency	Domestic Violence Training	Fire Inspection and Safety
REVENUES Taxes	5	·		- C	·	€	\$ 1.013.179	φ.		- C
Licenses and Permits	÷	÷	·	·	•	·		÷	·	770
Intergovernmental	944,114	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Charges for Services	•	218,340	•	41	•	24,404	•	•	7,833	20,190
Fines and Forfeitures				. 00	' 6					
Assessments Not Change in Fair Value of Investments	, 104	- 15 427	- 256	61,386	2,879	' 89	- 13 043	. 4	- 008	750
Miscellaneous	<u> </u>	12,501	- '	000,0	50.0	3 '	2,300	r '	55	9
Total Revenues	944,218	233,767	256	64,507	19,248	24,472	1,029,422	4	8,232	21,710
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Public Safety					69,645	18,847	•	•	•	4,948
Physical Environment		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	
Transportation		•		222,413	•	•	•	•	•	
Economic Environment	386,717	858,372			•	•	758,890		•	
Human Services										
Culture and Recreation							•	•		
Court Related	•				•	•	•	•	•	
Debt Service: Principal Retirement		٠	٠	٠	•	•	٠	٠	٠	٠
Interest and Fiscal Charges		•	•	3.946		•	•	•	•	
Total Expenditures	386,717	858,372		226,359	69,645	18,847	758,890			4,948
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	557,501	(624,605)	256	(161,852)	(50,397)	5,625	270,532	4	8,232	16,762
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers Out										
Insurance Recoveries	•	•	•	•	2,648	•	•	•	•	•
Issuance of Debt		•				•				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					2,648					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	557,501	(624,605)	256	(161,852)	(47,749)	5,625	270,532	4	8,232	16,762
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	(557,337)	1,119,810	57,918	164,771	894,446	4,799	707,339	1,001	86,409	132,570
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ 164	\$ 495,205	\$ 58,174	\$ 2,919	\$ 846,697	\$ 10,424	\$ 977,871	\$ 1,005	\$ 94,641	\$ 149,332

				o	Special Revenue Funds	qs.			
	Venus Special Benefit Fire	Sebring Parkway Maintenance	State Court Facilities Trust	Innovations and Supplemental Courts Funding	Crime	Court Tech 28.24(12)(e)1	Court	Home Initiatives Parthership	Placid Lakes Special Benefit Fire
REVENUES Taxes	₩	ω	₩	₩	υ.	\$	ω	· •	₩
Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Charnes for Services		41,930	150 055	- 75 254	- 33 279	- 15,000 157 325	300,937	- 282.29	
Crages for Services Fines and Forfeitures			0000	200	96	1 1		5.5	8 564
Assessments Net Change in Fair Value of Investments Miscellaneous	476	15,883	8,393	376	1,123	219	2,353	154	5,923
miscenariedus Total Revenues	476	57,813	158,448	75,630	34,498	172,584	303,290	67,521	14,487
EXPENDITURES Current:									
General Government	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Public Safety Physical Environment	13,790				40,331				2,429
Transportation	•	88,504	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Economic Environment	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	83	•
Human Services Culture and Recreation									
Court Related		•	220,780	132,271	•	273,574	303,290	•	•
Debt Service: Principal Retirement		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠
Interest and Fiscal Charges									'
Total Expenditures	13,790	88,504	220,780	132,271	40,331	273,574	303,290	83	2,429
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(13,314)	(30,691)	(62,332)	(56,641)	(5,833)	(100,990)	•	67,438	12,058
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In		148,518		30,832		109,346			
Transfers Out Insurance Recoveries			(15,845)	(18,819)					
Issuance of Debt Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		148,518	(15,845)	12,013		109,346			1
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(13,314)	117,827	(78,177)	(44,628)	(5,833)	8,356		67,438	12,058
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	115,262	876,487	333,101	63,535	161,765	96,316		513	342,118
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ 101,948	\$ 994,314	\$ 254,924	\$ 18,907	\$ 155,932	\$ 104,672	€	\$ 67,951	\$ 354,176

				Special Re	Special Revenue Funds				
	Oak Manor Avenue Road Paving	Public Records Modernization Trust	Teen Court Operations	Court Related Technology Modernization Trust	Court	Homeowner's Foreclosure Education	Community Donations	Inmate Welfare	Impact Fee Parks and Recreation Avon Park
REVENUES Taxes	У	ω	У	₩	↔	€	€	У	€
Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental									
Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures		52,302	17,674	148,628	1,102,820 541,877	- 28			
Assessments Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		4,274	. 13	2,266	3,328		0		- 20
Miscellaneous Total Revenues		2,725 59,301	17,687	158,294	1,864,115	28	53,136	342,143 342,143	20
EXPENDITURES Current:									
General Government	•	36,125		•	•	•			
Public Safety Deviced Environment							125,339	210,224	
Transportation	415			'					
Economic Environment		•		•		•	•		
Culture and Recreation									
Court Related	•	•	17,246	209,801	1,864,115			•	•
Principal Retirement		•		•	•		•	•	•
Interest and Fiscal Charges Total Expenditures	415	36.125	17.246	209.801	1.864.115		125.339	210.224	1
								1	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(415)	23,176	441	(51,507)	•	28	(72,203)	131,919	50
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In	•		•		,		,	,	
Transfers Out	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Insurance Recoveries Issuance of Debt									
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			•	-					ľ
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(415)	23,176	441	(51,507)	•	28	(72,203)	131,919	20
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		182,717	827	152,803	1	•	138,669	375,046	4,600
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ (415)	\$ 205,893	\$ 1,268	\$ 101,296	· \$	\$ 28	\$ 66,466	\$ 506,965	\$ 4,620

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA

			Spe	Special Revenue Funds	spu			Capital Projects Fund	
					1 1 2 2	Thunderbird Hill Waste	Highlands County		= v
	Impact Fee			Impact Fee	Emergency	Special	Special		Nonmajor
	Correctional Facilities	Impact Fee Fire	Impact Fee Libraries	Law Enforcement	Medical	Benefit District	Benefit District	HCPIRN	Governmental Funds
REVENUES									
Taxes	•	. ↔	· \$	· \$. ↔		. ↔	· \$	\$ 1,013,179
Licenses and Permits	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	940,059
Intergovernmental	•	•	i	•	•	•	•	•	2,306,476
Charges for Services	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	2,674,365
Fines and Forfeitures	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	541,973
Assessments		•	•	•	•	17,454	4,859,901	•	5,359,963
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	20	21	7	9	2	172	49,219	2,067	273,184
Miscellaneous			•				12,450		456,676
Total Revenues	20	21	7	9	5	17,626	4,921,570	2,067	13,565,875
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General Government	•	•	i	•	•	•	i	•	36,125
Public Safety	•	•	•	•	•	•	3,257,106	34,597	6,629,390
Physical Environment		•	•	•	•	1,696	•	•	6,638
Transportation	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		590,010
Economic Environment	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	2,004,062
Human Services		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	223,857
Culture and Recreation		•	•		•	•	•	•	56,433
Court Related	•	•	•		•	•	•		3,021,077
Debt Service:									
Principal Retirement		•	•	•	•		126,801		132,640
Interest and Fiscal Charges			•	'		1,000	2,420	•	8,495
Total Expenditures			1			2,696	3,386,327	34,597	12,708,727
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	20	21	7	9	5	14,930	1,535,243	(32,530)	857,148
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1,192,956
Transfers Out		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	(34,664)
Insurance Recoveries		•	•	•	•	•	1,739	•	4,387
Issuance of Debt		•	'	'	•	•	•	5,500,000	5,500,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			'	-			1,739	5,500,000	6,662,679
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	20	21	7	9	ις	14,930	1,536,982	5,467,470	7,519,827
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	4,534	4,808	1,721	1,331	1,029	(23,530)	(168,182)		12,597,240

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5,467,470

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1,337

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1,728

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4,554

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FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL LAKE PLACID SUN-N-LAKE ESTATES FIRE DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Bud	get			Fina	ance with al Budget ositive	
	Orio	ginal		Final	Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES							, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Assessments	\$	-	\$	5,119	\$ 8,989	\$	3,870	
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		-		90	9,660		9,570	
Miscellaneous		-		3	3		-	
Total Revenues		-		5,212	18,652		13,440	
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public Safety:								
Special Benefit Districts	3	49,308		444,156	 34,035		410,121	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(2)	240, 200)		(420 044)	(45.202)		400 EG4	
UNDER EXPENDITURES	(3	349,308)		(438,944)	(15,383)		423,561	
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	3	349,308		438,944	 438,944			
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	-	\$		\$ 423,561	\$	423,561	

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL DESOTO CITY SPECIAL BENEFIT FIRE DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Bud	dget Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,133	\$ 2,133
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	-	-	109	109
Miscellaneous	2,400	2,400	266	(2,134)
Total Revenues	2,400	2,400	2,508	108
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public Safety:				
Special Benefit Districts	32,359	25,391	25,391	-
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	-	5,839	5,839	-
Interest	<u>-</u> _	1,129	1,129	
Total Debt Service		6,968	6,968	
Total Expenditures	32,359	32,359	32,359	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES				
UNDER EXPENDITURES	(29,959)	(29,959)	(29,851)	108
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	29,959	29,959	66,459	36,500
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,608	\$ 36,608

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ORANGE VILLA SPECIAL BENEFIT DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Bud	lget				Final	nce with Budget sitive
	0	riginal	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Assessments	\$	1,254	\$	1,254	\$	1,275	\$	21
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments						7		7
Total Revenues		1,254		1,254		1,282		28
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Transportation:								
Special Benefit Districts		1,732		1,732		1,715		17
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES								
UNDER EXPENDITURES		(478)		(478)		(433)		45
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		478		478		1,068		590
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	_	\$	-	\$	635	\$	635

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL HICKORY HILLS SPECIAL BENEFIT DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Assessments	\$	2,400	\$	2,400	\$	2,424	\$	24
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments						105		105
Total Revenues		2,400		2,400		2,529		129
EXPENDITURES Current: Transportation: Special Benefit Districts		12,400		12,400		5,193		7,207
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(10,000)		(10,000)		(2,664)		7,336
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		10,000		10,000		23,596		13,596
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$		\$	-	\$	20,932	\$	20,932

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL PLACID LAKES SPECIAL BENEFIT DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Buc	dget				Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	(Original	Final		Actual		(N	legative)
REVENUES								
Assessments	\$	162,507	\$	162,507	\$	158,515	\$	(3,992)
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		1,320		1,320		10,524		9,204
Miscellaneous		-		-		180		180
Total Revenues		163,827		163,827		169,219		5,392
EXPENDITURES Current: Transportation:								
Special Benefit Districts		210,683		210,683		165,255		45,428
EXCESS OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		(46,856)		(46,856)		3,964		50,820
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		46,856		46,856		508,181		461,325
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	_	\$	_	\$	512,145	\$	512,145

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL OAK MANOR AVENUE ROAD PAVING FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

			dget				Final Po	nce with Budget sitive
	Orig	ginal	F	inal	A	ctual	(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Assessments	\$	-	\$	415	\$	-	\$	(415)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Transportation:								
Special Benefit Districts		-		415		415		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		-		(415)		(415)
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018								
						<u> </u>		
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(415)	\$	(415)

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEBRING COUNTRY ESTATES SPECIAL BENEFIT DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Assessments	\$	19,460	\$	19,460	\$	20,067	\$	607
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		110		110		251		141
Total Revenues		19,570		19,570		20,318		748
EXPENDITURES Current: Transportation: Special Benefit Districts		22,000		22,163		22,163		
Special Deficit Districts		22,000		22,103		22,103		
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(2,430)		(2,593)		(1,845)		748
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		2,430		2,593		49,980		47,387
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$		\$	-	\$	48,135	\$	48,135

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL AVON PARK ESTATES SPECIAL BENEFIT DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Buc	lget				Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Actual		1)	Negative)
REVENUES								_
Assessments	\$	87,628	\$	87,628	\$	89,383	\$	1,755
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		1,000		1,000		23,572		22,572
Total Revenues		88,628		88,628		112,955		24,327
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Transportation:								
Special Benefit Districts		88,628		88,628		42,883		45,745
EXCESS OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		-		-		70,072		70,072
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		_				1,201,795		1,201,795
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	-	\$	_	\$	1,271,867	\$	1,271,867

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL HIGHLANDS LAKES SPECIAL TAX DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final					Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES								<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Assessments	\$	-	\$	634	\$	1,824	\$	1,190
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments				5		3,461		3,456
Total Revenues		-		639		5,285		4,646
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety: Special Benefit Districts		163,138		224,615		89,387		135,228
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	('	163,138)	((223,976)		(84,102)		139,874
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		163,138		223,976		223,978		2
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	-	\$		\$	139,876	\$	139,876

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL HIGHLANDS PARK SPECIAL BENEFIT FIRE DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Assessments	\$	-	\$	195	\$	1,047	\$	852
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		100		278		338		60
Total Revenues		100		473		1,385		912
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety: Special Benefit Districts		98,001		99,520		27,765		71,755
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(97,901)		(99,047)		(26,380)		72,667
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		97,901		99,047		89,255		(9,792)
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$		\$	-	\$	62,875	\$	62,875

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL HIGHLANDS PARK ESTATES IMPROVEMENT TRUST FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES										<u> </u>
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	\$	200	\$	200	\$	263	\$	63		
EXPENDITURES Current: Transportation: Improvement Trust		20,000		20,000		<u>-</u>		20,000		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(19,800)		(19,800)		263		20,063		
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		19,800		19,800		59,484		39,684		
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$		\$		\$	59,747	\$	59,747		

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL LEISURE LAKES SPECIAL BENEFIT FIRE DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	 Bud Driginal	get	Actual	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)	
REVENUES						
Assessments	\$ -	\$	2,137	\$ 2,154	\$	17
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	 		1,823	 1,886		63
Total Revenues	-		3,960	4,040		80
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety:						
Special Benefit Districts	73,362		172,244	12,550		159,694
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(73,362)		(168,284)	(8,510)		159,774
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	 73,362		168,284	 168,281		(3)
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ _	\$	-	\$ 159,771	\$	159,771

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEBRING HILLS SPECIAL BENEFIT DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final					Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES								
Assessments	\$	25,883	\$	25,883	\$	26,379	\$	496
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		<u>-</u>				221		221
Total Revenues		25,883		25,883		26,600		717
EXPENDITURES Current: Transportation: Special Benefit Districts		25,883		25,883		20,047		5,836
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		-		6,553		6,553
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018						36,279		36,279
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	-	\$		\$	42,832	\$	42,832

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL RED HILL FARMS INPROVEMENT DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Buo	dget				Fina	ance with al Budget Positive
	0	riginal	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES						_		
Assessments	\$	6,413	\$	6,413	\$	5,988	\$	(425)
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		350		350		1,373		1,023
Total Revenues		6,763		6,763		7,361		598
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Transportation:								
Special Benefit Districts		6,763		6,763		583		6,180
EXCESS OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		-		-		6,778		6,778
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		-		-		129,204		129,204
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$		\$		\$	135,982	\$	135,982

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL E911 EMERGENCY OPERATIONS FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

REVENUES	Bud Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 470,823	\$ 474,216	\$ 3,393
Charges for Services	439,768	439,768	365,974	(73,794)
Total Revenues	439,768	910,591	840,190	(70,401)
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety: E911 Operations	1,033,589	1,504,412	1,445,797	58,615
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(593,821)	(593,821)	(605,607)	(11,786)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	593,821	593,821	605,607	11,786
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018			109,782	109,782
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 109,782	\$ 109,782

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOSPITAL DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Orig	Bud	get	Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
REVENUES	Orig	ınaı	Final		Actual		(Negative)		
	r.		ф	200 000	Φ	200 000	ф		
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	260,000	\$	260,000	\$		
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments						612		612	
Total Revenues		-		260,000		260,612		612	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Human Services:									
Other Human Services				260,000		223,857		36,143	
EXCESS OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES		-		-		36,755		36,755	
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018						84,692		84,692	
					· 				
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	_	\$	_	\$	121,447	\$	121,447	

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ORANGE BLOSSOM ESTATES SPECIAL BENEFIT DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	-					-		<u> </u>	
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	\$	75	\$	75	\$	102	\$	27	
EXPENDITURES Current: Transportation: Special Benefit Districts		23,325		23,325		270		23,055	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(23,250)		(23,250)		(168)		23,082	
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		23,250		23,250		23,184		(66)	
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$		\$		\$	23,016	\$	23,016	

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL SUN-N-LAKES OF LAKE PLACID RECREATION DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Buc		Fina	ance with al Budget ositive			
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES		_		_				
Assessments	\$	63,900	\$	63,900	\$	62,047	\$	(1,853)
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		200		200		365		165
Miscellaneous		2,000		2,000		2,300		300
Total Revenues		66,100		66,100		64,712		(1,388)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Culture and Recreation: Special Benefit Districts		97,433		97,433		52,019		45,414
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(31,333)		(31,333)		12,693		44,026
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		31,333		31,333		59,854		28,521
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	-	\$	_	\$	72,547	\$	72,547

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL CONSERVATION TRUST FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Bud	get				Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES							
Charges for Services	\$ -	\$	-	\$	34,125	\$	34,125
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	 <u>-</u>				2,216		2,216
Total Revenues	-		-	•	36,341		36,341
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Physical Environment: Conservation and Resource Management	61,460		63,816		4,942		58,874
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(61,460)		(63,816)		31,399		95,215
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	 61,460		63,816		189,024		125,208
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ 	\$		\$	220,423	\$	220,423

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL RADIO COMMUNICATIONS FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Charges for Services	\$ 3	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	50,465	\$	15,465
Miscellaneous	(31,500		31,500		30,210		(1,290)
Total Revenues	(66,500		66,500		80,675		14,175
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety:								
Other Public Safety	38	31,329		381,329		379,328		2,001
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(3	14,829)		(314,829)		(298,653)		16,176
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	3	14,829		314,829		298,653		(16,176)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018								
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEBRING ACRES SPECIAL BENEFIT DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

			dget				Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive
	0	riginal	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Assessments	\$	9,453	\$	9,453	\$	9,641	\$	188
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments						2,022		2,022
Total Revenues		9,453		9,453		11,663		2,210
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Transportation:								
Special Benefit Districts		9,453		9,453		3,507		5,946
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
EXPENDITURES		-		-		8,156		8,156
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018						165,189		165,189
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$		\$	-	\$	173,345	\$	173,345

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ORANGE BLOSSOM (UNIT 12) SPECIAL BENEFIT DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final				,	\ctual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES								<u> </u>
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36	\$	36
EXPENDITURES Current: Transportation:		0.005		0.005				0.005
Special Benefit Districts		8,005	-	8,005				8,005
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(8,005)		(8,005)		36		8,041
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		8,005		8,005		8,154		149
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$		\$		\$	8,190	\$	8,190

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL LAKE HAVEN ESTATES SPECIAL BENEFIT DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Assessments	\$	10,315	\$	10,315	\$	10,342	\$	27
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments						150		150
Total Revenues		10,315		10,315		10,492		177
EXPENDITURES Current: Transportation: Special Benefit Districts		11,458		11,458		10,146		1,312
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(1,143)		(1,143)		346		1,489
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		1,143		1,143		29,780		28,637
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	_	\$	-	\$	30,126	\$	30,126

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL LORIDA SPECIAL BENEFIT FIRE DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Bud	get		Fina	ance with al Budget ositive		
	O	riginal	F	inal	 Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES								
Assessments	\$	-	\$	228	\$ 413	\$	185	
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		-		147	281		134	
Total Revenues		-		375	694		319	
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public Safety:								
Special Benefit Districts		41,469		75,171	 16,006		59,165	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(41,469)		(74,796)	(15,312)		59,484	
SNDER EXI ENDITORED		(11,100)		(11,100)	(10,012)		00, 10 1	
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		41,469		74,796	74,796			
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 59,484	\$	59,484	

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL LAKE PLACID SPECIAL BENEFIT FIRE DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Bud	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Assessments	\$ -	\$ 179	\$ 88	\$ (91)	
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	-	34	9,028	8,994	
Miscellaneous	5,400	5,400	<u>-</u> _	(5,400)	
Total Revenues	5,400	5,613	9,116	3,503	
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety:					
Special Benefit Districts	426,712	548,094	152,754	395,340	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(421,312)	(542,481)	(143,638)	398,843	
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	421,312	542,481	547,880	5,399	
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 404,242	\$ 404,242	

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL LAW ENFORCEMENT EDUCATION FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Buo	dget				Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES							
Charges for Services	\$ 14,450	\$	14,450	\$	20,252	\$	5,802
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	 750		750		3,140		2,390
Total Revenues	15,200		15,200		23,392		8,192
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety: Sheriff	15,200		15,200		_		15,200
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-		-		23,392		23,392
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018					207,393		207,393
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ _	\$		\$	230,785	\$	230,785

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUILDING CODE ENFORCEMENT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

				Variance with Final Budget	
	Bud	get		Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Licenses and Permits	\$ 842,000	\$ 842,000	\$ 939,289	\$ 97,289	
Charges for Services	81,000	81,000	128,009	47,009	
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	4,000	4,000	51,279	47,279	
Miscellaneous	1,200	1,200	3,523	2,323	
Total Revenues	928,200	928,200	1,122,100	193,900	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Public Safety:					
Protective Inspections	696,680	755,040	636,643	118,397	
EXCESS OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	231,520	173,160	485,457	312,297	
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	(231,520)	(173,160)	2,360,609	2,533,769	
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,846,066	\$ 2,846,066	

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FLORIDA BOATING IMPROVEMENT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Bud	get				Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	 Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$ 45,000	\$	45,000	\$	43,751	\$	(1,249)
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	 500		500		2,615		2,115
Total Revenues	45,500		45,500		46,366		866
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Culture and Recreation:							
Parks Department	67,647		66,321		4,414		61,907
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(22,147)		(20,821)		41,952		62,773
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	22,147		20,821		192,549		171,728
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ _	\$	-	\$	234,501	\$	234,501

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Bud	get				Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Ori	ginal	Final		Actual		(Negative)		
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,438	\$	10,438	
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments						2,695		2,695	
Total Revenues		-		-		13,133		13,133	
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety:									
County Jail		-		237,050		32,478		204,572	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		-		(237,050)		(19,345)		217,705	
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018				237,050		237,050			
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$		\$	_	\$	217,705	\$	217,705	

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL HIGHWAY PARK SPECIAL BENEFIT DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Bud	 			Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive	
	0	riginal	 Final	Actual		(Negative)		
REVENUES								
Assessments	\$	6,926	\$ 6,926	\$	7,070	\$	144	
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments			 		155		155	
Total Revenues		6,926	6,926		7,225		299	
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Transportation:								
Special Benefit Districts		8,926	8,926		6,916		2,010	
Special Belletit Districts		0,920	 0,920		0,910		2,010	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(2,000)	(2,000)		309		2,309	
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		2,000	 2,000		33,604		31,604	
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$		\$ -	\$	33,913	\$	33,913	

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES		<u> </u>					,	
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	3,628	\$ 944,114	\$	940,486	
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments					 104		104	
Total Revenues		-		3,628	944,218		940,590	
EXPENDITURES Current: Economic Environment: Community Development Block Grant				386,717	386,717			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		(383,089)	557,501		940,590	
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018				383,089	(557,337)		(940,426)	
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 164	\$	164	

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL AFFORDABLE HOUSING ASSISTANCE TRUST FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Budget				Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive	
	Original	F	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	585,283	\$	-	\$	(585,283)	
Charges for Services	-	i	270,400		218,340		(52,060)	
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	-		12,229		15,427		3,198	
Total Revenues	-		867,912		233,767		(634,145)	
EXPENDITURES Current: Economic Environment:								
	416,166	1	,312,697		858,372		454,325	
State Housing Assistance Grant	410,100		,312,091		030,372		454,325	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES								
UNDER EXPENDITURES	(416,166)	(444,785)		(624,605)		(179,820)	
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	416,166		444,785		1,119,810		675,025	
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ -	\$	-	\$	495,205	\$	495,205	

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL SUN-N-LAKES 1 - 20 IMPROVEMENT TRUST YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES								<u> </u>	
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	\$	150	\$	150	\$	256	\$	106	
EXPENDITURES Current: Transportation: Special Benefit Districts		57,750		57,750		_		57,750	
Opedial Bellett Districts		37,730		37,730				37,730	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(57,600)		(57,600)		256		57,856	
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		57,600		57,600		57,918		318	
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$		\$		\$	58,174	\$	58,174	

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL HIGHLANDS PARK ESTATES SPECIAL BENEFIT DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final					Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES								
Charges for Services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	41	\$	41
Assessments		61,256		61,256		61,386		130
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		1,500		1,500		3,080		1,580
Total Revenues		62,756		62,756		64,507		1,751
EXPENDITURES Current: Transportation: Special Benefit Districts Debt Service:		123,963		298,873		222,413		76,460
				2.046		2.040		
Interest				3,946		3,946		
Total Expenditures		123,963		302,819		226,359		76,460
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(61,207)		(240,063)		(161,852)		78,211
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		61,207		240,063		164,771		(75,292)
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,919	\$	2,919

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL WEST SEBRING SPECIAL BENEFIT FIRE DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		dget Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
REVENUES	Original	Fillal	Actual	(Negative)	
	Φ.	Φ 4.050	Φ 0.070	Φ 4.004	
Assessments	\$ -	\$ 1,658	\$ 2,879	\$ 1,221	
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	6,025	9,264	16,369	7,105	
Miscellaneous	6,600	6,600		(6,600)	
Total Revenues	12,625	17,522	19,248	1,726	
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety: Special Benefit Districts	921,219	1,110,882	69,645	1,041,237	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(908,594)	(1,093,360)	(50,397)	1,042,963	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Insurance Recoveries		2,648	2,648		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(908,594)	(1,090,712)	(47,749)	1,042,963	
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	908,594	1,093,360	894,446	(198,914)	
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ 2,648	\$ 846,697	\$ 844,049	

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL DRIVER EDUCATION SAFETY TRUST FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final				Actual	Fina P	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES							, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Charges for Services	\$	18,000	\$	18,850	\$ 24,404	\$	5,554
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		-			68		68
Total Revenues		18,000		18,850	24,472		5,622
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety: Sheriff		18,000		18,850	18,847		3
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		-	5,625		5,625
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		-			4,799		4,799
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	-	\$		\$ 10,424	\$	10,424

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	B Original	udget Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 880,000	\$ 880,000	\$ 1,013,179	\$ 133,179
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	-	-	13,943	13,943
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>	2,300	2,300
Total Revenues	880,000	880,000	1,029,422	149,422
EXPENDITURES Current: Physical Environment: Lakes	40,000	40,000	-	40,000
Economic Environment:				
Industry Development	1,047,386	1,161,891	758,890	403,001
,			,	· · ·
Total Expenditures	1,087,386	1,201,891	758,890	443,001
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(207,386)	(321,891)	270,532	592,423
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	207,386	321,891	707,339	385,448
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 977,871	\$ 977,871

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL DOMESTIC VIOLENCE TRAINING FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final			 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES							
Charges for Services	\$	5,500	\$	5,500	\$ 7,833	\$	2,333
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		200		200	 399		199
Total Revenues		5,700		5,700	8,232		2,532
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety: Sheriff		5,700		5,700			5,700
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		-	8,232		8,232
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018					86,409		86,409
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	-	\$		\$ 94,641	\$	94,641

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FIRE INSPECTION AND SAFETY FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES		nginai		T III CI		Hotau		logativo)	
Licenses and Permits	\$	1,200	\$	1,200	\$	770	\$	(430)	
Charges for Services		16,285		16,285		20,190		3,905	
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		462		462		750		288	
Total Revenues		17,947		17,947		21,710		3,763	
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety:									
Fire Control		27,625		27,625		4,948		22,677	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(9,678)		(9,678)		16,762		26,440	
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		9,678		9,678		132,570		122,892	
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$	149,332	\$	149,332	

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL VENUS SPECIAL BENEFIT FIRE DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget						Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	C	Original		Final		Actual	(N	legative)
REVENUES								
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	\$		\$	224	\$	476	\$	252
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety:								
Special Benefit Districts		39,311		115,489		13,790		101,699
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES								
UNDER EXPENDITURES		(39,311)		(115,265)		(13,314)		101,951
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		39,311		115,265		115,262		(3)
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$		\$		\$	101,948	\$	101,948

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEBRING PARKWAY MAINTENANCE FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

				Variance with Final Budget
		lget	A I	Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 66,404	\$ 66,404	\$ 41,930	\$ (24,474)
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments			15,883	15,883
Total Revenues	66,404	66,404	57,813	(8,591)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Transportation:				
Other Transportation	214,283	214,283	88,504	125,779
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES				
UNDER EXPENDITURES	(147,879)	(147,879)	(30,691)	117,188
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers In	147,879	147,879	148,518	639
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			117 007	117 027
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	117,827	117,827
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018			876,487	876,487
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 994,314	\$ 994,314

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL STATE COURT FACILITIES TRUST FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

				Variance with Final Budget
	Buc	dget		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Charges for Services	\$ 110,700	\$ 110,700	\$ 150,055	\$ 39,355
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	2,120	2,120	8,393	6,273
Total Revenues	112,820	112,820	158,448	45,628
EXPENDITURES Current: Court Related:				
Operating Expenses	259,486	265,551	220,780	44,771
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(146,666)	(152,731)	(62,332)	90,399
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers Out		(15,845)	(15,845)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(146,666)	(168,576)	(78,177)	90,399
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	146,666	168,576	333,101	164,525
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 254,924	\$ 254,924

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL INNOVATIONS AND SUPPLEMENTAL COURTS FUNDING TRUST FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Buo	lget				Fina	ance with al Budget Positive
	Original F			Final	Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Charges for Services	\$	70,401	\$	72,827	\$	75,254	\$	2,427
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		400		443		376		(67)
Total Revenues		70,801		73,270		75,630		2,360
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Court Related:								
Operating Expenses		145,651		145,651		132,271		13,380
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES								
UNDER EXPENDITURES		(74,850)		(72,381)		(56,641)		15,740
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		32,250		32,250		30,832		(1,418)
Transfers Out		(35,200)		(37,669)		(18,819)		18,850
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,950)		(5,419)		12,013		17,432
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(77,800)		(77,800)		(44,628)		33,172
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		77,800		77,800		63,535		(14,265)
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	18,907	\$	18,907

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL CRIME PREVENTION FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Buc	lget			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original Final			Actual	(N	legative)	
REVENUES							
Charges for Services	\$	32,950	\$	32,950	\$ 33,279	\$	329
Fines and Forfeitures		-		-	96		96
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		795		795	1,123		328
Total Revenues		33,745		33,745	34,498		753
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Public Safety:							
Operating Expenses		40,487		40,487	40,331		156
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(6,742)		(6,742)	(5,833)		909
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		6,742		6,742	 161,765		155,023
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 155,932	\$	155,932

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL COURT TECH 28.24(12)(e)1 FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Bud Original	lget Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ -
Charges for Services	194,798	194,798	157,325	(37,473)
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	30	30	219	189
Miscellaneous	15,000		40	40
Total Revenues	209,828	209,828	172,584	(37,244)
EXPENDITURES Current: Court Related: Operating Expenses	478,519	478,519	273,574	204,945
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(268,691)	(268,691)	(100,990)	167,701
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	218,691	218,691	109,346	(109,345)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(50,000)	(50,000)	8,356	58,356
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	50,000	50,000	96,316	46,316
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 104,672	\$ 104,672

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOME INITIATIVES PARTNERSHIP FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES							
Charges for Services	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 67,367	\$	67,367
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments					 154		154
Total Revenues		-		-	67,521		67,521
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Economic Environment:							
Operating Expenses				522	83		439
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		(522)	67,438		67,960
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018				522	513		(9)
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	-	\$		\$ 67,951	\$	67,951

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL PLACID LAKES FIRE SPECIAL BENEFIT DISTRICT FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final			Actual	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)	
REVENUES							
Assessments	\$	-	\$	280	\$ 8,564	\$	8,284
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		-		219	 5,923		5,704
Total Revenues		-		499	14,487		13,988
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety:							
Special Benefit Districts		207,175		342,616	 2,429		340,187
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(207,175)		(342,117)	12,058		354,175
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		207,175		342,117	 342,118		1
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$		\$		\$ 354,176	\$	354,176

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL IMPACT FEE - TRANSPORTATION – LAKE PLACID YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Buo	dget Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES			7.0.00	(i togaii to)		
Intergovernmental	\$ 236,032	\$ 236,032	\$ 216,090	\$ (19,942)		
Charges for Services	1,061,235	1,061,235	1,102,820	41,585		
Fines and Forfeitures	489,980	489,980	541,877	51,897		
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	600	600	3,328	2,728		
Total Revenues	1,787,847	1,787,847	1,864,115	76,268		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Court Related:	4 707 0 47	4 707 0 47	1 001 115	(70,000)		
Operating Expenses	1,787,847	1,787,847	1,864,115	(76,268)		
EXCESS OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	-	-	-	-		
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018						
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL IMPACT FEE - PARKS AND RECREATION - AVON PARK YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		lget	Final	,	\ atual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive
REVENUES	 Original		rinai		Actual	(176	egative)
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	\$ 14	\$	14	\$	20	\$	6
EXPENDITURES Current: Culture and Recreation: Impact Fees	4,615		4,615		-		4,615
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(4,601)		(4,601)		20		4,621
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	4,601		4,601		4,600		(1)
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ 	\$	-	\$	4,620	\$	4,620

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL IMPACT FEE - CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	 Bud Priginal	lget	Final	,	\ctual	Fina P	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES	 rigiriai		Піпаі		Actual	(146	egative)
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	\$ 14	\$	14	\$	20	\$	6
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety: Impact Fees	4,548		4,548				4,548
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(4,534)		(4,534)		20		4,554
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	4,534		4,534		4,534		
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ -	\$	-	\$	4,554	\$	4,554

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL IMPACT FEE - FIRE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Buo Driginal	lget	Final	ļ	\ctual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES	-			-	-			<u> </u>
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	\$	15	\$	15	\$	21	\$	6
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety: Impact Fees		4,824		4,824				4,824
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(4,809)		(4,809)		21		4,830
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		4,809		4,809		4,808		(1)
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$		\$		\$	4,829	\$	4,829

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL IMPACT FEE - LIBRARIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	 Buo Driginal	 Final	ļ	Actual	Fina P	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES	<u> </u>				,	<u>, , </u>
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$	7	\$	2
EXPENDITURES Current: Culture and Recreation: Impact Fees	1,726_	1,726_		<u>-</u>		1,726_
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,721)	(1,721)		7		1,728
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	 1,721	 1,721		1,721		
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ 	\$ 	\$	1,728	\$	1,728

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL IMPACT FEE - LAW ENFORCEMENT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	 Buo Driginal	lget	Final	,	Actual	Fina P	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES							<u>, , </u>
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	\$ 4	\$	4	\$	6	\$	2
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety: Impact Fees	1,335		1,335		<u>-</u>		1,335
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,331)		(1,331)		6		1,337
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	 1,331		1,331		1,331		
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ -	\$	_	\$	1,337	\$	1,337

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL IMPACT FEE - EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	 Buc Priginal	lget	Final	ļ	Actual	Fina P	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES	<u> </u>						, ,
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	\$ 3	\$	3	\$	5	\$	2
EXPENDITURES: Current: Public Safety: Impact Fees	1,033		1,033				1,033
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,030)		(1,030)		5		1,035
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	 1,030		1,030		1,029		(1)
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,034	\$	1,034

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL THUNDERBIRD HILL WASTE WATER SPECIAL BENEFIT DISTRICT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budget Original Final					Actual	Fin	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
REVENUES								
Assessments	\$	17,195	\$	17,195	\$	17,454	\$	259
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		66		66		172		106
Total Revenues		17,261		17,261		17,626		365
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Physical Environment:								
Special Benefit District		6,653		6,653		1,696		4,957
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		9,608		9,608		-		9,608
Interest		1,000		1,000		1,000		-
Total Debt Service		10,608		10,608		1,000		9,608
Total Expenditures		17,261		17,261		2,696		14,565
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
EXPENDITURES		-		-		14,930		14,930
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018						(23,530)		(23,530)
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(8,600)	\$	(8,600)

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL HIGHLANDS COUNTY FIRE PROTECTION SPECIAL BENEFIT DISTRICT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Bud	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Assessments	\$ 4,845,938	\$ 4,845,938	\$ 4,859,901	\$ 13,963
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	-	-	49,219	49,219
Miscellaneous Revenue	-	-	12,450	12,450
Total Revenues	4,845,938	4,845,938	4,921,570	75,632
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public Safety:	4 500 075	4 G12 E7E	2 257 106	1 256 460
Special Benefit District	4,598,075	4,613,575	3,257,106	1,356,469
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	240,608	225,108	126,801	98,307
Interest	7,255	7,255	2,420	4,835
Total Debt Service	247,863	232,363	129,221	103,142
Total Expenditures	4,845,938	4,845,938	3,386,327	1,459,611
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	-	-	1,535,243	1,535,243
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Insurance Recoveries			1,739	1,739
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	1,536,982	1,536,982
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018			(168,182)	(168,182)
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,368,800	\$ 1,368,800

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

HIGHLANDS COUNTY PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REVENUE NOTE FUND (HCPIRN CONSTRUCTION) FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Bud	dget				Fina	ance with Il Budget ositive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,067	\$	2,067
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public Safety:								
Special Benefit District			5,	500,000		34,597	5	,465,403
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		-	(5,	500,000)		(32,530)	5	,467,470
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of Debt			5,	500,000		5,500,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-	į	5,467,470	5	,467,470
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018								
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	-	\$		\$:	5,467,470	\$ 5	,467,470

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the Board and to other governmental units on a cost reimbursement basis. The Board maintains the following Internal Service Funds:

Employee Benefit - To account for employer, employee and retiree contributions to the County's health and dental plans and the payment of health and dental expenses.

Insurance - To account for activity related to property, general liability, public officials and employment practices liability, automobile, crime and worker's compensation needs of County departments and elected officials.

Compensated Absences - To account for accumulated leave credits, which will be paid to employees upon termination of employment.

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Employee Benefit Fund	Insurance Fund	Compensated Absences Fund	Total
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,699,806	\$ 68,739	\$ 4,161,447	\$ 5,929,992
Investments	660,501	-	1,145,358	1,805,859
Accounts Receivable	9,206	-	442	9,648
Due from Other Governmental Units	-	-	-	-
Due from Other Funds				
Total Assets	2,369,513	68,739	5,307,247	7,745,499
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Vouchers Payable	709,290	-	801	710,091
Claims Payable	447,769	1,164	-	448,933
Unearned Revenues	819,482	-	-	819,482
Total Current Liabilities	1,976,541	1,164	801	1,978,506
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Compensated Absences			5,306,446	5,306,446
Total Liabilities	1,976,541	1,164	5,307,247	7,284,952
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted	392,972	67,575		460,547
Total Net Position	\$ 392,972	\$ 67,575	\$ -	\$ 460,547

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Employee Benefit Fund		Insurance Fund		Compensated Absences Fund		Total
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for Services	\$	9,300,912	\$	1,774,392	\$	4,939,330	\$ 16,014,634
OPERATING EXPENSES							
General and Administrative		1,445,591		-		5,039,197	6,484,788
Insurance and Claims		8,231,262		1,743,072		-	9,974,334
Total Operating Expenses		9,676,853		1,743,072		5,039,197	16,459,122
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(375,941)		31,320		(99,867)	(444,488)
NONOPERATING REVENUES							
Net Change in Fair Value							
of Investments		45,370		2		99,867	145,239
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(330,571)		31,322		-	(299,249)
Net Position - October 1, 2018		723,543		36,253			759,796
NET POSITION - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	392,972	\$	67,575	\$		\$ 460,547

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Cash FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Employee Benefit Fund	Insurance Fund	Compensated Absences Fund	Total
Cash Payments for Insurance Premiums and Claims	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1 4114	T dild	T dild	Total
Cash Payments to Employees for Services (4,889,883) (4,889,883) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities (507,264) 31,644 249,647 (225,973)	Cash Received From Internal Customers	\$ 9,735,255	\$ 1,774,877	\$ 4,939,330	\$ 16,449,462
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	Cash Payments for Insurance Premiums and Claims	(10,242,519)	(1,743,233)	-	(11,985,752)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	Cash Payments to Employees for Services	-	-	(4,689,683)	
Advance to Other Funds		(507,264)	31,644		
Advance to Other Funds - - 216,095 216,095 Repayment on Advance to Other Funds - - (375) (375) Transfer to Other Constitutional Officers - - 215,720 215,720 Transfer to Other Constitutional Officers - - 215,720 215,720 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES - - 152,835 662,478 Purchase of Investments 509,643 - 152,835 662,478 Investments Income 23,801 2 77,997 107,800 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities (615,213) 2 (408,488) (1,023,699) NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (1,122,477) 31,646 56,879 (1,033,952) Cash and Cash Equivalents - October 1, 2018 2,822,283 37,093 4,104,568 6,963,944 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 \$ 1,699,806 \$ 68,739 \$ 4,161,447 \$ 5,929,992 RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) \$ 1,699,806 \$ 68,739 \$ 3,132 \$ (99,867)	CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING				
Repayment on Advance to Other Funds	ACTIVITIES				
Transfer to Other Constitutional Officers	Advance to Other Funds	-	-	-	-
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities - - 215,720 215,720	Repayment on Advance to Other Funds	-	-	216,095	216,095
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	Transfer to Other Constitutional Officers			(375)	(375)
Purchase of Investments	Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		-	215,720	215,720
Sale of Investments	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investment Income 29,801 2 77,997 107,800 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities (615,213) 2 (408,488) (1,023,699) NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (1,122,477) 31,646 56,879 (1,033,952) Cash and Cash Equivalents - October 1, 2018 2,822,283 37,093 4,104,568 6,963,944 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 \$1,699,806 \$68,739 \$4,161,447 \$5,929,992 RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) (375,941) \$1,320 (99,867) (444,488) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Changes in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in: Accounts Receivable (3,568) (3,568) Due from Other Governmental Units 485 485 Increase (Decrease) in: Vouchers Payable (580,632) (580,632) Claims Payable 14,966 (161) 14,805 Compensated Absences 437,911 437,911 Total Adjustments (13,1323) 324 349,514 218,515	Purchase of Investments	(1,154,657)	-	(639,320)	(1,793,977)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (1,122,477) 31,646 56,879 (1,033,952) Cash and Cash Equivalents - October 1, 2018 2,822,283 37,093 4,104,568 6,963,944 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 \$ 1,699,806 \$ 68,739 \$ 4,161,447 \$ 5,929,992 RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$ (375,941) \$ 31,320 (99,867) \$ (444,488) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: \$ (375,941) \$ 31,320 (99,867) \$ (444,488) Changes in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in: \$ (3,568) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Sale of Investments	509,643	-	152,835	662,478
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (1,122,477) 31,646 56,879 (1,033,952) Cash and Cash Equivalents - October 1, 2018 2,822,283 37,093 4,104,568 6,963,944 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 \$1,699,806 \$68,739 \$4,161,447 \$5,929,992 RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Changes in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in: Accounts Receivable Charges in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in: Vouchers Payable (580,632) Claims Payable (580,632) Claims Payable (580,632) Compensated Absences 437,911 Total Adjustments (131,323) 324 349,514 218,515	Investment Income	29,801	2	77,997	107,800
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and Cash Equivalents - October 1, 2018 2,822,283 37,093 4,104,568 6,963,944 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - \$ 1,699,806 SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 September 30, 2019 RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Changes in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in: Accounts Receivable Compensated Absences Vouchers Payable (580,632) Claims Payable 14,966 Compensated Absences 437,911 Total Adjustments (131,323) 314,104,568 6,963,944 4,104,568 6,963,944 \$ 5,929,992 (444,488) 8,161,447 \$ 5,929,992 (444,488) 8,161,447 \$ 5,929,992 (444,488) 8,161,447 \$ 5,929,992 (444,488) 8,161,447 \$ 5,929,992 (444,488) 8,161,447 \$ 1,699,866 \$ 1,693,994 \$ 1,161,447 \$ 1,698,894 \$ 1,161,447 \$ 1,698,894 \$ 1,699,867 \$ 1,	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(615,213)	2	(408,488)	(1,023,699)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - October 1, 2018 2,822,283 37,093 4,104,568 6,963,944 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 \$ 1,699,806 \$ 68,739 \$ 4,161,447 \$ 5,929,992 RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) \$ (375,941) \$ 31,320 \$ (99,867) \$ (444,488) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: \$ (375,941) \$ 31,320 \$ (99,867) \$ (444,488) Changes in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in: \$ (3,568) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 \$ 1,699,806 \$ 68,739 \$ 4,161,447 \$ 5,929,992	AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,122,477)	31,646	56,879	(1,033,952)
SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 \$ 1,699,806 \$ 68,739 \$ 4,161,447 \$ 5,929,992	Cash and Cash Equivalents - October 1, 2018	2,822,283	37,093	4,104,568	6,963,944
(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) \$ (375,941) \$ 31,320 \$ (99,867) \$ (444,488) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Changes in Assets and Liabilities: \$ (100,000)		\$ 1,699,806	\$ 68,739	\$ 4,161,447	\$ 5,929,992
Operating Income (Loss) \$ (375,941) \$ 31,320 \$ (99,867) \$ (444,488) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Changes in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in: Accounts Receivable (3,568) - - (3,568) Due from Other Governmental Units - 485 - 485 Increase (Decrease) in: Vouchers Payable (580,632) - - - (580,632) Claims Payable 14,966 (161) - 14,805 Compensated Absences - - 349,514 349,514 Unearned Revenues 437,911 - - 437,911 Total Adjustments (131,323) 324 349,514 218,515	(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY				
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Changes in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in: Accounts Receivable Due from Other Governmental Units Increase (Decrease) in: Vouchers Payable Claims Payable Compensated Absences Unearned Revenues Total Adjustments (13,568) (3,568) (3,568) (485) (580,632) (580,632) (580,632) (580,632) (485) (Ф (075 044)	Ф 04.000	ф (00 00 7)	Ф (444.400)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in: (3,568) Accounts Receivable (3,568) Due from Other Governmental Units - 485 Increase (Decrease) in: - - - (580,632) Vouchers Payable (580,632) - - - (580,632) Claims Payable 14,966 (161) - 14,805 Compensated Absences - - 349,514 349,514 Unearned Revenues 437,911 - - 437,911 Total Adjustments (131,323) 324 349,514 218,515	Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided	\$ (375,941)	\$ 31,320	\$ (99,867)	\$ (444,400)
(Increase) Decrease in: (3,568) - - (3,568) Due from Other Governmental Units - 485 - 485 Increase (Decrease) in: Vouchers Payable (580,632) - - - (580,632) Claims Payable 14,966 (161) - 14,805 Compensated Absences - - 349,514 349,514 Unearned Revenues 437,911 - - 437,911 Total Adjustments (131,323) 324 349,514 218,515					
Accounts Receivable (3,568) - - (3,568) Due from Other Governmental Units - 485 - 485 Increase (Decrease) in: Vouchers Payable (580,632) - - - (580,632) Claims Payable 14,966 (161) - 14,805 Compensated Absences - - 349,514 349,514 Unearned Revenues 437,911 - - 437,911 Total Adjustments (131,323) 324 349,514 218,515					
Due from Other Governmental Units - 485 - 485 Increase (Decrease) in: - - - (580,632) - - - (580,632) - - - 14,805 - - 14,805 - - - - 349,514 349,514 - - - 437,911 - - - 437,911 - - - 437,911 - - - 437,911 - - - 437,911 - - - 437,911 - - - 437,911 - - - 437,911 - - - 437,911 - - - - 437,911 - <td></td> <td>(3.568)</td> <td><u>-</u></td> <td>_</td> <td>(3.568)</td>		(3.568)	<u>-</u>	_	(3.568)
Increase (Decrease) in: (580,632) - - (580,632) Vouchers Payable 14,966 (161) - 14,805 Compensated Absences - - 349,514 349,514 Unearned Revenues 437,911 - - 437,911 Total Adjustments (131,323) 324 349,514 218,515		(0,000)	485	_	
Vouchers Payable (580,632) - - (580,632) Claims Payable 14,966 (161) - 14,805 Compensated Absences - - - 349,514 Unearned Revenues 437,911 - - 437,911 Total Adjustments (131,323) 324 349,514 218,515					
Claims Payable 14,966 (161) - 14,805 Compensated Absences - - 349,514 349,514 Unearned Revenues 437,911 - - 437,911 Total Adjustments (131,323) 324 349,514 218,515	,	(580.632)	_	-	(580.632)
Compensated Absences - - 349,514 349,514 Unearned Revenues 437,911 - - 437,911 Total Adjustments (131,323) 324 349,514 218,515			(161)	_	
Unearned Revenues 437,911 - - 437,911 Total Adjustments (131,323) 324 349,514 218,515		-	-	349.514	
Total Adjustments (131,323) 324 349,514 218,515	•	437.911	_	-	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities <u>\$ (507,264)</u> <u>\$ 31,644</u> <u>\$ 249,647</u> <u>\$ (225,973)</u>			324	349,514	
	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (507,264)	\$ 31,644	\$ 249,647	\$ (225,973)

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS (FIDUCIARY FUNDS)

These funds account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds.

The County maintains the following Fiduciary Funds:

Agency Funds

Sheriff's Inmates - To account for monies collected from inmates who have money in their possession at the time of their arrest and/or monies deposited on their behalf while incarcerated.

Sheriff's Cash Bonds - To account for cash appearance bonds collected by the Sheriff on behalf of the Clerk of Courts. These funds are disbursed to the Clerk of Courts weekly.

Sheriff's Unclaimed Evidence - To account for monies seized by law enforcement. These funds are maintained until final determination by Florida Statute or the court.

Sheriff's Individual Depositors - To account for fees charged to serve civil process. Fees are collected and held until service is complete and then remitted to other entities or individuals.

Sheriff's Suspense - To account for fees and court ordered payments collected for various agencies. These funds are remitted to the County or other governmental agencies.

Tax Collector's Tag Agency - To account for motor vehicle and vessel registrations, title transfer fees, drivers' license transactions, sales tax, birth certificate fees, and concealed weapons licensing fees remitted to the State of Florida.

Tax Collector's Tax and License - To account for the collection of ad valorem and non-ad valorem taxes, tangible personal property taxes and hunting and fishing licenses remitted to various taxing agencies and the State of Florida.

Tax Collector's Tax Redemption - To account for collection of redeemed tax certificates issued in connection with delinquent ad valorem and non ad valorem taxes and remittance to certificate holders and title search companies.

Clerk's Child Support - To account for child support and/or alimony payments collected by the Clerk and remitted to the appropriate recipients.

Clerk's Suspense - To account for documentary stamp fees and recording fees, jury and witness payments and fines, and forfeitures collected through the court system and remitted to other governmental agencies.

Board's Agency Escrow - To account for the collection of funds held in escrow by the Board.

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

												Тах	Ε.	Тах						
					Sheriff's	Ś	Sheriff's				Тах	Collector's	Colle	Collector's	Clerk's	k's		8	Board's	
	Sheriff's	f's	Sheriff's		Unclaimed	Inc	Individual	Sh	Sheriff's	Coll	Collector's	Tax and	F	Тах	Child	Ы	Clerk's	Ag	Agency	
	Inmates		Cash Bond		Evidence	De	Depositors	Sus	Suspense	Tag	Tag Agency	License	Rede	Redemption	Support	oort	Suspense	ES	Escrow	Total
ASSETS				 																
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 11,	11,357	. ↔	θ,	1,216	69	'	€	22,290	€	156,858	\$ 1,265,414	€9	93,709	s	1,110	\$ 1,570,499	s	89,322	\$ 3,211,775
Investments		,	•	,	'		•		٠			•					134,037		٠	134,037
Due from Others	2,	2,069	•	,	'		'		٠		8,446	28,659				2,730	320		٠	42,224
Due from Other Governmental Units		٠		 - -	İ		'		367		•	•		•		٠	1,662		٠	2,029
Total Assets	\$ 13,426	,426	€	. ∥	1,216	↔		↔	22,657	↔	165,304	\$ 1,294,073	↔	93,709	↔	3,840	\$ 1,706,518	↔	89,322	\$ 3,390,065
LIABILITIES																				
Due to Others	\$ 5,	5,963	. ↔	€9	1,216	ઝ	•	↔		€9		\$ 120,457	\$	93,709	↔	3,411	\$ 345,950	↔	٠	\$ 570,706
Due to Other Governmental Units	7,	7,463	·	,			•		22,657		165,304	1,173,616				429	479,827			1,849,296
Deposits		ij		. I	'				1		·	•		·		ij	880,741		89,322	970,063
Total Liabilities	\$ 13,426 \$,426	ω	€9	1,216	↔		€	22,657	↔	165,304	\$ 1,294,073	↔	93,709	€	3,840	\$ 1,706,518	↔	89,322	\$ 3,390,065

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Balance ctober 1,						Balance tember 30,
OUEDIEE'S NIMATES	-	2018		Additions		Deductions		2019
SHERIFF'S INMATES ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	11,842	\$	546,731	\$	547,216	\$	11,357
Due from Others	φ	2,533	φ	197,417	φ	197,881	φ	2,069
Total Assets	\$	14,375	\$	744,148	\$	745,097	\$	13,426
10(417)(000)0	Ψ	14,070	Ψ	744,140	Ψ	740,007	Ψ	10,420
LIABILITIES								
Due to Others	\$	5,664	\$	711,255	\$	710,956	\$	5,963
Due to Other Governmental Units	•	8,711	*	2,532,454	•	2,533,702	•	7,463
Total Liabilities	\$	14,375	\$	3,243,709	\$	3,244,658	\$	13,426
SHERIFF'S CASH BONDS ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	_	\$	319,605	\$	319,605	\$	_
			Ť	0.10,000	Ť			
LIABILITIES								
Deposits	\$	-	\$	245,003	\$	245,003	\$	-
SHERIFF'S UNCLAIMED EVIDENCE ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,296	\$	13,008	\$	13,088	\$	1,216
LIABILITIES								
Due to Others	\$	1,296	\$	13,008	\$	13,088	\$	1,216
SHERIFF'S INDIVIDUAL DEPOSITORS ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,680	\$	12,800	\$	14,480	\$	_
		1,000	_	12,000	<u> </u>	,		
LIABILITIES								
Due to Others	\$	1,680	\$	12,800	\$	14,480	\$	_
SHERIFF'S SUSPENSE ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	20,182	\$	2,903,831	\$	2,901,723	\$	22,290
Due from Other Governmental Units		542		2,632,639		2,632,814		367
Total Assets	\$	20,724	\$	5,536,470	\$	5,534,537	\$	22,657
LIABILITIES								
Due to Other Governmental Units	\$	20,724	\$	248,571	\$	246,638	\$	22,657
TAX COLLECTOR'S TAG AGENCY ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	187,287	\$	25,048,671	\$	25,079,100	\$	156,858
Due from Others	Ψ	11,388	Ψ	2,635,337	Ψ	2,638,279	Ψ	8,446
Total Assets	\$	198,675	\$	27,684,008	\$	27,717,379	\$	165,304
	<u> </u>	,		. ,		. ,-		,
LIABILITIES								
Due to Others	\$	4,096	\$	205,252	\$	209,348	\$	-
Due to Other Governmental Units		194,579		13,174,357		13,203,632		165,304
Total Liabilities	\$	198,675	\$	13,379,609	\$	13,412,980	\$	165,304

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Balance October 1, 2018		Additions		Deductions	Se	Balance otember 30, 2019
TAX COLLECTOR'S TAX AND LICENSE ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Others	\$	2,711,629 56	\$	210,447,352 28,659	\$	211,893,567 56	\$	1,265,414 28,659
Total Assets	\$	2,711,685	\$	210,476,011	\$	211,893,623	\$	1,294,073
LIABILITIES								
Due to Others	\$	126,546	\$	32,616,630	\$	32,622,719	\$	120,457
Due to Other Governmental Units		2,585,139		102,981,826		104,393,349		1,173,616
Total Liabilities	\$	2,711,685	\$	135,598,456	\$	137,016,068	\$	1,294,073
TAX COLLECTOR'S TAX REDEMPTION ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	147,550	\$	6,277,738	\$	6,331,579	\$	93,709
LIABILITIES								
Due to Others	\$	147,550	\$	3,364,784	\$	3,418,625	\$	93,709
CLERK'S CHILD SUPPORT ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,712	\$	188,603	\$	191,205	\$	1,110
Due from Others		-		2,830		100		2,730
Total Assets	\$	3,712	\$	191,433	\$	191,305	\$	3,840
LIABILITIES								
Due to Others	\$	3,311	\$	174,039	\$	173,939	\$	3,411
Due to Other Governmental Units		401		17,935		17,907		429
Total Liabilities	\$	3,712	\$	191,974	\$	191,846	\$	3,840
CLERK'S SUSPENSE ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$	1,696,043	\$	14,551,430 134,037	\$	14,676,974	\$	1,570,499 134,037
Due from Others		52		955		687		320
Due from Other Governmental Units				9,707		-		
Total Assets	\$	27,406 1.723.501	\$	14,696,129	\$	35,451 14,713,112	\$	1,662 1,706,518
Total Assets	Ψ	1,723,301	φ	14,090,129	φ	14,713,112	Ψ	1,700,516
LIABILITIES								
Due to Others	\$	341,170	\$	752,492	\$	747,712	\$	345,950
Due to Other Governmental Units		656,120		9,650,181		9,826,474		479,827
Deposits		726,211		3,646,093		3,491,563		880,741
Total Liabilities	\$	1,723,501	\$	14,048,766	\$	14,065,749	\$	1,706,518

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Balance October 1, 2018		Additions		Deductions	Se	Balance ptember 30, 2019
BOARD'S AGENCY ESCROW FUND ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	88,967	\$	394	\$	39	\$	89,322
LIABILITIES								
Deposits	\$	88,967	\$	394	\$	39	\$	89,322
TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$	4,870,188 -	\$	260,310,163 134,037	\$	261,968,576 -	\$	3,211,775 134,037
Due from Others		14,029		2,865,198		2,837,003		42,224
Due from Other Governmental Units Total Assets	Ф.	27,948	\$	2,642,346	\$	2,668,265	\$	2,029
Total Assets	Ф	4,912,165	ф	265,951,744	Ф	267,473,844	Ф	3,390,065
LIABILITIES								
Due to Others	\$	631,313	\$	37,850,260	\$	37,910,867	\$	570,706
Due to Other Governmental Units		3,465,674		128,605,324		130,221,702		1,849,296
Accrued Payroll Deductions and Matching Expense		-		-		-		-
Deposits		815,178		3,891,490		3,736,605		970,063
Total Liabilities	\$	4,912,165	\$	170,347,074	\$	171,869,174	\$	3,390,065



HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATISTICAL SECTION

This section of the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report represents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information contained in the schedules in this Statistical Section are derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA NET POSITION BY COMPONENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

						Fiscal Year	Year				
		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015*	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES											
Net Investment in Capital Assets	ઝ	225,367	\$ 213,827	\$ 206,255	\$ 197,479	\$ 194,776	\$ 192,567	\$ 189,798	\$ 186,017	\$ 185,195	\$ 180,707
Restricted		40,883	42,707	40,820	47,025	56,267	40,172	41,035	43,995	2	4,904
Unrestricted		(41,387)	(44,686)	(30,211)	(25,408)	(33,080)	14,911	17,893	17,406	60,372	61,169
Total Governmental Activities											
Net Position	છ	224,863 \$ 211	\$ 211,848	\$ 216,864	\$ 219,096	\$ 217,963	\$ 247,650	\$ 248,726	\$ 247,418	\$ 245,569	\$ 246,780
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES											
Net Investment in Capital Assets	↔	8,758	\$ 9,369	\$ 9,153	\$ 9,393	\$ 9,369	\$ 9,728	\$ 10,068	\$ 9,954	\$ 12,797	\$ 12,884
Restricted		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	43	43
Unrestricted		10,118	9,002	7,650	5,609	5,378	5,069	3,260	2,734	2,504	1,862
Total Business-Type Activities											
Net Position	8	18,876 \$ 18	\$ 18,371	\$ 16,803	\$ 15,002	\$ 14,747	\$ 14,797	\$ 13,328	\$ 12,688	\$ 15,344	\$ 14,789
PRIMARY GOVERNMEN!	•			1	0						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	Ð	234,125 \$ 223	\$ 223,196	\$ 215,408	\$ 206,872	\$ 204,145	\$ 202,295	\$ 199,866	\$ 195,971	\$ 197,992	\$ 193,591
Restricted		40,883	42,707	40,820	47,025	56,267	40,172	41,035	43,995	45	4,947
Unrestricted		(31,269)	(35,684)	(22,561)	(19,799)	(27,702)	19,980	21,153	20,140	62,876	63,031
Total Primary Government											
Net Position	ઝ	\$ 243,739 \$ 230	\$ 230,219	\$ 233,667	\$ 234,098	\$ 232,710	\$ 262,447	\$ 262,054	\$ 260,106	\$ 260,913	\$ 261,569

Notes: Fiscal Year 2009 amounts have been restated from prior year due to the retroactive reporting requirement of GASB 51 for Intangible Assets.

*GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, was implemented in 2015.

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fisc	Fiscal Year				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
EXPENSES										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$ 20,874,168	\$ 18,519,219	\$ 17,632,374	74 \$ 15,875,786	786 \$ 13,531,358	\$ 14,797,429	\$ 14,026,292	\$ 15,726,969	\$ 18,086,207	\$ 15,153,253
Public Safety	56,939,713	59,326,852	48,236,789	39 41,971,815	37,704,396	38,955,726	37,050,892	36,008,957	37,834,107	39,105,729
Physical Environment	1,178,231	1,864,091	1,276,317				1,558,380	1,391,528	1,839,208	1,642,807
Transportation	14.508.911	13,459,205	13.339.901	_			12,405,754	13.730.299	12.263.525	11.561.212
Footomic Environment	3 704 233	3 508 116	2716 530				2 160 217	2 571 305	2 008 356	3.461.633
	3,704,233	3,300,110	5,710,5				7176017	5,571 1,505	2,900,330	0,401,000
Human Services	3,639,034	3,682,396	3,844,649				4,056,257	3,298,713	2,939,280	2,766,189
Culture and Recreation	2,894,053	2,988,164	3,241,983	3,041,505	505 2,991,401	2,800,793	2,819,321	2,919,597	3,289,267	3,540,024
Court Related	5,215,689	4,782,597	4,508,844		36 4,325,815	4,175,685	4,232,528	4,046,362	2,133,649	2,275,428
Debt Service:										
Interest on Long-Term Debt	452,226	479,532	526,214	14 576,318	318 447,348	407,662	386,170	294,638	443,410	854,292
Other Debt Service	'					'			'	
l otal Governmental Activities Expenses	109,406,258	108,610,172	95,323,610	10 87,143,783	783 81,248,759	82,384,513	78,704,811	79,988,368	81,737,009	80,360,567
Business-Type Activities:										
Solid Waste	9,019,161	8,258,598	7,911,813	13 8,229,484	184 7,839,954	6,820,416	7,993,191	8,304,132	8,226,418	8,741,009
Water and Sewer	•	•				•	•	300,578	499,896	614,668
Highway Park Utility		•						89,823	140,108	140,377
Energy Recovery	2,067,795	1,286,705	2,182,353	53 2,190,260	2,037,100	2,830,944	2,255,324	2,413,568	2,005,691	2,100,444
Total Business-Type										
Activities Expenses	11,086,956	9,545,303	10,094,166	36 10,419,744	744 9,877,054	9,651,360	10,248,515	11,108,101	10,872,113	11,596,498
Total Primary										
Government Expenses	\$ 120,493,214	\$ 118,155,475	\$ 105,417,776	76 \$ 97,563,527	527 \$ 91,125,813	\$ 92,035,873	\$ 88,953,326	\$ 91,096,469	\$ 92,609,122	\$ 91,957,065
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
General Government	\$ 3.611.736	\$ 3.491.884	\$ 3.388.476	76 \$ 3.232.991	3.430.390	\$ 3.158.631	\$ 3.303.744	\$ 2.802.300	\$ 2.815.601	\$ 2.806.369
Public Safety	14,611,053	_						6,766,009	6,573,661	
Physical Environment	223,291	209,208	203,253	11100,111	11 188,619	200,061	196,423	248,362	230,925	195,153
Transportation	3,778,828	2,960,748	2,541,604	2		2	2,034,975	1,762,758	2,001,802	2,203,767
Economic Environment	218.340	234,972	190.647							
Human Services	22,944	32,040	56,356	56 78,134		118,965	97,182	107,859	89,708	81,750
Culture and Recreation	198,047	205,665	205,127				249,848	230,599	231,266	433,233
Court Related	2,582,473	2,770,345	2,551,261	2,	2,	2,	2,813,899	2,761,810	3,039,109	2,797,922
Operating Grants and Contributions:										
General Government	89,915	92,665	119,917				211,540	230,402	250,310	231,849
Public Safety	13,637,806	918,640	484,767				307,961	1,091,644	818,288	2,207,940
Physical Environment	269,695	320,313	322,895	4		.,	869,464	519,960	950,632	424,632
Transportation	•	23,995	6,419	19 2,052	181,443	54,068		675,645	7,466	9,753
Economic Environment	1,363,228	738,802	408,358	826,494	1,103,227	1,064,101	650,825	1,044,748	1,301,191	1,182,786
Human Services	646,931	739,927	534,043	13 667,781	781 1,934,767	2,344,565	687,133	941,722	185,995	245,450
Culture and Recreation	194,621	241,801	193,493		141 258,164		177,843	294,188	279,393	542,500
Court Related	15,000	15,000		1		•	•	•	•	•

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)

								Fiscal Year					
PROGRAM REVENUES Governmental Activities (Continued): Capital Grants and Contributions: General Government Public Safety Physical Environment Transportation Economic Environment Human Services Culture and Recreation	₩	167,864 446,895 870,117 809,475 -	₩	98,063 38,756 872,809 2,151,471 606,301	€	60,657 86,077 7711,535 2,899,663	\$ 60,657 400,886 329,100 696,326	\$ 21,466 158,408 795,084	\$ 154,816 38,638 1,178,687	\$ 832,757 - 2,002,772 67,552	\$ 324,557 - 2,529,199 195,923 45,230 69,706	\$ 25,139 - 536,922 - 31,216	\$ 415,238 6,071,478 2,635,926
Court Related Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues		44,714,338	7	- 26,969,738		24,073,655	21,511,513	23,462,940	- 23,238,047	22,389,144	-22,642,621	19,368,624	28,978,776
Business-Type Activities: Charges for Services: Solid Waste Water and Sewer Highway Park Utility Energy Recovery		9,043,194		9,704,626		9,282,253	8,245,581	8,026,002	8,112,624	8,120,527	8,304,716 437,330 92,127 2,803,771	8,375,167 566,917 125,499 2,302,421	8,489,550 588,292 116,094 2,438,539
Operating Grants and Contributions: Solid Waste Water and Sewer Highway Park Utility Energy Recovery		606'06		606'06		- 606'06	- 606'06	90,910	606'06	70,588	90,374	88,974	
Capital Grants and Contributions: Solid Waste Water and Sewer Highway Park Utility Energy Recovery Total Business-Type Activities Program Releases			7	25 23 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24		777	10 850 670	10.588.430	11087100		1778 348	14 468 078	
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	€9	i ii	49	38,001,319	. e	1 .0	\$ 32,071,192	\$ 33,731,370	\$ 34,325,147	\$ 33,169,387	\$ 34,370,939	\$ 30,827,602	\$ 40,615,552
NET REVENUE (EXPENSE) Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Total Primary Governmental Net Expense	\$ 8	(64,691,920) 140,704 (64,551,216)	φ φ	(81,640,434) 1,486,278 (80,154,156)	\$ (7	(71,249,955) 1,656,915 (69,593,040)	\$ (65,632,270) 139,935 \$ (65,492,335)	\$ (57,785,819) 391,376 \$ (57,394,443)	\$ (59,146,466) 1,435,740 \$ (57,710,726)	\$ (56,315,667) 531,728 \$ (55,783,939)	\$ (57,345,747) 620,217 \$ (56,725,530)	\$ (62,368,385) 586,865 \$ (61,781,520)	\$ (51,381,791) 40,278 \$ (51,341,513)

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)

	0,000		0,000		100	0400	Fiscal Year	Year	0,000	CFOC	7700	0400
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION: Governmental Activities:	0 0 N	 	0100	ļ	1102	2	200	† 100 100	200	2 0 2	- - - - - - - -	200
Taxes:												
Property Taxes	\$ 39,979,150	,150 \$	•	છ	38,462,928	\$ 37,278,775	\$ 36,998,413	\$ 30,637,891	\$ 31,472,962	\$ 32,423,039	\$ 34,215,713	\$ 39,721,800
Fuel Taxes	4,554,036	980,	4,662,245		4,544,584	4,587,791	4,571,124	4,442,566	4,375,972	4,672,974	4,803,043	4,371,052
Sales Tax	9,766,712	,712	9,811,985		9,072,162	9,128,971	8,646,977	8,104,374	7,690,604	7,413,355	7,280,803	7,139,393
Services Taxes	574	574,650	623,216		724,573	675,705	702,695	711,348	731,353	729,751	804,349	844,997
Other Taxes	1,064,256	,256	560,188		482,936	481,072	453,063	420,444	384,622	368,501	349,093	370,367
State Shared Revenues	15,434,257	,257	15,205,276		14,506,012	13,810,350	13,389,606	12,809,474	12,317,628	12,212,916	12,735,009	12,401,913
Net Change in Fair Value		;										
of Investments	1,274,929	,929	892,708		662,365	451,282	456,608	240,985	296,350	731,814	370,769	1,168,838
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	952	952,383	145,545		77,368	43,112	230,677	200	•	13,755	14,954	40,487
Insurance Recoveries	752	752,218	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Miscellaneous	3,261,481	,481	1,993,965		485,539	308,519	360,970	335,215	354,041	629,127	583,612	1,014,077
Transfers	92	92,916	226,063		•		•		•			423,028
Total Governmental Activities	77,706,988	886,	73,686,350		69,018,467	66,765,577	65,810,133	57,702,797	57,623,532	59,195,232	61,157,345	67,495,952
Business-Type Activities: Net Change in Fair Value												
of Investments	450	450,023	243,064		143,822	59,744	46,870	35,409	35,162	38,339	21,099	22,784
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets Insurance Recoveries	Ω 4	2,888 4,382	ا ئ			55,000	1,951	(2,694)	73,727		(52,241)	
Miscellaneous			•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Transfers	(92	(92,916)	(226,063)			•	•	•	•	1	1	(423,028)
Special item: Loss on Transfer of												
Assets to Municipality			-		-				-	(3,315,330)		
Total Business-Type Activities	364	364,377	17,006		143,822	114,744	48,821	32,715	108,889	(3,276,991)	(31,142)	(400,244)
Total Primary Government	\$ 78,071,365	,365 \$	73,703,356	မှ	69,162,289	\$ 66,880,321	\$ 65,858,954	\$ 57,735,512	\$ 57,732,421	\$ 55,918,241	\$ 61,126,203	\$ 67,095,708
Change in Net Position: Government Activities	\$ 13.015.068	\$ 890	(7.954.084)	69	(2.231.488)	\$ 1.133.307	\$ 8.024.314	\$ (1.443.669)	\$ 1.307.865	\$ 1.849.485	\$ (1.211.040)	\$ 16.114.161
Business-Type Activities	505	.081	1,503,284		1,800,737							
Total Primary Government	\$ 13,520,149	,149 \$	(6,450,800)	₩	(430,751)	\$ 1,387,986	\$	\$ 24,786	\$ 1,948,482	\$ (807,289)	\$ (655,317)	\$ 15,754,195

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$ 1,688,633	\$ 1,254,682	\$ 1,271,683	\$ 1,090,109	\$ 898,522	\$ 735,796	\$ 843,142	\$ 643,375	\$ 606,075	· &
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
357,689	392,559	5,395,581	478,468	536,116	1,051,976	728,198	1,078,004	1,115,776	
17,133,264	4,946,829	11,207,433	17,965,879	18,007,274	15,424,223	16,816,083	19,842,464	19,725,387	٠
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1,565,101
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	22,275,114
\$ 19,179,586	\$ 6,594,070	\$ 17,874,697	\$ 19,534,456	\$ 19,441,912	\$ 17,211,995	\$ 18,387,423	\$ 21,563,843	\$ 21,447,238	\$ 23,840,215
\$ 138,111	\$ 43,171	\$ 129,818	\$ 58,043	\$ 78,576	\$ 55,560	\$ 9,863	. ⇔	\$ 1,460	· \$
44,362,820	41,575,220	40,740,308	46,180,218	55,617,654	38,863,427	39,614,669	42,615,226	39,143,321	٠
1,131,596	1,131,596	1,131,596	1,131,596	1,209,272	1,131,596	4,136,848	٠	•	٠
(5,465,323)	(5,285,444)	(3,502,628)	(449,481)	(94,077)	(182,558)	(156,012)	(160,506)	(178,875)	٠
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	7,887,418
•	٠	•	•	٠	٠	•	٠	•	33,589,983
	•			•			•	•	800,265
\$ 40,167,204	\$ 37,464,543	\$ 38,499,094	\$ 46,920,376	\$ 56,811,425	\$ 39,868,025	\$ 43,605,368	\$ 42,454,720	\$ 38,965,906	\$ 42,277,666
	\$ 1,688,633 - 357,689 17,133,264 - 5 19,179,586 - 44,362,820 1,131,596 (5,465,323) 		' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	\$ 1,271,683 \$ 1 5,395,581 17 11,207,433 17 \$ 17,874,697 \$ 19 40,740,308 46 1,131,596 1 1,131,596 1 3,502,628) .	\$ 1,271,683 \$ 1,090,109 \$ 8 6 5,395,581	\$ 1,271,683 \$ 1,090,109 \$ 898,522 \$ \$ 5,395,581	\$ 1,271,683 \$ 1,090,109 \$ 898,522 \$ 735,796 \$ 5,395,581	\$ 1,271,683 \$ 1,090,109 \$ 898,522 \$ 735,796 \$ 843,142 \$ \$ 1,271,683 \$ 1,090,109 \$ 898,522 \$ 735,796 \$ 843,142 \$ \$ 1,271,683 \$ 1,090,109 \$ 898,522 \$ 735,796 \$ 843,142 \$ \$ 1,271,271,333 \$ 17,965,879 \$ 18,007,274 \$ 15,424,223 \$ 16,816,083 \$ 19,817,824,892 \$ 19,534,456 \$ 19,441,912 \$ 17,211,995 \$ 18,387,423 \$ 21 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ 1,207,433 \$ 19,534,456 \$ 19,441,912 \$ 17,211,995 \$ 18,387,423 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ 1,131,596 \$ 1,131,	\$ 1,207,683 \$ 1,090,109 \$ 898,522 \$ 735,796 \$ 843,142 \$ 643,375 \$ \$ 1,207,433

Note: In fiscal year 2011, the County implemented GASB 54, under which governmental fund balances are reported as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. Prior year numbers have not been restated.

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
KEVENUES Taxes	\$ 55 887 727	\$ 55 172 719	\$ 53 234 947	\$ 52 101 154	\$ 51 319 790	\$ 44 263 651	\$ 44 593 603	\$ 45 544 644	\$ 47 393 350	\$ 52 383 527
Licenses and Permits										
International particular	27 817 04E	22,557,23	21 205 307	182,007	10 087 878	10 301 575	20 076 861	22 480 446	10 184 676	28 655 078
Charges for Services	240,110,40	10 893 391	10.210.338	0,027,001	10,006,070	0,001,001	8 938 804	7 320 535	7 344 562	7 702 508
Cipor and Englishman	507 208	10,030,031	010,513,010	3,404,472	062 710	9,020,330	934,062	1,029,030	141 205	06,200
	397,700	010,473	400,040	009,009	000,710	009,023	200,100	144,000	141,090	00,230
Assessments Not Change in Eair Value	5,432,424	2,222,840	2,230,088	7,101,7	2,101,235	2,071,734	2,038,077	2,004,101	2,089,742	7,045,074
of Investments	1 129 691	782 659	610.260	429 176	432 068	232 693	277 805	697 864	350324	1 161 410
Miscellaneous	6,117,091	4,505,545	4,163,763	3,800,801	3,990,201	3,797,347	3,774,692	3,413,626	3,712,680	3,683,528
Total Revenues	116,928,161	98,207,241	92,927,371	88,001,679	89,467,912	80,667,820	80,530,007	82,103,905	80,805,536	96,344,268
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government	19,504,745	17,298,385	16,382,937	15,820,668	15,320,898	15,038,762	14,375,841	14,428,638	17,706,422	17,019,808
Public Safety	48,686,528	55,424,348	46,488,455	49,112,058	37,532,165	36,769,408	44,876,262	34,690,081	37,853,328	40,982,588
Physical Environment	3,256,902	3,807,540	5,951,756	1,652,101	1,419,943	1,030,244	1,542,732	1,376,193	1,763,210	7,592,052
Transportation	19,273,642	17,015,511	17,543,571	14,340,234	14,656,785	16,141,550	14,963,532	15,862,116	13,735,417	18,560,988
Economic Environment	3,548,911	3,413,605	2,663,981	2,646,019	3,058,180	1,763,053	2,119,215	2,848,424	2,876,117	3,429,422
Human Services	3,596,614	3,571,908	3,682,639	3,830,092	4,746,714	5.073,317	3,950,544	3,275,763	2,828,400	2,929,756
Culture and Recreation	2,770,798	2,661,198	2.915,249	2.719,949	2,576,017	2.536,456	2.436,329	2,655,630	2.828,665	3,118,665
Court Related	4.608.530	4.460.416	4.186.800	4.453.875	4.373,657	4.402,846	4.171.592	3.963,102	2.087.156	2.304.739
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement	2,821,386	2,609,352	2,658,400	2,648,293	9,867,709	2,792,500	1,527,497	1,527,608	4,051,087	1,637,315
Interest	439,671	486,219	534,624	576,895	342,527	400,404	287,154	317,627	600,559	866,990
Bond Administration	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Other Debt Service	'	'	•	'	'	'	'		37,980	10,865
Total Expenditures	108,507,727	110,748,482	103,008,412	97,800,184	93,894,595	85,948,540	90,250,698	80,945,182	86,368,341	98,453,188
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	8,420,434	(12,541,241)	(10,081,041)	(9,798,505)	(4,426,683)	(5,280,720)	(9,720,691)	1,158,723	(5,562,805)	(2,108,920)
				(200)	(2)	(21 : (2) 1 (2)	(100)			(212)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In	1,320,536	1,569,934	1,636,066	1,121,712	1,186,440	4,119,015	1,396,287	3,580,898	1,969,665	3,136,525
Transfers Out	(1,227,620)	(1,343,871)	(1,636,066)	(1,121,712)	(1,186,440)	(4,119,015)	(1,056,287)	(1,344,202)	(1,969,665)	(2,713,497)
Issuance of Refunding Note	- 1,000	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	11,890,000	
Insurance recoveries Issuance of Debt	6,022,610				23,600,000		8,010,470	210,000		
Payment to Refunded Bond										
Escrow Agent	'	'			•		'		(12,031,932)	•
Sources (Uses)	6,867,743	226,063		,	23,600,000	'	8,350,470	2,446,696	(141,932)	423,028
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 15,288,177	\$ (12,315,178)	\$ (10,081,041)	(9,798,505)	\$ 19,173,317	\$ (5,280,720)	\$ (1,370,221)	\$ 3,605,419	\$ (5,704,737)	\$ (1,685,892)
				Ш		Ш		11	Ш	
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	3.51%	3.19%	3.73%	4.01%	11.62%	4.08%	2.44%	2.46%	2.86%	2.93%

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA TAXABLE VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Total Direct Tax Rate	062 8.5500	513 8.5500	563 8.5500	194 8.5500	786 8.5500	7.1000	035 7.1000	7.1000	7.1000	7.1000
·	Total Taxable Value ^b	\$ 4,836,320,062	4,761,851,513	4,631,200,563	4,503,319,194	4,465,824,786	4,442,658,296	4,547,821,035	4,709,026,207	4,921,416,247	5,717,032,184
	Less: Allowable Exemptions	\$ 2,873,692,500	2,775,178,889	2,637,549,375	2,329,575,367	2,272,404,297	2,285,182,642	2,321,476,920	2,465,928,211	2,584,930,120	3,166,988,865
Assessed	Value ^a of Personal Property	\$ 686,246,734	688,743,734	668,544,116	667,761,606	675,833,516	682,100,936	701,451,574	629,408,701	632,201,205	640,605,018
	Other	\$ 1,091,717,986	1,069,894,445	1,059,389,125	1,041,600,090	1,024,869,481	1,025,462,248	1,030,868,951	1,062,203,211	1,021,215,059	1,157,498,279
Real Property (Assessed Value ^a)	Commercial Property	\$ 940,284,611	909,541,660	899,474,589	879,493,681	872,987,089	863,410,453	839,352,031	850,340,509	858,201,822	973,110,137
Real Property (A	Agriculture	\$ 571,111,854	683,819,126	733,151,871	722,088,198	734,356,228	712,697,860	725,319,963	695,048,858	661,062,597	722,240,630
	Residential Property	\$ 4,420,651,377	4,185,031,437	3,908,190,237	3,521,950,986	3,430,182,769	3,444,169,441	3,572,305,436	3,937,953,139	4,333,665,684	5,390,566,985
	Fiscal Year	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010

Source: Highlands County Property Appraiser.

Notes:

^aAssessed value is determined by the Highlands County Property Appraiser on January 1 of each year at 100% of fair market value, as required by Section 192.042, Florida Statutes.

^bTaxable values are based on the assessed value after deducting allowable statutory exemptions.

[°]Per \$1,000 of value.

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Total Countywide	24.7295	24.9835	25.2073	25.2073	25.5180	24.0978	27.8597	30.5166	31.0180	31.1613
Total	Overlapping Rates	16.1795	16.4335	16.6573	16.6573	16.9680	16.9978	20.7597	23.4166	23.9180	24.0613
	Town of Lake Placid	3.6500	3.6500	3.6500	3.6500	3.6500	3.6500	3.6500	3.6500	3.8100	3.8100
	City of Sebring	5.3184	5.3184	4.8184	4.8184	4.9900	4.9900	4.9900	5.2500	5.4338	5.4965
g Rates ^a	City of Avon Park	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	3.6000	5.8745	5.8745	5.8745
Overlapping Rates a	Florida Water District	0.2955	0.3131	0.3488	0.3488	0.3658	0.3818	0.3928	0.3928	0.5597	0.5693
	South Florida Water District	0.2936	0.3100	0.3551	0.3551	0.3842	0.4110	0.4289	0.4363	0.6240	0.6240
	School District	6.3220	6.5420	7.1850	7.1850	7.2780	7.2650	7.6980	7.8130	7.6160	7.6870
	Total Direct Rate	8.5500	8.5500	8.5500	8.5500	8.5500	7.1000	7.1000	7.1000	7.1000	7.1000
Direct Rates	General	8.5500	8.5500	8.5500	8.5500	8.5500	7.1000	7.1000	7.1000	7.1000	7.1000
	Fiscal Year	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010

Source: Highlands County Property Appraiser.

Notes:

The County's basic property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the Board of County Commissioners.

^aOverlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within Highlands County. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Highlands County property owners.

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND NINE YEARS PRIOR

			Fiscal	Fiscal Year 2019	6		Fiscal	Fiscal Year 2010	0
		<u> </u>			Percentage of Total County		70000		Percentage of Total County
Тахрауег	Type of Business		Value	Rank	Value		Value	Rank	Value
Duke Energy f/k/a Progress Energy	Electric Utility	↔	148,235,493	~	1.92%	↔	101,158,820	~	1.14%
FLA Gas Transmission Co	Gas System		68,533,821	7	%68.0			ı	
Sebring Airport Authority	Industrial/Entertainment		48,748,255	က	0.63%		60,526,096	က	%89.0
Tanglewood Investors Limited	Real Estate		47,252,989	4	0.61%		31,476,195	9	0.35%
Glades Electric Coop Inc.	Electric Utility		42,034,954	2	0.55%		34,834,827	2	0.39%
Gulfstream Natural Gas Sys LLC	Gas System		30,417,499	9	0.39%		62,978,820	7	0.71%
Lykes Bros Inc.	Cattle & Citrus		27,235,749	7	0.35%		47,084,477	4	0.53%
ARC SSSEBFL001 LLC	Retail		26,607,201	ø	0.35%			ı	ı
Sun Comm Acquisitions LLC	Real Estate		22,467,028	0	0.29%			ı	ı
Highlands County Hospital	Hospital		21,885,837	10	0.28%		28,834,064	0	0.32%
Embarq-Florida Inc.	Telephone Services		ı	1	ı		30,370,310	_	0.34%
Walmart	Retail		ı	1	ı		29,160,592	ø	0.33%
Lakeshore/Sebring Limited	Retail		1	,			21,196,488	10	0.24%
Total Assessed Value of Ten Largest Taxpayers			483,418,826		6.26%		447,620,689		5.03%
Total Assessed Value of All Other Taxpayers		7,	7,226,593,736	·	93.74%		8,436,400,360	·	94.97%
Total Assessed Value of All Taxpayers		\$ 7,	7,710,012,562		100.00%	↔	8,884,021,049		100.00%

Source: Highlands County Property Appraiser.

Note: The assessed value includes real and personal property.

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Taxes Levied for the		within the of the Levy	Collections	Total Collect	ions to Date ^b
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year ^a (Original Levy)	Amount ^b	Percentage of Original Levy	in Subsequent Years ^b	Amount	Percentage of Original Levy
2019	\$ 41,350,592	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2018	40,713,868	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2017	39,596,821	\$ 38,268,827	96.65%	\$ -	\$ 38,268,827	96.65%
2016	38,503,428	37,129,634	96.43%	78,509	37,208,143	96.64%
2015	38,168,421	36,841,599	96.52%	82,693	36,924,293	96.74%
2014	32,330,893	30,487,500	94.30%	78,347	30,565,848	94.54%
2013	32,289,547	31,226,552	96.71%	99,762	31,326,313	97.02%
2012	33,440,571	32,238,611	96.41%	793,319	32,431,930	96.98%
2011	34,942,081	33,766,320	96.64%	166,847	33,933,167	97.11%
2010	40,590,957	39,186,283	96.54%	372,538	39,558,820	97.46%

Source: Highlands County Property Appraiser.

Notes:

^aProperty taxes become due and payable on November 1 of each year. A 4% discount is allowed if taxes are paid in November, with the discount declining by one percent each month thereafter. Accordingly, taxes collected will never be 100% of the tax levy. Taxes become delinquent on April 1 of each year and tax certificates for the full amount of any unpaid taxes must be sold no later than June 1 of each year.

Property taxes receivable and a corresponding reserve for uncollectible property taxes are not included in the financial statements as there are no delinquent taxes as of September 30, 2019.

Information regarding the Original Levy was obtained from the Property Appraiser.

^bInformation was obtained from the Tax Collector's Recapitulation of the Tax Roll report. Data for 2018 and 2019 was not available.

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Population	•	105,424	104,060	102,191	100,222	98,606	98,088	98,222	98,177	98,634
	Personal Income	⇔	3,526,778	3,425,904	3,287,881	3,230,715	3,054,136	2,935,720	2,938,159	2,913,943	2,839,216
	Per Capita	· \$	215	244	277	312	181	214	146	169	219
	Percentage of Personal Income	N/A	15.55%	13.51%	11.60%	10.32%	17.07%	13.99%	20.47%	17.55%	13.15%
	Total Primary Government	\$ 25,888,552	22,687,328	25,357,276	28,349,342	31,318,523	17,894,846	20,984,176	14,350,472	16,604,619	21,596,236
oe Activities	Capital Leases	. ↔	1	1	97,790	192,879	285,343	375,254	1	79,877	250,673
Business-Type Activities	Notes Payable	↔	1	962'09	296,472	522,271	738,423	945,342	1,311,594	2,188,265	2,796,430
	Capital Leases	\$ 845,909	1,678,578	2,892,365	4,172,062	5,488,070	6,829,624	8,076,685	93,561	179,374	346,843
Ş	Mortgage Payable	. ↔	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	•
Governmental Activities	Revenue Certificates	· \$	ı	ı	15,000	30,000	45,000	60,000	75,000	90,000	151,667
Govern	Notes Payable	\$ 25,042,643	21,008,750	22,404,315	23,768,018	25,085,303	9,996,456	11,526,895	12,870,317	14,067,103	2,570,623
	General Obligation Bonds	. ↔	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	15,480,000
	Fiscal Year	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Fiscal Year	Genera Obligati Bonds	I al on	ess: Amounts Restricted to Repaying Principal and Interest		Total	Percentage of Personal Income	Percentage of Actual Value of Taxable Property	Per Capita
2019	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	N/A	0.00%	N/A
2018		-	-		-	N/A	0.00%	N/A
2017		-	-		-	N/A	0.00%	N/A
2016		-	-		-	N/A	0.00%	N/A
2015		-	-		-	N/A	0.00%	N/A
2014		-	-		-	N/A	0.00%	N/A
2013		-	-		-	N/A	0.00%	N/A
2012		-	-		-	N/A	0.00%	N/A
2011		-	-		-	N/A	0.00%	N/A
2010	15,480,	000	1,645,020	13	3,834,980	N/A	0.16%	N/A

Note: ^aHighlands County Florida Infrastructures Sales Surtax Revenue Bond Series 2002, delivered June 13, 2002. Refunded and redeemed November 10, 2010.

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

			Estimated
		Estimated	Share of
	Debt	Percentage	Overlapping
	Outstanding	Applicable ^a	Debt
Direct Debt			
Notes Payable	\$ 25,042,643	100%	\$ 25,042,643
Capital Leases	845,909	100%	845,909
Total Direct Debt	25,888,552		25,888,552
Overlapping Debt			
Highlands County School Board:			
Bonds Payable	3,084,000	100%	3,084,000
Certificates of Participation	40,605,000	100%	40,605,000
South Florida Water Management District:			
Certificates of Participation	361,360,000	15%	53,227,163
Total Overlapping Debt	405,049,000		96,916,163
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 430,937,552		\$ 122,804,715

Source: Debt outstanding data provided by each respective agency.

Notes:

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the County. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Highlands County. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

^a The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the County's total taxable assessed value.

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Infrastructure Sales Surtax Pledged Revenue Coverage

	Infrastructure				
	Sales				
Fiscal	Surtax	Debt	Service Requirem	nents	
Year	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2019	\$ 9,766,713	\$ 1,725,366	\$ 399,322	\$ 2,124,688	4.60
2018	9,811,985	1,383,363	426,446	1,809,809	5.42
2017	9,072,162	1,351,833	450,352	1,802,185	5.03
2016	9,128,971	1,295,755	465,995	1,761,750	5.18
2015	8,646,980	1,550,112	200,478	1,750,590	4.94
2014	8,104,375	1,509,888	234,169	1,744,057	4.65
2013	7,690,604	1,465,066	266,974	1,732,040	4.44
2012	7,413,352	1,405,630	298,654	1,704,284	4.35
2011	7,280,190	3,811,733	560,697	4,372,430	1.67
2010	7,153,417	1,437,856	838,824	2,276,680	3.14

Notes:

Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The 2010 Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Note and 2005 Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Note are serviced from and secured by designated revenues derived from the County's share of the one cent local discretionary infrastructure sales surtax.

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Population ^a	Total Personal Income ^a (in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income ^a	Public School Enrollment ^b	Unemployment Rate ^c
2019	-	\$ -	\$ -	11,993	4.30%
2018	105,424	3,526,778	33,453	12,308	4.20%
2017	104,060	3,425,904	32,922	12,513	4.80%
2016	102,191	3,287,881	32,174	12,296	6.90%
2015	100,222	3,230,715	32,236	12,481	7.40%
2014	98,606	3,054,136	30,973	12,059	8.20%
2013	98,088	2,935,720	29,929	12,202	9.40%
2012	98,222	2,938,159	29,913	12,070	10.30%
2011	98,477	2,913,943	29,590	12,012	11.50%
2010	98,634	2,839,216	28,785	12,059	12.50%

Notes:

^aInformation was provided by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

^bInformation was provided by the Highlands County School Board.

^cInformation was provided by the Florida Research and Economic Information Database.

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND NINE YEARS PRIOR

		2019			2010	
			Percentage			Percentage
		Б	of Total County		Б	of Total County
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Highlands County School Board	1,558	1	4.55%	1,615	1	4.11%
Florida Hospital	1,493	2	4.36%	1,300	2	3.31%
Wal-Mart	702	3	2.05%	796	3	2.02%
South Florida State College	466	4	1.36%	-		0.00%
Publix	451	5	1.32%	-		0.00%
Alan Jay Automotive	400	6	1.17%	290	9	0.74%
Highlands Regional Medical Center	400	6	1.17%	500	4	1.27%
The Results Company f/k/a Agero	383	7	1.12%	500	5	1.27%
Highlands County Sheriff	383	7	1.12%	-		0.00%
Highlands County Board of County Commissioners	378	8	1.10%	402	6	1.02%
Medical Data Systems, Inc.	-		0.00%	387	7	0.98%
Highlands Greenhouses, Inc.	-		0.00%	350	8	0.89%
The Palms of Sebring			0.00%	264	10	0.67%
Total	6,614		19.31%	6,404		16.28%
Labor Force Employed	34,244			39,332		

Source: Top Employee information was provided by the Highlands County Economic Development Commission. Labor force employee numbers were obtained from the Florida Research and Economic Database.

^{***} Information not available.

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Full-Time Eq	Equivalent Employees as of September 30	es as of Septem	ber 30,			
Function	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
GENERAL GOVERNMENT										
Legislative	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Executive	2	4	4	2	9	2	4	4	2	4
Financial and Administrative	129	124	124	116	119	122	127	121	123	124
Comprehensive Planning	4	2	2	2	9	9	2	2	7	7
Other General Government	26	26	24	27	27	27	27	31	34	35
PUBLIC SAFETY										
	273	777	232	000	216	216	300	210	107	010
	0,00	447	42	220	2.0	0.7	502	6 7	(G)	0.0
Fire Control	32	0 7	50,	4.	0 :	٦. د	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	77	73
Detention / Correction	111	110	901	108	104	66 6	111	118	118	120
Protective Inspection	18	16	13	16	15	15	16	15	17	18
Emergency and Disaster	7	4	2	4	9	9	9	9	4	2
Ambulance and Rescue	92	63	99	61	22	64	64	64	70	80
Other Public Safety	2	က	က	က	2	2	2	2	2	2
FINE WIND CONTROL IN CLOSE IN										
Mater Hillity Services	10	4	21	10	06	20	22	22	7.0	20
Vatel Othirty Selvices	9 4	2 - 5	- 4	0 2	2 50	17 7	7 7	7 5	7 6	7 F
Conservation and Rescue	0	<u>+</u>	2	<u>+</u>	<u>4</u>	<u> </u>	7	71	2	5
TRANSPORTATION										
Road and Street Facilities	120	120	112	113	107	112	111	111	111	113
ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT										
Housing	- 1	_ 1	- '	_	_	-	_	_	_	4
Veteran Services	m	e0	n	က	3	m	က	8	3	က
Other	က	က	က	5	_	5	2	2	~	2
OHO WANTE										
	o	o	α	a	a	7	d	a	a	a
I Jediui	ο τ) -	O 7	1 0	0 0	- (n (1 0	1 0	0 0
Welfare	- ,	- ,	- •	•	ກ	01	01	•	•	x
Other Human Services	_	_	_	•				•	•	
CULTURE AND RECREATION										
Libraries	16	16	14	16	18	17	18	18	17	19
Parks and Recreation	16	17	18	18	18	18	18	14	15	15
COURT RELATED		Ċ	3	Ċ	;	•	;	ţ	((
Court General Administration	<u> </u>	23	7.7	7.7	14	ກ	11	15	∞ '	ກ ^ເ
Circuit Court Criminal	4	2	2	9	9	7	∞	2	9	9
Circuit Court Civil	4	က	က	4	4	4	4	က	4	2
Circuit Court Family	10	8	6	6	<u></u>	9	6	80	2	7
Circuit Court Juvenile	2	က	က	က	2	ო	4	4	4	4
Court General Operations	6	6	80	7	16	11	11	12	80	7
County Court Traffic	9	9	9	7	7	7	7	9	7	7
Total	911	877	850	843	836	832	851	858	846	892
יסומו			2)	2	100	2	2	2	1

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

					Fiscal Year	ear				
Function / Program	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
GENERAL GOVERNMENT										
New Hires	88	99	46	46	20	54	48	27	35	20
Purchase Orders Issued	1,681	1,708	1,910	1,518	1,629	1,696	1,804	1,764	2,069	2,107
Comp Plan Amendments	7	5	7	15	13	2	က	9	563	17
IT Work Orders Completed	15,636	17,676	14,636	8,917	9,778	9,205	7,567	5,605	2,097	5,804
IT Users Served	029	029	029	029	029	e20 _{**}	812	801	614	613
PUBLIC SAFETY Emergency Medical Services: Emergency 911 Call Volume:										
Fire/Rescue Calls	20,629	***	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *
EMS Calls	* * * *	17,089	17,365	16,546	15,696	14,814	14,645	14,782	14,243	13,628
Fire Department Calls	* * *	3,914	11,002	9,337	8,174	7,412	7,442	7,204	6,567	7,156
Average EMS Response Time (in Minutes)	7.23	7.02	7.06	8.04	7.99	7.15	6.80	6.78	5.70	5.81
Air Medical Service (Number of Flights)	212	135	116	104	108	106	88	122	142	149
Sheriff:										
Arrests Made	3,570	3,699	3,258	4,474	5,489	6,014	4,431	4,845	5,920	6,021
Traffic Citations Issued	3,888	2,040	2,116	2,349	3,244	3,188	4,534	5,501	3,852	4,747
Detentions and Correction: Jail Average Daily Population	460	417	423	379	387	399	399	422	406	388
Building Department:		:	,	!	!					
Permits Issued	6,820	11,339	5,598	5,407	4,745	4,185	3,651	3,508	3,784	3,788
Inspections Performed	14,431	19,685	9,430	7,527	7,527	6,210	5,390	5,179	6,162	6,279
Zoning Department: Code Enforcement Complaints Received	2,142	1,975	2,818	2,222	1,552	2,272	2,875	3,333	1,756	2,782
Code Enforcement Inspections Performed	3,623	3,347	4,219	4,106	4,050	4,664	5,618	6,103	4,689	4,574
PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT Recycled Waste (Tons)	3,366	5,528	3,614	2,391	2,563	2,737	3,014	2,791	48	112
Landfill Waste: Residential Household Waste (Tons) Commercial Waste (Tons)	37,960	37,954 38,443	37,575	39,411	37,609	36,189	37,449	38,394	39,601	42,268
) - ()))			2	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		2) : :
TRANSPORTATION Miles of Road Constructed			0.10		0.31	2.12	0.18	0.09	1.52	1.00
Wiles of Road Reconstitutis Miles of Road Resurfaced	22.39	8.09	30.81	31.30	34.95	31.30	31.39	36.44	32.89	29.00

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION (CONTINUED)

					Fiscal Year	Year				
Function / Program	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT Down Payment Assistance Loan Program	**	* * *	* *	** ** *	*k *k *k	* *	** ** **	* * *	**	* * *
Veterans' Services: In Office Visits	4,905	5,043	5,291	* *	5,032	4,717	5,986	6,747	6,262	8,216
Phone Calls Received	10,503	7,990	7,264	* * *	19,200	19,200	24,729	26,583	24,672	34,360
rollie visits Transportation Trips	250	242	242	* * *	° 68	74	80	* * *	* * *	* * *
Presentations	52	29	30	* * *	110	104	289	266	310	453
HUMAN SERVICES Animal Services: Animal Services:	С О И	6 979	000	7 260	0	0	000 7	200	0 673	0 457
Number of Impoundments *	3,531	3,035	1,726	3,316	3,547	3,433	3,593	4,928	7,201	6,408
Animals Reclaimed *	268	285	118	340	412	371	229	283	509	487
Animals Adopted * Animals Donated to Humane Society *	329	1.046	139	1.277	***	557	27.7	322 938	286	293 829
Animals Euthanized *	1,225	1,038	616	1,146	1,441	1,798	2,232	2,925	4,917	4,173
Wildlife Relocated	52	* (* 1	* (* (* * *	104	* * * 1	297	378	512
I ransportation Trips for Disadvantaged Persons	74,525	72,219	78,334	92,039	100,123	126,472	74,172	73,147	70,631	73,855
CULTURE AND RECREATION Library Operations: Registered Borrowers in Highlands County Library Visitors	88,030 233,161	20,409	18,736 269,095	20,218 284,480	19,846 287,573	20,320	21,178	11,830 290,139	61,513 303,053	57,614 331,523
Items Circulated: Adult	233.352	281.953	295.853	354.156	305.349	253.187	260.875	267.294	304.191	338.950
Children	111,532	104,319	122,681	123,069	119,176	94,354	89,103	87,032	96,903	86,000
Adult Programs: Number of Programs Number of Attendees	159 2,202	247 2,263	510	414 2,766	392 3,259	23 <i>7</i> 1,821	189	251 1,963	174 2,097	276 2,218
Children's Programs: Number of Programs	229	205	226	287	195	319	197	251	243	293
Volunteer Hours	5,164	6,058	5,435	5,425	5,204	2,103	4,304	6,140	8,465	8,393
Library Webpage Visits Public Internet Usage (Hours)	230,313 33,962	919,587 194,178	1,087,095 105,715	1,226,146 25,165	*** 35,341	353,182 46,595	215,303 50,881	207,842 54,619	954,110	1,003,689 53,978
Park Rentals: H. L. Bishop	61	64	32	49	52	47	29	48	40	43
Boat Ramps Maintained	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	39	39

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION (CONTINUED)

	2010		27,726	172,518
	2011		30,887	149,639
	2012		30,704	146,858
	2013		29,831	122,695
Year	2014		30,953	130,060
Fiscal Year	2015		29,806	125,991
	2016		26,967	111,171
	2017		26,840	124,283
	2018		27,557	100,996
	2019		26,955	106,396
	Function / Program	COURT RELATED	Cases in Court	Individuals thru Security

Sources: Information was obtained from various County departments.

^{*} For 2017 these numbers represent the time period of April 2017 through September 2017. Information for the remainder of the fiscal year is not available due to a transition of Animal Services to the Sheriff's Office.

^{**} Methodology for calculating number of IT Users changed in 2014.

^{***} Information not available.

^{***} As of January 1, 2019, all EMS and Fire calls became combined into Fire/Rescue calls

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION

					Fisca	Fiscal Year				
Function / Program	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
GENERAL GOVERNMENT IT Networked Buildings	54	46	42	43	43	43	43	39	34	34
PUBLIC SAFETY EMS Vehicles: Ambulances	5	<u>6</u>	<u>ر</u> تر	4	Ç	5	5	5	<u>ر</u> تر	ر تر
Jaws	i 0	2	· –	. ~	i 0	i 0	i 0	. 0	? <	2
Administrative	9	2	က	က	7	7	7	7	7	7
Paid/Volunteer Fire Stations:	17	17	17	17	*	*	*	*	*	*
Sheriff:										
Stations	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	~	_	_
Sub-Stations	က	က	4	4	က	2	2	2	ဂ	က
Patrol Vehicles	144	129	110	26	103	104	104	66	85	88
Command Center	_	_	-	က	3	_	_	_	_	_
Special Operations Vehicle	3	2	4	4	3	က	က	7	2	4
Aircraft	_	_	_	_	_	~	_	~	_	_
Watercraft	က	က	က	က	က	4	4	4	4	4
Correction Facility Capacity	504	504	504	504	504	504	504	504	504	504
TRANSPORTATION Miles of County Road: Paved	666 6	866	80 60	8000	1.010	1.010	1.007	866	80 60	984
Unpaved	198	200	197	197	217	215	213	220	220	207
Number of Airports	7	7	ю	м	က	ю	ю	ო	ю	м
CULTURE AND RECREATION										
Number of County Libraries	က	က	က	က	က	က	က	က	က	က
Library Books	253,678	245,326	233,238	206,601	236,135	245,123	148,506	219,767	208,778	196,583
Library Audio Materials	9,652	*	9,252	17,941	18,284	12,261	7,967	11,202	10,890	10,158
Library Video Materials	28,380	12,519	26,637	20,886	22,555	31,378	19,799	21,169	20,767	19,116
Number of County Boat Ramps	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	39	39
Number of County Parks	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	21	21
Parks with Playgrounds	4	4	4	4	4	4	2	4	4	4
Parks with Baseball/Softball Fields	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	9
Park Acreage (Estimated):	!									!
Developed Undeveloped	1,465 30.67									

Sources: Information was obtained from various County departments. * Information not available



HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Federal / State Agency Federal Program / State Project	CFDA/ CSFA Number	Grant Contract Number	Amounts Passed Through To Subrecipients	Expenditures
FEDERAL AWARDS				
U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.607 16.710	N/A 2017UMWX0138	\$ -	\$ 14,152 212,488
JAG Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738 16.738	2018-DJ-BX-0541 2019-JAGC-HIGH-1-N2-060		18,439 60,634 79,073
Pass-Through from Florida Attorney General Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	VOCA-2018-Highlands County Sheriff-00072	-	104,582
Pass-Through from Florida Network of Children's Advocacy Centers Improving the Investigation and Prosecution of Child Abuse and the Regional and Local Children's Advocacy Centers	16.758	SEBR-FL-TFCBT-PI19		15,559
Total U.S. Department of Justice				425,854
U.S. Department of Transportation Pass-Through from Florida Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.205 20.205	431343-1-38-01 433203-1-38-01		5,220 3,330 8,550 8,550
U.S. Election Assistance Commission Pass-Through from Florida Division of Elections: Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments: Albert Network Monitoring Solution Grant	90.401 90.401 90.401	2018-2019-001-HIG 2018-2019-0003 2018-2019-002	-	84,774 14,092 8,341
Total Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments			-	107,207
Total U.S. Election Assistance Commission			-	107,207
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Direct Programs Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases	93.323	NU90TP921942-01-00	-	9,977
Pass-Through from Ounce of Prevention Fund of Florida, Inc.: Promoting Safe and Stable Families Promoting Safe and Stable Families Total Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556 93.556	HF-18-19-42 HF-19-20-42		12,338 4,542 16,880
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Cluster	93.558 93.558	HF-18-19-42 HF-19-20-42		79,288 29,239 108,527
Pass-Through U.S. Agency for Children and Families and Office of Child Support Enforcement, Florida Department of Revenue: Child Support Enforcement Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	93.563	COC28		300,937 436,321

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Federal / State Agency Federal Program / State Project	CFDA/ CSFA Number	Grant Contract Number	Amounts Passed Through To Subrecipients	Expenditures
FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED)				
Department of Homeland Security Direct Programs Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	EMW-2017-SS-00061	\$ -	\$ 6
Pass-Through from Florida Division of Emergency Management: Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) Total Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036 97.036	Z0581 Z0016		12,732,505 255,021 12,987,526
Emergency Management Performance Grants Emergency Management Performance Grants Total Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042 97.042	19-FG-AF-09-36-01-181 G0024	-	56,413 19,228 75,641
Total Department of Homeland Security			-	13,063,173
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Pass-Through from Florida Department of Economic Opportunity Community Development Block Grants Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	14.228	16DB-OK-07-38-01-N04		248,343 248,343
			_	240,343
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Nonpoint Source Implementation Grant	66.460	C9-99451516-0	-	(41,532)
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				(41,532)
U.S. Department of Agriculture Environmental Quality Incentives Program Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.912	NR184209XXXXC042	-	5,184 5,184
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ -	\$ 14,253,100

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Federal / State Agency Federal Program / State Project	CFDA/ CSFA Number	Grant Contract Number	Amounts Passed Through To Subrecipients	Expenditures
STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE				
Florida Department of Economic Opportunity Enterprise Florida, Inc Encroachment Prevention and Sustainability (Phase III) Total Enterprise Florida, Inc.	31.003	DIG 13-08	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 14,264 14,264
Military Base Protection Military Base Protection Military Base Protection Total Military Base Protection	40.014 40.014 40.014	DIG 15-10 DIG 16-136 CON 19-102	- - -	24,045 458,582 48,089 530,716
Growth Management Implementation Growth Management Implementation Total Growth Management Implementation	40.024 40.024	P0305 P0332	- - -	40,000 22,500 62,500
Total Florida Department of Economic Opportunity			-	607,480
Florida Department of Environmental Protection Small County Consolidated Waste Grants	37.012	SC916	-	90,909
Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects Total Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects	37.039 37.039	S0650 NF023		593,873 47,723 641,596
Total Florida Department of Environmental Protection				732,505
Florida Department of State & Secretary of State State Aid to Libraries	45.030	18-ST-16		194,307
Total Florida Department of State & Secretary of State			-	194,307
Florida Executive Office of the Governor Emergency Management Programs Emergency Management Programs Total Emergency Management Programs	31.063 31.063	19-BG-21-09-38-01-160 A0052	- -	80,865 34,834 115,699
Emergency Management Projects Emergency Management Projects Emergency Management Projects Emergency Management Projects Total Emergency Management Projects	31.067 31.067 31.067 31.067	16-CP-11-07-38-01-184 17-CP-11-07-38-01-167 18-CP-11-07-38-01-104 19-CP-11-07-38-01-163	- - - -	515 1,067 2,381 2,345 6,308
Total Florida Executive Office of the Governor				122,007
Florida Housing Finance Corporation State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) Program State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) Program	40.901 40.901	N/A N/A	-	258,818 350,000
Total Florida Housing Finance Corporation	.0.00			608,818

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Federal / State Agency Federal Program / State Project	CFDA/ CSFA Number	Grant Contract Number	Amounts Passed Through To Subrecipients	Expenditures
STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (CONTINUED)				
Florida Department of Transportation County Incentive Grant Program County Incentive Grant Program County Incentive Grant Program Total County Incentive Grant Program	55.008 55.008 55.008	420082-2-58-01 429841-1-54-01 433553-1-54-01	\$ - - -	\$ 450,020 145,462 85,217 680,699
Small County Outreach Program Small County Outreach Program Pass-Through from Town of Lake Placid: Small County Outreach Program Total Small County Outreach Program	55.009 55.009 55.009	436641-1-54-01 436644-1-54-01 438925-1-54-01	<u>:</u>	8,681 24,423 3,781 36,885
Small County Road Assistance Program Small County Road Assistance Program Small County Road Assistance Program Total Small County Road Assistance Program	55.016 55.016 55.016	440447-1-54-01 436642-1-54-01 436643-1-54-01	- - - -	35,606 11,391 5,486 52,483
Total Florida Department of Transportation			-	770,067
Florida Department of Children and Families Pass-Through from Florida Network for Children's Advocacy Centers, Inc.: Florida Network Children's Advocacy Center Total Florida Department of Children and Families	60.124	N/A	<u> </u>	510 510
Florida Department of Health County Grant Awards County Grant Awards County Grant Awards	64.005 64.005 64.005	C4028 C5028 C6028	- - -	7,954 4,524 1,599
Total Florida Department of Health			-	14,077
Florida Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles Child Abuse Prevention and Intervention License Plate Project Child Abuse Prevention and Intervention License Plate Project Child Abuse Prevention and Intervention License Plate Project Total Florida Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles	76.067 76.067 76.067	N/A N/A N/A		611 1,370 876 2,857
Florida Department of Management Services Prepaid Next Generation 911 (NG911) State Grant Program Prepaid Next Generation 911 (NG911) State Grant Program	72.003 72.003	S11-18-05-14 S13-19-06-03	<u> </u>	462,213 8,608
Total Florida Department of Management Services			-	470,821
Florida Department of Legal Affairs and Attorney General FL Network of Children's Advocacy Centers FL Network of Children's Advocacy Centers	41.031 41.031	18/19-GR-CAC23 19/20-GR-CAC23	<u> </u>	26,246 4,414
Total Florida Department of Legal Affairs and Attorney General				30,660
Total State Financial Assistance Total Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance			\$ - \$ -	\$ 3,554,109 \$ 17,807,209

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance (the Schedule) includes the federal award and state financial assistance activity of Highlands County, Florida (County) under programs of the federal government and State of Florida for the year ended September 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of 2 CFR Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)* and Chapter 69I-5, Rules of the Florida Department of Financial Services. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County.

<u>Disaster Grants – Public As</u>sistance (CFDA No 97.036)

After a Presidential-Declared disaster, FEMA provides a Public Assistance Grant to reimburse eligible costs associated with repair, replacement, or restoration of disaster-damaged facilities. The Federal government reimburses in the form of cost-shared grants which requires state and local matching funds. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, \$12,987,526 of approved eligible expenditures that were incurred in a prior year are included on the Schedule.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting for awards and financial assistance recorded in governmental funds and the accrual basis of accounting for awards and financial assistance recorded in the proprietary funds, which are described in Note 1 to the County's basic financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments, or the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The County has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 CONTINGENCIES

Grant monies received and disbursed by the County are for specific purposes and are subject to review by the grantor agencies. Such audits may result in requests for reimbursement due to disallowed expenditures. Based upon prior experience, the County does not believe that such disallowances, if any, would have a material effect on the financial position of the County. As of March 9, 2020, there were no material questioned or disallowed costs as a result of grant audits in process or completed.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of County Commissioners Highlands County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Highlands County, Florida (County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 9, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal* control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida March 9, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Board of County Commissioners Highlands County, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited Highlands County, Florida's (County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement*, and the requirements described in the Florida Department of Financial Services' *State Projects Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2019. The County's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards and state projects applicable to its federal programs and state projects.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs and state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits. Those standards, Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.



We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2019-001 and 2019-002. Our opinion on each major federal program and state project is not modified with respect to this matter.

The County's responses to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program and state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Board of County Commissioners Highlands County, Florida

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2019-001 and 2019-002 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

The County's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida March 9, 2020

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results Financial Statements 1. Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified 2. Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? <u>x</u> no _____ yes ____x none reported Significant deficiency(ies) identified? _____ yes 3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? _____ yes ____x no Federal Awards 1. Internal control over major federal programs: Material weakness(es) identified? <u>x</u> no ____yes ____x none reported Significant deficiency(ies) identified? _____ yes 2. Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified 3. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? <u>x</u> no ____yes Identification of Major Federal Programs CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster 97.036 Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) Dollar threshold used to distinguish between \$ 750,000 Type A and Type B programs:

_____ yes

<u>x</u> no

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

	Section I – Summary of Au	iditors' Results (Cont	inued)
State	Financial Assistance		
1.	Internal control over state projects:		
	Material weakness(es) identified?	x yes	no
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	x none reported
2.	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state projects:	Unmodified	
3.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 10.557, Rules of the Auditor General?	xyes	no
ldenti	fication of Major State Projects		
	CSFA Number(s)	Name of State Proj	ect
	37.039	Statewide Surface W Wastewater Projects	later Restoration and
	55.008	County Incentive Gra	ant Program
	72.003	Prepaid Next Genera Program	ation 911 (NG911) Grant
	threshold used to distinguish between A and Type B state projects:	\$750,000	
	Section II – Financia	al Statement Findings	
Our au s <i>tanda</i>	udit did not disclose any matters required to bards.	pe reported in accordar	nce with Government Auditing
	Section III – Findings and Question	ned Costs – Major Fed	leral Programs
		·	

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

Section IV – Findings and Questioned Costs – Major State Projects

<u>2019–001 – Reporting for Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects</u>

State agency: Florida Department of Environmental Protection

State program title: Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects

CSFA Number: 37.039

Award Period: November 5, 2013 through March 31, 2020

Type of Finding:

Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Compliance

Other Matters

Criteria or specific requirement: The County is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control to ensure the compliance requirements of grants are met. Grant agreements S0650 and NF023 require submission of quarterly progress reports within 20 days of a quarter end (calendar quarters).

Condition: Our audit procedures identified noncompliance with the reporting requirements of the Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Project grant agreement.

Questioned Costs: None

Context: Five reports that were due during fiscal year 2019 were selected for testing. Three of the reports were submitted after the due date:

- Grant agreement S0650 The April 1 June 30, 2019 quarterly report due August 20, 2019 was submitted September 19, 2019
- Grant agreement S0650 The July 1 September 30, 2019 quarterly report due November 20, 2019 was submitted November 25, 2019
- Grant agreement NF023 The April 1 June 30, 2019 quarterly report due August 20, 2019 was submitted September 19, 2019

Cause: The complexity of the project and grant agreements, coupled with transition to a new project manager, was not adequate to ensure all requirements of the grant agreement were met.

Effect: A failure to submit timely, complete, and accurate progress reports to the grantor could cause delayed payments or cancelled funding due to noncompliance with the grant agreement.

Repeat Finding: This item was reported in the prior year as 2018-003.

Recommendation: The grant manager should ensure that reports are submitted in a timely manner.

Section IV – Findings and Questioned Costs – Major State Projects (Continued)

<u>2019–001 – Reporting for Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects</u> (Continued)

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: Administration concurs with the finding and recommendation. Department management will continue to work close with the Project Manager to ensure reports are submitted in a timely manner. Intraoffice support has been assigned to assist the Project Manager on all future grant reports, as a secondary control measure. Additionally, the newly hired Grants Coordinator will be assisting to ensure reporting deadlines are met.

<u>2019–002 – Reporting for Prepaid Next Generation 911 (NG911) State Grant Program</u>

State agency: Department of Management Services

State program title: Prepaid Next Generation 911 (NG911) State Grant Program

CSFA Number: 72.003

Type of Finding:

Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Compliance

Other Matters

Criteria or specific requirement: The County is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control to ensure the compliance requirements of grants are met. The grant applications for grant numbers S11-18-05-14 and S-13-19-06-03 require submission of quarterly progress reports and quarterly expenditure budget reports to the Florida Department of Management Services within 30 days of a quarter end (calendar quarters).

Condition: Our audit procedures identified noncompliance with the reporting requirements of the NG911 grant.

Questioned Costs: None

Context: Four reports that were due during fiscal year 2019 were selected for testing. The reports covering the period July to September 2019 were submitted to the Florida Department of Management Services on December 1, 2019.

Cause: The previous project manager retired. The grant is managed by a single member of management, and there are no controls in place to ensure reports submitted to the grantor are complete, accurate, and timely filed.

Effect: A failure to submit timely, complete, and accurate progress reports to the grantor could cause delayed payments or cancelled funding due to noncompliance with the grant agreement.

Section IV – Findings and Questioned Costs – Major State Projects (Continued)

<u>2019–002 – Reporting for Prepaid Next Generation 911 (NG911) State Grant Program (Continued)</u>

Recommendation: Grant reports should be reviewed prior to submission by an individual, other than the preparer, who is knowledgeable of the compliance requirements. All reports should be filed by the required deadlines.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: Sheriff's management concurs with the auditors that the required quarterly reports for the subject E-911 grant were submitted late. However, the Sheriff's Office does not believe that the reporting delay rose to the level of a "Material Weakness in Internal Control over Compliance" as noted in the Finding. The grant manager filed the required grant reports immediately when notified and there were not findings related to the contents of any report.

The Finding concluded that a failure to submit accurate reports timely could cause cancelled or delayed payments due to noncompliance with the grant agreement. The likelihood of a cancellation or termination of the grant was highly unlikely because a) this was a reimbursement grant, b) reimbursement had been sufficiently documented, and c) all financial transactions, including reimbursement, were complete.

However, Sheriff's management concurs with the auditors recommendation that reports should be filed timely and reviewed prior to submission by someone other than the preparer who is knowledgeable of the reporting requirements. Steps have been taken to ensure that the Recommendation will be implemented.



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of County Commissioners Highlands County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Highlands County, Florida (County), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 and have issued our report thereon dated March 9, 2020.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, *Cost Principles*, *and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550 Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 9, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. See the accompanying schedule of findings and responses for the current status of prior year audit findings.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note 1 to the Financial Statements.



Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a., and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the County has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the County did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Section 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the County. It is management's responsibility to monitor the County's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by the same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. Our recommendation is listed in the accompanying schedule of findings and recommendations as 2019-003.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of County Commissioners, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida March 9, 2020

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA MANAGEMENT LETTER SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Prior Year

		Curr	ent Year St	tatus	Current	2017-2018	2016-2017
Prior Year Findings			Partially	Not	Year	Year	Year
		Cleared	Cleared	Cleared	Finding #	Finding #	Finding #
Revenue Recognition	Material Weakness	Х			Not reported	2018-001	Not reported
Preparation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance	Material Weakness	Х			Not reported	2018-002	Not reported
Reporting for Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects	Material Weakness			Х	2019-001	2018-003	Not reported
Reconciliation of EMS Balances	Internal Control Deficiency			Х	2019-003	2018-004	Not reported
Tax Roll Recapitulation	Internal Control Deficiency	Х			Not reported	2018-005	Not reported

Current Year

2019-003 - Reconciliation of EMS Balances

Criteria or specific requirement: The County uses a service provider for EMS billings and collections. Amounts reported by the service provider should be reconciled to the general ledger on a regular basis to ensure errors are identified and corrected in a timely manner.

Condition: Our audit procedures identified that monthly reconciliations are not performed on a timely basis.

Cause: The EMS department has encountered turnover in the billing specialist position, and a change in EMS billing vendors.

Effect: Lack of timely reconciliation of billings by the EMS department results in delayed reconciliation of the accounts receivable and revenue by the accounting department. Errors related to billings, accounts receivable, revenue, and account write offs may go undetected and uncorrected.

Recommendation: We recommend continuing to work with the new EMS billing vendor to obtain the necessary reports to improve timeliness of reconciliations.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: Administration concurs with the finding and recommendation. The Department is taking proactive measures to streamline and improve the process with the recent transition to a new billing company. Currently, staff are holding a weekly phone conference with the billing company to discuss issues and streamline data; billing staff and finance staff have prioritized clearing the issues that were created by the prior billing company along with the collections issue; and billing staff is working on the reconciliation process daily to become current. Once current, reconciliation will be completed in a timely manner.



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Board of County Commissioners and the Florida Auditor General Highlands County, Florida

We have examined Highlands County, Florida's (County) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds and Section 365.172(10) and 365.173(2)(d), Florida Statutes, regarding emergency communications number E911 system fund during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management of the County is responsible for the County's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the County complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the County complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds and Section 365.172(10) and 365.173(2)(d), Florida Statutes, regarding emergency communications number E911 system fund during the year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the County and the Auditor General, State of Florida and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida March 9, 2020



CLERK OF COURTS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Robert W. Germaine Clerk of Courts Highlands County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clerk of Courts of Highlands County, Florida (the Clerk) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



The Honorable Robert W. Germaine Clerk of Courts
Highlands County, Florida

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clerk as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Court Services Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Highlands County, Florida that is attributable to the Clerk. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Highlands County, Florida as of September 30, 2019, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statement is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements. The combining statements, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Honorable Robert W. Germaine Clerk of Courts
Highlands County, Florida

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 14, 2020, on our consideration of the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida January 14, 2020

CLERK OF COURTS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

					A C	Public Records Modernization		Collin	Ź Ś	Nonmajor	Š	Total
ASSETS		General		Court		Trust		Services		Funds		Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts Receivable Due from Other Governmental Units Prepaid Items	↔	75,304 - 50,663 81,943	↔	269,274	↔	82,168 156,842 283	↔	247,550	↔	54,559 52,281 94	↔	728,855 209,123 377 92,945 81,943
Total Assets	↔	207,910	↔	308,990	↔	239,293	S	250,116	↔	106,934	` ∽	1,113,243
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES Vouchers Payable Due to Other Governmental Units Due to Others Due to Constitutional Officers Accrued Payroll and Related Liabilities Total Liabilities FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned Total Fund Balances	ω	128,701 20 19,073 60,116 207,910 81,943	θ	498 - 303,100 - 5,392 - 308,990	θ	33,400 - - 33,400 - 205,893 - - 205,893	₩	5,029 213,582 - 31,505 250,116	₩	467 - 3,875 4,342 - 102,592	₩	168,095 213,602 303,100 19,073 100,888 804,758 81,943 308,485 (81,943) 308,485
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	₩	207,910	8	308,990	8	239,293	8	250,116	s	106,934	` \$	1,113,243

CLERK OF COURTS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	General	O	Court	Pul Rec Moderr Tr	Public Records Modernization Trust	CC	Court	Nonr Govern Fur	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Gov	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Interconcernmental:											
Appropriation from Board of County Commissioners Miscellanguis Revenues	\$ 3,993,028	↔	•	↔	•	↔	•	↔	•	↔	3,993,028
Recording Fees	•		٠		52,302		٠		148,628		200,930
Intergovernmental Court Related Service Charae			300,937			•	216,090		- 47 702		517,027
Fines and Forfeitures						-	541,877		70,'		541,877
Interest Earnings			2,353		4,274		3,328		2,279		12,234
Other Miscellaneous Kevenues Total Revenues	47,299 4,040,327		303,290		2,725 59,301	<u></u>	1,864,115		7,400 176,009		57,424 6,443,042
EXPENDITURES General Government: Descend Services	2 726 959										2 726 959
Operation Common	844,724		21,033		2,725						868,482
Total General Government	3,677,062		21,033		36,125		ı		ı		3,734,220
Court Related: Personal Services	287,104		266,889			τ,	1,669,109		191,154		2,414,256
Operating Expenditures	5,841		15,368		1 1		97,266		35,893		154,368
Coping Court Related	344,262		282,257			Ψ,	,766,375		227,047		2,619,941
Total Expenditures	4,021,324		303,290		36,125	<u></u>	1,766,375		227,047		6,354,161
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	19,003		ı		23,176		97,740		(51,038)		88,881
OTHER FINANCING USES Unexpended Budget Balance Reverting to Board of County Commissioners	(19,003)		ı								(19,003)
Distribution of Excess Fees to State of Florida Total Other Financing Uses	(19,003)						(97,740) (97,740)				(97,740) (116,743)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1		İ		23,176		•		(51,038)		(27,862)
Fund Balance - October 1, 2018	1		'		182,717		1		153,630		336,347
FUND BALANCE - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019		↔	1	↔	205,893	↔		\$	102,592	₩	308,485

CLERK OF COURTS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Buc	dget				ariance - avorable
	Original	0	Final	Actual	(Un	favorable)
REVENUES	<u> </u>					,
Intergovernmental:						
Appropriation from Board of						
County Commissioners	\$ 3,993,028	\$	3,993,028	\$ 3,993,028	\$	-
Miscellaneous Revenues:						
Other Miscellaneous Revenues			47,299	47,299		-
Total Revenues	3,993,028		4,040,327	4,040,327		-
EXPENDITURES						
General Government:						
Personal Services	2,802,675		2,726,959	2,726,959		-
Operating Expenditures	846,966		863,727	844,724		19,003
Capital Outlay		_	105,379	105,379		-
Total General Government	3,649,641		3,696,065	3,677,062		19,003
Court Related:						
Personal Services	278,855		287,104	287,104		-
Operating Expenditures	12,875		5,841	5,841		-
Capital Outlay	51,657		51,317	51,317		-
Total Court Related	343,387		344,262	344,262		-
Total Expenditures	3,993,028		4,040,327	 4,021,324		19,003
EXCESS OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	-		-	19,003		19,003
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Unexpended Budget Balance Reverting						
to Board of County Commissioners				 (19,003)		(19,003)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		-	-		-
Fund Balance - October 1, 2018	 					
FUND BALANCE - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ 	\$		\$ _	\$	

CLERK OF COURTS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL COURT SERVICES FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Bud	dget			ariance - avorable
	Original	<u> </u>	Final	Actual	favorable)
REVENUES					 <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Miscellaneous Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 236,032	\$	236,032	\$ 216,090	\$ (19,942)
Court Related Service Charge	1,061,235		1,061,235	1,102,820	41,585
Fines and Forfeitures	489,980		489,980	541,877	51,897
Interest Earnings	 600		600	 3,328	2,728
Total Revenues	1,787,847		1,787,847	1,864,115	76,268
EXPENDITURES					
Court Related:					
Personal Services	1,684,308		1,670,196	1,669,109	1,087
Operating Expenditures	103,539		117,651	97,266	 20,385
Total Expenditures	1,787,847		1,787,847	1,766,375	 21,472
EXCESS OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	-		-	97,740	97,740
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Distribution of Excess Fees to					
State of Florida	 			 (97,740)	(97,740)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		-	-	-
Fund Balance - October 1, 2018					
FUND BALANCE - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ 	\$	-	\$ -	\$

CLERK OF COURTS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Internal Service Fund
	Compensated
	Absences
ASSETS	,
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 165,661
Investments	156,842
Accounts Receivable	281
Total Assets	322,784
LIABILITIES	
Due to BOCC	309
Accrued Compensated Absences Payable	322,475
Total Liabilities	322,784
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	\$ -

CLERK OF COURTS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Com	nal Service Fund pensated osences
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services	\$	425,152
OPERATING EXPENSES Compensated Absences Expense		427,782
OPERATING LOSS		(2,630)
NONOPERATING REVENUES Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		2,630
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		-
Net Position - October 1, 2018		_
NET POSITION - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	

CLERK OF COURTS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Соі	rnal Service Fund mpensated
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Charges for Services Cash Paid to Employees for Services Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	425,152 (430,254) (5,102)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Collection of Advance to Other Funds Payment to Other Constitutional Officers Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		216,095 (19) 216,076
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of Investments Investment Income Net Cash Used by Investing Activities		(80,370) 2,490 (77,880)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		133,094
Cash and Cash Equivalents - October 1, 2018		32,567
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	165,661
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Loss Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities: Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	\$	(2,630)
Decrease in Compensated Absences Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	(2,472) (5,102)

CLERK OF COURTS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	 Fullus
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,571,609
Investments	134,037
Due from Others	3,050
Due from Other Governmental Units	1,662
Total Assets	\$ 1,710,358
LIABILITIES	
Due to Others	\$ 349,361
Due to Other Governmental Units	398,859
Due to Constitutional Officers	81,397
Deposits	 880,741
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,710,358

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Highlands County is a noncharter County established on April 3, 1921, under the laws of the state of Florida, Chapter 8513. The Clerk of Courts (Clerk) is one of six constitutional officers elected to serve within the County and receives a significant portion of its revenue from the Board of County Commissioners, Highlands County, Florida. The Clerk's financial statements include only the funds of the Clerk's office. There are no separate legal entities (component units) for which the Clerk is to be financially accountable.

The Clerk is elected every four years to serve as Clerk of the Circuit Court as well as the County Courts. In addition, the Clerk is the ex-officio Clerk to the Board of County Commissioners of Highlands County (Board). As Clerk to the Board, the Clerk is the auditor, recorder, and custodian of all County funds.

The Clerk is a budget officer in that noncourt functions of the Clerk are funded by revenues that are received from the Board in the form of an appropriation. The Clerk is required to submit to the Board excess revenues over expenditures as of September 30 of each year for the noncourt related budget.

Court related fees collected by the Clerk in carrying out his duties are used to fund the court functions of the Clerk of Courts. Excess fees are remitted per Sections 28.36 and 28.37, Florida Statutes.

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. These policies, as presented, should be viewed as an integral part of the financial statements. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Basis of Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits*, which allow the Clerk to only present fund financial statements. These financial statements present only the portion of the funds of Highlands County, Florida that are attributable to the Clerk. They are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of Highlands County, Florida in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Clerk are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Accounting (Continued)

The purpose of the Clerk's various funds is as follows:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund – The General Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Clerk of the Courts that are not required either legally or by GAAP to be accounted for in another fund.

Court Fund – The Court Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the Child Support Enforcement grant activity, which is restricted by the grantor, and bond estreature activity.

Public Records Modernization Trust Fund – The Public Records Modernization Trust Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the additional service charges on recorded instruments used exclusively for modernizing the official recordkeeping systems in the Clerk's office per Section 28.24(12)(d), Florida Statutes.

Court Services Fund – The Court Services Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for court-related filing fees, service charges, fines, court costs, appropriations and expenses of the Clerk as mandated by Section 28.35, Florida Statutes.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Court Related Technology Modernization Trust Fund – The Court Related Technology Modernization Trust Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the recording fees used exclusively to fund court related technology information needs for the Clerk of Courts per Section 28.24(12)(e), Florida Statutes.

Teen Court Fund – The Teen Court Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for assessment of mandatory court costs for the operation and administration of the Highlands County Court Program per Section 938.19, Florida Statutes.

Homeowner's Foreclosure Education Fund — The Homeowner's Foreclosure Education Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for funds for the purpose of educating the public as to the rights of homeowners regarding foreclosure proceedings.

Proprietary Fund

Internal Service Fund – The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of funded compensated absences.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Accounting (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds – Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by a government as an agent for individuals, private organizations or other governments and/or funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Capital Assets

All capital assets purchased, which include equipment and intangible software, are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds at the time of purchase. The Board holds legal title for the capital assets used in the operation of the Clerk and is accountable for them under Florida Law. The Clerk notifies the Board of capital assets purchased and the original cost is recorded in the capital asset records of Highlands County as a whole. The Clerk may not dispose of any capital assets in his custody. The Clerk is to notify the Board of any unused or obsolete assets and it is the Board's responsibility to dispose of these assets in accordance with the various Florida Statutes.

Measurement Focus

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported unassigned fund balances (net current assets) are considered a measure of "available, spendable, or appropriable resources." Governmental Funds operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Proprietary Fund – The Internal Service Fund is accounted for on a cost of services measurement focus which is referred to as a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the fund are included in the statement of net position. Proprietary fund operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net position.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting (Continued)

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenue is recognized when it becomes measurable and available as net current assets. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Clerk considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. An exception to this general rule is principal and interest on long-term debt which is recognized when due.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by the fiduciary funds and proprietary fund. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

Budgets and Budgetary Data

The following are the procedures followed in establishing the budget for the Clerk's office.

The Clerk is required to prepare two budgets. One budget relates to the Clerk's court related functions and is filed with the Clerks of Court Operations Corporation (CCOC). The other budget relates to the requirement of the Clerk as Clerk to the Board and is filed with the Board. Annual appropriated budgets for the General Fund and Court Services Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.

Clerk to the Board Budget

- 1. On or before June 1 of each year, the Clerk submits to the Board a tentative budget for the ensuing fiscal year.
- Within 15 days after certification of the ad valorem tax roll by the Property Appraiser, the County Budget Officer submits to the Board a proposed county-wide operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 3. By Board resolution, a tentative budget is submitted to the public. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayers' comments.
- 4. Within 20 days after adoption of the tentative budget, a final budget is submitted for review and adoption at a final public hearing.
- 5. Prior to, or on, September 30, the County's operating budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 6. The Clerk receives his budgeted revenues from the Board in monthly installments beginning in October.
- 7. Section 129.07, Florida Statutes, provides that only expenditures in excess of total fund budgets are unlawful. However, because the Clerk acts on all budget changes between departments, this becomes the level of control.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets and Budgetary Data (Continued)

Clerk to the Board Budget (Continued)

- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all Governmental Funds.
- 9. All appropriations lapse at the close of the fiscal year.

Annual appropriated budgets for the General Fund and Court Services Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. The Court Fund, Public Records Modernization Trust Fund, Court Related Technology Modernization Trust Fund, Teen Court Fund, and Homeowner's Foreclosure Education Fund are not legally required to have budgets.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are cash on hand as well as demand deposits and investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

The Clerk invests surplus public funds in accordance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. Investments in the current year are held in certificates of deposits.

Compensated Absences

Employees of the Clerk earn paid-time-off in varying amounts. Upon retirement, death, resignation, or separation in good standing employees are eligible to receive payment, at their current rates of pay, up to 100% of accumulated paid-time-off based on years of service. However, employees having less than one year of service will not be paid for any accumulated paid-time-off. Employees of the Clerk are limited to no more than 400 hours of paid time-off carryover at year-end.

In governmental funds, only the amounts that normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are accrued as current year expenditures. Paid-time-off for the Clerk's employees have been fully funded and are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Fund Balance

The classifications of fund balances are described as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Restricted Fund Balance – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Clerk is reporting restricted fund balances in the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund, Court Related Technology Modernization Trust Fund, Teen Court Fund, and Homeowner's Foreclosure Education Fund.

Committed Fund Balance – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Clerk's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned Fund Balance – Amounts the Clerk intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the Clerk's General Fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include a negative balance for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those purposes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Clerk's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The Board adopted a fund balance policy for the county as a whole. The Clerk does not have a separate fund balance policy.

Unexpended Budget Balance Reverting to Board of County Commissioners

Section 218.36(2), Florida Statutes, requires that any excess of revenues over expenditures in the General Fund held by the Clerk at the end of each fiscal year for noncourt functions shall be remitted to the Board. Therefore, the excess of revenues over expenditures in the General Fund and Court Fund at the end of each fiscal year is reflected as unexpended budget balance reverting to the Board on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance, and the related liability is included in due to constitutional officers.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make use of estimates that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from estimates.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations

In accordance with Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, the Clerk participates with the County in offering retiring employees the opportunity to continue in the County's health insurance plan. The participating retirees pay 100% of the premium cost applicable to an active employee. The liability and expense for other postemployment benefits, calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, are reported in the financial statements of the County.

NOTE 2 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 2019, the bank balance of the Clerk's deposits consisted of the following:

Deposits	\$ 1,689,790
Certificates of Deposit	500,002
Total	\$ 2,189,792

The entire amount of the demand deposits is deposited in a state of Florida qualified depository and, therefore, is fully collateralized.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Clerk's monies must be deposited in banks designated as qualified public depositories by the Chief Financial Officer, Florida Department of Financial Services. Therefore, the Clerk's total deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation and collateralized by the Bureau of Collateral Management, Division of Treasury, and Florida Department of Financial Services. The law requires the Chief Financial Officer to ensure that funds are entirely collateralized throughout the fiscal year.

Collateral is provided for demand deposits through the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. This law establishes guidelines for qualification and participation by banks and savings associations, procedures for the administration of the collateral requirements, and characteristics of eligible collateral. Under this law, the qualified public depository must pledge at least 25% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance.

Additional collateral, up to a maximum of 150%, may be required if deemed necessary under the conditions set forth in this law. Eligible collateral consists of obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of states and their local political subdivisions and unaffiliated corporations.

NOTE 2 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Obligations pledged to secure deposits must be delivered to the Department of Financial Services or, with the approval of the Chief Financial Officer, to a bank, savings association or trust company provided a power of attorney is delivered to the Chief Financial Officer. On a monthly basis, the Chief Financial Officer determines that the collateral has a market value adequate to cover the deposits under the provisions of this law.

The Clerk invests funds throughout the year with Florida PRIME, an investment pool administered by the State Board of Administration, under the regulatory oversight of the state of Florida. Investments in Florida PRIME are made pursuant to Chapter 125.31, Florida Statutes. The investments are not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Throughout the year and as of September 30, 2019, Florida PRIME contained certain floating and adjustable rate securities which were indexed based on the prime rate and/or one and three-month LIBOR rates. These investments represented 36.7% of Florida PRIME's portfolio at September 30, 2019.

Florida PRIME meets all of the necessary criteria to elect to measure all of the investments in Florida PRIME at amortized cost, as a cash equivalent.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Clerk's investment policy limits the maximum duration of the overall portfolio to one year.

The weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of Florida PRIME as of September 30, 2019 was 37 days. Next interest rate reset dates for floating securities are used in the calculation of the WAM. The weighted average life (WAL) of the Florida PRIME at September 30, 2019 was 85 days.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Clerk's investment policy limits investments to specified credit ratings for authorized investments. Investments in Florida PRIME must carry an "AAAm" rating from Standard and Poor's.

On September 30, 2019, Standard and Poor's Ratings Services assigned the Florida PRIME an "AAAm" principal stability funding rating.

NOTE 2 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk (Continued)

With regard to redemption gates, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states that "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48-hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the Executive Director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the Executive Director until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days."

With regard to liquidity fees, Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

As of September 30, 2019, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100% of their account value.

A reconciliation to amounts shown on the balance sheet, statement of net position, and statement of fiduciary net position is as follows:

Deposits and Certificates of Deposit Petty Cash and Change in Funds Florida PRIME Total	\$	1,884,232 6,900 1,074,995 2,966,127
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	728,855
Investments	·	209,123
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents		165,661
Investments		156,842
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Agency Fund:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,571,609
Investments		134,037
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments	\$	2,966,127

NOTE 3 PERSONNEL COMMITMENTS

Employees of the Clerk earn paid-time-off in varying amounts. In the event of retirement or termination of employment, an employee is paid for a portion of paid-time-off credits unused.

The following shows the change in compensated absences for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019:

Accrued Compensated Absences - September 30, 2018	\$ 324,947
Leave Earned by Employees	427,782
Payments to Employees	 (430,254)
Accrued Compensated Absences - September 30, 2019	\$ 322,475

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS

Background

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any state-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Clerk are eligible to enroll as members of the state-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Elected County Officers Class Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62, or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of FRS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a state-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of HIS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FRS Investment Plan

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the state of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Clerk employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Clerk.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover-vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Participating employer contributions are based upon statewide rates established by the state of Florida. The Clerk's contributions made to the plans during the years ended September 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$460,231, \$426,056, and \$396,956, respectively, equal to the actuarially determined contribution requirements for each year.

Additional information about pension plans can be found in the County's comprehensive annual financial report.

NOTE 5 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with the Board and the Constitutional Officers of Highlands County, Florida, for the year ended September 30, 2019 were as follows:

Budget Appropriation

The General Fund of the Clerk received payments from the Board in the amount of \$3,993,028 for the year ended September 30, 2019. The amounts payable to the Board at September 30, 2019 for excess fees and other items were \$19,073.

Court Fund

The Board provides certain indirect costs for Child Support Enforcement Grant activities. The excess of revenues over expenditures is remitted to the Board at fiscal year-end. There were no amounts payable to the Board at September 30, 2019 for excess fees.

Various Services

The Board provides various services to the Clerk. The charges for these services for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 amounted to \$610,680.

The Clerk provides information technology support, communication and freight services, and other miscellaneous services to the Board. The Clerk received \$1,187,411 for these services for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

The Clerk provides miscellaneous services to the Sheriff. The Clerk received \$23,067 for these services for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

The Clerk provides communication and freight services and other miscellaneous services to the Supervisor of Elections. The Clerk received \$114,466 for these services for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

NOTE 5 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Various Services (Continued)

The Clerk provides information technology support and miscellaneous services to the Tax Collector. The Clerk received \$34,811 for these services for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

The Clerk provides miscellaneous services to the Property Appraiser. The Clerk received \$21,855 for these services for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

NOTE 6 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Clerk is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County is a member of Preferred Governmental Insurance Trust (PGIT), a governmental insurance carrier. PGIT administers insurance activities relating to property, general liability, public official's and employment practices liability, automobile, crime, and worker compensation. The County is liable for deductibles on certain coverage. Transactions related to activities involving PGIT are presented in the statements of Highlands County as a whole.

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

The Clerk's capital assets include furniture, equipment, computer equipment, vehicles, and software. The Clerk, pursuant to Florida Statutes, records no capital assets for which the Clerk is custodian. The threshold for capitalizing all capital assets, except software, is \$5,000. The threshold for capitalizing software is \$15,000 for internally generated software and \$25,000 for purchased software. Capital assets are recorded at cost, or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the time received. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets as follows:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Operating Machinery and Equipment	4-20
Software - Internally Generated	3-10
Software - Purchased/Leased	3-10

Detailed information concerning capital assets is recorded and reported in the governmentwide financial statements of the County.

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for which the Clerk is custodian during fiscal year 2019:

	Beginning			Ending	
	Balances Increases		Decreases	Balances	
Capital Assets, Not Being					
Depreciated/Amortized:					
Software Conversion in Process	\$ 27,783	\$ 100,200	\$ (24,211)	\$ 103,772	
IT Equipment in Development	176,697	1,053,462	(123,390)	1,106,769	
Total Capital Assets Not Being					
Depreciated/Amortized	204,480	1,153,662	(147,601)	1,210,541	
Capital Assets, Being					
Depreciated/Amortized:					
Equipment	2,480,146	233,622	(131,215)	2,582,553	
Computer Software	1,200,419	140,771		1,341,190	
Total Capital Assets Being					
Depreciated/Amortized	3,680,565	374,393	(131,215)	3,923,743	
Less: Accumulated					
Depreciation/Amortization:					
Equipment	(1,708,817)	(249,342)	117,616	(1,840,543)	
Computer Software	(875,810)	(123,561)		(999,371)	
Total Accumulated					
Depreciation/Amortization	(2,584,627)	(372,903)	117,616	(2,839,914)	
Total Capital Assets, Being					
Depreciated/Amortized, Net	1,095,938	1,490	(13,599)	1,083,829	
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,300,418	\$ 1,155,152	\$ (161,200)	\$ 2,294,370	

CLERK OF COURTS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET MONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Te	urt Related echnology dernization Trust	Teen Court		Homeowner's Foreclosure Education		Total Nonmajor Governmenta Funds	
ASSETS						_		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts Receivable	\$	52,841 52,281 94	\$	1,690 - -	\$	28 -	\$	54,559 52,281 94
Total Assets	\$	105,216	\$	1,690	\$	28	\$	106,934
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Vouchers Payable Accrued Payroll and Related Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$	324 3,596 3,920	\$	143 279 422	\$	- - -	\$	467 3,875 4,342
FUND BALANCES Restricted		101,296		1,268		28		102,592
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	105,216	\$	1,690	\$	28	\$	106,934

CLERK OF COURTS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES MONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Court Related Technology Modernization Trust		Teen Court		Homeowner's Foreclosure Education		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
REVENUES								
Miscellaneous Revenues:					•		_	
Recording Fees	\$	148,628	\$	-	\$	-	\$	148,628
Court Related Service Charge		-		17,674		28		17,702
Interest Earnings		2,266		13		-		2,279
Other Miscellaneous Revenues		7,400		-		-		7,400
Total Revenues		158,294	•	17,687		28		176,009
EXPENDITURES								
Court Related:								
Personal Services		177,563		13,591		-		191,154
Operating Expenditures		32,238		3,655		-		35,893
Total Expenditures		209,801		17,246				227,047
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(51,507)		441		28		(51,038)
Fund Balance - October 1, 2018		152,803		827				153,630
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	101,296	\$	1,268	\$	28	\$	102,592

CLERK OF COURTS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA AGENCY FUND DESCRIPTIONS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

The Clerk maintains the following Agency Funds:

Child Support – To account for child support and/or alimony payments collected by the Clerk and remitted to the appropriate recipients.

Suspense – Used by the Clerk to account for documentary stamp and recording fees, jury and witness payments, and fines and forfeitures collected through the court system and remitted to other governmental agencies.

CLERK OF COURTS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Agency				
	Child					
	Support			Suspense		Total
ASSETS	'					_
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,110	\$	1,570,499	\$	1,571,609
Investments		-		134,037		134,037
Due from Others		2,730		320		3,050
Due from Other Governmental Units				1,662		1,662
Total Assets	\$	3,840	\$	1,706,518	\$	1,710,358
LIABILITIES						
Due to Others	\$	3,411	\$	345,950	\$	349,361
Due to Other Governmental Units		429		398,430		398,859
Due to Constitutional Officers		-		81,397		81,397
Deposits				880,741		880,741
Total Liabilities	\$	3,840	\$	1,706,518	\$	1,710,358

CLERK OF COURTS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	(Balance October 1, 2018	Additions		Deductions			Balance otember 30, 2019
CHILD SUPPORT FUND ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Others	\$	3,712	\$	188,603 2,830	\$	191,205 100	\$	1,110 2,730
Total Assets	\$	3,712	\$	191,433	\$	191,305	\$	3,840
LIABILITIES								
Due to Others	\$	3,311	\$	174,039	\$	173,939	\$	3,411
Due to Other Governmental Units Total Liabilities	\$	3,712	Ф.	17,935	\$	17,907 191.846	Φ.	3.840
Total Liabilities	Φ	3,712	\$	191,974	Φ	191,040	\$	3,040
SUSPENSE ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,696,043	\$	14,551,430	\$	14,676,974	\$	1,570,499
Investments		<u>-</u>		134,037		-		134,037
Due from Others		52		955		687		320
Due from Other Governmental Units	Φ.	27,406	Φ.	9,707	Φ.	35,451	Φ.	1,662
Total Assets	\$	1,723,501	\$	14,696,129	\$	14,713,112	\$	1,706,518
LIABILITIES								
Due to Others	\$	341,170	\$	752,492	\$	747,712	\$	345,950
Due to Other Governmental Units		559,884		8,661,395		8,822,849		398,430
Due to Constitutional Officers		96,236		988,786		1,003,625		81,397
Deposits	Φ.	726,211	Φ.	3,646,093	Φ.	3,491,563	Φ.	880,741
Total Liabilities	\$	1,723,501	\$	14,048,766	\$	14,065,749	\$	1,706,518
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,699,755	\$	14,740,033	\$	14,868,179	\$	1,571,609
Investments		-		134,037		-		134,037
Due from Others		52		3,785		787		3,050
Due from Other Governmental Units Total Assets	Ф.	27,406	Φ.	9,707	\$	35,451	•	1,662
Total Assets	\$	1,727,213	\$	14,887,562	Φ	14,904,417	\$	1,710,358
LIABILITIES								
Due to Others	\$	344,481	\$	926,531	\$	921,651	\$	349,361
Due to Other Governmental Units		560,285		8,679,330		8,840,756		398,859
Due to Constitutional Officers		96,236		988,786		1,003,625		81,397
Deposits Total Liabilities	\$	726,211 1,727,213	\$	3,646,093 14,240,740	\$	3,491,563 14,257,595	\$	880,741 1,710,358
i otai Liabilities	Ψ	1,121,213	Ψ	17,240,140	Ψ	17,201,090	Ψ	1,7 10,556



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Robert W. Germaine Clerk of Courts
Highlands County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clerk of Courts of Highlands County, Florida (the Clerk), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 14, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



The Honorable Robert W. Germaine Clerk of Courts
Highlands County, Florida

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Clerk's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida January 14, 2020



MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Robert W. Germaine Clerk of Courts Highlands County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Clerk of Courts of Highlands County, Florida (the Clerk), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 and have issued our report thereon dated January 14, 2020.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated January 14, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding annual financial report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note 1 in the notes to the financial statements.



The Honorable Robert W. Germaine Clerk of Courts
Highlands County, Florida

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2, Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Clerk and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida January 14, 2020



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

The Honorable Robert W. Germaine, Clerk of Courts and the Florida Auditor General Highlands County, Florida

We have examined the Clerk of Courts of Highlands County, Florida's (the Clerk) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds; Section 61.181, Florida Statutes, regarding clerk of the courts alimony and child support payments, and Sections 28.35 and 28.36, Florida Statutes, regarding clerks of court performance standards and budgets, during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management of the Clerk is responsible for the Clerk's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Clerk's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Clerk complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Clerk's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds; Section 61.181, Florida Statutes, regarding clerks of the courts alimony and child support payments; and Sections 28.35 and 28.36, Florida Statutes, regarding clerks of the courts performance standards and budgets during the year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Clerk and the Auditor General, state of Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida January 14, 2020



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PROPERTY APPRAISER HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL REPORTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

PROPERTY APPRIASER HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable C. Raymond McIntyre Property Appraiser Highlands County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Property Appraiser of Highlands County, Florida (Property Appraiser), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Property Appraiser's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Property Appraiser as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Highlands County that is attributable to the Property Appraiser. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Highlands County as of September 30, 2019, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statement is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2019, on our consideration of the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida December 17, 2019

PROPERTY APPRAISER HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

ASSETS

Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable Prepaids	\$ 99,249 1,081 2,054
Total Assets	\$ 102,384
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Vouchers Payable Accrued Wages Payable Due to Other Governmental Units Due to Board of County Commissioners Total Liabilities	\$ 3,678 29,886 3,345 65,475 102,384
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Unassigned Total Fund Balance	2,054 (2,054) -
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 102,384

PROPERTY APPRIASER HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Bud	dget		Variance - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental: Appropriations from Board of County				
Commissioners	\$ 3,006,848	\$ 3,007,976	\$ 3,007,976	\$ -
South Florida Water Management District	8,217	8,215	8,215	Ψ -
Southwest Florida Water Management District	47,533	47,519	47,519	_
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	3,062,598	3,063,710	3,063,710	-
Miscellaneous Revenues:				
Interest Earnings	-	-	302	302
Other Miscellaneous Revenues			675	675
Total Miscellaneous Revenues			977	977
Total Revenues	3,062,598	3,063,710	3,064,687	977
EXPENDITURES				
General Government:				
Financial and Administrative:				
Personal Services	2,203,419	2,256,787	2,223,341	33,446
Operating Expenditures	859,179	756,259	723,961	32,298
Capital Outlay		50,664	50,664	
Total Expenditures	3,062,598	3,063,710	2,997,966	65,744
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-	-	66,721	66,721
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfer of Excess Fees			(66,721)	(66,721)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance - October 1, 2018				
FUND BALANCE - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

PROPERTY APPRAISER HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Internal Service Fund
	Compensated Absences
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 466,416
LIABILITIES	
Accrued Compensated Absences Payable	466,416
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	\$

PROPERTY APPRAISER HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Com	al Service Fund pensated sences
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services	\$	256,603
OPERATING EXPENSES Compensated Absences Expense		256,879
OPERATING LOSS		(276)
NONOPERATING REVENUES Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		276
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		-
Net Position - October 1, 2018		
NET POSITION - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	_

PROPERTY APPRAISER HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Com	nal Service Fund pensated osences
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Charges for Services Cash Paid to Employees for Services Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	256,603 (270,557) (13,954)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest Received		276
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(13,678)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - October 1, 2018		480,094
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	466,416
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Loss Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	\$	(276)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease in Compensated Absences Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	(13,678) (13,954)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Highlands County is a non-charter county established April 23, 1921 under the laws of Florida 1921, Chapter 8513. The Property Appraiser of Highlands County, Florida (Property Appraiser) is one of six constitutional officers elected to serve within the county and receives a significant portion of its revenue from the Board of County Commissioners (the Board), Highlands County, Florida. The Property Appraiser's financial statements include only the funds of the Property Appraiser's office. There are no separate legal entities (component units) for which the Property Appraiser is financially accountable.

The Property Appraiser is elected every four years to serve as the official appraiser of property within the county as it relates to the ad valorem tax rolls. The Property Appraiser is responsible for ensuring that all property is included on the tax rolls, that the fair value of the property is correctly reflected in the rolls and that the proper millage rate has been applied to the recorded property values. In addition, the Property Appraiser is responsible to ensure that all taxable tangible personal property is properly reflected on the tax rolls.

The Property Appraiser is a "fee" officer, in that operating revenues are received based upon the services rendered to the various taxing governmental units within the county. The Property Appraiser receives the majority of his operating revenues from the Board of County Commissioners in the form of an appropriation. The balance of fees in excess of expenditures remaining at September 30 are divided among the various taxing governmental units in the same proportion as that particular unit's payments to the Property Appraiser during the year relates to the total payments from all taxing governmental units.

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. These policies, as presented, should be viewed as an integral part of the financial statements. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Basis of Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits, which allows the Property Appraiser to only present fund financial statements. These financial statements present only the portion of the funds of Highlands County, Florida that are attributable to the Property Appraiser. They are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of Highlands County, Florida in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Property Appraiser are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Accounting (Continued)

The purpose of the Property Appraiser's various funds is as follows:

Governmental Funds

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Property Appraiser. It is used to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund. Intergovernmental revenues and fees are recorded in this fund. Expenditures for general governmental services are paid through this fund.

Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Fund – The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of funded compensated absences.

Capital Assets

All capital assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the General Fund at the time of purchase. The Board holds legal title for the capital assets used in the operation of the Property Appraiser and is accountable for them under Florida Law. The Property Appraiser notifies the Board of capital assets purchased and the original cost is recorded in the capital assets records of Highlands County as a whole. The Property Appraiser may not dispose of any capital assets in his custody. The Property Appraiser is to notify the Board of any unused or obsolete assets and it is the Boards' responsibility to dispose of these assets in accordance with the various Florida Statutes.

Measurement Focus

Governmental Fund – The General Fund is accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported unassigned fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available, spendable, or appropriable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Proprietary Fund – The Internal Service Fund is accounted for on a cost of services measurement focus which is referred to as a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the fund are included in the balance sheet. Proprietary Fund operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net position.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Governmental Funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. An exception to this general rule is principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by Proprietary Funds. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

Budgets and Budgetary Data

The following are the procedures followed in establishing the budget for the Property Appraiser's office:

- 1. On or before June 1 of each year, the Property Appraiser submits an annual budget for the operations of his office to the state of Florida, Department of Revenue (the Department). A copy of his budget is also furnished to the Board of County Commissioners. After his budget has been reviewed and approved by the Department, it becomes his operating budget for the ensuing fiscal year.
- 2. The Property Appraiser's operating budget can only be amended after written approval has been received from the Department.
- Florida Statutes provide that it is unlawful to make expenditures that exceed the total amount budgeted for each fund. The Department of Revenue approves all transfers between appropriation categories, and this becomes the level of control for budgetary considerations.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the governmental funds.
- 5. Annual appropriated budget for the General Fund is legally adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Property Appraiser considers the following as cash and cash equivalents:

- 1. Cash on hand, demand deposits; and
- 2. Deposits in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Florida Prime) under the management of the State Board of Administration.

Investments

The Property Appraiser invests surplus public funds in accordance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

Compensated Absences

Employees of the Property Appraiser earn annual and sick leave in varying amounts. Upon retirement, death, resignation, or separation in good standing, employees are eligible to receive payment at their current rate of pay 100% of accumulated annual leave.

There is no limit on the amount of sick leave that can be accumulated by employees of the Property Appraiser. The limit of lump-sum reimbursements of sick leave credits is based on years of continuous service. Employees of the Property Appraiser with 10 or more years of continuous service are fully vested for sick leave. Upon termination of employment, these employees are eligible to receive payment for accumulated sick leave up to 500 hours at their current rate of pay.

In the governmental funds, only the amounts that normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are accrued as current year expenditures. The vested liability for accrued compensated absences has been budgeted for and fully funded by the General Fund.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance

The classifications of fund balances are described as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Property Appraiser's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned Fund Balance – Amounts the Property Appraiser intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the Property Appraiser's General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Property Appraiser's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The Board adopted a fund balance policy for the county as a whole. The Property Appraiser does not have a separate fund balance policy as any unexpended fund balance is returned to the Board and other taxing units each year.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make use of estimates that affect reported amounts in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from estimates.

Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations

In accordance with Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, the Property Appraiser participates with the County in offering retiring employees the opportunity to continue in the county's health insurance plan. The participating retirees pay 100% of the premium cost applicable to an active employee. The liability and expense for other postemployment benefits, calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, are reported in the financial statements of the County.

NOTE 2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At September 30, 2019, the bank balance of the Property Appraiser's deposits were \$657,485. The entire amount of the demand deposits is deposited in a state of Florida qualified depository and, therefore, is fully collateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Property Appraiser's monies must be deposited in banks designated as qualified public depositories by the Chief Financial Officer, Florida Department of Financial Services. Therefore, the Property Appraiser's total deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation and collateralized by the Bureau of Collateral Management, Division of Treasury, and the Florida Department of Financial Services. The law requires the Chief Financial Officer to ensure that funds are entirely collateralized throughout the fiscal year. Other than the preceding, the Property Appraiser has no policy on custodial credit risk.

Collateral is provided for demand deposits through the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. This law establishes guidelines for qualification and participation by banks and savings associations, procedures for the administration of the collateral requirements and characteristics of eligible collateral. Under this law, the qualified public depository must pledge at least 25% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance.

Additional collateral, up to a maximum of 150%, may be required if deemed necessary under the conditions set forth in this law. Eligible collateral consists of obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of states and their local political subdivisions and unaffiliated corporations.

Obligations pledged to secure deposits must be delivered to the Department of Financial Services or, with the approval of the chief financial officer, to a bank, savings association, or trust company provided a power of attorney is delivered to the Chief Financial Officer. On a monthly basis, the Chief Financial Officer determines that the collateral has a market value adequate to cover the deposits under the provisions of this law.

The Property Appraiser invests funds throughout the year with Florida PRIME, an investment pool administered by the State Board of Administration, under the regulatory oversight of the state of Florida. Investments in Florida PRIME are made pursuant to Chapter 125.31, Florida Statues. The investments are not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Throughout the year and as of September 30, 2019, Florida PRIME contained certain floating and adjustable rate securities which were indexed based on the prime rate and/or one and three-month LIBOR rates. These investments represented 36.7% of Florida Prime's portfolio at September 30, 2019.

Florida PRIME meets all of the necessary criteria to elect to measure all of the investments in Florida PRIME at amortized cost, as a cash equivalent.

NOTE 2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The weighted-average days to maturity (WAM) of Florida PRIME as of September 30, 2019 was 37 days. Next interest rate reset dates for floating securities are used in the calculation of the WAM. The weighted average life (WAL) of the Florida Prime at September 30, 2019 was 85 days.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Investments in Florida PRIME must carry an "AAAm" rating from Standard and Poor's.

On September 30, 2019, Standard and Poor's Ratings Services assigned the Florida PRIME an "AAAm" principal stability funding rating.

With regard to redemption gates, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states, "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the executive director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the executive director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the executive director may extend the moratorium until the trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the trustees agree with such measures, the trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the trustees exceed 15 days."

NOTE 2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

With regard to liquidity fees, Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

As of September 30, 2019, there were no redemption fees, maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100% of their account value.

A reconciliation to amounts shown on the balance sheet and statement of net position is as follows:

Demand Deposits	\$ 553,315
Petty Cash and Change Funds	200
Florida PRIME	 12,150
Total	\$ 565,665
Balance Sheet - General Fund:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 99,249
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	466,416
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 565,665

NOTE 3 PERSONNEL COMMITMENTS

Employees of the Property Appraiser earn annual leave and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of retirement or termination of employment, an employee is paid for vested accumulated unused credits. The cash benefit of compensated absences is determined by multiplying the employee's current wage rate by the number of hours of unused credits.

The following shows the change in compensated absences for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019:

Compensated Absences - September 30, 2018	\$ 480,094
Leave Earned by Employees	256,879
Payments to Employees	 (270,557)
Compensated Absences - September 30, 2019	\$ 466,416

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS

Background

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Property Appraiser are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Elected County Officers Class Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk that are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Detailed information about the county's proportionate share of FRS' net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the county.

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a state-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Detailed information about the county's proportionate share of HIS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the county.

FRS Investment Plan

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Property Appraiser employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Property Appraiser.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FRS Investment Plan (Continued)

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may roll over vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

Contributions

Participating employer contributions are based upon statewide rates established by the state of Florida. The Property Appraiser's contributions made to the plans during the years ended September 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$241,810, \$232,684, and \$212,127, respectively, equal to the actuarially determined contribution requirements for each year.

Additional information about pension plans can be found in the county's comprehensive annual financial report.

NOTE 5 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with the Highlands County Board of Commissioners and the Constitutional Officers of Highlands County, Florida, for the year ended September 30, 2019, were as follows:

Budget Appropriation – The General Fund of the Property Appraiser received revenue from the Board of County Commissioners in the amount of \$3,007,976 for the year ended September 30, 2019. Excess fees payable to the Board at September 30, 2019 was \$65,475.

Various Services – The Board of County Commissioners provides various services to the Property Appraiser. The charges for these services for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 amounted to \$293,318.

Amounts paid to the Clerk for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 for other services were \$21,855.

NOTE 6 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Property Appraiser is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The county is a member of Preferred Governmental Insurance Trust (PGIT), a governmental insurance carrier. PGIT administers insurance activities relating to property, general liability, public official's and employment practices liability, automobile, crime, and workers' compensation. The county is liable for deductibles on certain coverage. Transactions related to activities related to PGIT are presented in the statements of Highlands County as a whole.

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

The Property Appraiser's capital assets include furniture, equipment, computer equipment, vehicles, and software. The Property Appraiser, pursuant to Florida Statutes, records no capital assets for which the Property Appraiser is custodian. The threshold for capitalizing all capital assets, except software, is \$5,000. The threshold for capitalizing software is \$15,000 for internally generated software and \$25,000 for purchased software. Capital assets are recorded at cost. Contributed assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the time received. Contributed assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the time received. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets as follows:

Assets	Years
Machinery and Equipment	4 - 20
Software - Internally Generated	3 - 10
Software - Purchased/Leased	3 - 10

Detailed information concerning capital assets is recorded and reported in the government-wide financial statements of the county. The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for which the Property Appraiser is custodian during fiscal year 2019:

	Beginning	A -1 -1141	Dalatiana	Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balances
Capital Assets, Being				
Depreciated/Amortized:				
Equipment	\$ 558,904	\$ 45,930	\$ -	\$ 604,834
Computer Software	2,791,399			2,791,399
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated/Amortized	3,350,303	45,930	-	3,396,233
Less: Accumulated				
Depreciation/Amortization:				
Equipment	(502,415)	(23,804)	-	(526,219)
Computer Software	(2,791,399)			(2,791,399)
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation/Amortization	(3,293,814)	(23,804)		(3,317,618)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 56,489	\$ 22,126	\$ -	\$ 78,615



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable C. Raymond McIntyre Property Appraiser Highlands County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Highlands County Property Appraiser of Highlands County, Florida (Property Appraiser), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Property Appraiser's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Honorable C. Raymond McIntyre Property Appraiser Highlands County, Florida

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Property Appraiser's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Property Appraiser's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida December 17, 2019



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable C. Raymond McIntyre Property Appraiser Highlands County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Property Appraiser of Highlands County, Florida (Property Appraiser), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2019.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550 Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated December 17, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no audit findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note 1 to the financial statements.



Honorable C. Raymond McIntyre Property Appraiser Highlands County, Florida

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2, Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Property Appraiser and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida December 17, 2019



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Honorable C. Raymond McIntyre, Property Appraiser and the Florida Auditor General Highlands County, Florida

We have examined the Highlands County Property Appraiser, Highlands County, Florida (Property Appraiser)'s compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds, during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management of the Property Appraiser is responsible for the Property Appraiser's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Property Appraiser's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Property Appraiser complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Property Appraiser complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgement, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Property Appraiser's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Property Appraiser complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Property Appraiser and the Auditor General, state of Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida December 17, 2019



SHERIFF HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL REPORTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Paul Blackman Sheriff Highlands County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sheriff of Highlands County, Florida (Sheriff), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



The Honorable Paul Blackman Sheriff Highlands County, Florida

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sheriff as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the state of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Highlands County that is attributable to the Sheriff. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Highlands County as of September 30, 2019, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Sheriff's basic financial statements. The combining statements, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Honorable Paul Blackman Sheriff Highlands County, Florida

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2019 on our consideration of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida December 19, 2019

SHERIFF HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

ASSETS	General Fund		lonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
7.002.0					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable Prepaid Items	\$ 953,478 10,582 347,085	\$	556,324 33,238	\$	1,509,802 43,820 347,085
Total Assets	\$ 1,311,145	\$	589,562	\$	1,900,707
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
LIABILITIES					
Vouchers Payable Accrued Wages Payable Due to Board of County Commissioners Total Liabilities	\$ 215,465 387,123 708,557 1,311,145	\$	15,820 311 - 16,131	\$	231,285 387,434 708,557 1,327,276
FUND BALANCE					
Nonspendable	347,085		-		347,085
Restricted	-		573,431		573,431
Unassigned Total Fund Balance	(347,085)	_	573,431	_	(347,085) 573,431
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 1,311,145	\$	589,562	\$	1,900,707

SHERIFF HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Intergovernmental:		General Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Appropriation from Board of County Commissioners \$ 33,895,834 \$ - \$ 33,895,834 Charges for Services 370,079 - 370,079 Miscellaneous Revenues: - 298,472 98,472 Commissary Sales - 296,808 296,808 Total Revenues 34,265,913 395,280 34,661,193 EXPENDITURES Court Related: - 296,808 296,808 Court Related: - 39,280 34,661,193 EXPENDITURES Court Related: - 50,29 - 6,129 Court Related: - 1,036,188 - 1,036,188 Operating Expenditures 6,129 - 6,129 Total Court Related 1,042,317 - 1,042,317 Public Safety: - 1,042,317 - 1,042,317 Law Enforcement: - 1,042,317 - 1,042,317 Public Safety: - 1,042,317 - 1,042,317 Law Enforcement: - 1,042,317 - 1,042,317 Personal Services 18,089,230 - 18,089,230 - 18,089,230 Operating Expenditures 3,341,769 117,380 </td <td>REVENUES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	REVENUES						
Commissioners \$ 33,895,834 \$ - \$ 370,079 Miscellaneous Revenues: 370,079 \$ 370,079 Commissary Sales - 98,472 98,472 98,472 Miscellaneous Revenues - 296,808 296,808 296,808 Total Revenues 34,265,913 395,280 34,661,193 EXPENDITURES Court Related: Court Related: Court Related: Operating Expenditures 6,129 - 6,129 Total Court Related 1,042,317 - 1,042,317 Public Safety: 1 1,042,317 - 1,042,317 Public Safety: 1 1,042,317 - 1,042,317 Personal Services 18,089,230 - 18,089,230 - 18,089,230 Operating Expenditures 3,341,769 117,380 3,459,149 Capital Outlay 528,876 7,959 536,835 Total Law Enforcement 21,959,875 125,339 22,085,214 Corrections and Detention: 9 1,959,875 125,339 23,882 8,	9						
Charges for Services 370,079 - 370,079 Miscellaneous Revenues: - 98,472 96,472 Miscellaneous Revenues - 296,808 296,808 Total Revenues 34,265,913 395,280 34,661,193 EXPENDITURES Court Related: - - 6,129 Courthouse Security: - 6,129 - 6,129 Personal Services 1,036,188 - 1,042,317 Public Safety: - - 6,129 - 6,129 Total Court Related 1,042,317 - 1,042,317 Public Safety: - - 6,129 - 6,129 Total Court Related 1,042,317 - 1,042,317 Personal Services 18,089,230 - 18,089,230 Operating Expenditures 3,341,769 117,380 3,459,149 Capital Outlay 528,876 7,959 536,835 Total Law Enforcement 21,959,875 125,39 22,085,214 <							
Miscellaneous Revenues: Commissary Sales - 296,808 296,808 Total Revenues 34,265,913 395,280 34,661,193 EXPENDITURES		\$	\$	-	\$		
Commissary Sales - 98,472 98,472 Miscellaneous Revenues - 296,808 296,808 Total Revenues 34,265,913 395,280 34,661,193 EXPENDITURES Court Related: Courthouse Security: Personal Services 1,036,188 - 1,036,188 Operating Expenditures 6,129 - 6,129 Total Court Related 1,042,317 - 1,042,317 Public Safety: - - 1,042,317 Public Safety: - - - 1,042,317 Personal Services - - 7,959 36,835 Total Expenditures - - 17,959 217,959 212,958,2714	•	370,079		-		370,079	
Miscellaneous Revenues - 296,808 296,808 Total Revenues 34,265,913 395,280 34,661,193 EXPENDITURES Court Related: - - 1,036,188 - 1,036,188 Operating Expenditures 6,129 - 6,129 - 6,129 Total Court Related 1,042,317 - 1,042,317 - 1,042,317 Public Safety: - - 6,129 - 7,120 - 7,120 - 1,020 -							
Total Revenues 34,265,913 395,280 34,661,193	•	-					
EXPENDITURES Court Related: Courthouse Security: Personal Services 1,036,188 - 1,036,188 Operating Expenditures 6,129 - 6,129 Total Court Related 1,042,317 - 1,042,317 Public Safety: Law Enforcement: Personal Services 18,089,230 - 18,089,230 Operating Expenditures 3,341,769 117,380 3,459,149 Operating Expenditures 3,341,769 117,380 3,459,149 Operating Expenditures 21,959,875 125,339 22,085,214 Operating Expenditures 21,959,875 125,339 22,085,214 Operating Expenditures 2,119,712 186,345 2,306,057 Operating Expenditures 2,119,712 186,345 2,306,057 Operating Expenditures 2,119,712 186,345 2,306,057 Operating Expenditures 33,754,711 335,566 34,090,277 Operating Expenditures 33,754,711 335,566 34,090,277 Operating Expenditures 511,202 59,714 570,916 OTHER FINANCING USES Unexpended Budget Balance Reverting to Board of County Commissioners (511,202) - (511,202) OTHER FINANCING USES Operating Expenditures 59,714 59,714 Operating Expenditures 59,714 Operating Expenditures 59,714 Operating Expenditures 59,714 Operating Expenditures	 						
Court Related: Courthouse Security: Personal Services 1,036,188 - 6,129 - 6,129 Total Court Related 1,042,317 - 1,042,317 Public Safety: Law Enforcement: Personal Services 18,089,230 - 18,089,230 Operating Expenditures 3,341,769 117,380 3,459,149 Capital Outlay 528,876 7,959 536,835 Total Law Enforcement 21,959,875 125,339 22,085,214 Corrections and Detention: Personal Services 8,503,258 23,882 8,527,140 Operating Expenditures 2,119,712 186,345 2,306,057 Capital Outlay 129,549 - 129,549 Total Corrections and Detention 10,752,519 210,227 10,962,746 Total Expenditures 33,754,711 335,566 34,090,277 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 511,202 59,714 570,916 OTHER FINANCING USES Unexpended Budget Balance Reverting to Board of County Commissioners (511,202) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - 59,714 59,714 Fund Balance - October 1, 2018 - 513,717 513,717	Total Revenues	34,265,913		395,280		34,661,193	
Courthouse Security: Personal Services 1,036,188 - 1,036,188 Operating Expenditures 6,129 - 6,129 Total Court Related 1,042,317 - 1,042,317 Public Safety: - - - 1,042,317 Public Safety: - - - 1,042,317 Public Safety: - - - 1,042,317 - - 1,042,317 Public Safety: - - - - - - 1,042,317 - <td>EXPENDITURES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	EXPENDITURES						
Personal Services 1,036,188 - 1,036,188 Operating Expenditures 6,129 - 6,129 Total Court Related 1,042,317 - 1,042,317 Public Safety: Law Enforcement: Personal Services 18,089,230 - 18,089,230 - 18,089,230 - 117,380 3,459,149 - 117,380 3,459,149 - 117,380 3,459,149 - 117,380 3,459,149 - 117,380 3,459,149 - 117,380 3,459,149 - 128,689 7,959 536,835 Total Law Enforcement 21,959,875 125,339 22,085,214 Corrections and Detention: - - - 129,549 - 129,549 - 129,549 - 129,549 - 129,549 - 10,962,746 Total Expenditures 33,754,711 335,566 34,090,277	Court Related:						
Operating Expenditures 6,129 - 6,129 Total Court Related 1,042,317 - 1,042,317 Public Safety: Law Enforcement: Personal Services 18,089,230 - 18,089,230 Operating Expenditures 3,341,769 117,380 3,459,149 Capital Outlay 528,876 7,959 536,835 Total Law Enforcement 21,959,875 125,339 22,085,214 Corrections and Detention: Personal Services 8,503,258 23,882 8,527,140 Operating Expenditures 2,119,712 186,345 2,306,057 Capital Outlay 129,549 - 129,549 Total Corrections and Detention 10,752,519 210,227 10,962,746 Total Expenditures 33,754,711 335,566 34,090,277 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 511,202 59,714 570,916 OTHER FINANCING USES Unexpended Budget Balance Reverting to Board of County Commissioners (511,202) - (511,202)	Courthouse Security:						
Total Court Related 1,042,317 - 1,042,317 Public Safety: Law Enforcement: Personal Services 18,089,230 - 18,089,230 Operating Expenditures 3,341,769 117,380 3,459,149 Capital Outlay 528,876 7,959 536,835 Total Law Enforcement 21,959,875 125,339 22,085,214 Corrections and Detention: Personal Services 8,503,258 23,882 8,527,140 Operating Expenditures 2,119,712 186,345 2,306,057 Capital Outlay 129,549 - 129,549 Total Corrections and Detention 10,752,519 210,227 10,962,746 Total Expenditures 33,754,711 335,566 34,090,277 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 511,202 59,714 570,916 OTHER FINANCING USES Unexpended Budget Balance Reverting to Board of County Commissioners (511,202) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - 59,714 59,714 Fund Balance - October 1, 2018 - 513,717 513,717	Personal Services	1,036,188		-		1,036,188	
Public Safety: Law Enforcement: Personal Services 18,089,230 - 18,089,230 Operating Expenditures 3,341,769 117,380 3,459,149 Capital Outlay 528,876 7,959 536,835 Total Law Enforcement 21,959,875 125,339 22,085,214 Corrections and Detention: Personal Services 8,503,258 23,882 8,527,140 Operating Expenditures 2,119,712 186,345 2,306,057 Capital Outlay 129,549 - 129,549 Total Corrections and Detention 10,752,519 210,227 10,962,746 Total Expenditures 33,754,711 335,566 34,090,277 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 511,202 59,714 570,916 OTHER FINANCING USES Unexpended Budget Balance Reverting to Board of County Commissioners (511,202) - (511,202) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - 59,714 59,714 Fund Balance - October 1, 2018 - 513,717 513,717	Operating Expenditures						
Law Enforcement: 18,089,230 - 18,089,230 Operating Expenditures 3,341,769 117,380 3,459,149 Capital Outlay 528,876 7,959 536,835 Total Law Enforcement 21,959,875 125,339 22,085,214 Corrections and Detention: Personal Services 8,503,258 23,882 8,527,140 Operating Expenditures 2,119,712 186,345 2,306,057 Capital Outlay 129,549 - 129,549 Total Corrections and Detention 10,752,519 210,227 10,962,746 Total Expenditures 33,754,711 335,566 34,090,277 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 511,202 59,714 570,916 OTHER FINANCING USES Unexpended Budget Balance Reverting to Board of County Commissioners (511,202) - (511,202) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - 59,714 59,714 Fund Balance - October 1, 2018 - 513,717 513,717		1,042,317		-		1,042,317	
Personal Services 18,089,230 - 18,089,230 Operating Expenditures 3,341,769 117,380 3,459,149 Capital Outlay 528,876 7,959 536,835 Total Law Enforcement 21,959,875 125,339 22,085,214 Corrections and Detention: 8,503,258 23,882 8,527,140 Operating Expenditures 2,119,712 186,345 2,306,057 Capital Outlay 129,549 - 129,549 Total Corrections and Detention 10,752,519 210,227 10,962,746 Total Expenditures 33,754,711 335,566 34,090,277 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER 8 511,202 59,714 570,916 OTHER FINANCING USES 511,202 59,714 570,916 OTHER FINANCING USES (511,202) - (511,202) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - 59,714 59,714 Fund Balance - October 1, 2018 - 513,717 513,717							
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Operating Expenditures 2,119,712 186,345 2,306,057 Capital Outlay 129,549 - 129,549 Total Corrections and Detention 10,752,519 210,227 10,962,746 Total Expenditures 33,754,711 335,566 34,090,277 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER 511,202 59,714 570,916 OTHER FINANCING USES Unexpended Budget Balance Reverting to Board of County Commissioners (511,202) - (511,202) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - 59,714 59,714 Fund Balance - October 1, 2018 - 513,717 513,717							
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Total Corrections and Detention 10,752,519 210,227 10,962,746 Total Expenditures 33,754,711 335,566 34,090,277 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 511,202 59,714 570,916 OTHER FINANCING USES				186,345			
Total Expenditures 33,754,711 335,566 34,090,277 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 511,202 59,714 570,916 OTHER FINANCING USES Unexpended Budget Balance Reverting to Board of County Commissioners (511,202) - (511,202) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - 59,714 59,714 Fund Balance - October 1, 2018 - 513,717 513,717	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 511,202 59,714 570,916 OTHER FINANCING USES	Total Corrections and Detention	 10,752,519		210,227		10,962,746	
EXPENDITURES 511,202 59,714 570,916 OTHER FINANCING USES Unexpended Budget Balance Reverting to Board of County Commissioners (511,202) - (511,202) - (511,202) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - 59,714 59,714 Fund Balance - October 1, 2018 - 513,717 513,717	Total Expenditures	 33,754,711		335,566		34,090,277	
OTHER FINANCING USES Unexpended Budget Balance Reverting to Board of County Commissioners (511,202) - (511,202) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - 59,714 59,714 Fund Balance - October 1, 2018 - 513,717 513,717	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
Unexpended Budget Balance Reverting to Board of County Commissioners (511,202) - (511,202) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - 59,714 59,714 Fund Balance - October 1, 2018 - 513,717 513,717	EXPENDITURES	511,202		59,714		570,916	
Board of County Commissioners (511,202) - (511,202) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - 59,714 59,714 Fund Balance - October 1, 2018 - 513,717 513,717	OTHER FINANCING USES						
Board of County Commissioners (511,202) - (511,202) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - 59,714 59,714 Fund Balance - October 1, 2018 - 513,717 513,717	Unexpended Budget Balance Reverting to						
Fund Balance - October 1, 2018 - 513,717 513,717		 (511,202)			_	(511,202)	
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		59,714		59,714	
FUND BALANCE - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 \$ - \$ 573,431 \$ 573,431	Fund Balance - October 1, 2018	 		513,717		513,717	
	FUND BALANCE - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ 	\$	573,431	\$	573,431	

SHERIFF HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	General Fund					
				Variance -		
	Original	dget Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	Offgirial	Fillal	Actual	(Negative)		
Intergovernmental:						
Appropriation from Board of County						
Commissioners	\$ 27,651,517	\$ 34,007,501	\$ 33,895,834	\$ (111,667)		
Charges for Services	-	370,079	370,079	-		
Total Revenues	27,651,517	34,377,580	34,265,913	(111,667)		
EXPENDITURES						
Court Related:						
Courthouse Security:						
Personal Services	1,025,886	1,036,188	1,036,188	-		
Operating Expenditures	8,144	6,129	6,129			
Total Court Related	1,034,030	1,042,317	1,042,317	-		
Public Safety:						
Law Enforcement:	44.040.000	40 404 400	40.000.000	070.000		
Personal Services	14,916,300	18,461,463	18,089,230	372,233		
Operating Expenditures	2,468,355	3,426,451	3,341,769	84,682		
Capital Outlay Total Law Enforcement	117,000 17,501,655	535,015 22,422,929	528,876 21,959,875	6,139 463,054		
Corrections and Detention:	17,501,000	22,422,929	21,959,675	403,054		
Personal Services	8,537,556	8,596,405	8,503,258	93,147		
Operating Expenditures	578,276	2,186,380	2,119,712	66,668		
Capital Outlay	-	129,549	129,549	-		
Total Corrections and Detention	9,115,832	10,912,334	10,752,519	159,815		
Total Expenditures	27,651,517	34,377,580	33,754,711	622,869		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER			5 44.000	544.000		
EXPENDITURES	-	-	511,202	511,202		
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Unexpended Budget Balance Reverting						
to Board of County Commissioners			(511,202)	(511,202)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-		
Fund Balance - October 1, 2018						
FUND BALANCE - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

SHERIFF HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Internal Service Fund
	Compensated Absences
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,752,100
LIABILITIES Accrued Compensated Absences Payable	2,752,100
NET POSITION Unrestricted	\$ -

SHERIFF HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Internal Service Fund Compensated Absences	
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services	\$	2,561,840
OPERATING EXPENSES Compensated Absences Expense		2,622,280
OPERATING LOSS		(60,440)
NONOPERATING REVENUES Investment Earnings		60,440
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		-
Net Position - October 1, 2018		
NET POSITION - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	

SHERIFF HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Internal Service Fund	
		ompensated Absences
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Charges for Services Cash Paid to Employees for Services Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	2,561,840 (2,445,245) 116,595
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment Income		60,440
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		177,035
Cash and Cash Equivalents - October 1, 2018		2,575,065
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	2,752,100
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Loss Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	\$	(60,440)
Increase in Compensated Absences	_	177,035
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	116,595

SHERIFF HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Agency Funds		
ASSETS	Φ.	0.4.000		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	34,863		
Due from Other Governmental Units		367		
Due from Others		2,069		
Total Assets	\$	37,299		
LIABILITIES				
Due to Others	\$	7,179		
	ψ			
Due to Other Governmental Units		30,120		
Total Liabilities	_\$	37,299		

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Highlands County is a noncharter County established April 23, 1921 under the laws of Florida 1921, Chapter 8513. The Sheriff of Highlands County, Florida (Sheriff) is one of six constitutional officers elected to serve within the County and receives a significant portion of his revenue from the Board of County Commissioners, Highlands County, Florida. The Sheriff's financial statements include only the funds of the Sheriff's office. There are no separate legal entities (component units) for which the Sheriff is financially accountable.

The Sheriff is elected every four years to serve as the Keeper of the Peace for Highlands County.

The Sheriff is a "budget" officer in that all of the Sheriff's operating revenues are received from the Board of County Commissioners (Board) in the form of an appropriation. Any fees collected by the office in carrying out duties as Sheriff, with the exception of reimbursements for extra duty pay or reimbursements for overtime incurred while assisting other federal and state agencies, are remitted to the Board at the end of each month. The Sheriff is also required to submit back to the Board any excess revenues over expenditures as of September 30 of each year.

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. These policies, as presented, should be viewed as an integral part of the financial statements. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Basis of Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits*, which allows the Sheriff to present only fund financial statements. These financial statements present only the portion of the funds of Highlands County, Florida that are attributable to the Sheriff. They are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of Highlands County, Florida in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Sheriff are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Accounting (Continued)

The purpose of the Sheriff's various funds is as follows:

Major Governmental Fund

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Sheriff. The majority of the Sheriff's day-to-day operations are accounted for in this fund. It is used to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund. Appropriations received from the Board are recorded in this fund. Expenditures for general government services are paid through this fund.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Community Donations Fund – The Community Donations Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for public donations received by the Sheriff's office.

Inmate Welfare Fund – The Inmate Welfare Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the profits earned from telephone services and commissary services operated within the County jail. Profits are earned from sales of products such as candy and toothpaste to the inmates. Profits from these sales can only be spent for the benefit of the inmates.

Proprietary Fund

Internal Service Fund – The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of funded compensated absences.

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds – Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by a government as an agent for individuals, private organizations or other governments and/or funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Capital Assets

All capital assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds at the time of purchase. Capital assets used by the Sheriff are capitalized in the basic financial statements of the County rather than in the governmental funds of the Sheriff. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The Sheriff maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by his office.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus

Governmental Funds – The governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. The reported unassigned fund balances (net current assets) are considered a measure of "available, spendable, or appropriable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Proprietary Fund – The Internal Service Fund is accounted for on a cost of services measurement focus which is referred to as a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the fund are included in the statement of net position. Proprietary Fund operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net position.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Sheriff considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. An exception to this general rule is principal and interest on long-term debt which is recognized when due.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by the fiduciary fund and proprietary fund. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

Budgets and Budgetary Data

The following are the procedures followed in establishing the budget for the Sheriff's office:

- 1. On or before June 1 of each year, the Sheriff submits to the Board a tentative budget for the ensuing fiscal year.
- 2. Within 15 days after certification of the ad valorem tax roll by the Property Appraiser, the County Budget Officer submits to the Board a proposed county-wide operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets and Budgetary Data (Continued)

- 3. By Board resolution, a tentative budget is submitted to the public. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayers' comments.
- 4. Within 20 days after adoption of the tentative budget, a final budget is submitted for review and adoption at a final public hearing.
- 5. Prior to, or on, September 30, the County's operating budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 6. If the Board adopts a budget that includes amendments, modifications, increases, or reductions to the Sheriff's proposed budget, they must provide the Sheriff written notice of the changes.
- 7. The Sheriff receives budgeted revenues from the Board in installments. One twelfth of the budget is received in all months except January and September. One sixth of the budget is received in January, and no appropriation is received in September.
- 8. Section 129.07, Florida Statutes, provides that only expenditures in excess of total fund budgets are unlawful. However, because the Sheriff acts on all budget changes between departments, this becomes the level of control.
- 9. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all Governmental Funds.
- 10. Annual appropriated budgets for the General Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).
- 11. All appropriations lapse at the close of the fiscal year.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Sheriff considers the following as cash and cash equivalents:

- 1. Cash on hand, demand deposits; and
- 2. Deposits in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Florida PRIME) under the management of the State Board of Administration.

<u>Investments</u>

The Sheriff invests surplus public funds in accordance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

Prepaid Items

Prepaid insurance and similar items are recorded using the consumption method of accounting. Under the consumption method, services paid for in advance are reported as an asset until the period in which the services are actually consumed.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Compensated Absences

Employees of the Sheriff earn annual and sick leave in varying amounts. Upon retirement, death, resignation or separation in good standing, employees are eligible to receive payment for accumulated annual and sick leave. Annual leave will be paid out 100% at the current rate of pay. There is no limit on the amount of sick leave that can be accumulated by an employee. Sick leave will be paid out at varying rates based on years of service and minimum balances, and payout is capped at 2,080 hours.

In the governmental funds, only the amounts that normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are accrued as current year expenditures. Annual and sick leave credits for the Sheriff's Office employees have been fully funded and are recorded as an expenditure in the Internal Service Fund. No liability has been recorded for the nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick leave pay benefits.

Fund Balance

The classifications of fund balances are described as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Sheriff is reporting restricted fund balances in the Inmate Welfare fund and Community Donations fund.

Committed Fund Balance – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Sheriff's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned Fund Balance – Amounts the Sheriff intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the Sheriff's General Fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include a negative balance for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those purposes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Sheriff's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The Board adopted a fund balance policy for the county as a whole. The Sheriff does not have a separate fund balance policy.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Unexpended Budget Balance Reverting to Board of County Commissioners

Chapter 218, Florida Statutes, requires that any excess of revenues over expenditures in the General Fund held by the Sheriff at the end of each fiscal year shall be remitted to the Board. Therefore, the excess of revenues over expenditures in the General Fund at the end of each fiscal year is reflected as unexpended budget balance reverting to the Board on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance, and the related liability is included in due to the Board.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make use of estimates that affect reported amounts in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from estimates.

Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations

In accordance with Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, the Sheriff participates with the County in offering retiring employees the opportunity to continue in the County's health insurance plan. The participating retirees pay 100% of the premium cost applicable to an active employee. The liability and expense for other postemployment benefits, calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, are reported in the financial statements of the County.

NOTE 2 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 2019, the bank balance of the Sheriff's deposits were \$3,234,110. The entire amount of the demand deposits is deposited in a state of Florida qualified depository and, therefore, is fully collateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Sheriff's monies must be deposited in banks designated as qualified public depositories by the Chief Financial Officer, Florida Department of Financial Services. Therefore, the Sheriff's total deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation and collateralized by the Bureau of Collateral Management, Division of Treasury, Florida Department of Financial Services. The law requires the Chief Financial Officer to ensure that funds are entirely collateralized throughout the fiscal year. Other than the preceding, the Sheriff has no policy on custodial credit risk.

NOTE 2 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Collateral is provided for demand deposits through the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. This law establishes guidelines for qualification and participation by banks and savings associations, procedures for the administration of the collateral requirements and characteristics of eligible collateral. Under this law, the qualified public depository must pledge at least 25% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance.

Additional collateral, up to a maximum of 150%, may be required if deemed necessary under the conditions set forth in this law. Eligible collateral consists of obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of states and their local political subdivisions and unaffiliated corporations.

Obligations pledged to secure deposits must be delivered to the Department of Financial Services or, with the approval of the Chief Financial Officer, to a bank, savings association or trust company provided a power of attorney is delivered to the Chief Financial Officer. On a monthly basis, the Chief Financial Officer determines that the collateral has a market value adequate to cover the deposits under the provisions of this law.

The Sheriff invests funds throughout the year with Florida PRIME, an investment pool administered by the State Board of Administration, under the regulatory oversight of the state of Florida. Investments in Florida PRIME are made pursuant to Chapter 125.31, Florida Statutes. The investments are not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Throughout the year and as of September 30, 2019, Florida PRIME contained certain floating and adjustable rate securities which were indexed based on the prime rate and/or one and three-month LIBOR rates. These investments represented 36.7% of Florida PRIME's portfolio at September 30, 2019.

Florida PRIME meets all of the necessary criteria to elect to measure all of the investments in Florida PRIME at amortized cost, as a cash equivalent.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Sheriff has no policy on interest rate risk.

The weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of Florida PRIME as of September 30, 2019 was 37 days. Next interest rate reset dates for floating securities are used in the calculation of the WAM. The weighted average life (WAL) of the Florida PRIME at September 30, 2019 was 85 days.

NOTE 2 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Sheriff's investment policy limits investments to specified credit ratings for authorized investments. Investments in Florida PRIME must carry an "AAAm" rating from Standard and Poor's.

On September 30, 2019, Standard and Poor's Ratings Services assigned the Florida PRIME an "AAAm" principal stability funding rating.

With regard to redemption gates, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states that "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the Executive Director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the Executive Director until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days."

With regard to liquidity fees, Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

As of September 30, 2019, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100% of their account value.

NOTE 2 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

A reconciliation to amounts shown on the balance sheet, statement of net position, and statement of fiduciary net position is as follows:

Demand Deposits	\$ 1,867,162
Petty Cash and Change Fund	1,234
Florida PRIME	2,428,369
Total	\$ 4,296,765
Balance Sheet:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,509,802
Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,752,100
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	34,863
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,296,765

NOTE 3 PERSONNEL COMMITMENTS

Employees of the Sheriff earn annual leave and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of retirement or termination of employment, an employee is paid for accumulated leave credits unused. Employees may be paid for accumulated sick leave benefits at varying amounts based on years of service. The cash benefit of these compensated absences is determined by multiplying the employee's current wage rate by the number of unused credits.

The following shows the change in compensated absences for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019:

Compensated Absences - September 30, 2018	\$ 2,575,065
Leave Earned by Employees Payments to Employees	2,622,280 (2,445,245)
Compensated Absences - September 30, 2019	\$ 2,752,100

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS

Background

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Sheriff are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Elected County Officers Class Members who hold specified elective offices in local aovernment.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of FRS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a state-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of HIS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FRS Investment Plan

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. The Sheriff's employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Sheriff.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

Contributions

Participating employer contributions are based upon statewide rates established by the state of Florida. The Sheriff's contributions made to the plans during the years ended September 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$3,892,743 \$3,487,762 and \$3,211,203, respectively, equal to the actuarially determined contribution requirements for each year.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Contributions (Continued)

Additional information about pension plans can be found in the County's comprehensive annual financial report.

NOTE 5 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

401(a) Discretionary Contribution Plan

The Sheriff maintains a defined contribution retirement plan for governmental entities, the Highlands County Sheriff's Office 401(a) Discretionary Contribution Plan. The Sheriff is the Plan Administrator. The Plan was organized pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) by declaration of the Sheriff.

Employees working in the telecommunications and nursing areas are generally eligible to participate in the Plan. The Sheriff determines the contribution rate. The contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2019 was 3%. There were no employee contributions to the plan. Contributions to the Plan for fiscal years ended September 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$37,980, \$33,287, and \$37,083, respectively.

NOTE 6 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with the Highlands County Board of Commissioners and the Constitutional Officers of Highlands County, Florida for the year ended September 30, 2019 were as follows:

Budget Appropriation

The General Fund of the Sheriff received revenues from the Board of County Commissioners in the amount of \$33,895,834 for the year ended September 30, 2019. Amounts payable to the Board at September 30, 2019 for excess fees was \$511,202. Additionally, the Sheriff received grant reimbursement for Hurricane Michael of \$174,024 and other reimbursements and interest of \$23,331, all of which were payable to the Board of County Commissioners at September 30, 2019.

Various Goods and Services

The Board of County Commissioners provides various goods, services, and employee benefits to the Sheriff. The charges for these goods, services, and employee benefits for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 amounted to \$2,799,788.

The Clerk of the Circuit Court provides the Sheriff various software maintenance and licensing services. The charges for these services for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 amounted to \$23,067.

NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Sheriff is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Sheriff is a member of the Florida Sheriffs Risk Management Fund and participates in the following programs: Florida Sheriffs' Self-Insurance Program, Florida Sheriffs' Workers' Compensation Self Insurance Program, and the Sheriffs' Automobile Risk Program, governmental insurance carriers. These agencies administer insurance activities relating to property, general liability, public official's and employment practices liability, automobile, crime, and workers' compensation. The Sheriff is liable for deductibles on certain coverage.

NOTE 8 CAPITAL ASSETS

The Sheriff's capital assets include furniture, equipment, computer equipment, vehicles, and software. The threshold for capitalizing all capital assets, except software, is \$5,000. The threshold for capitalizing software is \$15,000 for internally generated software and \$25,000 for purchased software. Capital assets are recorded at cost, or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the time received. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets as follows:

Assets	Years
Leasehold Improvements	3 - 40
Machinery and Equipment	4 - 20
Software - Internally Generated	3 - 10
Software - Purchased/Leased	3 - 10

Detailed information concerning capital assets is recorded and reported in the government-wide financial statement of the County.

NOTE 8 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for which the Sheriff is custodian during fiscal year 2019:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balances
Capital Assets, Being				
Depreciated/Amortized:				
Equipment	\$ 11,066,620	\$ 921,942	\$ (465,887)	\$ 11,522,675
Computer Software	195,730	462,213	-	657,943
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated/Amortized	11,262,350	1,384,155	(465,887)	12,180,618
Less: Accumulated Depreciation/				
Amortization:				
Equipment	(7,963,060)	(1,138,519)	332,372	(8,769,207)
Computer Software	(195,730)	(34,666)	-	(230,396)
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation/Amortization	(8,158,790)	(1,173,185)	332,372	(8,999,603)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,103,560	\$ 210,970	\$ (133,515)	\$ 3,181,015

NOTE 9 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Sheriff administers grants which are subject to special compliance audits by the grantor agency and which may result in disallowed expenditure amounts. These amounts, if any, constitute a contingent liability of the Sheriff. Accordingly, such liabilities are not reflected within the financial statements. Management does not believe the effects of contingent liabilities, if any, will be material to the financial statements.

The Sheriff is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of legal counsel for the Sheriff, the resolution of these matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the financial condition of the Sheriff.

SHERIFF HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

ASSETS	D	mmunity onation Fund	Inmate Welfare Fund	Total lonmajor vernmental Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$	66,466 <u>-</u>	\$ 489,858 33,238	\$ 556,324 33,238
Total Assets	\$	66,466	\$ 523,096	\$ 589,562
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Vouchers Payable Accrued Wages Payable Total Liabilities	\$	- - -	\$ 15,820 311 16,131	\$ 15,820 311 16,131
FUND BALANCE Restricted		66,466	506,965	 573,431
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	66,466	\$ 523,096	\$ 589,562

SHERIFF HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Community Donation Fund	Inmate Welfare Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
REVENUES					
Miscellaneous Revenues:					
Commissary Sales	\$ -	\$ 98,472	\$ 98,472		
Miscellaneous Revenues	53,136	243,672	296,808		
Total Revenues	53,136	342,144	395,280		
EXPENDITURES Public Safety: Law Enforcement:					
Operating Expenditures	117,380	-	117,380		
Capital Outlay	7,959		7,959		
Total Law Enforcement	125,339	-	125,339		
Corrections and Detention:					
Personal Services	-	23,882	23,882		
Operating Expenditures		186,345	186,345		
Total Corrections and Detention	-	210,227	210,227		
Total Expenditures	125,339	210,227	335,566		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(72,203)	131,917	59,714		
Fund Balance - October 1, 2018	138,669	375,048	513,717		
FUND BALANCE - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ 66,466	\$ 506,965	\$ 573,431		

SHERIFF HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA AGENCY FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

These funds are used to account for assets held by the Sheriff as an agent for individuals, other governmental units and/or other funds.

Agency Funds:

Inmates – To account for monies collected from inmates who have money in their possession at the time of their arrest and/or monies deposited on their behalf while incarcerated.

Cash Bond – To account for cash appearance bonds collected by the Sheriff on behalf of the Clerk of Courts. These funds are disbursed to the Clerk of Courts weekly.

Unclaimed Evidence – To account for monies seized by law enforcement. These funds are maintained until final determination by Florida Statute or the court.

Individual Depositors – To account for fees charged to serve civil process. Fees are collected and held until service is complete and then remitted to other entities or individuals.

Suspense – To account for fees and court ordered payments collected for various agencies. These funds are remitted to the County or other governmental agencies.

SHERIFF HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	<u>lı</u>	nmates	Cash Bond		Unclaimed Evidence		Individual Depositors		Suspense		Total	
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Other	\$	11,357	\$	-	\$	1,216	\$	-	\$	22,290	\$	34,863
Governmental Units Due from Others		2,069								367 -		367 2,069
Total Assets	\$	13,426	\$		\$	1,216	\$		\$	22,657	\$	37,299
LIABILITIES Due to Others	\$	5,963	\$		\$	1,216	\$		\$	_	\$	7,179
Due to Other Governmental Units	Ψ	7,463	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ			22,657	φ 	30,120
Total Liabilities	\$	13,426	\$	_	\$	1,216	\$		\$	22,657	\$	37,299

SHERIFF HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

NIMATEO	_	Balance ctober 1, 2018		additions	_De	eductions_	Balance September 30, 2019	
INMATES ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Others Total Assets	\$	11,842 2,533 14,375	\$	546,731 197,417 744,148	\$	547,216 197,881 745,097	\$	11,357 2,069 13,426
Total Assets	φ	14,373	Φ	744,140	Φ	745,097	φ	13,420
LIABILITIES								
Due to Others Due to Other Governmental Units	\$	5,664 8,711	\$	711,255 2,532,454	\$	710,956 2,533,702	\$	5,963 7,463
Total Liabilities	\$	14,375	\$:	3,243,709	\$:	3,244,658	\$	13,426
CASH BOND ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents LIABILITIES Deposits	\$		\$	319,605 245,003	\$	319,605 245,003	\$	<u>-</u>
UNCLAIMED EVIDENCE ASSETS	•	4.000	•	40.000	•	40.000	•	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,296	\$	13,008	\$	13,088	\$	1,216
LIABILITIES Due to Others	\$	1,296	\$	13,008	\$	13,088	\$	1,216

SHERIFF HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Balance ctober 1, 2018	Addi	itions	De	eductions	Balance September 30, 2019		
INDIVIDUAL DEPOSITORS ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,680	\$	12,800	\$	14,480	\$		
LIABILITIES Due to Others	\$	1,680	\$	12,800	\$	14,480	\$		
SUSPENSE ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	20,182		03,831		2,901,723	\$	22,290	
Due from Other Governmental Units Total Assets	\$	542 20,724		32,639 36,470		2,632,814 5,534,537	\$	367 22,657	
			+ -,-			.,	<u> </u>		
LIABILITIES Due to Other Governmental Units	\$	20,724	¢ o	48,571	¢	246,638	¢	22.657	
Due to Other Governmental Offits	Φ	20,724	\$ 24	40,371	\$	240,030	\$	22,657	
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	35,000		95,975		3,796,112	\$	34,863	
Due from Other Governmental Units Due from Others		542 2,533	•	32,639 97,417	2	2,632,814 197,881		367 2,069	
Total Assets	\$	38,075		26,031	\$ 6	6,626,807	\$	37,299	
LIABILITIES									
Due to Others	\$	8,640	\$ 73	37,063	\$	738,524	\$	7,179	
Due to Other Governmental Units		29,435		81,025	2	2,780,340		30,120	
Deposits Total Liabilities	Φ.	- 20.075		45,003	<u> </u>	245,003	ф.	- 27 200	
Total Liabilities	\$	38,075	\$ 3,76	63,091	Ф 3	3,763,867	\$	37,299	



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Paul Blackman Sheriff Highlands County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sheriff of Highlands County, Florida (Sheriff), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



The Honorable Paul Blackman Sheriff Highlands County, Florida

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Sheriff's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Sheriff's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida December 19, 2019



MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Paul Blackman Sheriff Highlands County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Sheriff of Highlands County, Florida (Sheriff), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2019.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated December 19, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note 1 to the financial statements.



The Honorable Paul Blackman Sheriff Highlands County, Florida

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Sheriff and applicable management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton/arsonAllen LLP

Sebring, Florida December 19, 2019



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

The Honorable Paul Blackman, Sheriff and the Florida Auditor General Highlands County, Florida

We have examined the Sheriff of Highlands County, Florida's (Sheriff) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds, during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management of the Sheriff is responsible for the Sheriff's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Sheriff's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Sheriff complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Sheriff's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Sheriff and the Auditor General, state of Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida December 19, 2019



SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL REPORTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Penny Ogg Supervisor of Elections Highlands County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Supervisor of Elections of Highlands County, Florida (Supervisor of Elections), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Supervisor of Elections' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



The Honorable Penny Ogg Supervisor of Elections Highlands County, Florida

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Supervisor of Elections as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the State of Florida Auditor General. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Highlands County that is attributable to the Supervisor of Elections. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Highlands County as of September 30, 2019, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statement is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2019, on our consideration of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida December 17, 2019

SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET – GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

ASSETS

Cash and Cash Equivalents Prepaid Items	\$ 45,808 2,396
Total Assets	\$ 48,204
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Constitutional Officers Accrued Wages Total Liabilities	\$ 3,362 35,849 8,993 48,204
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Unassigned Total Fund Balance	 2,396 (2,396)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 48,204

SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Bud	dget				ariance ositive
	Original		Final	Actual	(N	egative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental: Appropriation from Board of						
County Commissioners Intergovernmental Investment Earnings	\$ 849,917 - -	\$	951,646 14,092 32	\$ 945,146 14,092 32	\$	(6,500) - -
Total Revenues	849,917		965,770	 959,270		(6,500)
EXPENDITURES General Government: Financial and Administrative:						
Personal Services	619,094		606,094	591,072		15,022
Operating Expenditures	230,823		342,185	315,828		26,357
Capital Outlay	 		17,491	16,548		943
Total Expenditures	 849,917		965,770	 923,448		42,322
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-		-	35,822		35,822
OTHER FINANCING USES Unexpended Budget Balance Reverting to Board of County Commissioners	 			(35,822)		(35,822)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		-	-		-
Fund Balance - October 1, 2018	 					
FUND BALANCE - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ 	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_

SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Internal Service Fund Compensated Absences
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 36,382
LIABILITIES Accrued Compensated Absences Payable Due to Other Constitutional Officers Total Liabilities	35,890 492 36,382
NET POSITION Unrestricted	
Total Net Position	\$

SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Internal Service Fund Compensated Absences				
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services	\$	21,812			
OPERATING EXPENSES Compensated Absences Expense		21,812			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		-			
Net Position - October 1, 2018					
NET POSITION - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$				

SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Internal Service Fund Compensated Absences		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Charges for Services Cash Paid to Employees for Services Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	21,812 (22,779) (967)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfer to Other Constitutional Officers		(356)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Receipts of Interest		492	
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(831)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - October 1, 2018		37,213	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	36,382	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease in Compensated Absences	\$	(967)	
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	(967)	

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Highlands County is a non-charter county established on April 23, 1921 under the laws of the state of Florida 1921, Chapter 8513. The Supervisor of Elections of Highlands County, Florida (Supervisor of Elections) is one of six constitutional officers elected to serve within the county and receives a significant portion of its revenue from the Board of County Commissioners, Highlands County, Florida. The Supervisor of Elections' financial statements include only the funds of the Supervisor of Elections' office. There are no separate legal entities (component units) for which the Supervisor of Elections is financially accountable.

The Supervisor of Elections is elected every four years to serve as the official responsible for registering eligible voters within the county, conducting elections within the county, receiving qualifying fees for public office, and tabulating results of votes cast during elections.

The Supervisor of Elections is a "budget" officer in that all of the Supervisor of Elections' operating revenues are received from the Board of County Commissioners (the Board) in the form of an appropriation. Any fees collected by the Supervisor of Elections in carrying out her duties are remitted to the Board at the end of each month. The Supervisor of Elections is also required to submit back to the Board any excess revenues over expenditures as of September 30 of each year.

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. These policies, as presented, should be viewed as an integral part of the financial statements. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Basis of Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits, which allows the Supervisor of Elections to only present fund financial statements. These financial statements present only the portion of the funds of Highlands County, Florida that are attributable to the Supervisor of Elections. They are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of Highlands County, Florida in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Supervisor of Elections are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Accounting (Continued)

The purpose of the Supervisor of Elections' various funds are as follows:

Governmental Funds

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Supervisor of Elections. The majority of the Supervisor of Elections' day-to-day operations are accounted for in this fund. It is used to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund. Appropriations received from the Board are recorded in this fund. Expenditures for general governmental services are paid for through this fund.

Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Fund – The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of funded compensated absences.

Capital Assets

All capital assets purchased, which include equipment and intangible software, are recorded as expenditures in the General Fund at the time of purchase. The Board holds legal title for the capital assets used in the operations of the Supervisor of Elections and is accountable for them under Florida Law. The Supervisor of Elections notifies the Board of capital assets purchased and the original cost is recorded in the capital asset records of Highlands County as a whole. The Supervisor of Elections may not dispose of any capital assets in her custody. The Supervisor of Elections is to notify the Board of any unused or obsolete assets and it is the Board's responsibility to dispose of these assets in accordance with the various Florida Statutes.

Measurement Focus

Governmental Fund – The General Fund is accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported unassigned fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available, spendable, or appropriable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Proprietary Fund — The Internal Service Fund is accounted for on a cost of services measurement focus which is referred to as a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the fund are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary Fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net position.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. An exception to this general rule is principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by Proprietary Funds. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

Budgets and Budgetary Data

The following are the procedures followed in establishing the budget for the Supervisor of Elections' office:

- 1. On or before June 1 of each year, the Supervisor of Elections shall submit to the Board of County Commissioners a tentative budget for the ensuing fiscal year.
- 2. Within 15 days after certification of the ad valorem tax roll by the Property Appraiser, the County Budget Officer submits to the Board a proposed County-wide operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 3. By Board resolution, a tentative budget is submitted to the public. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayers' comments.
- 4. Within 20 days after adoption of the tentative budget, a final budget is submitted for review and adoption at a final public hearing.
- 5. Prior to, or on, September 30, the county's operating budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 6. The Supervisor of Elections receives her budgeted revenues from the Board in monthly installments beginning in October.
- 7. Section 129.07, Florida Statutes, provides that only expenditures in excess of total fund budgets are unlawful. The Supervisor of Elections' annual budget is monitored at varying levels of classification detail.
- 8. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the governmental funds.
- 9. Annual appropriated budgets for the General Fund are legally adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.
- 10. All appropriations lapse at the close of the fiscal year.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Supervisor of Elections considers the following as cash and cash equivalents:

- 1. Cash on hand, demand deposits; and
- 2. Deposits in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Florida PRIME) under the management of the State Board of Administration.

Investments

The Supervisor of Elections invests surplus public funds in accordance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements.

Compensated Absences

Employees of the Supervisor of Elections earn annual and sick leave in varying amounts. Upon retirement, death, resignation, or separation in good standing, employees are eligible to receive 100% of accumulated annual leave, up to 240 hours, at their current rates of pay.

There is no limit on the amount of sick leave that can be accumulated by employees of the Supervisor of Elections. Upon separation of service, up to 1,040 hours of sick leave will be paid out at varying rates based on years of continuous service, at the current rate of pay.

In governmental funds, only the amounts that normally would be liquidated with expendable available resources are accrued as current year expenditures. Annual and the vested sick leave credits for the Supervisor of Elections have been fully funded and are recorded as expenditures in the General Fund.

Fund Balance

The classifications of fund balances are described as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Supervisor of Elections' highest level of decision-making authority.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Assigned Fund Balance – Amounts the Supervisor of Elections intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the Supervisor of Elections' General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Supervisor of Elections' policy to first apply restricted resources when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The Board of County Commissioners adopted a fund balance policy for the county as a whole. The Supervisor of Elections does not have a separate fund balance policy as any unexpended fund balance is returned to the Board of County Commissioners each year.

<u>Unexpended Budget Balance Reverting to Board of County Commissioners</u>

Section 218.36(2), Florida Statutes, requires that any excess of revenues over expenditures in the General Fund held by the Supervisor of Elections at the end of each fiscal year shall be remitted to the Board of County Commissioners. Therefore, the excess of revenues over expenditures in the General Fund at the end of each fiscal year is reflected as unexpended budget balance reverting to Board of County Commissioners on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance, and the related liability is included in due to constitutional officers.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make use of estimates that affect reported amounts in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from estimates.

Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations

In accordance with Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, the Supervisor of Elections participates with the county in offering retiring employees the opportunity to continue in the County's health insurance plan. The participating retirees pay 100% of the premium cost applicable to an active employee. The liability and expense for other postemployment benefits, calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, are reported in the financial statements of the County.

NOTE 2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At September 30, 2019, the bank balance of the Supervisor of Elections' deposits were \$111,246. The entire amount of the demand deposits is deposited in a state of Florida qualified depository and, therefore, is fully collateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Supervisor of Elections' monies must be deposited in banks designated as qualified public depositories by the Chief Financial Officer, Florida Department of Financial Services. Therefore, the Supervisor of Elections' total deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized by the Bureau of Collateral Management, Division of Treasury, Florida Department of Financial Services. The law requires the Chief Financial Officer to ensure that funds are entirely collateralized throughout the fiscal year. Other than the preceding, the Supervisor of Elections has no policy on custodial credit risk.

Collateral is provided for demand deposits through the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. This law establishes guidelines for qualification and participation by banks and savings associations, procedures for the administration of the collateral requirements, and characteristics of eligible collateral. Under this law, the qualified public depository must pledge at least 25% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance.

Additional collateral, up to a maximum of 150%, may be required if deemed necessary under the conditions set forth in this law. Eligible collateral consists of obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of states and their local political subdivisions and unaffiliated corporations.

Obligations pledged to secure deposits must be delivered to the Department of Financial Services or, with the approval of the Chief Financial Officer, to a bank, savings association, or trust company provided a power of attorney is delivered to the Chief Financial Officer. On a monthly basis, the Chief Financial Officer determines that the collateral has a market value adequate to cover the deposits under the provisions of this law.

The Supervisor of Elections invests funds throughout the year with Florida PRIME, an investment pool administered by the State Board of Administration, under the regulatory oversight of the state of Florida. Investments in Florida PRIME are made pursuant to Chapter 125.31, Florida Statues. The investments are not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Throughout the year and as of September 30, 2019, Florida PRIME contained certain floating and adjustable rate securities which were indexed based on the prime rate and/or one and three-month LIBOR rates. These investments represented 36.7% of Florida PRIME's portfolio at September 30, 2019.

Florida PRIME meets all of the necessary criteria to elect to measure all of the investments in Florida PRIME at amortized cost, as a cash equivalent.

NOTE 2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The weighted-average days to maturity (WAM) of Florida PRIME as of September 30, 2019 was 37 days. Next interest rate reset dates for floating securities are used in the calculation of the WAM. The weighted-average life (WAL) of the Florida PRIME at September 30, 2019 was 85 days.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Supervisor of Elections' investment policy limits investments to specified credit ratings for authorized investments. Investments in Florida PRIME must carry an "AAAm" rating from Standard and Poor's.

On September 30, 2019, Standard and Poor's Ratings Services assigned the Florida PRIME an "AAAm" principal stability funding rating.

With regard to redemption gates, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states that "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the executive director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees. the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the executive director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the executive director until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days."

With regard to liquidity fees, Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

As of September 30, 2019, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

NOTE 2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk (Continued)

A reconciliation to amounts shown on the balance sheet and statement of net position is as follows:

\$ 63,032
150
19,008
\$ 82,190
\$ 45,808
36,382
\$ 82,190
\$

NOTE 3 PERSONNEL COMMITMENTS

Employees of the Supervisor of Elections earn annual leave and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of retirement or termination of employment, an employee is paid for accumulated unused credits. The cash benefit of compensated absences is determined by multiplying the employee's current wage rate by the number of hours of unused credits.

The following shows the change in compensated absences for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019:

Compensated Absences - September 30, 2018	\$ 36,857
Leave Earned by Employees	21,812
Payments to Employees	(22,779)
Compensated Absences - September 30, 2019	\$ 35,890

The Supervisor of Elections is obligated to make available to retired employees the option to maintain coverage with the county group health insurance plan. The Supervisor of Elections incurs no cost for this as the retired employee makes monthly payments to the county for this insurance.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS

Background

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Supervisor of Elections are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Elected County Officers Class Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk that are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Detailed information about the county's proportionate share of FRS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the county.

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a state-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Detailed information about the county's proportionate share of HIS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the county.

FRS Investment Plan

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Supervisor of Elections employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FRS Investment Plan (Continued)

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Supervisor of Elections.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options.

Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

Contributions

Participating employer contributions are based upon statewide rates established by the state of Florida. The Supervisor of Election's contributions made to the plans during the years ended September 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$85,251, \$80,817, and \$71,611, respectively, equal to the actuarially determined contribution requirements for each year.

Additional information about pension plans can be found in the county's comprehensive annual financial report.

NOTE 5 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with the Highlands County Board of Commissioners and the Constitutional Officers of Highlands County, Florida, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 were as follows:

Budget Appropriation

The General Fund of the Supervisor of Elections received appropriations from the Board of County Commissioners in the amount of \$945,146 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Excess fees and other amounts payable to the Board at September 30, 2019 were \$35,849.

NOTE 5 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Various Services

The Board of County Commissioners provides various services to the Supervisor of Elections. The charges for these services for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 amounted to \$58,963.

The Clerk of Courts provides various services to the Supervisor of Elections. The charges for these services for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 amounted to \$114,466.

NOTE 6 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Supervisor of Elections is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The county is a member of Preferred Governmental Insurance Trust (PGIT), a governmental insurance carrier. PGIT administers insurance activities relating to property, general liability, public official's and employment practices liability, automobile, crime, and workers' compensation. The county is liable for deductibles on certain coverage. Transactions related to activities involving PGIT are presented in the statements of Highlands County as a whole.

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

The Supervisor of Elections' capital assets include furniture, equipment, voter equipment, computer equipment, vehicles, and software. The Supervisor of Elections, pursuant to Florida Statutes, records no capital assets for which the Supervisor of Elections is custodian. The threshold for capitalizing all capital assets, except software, is \$5,000. The threshold for capitalizing software is \$15,000 for internally generated software and \$25,000 for purchased software. Capital assets are recorded at cost, or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the time received. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets as follows:

Assets	Years
Machinery and Equipment	4 to 20
Software - Internally Generated	3 to 10
Software - Purchased/Leased	3 to 10

Detailed information concerning capital assets is recorded and reported in the governmentwide financial statements of the county.

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for which the Supervisor of Elections is custodian during fiscal year 2019:

	Beginning Balances		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balances	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/								
Equipment	\$	575,248	\$	15,648	\$	_	\$	590,896
Computer Software	•	31,914		· -	·	-		31,914
Total Capital Assets, Being								
Depreciated/Amortized		607,162		15,648		-		622,810
Less: Accumulated Depreciation/								
Amortization:								
Equipment		(188,577)		(60,750)		-		(249, 327)
Computer Software		(31,914)		-				(31,914)
Total Accumulated								
Depreciation/Amortization		(220,491)		(60,750)				(281,241)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	386,671	\$	(45,102)	\$	-	\$	341,569



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Penny Ogg Supervisor of Elections Highlands County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Supervisor of Elections of Highlands County, Florida (Supervisor of Elections), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Supervisor of Elections' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financing Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



The Honorable Penny Ogg Supervisor of Elections Highlands County, Florida

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Supervisor of Elections' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Supervisor of Elections' internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida December 17, 2019



MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Penny Ogg Supervisor of Elections Highlands County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Supervisor of Elections of Highlands County, Florida (Supervisor of Elections), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2019.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated December 17, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note 1 to the financial statements.



The Honorable Penny Ogg Supervisor of Elections Highlands County, Florida

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Supervisor of Elections, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida December 17, 2019



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

The Honorable Penny Ogg, Supervisor of Elections and the Florida Auditor General Highlands County, Florida

We have examined the Supervisor of Elections of Highlands County, Florida's (Supervisor of Elections) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management of the Supervisor of Elections is responsible for the Supervisor of Elections' compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Supervisor of Elections' compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Supervisor of Elections complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Supervisor of Elections complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Supervisor of Elections' compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Supervisor of Elections complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Supervisor of Elections and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida December 17, 2019



TAX COLLECTOR HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL REPORTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

TAX COLLECTOR HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Eric T. Zwayer Tax Collector Highlands County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tax Collector of Highlands County, Florida (Tax Collector), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tax Collector's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



The Honorable Eric T. Zwayer Tax Collector Highlands County, Florida

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tax Collector as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and budgetary comparison of the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Highlands County that is attributable to the Tax Collector. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Highlands County as of September 30, 2019, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Tax Collector's basic financial statements. The combining statements, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Honorable Eric T. Zwayer Tax Collector Highlands County, Florida

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 13, 2020 on our consideration of the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida January 13, 2020

TAX COLLECTOR HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	General Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable, Net Inventory Prepaid Items	\$ 361,289 3,130 4,121 33,909
Total Assets	\$ 402,449
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Vouchers Payable Due to Other Governmental Units Due to Board of County Commissioners Due to Others Accrued Wages Payable Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities	\$ 2,933 9,653 284,984 1,524 46,843 56,512 402,449
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Unassigned Total Fund Balance	38,030 (38,030)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 402,449

TAX COLLECTOR HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

				Variance with Budget
	Budget			Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				, ,
Charges for Services:				
Commissions from:				
Board of County Commissioners	\$ 1,715,928	\$ 1,715,928	\$ 1,721,006	\$ 5,078
South Florida Water Management District	15,247	15,247	14,675	(572)
Southwest Florida Water Management District	36,699	36,699	34,919	(1,780)
Other Taxing Districts	259,476	259,476	216,424	(43,052)
Other Fees	1,160,460	1,160,460	1,102,013	(58,447)
Total Charges for Services	3,187,810	3,187,810	3,089,037	(98,773)
Miscellaneous Revenues:				
Interest Earnings	9,500	9,500	20,061	10,561
Other Miscellaneous Revenues	38,035	38,035	38,976	941
Total Miscellaneous Revenues	47,535	47,535	59,037	11,502
Total Revenues	3,235,345	3,235,345	3,148,074	(87,271)
EXPENDITURES				
General Government:				
Financial and Administrative:				
Personal Services	2,725,581	2,725,581	2,553,274	172,307
Operating Expenditures	451,703	451,703	300,163	151,540
Total Expenditures	3,177,284	3,177,284	2,853,437	323,847
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	58,061	58,061	294,637	236,576
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfer of Excess Fees	-	-	(294,637)	(294,637)
Unbudgeted Excess Fees	(58,061)	(58,061)	-	58,061
Total Other Financing Uses	(58,061)	(58,061)	(294,637)	(236,576)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance - October 1, 2018				
FUND BALANCE - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

TAX COLLECTOR HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Internal Service Fund
	Compensated Absences
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 89,445
LIABILITIES Accrued Compensated Absences Payable	89,445_
NET POSITION Unrestricted	\$ -

TAX COLLECTOR HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Internal Service Fund	
	Compensated	
	Ab	sences
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services	\$	176,816
OPERATING EXPENSES Compensated Absence Expense		178,335
OPERATING LOSS		(1,519)
NONOPERATING REVENUES Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		1,519
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		-
Net Position - October 1, 2018		
NET POSITION - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	

TAX COLLECTOR HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Internal Service Fund	
	Compensated	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	At	osences
Charges for Services	\$	176,816
Cash Paid to Employees for Services Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		9,175
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest Received		1,519
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		10,694
Cash and Cash Equivalents - October 1, 2018		78,751
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - SEPTEMBER 30, 2019	\$	89,445
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH		
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Loss	\$	(1,519)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net	•	(1,010)
Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Increase in Compensated Absences		10,694
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	9,175

TAX COLLECTOR HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Agency Funds
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Others	\$ 1,515,981 37,105
Total Assets	\$ 1,553,086
LIABILITIES Due to Other Governmental Units Due to Others	\$ 1,338,920 214,166
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,553,086

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Highlands County is a noncharter County established April 23, 1921 under the Constitution and Laws of the State of Florida, 1921, Chapter 8513. The Tax Collector of Highlands County, Florida (Tax Collector) is one of six constitutional officers elected to serve within the County and receives a significant portion of his revenue through the fees and commissions that are generated by the Tax Collector's office pursuant to the provisions of Section 192.091, Florida Statutes. These financial statements include only the funds of the Tax Collector and are not meant to represent Highlands County, Florida, as a whole. There are no separate legal entities (component units) for which the Tax Collector is financially accountable.

The Tax Collector is elected every four years to serve as the public official charged with the responsibility for collecting and disbursing ad valorem taxes, non-ad valorem taxes, and tangible taxes for the County as well as various other taxes and licenses. Additional duties of the Tax Collector include motor vehicle, mobile home, vessel and drivers' license registrations, hunting and fishing licenses, yard sale permits, certified copies of birth certificates, and concealed weapons licensing processing.

The Tax Collector is a "fee" officer in that operating revenues are received based upon the services rendered. The balance of fees in excess of expenditures remaining at September 30 is divided among the various taxing units in the same proportion as that particular unit's payments to the Tax Collector during the year bear to the total payments received from all taxing units.

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. These policies, as presented, should be viewed as an integral part of the financial statements. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Basis of Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits*, which allows the Tax Collector to present only fund financial statements. These financial statements present only the portion of the funds of Highlands County, Florida that are attributable to the Tax Collector. They are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of Highlands County, Florida in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Tax Collector are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The purpose of the Tax Collector's various funds is as follows:

Governmental Fund

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Tax Collector. The majority of the Tax Collector's day-to-day operating costs are accounted for in this fund. It is used to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund. Fees from the collection of general property taxes, licenses, and certain other intergovernmental revenues are recorded in this fund. Expenditures for general governmental services are paid through this fund.

Proprietary Fund

Internal Service Fund – The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of funded compensated absences.

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds – Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by a government as an agent for individuals, private organizations or other governments and/or funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Capital Assets

All capital assets purchased, which include furniture, equipment, computer equipment, and vehicles, are recorded as expenditures in the General Fund at the time of purchase. The Board holds legal title for the capital assets used in the operations of the Tax Collector and is accountable for them under Florida Law. The Tax Collector notifies the Board of County Commissioners of capital assets purchased and the original cost is recorded in the capital asset records of the Board of County Commissioners. The Tax Collector may not dispose of any capital assets in his custody. The Tax Collector is to notify the Board of County Commissioners of any unused or obsolete assets and it is the Board of County Commissioners' responsibility to dispose of these assets in accordance with the various Florida Statutes.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus

Governmental Fund – The General Fund is presented using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Their reported unassigned fund balances (net current assets) are considered a measure of "available, spendable, or appropriable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Proprietary Fund – The Internal Service Fund is accounted for on a cost of services measurement focus which is referred to as a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the fund are included in the statement of net position. Proprietary Fund operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net position.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. An exception to this general rule is principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by the fiduciary fund and proprietary fund. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

Budgets and Budgetary Data

The following are the procedures followed in establishing the budget for the Tax Collector's office:

- 1. On or before August 1 of each year, the Tax Collector submits an annual budget for the operations of the office to the State of Florida, Department of Revenue, Property Tax Administration (Department). A copy of the budget is also furnished to the Board of County Commissioners. After the budget has been reviewed and approved by the Department, it becomes the operating budget for the ensuing fiscal year.
- 2. The Tax Collector's operating budget can only be amended after written approval has been received from the Department.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets and Budgetary Data (Continued)

- Florida Statutes provide that it is unlawful to make expenditures that exceed the total amount budgeted for each fund. The Department of Revenue approves all transfers between appropriation categories, and this becomes the level of control for budgetary considerations.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all Governmental Funds.
- 5. The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents is cash on hand as well as demand deposits and investments in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Florida PRIME) with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The Tax Collector maintains a pooled bank account where cash resources of several funds are consolidated for investment purposes. This account represents the amount owned by each fund. This practice gives the Tax Collector the ability to maximize the yield on the short-term investment of cash, increasing interest earnings accordingly.

Interest earned on pooled investments is allocated to the participating funds.

Investments

The Tax Collector invests surplus public funds in accordance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. Under the consumption method, services paid for in advance are reported as an asset until the period in which the services are actually consumed.

Compensated Absences

Employees of the Tax Collector earn paid time off in varying amounts. Paid time off credits earned in excess of 400 hours which are not used by the close of business on December 31 of each calendar year shall be canceled. Upon terminal separation from the Tax Collector's office, employees having one year of satisfactory, continuous and creditable service are eligible to receive payment for paid time off up to 400 hours at their current rate of pay. The limit of lump-sum reimbursements of paid time off credits is based on years of service.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance

The classifications of fund balances are described as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Tax Collector's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned Fund Balance – Amounts the Tax Collector intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – Amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts can be reported only in the Tax Collector's General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Tax Collector's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the Tax Collector considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds. The Board of County Commissioners adopted a fund balance policy for the county as a whole. The Tax Collector does not have a separate fund balance policy because, by Florida Statue, the Tax Collector must return any excess fees at year-end.

Unexpended Budget Balance Reverting to Board of County Commissioners

Section 218.36(2), Florida Statutes, requires that any excess of revenues over expenditures in the General Fund (excess fees) held by the Tax Collector at the end of each fiscal year be distributed to each governmental unit in the same proportion as the fees paid by the governmental unit bear to the total fee income of the office. Therefore, the excess of revenues over expenditures in the General Fund at the end of each fiscal year is reflected as a transfer of excess fees on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance, and the related liability is recorded as due to the Board of County Commissioners and other governmental units.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make use of estimates that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from estimates.

Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations

In accordance with Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, the Tax Collector participates with the County in offering retiring employees the opportunity to continue in the County's health insurance plan. The participating retirees pay 100% of the premium cost applicable to an active employee. The liability and expense for other postemployment benefits, calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, are reported in the financial statements of the County.

NOTE 2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At year-end, the bank balance of the Tax Collector's deposits were \$329,511. The entire amount of the demand deposits is deposited in a State of Florida qualified depository and, therefore, is fully collateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Tax Collector's monies must be deposited in banks designated as qualified public depositories by the Chief Financial Officer, Florida Department of Financial Services. Therefore, the Tax Collector's total deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation and collateralized by the Bureau of Collateral Management, Division of Treasury, Florida Department of Financial Services. The law requires the Chief Financial Officer to ensure that funds are entirely collateralized throughout the fiscal year. Other than the preceding, the Tax Collector has no policy on custodial credit risk.

Collateral is provided for demand deposits through the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. This law establishes guidelines for qualification and participation by banks and savings associations, procedures for the administration of the collateral requirements and characteristics of eligible collateral. Under this law, the qualified public depository must pledge at least 25% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance.

NOTE 2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

Additional collateral, up to a maximum of 150%, may be required if deemed necessary under the conditions set forth in this law. Eligible collateral consists of obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of states and their local political subdivisions and unaffiliated corporations.

Obligations pledged to secure deposits must be delivered to the Department of Financial Services or, with the approval of the Chief Financial Officer, to a bank, savings association or trust company provided a power of attorney is delivered to the Chief Financial Officer. On a monthly basis, the Chief Financial Officer determines that the collateral has a market value adequate to cover the deposits under the provisions of this law.

The Tax Collector invests funds throughout the year with Florida PRIME, an investment pool administered by the State Board of Administration, under the regulatory oversight of the State of Florida. Investments in Florida PRIME are made pursuant to Chapter 125.31, Florida Statues. The investments are not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Throughout the year and as of September 30, 2019, Florida PRIME contained certain floating and adjustable rate securities which were indexed based on the prime rate and/or one and three-month LIBOR rates. These investments represented 36.7% of Florida PRIME's portfolio at September 30, 2019.

Florida PRIME meets all of the necessary criteria to elect to measure all of the investments in Florida PRIME at amortized cost, as a cash equivalent.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of Florida PRIME as of September 30, 2019 was 37 days. Next interest rate reset dates for floating securities are used in the calculation of the WAM. The weighted average life (WAL) of the Florida PRIME at September 30, 2019 was 85 days.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Investments in Florida PRIME must carry an "AAAm" rating from Standard and Poor's.

On September 30, 2019, Standard and Poor's Ratings Services assigned the Florida PRIME an "AAAm" principal stability funding rating.

NOTE 2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk (Continued)

With regard to redemption gates, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states that "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the Executive Director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the Executive Director until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days."

With regard to liquidity fees, Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

As of September 30, 2019, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

A reconciliation to amounts shown on the balance sheet, statement of net position, and statement of fiduciary net position is as follows:

Demand Deposits Petty Cash and Change Funds Florida PRIME	\$ 494,445 12,735 1,459,535
Total	\$ 1,966,715
Balance Sheet - General Fund:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 361,289
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	89,445
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Agency Funds:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,515,981
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,966,715

NOTE 3 PERSONNEL COMMITMENTS

Employees of the Tax Collector earn paid time off in varying amounts. In the event of retirement or termination of employment, an employee is paid for accumulated paid time off credits unused based on years of service. The cash benefit of these compensated absences is determined by multiplying the employee's current wage rate by the number of unused credits.

The following shows the change in compensated absences for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019:

Compensated Absences - September 30, 2018	\$ 78,751
Increase in Leave Earned by Employees	178,335
Payments to Employees	(167,641)
Compensated Absences - September 30, 2019	\$ 89,445

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS

Background

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Tax Collector are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Elected County Officers Class Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service, and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of FRS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of HIS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FRS Investment Plan

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. The Tax Collector's employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Tax Collector.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Participating employer contributions are based upon statewide rates established by the State of Florida. The Tax Collector's contributions made to the plans during the years ended September 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$286,289, \$259,638, and \$228,694, respectively, equal to the actuarially determined contribution requirements for each year.

Additional information about pension plans can be found in the County's comprehensive annual financial report.

NOTE 5 RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with the Highlands County Board of Commissioners and the Constitutional Officers of Highlands County, Florida for the year ended September 30, 2019 were as follows:

Charges for Services

The General Fund of the Tax Collector received revenue from the Board of County Commissioners in the amount of \$1,721,006 for the year ended September 30, 2019. Excess fees payable to the Board at September 30, 2019 was \$284,984.

Various Services

The Board of County Commissioners provides various services to the Tax Collector. The charges for these services for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 amounted to \$304,319.

The Clerk of Courts provides various services to the Tax Collector. The charges for IT support and software related expenditures for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 amounted to \$34,811.

NOTE 6 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Tax Collector is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County is a member of Preferred Governmental Insurance Trust (PGIT), a governmental insurance carrier. PGIT administers insurance activities relating to property, general liability, public official's and employment practices liability, automobile, crime, and worker compensation. The County is liable for deductibles on certain coverage. Transactions related to activities related to PGIT are presented in the statements of Highlands County as a whole.

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

The Tax Collector's capital assets include furniture, equipment, computer equipment, and vehicles. The Tax Collector, pursuant to Florida Statutes, records no capital assets for which the Tax Collector is custodian. The threshold for capitalizing all capital assets except software is \$5,000. The threshold for capitalizing software is \$15,000 for internally generated software and \$25,000 for purchased software. Capital assets are recorded at cost, or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the time received. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets as follows:

Assets	_
Machinery and Equipment	4 to 20 Years
Software - Internally Generated	3 to 10 Years
Software - Purchased/Leased	3 to 10 Years

Detailed information concerning capital assets is recorded and reported in the government-wide financial statements of the County. The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for which the Tax Collector was custodian during fiscal year 2019:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/					
Amortized:					
Equipment	\$ 712,973	\$ -	\$ (12,550)	\$ 700,423	
Less Accumulated Depreciation/					
Amortization:					
Equipment	(681,702)	(4,750)	12,550	(673,902)	
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 31,271	\$ (4,750)	\$ -	\$ 26,521	

TAX COLLECTOR HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA AGENCY FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

The Tax Collector maintains the following Agency Funds:

Agency Funds:

Tag Agency – Used by the Tax Collector to account for motor vehicle and vessel registrations, title transfer fees, drivers' license transactions, sales tax, birth certificate fees, and concealed weapons licensing fees remitted to the State of Florida.

Tax and License – Used by the Tax Collector to account for the collection of ad valorem and non ad valorem taxes, tangible personal property taxes and hunting and fishing licenses remitted to various taxing agencies and the State of Florida.

Tax Redemption – Used by the Tax Collector to account for collection of redeemed tax certificates issued in connection with delinquent ad valorem and non ad valorem taxes and remittance to certificate holders.

TAX COLLECTOR HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Tag Agency		Tax and License		Tax Redemption		Total	
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	156,858	\$	1,265,414	\$	93,709	\$	1,515,981
Due from Others		8,446		28,659		<u>-</u>		37,105
Total Assets	\$	165,304	\$	1,294,073	\$	93,709	\$	1,553,086
LIABILITIES								
Due to Other Governmental Units	\$	165,304	\$	1,173,616	\$	-	\$	1,338,920
Due to Others				120,457		93,709		214,166
Total Liabilities	\$	165,304	\$	1,294,073	\$	93,709	\$	1,553,086

TAX COLLECTOR HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	(Balance October 1, 2018	Additions Deductions		Balance September 30, 2019			
TAG AGENCY ASSETS				, to district				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Others	\$	187,287 11,388	\$	13,796,699 2,635,337	\$	13,827,128 2,638,279	\$	156,858 8,446
Total Assets	\$	198,675	\$	16,432,036	\$	16,465,407	\$	165,304
LIABILITIES								
Due to Other Governmental Units Due to Others	\$	194,579 4,096	\$	13,174,357 -	\$	13,203,632 4,096	\$	165,304 -
Total Liabilities	\$	198,675	\$	13,174,357	\$	13,207,728	\$	165,304
TAX AND LICENSE ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Others	\$	2,711,629 56	\$	180,838,233	\$	182,284,448 56	\$	1,265,414
Total Assets	\$	2,711,685	\$	28,659 180,866,892	\$	182,284,504	\$	28,659 1,294,073
LIABILITIES								
Due to Other Governmental Units Due to Others	\$	2,585,139 126,546	\$	102,582,601 3,451,561	\$	103,994,124 3,457,650	\$	1,173,616 120,457
Total Liabilities	\$	2,711,685	\$	106,034,162	\$	107,451,774	\$	1,294,073
TAX REDEMPTION ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	147,550	\$	3,680,276	\$	3,734,117	\$	93,709
LIABILITIES	_				_		_	
Due to Others	\$	147,550	\$	3,362,219	\$	3,416,060	\$	93,709
TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Others	\$	3,046,466 11,444	\$	198,315,208	\$	199,845,693	\$	1,515,981 37,105
Total Assets	\$	3,057,910	\$	2,663,996 200,979,204	\$	2,638,335 202,484,028	\$	1,553,086
LIABILITIES								
Due to Other Governmental Units Due to Others	\$	2,779,718 278,192	\$	115,756,958 6,813,780	\$	117,197,756 6,877,806	\$	1,338,920 214,166
Total Liabilities	\$	3,057,910	\$	122,570,738	\$	124,075,562	\$	1,553,086



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Eric T. Zwayer Tax Collector Highlands County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tax Collector of Highlands County, Florida (Tax Collector), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tax Collector's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 13, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



The Honorable Eric T. Zwayer Tax Collector Highlands County, Florida

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Tax Collector's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida January 13, 2020



MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Eric T. Zwayer Tax Collector Highlands County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Tax Collector of Highlands County, Florida (Tax Collector), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 and have issued our report thereon dated January 13, 2020.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550 Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated January 13, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations in the preceding annual financial report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Information regarding the specific legal authority for the entity is contained in Note 1 to the Financial Statements.



The Honorable Eric T. Zwayer Tax Collector Highlands County, Florida

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Tax Collector and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida January 13, 2020



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

The Honorable Eric T. Zwayer Tax Collector Highlands County, Florida

We have examined the Tax Collector of Highlands County, Florida (Tax Collector)'s compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds, during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management of the Tax Collector is responsible for the Tax Collector's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Tax Collector's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Tax Collector complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Tax Collector complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Tax Collector's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Tax Collector complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Tax Collector and the Auditor General, State of Florida and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Sebring, Florida January 13, 2020





HIGHLANDS COUNTY

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Highlands County, Florida respectfully submits the following summary schedule of prior audit findings for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Audit period: October 1, 2018 through September 30, 2019

The findings from the prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the prior year.

FINDINGS—FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2018 - 001 Revenue Recognition

Condition: As part of the audit, adjustments were proposed to correct the following errors in the County's financial statements:

- Local Government Infrastructure Surtax Fund receivables and deferred inflows of resources were understated because a reimbursement request for grant expenditures through September 30, 2018 was not recorded.
- County Transportation Trust Fund receivables and revenue were overstated because a grant reimbursement request was recorded in the wrong fund.

Status: Corrective action was taken. A grant manager was hired and worked with the Clerk's Office to improve the process and controls over grant recording and reporting.

FINDINGS—STATE AWARD PROJECT AUDITS

<u>2018 – 002 Preparation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State</u> <u>Financial Assistance</u>

Condition: Audit procedures identified an understatement of \$700,841 in expenditures initially reported on the Schedule relating to a particular state project (09021 Sebring Parkway). The Schedule was subsequently corrected after audit inquiry.

Status: Corrective action was taken. Additional preparation and review procedures were implemented to ensure that federal program and state project expenditures are completely and accurately reported.

2018 - 003 Reporting for Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects

Condition: Audit procedures identified noncompliance with the reporting requirements of the Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Project grant agreement.

Status: See current year finding 2019-001.

Reason for finding's recurrence: As noted previously, Board Management recognized the need for a Grant Manager, with a strong financial and reporting background. As part of the FY 2018/2019 budget, that position was approved and funded by the Board and the position was filled in September 2019. That position along with the Department and Project Managers continue to make improvements in the area of grant monitoring and reporting.

Corrective Action: Department Management will continue to work close with the Project Manger to ensure reports are submitted in a timely manner. Intraoffice support has been assigned to assist the Project Manager on all future grant reports, as a secondary control measure. Additionally, the newly hired Grants Coordinator will be assisting to ensure reporting deadlines are met.

If there are questions regarding this plan, please call Sally Hood, Accounting Director, Highlands County Clerk of Courts at 863-402-6898.

OF HIGH

HIGHLANDS COUNTY

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

HIGHLANDS COUNTY, FLORIDA CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Highlands County, Florida respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Audit period: October 1, 2018 through September 30, 2019

The findings from the schedule of findings and questioned costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the schedule.

FINDINGS—FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

There were no findings in the year that require a corrective action plan.

FINDINGS—FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDITS

There were no findings in the year that require a corrective action plan.

FINDINGS—STATE AWARD PROJECT AUDITS

MATERIAL WEAKNESS IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMLAINCE

OTHER MATTERS

Florida Department of Environmental Protection

2019-001 Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects – CSFA No. 37.039

Recommendation: Grant manager should ensure that reports are submitted in a timely manner.

Explanation of disagreement with audit finding: There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

Action taken in response to finding: As noted previously, Board Management recognized the need for a Grant Manager, with a strong financial and reporting background. As part of the FY 2018/2019 budget, that position was approved and funded by the Board and the position was filled in September 2019. That position along with the Department and Project Managers continue to make improvements in the area of grant monitoring and reporting.

Department Management will continue to work close with the Project Manger to ensure reports are submitted in a timely manner. Intraoffice support has been assigned to assist the Project Manager on all future grant reports, as a secondary control measure. Additionally, the newly hired Grants Coordinator will be assisting to ensure reporting deadlines are met.

Name(s) of the contact person(s) responsible for corrective action: Tasha Morgan, Assistant County Administrator

Planned completion date for corrective action plan: Fiscal year ending September 30, 2020

Department of Management Services

2019-002 Prepaid Next Generation 911 (NG911) State Grant Program – CSFA No. 72.003

Recommendation: Grant reports should be reviewed prior to submission by an individual, other than the preparer, who is knowledgeable of the compliance requirements. All reports should be filed by the required deadlines.

Explanation of disagreement with audit finding: There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

Action taken in response to finding: Sheriff's management will ensure that reports are filed timely and reviewed prior to submission by someone other than the preparer who is knowledgeable of the reporting requirements.

Name(s) of the contact person(s) responsible for corrective action: Rob Reed, Highlands County Sheriff's Office, Business Administrator

Planned completion date for corrective action plan: Fiscal year ending September 30, 2020

If there are questions regarding this plan, please call Sally Hood, Accounting Director, Highlands County Clerk of Courts at 863-402-6898.