# **Financial Reports**

For The

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021



**Prepared By:** 

**General Accounting Office, Finance & Records Department** 

**Clerk to Board of County Commissioners** 

Kevin C. Karnes

## **FINANCIAL REPORTS**

# As of September 30, 2021

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June 21, 2022

Ms. Sherrill F. Norman, Auditor General Florida Auditor General's Office Local Government Audits/342 Claude Pepper Building, Room 401 111 West Madison Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1450

Dear Ms. Norman,

We are pleased to submit a copy of the Lee County, Florida *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report* for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, in addition to an electronic version.

The County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and the Financial Assistance Report were presented to the Board of County Commissioners for acceptance on April 5, 2022, and June 21, 2022, respectively. The Independent Auditors' Report was dated March 16, 2022, followed by the Management Letter and the Single Audit Independent Auditor's Report dated June 9, 2022.

Sincerely,

Michele Crowell

Michele Crowell General Accounting Manager

MC/sms

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



# Lee County, Florida

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021



Prepared by: General Accounting Office, Finance & Records Department

Clerk to Board of County Commissioners

Kevin Karnes

# Lee County, Florida PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS As of September 30, 2021

# Elected Officials

Board of County Commissioners, Port Commissioners:

Commissioner, District 1	Kevin Ruane	* **
Commissioner, District 2	Cecil Pendergrass	
Commissioner, District 3	Ray Sandelli	
Commissioner, District 4	Brian Hamman	
Commissioner, District 5	Frank Mann	

# Appointed Officials

County Manager	Roger Desjarlais
County Attorney	Richard Wm. Wesch
Executive Director, Port Authority	Ben Siegel
Hearing Examiner(s)	Donna Marie Collins Amanda L. Rivera

\* Chairman for Board of County Commissioners

\*\* Chairman for Board of Port Commissioners

Photographs provided by Ed Clement Photographic Services, Inc., Lee County Public Resources, Lee County Visitor & Convention Bureau, Lee County Port Authority, Lee County Water & Wastewater System, Lee County Solid Waste System, Lee County Transportation Facilities, and Lee County Transit.

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# Introductory Section



March 16, 2022

To the Citizens of Lee County:

W e are pleased to present to you the accompanying Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of Lee County (the County) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. State law requires that a complete set of financial statements, presented in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), audited by licensed independent certified public accountants be released to the public within nine months of the fiscal year end. This report is being issued in fulfillment of these statutory requirements.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Clerk of Circuit Court as Chief Financial Officer of the County. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects, that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and the results of operations of the County, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to obtain a comprehensive understanding of the County's financial activity have been included.

#### Internal Controls

The County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and ensure that the financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets are reliable. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the County's internal controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of properly recorded financial transactions.

#### Independent Audit

n compliance with the laws of the State of Florida the County's financial statements have been audited by CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, a firm of licensed independent certified public accountants. The audit was performed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, are free of material misstatement. The audit involved performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management; as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor issued an unmodified opinion on the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The Independent Auditors' Report is presented in the Financial Section of this report. Governmental accounting and auditing principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The Management's Discussion & Analysis (pages 17-27) can be found in the Financial Section immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report and should be read in conjunction with this transmittal letter.

# County Structure and Services

ee County was founded in 1887 and named in honor of General Robert E. Lee. The County is located on the Gulf of Mexico

L in the southwestern portion of Florida and encompasses approximately 811 square miles, including several small islands in the Gulf of Mexico. Lee County is the largest of the five counties that make-up Southwest Florida. The incorporated cities, towns, and villages include: Fort Myers (County Seat), Cape Coral, Estero, Bonita Springs, Fort Myers Beach, and Sanibel. The Town of Fort Myers Beach is located on Estero Island and the City of Sanibel is situated on Sanibel Island. The unincorporated communities



include Lehigh Acres, North Fort Myers, Tice, Alva, Matlacha, Pine Island, and Captiva Island. Lee County's climate can be classified as subtropical with temperatures averaging 53 degrees low to 74 degrees high (Fahrenheit) in January and 75 degrees low to 91 degrees high (Fahrenheit) in August.

Lee County is home to one of the fastest-growing populations in the nation and that trend looks to continue. With



approximately 26 percent of its residents age 65 and older, the County is well known as a retirement destination. Lee County's population grew by approximately 21 percent between 2010 and 2020, and is projected to have a population of 1,000,000 by 2040. The Bureau of Economic and Business Research projects a 33.5 percent increase in Lee County's 25 to 54 age group by 2040. The estimated population in 2021 is 782,579.

# County Services and Reporting Entity

he County provides its citizens with a wide range of services that include law enforcement, human and community assistance-related services, civil and criminal justice system services, road and bridge



maintenance, park operation, library services, economic and physical environment, as well as other general and administrative support services. In addition, airport facilities, transit system, water and wastewater system, toll bridge facilities, and a

waste-to-energy facility are provided under an enterprise concept with user charges set by the Board of County Commissioners.

The Board of County Commissioners (the Board) is the legislative body for the County, having the responsibility of budgeting



and providing all the funding used by the various County departments and the separate Constitutional Officers, with the exception of fees collected by the Clerk of Circuit Court, Property Appraiser, and Tax Collector. Under the direction of the Clerk of Circuit Court, the Finance & Records Department maintains the accounting system for the Board's operations. The other Constitutional Officers maintain their own accounting systems. For purposes of this report the operations of the County as a whole, including all Constitutional Officers, have been presented.

In addition to the divisions of the Board and the Constitutional Officers, the Lee County Port Authority, a blended component unit, is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

# **Budgetary Controls**

The adopted budget is controlled in accordance with Chapter 129, *Florida Statutes*, and a formal budget policy which is incorporated into the County's Administrative Code. The Assistant County Manager, on behalf of the County Manager, is responsible for the preparation of the Board's budget. The legally adopted total appropriation for a fund may only be changed by resolution of the Board. Full authority to transfer budgetary amounts other than these instances is delegated to the County Manager or the Assistant County Manager. When the Board adopts the program budget it is integrated into the reporting system for management reporting



purposes. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in the report for each fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. Original and final budgets for major governmental funds are also provided. The Constitutional Officers'

budget control is retained at the fund level; the budgets of the Property Appraiser and Tax Collector are approved by the Florida Department of Revenue and those of the Clerk of the Circuit Court (excluding fees and court-related budgets), Sheriff, and Supervisor of Elections are approved by the Board. The court-related portion of the Clerk of Circuit Court's budget is determined by the State of Florida's legislature.

# Financial Condition of the County

#### Local Economy

L ee County has long been a popular vacation and retirement spot with more than 50 miles of white sandy beaches that span from Gasparilla Island State Recreation Area to Barefoot Beach on Little Hickory Island. There are 18 miles of public parks on the beachfront and more than 100 public beach access points. Lee County contains more than 100 parks, beaches, wildlife refuges, including J.N. "Ding" Darling National



Refuge on Sanibel Island; Lover's Key/Black Island State Park; Lakes Park; and Six Mile Cypress Slough. There are more than 100 golf courses in Lee County and the County ranks in the top ten in the nation for hole-per-person ratio. Each year, thousands of fans flock to Lee County to watch spring training for the Boston Red Sox and Minnesota Twins. Although Lee County experiences year-round tourism, the number of tourists increases in winter as does the retiree population. The region also has a long history of attracting innovators, including the families of Henry Ford and Thomas Edison.



In Lee County, tourism employs one out of every five people. Lee County received approximately 4.2 million visitors in fiscal year 2021 that generated \$3.4 billion in economic impact. The Lee County Visitor and Convention Bureau reported tourist tax collections of \$52.8 million in fiscal year 2021, up 41.4 percent from fiscal year 2020. Fiscal year 2020 tourism was impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. The tourism figures provided by Lee County's Visitor and Convention Bureau for fiscal year 2021 showed that the number of

visitors increased 25.0 percent and spending by visitor's increased 25.2 percent year over year. Passenger traffic at Southwest Florida International Airport ("SWFIA") reflected a 29.1 percent increase from the previous fiscal year. Southwest Florida International Airport served approximately 9.0 million passengers in fiscal year 2021 and is one of the top 50 busiest airports in the nation, according to the U.S. Department of Transportation.





With no personal income tax, Florida consistently ranks as one of the best places to do business, and Lee County businesses benefit from Florida's state tax structure. Florida's tax code is the fourth most competitive in the country according to a study released this year by the nonprofit group Tax Foundation. Fort Myers was ranked one of the fastest growing cities in America by Wallet Hub in 2020. The annual list considers population, employment, wages, and economic output. In a 2019 study by SmartAsset, three areas (Cape Coral, Lehigh

Acres, and Fort Myers) in Lee County are on the top 50 list of boomtowns due to their strong growth in population and number of local businesses. Lee County is home to several colleges, universities, and technical-vocational schools that provide a stream of talented workforce. Lee County is also home to a nationally recognized public school system.

#### Employment



Lee County is home to approximately 33,000 businesses and has become a coastal hub for business growth and talented workers. With the region's business incentives, tax structure, and quality of life, more companies have relocated to the area. From fashion icon Chico's, IT consulting and research company Gartner, manufacturing company Entertainment Metals, NeoGenomics Laboratories, Hertz Global Holdings, and cancer care service provider 21<sup>st</sup> Century Oncology to a handful of companies that

have relocated to the region over the last several years, companies across multiple sectors have chosen Lee County.

The County continues to see a steady labor force. The Florida Department of Economic Opportunity projects a 15.3 percent increase in Lee County's labor force by 2028. The labor force at September 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019 was 361,206; 338,831; and 348,608, respectively. Employment in the County as of September 30, 2021, is estimated at 346,867.

The unemployment rate decreased from 6.4 percent in 2020 to 4.0 percent in 2021. The County's unemployment level is below Florida's rate of 4.9 percent and below the national rate of 4.8 percent.

According to the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, the non-agricultural employment for the Lee County Metropolitan Area was comprised of 19.6 percent in Trade, Transportation and Utilities, 16.0 percent in Government (Federal, State and Local), 13.7 percent in Leisure and Hospitality, 13.7 percent in Professional and Business Services, 11.7 percent in Education and Health Services, 15.2 percent in Mining, Logging, Construction and Manufacturing, and 10.1 percent in all other.

#### Economic Conditions

The mainstays of the County's economy are tourism and retirement, and their associated services, such as health, trade, and other service-orientated industries. The County also has real estate development, agribusiness, high-tech manufacturing, corporate and regional headquarters, warehousing and distribution, and financial service industries.





Overall, Lee County's housing market continues to be strong but is slowing down compared to the frenzied pace a year ago. Foreclosures filed in the County decreased, from 608 in fiscal year 2020 to 265 in fiscal year 2021 which represents a 56 percent decrease from prior year. The housing market saw a significant increase in median sales price and new pending sales compared to the same period a year ago. According to the Florida Realtors, the median sale price of an existing single-family home in Lee County increased

23.3 percent, from \$292,000 in September 2020 to \$360,000 in September 2021. New pending sales increased by 40.0 percent and closed sales decreased 7.4 percent, year over year. The median sale price for existing townhouses and condominiums in September 2021 and 2020 was \$255,000 and \$215,000, respectively, which represents an 18.6 percent increase. Townhouse and condo new pending sales increased 27.7 percent and closed sales decreased 14.2 percent, year over year.

## Current and Long-Term Capital Initiatives

The County's Capital Improvement Program (CIP) consists of capital projects which reflect the County's infrastructure needs over a five-year time frame and include assets with long-term value such as buildings, roads, bridges, and parks.



Significant capital projects and other initiatives completed in fiscal year 2021 include (total cost in millions):

- \$3.2 Gateway/Commerce Roundabout
- \$3.9 Kismet/Littleton Realignment
- \$9.1 North Lee County Deep Injection Well
- \$18.8 Alico Road widening Ben Hill to Airport Road
- \$28.1 Replacement of twenty-seven passenger boarding bridges at Southwest Florida International Airport

Significant projects currently in progress include the following (projected cost in millions):

#### Southwest Florida International Airport

- \$11.0 Design of rental car relocation facilities
- \$27.6 Design to rehabilitate roadways
- \$29.5 South quad hangars and ramp design and construction
- \$68.5 Design of the rehabilitation of airside pavements (taxiways and aircraft parking aprons)
- \$82.1 Final design and construction of a new Air Traffic Control Tower
- \$258.9 Parallel runway site preparation to include design of a 9,100 foot parallel runway, storm drainage system, environmental permitting and mitigation design

\$331.6 Design of the terminal expansion project to include consolidation of security checkpoints and increasing concession areas

#### Transit

- \$5.0 Design and construction of the Lehigh Acres Park and Ride Transfer Center
- \$5.5 South County Park and Ride Transfer Station
- \$6.0 Design and construction of the Rosa Parks Transportation Center

#### Water and Wastewater

- \$14.0 Relocate potable, reuse, force main, and raw transmission lines for Corkscrew Road widening
- \$15.6 Fort Myers Beach Water Reclamation Facility deep injection well
- \$21.9 Fiesta Village Water Reclamation Facility deep injection well
- \$17.2 Estero Boulevard force main relocation
- \$13.2 RSW transmission Main-Ben Hill to Treeline
- \$30.9 Three Oaks Water Reclamation Facility Expansion
- \$40.8 North Lee County Water Treatment Plant Expansion
- \$51.7 North Lee County Wellfield expansion
- \$94.0 SE Water Reclamation Facility

#### Solid Waste

\$15.3 Landfill Expansion Class I

#### Transportation

- \$15.0 Widening of Littleton Road
- \$23.0 Widening of Ortiz Road from Colonial Boulevard to State Road 82
- \$44.8 Widening of Corkscrew Road from Ben Hill to Alico
- \$56.0 Replacement of the Big Carlos Pass Bridge
- \$68.0 Widening of Burnt Store Road from Pine Island Road to Van Buren Parkway
- \$82.0 Construction of Estero Boulevard
- \$109.0 Extension of Alico Road to State Road 82
- \$125.0 Extension of Three Oaks North to Daniels Parkway

#### **Culture and Recreation**

- \$6.5 Larry Kiker Preserve
- \$6.9 Able Canal Greenway
- \$8.7 Causeway Islands Park shoreline stabilization
- \$10.2 Expansion of Lehigh Community Park

#### Natural Resources

- \$7.1 San Carlos Park drainage Improvements
- \$7.9 Captiva Island beach renourishment

#### Facilities

\$6.6 Emergency generators for thirteen facilities

## Cash Management and Investments

The cash needs of the County are monitored daily and cash that is temporarily idle during the year is invested in accordance with the County's investment policy. The primary objective of the investment policy is the preservation of capital and the protection of investment principal. The investment portfolio as of September 30, 2021 was \$1,467,775,000.



Investments during the year were:

- Treasury bills and notes and government agencies and instrumentalities whose investments consist primarily of municipals and U.S. government obligations. At fiscal year-end the maturities of the investments ranged from sixty one days to five years and interest earned ranged from .30 percent to 1.64 percent.
- The State Board of Administration's ("SBA") Local Government Surplus Funds Investment Pool Trust Fund operates an investment pool for local governments. The average yield for the pool for the fiscal year was .15 percent.
- The County also participates in three additional investment pools. The average yield for the Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (FLCLASS) was .13 percent, the Florida Fixed Income Trust (FLFIT) was .16 percent, and the Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust (FLSAFE) was .09 percent.

The County earned a total of \$88.8 million in interest earnings over the last five years, of which \$4.6 million was earned in fiscal year 2021. Interest earnings have significantly decreased over the last five years as a result of lower rates. The Federal Open Market Committee lowered the Federal Funds Rate in March of 2020 in a response to the COVID-19 pandemic.



#### **Risk Management**

The Board maintains self-insurance programs to administer insurance activities related to property and casualty, countywide employee health and dental programs, general liability, and worker's compensation. The concept of the selfinsurance programs is to allow the County to absorb losses up to a specific annual amount. Excess and other specific coverages are purchased from third-party carriers.

Funding for these programs is generated by charges to the operating departments based on management's annual estimates



of claim loss funding and administration/operating costs. The Lee County Sheriff's Office does not participate in the County's insurance programs and maintains a separate self-insurance fund for their employee health and dental coverage. The Port Authority does not participate in the property and casualty self-insurance program.

## Awards and Acknowledgments

#### Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the

fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. This was the 36th consecutive year that the County has received this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the County had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to



meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

#### Acknowledgements

The preparation of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department and the various managers and fiscal officers of the County Departments. The efforts of Finance's General Accounting staff, specifically, Tracy Schatzman, Rose Hardt, Shelby Smith, Kirk Knowles, Stephanie Mulhall, Brian Cole, Kim Tester, Brandi Marchese, and Vily Andre are especially noteworthy.

Respectfully submitted,

Kevin C. Kaines

Kevin C. Karnes Clerk of the Court & Comptroller

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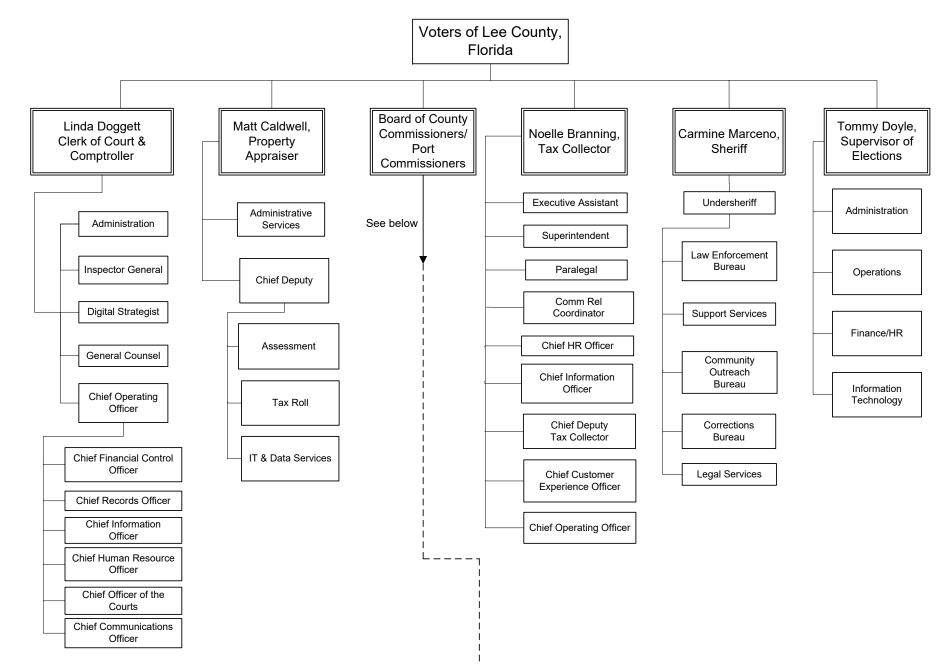
Terry Mallow, CPA Chief Financial Control Officer

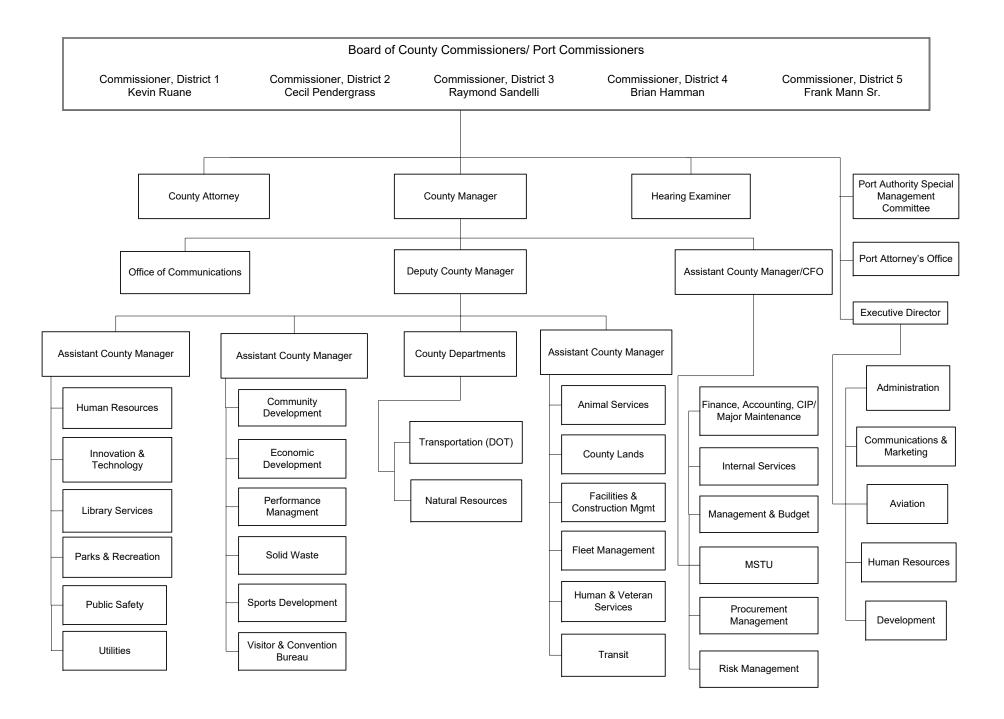
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Michele Crowell General Accounting Manager

# Lee County Government

as of September 30, 2021





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# County of Lee Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2020

Christopher P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO



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# Financial Section





#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Lee County, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lee County, Florida (County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



CLA is an independent member of Nexia International, a leading, global network of independent accounting and consulting firms. See nexia.com/member-firm-disclaimer for details.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matters**

As discussed in Note IX to the financial statements, in 2021 the County adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result of the implementation of this standard, the County reported a restatement of beginning net position, fiduciary net position, and fund balance for the change in accounting principle. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note IX to the financial statements, in 2021 the County corrected errors related to selfinsurance claims payable and revenue recognition. As a result of the error, the County reported a restatement of net position and fund balance, respectively, for the corrections. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedule of total other postemployment benefit liability and schedules of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability and of its contributions – pension plans on pages 17 to 27 and 104 to 107, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplementary financial information, statistical section, and other information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary financial information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary financial information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section, statistical section, and other information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 16, 2022, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida March 16, 2022

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

This discussion and analysis of Lee County's (the County) financial statements is designed to introduce the basic financial statements and provide an analytical overview of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The basic financial statements are comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and footnotes to the financial statements. We hope this will assist readers in identifying significant financial issues and changes in the County's financial position.

# Financial Highlights

- At the close of fiscal year 2021, the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, resulting in total net position of \$3,153,811,000.
- The County's total net position increased \$221,042,000, or 7.5 percent, in comparison to prior year.
- The County's governmental activities total net position of \$1,508,202,000 increased \$143,650,000, or 10.5 percent, in comparison to prior year. The unrestricted net position is a deficit balance of \$552,416,000.
- The County's business-type activities total net position of \$1,645,609,000 increased \$77,392,000, or 4.9 percent, in comparison to prior year. Approximately 9.2 percent of the total, or \$151,022,000 is unrestricted, and thus available for spending at the County's discretion.
- The County reported a liability of \$185,941,000 for its proportionate share of the FRS and HIS net pension liabilities.
- The County reported a total other postemployment benefits liability of \$652,769,000.
- Total revenues increased \$172,372,000, or 13.3 percent, in comparison to prior year.
- Total expenses decreased \$28,977,000, or 2.3 percent, in comparison to prior year.

## **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (statement of net position and statement of activities found on pages 30-32) concentrate on the County as a whole and do not emphasize fund types but rather a governmental or a business-type classification, which are presented in separate columns. The governmental and business-type activities comprise the primary government. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

General governmental and intergovernmental revenues support the governmental activities, whereas the businesstype activities are primarily supported by user fees and charges for services. The purpose of the government-wide financial statements is to allow the user to be able to analyze the County's total financial position.

The statement of activities reflects the expenses of a given function or program, which are offset by program revenues. Program revenues are defined as charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions directly associated with a given function or program. Taxes are reported under general revenue. The County maintains an allocation program for indirect expenses and, therefore, reports this allocation in a separate column on the government-wide statement of activities.

The effect of the inter-fund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. However, the inter-fund services between functions are not eliminated. The internal service fund activity has been eliminated except for the outside activity on the government-wide financial statements.

### Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity or net position, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The County's funds are presented in separate fund financial statements. These funds are presented on a governmental fund financial statement and a proprietary fund financial statement. The County's major funds are presented in separate columns on the fund financial statements. The definition of a major fund is one that meets certain criteria set-forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments* ("GASB 34"). The funds that do not meet the criteria of a major fund are considered non-major funds and are combined into a single column on the fund financial statements. However, a non-major fund can be designated as a major fund if the County chooses to do so.

Annual budgets are adopted for all funds except custodial funds, Sheriff's internal service, and special revenue funds, and the Property Appraiser's special revenue fund. A budgetary comparison has been presented for the General Fund, which compares not only actual results to budget but also the original adopted budget to final budget.

## **Governmental Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental fund financial statements (found on pages 33-37) are prepared on the modified accrual basis using the current financial resources measurement focus. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Although the activity of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements, they are not combined on the government fund financial statements.

Two of the County's governmental funds, the General Fund and the Transportation Capital Improvements Fund are classified as major funds. All other governmental funds are combined into a single column on the governmental fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the non-major funds are found in combining statements as supplemental financial data.

## **Proprietary Fund Financial Statements**

Proprietary fund financial statements (found on pages 38-44), like government-wide financial statements, are prepared on the full accrual basis. Proprietary funds record both operating and non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues are those that are obtained from the operations of the proprietary fund.

The County reports the Port Authority, Water and Wastewater, Transportation Facilities, and Solid Waste as major funds in the proprietary fund financial statements. These enterprise funds are used to present the same functions that are presented in the government-wide financial statements. The only non-major fund, Transit, is reported in a separate column. The internal service funds are presented in their entirety combined in a single column on the proprietary fund financial statements.

The internal service funds are used to account for data processing, risk management, radio communications, telecommunications, fleet management, and self-insurance for health and dental, and workers' compensation services on a cost reimbursement basis. Individual fund data is in the combining statements as supplemental financial data.

### Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

The fiduciary fund financial statements (found on pages 45-46) are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's programs.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

The government-wide financial statements were designed so that the user could determine if the County is in a better or worse financial condition from the prior year. The following is a condensed summary of net position for the primary government for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

		september so,				
(amounts expressed in thousands)						
	Govern	mental	Busine	ess-type		
	Activ	Activities		vities	Tot	tal
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Current and other assets	\$1,013,317	\$888,636	\$687,685	\$650,542	\$1,701,002	\$1,539,178
Capital assets	1,919,718	1,896,620	1,856,529	1,839,684	3,776,247	3,736,304
Total assets	2,933,035	2,785,256	2,544,214	2,490,226	5,477,249	5,275,482
Total deferred outflows of						
resources	215,748	285,061	49,375	63,326	265,123	348,387
Current liabilities	186,774	147,711 *	66,207	57,742	252,981	205,453 *
Non-current liabilities	933,683	1,424,335 *	785,278	898,645	1,718,961	2,322,980 *
Total liabilities	1,120,457	1,572,046	851,485	956,387	1,971,942	2,528,433
Total deferred inflows of						
resources	520,124	133,769	96,495	28,948	616,619	162,717
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	1,705,218	1,664,219	1,291,191	1,247,707	2,996,409	2,911,926
Restricted	355,400	334,167	203,396	196,524	558,796	530,691
Unrestricted (deficit)	(552,416)	(633,884)	151,022	123,986	(401,394)	(509,898)
Total net position	\$1,508,202	\$1,364,502 *	\$1,645,609	\$1,568,217	\$3,153,811	\$2,932,719 *

# Summary of Net Position September 30, 2021 and 2020

NOTE: Fiscal year 2020 balances are restated due to correction of errors related to the Sheriff's self-insurance claims payable and unearned revenue. Additional information can be found in Note IX on page 101.

Net investment in capital assets is the largest portion of the net position. This represents capital assets (land, buildings, improvements, equipment, furniture, vehicles and rolling stock, and infrastructure), net of accumulated depreciation and the outstanding related debt (less unspent proceeds) used to acquire the assets. The net investment in capital assets balance of \$2,996,409,000 (95.0 percent of total net position) increased \$84,483,000, or 2.9 percent, in comparison to prior year.

The restricted net position balance of \$558,796,000 (17.7 percent of total net position) increased \$28,105,000, or 5.3 percent, in comparison to prior year. This balance represents assets that are subject to external restrictions imposed by creditors, through bond covenants, by grantors, or by law on how they are used.

The unrestricted net position balance is a deficit balance of \$401,394,000 and increased \$108,504,000 or 21.3 percent, in comparison to prior year.

The following schedule compares the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the primary government for the current and previous fiscal years.

#### Lee County, Florida Summary of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Positions For the Years Ended September 30, 2021 and 2020

(amounts expressed in thousands) Governmental Business-type Activities Activities Total 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 **Revenues:** Program revenues: Charges for services \$147,253 \$131,958 \$389,124 \$352,015 \$536,377 \$483,973 Operating grants and contributions 137,039 103,754 29,258 50,781 166,297 154,535 Capital grants and contributions 66,888 21,755 72,549 44,475 139,437 66,230 General revenues: 526,971 Taxes 481,967 5,455 4,649 532,426 486,616 Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 84,359 70,123 84,359 70,123 37,888 \*\* Other 9,994 26,540 2,847 11,348 12,841 463,268 972,504 836,097 499,233 1,471,737 1,299,365 Total revenues Expenses: Program activities: General government 339,647 337,632 339,647 337,632 Public safety 269,623 292,276 \*\* 269,623 292,276 \*\* Physical environment 15,965 16,458 15,965 16,458 75,765 Transportation 72,252 75,765 72,252 28,098 28,098 Economic environment 30,870 30,870 24,125 24,125 Human services 33,412 33,412 79,949 83,546 79,949 83,546 Culture and recreation Interest on long-term debt 6,389 6,771 6,389 6,771 (5,276) (5,000) 5,276 5,000 Indirect expenses Business-type activities: Airport 113,608 122,825 113,608 122,825 Water and Wastewater 128,047 134,432 128,047 134,432 Transit 32,692 32,087 32,692 32,087 **Transportation Facilities** 24,705 22,650 24,705 22,650 Solid Waste 103,536 103,007 103,536 103,007 **Total expenses** 842,831 859,671 407,864 420,001 1,250,695 1,279,672 Total change in net position before transfers 129,673 (23, 574)91,369 43,267 221,042 19,693 Transfers 13,977 44,558 (13, 977)(44, 558)19,693 Change in net position 143,650 20,984 77,392 (1,291) 221,042 2,913,026 Net position October 1, as restated 1,364,552 1,343,518 1,568,217 1,569,508 2,932,769 Net position September 30 \$1,508,202 \$1,364,502 \$1,645,609 \$1,568,217 \$3,153,811 \$2,932,719

\*Fiscal year 2021 beginning net position is restated due to the implementaion of GASB 84. Additional information can be found in Note IX on page 101.

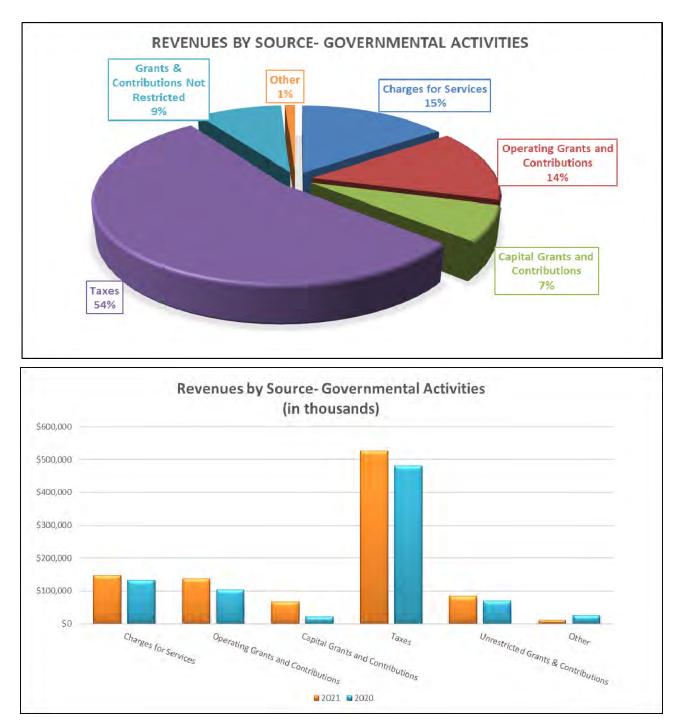
\*\* Fiscal year 2020 balances are restated due to correction of error adjustments related to the Sheriff's self-insurance claims payable and unearned revenue. Additional information can be found in Note IX on page 101.

Total revenues increased \$172,372,000, or 13.3 percent, in comparison to prior year. Total expenses decreased \$28,977,000, or 2.3 percent, in comparison to prior year.

## **Governmental Activities**

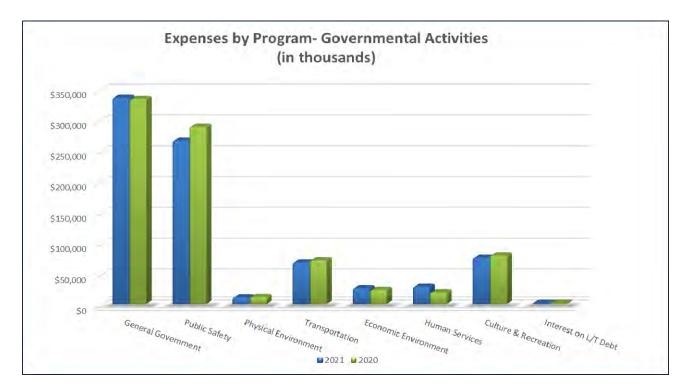
The governmental activities increased or (decreased) the County's total assets, total deferred outflows of resources, total liabilities, total deferred inflows of resources, and total net position by \$147,779,000, (\$69,313,000), (\$451,589,000), \$386,355,000, and \$143,700,000, respectively. The increase in the governmental activities' net investment in capital assets is \$40,999,000, or 2.5 percent, in comparison to prior year.

Total revenues for governmental activities increased \$136,407,000 or 16.3 percent, in comparison to prior year. The following is a chart of revenues by source for governmental activities by percent of total revenues for fiscal year 2021 and a chart of revenues by source for 2021 and 2020.



The main components of the change in total revenues for governmental activities were as follows:

- Operating grants and contributions increased \$33,285,000, or 32.1 percent, in comparison to prior year primarily due to an increase of \$19,188,000 in Cares Act grant funding for community aid programs and COVID-19 expenses, \$10,051,000 in Cares Act Emergency Rental Assistance grant funding, and \$2,235,000 for COVID-19 Emergency Solutions grant funding received in the current year.
- Capital grants and contributions increased \$45,133,000, or 207.5 percent, in comparison to prior year, primarily due to \$29,034,000 in School and Fire Impact Fees previously reported in an Agency Fund, an increase of \$9,894,000 in Road Impact Fee revenue, and an increase of \$5,485,000 in FDOT grants and contributions related to road projects.
- Taxes increased \$45,004,000, or 9.3 percent, in comparison to prior year, due to an increase of \$27,765,000 in Ad Valorem taxes collected as a result of an increase in the property value base, an increase of \$14,832,000 in Tourist Tax revenue as a result of increased visitation over prior year, and an increase of \$2,166,000 in gas taxes.



The following is a chart of expenses by program for governmental activities for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

Total expenses for governmental activities decreased \$16,840,000, or -2.0 percent, in comparison to prior year. The main components of the change in total expenses for governmental activities were as follows:

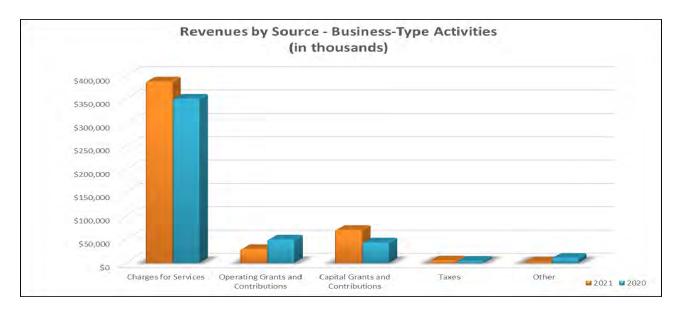
- Public safety expense decreased by \$22,653,000, or 7.8 percent, primarily due to a decrease in other postemployment benefits expense of \$10,490,000 as a result of a large gain due to assumption changes, and a decrease in pension expense of \$18,010,000 as a result of a large investment gain, offset by an increase of \$3,707,000 for fire impact fee payments which were previously reported in an Agency Fund.
- Human services expense increased \$9,287,000, or 38.5 percent, primarily due to an increase in other postemployment benefits expense of \$5,625,000 and pension expense of \$1,422,000 as a result of a larger allocation to the human services program related to additional positions hired for COVID related community programs and an increase in homelessness program expenses of \$1,900,000.

# **Business-Type Activities**

The business-type activities increased or (decreased) the County's total assets, total deferred outflows of resources, total liabilities, total deferred inflows of resources, and total net position by \$53,988,000, (\$13,951,000), (\$104,902,000), \$67,547,000, and \$77,392,000, respectively. The increase in the business-type activities' net investment in capital assets is \$43,484,000, or 3.5 percent, in comparison to prior year.

Total revenues reported in business-type activities increased \$35,965,000, or 7.8 percent, in comparison to prior year. The increase is primarily due to an increase in charges for services of \$37,109,000, or 10.5 percent, an increase in capital grants and contributions of \$28,074,000, or 63.1 percent, offset by a decrease in operating grants and contributions of \$21,523,000, or 42.4 percent and a decrease in other revenue of \$8,501,000, or 74.9 percent.

- Port Authority charges for services increased \$20,179,000, or 20.3 percent, as a result of higher user fees and concession revenue due to an increase in air traffic in the current year. The prior year was impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic and a one month rent relief program to tenants.
- Solid Waste charges for services increased \$15,124,000, or 16.7 percent, primarily due to ferrous metals market pricing more than double compared to last year, recycling commodities market improvement, increase in natural gas prices, and an increase in gate fees and tonnage for Horticulture.
- Port Authority capital grants and contributions increased \$18,401,000, or 177.4 percent, due to more grant funds received in the current year as a result of capital projects moving forward after being on hold.
- Water and Wastewater capital grants and contributions increased \$7,255,000, or 23.0 percent, due to increased developer contributions in the current year.
- Transit capital grants and contributions increased \$1,432,000, or 56.6 percent, primarily due to capital grants received in the current year for purchases of buses, vans and capital projects.
- Solid Waste operating grants and contributions decreased \$30,034,000, or 100.0 percent, due to Hurricane Irma grant reimbursements received in the prior year.
- Transit operating grants and contributions increased \$7,312,000 or 77.9 percent, as a result of more COVID-19 related grant funds to reimburse personnel costs.
- Other revenue decreased \$8,501,000 or 74.9 percent, across all funds primarily due to lower interest earnings and a decrease in fair value of investments.



The following is a chart of revenues by source for business-type activities for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

Total business-type expenses decreased \$12,137,000, or 2.9 percent, in comparison to prior year. The decrease is primarily due to a decrease in Airport expenses of \$9,217,000, or 7.5 percent, a decrease in Water and Wastewater

expenses of \$6,385,000, or 4.7 percent, offset by an increase in Transportation Facilities expense of \$2,055,000, or 9.1 percent.

- Airport expenses are lower in the current year as of a result of a \$13,114,000 decrease in pension and other postemployment benefit expense offset by an increase in contractual services, materials, and supplies of \$2,906,000 due to an increase in janitorial services and parking lot management.
- Water and Wastewater expenses are lower in the current year as a result of a decrease contractual services, materials, and supplies expense of \$6,535,000 (primarily due to lower costs associated with the City of Ft. Myers interlocal agreement), a decrease of \$4,350,000 in pension and other postemployment benefit expense, offset by an increase in depreciation expense of \$3,590,000.
- Transportation Facilities expenses are higher in the current year as a result of an increase in other expense of \$2,159,000 due to higher postage costs and bad debt expense.

Expenses by Program- Business-Type Activities \$140,000 \$120,000 Amount (in thousands) \$100,000 \$80,000 \$60,000 \$40,000 \$20,000 \$0 Airport Water & Transit Transportation Solid Waste Wastewater **Facilities** 2021 2020

The following is a chart of expenses by program for business-type activities for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

# Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are comprised of the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital projects funds. As noted earlier, governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus that focuses on near-term inflows and outflows. The General Fund is the general operating fund that is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The following are noteworthy facts and changes from prior year for the General Fund and the Transportation Capital Improvements Fund, which are the only two governmental funds reported as major funds:

*General Fund*- Total revenues increased \$69,285,000, or 12.8 percent. Taxes increased \$22,777,000, or 6.6 percent, due to an increase of \$22,178,000 in Ad Valorem taxes as a result of higher assessed property values. Intergovernmental revenue increased \$45,421,000, or 33.4 percent, primarily due to \$19,188,000 in Cares Act grant funding for COVID-19 expenditures and community aid, \$10,051,000 in Cares Act Emergency Rental Assistance grant funding, and an increase of \$10,291,000 in local half-cent sales tax revenue. Total expenditures increased \$38,993,000, or 8.3 percent, due to an increase of \$43,119,000 in general government operating expenditures primarily due to expenses of \$19,188,000 related to COVID-19 and community aid programs, expenses of \$10,291,000 for the

Emergency Rental Assistance program, and \$3,326,000 for COVID-19 vaccine expenses offset by a decrease of \$10,423,000 in public safety capital expenditures primarily due to radio equipment and vehicle purchases by the Sheriff in the prior year.

**Transportation Capital Improvements Fund**- Total revenues increased \$7,463,000, or 27.2 percent. Tax revenue increased \$2,166,000, or 10.6 percent, due to higher gas taxes as a result of increased travel. Intergovernmental revenue increased \$1,484,000, or 36.8 percent, due to an increase in Florida Department of Transportation grants received for road projects. Special assessments revenue increased \$4,168,000, or 100.0 percent, due to the Corkscrew Road Widening project proportional share. Total expenditures increased \$2,495,000, or 4.8 percent, due to costs associated with the Burnt Store Road and Estero Road projects.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

**P**roprietary funds are comprised of enterprise funds and internal service funds. An enterprise fund is used to account for activities for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. Internal service funds are those that provide a service, primarily within the government, and charge a recovery fee.

The following are noteworthy facts and changes from prior year for proprietary major funds:

**Port Authority** - Net operating revenue increased \$15,328,000, or 17.8 percent, in comparison to prior year as a result of higher user fees and concession revenue due to an increase in air traffic. Air traffic was impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic in the prior year. Total operating expenses decreased \$9,270,000, or 8.4 percent, in comparison to prior year as a result of lower pension and other postemployment expense of \$13,114,000 offset by an increase of \$2,906,000 in contractual services, materials, and supplies due to an increase in janitorial services and parking lot management. Capital grants and contributions were \$18,401,000, or 177.4 percent, higher compared to the prior year due to grants received for capital projects moving forward after being put on hold in the prior year.

*Water and Wastewater* – Net operating revenue increased \$529,000, or .5 percent, in comparison to prior year. Operating expenses decreased \$6,830,000 or 5.3 percent, in comparison to prior year as a result of a decrease in contractual services, materials, and supplies of \$6,535,000 primarily due to lower costs associated with the City of Ft. Myers interlocal agreement, a decrease in pension and other postemployment benefit expense of \$4,350,000, and an increase in depreciation expense of \$3,590,000. Capital contributions were \$7,255,000, or 23.0 percent, higher compared to the prior year due to an increase in developer contributions.

*Transportation Facilities* – Net operating revenue increased by \$938,000, or 2.2 percent, in comparison to prior year. Total operating expenses increased \$2,075,000, or 10.9 percent, in comparison to prior year primarily due to an increase other expenses related to higher postage costs and bad debt expense.

*Solid Waste* – Net operating revenue increased \$15,393,000, or 16.6 percent, in comparison to prior year primarily due to ferrous metals market pricing more than double compared to last year, recycling commodities market improvement, increase in natural gas prices, and an increase in gate fees and tonnage for horticulture. Total operating expenses decreased \$414,000 or .4 percent, in comparison to prior year. Grants decreased \$30,296,000, or 103.1 percent, in comparison to prior year due to Hurricane Irma FEMA grant reimbursements received in the prior year.

# General Fund Budgetary and Actual Highlights

The difference between the original adopted and final amended revenue and expenditures budget in the General Fund is an increase \$19,328,000 and \$26,835,000. The changes include:

- \$10,025,000 for Sheriff capital outlay for vehicles, software, security, and surveillance updates, and equipment purchases.
- \$7,364,000 for Cares Act Emergency Rental Assistance grant funding and related expenditures.

- \$1,652,000 increase for the Cares Act Emergency Solutions Grant funding and related expenditures for homeless housing and services for at-risk homelessness.
- \$1,595,000 increase for West Coast Inland Navigation District (WCIND) pass through grant funding and related expenditures for navigation related major maintenance projects.
- \$1,127,000 increase for grants received and related expenditures for housing assistance, homeless prevention projects, homeless housing and relocation services, and the Bob Janes Triage Center.
- \$980,000 increase for the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) grant funding and related expenditures.

The remaining amendments are a combination of increases and decreases for various reasons which separately are not noteworthy.

The variance between the final amended budget and actual expenditure results for the General Fund is a favorable variance of \$78,276,000. The differences are across multiple departments and are mainly due to unspent budget for COVID-19 expenses and community aid, various projects, and conservative spending. Project costs are budgeted in the year they are anticipated to be obligated. In subsequent years the unused budget is re-appropriated until the project is completed.

# Capital Assets

Non-depreciable capital assets include land, construction in progress, software in progress, and artwork. Depreciable assets include buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, software, and infrastructure. The following is a schedule of the County's capital assets as of September 30, 2021 and 2020.

	(amounts expressed in thousands)													
	Governme Activiti		Business Activiti	/1	Total									
	2021	2021 2020		2020	2021	2020								
Artwork	\$323	\$323	\$293	\$293	\$616	\$616								
Land	699,522	700,587	227,504	227,504	927,026	928,091								
Construction in progress	78,229	72,451	189,805	146,098	268,034	218,549								
Easements & rights of way	68,980	68,974	19,792	19,786	88,772	88,760								
Software in progress	-	475	-	-	-	475								
Buildings	622,147	622,603	674,244	675,990	1,296,391	1,298,593								
Improvement other than buildings	236,019	233,275	664,480	624,466	900,499	857,741								
Machinery & equipment	282,806	310,089	582,460	570,176	865,266	880,265								
Software	19,620	20,943	8,037	8,037	27,657	28,980								
Infrastructure	905,178	834,362	1,080,615	1,081,109	1,985,793	1,915,471								
Total capital assets	2,912,824	2,864,082	3,447,230	3,353,459	6,360,054	6,217,541								
Accumulated depreciation	(993,106)	(967,462)	(1,590,701)	(1,513,775)	(2,583,807)	(2,481,237)								
Total	\$1,919,718	\$1,896,620	\$1,856,529	\$1,839,684	\$3,776,247	\$3,736,304								

Lee County, Florida Summary of Capital Assets September 30, 2021 and 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Noteworthy capital asset purchases/completed projects that took place in fiscal year 2021 were as follows:

- Gateway/Commerce Roundabout road project
- Kismet/Littleton realignment road project
- > Alico Road widening from Ben Hill Griffin Parkway to Airport Road
- > North Lee County deep injection well project
- > Replacement of twenty-seven passenger boarding bridges at Southwest Florida International Airport

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note V on pages 63-66.

#### Lee County, Florida

# **Debt Administration**

At September 30, 2021, the County had \$630,185,000 of outstanding bonded debt. The revenue bonds, which are each payable from a specific revenue stream, had an outstanding balance of \$630,185,000, or 100 percent of the total bonded debt. The outstanding bond balance decreased \$71,560,000 or -10.2 percent, in comparison to prior year. On June 30, 2021, the County issued the Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2021A, in the amount of \$139,560,000. The proceeds were used to currently refund \$172,715,000 of outstanding Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011A.

Total long-term liabilities of \$880,781,000, which includes bonds payable (net of unamortized discounts/premiums), notes payable, capital leases, self-insurance claims payable, compensated absences, and landfill closure and postclosure costs decreased by \$50,471,000, or -5.4 percent, in comparison to prior year. The following is a schedule of outstanding bonds as of September 30, 2021 and 2020.

#### Lee County, Florida Summary of Outstanding Debt September 30, 2021 and 2020 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governm Activit		Business Activit		Total			
Davida Davida	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Revenue Bonds	\$175,795	\$179,895	\$454,390	\$521,850	\$630,185	\$701,745		
Total	\$175,795	\$179,895	\$454,390	\$521,850	\$630,185	\$701,745		

Standard and Poor's Rating Group suggests that debt service should not exceed 10-15 percent of appropriations. The fiscal year 2021 debt service was 4.0 percent of appropriations, which is within the suggested guidelines. Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note V on pages 70-81.

# Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget Rates

The following were factors considered when next year's budget was prepared:

- Lee County had a 4.0 percent unemployment rate as reported by the Florida Research & Economic Database and Lee County Economic Development.
- There is a 3.0 percent salary increase in the County's fiscal year 2021-2022 budget.
- There was an increase in the property values from fiscal year 2021, which is used for fiscal year 2022, of 7.7 percent, based upon values determined by the Property Appraiser.
- The County will receive approximately \$150,000,000 from the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 to support public health efforts, address negative economic impacts caused by the public health emergency, replace lost public sector revenue, provide premium pay for essential workers, and invest in water, sewer, and broadband infrastructure. The County also has approximately \$20,580,000 available for rental assistance programs.

# **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide the reader an overview of the County. Questions regarding any information provided in this report should be directed to: Lee County Clerk of Courts, Finance and Records Department, 2115 Second Street, 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor, Fort Myers, Florida, 33901, phone (239) 533-2100.



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# **Basic Financial Statements**



#### Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Primary Government										
	Govern	mental		iness-type							
	Activ	vities		ctivities		Total					
ASSETS											
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	560,805	\$	402,603	\$	963,408					
Receivables (net)		11,838		37,598		49,436					
Due from other governments		7,195		4,649		11,844					
Internal balances		23,408		(23,408)		-					
Inventories		3,957		2,938		6,895					
Prepaids		4,850		1,992		6,842					
Other assets		250		114		364					
Restricted assets:											
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	:	383,802		258,500		642,302					
Receivables		5,987		2,699		8,686					
Due from other governments		10,931		-		10,931					
Inventory		294		-		294					
Capital assets:											
Non-depreciable	:	847,054		437,394		1,284,448					
Depreciable, net		072,664		1,419,135		2,491,799					
Total Assets		933,035		2,544,214		5,477,249					
				_,,		-,,,					
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Loss on refunding of debt		4,120		9,445		13,565					
Unamortized pension costs and subsequent contributions Unamortized other postemployment benefits		86,935		17,367		104,302					
costs and subsequent contributions		124,693		22,563		147,256					
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		215,748		49,375		265,123					
LIABILITIES											
Contracts and accounts payable		20,741		28,405		49,146					
Accrued liabilities		7,585		1,507		9,092					
Due to other governments		11,393		2,117		13,510					
Due to individuals		430		-		430					
Customer deposits		5,130		1,162		6,292					
Unearned revenues		95,887		2,241		98,128					
Refunds and rebates		_		14,768		14,768					
Net pension liability		421		109		530					
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:		121		107		000					
Contracts and accounts payable		18,316		2,459		20,775					
Accrued liabilities		457		2,407		457					
Due to other governments		14,750		34		14,784					
Customer deposits		6,982		2,610		9,592					
Unearned revenue		508		2,302		9,392 2,810					
Accrued interest payable											
Noncurrent liabilities:		4,174		8,493		12,667					
		25 270		11 520		70 017					
Due within one year		35,279		44,538		79,817					
Due in more than one year		227,372		573,592		800,964					
Net pension liability		150,680		34,731		185,411					
Other postemployment benefits liability	-	520,352		132,417		652,769					
Total Liabilities	1,	120,457		851,485		1,971,942					

(continued)

#### Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Primary Government	
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Gain on refunding of debt	103	157	260
Unamortized pension costs	255,961	44,726	300,687
Unamortized other postemployment benefits costs	264,060	51,612	315,672
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	520,124	96,495	616,619
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	1,705,218	1,291,191	2,996,409
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	203,337	123,254	326,591
Debt service	11,873	29,291	41,164
Inventory for resale	294	-	294
Special revenue funds:			
Improvement districts	11,145	-	11,145
Culture & recreation	10,389	-	10,389
Economic development	40,217	-	40,217
Health, safety & welfare	14,455	-	14,455
Transportation roads	48,500	-	48,500
Court programs	3,714	-	3,714
Public records	6,698	-	6,698
Inmate welfare	2,295	-	2,295
Driver's education	739	-	739
Law enforcement activities	1,744	-	1,744
Renewal and replacement	-	50,851	50,851
Unrestricted (deficit)	(552,416)	151,022	(401,394)
Total Net Position	\$ 1,508,202	\$ 1,645,609	\$ 3,153,811

#### Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

					Program Revenue						Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
			I	ndirect			Op	perating	Capital		Primary Government					
			E	xpense	Charges fo		Grants and		Grants and		Governmental		Business-type			
Functions/Programs	Ex	penses	Allocation		Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities		Activities		Total	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:																
Governmental activities:																
General government	\$	339,647	\$	(12,104)	\$	83,955	\$	91,679	\$	20,149	\$	(131,760)	\$	-	\$	(131,760)
Public safety		269,623		785		46,608		17,511		8,947		(197,342)		-		(197,342)
Physical environment		15,965		195		2,602		374		476		(12,708)		-		(12,708)
Transportation		72,252		1,298		5,167		10,081		6,391		(51,911)		-		(51,911)
Economic environment		30,870		533		88		13,079		-		(18,236)		-		(18,236)
Human services		33,412		355		2,677		3,613		388		(27,089)		-		(27,089)
Culture and recreation		79,949		3,662		6,156		702		30,537		(46,216)		-		(46,216)
Interest on long-term debt		6,389		-		-		-		-		(6,389)		-		(6,389)
Total governmental activities		848,107		(5,276)		147,253		137,039		66,888		(491,651)		-		(491,651)
Business-type activities:																
Airport		113,608		741		119,741		13,547		28,771		-		47,710		47,710
Water and Wastewater		128,047		2,139		117,183		-		38,830		-		25,827		25,827
Transit		32,692		723		3,262		15,711		4,948		-		(9,494)		(9,494)
Transportation Facilities		24,705		703		43,399		-		-		-		17,991		17,991
Solid Waste		103,536		970		105,539		-		-		-		1,033		1,033
Total business-type activities		402,588		5,276		389,124		29,258		72,549		-		83,067		83,067
Total primary government		1,250,695		-		536,377		166,297		139,437		(491,651)		83,067		(408,584)

General revenues.			
Taxes:			
Property taxes	425,375	2,803	428,178
Gas taxes	22,530	-	22,530
Tourist taxes	52,822	-	52,822
Communication taxes	6,540	-	6,540
Franchise fees	18,775	2,652	21,427
Local business taxes	929	-	929
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	84,359	-	84,359
Investment earnings	1,030	704	1,734
Miscellaneous	8,964	2,143	11,107
Transfers	13,977	(13,977)	-
Total general revenues and transfers	635,301	(5,675)	629,626
Change in net position	143,650	77,392	221,042
Net position - beginning - as restated	1,364,552	1,568,217	2,932,769
Net position - ending	\$ 1,508,202	\$ 1,645,609	\$ 3,153,811

#### Lee County, Florida BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Transportation Capital General Improvement			Capital	Other vernmental Funds		Total ernmental Funds	
ASSETS								
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent Receivables (net)	\$	313,583	\$	179,820 -	\$ 379,055 7,782	\$	872,458 7,782	
Accounts		6,794		96	636		7,526	
Special assessments		0,794		90	2,888		2,888	
Accrued interest		-78		63	2,888 352		2,888 493	
Due from other funds								
		1,400		9,197	7,886		18,483	
Due from other governments		7,878		2,800	13,848		24,526	
Inventory		685		-	 3,037		3,722	
Total assets		330,418		191,976	 415,484		937,878	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Contracts and accounts payable		12,405		11,718	12,073		36,196	
Accrued liabilities		6,519		-	1,437		7,956	
Due to other funds		4,582		1,007	5,125		10,714	
Due to other governments		9,427		-	16,577		26,004	
Due to individuals		430		-	-		430	
Deposits and overbids		4,619		722	6,260		11,601	
Unearned revenues		95,866		-	508		96,374	
Other		511		-	-		511	
Total liabilities		134,359		13,447	 41,980		189,786	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Grants receivable		671		-	1,459		2,130	
Special assessment receivable		-		-	3,102		3,102	
Total deferred inflows of resources		671		-	4,561		5,232	
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		391		_	3,037		3,428	
Restricted		294		178,529	182,577		361,400	
Committed		_		, _	180,739		180,739	
Assigned		32,760		_	2,590		35,350	
Unassigned		161,943		-	, _		161,943	
Total fund balances		195,388		178,529	 368,943	742,860		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		,			,		<u> </u>	
resources, and fund balances	\$	330,418	\$	191,976	\$ 415,484	\$	937,878	

# Lee County, Florida RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### As of September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 742,860
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different becau	ise:
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and	
therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Non-depreciable governmental capital assets 838,319	
Depreciable governmental capital assets, net 1,051,927	7 1,890,246
Other assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are reported as deferred inflows in the funds.	5,232
Prepaid assets that are not recorded in governmental funds under the modified accrual basis of accounting are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual	
accounting.	4,067
Deferred outflows of resources on the loss on refunding of debt are not recognized in the	
governmental funds; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under	
full accrual accounting.	4,120
Net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to pensions are not recognized	
in the governmental funds; however, they are recorded in the statement	
of net position under full accrual accounting.	(167,404)
Net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to other postemployment benefits	
are not recognized in the governmental funds; however, they are recorded in the	
statement of net position under full accrual accounting.	(137,053)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable are not due and payable in the current	( - , ,
period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Governmental bonds payable (189,736	5)
Accrued interest payable (4,174	L)
Capital lease payable (8,026	5)
Notes payable (11,127	7)
Net pension liability (148,975	,
Total other postemployment benefits liability (513,670	,
Compensated absences (28,930	<u>)</u> (904,638)
Deferred inflows of resources on the gain on refunding of debt are not recognized in the	
governmental funds however they are recorded in the statement of net position under	(1.2.2)
full accrual accounting.	(103)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities	
to the individual funds.	
Assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.	70,875
Net position of governmental activities	\$1,508,202

#### Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	General		C	sportation Capital covements	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES	¢	267 1 2 2	ተ	22 520	¢	107 200	¢	FOC 071	
Taxes	\$	367,133	\$	22,530	\$	137,308	\$	526,971	
Licenses and permits		1,574 191 591		- 5 515		11,876 28 548		13,450	
Intergovernmental		181,581 55 271		5,515		38,548		225,644	
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures		55,371 76		-		37,637		93,008	
		76		-		1,108		1,184	
Impact fees		-		- 1 160		59,249 925		59,249	
Special assessments Miscellaneous		- 6 222		4,168 2,734		923 3,659		5,093 12,625	
Total revenues		6,232 611,967		34,947		290,310		12,625 937,224	
		011,907		34,947		290,310		937,224	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General government		220,108		-		72,114		292,222	
Public safety		220,442		-		40,933		261,375	
Physical environment		5,315		-		7,256		12,571	
Transportation		-		10,535		38,019		48,554	
Economic environment		8,404		-		25,993		34,397	
Human services		17,312		-		7,814		25,126	
Culture and recreation		15,982		-		58,679		74,661	
Capital outlay									
General government		3,333		-		15,137		18,470	
Public safety		10,889		-		2,533		13,422	
Physical environment		141		-		2,804		2,945	
Transportation		-		43,921		10,349		54,270	
Economic environment		26		-		270		296	
Human services		-		-		27		27	
Culture and recreation		461		-		4,248		4,709	
Debt service									
Principal retirement		4,311		-		12,675		16,986	
Interest and fiscal charges		430		-		8,210		8,640	
Bond issuance costs		-		-		30		30	
Total expenditures		507,154		54,456		307,091		868,701	
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		104,813		(19,509)		(16,781)		68,523	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)									
Transfers in		6,374		21,528		140,297		168,199	
Transfers out		(62,209)		(787)		(95,424)		(158,420)	
Debt issuance		-		-		424		424	
Total other financing sources and (uses)		(55,835)		20,741		45,297		10,203	
Net change in fund balances		48,978		1,232		28,516		78,726	
Fund balances - beginning (as restated)		146,410		177,297		340,427		664,134	
Fund balances - ending	\$	195,388	\$	178,529	\$	368,943	\$	742,860	

# Lee County, Florida RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 78,726
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement	
of activities the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.	
Expenditures for capital assets 94,139	
Less current year depreciation (65,745)	28,394
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital and intangible	
assets (i.e., disposals, transfers, donations) is to decrease net position.	(7,764)
Prepaid expenses that are not recorded in governmental funds under the modified accrual	
basis of accounting are recorded in the statement of activities under full accrual	
accounting.	420
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are	
not reported as revenues in the funds.	(1,257)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources for governmental funds, but issuing debt	, ,
increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal	
is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term	
liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of	
premiums and similar items when debt is first issued. These amounts are	
deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Long- term debt proceeds (424)	
Principal payments 16,986	16,562
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Pension expense adjustment 34,136	
Other postemployment benefits (12,816)	
Change in compensated absences (402)	20,918
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities is recognized as the interest accrues,	
regardless of when it is due. In the governmental funds interest is recognized as an	
expenditure when it is due. Premiums and similar items are deferred and amortized	
in the statement of activities.	
Accrued interest on bonds 296	
Amortization of bond premiums, discounts, refunding gains and losses 1,955	2,251
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to	
individual funds.	
The net income of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities	5,400
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$143,650

#### Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				<u> </u>
Taxes	\$ 361,790	\$ 361,790	\$ 367,133	\$ 5,343
Licenses and permits	400	400	1,574	1,174
Intergovernmental	96,367	110,361	104,407	(5,954)
Charges for services	68,053	72,809	73,376	567
Fines and forfeitures	160	160	76	(84)
Miscellaneous	6,048	6,626	6,613	(13)
Total revenues	532,818	552,146	553,179	1,033
EXPENDITURES Current				
General government	266,534	277,657	238,091	39,566
Public safety	248,399	244,261	220,442	23,819
Physical environment	5,658	7,518	5,315	2,203
Economic environment	11,303	14,105	8,281	5,824
Human services	20,558	21,973	17,312	4,661
Culture and recreation	20,589	20,679	15,982	4,697
Capital outlay				
General government	866	934	3,333	(2,399)
Public safety	1,040	11,080	10,889	191
Physical environment	110	110	141	(31)
Economic environment	-	-	26	(26)
Culture and recreation	232	232	461	(229)
Debt service				
Principal retirement	1,166	4,311	4,311	-
Interest and fiscal charges		430	430	-
Total expenditures	576,455	603,290	525,014	78,276
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(43,637)	(51,144)	28,165	79,309
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	239,761	246,932	249,376	2,444
Transfers out	(297,454)	(297,454)	(304,688)	(7,234)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(57,693)	(50,522)	(55,312)	(4,790)
Net change in fund balance	(101,330)	(101,666)	(27,147)	74,519
Fund balances - beginning	299,829	223,479	235,732	12,253
Fund balances - ending	\$ 198,499	\$ 121,813	\$ 208,585	\$ 86,772

#### Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS As of September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

			I	Business	-type Activit	ies - E	nterprise Fund	ls					rnmental
	Port Authority		Water and Transportation Wastewater Facilities				Solid Waste		Non-Major Transit	Total Enterprise Funds		In	tivities ternal ce Funds
ASSETS													
Current Assets:													
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	164,635	\$ 120,253	\$	18,265	\$	97,670	\$	1,780	\$	402,603	\$	64,367
Restricted assets													
Cash, cash equivalents and investments		9,570	11,594		2,383		-		-		23,547		-
Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent		6,591	13,123		8,027		7,475		-		35,216		-
Receivables (net)		13,181	12,435		2,226		7,821		1,935		37,598		436
Due from other funds		-	50		12		193		95		350		1,079
Due from other governments		-	4,322		262		45		20		4,649		82
Inventories		209	2,341		388		-		-		2,938		529
Other		1,364	251		151		102		124		1,992		1,033
Total current assets		195,550	 164,369		31,714		113,306		3,954		508,893		67,526
Noncurrent Assets:													
Restricted assets													
Cash, cash equivalents and investments		41,604	131,801		2,180		24,152		-		199,737		-
Receivables (net):		2,652	45		1		1		-		2,699		-
Capital assets:													
Non-depreciable		280,985	72,993		44,533		28,864		10,019		437,394		8,735
Depreciable		885,582	1,298,513		313,413		418,837		93,491		3,009,836		64,340
Less accumulated depreciation		(375,948)	(748,893)		(158,490)		(268,152)		(39,218)		(1,590,701)		(43,603)
Unamortized bond insurance		-	-		114		-		-		114		_
Total noncurrent assets		834,875	 754,459		201,751		203,702		64,292		2,059,079		29,472
Total assets		1,030,425	 918,828		233,465		317,008		68,246		2,567,972		96,998
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Loss on refunding of debt		4,825	3,759		744		117		-		9,445		-
Unamortized pension costs and subsequent		1,020	3,, 07		,		11/				-,110		
contributions		7,780	3,986		823		1,749		3,029		17,367		1,043
Unamortized other postemployment benefits costs		9,257	4,873		1,258		2,060		5,115		22,563		1,040
Total deferred outflows of resources		21,862	 12,618		2,825		3,926		8,144		49,375		2,271
Total deletted outlows of resources		21,002	 12,010		2,020		5,720		0,171		17,575		<i>LjLI</i> 1

(continued)

#### Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS As of September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		]	Business-type Activitie	s - Enterprise Fund	ls		Governmental
LIABILITIES	Port Authority	Water and Wastewater	Transportation Facilities	Solid Waste	Other Non-Major Transit	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities Internal Service Funds
Current liabilities:							
Contracts and accounts payable	14,747	4,956	348	7,809	545	28,405	2,861
Accrued liabilities	809	302	60	129	207	1,507	86
Refunds and rebates	14,768	-	-	-	-	14,768	-
Due to other funds	1	-	9,197	-	-	9,198	-
Due to other governments	530	524	542	430	91	2,117	139
Customer deposits	1,134	-	-	28	-	1,162	-
Unearned revenues	1,506	727	1	-	7	2,241	21
Self-insurance claims payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,443
Compensated absences	1,499	82	22	28	42	1,673	19
Net pension liability	36	27	7	11	28	109	7
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:							
Contracts and accounts payable	-	2,412	47	-	-	2,459	-
Accrued liabilities	3,011	2,485	1,907	1,090	-	8,493	-
Due to other governments	-	-	34	-	-	34	-
Customer deposits	-	2,610	-	-	-	2,610	-
Unearned revenues	-	-	2,302	-	-	2,302	-
Notes payable - current	-	6,355	-	-	-	6,355	-
Revenue bonds payable - current	13,150	10,855	6,120	6,385		36,510	
Total current liabilities	51,191	31,335	20,587	15,910	920	119,943	15,576
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Self-insurance claims payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,103
Compensated absences	423	1,193	320	402	613	2,951	267
Notes payable	18,850	63,100	-	-	-	81,950	-
Revenue bonds payable	212,248	133,108	79,591	40,551	-	465,498	-
Landfill closure and postclosure costs	-	-	-	23,193	-	23,193	-
Net pension liability	13,322	8,271	1,951	3,554	7,633	34,731	2,119
Total other postemployment benefits liability	60,037	26,508	6,842	11,207	27,823	132,417	6,682
Total noncurrent liabilities	304,880	232,180	88,704	78,907	36,069	740,740	21,171
Total liabilities	356,071	263,515	109,291	94,817	36,989	860,683	36,747

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#### Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS As of September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Port Authority	Water and Wastewater	Transportation Facilities	Solid Waste	Other Non-Major Transit	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities Internal Service Funds
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Autionty	Wastewater	racinties	Waste	Transic	Enterprise Funds	Service Funds
Gain on refunding of debt	-	-	157	-	-	157	-
Unamortized pension costs	21,261	10,103	1,952	4,474	6,936	44,726	2,665
Unamortized other postemployment benefits costs	13,254	14,048	3,626	5,939	14,745	51,612	3,542
Total deferred inflows of resources	34,515	24,151	5,735	10,413	21,681	96,495	6,207
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	565,238	407,272	114,302	140,400	63,979	1,291,191	29,274
Restricted							
Capital projects	29,053	94,201	-	-	-	123,254	-
Debt service	3,661	13,125	6,120	6,385	-	29,291	-
Renewal and replacement	500	44,050	2,181	4,120	-	50,851	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	63,249	85,132	(1,339)	64,799	(46,259)	165,582	27,041
Total net position	\$ 661,701	\$ 643,780	\$ 121,264	\$ 215,704	\$ 17,720	\$ 1,660,169	\$ 56,315

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds

Net position of business-type activities \$

(14,560) 1,645,609

# Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

			Governmental				
	Port Authority	Water and Wastewater	Transportation Facilities	Solid Waste	Other Non-Major Transit	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities Internal Service Funds
	Autionity	Wastewater	Pacifities	John Waste	TTatisit	Enterprise Funds	Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES							
User fees	\$ 51,343	\$ 114,924	\$ -	\$ 95,601	\$ 3,069	\$ 264,937	\$ 160,693
Tolls	-	-	43,341	-	-	43,341	-
Rentals and franchise fees	8,510	228	-	2,652	189	11,579	-
Concessions	48,953	-	-	-	-	48,953	-
Miscellaneous	315	2,031	58	9,938	4	12,346	-
Total operating revenues	109,121	117,183	43,399	108,191	3,262	381,156	160,693
Less: Rebates	(7,745)	-	-	-	-	(7,745)	-
Net operating revenues	101,376	117,183	43,399	108,191	3,262	373,411	160,693
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Salaries and wages	26,627	16,958	3,319	7,432	11,802	66,138	3,941
Employee benefits	8,743	6,636	1,561	2,944	5,940	25,824	1,363
Pension and OPEB expense (benefit)	4,525	3,010	(1,002)	640	3,306	10,479	2,566
Contractual services, materials and supplies	25,902	25,220	3,802	70,735	3,466	129,125	20,897
Utilities	4,546	6,040	236	1,128	478	12,428	3,305
Repairs and maintenance	3,094	5,984	158	1,891	1,734	12,861	3,281
Insurance	1,889	831	1,134	434	537	4,825	7,802
Insurance claims	-	-	-	-	-	-	113,658
Other	1,683	3,914	4,379	1,679	1,068	12,723	1,457
Depreciation	24,208	53,112	7,598	14,375	4,650	103,943	3,141
Total operating expenses	101,217	121,705	21,185	101,258	32,981	378,346	161,411
Operating income (loss)	159	(4,522)	22,214	6,933	(29,719)	(4,935)	(718)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Investment earnings	314	265	(39)	159	5	704	20
Taxes	-	-	-	2,803	-	2,803	-
Grants	13,547	(100)	-	(899)	15,629	28,177	(128)
Interest expense	(10,252)	(5,767)	(2,746)	(985)	-	(19,750)	-
Excess fees - City of Sanibel	-	-	(1,211)	-	-	(1,211)	-
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(1,500)	(1,806)	(150)	(1,148)	(55)	(4,659)	4
Loss on discontinued projects	-	-	-	(53)	-	(53)	-
Passenger facility charges	18,365	-	-	-	-	18,365	-
Other revenues	1,078	715	348	2	-	2,143	671
Other expenses	(1,319)	(92)	-	-	-	(1,411)	-
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	20,233	(6,785)	(3,798)	(121)	15,579	25,108	567
		· · · · · ·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			(continued)

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# Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Port Authority	Water and Wastewater	Transportation Facilities	Solid Waste	Other Non-Major Transit	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities Internal Service Funds
Income (loss) before contributions							
and transfers	20,392	(11,307)	18,416	6,812	(14,140)	20,173	(151)
Capital grants and contributions	28,771	38,830	-	-	4,948	72,549	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	152	3,681	3,833	5,698
Transfers out	-	(268)	(17,542)	-	-	(17,810)	(1,500)
Total contributions and transfers	28,771	38,562	(17,542)	152	8,629	58,572	4,198
Change in net position	49,163	27,255	874	6,964	(5,511)	78,745	4,047
Total net position - beginning, as restated	612,538	616,525	120,390	208,740	23,231	1,581,424	52,268
Total net position - ending	\$ 661,701	\$ 643,780	\$ 121,264	\$ 215,704	\$ 17,720	\$ 1,660,169	\$ 56,315

Change in net position	78,745
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds	 (1,353)
Change in net position of business-type activities	\$ 77,392

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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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#### Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds								Gov	ernmental				
										Other			А	ctivities
		Port	W	ater and	Tran	sportation		Solid	No	on-Major		Total	Ι	nternal
	A	uthority	Wa	astewater	Fa	acilities		Waste		Fransit	Ente	rprise Funds	Serv	rice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES														
Receipts from customers and users	\$	111,386	\$	113,488	\$	42,009	\$	108,770	\$	3,709	\$	379,362	\$	17,173
Receipts from interfund services provided	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	12,007	Ψ	-	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	143,225
Cash received from customer deposits		191		712				5				908		143,223
Cash returned from customer deposits		(80)		(598)				-				(678)		
Payments to suppliers		(33,899)		(47,880)		(6,851)		(72,624)		(9,160)		(170,414)		(148,663)
Payments to employees		(32,872)		(17,319)		(4,030)		(9,116)		(11,071)		(74,408)		(4,676)
Payments for interfund services used		(7,299)		(9,003)		(1,864)		(3,017)		(6,392)		(27,575)		(1,499)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		37,427		39,400		29,264		24,018		(22,914)		107,195		5,560
······································		,								(/>)				
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	5													
Non-capital grants received		13,213		-		-		-		18,261		31,474		-
Non-capital grants issued		-		(100)		(792)		(721)		(82)		(1,695)		(128)
Transfers in		-		-		-		153		3,681		3,834		5,698
Transfers out		-		(268)		(59,099)		-		-		(59,367)		(1,500)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital														
financing activities		13,213		(368)		(59,891)		(568)		21,860		(25,754)		4,070
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING	ACTI	VITIES												
Proceeds from capital debt	i c i i	8,696		91		_				_		8,787		
Proceeds from special assessments		0,070		69								69		_
Proceeds from capital grants		24,308		16,836						5,701		46,845		
Proceeds from passenger facilities charges		17,062		10,000				-		5,701		17,062		
Capital asset purchases		(64,366)		(28,251)		(135)		(3,344)		(4,998)		(101,094)		(7,959)
Principal paid on bonds, loans, and interfund loans		(13,251)		(15,929)		(5,835)		(6,075)		(1,550)		(41,090)		(1,505)
Interest paid on bonds, loans, and interfund loans		(15,298)		(6,216)		(3,961)		(2,331)				(27,806)		_
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		132		31		(0,501)		185		137		485		609
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related		102						100		107		100		007
financing activities		(42,717)		(33,369)		(9,931)		(11,565)		840		(96,742)		(7,350)
								<u> </u>						
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES														
Interest on investments		314		444		25		233		8		1,024		56
Net cash provided by investing activities		314		444		25		233		8		1,024		56
Net increase (decrease) in cash and														
cash equivalents and investments		8,237		6,107		(40,533)		12,118		(206)		(14,277)		2,336
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		214,163		270,664		71,388		117,179		1,986		675,380		62,031
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	222,400	\$	276,771	\$	30,855	\$	129,297	\$	1,780	\$	661,103	\$	64,367
Classified as:														
Current assets														
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	164,635	\$	120,253	\$	18,265	\$	97,670	\$	1,780	\$	402,603	\$	64,367
Restricted assets		16,161		24,717		10,410		7,475		-		58,763		-
Non-current														
Restricted assets	-	41,604		131,801		2,180		24,152		-		199,737		-
Totals	\$	222,400	\$	276,771	\$	30,855	\$	129,297	\$	1,780	\$	661,103	\$	64,367

(continued)

#### Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds								Gove	Governmental				
									Other					tivities
	F	ort	Wate	er and	Transportation			Solid	Non-Major		Total		Internal	
	Aut	hority	Waste	ewater	Fa	cilities		Waste		Fransit	Ente	rprise Funds	Servi	ce Funds
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACT	WITIEC													
Purchase of capital assets on account	\$	5,215	\$	3,303	\$	31	\$	35	\$	385	\$	8,969	\$	199
Contributions of capital assets	φ	5,215	φ	21,994	φ	51	φ		ψ	565	φ	21,994	φ	199
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(1,632)		(1,837)		(150)		(1,386)		(192)		(5,197)		(606)
Bond proceeds deposited directly to an		(1,002)		(1,007)		(100)		(1,000)		(1)2)		(0,1)7)		(000)
irrevocable trust		172,945		28,160		-		-		-		201,105		-
Issuance cost paid directly from bond proceeds		(326)		-			_			-		(326)		-
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO N	ET CASH													
PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:														
Operating income (loss)	\$	159	\$	(4,522)	\$	22,214	\$	6,933	\$	(29,719)	\$	(4,935)	\$	(718)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)														
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:														
Depreciation		24,208		53,112		7,598		14,375		4,650		103,943		3,141
Other revenues		1,078		715		348		2,805		-		4,946		671
(Increase) in accounts receivable		(2,151)		(414)		(138)		(2,222)		(3)		(4,928)		(18)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		-		88		23		47		71		229		(981)
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments		63		(4,321)		5		(12)		378		(3,887)		13
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(67)		(105)		140		-		-		(32)		(66)
(Increase) in other assets		(176)		(59)		(28)		(72)		(9)		(344)		(96)
Increase (decrease) in contracts and accounts payable		3,293		1,441		89		(170)		(82)		4,571		(365)
Increase in accrued liabilities		75		48		7		18		36		184		30
Increase in refunds and rebates		10,127		-		-		-		-		10,127		-
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		1		-		-		-		-		1		(10)
Increase (decrease) in due to other governments		134		(7,814)		6		26		18		(7,630)		27
Increase in customer deposits		111		114		-		5		-		230		-
Increase in unearned revenues		894		161		441		-		-		1,496		21
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(60)		36		10		(41)		(20)		(75)		(33)
(Decrease) in net pension liability		(27,480)	(	(12,168)		(2,937)		(5,164)		(8,055)		(55,804)		(2,750)
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources														
related to pensions		4,531		1,986		572		788		1,395		9,272		398
Increase in deferred inflows of resources														
related to pensions		20,674		9,692		1,833		4,292		6,524		43,015		2,576
(Decrease) in total other postemployment														
benefits liability		(2,107)		(7,365)		(3,169)		(3,833)		(7,313)		(23,787)		(466)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources														
related to other postemployment benefits		1,455		660		377		396		624		3,512		(61)
Increase in deferred inflows of resources														
related to other postemployment benefits		2,665		8,115		1,873		3,305		8,591		24,549		2,288
Increase in landfill closure and postclosure costs		-		-		-		2,542		-		2,542		
Increase in other liabilities		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,959
Total adjustments		37,268		43,922		7,050		17,085		6,805		112,130		6,278
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	37,427	\$	39,400	\$	29,264	\$	24,018	\$	(22,914)	\$	107,195	\$	5,560

# Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS As of September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

ASSETS	
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 45,352
Accounts receivable	3
Due from other governments	550
Total Assets	45,905
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	
Contracts and accounts payable	3
Due to individuals	1,642
Due to other governments	20,520
Total Liabilities	22,165
Fiduciary Net Position Restricted for	
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	23,740
Total Fiduciary Net Position	23,740
Total Liabilities and Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 45,905

# Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

ADDITIONS	
Fees/Fines collected for other governments	\$ 1,570,262
Registry and other deposits collected	54,291
Total additions	 1,624,553
DEDUCTIONS	
Fees/Fines disbursed to other governments	1,570,262
Registry and other deposits disbursed	 44,285
Total deductions	1,614,547
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	10,006
Fiduciary Net Position - beginning (as restated)	 13,734
Fiduciary Net Position - ending	\$ 23,740

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

# Notes to the Financial Statements



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## NOTE I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# Reporting Entity

Lee County (the "County") was founded in 1887 as a political subdivision of the State of Florida established by Article VIII, Section 1(f), *Florida Constitution*. In 1996 by adoption of Lee County Ordinance No. 96-01 the County became a charter county as allowed by Article VIII, Section 1(c), *Florida Constitution*, and Chapter 125.82, *Florida Statutes*. Pursuant to Article VIII, Section 1(g), *Florida Constitution*, as a charter county the County has all powers of self-government not inconsistent with general law, or with special law approved by vote. It also gives the County authority to enact ordinances that are not inconsistent with general law.

The County is governed by an elected Board of County Commissioners (the "Board"), which is governed by Title XI, Chapters 124-164, *Florida Statutes*, and regulations. In addition to the members of the Board, there are five elected Constitutional Officers: Clerk of Circuit Court, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections, and Tax Collector. The Constitutional Officers maintain separate accounting records and budgets.

The accompanying financial statements present the financial position and results of operations of the entity as a whole, by major fund, and non-major funds in aggregate, that are governed by the Board and the Constitutional Officers of Lee County, Florida.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of Lee County (the primary government) and its component units. A component unit is a legally separate organization for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, a component unit may be another organization for which the nature and significance of its relationship with a primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The departments and divisions of the Board and the Constitutional Officers, as well as the Lee County Port Authority (the "Port Authority"), a blended component unit, are included in Lee County's *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*.

# Blended Component Unit

The Port Authority is a dependent political subdivision of the County as defined in Chapter 189, *Florida Statutes*. The Port Authority was created by Chapter 63-1541, *Laws of Florida*, and by adoption of Resolution No. PA-87-8-9. The legal authority by which the Port Authority operates is found in Chapter 63-1541, *Laws of Florida*, and Chapters 125 and 332, *Florida Statutes*. The Port Authority is included in the County's reporting entity as a blended component unit due to the significance of the operational and financial relationships with the County.

Although it is a legally separate agency, financial support has been pledged and its financial and operational policies may be significantly influenced by the County. The Board of Port Commissioners is substantively the same governing body as the Board of County Commissioners. The Port Authority is accounted for as if it is a part of the County's operations and reported as a County Enterprise Fund.

Complete financial statements of the Port Authority component unit can be obtained as follows:

Lee County Port Authority 11000 Terminal Access Road, Suite 8671 Fort Myers, Florida 33913

# Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements and the major-fund financial statements along with the notes to the financial statements comprise the basic financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) concentrate on the County as a whole and do not emphasize fund types but rather a governmental or a business-type classification, which are presented in separate columns. The governmental activities and business-type activities comprise the primary government. Neither fiduciary funds nor component units that are fiduciary in nature are included. General governmental and intergovernmental revenues support the governmental activities, whereas the business-type activities are primarily supported by user fees and charges for services. The purpose of the government-wide financial statements is to allow the user to be able to determine if the County is in a better or worse financial position than the prior year.

The statement of activities reflects the expenses of a given function or program, which are offset by program revenues. Program revenues are defined as charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions directly associated with a given function. Taxes are reported under general revenue.

The County's major funds are presented in separate columns on the governmental fund financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements. The definition of a major fund is one that meets certain criteria set-forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 34, *Basic Financial Statements- and Management's Discussion and Analysis- for State and Local Governments* ("GASB 34"). The funds that do not meet the criteria of a major fund are considered non-major funds and are combined into a single column on the fund financial statements.

The County allocates indirect expenses and therefore reports this allocation in a separate column on the government-wide statement of activities.

The effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Internal service fund activity is reported in full on the proprietary fund financial statements. The internal service funds are combined and thus reported in a single summary column on the proprietary fund financial statements. However, the internal service fund activity has been eliminated - except for the outside activity - and is combined with the governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. The outside activities are premiums paid from outside entities for insurance, employees' portion of insurance, auto and equipment repair, and participating governments in the radio program for the government communications network.

# Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

T he accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, fund equity or net position, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures, or expenses, are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared on a full accrual basis using the economic resources measurement focus, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all of the eligibility requirements have been met. Fiduciary fund financial statements are also prepared on an accrual basis.

Proprietary funds record both operating and non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues are those that are obtained from the operations of the proprietary fund that include user fees, tolls, rental and franchise fees, and concessions. Non-operating revenues are not related to the operations of the proprietary fund and include taxes, interest earnings, grants, and passenger facility charges. Operating expenses represent the cost of operations, which includes depreciation. Non-operating expenses, such as interest expense, are not related to operations.

Governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis using the current financial resources measurement focus. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. The County considers all revenues, except grants, available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Grants are recorded as earned if collected within ninety days after year-end. Primary revenues, such as property taxes, special assessments, inter-governmental revenues, charges for services, sales and franchise taxes, rents, and interest are treated as susceptible to accrual under the modified accrual basis and so have been recognized as revenues. Expenditures reported in governmental fund financial statements are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. An exception to this general rule includes principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due, and compensated absences which are accrued when matured.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, restricted resources will be used first for incurred expenses, and then unrestricted as needed. When using the unrestricted resources, committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

The County reports the following major funds in the governmental fund financial statements:

*General Fund* - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County that is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

*Transportation Capital Improvements* – The Transportation Capital Improvements Fund is used to account for financial resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of major transportation-related infrastructure.

The County reports the following major funds in the proprietary fund financial statements:

*Port Authority* - The Lee County Port Authority is used to account for the activities related to the operation of the County owned aviation facilities, including Southwest Florida International Airport and Page Field General Aviation Airport.

*Water and Wastewater* - The Lee County Water and Wastewater System is used to account for the activities related to the operation of the County owned water and wastewater system.

*Transportation Facilities* - The Lee County Transportation Facilities fund is used to account for the activities related to the operation of the County owned bridges connecting Sanibel and Captiva Islands to the mainland and the Cities of Cape Coral and Fort Myers.

*Solid Waste* - The Lee County Solid Waste System is used to account for the provision of refuse disposal facilities to the general public.

The County reports the following other fund types:

*Non-major Governmental Funds* - The non-major governmental funds are a combination of special revenue, debt service, and capital projects.

*Non-major Enterprise Funds* - The only non-major enterprise fund is Lee County Transit. Lee County Transit is used to account for the activities related to the operation of the Lee Tran bus system, a countywide public transportation service.

*Internal Service Funds* - The internal service funds are used to account for data processing, risk management, health, dental and liability self-insurance, radio communications, and fleet management services on a cost reimbursement basis.

*Custodial Funds* - The custodial funds are used to account for assets collected and held by the County in a fiduciary capacity for individuals, organizations, and other governments.

# Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and the disclosure of contingent assets at the date of the financial statements. Preparation of the financial statements also requires management to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# **Budgetary** Information

# Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

**B**udgets have been adopted by the Board for all Board funds except for fiduciary funds. The budgets of the Property Appraiser and the Tax Collector are approved by the Florida Department of Revenue. The Sheriff and Supervisor of Elections prepare budgets for their general funds, which are submitted to and approved by the Board. The Clerk of Circuit Court (to the extent of her function as ex-officio Clerk to the Board) prepares a budget for her general fund (noncourt-related activities), which is submitted to and approved by the Board. In addition, the Clerk prepares a portion of her noncourt-related and special revenue budgets based on anticipated fees. The Clerk also prepares a court-related budget, which is submitted to and approved by the Florida State Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. No budget is prepared for the Property Appraiser's special revenue fund, and the Sheriff's special revenue and internal service funds.

Capital projects costs are budgeted in the year they are anticipated to be obligated. In subsequent years, the unused budget is reappropriated until the project is completed. Proprietary funds are budgeted on a basis consistent with GAAP, except that capital and debt related transactions are based upon cash receipts and disbursements. Estimated beginning fund balances are considered in the budgetary process. Differences between estimated beginning fund balances, if material, are submitted to the Board as budget amendments. The annual budgets serve as the legal authorization for expenditures. Expenditures cannot legally exceed the total amount budgeted for each fund. The Board must approve all budget amendments, which change the legally adopted total

appropriation for a fund, or amount of a Constitutional Officers' draw. Authority to transfer budget within a fund is delegated to the County Manager or Budget Director.

If, during the fiscal year, additional revenues become available for appropriation in excess of those estimated in the budget, the Board may make supplemental appropriations by resolution for the year up to the amount of such excess. During the fiscal year the Board, in accordance with Florida Statutes, approved various supplemental appropriations. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

# Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

#### Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The County considers cash, cash equivalents, and investments to be cash on hand, demand deposits, highly liquid investments, including those held as restricted assets, with original maturities of three months or less when purchased, and those included in the internal investment pool.

For accounting and investment purposes, the County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except those whose cash and investments must be segregated due to legal or other restrictions. Investments within this pool are treated as a demand deposit account by the various funds of the County that participate. Interest earned on investments in the pool is allocated to the various funds based upon each fund's equity balance in the pool during the allocation period.

For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, the County considers cash and cash equivalents and investments (restricted and unrestricted), and restricted cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent to be cash and cash equivalents.

The County reports all investments at fair value, with the exception of the State Board of Administration's ("SBA") Florida Local Government Surplus Trust Fund Investment Pool (Florida PRIME) which is reported at amortized cost and approximates fair value. The County also participates in the Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (FLCLASS) investment pool, the Florida Fixed Income Trust (FLFIT), and the Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust (FLSAFE) investment pool which are measured at net asset value per share. The investment pools were created under sections 218.405 and 218.415, Florida Statutes and governed by Part IV of Chapter 218, Florida Statutes.

#### Accounts Receivable

The trade accounts receivable of the County are recorded in the government-wide, governmental, and proprietary fund financial statements and are net of an allowance for doubtful accounts, which generally is equivalent to the receivables that are over 90 days, plus any amounts to be submitted to the Board for write-off due to known uncollectible amounts.

Special assessment receivables that are not expected to be collected in the current year are reported as Deferred Inflows - unavailable revenue in the governmental fund statements. Delinquent special assessments receivable are expected to be recovered, ultimately through liens or foreclosures.

#### Due From/Due To

During the course of operations, the County has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in the fund

financial statements, any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide statement of net position as "internal balances."

#### Inventory

Inventories reported within governmental and proprietary funds consisting of materials and supplies held for consumption are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method (FIFO). These inventories are recorded as expenditures, or expenses, as they are used (consumption method). Such inventories reported within governmental funds are classified as non-spendable. Inventory held for resale consists of real estate holdings which the County intends to sell as part of a Neighborhood Stabilization grant program and are reported at the lower of cost or market. The inventory is classified as a restricted asset, which indicates it does not constitute available resources.

#### Prepaid Items

Some payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements. Prepaids are not recorded in governmental funds.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets include artwork, property, buildings, furniture, equipment, vehicles, software, easements and rights of way, and infrastructure assets. Infrastructure assets are defined as public domain capital assets such as roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems, and similar assets that are immovable and of value only to the government unit. Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column, as well as the proprietary fund financial statements. The threshold for capitalizing property, plant, and equipment is \$5,000. The threshold for capitalizing software and infrastructure is \$100,000. Capital assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are recorded at acquisition value at the time received. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. The ranges of the useful lives are as follows:

Asset	Years
Buildings	30-50
Improvements other than buildings	6-50
Machinery and Equipment	3-35
Software	3-5
Infrastructure	20-50

Florida Statutes require that the Board maintain accountability for all capital assets used in operations, except those separately accounted for by the Sheriff.

#### Capital Lease Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, capital lease obligations and the related cost of assets acquired are reflected in the Statement of Net Position. For capital lease obligations in governmental funds, expenditure for the asset and the offsetting other financing source is reflected in the fund financial statements in the year of inception.

#### **Unearned Revenues**

Unearned revenues represent revenues collected in advance of services performed and will be recognized when the services are rendered.

#### **Compensated Absences**

The County maintains a policy that permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits that will be paid to employees upon separation from County service if certain criteria are met. These benefits, plus their related tax and retirement costs are classified as compensated absences. The County's policy requires employees to bank unused sick pay benefits. Both the current and long-term portion of compensated absences are accrued and reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The exception to this policy is the Lee County Port Authority, which has a mandatory annual buyback of unused leave. This is accounted for pursuant to GASB Statement Number 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*. Payments for compensated absences are made by the respective fund.

#### Unamortized Bond Premiums and Discounts

Bond premiums and discounts related to long-term debt are amortized over the life of the debt, principally by the effective-interest method. Notes payable and revenue bonds payable in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are shown net of unamortized discounts and premiums. Premiums and discounts related to general long-term debt in the governmental fund financial statements are recorded as expenditures or other financing sources when paid or received and, therefore, are not accounted for in subsequent periods.

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense or expenditure) until then. The deferred outflows of resources reported in the County's Statement of Net Position represents other postemployment benefit related balances for the difference between expected and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, and subsequent contributions; pension related balances for changes in actuarial assumptions, the difference between expected and actual economic experience, changes in the proportion and differences between the County's contributions and proportionate share of contributions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings, and the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date. These amounts will be recognized as increases in expense in future years. The County also reports a deferred outflow of resources for the losses on refunded debt that result from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is amortized using the effective-interest method in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements over the shorter of the life of the old bonds or the life of the new bonds.

#### Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of resources that applies to future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. In governmental funds, revenues not received within sixty days of year-end are deferred until collected as they do not meet the availability criteria. The County currently has unavailable revenue for special assessment and grant receivables. The deferred inflows of resources reported in the County's Statement of Net Position represents other postemployment benefits related balances for the difference between expected and actual experience and changes in actuarial assumptions; pension related balances for changes in actuarial assumptions, the difference between expected and actual earnings on investments, and changes in the proportion and differences are differences.

between the County's contributions and proportionate share of contributions relating to the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program. These amounts will be recognized as reductions in expense in future years. Also included in deferred inflows of resources are gains on refunded debt that result from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is amortized using the effective-interest method in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements over the shorter of the life of the old bonds or the life of the new bonds.

#### Pensions

In the government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position, liabilities are recognized for the County's proportionate share of each pension plan's net pension liability. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) and additions to/deductions from FRS's and HIS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS and HIS plans. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds of employee contributions are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. Restricted net position indicates amounts that have constraints on their use externally imposed by creditors, through debt covenants, by grantors, or by law. Restricted assets are being reported for: capital projects; debt service; inventory held for resale; special revenue funds; and renewal and replacement. The government-wide statement of net position reports \$355,400,000 of governmental activities restricted net position, of which \$337,815,000 is restricted by enabling legislation.

#### Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements the County reports fund balances as either non-spendable or spendable. Spendable fund balances are further classified in a hierarchy based on the extent to which there are external and internal constraints.

Non-spendable balances are those that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Criteria include items that are not expected to be converted into cash, for example inventories and prepaids. It also includes the long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale. However, if the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned, then they should be included in the appropriate fund balance classification.

Spendable fund balances are classified as follows:

*Restricted Fund Balance* – Amounts that are constrained for a specific purpose imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations, or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Committed Fund Balance* – Amounts constrained for a specific purpose imposed by a formal action of adopting an ordinance by the Board, the highest level of decision making authority, for the County. Once adopted, an ordinance can only be modified, rescinded, or replaced in the same manner, by another ordinance of the Board.

*Assigned Fund Balance* – Amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes as determined by the Board, but that are neither restricted nor committed. Per the Board's administrative code, only the Board is authorized to assign fund balance.

*Unassigned Fund Balance* – Amount represents the residual fund balances for the County's General Fund that does not meet the other fund balance classification requirements and amounts reported as deficit fund balances in other governmental funds.

#### NOTE II. DIFFERENCE BETWEEN BUDGETED AND ACTUAL RESULTS

 ${f B}^{
m udgets}$  are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP except as follows:

*General Fund* – Emergency Medical Services (EMS) ambulance fees are budgeted on a cash basis; the adjustment to record the remaining outstanding fees to accounts receivable for the year is not budgeted. Changes in fair value of investments, grant revenues not received within ninety days of year-end, and inventory adjustments are not budgeted.

The following adjustments were necessary to present actual data on a budgetary basis (Non-GAAP) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands):

Net change in fund balance (GAAP basis)	\$48,978
Basis Difference:	
EMS ambulance fees not reported on a cash basis	(42)
Fair value adjustment	381
Unavailable revenues	(342)
Unearned revenues	(76,226)
Expenditures associated with inventory	104
Net change in fund balance non-GAAP	( <u>\$27,147)</u>

#### NOTE III. PROPERTY TAXES

**P**roperty taxes become due and payable on November 1 of each year and are delinquent on April 1 of the following year. Discounts on property taxes are allowed for payments made prior to the April 1 delinquent date. Tax certificates for the full amount of any unpaid taxes must be sold no later than June 1 of each year. No accrual for the property tax levy becoming due in November 2021 is included in the accompanying financial statements, since such taxes are collected to finance expenditures of the subsequent period.

Procedures for collecting delinquent taxes, including applicable tax certificate sales and tax deed sales, are provided by Florida Statutes. The enforceable lien date is approximately two years after taxes become delinquent and occurs only upon request of a holder of a delinquent tax certificate. There were no significant delinquent property tax receivables at September 30, 2021.

Important dates in the property tax cycle are as follows:

• Assessment roll certified- July 1

- Millage resolution approved- no later than 95 days following receipt of the certified preliminary assessment roll
- Beginning of fiscal year for which taxes have been levied- October 1
- Taxes due and payable (levy date)- November 1
- Property taxes payable (maximum discount of 4 percent)- 30 days after levy date
- Due date- March 31
- Taxes become delinquent (lien date)- April 1
- Tax certificate sold- prior to June 1

#### NOTE IV. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

# *Compliance with Finance Related Legal and Contractual Provisions*

 ${f M}$  anagement believes there were no violations of finance related legal and contractual provisions.

# Deficit Net Position

At September 30, 2021, the Self Insurance General Liability Fund had a deficit unrestricted net position balance of \$4,537,000. Claims will exceed charges in any given year and are charged out to departments on a cash basis. The net position will be a deficit balance until charges are recaptured.

# NOTE V. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments, and Investments

#### Investment Portfolio

As of September 30, 2021, the County had the following deposits, investments, and maturities (amounts in thousands):

		Fair	Call	Call	
Investment	Maturities	Value	Date	Frequency	Rating
Cash on hand	N/A	\$ 4,326			N/A
Cash with Fiscal Agent	N/A	42,996			N/A
Demand Deposits	N/A	239,289			N/A
Local Government Investment Pool					
FLCLASS	47 days	21,421			AAAm
FLFIT	79 days	21,124			AAAf/S1
FLSAFE	54 days	45,952			AAAm
Florida PRIME	49 days	797,891			AAAm
U.S. Treasury Note	11/30/2021	20,047			N/A
U.S. Treasury Note	4/15/2024	19,975			N/A
U.S. Treasury Note	5/15/2024	24,876			N/A

		Fair	Call	Call	
Investment	Maturities	Value	Date	Frequency	Rating
U.S. Treasury Note	6/15/2024	24,857			N/A
U.S. Treasury Note	6/15/2024	24,857			N/A
U.S. Treasury Note	7/15/2024	19,942			N/A
U.S. Treasury Note	9/15/2024	24,889			N/A
U.S. Treasury Note	9/15/2024	24,889			N/A
Federal Farm Credit	4/22/2024	14,455			AA+
Federal Farm Credit	7/23/2024	29,936			AA+
Federal Farm Credit	9/1/2026	24,833			AA+
Federal Farm Credit	9/1/2026	24,833			AA+
Federal Farm Credit	9/28/2026	24,869			AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	5/24/2024	24,964			AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	5/28/2024	24,972			AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	8/26/2024	49,951			AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	6/30/2026	24,959			AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	8/14/2026	24,948			AA+
Federal Home Loan Bank	9/30/2026	25,011			AA+
Total		\$ 1,651,062			

Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and investments, from the schedule of deposits and investments to the basic financial statements (dollars in thousands):

Primary Government:	
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 963,408
Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments	642,302
Custodial Funds:	
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	45,352
Total	\$ 1,651,062

#### Fair Value

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurements and Application*. The hierarchy is based on valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

<u>Level 1</u> – Valuation is based on quoted prices for identical instruments traded in active markets. At September 30, 2021, the County held no such assets.

<u>Level 2</u> – Valuation is based on quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market. The County invests in U.S. Treasury and Agency Securities which were valued using a matrix pricing model and determined to be Level 2 inputs.

<u>Level 3</u> – Valuation is based on model-based techniques that use significant inputs and assumptions not observable in the market. These unobservable inputs and assumptions reflect the Reserve Banks' estimates of inputs and assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the assets and liabilities. Valuation

techniques include the use of option pricing models, discounted cash flow models, and similar techniques. At September 30, 2021, the County held no such assets.

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk.

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands):

Investments by fair value level (Level 2)	
Debt securities	
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 184,332
Agency securities	293,731
Total debt securities	478,063
Total Investments by fair value level	478,063
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)	
Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (FLCLASS)	21,421
Florida Fixed Income Trust (FLFIT)	21,124
Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust (FLSAFE)	45,952
Total investments measured at the NAV	\$ 88,497

Additional information for investments measured at NAV or its equivalent (amounts in thousands):

	Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period	Redemption Restrictions
Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (FLCLAS	S) \$ 21,421	\$-	Daily	3:00 p.m. EST (same day)	None
Florida Fixed Income Trust (FLFIT)	21,124	-	Daily	4:00 p.m. EST (same day)	None
Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust (FLSAFE)	45,952	-	Daily	1:00 p.m. EST (same day)	None
Total investments measured at the NAV	\$ 88,497	\$-			

Additional information for investments measured at amortized cost:

The State Board of Administration's ("SBA") Florida Local Government Surplus Trust Fund Investment Pool (Florida PRIME) is reported at amortized cost and approximates fair value. Florida PRIME is considered a qualifying external investment pool that meets all of the necessary criteria to elect to measure all of the investments at amortized cost. Therefore, the fair value of the County's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The Florida PRIME investments are not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Throughout the year, and as of September 30, 2021, Florida PRIME contained certain floating and adjustable rate securities. These investments represented 4.4 percent of Florida PRIME's portfolio at September 30, 2021.

With regard to redemption gates, Section 218.409(8)(a), *Florida Statutes*, states that "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, and the Investment Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the

time the Executive Director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the Executive Director until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days."

With regard to liquidity fees, Section 218.409(4), *Florida Statutes* provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

As of September 30, 2021, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

#### Credit Risk

The Board's Investment Policy (Policy) limits credit risk by restricting authorized investments for their investment portfolio to the following:

- A.) Direct obligations of, or obligations the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States Government.
- B.) U.S. Government sponsored enterprises.
- C.) U.S. Government Agencies.
- D.) Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Florida PRIME) or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969.
- E.) Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in banks organized under the laws of Florida, in national banks organized under the laws of the United States and doing business and situated in Florida. Savings and loan associations which are under federal law and supervision, provided deposits are secured by collateral as may be prescribed by law. The institution must be fully insured by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, and are approved by the State Treasurer as a qualified public depository.
- F.) Securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, provided their portfolio is limited to United States Government obligations and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such United States Government obligations.
- G.) Term and overnight repurchase agreements with any primary brokers/dealers that are fully collateralized by direct obligations of United States, or United States government sponsored corporation/ instrumentalities, or United States government agencies. Collateral for overnight and term repurchase agreements must maintain a minimum price of 101 percent on U.S. Treasuries and 102 percent on Agencies and Instrumentalities not to exceed five (5) years, and must be "marked to market" on a weekly basis.
- H.) Bonds, notes or obligations of any state of the United States, any municipality, political subdivision, agency or authority of this state which are exempt from federal income taxation, and are rated by any nationally recognized rating agency for municipal bonds in any of the two highest classifications.
- I.) SEC registered, no-load money market mutual funds whose portfolios consist of tax exempt securities and repurchase agreements, whose shares of the mutual fund must be rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized rating service.
- J.) Florida Local Government Investment Trust (FLGIT).

K.) SEC registered money market mutual funds with average portfolio maturities under 120 days, whose portfolios consist of United States Government securities and repurchase agreements secured by such securities.

The Board's Policy requires that the obligations of any state or municipality be rated by at least one of the nationally recognized rating agencies in any one of the two (2) highest classifications, and that investments in money market mutual funds must be rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized rating service.

The Clerk does not have a formal written investment policy and thereby is required to follow Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes,* when investing surplus funds. This statute limits investing of surplus funds to the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969, Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency, interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories, or direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury. All other Constitutional Officers follow the guidance in Section 219.075, *Florida Statutes,* regarding the deposit of funds and the investment of surplus funds, in addition to Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes.* 

### Custodial Credit Risk

The Board's Policy requires that bank deposits be secured as provided by Chapter 280, *Florida Statutes*, and that the banks must be fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation (FSLIC) and approved by the State Treasurer as a public depository. At September 30, 2021, all of the County's bank deposits, including the Constitutional Officers', were in qualified public depositories.

The Board's Policy requires execution of a third-party custodial safekeeping agreement for all purchased securities and collateral, and requires that they be held in the County's name.

### Interest Rate Risk

The Board's Policy requires an average minimum dollar amount equivalent to eight weeks of expenditures shall be held in a liquid investment, and securities will not be directly invested in or accepted as collateral that have a maturity date greater than five (5) years from the settlement date.

### Concentration of Credit Risk

The Board's Policy establishes the following guidelines on portfolio composition in order to control concentration of credit risk:

United States Treasuries/Agencies	100%
Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund and other investment pools	50%
Term Repurchase agreements	20%
Money Market Mutual Funds (no individual fund family over 30%)	65%
CD's and Savings Accounts (10% per institution)	30%
FLGIT	5%

No more than 25 percent of the total portfolio can be invested with one Investment Company.

## Receivables

At September 30, 2021, receivables for the County's major funds and all other funds in aggregate were as follows (dollars in thousands):

			Trans	sportation	Noi	Non-Major		Total						
	G	eneral	С	apital	Gove	rnmental	Gove	ernmental						
	1	Fund	Impr	ovements	F	unds	I	unds						
Accounts	\$	88,166	\$	96	\$	636	\$	88,898						
Special assessments		-		-		2,888		2,888						
Accrued interest		78		63		352		493						
Less: allowance for bad debt		(81,372)		-		-		(81,372)						
Total net receivables	\$	6,872	\$	159	\$	3,876	\$	10,907						
									Nor	-Major		Total	Inte	ernal
		Port	Wa	nter and	Trans	portation	:	Solid	Ente	erprise	En	terprise	Ser	vice
	Au	thority	Was	stewater	Fa	cilities	I	Vaste	F	unds	]	Funds	Fu	nds
Accounts	\$	7,082	\$	12,078	\$	5,917	\$	7,780	\$	3	\$	32,860	\$	420
Grants		9,251		-		-		-		1,931		11,182		-
Special assessments		-		535		-		-		-		535		-
Accrued interest		-		91		8		42		1		142		16
Less: allowance for bad debt		(500)		(224)		(3,698)		-		-		(4,422)		-
Total net receivables	\$	15,833	\$	12,480	\$	2,227	\$	7,822	\$	1,935	\$	40,297	\$	436

## Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows (dollars in thousands):

	C C	ginning alance	Ir	ncreases	De	ecreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Artwork	\$	323	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 323
Land		700,587		-		(1,065)	699,522
Construction in progress		72,451		83,379		(77,601)	78,229
Easements & rights of way		68,974		6		-	68,980
Software in progress		475		-		(475)	-
Total capital assets not being depreciated		842,810		83,385		(79,141)	 847,054
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings		622,603		30		(486)	622,147
Improvements other than buildings		233,275		2,847		(103)	236,019
Machinery and equipment		310,089		21,184		(48,467)	282,806
Software		20,943		-		(1,323)	19,620
Infrastructure		834,362		70,816		-	905,178
Total capital assets being depreciated	2	2,021,272		94,877		(50,379)	2,065,770
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		226,665		13,080		(485)	239,260
Improvements other than buildings		156,365		13,351		(96)	169,620
Machinery and equipment		207,510		18,751		(41,337)	184,924
Software		17,281		1,194		(1,324)	17,151
Infrastructure		359,641		22,510		-	382,151
Total accumulated depreciation		967,462		68,886		(43,242)	993,106
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		1,053,810		25,991		(7,137)	 1,072,664
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	1,896,620	\$	109,376	\$	(86,278)	\$ 1,919,718
Business-Type Activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Artwork							
Port Authority	\$	293	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 293
Total artwork		293		-		-	 293
Land							
Port Authority		132,659		-		-	132,659
Water and Wastewater		27,281		-		-	27,281
Transportation Facilities		30,366		-		-	30,366
Solid Waste		28,099		-		-	28,099
Other non-major - Transit		9,099		-		-	 9,099
Total land		227,504		-		-	 227,504

## Capital Assets (continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities (continued):	Dalance	Increases	Decreases	Dalance
Construction in progress	10( 422	(E E0(	(24,008)	147.020
Port Authority	106,432	65,596	(24,098)	147,930
Water and Wastewater	39,066	28,697	(27,621)	40,142
Transportation Facilities	-	48	-	48
Solid Waste	355	1,288	(878)	765
Other non-major - Transit	245	675	-	920
Total construction in progress	146,098	96,304	(52,597)	189,805
Easements & rights of way	100			100
Port Authority	103	-	-	103
Water and Wastewater	5,564	6	-	5,570
Transportation Facilities	14,119			14,119
Total easements and rights of way	19,786	6		19,792
Total capital assets not being depreciated	393,681	96,310	(52,597)	437,394
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings				
Port Authority	361,587	-	(2)	361,585
Water and Wastewater	136,145	38	(85)	136,098
Transportation Facilities	11,182	-	-	11,182
Solid Waste	126,713	-	(1,697)	125,016
Other non-major - Transit	40,363	-	-	40,363
Total buildings	675,990	38	(1,784)	674,244
Improvements other than buildings				
Port Authority	34,131	-	-	34,131
Water and Wastewater	547,603	40,210	(537)	587,276
Transportation Facilities	5,045	-	-	5,045
Solid Waste	34,976	392	-	35,368
Other non-major - Transit	2,711	-	(51)	2,660
Total improvements other than buildings	624,466	40,602	(588)	664,480
Machinery and equipment			<u>,                                 </u>	
Port Authority	94,092	25,458	(14,290)	105,260
Water and Wastewater	198,793	9,828	(10,460)	198,161
Transportation Facilities	6,600	117	(651)	6,066
Solid Waste	224,983	4,053	(3,135)	225,901
Other non-major - Transit	45,708	3,940	(2,576)	47,072
Total machinery and equipment	570,176	43,396	(31,112)	582,460
Software				
Port Authority	3,761	-	-	3,761
Water and Wastewater	2,391	-	-	2,391
Transportation Facilities	482	_	-	482
Other non-major - Transit	1,403	_	-	1,403
Total software	8,037			8,037
	0,007			0,001

## Capital Assets (continued)

	Beginning	Ŧ	D	Ending
Business-Type Activities (continued):	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Infrastructure				
Port Authority	381,044	_	(199)	380,845
Water and Wastewater	374,882	_	(295)	374,587
Transportation Facilities	290,638	_	(2)0)	290,638
Solid Waste	32,552	_	_	32,552
Other non-major - Transit	1,993			1,993
Total infrastructure	1,081,109		(494)	1,080,615
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,959,778	84,036	(33,978)	3,009,836
Less accumulated depreciation for:	<u>·</u>	<u>`</u>		<u> </u>
Buildings				
Port Authority	112,765	7,321	(2)	120,084
Water and Wastewater			(2)	
	26,120	2,603	(21)	28,702
Transportation Facilities	6,875	253	-	7,128
Solid Waste	81,013	3,626	(354)	84,285
Other non-major - Transit	6,828	817	(1)	7,644
Total buildings	233,601	14,620	(378)	247,843
Improvements other than buildings	10.000	1 ((0		20 (70
Port Authority	19,009	1,669	-	20,678
Water and Wastewater	333,021	28,547	(412)	361,156
Transportation Facilities	4,188	211	-	4,399
Solid Waste	24,120	1,743	-	25,863
Other non-major - Transit	1,593	173	(33)	1,733
Total improvements other than buildings	381,931	32,343	(445)	413,829
Machinery and equipment		/		= 2 4 6 6
Port Authority	57,365	5,556	(12,733)	50,188
Water and Wastewater	101,140	11,954	(9,030)	104,064
Transportation Facilities	4,898	237	(501)	4,634
Solid Waste	137,653	7,950	(1,452)	144,151
Other non-major - Transit	27,669	3,396	(2,401)	28,664
Total machinery and equipment	328,725	29,093	(26,117)	331,701
Software				
Port Authority	3,750	11	-	3,761
Water and Wastewater	1,813	480	-	2,293
Transportation Facilities	482	-	-	482
Other non-major - Transit	757	214		971
Total software	6,802	705		7,507
Infrastructure				
Port Authority	171,586	9,651	-	181,237
Water and Wastewater	243,227	9,528	(77)	252,678
Transportation Facilities	134,950	6,897	-	141,847
Solid Waste	12,797	1,056	-	13,853
Other non-major - Transit	156	50		206
Total infrastructure	562,716	27,182	(77)	589,821
Total accumulated depreciation	1,513,775	103,943	(27,017)	1,590,701
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,446,003	(19,907)	(6,961)	1,419,135
Total business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,839,684	\$ 76,403	\$ (59,558)	\$ 1,856,529

## Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows (dollars in thousands):

Governmental activities:		Business-type activities:	
General government	\$ 17,602	Port Authority	\$ 24,208
Public safety	9,712	Water and Wastewater	53,112
Physical environment	2,650	Transportation Facilities	7,598
Transportation	26,062	Solid Waste	14,375
Economic environment	353	Other non-major - Transit	4,650
Human services	216	Total depreciation for	
Culture and recreation	12,291	business-type activities	\$ 103,943
Total depreciation for			
governmental activities	\$ 68,886		

Note: Total depreciation expense by function may not agree with the related disclosed accumulated depreciation because of asset transfers. Asset transfers may occur between asset categories such as Improvements Other Than Buildings and Infrastructure. The related accumulated depreciation for the asset transfer is reported in the Increase and/or Decrease columns on the schedule of capital assets; therefore, the increase in accumulated depreciation can be different from the current year's depreciation.

### Construction Commitments

The County has active construction projects as of September 30, 2021 The significant commitments for remaining contracts were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Contract Amount		Amount nt-to-date	emaining nmitment	Re	tainage
Port Authority	\$	156,005	\$ 143,864	\$ 12,141	\$	4,926
Water and Wastewater		117,588	47,793	69,795		915
Solid Waste		128,239	58,830	69,409		-
Transportation		178,556	107,996	70,560		3,870
Other		28,297	13,713	14,584		489
Total	\$	608,685	\$ 372,196	\$ 236,489	\$	10,200

## Minimum Future Rentals

The Port Authority leases certain facilities to vendors at the Southwest Florida International Airport. Such agreements are short-term in nature and are accounted for as operating leases. Certain leases contain both fixed minimum rentals and contingent rentals based on the vendor's agreement. Contingent rental revenues arise from a percentage of the lessees' gross revenue. For the year ended September 30, 2021, \$25,872,000 of contingent rentals were included in rentals, concessions, and rental car revenues on the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

At September 30, 2021, minimum future rentals of operating leases were as follows (dollars in thousands):

Fiscal Year(s)	ŀ	Amount		
2022	\$ 51,620			
2023		53,803		
2024		32,254		
2025	14,45			
2026		3,824		
Later years		77,866		
Total minimum future revenue	\$	233,817		

Substantially all of the Port Authority's property is used in leasing activities with either airlines or other vendors.

### Interfund Transactions

#### Due To/From Other Funds

Interfund balances for the year ended September 30, 2021, consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

								Funds Rep	orti	ing Due From B	ala	nces					
			Tı	ansportation	N	Non-Major						Other		]	Internal		
	(	General		Capital		Gov't	V	Water and	Tı	ransportation		Solid	Ν	on-Major		Service	
		Fund	In	nprovements		Funds	W	Vastewater		Facilities		Waste		Transit		Funds	 Total
Funds Reporting Due To Balances:																	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,247	\$	50	\$	11	\$	193	\$	29	\$	1,052	\$ 4,582
Transportation Captial Improvements		-		-		941		-		-		-		66		-	1,007
Non-Major Governmental Funds		1,400		-		3,697		-		1		-		-		27	5,125
Port Authority		-		-		1		-		-		-		-		-	1
Transportation Facilities		-		9,197		-		-		-		-		-		-	 9,197
	\$	1,400	\$	9,197	\$	7,886	\$	50	\$	12	\$	193	\$	95	\$	1,079	\$ 19,912

The majority of interfund balances as of September 30, 2021 are due to interfund billings for services and return of excess fees from the Constitutional Officers. There is one notable interfund balance of \$9,197,000 for the Transportation Facilities excess toll revenue transferred at year-end to the Transportation Capital Improvements fund.

#### Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2021, consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

							Fu	nds Reportir	ıg T	ransfers In			
				Transportation	N	Non-Major				Other	1	Internal	
	G	eneral		Capital		Gov't		Solid	I	Non-Major		Service	
	]	Fund		Improvements		Funds		Waste		Transit		Funds	 Total
Funds Reporting Transfers out:													
General Fund	\$		-	\$ 12,331	\$	42,868	\$	152	\$	2,894	\$	3,964	\$ 62,209
Transportation Captial Improvements			-	-		-		-		787		-	787
Non-Major Governmental Funds		6,37	4	-		87,584		-		-		1,466	95,424
Water & Wastewater			-	-		-		-		-		268	268
Transportation Facilities			-	9,197		8,345		-		-		-	17,542
Internal Service Funds			-		_	1,500				-		-	 1,500
	\$	6,37	4	\$ 21,528	\$	140,297	\$	152	\$	3,681	\$	5,698	\$ 177,730

The majority of interfund transfers were for recurring annual transfers. There were noteable non-recurring transfers between non-major Governmental funds of \$7,000,000 for the computer aided dispatch project. Electronic Franchise Fees in the amount of \$15,000,000 were transferred out of the General fund to Non-Major Gov't funds.

## Governmental Fund Balances

At September 30, 2021, the County's governmental fund balances were classified as follows (dollars in thousands):

	General Fund	Transportation Capital Improvements	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:				
Inventory	\$ 391	\$ -	\$ 3,037	\$ 3,428
Total nonspendable	391	-	3,037	3,428
Restricted For:				
Improvement districts	-	-	8,792	8,792
Culture & recreation	-	-	15,187	15,187
Economic development	294	-	40,217	40,511
Health, safety & welfare	-	-	14,772	14,772
Transportation roads	-	178,529	67,349	245,878
Debt service	-	-	21,070	21,070
Court programs	-	-	3,714	3,714
Public records	-	-	6,698	6,698
Inmate welfare	-	-	2,295	2,295
Driver's education	-	-	739	739
Law enforcement activities	-	-	1,744	1,744
Total restricted	294	178,529	182,577	361,400
Committed:				
MSTU	-	-	25,202	25,202
Capital improvements	-	-	120,676	120,676
Court programs	-	-	5,085	5,085
Culture & recreation	-	-	29,293	29,293
Health, safety & welfare	-	-	483	483
Total committed	-	-	180,739	180,739
Assigned to:				
General government	9,280	-	-	9,280
Public safety	1,798	-	-	1,798
Physical environment	992	-	-	992
Economic environment	3,090	-	-	3,090
Human services	2,510	-	-	2,510
Culture & recreation	875	-	452	1,327
Transportation roads	-	-	2,138	2,138
Economic development	5,195	-	-	5,195
Subsequent year's budget	9,020	-	-	9,020
Total assigned	32,760	-	2,590	35,350
Unassigned:	161,943	_	_	161,943
Total fund balances	\$ 195,388	\$ 178,529	\$ 368,943	\$ 742,860

## Long-Term Obligations

Leases

### **Operating** Leases

The County is currently committed to various operating leases with terms in excess of one year. The future minimum rental payments as of September 30, 2021, were as follows (dollars in thousands):

Fiscal Year(s)	Amount
2022	\$2,139
2023	1,652
2024	1,199
2025	818
2026	716
2027-2031	3,304
2032-2036	2,482
2037-2041	700
2042-2046	160
Total	\$13,170

For all operating leases, rental expense is recorded with separate amounts for minimum rentals, contingent rentals, and sublease rentals. The following schedule shows the total rental expense for all operating leases, including those with terms of less than one year, for the year ended September 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands):

Minimum rentals	\$2,119
Contingent rentals	37
Short-term leases	1,095
Total rent expense	\$3,251

An operating lease has a contingent rental when the amount of the rental payment may change based on the occurrence of certain events. For example, rental payments may increase due to additional usage or a change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) rate or other economic indicators. Most operating leases have the option to renew for either a one or two year term. In most cases, the County expects to renew or replace all operating leases.

### Capital Leases

Capitalized leases payable at September 30, 2021 amounted to \$8,026,000. These obligations, which are collateralized by equipment and vehicles, have total annual installments ranging from \$50,000 to \$1,409,000 including interest ranging from 2.37 percent to 3.89 percent and mature through 2026. As of year-end, equipment currently leased under capital leases in the governmental activities had a historical cost of \$9,707,000 and accumulated depreciation of \$3,153,000.

Future minimum capital lease obligations as of September 30, 2021 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Governmental							
Fiscal Year		Activities						
2022	\$	1,576						
2023		1,524						
2024		1,409						
2025		1,409						
2026		1,409						
2027		1,409						
Total	\$	8,736						
Less Interest:		(710)						
Present Value:	\$	8,026						

### **Revenue Bonds**

The County issued revenue bonds for both governmental and business-type activities. The descriptions and balances of the outstanding revenue bonds as of September 30, 2021, were as follows:

### Governmental Activities

The Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds were issued for the construction and capital improvements of the Hammond and the JetBlue baseball stadiums. The bonds are secured by a lien on and a pledge of tourist development tax, gross revenues of the baseball stadiums, and investment earnings. The Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A was also secured by federal direct subsidy payments on these Build America Bonds. For the current year, pledged revenues collected were \$54,502,000 and federal subsidies received to offset the interest expense were \$13,000. The total principal and interest paid for the current year was \$6,104,000. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid is \$170,218,000.

		Interest	Effective			C	Outstanding
Issue	Maturity	Rate	Interest Rate	Amo	unt Issued		Balances
Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds, Series	2043	3.00% to	4.02%	\$	41,475,000	\$	33,975,000
2013 (Partially Refunded October 3, 2019)		5.00%					
Tourist Development Tax Refunding Revenue	2033	3.00% to	2.52%		30,865,000		30,865,000
Bonds, Series 2019A		5.00%					
Tourist Development Tax Refunding Revenue	2040	3.00% to	3.22%		35,820,000		35,820,000
Bonds, Series 2019B		4.00%					
Tourist Development Tax Refunding Revenue	2043	2.18% to	4.21%		8,520,000		8,465,000
Bonds, Series 2019C		3.50%					
						\$	109,125,000

Non-Ad Valorem bonds are secured by a lien on and a pledge of non-ad valorem funds including ambulance service receipts, building permits, zoning fees, data processing fees, excess County Officer fees, franchise fees, guaranteed entitlement funds, investment earnings, license fees, pledged gas taxes, and sales tax. Principal and interest paid for the current year and pledged revenues collected were \$5,809,000 and \$142,065,000, respectively. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid is \$78,420,000.

		Interest	Effective			0	utstanding
Issue	Maturity	Rate	Rate Interest Rate Amount Issu		Amount Issued		Balances
Non-Ad Valorem Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series	2024	2.00% to	2.21%	\$	48,385,000	\$	27,010,000
2012		5.00%					
Non-Ad Valorem Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series	2026	5.00%	3.18%		48,640,000		39,660,000
2015							
						\$	66,670,000
						-	

### **Business-Type** Activities

The Airport Revenue Bonds were issued for various capital projects. The bonds are secured by a lien on and a pledge of net revenues of the Southwest Florida International Airport. Principal and interest paid for the current year and pledged revenues collected were \$27,590,000 and \$37,613,000, respectively. Principal paid includes early redemption of Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A of \$8,666,000 paid with moneys received from the CARES Act. Moneys received is not included in pledged revenue. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid is \$257,293,000.

		Interest	Effective			C	Dutstanding
Issue	Maturity	Rate	Interest Rate	An	nount Issued		Balances
Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds,	2022	3.00% to	5.25%	\$	119,350,000	\$	16,440,000
Series 2010A		5.50%					
Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds,	2033	5.00%	4.65%		33,425,000		33,425,000
Series 2015							
Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds,	2032	5.00%	1.42%		139,560,000		139,560,000
Series 2021A							
						\$	189,425,000

The Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds were issued for various capital projects. The bonds are secured by a lien on and a pledge of the net revenues of the Lee County Water and Wastewater System. Principal and interest paid for the current year and net pledged revenues collected were \$15,149,000 and \$50,727,000 respectively. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid is \$173,910,000.

		Interest	Effective			C	Dutstanding
Issue	Maturity	Rate	Interest Rate	Am	ount Issued		Balances
Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series	2022	3.00% to	4.29%	\$	74,855,000	\$	10,770,000
2011 (Partially Refunded December 19, 2019)		5.25%					
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds,	2024	2.00% to	3.48%		53,755,000		5,065,000
Series 2013A (Partially Refunded December 19, 2019)		5.00%					
Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series	2027	2.00% to	4.45%		39,440,000		23,205,000
2013B		5.00%					
Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series	2043	1.69% to	3.17%		104,835,000		103,390,000
2019		3.30%					
						\$	142,430,000

The Transportation Facilities Revenue Bonds were issued for various capital projects. The bonds are secured by a lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the Sanibel Bridge, Cape Coral Bridge, and Midpoint Memorial Bridge Facilities. Principal and interest paid for the current year and net pledged revenues collected were \$9,795,000 and \$31,571,000, respectively. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid is \$102,992,000.

		Interest	Effective			С	utstanding	
Issue	Maturity	Rate	Interest Rate	Ar	nount Issued	Balances		
Transportation Facilities Refunding Revenue Bonds,	2035	2.00% to	3.18%	\$	106,570,000	\$	78,955,000	
Series 2014		5.00%						

The Solid Waste Revenue Bonds were issued for various capital projects. The bond is secured by a lien on and a pledge of net revenues of the Lee County Solid Waste System. Principal and interest paid for the current year and net pledged revenues collected were \$8,402,000 and \$26,687,000, respectively. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid is \$50,433,000.

		Interest	Effective			0	utstanding
Issue	Maturity	Rate	Interest Rate	Am	ount Issued		Balances
Solid Waste System Refunding Revenue Bonds,	2026	2.00% to	2.05%	\$	66,160,000	\$	43,580,000
Series 2016		5.00%					

The annual debt service requirements for revenue bonds at September 30, 2021, were as follows (dollars in thousands):

		Govern	mer	ntal		Busine	ype							
		Acti	Activities Activities						Тс	Total				
Fiscal Year(s)		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2022	\$	3,925	\$	7,629	\$	36,510	\$	17,636	\$	40,435	\$	25,265		
2023		12,825		7,225		27,775		17,808		40,600		25,033		
2024		13,535		6,568		38,480		16,046		52,015		22,614		
2025	14,905		2025		5,864			40,175		14,307		55,080		20,171
2026	2026 1		5,087			41,965		12,494		58,730		17,581		
2027-2031	32,190		2027-2031			18,218		164,770		38,228		196,960		56,446
2032-2036		24,915		13,260		84,580		10,968		109,495		24,228		
2037-2041		33,945		7,655		11,980		2,341		45,925		9,996		
2042-2044		22,790		1,337		8,155	.155 41		30,945			1,747		
Total	\$	175,795	\$	72,843	\$	454,390	\$	130,238	\$	630,185	\$	203,081		

					Wate	er an	d	Transp	orta	tion				
	Port Au	ıtho	rity	Wastewater			 Facilities				Solid Waste			
Fiscal Year(s)	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest	]	Principal		Interest
2022	\$ 13,150	\$	7,657	\$	10,855	\$	4,299	\$ 6,120	\$	3,661	\$	6,385	\$	2,019
2023	3,290		8,971		11,335		3,798	6,435		3,347		6,715		1,692
2024	12,675		8,332		11,860		3,352	6,880		3,015		7,065		1,347
2025	13,315		7,683		12,220		2,977	7,215		2,662		7,425		985
2026	13,980		7,000		12,610		2,597	7,580		2,292		7,795		605
2027-2031	77,590		23,727		53,110		7,643	25,875		6,653		8,195		205
2032-2036	55,425		4,498		10,305		4,063	18,850		2,407		-		-
2037-2041	-		-		11,980		2,341	-		-		-		-
2042-2044	 -		-		8,155		410	 -		-		-		-
Total	\$ 189,425	\$	67,868	\$	142,430	\$	31,480	\$ 78,955	\$	24,037	\$	43,580	\$	6,853

### **Bond Resolutions**

T he resolutions for the following bonds established certain accounts and determined the order in which certain revenues are to be deposited into those accounts. In addition, there are various other covenants established by the official statements and County resolutions, including such items as debt service coverage, reporting requirements, and maintenance of facilities. Management believes that it has complied, in all material respects, with these covenants. All required balances at September 30, 2021, were maintained on all issues. The following issues are still outstanding:

### Revenue Bonds

Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2013 Tourist Development Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2019A Tourist Development Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2019B Tourist Development Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2019C Non-Advalorem Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 Non-Advalorem Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2013A Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2013B Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 Transportation Facilities Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2014 Solid Waste System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2016

## Debt Refunding

### Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2021A

On April 22, 2021, the County issued Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2021A, through a commercial bank loan, in the amount of \$10,460,000 at an interest rate of 0.989 percent maturing on May 1, 2028. Proceeds of the loan were used to refund \$10,910,000 of outstanding Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Agreement DW3610 010 at interest rates ranging from 2.57 percent to 2.77 percent on current interest- on the loan maturing semi-annually on January and July 15 years 2021 through 2028.

The current refunding resulted in a reduction of future debt service payments by approximately \$591,000 over the next 7 years and obtained an economic gain of \$582,000.

### Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2021B

On April 22, 2021, the County issued Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2021B, through a commercial bank loan, in the amount of \$17,791,000 at an interest rate of 1.002 percent maturing on May 1, 2028. Proceeds of the loan were used to refund \$17,925,000 of outstanding Clean Water State Revolving Loan Agreement WW 392330, at interest rates ranging from 2.22 percent to 3.17 percent on current interest- on the loan maturing semi-annually on April and October 15 years 2021 through 2030.

The current refunding resulted in a reduction of future debt service payments by approximately \$1,646,000 over the next 9 years and obtained an economic gain of \$1,396,000.

### Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2021A

On June 30, 2021, the County issued Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2021A, in the amount of \$139,560,000 at an interest rate of 5.0 percent maturing on October 1, 2032. Proceeds of the bonds were used to currently refund \$172,715,000 of outstanding Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011A, at an interest ranging of 4.25 to 5.63 percent on current interest paying bonds maturing on October 1 in years 2021 through 2032.

The current refunding resulted in a reduction of future debt service payments by approximately \$50,071,000 over the next 12 years and obtained an economic gain of \$45,401,000.

On the date of issuance of the Series 2021A Bonds, the County purchased U.S. Government Securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for payment in full of the redemption price of the refunded Series 2021A Bonds. As a result, the refunded Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011A was considered defeased as of June 30, 2021, and the liability has been removed from the financial statements. Subsequently, the final payment for these defeased bonds was made on August 15, 2021.

### Defeased Bonds

The County defeased certain revenue bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. The amount of defeased bonds outstanding at September 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2013	\$ 7,500,000
Water and Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2011	25,040,000
Water and Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A	19,990,000
Water and Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012B	7,490,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2013A	42,150,000

### Variable Debt

### Direct Borrowing – Governmental Activities

The County entered into a \$3,700,000 non-revolving line of credit agreement on May 21, 2020 with a final maturity on May 20, 2022 with a commercial bank. The line of credit is to be used for initial financing of MSBU projects that are later secured with long-term financing, at an interest rate of London Interbank Offered Rates ("LIBOR") plus 195 basis points, but not less than 2.745 percent or greater than 5.58 percent. Interest is payable monthly beginning June 1, 2020, on the unpaid balance until final maturity on May 20, 2022. Principal for all draws made against the line of credit is due on May 20, 2022. The County covenanted to budget and appropriate legally available non-ad valorem revenues. There was no outstanding balance as of September 30, 2021 and no interest was incurred during the current year. The unused line of credit as of September 30, 2021 was \$3,700,000.

The line of credit contains a provision in the event of default of non-payment for ten days of the scheduled payment date, the loan will bear an interest at the default rate of the lessor of 5 percent in excess of the bank's prime rate or the maximum legal interest rate. The default rate will remain in effect until the default is cured by the County.

### Direct Borrowing - Business-Type Activities

The Port Authority entered into a \$50,000,000 taxable subordinate revolving credit facility agreement on May 6, 2020 with a final maturity on May 6, 2025 with a commercial bank. The line of credit is to be used to finance certain airport-related capital projects at an interest rate of London Interbank Offered Rates ("LIBOR") plus 61 basis points. On September 30, 2021, the rate was .694 percent. The rate is variable based on the bond rating. Interest is payable monthly beginning June 1, 2020, on the unpaid balance until final maturity on May 6, 2025. The unused portion of the line of credit is subject to a non-refundable fee currently at .25 percent per annum for each day the line is unused. No fee will be issued on the days either the advances are suspended or the outstanding principal is greater than 50 percent of the maximum principal amount. The applicable margins for the interest rate and credit facility fee is based on the table below.

Interest Applicable Margin and Applicable Credit Facility Fee Margin - rate per annum associated with the Level corresponding to the lowest long-term unenhanced debt rating assigned by:

					Applicable
	Moody's			Interest Rate	Credit Facility
Level	Rating	S&P Rating	Fitch Rating	Applicable Margin	Fee Margin
Level 1	A2	А	А	0.61%	0.25%
Level 2	A3	A-	A-	0.68%	0.30%
Level 3	Baa1	BBB+	BBB+	0.87%	0.35%
Level 4	Baa2	BBB+	BBB+	1.18%	0.45%
Level 5	Baa3 or below	BBB- or below	BBB- or below	Default Rate	Default Rate

Default rate is 4% per annum

Principal for all draws made against the line of credit is due on May 6, 2025. The line of credit is solely collateralized by a lien on and a pledge of the net revenues of Southwest Florida International Airport. The outstanding balance and unused line of credit as of September 30, 2021 was \$18,850,000 and \$31,150,000 respectively. Interest paid for the current year was \$99,000.

If an event of default occurs, the notes shall bear interest at the applicable interest rate plus 4 percent per annum until the default is cured to the satisfaction of the lender. A late fee equal to 4 percent of the amount due will be accessed if the amount due is not paid within 15 days of the due date.

The annual debt service requirements for variable debt at September 30, 2021, were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Business-type Activities									
Fiscal Year(s)		Principal		Interest						
2022	\$	-	\$	130						
2023		-		130						
2024		-		130						
2025		18,850		78						
	\$	18,850	\$	468						

### Notes Payable

### Direct Borrowing - Governmental Activities

The County has entered into loan agreements with three commercial banks to provide long-term financing for certain capital projects. The loans are collateralized by special assessments levied against the benefited property owners of certain MSBU of the County. Interest is payable semi-annually. Principal is payable in equal annual installments maturing in fiscal years 2021 through 2034. Principal and interest paid for the current year and pledged revenues collected were \$539,000 and \$606,000 respectively. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid out on the MSBU notes payable is \$3,523,000.

The loans contain a provision in the event of default of non-payment for ten days of the scheduled payment date, the loan will bear an interest at the default rate of the lessor of 5 percent in excess of the bank's prime rate or the maximum legal interest rate. The default rate will remain in effect until the default is cured by the County.

Issue	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Amount Issued	Outstanding Balances
Briarcrest Sewer	August 10, 2007	6.70%	\$ 324,000	\$ 22,000
Emily Lane	August 19, 2009	4.85%	457,000	86,000
McGregor Villages	June 23, 2010	4.06%	116,000	25,000
San Carlos	June 30, 2010	3.85%	458,000	105,000
Airport Woods Sewer	October 10, 2012	2.85%	451,000	90,000
Cherry Estates	November 4, 2014	4.16%	1,985,000	791,000
Harbor Drive	February 8, 2017	4.12%	476,000	303,000
Western Acres	February 8, 2017	4.12%	808,000	514,000
Cherry Estates Side Streets	February 28, 2019	4.86%	211,000	183,000
Oak Creek Road Repaving	October 3, 2019	4.51%	163,000	147,000
Burgundy Farm Road Paving	April 9, 2020	4.51%	286,000	258,000
Marina/Coral Circle Canal	December 17, 2020	3.52%	243,000	243,000
Sunset Cove Channel	December 17, 2020	3.04%	180,000	180,000
				\$ 2,947,000

### Direct Placement - Governmental Activities

On August 14, 2013, the County entered into a loan agreement for \$35,540,000 with a commercial bank to refund the Capital and Transportation Facilities Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2003. The County covenanted to budget and appropriate legally available non-ad valorem revenues reduced by General Government and Public Safety expenditures. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid out is \$8,265,000. Principal and interest paid for the current year and pledged revenues collected were \$8,265,000 and \$142,065,000, respectively.

The note contains a provision that in the event of default, the lender may immediately declare principal and interest and other outstanding amounts become immediately due and payable.

					O	utstanding	
Issue	Maturity	Interest Rate	Am	ount Issued		Balances	
Non-Ad Valorem Refunding Revenue	2021	2.09%	\$	35,540,000	\$	8,180,000	
Bond, Series 2013							

#### Direct Borrowing – Business-type Activities

The Lee County Water and Wastewater System entered into agreements with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection to borrow funds for various capital projects. The loans are secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues of the Lee County Water and Wastewater System after the satisfaction of annual debt obligations of the senior debt. Loan payments are due semi-annually. Principal and interest paid for the current year and pledged revenues collected were \$6,051,000 and \$50,727,000, respectively. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid out on the Florida Department of Environmental Protection loans is \$44,646,000.

In the event of default, the State may by action or suit require a full accounting, apply to a court of competent jurisdiction to appoint a receiver, sue for payment of amounts due, intercept the delinquent amount plus a penalty from unobligated funds due to the Local Government under any revenue or tax sharing fund (except as provided by the State Constitution), and impose a penalty not to exceed 18 percent per annum, and accelerate repayment schedule or increase the financing rate on unpaid principal to as much as 1.667 times the financing rate.

			Interest	Loan	Outstanding
Issue	Purpose	Maturity	Rate	Amount Issued	Balances
Clean Water State Revolving Fund	Three Oaks Wastewater	2038	0.95%	28,002,000	24,779,000
Construction Loan Agreement WW360200	Treatment Plant Oxidation				
Executed December 4, 2015	Ditch Improvements				
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Construction Loan Agreement DW3602A0 Executed February 28, 2017	Advanced Water Meter Installation project	2035	1.08%	18,107,000	16,425,000
					\$ 41,204,000

#### Direct Placement - Business-type Activities

The Lee County Water and Wastewater System entered into loan agreements with a commercial bank to refund the County's Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Agreement DW3610 010 and Clean Water State Revolving Loan Agreement WW 392330. The loans are secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues of the Lee County Water and Wastewater System. Loan payments are due semi-annually beginning on November 1, 2021. There were no principal and interest payments made during the current year. Pledged revenues collected were \$50,727,000. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid is \$29,326,000.

In an event of default occurs, the amount not paid when due shall bear interest at the rate of 3.00% above the interest rate then in effect. In the event a payment of principal or interest is not made on or before 90 days of its due date, the rate of interest on all outstanding principal shall be at the rate of 3.00% above the interest rate then in effect until payment default has been cured.

Issue	Maturity	Interest Rate	An	nount Issued	utstanding Balances
Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2021A	2028	0.99%	\$	10,460,000	\$ 10,460,000
Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2021B	2028	1.00%	\$	17,791,000	\$ 17,791,000
					\$ 28,251,000

The annual debt service requirements for notes payable at September 30, 2021, were as follows (dollars in thousands):

		Goverr Activ	nmenta vities	1		Busine Activ	ss-typ vities	e	Total								
	D	irect Borr	owings	and	Ε	Direct Borro	owing	s and									
	Direct Placements Direct Placements																
Fiscal Year(s)	Р	rincipal	I	nterest	F	rincipal	Interest		cipal Interest		 Principal		Interest				
2022	\$	8,613	\$	206	\$	6,355	\$	685	\$ 14,968	\$	891						
2023		412		103		6,425		614	6,837		717						
2024		362		86		6,491		550	6,853		636						
2025	312		2025			71		6,557		485	6,869		556				
2026		298		59		6,621		419	6,919		478						
2027-2031		1,007		123		21,392		1,240	22,399		1,363						
2032-2036		123		13		11,818		470	11,941		483						
2037-2039		-		-		-		-		3,796		3,796		54	3,796		54
	\$	11,127	\$	661	\$	69,455	\$	4,517	\$ 80,582	\$	5,178						

## Other Obligations

### Self-Insurance Claims Payable

Self-insurance claims payable are fully described in Note IX. Since the self-insurance activity is accounted for in an internal service fund, it has been categorized in the governmental activities on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The balance at September 30, 2021, consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

Self-insurance group health & dental	\$8,335
Sheriff internal service fund	2,363
Self-insurance general liability	13,848
Total self-insurance claims payable	\$24,546

### Changes in Long-Term Debt

Changes in bonded and other indebtedness of the County for the year ended September 30, 2021, were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Beginning				]	Ending		e Within		
Governmental Activities:	Ι	Balance	А	dditions	Re	eductions	Balance		One Year	
Bonds payable:										
Revenue bonds	\$	179,895	\$	-	\$	(4,100)	\$	175,795	\$	3,925
Less/plus deferred amounts:										
Unamort discount/premium		16,268		-		(2,327)		13,941		-
Total bonds payable		196,163		-		(6,427)		189,736		3,925
Direct borrowing and direct placement										
notes payable		19,123		424		(8,420)		11,127		8,613
Other:										
Self-insurance claims payable*		22,587		115,810		(113,851)		24,546		12,443
Capital Lease		12,492		-		(4,466)		8,026		1,373
Compensated absences		28,847		23,751		(23,382)		29,216		8,925
Total governmental activity										
long-term liabilities	\$	279,212	\$	139,985	\$	(156,546)	\$	262,651	\$	35,279

\*See note IX Other Information for detail on restatement of beginning balance.

Other long-term liabilities are typically liquidated by the individual fund to which the liability is directly associated. The liability for compensated absences is liquidated primarily by the General Fund, with other governmental funds and internal service funds liquidating less than 10 percent each on an annual basis. The entire claims liability is reported in the Self-Insurance Group Health and Dental Fund and will be liquidated by that fund.

	Beginning						Ending	Due Within		
<u>Business-Type Activities:</u>	]	Balance	Α	Additions Reductions		Balance		One Year		
<u>Port Authority</u>										
Bonds payable:										
Revenue bonds	\$	234,585	\$	139,560	\$	(184,720)	\$	189,425	\$	13,150
Less/plus deferred amounts:										
Unamort discount/premium		3,902		34,231		(2,160)		35,973		-
Total bonds payable		238,487		173,791		(186,880)		225,398		13,150
Direct borrowing - Variable debt		11,000		7,850		-		18,850		-
Compensated absences		1,982		2,979		(3,039)		1,922		1,499
Total Port Authority										
long-term liabilities	\$	251,469	\$	184,620	\$	(189,919)	\$	246,170	\$	14,649
<u>Water and Wastewater</u> Bonds payable:										
Revenue bonds	\$	152,820	\$	-	\$	(10,390)	\$	142,430	\$	10,855
Less/plus deferred amounts:										
Unamort discount/premium		2,243		-		(710)		1,533		-
Total bonds payable		155,063		-		(11,100)		143,963		10,855
Direct borrowing and direct placement										
notes payable		74,903		28,251		(33,699)		69,455		6,355
Arbitrage rebate payable		140				(140)		-		-
Compensated absences		1,239		1,690		(1,654)		1,275		82
Total Water and Wastewater										
long-term liabilities	\$	231,345	\$	29,941	\$	(46,593)	\$	214,693	\$	17,292

## Changes in Long-Term Debt (continued)

	Beginning Balance Additions		Re	eductions	Ending Balance		Due Within One Year			
Transportation Facilities										
Bonds payable:										
Revenue bonds	\$	84,790	\$	-	\$	(5,835)	\$	78,955	\$	6,120
Less/plus deferred amounts:										
Unamort discount/premium		8,058		-		(1,302)		6,756		-
Total bonds payable		92,848		-		(7,137)		85,711		6,120
Compensated absences		332		328		(318)		342		22
Total Transportation Facilities										
long-term liabilities	\$	93,180	\$	328	\$	(7,455)	\$	86,053	\$	6,142
<u>Solid Waste</u>										
Bonds payable:										
Revenue bonds	\$	49,655	\$	-	\$	(6,075)	\$	43,580	\$	6,385
Less/plus deferred amounts:										
Unamort discount/premium		4,593		-		(1,237)		3,356		-
Total bonds payable		54,248		-		(7,312)		46,936		6,385
Landfill closure & postclosure costs		20,652		2,541		-		23,193		-
Compensated absences		471		639		(680)		430		28
Total Solid Waste	¢	75 071	ድ	2 1 9 0	¢	(7.002)	¢	70 550	¢	( 112
long-term liabilities	\$	75,371	\$	3,180	\$	(7,992)	\$	70,559	\$	6,413
<u>Other Non-Major - Transit</u>										
Compensated absences	\$	675	\$	967	\$	(987)	\$	655	\$	42
Total Other Non-Major										
long-term liabilities	\$	675	\$	967	\$	(987)	\$	655	\$	42
<u>Total Business-Type Activities</u>										
Bonds payable:										
Revenue bonds	\$	521,850	\$	139,560	\$	(207,020)	\$	454,390	\$	36,510
Less/plus deferred amounts:										
Unamort discount/premium		18,796		34,231		(5,409)		47,618		-
Total bonds payable		540,646		173,791		(212,429)		502,008		36,510
Direct borrowing - Variable debt		11,000		7,850		-		18,850		-
Direct borrowing and direct placement										
notes payable		74,903		28,251		(33,699)		69,455		6,355
Total variable debt and notes payable		85,903		36,101		(33,699)		88,305		6,355
Landfill closure & postclosure costs		20,652		2,541		-		23,193		-
Arbitrage rebate payable		140		-		(140)		-		-
Compensated absences		4,699		6,603		(6,678)		4,624		1,673
Total business-type activity										
long-term liabilities	\$	652,040	\$	219,036	\$	(252,946)	\$	618,130	\$	44,538

### NOTE VI. SEGMENT INFORMATION

## Segment Information-Port Authority

The County has outstanding revenue bonds which are financed by Southwest Florida International Airport revenues. These activities, and the activities of the Page Field General Aviation and other Port Authority activities, are accounted for in a single fund (Lee County Port Authority). Summary financial information for the Southwest Florida International Airport is presented below (dollars in thousands) as of September 30, 2021.

	Southwest Florida International Airport
Condensed Statement of Net Position	÷
Assets	
Current assets	\$ 106,950
Restricted assets	31,497
Capital assets (net)	722,070
Total assets	860,517
Deferred outflows of resources	20,286
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	34,216
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets	16,161
Noncurrent liabilities	297,757
Total liabilities	348,134
Deferred inflows of resources	31,440
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	496,891
Restricted	4,294
Unrestricted	44
Total net position	\$ 501,229
Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	
Operating revenues	
User fees	\$ 41,367
Rentals	4,982
Concessions	48,857
Miscellaneous	270
Less: Rebates	(7,745)
Total operating revenues	87,731
Operating expenses	22 52 6
Depreciation	20,526
Other operating expenses	64,822
Total operating expenses	85,348
Operating income	2,383

## Segment Information- Port Authority (continued)

	Southwest Florida International Airport
Non-operating revenues (expenses)	
Investment earnings	134
Interest expense	(10,252)
Other non-operating	11,931
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	1,813
Income before capital contributions and transfers	4,196
Capital contributions	28,509
Transfers	37,851
Change in net position	70,556
Beginning net position	430,673
Ending net position	\$ 501,229
<u>Condensed Statement of Cash Flows</u>	
Net cash provided (used) by:	
Operating activities	\$ 35,436
Noncapital financing activities	50,929
Capital and related financing activities	(59,509)
Investing activities	134
Net increase	26,990
Beginning cash, cash equivalents and investments	97,195
Ending cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 124,185

Certain funds that relate to activities at both the Southwest Florida International Airport and Page Field are not included in the segmented statements, including the K-9 donation fund and the discretionary fund. In addition, all of the funds related to the passenger facility charges and Page Field activities are omitted from the segmented statements.

### NOTE VII. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The County maintains two single-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefits plans ("OPEB"), the Group Health Program for Lee County administered by Aetna and the Lee County Sheriff Health Care Plan administered by the Self-Insured Benefit Administrator.

Pursuant to provisions of Section 112.08, *Florida Statutes*, former employees and eligible dependents who retire from the local government unit may continue to participate in the group or self-insurance plan for comprehensive health and hospitalization at a premium cost not to exceed the premium cost for active employees. Contribution requirements of the County and Sheriff Office are established and may be amended by the employer.

## Group Health Program for Lee County

### **Plan Description**

The Group Health Program for Lee County ("GHPLC") provides medical, dental, vision and life insurance benefits (OPEB) to County retirees and their spouses. All the Constitutional Officers, except the Lee County Sheriff, participate in GHPLC. At October 1, 2021, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, plan participation consisted of 3,794 current active plan members, 1,029 retirees and 409 eligible dependents receiving postemployment health care benefits. In addition, Medicare eligible retirees and their Medicare eligible dependents may enroll in the Medicare Advantage Plan (MAP), a fully funded insurance plan administered by Aetna.

A publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information is not available for this plan.

### Funding Policy

The County subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate at blended premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, retiree claims are expected to result in higher costs to the plan on average than those of active employees. On October 1, 2018, the County, and on January 1, 2020, the Port reinstated the subsidy program that had been discontinued on October 1, 2008. The subsidy program offers retirees with six or more years of consecutive employment prior to retirement a direct subsidy of 60 percent for MAP participants and 50 percent for Aetna participants. A \$96 discount is applied for plan members enrolled in Medicare Part B for the self-insurance plan. No discount is offered for MAP. The same subsidy is offered to the Constitutional Officers with the exception of the Clerk of Circuit Court who requires retirees to have eight or more years of consecutive employment prior to retirement. Vision and dental insurance are offered to retirees; however, they are not subsidized by the County. The plan also allows retirees the option to continue to participate in the GHPLC life insurance policy. The life insurance is only available to the retiree, and has a face value of \$5,000. The following table summarizes the retirees' monthly contribution rates for 2021. The Plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

	General Er	nployee	General E	mployee
	Retirees	Retirees after		without
	subsi	dy	subs	idy
	Aetna	MAP	Aetna	MAP
Medical/ Prescriptions:				
Retiree Only				
Pre 65 Years Old	\$590	N/A	\$1,180	N/A
Medicare Eligible	494	154	987	384
Retiree plus Spouse				
Pre 65 Years Old	988	N/A	1,975	N/A
Medicare Eligible	795	307	1,589	769
Retiree Plus dependent				
Pre 65 Years Old	973	N/A	1,945	N/A
Medicare Eligible	780	307	1,559	769
Retiree plus family				
Pre 65 Years Old	995	N/A	1,990	N/A
Medicare Eligible (3)	802	461	1,604	1,153
(spouse + one dep)				
Life:				
Individual Coverage	5		5	
Spouse	N/A		N/A	

### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

At September 30, 2021, the County's GHPLC total OPEB liability of \$399,960,000 was measured as of September 30, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The following actuarial assumptions and other inputs were applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation Rate	2.5%
Salary Increases	N/A
Discount Rate	2.26%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	7.90% pre 65
	8.80% at least 65
	9.20% MAP
Retirees' share of benefit cost, percent	of premium:
Subsidy Eligible	40% MAP
	50% Aetna

The discount rate was based on the 20 Year Municipal Bond Rate at September 30, 2021, in the Bond Buyer GO 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index. The discount rate changed from 2.21 percent at September 30, 2020.

Mortality rates were based on the PUBG.H-2010 and PUBS.H-2010 Tables for employees and retirees projected generationally with scale MP-2021 and PUBG.H-2010SB Tables for survivor beneficiaries projected generationally with Scale MP-2021.

Changes in assumptions also included a shift in the future medical plan election for new Medicare eligible retirees, expected claims costs and premiums were updated to reflect actual claims experience and known premiums and health care cost trend rates were updated to reflect recent experience and expectations.

The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021.

The rationales for selecting each of the assumptions used in the financial accounting valuation and for the assumption changes summarized above are to best reflect the current market conditions and recent plan experience.

### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at September 30, 2020	\$505,013,000
Changes for the year: Service Cost Interest Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	27,176,000 11,676,000 (25,281,000)
Changes in Assumptions Benefit Payments	(110,888,000) (7,736,000)
Net Changes	(105,053,000)
Balance at September 30, 2021	<u>\$399,960,000</u>

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percent higher or 1 percent lower than the current discount rate.

Description	1% Decrease in	Current	1% Increase in	
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	
OPEB Liability	\$ 475,601,000	\$ 399,960,000	\$ 340,086,000	

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using Healthcare trend rates that are 1 percent higher or 1 percent lower than the current healthcare cost trend rate.

Description	1% Decrease in	Current Trend	1% Increase in	
	Trend Rate	Rate	Trend Rate	
OPEB Liability	\$ 330,575,000	\$ 399,960,000	\$ 491,874,000	

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$19,228,000. At September 30, 2021 the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<b>Deferred Outflows</b>		<b>Deferred Inflows</b>	
Description		of Resources		of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	1,246,000	\$	25,938,000
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		70,496,000		167,457,000
Total	\$	71,742,000	\$	193,395,000

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30:			
2022	\$(19,625,000)		
2023	(19,625,000)		
2024	(19,625,000)		
2025	(19,625,000)		
2026	(9,352,000)		
Total Thereafter	(33,801,000)		

## Lee County Sheriff Health Care Plan

### Plan Description

The Lee County Sheriff's Office ("LCSO") operates a separate heath care plan. Lee County Sheriff Health Care Plan ("LCSHCP") offers health, dental, and vision coverage to eligible LCSO retirees and their spouses. At September 30, 2021, the date of the latest actuarial report, plan participation consisted of 1,571 active members and 491 retirees. The plan allows retirees the option to continue to participate in the LCSHCP life insurance policy. The life insurance is only available to the retiree, and has a face value of \$5,000.

A publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information is not available for this plan.

### Funding Policy

The current published monthly rates for retiree Health Care coverage are \$799 for single and \$1,643 for retiree plus spouse. An \$80 discount is applied for plan members enrolled in Medicare Part B. The LCSO subsidizes a percentage of the monthly major medical and hospitalization insurance for employees hired prior to October 1, 2010 based on the number of years of service credited to the Florida Retirement System ("FRS") before retirement. Vision and dental insurance are offered to retirees; however, they are not subsidized by LCSO.

The retiree contribution rate for the life insurance policy is \$0.80 per month. The table below shows the contribution percentages for the corresponding years of service. The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Terefit of the Total Contribution Rates Find by Refice				
Eligible Service Credit at Retirement or Termination	Retiree	Dependent		
More than 10 years but less than 15 years	100%	100%		
15 years	25%	100%		
16 years	20%	100%		
17 years	15%	100%		
18 years	10%	100%		
19 years	5%	100%		
20 years or more	0%	50%		

Percent of the Total Contribution Rates Paid by Retiree

### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

At September 30, 2021, the Sheriff's LCSHCP total OPEB liability of \$252,809,000 was measured as of September 30, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020. The following actuarial assumptions and other inputs were applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25%
Discount Rate	2.41%
Salary Increases	FRS rates used in July 2020 actuarial valuation 3.4% - 8.2% including inflation
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	Based on Getzen Model, starting at 6.25% for 2021 (5.00% for premiums) followed by 6.00% for 2022 and gradually decreasing an ultimate trend rate of 3.99%
Retirees' share of benefit cost	Variable: See Percent of the Total Contribution Rates Paid by Retiree table

The rate of inflation was revised from 2.5% to 2.25%. The discount rate was based on the 20 Year Municipal Bond Rate at September 30, 2020, in Fidelity's 20-Year Municipal GO AA Index. The discount rate changed from 2.75 percent at September 30, 2019.

Mortality rates are the same as used in the July 2020 actuarial valuation of the Florida Retirement System. The rates were taken from adjusted Pub-2010 mortality tables published by the Society of Actuaries with generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2018. Adjustments to referenced tables are based on the results of statewide experience study covering the period of 2013 through 2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2020 valuation were based on a statewide experience study conducted by FRS covering the period October 1, 2013 through September 30, 2018.

### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at September 30, 2020	\$302,839,000
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	9,816,000
Interest	8,527,000
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	9,583,000
Changes in Assumptions	(72,808,000)
Benefit Payments	(5,148,000)
Net Changes	(50,030,000)
Balance at September 30, 2021	<u>\$252,809,000</u>

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Sheriff as well as what the Sheriff's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percent higher or 1 percent lower than the current discount rate.

Description	1% Decrease in	Current	1% Increase in	
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	
OPEB Liability	\$ 293,762,000	\$ 252,809,000	\$ 214,723,000	

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Sheriff as well as what the Sheriff's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using Healthcare trend rates that are 1 percent higher or 1 percent lower than the current healthcare cost trend rate.

Description	1% Decrease in	Current Trend	1% Increase in	
	Trend Rate	Rate	Trend Rate	
OPEB Liability	\$ 203,646,000	\$ 252,809,000	\$ 312,140,000	

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$12,859,000 related to the Sheriff. At September 30, 2021 the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Sheriff's OPEB from the following sources:

	De	ferred Outflows	D	eferred Inflows
Description		of Resources		of Resources
Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	\$	5,496,000	\$	-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		11,712,000		-
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		58,306,000		122,277,000
Total	\$	75,514,000	\$	122,277,000

Deferred outflows of resources included \$5,496,000 resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date. This amount will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30:				
2022	\$	(5,484,000)		
2023		(5,484,000)		
2024		(5,484,000)		
2025		(5,484,000)		
2026		(5,484,000)		
Total Thereafter		(24,839,000)		

### Summary

The aggregate amount of total OPEB liability, related deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expenses for the County's postemployment benefits plans are summarized below. These liabilities are typically liquidated by the individual fund to which the liability is directly associated.

Description	GHPLC	LCSHCP	Total
Total OPEB liability	\$ 399,960,000	\$ 252,809,000	\$ 652,769,000
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	71,742,000	75,514,000	147,256,000
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	193,395,000	122,277,000	315,672,000
OPEB expense	19,228,000	12,859,000	32,087,000

## NOTE VIII. RETIREMENT PLANS

## Defined Benefit Pension Plans

### Background

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

All regular County employees are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. An annual comprehensive financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The County's pension expenses for both the FRS Pension Plan and HIS Plan for the year ended September 30, 2021 totaled \$8,100,000.

## Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan)

### Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- *Regular Class* Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Elected County Officers Class Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- *Senior Management Service Class (SMSC)* Members in senior management level positions.
- *Special Risk Class* Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service.

risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

### Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age / Years of Service	% Value
Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement up to age 63 or up to 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement up to age 64 or up to 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.68
Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement up to age 66 or up to 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement up to age 67 or up to 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement up to age 68 or up to 36 years of service	1.68
Elected County Officers	3.00
Senior Management Service Class	2.00
Special Risk Regular	
Service from December 1, 1970, through September 30, 1974	2.00
Service on and after October 1, 1974	3.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement. In 2017, Senate Bill 7022 made several changes to FRS. The bill provides for renewed

membership in the investment plan to reemployed defined contribution plan retirees, as well as, In-Line-of Duty Death Benefits.

### **Contributions**

The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Effective July 1, 2011, all FRS Plan members (except those in DROP) are required to make 3 percent employee contributions on a pretax basis. The contribution rates attributable to the County, effective July 1, 2020, were applied to employee salaries as follows: regular employees 8.28 percent, county elected officials 47.46 percent, senior management 25.57 percent, and DROP participants 15.32 percent. The County's contributions to the FRS Plan were \$40,356,000 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

### <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to</u> <u>Pensions</u>

At September 30, 2021, the County reported a liability of \$78,094,000 for its proportionate share of the FRS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by FRS during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2020, through June 30, 2021, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of FRS's participating employers. At June 30, 2021, the County's proportion was 1.0338 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0670 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized a pension benefit of \$466,000 for its proportionate share of FRS's pension expense.

In addition, the County reported its proportionate share of FRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

Description	 <u>red Outflows</u> Resources	 erred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$ 13,385,000	\$ -
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	53,437,000	-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	-	272,452,000
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between County Contributions and		
Proportionate Share of Contributions	8,882,000	21,828,000
County Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	11,254,000	-
Total	\$ 86,958,000	\$ 294,280,000

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions included \$11,254,000 resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date. This amount will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30:				
2022	\$(37,665,000)			
2023	(44,447,000)			
2024	(58,945,000)			
2025	(75,390,000)			
2026	(2,129,000)			

### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 %, per year
Salary increases	3.25 %, average
Investment rate of return	6.80 %

Mortality rates were based on the PUB2010 base table which vary by member category and sex, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation, as outlined in the FRS Plan's investment policy, and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual Geometric Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.1%	2.1%	1.1%
Fixed Income	20.0%	3.7%	3.7%	3.3%
Global Equity	54.2%	8.2%	6.7%	17.8%
Real Estate (property)	10.3%	7.1%	6.2%	13.8%
Private Equity	10.8%	11.7%	8.5%	25.4%
Strategic Investments	3.7%	5.7%	5.4%	8.4%
Totals	100.0%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.4%	1.2%

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability remained the same as prior year at 6.80 percent for the FRS Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the FRS Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Description	1% Decrease Discount Ra		rent Discount Rate	-	6 Increase in iscount Rate
FRS Plan Discount Rate	5.80%		6.80%		7.80%
County's Proportionate Share of the					
FRS Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 349,242,0	000 \$	78,094,000	\$	(148,555,000)

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the FRS Plan's fiduciary's net position is available in a separately-issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The report may be obtained through the Florida Department of Management Services website: <u>http://www.dms.myflorida.com</u>.

## Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan)

### **Plan Description**

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

### Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

### **Contributions**

The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statues. The County contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding 3 years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled. The County's contributions to the HIS Plan were \$5,168,000 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2021, the County reported a liability of \$107,847,000 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. Liabilities originally calculated as of the actuarial valuation date are recalculated as of June 30, 2021 using a standard actuarial roll-forward technique. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2020, through June 30, 2021, relative to the total employer contributions received from all participating employers. At June 30, 2021, the County's proportion was 0.8792 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0052 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$8,566,000 for its proportionate share of HIS's pension expense. In addition, the County reported its proportionate share of HIS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

Description	De	eferred Outflows of Resources		<u>ferred Inflows</u> of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	٩		-	
1 1	\$	3,609,000	\$	45,000
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		8,474,000		4,444,000
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on HIS Program				
Investments		112,000		-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between County Contributions				
and Proportionate Share of Contributions		3,792,000		1,918,000
County Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		1,357,000		-
Total	\$	17,344,000	\$	6,407,000

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions included \$1,357,000 resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date. This amount will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended Se	ptember 30:	
2022	\$	3,042,000
2023		1,277,000
2024		1,915,000
2025		1,931,000
2026		1,204,000
Total Thereaft	er	211,000

### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation2.40 %, per yearSalary increases3.25 %, avg with inflationInvestment rate of return2.16 %

Mortality rates were based on the Generational PUB-2010 with Projection Scale MP-2018. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability changed from 2.21 to 2.16 percent for the HIS Plan. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

### Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the HIS Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Description	1% Decrease in Discount Rate	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate
HIS Plan Discount Rate	1.16%	2.16%	3.16%
County's Proportionate Share of the HIS Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 124,681,000	\$ 107,847,000	\$ 94,054,000

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary's net position is available in a separately-issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. That report may be obtained through the Florida Department of Management Services website: <u>http://www.dms.myflorida.com</u>.

### Summary

The aggregate amount of net pension liability, related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and pension expense for the County's defined benefit pension plans are summarized below. These liabilities are typically liquidated by the individual funds in which the employee's costs are associated.

Description	FRS Plan		HIS Plan		Total
Net Pension Liability	\$	78,094,000	\$	107,847,000	\$ 185,941,000
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		86,958,000		17,344,000	104,302,000
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		294,280,000		6,407,000	300,687,000
Pension expense (benefit)		(466,000)		8,566,000	8,100,000

## Defined Contribution Plan

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. County employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the amount of forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the County.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The County's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$3,909,000 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

## NOTE IX. OTHER INFORMATION

## Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. After September 30, 1989, and prior to October 1, 1987, the Board established a Self-Insured Retention (SIR) program (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program, the SIR provides coverage in the areas mentioned below. The County purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the fund and for

all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. As a result, there was no reduction in insurance coverage.

The County remains liable for open claims asserted prior to October 1, 1987, and after September 30, 1989, covered under the existing self-insurance program, limited to the established annual loss fund limits for unasserted claims for a period, generally four years after date of occurrence. Claims that are filed or settled after the end of the fiscal year of occurrence are charged to, and accumulated within, the year of occurrence. Consequently, the County's total liability within any one year is limited to the annual loss fund limits.

From October 1, 1987, to September 30, 1989, the County was a member of the Southwest Florida Intergovernmental Risk Management Association (SFIRMA), a local government liability risk pool. SFIRMA administered insurance activities similar to those provided by the Board's SIR program. SFIRMA absorbed losses up to a specific amount annually and purchased excess and other specific coverages from third-party carriers.

Additionally, the Board and the Sheriff maintain self-insurance internal service funds to administer insurance activities relating to countywide employee group health and dental programs. The County absorbs losses related to these programs up to aggregate annual loss fund limits. Excess and other specific coverages are purchased from third-party carriers. Funding for these programs is generated by charges to the operating departments based on management's annual estimates of claim loss funding and administration/operating costs.

At September 30, 2021, the County had recorded liabilities equal to the amounts reflected as reserved and unasserted claims. These amounts were calculated by the third-party self-insurance program's underwriters and actuaries, based on industry standards. These liabilities are subject to adjustments in future years, which would be recorded as claim expenses when they are estimated.

The County's and Sheriff's SIR programs and excess insurance provides coverage for all the County and Sheriff departments' exposure. Funding for the SIR is generated by charges to the operating departments based on management's annual estimates of claim loss funding and administration/operating costs. Changes in the County and Sheriff funds' claims liability for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	<u>Beginning of</u> <u>Fiscal Year</u> <u>Liability</u> (as restated)	<u>Current Year</u> <u>Claims and</u> <u>Changes in</u> <u>Estimates</u>	<u>Claim</u> Payments	<u>Balance at</u> <u>Year-End</u>
<u>Self-Insurance Group Health and Dental:</u>				
2021	\$9,733	\$109,587	(\$108,622)	\$10,698
2020	9,245	101,278	(100,790)	9,733
<u>Self-Insurance General Liability:</u>				
2021	\$12,854	\$4,413	(\$3,419)	\$13,848
2020	14,511	1,827	(3,484)	12,854

## Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability

The Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) requires the County to place a final cover on its landfill cells when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although most closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a small portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense based on certain minor closure activities that have occurred as of the balance sheet date. The amount reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability in the fund statements, \$23,193,000, represents the cumulative portion of total estimated closure and postclosure care as of September 30, 2021, based

on the use of 56 percent of the capacity of the 100 acre active disposal areas at the landfill. The total estimated cost for closure and postclosure care for the landfill at September 30, 2021, was \$40,636,000. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$17,443,000 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. The County will recalculate its liability annually; the liability amount is based on what it presently would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care at September 30, 2021. The Class I - MSW landfill facility configuration, as currently planned, is expected to provide approximately 13 more years of disposal capacity for Lee and Hendry Counties. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, or changes in regulations. The County is required by FDEP to annually calculate closure and postclosure costs, and to provide proof of its capacity to fund closure costs. The County is in compliance with these requirements, and at September 30, 2021, cash and investments of \$12,336,000 are held for these purposes. These are reported as restricted assets on the balance sheet.

### Commitments and Contingencies

The County is currently receiving, and has received in the past, grants that are subject to special compliance audits by the grantor agency that may result in disallowed expense amounts. These amounts constitute a contingent liability of the County. The County does not believe any contingent liabilities to be material.

During the prior fiscal year, the World Health Organization declared the spread of Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) a worldwide pandemic. The COVID-19 pandemic is having significant effects on global markets, supply chains, businesses, and communities. Specific to the County, COVID-19 may impact various parts of its 2022 operations and financial results. Management believes the County is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. However, the full impact of COVID-19 is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated as events associated with the pandemic continue to develop.

The County currently prepares rebate calculations on all debt subject to arbitrage per the United States department of the Treasury Regulations, Section 1.148, and the Internal Revenue Service Code of 1986. Rebates, if any, are paid to the Internal Revenue Service every fifth year after the year of issuance and a final computation is completed when paid in full. Within the five-year period, any positive arbitrage (liability) can be offset by any negative arbitrage (non-liability). These rebates constitute a contingent liability of the County. The County does not believe any contingent liabilities to be material.

The Sheriff has agreements with a corporation for the provision of inmate medical services and food services at its corrections and detention facilities. The contracts are paid 100 percent by the Sheriff through its annual budget. The food services are based on a cost per meal per inmate basis, and the future contract commitment is estimated at approximately \$2,800,000 per year based on the results of the current year. No liability is recorded in the fund statements, as any future commitment will be budgeted and paid from the subsequent year's budget. The minimum payment requirements for inmate medical services are as follows:

Year ending September 30:	
2022	\$ 8,020,000
2023	8,298,000
2024	8,590,000

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Sheriff paid \$11,238,000 for inmate medical services and \$2,721,000 for food services at its detention facilities.

The Sheriff also has an agreement with a corporation to arrange for medical staff, including doctors, to be located at a site (clinic) designated by the Sheriff to provide medical services to the employees, dependents and retirees of the Sheriff. The agreement was renewed effective in July 1, 2016 for three (3) terms that automatically renew but is cancellable with one hundred twenty (120) day written notice. The agreement automatically renews unless

cancelled in writing. No liability is recorded in the fund statements, as any future commitment will be budgeted and paid from the subsequent year's budget.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as reservations of budget, is employed as an extension of the statutory required budgetary process. Although encumbrances lapse at fiscal year-end it is the County's intention to substantially honor these encumbrances under authority provided in the subsequent year's budget. Encumbrances outstanding at September 30, 2021, are as follows:

	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	\$18,545,000
Other Governmental Funds	\$85,347,000

### Litigation

The County is a defendant in various civil lawsuits in both state and federal courts on a variety of issues. To the extent the outcome of such litigation has been determined to result in probable loss to the county, the loss has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements. Litigation where the County is not in a position at this time to predict the outcome of the lawsuits or the exact amount of costs and/or potential recovery is not recorded. The County plans to contest these matters unless settled. The County believes the outcome of these lawsuits will not have a material effect on the financial statements.

Dean Wish, LLC served a Bert Harris inverse complaint to Lee County in January 2017. The claim in the amount of \$14,865,300 is in connection with Lee County's denial to approve the owner's application to administratively increase density of its property. The Court granted Lee County's motion for summary judgement and the Plaintiff appealed the decision to the Second District Court of Appeal. The Second District Court of Appeal affirmed the lower court's decision, and certified the question to the Florida Supreme Court, where it is currently pending. The County intends to vigorously defend the claim.

NCH Palms, LLC Dean & Dean Palms, LLC, and W-30 Palms, LLC served a Bert Harris inverse complaint to Lee County in June 2018. The claim in the amount of \$4,203,000 is in connection with Lee County's denial to approve the owner's application to administratively increase density of their properties. The Court issued a final judgment in June of 2021. Both Plaintiff's appealed and Lee County cross-appealed the decision to the Second District Court of Appeal. On February 1, 2022 the Board approved settlement whereby the plaintiffs agree to pay Lee County \$200,000 as final compensation for fees and costs. The settlement resolves the litigation matter by joint dismissal.

#### Subsequent Events

On October 26, 2021, the Lee County Port Authority closed on the Airport Revenue Bonds, Series 2021B (AMT) in the amount of \$217,670,000.

On November 5, 2021, the County closed on the Revenue Note Series 2021 for the Telegraph MSBU Project in the amount of \$184,130.

#### Restatements

During the year ended September 30, 2021, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities". The goal of the statement is to improve financial reporting by establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities. The implementation of the pronouncement required a restatement.

The County has also restated the financial statements as the result of error corrections related to unearned revenue in the Sheriff's special revenue fund and to self-insurance claims payable in the Sheriff's internal service fund.

Changes to net position as of September 30, 2020, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

			Gov	ernmental	F	iduciary
			Ac	tivities -	]	Funds -
	Go	vernmental	Intern	nal Service	С	ustodial
	A	Activities	]	Funds		Funds
Net Position, as previously reported	\$	1,362,045	\$	50,153	\$	-
Cumulative affect of GASB 84 implementation		50		-		13,734
Cumulative affect of Sheriff unearned revenue						
correction		342		-		-
Cumulative affect of Sheriff claims payable						
correction		2,115		2,115		-
Net Position, as restated	\$	1,364,552	\$	52,268	\$	13,734
		Other				
	Go	vernmental				
		Funds				
Fund Balance, as previously reported	\$	340,035				
Cumulative affect of GASB 84 implementation		50				
Cumulative affect of Sheriff unearned revenue						
correction		342				
Fund Balance, as restated	\$	340,427				



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# **Required Supplementary Information**



# Other Postemployment Benefits Plans (unaudited)

### Group Health Program for Lee County Plan

			Mea	surement Date		
Total OPEB liability	2017	2018		2019	2020	2021
Service cost	\$ 15,683,000	\$ 8,720,000	\$	16,652,000	\$ 23,654,000	\$ 27,176,000
Interest	12,235,000	11,148,000		15,207,000	13,270,000	11,676,000
Difference between expected and actual experience	1,259,000	1,204,000		(824,000)	(3,683,000)	(25,281,000)
Changes in benefit terms	-	62,735,000		-	7,253,000	-
Changes of assumptions	(106,418,000)	(25,726,000)		103,593,000	(8,082,000)	(110,888,000)
Benefit payments	(9,678,000)	(9,067,000)		(7,883,000)	(5,200,000)	(7,736,000)
Net change in total OPEB liabilty	 (86,919,000)	49,014,000		126,745,000	 27,212,000	(105,053,000)
Total OPEB liability beginning	388,961,000	302,042,000		351,056,000	477,801,000	505,013,000
Total OPEB liability ending	\$ 302,042,000	\$ 351,056,000	\$	477,801,000	\$ 505,013,000	\$ 399,960,000
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 173,439,000	\$ 198,692,000	\$	224,028,000	\$ 227,739,000	\$ 236,913,000
OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	174.15%	176.68%		213.28%	221.75%	168.82%

#### Notes to Schedule

For the measurement date September 30, 2021, the amount reported as changes in assumptions resulted from the following:

- The discount rate changed from 2.21% at September 30, 2020 to 2.26% at September 30, 2021.
- Change in the mortality improvement scale from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.
- A change in future medical plan election for new Medicare eligible retirees from 60% Aetna Select or POS2, 40% Medicare Advantage to 50% Aetna Select or POS2, 50% Medicare Advantage.
- Expected claims costs and premiums updated to reflect actual claims experience and known premiums.
- The health care cost trend rates updated to reflect recent experience and expectations.
- For the measurement date September 30, 2020, the amount reported as changes in assumptions resulted from the following:
  - The discount rate changed from 2.66% at September 30, 2019 to 2.21% at September 30, 2020.
  - Change in the mortality assumption from the PUBG.H-2010 Tables and PUBS.H-2010 Tables for employees and retirees, both projected
    generationally with Scale MP-2018 to the PUBG.H-2010 Tables and PUBS. H-2010 Tables for employees and retirees, both projected
    generationally with Scale MP-2020.
  - The removal of the excise tax trend adjustment.
  - Change in retirement rates, termination rates and disability rates to reflect the 2019 FRS experience study.

For the measurement date September 30, 2019, the amount reported as changes in assumptions resulted from the following:

- The discount rate changed from 4.18% at September 30, 2018 to 2.66% at September 30, 2019.
  - Change in the mortality assumption from the PUBG.H-2010 Tables and PUBS.H-2010 Tables for employees and retirees, both projected
    generationally with Scale MP-2017 to the PUBG.H-2010 Tables and PUBS. H-2010 Tables for employees and retirees, both projected
    generationally with Scale MP-2018.
  - Change in the percentage of subsidy eligible retirees assumed to enroll in pre-65 medical coverage from 65% to 55%, to enroll initially in post-65 coverage from 49% to 44%, and to continue retiree medical coverage upon attaining Medicare eligibility from 75% to 80%. A change in the percentage of non-subsidy eligible retirees assumed to enroll in pre-65 medical coverage from 25% to 20%, and to enroll initially in post-65 coverage from 18% to 14%.
  - Change in the future retiree spouse coverage election rate from 48% to 52% for males and from 42% to 35% for females.
  - Change in the future retiree life insurance participation rate from 100% to 20% for pre-65 retirees and 30% for post-65 retirees.
- For the measurement date September 30, 2018, the amount reported as changes in assumptions resulted from the following:
  - The discount rate changed from 3.64% at September 30, 2017 to 4.18% at September 30, 2018.
  - Change in the mortality assumption from the aggregate 2006 base rates from the RP-2014 mortality study projected generationally from 2006 using Scale MP-2017 to the PUBG.H-2010 Tables and PUBS.H-2010 Tables for employees and retirees, both projected generationally with Scale MP-2017.

For the measurement date September 30, 2017, the amount reported as changes in assumptions resulted from the following:

- The discount rate changed from 4.00% at September 30, 2016 under GASB 45 to 3.06% at September 30, 2016 under GASB 75 and to 3.64% at September 30, 2017.
- Change in the mortality assumption from the aggregate 2006 base rates from the RP-2014 mortality study projected generationally from 2006 using Scale MP-2016 to the aggregate 2006 base rates from the RP-2014 mortality study projected generationally from 2006 using Scale MP-2017.
- Change in the percentage of future Medicare eligible retirees assumed to enroll in the Aetna plan from 50% to 60%, and a change in the
  percentage assumed to enroll in the Medicare Advantage plan from 50% to 40%.
- Change in the percentage of subsidy eligible retirees assumed to enroll in pre-65 medical coverage from 70% to 65%, to enroll initially in post-65 coverage from 56% to 49%, and to continue coverage upon attaining Medicare eligibility from 80% to 75%.
- Change in the percentage of non-subsidy eligible retirees assumed to enroll in pre-65 medical coverage from 40% to 25%, to enroll initially
  in post-65 coverage from 30% to 18%, and to continue coverage upon attaining Medicare eligibility from 75% to 70%.
- Health care claims rates and trend rates were updated to reflect the latest available information.

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is completed, the County will present information for only those years for which information is available.

# Other Postemployment Benefits Plans (unaudited)

### Lee County Sheriff Health Care Plan

			Mea	surement Date		
Total OPEB liability	2016	2017		2018	2019	2020
Service cost	\$ 8,466,000	\$ 10,834,000	\$	9,900,000	\$ 7,313,000	\$ 9,816,000
Interest	9,205,000	9,024,000		10,023,000	9,373,000	8,527,000
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	-		4,211,000	-	9,583,000
Changes of assumptions	31,576,000	(22,771,000)		(58,471,000)	51,094,000	(72,808,000)
Benefit payments	 (5,099,000)	 (4,607,000)		(4,738,000)	 (4,703,000)	 (5,148,000)
Net change in total OPEB liabilty	 44,148,000	 (7,520,000)	_	(39,075,000)	 63,077,000	 (50,030,000)
Total OPEB liability beginning	242,209,000	286,357,000		278,837,000	239,762,000	302,839,000
Total OPEB liability ending	\$ 286,357,000	\$ 278,837,000	\$	239,762,000	\$ 302,839,000	\$ 252,809,000
Covered-employee payroll OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 66,951,000 427.71%	\$ 68,226,000 408.70%	\$	65,943,000 363.59%	\$ 60,396,000 501.42%	\$ 89,930,000 281.12%

#### Notes to Schedule

For the measurement date September 30, 2020, the amount reported as changes in assumptions resulted from the following:

Change in the discount rate from 2.75% as of the beginning of the measurement period to 2.41% as of September 30, 2020.
The rate of inflation was revised from 2.5% to 2.25%.

For the measurement date September 30, 2019, the amount reported as changes in assumptions resulted from the following:

• Change in the discount rate from 3.83% as of the beginning of the measurement period to 2.75% as of September 30, 2019. For the measurement date September 30, 2018, the amount reported as changes in assumptions resulted from the following:

• Change in the discount rate from 3.50% as of the beginning of the measurement period to 3.83% as of September 30, 2018. For the measurement date September 30, 2017, the amount reported as changes in assumptions resulted from the following:

• Change in the discount rate from 3.06% as of the beginning of the measurement period to 3.50% as of September 30, 2017. For the measurement date September 30, 2016, the amount reported as changes in assumptions resulted from the following:

• Change in the discount rate from 3.71% as of the beginning of the measurement period to 3.06% as of September 30, 2016.

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is completed, the County will present information for only those years for which information is available.

#### Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (unaudited)

#### Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last 8 Fiscal Years\*

	 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019	 2020	 2021
County's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.9638%	0.9683%	1.0422%	1.0502%	1.0927%	1.1060%	1.1008%	1.0338%
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 58,806,000	\$ 125,074,000	\$ 263,144,000	\$ 310,644,000	\$ 329,132,000	\$ 380,876,000	\$ 477,097,000	\$ 78,094,000
County's Covered Payroll**	\$ 199,547,000	\$ 246,054,000	\$ 259,596,000	\$ 267,975,000	\$ 288,078,000	\$ 298,616,000	\$ 306,931,000	\$ 311,206,000
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll	29.47%	50.83%	101.37%	115.92%	114.25%	127.55%	155.44%	25.09%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the total Pension Liability	96.09%	92.00%	84.88%	83.89%	84.26%	82.61%	78.85%	96.40%

\*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

\*\* For June 30, 2015, and later, covered payroll shown includes the payroll for Investment Plan members and payroll on which only UAL rates are charged.

Last 8 Fiscal Years																
		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required	\$	22,247,000	\$	23,938,000	\$	26,777,000	\$	27,667,000	\$	31,629,000	\$	35,070,000	\$	37,780,000	\$	40,356,000
Contribution		(22,247,000)		(23,938,000)		(26,777,000)		(27,667,000)		(31,629,000)		(35,070,000)		(37,780,000)		(40,356,000)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$	242,110,000	\$	248,447,000	\$	262,679,000	\$	272,610,000	\$	289,589,000	\$	302,411,000	\$	312,965,000	\$	311,795,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		9.19%		9.64%		10.19%		10.15%		10.92%		11.60%		12.07%		12.94%

Schedule of County Contributions

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for only those years for which information is available.

#### Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (unaudited)

#### Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last 8 Fiscal Years\*

	 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019	 2020	 2021
County's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.8101%	0.8103%	0.8408%	0.8409%	0.8800%	0.8932%	0.8844%	0.8792%
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 75,745,000	\$ 82,636,000	\$ 97,989,000	\$ 89,915,000	\$ 93,146,000	\$ 99,935,000	\$ 107,982,000	\$ 107,847,000
County's Covered Payroll	\$ 240,651,000	\$ 246,054,000	\$ 259,596,000	\$ 267,975,000	\$ 288,078,000	\$ 298,616,000	\$ 306,931,000	\$ 311,206,000
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll	31.48%	33.58%	37.75%	33.55%	32.33%	33.47%	35.18%	34.65%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the total Pension Liability	0.99%	0.50%	0.97%	1.64%	2.15%	2.63%	3.00%	3.56%

\*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

#### Schedule of County Contributions Last 8 Fiscal Years

		2014	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		 2020	 2021
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required	\$	3,136,000	\$	3,375,000	\$	4,363,000	\$	4,526,000	\$	4,799,000	\$	5,022,000	\$ 5,195,000	\$ 5,168,000
Contribution	-	(3,136,000)	<b>.</b>	(3,375,000)	<b></b>	(4,363,000)		(4,526,000)		(4,799,000)	<i>.</i>	(5,022,000)	 (5,195,000)	 (5,168,000)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$	242,110,000	\$	248,447,000	\$	262,679,000	\$	272,610,000	\$	289,589,000	\$	302,411,000	\$ 312,965,000	\$ 311,795,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.30%		1.36%		1.66%		1.66%		1.66%		1.66%	1.66%	1.66%

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for only those years for which information is available.



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# **Supplemental Financial Information**



### Lee County, Florida Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Funds Related to the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Amount	Amount
	Received	Expended
	in the	in the
	2020-21	2020-21
Source	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
British Petroleum:		
Economic Loss Claim - Final Settlement		
Lee County Board of County Commissioners	\$ -	\$ 4,182,658

# General Fund



#### Lee County, Florida COMBINING SCHEDULE - BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND As of September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	(	Board of County missioners	erk of 1it Court	operty praiser	 Sheriff
ASSETS					
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	281,701	\$ 5,709	\$ 1,123	\$ 10,776
Receivables (net)					
Accounts		6,759	2	2	31
Accrued interest		78	-	-	-
Due from other funds		15,142	120	-	868
Due from other governments		7 <i>,</i> 715	40	-	-
Inventory		643	 42	 -	 -
Total assets		312,038	 5,913	1,125	 11,675
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Contracts and accounts payable		7,065	189	15	4,549
Accrued liabilities		1,195	265	143	4,308
Due to other funds		2,907	1,737	828	2,388
Due to other governments		7,208	330	139	-
Due to individuals		-	-	-	430
Deposits and overbids		1,323	3,296	-	-
Unearned revenues		95,770	96	-	-
Other		511	-	-	-
Total liabilities		115,979	5,913	 1,125	 11,675
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Grants receivable		671	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources		671	 -	-	-
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable		349	42	-	-
Restricted		294	-	-	-
Assigned		32,760	-	-	-
Unassigned		161,985	(42)	-	-
Total fund balances		195,388	-	 -	 -
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	312,038	\$ 5,913	\$ 1,125	\$ 11,675

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

#### Lee County, Florida COMBINING SCHEDULE - BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND As of September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	-	ervisor lections	C	Tax ollector	Elir	Eliminations		Total
ASSETS								
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Receivables (net)	\$	1,836	\$	12,438	\$	-	\$	313,583
Accounts		_		-		-		6,794
Accrued interest		_		-		-		78
Due from other funds		1		87		(14,818)		1,400
Due from other governments		_		123		(		7,878
Inventory		-				_		685
Total assets		1,837		12,648		(14,818)		330,418
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Contracts and accounts payable		172		415		-		12,405
Accrued liabilities		143		465		-		6,519
Due to other funds		1,522		10,018		(14,818)		4,582
Due to other governments		-		1,750		-		9,427
Due to individuals		-		-		-		430
Deposits and overbids		-		-		-		4,619
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		95,866
Other		-		-		-		511
Total liabilities		1,837		12,648		(14,818)		134,359
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Grants receivable		-		-		-		671
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		671
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		391
Restricted		-		-		-		294
Assigned		-		-		-		32,760
Unassigned		-		-		-		161,943
Total fund balances		-		-		-		195,388
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,837	\$	12,648	\$	(14,818)	\$	330,418

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

#### Lee County, Florida COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Boar	d of County	Cl	erk of	Pro	operty		
	Con	nmissioners	Circu	uit Court	Ap	praiser	9	Sheriff
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	367,133	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits		1,574		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		177,708		1,651		1,836		-
Charges for services		31,415		8,012		339		1,202
Fines and forfeitures		76		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	_	5,014		370		2		563
Total revenues		582,920		10,033		2,177		1,765
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government		170,888		18,641		9,214		8,653
Public safety		40,058		-		-		180,384
Physical environment		5,315		-		-		-
Economic environment		8,404		-		-		-
Human services		17,312		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		15,982		-		-		-
Capital outlay								
General government		2,847		29		58		-
Public safety		402		-		-		10,487
Physical environment		141		-		-		-
Economic environment		26		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		461		-		-		-
Debt service								
Principal retirement		-		-		-		4,311
Interest and fiscal charges	_	-		-		-		430
Total expenditures		261,836		18,670		9,272		204,265
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		321,084		(8,637)		(7,095)		(202,500)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
AND (USES)								
Transfers in		17,800		9,649		7,913		204,845
Transfers out		(289,906)		(1,012)		(818)		(2,345)
Total other financing sources and (uses)		(272,106)		8,637		7,095		202,500
Net change in fund balances		48,978		-		-		-
Fund balances - beginning		146,410		-		-		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	195,388	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

#### Lee County, Florida COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Supervisor	Tax		
	of Elections	Collector	Eliminations	Total
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 367,133
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	1,574
Intergovernmental	386	-	-	181,581
Charges for services	47	32,646	(18,290)	55,371
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	76
Miscellaneous	43	240		6,232
Total revenues	476	32,886	(18,290)	611,967
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government	7,922	23,080	(18,290)	220,108
Public safety	-	-	-	220,442
Physical environment	-	-	-	5,315
Economic environment	-	-	-	8,404
Human services	-	-	-	17,312
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	15,982
Capital outlay				
General government	187	212	-	3,333
Public safety	-	-	-	10,889
Physical environment	-	-	-	141
Economic environment	-	-	-	26
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	461
Debt service				
Principal retirement	-	-	-	4,311
Interest and fiscal charges				430
Total expenditures	8,109	23,292	(18,290)	507,154
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(7,633)	9,594		104,813
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
AND (USES)				
Transfers in	9,169	-	(243,002)	6,374
Transfers out	(1,536)	(9,594)	243,002	(62,209)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	7,633	(9,594)	-	(55,835)
Net change in fund balances	-	-	-	48,978
Fund balances - beginning	-	-	-	146,410
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 195,388

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

#### Lee County, Florida COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (Non - GAAP Budgetary Basis) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Board c	GAAP of County issioners		GAAP ircuit Court	Non - GAAP Property Appraiser Final		
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	
REVENUES	0						
Taxes	\$ 361,790	\$ 367,133	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	
Licenses and permits	400	1,574	-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental	107,500	101,043	1,490	1,651	1,371	1,327	
Charges for services	30,468	31,373	7,789	8,108	-	-	
Fines and forfeitures	160	76	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous	5,517	5,395	407	370		2	
Total revenues	505,835	506,594	9,686	10,129	1,371	1,329	
EXPENDITURES Current							
General government	204,634	171,429	19,120	18,641	9,205	8,366	
Public safety	61,852	40,058	-		-	-	
Physical environment	7,518	5,315	-	-	-	-	
Economic environment	14,105	8,281	-	-	-	-	
Human services	21,973	17,312	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	20,679	15,982	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay							
General government	411	2,847	215	29	79	58	
Public safety	355	402	-	-	-	-	
Physical environment	110	141	-	-	-	-	
Economic environment	-	26	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	232	461	-	-	-	-	
Debt service							
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total expenditures	331,869	262,254	19,335	18,670	9,284	8,424	
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues					(=	(=	
over (under) expenditures	173,966	244,340	(9,649)	(8,541)	(7,913)	(7,095)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	15,356	17,800	9,649	9,649	7,913	7,913	
Transfers out	(290,988)	(289,383)	_	(1,012)		(818)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(275,632)	(271,583)	9,649	8,637	7,913	7,095	
Net change in fund balance	(101,666)	(27,243)	-	96	-	-	
Fund balances - beginning	223,479	235,732	-	-	-	-	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 121,813	\$ 208,489	<del>\$</del> -	\$ 96	<del>\$</del> -	<u>\$</u> -	

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

#### Lee County, Florida COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (Non - GAAP Budgetary Basis) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Supervisor Sheriff of Elections							Tax Collector				
	Fin				F	inal			F	inal		
	Bud	get	Act	tual	Bu	ıdget	Α	ctual	Bı	ıdget	Ac	tual
REVENUES												
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		386		-		-
Charges for services	1	,202	1	1,202		-		47		33,350	3	32,646
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		563		563		-		43		139		240
Total revenues	1	,765	1	1,765		-		476		33,489	3	32,886
EXPENDITURES												
Current												
General government		,735		8,653		9,159		7,922		26,804	2	23,080
Public safety	182	,409	180	),384		-		-		-		-
Physical environment		-		-		-		-		-		-
Economic environment		-		-				-		-		-
Human services		-		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay												
General government		-		-		10		187		219		212
Public safety	10	,725	1(	0,487		-		-		-		-
Physical environment		-		-		-		-		-		-
Economic environment		-		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service												
Principal retirement	4	,311	4	4,311		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		430		430		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	206	,610	204	4,265		9,169		8,109		27,023	2	23,292
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues												
over (under) expenditures	(204	,845)	(202	2,500)		(9,169)		(7,633)		6,466		9,594
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in	204	,845	204	4,845		9,169		9,169		-		-
Transfers out		-	(2	2,345)		-		(1,536)		(6,466)		(9,594)
Total other financing sources (uses)	204	,845	-	2,500		9,169		7,633		(6,466)		(9,594)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-		-		-
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		-		-		-		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### Lee County, Florida COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (Non - GAAP Budgetary Basis) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Total	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	¢ 2/1 700	¢ 2(7 122	\$ 5,343
Taxes	\$ 361,790 400	\$ 367,133 1,574	\$
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	400 110,361	104,407	(5,954)
Charges for services	72,809	73,376	(3,754)
Fines and forfeitures	160	73,376	(84)
Miscellaneous	6,626	6,613	(13)
Total revenues	552,146	553,179	1,033
EXPENDITURES Current			
General government	277,657	238,091	39,566
Public safety	244,261	220,442	23,819
Physical environment	7,518	5,315	2,203
Economic environment	14,105	8,281	5,824
Human services	21,973	17,312	4,661
Culture and recreation Capital outlay	20,679	15,982	4,697
General government	934	3,333	(2,399)
Public safety	11,080	10,889	191
Physical environment	110	141	(31)
Economic environment	-	26	(26)
Culture and recreation	232	461	(229)
Debt service			
Principal retirement	4,311	4,311	-
Interest and fiscal charges	430	430	
Total expenditures	603,290	525,014	78,276
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues	([1 144)	00.1/5	70 200
over (under) expenditures	(51,144)	28,165	79,309
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	246,932	249,376	2,444
Transfers out	(297,454)	(304,688)	(7,234)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(50,522)	(55,312)	(4,790)
Net change in fund balance	(101,666)	(27,147)	74,519
Fund balances - beginning	223,479	235,732	12,253
Fund balances - ending	\$ 121,813	\$ 208,585	\$ 86,772

# Major Governmental Funds



#### Lee County, Florida SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) AND ACTUAL WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP TRANSPORTATION CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 23,080	\$ 22,530	\$ (550)
Intergovernmental	\$ 23,080 7,153	\$ 22,550 3,882	\$ (550) (3,271)
Special assessments	568	4,168	3,600
Miscellaneous	2,782	3,092	310
Total revenues	33,583	33,672	89
EXPENDITURES Current			
Transportation	21,189	10,535	10,654
Capital outlay Transportation	159,275	43,921	115,354
Total expenditures	180,464	54,456	126,008
Excess of revenues (deficiencies)			
over (under) expenditures	(146,881)	(20,784)	126,097
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	19,030	21,528	2,498
Transfers out	(862)	(787)	75
Total other financing sources (uses)	18,168	20,741	2,573
Net change in fund balance	(128,713)	(43)	128,670
Fund balances - beginning	173,550	179,436	5,886
Fund balances - ending	\$ 44,837	\$ 179,393	\$ 134,556
RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO Net change in fund balance (GAAP basis) Fair value adjustment Unavailable revenues Net change in fund balance non-GAAP (budgetar		$\begin{array}{ccc} \$ & 1,232 \\ & 358 \\ & (1,633) \\ \hline \$ & (43) \end{array}$	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# Non-Major Governmental Funds



# Non-Major Governmental Fund Descriptions

# Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources, other than Sexpendable trusts, debt service, or capital projects that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

*Municipal Service Benefit Unit Districts*- To account for revenues and expenditures to be used for costs incurred on behalf of the special improvement districts, such as lighting, fire hydrants, and street paving.

*Special Assessment Districts-* To account for special assessments collected within certain unincorporated areas of the County to provide improvements (lighting, roads, etc.).

*Law Enforcement Trust-* To account for the monies held in trust by Lee County for the cost of protracted or complex investigations in the form of technical equipment, expertise, or other law enforcement purposes as the Board deems appropriate which are not normal operating needs of the law enforcement agency.

Special Revenue Projects- To account for revenues that are restricted for specific expenditures or projects.

State Housing Incentives Partnership Program (SHIP) - To account for SHIP grants.

Human Services Grants- To account for grant monies received to fund various Human Services projects.

*Lee County Library-* To account for ad valorem taxes and governmental grant funds designated to operate and maintain the County's public library system.

*E* 9-1-1- To account for revenues and expenditures to be used for the acquisition, development, and operation of the E 9-1-1 emergency telephone system for Lee County.

*MSTU-* To account for ad valorem taxes, building license and permit fees, administration fees, charges for Animal Services, and other revenues, and expenditures to be used in the unincorporated areas of the County for services rendered.

*Tourist Development Trust Fund*- To account for the five percent tax on rents for temporary lodgings. This tax, approved by a voter referendum in 1982, is restricted for promotion of tourism and specific projects that have been identified as encouraging tourism such as beach and shoreline improvements, the William Hammond Stadium, and JetBlue Park. The debt service and operations for the stadiums are also allowed to be paid from this tax.

*Transportation Trust-* To account for gas taxes distributed by the State of Florida designated for the construction and operating maintenance of County roads.

All Hazards Protection- To account for revenues and expenditures to be used for the implementation of a hazardous preparedness, response, and recovery program.

*Impact Fees-Community Parks-* To account for revenues received from impact fees that are restricted for use for capital improvements for designated community park districts.

# Special Revenue Funds (continued)

*Impact Fees-Regional Parks-* To account for revenues received from impact fees that are restricted for use for capital improvements for County regional parks.

*Impact Fees-Roads-* To account for revenues received from impact fees that are restricted for use for capital improvements to, and expansion of, transportation projects within designated road network areas.

*Impact Fees-EMS-* To account for revenues received from impact fees that are restricted for the purpose of providing advanced life support and related services within Lee County, except for Lehigh Acres Fire Control and Rescue District.

*Impact Fees- Fire-* To account for revenues received from impact fees that are restricted for the purpose of providing equipment and fire protection within designated fire districts.

*Impact Fees- School-* To account for impact fees collected on behalf of the Lee County School Board and restricted for the construction of new schools and for capital improvements to existing schools within the designated school zones

*Animal Trust Fund*- To account for revenues received from ordinance violations and donations, and expenditures used to improve the welfare of animals served by Lee County Animal Services.

*Court Administration*- To account for the revenues and expenditures of the Twentieth Judicial Circuit Court Administrator's Office funded by Lee County.

*Clerk of Circuit Court's Special Revenue-* To account for revenues and expenditures mandated by Chapter 28.24(15)(d), *Florida Statutes*, to be held in trust by the Clerk and used exclusively for equipment and maintenance of equipment, personnel training, and technical assistance in modernizing the public records system of the office, and Chapter 28.24 (12)(e), *Florida Statutes*, to provide Court Technology support as defined in Chapter 28.008(1)(f)(2) and (h), *Florida Statutes*.

*Property Appraiser's Special Revenues*- To account for revenues used to operate the County's Geographical Information System (GIS).

Sheriff's Special Revenues- To account for grant revenues to be used for law enforcement purposes.

# Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for payment of governmental funds' debt principal, interest, and related costs.

*Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds*- To account for payment of the 2010A, 2013, 2019A, 2019B, and 2019C Bonds. Funding is from tourist development tax revenues, William Hammond Stadium and JetBlue Park rental revenue.

*MSBU Projects Line of Credit-* To account for contributions received from property owners for MSBU projects. Contributions received will be used to pay the outstanding Line of Credit.

*Non Ad-Valorem Revenue Bond* – To account for payment of the 2012 and 2015 bonds. Funding is from legally available non-ad valorem revenues, which are non-ad valorem revenues less general government and public safety expenditures that are not paid from ad valorem revenues.

*MSBU Projects Commercial Loan-* To account for payment of the loan obligations for various special improvement districts. Funding is from special assessment tax revenue.

*Non Ad-Valorem Loan* - To account for payment of the 2013 loan, which refunded the Capital and Transportation Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2003. Funding is from legally available non-ad valorem revenues, which are non-ad valorem revenues less general government and public safety expenditures that are not paid from ad valorem revenues.

# Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of major capital facilities and infrastructure other than those financed by proprietary funds.

*Capital Improvement*- To account for ad valorem taxes and other revenues, and expenditures to be used for the acquisition or construction of major non-transportation related capital facilities.

*Special Assessment Districts Construction*- To account for the financial resources to be used for the improvement projects (lighting, roads, etc.) in certain unincorporated areas of the County for which a special assessment is collected.

Human Services Grant Construction- To account for grant proceeds to be used to construct various capital projects.

*Library Construction Projects-* To account for the financial resources to be used for the Library construction projects.

All Hazards Protection Construction Projects- To account for the financial resources to be used for the construction projects of the hazardous preparedness, response, and recovery program.

*Impact Fees Community Parks Construction*- To account for the financial resources for the capital improvements from impact fees that are designated for community park districts.

*Impact Fees Regional Parks Construction-* To account for the financial resources for the capital improvements from impact fees that are designated for County regional parks.

*Impact Fees Road Construction*- To account for the financial resources for the capital improvements to, and expansion of, transportation projects from impact fees that are designated within road network areas.

*Impact Fees EMS Construction-* To account for financial resources to be used for EMS capital projects from impact fees related to designated areas within the County.

*MSBU Projects Line of Credit Construction-* To account for financial resources to be used for various capital improvement projects and public facilities within the County for which funds have been drawn against the line of credit. There was no activity in this fund for fiscal year ended 2021.

Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agentReceivables (net)Accounts-2,888-Special assessments2,2888-Accrued interest32201Due from other funds4013191Due from other governmentsTotal assets $5,526$ $5,655$ $1,498$ $4,3$ LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCESLiabilities:-1Contracts and accounts payable245-2Accrued liabilities-1Due to other governments-1Due to other governmentsDue to other governmentsDeposits and overbidsTotal liabilities297Total deferred inflows of resources:Grants receivable-3,102 <tr< tr="">Fund Balances:-&lt;</tr<>		Special Revenue Funds								
Cash, cash equivalents and investments       \$       5,483       \$       2,546       \$       1,178       \$       3,5         Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent       - <td< th=""><th colspan="2">ASSETS</th><th colspan="2">Service Benefit Unit</th><th colspan="2">Assessment</th><th>orcement</th><th colspan="2">Revenue</th></td<>	ASSETS		Service Benefit Unit		Assessment		orcement	Revenue		
Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agentReceivables (net)AccountsSpecial assessments2.888Accrued interest3220Due from other funds401Due from other governmentsTotal assets $5,526$ $5,655$ IA984,2LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES $5,526$ $5,655$ Liabilities:Contracts and accounts payable245-Due to other governments-1-Due to other governments-1-Due to other governments-1-Due to other governments-1-Due to other governmentsDue to other governmentsDue to other governmentsTotal diabilities297Deforred inflows of resources: Grants receivableGrants receivableTotal deferred inflows of resourcesFund Balances: NonspendableNonspendableTotal fund balances $5,497$ $2,546$ $1,498$ $4,00$		¢	5 483	¢	2 546	¢	1 178	¢	3,961	
Receivables (net).AccountsSpecial assessments-2,888Account (interest)3220Due from other funds401Due from other governmentsTotal assets $5,526$ $5,655$ IA984.2LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES.Liabilities:Contracts and accounts payable245Contracts and accounts payable245Due to other funds5-Due to other funds5-Due to other fundsDue to other fundsDeposits and overbidsTotal liabilitiesDeferred inflows of resources: Grants receivableGrants receivableTotal liabilitiesPrond Balances: NonspendableNonspendableAssignedTotal fund balances $5,497$ $2,546$ $1,498$ AtomTotal fund balances $5,497$ $2,546$ $1,498$	-	ψ	5,405	ψ	2,340	Ψ	1,170	ψ	5,901	
AccountsSpecial assessments32.888-Accrued interest32201Due from other funds4013191Due from other governments2Inventory2Total assets $5,526$ $5,655$ $1,498$ $4,3$ LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCESAccrued liabilitiesContracts and accounts payable245-2Accrued liabilities-1Due to other governments-1Due to other governments-1Due to other governmentsDue to other governmentsTotal liabilities297Total deferred inflows of resources <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td></td<>			_		_		_		_	
Special assessments-2,888-Accrued interest32201Due from other funds4013191Due from other governments2InventoryTotal assets $\overline{5,526}$ $\overline{5,655}$ $\overline{1,498}$ LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCESA4,3Liabilities:-1-Contracts and accounts payable245-Due to other funds5Due to other governments-1-Due to other governments-1-Due to other governmentsTotal liabilities297-3Deposits and overbidsTotal differed inflows of resources:Grants receivableTotal deferred inflows of resources-3,102Fund Balances:NonspendableAssignedAssignedTotal fund balances $\overline{5,497}$ $\overline{2,546}$ $\overline{1,498}$ $4,02$			-		-		-		-	
Accrued interest         3         220         1           Due from other funds         40         1         319         1           Due from other governments         -         -         -         2           Inventory         -         -         -         2           Itabilities         5,526         5,655         1,498         4,3           LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES         -         -         -           Liabilities         -         1         -         -           Contracts and accounts payable         24         5         -         2           Accrued liabilities         -         1         -         -           Due to other governments         -         1         -         -           Due to other governments         -         1         -         -         -           Deposits and overbids         -			-		2,888		-		-	
Due from other governments         -         -         -         2           Inventory         -			3				1		1	
InventoryTotal assets5,5265,6551,4984,3LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	Due from other funds		40		1		319		148	
InventoryTotal assets5,5265,6551,4984,3LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	Due from other governments		-		-		-		281	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Contracts and accounts payable 24 5 - 2 Accrued liabilities - 1 - 2 Due to other funds 5 - 1 - 1 Due to other governments - 1 - 1 Deposits and overbids - 1 - 1 Unearned revenues 1 Total liabilities 29 7 - 3 Deferred inflows of resources: Grants receivable - 3,102 - 3 Deferred inflows of resources - 3,102 - 1 Total deferred inflows of resources - 3,102 - 1 Special assessment receivable - 3,102 - 1 Total deferred inflows of resources - 1 Nonspendable 1 Restricted 5,497 2,546 1,498 4,00 Committed 1 Total fund balances 5,497 2,546 1,498 4,00	-		-		-		-		-	
AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Contracts and accounts payable 24 5 - 22 Accrued liabilities - 1 - 2 Due to other funds 5 - 1 - 2 Due to other governments - 1 - 2 Due to other governments - 1 - 2 Deposits and overbids 2 Unearned revenues 2 Total liabilities 29 7 - 3 Deferred inflows of resources: Grants receivable 3,102 - 3 Special assessment receivable - 3,102 - 5 Fund Balances: Nonspendable	Total assets		5,526		5,655		1,498		4,391	
Contracts and accounts payable245-2Accrued liabilities-1Due to other funds5Due to other governments-1Deposits and overbidsUnearned revenuesTotal liabilities297-3Deferred inflows of resources:Grants receivableSpecial assessment receivable-3,102Total deferred inflows of resources-3,102Fund Balances:NonspendableCommittedAssignedTotal fund balancesTotal fund balances<	AND FUND BALANCES									
Accrued liabilities-1-Due to other funds5Due to other governments-1-Deposits and overbidsUnearned revenuesTotal liabilities297-Deferred inflows of resources:Grants receivableSpecial assessment receivable-3,102-Total deferred inflows of resources-3,102-Fund Balances:NonspendableRestricted5,4972,5461,4984,0CommittedAssignedTotal fund balancesTotal fund balances			24		5		-		274	
Due to other governments-1-Deposits and overbidsUnearned revenuesTotal liabilities297-Deferred inflows of resources:Grants receivableSpecial assessment receivable-3,102-Total deferred inflows of resources-3,102-Fund Balances:-3,102-NonspendableRestricted5,4972,5461,498CommittedAssignedTotal fund balancesTotal fund balances <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>8</td></td<>			-				-		8	
Deposits and overbidsUnearned revenuesTotal liabilities297-Deferred inflows of resources:Grants receivableSpecial assessment receivable-3,102-Total deferred inflows of resources-3,102-Fund Balances:NonspendableRestricted5,4972,5461,498CommittedAssignedTotal fund balancesMonspendable1000<	Due to other funds		5		-		-		1	
Unearned revenuesTotal liabilities297-Deferred inflows of resources:Grants receivableSpecial assessment receivable-3,102-Total deferred inflows of resources-3,102-Fund Balances:NonspendableRestricted5,4972,5461,4984,0CommittedAssignedTotal fund balancesAssignedTotal fund balancesMonspendableDeferred inflows of resourcesRestricted5,4972,5461,4984,0CommittedTotal fund balancesTotal fund balances	Due to other governments		-		1		-		4	
Total liabilities297-33Deferred inflows of resources: Grants receivableSpecial assessment receivable-3,102Total deferred inflows of resources-3,102Fund Balances: NonspendableRestricted5,4972,5461,4984,0CommittedAssignedTotal fund balances5,4972,5461,4984,0	Deposits and overbids		-		-		-		-	
Deferred inflows of resources:Grants receivable-3,102-Special assessment receivable-3,102-Total deferred inflows of resources-3,102-Fund Balances:NonspendableRestricted5,4972,5461,4984,0CommittedAssignedTotal fund balances5,4972,5461,4984,0	Unearned revenues		-	_	-		-	_	32	
Grants receivableSpecial assessment receivable-3,102-Total deferred inflows of resources-3,102-Fund Balances:NonspendableRestricted5,4972,5461,4984,0CommittedAssignedTotal fund balances5,4972,5461,4984,0	Total liabilities		29		7		-		319	
Special assessment receivable-3,102-Total deferred inflows of resources-3,102-Fund Balances:NonspendableRestricted5,4972,5461,4984,0CommittedAssignedTotal fund balances5,4972,5461,4984,0	Deferred inflows of resources:									
Total deferred inflows of resources-3,102-Fund Balances: NonspendableRestricted5,4972,5461,4984,0CommittedAssignedTotal fund balances5,4972,5461,4984,0	Grants receivable		-		-		-		-	
Fund Balances:NonspendableRestricted5,4972,5461,498CommittedAssignedTotal fund balances5,4972,5461,498	Special assessment receivable		-		3,102		-		-	
Nonspendable         -         -         -           Restricted         5,497         2,546         1,498         4,0           Committed         -         -         -         -         4,0           Assigned         -	Total deferred inflows of resources		-		3,102		-		-	
Restricted         5,497         2,546         1,498         4,0           Committed         -         <	Fund Balances:									
Committed         -         -         -           Assigned         -         -         -           Total fund balances         5,497         2,546         1,498         4,0	-		-		-		-		-	
Assigned         -         -         -           Total fund balances         5,497         2,546         1,498         4,0			5,497		2,546		1,498		4,072	
Total fund balances         5,497         2,546         1,498         4,0			-		-		-			
	-		-		-		-		-	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,			5,497		2,546		1,498		4,072	
and fund balances \$ 5,526 \$ 5,655 \$ 1,498 \$ 4,3		\$	5,526	\$	5,655	\$	1,498	\$	4,391	

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

	Special Revenue Funds								
ASSETS		State Housing Incentives Partnership Program		Human Services Grants		e County .ibrary	E 9-1-1		
ASSE15 Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	1,540	\$	321	\$	25,895	\$	5,857	
Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent	Φ	1,340	Φ	521	Φ	25,695	φ	5,657	
Receivables (net)		-		-		-		-	
Accounts		31		-		-		-	
Special assessments		-		-		-		-	
Accrued interest		1		-		12		3	
Due from other funds		-		-		554		-	
Due from other governments		-		625		-		314	
Inventory		-		-		-		-	
Total assets		1,572		946		26,461		6,174	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Contracts and accounts payable Accrued liabilities		46		387		589 180		1,404 7	
Due to other funds		-		225		-		-	
Due to other governments		-		-		88		4	
Deposits and overbids		-		-		-		-	
Unearned revenues		-		102		-		-	
Total liabilities		46		714		857		1,415	
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Grants receivable		-		-		-		-	
Special assessment receivable Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-	
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable									
Restricted		- 1 526		- 232		-		- 4,759	
Committed		1,526		232		25,604		-	
Assigned		-		-				-	
Total fund balances		1,526		232		25,604		4,759	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,		,				,		,	
and fund balances	\$	1,572	\$	946	\$	26,461	\$	6,174	

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Special Revenue Funds											
	1	MSTU	Tourist Development Trust Fund		Transportation Trust			All azards otection			
ASSETS	ድ	24 (02	¢	20.200	¢	2 479	¢	1 500			
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent	\$	24,692	\$	39,309	\$	2,478	\$	1,509			
Receivables (net)		-		-		-		-			
Accounts		14		6		-		-			
Special assessments		-		-		-		-			
Accrued interest		9		16		2		1			
Due from other funds		469		3,383		44		308			
Due from other governments		1,443		-		858		1,045			
Inventory		70		15		2,952		-			
Total assets		26,697		42,729		6,334		2,863			
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Contracts and accounts payable		503		2,335		949		190			
Accrued liabilities		349		42		202		16			
Due to other funds		3		90		-		-			
Due to other governments		254		30		93		43			
Deposits and overbids		-		-		-		-			
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-			
Total liabilities		1,109		2,497		1,244		249			
Deferred inflows of resources:		01.6						05			
Grants receivable		316		-		-		95			
Special assessment receivable Total deferred inflows of resources		- 316		-		-		- 95			
		510		-				93			
Fund Balances:		70		15		2.052					
Nonspendable Restricted		70		15 40,217		2,952		- 2 510			
Committed		- 25,202		40,217				2,519			
Assigned		- 20,202		-		2,138		_			
Total fund balances		25,272		40,232		5,090		2,519			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,		- , =		- /		- /		/			
and fund balances	\$	26,697	\$	42,729	\$	6,334	\$	2,863			

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

	Special Revenue Funds								
ACCETC		Impact Fees- Community Parks		Impact Fees- Regional Parks		oact Fees- Roads	Impact Fees- EMS		
ASSETS	¢	4 506	¢	F 790	¢	40.405	¢	1.077	
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	4,596	\$	5,789	\$	48,485	\$	1,966	
Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent Receivables (net)		-		-		-		-	
Accounts		_		_		_		_	
Special assessments		_		_		_		_	
Accrued interest		2		2		20		1	
Due from other funds		-		-				-	
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-	
Inventory		-		-		-		-	
Total assets		4,598		5,791		48,505		1,967	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Contracts and accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Deposits and overbids		- - - -		- - - -		5 - - -		- - - -	
Unearned revenues Total liabilities		-		-		- 5		-	
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Grants receivable		-		-		-		-	
Special assessment receivable		-		-		-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-	
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-	
Restricted		4,598		5,791		48,500		1,967	
Committed		-		-		-		-	
Assigned		-		-		-		-	
Total fund balances		4,598		5,791		48,500		1,967	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	4,598	\$	5,791	\$	48,505	\$	1,967	

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

			Impa	act Foos				
ACCUTC		Impact Fees - Fire		Impact Fees - School		imal Fund	Court Administration	
ASSETS	¢	1 410	¢	4,510	¢	E24	¢	010
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent	\$	1,419	\$	4,510	\$	534	\$	828
Receivables (net)		-		-		-		-
Accounts		-		_		_		_
Special assessments		-		_		-		-
Accrued interest		_		-		-		_
Due from other funds		-		-		-		402
Due from other governments		-		7,488		-		313
Inventory		-		-		-		-
Total assets		1,419		11,998		534		1,543
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Contracts and accounts payable		1		3		51		427
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		223
Due to other funds		-		-		-		2
Due to other governments		1,418		11,971		-		239
Deposits and overbids		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		1,419		11,974		51		891
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Grants receivable		-		-		-		-
Special assessment receivable		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		24		-		-
Committed		-		-		483		652
Assigned		-		-		-		
Total fund balances		-		24		483		652
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	1,419	\$	11,998	\$	534	\$	1,543

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

	Special Revenue Funds							ot Service Funds	
		Clerk of Circuit Court's Special Revenue		Property Appraiser's Special Revenues		Sheriff's Special Revenues		Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds	
ASSETS	<i>•</i>	<b>aa</b> aaa	¢		<i>•</i>	<b>0</b> 01 <b>5</b>	<b>.</b>	0.1.(0	
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent Receivables (net)	\$	22,889 -	\$	242	\$	2,315	\$	8,169 3,585	
Accounts		1		-		584		-	
Special assessments		-		-		-	-		
Accrued interest		-		-	-		-		
Due from other funds		21		-		1,266	-		
Due from other governments		131		-	104		-		
Inventory		-		-		_		-	
Total assets		23,042		242		4,269		11,754	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:									
Contracts and accounts payable		112		1		113		_	
Accrued liabilities		252		19		113		-	
Due to other funds		247		222		1,176		3,154	
Due to other governments		1,274				5		-	
Deposits and overbids		6,260		-		-		-	
Unearned revenues		52		-		322		-	
Total liabilities		8,197		242		1,728		3,154	
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Grants receivable		-		-		-		-	
Special assessment receivable		-		-		-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-	
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-	
Restricted		10,412		-		2,541		8,600	
Committed		4,433		-		-		-	
Assigned		-		-		-		-	
Total fund balances		14,845		-		2,541		8,600	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,									
and fund balances	\$	23,042	\$	242	\$	4,269	\$	11,754	

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

	Debt Service Funds						Capital Projects Funds	
		Non-Ad Valorem Revenue Bonds		MSBU Projects Commercial Loan		Non-Ad Valorem Loan		Capital provement
ASSETS	\$		\$	7	\$	8,266	¢	124 721
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent	Φ	- 4,197	Φ	/	Φ	0,200	\$	124,731
Receivables (net)		4,177		-		-		-
Accounts		_		_		_		-
Special assessments		_		_		_		-
Accrued interest		_		_	-			48
Due from other funds		_		_	-		40 6	
Due from other governments		_		_		_		1,063
Inventory		_		_		_		-
Total assets		4,197		7		8,266		125,848
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,								
AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Contracts and accounts payable		-		-		-		2,945
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		26
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments		-		-		-		1,153
Deposits and overbids		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		-		-		-		4,124
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Grants receivable		-		-		-		1,048
Special assessment receivable		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		1,048
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		4,197		7		8,266		-
Committed		-		-		-		120,676
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		4,197		7		8,266		120,676
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,								
and fund balances	\$	4,197	\$	7	\$	8,266	\$	125,848

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

	Capital Projects Funds								
ACCETC		Special Assessment Districts Construction		Human Services Grant Construction		Library Construction Projects		All Hazards Protection Construction Projects	
ASSETS Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	749	\$	45	\$	3,697	\$	306	
Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent	Φ	749	φ	45	Φ	5,097	Φ	500	
Receivables (net)									
Accounts		_		-		-		-	
Special assessments		-		-		-		-	
Accrued interest		-		-		1		-	
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-	
Due from other governments		-		183		-		-	
Inventory		-		-		-		-	
Total assets		749		228		3,698		306	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:									
Contracts and accounts payable		-		192		9		-	
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-	
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-	
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-	
Deposits and overbids		-		-		-		-	
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-	
Total liabilities		-		192		9		-	
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Grants receivable		-		-		-		-	
Special assessment receivable		-		-		-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-	
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-	
Restricted		749		36		-		306	
Committed		-		-		3,689		-	
Assigned		-		-		-		-	
Total fund balances		749		36		3,689		306	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	749	\$	228	\$	3,698	\$	306	

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

	Capital Projects Funds								
ACCETC		Impact Fees Community Parks Construction		Impact Fees Regional Parks Construction		Impact Fees Road Construction		Impact Fees EMS Construction	
ASSETS	¢	4.025	¢	878	¢	10 070	¢	70	
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent	\$	4,925	\$	878	\$	18,870	\$	70	
Receivables (net)		-		-		-		-	
Accounts		_		_		_		_	
Special assessments		-		_		-		-	
Accrued interest		2		-		7		_	
Due from other funds		-		-		925		-	
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-	
Inventory		-		-		-		-	
Total assets		4,927		878		19,802		70	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:									
Contracts and accounts payable		383		172		953		-	
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-	
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-	
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-	
Deposits and overbids		-		-		-		-	
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-	
Total liabilities		383		172		953		-	
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Grants receivable		-		-		-		-	
Special assessment receivable		-		-		-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-	
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-	
Restricted		4,092		706		18,849		70	
Committed		- 452		-		-		-	
Assigned Total fund balances		432		706		- 18,849		- 70	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,		4,344		700		10,049		70	
and fund balances	\$	4,927	\$	878	\$	19,802	\$	70	

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

### Lee County, Florida COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON - MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
ASSETS	¢	050 055	
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	379,055	
Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent		7,782	
Receivables (net)		(2)	
Accounts		636	
Special assessments		2,888	
Accrued interest		352	
Due from other funds		7,886	
Due from other governments		13,848	
Inventory		3,037	
Total assets		415,484	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:			
		10 072	
Contracts and accounts payable		12,073	
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds		1,437 E 12E	
		5,125	
Due to other governments		16,577	
Deposits and overbids Unearned revenues		6,260 508	
Total liabilities		41,980	
Deferred inflows of resources:		,	
Grants receivable		1,459	
Special assessment receivable		3,102	
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,561	
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable		3,037	
Restricted		182,577	
Committed		180,739	
Assigned		2,590	
Total fund balances		368,943	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,			

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

and fund balances

415,484

\$

			Spe	ecial Rev	evenue Funds				
	Se Bene	Municipal Service Benefit Unit Districts		Special Assessment Districts		w ement ıst	Special Revenue Projects		
REVENUES	¢	E 400	¢		¢		¢		
Taxes	\$	5,400	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental		-		- 111		-		1,936	
Charges for services		-		111		-		634	
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		786		162	
Impact fees		-		-		-		-	
Special assessments		-		821		-		-	
Miscellaneous		9		7		-		2	
Total revenues		5,409		939		786		2,734	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General government		144		334		-		219	
Public safety		1,319		-		-		98	
Physical environment		-		-		-		767	
Transportation		5,035		67		-		-	
Economic environment		-		-		-		-	
Human services		-		-		-		1,839	
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-	
Capital outlay									
General government		-		-		-		-	
Public safety		-		-		-		-	
Physical environment		-		-		-		-	
Transportation		-		-		-		-	
Economic environment		-		-		-		-	
Human services		-		-		-		-	
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-	
Debt service									
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		-		-	
Bond issuance costs		-		-		-		-	
Total expenditures		6,498		401		-		2,923	
Excess (deficiencies) of revenue			li						
over (under) expenditures		(1,089)		538		786		(189)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)									
Transfers in		64		1		6		-	
Transfer out		(6)		(836)		(535)		(31)	
Debt issuance				-		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		58		(835)		(529)		(31)	
Net change in fund balances		(1,031)		(297)		257		(220)	
Fund balances - beginning (as restated)		6,528		2,843		1,241		4,292	
Fund balances - ending	\$	5,497	\$	2,546	\$	1,498	\$	4,072	

### Lee County, Florida COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	_		Special Revenue Funds					
	State Housing Incentives Partnership Program		Human Services Grants		Lee County Library		F	9-1-1
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	37,990	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		2,780		3,853		472		3,751
Charges for services		-		-		83		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		160		-
Impact fees		-		-		-		-
Special assessments		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		141		-		131		12
Total revenues		2,921		3,853		38,836		3,763
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government		-		-		1,406		471
Public safety		-		-		-		2,348
Physical environment		-		-		-		-
Transportation		-		-		-		-
Economic environment		2,601		3,853		-		-
Human services		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		31,921		-
Capital outlay								
General government		-		-		-		150
Public safety		-		-		-		1,460
Physical environment		-		-		-		-
Transportation		-		-		-		-
Economic environment		-		-		-		-
Human services		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		294		-
Debt service								
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		-		-
Bond issuance costs		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		2,601		3,853		33,621		4,429
Excess (deficiencies) of revenue								
over (under) expenditures		320		-		5,215		(666)
OTHED EIN ANCING COUDCES AND (LICES)								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) Transfers in						276		
Transfers in Transfer out		-		-		276 (2 500)		-
		-		-		(2,500)		(6,965)
Debt issuance		-		-		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		(2,224)		(6,965)
Net change in fund balances		320		-		2,991		(7,631)
Fund balances - beginning (as restated)	<i>ф</i>	1,206	¢	232	ф.	22,613	¢	12,390
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,526	\$	232	\$	25,604	\$	4,759

### Lee County, Florida COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

				Special Rev	enue Fu	nds		
REVENUES	1	MSTU	Tourist Development Trust		Transportation Trust		Ha	All azards tection
Taxes	\$	37,504	\$	52,822	\$	_	\$	3,588
Licenses and permits	ψ	11,231	Ψ	52,022	Ψ	307	ψ	5,000
Intergovernmental		766		500		10,087		- 79
Charges for services		8,162		1,030		1,092		-
Fines and forfeitures		0,102		1,030		1,092		-
		-		-		-		-
Impact fees		-		-		-		- 104
Special assessments Miscellaneous		- 158		- 224		2 220		104
						2,230		
Total revenues		57,821		54,576		13,716		3,781
EXPENDITURES								
Current		0.440		1 (22)		4 504		4 4 9 9
General government		8,442		1,623		1,584		1,123
Public safety		12,700		-		-		2,451
Physical environment		5,039		-		-		-
Transportation		379		-		32,249		-
Economic environment		-		19,539		-		-
Human services		5,842		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		14,056		25		-		-
Capital outlay								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		537
Physical environment		13		-		-		-
Transportation		-		-		320		-
Economic environment		-		73		-		-
Human services		9		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		15		-		-		-
Debt service								
Principal retirement		-		-		155		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		13		-
Bond issuance costs		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		46,495		21,260		34,321		4,111
Excess (deficiencies) of revenue								
over (under) expenditures		11,326		33,316	u	(20,605)		(330)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)								
Transfers in		15,218		6,189		22,437		26
Transfer out		(27,042)		(30,329)		-		(2,026)
Debt issuance		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(11,824)		(24,140)		22,437		(2,000)
Net change in fund balances		(498)		9,176		1,832		(2,330)
Fund balances - beginning (as restated)		25,770		31,056		3,258		4,849
Fund balances - ending	\$	25,272	\$	40,232	\$	5,090	\$	2,519

				Special Rev	enue Fu	nds		
	Impact Fees- Community Parks		Impact Fees- Regional Parks		Impact Fees- Roads		Impact Fees- EMS	
REVENUES	ф		¢		<b>.</b>		¢	
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Impact fees		2,217		1,882		25,809		268
Special assessments		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		2		4		45		2
Total revenues		2,219		1,886		25,854		270
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government		10		9		118		1
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Physical environment		-		-		-		-
Transportation		-		-		-		-
Economic environment		-		-		-		-
Human services		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Physical environment		-		-		-		-
Transportation		-		-		-		-
Economic environment		-		-		-		-
Human services		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-
Debt service								
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		-		-
Bond issuance costs		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		10		9		118		1
Excess (deficiencies) of revenue								
over (under) expenditures		2,209		1,877		25,736		269
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)								
Transfers in		123		-		-		-
Transfer out		(3,250)		(344)		(12,200)		-
Debt issuance		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,127)		(344)		(12,200)		-
Net change in fund balances		(918)		1,533		13,536		269
Fund balances - beginning (as restated)		5,516		4,258		34,964		1,698
Fund balances - ending	\$	4,598	\$	5,791	\$	48,500	\$	1,967
0						,		, -

### Lee County, Florida COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

		Special Rev	venue Funds			
	Impact Fees- Fire	Impact Fees- School	Animal Trust Fund	Court Administration		
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-		
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-		
Charges for services	-	-	7	5,092		
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-		
Impact fees	3,650	25,423	-	-		
Special assessments	-	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous	3	13	83	320		
Total revenues	3,653	25,436	90	5,412		
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government	-	25,462	-	15,379		
Public safety	3,653	-	-	-		
Physical environment	-	-	-	-		
Transportation	-	-	-	-		
Economic environment	-	-	-	-		
Human services	-	-	133	-		
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-		
Capital outlay						
General government	-	-	-	83		
Public safety	-	-	-	-		
Physical environment	-	-	-	-		
Transportation	-	-	-	-		
Economic environment	-	-	-	-		
Human services	-	-	18	-		
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-		
Debt service						
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-		
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-		
Total expenditures	3,653	25,462	151	15,462		
Excess (deficiencies) of revenue						
over (under) expenditures	-	(26)	(61)	(10,050)		
			i			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)						
Transfers in	-	-	-	9,375		
Transfer out	-	-	-	(240)		
Debt issuance	-					
Total other financing sources (uses)	-			9,135		
Net change in fund balances	-	(26)	(61)	(915)		
Fund balances - beginning (as restated)	-	50	544	1,567		
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ 24	\$ 483	\$ 652		

		Special Revenue Fun	ds	Debt Service Funds	
	Clerk of Circuit Court's Special Revenue	Property Appraiser's Special Revenues	Sheriff's Special Revenues	Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds	
REVENUES	¢	¢	¢	¢	
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Licenses and permits	- 1 550	-	- 11 7 <b>0</b> 0	-	
Intergovernmental	1,559	-	11,729	-	
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	14,233	-	7,042	-	
	-	-	-	-	
Impact fees	-	-	-	-	
Special assessments Miscellaneous	- 4	-	- 101	- 11	
Total revenues	15,796		18,872	11	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	13,783	1,607	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	18,364	-	
Physical environment	-	-	-	-	
Transportation	-	-	-	-	
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	
Human services	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay					
General government	147	-	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	536	-	
Physical environment	-	-	-	-	
Transportation	-	-	-	-	
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	
Human services	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	
Debt service					
Principal retirement	-	-	-	1,685	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	4,419	
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	
Total expenditures	13,930	1,607	18,900	6,104	
Excess (deficiencies) of revenue					
over (under) expenditures	1,866	(1,607)	(28)	(6,093)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)					
Transfers in	-	1,829	395	11,747	
Transfer out	-	(222)	-	(5,984)	
Debt issuance	-	-	-	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	1,607	395	5,763	
Net change in fund balances	1,866	-	367	(330)	
Fund balances - beginning (as restated)	12,979	-	2,174	8,930	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 14,845	\$ -	\$ 2,541	\$ 8,600	

		Debt Service Funds		Capital Projects Funds	
		MSBU			
	Non-Ad	Projects	Non-Ad		
	Valorem	Commercial	Valorem	Capital	
	Revenue Bonds	Loan	Loan	Improvement	
REVENUES				<u> </u>	
Taxes	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ 4	
Licenses and permits	· _	_	· _	338	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	848	
Charges for services	-	-	-	151	
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	
Impact fees	-	-	-	-	
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous	3	-	5	121	
Total revenues	3		5	1,462	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	-	-	-	399	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	
Physical environment	-	-	-	1,438	
Transportation	-	-	-	271	
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	
Human services	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	12,677	
Capital outlay					
General government	-	-	-	14,757	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	
Physical environment	-	-	-	2,791	
Transportation	-	-	-	2,804	
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	
Human services	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	680	
Debt service					
Principal retirement	2,415	410	8,010	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	3,394	129	255	-	
Bond issuance costs	-	30	-	-	
Total expenditures	5,809	569	8,265	35,817	
Excess (deficiencies) of revenue					
over (under) expenditures	(5,806)	(569)	(8,260)	(34,355)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)					
Transfers in	5,860	523	8,345	39,041	
Transfer out	5,000	(382)	0,040	(2,532)	
Debt issuance	-	424	-	(2,002)	
	5,860	565			
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,000		85	2,154	
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning (as restated)	54 4,143	(4) 11	85 8,181	2,154 118,522	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 4,197	\$ 7	\$ 8,266	\$ 120,676	
r and balances - chang	ψ 1,197	ψ 1	φ 0,200	φ 120,070	

REVENUES Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Impact fees Special assessments Miscellaneous	Special Assessment Districts Construction	Human Services Grant Construction	ojects Funds Library Construction Projects	All Hazards Protection Construction	
Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Impact fees Special assessments	\$ -	¢		Protection	
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Impact fees Special assessments	ψ -		\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Impact fees Special assessments		ψ -	φ -	φ -	
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Impact fees Special assessments	-	- 188	-	-	
Fines and forfeitures Impact fees Special assessments	-	100	-	-	
Impact fees Special assessments	-	-	-	-	
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	
Muscellaneous	-	-	-	-	
	1	-	2	1	
Total revenues	1	188	2	1	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	-	-	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	
Physical environment	12	-	-	-	
Transportation	18	-	-	-	
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	
Human services	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay					
General government	-	-	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	
Physical environment	-	-	-	-	
Transportation	-	-	-	-	
Economic environment	-	197	-	-	
Human services	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	-	-	352	-	
Debt service					
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	
Total expenditures	30	197	352	-	
Excess (deficiencies) of revenue					
over (under) expenditures	(29)	(9)	(350)	1	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)					
Transfers in	671	-	2,500	-	
Transfer out	-	-	-	-	
Debt issuance					
Total other financing sources (uses)	671		2,500		
Net change in fund balances	642	(9)	2,150	1	
Fund balances - beginning (as restated)	107	45	1,539	305	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 749	\$ 36	\$ 3,689	\$ 306	

				Capital Pro	jects Funds			
	Com	Impact Fees Community Parks Construction		Impact Fees Regional Parks Construction		t Fees ad uction	Impact Fees EMS Construction	
REVENUES	<i>•</i>		<i>.</i>		<i>.</i>		¢	
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Impact fees		-		-		-		-
Special assessments		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		5		2		7		-
Total revenues		5		2		7		-
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Physical environment		-		-		-		-
Transportation		-		-		-		-
Economic environment		-		-		-		-
Human services		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Physical environment		-		-		-		-
Transportation		-		-		7,225		-
Economic environment		-		-		-		-
Human services		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		1,928		979		-		-
Debt service		,						
Principal retirement		-		-		_		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		-		-
Bond issuance costs		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		1,928		979		7,225		-
Excess (deficiencies) of revenue						,		
over (under) expenditures		(1,923)		(977)		(7,218)		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)								
Transfers in		3,127		344		12,200		-
Transfer out		-		-		-		-
Debt issuance		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,127		344		12,200		-
Net change in fund balances		1,204		(633)		4,982		-
Fund balances - beginning (as restated)		3,340		1,339		13,867		70
Fund balances - ending	\$	4,544	\$	706	\$	18,849	\$	70

REVENUES	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
Taxes	\$	137,308	
	ψ		
Licenses and permits		11,876 28 548	
Intergovernmental		38,548	
Charges for services		37,637	
Fines and forfeitures		1,108	
Impact fees		59,249	
Special assessments		925	
Miscellaneous		3,659	
Total revenues		290,310	
EXPENDITURES			
Current		70 114	
General government		72,114	
Public safety		40,933	
Physical environment		7,256	
Transportation		38,019	
Economic environment		25,993	
Human services		7,814	
Culture and recreation		58,679	
Capital outlay			
General government		15,137	
Public safety		2,533	
Physical environment		2,804	
Transportation		10,349	
Economic environment		270	
Human services		27	
Culture and recreation		4,248	
Debt service			
Principal retirement		12,675	
Interest and fiscal charges		8,210	
Bond issuance costs		30	
Total expenditures		307,091	
Excess (deficiencies) of revenue			
over (under) expenditures		(16,781)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)			
Transfers in		140,297	
Transfer out		(95,424)	
Debt issuance		424	
Total other financing sources (uses)		45,297	
Net change in fund balances		28,516	
Fund balances - beginning (as restated)		340,427	
Fund balances - ending	\$	368,943	

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUES       5       5       5       5       5       5       5       5       7       6       7       7		Municip Benef	GAAP al Service it Unit tricts Actual	Spe Assess			Special Assessment E Districts Final Fina			
Licenses and permits       -	REVENUES			¥						
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Taxes	\$ 5,316	\$ 5,400	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -			
Charges for services       -       -       112       111       -       -         Fines and forfeitures       -       -       -       -       750       786         Impact fees       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -         Special assessments       -       693       819       -       -       -       -         Miscellaneous       66       28       34       13       10       4         Total revenues $5,382$ $5,428$ $839$ 943       760       790         EXPENDITURES       -		-	-	-	-	-	-			
Fines and forfeitures       -       -       -       -       750       786         Impact fees       -		-	-	-	-	-	-			
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	0	-	-	112	111	-	-			
Special assessments         -         -         693         819         -         -           Miscellaneous         66         28         34         13         10         4           Total revenues         5,382         5,428         839         943         760         790           EXPENDITURES         -		-	-	-	-	750	786			
Miscellaneous         66         28         34         13         10         4           Total revenues         5,382         5,428         839         943         760         790           EXPENDITURES         Current         6         6         8         839         943         760         790           EXPENDITURES         Current         6         6         8         839         943         760         790           General government         138         144         630         334         -         -           Public safety         1,319         1,319         -         <	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Total revenues         5,382         5,428         839         943         760         790           EXPENDITURES         Current         General government         138         144         630         334         -         -           Public safety         1,319         1,319         -		-	-			-	-			
EXPENDITURES           Current           General government         138         144         630         334         -         -           Public safety         1,319         1,319         - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>										
Current         138         144         630         334         -         -           Public safety         1,319         1,319         -		5,382	5,428	839	943	760	790			
General government138144630334Public safety $1,319$ $1,319$ $1,319$ Physical environmentTransportation $7,923$ $5,035$ $104$ $67$	EXPENDITURES									
Public safety $1,319$ $1,319$ $   -$ Physical environment $      -$ Transportation $7,923$ $5,035$ $104$ $67$ $ -$ Economic environment $     -$ Human services $     -$ Culture and recreation $     -$ Capital outlay $     -$ General government $     -$ Public safety $     -$ Public safety $     -$ Physical environment $     -$ Transportation $     -$ Economic environment $     -$ Human services $      -$ Debt Service $       -$ Principal retirement $       -$ Interest and fiscal charges $       -$ Total expenditures $9,380$ $6,498$ $734$ $401$ $-$ <										
Physical environmentTransportation7,9235,03510467Economic environmentHuman servicesCulture and recreationCapital outlayGeneral governmentPublic safetyPhysical environmentTransportationEconomic environment	0			630	334	-	-			
Transportation7,9235,03510467Economic environmentHuman servicesCulture and recreation		1,319	1,319	-	-	-	-			
Economic environment		-	-	-	-	-	-			
Human services<		7,923	5,035	104	67	-	-			
Culture and recreation <th< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></th<>		-	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital outlayGeneral governmentPublic safetyPhysical environmentTransportationEconomic environmentHuman servicesCulture and recreationDebt ServicePrincipal retirementInterest and fiscal chargesTotal expenditures9,3806,498734401		-	-	-	-	-	-			
General government </td <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>		-	-	-	-	-	-			
Public safetyPhysical environment										
Physical environmentTransportationEconomic environmentHuman servicesCulture and recreationDebt ServicePrincipal retirementInterest and fiscal chargesTotal expenditures9,3806,498734401		-	-	-	-	-	-			
TransportationEconomic environmentHuman servicesCulture and recreationDebt ServicePrincipal retirementInterest and fiscal chargesTotal expenditures9,3806,498734401		-	-	-	-	-	-			
Economic environmentHuman servicesCulture and recreationDebt ServicePrincipal retirementInterest and fiscal chargesTotal expenditures9,3806,498734401		-	-	-	-	-	-			
Human services<		-	-	-	-	-	-			
Culture and recreation <th< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></th<>		-	-	-	-	-	-			
Debt ServicePrincipal retirementInterest and fiscal charges-Total expenditures9,3806,498734401-		-	-	-	-	-	-			
Principal retirementInterest and fiscal chargesTotal expenditures9,3806,498734401		-	-	-	-	-	-			
Interest and fiscal chargesTotal expenditures9,3806,498734401										
Total expenditures         9,380         6,498         734         401         -         -		-	-	-	-	-	-			
	0	9 380	6.198	- 734	401					
		7,500	0,470	734	401					
over (under) expenditures (3,998) (1,070) 105 542 760 790		(3,998)	(1,070)	105	542	760	790			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		_	_	_	_	_			
Transfers in 35 64 181 181 - 6	· · · · · ·	35	64	181	181	-	6			
Transfers out(6)(6)(1,328)(1,016)(535)(535)						(535)				
Total other financing sources (uses) $29$ $58$ $(1,147)$ $(835)$ $(535)$ $(529)$					. , ,		, ,			
Net change in fund balances         (3,969)         (1,012)         (1,042)         (293)         225         261										
Fund balances - beginning (as restated)       6,527       6,415       2,855       3,919       1,240       1,237		,	• •	• •	• •					
Fund balances - ending         \$ 2,558         \$ 5,403         \$ 1,813         \$ 3,626         \$ 1,465         \$ 1,498	8 8,									

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Spe Reve	GAAP ecial enue jects	Non - ( State H Incentives I Prog Final	ousing Partnership	Non - GAAP Human Services Grants Final			
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual		
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Intergovernmental	4,034	1,936	4,205	2,780	15,625	3,853		
Charges for services	654	634	-	-	-	-		
Fines and forfeitures	324	162	-	-	-	-		
Impact fees	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous	27	12	140	148		1		
Total revenues	5,039	2,744	4,345	2,928	15,625	3,854		
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government	417	219	-	-	-	-		
Public safety	129	98	-	-	-	-		
Physical environment	806	767	-	-	-	-		
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Economic environment	-	-	4,723	2,601	15,625	3,853		
Human services	3,905	1,839	-	-	-	-		
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Capital outlay								
General government	20	-	-	-	-	-		
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Physical environment	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Human services	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Debt Service								
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total expenditures	5,277	2,923	4,723	2,601	15,625	3,853		
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	i			i		
over (under) expenditures	(238)	(179)	(378)	327	-	1		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Transfers out	(32)	(31)						
Total other financing sources (uses)	(32)	(31)	-	-		-		
Net change in fund balances	(270)	(210)	(378)	327	-	1		
Fund balances - beginning (as restated)	4,338	12,453	3,393	(4,004)	286	231		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 4,068	\$ 12,243	\$ 3,015	\$ (3,677)	\$ 286	\$ 232		

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Lee C Lib	GAAP ounty rary	Е9-	GAAP 1 - 1	Non - GAAP MSTU			
	Final		Final		Final			
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual		
REVENUES	¢ 07.400	¢ 07.000	¢	¢	¢ 0005	¢ 07 504		
Taxes	\$ 37,492	\$ 37,990	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,985	\$ 37,504		
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	9,817	11,231		
Intergovernmental	414	472	-	3,751	1,078	1,082		
Charges for services	105	83	3,075	-	6,763	8,162		
Fines and forfeitures	175	160	-	-	-	-		
Impact fees	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous	313	204	100	45	504	235		
Total revenues	38,499	38,909	3,175	3,796	55,147	58,214		
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government	1,347	1,406	869	471	8,630	8,442		
Public safety	-	-	3,005	2,348	14,595	12,700		
Physical environment	-	-	-	-	6,742	5,039		
Transportation	-	-			400	379		
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Human services	-	-	-	-	6,026	5,842		
Culture and recreation	35,758	31,921	-			14,056		
Capital outlay								
General government	-	-	-	150	3	-		
Public safety	-	-	2,044	1,460	510	-		
Physical environment	-	-	-	-	5	13		
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Human services	-	-	-	-	110	9		
Culture and recreation	338	294	-	-	-	15		
Debt Service								
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total expenditures	37,443	33,621	5,918	4,429	51,719	46,495		
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues				i				
over (under) expenditures	1,056	5,288	(2,743)	(633)	3,428	11,719		
	,	i			<u>·</u>	·		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	265	276	2,243	2,243	19,838	19,891		
Transfers out	(2,500)	(2,500)	(9,208)	(9,208)	(31,788)	(31,715)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,235)	(2,224)	(6,965)	(6,965)	(11,950)	(11,824)		
Net change in fund balances	(1,179)	3,064	(9,708)	(7,598)	(8,522)	(105)		
Fund balances - beginning (as restated)	22,608	22,692	12,393	12,367	24,453	25,905		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 21,429	\$ 25,756	\$ 2,685	\$ 4,769	\$ 15,931	\$ 25,800		

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Non - GAAP Tourist Development Trust Fund Final Budget Actual			GAAP rtation st Actual	Non - GAAP All Hazards Protection Final Budget Actual		
REVENUES	Duuget	netuai	Budget	<i>I</i> tetual	Duugei	Tictual	
Taxes	\$ 35,275	\$ 52,822	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,537	\$ 3,588	
Licenses and permits	-	-	135	307	-	-	
Intergovernmental	500	500	10,072	9,805	5,601	173	
Charges for services	1,030	1,030	625	669	-	-	
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Impact fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	85	104	
Miscellaneous	395	322	1,632	2,199	75	21	
Total revenues	37,200	54,674	12,464	12,980	9,298	3,886	
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government	1,244	1,623	1,662	1,584	1,170	1,123	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	2,800	2,451	
Physical environment			-	-			
Transportation	33,846		32,490	-	-		
Economic environment	22,640	19,547	-	-	-	-	
Human services	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	25	25	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay							
General government	-	-	4	-	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	4,888	537	
Physical environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transportation	-	-	391	320	-	-	
Economic environment	-	73	-	-	-	-	
Human services	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Debt Service							
Principal retirement	-	-	155	155	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges			13	13		-	
Total expenditures	23,909	21,268	36,071	34,562	8,858	4,111	
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues			(			()	
over (under) expenditures	13,291	33,406	(23,607)	(21,582)	440	(225)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	6,376	6,189	22,437	22,437	22	26	
Transfers out	(30,472)	(30,329)	-	-	(2,026)	(2,026)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(24,096)	(24,140)	22,437	22,437	(2,004)	(2,000)	
Net change in fund balances	(10,805)	9,266	(1,170)	855	(1,564)	(2,225)	
Fund balances - beginning (as restated)	31,061	31,181	1,284	2,665	4,852	4,847	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 20,256	\$ 40,447	\$ 114	\$ 3,520	\$ 3,288	\$ 2,622	

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Impac Comn	GAAP t Fees - nunity rks	Impac Regi	GAAP t Fees - onal rks	Non - GAAP Impact Fees - Roads Final		
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	- 1 101	-	- 1 E00	- 1 00 <b>0</b>	-	- 25 800	
Impact fees	1,131	2,217	1,500	1,882	13,093	25,809	
Special assessments Miscellaneous	- 21	- 18	- 20	- 18	- 143	- 161	
Total revenues	1,152	2,235	1,520	1,900	13,236	25,970	
	1,152	2,233	1,520	1,900	13,230	23,970	
EXPENDITURES							
Current	10	10	15	0	144	110	
General government	13	10	15	9	144	118	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Physical environment Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Human services	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation						_	
Capital outlay	-	-	-	_	_	-	
General government	_	-	-	_	-	-	
Public safety	_	-	-	-	-	-	
Physical environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Human services	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Debt Service							
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total expenditures	13	10	15	9	144	118	
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	1,139	2,225	1,505	1,891	13,092	25,852	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	123	123	-	_	-	-	
Transfers out	(3,252)	(3,250)	(344)	(344)	(12,400)	(12,200)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,129)	(3,127)	(344)	(344)	(12,400)	(12,200)	
Net change in fund balances	(1,990)	(902)	1,161	1,547	692	13,652	
Fund balances - beginning (as restated)	5,517	7,911	4,257	4,183	34,934	31,499	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,527	\$ 7,009	\$ 5,418	\$ 5,730	\$ 35,626	\$ 45,151	

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Imp Fee EN	GAAP pact es - MS	Fee Fi	pact es - ire	Impact Fees - School			
	Final	Actual	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual		
REVENUES	Budget	Actual	Duugei	Actual	Budget	Actual		
Taxes	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-		
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Impact fees	170	268	3,651	3,650	25,423	25,423		
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous	9	7	3	3	8	13		
Total revenues	179	275	3,654	3,653	25,431	25,436		
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government	2	1	-	-	25,430	25,462		
Public safety	-	-	3,654	3,653	-	-		
Physical environment	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Human services	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Capital outlay								
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Physical environment	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Human services	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Debt Service								
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-	-	-			
Total expenditures	2	1	3,654	3,653	25,430	25,462		
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	177	274			1	(26)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	-	_	_	_	_	-		
Transfers out	-	-	_	_	_	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)					-			
Net change in fund balances	177	274			1	(26)		
Fund balances - beginning (as restated)	1,698	1,696	-	-	-	50		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,875	\$ 1,970	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ 24		
0								

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

### Lee County, Florida COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES

IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) AND ACTUAL

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Aı T	- GAAP himal rust und Actual	C	- GAAP ourt nistration Actual	Non - GAAP Clerk of Circuit Court's Special Revenue Final Budget Actual			
REVENUES			Duuger			11000001		
Taxes	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-		
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	1,650	1,503		
Charges for services	5	7	5,198	5,092	15,334	14,234		
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Impact fees	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous	95	83	326	325	335	4		
Total revenues	100	90	5,524	5,417	17,319	15,741		
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government	-	-	17,027	15,379	18,333	13,783		
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Physical environment	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Human services	218	133	-	-	-	-		
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Capital outlay General government			340	83	1,946	147		
Public safety	-	-	540	63	1,940	147		
Physical environment	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Transportation	-	_	_	_	-	_		
Economic environment	-	-	-	_	_	-		
Human services	64	18	-	_	-	-		
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	_	_	-		
Debt Service								
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total expenditures	282	151	17,367	15,462	20,279	13,930		
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues				- <u> </u>				
over (under) expenditures	(182)	(61)	(11,843)	(10,045)	(2,960)	1,811		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in			11,237	9,415				
Transfers out	-	-	(450)	(280)	-	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)			10,787	9,135				
Net change in fund balances	(182)				(2,960)	1,811		
Fund balances - beginning (as restated)	544	544	1,571	1,695	2,960	13,034		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 362	\$ 483	\$ 515	\$ 785	\$ -	\$ 14,845		
		, 100			·	,		

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

### Lee County, Florida COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Total									
						ce with				
					Final E	0				
		Final		A 1 1		ositive				
DEVENILIEC	]	Budget		Actual	(Negative)					
REVENUES Taxes	\$	118,605	\$	137,304	\$	18,699				
Licenses and permits	φ	9,952	φ	137,304	φ	1,586				
Intergovernmental		43,179		25,855		(17,324)				
Charges for services		43,179 32,901		30,022		(17,324) (2,879)				
Fines and forfeitures		1,249		1,108		(141)				
Impact fees		44,968		59,249		14,281				
Special assessments		778		923		145				
Miscellaneous		4,256		3,864		(392)				
Total revenues		255,888		269,863		13,975				
EXPENDITURES		200,000		200,000		10,970				
Current										
General government		77,071		70,108		6,963				
Public safety		25,502		22,569		2,933				
Physical environment		7,548		5,806		1,742				
Transportation		42,273		37,971		4,302				
Economic environment		42,988		26,001		16,987				
Human services		10,149		7,814		2,335				
Culture and recreation		50,481		46,002		4,479				
Capital outlay		00,101		10,002		1,1,7				
General government		2,313		380		1,933				
Public safety		7,442		1,997		5,445				
Physical environment		5		13		(8)				
Transportation		391		320		71				
Economic environment		_		73		(73)				
Human services		174		27		147				
Culture and recreation		338		309		29				
Debt Service										
Principal retirement		155		155		-				
Interest and fiscal charges		13		13		-				
Total expenditures		266,843		219,558		47,285				
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(10,955)		50,305		61,260				
OTHER EINIANCING SOURCES (LISES)										
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		62,757		60,851		(1,906)				
Transfers out		(94,341)		(93,440)		(1,900) 901				
Total other financing sources (uses)		(31,584)		(32,589)		(1,005)				
Net change in fund balances		(42,539)		17,716		60,255				
Fund balances - beginning (as restated)		166,771		180,520		13,749				
Fund balances - ending	\$	124,232	\$	198,236	\$	74,004				
	÷	,	7		7	. 1,001				

### For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Tourist							
	Devel	opn	nent Tax	]	Non - Ad	l Val	orem	
	Reve	enue	Bonds		<b>Revenue Bonds</b>			
	Final				Final			
	Budget		Actual	В	Budget		Actual	
REVENUES								
Miscellaneous	\$ 9	8	\$ 11	\$	25	\$	3	
Total revenues	9	8	11		25		3	
EXPENDITURES								
Debt Service								
Principal retirement	1,68	5	1,685		2,415		2,415	
Interest and fiscal charges	4,41	9	4,419		3,394		3,394	
Bond issuance costs		-	-		-		-	
Total expenditures	6,10	4	6,104		5,809		5,809	
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	(6,00	6)	(6,093)		(5,784)		(5,806)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	11,97	1	11,755		5,835		5,860	
Transfers out	(6,25	1)	(5,992)		-		-	
Debt issuance		-	-		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,72	.0	5,763		5,835		5,860	
Net change in fund balances	(28	6)	(330)		51		54	
Fund balances - beginning	8,93	0	8,930		4,143		4,143	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 8,64	4	\$ 8,600	\$	4,194	\$	4,197	

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

### For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	MSBU I Commerce		Non - Ad Valorem Loan Final			
	Final					
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual		
REVENUES						
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15	\$ 5		
Total revenues	_	_	15	5		
EXPENDITURES						
Debt Service						
Principal retirement	410	410	8,010	8,010		
Interest and fiscal charges	174	129	255	255		
Bond issuance costs	-	30	-	-		
Total expenditures	584	569	8,265	8,265		
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(584)	(569)	(8,250)	(8,260)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	535	523	8,365	8,345		
Transfers out	(382)	(382)	-	-		
Debt issuance	450	424	-	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	603	565	8,365	8,345		
Net change in fund balances	19	(4)	115	85		
Fund balances - beginning	11	11	8,181	8,181		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 30	\$ 7	\$ 8,296	\$ 8,266		

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

### For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Total								
			Variance with						
	Final		Final Budget Positive						
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)						
REVENUES	Duager	Tictuur	(ivegutive)						
Miscellaneous	\$ 138	\$ 19	\$ (119)						
Total revenues	138	19	(119)						
EXPENDITURES									
Debt Service									
Principal retirement	12,520	12,520	-						
Interest and fiscal charges	8,242	8,197	45						
Bond issuance costs	-	30	(30)						
Total expenditures	20,762	20,747	15						
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	(20,624)	(20,728)	(104)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	26,706	26,483	(223)						
Transfers out	(6,633)	(6,374)	259						
Debt issuance	450	424	(26)						
Total other financing sources (uses)	20,523	20,533	10						
Net change in fund balances	(101)	(195)	(94)						
Fund balances - beginning	21,265	21,265							
Fund balances - ending	\$ 21,164	\$ 21,070	\$ (94)						

### Lee County, Florida COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Non-C Cap Improv	vital	Non-C Special As Dist Constr	ssessment ricts	Non - GAAP Human Services Grant Construction			
	Final		Final		Final			
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual		
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 4	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Licenses and permits	400	338	-	-	-	-		
Intergovernmental	15,081	1,896	-	-	1,525	188		
Charges for services	147	151	-	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous	772	499	4	2	-	-		
Total revenues	16,400	2,888	4	2	1,525	188		
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government	2,460	399	-	-	-	-		
Physical environment	17,710	1,438	-	12	-	-		
Transportation	4,250	271	-	18	-	-		
Culture and recreation	26,412	12,677	-	-	-	-		
Capital Outlay								
General government	34,074	14,757	304	-	-	-		
Physical environment	19,018	2,791	-	-	-	-		
Transportation	8,098	2,804	-	-	-	-		
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	1,525	197		
Culture and recreation	11,332	680	-	-	-	-		
Total expenditures	123,354	35,817	304	30	1,525	197		
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	(106,954)	(32,929)	(300)	(28)		(9)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	39,163	39,164	971	671	-	-		
Transfers out	(2,655)	(2,655)	-	-	-	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	36,508	36,509	971	671	-	-		
Net change in fund balances	(70,446)	3,580	671	643		(9)		
Fund balances - beginning	118,452	118,477	107	109	45	44		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 48,006	\$ 122,057	\$ 778	\$ 752	\$ 45	\$ 35		
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See accompanying independent auditors' report.

### Lee County, Florida COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Non-GAAP Library Construction Projects				Non-GAAP All Hazards Construction <u>Projects</u> Final				Non-GAAP Impact Fees Community Parks Construction				
	Fir	nal				Fir	nal			Final			
	Budget Actual		_	Budget Actual			Bu	dget	Actual				
REVENUES													
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	9	5	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		-			-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-			-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-			-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		24		8			2	_	1	_	-		15
Total revenues		24		8			2		1		-		15
EXPENDITURES													
Current													
General government		-		-			-		-		-		-
Physical environment	-			-	-		-		-	-		-	
Transportation	-			-			-		-	-		-	
Culture and recreation		-		-	-		-	-		-		-	
Capital Outlay													
General government		-		-			-		-		-		-
Physical environment		-		-			-		-		-		-
Transportation		-		-			-		-		-		-
Economic environment		-		-			-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation	3	3,408		352			-		-		6,032		1,928
Total expenditures	3	3,408		352			-		-		6,032		1,928
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues over													
(under) expenditures	(3	3,384)		(344)			2	_	1		(6,032)		(1,913)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Transfers in		2,500		2,500			_		-		5,649		5,646
Transfers out		_		-			-		-		(2,520)		(2,519)
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,500		2,500			-		-		3,129		3,127
Net change in fund balances		(884)		2,156			2		1		(2,903)		1,214
Fund balances - beginning	-	1,551		1,536			306		304		3,338		3,329
Fund balances - ending	\$	667	\$	3,692	:	\$	308	\$	305	\$	435	\$	4,543
~													

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

### Lee County, Florida COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Non-GAAP Impact Fees Regional Parks Construction			Non-GAAP Impact Fees Road Construction							
	Final			Final				Final			
	Budget	Actua	al	Budg	get	Ac	ctual	Buc	lget	Ac	tual
REVENUES											
Taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits	-		-		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental	-		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services	-		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous			5		93		56		-		-
Total revenues			5		93		56		-		-
EXPENDITURES											
Current											
General government	-		-		-		-		-		-
Physical environment	-		-		-		-		-		-
Transportation	-		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation	-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay											
General government	-		-		-		-		-		-
Physical environment	-		-		-		-		-		-
Transportation	-		-	25,	157		7,225		-		-
Economic environment	-		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation	1,679		979		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	1,679	9	979	25,	157		7,225		-		-
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues over											
(under) expenditures	(1,679)	(9	974)	(25,	064)		(7,169)		-		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in	344	3	344	12,	400	1	12,200		-		-
Transfers out	-		-		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	344	3	344	12,	400	-	12,200		-		-
Net change in fund balances	(1,335)	(6	630)	(12,	664)		5,031		-		-
Fund balances - beginning	1,338		338		878		13,830		-		71
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3	\$ 7	708	\$ 1,	214	\$ 1	18,861	\$		\$	71

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

### Lee County, Florida COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Total						
			Variance with				
			Final Budget				
	Final		Positive				
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)				
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 4	\$ 4				
Licenses and permits	400	338	(62)				
Intergovernmental	16,606	2,084	(14,522)				
Charges for services	147	151	4				
Miscellaneous	895	586	(309)				
Total revenues	18,048	3,163	(14,885)				
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government	2,460	399	2,061				
Physical environment	17,710	1,450	16,260				
Transportation	4,250	289	3,961				
Culture and recreation	26,412	12,677	13,735				
Capital Outlay							
General government	34,378	14,757	19,621				
Physical environment	19,018	2,791	16,227				
Transportation	33,255	10,029	23,226				
Economic environment	1,525	197	1,328				
Culture and recreation	22,451	3,939	18,512				
Total expenditures	161,459	46,528	114,931				
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	(143,411)	(43,365)	100,046				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	61,027	60,525	(502)				
Transfers out	(5,175)	(5,174)	1				
Total other financing sources (uses)	55,852	55,351	(501)				
Net change in fund balances	(87,559)	11,986	99,545				
Fund balances - beginning	139,015	139,038	23				
Fund balances - ending	\$ 51,456	\$ 151,024	\$ 99,568				

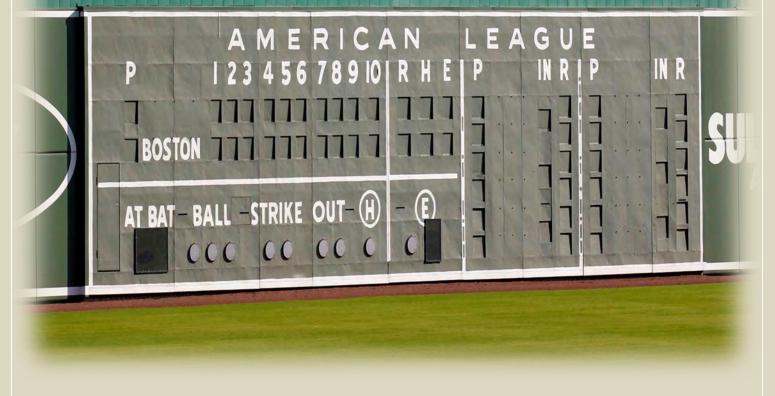


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## Enterprise Funds



# jetBlue Park



### Enterprise Fund Descriptions

Esimilar to private business enterprises. The intent of the County is that costs of providing the goods or services to the general public on a continuous basis be financed or recovered primarily through user fees.

*Port Authority*- The Lee County Port Authority is used to account for the activities related to the operation of the County owned aviation facilities, including Southwest Florida International Airport and Page Field General Aviation Airport.

*Water and Wastewater-* The Lee County Water and Wastewater System is used to account for the activities related to the operation of the County owned water and wastewater system.

*Transportation Facilities*- The Lee County Transportation Facilities is used to account for the activities related to the operation of the County owned bridges connecting Sanibel and Captiva Islands to the mainland and the Cities of Cape Coral and Fort Myers.

*Solid Waste-* The Lee County Solid Waste System is used to account for the provision of Municipal Solid Waste disposal facilities to the general public.

*Transit*- The Lee County Transit System is used to account for the activities related to the operation of the Lee Tran bus system, a County-wide public transportation service.

### Lee County, Florida COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Port Authority		Water and	Wastewater	Transportation Facilities			
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual		
OPERATING REVENUES User fees	\$ 49,149	\$ 51,343	\$ 113,240	\$ 114,924	\$ -	\$ -		
Tolls Rentals and franchise fees	- 7,627	- 8,510	- 212	- 228	41,393	43,341		
Concessions	34,854	48,953	- 212		-	-		
Miscellaneous	237	315	1,721	2,031	140	58		
Total operating revenues	91,867	109,121	115,173	117,183	41,533	43,399		
Less: Rebates Net operating revenues	(3,500) 88,367	(7,745) 101,376	- 115,173	- 117,183	41,533	43,399		
OPERATING EXPENSES	88,307	101,570	115,175	117,105	41,555	43,399		
Salaries and wages	25,152	26,687	17,568	16,922	4,142	3,309		
Employee benefits	9,099	8,743	7,102	6,636	1,944	1,561		
Pension and OPEB expense Contractual services, materials, and supplies	4,496 25,983	4,787 25,969	2,025 35,204	2,090 25,347	500 6,329	449 3,650		
Utilities	4,659	4,546	6,080	6,040	249	236		
Repairs and maintenance	3,503	3,094	3,638	5,993	314	158		
Insurance	1,982	1,889	831	831	1,040	1,134		
Other Total approximg approximation	3,994	1,683 77,398	4,147 76,595	4,017 67,876	2,781 17,299	1,809 12,306		
Total operating expenses Operating income (loss)	78,868	23,978	38,578	49,307	24,234	31,093		
NON - OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		20,770		10,000		01,070		
Interest revenue	3,941	314	1,869	976	387	122		
Taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Special assessment collections Grants	- 14,757	- 13,547	55 2,300	69 (100)	-	-		
Bond proceeds	224,500	181,641	- 2,300	(100)	-	_		
Other debt proceeds	-	-	28,251	28,251	-	-		
Interest expense	(14,554)	(11,279)	(6,152)	(5,563)	(3,814)	(3,814)		
Excess fees - City of Sanibel	- (120 (97)	-	- (133,376)	-	(1,487)	(1,211)		
Capital outlay Principal retirement	(130,687) (15,731)	(66,831) (13,251)	(155,576) (16,370)	(29,167) (15,929)	(793) (5,835)	(165) (5,835)		
Payments to refunding escrow agent	(176,500)	(172,620)	(28,074)	(28,160)	(0,000)	(0,000)		
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	-	132	75	31	-	-		
Passenger facility charges	15,916	18,365	-	-	-	-		
Other revenues Other expenses	2 (902)	1,078 (1,319)	492 (233)	715 (232)	750 (1)	348		
Total non - operating revenues (expenses)	(79,258)	(50,223)	(151,163)	(49,109)	(10,793)	(10,555)		
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(69,759)	(26,245)	(112,585)	198	13,441	20,538		
Capital grants and contributions	32,005	28,771	10,300	16,835	-	-		
Transfers in Transfers out	286,327 (286,074)	246,919 (246,919)	110,735 (111,109)	107,047 (107,316)	33,368 (48,432)	33,587 (51,130)		
Total contributions and transfers	32,258	28,771	9,926	16,566	(15,064)	(17,543)		
Change in net position	(37,501)	2,526	(102,659)	16,764	(1,623)	2,995		
Total net position - beginning	174,673	178,647	262,496	288,917	18,652	18,418		
Total net position - ending	\$ 137,172	\$ 181,173	\$ 159,837	\$ 305,681	\$ 17,029	\$ 21,413		
RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO G	AAP	¢ 0.504		ф <u>16</u> 764		¢ 0.005		
Change in net position, budgetary basis Add: Capital outlay		\$ 2,526 66,831		\$ 16,764 29,167		\$ 2,995 165		
Principal retirement		13,251		15,929		5,835		
Payments to refunding escrow agent		172,620		28,160		-		
Compensated absences		60		-		-		
Inventory adjustments Prepaid adjustment		67		105 59		- 28		
Capital contributions		-		21,995				
Accounts receivable adjustments		-		76		-		
Bond amortization		1,027		-		1,068		
Arbitrage rebate Pension expense adjustments		- 2,275		140 490		- 532		
Other postemployment benefits plan adjus	stments			490		919		
Less: Depreciation		(24,208)		(53,112)		(7,598)		
Fair value adjustment		-		(711)		(161)		
Inventory adjustments Compensated absences		-		(26)		(140)		
Bond amortization		-		(36) (204)		(10)		
Special assessment collections		-		(69)		-		
Bond proceeds		(181,641)		(28,251)		-		
Loss on discontinued projects		-		-		-		
Net book value of capital assets disposed Accounts receivable adjustments		(1,632)		(1,837)		(150) (2,609)		
Pension expense adjustments		-		-		(2,009)		
Other postemployment benefits plan adjus	stments	(2,013)		(1,410)				
Change in net position		\$ 49,163		\$ 27,255		\$ 874		

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

### Lee County, Florida COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

			Other Non-Major				Total							
		Solid	Waste	2		Tra	nsit							ariance 'ositive
OPERATING REVENUES	Bı	ıdget		Actual	E	Budget		Actual	H	Budget		Actual	(N	egative)
User fees Tolls	\$	94,758	\$	95,601	\$	3,809	\$	3,069	\$	260,956 41,393	\$	264,937 43,341	\$	3,981 1,948
Rentals and franchise fees Concessions		1,960		2,652		293		189		10,092 34,854		11,579 48,953		1,487 14,099
Miscellaneous		6,700		9,938		-		4		8,798		12,346		3,548
Total operating revenues		103,418		108,191		4,102		3,262		356,093		381,156		25,063
Less: Rebates		- 103.418		- 108.191		-		-		(3,500)		(7,745)		(4,245)
Net operating revenues OPERATING EXPENSES						4,102		3,262		352,593		373,411		20,818
Salaries and wages		7,321 2,936		7,473 2,944		12,546 6,082		11,822 5,940		66,729		66,213 25,824		516 1,339
Employee benefits Pension and OPEB expense		2,936		2,944 856		6,082 1,454		5,940 1,540		27,163 9,177		23,824 9,722		(545)
Contractual services, materials, and supplies		69,520		70,812		7,267		3,475		144,303		129,253		15,050
Utilities		1,251		1,128		435		478		12,674		12,428		246
Repairs and maintenance		2,049		1,891		1,382		1,734		10,886		12,870		(1,984)
Insurance		470		434		537		537		4,860		4,825		35
Other Total operating expenses		1,717 85,966		1,675 87,213		1,119 30,822		1,068 26,594		13,758 289,550		10,252 271,387	-	3,506 18,163
Operating income (loss)		17,452		20,978		(26,720)		(23,332)		63,043		102,024		38,981
NON - OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								()						
Interest revenue		821		444		120		11		7,138		1,867		(5,271)
Taxes		2,763		2,803		-		-		2,763		2,803		40
Special assessment collections Grants		(645)		- (899)		- 21,795		- 15,629		55 38,207		69 28,177		14 (10,030)
Bond proceeds		-		-				- 10,02		224,500		181,641		(42,859)
Other debt proceeds		-		-		-		-		28,251		28,251		-
Interest expense		(2,331)		(2,179)		-		-		(26,851)		(22,835)		4,016
Excess fees - City of Sanibel		-		-		-		-		(1,487)		(1,211)		276
Capital outlay Principal retirement		(11,683) (6,075)		(3,214) (6,075)		(17,540)		(4,614)		(294,079) (44,011)		(103,991)		190,088 2,921
Payments to refunding escrow agent		(8,075)		(8,075)		-		-		(204,574)		(41,090) (200,780)		3,794
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets		183		185		105		137		363		485		122
Passenger facility charges		-		-		-		-		15,916		18,365		2,449
Other revenues		-		2		10		-		1,254		2,143		889
Other expenses		-		-		4,490		- 11,163		(1,136)		(1,551)		(415) 146,034
Total non - operating revenues (expenses) Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(16,967) 485		(8,933) 12,045		(22,230)		(12,169)		(253,691) (190,648)		(107,657) (5,633)		146,034
Capital grants and contributions		-		- 12,010		19,359		4,948		61,664		50,554		(11,110)
Transfers in		59,407		56,347		3,756		3,681		493,593		447,581		(46,012)
Transfers out		(59,390)		(56,195)		(606)		-		(505,611)		(461,560)		44,051
Total contributions and transfers		17 502		152		22,509		8,629		49,646		36,575		(13,071)
Change in net position Total net position - beginning		502 113,202		12,197 107,519		279 6,577		(3,540) (4,893)		(141,002) 575,600		30,942 588,608		171,944 13,008
Total net position - ending	\$	113,704	\$	119,716	\$	6,856	\$	(8,433)	\$	434,598	\$	619,550	\$	184,952
RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO G	GAAP													
Change in net position, budgetary basis			\$	12,197			\$	(3,540)			\$	30,942		
Add: Capital outlay				3,214				4,614				103,991		
Principal retirement Payments to refunding escrow agent				6,075				-				41,090 200,780		
Compensated absences				41				20				121		
Inventory adjustments				-				-				172		
Prepaid adjustment				73				9				169		
Capital contributions				-				-				21,995		
Accounts receivable adjustments Bond amortization				- 1,194				-				76 3,289		
Arbitrage rebate				-				_				140		
Pension expense adjustments				84				136				3,517		
Other postemployment benefits plan adjust	stments			132				-				1,051		
Less: Depreciation				(14,375)				(4,650)				(103,943)		
Fair value adjustment Inventory adjustments				(285)				(6)				(1,163)		
Compensated absences				-				-				(140) (46)		
Bond amortization				-				-				(204)		
Special assessment collections				-				-				(69)		
Bond proceeds				-				-				(209,892)		
Loss on discontinued projects Net book value of capital assets disposed				(53)				- (10 <b>2</b> )				(53) (5 144)		
Net book value of capital assets disposed Accounts receivable adjustments				(1,333)				(192)				(5,144) (2,609)		
Pension expense adjustments				-				-						
Other postemployment benefits plan adjus	stments			-				(1,902)				(5,325)		
Change in net position			\$	6,964			\$	(5,511)			\$	78,745		

# **Internal Service** Funds

### Internal Service Fund Descriptions

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one County department or agency to other County departments or agencies on a cost reimbursement basis, including depreciation.

*Information Technology*- To account for the costs of operating the County data processing facility and telephone communication system. Such costs are billed to other departments at estimated cost of operations, plus amounts for equipment replacement and additions.

*Governmental Communications Network*- To account for the costs of operating the radio communication system owned by the County. Such costs are billed to other departments at estimated cost of operations, plus amounts for equipment replacement and additions.

*Self-Insurance Group Health and Dental-* To account for the assessed premiums, claims, and administration of the County for group health and dental insurance. Such costs are billed to other departments and agencies at estimated cost of operations.

*Self-Insurance General Liability-* To account for the assessed premiums, claims, and administration of the County's risk management, including auto liability, workers' compensation, and property liability. Such costs are billed to other departments and agencies at estimated cost of operations.

*Fleet Management-* To account for the costs of operation for the repair and maintenance of County owned/leased vehicles and equipment. Such costs are billed to other departments at estimated cost of operations, plus amounts for equipment replacement and additions.

*Sheriff's Internal Service-* To account for the assessed premiums, claims, and administration of the Sheriff's group health insurance.

### Lee County, Florida COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS As of September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Governmental Self-Insurance					
	Information	Communications	Group Health and Dental	General Liability	Fleet	Internal	Total
ASSETS	Technology	Network	and Dental	Liability	Management	Service	Total
Current Assets:							
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 4,685	\$ 1,342	\$ 18,768	\$ 10,169	\$ 4,359	\$ 25,044	\$ 64,367
Receivables (net)	2		407	9	18		436
Due from other funds	530	23	487	1	38	-	1,079
Due from other governments	6	-	76	-	-	-	82
Inventories	-	-	-	-	529	-	529
Other	554	60	-	417	2	-	1,033
Total current assets	5,777	1,425	19,738	10,596	4,946	25,044	67,526
Noncurrent Assets:							
Capital assets:							
- Non-depreciable	-	7,069	-	-	1,666	-	8,735
Depreciable	11,042	12,992	-	-	40,306	-	64,340
Less accumulated depreciation	(7,121)	(10,909)	-	-	(25,573)	-	(43,603)
Total noncurrent assets	3,921	9,152	-	-	16,399	-	29,472
Total assets	9,698	10,577	19,738	10,596	21,345	25,044	96,998
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unamortized pension costs and subsequent							
contributions	244	74	107	96	522	-	1,043
Unamortized other postemployment benefits costs	376	63	101	115	573	-	1,228
Total deferred outflows of resources	620	137	208	211	1,095	-	2,271
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Contracts and accounts payable	1,173	3	953	47	542	143	2,861
Accrued liabilities	30	4	6	7	39	-	86
Due to other governments	16	71	3	4	45	-	139
Unearned Revenue	-	21	-	-	-	-	21
Self-insurance claims payable	-	-	8,335	1,745	-	2,363	12,443
Compensated absences	1	1	2	3	12	-	19
Net pension liability	2		1	1	3	-	7
Total current liabilities	1,222	100	9,300	1,807	641	2,506	15,576

### Lee County, Florida COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS As of September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Governmental Self-Insurance				Sheriff's	
	Information	Communications	Group Health	General	Fleet	Internal	
	Technology	Network	and Dental	Liability	Management	Service	Total
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Self-insurance claims payable	-	-	-	12,103	-	-	12,103
Compensated absences	17	18	30	36	166	-	267
Net pension liability	579	125	197	198	1,020	-	2,119
Total other postemployment benefits liability	2,047	341	551	624	3,119	-	6,682
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,643	484	778	12,961	4,305	-	21,171
Total liabilities	3,865	584	10,078	14,768	4,946	2,506	36,747
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unamortized pension costs	577	202	284	245	1,357	-	2,665
Unamortized other postemployment benefits costs	1,085	181	292	331	1,653	-	3,542
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,662	383	576	576	3,010	-	6,207
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	3,845	9,152	-	-	16,277	-	29,274
Unrestricted (deficit)	946	595	9,292	(4,537)	(1,793)	22,538	27,041
Total net position	\$ 4,791	\$ 9,747	\$ 9,292	\$ (4,537)	\$ 14,484	\$ 22,538	\$ 56,315

### Lee County, Florida COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

### For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

### (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Governmental	Self - In	surance		Sheriff's		
	Information	Communications	Group Health	General	Fleet	Internal		
	Technology	Network	and Dental	Liability	Management	Service	Total	
OPERATING REVENUES								
User fees	\$ 14,670	\$ 3,338	\$ 84,609	\$ 8,790	\$ 8,742	\$ 40,544	\$ 160,693	
Total operating revenues	14,670	3,338	84,609	8,790	8,742	40,544	160,693	
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Salaries and wages	704	315	411	406	2,105	-	3,941	
Employee benefits	138	120	148	155	802	-	1,363	
Pension and OPEB expense	2,508	(63)	231	44	(154)	-	2,566	
Contractual services, materials and supplies	10,126	267	4,575	374	2,593	2,962	20,897	
Utilities	1,725	1,491	5	6	78	-	3,305	
Repairs and maintenance	803	70	-	1	2,407	-	3,281	
Insurance	6	4	-	4,767	19	3,006	7,802	
Insurance claims	-	-	79,832	4,413	-	29,413	113,658	
Other	103	511	223	149	471	-	1,457	
Depreciation	694	248	-	-	2,199	-	3,141	
Total operating expenses	16,807	2,963	85,425	10,315	10,520	35,381	161,411	
Operating income (loss)	(2,137)	375	(816)	(1,525)	(1,778)	5,163	(718)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment earnings	2	(5)	16	(1)	4	4	20	
Grants	-	(128)	-	-	-	-	(128)	
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(302)	(113)	-	-	419	-	4	
Other revenues	28	433	3	-	207	-	671	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(272)	187	19	(1)	630	4	567	
Income (loss) before transfers	(2,409)	562	(797)	(1,526)	(1,148)	5,167	(151)	
Transfers in	-	2,698	-	-	3,000	-	5,698	
Transfers out	-	(1,500)	-	-	-	-	(1,500)	
Total transfers	0	1,198	0	0	3,000	0	4,198	
Change in net position	(2,409)	1,760	(797)	(1,526)	1,852	5,167	4,047	
Total net position - beginning - as restated	7,200	7,987	10,089	(3,011)	12,632	17,371	52,268	
Total net position - ending	\$ 4,791	\$ 9,747	\$ 9,292	\$ (4,537)	\$ 14,484	\$ 22,538	\$ 56,315	

# Lee County, Florida COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		ormation hnology	Comn	ernmental nunications etwork	Grou	Insurance 1p Health l Dental	G	Insurance eneral ability	Fleet agement	Iı	heriff's nternal vice Fund		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES													
Receipts from customers and users	\$	(472)	\$	2,136	\$	15,196	\$	21	\$ 292	\$	-	\$	17,173
Receipts from interfund services provided		14,667		1,709		68,878		8,780	8,647		40,544		143,225
Payments to suppliers		(12,486)		(2,226)		(84,186)		(9,023)	(5,505)		(35,237)	(	(148,663)
Payments to employees		(830)		(416)		(509)		(357)	(2,564)		-		(4,676)
Payments for interfund services used		(165)		(225)		(140)		(154)	 (815)		-		(1,499)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		714		978		(761)		(733)	55		5,307		5,560
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	5												
Non-capital grant issued		-		(128)		-		-	-		-		(128)
Transfer in		-		2,698		-		-	3,000		-		5,698
Transfer out		-		(1,500)		-		-	-		-		(1,500)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		-	1	1,070				-	 3,000		_		4,070
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES													
Capital asset purchases		(4)		(4,609)		-		-	(3,346)		-		(7,959)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-	 609		-		609
Net cash (used in) capital and													
related financing activities		(4)		(4,609)		-		-	(2,737)		-		(7,350)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES													
Interest on investments		4		-		32		8	8		4		56
Net cash provided by investing activities		4		-		32		8	 8		4		56
Net increase (decrease) in cash and													
equity in pooled cash and investments		714		(2,561)		(729)		(725)	326		5,311		2,336
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		3,971		3,903		19,497		10,894	4,033		19,733		62,031
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	4,685	\$	1,342	\$	18,768	\$	10,169	\$ 4,359	\$	25,044	\$	64,367
Classified as:									 				_
Current assets	\$	4,685	\$	1,342	\$	18,768	\$	10,169	\$ 4,359	\$	25,044	\$	64,367
See accompanying independent auditors' report.									 			(co	ntinued)

# Lee County, Florida COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Information Technology		Governmental Communications Network	Self-Insurance Group Health and Dental	Self-Insurance General Liability	Ma	Fleet anagement	In	neriff's ternal ice Fund	r	Total
NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIV											
Purchase of capital assets on account	\$ 76			\$ -	\$ -	\$	123	\$	-	\$	199
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(302	2)	(113)	-	-		(191)		-		(606)
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	CASH										
Operating income (loss)	\$ (2,137	7) 5	\$ 375	\$ (816)	\$ (1,525)	\$	(1,778)	\$	5,163	\$	(718)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation Other revenues	694 28		248 433	- 3	-		2,199 207		-		3,141 671
Other expense	20	,	100	0			207				-
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	-	-	15	(33)	12		(12)		-		(18)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	(499	))	4	(487)	(1)		2		-		(981)
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments	(4	/	34	(17)	-		-		-		13
(Increase) in inventories	`. -	-	-	-	-		(66)		-		(66)
(Increase) decrease in other assets	(92	2)	-	-	(5)		1		-		(96)
(Decrease) in contracts and accounts payable	310	)	(25)	(393)	(193)		(59)		(5)		(365)
Increase in accrued liabilities	22	2	-	1	1		6		-		30
(Decrease) in due to other funds	(10	))	-	-	-		-		-		(10)
Increase in due to other governments	ç	)	7	-	1		10		-		27
Increase in unearned revenues	-	-	21	-	-		-		-		21
(Decrease) in compensated absences	(8	3)	(3)	(3)	(4)		(15)		-		(33)
(Decrease) in net pension liability	(123	3)	(283)	(267)	(318)		(1,759)		-		(2,750)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pensions	(31	)	48	32	55		294		-		398
Increase in deferred inflows related to pensions	567	7	195	276	235		1,303		-		2,576
Increase (decrease) in total other postemployment											
benefits liability	1,288	3	(202)	(56)	(191)		(1,305)		-		(466)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to											
other postemployment benefits	(252	<u>2</u> )	26	(2)	18		149		-		(61)
Increase in deferred inflows related to											
other postemployment benefits	952	2	85	185	188		878		-		2,288
Increase in other liabilities			-	816	994		-		149		1,959
Total adjustments	2,851		603	55	792		1,833		144		6,278
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 714	<u> </u>	\$ 978	\$ (761)	\$ (733)	\$	55	\$	5,307	\$	5,560

### Lee County, Florida COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Ir	nformation	Tech	nology	Сог	Goverr nmunicat				Self-Insura Health ar		
	E	Budget		Actual	В	udget	A	Actual	E	Budget	1	Actual
OPERATING REVENUES	¢	14 554	¢	14 (70	¢	2 250	¢	2 2 2 2	¢	96 222	¢	84 (00
User fees	\$	14,556	\$	14,670	\$	3,350	\$	3,338	\$	86,332	\$	84,609
Total operating revenues OPERATING EXPENSES		14,556		14,670		3,350		3,338		86,332		84,609
Salaries and wages		519		712		419		318		407		414
Employee benefits		124		138		149		120		149		148
Pension and OPEB expense		55		107		75		68		61		63
Contractual services, materials, and supplies		10,395		10,169		259		245		5,036		4,575
Utilities		1,696		1,724		1,093		1,491		4		5
Repairs and maintenance		656		853		72		81		-		-
Insurance		6		6		4		4		-		-
Insurance claims		-		-		-		-		83,427		79,016
Other		131		103		405		513		227		223
Total operating expenses		13,582		13,812		2,476		2,840		89,311		84,444
Operating income (loss)		974		858		874		498		(2,979)		165
NON - OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	-	7/1		000		071		170		(2,57.5)		100
Interest revenue		25		13		25		5		175		73
Grants						(133)		(136)		-		-
Capital outlay		(1,192)		(76)		(4,922)		(2,538)		-		-
Proceeds from capital asset disposal		(-/-/ _/ -		-		(- <i>,</i> ,) -		(_,,		-		-
Other revenues		-		28		397		433		-		3
Total non - operating revenues (expenses)		(1,167)		(35)		(4,633)		(2,236)		175		76
Income (loss) before transfers		(193)		823		(3,759)		(1,738)		(2,804)		241
Transfers in		-		-		3,520		2,698		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		(1,500)		(1,500)		-		-
Total transfers		-		-		2,020		1,198		-		-
Change in net position		(193)		823		(1,739)		(540)		(2,804)		241
Total net position - beginning		3,644		5,673		1,867		629		18,545		19,432
Total net position - ending	\$	3,451	\$	6,496	\$	128	\$	89	\$	15,741	\$	19,673
RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAR	þ											
Change in net position, budgetary basis			\$	823			\$	(540)			\$	241
Add: Capital outlay				76				2,538				-
Compensated absences				8				3				3
Prepaid adjustments				92				-				-
Inventory adjustment				-				-				-
Pension expense adjustments				-				40				-
Other postemployment benefits plan adjustment	nts			-				91				-
Less: Depreciation				(694)				(248)				-
Fair value adjustment				(11)				(10)				(57)
Prepaid adjustments				-				(1)				-
Net book value of capital assets disposed				(302)				(113)				-
Claims payable adjustment				-				-				(816)
Pension expense adjustments				(413)				-				(41)
Other postemployment benefits plan adjustme	nts			(1,988)				-				(127)
Change in net position			\$	(2,409)			\$	1,760			\$	(797)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

(continued)

### Lee County, Florida COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	S	elf-Insura	nce Ge	eneral								Total		
		Liał	oility			Fleet Mai	nagen	nent					Va	ariance
													Р	ositive
	В	udget	A	Actual	E	Budget	A	Actual	I	Budget		Actual	(N	egative)
OPERATING REVENUES User fees	¢	8,790	\$	8,790	¢	10,326	\$	8,742	\$	102 254	\$	120,149	\$	(2, 205)
Total operating revenues	æ	8,790	φ	8,790	φ	10,326	æ	8,742	φ	123,354 123,354	Φ	120,149	φ	(3,205)
OPERATING EXPENSES		0,790		0,790		10,320		0,742		123,334		120,149		(3,203)
Salaries and wages		436		410		2,238		2,120		4,019		3,974		45
Employee benefits		170		155		904		802		1,496		1,363		133
Pension and OPEB expense		58		57		263		286		512		581		(69)
Contractual services, materials, and supplies		400		374		3,409		2,658		19,499		18,021		1,478
Utilities		7		6		109		78		2,909		3,304		(395)
Repairs and maintenance		1		1		3,032		2,407		3,761		3,342		419
Insurance		4,396		4,772		19		19		4,425		4,801		(376)
Insurance claims		7,250		3,419		-		-		90,677		82,435		8,242
Other		69		149		490		471		1,322		1,459		(137)
Total operating expenses		12,787		9,343		10,464		8,841		128,620		119,280		9,340
Operating income (loss)		(3,997)		(553)		(138)		(99)		(5,266)		869		6,135
NON - OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)														
Interest revenue		100		32		30		17		355		140		(215)
Grants		-		-		-		-		(133)		(136)		(3)
Capital outlay		-		-		(5,074)		(3,601)		(11,188)		(6,215)		4,973
Proceeds from capital asset disposal		-		-		400		609		400		609		209
Other revenues		-		-		3		207		400		671		271
Total non - operating revenues (expenses)		100 (3,897)		32 (521)		(4,641)		(2,768)		(10,166)		(4,931)		5,235
Income (loss) before transfers Transfers in		(3,097)		(321)		(4,779) 3,000		(2,867) 3,000		(15,432) 6,520		(4,062) 5,698		11,370 (822)
Transfers out		_		-		-		-		(1,500)		(1,500)		(022)
Total transfers		-		-		3,000		3,000		5,020		4,198		(822)
Change in net position		(3,897)		(521)		(1,779)		133		(10,412)		136		10,548
Total net position - beginning		10,808		8,525		3,653		2,484		38,517		36,743		(1,774)
Total net position - ending	\$	6,911	\$	8,004	\$	1,874	\$	2,617	\$	28,105	\$	36,879	\$	8,774
RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO		ΔP												
Change in net position, budgetary basis	0111		\$	(521)			\$	133			\$	136		
Add: Capital outlay			Ψ	(021)			Ψ	3,601			Ψ	6,215		
Compensated absences				4				15				33		
Prepaid adjustments				5				-				97		
Inventory adjustment				-				66				66		
Pension expense adjustments				28				162				230		
Other postemployment benefits plan ac	ljustm	ents		-				278				369		
Less: Depreciation	,			-				(2,199)				(3,141)		
Fair value adjustment				(33)				(13)				(124)		
Prepaid adjustments				-				(1)				(2)		
Net book value of capital assets dispose	ed			-				(190)				(605)		
Claims payable adjustment				(994)				-				(1,810)		
Pension expense adjustments				-				-				(454)		
Other postemployment benefits plan ac	ljustm	ients		(15)				-				(2,130)		
Change in net position			\$	(1,526)			\$	1,852			\$	(1,120)		



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# Fiduciary Funds



# Custodial Fund Descriptions

Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a fiduciary capacity for individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

*Clerk of Circuit Court*- To account for the assets held by the Clerk of Circuit Court in a fiduciary capacity for individuals, organizations, and other governments. The Clerk reports activity for five Custodial Funds: Fines and Forfeitures, Jury and Witness, Delinquent Tax, Registry of Court and Cash Bonds and Deposits.

*Tax Collector-* To account for the assets held by the Tax Collector in a fiduciary capacity for individuals, organizations, or other governments. These assets are held for the following purposes: Fee Operating Fund, License and Permit, Occupational License, Tag Agency, Taxes/Ad Valorem, and Taxes - Individual Certificates.

# Lee County, Florida COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS As of September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	С	lerk of			
	C	Circuit		Tax	
	(	Court	Co	ollector	Total
ASSETS					
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	31,836	\$	13,516	\$ 45,352
Accounts receivable		-		3	3
Due from other governments		-		550	550
Total Assets		31,836		14,069	45,905
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION					
Contracts and accounts payable		3		-	3
Due to individuals		-		1,642	1,642
Due to other governments		8,093		12,427	20,520
Total Liabilities		8,096		14,069	 22,165
Fiduciary Net Position Restricted for					
Individuals, organizations, and other governments		23,740		-	23,740
Total fiduciary net position		23,740		-	 23,740
Total liabilities and fiduciary net position	\$	31,836	\$	14,069	\$ 45,905

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

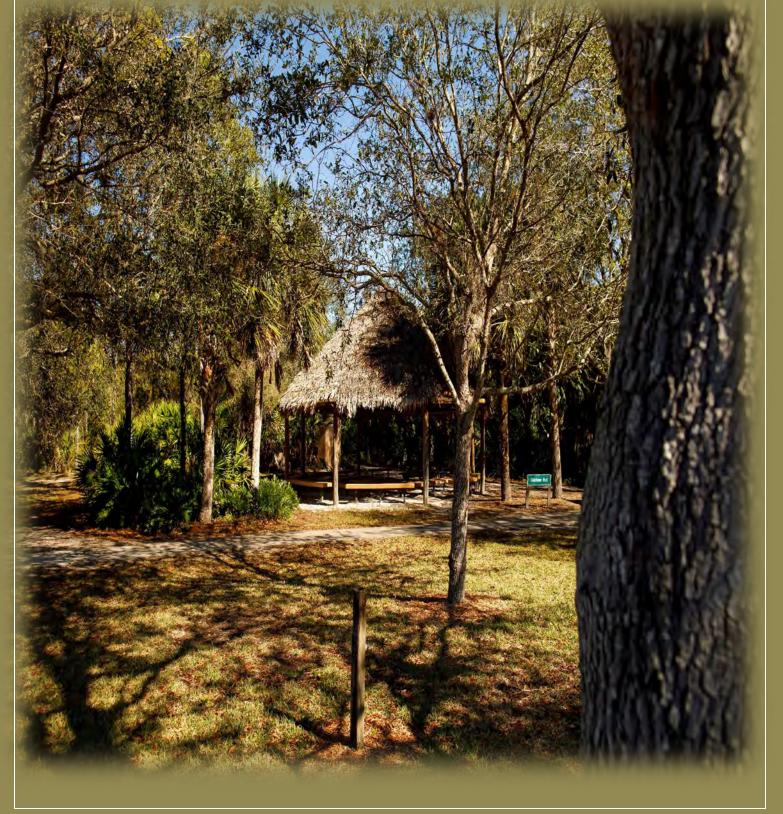
# Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	(	Clerk of Circuit Court	 Tax Collector	 Total
ADDITIONS				
Fees/Fines collected for other governments	\$	244,472	\$ 1,325,790	\$ 1,570,262
Registry and other deposits collected		54,291	-	54,291
Total additions		298,763	1,325,790	1,624,553
DEDUCTIONS Fees/Fines disbursed to other governments Registry and other deposits disbursed Total deductions		244,472 44,285 288,757	 1,325,790 - 1,325,790	 1,570,262 44,285 1,614,547
Change in fiduciary net position		10,006	-	10,006
Fiduciary net position - beginning (as restated)		13,734		13,734
Fiduciary net position - ending	\$	23,740	\$ -	\$ 23,740

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

# Statistical Section



# Statistical Section Descriptions (unaudited)

The statistical data presents detailed information as a context for understanding Lee County's overall financial health.

# Contents

# Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

#### *Revenue Capacity*

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

### Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt, and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

### Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

#### **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the government provides, and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year.

# Lee County, Florida SCHEDULE 1 NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands)

	2012	<u>2013<sup>(1)</sup></u>	<u>2014<sup>(2)</sup></u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018(3)	<u>2019</u>	2020	<u>2021<sup>(4)</sup></u>
Governmental Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,568,248	\$ 1,568,957	\$ 1,534,250	\$ 1,520,900	\$ 1,516,589	\$ 1,521,927	\$ 1,574,297	\$ 1,617,775	\$ 1,664,219	\$ 1,705,218
Restricted for:										
Capital projects	74,621	66,647	75,847	105,692	127,648	152,764	167,027	167,230	198,001	203,337
Debt service	11,239	11,998	12,969	8,012	10,011	10,110	22,154	11,609	11,777	11,873
Inventory for resale	2,134	1,853	2,370	2,301	1,562	414	410	404	416	294
Special revenue funds	59,119	61,394	63,580	77,274	80,192	84,934	92,651	105,135	123,973	139,896
Unrestricted	305,959	232,952	205,038	(2,694)	(47,729)	(336,609)	(471,805)	(558,635)	(636,341)	(552,416)
Governmental activities net position	2,021,320	1,943,801	1,894,054	1,711,485	1,688,273	1,433,540	1,384,734	1,343,518	1,362,045	1,508,202
Business-type Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	1,041,260	1,061,519	1,073,096	1,097,836	1,123,905	1,162,447	1,167,094	1,205,238	1,247,707	1,291,191
Restricted for:										
Capital projects	59,051	56,200	51,124	67,931	84,864	98,620	123,244	141,619	134,613	123,254
Debt service	26,155	24,971	30,908	32,265	28,204	33,955	30,937	32,846	36,201	29,291
Renewal and replacement	10,249	8,520	17,481	20,632	24,135	26,120	28,154	23,728	25,710	50,851
Unrestricted	268,066	272,561	304,102	250,618	259,403	187,005	169,639	166,077	123,986	151,022
Business-type activities net position	1,404,781	1,423,771	1,476,711	1,469,282	1,520,511	1,508,147	1,519,068	1,569,508	1,568,217	1,645,609
Primary Government										
Net investment in capital assets	2,609,508	2,630,476	2,607,346	2,618,736	2,640,494	2,684,374	2,741,391	2,823,013	2,911,926	2,996,409
Restricted for:	2,007,000	2,000,110	2,007,010	2,010,700	2,010,171	2,001,071	2,7 11,071	2,020,010	2,711,720	2,000,100
Capital projects	133,672	122,847	126,971	173,623	212,512	251,384	290,271	308,849	332,614	326,591
Debt service	37,394	36,969	43,877	40,277	38,215	44,065	53,091	44,455	47,978	41,164
Inventory for resale	2,134	1,853	2,370	2,301	1,562	414	410	404	416	294
Special revenue funds	59,119	61,394	63,580	77,274	80,192	84,934	92,651	105,135	123,973	139,896
Renewal and replacement	10,249	8,520	17,481	20,632	24,135	26,120	28,154	23,728	25,710	50,851
Unrestricted	574,025	505,513	509,140	247,924	211,674	(149,604)	(302,166)	(392,558)	(512,355)	(401,394)
Total primary government net position	\$ 3,426,101	\$ 3,367,572	\$ 3,370,765	\$ 3,180,767	\$ 3,208,784	\$ 2,941,687	\$ 2,903,802	\$ 2,913,026	\$ 2,930,262	\$ 3,153,811

Note: Accounting standards require that net position be reported in three components in the financial statements: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

1) Fiscal year 2013 reflects a cumulative prior period adjustment to remove bond issuance costs from the statement of net position as required by GASB 65 and to correct amortization from a prior year.

2) Fiscal year 2014 reflects a cummulative prior period adjustment for the Clerk's Child Support Enforcement Fund, a non-major special revenue fund, for expenditures omitted in prior years.

3) Fiscal Year 2018 balances are restated due to a prior period adjustment related to OPEB.

4) Fiscal Year 2021 reflects cumulative prior period adjustments for Sheriff claims payable, Sheriff unearned revenues, and the implementation of GASB 84.

#### Lee County, Florida SCHEDULE 2 CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands)

	2012		2013(2)		2014 <sup>(3)</sup>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		2018 <sup>(4)</sup>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>		2021 <sup>(5)</sup>
Expenses																			
Governmental Activities:																			
General government	\$ 206,427	\$	207,265	\$	200,741	\$	208,748	\$	228,779	\$	216,689	\$	259,143	\$	256,680	\$	326,768	\$	327,543
Public safety	202,799		204,534		210,796		209,156		234,012		261,812		281,579		296,367		295,003		270,408
Physical environment	14,665		16,907		21,512		13,919		13,251		13,961		15,393		21,293		16,617		16,160
Transportation	54,600		64,484		57,101		57,719		56,614		66,170		66,161		75,011		76,784		73,550
Economic environment	30,613		24,337		25,048		27,276		28,571		30,898		34,395		34,064		28,478		31,403
Human services	26,796		20,474		20,481		20,273		21,528		22,379		27,512		23,532		24,628		33,767
Culture and recreation	64,689		70,437		71,816		78,393		79,514		81,038		94,304		94,958		86,737		83,611
Interest on long-term debt	14,448		12,557		12,136		11,189		10,494		10,125		9,682		9,387		6,771		6,389
Total governmental activities expenses	615,037		620,995		619,631		626,673	_	672,763	_	703,072		788,169	_	811,292		861,786		842,831
Business-type Activities:																			
Airport	98,489		103,994		105,761		104,830		118,403		118,706		117,411		119,464		123,601		114,349
Water and wastewater	106,981		105,921		105,469		104,153		107,311		112,498		122,288		137,374		136,499		130,186
Transit	23,511		26,932		23,944		27,171		28,713		30,816		34,879		35,914		32,767		33,415
Transportation facilities	25,392		25,816		27,113		24,064		23,191		23,457		21,118		26,177		23,238		25,408
Solid waste	77,123		82,683		79,264		84,378		90,159		96,222		130,399		105,596		103,896		104,506
Total business-type activities expenses	331,496		345,346		341,551		344,566		367,777		381,699		426,095		424,525		420,001		407,864
Total primary government expenses	\$ 946,533	\$	966,341	\$	961,182	\$	971,239	\$	1,040,540	\$	1,084,771	\$	1,214,264	\$	1,235,817	\$ 1,	,281,787	\$	1,250,695
Program Revenues																			
Governmental Activities:																			
Charges for services:																			
General government	\$ 53,738	\$	59,365	\$	65,673	\$	68,019	\$	73,047	\$	70,823	\$	72,749	\$	74,266	\$	74,626	\$	83,955
Public safety	34,843		38,992		39,925		41,707		43,416		41,992		47,012		47,215		44,933		46,608
Physical environment	1,783		2,004		2,184		2,134		2,039		2,088		2,336		2,588		2,529		2,602
Transportation	1,178		939		920		905		1,024		1,225		1,107		1,471		1,700		5,167
Economic environment	2,025		795		592		550		440		495		633		170		211		88
Human services	2,403		2,579		2,099		2,236		2,542		2,643		2,717		2,807		2,620		2,677
Culture and recreation	5,396		5,882		6,396		6,626		6,276		6,343		6,306		6,463		5,339		6,156
Operating grants and contributions	50,227		43,615		32,799		35,056		35,317		35,515		36,129		36,030		103,754		137,039
Capital grants and contributions	10,898		10,943		3,327		6,537		13,870		16,327		14,871		28,071		21,755		66,888
Governmental activities program revenues	162,491		165,114		153,915		163,770		177,971		177,451		183,860	_	199,081		257,467		351,180
Business-type Activities:																			
Charges for services:																			
Airport	98,989		104,009		107,250		109,705		111,544		115,401		119,945		123,102		99,562		119,741
Water and wastewater	90,991		97,760		102,740		106,787		108,034		112,021		112,614		115,469		116,654		117,183
Transit	3,690		3,846		3,703		4,000		4,052		4,015		4,063		4,129		2,923		3,262
Transportation facilities	37,448		38,725		41,179		43,083		44,792		44,365		45,678		46,806		42,461		43,399
Solid waste	76,964		70,094		73,264		72,407		76,078		81,541		91,426		93,966		90,415		105,539
Operating grants and contributions	5,582		5,657		6,381		6,493		8,012		6,876		7,206		10,784		50,781		29,258
Capital grants and contributions	17,076		42,245		47,612		40,757		57,482		55,114		45,668		59,398		44,475		72,549
Business-type activities program revenues	330,740		362,336		382,129		383,232		409,994		419,333		426,600		453,654		447,271		490,931
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 493,231	\$	527,450	\$	536,044	\$	547,002	\$		\$	596,784	\$	610,460	\$	652,735	-	704.738	\$	842,111
Town primary government program revenues	φ =70,201	φ	027,100	Ψ	000,011	Ψ	011,002	φ	007,700	Ψ	070,101	Ψ	010/100	Ψ	002,100	Ψ	.01/00	Ψ	016/111

(continued)

#### Lee County, Florida SCHEDULE 2 CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands)

		<u>2012</u>	2013(2)		<u>2014<sup>(3)</sup></u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>	2017		2018 <sup>(4)</sup>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>	-	2021 <sup>(5)</sup>
Net (Expense) Revenue <sup>(1)</sup>	<i>•</i>	(1=========	(1== 001)	<i>•</i>	(		(4.68.0000)		((0) = 00)	(=== (==1)	<i>•</i>	((2, 2, 2, 2, 2))	<i>•</i>	((10.011)	<i>•</i>	((0, 0, 0, 1, 0))	<i>•</i>	(101 (=1)
Governmental Activities	\$	(452,546)	\$ (455,881)	\$	(465,716)	\$	(462,903)	\$	(494,792)	\$ (525,621)	\$	(604,309)	\$	(612,211)	\$	(604,319)	\$	(491,651)
Business-type Activities	<u>_</u>	(756)	 16,990	-	40,578	<b>_</b>	38,666	-	42,217	 37,634	<b>_</b>	505		29,129		27,270	Φ.	83,067
Total primary government net expense	\$	(453,302)	\$ (438,891)	\$	(425,138)	\$	(424,237)	\$	(452,575)	\$ (487,987)	\$	(603,804)	\$	(583,082)	\$	(577,049)	\$	(408,584)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position																		
Governmental Activities:																		
Taxes																		
Property taxes	\$	255,944	\$ 254,662	\$	274,203	\$	292,170	\$	308,241	\$ 328,696	\$	356,849	\$	372,865	\$	397,610	\$	425,375
Gas taxes		17,116	17,992		18,616		20,157		20,404	20,860		21,244		21,440		20,364		22,530
Tourist taxes		26,672	28,535		33,197		37,560		39,638	39,651		42,346		42,584		37,990		52,822
Communication taxes		9,561	9,559		9,606		9,268		8,705	9,470		7,426		7,299		6,894		6,540
Franchise fees		8,013	8,355		16,330		19,476		17,369	17,209		17,494		18,362		18,176		18,775
Local Business taxes		-	-		-		-		-	888		972		985		933		929
Unrestricted grants and contributions		49,484	52,668		57,258		61,140		63,286	65,326		75,186		73,969		70,123		84,359
Investment earnings		2,729	1,826		866		2,860		4,728	6,109		10,223		20,172		11,113		1,030
Miscellaneous		8,744	12,965		16,443		13,698		10,292	9,163		17,791		10,900		15,085		8,964
Transfers		(8,768)	(6,045)		(8,396)		12,323		(1,083)	(139)		5,972		2,419		44,558		13,977
Total governmental activities general revenues and transfers		369,495	 380,517		418,123		468,652		471,580	 497,233		555,503	_	570,995		622,846		635,301
Business-type Activities:																		
Property taxes		1,077	561		568		584		1,257	1,864		2,142		2,103		2,266		2,803
Franchise fees		1,701	1,677		1,654		1,778		1,984	2,464		2,328		2,366		2,383		2,652
Investment earnings		1,180	1,034		605		1,580		3,129	5,210		9,557		17,156		9,465		704
Miscellaneous		886	1,300		1,139		1,762		1,559	1,921		2,361		2,105		1,883		2,143
Special item-loss on discontinued project		(16,946)	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Transfers		8,768	6,045		8,396		(12,323)		1,083	139		(5,972)		(2,419)		(44,558)		(13,977)
Total Business-type activities general revenues, special			 															
item, and transfers		(3,334)	10,617		12,362		(6,619)		9,012	11,598		10,416		21,311		(28,561)		(5,675)
Total primary government general revenues,																<u> </u>		<u> </u>
special item, and transfers	\$	366,161	\$ 391,134	\$	430,485	\$	462,033	\$	480,592	\$ 508,831	\$	565,919	\$	592,306	\$	594,285	\$	629,626
Change in Net Position																		
Governmental activities	\$	(83,051)	\$ (75,364)	\$	(47,593)	\$	5,749	\$	(23,212)	\$ (28,388)	\$	(48,806)	\$	(41,216)	\$	18,527	\$	143,650
Business-type activities		(4,090)	27,607		52,940		32,047		51,229	49,232		10,921		50,440		(1,291)		77,392
Total primary government	\$	(87,141)	\$ (47,757)	\$	5,347	\$	37,796	\$	28,017	\$ 20,844	\$	(37,885)	\$	9,224	\$	17,236	\$	221,042
		<u>, ,                                  </u>	 ( , )	<u> </u>	,					 ,	<u> </u>	( , )		,	_			

1) Net (expense)/revenue is the difference between the expenses and program revenues of a function or program. It indicates the degree to which a function or program is supported with its own fees and program-specific grants versus its reliance upon funding from taxes and other general revenues. Numbers in parentheses indicate that expenses were greater than program revenues and therefore general revenues were needed to finance that function or program. Numbers without parentheses mean that program revenues were more than sufficient to cover expenses.

2) Fiscal year 2013 reflects a cumulative prior period adjustment to remove bond issuance costs from the statement of net position as required by GASB 65 and to correct amortization from a prior year.

3) Fiscal year 2014 reflects a cummulative prior period adjustment for the Clerk's Child Support Enforcement Fund, a non-major special revenue fund, for expenditures omitted in prior years.

4) Fiscal Year 2018 balances are restated due to a prior period adjustment related to OPEB

# Lee County, Florida SCHEDULE 3 FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

	 2012	 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019	 2020	 2021
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 14,393	\$ 429	\$ 409	\$ 330	\$ 292	\$ 321	\$ 346	\$ 375	\$ 363	\$ 391
Restricted	2,134	1,853	2,370	2,301	1,562	414	410	404	416	294
Committed	10	10	6	6	6	6	-	-	-	-
Assigned	49,261	14,900	12,565	8,370	7,069	5,309	18,824	17,613	20,314	32,760
Unassigned	 81,668	94,308	 108,428	 126,889	 123,980	 115,198	 124,485	 115,390	 125,317	 161,943
Total General Fund	\$ 147,466	\$ 111,500	\$ 123,778	\$ 137,896	\$ 132,909	\$ 121,248	\$ 144,065	\$ 133,782	\$ 146,410	\$ 195,388
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	\$ 11,368	\$ 2,385	\$ 2,936	\$ 2,652	\$ 2,532	\$ 2,654	\$ 2,123	\$ 2,247	\$ 2,788	\$ 3,037
Restricted	159,671	183,519	160,719	196,343	223,656	254,943	277,259	286,342	338,500	361,106
Committed	224,909	211,770	201,066	197,322	210,498	211,145	166,648	165,135	175,495	180,739
Assigned	2,928	3,209	3,300	3,487	4,161	2,319	1,432	-	549	2,590
Unassigned	 (22,160)	 (11)	 -	 -	 -	 (1,298)	 -	 (263)	 -	 -
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 376,716	\$ 400,872	\$ 368,021	\$ 399,804	\$ 440,847	\$ 469,763	\$ 447,462	\$ 453,461	\$ 517,332	\$ 547,472

## Lee County, Florida SCHEDULE 4 CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 317,463	\$ 319,103	\$ 351,952	\$ 378,631	\$ 394,357	\$ 416,774	\$ 446,331	\$ 463,535	\$ 481,967	\$ 526,971
Licenses and permits	6,497	7,822	9,271	11,148	9,233	9,295	12,071	11,722	12,859	13,450
Intergovernmental	103,056	97,298	89,852	95,530	101,013	102,020	112,060	115,583	177,696	225,644
Charges for services	66,328	74,847	79,844	81,194	88,982	84,535	86,357	88,438	83,698	93,008
Fines and forfeitures	1,311	1,374	1,561	1,529	1,545	1,373	2,784	1,955	751	1,184
Impact fees	3,446	2,587	2,743	3,759	5,262	6,455	10,266	13,538	19,756	59,249
Special assessments	1,447	1,651	1,360	2,261	1,241	1,174	1,053	1,113	1,178	5,093
Miscellaneous	11,394	14,135	15,985	16,531	14,199	16,437	22,591	30,827	26,293	12,625
Total revenues	510,942	518,817	552,568	590,583	615,832	638,063	693,513	726,711	804,198	937,224
Expenditures										
Current										
General government	132,248	132,932	130,328	137,077	143,421	148,668	158,679	167,210	223,367	292,222
Public safety	195,541	193,533	199,492	205,645	218,168	233,305	241,734	260,869	254,514	261,375
Physical environment	13,968	14,321	18,913	12,184	10,770	10,858	13,747	18,340	12,645	12,571
Transportation	33,800	34,509	32,644	33,609	33,938	35,953	44,160	48,203	49,177	48,554
Economic environment	30,539	24,433	25,095	26,619	27,672	30,432	31,580	32,513	27,109	34,397
Human services	26,690	20,355	20,144	20,052	21,055	21,200	21,908	22,809	22,982	25,126
Culture and recreation	55,032	56,050	59,350	64,098	63,220	63,539	65,701	71,225	70,718	74,661
Capital outlay	87,692	60,314	55,748	31,064	41,222	47,375	105,447	88,537	93,160	94,139
Debt service										
Principal retirement	17,702	15,432	9,741	15,766	10,823	19,680	11,211	12,726	13,119	16,986
Interest and fiscal charges	19,852	20,037	13,068	13,223	11,573	11,822	11,229	10,849	9,593	8,640
Bond issuance costs	-	774	49	364	-	-	-	13	651	30
Total expenditures	613,064	572,690	564,572	559,701	581,862	622,832	705,396	733,294	777,035	868,701
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(102,122)	(53,873)	(12,004)	30,882	33,970	15,231	(11,883)	(6,583)	27,163	68,523
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in	112,730	221,138	90,650	165,590	113,737	158,782	123,017	145,520	179,133	168,199
Transfers out	(121,486)	(221,171)	(99,030)	(153,267)	(116,820)	(156,758)	(117,174)	(144,063)	(139,575)	(158,420)
Insurance recoveries	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,580	-	-	-
Capital lease	-	-	-	383	5,169	-	543	225	8,939	-
Bond premium	-	-	-	8,399	-	-	-	-	10,791	424
Proceeds from long-term debt	841	134,399	14,483	50,625	0	1,284	433	617	75,655	-
Payments to refunding escrow agent	-	(92,303)	(12,518)	(56,711)	-	(1,284)	-	-	(85,607)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(7,915)	42,063	(6,415)	15,019	2,086	2,024	12,399	2,299	49,336	10,203
Net change in fund balances	\$ (110,037)	\$ (11,810)	\$ (18,419)	\$ 45,901	\$ 36,056	\$ 17,255	\$ 516	\$ (4,284)	\$ 76,499	\$ 78,726
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures <sup>1</sup>	7.1%	6.9%	4.5%	5.5%	4.1%	5.5%	3.7%	3.7%	3.3%	3.3%

<sup>1</sup> Total debt service for this calculation excludes bond issuance cost.

#### Lee County, Florida SCHEDULE 5 ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands)

									Less:						Assessed Value
			Real	Property				Т	ax Exempt	Т	otal Taxable	Total Direct	E	Estimated Actual	as a Percentage of
Fiscal Year	<u>Residentia</u>	al Property	Com	mercial Property	Other	Person	nal Property	Re	eal Property	As	ssessed Value	Tax Rate		Taxable Value	Actual Value <sup>1</sup>
2012	\$	41,682,601	\$	7,543,635	\$ 588,774	\$	3,450,443	\$	14,089,660	\$	39,175,793	5.4138	\$	68,116,399	78.20%
2013		41,893,823		7,314,283	545,034		3,147,142		14,947,717		37,952,565	5.4138		68,644,339	77.06%
2014		43,666,928		7,270,866	534,599		3,147,804		17,060,361		37,559,836	5.6553		72,497,286	75.34%
2015		46,907,208		7,805,176	642,067		3,103,287		20,663,672		37,794,066	5.6553		75,876,824	77.04%
2016		51,150,460		7,689,622	679,027		3,125,423		23,821,441		38,823,091	5.6553		83,340,551	75.17%
2017		55,534,938		8,336,070	662,497		3,353,902		28,254,649		39,632,758	5.5553		96,920,144	70.04%
2018		60,650,938		8,739,931	911,373		3,736,873		30,507,410		43,531,705	5.5553		105,312,245	70.30%
2019		64,378,130		9,392,793	739,364		3,961,567		30,240,763		48,231,091	5.4553		109,528,126	71.65%
2020		68,488,438		10,036,079	882,711		4,123,167		31,272,043		52,258,352	5.4553		115,661,449	72.22%
2021		72,543,957		10,463,245	923,434		4,993,152		31,728,500		57,195,288	5.4553		116,043,239	76.63%

Source: Lee County Property Appraiser

#### Lee County, Florida SCHEDULE 6 PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE) Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Direc	t Rates						Overlapping	g Rates			
Fiscal Year	General	Library	All <u>Hazards</u>	Total Direct Rate	Special Districts <sup>1</sup>	Lee County <u>School Board</u>	City of <u>Cape Coral <sup>2</sup></u>	City of Sanibel <sup>2</sup>	City of Fort Myers	Town of Fort <u>Myers Beach</u>	Town of <u>Bonita Springs</u>	Village of <u>Estero</u> <sup>3</sup>	Other Special Districts <sup>4</sup>
2012	4.9904	0.3541	0.0693	5.4138	0.7281	7.5840	7.9570	2.5570	8.7760	0.7687	0.8173		.0088 - 4.7000
2013	4.9904	0.3541	0.0693	5.4138	0.7281	7.5840	7.9570	2.5570	8.7760	0.7687	0.8173		.0088 - 4.7000
2014	4.9904	0.5956	0.0693	5.6553	0.5908	7.5980	7.7070	2.5307	8.7760	0.7530	0.8173		.0076 - 4.5000
2015	4.9904	0.5956	0.0693	5.6553	0.6910	7.4160	7.7070	2.4145	8.7760	0.7530	0.8173		.0585 - 4.5000
2016	4.9904	0.5956	0.0693	5.6553	0.6605	7.2850	6.9570	2.3105	8.7760	0.8000	0.8173	0.8398	.0549 - 4.0000
2017	4.8904	0.5956	0.0693	5.5553	0.6361	6.9890	6.7500	2.3013	8.7500	0.8000	0.8173	0.7998	.0650 - 4.0000
2018	4.8904	0.5956	0.0693	5.5553	0.6542	6.6790	6.7500	2.2797	8.6500	0.8700	0.8173	0.7798	.0572 - 3.9000
2019	4.8904	0.4956	0.0693	5.4553	0.6205	6.4010	6.7500	2.2186	8.4500	0.8700	0.8173	0.7750	.0555 - 3.7500
2020	4.8904	0.4956	0.0693	5.4553	0.5958	6.1470	6.5503	2.1855	8.2500	0.9500	0.8173	0.7726	.0661 - 3.8000
2021	4.8904	0.4956	0.0693	5.4553	0.5729	6.0580	6.6750	2.1818	7.9643	0.9500	0.8173	0.7726	.0471 - 3.6000

Source: Lee County Property Appraiser

<sup>1</sup> Includes South Florida Water Management, Hyacinth Control, Mosquito Control and West Coast Inland Waterway.

<sup>2</sup> Millages include levies for operating and debt service costs.

<sup>3</sup> The Village of Estero was incorporated in December 2014. Their first property tax assessment was in 2016.

<sup>4</sup> Includes fire protection districts and lighting and improvement districts located throughout the unincorporated sections of Lee County.

# Lee County, Florida SCHEDULE 7 PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago (dollars in thousands)

		2021			2012	
	Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed	Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed
Taxpayer	 Value	Rank	Value	 Value	Rank	Value
Christian & Missionary Alliance, Inc.	\$ 339,265	1	0.292%	\$ 100,264	2	0.201%
Coconut Point Developers LLC	115,728	2	0.100%	125,818	1	0.252%
Miromar Outlet West LLC	111,150	3	0.096%	79,021	4	0.159%
GCTC Holdings LLC	110,813	4	0.095%			
Lurin Real Estate Holdings XVI	90,866	5	0.078%			
Lennar Homes LLC	88,810	6	0.077%	76,938	5	0.154%
Quadrum Lakes Park LLC	88,182	7	0.076%			
Mall Ground Portfolio LLC	80,477	8	0.069%			
Hertz Corporation	62,199	9	0.054%			
Bell Tower Shops LLC	61,809	10	0.053%	49,989	8	0.100%
Gulf Coast Town Center CMBS				98,010	3	0.197%
Target Corporation				53,646	6	0.108%
Tavira at Bonita Bay Inc				50,759	7	0.102%
Tarpon Land LP				49,333	9	0.099%
Walmart Stores East LP	 			 43,034	10	0.086%
Total	\$ 1,149,299		0.990%	\$ 726,812		1.458%

Source: Lee County Property Appraiser

# Lee County, Florida SCHEDULE 8 PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Tax	es Levied		Collected wi Fiscal Year of		Colle	ections		Total Collec	tions to Date
Ended	f	or the			Percentage	in Sub	sequent			Percentage
September 30	Fis	cal Year <sup>1</sup>	Α	mount <sup>2</sup>	of Levy	Y	ears	A	mount	of Levy
2012	\$	262,901	\$	251,665	95.73%	\$	616	\$	252,281	95.96%
2013		260,982		250,828	96.11%		278		251,106	96.22%
2014		280,806		270,156	96.21%		193		270,349	96.28%
2015		299,665		288,114	96.15%		141		288,255	96.19%
2016		316,672		304,630	96.20%		(103)		304,527	96.16%
2017		336,533		323,892	96.24%		(374)		323,518	96.13%
2018		367,004		352,046	95.92%		(13)		352,033	95.92%
2019		382,202		367,536	96.16%		(5)		367,531	96.16%
2020		407,406		391,718	96.15%		(198)		391,520	96.10%
2021		436,447		419,287	96.07%				419,287	96.07%

Source: Lee County Tax Collector

Notes: <sup>1</sup> These tax levies are for funds for County purposes, excluding School Board, municipalities, and other independent special districts.

Property taxes become due and payable on November 1 of each year and are delinquent on April 1 of the following year. A four percent discount is allowed if the taxes are paid in November, with the discount declining by one percent each month thereafter. Accordingly, taxes collected will not equal 100 percent of the tax levy. Tax certificates for the full amount of any unpaid taxes and assessments must be sold no later than June 1 of the following year.

#### Lee County, Florida SCHEDULE 9 RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands)

				General Bo	nded D	ebt						Othe	er Governm	ental	Activ	vities Debt	 
Fiscal Year	R	Capital Revenue Bonds <sup>1</sup>	as Tax Bonds	Tourist evelopment Tax Bonds		tificates of ipation	Non Advaloren	<u>n</u>	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Property Value <sup>2</sup>	Per Capita <sup>3</sup>		Line of Credit		Ν	Jotes	 Capital Leases
2012	\$	161,424	\$ 17,621	\$ 84,655	\$	1,350	\$	-	\$ 265,050	0.39%	0.42	\$		-	\$	14,076	\$ -
2013		65,145	15,642	125,731		-	55,63	32	262,150	0.38%	0.41			-		42,065	-
2014		62,473	1,765	124,903		-	51,87	76	241,017	0.33%	0.37			-		54,758	-
2015		4,697	-	123,989		-	104,60	)9	233,295	0.31%	0.35			-		49,506	1,225
2016		2,390	-	122,967		-	99,15	58	224,515	0.27%	0.33			-		46,064	5,885
2017		-	-	121,823		-	91,87	75	213,698	0.22%	0.31			-		36,091	5,164
2018		-	-	120,550		-	82,42	28	202,978	0.19%	0.28		433	3		34,707	4,921
2019		-	-	119,172		-	78,77	71	197,943	0.18%	0.27		406	5		26,883	4,251
2020		-	-	121,148		-	75,01	15	196,163	0.17%	0.26			-		19,123	12,492
2021		-	-	118,581		-	71,15	55	189,736	0.16%	0.24			-		11,127	8,026

						Busine	ess-Ty	pe Activities	Debt									
		Port	9	Solid	Tra	insportation	W	Vater and										
	A	uthority	1	Waste		Facilities	W	astewater	]	Port						Total	Percentage	
Fiscal	R	levenue	R	evenue		Revenue	I	Revenue	Au	thority				Capital		Primary	of Personal	Per
Year		Bonds	]	Bonds		Bonds		Bonds	]	LOC		Notes		Leases	Go	overnment <sup>4</sup>	Income <sup>3</sup>	Capita <sup>3</sup>
2012	\$	317,352	\$	86,552	\$	131,400	\$	153,747	\$	-	¢	104,934	\$	-	\$	1,073,111	3.93%	1.70
	φ	,	φ		φ	,	φ	,	φ		φ	,	φ		φ			
2013		319,686		86,379		134,254		207,878		-		92,600		-		1,145,012	4.05%	1.79
2014		310,772		86,251		129,907		203,100		-		83,913		-		1,109,718	4.00%	1.72
2015		300,598		81,393		123,632		195,813		-		64,419		298		1,050,179	3.59%	1.58
2016		290,836		76,994		118,159		187,482		-		54,633		2,022		1,006,590	3.22%	1.48
2017		280,656		75,358		112,439		178,850		-		61,956		1,513		965,725	2.92%	1.38
2018		270,080		68,451		106,681		169,873		-		79,216		995		938,335	2.55%	1.31
2019		258,920		61,417		99,839		160,544		-		79,821		464		890,488	2.30%	1.21
2020		238,487		54,248		92,848		155,063		11,000		74,903		-		854,327	2.13%	1.14
2021		225,398		46,936		85,711		143,963		18,850		69,455		-		799,202	1.85%	1.02

Note - Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>1</sup> Excludes accreted interest for fiscal years through 2012. For fiscal year 2012 the accreted interest was \$5,940,000.

<sup>2</sup> See Schedule 5 for property value data.

<sup>3</sup> See Schedule 11 for personal income and population data for 2012 through 2021.

<sup>4</sup> Includes general bonded debt, other governmental activities debt, and business-type activities debt.

Source: Lee County Clerk of Courts Finance and Records Department

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#### Lee County, Florida SCHEDULE 10 PLEDGED REVENUE BOND COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands)

			Passen	ger F	acility Cha	rge Re	venue Bo	nds						Ро	rt Autł	nority Lin	e of Cr	edit			
Fiscal Year	C	assenger Facility Charge Revenues	Less: Operating Expenses <sup>1</sup>		Net vailable evenues	- Pr	Debt	Service	nterest	Coverage	Gener A	ge Field al Aviation Airport evenues	-	Less: perating penses <sup>1</sup>	Av	Net ailable evenue	Pri	Debt S ncipal	Service	erest	Coverage
Teal	N	levenues	Expenses		evenues		пстра		nerest	Coverage	K	evenues		(penses	Ke	venue		пстраг		elest	Coverage
2012	\$	14,775	n/a	\$	14,775	\$	3,060	\$	303	4.39	\$	8,831	\$	8,508	\$	323	\$	355	\$	36	0.83
2013		15,197	n/a		15,197		3,120		245	4.52		9,176		9,331		(155)		375		32	-0.38
2014		15,771	n/a		15,771		3,180		185	4.69		9,262		9,721		(459)		395		27	-1.09
2015		16,251	n/a		16,251		6,540	5	21	2.48		11,605	6	8,875		2,730		3,042	6	4	0.90
2016		-	n/a		-		-		-	0.00		-		-		-		-		-	0.00
2017		-	n/a		-		-		-	0.00		-		-		-		-		-	0.00
2018		-	n/a		-		-		-	0.00		-		-		-		-		-	0.00
2019		-	n/a		-		-		-	0.00		-		-		-		-		-	0.00
2020		-	n/a		-		-		-	0.00		-		-		-		-		-	0.00
2021		-	n/a		-		-		-	0.00		-		-		-		-		-	0.00

				Р	ort Aut	hority Re	venue	Bonds							Po	ort Autho	rity Subo	rdinate	e Revolv	ing Crec	lit	
				Less:	I	Net									L	ess:	Ne	t				
Fiscal	Ai	rport	Op	perating	Ava	ailable		Debt S	Service	e <sup>4</sup>			А	irport	Ope	rating	Availa	ble		Debt S	ervice	
Year	Reve	enues <sup>3</sup>	Ex	penses <sup>2</sup>	Rev	venues	Pri	ncipal	1	nterest	Coverage	_	Rev	venues <sup>3</sup>	Expe	enses <sup>2</sup>	Reve	nue	Princ	cipal	Interest	Coverage
2012	\$	81,934	\$	49,372	\$	32,562	\$	7,895	\$	17,654	1.27		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	0.00
2013		86,659		51,623		35,036		8,470		16,459	1.41			-		-		-		-	-	0.00
2014		89,182		54,877		34,305		8,900		16,039	1.38			-		-		-		-	-	0.00
2015		92,247		55,872		36,375		9,285		15,552	1.46			-		-		-		-	-	0.00
2016		94,214		59,144		35,070		9,750		14,939	1.42			-		-		-		-	-	0.00
2017		97,948		61,666		36,282		10,230		14,456	1.47			-		-		-		-	-	0.00
2018		102,450		63,066		39,384		10,725		13,959	1.60			-		-		-		-	-	0.00
2019		106,268		63,790		42,478		11,310		13,374	1.72			-		-		-		-	-	0.00
2020		81,728		59,559		22,169		3,340	7	12,694	1.38			81,728		59,559	22	,169		-	7	3,167.00
2021		99,617		62,004		37,613		3,580	7	11,177	2.55			99,617		62,004	37	,613		-	102	368.75

Note: Details regarding the county's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>1</sup> As defined by bond resolutions - Generally, current operating expense which does not include interest expense, depreciation or amortization expense.

<sup>2</sup> As defined by bond resolutions - Generally, current operating expense of Southwest Florida International Airport which includes arbitrage rebate liability and does not include interest expense, depreciation, unpaid other postemployment benefits expense, pensions, or rebates.

<sup>3</sup> As defined by bond resolutions - Generally, all revenues generated from the operation of Southwest Florida International Airport with the exception of passenger facility charges and grants but including surplus

passenger facility charges per Federal Aviation Administration approvals.

<sup>4</sup> Debt service is based on bond year of Oct 2 to Oct 1

<sup>5</sup> Additional principal payment of \$3,300,000 was made in 2015 with a transfer from the PFC capital fund to payoff the loan. The coverage without the payoff would have been 4.85.

<sup>6</sup> Additional principal payment of \$2,627,000 was made with a transfer from the Airport discretionary fund to payoff the loan in November 2014. The amount in the Revenues column includes the transferred amount.

<sup>7</sup> Principal reduced by the early redemption of Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A paid with moneys received from the CARES Act of \$8.6M and \$8.7M in Fiscal Year 2020 and Fiscal Year 2021, respectively.

The CARES Act revenues are not included in the Airport pledged revenues above.

#### Lee County, Florida SCHEDULE 10 PLEDGED REVENUE BOND COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands)

		W	ater and Wastewa	ater Revenue Bond	ls					Tran	sportati	on Facilities	s Revenu	e Bonds			
	Water and	Less:	Net				Trans	sportation	L	.ess:		Net					
Fiscal	Wastewater	Operating	Available	Debt S	Service		Fa	cilities		erating	Av	vailable		Debt Sei	rvice		
Year	Revenues <sup>1</sup>	Expenses <sup>2, 4</sup>	Revenues	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Re	venues <sup>3</sup>	Expe	enses <sup>2, 4</sup>	R	evenue	Pri	ncipal	Ir	nterest	Coverage
2012	\$ 91,967	\$ 55,406 <sup>5</sup>	\$ 36,561	\$ 5,510	\$ 7,259	2.86	\$	37,817	\$	9,426	<sup>5</sup> \$	28,391	\$	7,710	\$	7,890	1.82
2013	98,054	55,286 <sup>5</sup>	42,768	7,603	7,874	2.76		39,162		9,698	5	29,464		8,145		6,908	1.96
2014	103,263	54,637 <sup>5</sup>	48,626	3,890	7,536	4.26		41,966		10,158	5	31,808		9,080		6,676	2.02
2015	107,822	52,634	55,188	6,190	8,863	3.67		44,113		8,906		35,207		9,325		6,027	2.29
2016	109,652	54,778	54,874	7,195	8,622	3.47		46,008		8,910		37,098		8,980		5,250	2.61
2017	114,504	59,098	55,406	7,465	8,311	3.51		45,742		9,376		36,366		9,295		5,054	2.53
2018	116,742	69,792	46,950	7,790	7,980	2.98		47,492		9,872		37,620		9,505		4,798	2.63
2019	121,648	74,626	47,022	8,130	7,629	2.98		49,952		12,344		37,608		5,295		4,516	3.83
2020	120,973	73,427	47,546	8,485	6,682	3.13		44,608		12,391		32,217		5,560		4,245	3.29
2021	118,400	67,673	50,727	10,390	4,759	3.35		43,708		12,137		31,571		5,835		3,960	3.22

		Florida D	Pepartment of Envi	ronmental Protect	ion Loans				Soli	id Waste Syste	em Rev	venue Bonds		
	Water and	Less:	Net				Solid Waste	Less:		Net				
Fiscal	Wastewater	Operating	Available	Debt S	Service		System	Operati	ng	Available	2	Debt Ser	vice <sup>7</sup>	
Year	Revenues <sup>1</sup>	Expenses <sup>2, 4</sup>	Revenues	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Revenues <sup>6</sup>	Expense	es <sup>2,4</sup>	Revenue	<u> </u>	Principal	Interes	Coverage
2012	\$ 91,967	\$ 55,406 <sup>5</sup>	\$ 36,561	\$ 3,572	\$ 1,567	7.11	\$ 77,67	5 \$ 5	58,358	\$ 19,3	17	\$ 95	\$ 4,2	92 4.40
2013	98,054	55,286 <sup>5</sup>	42,768	3,650	1,496	8.31	70,40	9 6	52,541	7,8	68	100	4,2	88 1.79
2014	103,263	54,637 5	48,626	3,035	1,390	10.99	73,31	1 6	52,013	11,2	98	4,830	4,2	84 1.24
2015	107,822	52,634	55,188	3,118	1,307	12.47	76,36	9 6	57,243	9,1	26	5,080	4,0	46 1.00
2016	109,652	54,778	54,874	3,203	1,222	12.40	79,95	7 6	9,042	10,9	15	-	1,8	96 <sup>8</sup> 5.76
2017	114,504	59,098	55,406	3,065	12,687	3.52	86,89	4 5	70,643	<sup>9</sup> 16,2	51	5,235	3,3	00 1.90 <sup>9</sup>
2018	116,742	69,792	46,950	2,918	1,055	11.82	97,78	5 7	75,887	9 21,8	98	5,495	3,0	46 2.56 <sup>9</sup>
2019	121,648	74,626	47,022	3,640	1,103	9.91	100,44	6° 8	31,664	<sup>9</sup> 18,7	82	5,775	2,7	72 2.20 <sup>9</sup>
2020	120,973	73,427	47,546	4,918	1,250	7.71	96,88	7° 8	33,105	<sup>9</sup> 13,7	82	6,075	2,4	83 1.61 <sup>9</sup>
2021	118,400	67,673	50,727	4,864	1,187	8.38	111,57	1 8	34,884	26,6	87	6,385	2,1	79 3.12 <sup>9</sup>

Note: Details regarding the county's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation or amortization expenses.

<sup>1</sup> As defined by bond resolutions - Generally, all revenues generated from the operation of the Lee County Water and Wastewater System. The pledge of these revenues to the FDEP loan is subordinate to the revenue bonds pledge.

<sup>2</sup> As defined by bond resolutions - Generally, current operating expense which doesn't include interest expense, depreciation or amortization expense.

<sup>3</sup> As defined by bond resolutions - Generally, all revenues generated from the operation of the Lee County Transportation Facilities, including but not limited to toll revenues and investment earnings.

<sup>4</sup> As defined by bond resolutions- current operating expenses do not include unfunded OPEB and pension expenses.

<sup>5</sup> Fiscal years 2012 to 2014 - Operating expenses listed include the annual OPEB expenses and is not adjusted for funding.

<sup>6</sup> As defined by bond resolutions - Generally, all revenues generated from the operation of the Waste - to - Energy Facility, the landfill, and the collection services.

<sup>7</sup> Debt service is based on funding requirements during the year for upcoming principal and interest due. (ie: the accrued debt service)

<sup>8</sup> Debt service only includes the April 2016 interest payment as the Solid Waste System Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A were refunded before September 30, 2016 and no longer outstanding under the

bond resolutions. No debt service was due for fiscal year 2016 on the Solid Waste System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016.

<sup>9</sup> Operating expenses excludes non-recurring Hurricane Irma related expenses. Revenues in 2019 and 2020 exclude FEMA reimbursements for Hurricane Irma. Adjusted for Hurricane Irma expenses, Operating Expenses for 2017, 2018, and 2019 were \$73,721, \$109,159, and \$83,770 respectively. Adjusted for FEMA, Revenues in 2019 and 2020 were \$102,655 and \$126,990 respectively. Coverage for 2017, 2018, 2019, and 2020 were \$1.54, (1.33), 2.21, and 5.13 respectively.

Source: Lee County Clerk of Courts Finance and Records Department

# Lee County, Florida SCHEDULE 11 DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total Personal	Per Capita			Une	employment Rates (Percentage) <sup>2</sup>	
Year	Population <sup>1</sup>	Income <sup>2</sup> (in thousands)	Personal Income <sup>2</sup>	Median Age <sup>2</sup>	School Enrollment <sup>3</sup>	County	State	National
2012	631,330	<sup>5</sup> 27,328,737 <sup>5</sup>	43,022 5	45.7	85,581	8.7 4	8.7 4	7.8 4
2013	638,029	28,292,424 5	40,248	45.7	87,215	7.2 4	7.1 4	7.6 4
2014	643,367	27,773,510	43,169 <sup>6</sup>	45.7	90,887	6.1	6.1	5.7
2015	665,845	29,245,506	48,453 <sup>8</sup>	46.2	<sup>7</sup> 92,780	5.1	5.2	5.1
2016	680,578	31,296,442	44,583	46.3	91,222	4.7	4.7	5.0
2017	698,468	33,060,033	48,537	46.9	92,590	3.6	3.8	4.2
2018	713,903	36,786,500	50,390	47.8	93,167	2.9	3.5	3.7
2019	735,148	38,685,758	51,266	47.8	94,405	2.8	3.2	3.5
2020	750,493	40,119,053	52,064	48.1	95,647	6.4	7.2	7.9
2021	782,579	43,260,834	54,707	48.5	95,023	4.0	4.9	4.8

Sources: <sup>1</sup> Bureau of Economic and Business Research (estimate)

<sup>2</sup> Florida Research and Economic Database (FRED), except as otherwise noted

<sup>3</sup> School District of Lee County

<sup>4</sup> Regional Economic Research Institute, Lutgert College of Business, Florida Gulf Coast University

<sup>5</sup> US Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) estimate as of April 2012 (TPI updated 2015)

<sup>6</sup> Governing.com

<sup>7</sup> edr.state.fl.us

<sup>8</sup> bestplaces.net

# Lee County, Florida SCHEDULE 12 PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2021			2012	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Lee Health	14,028	1	4.04%	10,249	1	3.73%
Lee County School District	11,003	2	3.17%	9,394	2	3.42%
Publix Super Market	4,624	3	1.33%	4,362	3	1.59%
Walmart	3,467	4	1.00%	1,967	5	0.72%
Lee County Administration	2,696	5	0.78%	2,538	4	0.92%
City of Cape Coral	1,858	6	0.54%	1,197	9	0.44%
Gartner, Inc.	1,819	7	0.52%			
Lee County Sheriff's Office	1,564	8	0.45%	1,585	6	0.58%
Chico's FAS Inc.	1,532	9	0.44%	1,253	8	0.46%
McDonald's	1,522	10	0.44%			
Target				1,100	10	0.40%
U.S.Postal Service				1,291	7	0.47%
Total	44,113		12.71%	34,936		12.73%

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U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

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# Lee County, Florida SCHEDULE 13 GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2012	2013	<u>2014</u>	2015	2016	2017	<u>2018</u>	2019	2020	<u>2021</u>
Function/Program										
Governmental activities:										
General government	1,312	1,281	1,282	1,288	1,281	1,270	1,304	1,303	1,310	1,276
Public safety	1,884	1,866	1,875	1,914	1,979	1,997	2,071	2,057	2,065	2,064
Physical environment	76	73	69	70	69	68	68	68	69	68
Transportation	220	220	212	205	204	204	209	209	209	208
Economic environment	66	65	66	66	67	66	66	66	68	52
Human services	76	75	76	81	81	83	91	91	95	126
Culture and recreation	523	518	523	504	506	507	529	529	529	529
Business-type activities:										
Airport	344	346	351	352	360	357	352	359	359	361
Water and wastewater	275	275	274	274	275	279	281	281	283	282
Transit	253	251	263	267	267	267	268	268	268	268
Transportation facilities	95	95	95	95	94	96	96	96	96	95
Solid waste	83	92	94	98	105	112	119	119	119	119
Total	5,207	5,157	5,180	5,214	5,288	5,306	5,454	5,446	5,470	5,448

Sources: Lee County Budget Office, Lee County Sheriff Finance Department, Lee County Clerk of Circuit Court Human Resources Department, Lee County Property Appraiser Finance Department, Lee County Tax Collector Human Resources Department, Lee County Supervisor of Elections Human Resources Department, Lee County Port Authority Human Resources Department, and 20th Judicial Circuit Court Finance Department

#### Lee County, Florida SCHEDULE 14 OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/program	2012	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	2016	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
Community Development Building permits issued Inspections	31,316 51,820	36,442 63,709	41,023 74,358	45,421 84,505	34,329 82,004	32,126 80,532	47,143 114,483	38,619 133,232	40,318 119,126	58,225 156,844
Public Safety/EMS <sup>1</sup> E-911 calls processed	180,597	179,412	182,859	198,072	208,238	220,799	220,159	222,236	227,274	252,261
Sheriff Department Physical arrests Traffic tickets	14,877 31,543	15,018 37,859	14,196 36,512	10,543 31,977	12,006 36,251	10,173 33,680	15,877 37,960	10,235 37,650	6,971 21,184	5,626 15,879
Natural Resources Environmental lab tests performed	109,697	117,670	114,744	109,420	115,625	136,044	154,281	156,115	157,545	161,452
Pollutant storage tanks inspections	738	642	546	495	514	520	1,009	902	896	397
Solid Waste										
Number of business and residential customers <sup>2</sup>	248,928	249,480	244,817	253,888	258,891	258,530	260,307	263,662	267,754	271,243
Volume of solid waste collection (tons per year) <sup>3</sup>	452,618	484,255	481,658	507,527	552,818	571,194	586,383	579,041	582,477	631,785
Volume of recycling collection (tons per year) <sup>4</sup>	67,751	84,270	71,788	76,109	79,117	78,249	84,126	83,394	86,379	88,045
Megawatt hours of electricity sold	295,981	289,583	328,479	329,285	333,549	320,919	346,086	343,088	320,397	286,350
Water and Wastewater										
Water customers	81,654	82,411	83,146	83,989	85,020	86,176	87,675	89,110	90,869	93,546
Wastewater customers Meter installations	59,315 477	59,789 720	60,562 1,176	61,410 807	62,294 1,031	63,197 1,156	64,583 1,499	65,867 1,619	67,606 1,758	69,992 2,678
	4//	720	1,170	007	1,001	1,150	1,499	1,019	1,750	2,078
Department of Transportation	500	107	500	500	500	540	E01	(1)	(0)	704
Number of signal and flasher locations maintained Number of streetlights maintained	503 5,140	497 4,986	509 5,013	523 5,104	530 5,090	540 5,142	581 5,202	616 5,429	626 5,429	704 5,871
Number of driveway and ROW permits issued	704	4,900	810	1,031	1,147	1,353	1,569	1,996	2,249	2,842
Asphalt road resurfacing (in thousands of tons)	48	43	37	34	41	33	86	52	117	146
Bridges										
Toll paying traffic per year										
Sanibel	2,990,491	3,062,356	3,181,676	3,282,789	3,337,055	3,277,285	3,264,223	3,293,772	2,997,361	3,419,121
Midpoint Memorial	7,364,006	7,432,540	7,674,340	7,975,126	8,268,884	8,090,020	8,707,346	8,722,066	8,071,567	8,854,936
Cape Coral	7,112,276	7,334,694	7,747,127	8,022,636	8,266,891	8,071,717	8,364,186	8,453,337	7,701,445	8,364,502
Transit										
Number of bus passenger trips	3,756,378	4,075,250	3,939,812	3,721,249	3,323,540	3,126,846	3,116,342	2,969,652	2,216,325	1,685,810
Number of bus route miles	417	550	551	551	538	542	542	543	543	544
Port Authority										
Number of enplanements	3,676,953	3,856,646	3,989,316	4,155,189	4,332,997	4,421,668	4,662,213	5,026,675	3,528,276	4,534,976
Number of deplanements	3,600,007	3,751,062	3,896,241	4,062,874	4,245,061	4,317,457	4,594,287	4,943,615	3,477,797	4,511,241
Human Services										
Number of emergency services provided with General	027	101	1/0	200	227		(10)	(01	(2)	201
Fund County Service dollars (mortgage, rent, utilities, etc.)	836	484	460	390	327	660	642	691	626	301
Animal Services										
Officer responses	15,633	16,970	15,600	15,029	15,409	15,406	15,186	15,406	11,735	11,648
Animal placement	4,219	4,220	4,286	5,089	5,379	5,012	4,642	5,012	5,057	5,949
Library										
Cardholders	289,858	291,692	294,953	289,398	285,300	283,326	275,705	276,106	263,799	246,058
Items available for circulation Total circulation	1,598,513 6 148 573	1,567,872	1,594,355 6 123 207	1,608,459 7.048,435	1,741,312	1,827,512 5,214,822	2,023,162 6,050,997	2,060,006	1,803,111	2,214,291 4 838 347
	6,148,573	6,032,045	6,123,207	7,048,435	7,402,890	0,214,822	0,000,997	5,949,205	4,499,177	4,838,347
Parks and Recreation										-
Number of public parks maintained	66 9	66 9	67 9	67	68	69 9	69 9	69	70	70
Number of public pools maintained Number of public boat ramps maintained	9 7	9 7	9 7	9 7	9 7	9 7	9 7	9 7	9 7	9 7
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,

Source: Various Lee County Departments

 $^{1}\,$  Based on calendar year prior to 2012. Based on fiscal year from 2012 and going forward.

<sup>2</sup> Unincorporated Lee County, City of Bonita Springs, and Town of Fort Myers Beach for all fiscal years. Village of Estero added in fiscal year 15. Fiscal year 2018 count was revised in 2019 from 288,995 to 260,307.

<sup>3</sup> Total municipal solid waste tons processed and landfilled including incorporated and unincorporated Lee County and Hendry County.

<sup>4</sup> Total tons recycled for incorporated and unincorporated Lee County and Hendry County received at the Lee Recycling Facility.

# Lee County, Florida SCHEDULE 15 CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years (in units)

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
Governmental Activities										
General government	10,407	10,862	10,957	10,739	11,087	11,262	11,622	11,863	10,545	11,485
Public safety	10,085	10,299	10,089	10,072	10,783	10,633	10,912	11,133	13,041	11,554
Physical environment	550	552	574	538	519	517	524	538	502	867
Transportation	3,713	3,805	3,837	3,903	3,939	3,954	3,977	4,034	3,864	5,111
Economic environment	237	247	261	252	270	276	280	288	243	269
Human services	647	639	602	589	568	532	557	553	588	643
Culture and recreation	4,606	4,680	4,865	4,890	4,965	5,056	5,115	5,358	4,966	5,016
	30,245	31,084	31,185	30,983	32,131	32,230	32,987	33,767	33,749	34,945
Business-type Activities										
Port Authority	2,522	2,549	2,552	2,961	3,184	3,338	3,494	3,623	4,212	3,505
Water and Wastewater	16,633	17,285	18,084	19,013	19,993	20,673	21,887	22,459	23,280	23,907
Transportation Facilities	1,149	1,176	1,176	1,235	1,251	1,315	1,380	1,334	1,321	1,308
Solid Waste	608	646	665	697	709	729	765	806	822	822
Transit	897	948	963	1,018	1,046	1,039	1,062	1,050	1,167	965
	21,809	22,604	23,440	24,924	26,183	27,094	28,588	29,272	30,802	30,507

Source: Lee County Clerk of Courts Finance and Records Department and the Lee County Sheriff's Office

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# Other Supplemental Information



# Lee County, Florida SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES TOURIST DEVELOPMENT TAX REVENUE BONDS September 30, 2021 (unaudited)

# (dollars in thousands)

# Historical Tourist Development Tax Revenues, Gross Revenues and State Funds and Pro Forma Debt Service Coverage

Fiscal Year Ended September 30	 2017	 2018	 2019	 2020	 2021
Tourist Development Tax Revenues (debt portion)	\$ 39,651	\$ 42,346	\$ 42,584	\$ 37,990	\$ 52,822
Gross Revenues <sup>(1)</sup>	1,165	1,165	1,165	1,180	1,180
State Funds	500	500	500	500	500
Total Pledged Funds <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	\$ 41,316	\$ 44,011	\$ 44,249	\$ 39,670	\$ 54,502
Maximum Annual Debt Service <sup>(4)(5)</sup> Payable from Pledged Funds	8,480	8,480	8,480	8,480	8,480
Debt Service Coverage	4.87x	5.19x	5.22x	4.68x	6.43x

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes stadium rental revenue and payments received by the County from JetBlue Airways in connection with the naming rights for JetBlue Park, a part of the 2010 Project.

<sup>(2)</sup> Investment earnings, if any, have not been included in these calculations.

<sup>(3)</sup> This figure includes only Tourist Development Tax revenues as defined in the Bond Resolution.

<sup>(4)</sup> Maximum Annual Debt Service is calculated net of the Federal Direct Payments received in connection with Subsidy Bonds.

<sup>(5)</sup> Maximum Annual Debt Service reflects updated amounts published in the 2019 Tourist Development Tax Official Statement.

Source: Lee County Clerk of Courts Finance and Records Department

# Lee County, Florida SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES TOURIST DEVELOPMENT TAX REVENUE BONDS September 30, 2021 (unaudited)

# Statement of Historical Collections and Distributions of the General Sales and Use Tax Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2013 through June 30, 2022<sup>(2)(4)</sup>

								Public
				Unemployment				Employees
State				Compensation	State	Sports		Relations
Fiscal		General	Local	Trust Fund	Transportation	Facilities	Emergency	Commission
Year	Collections	Revenue	Governments <sup>(3)</sup>	Distribution	Trust Fund	Transfer	Distribution	Trust Fund
2021-22	<sup>(1)</sup> \$ 32,789,700,000	\$ 28,851,500,000	\$ 3,372,700,000	\$ 506,600,000	\$ 183,996	\$ 28,500,000	\$ 27,900,000	\$ 2,300,000
2020-21	30,393,280,928	27,158,074,098	3,178,626,201	-	183,996	28,500,048	25,720,207	2,176,378
2019-20	27,553,589,162	24,591,339,353	2,908,267,985	-	183,996	28,500,048	23,305,895	1,991,885
2018-19	28,483,919,341	25,385,272,760	3,043,912,215	-	183,996	28,416,715	24,031,891	2,101,764
2017-18	27,093,010,514	24,138,749,000	2,902,264,323	-	183,996	27,083,387	22,723,141	2,006,666
2016-17	25,805,978,256	22,987,424,160	2,769,927,339	-	183,996	24,842,612	21,689,059	1,911,090
2015-16	24,712,944,756	21,997,965,887	2,669,845,085	-	199,335	22,327,782	20,762,736	1,843,932
2014-15	23,640,149,815	21,062,698,205	2,533,320,541	-	-	22,730,562	19,653,846	1,746,662
2013-14	22,127,370,145	19,707,709,643	2,376,389,584	-	-	23,313,893	18,318,806	1,638,219
2012-13	20,686,734,656	18,417,563,319	2,226,904,066	-	-	23,272,221	17,103,286	1,531,896

<sup>(1)</sup> Estimate.

<sup>(2)</sup> These figures reflect estimated distributions based on the State Fiscal Year of July 1 to June 30.

<sup>(3)</sup> Local Government distributions include the half-cent, county and municipal revenue sharing, and the shift of \$29,915,500 to counties previously funded from pari-mutual tax revenues.

<sup>(4)</sup> In addition to sales tax, these figures include state communications services taxes imposed under Chapter 202, Florida Statutes, on the sale of communications services as described in Section 202.12, Florida Statutes.

SOURCE: State of Florida, Office of Economic & Demographic Research, Florida Tax Handbook

# Lee County, Florida SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES NON-AD VALOREM REVENUE BONDS September 30, 2021 (unaudited)

# Historical Major Sources of Non-Ad Valorem Revenues<sup>(1)</sup> (dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Taxes:					
Local communications services tax	\$ 9,470	\$ 7,426	\$ 7,299	\$ 6,894	\$ 6,540
FPL electrical franchise fees	11,386	11,673	12,147	11,834	12,456
LCEC electrical franchise fees	5,823	5,821	6,215	6,342	6,318
Intergovernmental Revenues:					
State revenue sharing	16,242	13,244	18,220	17,203	20,096
Local half cent sales tax	47,350	50,741	51,568	50,011	60,302
Mobile home/insurance/alcohol					
beverage licenses	898	832	891	894	877
Racing tax	223	223	223	223	223
Charges for Services:					
Ambulance service receipts	21,638	21,686	21,618	20,478	23,108
Excess county officer fees	10,042	10,927	9,981	9,537	10,607
Licenses and Permits:					
Occupational licenses	698	769	774	722	714
Miscellaneous:					
Investment earnings <sup>(2)</sup>	1,484	2,507	4,014	2,733	824
Total	\$ 125,254	\$ 125,849	\$ 132,950	\$ 126,871	\$ 142,065

(1) The table above includes a general description of Non-Ad Valorem Revenues and does not include sources that are not considered major when viewed independently. Certain other Non-Ad Valorem Revenues may be received by the County that are not reflected in the table above as such revenues are considered restricted for certain purposes, and would not be available for payment of debt service on the Series 2012 or 2015 Bonds.

(2) To the extent Investment Earnings are earnings on investments held to the credit of funds that are not legally available to pay debt service on the Series 2012 or 2015 Bonds, such investment earnings will not constitute legally available Non-Ad Valorem Revenues.

Source: Lee County Clerk of Courts Finance and Records Department

### Lee County, Florida SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES NON-AD VALOREM REVENUE BONDS September 30, 2021 (unaudited)

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (dollars in thousands)

2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 REVENUES \$ Taxes \$ 416,774 \$ 446,331 \$ 463,535 481,967 \$ 526,971 9,295 12,071 11,722 12,859 Licenses and permits 13,450 102,020 112,060 115,583 177,696 225,644 Intergovernmental Charges for services 84,535 86,357 88,438 83,698 93,008 Fines and forfeitures 1,373 2,784 1,955 751 1,184 6,455 19,756 59,249 Impact fees 10,266 13,538 Special assessments 1,174 1,053 1,113 1,178 5,093 Miscellaneous 22,591 30,827 26,293 16,437 12,625 Total revenues 638,063 693,513 726,711 804,198 937,224 **EXPENDITURES** Current 148,668 158,679 167,210 223,367 292,222 General government Public safety 233,305 241,734 260,869 254,514 261,375 Physical environment 10,858 13,747 18,340 12,645 12,571 Transportation 35,953 44,160 48,203 49,177 48,554 30,432 31,580 27,109 34,397 Economic environment 32,513 22,809 22,982 Human services 21,200 21,908 25,126 71,225 70,718 Culture and recreation 63,539 65,701 74,661 Capital outlay 18,470 9,020 49,529 12,065 19,872 General government Public safety 4,343 5,531 8,307 23,362 13,422 3,205 3,359 2,269 2,945 Physical environment 1,440 Transportation 27,369 29,947 43,628 44,151 54,270 Economic environment 1,504 262 247 296 63 Human services 8 65 73 7427 Culture and recreation 3,691 16,908 20,858 3,369 4,709 Debt service Principal retirement 19,680 11,211 12,726 13,119 16,986 9,593 11,822 11,229 10,849 8,640 Interest and fiscal charges 30 Bond issuance costs 651 13 Total expenditures 622,832 705,396 733,294 777,035 868,701 Excess (deficiencies) of revenues over (under) expenditures 15,231 (11,883)(6,583)27,163 68,523 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) Transfers in 158,782 123,017 145,520 179,133 168,199 Transfers out (156,758)(117, 174)(144,063)(139, 575)(158, 420)Insurance recoveries 5,580 Capital lease proceeds 543 225 8,939 Bond premium 10,791 Debt issuance 433 617 450 424 1,284 Issuance of refunding debt 75,205 Payments to refunded bonds escrow agent (1,284)(85,607) Total other financing sources and (uses) 2,024 12,399 2,299 49,336 10,203 Net change in fund balances 17,255 516 (4, 284)76,499 78,726 591,527 Fund balances - beginning 573,756 591,011 587,243 664,134 742,860 591,011 591,527 587,243 663,742 Fund balances - ending \$ \$ S S S

\* The 2021 beginning fund balance is \$394 more than the 2020 ending fund balance due to the cummulative affect of GASB 84 implementation and the restatement of the Sheriff's statements.

Source: Lee County Clerk of Courts Finance and Records Department

#### Lee County, Florida SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES LEE COUNTY WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEMS September 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

Licor

#### Monthly Water Rates

## Customer Classification

				User				
				Charge				
	Mont	hly		Per 1,000 Gallons				
Residential Service	Servi	ce Charge		For Each EI	RU			
Single – family	\$	9.15 per uni	ŀ	1 - 6,000	\$	3.27		
Single fulling	Ψ	Jilo per un	L .	6,001 - 12,000		4.09		
				12,001 - 18,000		4.91		
				18,001 and above		6.54		
				,	-			
Multi - family	\$	7.32 per unit	t / lot	1 - 4,800	\$	3.27		
Per ERU				4,800 - 9,600	\$	4.09		
(i.e. 2 units = 9,600 Gal)				9,601 - 14,400	\$	4.91		
				14,401 and above	\$	6.54		
Recreational vehicle	\$	3.66 per uni	t / lot	1 - 2,400	\$	3.27		
(i.e. 2 units = 9,600 Gal)				2,401 - 4,800	\$	4.09		
				4,801 - 7,200	\$	4.91		
				7,201 and above	\$	6.54		
Mobile Home	\$	7.32 per uni	t / lot	1 - 4,800	\$	3.27		
				4,801 - 9,600	\$	4.09		
				9,601 - 14,400	\$	4.91		
				14,401 and above	\$	6.54		

Each residential service account will be charged a monthly administrative fee of \$3.44 per statement.

An additional wellfield development surcharge of \$0.50 per ERU will be assessed to those residential customers whose monthly water consumption exceeds their initial water conservation block during the monthly billing period (6,000 gallons per ERU).

The total monthly rate for residential service is the sum of the: a) service charge; b) administrative fee; c) wellfield development surcharge (if applicable); and d) user charges in accordance with this schedule.

#### Commercial and All Non-Residential

				User		
	Mor	nthly	ERU	Charge Per 1,000 Ga	allor	nc .
Meter Size		vice Charge	Ratio	For Each ER		15
5/8"	\$	12.59	1.0	1 - 6,000	\$	3.27
3/4"	\$	17.17	1.5	6,001 - 12,000	\$	4.09
1"	\$	26.32	2.5	12,001 - 18,000	\$	4.91
11/2"	\$	49.19	5.0	18,001 and above	\$	6.54
2"	\$	76.64	8.0			
3"	\$	149.84	16.0	Non-irrigation class		
4"	\$	232.19	25.0	Per 1,000	\$	3.44
6"	\$	460.94	50.0			
8"	\$	735.44	80.0	Irrigation class		
10"	\$ 3	1,330.19	145.0	1 - 6,000	\$	4.09
				6,001 - 12,000	\$	4.91
				12,001 and over	\$	6.54

An additional well field development surcharge of \$0.50 per ERU will be assessed to those commercial and non-residential customers whose monthly water consumption exceeds their initial water conservation block during the monthly billing period (6,000 gallons per ERU).

The total monthly rate is the sum of the service and the user charges.

#### Water Restriction Surcharge Adjustment

In the event that the South Florida Water Management District or other authority having appropriate jurisdiction declares a water shortage requiring a mandatory water usage reduction in the amount of 15%, the water user charges listed above will be increased by 18%.

In the event that a reduction of water use greater than 15% is required, the County Commission may establish by resolution, a surcharge based upon the recommendation of the Public Works Director in order to meet revenues required to comply with existing bond debt service covenants, or to meet other requirements of the water system.

Source: Lee County Utilities Division

#### Lee County, Florida SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES LEE COUNTY WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEMS September 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

# Monthly Wastewater Rates

Customer Classification

Residential Service	Monthly Service Charge	User Charge <u>Per 1,000 Gallons</u>	Unmetered <u>User Charge</u>
Single – family	\$ 17.02 per unit/lo	t \$ 5.85	\$26.33 per unit
Multi – family	\$ 13.61 per unit/lo	t \$ 5.85	\$21.06 per unit/lot
Recreational vehicle	\$ 6.81 per unit/lo	t \$ 5.85	\$10.53 per unit/lot
Mobile Home	\$ 13.61 per unit/lo	t \$ 5.85	\$21.06 per unit/lot

Each residential service account shall be charged a monthly administrative charge of \$3.43 per statement.

No wastewater user charge shall be imposed on metered water usage above nine thousand (9,000) gallons per month, per residential service dwelling unit.

The total monthly rate for residential service is the sum of the: a) service charge; b) administrative fee; and c) user charges, in accordance with the schedule.

#### Commercial and All Non-Residential

		User
	Monthly	Charge
Meter Size	Service Charge	Per 1,000 Gallons
5/8"	\$ 20.45	\$ 5.85
3/4"	\$ 28.96	\$ 5.85
1"	\$ 45.98	\$ 5.85
11/2"	\$ 88.53	\$ 5.85
2"	\$ 139.59	\$ 5.85
3"	\$ 275.75	\$ 5.85
4"	\$ 428.93	\$ 5.85
6"	\$ 854.43	\$ 5.85
8"	\$ 1,365.03	\$ 5.85
10"	\$ 2,471.33	\$ 5.85

Unmetered commercial and non-residential charges will be calculated individually based on estimates of wastewater discharges and the above schedule of rates.

The total monthly rate for residential service is the sum of the service and the user charges.

#### **Connection Fees**

	Number	Wat	er	Wa	stewater
Customer Classification	ERU's	Cha	rge	<u>Cha</u>	<u>irge</u>
Residential Service					
Single – family	1.00	\$	2,440.00	\$	2,660.00
Multi - family (per Dwelling Unit)	0.80	\$	1,952.00	\$	2,128.00
Recreational vehicle (per Dwelling Unit/Lot)	0.40	\$	976.00	\$	1,064.00
<u>Commercial and All Non-Residential</u> Charge Per Gallon		\$	9.76	\$	10.64
Charge rei Gallon		Φ	9.70	Φ	10.04

Water Meter Installation and Service Connection Fees

<u>Meter Size</u>	Installatio <u>Charge</u>	n	Tap <u>Cha</u>	
5/8"	\$ 260.0	00	\$	1,025.00
3/4"	\$ 295.0	00	\$	1,060.00
1"	\$ 325.0	00	\$	1,090.00
11/2"	\$ 525.0	00	\$	1,650.00
2"	\$ 595.0	00	\$	1,800.00
3" and above	Actual Co	ost	Ac	tual Cost
Wastewater Main Tap Charge			Ac	tual Cost

In addition to new installations, these rates may also apply to water and sewer service upgrades or facility locations.

Charges for larger meter and wastewater main taps will be based on estimates of actual time and expense. Amounts collected by the County in excess of actual costs will be credited to the customer's account or be refunded, as may be applicable. Amounts due, caused by underestimation, will be billed and payable to Lee County Utilities.

Source: Lee County Utilities Division

# Historical Revenues, Expenses, and Debt Service Coverage (dollars in thousands)

		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Gross Revenues <sup>(1)</sup>										
Water User Fees	\$	51,149	\$	51,380	\$	52,674	\$	53,485	\$	53,283
Wastewater User Fees		58,883		58,938		60,598		61,208		61,641
Rentals and Franchise Fees		218		200		206		212		228
Miscellaneous Revenues <sup>(2)</sup>		1,771		2,097		1,991		1,749		2,031
Investment Earnings <sup>(3)</sup>		2,218		3,895		5,931		4,097		976
Other Revenue Adjustments:		170		170		170		170		170
Gateway Debt Service Contribution <sup>(4)</sup> Total Gross Revenues	\$	172	\$	172 116,682	\$	172 121,572	\$	172 120,923	\$	172 118,331
Total Gross Revenues	Φ	114,411	Φ	110,002	φ	121,372	Φ	120,923	Ф	116,551
Operating expenses <sup>(5)</sup>										
Salaries and Wages	\$	15,106	\$	15,063	\$	15,757	\$	16,684	\$	16,958
Employee Benefits		6,584		6,765		7,337		7,954		8,726
Contract services, materials and supplies		23,810		33,146		35,570		31,755		25,220
Utilities		5,869		5,600		5,750		6,061		6,040
Repairs and maintenance		3,658		4,357		5,675		5,930		5,984
Insurance		693		676		854		831		831
Other		1,896		2,575		2,015		2,102		1,736
Indirect Cost		1,445		1,574		1,630		2,067		2,139
Administrative Fees		37		36		38		43		39
Total Operating Expenses	\$	59,098	\$	69,792	\$	74,626	\$	73,427	\$	67,673
Pledged Funds										
Net Revenues	\$	55,313	\$	46,890	\$	46,946	\$	47,496	\$	50,658
Special Assessment Proceeds		93		60		76		50		69
Connection Fees <sup>(6)</sup>		14,621		13,127		14,105		13,687		16,836
Total	\$	70,027	\$	60,077	\$	61,127	\$	61,233	\$	67,563
Annual Debt Service - Outstanding Bonds (7)										
Series 2011 Bonds	\$	7,006	\$	7,003	\$	6,997	\$	6,633	\$	5,754
Series 2012A Bonds		1,000		1,000		1,000		719		-
Series 2012B Bonds		374		374		374		269		-
Series 2013A Bonds		3,440		3,441		3,441		2,864		1,401
Series 2013B Bonds		3,956		3,952		3,947		3,940		3,943
Series 2019 Bonds		-		-		-		742		4,050
Annual Debt Service	\$	15,776	\$	15,770	\$	15,759	\$	15,167	\$	15,148
Rate Covenant Compliance										
Test A - Net Revenues and Special Assessments Proceeds	\$	55,406	\$	46,950	\$	47,022	\$	47,546	\$	50,727
Annual Debt Service		15,776		15,770		15,759		15,167		15,148
Calculated Coverage		351.20%		297.72%		298.38%		313.48%		334.88%
Required Coverage		100.00%		100.00%		100.00%		100.00%		100.00%
Test B - Net Revenues, Special Assessments Proceeds and										
Connection Fees	\$	70,027	\$	60,077	\$	61,127	\$	61,233	\$	67,563
Annual Debt Service		15,776		15,770		15,759		15,167		15,148
Calculated Coverage		443.88%		380.96%		387.89%		403.73%		446.02%
Required Coverage		120.00%		120.00%		120.00%		120.00%		120.00%
State Revolving Fund Loan Compliance										
Pledged Revenues:										
Gross Revenues	\$	114,411	\$	116,682	\$	121,572	\$	120,923	\$	118,331
Less Operating Expenses		(59,098)		(69,792)		(74,626)		(73,427)		(67,673)
Less Senior Revenue Obligations Debt Service	<i>ф</i>	(15,776)	<i>ф</i>	(15,770)	<i>ф</i>	(15,759)	<i>•</i>	(15,167)	φ.	(15,148)
Net Amount Available for SRF Debt Coverage	\$	39,537	\$	31,120	\$	31,187	\$	32,329	\$	35,510
									(0	ontinued)

# Historical Revenues, Expenses, and Debt Service Coverage (dollars in thousands)

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Outstanding SRF Loan Debt Service			 _	 	
SRF Loan 2001 CS12039232P	\$ 226	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
SRF Loan 2005 DW3610010	1,717	1,717	1,717	1,717	935
SRF Loan 2009 WW392330	2,256	2,256	2,256	2,256	2,265
SRF Loan 2015 WW360200	-	-	770	1,540	1,540
SRF Loan 2017 DW3602A0	-	-	-	655	1,311
Total	\$ 4,199	\$ 3,973	\$ 4,743	\$ 6,168	\$ 6,051
Calculated Coverage	941.58%	783.29%	657.54%	524.14%	586.85%
Required Coverage	 115.00%	 115.00%	 115.00%	 115.00%	 115.00%
Other Required Transfers from Net Revenues: <sup>(8)</sup>	 	 	 	 	 
Renewal and Replacement Fund <sup>(9)</sup>	\$ 5,457	\$ 5,688	\$ 5,781	\$ 5,992	\$ 5,975
Subordinated Indebtedness Debt Service	4,199	3,973	4,743	6,168	6,051
Amounts Available for Other System Purposes	\$ 29,881	\$ 21,459	\$ 20,663	\$ 20,169	\$ 23,484

(1) Pursuant to Bond Resolution, Gross Revenues means all income and moneys received from rates, fees, rentals, charges and other income for water and wastewater services without limiting the generality of the foregoing, Investment Earnings.

(2) Amount shown includes charges for permit, tapping, delinquent, turn-on and turn-off and other miscellaneous charges.

(3) Investment Earnings pledged and available includes all income and earnings on all funds and accounts other than the Construction Fund and Rebate Fund. Such amounts do not include fair value adjustments.

(4) Amounts shown reflect reclassification of non-operating revenues for purposes of calculating compliance with the rate covenant to reflect funds received from Gateway Services Community Development District related to payment of debt service regarding purchase of capacity pursuant to the Gateway Wastewater Agreement.

(5) Amount shown are exclusive of depreciation, amortization and unfunded OPEB and pension expenses pursuant to the County's bond resolution.

(6) Amounts shown reflect Connection Fees as received (as opposed to earned) and do not include interest income of Connection Fees Fund balances. Any earning related to the Connection Fees Funds have been included as a component of Gross Revenues pursuant to the Bond Resolution.

(7) Does not include the Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2021A&B since debt service is not payable until November 21, 2021.

(8) Amounts shown reflect other required deposits to funds and accounts as referenced in Section 4.05 of the Bond Resolution.

(9) For purposes of determining compliance with the Bond Resolution, amounts shown reflect an annual deposit to the R&R fund (regardless of the amount on deposit in such fund) equal to 5% of prior year's Gross Revenues.

Source: Lee County Clerk of Courts Finance and Records Department

#### Customer Statistics:

Historical customer statistics with respect to the Lee County Water System are set forth below:

#### County Water System Customer Accounts and Sales Statistics

-	Retail Customers			Treated/Purchased						
- Fiscal Year	Average Accounts	Water Sales (000s Gallons)	Monthly Use per Account (Gallons)	Wholesale Water Sales (000s Gallons)	Total Water Sales (000s Gallons)	Finished Water (000s Gallons)	ADF-MGD			
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	х <i>У</i>	, ,				
2012	77,396	7,116,776	7,663	724,001	7,852,972	8,750,233	23.97			
2013	78,542	7,082,552	7,523	705,247	7,787,799	8,422,904	23.08			
2014	78,751	7,191,865	7,610	723,867	7,915,732	8,532,693	23.38			
2015	79,935	7,319,779	7,631	693,914	8,013,693	8,512,833	23.34			
2016	81,250	7,351,730	7,540	743,435	8,095,165	8,710,483	23.81			
2017	81,968	7,414,290	7,538	742,297	8,156,587	9,039,850	24.81			
2018	83,475	7,622,518	7,610	826,694	8,449,212	9,069,253	24.87			
2019	84,690	7,706,260	7,583	841,432	8,547,692	9,371,558	25.69			
2020	88,741	8,599,372	8,075	835,383	9,434,755	9,444,282	26.01			
2021	91,246	7,650,849	6,987	833,567	8,484,416	9,739,825	26.70			

Historical customer statistics with respect to the Lee County Wastewater System are set forth below:

County Wastewater System Customer Accounts and Sales Statistics

-		<b>Retail Customers</b>					
Fiscal Year	Average Accounts	Billed Flows (000s Gallons)	Monthly Flow per Account (Gallons)	Wholesale Billed Flows (000s Gallons)	Total Billed Sales (000s Gallons)	Treated Waste- Water Flows (000s Gallons)	ADF-MGD
2012	55,922	5,714,966	8,516	276,247	5,992,162	5,580,126	15.29
2013	56,222	5,079,107	7,528	275,787	5,354,894	5,475,070	15.00
2014	56,753	5,311,386	7,799	277,082	5,588,468	5,883,559	16.12
2015	55,302	5,356,006	8,071	218,764	5,574,770	5,749,641	15.80
2016	55,915	5,349,742	7,973	214,637	5,564,379	5,938,595	16.23
2017	57,394	5,623,502	8,165	231,480	5,854,982	5,924,544	16.23
2018	57,700	5,678,994	8,202	258,346	5,937,340	5,964,972	16.39
2019	58,698	5,764,012	8,183	265,886	6,029,898	6,049,577	16.59
2020	62,197	5,886,836	7,887	268,460	6,155,296	6,078,878	16.67
2021	64,022	5,794,899	7,543	143,965	5,938,864	6,245,673	17.12

Source: Lee County Utilities Division

# County System Top Ten Retail Utility Customers (Based on Sales Revenue)

Customer	<u>Class</u>	Meter <u>Size</u>	Type of <u>Service</u>	System Revenue	% of Total County Sales <u>Revenue</u>
Gulf Coast Medical Center	Commercial	10"	Water/Sewer	\$ 809,137	0.69%
Landings Env. Wrm. Assoc. Inc.	Multifamily	6"	Water/Sewer	628,634	0.54%
Gulf Coast Town Center	Commercial	10"	Water/Sewer	473,529	0.40%
Health Park Medical Center	Commercial	6"	Water/Sewer	452,364	0.39%
Shell Point Village	Commercial	8"	Water/Sewer	405,406	0.35%
Kraft Heinz Company	Commercial	3"	Water/Sewer	358,403	0.31%
Jamaica Bay Assoc. LDT	Multifamily	8"	Water	354,861	0.30%
Indian Creek Park	Multifamily	6"	Water/Sewer	287,029	0.25%
Bayside Estates	Multifamily	3"	Water/Sewer	279,788	0.24%
Island Club Homewoners Association	Multifamily	6"	Water/Sewer	266,007	0.23%

**\$** 4,315,158 3.70%

# Rate Comparison with Other Florida Utilities <sup>(1)</sup>

Residential Service Assuming 5,000 Gallons of Monthly Utility Service

	Water		Wastewater		Total	
Lee County Existing Rates <sup>(2)</sup>	\$	28.94	\$	49.70	\$	78.64
Other Neighboring and Florida Utilities:						
Bonita Springs Utilites, Inc.	\$	30.47	\$	46.98	\$	77.45
City of Bradenton		31.56		39.53		71.09
City of Cape Coral		36.82		66.27		103.09
Charlotte County		56.43		68.56		124.99
Collier County		41.49		63.55		105.04
DeSoto County		65.45		61.04		126.49
Englewood Water District		30.58		45.66		76.24
FGUA - Lehigh Acres (Lee County)		43.90		70.82		114.72
FGUA - North Fort Myers Service Area <sup>(3)</sup>		28.94		66.36		95.30
FGUA - Lake Fairway/Pine Lakes Service Area (Lee County)		56.44		61.43		117.87
City of Fort Myers		32.84		83.60		116.44
Hillsborough County - Northwest Service Area		34.69		43.69		78.38
Manatee County		21.50		49.32		70.82
City of Marco Island		58.41		58.27		116.68
City of Naples		16.39		43.34		59.73
City of North Port		45.86		64.09		109.95
Okeechobee Utility Authority		48.62		61.27		109.89
Pinellas County		32.45		50.69		83.14
City of Punta Gorda		33.03		37.29		70.32
Sarasota County		31.55		63.62		95.17
Other Florida Utilities Average	\$	38.87	\$	57.27	\$	96.14

(1) Unless otherwise noted, amounts shown reflect residential rates in effect October 2021 and are exclusive of taxes or franchise fees, if any, and reflect rates charged for inside the city service. All rates are as reported by the respective utility. This comparison is intended to show comparable charges for similar service for comparison purposes only and is not intended to be a complete listing of all rates and charges offered by each listed utility.

(2)

Amounts shown drived from the Rate Resolution of the County; the water bills shown include the application of the billing that is rendered on a "per bill" basis, regardless of service required by the customer.

(3)

Reflects utility service area receiving wastewater service by FGUA and potable water service by Lee County.

Source: Lee County Utilities Division

*Connection Fees Comparison With Other Utilities Systems* <sup>(1)</sup> (*Rates per Equivalent Residential Unit (ERU)*)

	Water		Wastewater		Total	
Lee County Existing Rates	\$	2,440	\$	2,660	\$	5,100
Other Neighboring and Florida Utilities:						
Pinellas County	\$	352	\$	2,060	\$	2,412
City of Bradenton		1,183		1,545		2,728
City of Sarasota		900		2,577		3,477
City of Naples		1,416		2,324		3,740
City of Fort Myers		2,023		1,966		3,989
City of North Port		1,872		2,213		4,085
Englewood Water District		1,751		2,754		4,505
Charlotte County		1,290		1,610		2,900
Manatee County		1,738		3,175		4,913
Orange County		1,970		3,570		5,540
City of Cape Coral		2,551		2,406		4,957
Collier County		3,382		3,314		6,696
City of Punta Gorda		1,497		2,760		4,257
Sarasota County		2,950		3,190		6,140
Hillsborough County - Northwest Service Area		1,863		2,951		4,814
FGUA - Lehigh Acres System (Lee County)		3,070		3,057		6,127
Bonita Springs Utilities, Inc.		2,600		3,925		6,525
City of Marco Island		3,740		4,610		8,350
City of Boca Raton		5,195		4,168		9,363
Other Florida Utilities Average	\$	2,176	\$	2,851	\$	5,027

(1) Unless otherwise noted, amounts shown reflect fees in effect November 2021 for a single equivalent residential unit or single family household exclusive of taxes or franchise fees, if any, and reflect fees charged for inside city service, where applicable. All fees are as reported by the respective utility. This comparison is intended to show comparable charges for similar service for comparsion purposes only and is not intended to be a complete listing of all fees and charges imposed by each listed utility.

Source: Water and Wastewater Miscellaneous, Wholesale and Connection Fee Study

#### System Historical Operating Results and Indenture Rate Covenant Compliance

		Fiscal Year 2017 <sup>(7)</sup>		Year 8 <sup>(7)</sup>	Fiscal 201		Fiscal 202	Fiscal Year 2021	
Description	Excludes Hurricane Related Expenses <sup>(8)</sup>	Includes Hurricane Irma Expenses							
Collection Assessment Revenues	\$24,526,076	\$24,526,076	\$24,862,667	\$24,862,667	\$25,446,588	\$25,446,588	\$25,912,110	\$25,912,110	\$26,420,303
Assessment, MSTU, and Tip Fee Revenues	41,687,536	41,687,536	52,712,502	52,712,502	55,901,892	55,901,892	56,415,882	56,415,882	65,289,466
WTE Facility - Gross Electric Sales <sup>(1)</sup>	9,147,151	9,147,151	9,324,700	9,324,700	9,489,326	9,489,326	6,092,684	6,092,684	9,000,401
Recycling Revenues	3,116,434	3,116,434	781,656	781,656	973,987	973,987	894,594	894,594	1,542,869
Other Miscellaneous Revenue <sup>(2)</sup>	8,416,768	8,416,768	10,103,634	10,103,634	8,633,868	10,842,283	7,571,966	37,674,989	9,317,841
Rate Stabilization Fund Transfers	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gross Revenues	86,893,965	86,893,965	97,785,159	97,785,159	100,445,661	102,654,076	96,887,236	126,990,259	111,570,880
Less Operating Expenses <sup>(3)</sup>	70,642,749	73,720,652	75,887,249	109,159,350	81,664,475	83,770,033	83,104,525	83,104,525	84,883,473
Net Revenues	16,251,216	13,173,313	21,897,910	(11,374,191)	18,781,186	18,884,043	13,782,711	43,885,734	26,687,407
Net Position <sup>(4)</sup>	42,608,606	42,608,606	42,848,308	42,848,308	13,182,804	13,182,804	16,937,243	16,937,243	37,295,296
Net Revenues and Net Position	\$58,859,822	\$55,781,919	\$64,746,218	\$31,474,117	\$31,963,990	\$32,066,847	\$30,719,954	\$60,822,977	\$63,982,703
Annual Debt Service <sup>(5)</sup>									
Series 2016 Bonds	\$8,534,745	\$8,534,745	\$8,541,250	\$8,541,250	\$8,546,500	\$8,546,500	\$8,557,750	\$8,557,750	\$8,564,000
Total Annual Debt Service	\$8,534,745	\$8,534,745	\$8,541,250	\$8,541,250	\$8,546,500	\$8,546,500	\$8,557,750	\$8,557,750	\$8,564,000
Rate Covenant Test									
Test A:									
Net Revenues and Net Position	\$58,859,822	\$55,781,919	\$64,746,218	\$31,474,117	\$31,963,990	\$32,066,847	\$30,719,954	\$60,822,977	\$63,982,703
Annual Debt Service	8,534,745	8,534,745	8,541,250	8,541,250	8,546,500	8,546,500	8,557,750	8,557,750	8,564,000
Annual Debt Service Coverage	6.90	6.54	7.58	3.68	3.74	3.75	3.59	7.11	7.47
Minimum Required Debt Service Coverage	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20
AND									
Test B:									
Part 1									
Net Revenues	\$16,251,216	\$13,173,313	\$21,897,910	(\$11,374,191)	\$18,781,186	\$18,884,043	\$13,782,711	\$43,885,734	\$26,687,407
Annual Debt Service	8,534,745	8,534,745	8,541,250	8,541,250	8,546,500	8,546,500	8,557,750	8,557,750	8,564,000
Annual Debt Service Coverage	1.90	1.54	2.56	(1.33)	2.20	2.21	1.61	5.13	3.12
Minimum Required Coverage	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Part 2	<u>ФП П1 ( 4П1</u>	#4 (20 E(0	¢10.0E( ((0	(#10.01E.441)	¢10 004 (0(	¢10.007 E 40	¢E 004 0/1	¢25 007 004	¢10 100 407
Net Revenues Less Debt Service	\$7,716,471	\$4,638,568	\$13,356,660	(\$19,915,441)	\$10,234,686	\$10,337,543	\$5,224,961	\$35,327,984	\$18,123,407
Required Deposits <sup>(6)</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net After Required Deposits	\$7,716,471	\$4,638,568	\$13,356,660	(\$19,915,441)	\$10,234,686	\$10,337,543	\$5,224,961	\$35,327,984	\$18,123,407

[1] Amounts show reflect gross electric sales revenues; pursuant to agreement the County is required to remit 10% of gross electric revenues to the Operator.

[2] Amounts shown reflect other operating revenues including franchise fee revenues retained by the County, interest income of cash balances, sale of recovered materials from operation of the C&D recycling facility, advanced disposal fees, electric maintenance revenues, contractual reimbursements, sale of ferrous and non-ferrous metals and other miscellaneous revenues. Amounts shown are exclusive of gains on sale of system assets and fair value adjustments.

[3] Amounts shown are exclusive of depreciation, amortization, renewal and replacement expenses, OPEB and pension liabilities and landfill closure and post-closure expenses.

[4] Amount shown reflects the Net Position of the System Reserves Fund at September 30th of the prior year per definitions.

[5] Amounts shown reflect the monthly deposits to the Debt Service Fund for upcoming due (i.e. the accrued debt service).

[6] No required payments were identified since: a) the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement was met through a Debt Service Reserve Account in the amount of \$7.7M and b) the Renewal and Replacement Fund Requirement was met through the maintenance of a \$1.5 million cash deposit held within the Renewal and Replacement Fund.

[7] On September 10, 2017, Hurricane Irma hit SW Florida causing flooding, property damage, and downed trees. Debris clean up started just after the storm and continued into 2018. As of September 30, 2018, the costs to the Solid Waste System for contractual service, materials, and supplies related to the debris clean-up totaled \$36,350,000. In 2018, the County applied to FEMA for reimbursement of those costs and received a significant portion of those funds in 2020. The costs of the hurricane related expenses are treated as non-recurring expenses for the debt service coverage as they are outside the normal day-to-day operations and should be reimbursed by FEMA. The System Historical Operating Results and Indenture Rate Covenant Compliance table shows the coverage with and with-out Hurricane Irma expenses for comparison.

[8] Excludes non-recurring expenses related to Hurricane Irma. The County applied for reimbursment from FEMA in 2018 and received a significant portion of those funds in 2020.

#### Summary of Historical Charges

			Adopted
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
Description	2020	2021	2022 <sup>[5]</sup>
Assessments:			
Collection (Avg. Areas 1-5) <sup>[1]</sup>	\$145.62	\$145.62	\$145.62
Residential Credit	-	-	-
Disposal MSW	45.18	45.18	50.20
Disposal Yard Waste	6.62	6.62	6.62
Disposal Facility Assessment Charge	15.53	15.53	17.25
Recycling Assessment	-	11.05	11.05
Billing Fee	2.45	2.45	2.45
Early Prepayment Gross Up (4%) (Avg. Areas 1-5) $^{[1]}$	8.97	9.44	9.72
Gross Assessment Average for Areas 1-5 <sup>[2]</sup>	\$224.37	\$235.89	\$242.91
Assessment Paid in February = 1% Discount	\$222.13	\$233.53	\$240.48
Assessment Paid in January = 2% Discount	219.88	231.17	238.05
Assessment Paid in December = 3% Discount	217.64	228.81	235.62
Assessment Paid in November = 4% Discount	215.40	226.45	233.19
<u>Tip Fees per Ton by Waste Type:</u>			
MSW w/o Surcharges	\$50.20	\$50.20	\$50.20
MSW w/ Surcharges <sup>[3]</sup>	50.20	50.20	50.20
Horticulture / Yard Waste	25.46	31.00	37.50
Cⅅ	32.95	48.40	60.00
Class III	32.95	48.40	60.00
Tires	80.00 - 120.00	110.00	160.00
Disposal Facility Assessment per Ton <sup>[4]</sup>	\$17.25	\$17.25	\$17.25

[1] Amounts shown reflect the average fee charged for the primary franchise collection Areas 1-5.

[2] Reflects gross assessments before early prepayment discounts as allowed by F.S. Chapter 197.

[3] Unincorporated waste generated by Commercial and Multi-Family customers are charged a gate fee per ton including the addition of the base tip fee plus applicable surcharges per ton for MSW disposal.

[4] Presented for informational purposes only since the disposal facility assessment charge is charged to all MSW customers by assessment, with exception to Hendry County customers.

[5] The County approved the Fiscal Year 2022 charges for services on August 3, 2021 pursuant to Resolution 21-08-07.

# Summary of Historical Inbound Waste Deliveries (Tons) by Type of Waste<sup>[1]</sup>

Historical Period								
Description	2017	2017 2018		2020	2021			
MSW / Residue <sup>[2]</sup>	570,971	586,383	579,041	582,477	631,785			
C&D / Class III	78,512	184,960	152,206	164,875	141,710			
Yard Waste	107,427	128,639	103,196	121,563	127,725			
Sludge (Wet Tons)	62,803	62,966	70,369	65,627	72,715			
Tires	5,079	6,034	5,968	6,268	8,794			
Other <sup>[3]</sup>	1,494	1,646	288	6,894	4,930			
Recycling <sup>[4]</sup>	83,321	84,126	83,394	86,379	88,045			
Total	909,607	1,054,754	994,462	1,034,083	1,075,704			

[1] Amounts shown exclude ash residue since such waste is not considered an inbound waste to the system and is generated from processing of MSW and other processable inbound waste at the WTE facility.

[2] Amounts shown include MSW waste and recycling residue that is processed at the WTE facility.

[3] Amounts shown primarily reflect contaminated sand, but also include minor amounts of waste categorized as certified destroyed waste, international waste, asbestos, oil wastes, and other miscellaneous wastes.

[4] Amounts shown net of recycling residue processed at the WTE facility; however, includes some residue that is disposed of or used as cover at the Lee / Hendry Landfill.

## Summary of Historical Waste-to-Energy (WTE) Processing Statistics<sup>[1]</sup>

Historical Period							
Description	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		
Annualized Design Capacity (Tons) <sup>[2]</sup>	670,140	670,140	670,140	670,140	670,140		
Guaranteed Tonnage (Tons) <sup>[3]</sup>	569,619	569,619	569,619	569,619	569,619		
Processed Waste (Tons)	610,448	620,677	620,028	599,559	587,031		
Received MSW/Residue (Tons) <sup>[4]</sup>	559,074	527,515	534,965	548,088	576,969		
MSW as % of Processed	91.6%	85.0%	86.3%	91.4%	98.3%		
WTE Production Statistics:							
Generated Ash Residue (Tons)	148,481	163,877	164,159	153,382	139,213		
Ash as % of Waste Processed	24.3%	26.4%	26.5%	25.6%	23.7%		
Gross Electricity (MW-hr)	376,423	406,733	401,031	380,622	348,053		
Net Electrictiy (MW-hr) <sup>[5]</sup>	320,919	348,660	343,894	322,681	288,914		
Ferrous Recovery (Tons) <sup>[6]</sup>	20,114	19,311	17,048	20,755	20,366		
Non-Ferrous Recovery (Tons) <sup>[6]</sup>	2,410	3,084	2,738	2,601	2,126		
Non-remous necovery (1018)	2,410	5,004	2,750	2,001	2,120		

- [1] During Fiscal Year 2016, the County had major maintenance performed to the boiler and generator of the WTE Facility and additional major maintenance is expected in Fiscal Year 2021, that has or is expected to reduce the amount of tons that can be processed.
- [2] Amounts shown are based on the annualized design capatily of 1,836 tons per day (not adjusted for leap years) and were not adjusted for any typical or routine maintenance, which would limit the actual capacity for the facility over a twelve (12) month period.
- [3] Amounts shown reflect the minimum commitment of processable waste deliveries by the County pursuant to contractual agreement.
- [4] Includes residues from reycling processed at the WTE Facility and considered comparable to MSW.
- [5] Reflects gross production of electricity net of in-plant use.
- [6] The County partnered with the Operator to install an enhanced metals recovery system, which substantially increased the amount of recovered ferrous and non-ferrous metals approximately 15,000 tons per year to 20,000 tons per year.

# Toll Rates - Sanibel Bridge

The schedule below reflects the toll structure:

Vehicle Class	<u>September 30, 2021</u>
Motorcycles	\$ 2.00
2 axles	6.00
3 axles	9.00
4 axles	12.00
5 axles	15.00
6 or more axles, per axle	3.00

Commuters can choose between annual or semi-annual electronic toll collection ("ETC") discount programs that, depending on the cost of the program, require no additional toll ("Unlimited ETC") or a \$2.00 toll for each westbound crossing. Purchasers of Unlimited ETC's at least one month after the beginning of the validity period (May 1 or November 1) are entitled to a prorated discount on the purchase price. In addition, further discounts on the cost of the ETC are offered for non-commercial vehicles registered or leased to the same natural person (the "Second Vehicle") who has purchased a discount program for a first vehicle (the "Initial Vehicle").

The following table sets forth the toll rates for two axle vehicles that carry an ETC transponder:

Type of Discount <u>Program</u>	<u>Vehicle</u>	Cost of Discount <u>Program</u>	Additional <u>Toll</u>
Annual <sup>(1)</sup>	Initial Vehicle	\$ 67.00	\$ 2.00
	Second Vehicle	33.50	2.00
	Initial Vehicle	400.00	-0-
	Second Vehicle	200.00	-0-
Semiannual <sup>(2)</sup>	Initial Vehicle	50.00	2.00
	Second Vehicle	25.00	2.00
	Initial Vehicle	300.00	-0-
	Second Vehicle	150.00	-0-

Source: June 2007 Toll Resolution

<sup>(1)</sup> Valid for 12 months commencing November 1 of each year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Valid for 6 months commencing on November 1 or May 1 of each year.

The County has offered, in addition to ETC's valid only on the Cape Coral Bridge, a combination transponder, which is valid on all three facilities. Commuters can also choose to purchase unlimited discount programs that are valid on all three facilities. The costs of combination unlimited discount programs are also subject to proration as described above in the case of ETC's for the Sanibel Causeway. The costs are as follows:

# COMBINATION TOLLS

(Sanibel Causeway, Cape Coral Bridge and Midpoint Memorial Bridge)

Type of Discount <u>Program</u>	<u>Vehicle</u>	Cost of Discount <u>Program</u>	Additional <u>Toll</u>
Annual <sup>(1)</sup>	Initial Vehicle	\$ 107.00	\$1.00 for Cape Coral or Midpoint; \$ 2.00 for Sanibel
	Second Vehicle	53.50	\$1.00 for Cape Coral or Midpoint; \$2.00 for Sanibel
	Initial Vehicle	730.00	-0-
	Second Vehicle	365.00	-0-
Semiannual <sup>(2)</sup>	Initial Vehicle	74.00	\$1.00 for Cape Coral or Midpoint; \$2.00 for Sanibel
	Second Vehicle	37.00	\$1.00 for Cape Coral or Midpoint; \$2.00 for Sanibel
	Initial Vehicle	500.00	-0-
	Second Vehicle	250.00	-0-

Source: June 2007 Toll Resolution

<sup>(1)</sup> Valid for 12 months commencing November 1 of each year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Valid for 6 months commencing on November 1 or May 1 of each year.

# Toll Rates - Cape Coral Bridge and Midpoint Memorial Bridge

The schedule below reflects the toll structure:

Vehicle Class	<u>September 30, 2021</u>
Motorcycles	\$ 1.00
2 axles	2.00
3 axles	4.00
4 axles	6.00
5 axles	8.00
6 or more axles, per axle	2.00
Commuter Discounts	(see next page)

The Cape Coral Bridge and Midpoint Memorial Bridge toll structure also offers commuter toll discounts similar to those offered on the Sanibel Causeway. The annual or semi-annual ETC, depending on its cost, requires either (i) no additional toll or (ii) one dollar (\$1.00) toll for each westbound crossing. Second Vehicle discounts are available. Combination ETC's which are valid on both the Sanibel Causeway and the Cape Coral Bridge are also available. See the above Combination Tolls table for a list of toll rates for combination ETC's.

The following table sets forth the toll rates for two axle vehicles that carry an ETC transponder:

Type of Discount <u>Program</u>	<u>Vehicle</u>	Cost of Discount <u>Program</u>	Additional <u>Toll</u>
Annual <sup>(1)</sup>	Initial Vehicle	\$ 40.00	\$ 1.00
	Second Vehicle	20.00	1.00
	Initial Vehicle	330.00	-0-
	Second Vehicle	165.00	-0-
Semiannual <sup>(2)</sup>	Initial Vehicle	24.00	1.00
	Second Vehicle	12.00	1.00
	Initial Vehicle	200.00	-0-
	Second Vehicle	100.00	-0-

Source: June 2007 Toll Resolution

<sup>(1)</sup> Valid for 12 months commencing November 1 of each year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Valid for 6 months commencing on November 1 or May 1 of each year.

# Variable Pricing Program

During the term of the variable pricing program, a toll for each westbound trip on the Cape Coral and Midpoint Memorial Bridges the toll rates for off-peak usage with and without an ETC transponder are set forth in the table below:

Vehicle Class	Specified Off-Peak Hour <u>Toll Without ETC</u>	Specified Off-Peak Hour <u>Toll With ETC</u>
Motorcycles	\$1.00	n/a
2 axles	2.00	\$ 1.50/0.75
3 axles	4.00	3.00
4 axles	6.00	4.50
5 axles	8.00	6.00
6 or more axles	2.00 per axle	1.50 per axle

Source: Lee County Department of Transportation

#### TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES TRAFFIC, REVENUES AND EXPENSES BY BRIDGE

#### Operating TOLL PAYING TRAFFIC and Other Gross Toll Maintenance Percentage Traffic<sup>(1)</sup> $\operatorname{Expenses}^{(2)}$ Year Passenger Cars Total Change Revenues Net Revenues (000's omitted) (000's omitted) (000's omitted) 2012 7,216,252 147,754 7,364,006 4.85% 12,865 3,726 9,139 2013 7,282,092 150,448 7,432,540 0.93% 13,203 3,654 9,549 2014 7,432,895 165,659 7,598,554 2.23% 14,164 3,888 10,276 $2015^{(3)}$ 7,800,958 174,168 7,975,126 4.96%14,988 3,412 11,576 2016(3) 8,088,851 180,033 8,268,884 3.68% 15,831 3,355 12,476 2017<sup>(3)</sup> 7,910,053 179,967 8,090,020 -2.16% 15,754 3,396 12,358 $2018^{(3)}$ 195,596 7.63% 2,797 8,511,750 8,707,346 16,339 13,542 2019(3) 8,532,718 189,348 8,722,066 0.17%16,734 2,822 13,912 2020<sup>(3)</sup> 7,884,197 187,370 8,071,567 -7.46% 13,925 2,948 10,977 2021<sup>(3)</sup> 8,646,399 208,537 8,854,936 9.71% 15,039 3,786 11,253

#### MIDPOINT MEMORIAL BRIDGE TRAFFIC, REVENUE AND EXPENSES

#### CAPE CORAL BRIDGE TRAFFIC, REVENUE AND EXPENSES

						Operating	
TOLL PAYING TRAFFIC						and	
		Other		Percentage	Gross Toll	Maintenance	
Year	Passenger Cars	Traffic <sup>(1)</sup>	Total	Change	Revenues	Expenses <sup>(2)</sup>	Net Revenues
					(000's omitted)	(000's omitted)	(000's omitted)
2012	6,979,108	133,168	7,112,276	-3.32%	12,086	3,614	8,472
2013	7,198,104	136,590	7,334,694	3.13%	12,586	3,556	9,031
2014	7,521,133	147,931	7,669,064	4.56%	13,685	3,737	9,948
2015 <sup>(3)</sup>	7,872,440	150,196	8,022,636	4.61%	14,327	3,397	10,930
2016 <sup>(3)</sup>	8,114,891	152,000	8,266,891	3.04%	15,014	3,392	11,622
$2017^{(3)}$	7,925,272	146,445	8,071,717	-2.36%	14,819	3,565	11,254
$2018^{(3)}$	8,210,849	153,337	8,364,186	3.62%	14,890	2,544	12,346
2019 <sup>(3)</sup>	8,304,477	148,860	8,453,337	1.07%	15,458	3,115	12,343
2020 <sup>(3)</sup>	7,569,884	131,561	7,701,445	-8.89%	12,798	2,886	9,912
2021 <sup>(3)</sup>	8,238,646	125,856	8,364,502	8.61%	13,781	3,657	10,124

#### SANIBEL CAUSEWAY TRAFFIC, REVENUE AND EXPENSES

						Operating	
	TOLL	PAYING TRAFF	IC(1)			and	
		Other		Percentage	Gross Toll	Maintenance	
Year	Passenger Cars	Traffic <sup>(1)</sup>	Total	Change	Revenues	Expenses <sup>(2)</sup>	Net Revenues
					(000's omitted)	(000's omitted)	(000's omitted)
2012	2,919,284	71,207	2,990,491	2.01%	12,833	2,458	10,375
2013	2,987,257	75,099	3,062,356	2.40%	13,341	2,433	10,907
2014	3,090,340	75,346	3,165,686	3.37%	14,104	2,597	11,507
2015 <sup>(3)</sup>	3,207,115	75,674	3,282,789	3.70%	14,715	2,251	12,464
2016 <sup>(3)</sup>	3,256,170	80,885	3,337,055	1.65%	15,040	2,250	12,790
$2017^{(3)}$	3,197,201	80,084	3,277,285	-1.79%	15,040	2,315	12,725
2018 <sup>(3)</sup>	3,181,372	82,851	3,264,223	-0.40%	14,527	1,927	12,600
2019 <sup>(3)</sup>	3,210,873	82,899	3,293,772	0.91%	14,925	2,021	12,904
2020 <sup>(3)</sup>	2,919,222	78,139	2,997,361	-9.00%	12,710	2,024	10,686
2021 <sup>(3)</sup>	3,338,579	80,542	3,419,121	14.07%	14,482	2,727	11,755

(1) Includes motorcycles and 3+ axle vehicles.

(2) Does not include depreciation.

(3) Operating and Maintenance Expenses do not include unfunded OPEB and Pension expenses.

# Revenues, Operating Expenses and Debt Service Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

			Net			
Fiscal		Operating	Available for	Debt		
Year	Revenues	Expenses (1)(2)	Debt Service	Service	Coverage	
2012	37,817	9,426	28,391	15,600	1.82	
2013	39,162	9,698	29,464	15,053	1.96	
2014	41,966	10,158	31,808	15,756	2.02	
2015	44,113	8,906	35,207	15,352	2.29	
2016	46,008	8,910	37,098	14,230	2.61	
2017	45,742	9,376	36,366	14,349	2.53	
2018	47,492	9,872	37,620	14,303	2.63	
2019	49,952	12,344	37,608	9,811	3.83	
2020	44,608	12,391	32,217	9,805	3.29	
2021	43,708	12,137	31,571	9,795	3.22	

(1) Amount shown does not include depreciation or amortization expenses which are not considered an operating expense pursuant to the County's Bond Resolution.

(2) Beginning in fiscal year 2015, operating exenses do not include under funded OPEB pension expenses, pursuant to the County's Bond Resolution. Years 2012 to 2014 include the annual OPEB cost in the operating expenses and is not adjusted for funding.

Source: Lee County Clerk of Courts Finance and Records Department

# Lee County, Florida SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES LEE COUNTY PORT AUTHORITY September 30, 2021 (unaudited)

The following table lists the airlines serving the Airport, including all airlines operating passenger service into the Airport which have entered into an Airline-Airport Use and Lease Agreement with the Authority (the "Signatory Airlines").

## Airlines Serving the Airport<sup>1</sup>

#### Domestic Carriers

Alaska Airlines American Airlines\* Delta Air Lines\* JetBlue\* Frontier\* Southwest\* Spirit Airlines\* Sun Country United\*

#### Regionals/Affiliates

Atlantic Southeast Endeavor Air Express Jet Mesa Airlines Republic Airways PSA Airlines SkyWest

#### International Air Carriers

#### Air Cargo Carriers

Air Canada Westjet Federal Express United Parcel Service

- \* Denotes Signatory Airline as defined in Airline-Airport Use Agreements as of September 30, 2021.
- (1) During the peak winter months, a number of other domestic and international charter airlines also operate at the Airport.

Source: Lee County Port Authority

# Lee County, Florida SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES LEE COUNTY PORT AUTHORITY September 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

# Airport Enplanements October 2020 - September 2021

						Total	
						Enplanements	
	Commercial	Regionals/	International	Domestic	Total	for Month in	Percentage
	<u>Air Carriers</u>	<u>Affiliates</u>	<u>Air Carriers</u>	<u>Charters</u>	<u>Enplanements</u>	Prior Year	<u>Change</u>
October 2020	194,552	2,184	169	0	196,905	301,511	-34.7%
November 2020	230,700	6,758	975	0	238,433	436,243	-45.3%
December 2020	281,629	8,043	1,275	0	290,947	512,420	-43.2%
January 2021	351,319	9,136	1,982	91	362,528	571,428	-36.6%
February 2021	339,354	10,904	397	0	350,655	610,381	-42.6%
March 2021	548,040	15,294	81	82	563,497	483,206	16.6%
April 2021	574,753	19,251	159	0	594,163	35,897	1555.2%
May 2021	487,242	11,672	158	135	499,207	76,908	549.1%
June 2021	423,426	3,317	59	0	426,802	124,389	243.1%
July 2021	405,404	3,325	5	81	408,815	133,335	206.6%
August 2021	333,394	2,098	1,266	0	336,758	117,851	185.7%
September 2021	259,765	5,426	1,075	0	266,266	124,707	113.5%

The following table sets forth the historical enplanements for the Airport by air carrier type, as well as the annual percentage increase in enplaned passengers.

# Historical Enplanements by Carrier Type

Fiscal	Commercial	Regionals/	International	Domestic	Airport			
Year	Air Carriers	<u>Affiliates</u>	Air Carriers	<u>Charters</u>	Total			
2012	3,491,950	58,721	121,323	4,959	3,676,953			
2013	3,627,678	91,476	132,134	5,358	3,856,646			
2014	3,746,073	93,886	147,248	2,109	3,989,316			
2015	3,902,841	91,052	158,426	2,870	4,155,189			
2016	4,030,128	103,863	188,683	10,323	4,332,997			
2017	4,100,935	111,095	197,746	11,892	4,421,668			
2018	4,415,623	67,790	171,193	7,607	4,662,213			
2019	4,775,708	62,171	188,521	275	5,026,675			
2020	3,332,299	74,317	121,469	191	3,528,276			
2021	4,429,578	97,408	7,601	389	4,534,976			
Compounded Gr	Compounded Growth							
2012-2021	2.68%	5.78%	-26.49%	-24.63%	2.36%			

Source: Lee County Port Authority

# Lee County, Florida SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES LEE COUNTY PORT AUTHORITY SOUTHWEST FLORIDA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT September 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

# HISTORICAL LANDED WEIGHT BY AIRLINE (1000 lbs)

# Lee County, Florida SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES LEE COUNTY PORT AUTHORITY SOUTHWEST FLORIDA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT September 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

# HISTORICAL ENPLANEMENTS BY AIRLINE

FY 2021

FY 2020

	FY 2020		FY 2021	
	Landed		Landed	
Airline	Weight	Share	Weight	Share
Delta Air Lines	795,213	16.8%	1,280,542	21.7%
Southwest	934,512	19.8%	1,275,605	21.6%
American Airlines	642,674	13.6%	753,052	12.7%
United	455,571	9.6%	738,974	12.5%
JetBlue	479,433	10.1%	538,435	9.1%
Spirit Airlines	449,373	9.5%	459,746	7.8%
Frontier	397,054	8.4%	361,461	6.1%
Cargo	208,029	4.4%	197,448	3.3%
Sun Country	101,797	2.2%	126,829	2.1%
Republic Airways	56,867	1.2%	99,256	1.7%
Alaska Airlines	-	0.0%	24,370	0.4%
International Airlines	163,143	3.5%	22,823	0.4%
Mesa Airlines	31,002	0.7%	7,346	0.1%
Endeavor Air	11,265	0.2%	6,668	0.11%
Domestic Charters	1,873	0.04%	5,717	0.10%
SkyWest	284	0.01%	4,498	0.08%
PSA Airlines	75	0.00%	3,815	0.06%
Envoy	44	0.00%	2,330	0.04%
Silver Airways	175	0.00%	99	0.00%
Atlantic Southeast	44	0.00%	-	0.00%

Total

4,728,428 100% 5,909,014

Airline	Enplanements	Share	Enplanements	Share
Southwest	657,913	18.6%	1,036,785	22.9%
Delta Air Lines	620,041	17.6%	838,146	18.5%
American Airlines	517,114	14.7%	647,720	14.3%
United	349,831	9.9%	601,524	13.3%
JetBlue	351,503	10.0%	421,140	9.3%
Spirit Airlines	366,618	10.4%	417,004	9.2%
Frontier	370,515	10.5%	331,561	7.3%
Sun Country	98,764	2.8%	124,641	2.7%
Republic Airways	41,003	1.2%	79,939	1.8%
Alaska Airlines	-	0.00%	11,057	0.2%
International Airlines	121,469	3.4%	7,601	0.2%
Mesa Airlines	22,913	0.6%	6,079	0.1%
Endeavor Air	10,154	0.3%	3,978	0.09%
SkyWest	247	0.01%	3,690	0.08%
PSA Airlines	-	0.00%	2,640	0.06%
Envoy	-	0.00%	1,082	0.02%
Domestic Charters	191	0.01%	389	0.01%

Source: Lee County Port Authority

100%

#### Lee County, Florida SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES LEE COUNTY PORT AUTHORITY SOUTHWEST FLORIDA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT September 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

An Airport's air service is often measured through the distribution of its origin and destination (O & D) markets, which is a function of air travel demands and the airport's available nonstop service. The following table presents historical data on the Airport's top 30 O&D markets.

		Fisca	al Year 2020						Fiscal	Year 2021			
			Nonstop	Nonstop	Total O&D	Percent of				Nonstop	Nonstop	Total O&D	Percent of
Rank	Market		Service	Miles	Passengers	Total	Rank	Market		Service	Miles	Passengers	Total
1	Chicago (O'Hare)	ORD	•	1,120	500,460	7.14%	1	Chicago (O'Hare)	ORD	•	1,120	562,057	6.21%
2	Boston	BOS	•	1,249	485,052	6.92%	2	Minneapolis	MSP	•	1,416	556,161	6.15%
3	Minneapolis	MSP	•	1,416	449,082	6.41%	3	Detroit	DTW	•	1,085	507,494	5.61%
4	Detroit	DTW	•	1,085	433,665	6.19%	4	Boston	BOS	•	1,249	406,666	4.50%
5	New York (Newark)	EWR	•	1,068	376,483	5.37%	5	New York (Newark)	EWR	•	1,068	352,403	3.90%
6	Philadelphia	PHL	•	992	275,992	3.94%	6	Cleveland	CLE	•	1,037	308,780	3.41%
7	Cleveland	CLE	•	1,037	265,478	3.79%	7	Chicago (Midway)	MDW	•	1,105	295,678	3.27%
8	Chicago (Midway)	MDW	•	1,105	232,932	3.32%	8	Indianapolis	IND	•	966	273,484	3.02%
9	Indianapolis	IND	•	966	208,125	2.97%	9	Philadelphia	PHL	•	992	268,408	2.97%
10	Baltimore	BWI	•	946	199,041	2.84%	10	Columbus	CMH	•	930	223,992	2.48%
11	New York (JFK)	JFK	•	1,074	187,954	2.68%	11	Denver	DEN	•	1,606	222,041	2.45%
12	Hartford	BDL	•	1,180	172,065	2.46%	12	Cincinnati	CVG	•	878	192,431	2.13%
13	Columbus	CMH	•	930	170,093	2.43%	13	Milwaukee	MKE	•	1,183	175,642	1.94%
14	Atlanta	ATL	•	515	158,816	2.27%	14	St. Louis	STL	•	979	173,390	1.92%
15	Denver	DEN	•	1,606	155,492	2.22%	15	Pittsburg	PIT	•	966	159,730	1.77%
16	Cincinnati	CVG	•	878	154,707	2.21%	16	Baltimore	BWI	•	946	157,470	1.74%
17	Milwaukee	MKE	•	1,183	148,778	2.12%	17	New York (JFK)	JFK	•	1,074	156,022	1.72%
18	St. Louis	STL	•	979	140,109	2.00%	18	Atlanta	ATL	•	515	152,048	1.68%
19	Pittsburg	PIT	•	966	136,504	1.95%	19	Hartford	BDL	•	1,180	107,534	1.19%
20	Washington (National)	DCA	•	892	118,694	1.69%	20	Atlantic City	ACY	•	982	91,838	1.02%
21	Atlantic City	ACY	•	982	117,786	1.68%	21	Dallas/Ft. Worth	DFW	•	1,017	89,563	0.99%
22	New York (La Guardia)	LGA	•	1,090	110,137	1.57%	22	Kansas City	MCI	•	1,156	85,405	0.94%
23	Dallas/Ft. Worth	DFW	•	1,017	83,885	1.20%	23	Westchester County	HPN	•	1,102	79,573	0.88%
24	Westchester County	HPN	•	1,102	74,020	1.06%	24	Grand Rapids	GRR	•	1,147	79,464	0.88%
25	Buffalo	BUF	•	1,144	68,499	0.98%	25	Charlotte	CLT	•	600	76,628	0.85%
26	Kansas City	MCI	•	1,156	68,387	0.98%	26	Nashville International	BNA	•	722	70,677	0.78%
27	Providence	PVD	•	1,201	63,765	0.91%	27	Providence	PVD	•	1,201	70,179	0.78%
28	Grand Rapids	GRR	•	1,147	58,128	0.83%	28	Washington (National)	DCA	•	892	64,084	0.71%
29	Charlotte	CLT	•	600	57,163	0.82%	29	Dulles	IAD	•	891	57,537	0.64%
30	Trenton	TTN	•	1,028	56,483	0.81%	30	New York (La Guardia)	LGA	•	1,090	54,148	0.60%
	Total- Top 30 Markets				5,727,775	81.75%		Total- Top 30 Markets				6,070,527	67.11%
	Total - All Other Markets				1,278,298	18.25%		Total - All Other Markets				2,975,690	32.89%
	Total - All Markets				7,006,073	100.00%		Total - All Markets				9,046,217	100.00%
				-									

### PRIMARY DOMESTIC ORIGIN & DESTINATION PASSENGER MARKETS

# Lee County, Florida SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES LEE COUNTY PORT AUTHORITY SOUTHWEST FLORIDA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT September 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

Historical aircraft operations are defined as the arrival or departure of an aircraft. The following table presents historical data on the Airport's aircraft operations by carrier class.

Fiscal	Commercial	Regionals/	International	Domestic	General			Airport
Year	Air Carriers	Affiliates	Air Carriers	Charters	Aviation <sup>1</sup>	All-Cargo	Military	Total
2012	57,012	5,672	1,680	210	12,531	1,100	600	78,805
2013	58 <i>,</i> 830	6,630	1,888	178	11,533	1,106	682	80,847
2014	58 <i>,</i> 796	4,596	2,000	90	10,154	1,106	914	77,656
2015	58,784	4,566	2,148	146	10,354	1,132	1,313	78,443
2016	59 <i>,</i> 842	4,498	3,100	342	9,228	1,228	1,206	79,444
2017	60,786	4,662	2,838	414	10,971	1,324	1,284	82,279
2018	63,548	3,230	2,420	278	9,360	1,596	1,205	81,637
2019	66,752	2,188	2,240	42	9,551	1,810	1,204	83,787
2020	57,946	2,684	1,784	42	10,803	1,646	1,601	76,506
2021	74,318	3,336	288	50	14,641	1,546	1,263	95,442
Compounde	ed Growth							
2012-2021	2.99%	-5.73%	-17.80%	-14.74%	1.74%	3.85%	8.62%	2.15%

# HISTORICAL AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS

<sup>1</sup> Also includes activity by miscellaneous air taxis.

Source: Lee County Port Authority

#### Lee County, Florida SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES LEE COUNTY PORT AUTHORITY SOUTHWEST FLORIDA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT September 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

#### HISTORICAL STATEMENT OF NET REVENUES<sup>1</sup> FISCAL YEARS 2017-2021

OPERATING REVENUES:	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
User fees	\$ 43,936	\$ 44,225	\$ 42,310	\$ 37,836	\$ 41,367
Rentals and franchise fees	3,517	3,861	4,592	4,834	4,982
Concessions	45,291	47,971	51,773	34,563	48,857
Passenger facility charge	-	-	-	2,557	2,915
Interest revenue	1,515	2,773	3,700	1,625	219
Miscellaneous <sup>2</sup>	405	217	217	74	1,246
Total Operating Revenues	94,664	99,047	102,592	81,489	99,586
OPERATING EXPENSES <sup>3</sup> :					
Salaries and wages	21,346	21,864	22,241	23,250	24,186
Employee benefits	9,602	9,804	10,341	11,066	12,272
Contractual services,					
materials and supplies <sup>4</sup>	20,661	21,016	20,592	15,413	15,466
Utilities	4,061	4,094	4,184	3,990	4,128
Repairs and maintenance	2,937	3,365	2,960	2,178	2,710
Insurance	1,442	1,208	1,576	1,595	1,772
Other	1,617	1,715	1,896	2,067	1,470
Total Operating Expenses	61,666	63,066	63,790	59,559	62,004
NET REVENUES:	32,998	35,981	38,802	21,930	37,582
Transfers in <sup>5</sup>	2,891	3,060	3,306	-	-
Transfers in (Other) <sup>6</sup>	394	343	370	239	31
DEBT SERVICE:					
Bond debt service interest	14,456	13,959	13,374	12,687	11,177
Bond Principal <sup>7</sup>	10,230	10,725	11,310	3,340	3,580
Total Bond Debt Service	24,686	24,684	24,684	16,027	14,757
Line of Credit Interest	-	-	-	7	102
Line of Credit Principal					
Total Line of Credit Debt Service				7	102
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE:	\$ 24,686	\$ 24,684	\$ 24,684	\$ 16,034	\$ 14,859
BOND SERVICE REQUIREMENT					
COVERAGE BEFORE TRANSFERS <sup>8</sup>	1.34	1.46	1.57	1.37	2.53
BOND SERVICE REQUIREMENT					
COVERAGE AFTER TRANSFERS <sup>9</sup>	1.47	1.60	1.72	1.38	2.55

<sup>1</sup> Net Revenues are determined in accordance with the bond resolution as excerpted from the audited financial statements.

<sup>2</sup> Miscellaneous Revenue excludes revenue from the sale of disposed property beginning in FY21 in accordance with the bond resolution.

<sup>3</sup> Operating Expenses do not include depreciation, amortization and unpaid pension and other postemployment benefits

expense in accordance with the bond resolution.

<sup>4</sup> Contractual services reduced with moneys received from the CARES and CRRSA Act by \$2.3M and \$3.5M in FY2020 and FY2021, respectively.

<sup>5</sup> Includes transfers from surplus Passenger Facility Charges (PFC) used to pay debt service on the Series 2010, 2011 and 2015 bonds in

accordance with Federal Aviation Administration approvals. Beginning Fiscal Year 2020, these transfers are considered as revenue. <sup>6</sup> Other transfers include a Federal Inspection Station user fee of \$2.00 per deplaned passenger.

<sup>7</sup> Principal reduced by early redemption of Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A paid with moneys received from the CARES Act by \$8.6M and \$8.7M in FY2020 and FY2021, respectively.

<sup>8</sup> 1.00x Required Coverage includes both Bonds and Line of credit.

<sup>9</sup> 1.25x Required Coverage includes Bond only.



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# Lee County, Florida Single Audit Reports

# For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)



# LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Board pf County Commissioners Lee County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lee County, Florida (County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 16, 2022.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



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# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida March 16, 2022



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT, REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE, AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Lee County, Florida

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited Lee County, Florida's (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the requirements described in the State of Florida Department of Financial Services' *State Projects Compliance Supplement*, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs and state projects, for the year ended September 30, 2021. The County's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

# Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal and state awards applicable to its federal programs and state projects.

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs and state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.



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We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

# **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project**

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2021.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program or state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for its major federal programs and state projects and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

# Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated March 16, 2022,

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Lee County, Florida

which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida June 9, 2022

	Assistance Listing/ CSFA					2020-2021 Transfers to
Federal/State grantor /Program or Cluster Title	number	Grant number	Pass-through entity	Federal/State award amount	Expenditures	Subrecipients
U.S. Election Assistance Commission:						
Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments	90.401	MOA 2017-2018-0001-LEE	Florida Department of State, Div of Elections	65,891	44,924	
Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments	90.401	MOA 2018-2019-0003-LEE	Florida Department of State, Div of Elections	61,015	17,311	
Covid-19 Help America Vote Act Security Grant	90.404	MOA 2020-0001-LEE	Florida Department of State, Div of Elections	630,755	298,751	
Help America Vote Act Security Grant	90.404	MOA 2020-2021-0001-LEE	Florida Department of State, Div of Elections	15,313	14,522	
Total U.S. Election Assistance Commission				772,974	375,508	-
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency:						
Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants - C.R. /NFM Nutrient & Bacteria Source	66.460	NF047		89,964	18,897	
Total program				89,964	18,897	-
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				89,964	18,897	
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services:						
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families - Homeless Prevention (FY19-20)	93.558	QPZ02	Florida Department of Children and Families	46,582	39,811	39,811
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families - Homeless Prevention (FY20-21)	93.558	QPZ02	Florida Department of Children and Families	46,582	13,087	12,389
Total Program				93,164	52,898	52,200
Child Support Enforcement Program (Federal Initiative)	93.563	COC36	Florida Department of Revenue	1,332,755	1,332,755	
Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) - FY17	93.568	17EA-OF-09-46-01-015	Florida Department of Economic Opportunity	5,526,244	803,375	-
Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) - FY20	93.568	17EA-OF-09-46-01-015	Florida Department of Economic Opportunity	2,176,382	746,312	-
COVID-19 Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)	93.568	17EA-0F-09-46-01-015	Florida Department of Economic Opportunity	1,371,796	1,349,684	-
COVID-19 Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)	93.568	2102FLE5C6	Florida Department of Economic Opportunity	979,612	26,641	-
Total Program				10,054,034	2,926,012	-
COVID-19 Community Services Block Grant - FY20	93.569	17SB-0D-09-46-01-114		738,499	568,316	-
COVID-19 Community Services Block Grant - FY21	93.569	17SB-0D-09-46-01-114		612,425	250,609	
Total Program				1,350,924	818,925	
Total U.S. Department of Health & Human Services				12,830,877	5,130,590	52,200
U.S. Department of Homeland Security:						
Disaster Grant-Public Assistance - RSW/FMY	97.036	Z0114	Florida Division of Emergency Management	457,527	1,918	
Disaster Grant-Public Assistance - Hurricane Irma	97.036	Z1135	Florida Division of Emergency Management	118,568	118,568	
Disaster Grant-Public Assistance - RSW/RSW FEMA Grant (State)	97.036	Z0114		54,331	59	
Total program				630,426	120,545	-
Hazard Mitigation Grant - Lee County - Iona Drainage District Canal	97.039	4337-243-R/H0332		76,271	76,271	
Hazard Mitigation Grant - Lee County - Industrial Park Drainage, Phase 1	97.039	4337-242-R/H0330		87,467	87,467	
Total Program				163,738	163,738	-
Emergency Management Performance Grant (EMPG - FY20)	97.042	G0139	Florida Division of Emergency Management	162,123	131,236	
COVID- 19 Emergency Management Performance Grant (EMPG - Supplemental CARES- FY20)	97.042	G0174	Florida Division of Emergency Management	36,000	33,389	
Emergency Management Performance Grant (EMPG - FY21)	97.042	G0272	Florida Division of Emergency Management	163,922	33,751	
Total Program				362,045	198,376	-
Homeland Security Grant Program - USAR	97.067	R0272	Florida Division of Emergency Management	94,309	19,975	
Homeland Security Grant Program - USAR	97.067	R0125	Florida Division of Emergency Management	143,439	68,451	
Homeland Security Grant Program - FY18 Operation Stonegarden	97.067	19-DS-01-09-46-01-265	Florida Division of Emergency Management	200,000	3,834	
Total program				437,748	92,260	-
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				1,593,957	574,919	
U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development:						
Community Development Block Grant Entitlement Grants Cluster: CDBG/Entitlement Grants- Year 28	14.218	B-17-UC-12-0013		2 640 050	202.024	102 420
CDBG/Entitlement Grants- Year 28 CDBG/Entitlement Grants- Year 29				2,649,950	203,931	106,430 151,705
CDBG/Entitlement Grants- Year 29 CDBG/Entitlement Grants- Year 30	14.218 14.218	B-18-UC-12-0013 B-19-UC-12-003		3,008,725 3,047,518	330,634 866,205	403,545
COVID-19 CDBG/Entitlement Grants- Year 30	14.218	B-20-UW-12-0013		4,574,937	853,205	403,543 558,161
CDBG/Entitlement Grants- Year 31	14.218	B-19-UC-12-00146		3,229,599	1,287,348	1,027,839
	11.210	5 15 00 12 001-0		3,227,377	1,207,040	1,02,000

	Assistance Listing/ CSFA					2020-2021 Transfers to
Federal/State grantor /Program or Cluster Title	number	Grant number	Pass-through entity	Federal/State award amount	Expenditures	Subrecipients
Neighborhood Stabilization Program	14.218	B-08-UN-12-0009		18,243,867	88,400	1,500
Neighborhood Stabilization Program 3	14.218	B-11-UN-12-0009		6,639,174	42,627	
Total Community Development Block Grant Entitlement Grants Cluster				41,393,770	3,672,351	2,249,180
Emergency Solutions Grant Program -Year 17 (FY20)	14.231	E-19-UC-12-0013		225,297	151,846	108,258
COVID-19 Emergency Solutions Grant Program	14.231	E-20-UW-12-0013		2,741,846	1,246,578	668,125
Emergency Solutions Grant Program	14.231	QPZ02		105,525	63,644	
Emergency Solutions Grant Program - CV	14.231	QPZ02		711,000	353,466	-
Emergency Solutions Grant Program - CV2	14.231	QPZ02		941,808	633,692	-
Emergency Solutions Grant Program - CV2	14.231	E-20-UC-12-0013		267,778	239,067	-
Emergency Solutions Grant Program - State (FY21)	14.231	QPZ02		105,525	54,118	-
Total program				5,098,779	2,742,411	776,383
Home Investment Partnership Program - Year 27 (FY19)	14.239	M-18-UC-12-0210		983,519	169,065	121,167
Home Investment Partnership Program - Year 28 (FY20)	14.239	M-19-UC-12-0210		938,598	321,566	79,124
Home Investment Partnership Program - Year 29 (FY21)	14.239	M-20-UC-12-0210		1,040,553	17,491	-
Total program				2,962,670	508,122	200,291
Housing Opportunities for Persons with Aids (HOPWA)	14.241	CODME	FL Dept of Health/Health Planning Council of SWFL	219,372	140,444	
Housing Opportunities for Persons with Aids (HOPWA)	14.241	CODME	FL Dept of Health/Health Planning Council of SWFL	219,372	45,392	
Total program				438,744	185,836	
Homeless Management Information System (HMIS)	14.261	FL0760H4D031800		84,900	3,957	
Continuum of Care Program (SHP FY19)	14.267	Various		1,835,581	218,344	218,344
Continuum of Care Program (SHP FY20)	14.267	Various		1,825,537	1,462,683	1,144,271
Continuum of Care Program (SHP FY21)	14.267	Various		1,997,727	152,884	149,330
Total program Total U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development				5,658,845 55,637,708	1,833,911 8,946,588	1,511,945 4,737,799
······································					0,- 10,100	
U.S. Department of Interior: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service:						
Cooperative Endangered Species Conservation Fund - Hab Mgmt of Buttonw & Pine Isl. Flatw Pres.	15.615	27492		15,000	15,000	
Total U.S Fish and Wildlife Service				15,000	15,000	-
Total U.S Department of Interior				15,000	15,000	-
U.S. Department of Justice:						
Crime Victim Assistance - State Criminal Alien Assistance (SCAAP)	16.606	2020-AP-BX-0919		120,965	48,442	
Total program				120,965	48,442	-
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program - Disaster Recovery (FY19)	16.738	2020-DJ-BX-0095		90,035	84,549	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2020-JAGC-LEE		24,526	24,526	24,526
Total program				114,561	109,075	24,526
Paul Coverdell Forensic Sciences Improvement Grant Program FY21	16.742	2020-CD-BX-xxxx	Florida Department of Law Enforcement	2,389	2,389	
Total Program				2,389	2,389	-
Eqitable Sharing Program - Federal Forfeiture- Justice	16.922	None		312,052	312,052	
Total U.S. Department of Justice				549,967	471,958	24,526
U.S. Department of Transportation/non-FAA:						
Federal Transit Administration:						
Federal Transit Cluster:						
Federal Transit Formula Grants - USC 5307	20.507	FL-2016-043-00		5,731,365	47,783	
Federal Transit Formula Grants - USC 5307 (FY14)	20.507	FL-90-X850		5,833,046	20,078	
Federal Transit Formula Grants - USC 5307 (FY15)	20.507	FL-2016-047-00		5,787,589	103,760	
Federal Transit Formula Grants - USC 5307 (FY17)	20.507	FL-2017-075-01		6,107,871	1,028,827	
Federal Transit Formula Grants - USC 5307 (FHWA Flex Funds Transfer)	20.507	FL-2018-079-00		6,257,157	1,499,793	
Federal Transit Formula Grants - USC 5307 (Urbanized Area FY19)	20.507	FI 2010 000 00		6,459,631	1,224,745	
COVID-19 Federal Transit Formula Grants - USC 5307 (Urbanized Area FY20)	20.507	FL-2019-080-00 FL-2020-067-00 7		19,156,442	11,402,950	
		7				

	Assistance Listing/ CSFA					2020-2021 Transfers to
Federal/State grantor /Program or Cluster Title	number	Grant number	Pass-through entity	Federal/State award amount	Expenditures	Subrecipients
Federal Transit Formula Grants - USC 5307 (Flex Funds)	20.507	FL 2021-002		2,639,258	175,797	
Federal Transit Formula Grants - USC 5307 (Formula Grant FY20)	20.507	FL 2021-059		6,768,285	8,380	
Federal Transit Formula Grants - USC 5339 Bus & Bus Facilities Formula	20.526	FL-2018-072-00		714,731	121,834	
Federal Transit Formula Grants - USC 5339 Bus & Bus Facilities Formula	20.526	FL-2019-072-01		673,013	425,985	
Total Federal Transit Cluster				66,128,388	16,059,932	
Formula Grants for Rural Areas - USC 5311 Non Urban Area Program Multi Year	20.509	G1581	Florida Department of Transportation	205,526	29,082	
Formula Grants for Rural Areas - USC 5311	20.509	G1M56	Florida Department of Transportation	849,324	52,692	
Total Program				1,054,850	81,774	-
Federal Highway Administration:						
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster:						
Highway Planning and Construction - Enhancement & Ops of Lee TOC	20.205	429960-1-88-01	Florida Department of Transportation	130,500	62,174	
Highway Planning and Construction - Gunnery Road and Buckingham	20.205	442123-1-38-01	Florida Department of Transportation	453,334	237,796	
		435351-2-38-01, 435351-2-58-01,				
Highway Planning and Construction - Able Canal Pathway	20.205	435351-2-68-01	Florida Department of Transportation	4,912,650	76,925	
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster				5,496,484	376,895	-
Total U.S. Department of Transportation/non-FAA				72,679,722	16,518,601	-
U.S. Department of Transportation/FAA:						
Federal Aviation Administration:						
Airport Improvement Program (FMY South Quad Hangers and Ramp)	20.106	3-12-0027-021-2020		404,626	162,685	
Airport Improvement Program (Airside Pavement Rehab TW A, F & G2)	20.106	3-12-0135-056-2020		14,537,517	10,301,470	
Airport Improvement Program (Airside Pavement Cargo)	20.106	3-12-0135-057-2020		4,909,124	4,297,395	
COVID-19 Airport Improvement Program (CARES Act - RSW)	20.106	3-12-0135-055-2020		36,603,212	9,112,081	
Airport Improvement Program - ACRGP- RSW ( CRRSA Act)	20.106	3-12-0135-060-2021		9,853,507	3,023,600	
Airport Improvement Program - Update Airport Master Plan Study	20.106	3-12-0135-058-2021		1,999,776	717,526	
Airport Improvement Program - CRRSA - RSW ( Adendum to ACGRP - RSW) Total U.S. Department of Transportation/FAA	20.106	3-12-0135-061-2021		1,080,299 69,388,061	1,080,299 28,695,056	
U.S. Department of Treasury: Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	Not available yet		134,459,744	76,340,187	17,014,975
Coronavirus Relief Fund - SHIP	21.019	069-2020		2,198,181	1,923,591	17,014,975
Total Program	21.015	007 2020		136,657,925	78,263,778	17,014,975
Emergency Rental Assistance Program	21.023	ERA0340		23,268,102	10,051,428	1,663,794
Linergency Kentur rossisunce rrogium	21.025	LINIOOTO		23,200,102	10,001,420	1,003,774
Federal Forfeiture-Treasury	21.000	None		13,650	13,650 88,328,856	18,678,769
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury				139,939,077	00,320,830	10,070,709
Total expenditures of federal awards				373,497,907	149,075,973	23,493,294
Florida Department of Community Affairs:	52.000	OF OT TE OA DA 14 004		a roc ***		
Florida Forever Act - FCT Wild Turkey Strand 2020 Total Florida Department of Community Affairs	52.002	05-CT-E5-04-F4-A1-031		2,529,995 2,529,995	6,765 6,765	
Total Portida Department of Community Analis				<u>_</u>	0,703	<u> </u>
Florida Department of Children and Families:						
Homeless Challenge Grant FY19-20	60.014	QPZ02		148,500	95,300	-
Homeless Challenge Grant FY19-20 - Staffing Grant	60.014	QPZ02		107,143	80,357	80,357
Homeless Challenge Grant FY20-21	60.014	QPZ02		148,500	25,393	-
Homeless Challenge Grant FY20-21 - Staffing Grant	60.014	QPZ02		107,143	26,786	26,786
Total Program				511,286	227,836	107,143
Criminal Justice, Mental Health, & Substance Abuse Reinvestment Grant Prg FY20-21	60.115	LHZ97		1,300,000	286,402	286,403
Total Program	00.110			1,300,000	286,402	286,403
Tatal Elouida Dagastin ont of Children on J. Provider				1 011 007	F14 000	202.544
Total Florida Department of Children and Families		8		1,811,286	514,238	393,546

	Assistance Listing/ CSFA					2020-2021 Transfers to
Federal/State grantor /Program or Cluster Title	number	Grant number	Pass-through entity	Federal/State award amount	Expenditures	Subrecipients
Florida Department of Economic Opportunity:						
Florida Sports Foundation:						
Economic Development Partnership - Perfect Game Baseball Championship	40.040	171003438		25,000	25,000	
Total Florida Sports Foundation				25,000	25,000	-
Florida Housing Finance Corporation:						
SHIP YR23 (State FY17-18)	40.901	LB027		2,281,955	86,177	8,190
SHIP YR24 (State FY18-19)	40.901	LB028		635,859	246,127	219,826
SHIP YR25 (State FY19-20)	40.901	LB029		809,644	344,163	332,458
SHIP YR27 (State FY21-22)	40.901	LB031		3,116,962	590	
Total Program				6,844,420	677,057	560,475
Facilities for New Professional Sports, Retained Professional Sports, or Retained Spring Training Franchise	73.016	SB13-235		15,000,000	-	
Total Florida Department of Economic Opportunity				21,869,420	702,057	560,475
Florida Department of Elders Affairs						
Senior Center - Fixed Capital Outlay (FCO) - Lehigh Senior Citizen Center Improvements	65.013	XQ001		350,000	316,081	
Total Florida Department of Elders Affairs				350,000	316,081	
Florida Department of the Executive Office:						
EMPA Base Grant FY19-20	31.063	A0104		105,806	78,882	
EMPA Base Grant FY20-21	31.063	A0187		105,806	28,398	
Total Florida Department of the Executive Office				211,612	107,280	-
Florida Department of Environmental Protection:						
Beach Management Funding Assistance Program - Lovers Key Beach 2	37.003	19LE1		260,000	142,876	
Beach Management Funding Assistance Program - Estero Barriers Regional Inlet Mgmt	37.003	19LE2		316,947	273,930	
Beach Management Funding Assistance Program - Lee Co. Shore Protection - Gasparilla Island	37.003	20LE1		3,101,764	33,549	
Beach Management Funding Assistance Program - Blind Pass Monitoring	37.003	20LE2		182,097	14,427	
Beach Management Funding Assistance Program - Estero Barriers Regional Inlet Mgmt Study	37.003	22LE4		67,806	91,310	
Total Program				3,928,614	556,092	
Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Project - Caloosahatchee T. Canal Rehab	37.039	LPA0063		400,000	167,348	
Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Project - Yellow Fever Creek T. Facility	37.039	LPQ0012		817,000	817,000	
Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Prj - Caloosahatchee T. Flow Monitor	37.039	NS037		172,200	57,400	
Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Project -FLDEP Yellow Fever Creek	37.039	S0840		175,000	124,725	
Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Project - Artesian Well Abandmnt Proj	37.039	LPA0112		80,000	15,699	
Total Program				1,644,200	1,182,172	-
Innovative Technologies	37.103	INV10		180,000	15,119	
Total Program				180,000	15,119	-
Total Florida Department of Environmental Protection				5,752,814	1,753,383	
Florida Department of Health:						
Bureau of Emergency Management Services:						
County Grant Award - EMS FY19-20	64.005	C8036		88,398	44,999	
County Grant Award - EMS FY20-21	64.005	C9036		84,207	52,654	
Total Florida Department of Health	01.000	0,000		172,605	97,653	-
Florida Department of State:						
Division of Library and Information Services:						
State Aid to Libraries Grant (FY20-21)	45.030	21-ST-24		471,550	471,550	
Total Florida department of State				471,550	471,550	-
Florida Department of Transportation/non-FAA:						
Florida Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged Trip and Equipment	55.001	410140-1-84.05		1,662,097	229,875	
Total Program	55.001	110110 1 01.00		1,662,097	229,875	
Commuter Assistance Program/Ride Share Grants - Vanpool Services - FY19-20	55.007	G1F33 430306-1-84-03		55,000	16,050	
Total Program	55.007	61100 10000-1-0+00		55,000	16,050	
rotar i logram				35,000	10,030	-

	Assistance Listing/ CSFA				<b>F W</b>	2020-2021 Transfers to
Federal/State grantor /Program or Cluster Title	number	Grant number	Pass-through entity	Federal/State award amount	Expenditures	Subrecipients
Public Transit Block Grant Program	55.010	410140-1-84-04 G1I92		2.060.032	964,215	
Total Program				2,060,032	964,215	· · · ·
Public Transit Service Development Program - Downtown Trolley Service	55.012	G1G04		1,212,725	70,591	
Public Transit Service Development Program - Beach Tram Service	55.012	G1G03		998,573	61,346	
Public Transit Service Development Program - S.A.T Center and Park-and-Ride Lot	55.012	G0H60		160,000	122,821	
Total Program				2,371,298	254,758	
Transit Corridor Development Program - FY19-20	55.013	407329-1-84-04 G1G67		1,677,499	724,805	
Total Program				1,677,499	724,805	
Intermodal Access Development Program - Rosa Parks Improvements	55.014	G0W44		6,000,000	355,743	
Transportation Regional Incentive Prg (TRIP) - Burnt Store Rd South	55.026	440340-1-54-01	Florida Department of Transportation	2,962,302	2,862,302	
Total Program				2,962,302	2,862,302	-
Local Transportation Projects	55.039	447299-1-54-01		4,250,000	270,824	
Total Florida Department of Transportation/non-FAA				21,038,228	5,678,572	-
Florida Department of Transportation/FAA:						
Aviation Grant Programs - Airside Pavement Rehabilitation	55.004	ARR95 431367-1-94-01		2,574,138	648,994	
Aviation Grant Programs - RSW Terminal Expansion	55.004	G0R60 441981-1-94-01		6,552,659	1,764,759	
Aviation Grant Programs - RSW Ticket Counter and Gate Podium Modernization	55.004	G0K77 441246-1-94-01		5,200,000	4,775,000	
Aviation Grant Programs - South Quadrant Hangars and Ramp	55.004	G1C72 446314-1-94-01		525,000	98,730	
Aviation Grant Programs - RSW Terminal Expansion	55.004	G1C87 441981-1-94-01		17,272,947	196,262	
Aviation Grant Programs - RSW Terminal Expansion	55.004	G1C87 441981-1-94-02		4,500,000	371,836	
Aviation Grant Programs - RSW Air Traffic Control Tower and Terminal Radar Approach Control	55.004	G1035 420652-1-94-04		7,247,173	2,621,266	
Aviation Grant Programs - Airside Payment Rehabilitation	55.004	G1K77 431367-1-94-02		100,000	100,000	
Total Florida Department of Transportation/FAA				43,971,917	10,576,847	-
Total expenditures of state financial assistance				98,179,427	20,224,426	954,021

# LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA

# Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

Year Ended September 30, 2021

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The Board of County Commissioners (the Board) is the legislative body for the County having the responsibility of budgeting and providing all the funding used by the various County departments and the separate Constitutional Officers, with the exception of fees collected by the Clerk of Circuit Court, Property Appraiser, and Tax Collector. Under the direction of the Clerk of Circuit Court, the Finance & Records Department maintains the accounting system for the Board's operations. The other Constitutional Officers maintain their own accounting systems. For purposes of this report the operations of the County as a whole, including all Constitutional Officers, have been presented. In addition to the divisions of the Board and the Constitutional Officers, the Lee County Port Authority, a blended component unit, is included.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance (Schedule) summarizes the expenditures incurred under all federal programs and state projects by Lee County, Florida for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, which are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the 2 CFR Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), Section 215.97, Florida Statutes, and *Rules of the Auditor General*, Chapter 10.550. For purposes of this Schedule, federal programs and state projects include all grants and contracts entered into directly between Lee County, Florida and agencies and departments of the federal or state government. Federal programs or state projects passed through other government agencies, if any, are also included in the Schedule. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Lee County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, change in net position, or cash flows of the County.

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance for all awards with the exception of Assistance Listing 21.019, which follows criteria determined by the Department of Treasury for allowability of costs. Under these principles, certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### (2) Indirect Costs

Lee County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance. The County provides certain services and facilities to federal and state programs such as disbursing, banking, general data processing, office space, and furnishings. Costs for these services are allocated based on certain pre-approved allocation criteria. Lee County, Florida allocated costs for these indirect services to the Department of Housing and Urban Development's CDBG Grant (Assistance Listing #14.218) in the amount of \$19,181.

# LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

# SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

# **Financial Statements** Type of auditors' report issued? Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(s) identified? None noted Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted? No Federal Awards Section Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(s) identified? No Significant deficiency(s) identified? None noted Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs? Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No Identification of major programs: Assistance Listing Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster 20.507, 20.526 Federal Transit Cluster 20.106 Airport Improvement Program **Coronavirus Relief Fund** 21.019 21.023 **Emergency Rental Assistance Program** Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$3,000,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

No

# LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

# SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS (CONTINUED)

# **State Financial Assistance Section**

Internal control over major projects:

<ul><li>Material weakness(s) identified?</li><li>Significant deficiency(s) identified?</li></ul>	No None noted
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major projects?	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 10.557?	No

Identification of major State projects:

State CSFA Name of State Program or Cluster	
37.039 Statewide Surface Water Restoration & Wastewater Projects	
55.004 Aviation Grant Programs	
55.010 Public Transit Block Grant	
55.026 Transportation Regional Incentive Program	

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A State projects \$750,000

# SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

# SECTION III - FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

# SECTION IV - FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR STATE PROJECTS

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with Rule 10.554(1)(I)4, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.



John E. Manning District One

Cecil L. Pendergrass District Two

Ray Sandelli District Three

Brian Hamman District Four

Frank Mann District Five

Roger Desjarlais County Manager

Richard Wesch County Attorney

Donna Marie Collins County Hearing Examiner

#### LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Lee County, Florida respectfully submits the following summary schedule of prior audit findings for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Audit period: October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021

The findings from the prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the prior year.

#### FINDINGS — FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS 2020-001

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance, Other Matters

**Condition:** During our testing, we noted that the County did not communicate the Federal award project description, as required to be responsive to the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA); the name of Federal awarding agency, pass-through entity, and contact information for awarding official of the pass-through entity; and the CFDA number and name to sub-recipients of the award.

Status: Corrected



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE AUDIT GUIDE

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Lee County, Florida and Honorable Board of Port Commissioners Lee County Port Authority

#### Report on Compliance for the Passenger Facility Charge Program

We have audited Lee County Port Authority's (Authority), a blended component unit of Lee County, Florida (the County), compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies*, issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (Guide), that could have a direct and material effect on the Authority's passenger facility charge program for the year ended September 30, 2021.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the passenger facility charge program.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Authority's compliance based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the Guide. Those standards and the Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the passenger facility charge program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with the passenger facility charge program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Passenger Facility Charge Program**

In our opinion, the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its passenger facility charge program for the year ended September 30, 2021.



Honorable Board of County Commissioners Lee County, Florida and Honorable Board of Port Commissioners Lee County Port Authority

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the passenger facility charge program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the passenger facility charge program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Guide, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of the passenger facility charge program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of the passenger facility charge program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of the passenger facility charge program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of the passenger facility charge program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Lee County, Florida and Honorable Board of Port Commissioners Lee County Port Authority

#### Report on Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges Collected and Expended

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated March 16, 2022, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of passenger facility charges collected and expended for the year ended September 30, 2021 is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Federal Aviation Administration, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of passenger facility charges collected and expended is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida June 9, 2022

#### Lee County, Florida Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges (PFCs) Collected and Expended (As Reported to FAA) for the year ended September 30, 2021

	De	Quarter Ended cember 31, 2020		Quarter Ended March 31, 2021		Quarter Ended June 30, 2021	Se	Quarter Ended ptember 30, 2021		/ear Ended eptember 30, 2021		mulative Totals f September 30, 2020		nulative Totals f September 30, 2021
Collections PFCs Collected	\$	2,586,027	\$	4,301,875	\$	5,635,221	\$	4,538,816	\$	17,061,939	\$	335,609,608	\$	352,671,547
Interest Earned		28,631	·	19,883		15,611		15,273	·	79,398	·	12,413,785	·	12,493,183
Total Collection	\$	2,614,658	\$	4,321,758	\$	5,650,832	\$	4,554,089	\$	17,141,337	\$	348,023,393	\$	365,164,730
EXPENDITURES ON APPROVED PFC PROJECTS INCLUDED IN														
Application No. 1 92-01-C-00-RSW	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	12,686,294	\$	12,686,294
Application No. 2	φ	-	φ	-	φ	-	φ	-	φ	-	φ	12,000,294	φ	12,000,294
93-02-U-00-RSW	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,711,378	\$	9,711,378
Application No. 3														
94-03-U-00-RSW Application No. 4	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	76,441,067	\$	76,441,067
97-04-U-00-RSW	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	3,605,139	\$	3,605,139
Application No. 5	Ŧ		Ŧ		Ŧ		Ŧ		Ŧ		Ŧ	0,000,100	Ŧ	0,000,100
03-05-C-00-RSW	\$	441,804	\$	734,944	\$	962,737	\$	775,424	\$	2,914,909	\$	96,624,251	\$	99,539,160
Application No. 6														
06-06-C-00-RSW Application No. 7	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,838,689	\$	4,838,689
10-07-C-00-RSW	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	48,206,566	\$	48,206,566
Application No. 8	•		Ŧ		Ŧ		•		Ŧ		Ŧ	,,.,	Ŧ	,,
13-08-C-00-RSW	\$	2,500,965	\$	1,799,464	\$	4,103,613	\$	3,739,750	\$	12,143,792	\$	27,136,961	\$	39,280,753
Application No. 9			•		•		•		•		•		•	
18-09-C-00-RSW Application No. 10			\$	2,105,944	\$	7,666,297	\$	14,711,277	\$	24,483,518	\$	11,584,096	\$	36,067,614
19-10-C-00-RSW							\$	1,624,815	\$	1,624,815	\$	6,897,012	\$	8,521,827
Total Expenditures	\$	2,942,769	\$	4,640,352	\$	12,732,647	\$	20,851,266	\$	41,167,034	\$	297,731,453	\$	338,898,487

#### LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA

#### Notes to Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges Collected and Expended

Year ended September 30, 2021

#### (1) General

The accompanying schedule of passenger facility charges collected and expended presents the activity of all passenger facility charges of Lee County, Florida.

#### (2) Basis of Accounting

The accompanying schedule of passenger facility charges collected and expended is presented using the cash basis of accounting.

#### LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE PROGRAM YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

#### SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditors' report issued?	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
<ul><li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li><li>Significant deficiency(s) identified?</li></ul>	No None Reported
Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	No
Passenger Facility Charge Program Section	
Internal control over major programs:	
<ul> <li>Material weakness(s) identified?</li> <li>Dimits and definition of (a) identified that are not considered to be material.</li> </ul>	No
<ul> <li>Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?</li> </ul>	None Reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for the passenger facility charge program?	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies?	No

This schedule encompasses the Lee County Port Authority only, and is provided as required by the Passenger Facility Charge Program.

#### LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE PROGRAM YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

#### SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, fraud, illegal acts, violations of provisions of contracts and grant agreements and abuse related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

There were no such findings required to be reported.

#### SECTION III – FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE PROGRAM

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and material instances of noncompliance, including questioned costs, as well as any material abuse findings, related to the audit of the Passenger Facility Charge Program, as required to be reported by the Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide.

There were no such findings required to be reported.

#### LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE PROGRAM YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

#### **Prior Year Findings**

There were no prior year audit findings reported.



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#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Lee County, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of Lee County, Florida (County), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated March 16, 2022.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

#### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General which are dated March 16, 2022. We also issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance and Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs which are dated June 9, 2022. Disclosures in those reports and schedule should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. All prior year findings have been corrected.

#### **Official Title and Legal Authority**

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information has been included in the notes to the basic financial statements.



#### **Financial Condition and Management**

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the County has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the County did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the County. It is management's responsibility to monitor the County's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

#### **Special District Component Units**

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

#### **Specific Information**

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the Lee County Port Authority reported:

- a. The total number of district employees compensated in the last pay period of the district's fiscal year as 357.
- b. The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the district's fiscal year as \$26,657,128.
- c. All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as 16.
- d. All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as 11,502,739.
- e. Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the district that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported, together with the total expenditures for such project as:
  - a. Bullet Trap Project Total expenditures of \$106,250
- f. A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the district amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as \$360,001,139.

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Lee County, Florida Page 3

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

#### Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of County Commissioners, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida June 9, 2022



#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Lee County, Florida

We have examined Lee County, Florida's (County) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds and Section 365.172(10), 365.173(2)(d), Florida Statutes, regarding emergency communications number E911 system fund, and Section 288.8018(1), Florida Statutes regarding expended funds related to the Deepwater Horizon oil spill during the year ended September 30, 2021. Management of the County is responsible for the County's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the County complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the County complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds and Section 365.172(10), 365.173(2)(d), Florida Statutes, regarding emergency communications number E911 system fund, and Section 288.8018(1), Florida Statutes regarding expended funds related to the Deepwater Horizon oil spill during the year ended September 30, 2021.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the County and the Auditor General, state of Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida March 16, 2022



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# Clerk of Circuit Court Lee County, Florida

Financial Statements September 30, 2021



Prepared By: General Accounting Office, Finance & Records Department

## Clerk of Circuit Court Lee County, Florida

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Linda Doggett Clerk of Circuit Court Lee County, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, Lee County, Florida (Clerk), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



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#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clerk as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, Court Fees Fund, Public Records Modernization Fund and Child Support Enforcement Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information only for that portion of the major funds and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lee County, Florida that is attributable to the Clerk. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Lee County as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

During fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the Clerk adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result of the implementation of this standard, the Clerk reported a restatement of beginning fiduciary net position for the change in accounting principal (see Note X). Our auditors' opinion was not modified with respect to this restatement.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements. The combining statements, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Honorable Linda Doggett Clerk of Circuit Court Lee County, Florida

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2021, on our consideration of the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

**CliftonLarsonAllen LLP** 

Fort Myers, Florida December 8, 2021

# Financial Statements

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#### CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT Lee County, Florida BALANCE SHEET As of September 30, 2021

	General	Court Fees	Public Records Modernization	Child Support Enforcement	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 5,708,703	\$ 7,997,911	\$ 10,480,924	\$ 4,410,530	\$ 28,598,068
Accounts receivable	1,960	1,332	-	-	3,292
Due from other governments	39,514	67,994	-	62,685	170,193
Due from Board of County Commissioners	120,262	20,612	-	-	140,874
Inventory	42,218	-	-	-	42,218
Total assets	5,912,657	8,087,849	10,480,924	4,473,215	28,954,645
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	189,001	81,672	-	30,046	300,719
Accrued liabilities	265,423	199,170	46,283	6,075	516,951
Due to other governments	330,139	1,247,013	23,619	3,041	1,603,812
Due to Board of County Commissioners	1,736,539	247,196	-	-	1,983,735
Deposits	3,295,669	6,260,449	-	-	9,556,118
Unearned revenue	95,886	51,941	-	-	147,827
Other	-	408	-	-	408
Total liabilities	5,912,657	8,087,849	69,902	39,162	14,109,570
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable	42,218	-	-	-	42,218
Restricted	-	-	10,411,022	-	10,411,022
Committed	-	-	-	4,434,053	4,434,053
Unassigned	(42,218)		-	-	(42,218)
Total fund balances	-	-	10,411,022	4,434,053	14,845,075
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 5,912,657	\$ 8,087,849	\$ 10,480,924	\$ 4,473,215	\$ 28,954,645

#### CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the year ended September 30, 2021

			Public Records	Child Support	Total Governmental	
	General	Court Fees	Modernization	Enforcement	Funds	
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,651,013	\$ 860,010	\$ 374	\$ 698,528	\$ 3,209,925	
Charges for services	8,011,858	13,785,887	3,525,951	700	25,324,396	
Interest	1,223	1,217	1,195	842	4,477	
Miscellaneous	369,217	1,191			370,408	
Total revenues	10,033,311	14,648,305	3,527,520	700,070	28,909,206	
EXPENDITURES						
General government						
Personal services	14,144,500	11,205,167	1,115,240	799,629	27,264,536	
Operating expenditures	4,497,536	363,735	2,820	296,453	5,160,544	
Capital outlay	28,593			147,454	176,047	
Total expenditures	18,670,629	11,568,902	1,118,060	1,243,536	32,601,127	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(8,637,318)	3,079,403	2,409,460	(543,466)	(3,691,921)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Board of County Commissioners appropriations	9,649,385	-	-	-	9,649,385	
Distribution of excess fees and appropriations						
to other governmental units	(1,012,067)	(3,079,403)			(4,091,470)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	8,637,318	(3,079,403)			5,557,915	
Net change in fund balances	-	-	2,409,460	(543,466)	1,865,994	
Fund balances - beginning			8,001,562	4,977,519	12,979,081	
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,411,022	\$ 4,434,053	\$ 14,845,075	

#### Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (Non-GAAP) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 990,000	\$ 1,490,000	\$ 1,651,013	\$ 161,013
Charges for services	4,234,495	7,788,495	8,107,744	319,249
Interest	90,000	90,000	1,223	(88,777)
Miscellaneous	317,412	317,412	369,217	51,805
Total revenues	5,631,907	9,685,907	10,129,197	443,290
EXPENDITURES General government				
Personal services	13,397,669	14,632,963	14,144,500	488,463
Operating	1,529,273	4,486,979	4,497,536	(10,557)
Capital outlay	205,350	215,350	28,593	186,757
Total expenditures	15,132,292	19,335,292	18,670,629	664,663
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(9,500,385)	(9,649,385)	(8,541,432)	1,107,953
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Board of County Commissioners appropriations Distribution of excess fess and appropriations to the Board of	9,500,385	9,649,385	9,649,385	-
County Commissioners	_	_	(1,012,067)	(1,012,067)
Total other financing sources (uses)	9,500,385	9,649,385	8,637,318	(1,012,067)
Total other marching sources (uses)	7,000,000	7,047,505	0,007,010	(1,012,007)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	95,886	95,886
Fund balances - beginning			<u> </u>	
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 95,886	\$ 95,886

#### Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (Non-GAAP) AND ACTUAL COURT FEES For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$ 765,965	\$ 928,965	\$ 804,955	\$ (124,010)	
Charges for services	13,639,118	13,639,118	13,785,887	146,769	
Interest	200,000	200,000	1,217	(198,783)	
Miscellaneous	-	-	1,191	1,191	
Total revenues	14,605,083	14,768,083	14,593,250	(174,833)	
EXPENDITURES General government					
Personal services	11,041,792	11,200,592	11,205,167	(4,575)	
Operating	428,815	433,015	363,735	69,280	
Capital outlay	4,250	4,250		4,250	
Total expenditures	11,474,857	11,637,857	11,568,902	68,955	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,130,226	3,130,226	3,024,348	(105,878)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Distribution of excess fees and appropriations to other governmental units Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,130,226)	(3,130,226)	(3,079,403) (3,079,403)	50,823 50,823	
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(55,055)	(55,055)	
Fund balances - beginning			55,055	55,055	
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	<u>\$                                    </u>	\$ -	<u>\$                                    </u>	

#### Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL PUBLIC RECORDS MODERNIZATION FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original Final		Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 374	\$ 374	
Charges for services	1,695,000	1,695,000	3,525,951	1,830,951	
Interest	75,000	75,000	1,195	(73,805)	
Total revenues	1,770,000	1,770,000	3,527,520	1,757,520	
EXPENDITURES General government					
Personal services	2,375,082	2,375,082	1,115,240	1,259,842	
Operating	3,027,345	3,027,345	2,820	3,024,525	
Capital Outlay	803,000	803,000	-	803,000	
Total expenditures	6,205,427	6,205,427	1,118,060	5,087,367	
Excess (deficiency)of revenues			0 400 460	6 0 4 4 0 0 7	
over (under) expenditures	(4,435,427)	(4,435,427)	2,409,460	6,844,887	
Net change in fund balance	(4,435,427)	(4,435,427)	2,409,460	6,844,887	
Fund balances - beginning	4,435,427	4,435,427	8,001,562	3,566,135	
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 10,411,022	\$ 10,411,022	

#### Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 450,000	\$ 720,500	\$ 698,528	\$ (21,972)
Charges for services	-	-	700	700
Interest	60,000	60,000	842	(59,158)
Total revenues	510,000	780,500	700,070	(80,430)
EXPENDITURES General government		705 127	700 (20	(4.400)
Personal Services	312,655	795,137	799,629	(4,492)
Operating	425,539	501,734	296,453	205,281
Capital outlay	1,225,000	1,138,885	147,454	991,431
Total expenditures	1,963,194	2,435,756	1,243,536	1,192,220
Net change in fund balance	(1,453,194)	(1,655,256)	(543,466)	1,111,790
Fund balances - beginning	1,453,194	1,655,256	4,977,519	3,322,263
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,434,053	\$ 4,434,053

#### CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION As of September 30, 2021

	Cus	stodial Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	31,836,422
Total assets		31,836,422
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
Liabiltiies		
Accounts payable		3,552
Due to other governments		8,092,625
Total liabilities		8,096,177
Fiduciary Net Position		
Restricted for:		
Individuals, organizations, and other governments		23,740,245
Total Fiduciary net position		23,740,245
Total liabilities and Fiduciary net position	\$	31,836,422

#### CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT Lee County, Florida STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Custodial Funds		
ADDITIONS			
Fees/Fines collected for other governments	\$	244,471,813	
Registry and other deposits collected		54,291,192	
Total Additions	298,763,005		
DEDUCTIONS			
Fees/Fines disbursed to other governments	244,471,813 44,284,869		
Registry and other deposits disbursed			
Total Deductions		288,756,682	
Change in Fiduciary Net Position		10,006,323	
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year (as restated)		13,733,922	
Fiduciary Net Position - Ending of Year	\$	23,740,245	

#### NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Financial Reporting Entity

The Lee County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court (the "Clerk"), is an elected constitutional officer as provided for by the Constitution of the State of Florida. For financial reporting purposes, the Clerk is deemed to be part of the primary government of Lee County, Florida (the "County") and therefore is included as such in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. There are no separate legal entities for which the Clerk is considered to be financially accountable.

Included in the financial statements are all departments and/or organizations for which the Clerk has oversight responsibilities which include, but are not limited to, financial interdependency, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. The Clerk provides to the citizens of the County the functions of the court clerk, county auditor, county finance officer, county public/official records keeper, and Clerk to Board of County Commissioners (the "Board") as mandated by federal, state, and local government statutes and laws.

The non-court related general operations of the Clerk are funded principally by fees from third parties, and appropriations from the Board. The appropriations are presented in the Clerk's financial statements as transfers in. Pursuant to Section 218.36(2), *Florida Statutes*, net excess cash from operations in the General Fund at fiscal year-end are returned to the Board. Excess cash from operations returned to the Board are reflected as distribution of excess fees in the Clerk's General Fund.

Spending authority for the court related activities is provided by the State. Section 28.37 (2), *Florida Statutes*, provides for the monthly transfer of excess revenues over one-twelfth of the Clerk's court related budget to the State's Department of Revenue. Section 28.37 (3), *Florida Statutes*, provides for an annual transfer of all cumulative excess fines, fees, service charges, and court costs collected over the Clerk's authorized budgeted expenditures. The next annual cumulative transfer of funds is required by January 25, 2022.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The financial statements of the Clerk are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. The Clerk's funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and fiduciary. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds, based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The financial statements presented include the General Fund, special revenue funds, and custodial funds of the Clerk's Office. These financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), *Florida Statutes*, and Section 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*. These financial statements present only the portion of the funds of Lee County, Florida that are attributable to the Clerk. They are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of Lee County, Florida in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Description of Funds

The following funds are used by the Clerk.

#### Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> –The Clerk's activities are classified as court related and non-court related. The Clerk's General Fund activity, which is classified as non-court related, is funded through service charges for recording instruments and documents into the official records. Additionally, the Clerk to the Board is funded through the collection of Ad Valorem taxes by the Board, which is reported in the General Fund as transfers in. The General Fund is used to account for all revenue and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Clerk, which are not properly accounted for in another fund. All operating revenue, which is not specifically restricted or designated as to use, is recorded in the General Fund. Excess net cash from operations at the end of the year, due back to the Board, is shown as transfers out in the General Fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes. The Clerk currently reports three Special Revenue Funds- *Court Fees, Public Records Modernization,* and *Child Support Enforcement.* 

The *Court Fees* fund accounts for court related activities pursuant to Chapter 28, *Florida Statutes*. Court related activities are funded with fines, fees, service charges, and court costs. These revenues are restricted and are to be used exclusively for funding court related operations and, therefore, are reported in a special revenue fund.

The *Public Records Modernization ("PRM")* fund is funded by a portion of recording fees. This fund is mandated by Section 28.24 (12)(d), *Florida Statutes*, and must be used exclusively for equipment and maintenance of equipment, personnel training, and technical assistance in modernizing the public records system of the office. Since Revision 7 of Article V, *Florida Constitution*, went into effect on July 1, 2004, an additional amount is collected pursuant to Section 28.24(12)(e), *Florida Statutes*, and is used exclusively for funding court related technology needs.

The Board approved the creation of a special revenue fund to hold the *Child Support Enforcement ("CSE")* reimbursement amounts that exceed the operating cost of running the Child Support Depository program. These funds are to be used exclusively for court-related functions including personnel, operations, and technology.

#### Custodial Funds

<u>Custodial Funds</u> – Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the Clerk in a fiduciary capacity for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. The Clerk reports activity for five Custodial Funds; *Fines and Forfeitures, Jury and Witness, Delinquent Tax, Registry of Court*, and *Cash Bonds and Deposits*.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recognized and recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Clerk. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column. All of the governmental funds are considered major.

The governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting using the current financial resources measurement focus. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." The Clerk considers revenues available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Primary revenues, such as charges for services and interest, are treated as susceptible to accrual under the modified accrual basis and so have been recognized as revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for certain compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. The custodial funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management of the Clerk to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Chapter 218, *Florida Statutes*, governs the preparation, adoption and administration of the Clerk's General Fund annual budget. The Clerk's budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), except as disclosed in Note II. The budget of the Clerk (to the extent of her function as ex-officio Clerk to the Board and amounts above her fee structure as Clerk to the Circuit and County Courts), is prepared for the General Fund (non-court related activities), which is submitted to and approved by the Board. The Clerk also prepares a portion of her non-court related budget and special revenue budgets based on anticipated fees.

Pursuant to Sections 28.35 and 28.36, *Florida Statutes*, a balanced court related budget must be prepared on or before June 1 and submitted to the Clerks of Court Operations Corporation (the "Corporation"). The Corporation shall complete its review and adjustments to the Clerk's budget request and make its recommendations to the Legislature by August 1 each year. The Legislative Budget Commission should review and approve or amend the Clerk's budget prior to the start of the new fiscal year on October 1.

The Clerk's General Fund and special revenue funds budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis. The annual budget for the General Fund serves as the legal level of control for the Clerk, and must have Board approval to increase the funding from the Board. Any increase to the court related budget must be approved by the Corporation.

The original budget is the first complete appropriated budget. The final budget is the original budget adjusted by all reserves, transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriations and other changes applicable to the fiscal year, whenever legally authorized.

#### Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The Clerk considers highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased and those included in the internal investment pool, to be cash and cash equivalents.

The Clerk invests funds throughout the year with Florida PRIME, an investment pool administered by the State Board of Administration ("SBA"), under the regulatory oversight of the State of Florida. Investments in Florida PRIME are made pursuant to Section 125.31, *Florida Statutes*. Florida PRIME is considered a qualifying external investment pool that meets all of the necessary criteria to elect to measure all of the investments at amortized cost. Therefore, the fair value of the Clerk's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The investments are not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Throughout the year, Florida PRIME contained certain floating and adjustable rate securities. These investments represented 4.4% of Florida PRIME's portfolio at September 30, 2021.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, as a participant in a qualifying external investment pool, the Clerk should disclose the presence of any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals (such as redemption notice periods, maximum transaction amounts, and the qualifying external investment pool's authority to impose liquidity fees or redemption gates) in notes to the financial statements.

With regard to redemption gates, Section 218.409(8)(a), *Florida Statutes*, states that "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, and the Investment Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the Executive Director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the Executive Director until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees must convene and vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days."

With regard to liquidity fees, Section 218.409(4), *Florida Statutes* provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

As of September 30, 2021, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

#### Inventory

Inventory is stated at cost using the "first-in, first-out" (FIFO) method and is recorded as an expenditure when consumed. The Clerk's inventory includes metered postage.

#### Capital Assets

The Clerk's capital assets include furniture, equipment, computer equipment, vehicles, and software. The Clerk, pursuant to *Florida Statutes*, owns no capital assets. *Florida Statutes* require that the Board own and maintain accountability for all capital assets for which the Clerk is custodian. The threshold for capitalizing all capital assets is \$5,000, except software which is \$100,000. Capital assets are recorded at cost, or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are recorded at acquisition value. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments,* depreciation for governmental fund capital assets is reflected in the government-wide financial statements but is not reflected in the fund financial statements. Therefore, no depreciation is recorded in the financial statements of the Clerk but rather is reflected in the financial statements of the County.

In the fund financial statements of the Clerk, capital assets purchased and used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

#### **Compensated Absences**

The Clerk's employees accumulate sick and annual leave, based on the number of years of continuous service. Employees may not accumulate more than 500 hours of annual vacation time. Upon termination of employment, employees can receive payment for all outstanding accumulated vacation leave and a maximum of 80 hours of accumulated personal leave. Employees who retire under the Florida Retirement System receive payment for all outstanding accumulated vacation leave, a maximum of 80 hours of accumulated personal leave, a maximum of 80 hours of accumulated personal leave, and 100 percent of accumulated sick leave. The Clerk does not, nor is she legally required to accumulate expendable financial resources for these obligations. Accordingly, the liability for compensated absences is not reported in the Clerk's fund financial statements, but rather is reported in the basic financial statements of the County.

#### NOTE II - DIFFERENCE BETWEEN BUDGETED AND ACTUAL RESULTS

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP except as follows:

#### General Fund

Net Change in fund balance (GAAP Basis)	\$0
Unearned Value Adjustment Board Revenue	<u>95,886</u>
Net Change in fund balance non-GAAP	<u>\$95,886</u>
<u>Court Fees Fund</u>	
Net Change in fund balance (GAAP Basis)	\$0
Recognition of Jury Revenue	_ <u>(55,055)</u>
Net Change in fund balance non-GAAP	<u>\$(55,055)</u>

#### NOTE III - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 2021, the Clerk had the following deposits, investments, and maturities:

Investment	Maturities	Fair Value	Rating
investment	<u>Iviaturities</u>	value	Rating
Cash on Hand	N/A	\$ 2,047,933	N/A
Demand Deposits	N/A	32,731,911	N/A
Florida PRIME	49 days	25,654,646	AAAm
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	2	\$60,434,490	
Reconciliation:			
General Fund		\$5,708,703	
Court Fees		7,997,911	
Public Records Modernization		10,480,924	
Child Support Enforcement		4,410,530	
Custodial Funds		31,836,422	
		\$60,434,490	

#### Custodial Credit Risk

At September 30, 2021, the Clerk's deposits were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral pledged with the State Treasurer pursuant to Chapter 280, *Florida Statutes*. Under this chapter, in the event of default by a participating financial institution (a qualified public depository), all participating institutions are obligated to reimburse the governmental entity for the loss.

#### Credit Risk

The Clerk does not have a formal written investment policy and thereby is required to follow Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes,* when investing surplus funds. This statute limits investing of surplus funds to the Florida PRIME, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969, Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency, interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories, or direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Clerk does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities nor is one contained in Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*. The weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of Florida PRIME as of September 30, 2021 was 49 days. Next interest rate reset dates for floating securities are used in the calculation of the WAM. The weighted average life (WAL) of the Florida PRIME at September 30, 2021 was 64 days.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The Clerk places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer or investment.

#### NOTE IV – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Artwork	\$ 1,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,000	-		1,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Machinery and equipment	4,908,171	176,047	(694,222)	4,389,996
Software	11,320,418	-	-	11,320,418
Total capital assets being depreciated	16,228,589	176,047	(694,222)	15,710,414
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Machinery and equipment	3,223,992	339,266	(588,332)	2,974,926
Software	10,028,248	417,227	-	10,445,475
Total accumulated depreciation	13,252,240	756,493	(588,332)	13,420,401
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,976,349	(580,446)	(105,890)	2,290,013
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,977,349	\$ (580,446)	\$ (105,890)	\$ 2,291,013

#### NOTE V - RETIREMENT PLANS

#### Defined Benefit Pension Plans

#### Background

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, *Florida Statutes*, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Clerk are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, *Florida Statutes*; Chapter 112, Part IV, *Florida Statutes*; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, *Florida Administrative Code*; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. An annual comprehensive financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

#### Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

#### **Plan Description**

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- *Regular Class* Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Elected County Officers Class* Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- *Senior Management Service Class (SMSC)* Members in senior management level positions.
- *Special Risk Class* Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, *Florida Statutes*, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

#### **Benefits** Provided

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

As provided in Section 121.101, *Florida Statutes*, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement. In 2017, Senate Bill 7022 made several changes to FRS. The bill provides for renewed membership in the investment plan for reemployed retirees of the investment plan, as well as, In-Line-of Duty Death Benefits.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of FRS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

#### Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

#### **Plan Description**

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, *Florida Statutes*, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

#### **Benefits** Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, *Florida Statutes*. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of HIS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

# CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT Lee County, Florida NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

# Defined Contribution Plan - FRS Investment Plan

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, *Florida Statutes*, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Clerk employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Clerk.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

# Contributions

Participating employer contributions are based upon statewide rates established by the State of Florida. The Clerk's contributions made to the plans during the years ended September 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019 were \$2,024,445, \$1,747,688, and \$1,587,478 respectively, equal to the actuarially determined contribution requirements for each year. Additional information about pension plans can be found in the County's annual comprehensive financial report.

# CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT Lee County, Florida NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

# Other Postemployment Benefits

The Clerk provides postemployment health care benefits in accordance with Section 112.0801, *Florida Statutes*, to all employees who retire from the Clerk. The Clerk is required to provide health care coverage at cost to all retirees. Effective October 1, 2018, the Clerk offers a premium subsidy to all retires with eight or more years of consecutive employment. The liability and expense for other postemployment benefits, calculated in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, are reported in the financial statements of the County.

#### NOTE VI – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Lee County, Florida, Board of County Commissioners maintains self-insurance internal service funds to administer insurance activities relating to certain group medical and dental coverage, property, general, automobile, public officials liability, workers' compensation and auto physical damage. The Clerk participates in the County-wide self-insurance program for all activities. For liability insurance, the Board pays substantially all of the respective premiums on behalf of the Clerk and absorbs losses related to these programs up to an aggregate annual limit. Excess and other specific coverage is purchased from third-party carriers. Charges to participants are based upon amounts believed by management of the program to meet the required annual payouts during the fiscal year and to pay for the estimated operating cost of the program.

#### NOTE VII - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following changes in long-term obligations occurred during the year ended September 30, 2021:

Accrued compensated absences at October 1, 2020	\$2,426,417
Additions	1,933,194
Reductions	(1,813,274)
Accrued compensated absences at September 30, 2021	\$2,546,337

Of these liabilities, approximately \$155,290 is expected to be paid during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. These long-term liabilities are not reported in the financial statements of the Clerk since they have not matured.

# NOTE VIII - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

# Litigation

The Clerk is involved from time to time in routine civil litigation, the substance of which would not materially affect the financial position of the Clerk.

# Grants

The Clerk is the recipient of grants that are subject to special compliance requirements and audits by the grantor agencies that may result in disallowed expense amounts. These amounts constitute a contingent liability of the Clerk. The Clerk does not believe any contingent liabilities, if any, to be material to the financial statements.

# CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT Lee County, Florida NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

#### NOTE IX - GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions,* fund balances are classified as nonspendable or spendable. Spendable fund balances are further classified in a hierarchy based on the extent to which there are external and internal constraints on the spending of these fund balances. These classifications are described as follows:

The *nonspendable* fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in a spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion include items that are not expected to be converted to cash. As of September 30, 2021, the Clerk's General Fund reported a nonspendable fund balance of \$42,218 for inventory.

Spendable fund balances are classified as follows:

*Restricted* fund balances are constrained for a specific purpose by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations, or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Clerk's Public Records Modernization special revenue fund reported a restricted fund balance of \$10,411,022 which includes \$6,698,084 for public records modernization and \$3,712,938 for court technology.

*Committed* fund balances are constrained for a specific purpose imposed by a formal action of the Clerk's highest level of decision making authority. As of September 30, 2021, the Clerk's Child Support Enforcement special revenue fund reported committed fund balance of \$4,434,053 for court related functions.

*Assigned* fund balances are intended to be used for specific purposes, but which are neither restricted nor committed. As of September 30, 2021, the Clerk reported no assigned fund balances.

*Unassigned* fund balances represent the residual fund balances that do not meet the other fund balance classification requirements. As of September 30, 2021, the Clerk's General Fund reported a negative unassigned fund balance of \$42,218 since all excess fees are returned to the County and the General Fund reports a nonspendable fund balance for its inventory. There were no negative residual balances reported in the Clerk's special revenue funds.

#### NOTE X - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

**D***Activities*". The goal of the statement is to improve financial reporting by establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities. The implementation of the pronouncement required the restatement of the September 30, 2020 Fiduciary net position of the custodial funds.

	 Custodial Funds
Fiduciayr Net Position, as previously reported	\$ -
Prior period adjustment	13,733,922
Fiduciary Net Position, as restated	\$ 13,733,922

# Supplementary Financial Information

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# CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT Lee County, Florida COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ALL CUSTODIAL FUNDS As of September 30, 2021

	Fines and orfeitures	Jury and Witness		Delinquent Tax		Registry of Court		Cash Bonds and t Deposits		Total All stodial Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,092,625	\$ 14,748	\$	11,973,346	\$	10,337,229	\$	1,418,474	\$	31,836,422
Total assets	 8,092,625	 14,748		11,973,346		10,337,229		1,418,474		31,836,422
LIABILITIES AND FIDUCIARY NET POSITION										
Liabiltiies										
Accounts payable	-	-		3,552		-		-		3,552
Due to other governments	8,092,625	-		-		-		-		8,092,625
Total liabilities	8,092,625	-		3,552		-		-		8,096,177
Fiduciary Net Position										
Restricted for:										
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	-	14,748		11,969,794		10,337,229		1,418,474		23,740,245
Total Fiduciary net position	-	14,748		11,969,794		10,337,229		1,418,474		23,740,245
Total liabilities and Fiduciary net position	\$ 8,092,625	\$ 14,748	\$	11,973,346	\$	10,337,229	\$	1,418,474	\$	31,836,422

#### CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT Lee County, Florida COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Fines and Forfeitures				Jury and Witness		Delinquent Tax		Registry of Court		Cash Bonds and Deposits		Total All Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS															
Fees/Fines collected for other governments	\$	244,471,813	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	244,471,813			
Registry and other deposits collected		-		-		18,717,379		34,651,423		922,390		54,291,192			
Total Additions		244,471,813		-		18,717,379		34,651,423		922,390		298,763,005			
DEDUCTIONS															
Fees/Fines disbursed to other governments		244,471,813		-		-		-		-		244,471,813			
Registry and other deposits disbursed		-		29,436		12,743,871		30,586,932		924,630		44,284,869			
Total Deductions		244,471,813		29,436		12,743,871		30,586,932		924,630		288,756,682			
Change in Fiduciary Net Position		-		(29,436)		5,973,508		4,064,491		(2,240)		10,006,323			
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year (as restated)		-		44,184		5,996,286		6,272,738		1,420,714		13,733,922			
Fiduciary Net Position - Ending of Year	\$	-	\$	14,748	\$	11,969,794	\$	10,337,229	\$	1,418,474	\$	23,740,245			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# Additional Reports of Independent Auditor

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Honorable Linda Doggett Clerk of Circuit Court Lee County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, Lee County, Florida (Clerk), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2021.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



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Honorable Linda Doggett Clerk of Circuit Court Lee County, Florida

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

**CliftonLarsonAllen LLP** 

Fort Myers, Florida December 8, 2021



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# MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Linda Doggett Clerk of Circuit Court Lee County, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, Lee County, Florida (Clerk), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2021.

# Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

#### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated December 8, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

# Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note I in the notes to the financial statements.



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Honorable Linda Doggett Clerk of Circuit Court Lee County, Florida

#### **Financial Management**

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

# Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material, but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

# **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Clerk of Circuit Court, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

**CliftonLarsonAllen LLP** 

Fort Myers, Florida December 8, 2021



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# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Honorable Linda Doggett Clerk of Circuit Court Lee County, Florida

We have examined the Clerk of Circuit Court, Lee County, Florida (Clerk) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds; Section 61.181, Florida Statutes, regarding alimony and child support payments, and Sections 28.35 and 28.36, Florida Statutes, regarding clerks of court performance standards and budgets, during the year ended September 30, 2021. Management of the Clerk is responsible for the Clerk's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Clerk's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Clerk complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Clerk's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds; Section 61.181 Florida Statutes, regarding clerks of courts alimony and child support payments; and Sections 28.35 and 28.36, Florida Statutes, regarding clerks of courts performance standards and budgets during the year ended September 30, 2021.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Clerk and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

**CliftonLarsonAllen LLP** 

Fort Myers, Florida December 8, 2021



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# LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021



WEALTH ADVISORY | OUTSOURCING AUDIT, TAX, AND CONSULTING

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#### LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Matthew H. Caldwell Property Appraiser Lee County, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund of the Lee County, Florida, Property Appraiser (the Property Appraiser), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Property Appraiser's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



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# Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of each major fund of the Property Appraiser as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the GIS Fund for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, only for that portion of the major funds of Lee County, Florida that is attributable to the Property Appraiser. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Lee County, Florida as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated December 10, 2021, on our consideration of the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida December 10, 2021

# LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	General Fund			GIS Fund	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$	1,122,764 2,326	\$	242,324 -	\$ 1,365,088 2,326
Total Assets	\$	1,125,090	\$	242,324	\$ 1,367,414
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$	15,046	\$	867	\$ 15,913
Accrued and Other Liabilities Due to Other Governments		142,772 139,357		19,453	162,225 139,357
Due to the Board of County Commissioners		827,915		- 222,004	1,049,919
Total Liabilities		1,125,090		242,324	 1,367,414
FUND BALANCE		-			 -
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	1,125,090	\$	242,324	\$ 1,367,414

#### LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		General Fund		GIS Fund		Total
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	1,975,176	\$		\$	1,975,176
Charges for Services	φ	338,634	φ	- 12	φ	338,646
Interest Earned		1,294		12		1,294
Miscellaneous		508		_		508
Total Revenues		2,315,612		12		2,315,624
EXPENDITURES						
General Government:						
Personal Services		7,954,298		999,486		8,953,784
Operating Expenditures		1,259,317		607,627		1,866,944
Capital Outlay		57,841		-		57,841
Total Expenditures		9,271,456		1,607,113		10,878,569
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(6,955,844)		(1,607,101)		(8,562,945)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Board of County Commissioners Fees and Appropriations Distribution of Excess Fees and Appropriations		7,913,358		1,829,105		9,742,463
to the Board of County Commissioners Distribution of Excess Fees to Other		(818,157)		(222,004)		(1,040,161)
Taxing Districts		(139,357)		-		(139,357)
Total Other Financing Sources		6,955,844		1,607,101		8,562,945
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				<u> </u>		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND – (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Bu	ıdget		Variance with			
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget			
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,360,080	\$ 1,370,774	\$ 1,466,152	\$ 95,378			
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-			
Interest Earned	-	-	1,294	1,294			
Miscellaneous			508	508			
Total Revenues	1,360,080	1,370,774	1,467,954	97,180			
EXPENDITURES							
General Government:							
Personal Services	8,345,271	8,169,254	7,494,915	674,339			
Operating Expenditures	887,467	1,035,458	871,042	164,416			
Capital Outlay	40,700	79,420	57,841	21,579			
Total Expenditures	9,273,438	9,284,132	8,423,798	860,334			
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(7,913,358)	(7,913,358)	(6,955,844)	957,514			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Board of County Commissioners Fees							
and Appropriations	7,913,358	7,913,358	7,913,358	-			
Distribution of Excess Fees and Appropriations							
to the Board of County Commissioners Distribution of Excess Fees to Other	-	-	(818,157)	(818,157)			
Taxing Districts	-	_	(139,357)	(139,357)			
Total Other Financing Sources	7,913,358	7,913,358	6,955,844	(957,514)			
	.,,	.,,		(000,000)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$-	\$-	-	<u>\$</u> -			
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year							
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$-				

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

#### LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GIS FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Bue	dget		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES						
Aerial Map Sales	\$ -	\$-	\$ 12	\$ 12		
EXPENDITURES						
General Government:						
Personal Services	1,261,343	1,261,343	999,486	261,857		
Operating Expenditures	556,962	556,962	607,627	(50,665)		
Capital Outlay	10,800	10,800	-	10,800		
Total Expenditures	1,829,105	1,829,105	1,607,113	221,992		
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,829,105)	(1,829,105)	(1,607,101)	222,004		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Board of County Commissioners Fees						
and Appropriations	1,829,105	1,829,105	1,829,105	-		
Distribution of Excess Fees and Appropriations						
to the Board of County Commissioners			(222,004)	(222,004)		
Total Other Financing Sources	1,829,105	1,829,105	1,607,101	(222,004)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	-	<u>\$                                    </u>		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year						
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$-			

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements of the Lee County, Florida Property Appraiser (Property Appraiser).

# Financial Reporting Entity

The Property Appraiser is an elected official of the County, pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Property Appraiser is part of the primary government of the Lee County, Florida (the County). Although the Board of County Commissioners (the Board) and the Florida Department of Revenue approve the Property Appraiser's total operating budget, the Property Appraiser is responsible for the administration and the operation of the Property Appraiser's office. The Property Appraiser's office.

For financial reporting purposes, the Property Appraiser is deemed to be part of the primary government of the County, and, therefore, is included as such in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). There are no component units included in the Property Appraiser's financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), *Florida Statutes*, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits, which allows the Property Appraiser to only present fund financial statements. These financial statements present only the portion of the funds of Lee County, Florida that are attributable to the Property Appraiser. They are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of Lee County, Florida in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The financial activities of the Property Appraiser, as a constitutional officer, are included in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

These fund financial statements report detailed information about the Property Appraiser. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column.

#### Governmental Funds

The Lee County, Florida, Property Appraiser has two major governmental funds:

*General Fund* – The General Fund is used to account for the general operations of the Property Appraiser. Excess revenue in this fund is paid to the Board of County Commissioners and the respective special taxing districts at year-end.

*GIS Fund* – The GIS Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the restricted revenues and expenditures associated with the operations of Lee County's Geographical Information System (GIS). Excess revenue in this fund is paid to the Board of County Commissioners at year-end.

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Governmental Funds (Continued)**

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become measurable and available to finance liabilities of the current fiscal year). For this purpose, the Property Appraiser considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for certain compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured.

Charges for services and interest income are recognized as they are earned and become measurable and available to pay liabilities of the current period.

Interest revenue and miscellaneous revenue are recognized as they are earned and become measurable and available to pay liabilities of the current period.

Substantially all the Property Appraiser's revenue is received from taxing authorities. These monies are virtually unrestricted and are revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These resources are reflected as revenue at the time of receipt, earlier if the "susceptible to accrual" criteria are met.

*Florida Statutes* provide that the amount by which revenues exceed annual expenditures (excess fees) be remitted to each governmental agency or the Board immediately following the fiscal year for which the funding was provided or following the fiscal year during which other revenue was recognized.

Capital outlay expended in the General and GIS funds' operations are capitalized in the basic financial statements of the Board rather than in the governmental funds of the Property Appraiser.

# Refund of "Excess Fees"

*Florida Statutes* further provide that the excess of revenues over expenditures held by the Property Appraiser be distributed to each governmental agency or the Board in the same proportion as the fees paid by each governmental agency bear to total fee revenues. The amount of this distribution is recorded as a liability and as another financing use-transfer out in the accompanying financial statements.

#### Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents and investments are defined as highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and are carried at cost.

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# **Compensated Absences**

During 2021, the Property Appraiser replaced existing policies covering sick and vacation leave. After the effective date, sick and vacation time no longer will be accrued separately. Full-time employees of the Property Appraiser can accumulate paid time off (PTO) based on the number of years of continuous service with the Property Appraiser. Regular part-time employees scheduled to work at least thirty hours per week accrue PTO on a prorated basis calculated from the base hours normally scheduled to work. Employees can accumulate PTO not to exceed to 560 hours. Upon termination, employees who have completed their initial probationary period will be eligible for payment of a portion of their unused PTO accruals based on their length of service. PTO is included in operating costs when the payments are made to employees. The Property Appraiser does not, nor is legally required to, accumulate financial resources for these unmatured obligations. Accordingly, the liability for compensated absences is not reported in the financial statements of the Property Appraiser but, rather, is reported in the basic financial statements of the County.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# NOTE 2 BUDGETARY PROCESS

*Florida Statutes* govern the preparation, adoption, and administration of the Property Appraiser's annual budget for the General Fund. The Property Appraiser prepares a budget for the General Fund and submits it to the Florida Department of Revenue for approval. A copy of the approved General Fund budget is provided to the Board. Any subsequent amendments must be approved by the Florida Department of Revenue. The Property Appraiser also adopts a budget for its GIS Fund pursuant to an Interlocal Agreement with the Board. This budget is approved annually by the Board.

The annual budget serves as the legal authorization for expenditures. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Distributions of excess fees and appropriations are not considered expenditures. Appropriations lapse at year-end. Budget control is maintained at the departmental major object expenditure level. Budgetary changes within major object expenditure categories are made at the discretion of the Property Appraiser. Amendments to the approved General Fund budget must be approved by the Florida Department of Revenue.

The original budget is the first complete appropriated budget. The final budget is the original budget adjusted by all reserves, transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriations, and other changes applicable to the fiscal year, whenever legally authorized.

# NOTE 2 BUDGETARY PROCESS (CONTINUED)

The GIS Fund budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Property Appraiser's General Fund budget is prepared based on Florida Department of Revenue Rules, which differs from GAAP in that costs and offsetting revenues related to TRIM notices, as well as non-ad valorem commissions on cost recovery revenues received from Special Districts and other governments and expenditures paid from these commissions, are not recognized under the budgetary basis of accounting; however, all such revenues and expenditures are recognized under the GAAP basis.

The General Fund actual results of operations in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance – budget to actual – General Fund are presented on a budgetary basis. Adjustments to convert the results of operations at the end of the year, for the year ended September 30, 2021, from the budgetary basis of accounting to the GAAP basis of accounting are as follows:

	I	Revenues	E	kpenditures
Total Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)	\$	1,467,954	\$	8,423,798
Charges for Services not Budgeted (TRIM)		337,233		
Operating Expenditures not Budgeted (TRIM)				337,233
Intergovernmental Revenue not Budgeted (Cost Recovery)		509,024		
Charges for Services not Budgeted (Cost Recovery)		1,401		
Operating Expenditures not Budgeted (Cost Recovery)				51,042
Personnel Services not Budgeted (Cost Recovery)				459,383
Total GAAP Basis	\$	2,315,612	\$	9,271,456

# NOTE 3 CASH

At September 30, 2021, the carrying value of the Property Appraiser's cash was as follows:

	Carryir	ıg
Туре	Value	;
Cash on Hand	\$ 1	,000,
Demand Deposits	1,364	,088
Total Cash	\$ 1,365	,088

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

At September 30, 2021, the Property Appraiser's deposits were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral pledged with the State Treasurer pursuant to Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Under this Chapter, in the event of default by a participating financial institution (a qualified public depository), all participating institutions are obligated to reimburse the governmental entity for the loss.

#### NOTE 3 CASH (CONTINUED)

#### Credit Risk

The Property Appraiser's policy is to follow the guidance in Section 219.075, Florida Statutes, regarding the deposit of funds received and the investment of surplus funds. Sections 219.075 and 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, authorize the Property Appraiser to invest in Florida PRIME (formerly the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund) or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; direct obligations of the United States Treasury; federal agencies and instrumentalities or interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in banks organized under the laws of the United States and doing business and situated in the state of Florida, savings and loan associations which are under state supervision; or in federal savings and loan associations located in the State of Florida and organized under federal law and federal supervision, provided that any such deposits are secured by collateral as may be prescribed by law.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Property Appraiser has no specific investment policy regarding interest rate risk.

# NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets used by the Property Appraiser are capitalized in the basic financial statements of the County rather than in the governmental funds of the Property Appraiser. Upon acquisition, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds of the Property Appraiser and are capitalized at cost in the basic financial statements of the Board. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date received. The Property Appraiser maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by the office. No depreciation expense has been provided on capital assets in these financial statements. However, depreciation expense is recorded in the basic financial statements of the County.

#### NOTE 5 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities, which are reported in the basic financial statements of the Board:

	0	ctober 1, 2020	A	Additions	R	etirements	Sep	tember 30, 2021
Accrued Compensated Absences	\$	648,865	\$	477,861	\$	(500,712)	\$	626,014

#### NOTE 5 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Substantially all the balance outstanding at September 30, 2021 is expected to be paid during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021. These long-term liabilities are not reported in the financial statements of the Property Appraiser since they have not matured.

# NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS

#### **Background**

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, *Florida Statutes*, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Property Appraiser are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, *Florida Statutes*; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, *Florida Statutes*; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans (FRS Plan and HIS) and other nonintegrated programs. An annual comprehensive financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

#### Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan)

#### Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- *Regular Class* Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Elected Officials Class* Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.

# NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

# Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) (Continued)

#### Plan Description (Continued)

- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, *Florida Statutes*, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

# **Benefits Provided**

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed based on age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

# NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

# Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) (Continued)

# **Benefits Provided (Continued)**

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Detailed information about the Property Appraiser's proportionate share of FRS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

# Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)

#### Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

# **Benefits Provided**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, *Florida Statutes*. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Detailed information about the Property Appraiser's proportionate share of HIS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

# **Defined Contribution Plan**

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

# NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### **Defined Contribution Plan (Continued)**

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan.

Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected Officials, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the Florida SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Property Appraiser.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lumpsum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

#### Contributions

The Property Appraiser's contributions excluding employee contributions to the pension plans totaled \$783,679 for the year ended September 30, 2021. The Property Appraiser contributed 100% of the required contributions.

#### NOTE 7 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The Property Appraiser provides postretirement healthcare benefits in accordance with Section 112.0801, *Florida Statutes*, to all employees who retire from the Property Appraiser. The Property Appraiser pays 50% of the premium cost for the retiree to participate in the Board's self-insurance fund. The liability and expense for other postemployment benefits, calculated in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions,* are reported in the financial statements of the County.

#### NOTE 8 DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The Property Appraiser offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all full-time Property Appraiser employees at their option, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation balance is not available to participants or their estate until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. No contributions were made during the year ended September 30, 2021.

#### NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Property Appraiser is exposed to various risks of loss, including general liability, health, dental, disability and life, property and casualty, auto and physical damage, and workers' compensation. A self-insurance internal service fund is maintained by the Board of County Commissioners to administer insurance activities. All liabilities associated with these self-insured risks are reported in the basic financial statements of the Board. During the year ended September 30, 2021, the Property Appraiser paid \$1,885,105 to the Board of County Commissioners for health, life, dental and disability coverage into the risk management program. The Board of County Commissioners paid \$68,091 to the self-insurance fund on behalf of the Property Appraiser for general liability, property and casualty, auto and physical damage and workers' compensation during the year ended September 30, 2021.

Under this program, the Board of County Commissioners provides coverage for group health, dental, general liability claims and workers compensation. Lee County, Florida purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the risk management program and all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the last fiscal year. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE 10 CLAIMS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### **Litigation**

The Property Appraiser is involved as a defendant or plaintiff in certain litigation and claims arising from the ordinary course of operations. In the opinion of the Property Appraiser and legal counsel, the range of potential recoveries or liabilities will not materially affect the financial position of the Property Appraiser.

# **ADDITIONAL REPORTS**



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Honorable Matthew H. Caldwell Property Appraiser Lee County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund of the Lee County, Florida, Property Appraiser (the Property Appraiser), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Property Appraiser, and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2021.

# Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2021-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.



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#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Property Appraiser's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Property Appraiser's Response to Findings**

The Property Appraiser's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Property Appraiser's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Property Appraiser's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida December 10, 2021

#### LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

#### 2021-001 Audit Adjustments

**Type of Finding:** Material weakness in internal control over financial reporting.

**Criteria or specific requirement:** The Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) Internal Control Framework states that control activities are a component of internal control. Control activities are policies and procedures established to ensure that management directives are carried out, and consist of two elements, a policy that establishes what should be done and the procedure that implements the policy. COSO Framework states that control activities must be in place for there to be adequate internal control procedures over financial reporting. Internal control procedures affect the Property Appraiser's ability to ensure financial transactions are authorized and accurate. The Property Appraiser's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls for the proper recording of all transactions in the financial statements.

**Condition:** The Property Appraiser overstated cash and accrued liabilities in an amount of \$185,917 and \$26,142 in General Fund and GIS Fund, respectively, and for a payment that had already been executed at year-end. As a result, an audit adjustment was recorded by management to correct the financial statements.

**Cause:** The Property Appraiser's internal controls failed to detect or prevent the error.

**Effect:** The amounts reported in the year-end financial statements were misstated and an audit correction was required to adjust the balance sheet in the General Fund and GIS Fund.

**Recommendation:** We recommend the Property Appraiser review policies and procedures for reviewing year-end accruals to ensure that only transactions that have not yet cleared the bank at year-end be accrued.

**View of responsible officials and planned corrective actions:** See management's response on the following page.

#### LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA **PROPERTY APPRAISER** SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021



#### STATE OF FLORIDA LEE COUNTY PROPERTY APPRAISER MATTHEW H. CALDWELL

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1546 Fort Myers, Florida 33902-1546 Telephone: (888) 721-0510

Physical Address: 2480 Thompson Street Fort Myers, Florida 33901-3074 Website: www.leepa.org



January 3, 2022

Clifton, Larson, Allen LLP

Re: Response to Schedule of Findings and Responses Financial Statements, Year End September 30, 2021

The Lee County Property Appraiser acknowledges CLA's findings of overstated cash and accrued liabilities in the amount of \$185,917 and \$26,142, in the general fund and GIS fund respectively. The error occurred as a result of the first payroll and the first day of the new fiscal year falling on the same date.

October 1, 2021 was the first day of the new fiscal year (2021-22), and was also the first biweekly pay date of the new fiscal year. ADP processed the payroll sweep from the general and GIS funds (cash) on September 30, 2021 to cover the payroll liabilities (direct deposits and taxes). The funds were expensed effective October 1, 2021 for budgetary purposes; however, the trial balance did not accurately reflect the cash reduction due to the erroneous classification of the funds withdrawn on the bank statements. The payments withdrawn on September 30, 2021 were erroneously classified as accrued wages and cash in transit.

Corrective Action: Jennifer Laufenberg, Administrative Services Director and Paula Placher, Accounting Specialist have reviewed the circumstances and standard operating procedures (SOP) for reviewing year-end accruals, cash transactions, and accrued wages entries. This was a fairly unique calendar event that hadn't happened in the past; we've also looked forward in the calendar and it's also not expected to happen on the calendar in the near future either. To ensure that future staff look for this event, the SOP for accrued wages at fiscal year-end has been updated to include the above circumstances to highlight the difference between accrued wages and wages expense, and the appropriate entries for each.

Jennifer Laufenberg

Administrative Services Director

Matthew H. Caldwell Lee County Property Appraiser

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# MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Matthew H. Caldwell Property Appraiser Lee County, Florida

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of each major fund of the Lee County, Florida, Property Appraisers' (the Property Appraiser) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2021.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

#### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated December 10, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)(1)., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit.

#### Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note 1 in the notes to the financial statements.



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Honorable Matthew H. Caldwell Property Appraiser Lee County, Florida

### **Financial Management**

Section 10.554(1)(i)(2)., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

## Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)(3)., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

## **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida house of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal, and other granting agencies, the Property Appraiser and applicable management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida December 10, 2021



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# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Honorable Matthew H. Caldwell Property Appraiser Lee County, Florida

We have examined the Lee County, Florida, Property Appraisers' (the Property Appraiser) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the Property Appraiser's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Property Appraiser's compliance's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Property Appraiser complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Property Appraiser complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Property Appraiser's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Property Appraiser complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2021.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Property Appraiser and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida December 10, 2021



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LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SHERIFF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021



WEALTH ADVISORY | OUTSOURCING AUDIT, TAX, AND CONSULTING

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Carmine Marceno Sheriff Lee County, Florida

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lee County, Florida, Sheriff (Sheriff), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



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The Honorable Carmine Marceno Sheriff Lee County, Florida

# Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sheriff as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows and the budgetary comparison thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Lee County that is attributable to the Sheriff. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Lee County as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As described in Note 12, the Sheriff corrected errors related to self-insurance claims payable and revenue recognition. As a result of the error, the Sheriff reported a restatement of net position and fund balance, respectively, for the corrections. Our auditors' opinion was not modified with respect to the restatements.

# Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information provide any assurance.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

The Honorable Carmine Marceno Sheriff Lee County, Florida

# Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated January 28, 2022, on our consideration of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida January 28, 2022

# **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA, SHERIFF BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

ASSETS	General Fund	Grants Fund	Off-Duty Detail Fund	Canteen Fund	Forfeitures Fund	Total
Cash Receivables Due from Other Funds	\$ 10,775,679 32,174 867,612	\$ 50	0 \$ - - 195,478 	\$ 2,000,862 388,652 -	\$ 313,818 - -	\$ 13,090,859 616,304 867,612
Due from Lee County, Florida, Board of County Commissioners Due from Other Governmental Units		1,191,18 104,14		<u> </u>	-	1,265,997 104,142
Total Assets	\$ 11,675,465	\$ 1,295,82	8 \$ 270,289	\$ 2,389,514	\$ 313,818	\$ 15,944,914
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
LIABILITIES						
Contracts, Claims, and Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities	\$ 4,548,641 4,307,942	\$ 18,53	- 111,758	\$     94,114 -	\$ - -	\$ 4,661,290 4,419,700
Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governmental Units Due to Lee County, Florida, Board of	- 33,627	709,08	1 158,531	-	- 5,000	867,612 38,627
County Commissioners Due to Individuals	2,354,833 430,422			-	308,818	2,663,651 430,422
Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities	11,675,465	<u>322,17</u> 1,049,79				<u>322,177</u> 13,403,479
FUND BALANCE	,,	.,,.		,		
Restricted for: Inmate Welfare	-	0.40.00		2,295,400	-	2,295,400
Public Safety Unassigned Total Fund Balance	-	246,03	<u> </u>	2,295,400	-	246,035 
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 11,675,465	\$ 1,295,82		\$ 2,389,514	\$ 313,818	\$ 15,944,914

# LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA, SHERIFF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	General Fund	 Grants Fund	Off-Duty Detail Fund	 Canteen Fund	rfeitures Fund	 Total
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$-	\$ 11,750,953	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,157	\$ 11,760,110
Charges for Services	1,201,710	65,045	3,808,666	3,168,486	-	8,243,907
Fines and Forfeits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment Earnings	6,595	-	-	-	-	6,595
Miscellaneous Revenues		 196,757	 -	 -	 _	 196,757
Total Revenues	1,208,305	12,012,755	3,808,666	3,168,486	9,157	20,207,369
EXPENDITURES						
General Government	8,652,849	-	-	-	-	8,652,849
Public Safety	180,390,402	12,159,581	3,489,457	2,705,198	9,157	198,753,795
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	4,310,958	-	-	-	-	4,310,958
Interest and Fiscal Charges	429,759	-	-	-	-	429,759
Capital Outlay	10,487,389	217,113	319,209	-	-	11,023,711
Total Expenditures	204,271,357	 12,376,694	 3,808,666	 2,705,198	 9,157	 223,171,072
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(203,063,052)	(363,939)	-	463,288	-	(202,963,703)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from Sale	556,530	-	-	-	-	556,530
Lee County, Florida, BOCC appropriations	204,845,057	395,000	-	-	-	205,240,057
Distribution of Excess Appropriations to the						
Lee County, Florida, Board of County						
Commissioners	(2,338,535)	-	-	-	-	(2,338,535)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	203,063,052	 395,000	 -	-	-	 203,458,052
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	31,061	-	463,288	-	494,349
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year, as restated		 214,974	 -	 1,832,112	 	 2,047,086
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$-</u>	\$ 246,035	\$ 	\$ 2,295,400	\$ -	\$ 2,541,435

## LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA, SHERIFF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Bi	ıdget		Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
REVENUES				j
Charges for Services	\$ -	\$ 1,201,710	\$ 1,201,710	\$-
Investment Earnings		6,595	6,595	
Total Revenues	-	1,208,305	1,208,305	-
EXPENDITURES				
General Government:				
Personnel Services	9,199,067	8,520,724	8,462,965	(57,759)
Operating	240,508	214,460	189,884	(24,576)
Public Safety:				
Personnel Services	148,657,301	144,825,327	143,687,116	(1,138,211)
Operating	38,491,177	37,583,974	36,703,286	(880,688)
Debt Service	567,193	4,740,717	4,740,717	-
Capital Outlay	700,000	10,724,690	10,487,389	(237,301)
Total Expenditures	197,855,246	206,609,892	204,271,357	(2,338,535)
EXCESS(DEFECIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	(197,855,246)	(205,401,587)	(203,063,052)	2,338,535
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	-	556,530	556,530	-
Distribution of Excess Appropriations to the Lee County,				
Florida, Board of County Commissioners	-	-	(2,338,535)	(2,338,535)
Lee County, Florida, Board of County				
Commissioners Appropriations	197,855,246	204,845,057	204,845,057	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	197,855,246	205,401,587	203,063,052	(2,338,535)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$

## LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA, SHERIFF STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – INTERNAL SERVICE FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

## ASSETS

Assets: Cash	\$ 25,044,167
Total Current Assets	\$ 25,044,167
LIABILITIES Liabilities: Accounts Payable Self-Insurance Claims Payable Total Current Liabilities	\$ 143,025 2,362,922 2,505,947
NET POSITION Unrestricted	22,538,220
Total Net Position	\$ 22,538,220

## LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA, SHERIFF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – INTERNAL SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for Services	\$ 40,543,779
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Claims and Claims Expenses	29,412,632
Reinsurance Premiums	3,005,511
Contractual Services and Expense	1,313,217
Operating Expenses	166,403
Medical, Pharmacy Supplies/Dispensing	155,040
Administrative and Other Expenses	1,327,862
Total Operating Expenses	35,380,665
OPERATING INCOME	5,163,114
NONOPERATING REVENUES	
Interest Income and Other	 4,453
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	5,167,567
Net Position - Beginning of Year, As Restated	 17,370,653
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 22,538,220

## LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA, SHERIFF STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – INTERNAL SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Payments for Claims and Claim-Related Services Cash Payments for Reinsurance Premiums Cash Payments for Administrative Services and Supplies Cash Paid for Contractual Services, Operating Supplies, and Expenses Cash Received from Other Funds for Services Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ (29,268,741) (3,005,511) (1,327,862) (1,634,660) <u>40,543,779</u> 5,307,005
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest Income and Other Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	 4,453
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	5,311,458
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	 19,732,709
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 25,044,167
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	\$ 5,163,114
Provided by Operating Activities: Increase in Self-Insurance Claims Payable Decrease in Accounts Payable Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 148,702 (4,811) 5,307,005

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Reporting Entity

The Lee County, Florida, Sheriff (Sheriff) is an elected constitutional officer as provided for by the Constitution of the State of Florida. Pursuant to Chapter 129, *Florida Statutes*, the Sheriff's budget is submitted to the Lee County, Florida, Board of County Commissioners (Board) for approval. The Sheriff is the chief law enforcement officer of Lee County, Florida (County) and is responsible also for operating the County's corrections and detention facilities.

## Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The financial statements include the general fund, special revenue funds, proprietary fund (Internal Service Fund) and custodial funds of the Sheriff's office. The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), *Florida Statutes*, and Section 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General- Local Governmental Entity Audits*, which allows the Sheriff to only present fund financial statements. These financial statements present only the portion of the funds of Lee County, Florida that are attributable to the Sheriff. They are not intended to present fairly the financial positions and results of operations of Lee County, Florida in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. There are no separate legal entities (component units) for which the Sheriff is financially accountable.

Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General - Local Governmental Entity Audits*, requires the Sheriff to only present fund financial statements. Accordingly, due to the omission of government-wide financial statements and related disclosures, including management's discussion and analysis, these financial statements do not constitute a complete presentation of the financial position of the Sheriff as of September 30, 2021 and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended, in conformity with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, but otherwise constitute financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the budgetary oversight by the Board and the financial dependency on the Board, the financial activities of the Sheriff are included in the Lee County, Florida, Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Transfers to the Sheriff's general fund are provided by appropriations from the Board pursuant to Florida Statutes. Estimated receipts and budgeted fund balances must equal appropriations. The Sheriff is required to refund to the Board all excess appropriations, annually; therefore, no unappropriated general fund balance is carried forward.

The fund financial statements report detailed information about the Sheriff. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. Only current assets and current liabilities, generally, are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements for these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become measurable and available to finance current liabilities of the fiscal year). For this purpose, the Sheriff considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end with the exception of grants, which have a period of availability of one year. Grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured.

Substantially all the Sheriff's revenue is appropriated by the Board. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenue, there are essentially two types of revenue. In one, money must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the Sheriff; therefore, revenue is recognized based upon expenditures incurred. In the other, money is virtually unrestricted and is revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These resources are reflected as revenue at the time of receipt, earlier if the "susceptible to accrual" criterion is met.

Other revenue is recognized as earned and becomes measurable and available to pay liabilities of the current period.

*Florida Statutes* provide that the amount by which revenues and transfers exceed annual expenditures be remitted to the Board immediately following the fiscal year for which the funding was provided or following the fiscal year during which other revenues were recognized. The amount of this distribution is recorded as a liability and as another financing use in the accompanying financial statements.

Capital outlays expended in the governmental fund operations are capitalized in the basic financial statements of the County rather than in the financial statements of the Sheriff.

The Sheriff has five major governmental funds:

*General Fund* – This fund is used to account for the general operations of the Sheriff and includes all transactions which are not accounted for in another fund.

*Grants Special Revenue Fund* – This fund is used to account for grants, donations, and miscellaneous revenues from other agencies intended to be used for specific purposes.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Governmental Funds (Continued)**

*Off-Duty Detail Fund* – This fund is used to account for the contracted use of off-duty deputies. This fund bills for the services performed and pays the respective deputies and related operating and capital costs.

*Canteen Fund* – This fund is used to account for the financial activity of the Sheriff's canteen specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to specific purposes – inmate welfare.

*Forfeitures Fund* – This fund is used to account for the activities of the federal and local forfeiture funds. The federal forfeiture fund accounts for monies seized under federal laws and used in accordance with the U.S. Departments of Treasury and Justice guidelines. The local forfeiture fund accounts for monies seized locally.

## Proprietary Fund

*Internal Service Fund* – This fund is used to account for the health, life, dental, and prescription insurance services provided to employees and dependents as well as retirees of the Sheriff on a cost-reimbursement basis. This fund also includes a health clinic which is funded on a fixed fee per-employee basis. Proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Interest income is recorded as nonoperating income.

## Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or fiduciary capacity for the benefit of external parties. Due to the implementation of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 84 *Fiduciary Activities*, funds previously reported in the fiduciary funds are now reported in the general fund effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021.

## <u>Cash</u>

Cash includes cash on hand and demand deposits held by a financial institution (a qualified public depository).

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Sheriff considers all highly liquid investments, including both unrestricted and restricted, with a maturity of three months or less, when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

## Unearned Revenue

The Sheriff receives grant awards from various federal, state, and local agencies/individuals. These awards are recorded as unearned revenue until amounts have been earned or expended.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Compensated Absences**

Employees of the Sheriff accumulate annual leave including sick and vacation time based on their number of years of continuous service. Upon termination of employment, employees can receive payment for accumulated leave if they meet certain criteria. Included in compensated absences are amounts for the related employment taxes that would be due upon termination of employees. The Sheriff does not, nor is he legally required to, accumulate financial resources for these unmatured obligations. Accordingly, the liability for compensated absences is not reported in the financial statements of the Sheriff but, rather, is reported in the basic financial statements of the County.

## Capital Leases

The Sheriff from time to time enters capital leases as a means to finance the acquisition of capital assets. Capital assets are inventoried and maintained by the Sheriff but capitalized and recorded by the County. The Sheriff does not, nor is he legally required to, accumulate financial resources for these unmatured obligations. Accordingly, the liability for capital leases is not reported in the financial statements of the Sheriff but, rather, is reported in the basic financial statements of the County.

## Use of Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions

Fund balances are classified either as nonspendable or as spendable. Spendable fund balances are further classified in a hierarchy based on the extent to which there are external and/or internal constraints in how fund balance amounts may be spent.

Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Sheriff did not have any non-spendable fund balances as of September 30, 2021.

Spendable fund balances are classified based on a hierarchy of the Sheriff's ability to control the spending of these fund balances and are reported in the following categories: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. The Sheriff's fund balances for the Grant Special Revenue Fund, and Canteen Fund fall into this category.

Fund balance maintained in the Canteen Fund are constrained for specific purposes that are externally imposed by donors, grantors, laws, or regulations or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation, and reported as restricted fund balance.

### NOTE 2 BUDGETARY PROCESS

Florida Statues 30.49 govern the preparation, adoption, and administration of the Sheriff's annual budget. The Sheriff prepares a budget for the general fund and submits it to the Board for approval. The budget is prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except that the proceeds from leases and the related capital outlay are not budgeted and certain expenditures for long-term projects which are reimbursed by the Board are also not budgeted. Any subsequent amendments to the budget must be approved by the Board. The annual budget serves as the legal authorization for expenditures.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Appropriations lapse at year-end. Budgetary control is maintained at the departmental major object expenditure level. Budgetary changes within the major object expenditure categories are made at the discretion of the Sheriff.

The Sheriff's general fund is the only major fund with a legally adopted budget and the only fund required to have a legally adopted budget.

The original budget is the first complete appropriated budget. The final budget is the original budget adjusted by all reserves, transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriations, and other legally authorized changes applicable to the fiscal year, whenever legally authorized.

## NOTE 3 CASH

At September 30, 2021, the carrying value of the Sheriff's cash was as follows:

	Carrying	Credit
Туре	Value	Rating
Cash on Hand	\$ 3,000	N/A
Demand Deposits	38,132,026	N/A
Total Cash	\$ 38,135,026	

#### Custodial Credit Risk

At September 30, 2021, the Sheriff's demand deposits were entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance or by collateral pledged with the state Treasurer pursuant to Chapter 280, *Florida Statutes.* Under this Chapter, in the event of default by a participating financial institution (a qualified public depository), all participating institutions are obligated to reimburse the government entity for the loss.

#### NOTE 3 CASH (CONTINUED)

#### Credit Risk

The Sheriff's policy is to follow the guidance in Section 219.075, Florida Statutes regarding the deposit of funds received and the investment of surplus funds. Sections 219.075 and 218.415, Florida Statutes, authorize the Sheriff to invest in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; direct obligations of the United States Treasury; federal agencies and instrumentalities; or interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in banks organized under the laws of the state of Florida, national banks organized under the laws of the States and doing business and situated in the state of Florida, savings and loan associations which are under State supervision, or in federal savings and loan associations located in the state of Florida and organized under federal law and federal supervision, provided that any such deposits are secured by collateral as may be prescribed by law.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Sheriff's policy allows investments in individual certificates of deposit having staggered maturities and no maturity exceeding one year. The Sheriff had no such investments as of September 30, 2021 or during the year ended September 30, 2021.

#### NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets used by the Sheriff are capitalized in the basic financial statements of the County rather than in the governmental funds of the Sheriff. Upon acquisition, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds of the Sheriff and are capitalized at cost in the basic financial statements of the County. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date received. The Sheriff maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by the office. No depreciation expense has been provided on capital assets in these financial statements. However, depreciation expense for these assets is recorded in the basic financial statements of the County.

## NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets which are reported in the basic financial statements of the County:

	Balance October 1, 2020	Additions Adjustments	Deletions	Balance September 30, 2021
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets Depreciated:				
Machinery and Equipment	\$ 83,237,651	\$ 11,082,370	\$ (14,628,315)	\$ 79,691,706
Total Capital Assets Depreciated	83,237,651	11,082,370	(14,628,315)	79,691,706
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:				
Machinery and Equipment	(48,734,092)	(8,247,333)	14,114,135	(42,867,290)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(48,734,092)	(8,247,333)	14,114,135	(42,867,290)
Total Depreciable Capital				
Assets, Net	34,503,559	2,835,037	(514,180)	36,824,416
Total Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 34,503,559	\$ 2,835,037	\$ (514,180)	\$ 36,824,416

## NOTE 5 CHANGES IN LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities, which are reported in the basic financial statements of Lee County, Florida:

	Balance			Balance
	October 1,		Retirements/	September 30,
Governmental Activities	2020	Additions	Adjustments	2021
Capital Leases	\$ 12,066,000	\$-	\$ (4,310,957)	\$ 7,755,043
Compensated Absences	15,844,388	9,013,738	(8,399,102)	16,459,024
Total	\$ 27,910,388	\$ 9,013,738	\$ (12,710,059)	\$ 24,214,067

Of these liabilities, approximately 40% of compensated absences is expected to be paid during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. These long-term liabilities are not reported in the financial statements of the Sheriff since they have not matured.

The following is a summary of the long-term obligations at September 30, 2021:

Description	Amount
\$7,755,043 capital lease payable for the purchase of equipment of \$12,648,649. The lease agreement is payable in seven (7) annual payments of \$1,408,870, including interest at a fixed rate of 2.52% beginning November 1, 2020. Final payment due on November 1, 2026. The lease agreement is collateralized	
by the specific equipment.	\$ 7,755,043
Total	\$ 7,755,043

## NOTE 5 CHANGES IN LONG-TERM OBLIGATION (CONTINUED)

The annual debt service requirements at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

	Total Total		Total
Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Payments
2022	\$ 1,213,443	\$ 195,427	\$ 1,408,870
2023	1,244,021	164,848	1,408,869
2024	1,275,371	133,499	1,408,870
2025	1,307,510	101,360	1,408,870
2026	1,340,459	68,410	1,408,869
2027	1,374,239	34,631	1,408,870
Total	\$ 7,755,043	\$ 698,175	\$ 8,453,218

Interest expenditures for the year ended September 30, 2021 were \$429,759.

Equipment and related accumulated depreciation under capital leases is as follows:

Equipment	\$ 12,643,694
Less: accumulated depreciation	(2,883,651)
Net Value	\$ 9,760,043

#### NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS

#### **Background**

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Sheriff are eligible to enroll as members of the State administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans (FRS Plan and HIS) and other nonintegrated programs. An annual comprehensive financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

## NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan)

## Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- *Regular Class* Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Elected Officials Class* Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.
- Renewed Membership Class –Members who retired from July 1, 1991 through June 30, 2010 and are reemployed in a regularly established position with a covered employer, upon vesting again, are eligible for an additional retirement benefit based on service as a renewed member. Retirees of the FRS Investment Plan who are employed on or after July 1, 2017 are eligible for renewed membership in the Investment Plan.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

## NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

## Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) (Continued)

### **Benefits Provided**

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Detailed information about the Sheriff's proportionate share of FRS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

#### Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)

#### Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

## Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Detailed information about the Sheriff's proportionate share of HIS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

## NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

### **Defined Contribution Plan**

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. The Sheriff employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected Officials, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the Florida SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Sheriff.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lumpsum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

### NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### **Defined Contribution Plan (Continued)**

The Sheriff's contributions, excluding employee contributions, to the defined-contribution pension plan totaled \$20,132,175 for the year ended September 30, 2021, including HIS plan contributions. The Sheriff contributed 100% of the required contributions. Employee contributions to the defined-benefit pension plan totaled \$2,688,473 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

## NOTE 7 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Sheriff follows the provisions of GASB Statement No 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, for its other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The liability, expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for OPEB, calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, are reported in the financial statements of the County.

#### Plan Description

The Sheriff provides postretirement healthcare benefits in accordance with Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes to all employees who retire from the Sheriff. Retiring employees having 10 years creditable service with the Sheriff and having participated in the Florida Retirement System for 15 years meet the eligibility requirements. At September 30, 2021, 491 retirees meet the eligibility requirements. The Lee County Sheriff pays 75% of the premium cost for the qualified retiree and 50% of the premium costs for dependents of a qualified retiree to participate in the Self-Insurance Benefit Plan.

The Sheriff also pays an additional 5% of the premium cost for each year of creditable service over 15 years up to 100% of the premium cost. Expenditures for postretirement healthcare benefit cannot be reasonably estimated, as the claim information is estimated without separating the retirees from the active employees.

#### Participant Data

At September 30, 2021, the Sheriff's plan participation consisted of:

Active employees 1,571 Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments 491

#### Funding Policy

The Sheriff has the authority to establish and amend funding policy. The OPEB plan is currently being funded on a pay as you go basis. No trust or agency fund has been established for the plan.

## NOTE 7 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### Total OPEB Liability

The Sheriff's OPEB liability of \$252,808,831 was measured as of September 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020. The following table shows the changes in the Sheriff's total OPEB liability for the year ended September 30, 2021.

	Liability
Balance, as of October 1, 2019	\$ 302,839,158
Changes:	
Service Cost	9,815,772
Interest	8,527,224
Differenced Between Expected and Actual Experience	9,583,278
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs	(72,808,506)
Benefit Payments	(5,148,095)
Net Changes	(50,030,327)
Balance, as of September 30, 2020	\$ 252,808,831

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Sheriff, as well as what the Sheriff's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	1.41%	2.41%	3.41%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 293,761,871	\$ 252,808,831	\$ 214,722,522

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Sheriff, as well as what the Sheriff's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are 1% point lower or 1% point higher than the current healthcare cost trends.

		Health Care Rate Sensitivity			
	Current Health Care Cost				
	1% Decrease	Tren	d Rate Assumption	1% Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 203,645,668	\$	252,808,831	\$ 312,139,537	

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Sheriff's OPEB expense was \$12,859,391. In addition the Sheriff reported deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
Description	Resources	Resources
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 11,711,717	\$ -
Changes in Assumptions and Other Inputs	58,306,036	122,277,362
Benefits Paid after the Measurement Date	5,495,613	
Total	\$ 75,513,366	\$ 122,277,362

# NOTE 7 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources as an increase/decrease to OPEB expense will be recognized as follows:

Net Deferred	
(In)	/Outflows of
F	Resources
\$	(5,483,605)
	(5,483,605)
	(5,483,605)
	(5,483,605)
	(5,483,605)
	(24,841,584)
	(In) F \$

## Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Calculations for financial reporting purposes are based on the benefits provided under terms of the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members in the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

The actuarial methods are: Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
The actuarial assumptions are: Discount rate Health care cost trend rate Inflation Salary increases	2.41% (Based on 20-year AA municipal bond rate) 6.25% 2.25 3.4% - 8.2%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub 2010 mortality tables published by the Society of Actuaries with generational mortality improvements using Scale MP 2018.

## NOTE 7 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

The following changes have been made since the prior year valuation:

- The discount rate was changed from 2.75% to 2.41%
- The rate of inflation was revised from 2.5% to 2.25%

#### NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Sheriff participates in the Florida Sheriff's Association (the "Association") insurance program. The Association maintains a self-insurance program to administer insurance activities relating to property, general, automobile, public official's liability, workers' compensation, and auto physical damage. The Association absorbs losses related to these programs up to an aggregate annual limit. Excess and other specific coverages are purchased from third-party carriers. The Sheriff participates in the Association's self-insurance program for general, automobile, automobile physical damage, public official's liability, and workers' compensation. The Sheriff cannot be additionally assessed for claims paid by the program. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the Sheriff participates in surance program.

The Sheriff has a self-insurance plan (the Plan) for its in-house medical clinic, group health, life, prescription, and dental coverage provided to employees and their dependents as well as retirees. The Sheriff is the plan administrator and a third party acts as the claim administrator. The Plan's activity is recorded in an internal service fund which is reflected within these financial statements. CIGNA serves as the third-party administrator for the Sheriff for this coverage and to operate the employee clinic. As of September 30, 2021, the Plan has an individual participant stop-loss limit of \$175,000 and excess loss coverage to an aggregate individual stop-loss limit of \$1 million. The Plan then covers losses in excess of this amount. Settled claims have not exceeded the stop-loss coverage in any of the past three years.

The Sheriff's Office uses a Third-Party Administrator (TPA) CIGNA to administer and pay claims for the health plan.

Changes in the balance of estimated self-insurance claims payable for the fiscal years ended September 30 are as follows:

		Balance						Balance
	C	October 1,				Claim	Se	otember 30,
Year Ended	a	as restated Additions		Payments		as restated		
2021	\$	2,214,220	\$	29,754,579	\$	29,605,877	\$	2,362,922
2020		1,781,127		28,438,438		28,005,345		2,214,220

### NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The Board maintains a self-insurance internal service fund (the Fund) to administer insurance activities relating to group health, life, prescription, dental coverage, property, general liability, automobile and public official's liability, workers' compensation, and auto physical damage. The Sheriff participates in the Board's self-insurance program for property coverage only. As such, the Board paid the Fund \$422,165 on behalf of the Sheriff for this coverage. The Fund absorbs losses up to a specified amount annually. Excess and other specific coverages are purchased from third party carriers.

#### NOTE 9 LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The Sheriff rents various office spaces for multi-year terms or on a month-to-month basis. Rent expense for these leases for the year ended September 30, 2021 was \$529,016.

The Sheriff, also, leases certain equipment under multi-year noncancellable operating leases. Rent expense under these noncancellable operating leases was \$211,809 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Future minimum lease payments at September 30 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	 Amount	
2022	\$ 291,545	
2023	267,583	
2024	112,033	
2025	62,701	
2026	38,982	
Total	\$ 772,844	

### NOTE 10 COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

#### **Commitments**

The Sheriff has agreements with a corporation for the provision of inmate medical services and food services at its corrections and detention facilities which is accounted for in the general fund. The contracts are paid 100% by the Sheriff through its annual budget.

The contract for inmate medical services ends on September 30, 2024, is renewable for an additional two (2) year term and is cancellable with one hundred twenty (120) days written notice. The contract calls for minimum payment to the provider of approximately \$668,345, \$691,513, and \$715,829 per month through September 30, 2022, 2023, and 2024, respectively.

## NOTE 10 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The contract for inmate food service ends on January 31, 2022 and may be renewed for two (2) successive one (1) year periods. The food services are based on a cost per meal per inmate basis, and the future contract commitment is estimated at approximately \$2,800,000 per year based on the results of the current year. No liability is recorded in the general fund's statements, as any future commitment will be budgeted and paid from the subsequent year's budget.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the Sheriff paid \$11,237,842 for inmate medical services and \$2,720,658 for food service at its corrections and detention facilities.

The Sheriff also has an agreement with a corporation to arrange for medical staff, including doctors, to be located at a site (clinic) designated by the Sheriff to provide medical services to the employees and their dependents and retirees of the Sheriff which is accounted for in the internal service fund. The agreement was renewed effective in July 1, 2016 for a three (3) year term that automatically renews thereafter unless it is cancelled with one hundred twenty (120) day written notice. The agreement automatically renews unless cancelled in writing. Specific to this contract no liability is recorded in the internal service fund statements, as any future commitment will be budgeted and paid from the subsequent year's budget.

## Litigation

The Sheriff is involved from time to time in certain routine litigation, as a plaintiff or defendant, the substance of which, as either liabilities or recoveries in the opinion of management, would not materially affect the financial position of the Sheriff. The Sheriff is not in a position at this time to predict the final outcome of the lawsuits or claims or the amount of costs and/or potential recovery. The Sheriff plans to vigorously contest these matters unless first settled or closed. Results of such claims are covered by the Florida Sheriff's Risk Management Fund described in Note 8.

## <u>Grants</u>

The Sheriff is the recipient of grants that are subject to special compliance requirements and audits by the grantor agencies that may result in disallowed expense amounts. These amounts constitute a contingent liability of the Sheriff. The Sheriff does not believe any contingent liabilities to be material to the financial statements.

## NOTE 11 DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The Sheriff offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all full-time Sheriff employees at their option, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to participants or their estate until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The Sheriff did not make employer contributions during the year ended September 30, 2021.

# NOTE 12 RESTATEMENTS

The Sheriff has restated the financial statements as a result of corrections of errors related to revenue recognition in the grants fund and self-insurance claims payable in the internal service fund. The effect of this restatement adjusted beginning fund balance in the grants fund and beginning net position for the internal service fund as follows:

## **Grants Fund**

Fund Balance, September 30, 2020 as Previously Reported Correction of Error Fund Balance, September 30, 2020 as Restated	\$- <u>214,974</u> <u>\$214,974</u>
Internal Service Fund	
Net Position, September 30, 2020 as Previously Reported	\$ 15,255,863
Correction of Error	2,114,790
Net Position, September 30, 2020 as Restated	<u>\$ 17,370,653</u>

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

## LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA, SHERIFF SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	2020	2019	2019	2017	2016
Total OPEB Liability, as of Measurement Date					
Service Cost	\$ 9,815,772	\$ 7,313,259	\$ 9,900,653	\$ 10,833,849	\$ 8,466,020
Interest	8,527,224	9,372,912	10,022,898	9,023,558	9,205,476
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	9,583,278	-	4,210,799	-	-
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs	(72,808,506)	51,094,419	(58,471,288)	(22,770,911)	31,575,012
Benefit Payments	(5,148,095)	(4,703,447)	(4,737,788)	(4,606,828)	(5,098,879)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(50,030,327)	63,077,143	(39,074,726)	(7,520,332)	44,147,629
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning	302,839,158	239,762,015	278,836,741	286,357,073	242,209,444
Total OPEB Liability, Ending	252,808,831	302,839,158	239,762,015	278,836,741	286,357,073
Covered-Employee Payroll	89,930,297	60,396,265	65,943,371	68,225,885	66,951,582
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	281.12%	501.42%	363.59%	408.70%	427.71%

#### Notes to Schedule

#### Changes in Assumptions:

The discount rate was changed from 2.75% as of the previous measurement date to 2.41% as of September 30, 2020.

An anti-selection load of 10% was added to the per capita costs of retirees who are not eligible for direct subsidy.

The healthcare cost trend assumption was revised to reflect the removal of the additional trend to model the excise ("Cadillac") tax as a result of the repeal of the excise tax in December 2019.

Assumed ultimate rate of inflation was revised from 2.5% to 2.25% and the healthcare cost trend assumption was revised to reflect that change.

Changes in demographic assumptions developed in a statewide experience study conducted by the Florida Retirement System covering the period 2013 through 2018 and adopted for its July 1, 2020 valuation. For more information regarding these rates, refer to the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation report of the Florida Retirement System.

- Rates of retirement
- Rates of withdrawal
- Rates of mortality
- Rates of disability

# **ADDITIONAL REPORTS**



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

The Honorable Carmine Marceno Sheriff Lee County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lee County, Florida Sheriff (Sheriff), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 28, 2022.

# Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2021-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.



## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the 's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# The Sheriff's Response to Finding

The Sheriff's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. The Sheriff's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

# Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida January 28, 2022

#### LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA, SHERIFF SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

## 2021-001: Audit Adjustment

## Type of Findings: Material weakness over financial reporting

**Condition:** As part of the audit, we proposed audit adjustments to correct beginning fund balance in the grants fund and net position in the self-insurance fund as a result of amounts reported incorrectly in the prior period that were detected during our audit. The grants fund beginning fund balance was understated as result of the Sheriff not recognizing contribution revenue properly in the year of receipt. The self-insurance fund beginning net position was understated as result of the Sheriff reporting an incorrect amount as a claims liability at year-end. As such, audit adjustments were made by the Sheriff to correct the financial statements.

**Criteria or specific requirement:** The Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) Internal Control Framework states that control activities are a component of internal control. Control activities are policies and procedures established to ensure that management directives are carried out, and consist of two elements, a policy that establishes what should be done and the procedure that implements the policy. COSO Framework states that control activities must be in place for there to be adequate internal control procedures over financial reporting. Internal control procedures affect the Sheriff's ability to ensure financial transactions are authorized and accurate. Authority management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls for the proper recording of all the Sheriff's transactions in the financial statements.

**Effect:** The Sheriff's financial records were misstated and we proposed adjusting entries to management to correct the financial statements. The proposed audit adjustments were recorded by management to correct the financial statements.

**Cause:** The Sheriff's internal controls over financial reporting did not detect or prevent the errors.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that management enhance its review over the financial statements and supporting schedules to ensure the information is accurately presented.

**Views of responsible officials and corrective actions:** The financial reporting of the grant fund has been the same for many years. The amount of the fund balance was reported correctly in the general ledger, but incorrectly classified as unearned revenue on the financial statements. Due to GASB 33, the correct classification of revenue will be used going forward.

Each fiscal year for ten years, an estimated claims liability amount was provided by a reputable independent third party to the Finance Director. This amount was deemed a reasonable estimate of the IBNR and recorded as such. As identified by the current auditor, the estimate that was provided for ten years by the independent third party was not the claims liability estimate but rather an estimated reserve amount. This reserve amount was overstated in comparison to the estimated amount provided by the actuary. At the direction of the auditor, the Human Resources Director will request the estimated actuarial report each fiscal year end. This report shall be reviewed and then provided to the Finance Director to record.



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# MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Carmine Marceno Sheriff Lee County, Florida

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of the Lee County, Florida Sheriff (Sheriff), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 and have issued our report thereon dated January 28, 2022.

# Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

#### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and our Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professional Standards, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated January 28, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

#### Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note 1 in the notes to the financial statements.



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## **Financial Management**

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

## Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

## **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, and the Sheriff and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

**CliftonLarsonAllen LLP** Fort Myers, Florida January 28, 2022



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# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

The Honorable Carmine Marceno Sheriff Lee County, Florida

We have examined the Lee County, Florida Sheriff's (Sheriff) compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the Sheriff's compliance with those specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Sheriff's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Sheriff complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Sheriff's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2021.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Sheriff and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

**CliftonLarsonAllen LLP** Fort Myers, Florida January 28, 2022



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021



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# **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Honorable Tommy Doyle Supervisor of Elections Lee County, Florida

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the general fund of the Lee County, Florida, Supervisor of Elections (the Supervisor of Elections), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Supervisor of Elections' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



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## Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the general fund of the Supervisor of Elections as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in financial position and budgetary comparison of its general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, only for that portion of the major funds of Lee County, Florida that is attributable to the Supervisor of Elections. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Lee County, Florida as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

# **Other Matters**

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 7, 2021, on our consideration of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida December 7, 2021

# BALANCE SHEET – GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

## ASSETS

Cash Due from the Board of County Commissioners	\$ 1,835,983 954
Total Assets	\$ 1,836,937
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Due to the Board of County Commissioners Total liabilities	\$ 171,946 142,644 <u>1,522,347</u> 1,836,937
FUND BALANCE	 
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 1,836,937

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

REVENUES	
Charges for Services	\$ 47,264
Intergovernmental	386,226
Miscellaneous Revenue	 43,022
Total Revenues	476,512
EXPENDITURES	
General Government:	
Personnel Services	5,162,498
Operating Expenditures	2,760,218
Capital Outlay	 187,136
Total Expenditures	 8,109,852
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenues	(7,633,340)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Lee County, Florida, Board of County Commissioners Appropriations	9,169,409
Distribution of Excess Appropriations to the Lee County, Florida,	(1 526 060)
Board of County Commissioners Total Other Financing Sources	 (1,536,069) 7,633,340
Total Other Financing Sources	 7,033,340
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-
Fund Balance – Beginning of Year	 -
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Budget			Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
REVENUES	<b>^</b>	<b>•</b>	<b>• • • • • • • • • •</b>	<b>* 17</b> 00 <b>/</b>
Charges for Services	\$ -	\$-	\$ 47,264	\$ 47,264
Intergovernmental	-	-	386,226	386,226
Miscellaneous Revenue			43,022	43,022
Total Revenues	-	-	476,512	476,512
EXPENDITURES				
General Government:				
Personnel Services	5,309,183	5,309,183	5,162,498	146,685
Operating Expenditures	3,850,326	3,850,326	2,760,218	1,090,108
Capital Outlay	9,900	9,900	187,136	(177,236)
Total Expenditures	9,169,409	9,169,409	8,109,852	1,059,557
	0,100,400	0,100,400	0,100,002	1,000,007
Excess of Expenditures				
Over Revenues	(9,169,409)	(9,169,409)	(7,633,340)	1,536,069
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in: Lee County, Florida, Board of County Commissioners Appropriations Transfers out: Distribution of Excess Appropriations to the Lee County, Florida, Board of County	9,169,409	9,169,409	9,169,409	-
Commissioners	-	-	(1,536,069)	(1,536,069)
Total Other Financing Sources	9,169,409	9,169,409	7,633,340	(1,536,069)
Excess of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Over Revenues and Other Financing Sources	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance – Beginning of Year				
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$-</u>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# Financial Reporting Entity

The Lee County, Florida, Supervisor of Elections (the Supervisor of Elections) is an elected constitutional officer as provided for by the Constitution of the State of Florida. For financial reporting purposes the Supervisor of Elections is deemed to be part of the primary government of Lee County, Florida (the County) and, therefore, is included as such in the County's annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR). Pursuant to Chapter 129.202(1)(a), Florida Statutes, the Supervisor of Elections' Board of County Commissioners funded portion of the budget is submitted to the Lee County, Florida, Board of County Commissioners (the Board) for approval.

# Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The financial statements presented include the general fund of the Supervisor of Elections. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits, which allows the Supervisor of Elections to only present fund financial statements. These financial statements present only the portion of the funds of Lee County, Florida that are attributable to the Supervisor of Elections. They are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of Lee County, Florida in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The financial activities of the Supervisor of Elections, as a constitutional officer, are included in the Lee County, Florida, Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Transfers-in are provided by appropriations from the Board pursuant to Florida Statutes and are the Supervisor of Elections primary source of revenue. The Supervisor of Elections is required to refund to the Board all excess appropriations annually; therefore, no unappropriated fund balance is, generally, carried forward.

Florida Statutes provide that the amount by which revenues and transfers exceed annual expenditures (excess fees) be remitted to the Board immediately following the fiscal year for which the funding was provided or following the fiscal year during which other revenues were recognized. The amount of this transfer is recorded as a liability and as other financing use in the accompanying financial statements.

Capital outlays expended in the General Fund operations are capitalized in the basic financial statements of the County rather than in the governmental funds of the Supervisor of Elections.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by the General Fund, which accounts for all the general operations of the Supervisor of Elections. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available to finance current liabilities of the fiscal year. For this purpose, the Supervisor of Elections considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period. Grant revenues are considered available if collected within one year of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures only to the extent they have matured and were paid.

Investment return and other revenues are recognized as they are earned and become measurable and available to pay liabilities of the current period.

## Governmental Funds

The Supervisor of Elections' only governmental fund and only fund is the General Fund. The General Fund is used to account for all the general operations of the Supervisor of Elections.

#### Compensated Absences

Effective September 2021, the Supervisor of Elections modified its policy related to compensated absences. Under the new policy, certain employees may utilize discretionary time off. This benefit is not accrued by employees but rather available for use within specified limitations as defined by internal personnel policies.

Employees who are not eligible for discretionary time off accrue annual and sick leave benefits. Upon termination of employment, employees generally receive payment for all outstanding accumulated annual leave and 50 percent of accumulated sick leave, if vested, and 25 percent of accumulated sick leave if not vested. Payments for annual and sick leave are included in operating costs when the payments are made to the employee. The liability for compensated absences is not reported in the financial statements of the Supervisor of Elections, but rather is reported in the basic financial statements of the County.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements, in accordance with generally accepted principles in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

## NOTE 2 BUDGETARY PROCESS

Florida Statutes Chapter 129.201 governs the preparation, adoption, and administration of the Supervisor of Elections' annual budget. The Supervisor of Elections submits its original budget for the General Fund to the Board for approval. Funding received from sources other than the Board as well as the respective expenditures do not require Board approval. The Supervisor of Elections has the authority to reallocate the budget between line items without further Board approval. The budget is prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The annual budget serves as the legal authorization for expenditures. Substantially all subsequent amendments to the Supervisor of Elections' total budget must be approved by the Board.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Distributions of excess appropriations are not considered expenditures. Appropriations lapse at year-end. Budgetary control is maintained at the departmental major object expenditure level. Budgetary changes within major object expenditure categories are made at the discretion of the Supervisor of Elections.

The original budget is the first complete appropriated budget. The final budget is the original budget adjusted by all reserves, transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriations, and other changes applicable to the fiscal year, whenever legally authorized.

# NOTE 3 CASH

At September 30, 2021, the carrying value of the Supervisor of Elections' cash was as follows:

Туре	Carrying Ci Value Ra		
Cash:		¥	
Cash on Hand	\$ 200	N/A	
Demand Deposits	 1,835,783	N/A	
Total Cash	\$ 1,835,983		

# Custodial Credit Risk

At September 30, 2021, the Supervisor of Elections' deposits were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral pledged with the State Treasurer pursuant to Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Under this Chapter, in the event of default by a participating financial institution (a qualified public depository), all participating institutions are obligated to reimburse the governmental entity for the loss.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

## NOTE 3 CASH (CONTINUED)

## Credit Risk

The Supervisor of Elections' policy is to follow the guidance in Section 219.075, Florida Statutes, regarding the deposit of funds received and the investment of surplus funds. Sections 219.075 and 218.415, Florida Statutes, authorize investment in Florida PRIME (formerly the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund) or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; direct obligations of the United States Treasury; federal agencies and instrumentalities or interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in banks organized under the laws of the United States and doing business and situated in the State of Florida, savings and loan associations which are under state supervision, or in federal savings and loan associations located in the State of Florida and organized under federal law and federal supervision, provided that any such deposits are secured by collateral as may be prescribed by law. The pool is administered by the State Treasurer, who may make additional assessments to ensure that no public funds will be lost.

#### Interest Rate Risk

There is no specific policy regarding interest rate risk. The Supervisor of Elections held no such investments at September 30, 2021.

# NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets used by the Supervisor of Elections are reported in the basic financial statements of the County rather than in the governmental funds of the Supervisor of Elections. Upon acquisition, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the General Fund of the Supervisor of Elections and are capitalized at cost in the basic financial statements of the County. Capital assets are valued at acquisition cost or estimated acquisition cost if actual acquisition cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition cost on the date received. The Supervisor of Elections maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by the Supervisor of Elections. No depreciation expense has been provided on capital assets in these financial statements. However, depreciation expense is recorded in the basic financial statements of the County.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

# NOTE 5 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities, specific to the Supervisor of Elections, which are reported in the basic financial statements of the County. These long-term liabilities are not reported in the financial statements of the Supervisor of Elections since they have not matured.

October 1, 2020		Additions		Retirements		September 30, 2021		
Accrued Compensated Absences	\$	236,115	\$	366,889	\$	(513,789)	\$	89,215

## NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS

#### **Background**

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Supervisor of Elections are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans (FRS Plan and HIS) and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

## NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan)

#### Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

*Regular Class* – Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.

*Elected Officials Class* – Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.

Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) – Members in senior management level positions.

*Special Risk Class* – Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

## NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) (Continued)

#### **Benefits Provided**

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Detailed information about the Supervisor of Elections' proportionate share of FRS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

#### Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)

#### Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

#### **Benefits Provided**

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

# NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS) (Continued)

#### **Benefits Provided (Continued)**

Detailed information about the Supervisor of Elections' proportionate share of HIS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

## **Defined Contribution Plan**

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Supervisor of Elections' employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan.

Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected Officials, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the Florida SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Supervisor of Elections.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

# NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

# **Defined Contribution Plan (Continued)**

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump- sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

# **Contributions**

The Supervisor of Elections' contributions excluding employee contributions to the defined benefit pension plans totaled \$413,359 for the year ended September 30, 2021. The Supervisor of Elections contributed 100 percent of the required contributions.

# NOTE 7 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Supervisor of Elections provides postretirement healthcare benefits in accordance with Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, to all employees who retire from the Supervisor of Elections. The Supervisor of Elections pays 50 percent of the premium cost for the retiree to participate in the County's self-insurance fund. The liability and expense for other postemployment benefits, calculated in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, are reported in the financial statements of the County.

# NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Supervisor of Elections is exposed to various risks of loss, including general liability, health, dental, disability and life, property and casualty, auto and physical damage, and workers' compensation. A self-insurance internal service fund is maintained by the Board to administer insurance activities. All liabilities associated with these self-insured risks are reported in the basic financial statements of the County. As such, the Supervisor of Elections participates in the Board's self-insurance fund. During the year ended September 30, 2021, the Supervisor of Elections paid \$858,463, including \$79,855 paid by employees and \$778,608 paid by the Supervisor of Elections, to the Board for health, life, dental, EAP and disability in the risk management program. The Board paid \$61,433 to the self-insurance fund on behalf of the Supervisor of Elections for general liability, property and casualty, and workers' compensation.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

#### NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Under this program, the Board provides coverage for group health, dental, general liability claims, and workers' compensation. The Board purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the risk management program and all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the last fiscal year. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

## NOTE 9 CLAIMS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Supervisor of Elections is routinely involved as defendant or plaintiff in certain litigation and claims arising from the ordinary course of operations. In the opinion of the Supervisor of Elections and legal counsel, the range of potential recoveries or liabilities will not materially affect the financial position of the Supervisor of Elections.

# NOTE 10 LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The Supervisor of Elections leases certain election related equipment and other support equipment under noncancellable operating leases. Rent expense under noncancellable operating leases was \$71,054 for the year ended September 30, 2021. Future minimum lease payments at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Future	Future Minimum	
<u>Year Ending September 30,</u>	Lease	Lease Payments	
2022	\$	58,264	
2023		49,331	
2024		15,493	
Total	\$	123,088	

# NOTE 11 DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The Supervisor of Elections offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all full-time Supervisor of Elections employees at their option, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation balance is not available to participants or their estate until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The Supervisor of Elections made no employer contributions during the year ended September 30, 2021.



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Tommy Doyle Supervisor of Elections Lee County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the general fund of the Lee County, Florida Supervisor of Elections, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Supervisor of Elections' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 7, 2021.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2021-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.



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#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Supervisor of Elections' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Supervisor of Elections' internal compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida December 7, 2021

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

# 2021-001 Documentation of Internal Controls

Type of Finding: Significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

**Criteria:** The Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) Internal Control Framework states that control activities are a component of internal control. Control activities are policies and procedures established to ensure that management directives are carried out, and consist of two elements, a policy that establishes what should be done and the procedure that implements the policy. COSO Framework states that control activities must be in place for there to be adequate internal control procedures over financial reporting. Internal control procedures affect the Supervisor of Election's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls for the proper recording of all transactions and ensuring that documentation of internal control performance exists to properly monitor the performance of internal controls.

**Condition:** The Supervisor of Elections' internal control processes include review and approval of financial transactions and during the audit it was noted that documentation of the review and approval by personnel was not performed or maintained on bank reconciliations and journal entries.

**Cause:** The Supervisor of Elections' policies and procedures over internal controls do not address documentation of internal control performance.

**Effect:** Without documentation of the performance of internal controls, there is no way to monitor the performance of internal controls, which could result in erroneous financial transactions that are not prevented or detected.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that the Supervisor of Elections' personnel establish policies and procedures to document the review and approval of all financial transactions and records. This can be achieved in ways such as documenting each transaction and reconciliation with a physical reviewer signature, or through a weekly or monthly checklist in which a reviewer is documenting review and approval regularly throughout the year.

**Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:** Management agrees with the finding. See response at page 22.



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# MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Tommy Doyle Supervisor of Elections Lee County, Florida

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of the Lee County, Florida Supervisor of Elections (the Supervisor of Elections) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated December 7, 2021.

## Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

#### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports which are dated December 7, 2021 should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

# Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note 1 in the notes to the financial statements.



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## **Financial Management**

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such matters.

## Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material, but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

## Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Supervisor of Elections and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida December 7, 2021



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# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Honorable Tommy Doyle Supervisor of Elections Lee County, Florida

We have examined the Lee County, Florida, Supervisor of Elections' (the Supervisor of Elections) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the Supervisor of Elections' compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Supervisor of Elections' compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Supervisor of Elections complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Supervisor of Elections complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Supervisor of Elections' compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Supervisor of Elections complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2021.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Supervisor of Elections and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida December 7, 2021



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# LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021



WEALTH ADVISORY | OUTSOURCING AUDIT, TAX, AND CONSULTING

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Noelle Branning Tax Collector Lee County, Florida

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lee County, Florida, Tax Collector (the Tax Collector), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Tax Collector's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



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#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tax Collector as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of the general fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the general fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Lee County, Florida that is attributable to the Tax Collector. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Lee County, Florida as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Tax Collector's basic financial statements. The combining custodial fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining custodial fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining custodial fund statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Honorable Noelle Branning Tax Collector Lee County, Florida

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 29, 2021, on our consideration of the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida November 29, 2021

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR BALANCE SHEET – GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

#### ASSETS

Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts Receivable Due from the Lee County, Florida, Board of County Commissioners Total Assets	\$ 3,996,506 8,021,017 123,047 86,571 12,227,141
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued and Other Liabilities Due to Other Governmental Units Due to Lee County, Florida, Board of County Commissioners Total Liabilities	\$ 414,883 464,871 1,750,028 <u>9,597,359</u> 12,227,141
FUND BALANCE	 <u> </u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 12,227,141

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

## LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

REVENUES Commissions and Fees: Lee County, Florida, Board of County Commissioners Other Governmental Units Charges for Services Interest Miscellaneous Total Revenues	\$ 20,296,327 5,300,534 8,799,577 13,012 227,671 34,637,121
EXPENDITURES	
General Government:	
Personnel Services	18,120,259
Operating	4,959,896
Capital Outlay	212,465
Total Expenditures	23,292,620
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	11,344,501
OTHER FINANCING USES	
Distribution of Excess Commissions and Fees to Other Governmental Units Distribution of Excess Commissions and Fees to Lee County, Florida,	(1,750,028)
Board of County Commissioners	(9,594,473)
Total Other Financing Uses	(11,344,501)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>

## LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Buc	iget		Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
REVENUES				
Commissions and Fees:				
Board of County Commissioners	\$ 19,639,925	\$ 19,639,925	\$ 20,296,327	\$ 656,402
Other Governmental Units	5,241,011	5,241,011	5,300,534	59,523
Charges for Services	8,469,004	8,469,004	8,799,577	330,573
Interest	91,810	91,810	13,012	(78,798)
Miscellaneous	46,867	46,867	227,671	180,804
Total Revenues	33,488,617	33,488,617	34,637,121	1,148,504
EXPENDITURES				
General Government:				
Personnel Services	20,616,866	20,595,366	18,120,259	2,475,107
Operating	6,207,011	6,208,690	4,959,896	1,248,794
Capital Outlay	198,882	218,703	212,465	6,238
Total Expenditures	27,022,759	27,022,759	23,292,620	3,730,139
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	6,465,858	6,465,858	11,344,501	4,878,643
OTHER FINANCING HOLD				
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Distribution of Excess Commissions				
and Fees to Other Governmental				
Units Distribution of Excess Commissions	-	-	(1,750,028)	(1,750,028)
and Fees to the Lee County, Florida, Board of County Commissioners				
Total Other Financing Uses	بو میں درور اور اور اور اور اور اور اور اور اور		(9,594,473)	(9,594,473)
Total Other Financing Oses			(11,344,501)	(11,344,501)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	6,465,858	6,465,858	-	(6,465,858)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	_	-	-	-
-				
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 6,465,858	\$ 6,465,858	<u>\$</u>	\$ (6,465,858)

## LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

ASSETS		Custodial Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents	¢	0.000.004
Investments	\$	8,390,334 5,546,540
Accounts Receivable		3,232
Due from Other Governmental Units		549,741
Total Assets		14,489,847
LIABILITIES		
Due to Individuals	\$	1,641,557
Due to Other Governmental Units	Ŧ	12,427,548
Due to Lee County, Florida, Board of County Commissioners		420,742
Total Liabilities		14,489,847
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	\$	-

## LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	
Tax Collections for Other Governments	\$ 1,695,959,600
License and Fees Collected for Other Governments	84,752,196
Miscellaneous	131,208
Total Revenues	1,780,843,004
DEDUCTIONS	
Payments of Tax to Other Governments	1,696,090,808
Payments to Other Governments	84,752,196
Total Expenditures	1,780,843,004
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	-
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year	
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	<u> </u>

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## **Financial Reporting Entity**

The Lee County, Florida, Tax Collector (the Tax Collector) is an elected constitutional officer as provided for by the Constitution of the State of Florida. For financial reporting purposes, the Tax Collector is deemed to be part of the primary government of Lee County, Florida (the County) and, therefore, is included as such in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). Pursuant to Section 195.087, Florida Statutes, the Tax Collector's budget is submitted to the Florida Department of Revenue for approval, and a copy is forwarded to the Lee County, Florida, Board of County Commissioners (the Board).

## Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits, which allows the Tax Collector to only present fund financial statements. These financial statements present only the portion of the funds of Lee County, Florida that are attributable to the Tax Collector. They are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of Lee County, Florida in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The financial activities of the Tax Collector, as a constitutional officer, are included in the Lee County, Florida, Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become measurable and available to finance current liabilities of the fiscal year). For this purpose, the Tax Collector considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures only to the extent they have matured and were paid.

Investment return (interest income) and other revenue are recognized in the General Fund as they are earned and become measurable and available to pay liabilities of the current period.

The majority of the Tax Collector's General Fund revenue is received from taxing authorities (governmental units). These monies are unrestricted and are revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These resources are reflected as revenue at the time of receipt or earlier if the "susceptible to accrual" criterion is met.

Florida Statutes provide that the amount by which revenues exceed annual expenditures be remitted to each governmental agency immediately following the fiscal year for which the funding was provided or following the fiscal year during which other revenues were recognized.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Florida Statutes further provide that the excess of revenues over expenditures (excess fees) held by the Tax Collector be distributed to each governmental agency (taxing authorities) in the same proportion as the commissions and fees paid by each governmental agency bear to total commission and fee revenue. The amounts of these distributions are recorded as liabilities and as other financing uses in the accompanying financial statements.

Capital outlays expended in the General Fund operations are capitalized in the basic financial statements of the County rather than in the governmental funds of the Tax Collector.

#### Governmental Funds

The Tax Collector's only governmental fund is the General Fund which is considered a major fund. The General Fund is used to account for the general operations of the Tax Collector and includes all transactions not accounted for in another fund.

#### Fiduciary Funds

*Custodial Funds* – These funds are used to account for assets held by the Tax Collector as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. Custodial funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. During 2021, the Tax Collector implemented GASB 84 – *Fiduciary Activities* resulting in the Tax Collector presenting a statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the custodial funds.

## Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents and investments are defined as highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and are carried at cost.

## Fair Value of Financial Investments

The Tax Collector adheres to GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. This Standard applies to reported balances that are required or permitted to be measured at fair value under an existing accounting pronouncement. This Standard emphasizes that fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. Therefore, a fair value measurement should be determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. This Standard establishes a fair value hierarchy which consists of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value as follows:

*Level 1* – Inputs that utilize quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Tax Collector has the ability to access. At September 30, 2021, the Tax Collector held no such investments using such inputs.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Fair Value of Financial Investments (Continued)

Level 2 – Inputs that include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument. Fair values for these instruments are estimated using pricing models, quoted prices or securities with similar characteristics or discounted cash flows. At September 30, 2021, the Tax Collector held no such investments using such inputs.

*Level 3* – Inputs that are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, which are typically based on an entity's own assumptions, as there is little, if any, related market activity. At September 30, 2021, the Tax Collector held no such investments using such inputs.

Instances where the determination of the fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the entire fair value measurement falls is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Employees of the Tax Collector accumulate annual leave based on their number of years of continuous service. Upon termination of employment, employees can receive payment for accumulated sick and vacation if they meet certain criteria. Payments for annual leave are included in operating costs when the payments are made to the employee. The Tax Collector does not, nor is he legally required to, accumulate financial resources for these unmatured obligations. Accordingly, the liability for compensated absences is not reported in these financial statements of the Tax Collector's General Fund but, rather, is reported in the basic financial statements of the County.

#### Property and Other Taxes

Property taxes, both ad valorem and non-ad valorem in Lee County, Florida are levied by the Board and other taxing authorities. The millage levies are determined on the basis of estimates of revenue needs and the total taxable valuations within the jurisdiction of the Board and other taxing authorities. No aggregate ad valorem tax millage in excess of 10 mills per \$1,000 of value can be levied by the Board against property in Lee County, Florida as specified in Section 200.071, Florida Statutes.

Each year, the total taxable property valuation is established by the Lee County, Florida, Property Appraiser. The list of property assessments is submitted to the State Department of Revenue for approval and then to the Lee County, Florida, Tax Collector for levy and collection. Taxes, assessed as of January 1 of each year, are due and payable on November 1 of each year or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll is opened for collection. Pursuant to Florida law, all owners of property have the responsibility of ascertaining the amount due and paying it before April 1 of the year following the year in which the tax was assessed.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## Chapter 197, Florida Statutes, governs property tax collections:

### Current Taxes

All property taxes become due and payable on November 1 and are delinquent on April 1 of the following year. Discounts are allowed for early payment of 4% in November, 3% in December, 2% in January, and 1% for payment in February.

## Unpaid Taxes - Sale of Tax Certificates

The Tax Collector advertises, as required by Florida Statutes, and sells tax certificates on all real property for unpaid taxes. The land is struck off the tax roll to the purchaser of the tax certificate. Certificates not sold are struck off to Lee County, Florida. The Tax Collector must receive payment before the certificates are delivered. Any person owning land upon which a tax certificate has been sold may redeem the tax certificate by paying the Tax Collector the face amount of the tax certificate plus interest and other costs.

## Tax Deeds

Two years after the purchase of a tax certificate, the certificate owner may file an application for tax deed sale. Lee County, Florida as a certificate owner, exercises similar procedures. Tax deeds are issued to the highest bidder for the property which is sold at public auction. The Clerk of the Circuit Court administers these sales.

## Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## NOTE 2 BUDGETARY PROCESS

Florida Statutes govern the preparation, adoption, and administration of the Tax Collector's annual budget. The Tax Collector submits a budget for the General Fund to the Florida Department of Revenue for approval. A copy of the approved budget is provided to the Board. Any subsequent amendments to the Tax Collector's total budget must be approved by the Florida Department of Revenue. The budget for the General Fund is prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The annual budget serves as the legal authorization for expenditures. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Distributions for excess commissions and fees are not considered expenditures. Appropriations lapse at year-end. Budget control is maintained at the departmental major object expenditure level. Budgetary changes within major object expenditure categories are made at the discretion of the Tax Collector.

## NOTE 2 BUDGETARY PROCESS (CONTINUED)

The original budget is the first complete appropriated budget. The final budget is the original budget adjusted by all reserves, transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriations, and other changes applicable to the fiscal year, whenever legally authorized.

### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 2021, the carrying values of the Tax Collector's cash and investments were as follows:

	Fund	Туре	Carrying	Credit
<u>Type</u>	General	Custodial	Value Total	Rating
Cash :				
Cash on Hand	\$ 42,950	\$-	\$ 42,950	N/A
Demand Deposits	3,953,556	8,390,334	12,343,890	N/A
Total Cash	\$ 3,996,506	\$ 8,390,334	\$ 12,386,840	
Investments: Florida PRIME	\$ 8,021,017	\$ 5,546,540	<u>\$ 13,567,557</u>	*AAAm
*Rating by S&P				

\*Rating by S&P

N/A – Not Applicable

## Custodial Credit Risk

At September 30, 2021, Tax Collector's deposits were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral pledged with the State Treasurer pursuant to Chapter 280, Florida Statutes except as noted below. Under this Chapter, in the event of default by a participating financial institution (a qualified public depository), all participating institutions are obligated to reimburse the governmental entity for the loss.

## NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

## Credit and Interest Rate Risk

The Tax Collector's policy is to follow the guidance in Sections 219.075 and 218.415, Florida Statutes regarding the deposit of funds received and the investment of surplus funds. Sections 219.075 and 218.415, Florida Statutes, authorize the Tax Collector to invest in Florida PRIME or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; direct obligations of the United States Treasury; federal agencies and instrumentalities; or interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in banks organized under the laws of the State of Florida, national banks organized under the laws of the United State supervision, or in federal savings and loan associations which are under State supervision, or in federal law and federal supervision, provided that any such deposits are secured by collateral as may be prescribed by law.

The Tax Collector's investment policy minimizes the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in general interest rates by:

- Structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity.
- Investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market funds, or similar investment pools.

As of September 30, 2021, the Tax Collector's investments were in the State Board of Administration (SBA). SBA investments consist of Florida PRIME only.

The Florida PRIME is an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) but operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Florida PRIME is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Florida PRIME had a weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of 49 days at September 30, 2021. The weighted average life (WAL) for Florida PRIME at September 30, 2021 was 64 days. Rule 2a7 allows funds to use amortized cost to maintain a constant net asset value (NAV) of \$1.00 per share. Accordingly, the Tax Collector's investment in Florida PRIME is reported at the account balance (pooled shares), which is considered fair value.

## NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

## Credit and Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

The Tax Collector adheres to the requirements of GASB Statement No. 79, which requires the following disclosures related to its Florida PRIME (the trust fund) investment:

Redemption Gates: Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states that "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to a payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the executive director of the fund may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable for the time the Executive Director has instituted such measures to review the necessity of those measures. If the trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48hour moratorium on the contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the executive director until the trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the trustees exceed 15 days.

*Liquidity Fees*: Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosures in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

*Redemption Fees*: As of September 30, 2021, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

## NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets used by the Tax Collector are capitalized in the basic financial statements of the County rather than in the governmental funds of the Tax Collector. Upon acquisition, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the General Fund of the Tax Collector and are capitalized at cost in the basic financial statements of the County. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date received. The Tax Collector maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by the office. No depreciation expense has been provided on capital assets in these financial statements. However, depreciation expense is recorded in the basic financial statements of the County.

## NOTE 5 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Vacation leave accrued as benefits are earned by employees, but only to the extent that it is possible the Tax Collector will compensate the employees for the benefits through cash payments at termination or retirement. Sick leave is accrued and recorded, at 50% of accumulated balance up to 240 hours, as it is paid to the employee at voluntary separation or retirement.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities, which are reported in the basic financial statements of the County:

	0	ctober 1,				Sep	tember 30,
		2020	A	dditions	Retirements	•	2021
Accrued Compensated					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Absences	\$	990,833	\$	963,536	\$ (1,039,082)	\$	915,287

Substantially all the balance outstanding as of September 30, 2021 is expected to be paid during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. These long-term liabilities are not reported in the financial statements of the Tax Collector since they have not matured.

#### NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS

#### **Background**

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Tax Collector are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans (FRS Plan and HIS) and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management of Management Services' Website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

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## NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

### Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan)

#### Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Elected Officials Class Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

## NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

## **Benefits Provided**

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Detailed information about the Tax Collector's proportionate share of FRS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

## Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)

#### Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

## Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

## NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS) (Continued)

#### Benefits Provided (Continued)

Detailed information about the Tax Collector's proportionate share of HIS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

## **Defined Contribution Plan**

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Tax Collector employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan.

Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected Officials, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation, for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan, is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the Florida SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Tax Collector.

## NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

## **Defined Contribution Plan (Continued)**

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

## **Contributions**

The Tax Collector's contributions excluding employee contributions to the pension plan totaled \$1,356,652 for the year ended September 30, 2021. The Tax Collector contributed 100% of the required contributions.

## NOTE 7 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Tax Collector provides postretirement health care benefits in accordance with Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, to all employees who retire from the Tax Collector. The retiree pays 50% of the premium cost for the retiree to participate in the Board's self-insurance fund. The liability and expense for other postemployment benefits, calculated in accordance with GASB No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, are reported in the financial statements of the County.

## NOTE 8 DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The Tax Collector offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all full-time Tax Collector employees at their option, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to participants or their estate until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The Tax Collector did not make employer contributions during the year ended September 30, 2021.

#### NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Tax Collector is exposed to various risks of loss, including general liability, health, dental, disability and life, property and casualty, auto and physical damage, and workers' compensation. A self-insurance internal service fund is maintained by Lee County, Florida, Board of Commissioners to administer these insurance activities. All liabilities associated with these self-insured risks are reported in the basic financial statements of the County. As such, the Tax Collector participates in the Lee County, Florida, Board of Commissioners' self-insurance program. During the year ended September 30, 2021, the Tax Collector paid \$4,434,996 including \$225,870 (medical and dental) paid by employees, to Lee County, Florida, Board of Commissioners for participation in the risk management program for health, life, dental, and disability coverage including the cost of retiree coverage. The Lee County, Florida, Board of County Commissioners paid \$197,252 to the self-insurance fund on behalf of the Tax Collector for general liability, property and casualty, auto and physical damage and workers' compensation.

Under this program, Lee County, Florida, Board of Commissioners provides coverage for group health, dental, general liability claims, and workers compensation. Lee County, Florida, Board of Commissioners purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the risk management program and all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the last fiscal year. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

## NOTE 10 LITIGATION

The Tax Collector is routinely involved as a defendant or plaintiff in certain litigation and claims arising from the ordinary course of operations. In the opinion of the Tax Collector and legal counsel, the range of potential recoveries or liabilities will not materially affect the financial position of the Tax Collector.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Тах		Mator		Driver	F	Hunting		Local	m	Birth	Col	Concealed		Total
	Tax	Certificate	1	Vehicle	-	License	and F	and Fishing	Busi	Business Tax	Cert	Certificate	Ŵ	Weapons	0	Custodial
	Fund	Fund		Fund		Fund	ιĒ	Fund		Fund	யீ	Fund	u.	Fund		Funds
ASSETS																
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,690,019	\$ 1,595,969	ዏ	740,410	ŝ	100,425	ŝ	2,017	ŝ	245,899	ŝ	56	69	15,539	ю	8.390.334
Investments	4,947,200	381,914		63,348		1		3		154,078		,		i		5,546,540
Accounts Receivable	,	1		2,540		692		ı		ĩ		1		ı		3,232
Due from Other Governmental Units	549,741			•		1		ı		¥		ł		,		549,741
Total Assets	\$ 11,186,960	\$ 1,977,883	ŝ	806,298	φ	101,117	φ	2,017	φ	399,977	ь	56	க	15,539	\$	\$ 14,489,847
LIABILITIES																
Due to Individuals	\$ 37,474	\$ 1,604,083	φ	ı	ŝ	ı	ŝ	ı	Ś	1	÷	1	ŝ	ı	ю	1.641.557
Due to Other Governmental Units	11,080,102	373,800		792,085		101,117		2,017		62,832		56		15,539		12,427,548
Due to Lee County, Florida,																
Board of County Commissioners	69,384	r		14,213		•		•		337,145		1		1		420,742
Total Liabilities	11,186,960	1,977,883		806,298		101,117		2,017		399,977		56		15,539		- 14,489,847
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	م	، ب	ŝ	r	ф	,	Ś	•	Ś		ы	1	e,	ı	69	1

LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Tax Fund	Tax Certificate Fund	Motor Vehicle Fund	Driver License Fund	Hunting and Físhing Fund	Local Business Tax Fund	Birth Certificate Fund	Concealed Weapons Fund	Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS Tax Collections for Other Governments License and Fees Collected for Other	\$ 1,649,448,540	\$ 44,717,987	ч	•	۲ دی	1,793,073	۰ ج	، ج	\$ 1,695,959,600
Governments Miscellaneous	131,066	T	76,705,950 -	6,881,278 -	183,261 -	- 142	7,106	974,601 -	84,752,196 131,208
Total Additions	1,649,579,606	44,717,987	76,705,950	6,881,278	183,261	1,793,215	7,106	974,601	1,780,843,004
DEDUCTIONS Payments of Tax to Other Governments	1,649,579,606	44,717,987	ı	t	ı	1,793,215		,	1,696,090,808
Payments to Other Governments	ĩ	I	76,705,950	6,881,278	183,261	•	7,106	974,601	84,752,196
Total Deductions	1,649,579,606	44,717,987	76,705,950	6,881,278	183,261	1,793,215	7,106	974,601	1,780,843,004
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	t	r	,	ı	ł	ı	ı	i	r
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year			-	2	1	;	T	-	L
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	Э	، ج	۔ ج	۲ ۲	۲ ۲	•	, , , ,	۰ ۲	ч •

## **ADDITIONAL REPORTS**



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Noelle Branning Tax Collector Lee County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America, the financial statements of the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lee County, Florida, Tax Collector (Tax Collector) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tax Collector's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 29, 2021.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Tax Collector 's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Tax Collector's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness Tax Collector's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there are combination of deficiencies, in internal control statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



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### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Tax Collector's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida November 29, 2021



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## MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Noelle Branning Tax Collector Lee County, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lee County, Florida, Tax Collector (the Tax Collector), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated November 29, 2021.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

### Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports which are dated DATE should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)(1.), Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

## Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note 1 in the notes to the financial statements.

## **Financial Management**

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.



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### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

## Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Tax Collector and applicable management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida November 29, 2021



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## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Honorable Noelle Branning Tax Collector Lee County, Florida

We have examined the Lee County, Florida, Tax Collector's, (Tax Collector) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2021. Management of the Tax Collector is responsible for Tax Collector's compliance with those specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Tax Collector's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Tax Collector complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Tax Collector complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Tax Collector's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Tax Collector complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2021.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Tax Collector and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida November 29, 2021



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