

2021 ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

NURIET PARADISE

AMERICAN

No.

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Prepared by:

Financial Services, Board of County Commissioners

in collaboration with

Clerk of the Circuit Court & County Comptroller Office

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PRINCIPAL COUNTY OFFICIALS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Brandon Arrington, Chair District 3

Viviana Janer, Vice Chair District 2 **Peggy Choudhry** District 1

Cheryl L. Grieb District 4 **Ricky Booth** District 5

CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS

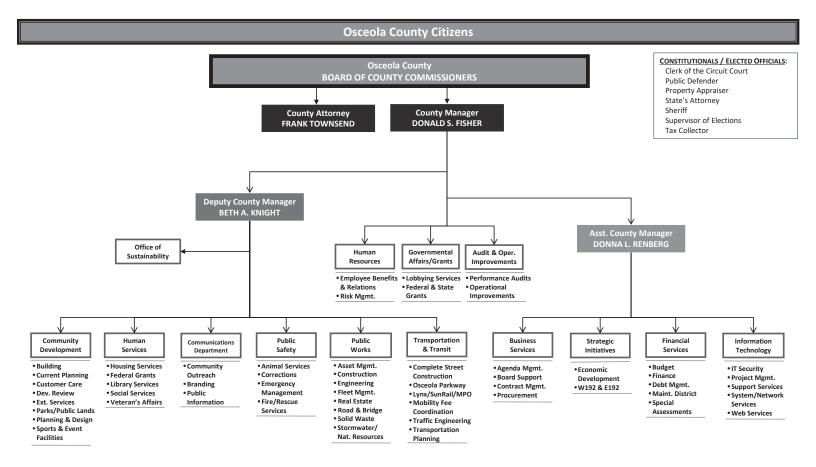
Clerk of the Circuit Court Kelvin Soto **Sheriff** Marcos Lopez

Tax Collector Bruce Vickers **Property Appraiser** Katrina S. Scarborough

Supervisor of Elections Mary Jane Arrington

APPOINTED COUNTY OFFICIALS

County Manager Donald S. Fisher County Attorney Frank Townsend



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Osceola County Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2020

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

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OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

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March 21, 2022

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Citizens of Osceola County:

It is our pleasure to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of Osceola County, Florida, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The ACFR has been prepared by the Financial Services Office of the Board of County Commissioners (Board), in collaboration with the Osceola County Clerk of the Circuit Court and County Comptroller in conformance with the principles and standards of financial reporting set forth by the Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"), and the Rules of the Auditor General, Chapter 10.550, and submitted in compliance with Chapter 218.32 of the Florida Statutes.

The completeness and reliability of the ACFR's presentation, including all disclosures of this report, is the responsibility of the Financial Services Office. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects. The ACFR's presentation impartially and fairly reflects the financial position, and the results of the County's operations, as measured by the financial activity of its various funds, and the included disclosures. This representation will provide the reader with an understanding of the County's financial affairs. Consequently, this report also fulfills the County Manager's requirement to report annually to the Board and its citizens on the state of the County and the work of the previous year as delineated in Chapter One of the Administrative Code (1.2.A.).

To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, County Management has established and maintained a comprehensive internal control framework designed to protect the County's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable accounting data for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). However, the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits. The objective is to provide internal controls which adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance of properly recorded financial statements free from material misstatement.

The County is also responsible for ensuring the internal control framework provides compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to federal and state financial assistance programs. Tests are completed to determine the adequacy of the internal controls and compliance during the County's Single Audit. The results of the County's Single Audit for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, provided **no instances of material weaknesses** in the internal control framework or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

MSL, P.A., Certified Accountants, issued an **unmodified** ("clean") opinion on Osceola County's Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The Independent Auditors' report is presented as the first component in the Financial Section.

Governmental accounting and auditing principles requires a Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) to accompany the basic financial statements. The MD&A provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the financial statements. The MD&A follows the Independent Auditors' Report. This Letter of Transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

GOVERNMENT STRUCTURE AND RELATED UNITS:

Osceola County, a political subdivision of the State of Florida, operates under a Home Rule Charter enacted by the voters via referendum in March of 1992 and has two incorporated municipalities, Kissimmee, and St. Cloud. According to the Bureau of Economic and Business Research at the University of Florida the 2021 estimated population for Osceola County was 406,460 representing an increase of 17,804 residents over the 2020 estimated population. For the incorporated municipalities in 2021, the City of Kissimmee population increased by 1,773 residents to 80,999 and the City of St. Cloud population increased by 2,069 residents to 61,033.

As the legislative body of Osceola County, the Board of County Commissioners consists of five independently elected single-member district County Commissioners. Commissioners must meet residency requirements and are elected to serve staggered four-year terms. Amendment 10 to the Florida Constitution as approved in November 2018 became effective during FY21, which changed the reporting structure for certain functions that had previously been under the Board. On January 5, 2021, the Clerk of the Circuit Court began serving as the ex-officio clerk and accountant of the Board of County Commissioners, auditor, and custodian of all county funds.

Prior to the implementing Amendment 10, the County had three Charter Officers: County Manager, County Attorney and County Auditor. As part of the evaluation of the organizational impacts, the Board elected to move forward with two Charter Officers, eliminating the County Auditor position. The two Charter Officers include the County Manager and the County Attorney. The County Attorney serves to provide legal representation. The County Manager serves as the Chief Executive Officer for the County. Under this framework, the County Manager guides the County's operations and delivery of services to residents, businesses and visitors. This includes, but is not limited to, corrections facilities, fire and emergency management services, building, planning, code enforcement, health and social services, housing assistance, animal services, library and cultural services, parks and recreation operations, environmental regulation and protection, road, bridge, and drainage maintenance and construction, and general and administrative support services. Many services are provided countywide, while others are focused primarily in the unincorporated areas. The citizens of the County also independently elect a Clerk of the Circuit Court, a Property Appraiser, a Sheriff, a Supervisor of Elections, and a Tax Collector, whose responsibilities and duties are set forth in the Florida Constitution.

The ACFR contains all of the funds of Osceola County, Florida, as well as component units required to be included pursuant to the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 61. With an amendment of GASB Statements 14 and 34, Statement 61 defines the Financial Reporting Entity as the following:

- a) The primary government;
- b) Organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and,
- c) Other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

The primary government of Osceola County includes the Board of County Commissioners, the Clerk of the Circuit Court, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections and Tax Collector. This ACFR includes the funds of all of these entities. In addition, the following dependent authorities and districts are included as Blended Component Units of the County:

- Osceola County Library District
- Osceola County Water Districts, 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5
- East U.S. 192 Community Redevelopment Agency
- West U.S. 192 Development Authority

Finally, the following organizations are included within the financial statements of the County as discretely presented component units:

- Osceola County Housing and Finance Authority
- Osceola County Health Facilities Authority

COUNTY BUDGET FUNCTIONS:

The County's budget is prepared in accordance with Chapters 129, 197 and 200 of the Florida Statutes. The process of developing, adopting, and amending the budget is governed by Chapters 129 and 200 while 197 provides for the uniform method for levy, collection and enforcement of non-ad valorem assessments. The County Manager, as the designated County Budget Officer, with the assistance of the Office of Management & Budget (OMB), is

responsible for implementing the County's Budget Policy, incorporated as Chapter 4 of the Administrative Code. The budgetary control is established at the Fund level. The level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount and the level at which management cannot overspend the budget without the approval of the Board is part of OMB's monitoring and control structure.

The annual budget is proposed by the County Manager and adopted by the County Commission. The operating budget serves as the annual financial plan and policy document for the County as well as a tool for implementing the County Commission's goals and objectives. The adopted annual budget is a balanced budget with projected revenues equal to projected expenditures in a fiscal year or period beginning October 1 through September 30.

Osceola County adopts annual budgets for all Governmental and Business-Type Funds. Budgets are prepared on a program basis, utilizing a modified zero-based budgeting approach. Budgetary requests are evaluated with the prior years' actual expenditures in relation to strategic plan priorities and are not based on incremental increases. Additionally, Osceola County has an adopted Budget Growth Policy to guide our County's growth in revenues and needs in the most fiscally responsible manner. In addition, the County also annually adopts a five-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) which includes proposed projects that are prioritized and funded based on available funds and needs. The first year of the CIP is then incorporated into the Adopted Budget.

FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE COUNTY:

Although the impacts and uncertainty surrounding the coronavirus pandemic are still being realized by the community, the County, and the economy, there were positive signs of the local economic recovery during FY21. Some of the County's major revenue sources that had been hardest hit at the onset of the pandemic began to stabilize. The Local Government Half Cent Sales Tax and Infrastructure Sales Tax showed growth over prepandemic levels. Tourist Development Taxes (TDT), Gas Taxes and Tolls have also increased over FY20 but not yet at those pre-pandemic levels.

Tourism is a primary economic engine for the County and as businesses opened, the vaccine was made available to even more of the population and COVID guidelines changed, the pent-up demand for travel and overnight stays became apparent in the TDT collections with record collections in June, July and August. The County's Ad Valorem tax collections serve as the primary funding source for the County's general services and saw an increase of 10.49% over the prior year. Overall, the County's actual revenues performance well exceeded expenditures even in light of the pandemic and actual expenditures performed well under budget.

In addition, the County was awarded \$72 million from the passage of the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) that will aid in filling the gaps related to revenue losses associated with COVID-19. In a similar fashion to the use of the CARES Act funding, the County has implemented a strategy to utilize the funds and designated their full use towards revenue replacement, infrastructure investments and community support.

Osceola County continues to manage its finances in a fiscally prudent manner. The comprehensive Finance and Procurement Codes outline the policies that guide the operations of the County and ensure proper stewardship of public funds. In June of 2021, Fitch Ratings completed a surveillance, which affirmed the County's rating at AA. Included in the report under Operating Performance, Fitch expects "the county to manage through economic uncertainty while maintaining a sound financial cushion on the basis of its superior level of budgetary flexibility and strong reserves. Disciplined budget management practices support the county's favorable operating performance." Additionally, Fitch indicated in this report that growth in revenues is expected to remain strong due to a growth in population and tourism activity.

ECONOMIC CONDITION OF THE COUNTY:

Osceola County is a place that remembers and honors its past, while actively shaping its future. The County continues to drive progress forward with NeoCity, a 500-acre high-tech campus of emerging innovation in the heart of Osceola County. NeoCity's master plan is designed to create high technology jobs and diversify our economy.

As NeoCity grows, Osceola County's economy will find stability and balance with the existing retail, leisure and hospitality industries.

Osceola County's local economy was hit especially hard during the global pandemic as a result of the disproportionate impact on the tourism and hospitality industry. Unemployment reached a high of 31.1% in June of 2020, which was the highest in the State of Florida. However, the economic recovery in the second half of 2021 has significantly reduced this rate. As of October 2021, the unemployment rate for Osceola County was down to 5.3% although it remains higher than the national rate (4.3%) for the same month. Based on statistics compiled for the second quarter of 2021 by the Florida Department of Economic Opportunity, Osceola County's employment by standard industry title is reflected in the following table.

		Percentage of
Standard Industry Title	<u>Total Jobs</u>	<u>Total Jobs</u>
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishery	350	0.38%
Construction	6,595	7.24%
Finance and Insurance	1,205	1.32%
Manufacturing	1,618	1.78%
Other Services (excluding Public Administration)	2,114	2.32%
Public Administration	4,417	4.85%
Real Estate, Rental and Leasing	2,770	3.04%
Retail Trade	14,640	16.07%
Services	52,415	57.52%
Transportation and Warehousing	1,689	1.85%
Utilities	681	0.75%
Wholesale Trade	2,626	2.88%
Total	91,120	100.00%

Osceola County Employment

Source: Florida Department of Economic Opportunity, Bureau of Workforce Statistics and Economic Research (WSER) – May 2021

Total employment as of the second quarter of 2021 showed a 9.5% increase in jobs compared to the same period in 2020, which is indicative of the jobs gained in the County as the local and national economy recovers after the COVID-19 pandemic. Additionally, the County continues to pursue diversifying its economy and creating the conditions for high wage job creation in sectors resilient to economic downturns, like Manufacturing and Research & Development.

In particular, the County continues to make strides in the high-tech industry with the recruitment of SkyWater Technology, in January 2021, to assume operation of the Center for Neovation. The company has committed to expand its operations and make further investments in NeoCity, including the creation of an estimated 220 jobs at the Center for Neovation within the next five years. Additionally, the public-private-partnership between imec USA, BRIDG, SkyWater Technology, and Osceola County will establish a center of excellence for advanced packaging and heterogeneous integration of microelectronics, strengthen and protect the domestic semiconductor supply chain and provide access to leading-edge capabilities to accelerate innovation, and support the development of a skilled, knowledgeable workforce to preserve U.S. semiconductor leadership.

To increase the availability of workforce talent for these and other high-tech, high-wage jobs, the Board has partnered with public and private organizations on a variety of initiatives that will prepare our students for the global workforce, leverage strengths of our current workforce, and enhance employment opportunities in areas with growth potential.

These initiatives were particularly critical to unemployed, furloughed, underemployed, women in non-traditional careers (Construction and Manufacturing), and veterans returning from service – communities mostly displaced by the pandemic. The goal was to help these workers pivot and get trained in technical careers where they can be reemployed in industries that are less vulnerable to economic downturns, like advanced manufacturing, healthcare, etc. These critical initiatives included:

- Osceola County allocated \$859,078 to partner with the Valencia College's Accelerated Skills Training to offer programs for eligible students through Valencia College's campuses that have lost their jobs because of the COVID-19. These programs include medical assisting, electronic board assembly, commercial truck driving, welding, and English language. As of September 2021, this program has spent \$709,143, or 83% of allocated funds, and had benefited 174 students.
- The pandemic also caused an alarming reversal in college-going rates, a trend seen both across the country as well as locally in Osceola County, with data showing an 8% decrease in the number of graduates continuing their education at Valencia College. To eliminate access and affordability barriers to Valencia students who reside in Osceola County, in August 2021 the county provided \$1,300,000.00 to enable Valencia College to award \$500 scholarships to approximately 2,000 Osceola County residents who started as degree- or certificate-seeking students in Fall 2021.
- The County also committed \$2,253,445 through the School District of Osceola County to provide for training through oTech (Osceola Technical College), ALCO's (Adult Learning Center of Osceola) programs for eligible students and for computer equipment and internet service for students for Osceola Technical College, ALCO and K-12 students enrolled in the School District of Osceola County, Florida.
- Last year the County implemented the Business Assistance Grant Funds program to help small businesses and non-profits mitigate the economic damage caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. Under this program the County disbursed, in total, over \$18 million in small business grants and utility assistance, helping 1,400 businesses stay open and keep the lights on. This represents thousands of families, and countless direct and indirect jobs that were in jeopardy.
- In July 2021, the Board entered into an Economic Development Incentive Agreement with PepsiCo Inc. for the construction of a 355,000 square-foot mega-fulfillment center that will create 180 full-time jobs in the Poinciana Industrial area.
- In addition, PepsiCo's subsidiary, SVC Manufacturing, Inc., which produces Gatorade, will invest \$30 million at its plant located at 1650 S. Poinciana Blvd. This project will install a new manufacturing line which is expected to begin operations in mid-2021 and will result in the creation of 40 additional jobs, bringing the total of full-time positions at the plant to nearly 200. Osceola County is supporting this effort with a \$3,000 per Job Creation Incentive and an annual Economic Development Ad Valorem Tax Refund of 50% of the incremental County Ad Valorem Taxes paid on the new equipment between 2022 through 2026.
- NeoCity Academy, an Osceola County public school, has been noted as Florida's first net-zero school and the 5th school in North America to be designated "SMART Exemplary". This new 44,800 sq. ft., project-based STEM magnet high school will have a total of 500 students by 2021-22 school year.
- Osceola County continues to support Valencia College leasing a County-owned building to operate a 17,000 square foot Advanced Manufacturing Training Center which provides students with real-world, hands-on manufacturing experience, the center features classrooms with the latest software as well as industry standard equipment to immerse students in their chosen specialization.
- The County continues to support the University of Central Florida's business incubation program located within the City of Kissimmee. This economic development tool is designed to accelerate growth and entrepreneurial companies by providing resources and infrastructure to create financially stable, high growth/impact enterprises.
- Continuing to support the Florida Small Business Development Center (SBDC) at UCF in Osceola County, a program established in 2004, to provide one-on-one consulting and training to prospective, emerging and established entrepreneurs in Osceola County.

MAJOR INITIATIVES AND HIGHLIGHTS OF FISCAL YEAR 2021:

In addition to the highlights noted above, Osceola County had many accomplishments to report during fiscal year 2021, and some of the more significant items were:

Capital Projects:

- Osceola County Road & Bridge resurfaced 152.77 lane miles of roadway and performed 1,421 miles of maintenance to unpaved roadways.
- Osceola County opened new and improved roads in the last year, starting with a new stretch of Hoagland Boulevard from John Young Parkway to the existing four-lane intersection at 5th Street. That 3-mile four lane divided roadway, with bike lanes and sidewalks on each side of the road, opened to motorists on October 20, 2020. Cross Prairie Parkway, which includes the widening of Shady Lane from Partin Settlement Road to U.S. 192, was opened on January 28, 2021.
- Osceola County also advanced five projects identified by Commissioners in 2019 as funding priorities with the proceeds of bonds originally used to build Osceola Parkway. These projects are in design and construction and are expected to be complete in 2025.
 - Simpson Road, from U.S. 192 to Osceola Parkway
 - o Boggy Creek Road, from Simpson Road to Narcoossee Road
 - o Bill Beck Boulevard, from Woodcrest to Osceola Parkway
 - o Poinciana Boulevard, from Pleasant Hill Road to Crescent Lakes Way
 - Partin Settlement Road, from Neptune Road to E. Lakeshore Boulevard
- With the aid of federal and state grant funds, Neptune Road improvements, from US 192 to Partin Settlement Road, also advanced into design, as did the widening of Simpson Road from Myers Road to Boggy Creek Road in the last fiscal year. Grant funds also were used to design intersection improvements at Fortune Road and Simpson Road and Carroll Street and U.S. 441. In total, the County leveraged more than \$50 million worth of state and federal grants in FY 2021 to advance transportation improvements.
- Two new recreational trails advanced through design, in anticipation of construction in 2022 the Fortune Lakeshore Trail and the Kissimmee St. Cloud Connector Trail. The County also advanced design plans for five new sidewalk connections to provide safe passage for school children to Bellalago Academy, Parkway Middle School, Boggy Creek Elementary School and two sidewalk projects serving Deerwood Elementary School. A new sidewalk serving Koa Elementary School was completed, as was a second sidewalk providing pedestrian connectivity to the County's new dog park along Lake Villa Way.
- A total of 7 new traffic signals were constructed, and 7 more are currently under construction. Twelve additional signals advanced into the design phase of development. The County also inspected and assumed ownership of 9 new traffic signals designed and constructed by development interests and is actively inspecting and supervising the construction of 11 new developer driven signals. With the aid of a federal grant, the County also prepared to design and replace 4 traffic signals that had deteriorated over time. Traffic crews also completed 421 preventative maintenance inspections on traffic signals, 120 construction inspections and 1,381 visits to intersections to troubleshoot and repair traffic signals.
- Transportation and Transit also continued to identify new projects that will improve mobility and safety in the County. A Traffic Signal Master Plan was launched in FY 2021 to identify and rank intersections for implementation of traffic calming measures. As well, three projects along Funie Steed Road, Michigan Avenue and Clay Street and Jack Calhoun Drive were submitted to the Florida Department of Transportation for safety analyses and funding; and a safety study was completed and the design for identified improvements is slated to begin in 2022 along Buenaventura Boulevard. As well, the team provided feedback on 17 developer agreements, of which 10 were approved. Those agreements have and/or will results in more than \$34.7 million worth of transportation improvements for Osceola County above what the developments would have otherwise been required to construct.
- The County cleaned and straightened more than 1,000 road signs, installed 648 new signs and replaced 4,121 outdated signs in FY 2021. As well, more than 146 miles of roadway were striped, and crews replaced 13, 630 reflective markers. The County's GIS data bases grew for a second year, mapping 106 miles of underground utility infrastructure.

- Two new Sutphen Corporation Monarch fire engines were placed in service during FY21. This investment in public safety will result in increased reliability, added features and lower maintenance costs.
- Osceola County acquired a 70-acre property on the banks of Boggy Creek for the purchase price of \$115,150. This property will provide improved surface water quality, mitigate flood risk, and provide long-term green space and conservation of natural resources in District 2.
- Osceola County acquired nearly 40 acres at the southeast corner of Westside Boulevard and Funie Steed Road for a \$2.9 million purchase price. With rolling topography, two natural ponds, old growth oak hammocks, it is a unique urban find that contributes to green space, tree canopy, enhanced walkability and a healthy, family oriented recreational experience in this area.
- Construction was completed on NeoCity Way, the central transportation corridor for Osceola County's emerging technology hub for the creation of high-paying jobs and economic diversification. The new road which is 2.1-mile-long roadway features four lanes of traffic with a divided and landscaped median, a grade-separated Veloway, specifically dedicated to bicyclists and rollerbladers, and two 10-foot-wide sidewalks on each side of the road. This was venture was partially financed with a \$5.8 million grant from the Florida Department of Economic Opportunity in addition to local funds totaling \$11.3 million dollars.

Services:

- After Hurricane Ida made land fall, many animals were displaced. Osceola County Animal Services has opened its doors to some of 200 dogs and cats from the hurricane-ravaged areas of Louisiana and Mississippi. The Florida Association of Animal Welfare Organizations orchestrated the effort, with the animals being transported to a hub at the Pet Alliance of Greater Orlando. From there, Osceola County took delivery of its share kittens, puppies and dogs.
- The Eviction Diversion and Utility Assistance programs launched on Monday, October 5th. These programs are funded by Federal CARES Act money and are designed to help Osceola County tenants who are in imminent danger of being evicted and have not been able to pay water or electric bills.
- Osceola County was awarded additional Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Funds from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) in the amount of \$72 million. The Recovery Funds, in coordination with other federal and state programs and allocations, allow Osceola County to mitigate the COVID pandemic, address the negative economic impacts, and make the necessary investments to our community, County, and infrastructure so that we can recover in an equitable and inclusive way from this pandemic and be well positioned for the 21st century. The Board established the following categorical priorities to help guide how the future recovery efforts will be focused:
 - o Education/Training/Infrastructure (Strategic Plan Goal Diversified Economy)
 - County Infrastructure (Strategic Plan Goal High Quality Transportation & Infrastructure)
 - o Targeting Recovery Efforts (Multiple Strategic Plan Goals)
 - Enhanced Recovery of Tourism/Quality of Life (Strategic Plan Goal Great Place to Live)
 - Enhanced Transit (Strategic Plan Goal High Quality Transportation & Infrastructure)
- The County also received funding for Emergency Rental Assistance 1 (\$11.3 million) & 2 (\$8.9 million), to assist eligible rental households with household income at or below 80% of the area median income to stay in their homes.
- The Community Services Grant program awarded 10 qualified non-profit organizations financial assistance totaling \$794,000. These grants addressed specific needs in the County such as; supporting the Bridge Housing Project that housed over 350 homeless families and assisted 9 with permanent housing; provided 628 residents that are uninsured, low income and impoverished with much needed medical assistance; provided 849 at-risk youth and their families with Developmental Programs; assisted with providing legal counseling/documentation to 500 families in need of identification; provided career training, job placement, tuition assistance and provided much needed dairy product to disadvantaged families and children.
- Over \$170,000 dollars in Community Betterment Grants were awarded. These grants, ranging from \$500 to \$10,000, allow local groups the ability to provide community focused programs and events. Recipients included: McCormick Institution, working with our Veterans struggling with PTSD; Mothers Against Drunk Driving Inc; Midwives organized to help establish Self-Reliance Corp; Salvation Army (Food Distribution); American Cancer Society; A Hero for Kids; Boy Scouts of America; Osceola Anglers High School;

Education Foundation, scholarships for High School students; Osceola County School District supporting the Athletic Programs; and United in Love Adoptions Inc.

Other:

- Osceola County Fire Rescue & EMS applied for SAFER (Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response) Grant funding for the new Station 67. The \$5.44 million federal grant from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security will allow 21 firefighters to be hired for a new fire station that is scheduled to break ground near Austin-Tindall Park December 2021.
- Osceola County received \$1.26 million to Update & Expand Surface Water Management Plan from the State of Florida. The grant will allow Osceola County to update and expand the County's surface water management plan, which is part of a program to assess and enhance the community's resiliency for flooding.
- Fitch Ratings recently affirmed the ratings on several series of Osceola County bond and also affirmed its Issuer Default Rating (IDR), continuing a long-standing trend of favorable review by the major institutions that evaluate creditworthiness and financial management. Fitch affirmed the IDR at 'AA,' which is a very high investment grade.
- The Commission was recognized for its work during 2021 as Presidential Advocates by the Florida Association of Counties (FAC) which helps counties effectively serve and represent Floridians by strengthening and preserving county home rule through advocacy, education, and collaboration. FAC's Presidential Advocate recognition is given to county commission who have shown exceptional leadership in advocating with FAC during the 2021 session to advance the counties' collective legislative agenda and preserve home rule.
- The Excelsior recognition is awarded to Florida criminal justice agencies who have demonstrated exceptional commitment to the accreditation process and received at least five successful reaccreditations. Osceola County Corrections Department has earned the "Excelsior" recognition and has been reaccredited by the Florida Corrections Accreditation Commission (FCAC) making it now one of only 23 Excelsior agencies statewide.
- The Award of Excellence in Public Procurement sponsored by the Florida Association of Public Procurement Officials, Inc. (FAPPO) recognizes organizational excellence in procurement, measuring innovation, professionalism, e-procurement, productivity, and leadership attributes of the procurement function. Osceola County's Procurement Department was one of 18 agencies honored with the award.
- The Osceola County Office of Emergency Management received State approval for updates to both the Osceola County Local Mitigation Strategy (LMS) a multijurisdictional collaborative plan that identifies hazards and the Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan (CEMP) which operates in times of disasters including hurricanes, fires, terrorism and pandemic. These are the foundation for the County meeting the five mission areas of emergency management: prevention, protection, response, mitigation, and recovery.

FUTURE OUTLOOK:

Osceola County Board of County Commission established the County's Strategic Plan to identify long-term, interconnected community goals that will establish and promote Osceola County as a great place to live with high quality infrastructure and transportation, and a diversified economy delivered through efficient and high performing County government. The investment in these principles have enabled the County to leverage recovery dollars to respond to the immediate needs of the community and begin establishing long - term resilience for Osceola County.

For Osceola County, the investment in NeoCity has always been centered on creating a stronger, diversified economy with high wage jobs for the residents. Osceola County, in partnership with the Orlando Economic Partnership (the Partnership), the University of Central Florida, and BRIDG, was awarded half a million dollars from the U.S. Department of Commerce through the President's build Back Better Regional Challenge to develop a proposal to expand NeoCity's semiconductor research, development, and manufacturing capabilities. Five hundred and twenty-nine applications were received, 17 in Florida, and Osceola County was just one of 60 finalists and the only Florida application to move forward to Phase 2. The County will continue to work with the regional collection through next

fiscal year to develop the Phase 2 application which could result in between up to \$100 million in grant dollars to implement the projects.

In addition to the Federal Government recognizing the regional importance of NeoCity, the State of Florida also awarded the County \$6 million from the Florida Job Growth Grant Fund to construct Neovation Way, which is the southern entrance to NeoCity. This project, along with the complete street projects already underway continue to enhance and improve the County's transportation network.

The County continues to make a number of strong steps forward in addressing affordable housing. One of those steps was the development of a Master Plan for the land around one of the County's SunRail stations. The area is known as SunRail Park and will become a mixed-use transit-orient development. This area will provide both employment and affordable housing opportunities.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Osceola County for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. This was the 31st consecutive year that Osceola County has achieved this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The County's current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and will be submitted to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Your elected County officials and their staffs are dedicated to providing responsive, efficient service to the citizens of Osceola County. The financial results of one year of those efforts are shown in this report. We extend our appreciation to the County Commission, Constitutional Officers, and their respective staff for their assistance and cooperation throughout the year. Additionally, we appreciate the diligence of the independent accounting firm of MSL for all their helpful comments and advice on this report. Finally, we would like to express our appreciation to the staff of the Financial Services Office for their dedication and hard work in the completion of this report.

Respectfully Submitted,

Donald S. Fisher County Manager

Amanda Clavijo Financial Services Administrator

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Osceola County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, budgetary comparison, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Osceola County, Florida (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, budgetary comparison, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and each major special revenue fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Concluded)

Emphasis-of-Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, in the year ended September 30, 2021, the County adopted the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement ("GASBS") Number 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result of the implementation of GASBS 84, the County reported a restatement for the change in accounting principle. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions - Other Postemployment Benefits Plan and Pension schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules, Section 8 financial data schedule and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules and the Section 8 financial data schedule are the responsibility of management and were derived from, and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial data schedule are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 7, 2022, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida March 7, 2022 THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides a narrative overview and analysis of Osceola County's basic financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The intent of the information included is to provide a clearer picture of the County's overall financial status presented herein in conjunction with the Letter of Transmittal.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Fund Statements

At September 30, 2021, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$906.8 MM, an increase of \$80.1 MM in comparison with the prior fiscal year. Increase in fund balance was the result from a moderate increase in property taxes revenue due to an increase in property values and additional miscellaneous revenues received.

At September 30, 2021, unrestricted fund balance for the General Fund was \$167.7 MM or 51.8% of General Fund total operating revenue. Unrestricted fund balance includes committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances.

Governmental funds revenues increased by \$40.9 MM or 6.2% compared to the prior fiscal year. The increase in governmental funds revenues resulted primarily from an increase in intergovernmental revenue mainly from an increase in the ad valorem taxes, resort taxes, public service taxes, service charges, mobility fees, and operating grants revenue.

Government-Wide Statements

Osceola County's assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at September 30, 2021, by \$1,610.5 MM (net position). Unrestricted funds are negative for \$443.1 MM, which represents a negative amount of \$234.5 MM in the governmental activities due to increase associated with the pension calculation which is part of GASB 68 and a negative amount of \$208.6 MM from business activities which was mainly the result of a prior year transfer of the bond proceeds of the Transportation Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 A1-2 of \$199.3 MM to the Transportation Revenue Refunding Bond Fund to be used for several county transportation projects. The County's total assets and deferred outflows at September 30, 2021, were \$2,903.3 MM. The County's total liabilities and deferred inflows at September 30, 2021, were \$1,292.8 MM.

Total net position is comprised of the following:

- Net position of \$1,353.5 MM reflects investment in capital assets. This includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, vehicles, equipment, construction in-progress, intangibles, and infrastructure and net of accumulated depreciation, less any related outstanding debt related to the purchase and construction of those capital assets.
- Net position of \$700.1 MM are restricted by resources subject to external restrictions as to how they may be used by the County, such as debt covenants, grantors, laws or regulations.
- Governmental unrestricted net position of negative \$234.5 MM resulted primarily from the recording of the FRS proportion of the pension liability, which is a long-term liability that would not affect the County's continuing obligation to citizens and creditors. Business-type unrestricted net position was a negative of \$208.6 MM, due to transfer of a portion of the bond proceeds and payment to comply with existent Interlocal Agreement.

The County's total net position increased \$158.5 MM in fiscal year ending September 30, 2021, with an increase of \$149.1 MM resulting from governmental activities and an increase of \$9.4 MM resulting from business-type activities. The increase in business-type is primarily a result of an increase in revenue for both the Landfill Fund and Toll Road Fund. The increase in the governmental activities resulted primarily increase in ad valorem taxes, permits fees, special assessment revenues, mobility fees, and charges for services.

Total assets are comprised of the following:

- 1) Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, of \$1,660.3 MM. This includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, vehicles, equipment, construction in-progress, intangibles and infrastructure.
- 2) Current assets and non-current restricted assets (excluding capital assets) of \$1,151.2 MM.
- 3) The restricted assets of \$31.4 MM include cash and equivalents restricted by constraints imposed from outside the County such as debt covenants, grantors laws or regulations.

The County's total assets and deferred outflows increased \$135.5 MM over the previous year, with an increase of \$127 MM in governmental and an increase of \$8.5 MM resulting from business-type activities. The increase in governmental was the result from an increase in the ad valorem taxes, resort taxes, public service taxes, service charges, mobility fees, and operating grants revenue. The increase in business-type activities resulted primarily from the increase in solid waste and toll revenues.

Total liabilities are comprised of the following:

- 1) Current liabilities of \$178.3 MM, of which \$30.2 MM is the current portion of outstanding bonded debt.
- 2) Non-current liabilities of \$930.6 MM, of which \$711.2 MM is the long-term portion of outstanding bonded debt.

The County's total liabilities and deferred inflows decreased by \$23 MM under the previous year, with a decrease of \$22 MM resulting from governmental activities and a decrease of \$1 MM resulting from business-type activities. The decrease from governmental activities resulted primarily from an increase in due to other governments and an increase in the deferred inflows of resources that resulted from net pension liability, offset by a reduction in the FRS pension liability. The decrease in business-type activities resulted primarily from the reduction in bonds payable.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) Government-Wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Financial Statements. In addition to the Basic Financial Statements, this report also provides required and other supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* reports how the government's net position changed during the most current fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes; accrued liabilities).

These financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include General Government, Public Safety, Physical Environment, Transportation, Economic Environment, Human Services, Culture/Recreation, and Court Related. The business-type activities of the County include Environmental Services (Landfill) and Toll Roads.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to account for resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with generally accepted accounting principles and with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Consequently, the governmental funds financial statements may be useful helping evaluate a government's near-term financing requirements.

The governmental funds financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that help determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliations to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Tourist Development Tax Fund, Countywide Fire District Fund, Federal and State Grant Fund, Mobility Fee Fund, and Transportation Improvement Revenue Bonds Fund, which each is considered a major fund. The General Fund is the operating fund of the County and includes the operating funds of the Constitutional Officers of the County. Data from other governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the supplementary information section of this report.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for the fiscal activities relating to Environmental Services (Landfill) and Toll Roads. *Internal Service Funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its worker's compensation self-insurance, property and casualty insurance, dental self-insurance, health self-insurance, disability and life insurance, and Fleet Management. Since these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for, or on behalf of outside parties. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements since the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. At the end of fiscal year 2021, the County's fiduciary funds consisted only of several custodial funds.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position over time. In the case of Osceola County, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$1,610.5 MM at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources in accordance with GASB No. 65 and 75. This represents an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The County reports deferred outflows of resources due to refunding bonds, deferred outflows due to the FRS liability, and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). The deferred outflows from refunding bonds was \$16.5 MM, the deferred outflows

related to FRS pension plan was \$58.1 MM, and deferred outflows related to OPEB was \$17.2 MM, these amounts were reported in the government-wide statement of net position. At the end of fiscal year 2021, the County reported a positive balance in net position for the government as a whole and separately for its governmental and business-type activities. The decrease in the unrestricted net position resulted from the recording of the FRS pension liability and would not affect the County's ability to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The largest portion of the County's net position (\$1,353.5 MM or 84.1%) reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot generate funds to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net position (\$700.1 MM or 43.4%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Governmental Activities

Osceola County's total net position increased by \$158.5 MM in fiscal year ending September 30, 2021, with \$149.1 MM of the increase resulting from governmental activities. The increase in the governmental activities resulted primarily from an increase in ad valorem taxes, permits fees, special assessment revenues, mobility fees, and charges for services.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$9.4 MM, the increase in business activities results primarily from increases in revenues in both Environmental Services (Landfill) and Toll Roads along with a reduction in expenses in the toll road.

Fund Financial Analysis The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

	Govern Activ		Busine Activ		Total			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Assets								
Current and Other Assets	1,050.6	\$ 909.2	\$ 75.3	\$ 65.8	\$ 1,125.9	\$ 975.0		
Noncurrent Assets								
Capital Assets	1,567.1	1,539.7	93.3	94.3	1,660.4	1,634.0		
Other Noncurrent Assets			25.2	25.2	25.2	25.2		
Total Assets	2,617.7	2,448.9	193.8	185.3	2,811.5	2,634.2		
Deferred Outflows								
Deferred Outflows of Resources	91.8	133.6	-	-	91.8	133.6		
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	2,709.5	2,582.5	193.8	185.3	2,903.3	2,767.8		
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities	171.4	100.1	6.9	8.5	178.30	108.6		
Noncurrent Liabilities	586.7	853.1	343.9	343.2	930.6	1,196.3		
Total Liabilities	758.1	953.2	350.8	351.7	1,108.9	1,304.9		
Deferred Inflows								
Deferred Inflows of Resources	182.5	9.5	1.4	1.4	183.9	10.9		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	940.6	962.7	352.2	353.1	1,292.8	1,315.8		
Net Position								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,328.5	1,285.3	25.0	23.8	1,353.5	1,309.1		
Restricted for	-,	_,			-,	-,,-		
General Government	72.0	63.0	-	-	72.0	63.0		
Public Safety	82.0	72.0	-	-	82.0	72.0		
Physical Environment	1.0	-	-	-	1.0	-		
Transportation	130.9	97.1	25.2	25.2	156.1	122.3		
Economic Environment	17.1	12.5	-	-	17.1	12.5		
Human Services	6.9	5.5	-	-	6.9	5.5		
Culture and Recreation	29.0	22.2	-	-	29.0	22.2		
Court Related	17.6	16.7	-	-	17.6	16.7		
Debt Service	36.7	37.0	-	-	36.7	37.0		
Capital Projects	281.6	266.1	-	-	281.6	266.1		
Unrestricted	(234.5)	(257.6)	(208.5)	(216.8)	(443.0)	(474.4)		
Total Net Position	1,768.8	\$ 1,619.8	<u>\$ (158.3)</u>	<u>\$ (167.8)</u>	\$ 1,610.5	<u>\$ 1,452.0</u>		

Osceola County, Florida Change in Net Position (in millions)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total			<u>l</u>	
	2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020	
Revenues												
Program Revenues												
Charges for Services	\$	200.0	\$	147.4	\$	43.3	\$	51.4	\$	243.3	\$	198.8
Operating Grants and Contributions		57.5		78.4		-		-		57.5		78.4
Capital Grants and Contributions		12.8		31.5		-		-		12.8		31.5
General Revenues										-		-
Property Taxes		243.1		220.1		-		-		243.1		220.1
Sales Taxes		62.2		50.0		-		-		62.2		50.0
Gas Taxes		23.7		21.5		-		-		23.7		21.5
Public Service Taxes		18.3		17.0		-		-		18.3		17.0
Communication Service Taxes		5.6		5.4		-		-		5.6		5.4
Resort Taxes		44.1		37.4		-		-		44.1		37.4
State Revenue Sharing		10.4		8.8		-		-		10.4		8.8
Interest Earnings		2.2		10.5		-		-		2.2		10.5
Miscellaneous		20.2		2.2		-		-		20.2		2.2
Total Revenues		700.1		630.2		43.3		51.4		743.4		681.6
Expenses												
General Government		164.6		127.7		-		-		164.6		127.7
Public Safety		163.6		191.8		-		-		163.6		191.8
Physical Environment		1.8		2.7		-		-		1.8		2.7
Transportation		77.3		72.8		-		-		77.3		72.8
Economic Environment		52.0		51.1		-		-		52.0		51.1
Human Services		19.9		21.5		-		-		19.9		21.5
Culture and Recreation		29.4		22.0		-		-		29.4		22.0
Court Related		23.1		27.8		-		-		23.1		27.8
Interest and Fiscal Charges		18.4		15.2		-		-		18.4		15.2
Environmental Services		-		-		23.8		22.4		23.8		22.4
Parkway		-		-		11.1		76.6		11.1		76.6
Total Expenses		550.1		532.6		34.9		99.0		585.0		631.6
Excess in Net Position before Transfers		150.0		97.6		8.4		(47.6)		158.4		50.0
Transfers		(1.0)		205.9		1.0	((205.9)		_		_
Change in Net Position	\$	149.0	\$	303.5	\$	9.4	_	(253.5)	\$	158.4	\$	50.0
Total Net Position - Beginning	· 	1,619.8		1,316.3		167.7)		85.7		,452.1	1	,402.0
Total Net Position - Ending	\$.	1,768.8	\$	1,619.8	<u>\$(</u>	<u>158.3</u>)	\$ ((167.8)	\$1	,610.5	\$1	,452.0

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of fiscal year 2021, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$906.8 MM, an increase of \$80.1 MM in comparison with the prior year. Based on GASB 54 fund balance is reported in five different categories: non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. The total of the last three categories, which include only resources without a constraint on spending or for which the constraint on spending is imposed by the government itself, is termed unrestricted fund balance. Of the \$906.8 MM total fund balance, unrestricted fund balance is \$214.1 MM, and \$674.9 MM is restricted for specific purposes.

MAJOR FUNDS

The General Fund, Tourist Development Tax Fund, Countywide Fire District Fund, Mobility Fee Funds, Federal and State Grant Fund and the Transportation Improvement Revenue Fund are reported as major funds.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County which also includes the operating funds of the Constitutional Officers of the County. The total fund balance in the General Fund was \$175.6 MM, of which \$167.7 MM was unrestricted. The cash and cash equivalents balance at the end of the current year was \$179.8 MM. The General Fund, fund balance decreased by \$3.3 MM from the previous year. This decrease resulted primarily from the spending down of the CARES Act Replacement funds to support the Board's strategies to combat the social and economic impacts from Covid-19 pandemic.

As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unrestricted fund balance and total fund balance to total fund revenues. Unrestricted fund balance represents 52.8% of total General Fund operating revenue, while total fund balance represents 54.2% of that same amount. The Government Finance Officers Association Best Practices recommends, at a minimum, that general-purpose governments, regardless of size, maintain unrestricted fund balance in their general fund of no less than two months of regular general fund operating revenues or regular general fund operating expenditures.

The Tourist Development Tax Fund provides funding for tourist development, marketing and promotion, and major parks. The principal funding source comes from the 6% Tourist Development Tax, authorized by Florida Statutes, Section 125-0104. This tax is a levy on hotel rooms and other temporary lodging. This fund had a total combined fund balance as of September 30, 2021, of \$71.3MM, with an increase of \$7.6 MM from the previous fiscal year, increase resulted from an increase of revenue collection from resort taxes along with reductions in operating expenses, primarily due to planning conservatively for FY21 as the impacts from COVID-19 were still uncertain.

The Countywide Fire District Fund was created in fiscal year 1990, as a means of providing fire protection service to the unincorporated areas of Osceola County. Its primary funding is provided by a special assessment and ad valorem taxes paid by property owners in the unincorporated area. As of September 30, 2021, the fund had a total fund balance of \$38.4 MM. The increase in fund balance of \$3.1 MM, was due primarily to year end actuals coming in under budgeted expenditures.

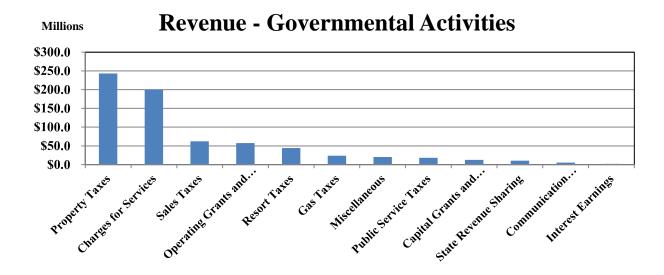
This Mobility Fee Fund was created with the intent to eliminate transportation concurrency, proportionate share and impact fees and to enact a streamlined, simplified mitigation mechanism process to allow greater flexibility in funding multimodal transportation improvements. As of September 30, 2021, the fund had a total fund balance of \$111.9 MM, an increase of 30% primarily due to the budgeted capital projects balance remaining being carried forward as well as an increase in revenue collections.

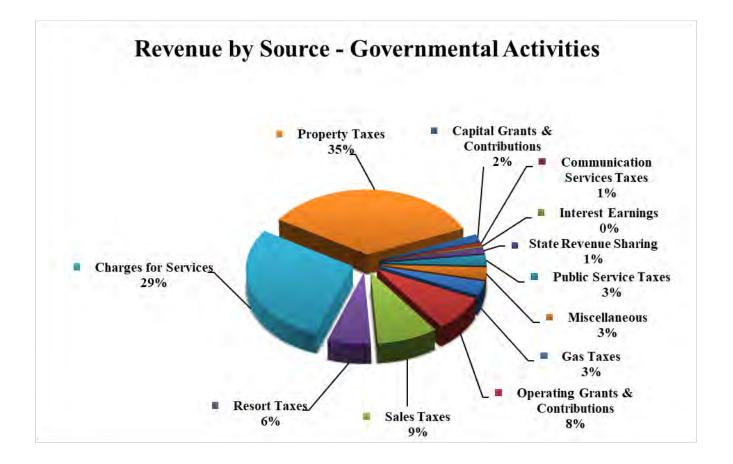
The Federal and State Grants Fund was established in fiscal year 1995-1996 to account for funds received from federal and state programs and agencies. The revenue recorded in this fund are for reimbursable grants and the revenue received are utilized for a variety of purposes. Fund balance is zero as all expenditures are to be reimbursed in the current period, a receivable is recorded for spending not yet reimbursed as of the end of the year.

The Transportation Improvement Revenue Fund was created in fiscal year 2020 to account for funds transfers from the proceeds of the Transportation Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2019. As of September 30, 2021, the fund had a fund balance of \$192.6 MM, decrease of 3.2% due to transportation projects that were not completed at the end of the fiscal year.

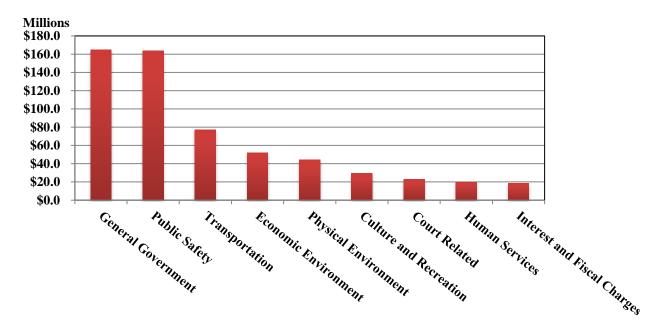
PROPRIETARY FUNDS

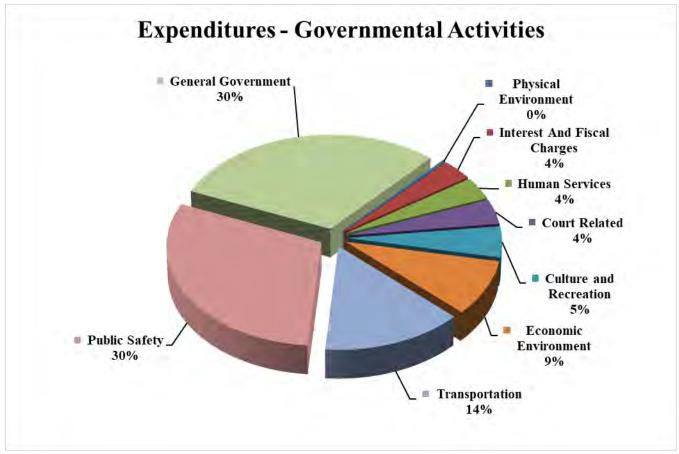
Osceola County's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements in more detail. Total assets of the enterprise funds as of September 30, 2021, were \$193.8 MM, deferred inflows were \$1.4 MM, total liabilities were \$350.8 MM, and net position was a negative of \$158.3 MM. The Environmental Services (Landfill) and the Toll Road Funds are reported as major funds. The Environmental Services (Landfill) Fund is used to account for the operation of the County's off-site collection centers and closure of the County's landfills. It operates like a business where the rates established by the County generate sufficient funds to pay the costs of current operations and provide for long-term closure care. As required by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, the County has recorded a \$11 MM liability for landfill closure of which \$.5 MM was recorded as due within one year. The Toll Road Funds includes Osceola Parkway. The Osceola Parkway Toll Fund was established to account for the operations and maintenance of Osceola Parkway Road, a county-owned toll road.





Expenditures - Governmental Activities





GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The difference between the General Fund's original budgeted and final amended budgeted revenues, expenditures, and transfers, excluding balance forward was a decrease in year end fund balance of \$3.3 MM that was caused primarily by the following amendments:

- Increase of 12.5 MM in Miscellaneous. Revenue to account for funds received from UCF to support operations of the Center for Neovation.
- Balance Forward Committed increased \$48.2 MM primarily to account for the balance remaining from the CARES Replacement Funds.
- Personal Services decreased \$20 MM to account for the transactions related to the CARES Act grant. A portion of the Public Safety salaries were initially budgeted in the General Fund but paid for by the CARES Act grant funds.
- Operating Expenses increased \$24 MM to account for the appropriations of the CARES Act Replacement funds mentioned above.
- Capital Outlay increased \$6.5 MM to account for establishing the two-building maintenance general government projects.
- Grants & Aids increased \$81.3 MM to appropriate the CARES Act replacement funds to support the Board's strategies to respond to the social and economic impacts in the County from the pandemic.
- Transfers Out reduced \$22 MM to account for the public safety salaries that were paid for from the CARES Act Grant.

The difference between the final amended budget for the General Fund and actual amounts was an increase in year end fund balance of \$64.7 MM that was caused primarily by the following activities:

- Ad Valorem decreased \$7.6 MM to account for the early discount property owners receive when tax bills are paid early.
- Permits, Fees & Special Assessments and Intergovernmental Revenue increased \$3.5 MM and \$11.7 MM, respectively, due to revenue collection coming in higher than the budget projection.
- Personal Services actuals was \$15.8 MM over the budget due to an adjustment in the strategy to account for the revenue replacement funds from the American Rescue Plan Act grant and overtime in Public Safety.
- Operating, Grants & Aids and Capital Outlay is under the budgeted number as these funds will carry forward into the next fiscal year.

Capital Assets

Osceola County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2021, totaled \$1,660.3 MM (net of accumulated depreciation) and included land, land right of way, work of arts/collections, construction in progress, buildings, improvements other than buildings, books, vehicles, equipment, infrastructure, and intangibles. Additional information of the County's capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements (Note 5) of this report.

Long-term Debt

At the end of fiscal year 2021, the County had a total of \$735.8 MM in outstanding bond debt. The County's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds, voted debt and special assessment debt).

During fiscal year 2021, the County's outstanding bonded debt decreased by \$438.9 MM. This decrease was mainly the result of issuance of new debt, refunding some bonds, and payment for scheduled principal payments of \$28.3 MM of outstanding debt. Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements (Note 9) of this report.

Construction Commitments

At September 30, 20201, the County was committed or in the process of committing to various capital outlay expenditures. The more significant ones are as follow (in millions):

Neptune Road Improvements	\$ 38.7
Boggy Creek Part A Road Improvements	32.9
Simpson Road (Myers Rd – 192) Road Improvements	32.2
CR 532 Road Widening	30.0
Shady Lane Road Improvements	24.9
Cyrils Drive Improvements	24.4
Partin Settlement Improvements	12.2
Bill Beck Blvd Segment B Improvements	11.9
Fortune Lakeshore Multi-Use Trail	10.8
Osceola Parkway Toll Facility AET Improvements	9.9

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The average unemployment rate for Osceola County during 2021 was 5.4%, mainly caused by the economic impacts of the global pandemic. This rate is slightly less than that of the state average and the highest when comparing the five county Central Florida.
- The assessed taxable value of real and personal property combined increase 10.49% in Fiscal Year 2021.
- The population estimate for Osceola County for Fiscal Year 2021 was 404,460, an increase of 4.3% from fiscal year 2020.
- During the current Fiscal Year, new residential construction in the County was valued at \$1,080.9 MM and commercial construction at \$371.6 MM, information was obtained from Osceola County Property Appraiser.

• Fiscal Year 2022 Adopted Budget was \$1,967.6 MM; this represents a 17.4% increase compared to fiscal year 2021.

Primary changes to Osceola County's revenues and expenditures for Fiscal Year 2021 include the following:

- New capital lease for countywide vehicles, heavy equipment and for the Sheriff's Office.
- Establishing the budget for the County's first allocation from the American Rescue Plan Act.
- Establishing the budget for the remaining CARES Act grant funds and the balance from the CARES Action Replacement funds.
- Payment from the University of Central Florida to support Center for Neovation operations during the transition to SkyWater taking over operations.
- For Fiscal Year 2021, all major millage rates remained unchanged from Fiscal Year 2020 and are as follows: ad valorem tax operating rate 6.7000, library rate .3000 and EMS MSTU rate 1.0682.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to present users with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be directed to the Finance Office, Osceola County BOCC, 1 Courthouse Square, Suite 2100, Kissimmee, Florida 34741. This information is also available at our web page <u>www.osceola.org</u>, and at the Florida Department of Financial Service's web page www.myflorida.com.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

	Primary Government							
	Gov	ernmental		Business-type			Co	mponent
	Α	ctivities		Activities		Total		Unit
ASSETS								
Current Assets								
Cash and Investments	\$	988,070	\$	65,098	\$	1,053,168	\$	1,324
Accounts Receivable, Net		8,576		1,870		10,446		3
Due from Other Governments		39,920		2,104		42,024		-
Internal Balances		(123)		123		-		-
Inventories		3,153		-		3,153		-
Prepaid Items		11,006		2		11,008		-
Restricted Current Assets								
Cash and Investments		-		6,083		6,083		-
Total Current Assets		1,050,602	_	75,280	_	1,125,882		1,327
Noncurrent Assets								
Restricted Assets								
Cash and Investments		-		25,273		25,273		-
Capital Assets								
Land and Improvements		193,568		45,432		239,000		-
Land Right of Way		240,253		-		240,253		-
Works of Art and Collections		31		-		31		-
Construction in Progress		499,225		1,335		500,560		-
Building and Improvements		465,871		5,676		471,547		-
Machinery and Equipment		194,295		2,468		196,763		-
Infrastructure		572,277		96,424		668,701		-
Intangibles		8,686		-		8,686		-
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(607,149)		(58,063)		(665,212)		-
Total Capital Assets, Net		1,567,057		93,272		1,660,329		-
Total Noncurrent Assets		1,567,057		118,545		1,685,602		-
Total Assets		2,617,659	_	193,825		2,811,484		1,327
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Outflows-Refunding Bonds		16,495		-		16,495		-
Deferred Outflows-OPEB		17,181		-		17,181		-
Deferred Outflows-FRS Pension		49,144		-		49,144		-
Deferred Outflows-FRS Health Insurance Subsidy		8,990		-		8,990		-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		91,810				91,810		
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	2,709,469	\$	193,825	\$	2,903,294	\$	1,327

Continued

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CONCLUDED September 30, 2021

(In thousands)

	Primary Government							
	Gov	ernmental	nental Business-type			С	omponent	
	Α	ctivities		Activities		Total		Unit
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	22,973	\$	4,371	\$	27,344	\$	1
Accrued Liabilities		13,607		73		13,680		-
Accrued Interest		11,608		-		11,608		-
Due to Other Governments		1,878		-		1,878		-
Unearned Revenue		46,496		-		46,496		-
Deposits Payable		21,402		-		21,402		-
Claims Payable		11,368		-		11,368		-
Compensated Absences		3,874		45		3,919		-
Capital Lease		9,017		23		9,040		-
Notes Payable		901		-		901		-
Revenue Bonds Payable		28,325		-		28,325		-
Payable from Restricted Assets								
Landfill Closure Liability		-		526		526		-
Revenue Bonds Payable		-		1,850		1,850		-
Total Current Liabilities		171,449		6,888		178,337		1
Noncurrent Liabilities								
Payable from Restricted Assets								
Deposits Payable		-		51		51		-
Compensated Absences		20,335		170		20,505		-
Landfill Closure Liability				10,475		10,475		-
Claims Payable		7,895		-		7,895		-
Revenue Bonds Payable		378,356		332,869		711,225		-
Notes Payable		17,874		-		17,874		-
FRS - Pension Liability		44,970		-		44,970		-
FRS - HIS Liability		52,145		-		52,145		-
Other Post Employment Benefit Liability		41,844		289		42,133		-
Capital Lease		23,282		75		23,357		-
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		586,701		343,929		930,630		-
Total Liabilities		758,150		350,817		1,108,967		1
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Inflows-OPEB		6,361				6,361		
Deferred Inflows-OFEB		0,501		1,353		1,353		-
Deferred Inflows-FRS Pension		173,065		1,555		173,065		-
Deferred Inflows-FRS Health Insurance Subsidy		3,045		_		3,045		-
Total Deferred Inflows		182,471		1,353		183,824		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	940,621	\$	352,170	\$	1,292,791	\$	1
	Ψ	740,021	ψ	552,170	Ψ	1,272,771	ψ	1
NET POSITION		1 229 520		25.007		1 252 507		
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for		1,328,520		25,007		1,353,527		-
General Government		72,048				72,048		
Public Safety		82,365		-		82,365		-
Physical Environment		82,303 81		-		82,303		-
Transportation		130,913		25,222		156,135		-
Economic Environment		17,051		23,222		17,051		-
Human Services		6,905		-		6,905		-
Culture and Recreation		29,450		-		29,450		-
Court Related		29,430 17,664		-		29,430 17,664		-
Debt Service		36,742		-		36,742		-
Capital Projects		281,642		-		281,642		-
Unrestricted		(234,533)		(208,574)		(443,107)		1,326
Total Net Position	\$	1,768,848	\$	(158,345)	\$	1,610,503	\$	1,326
1 0tai 14Ct 1 USHIUII	Ψ	1,700,040	φ	(130,343)	φ	1,010,303	φ	1,320

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(In thousands)

			Program Revenues							
					0	perating	Capi	ital Grants		
				Charges for	Gr	ants and		and		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses		Services	Con	tributions	Contributions			
Primary Government										
Governmental Activities										
General Government	\$	164,699	\$	23,049	\$	564	\$	-		
Public Safety		163,734		92,922		30,200		-		
Physical Environment		1,794		3,979		224		-		
Transportation		77,271		65,404		-		5,376		
Economic Environment		52,113		56		26,239		-		
Human Services		19,879		198		151		-		
Culture/Recreation		29,402		3,278		131		-		
Court-Related		23,093		11,095		-		7,449		
Interest		18,359		-		-		-		
Total Governmental Activities		550,344		199,981		57,509		12,825		
Business-type Activities										
Landfill		23,818		29,782		-		-		
Toll Roads		11,009		13,597		-		-		
Total Business-type Activities		34,827		43,379		-		-		
Total Primary Government	\$	585,171	\$	243,360	\$	57,509	\$	12,825		
Component Unit	\$	21	\$	100	\$		\$			

General Revenues Property Taxes Sales Taxes Gas Taxes Public Service Taxes Communication Service Tax Resort Tax State Revenue Sharing - unrestricted Interest Revenue Miscellaneous Transfers Total General Revenues and Transfers Change in Net Position Net Position - Beginning **Net Position - Ending**

	Net (Ex	pense) Revenue ar	nd Cl	hanges in Net	Position
G	overnmental	Business-type		T-4-1	Component
	Activities	Activities		Total	Unit
.		•	.		*
\$	(141,086)	\$ -	\$	(141,086)	\$ -
	(40,612)	-		(40,612)	-
	2,409	-		2,409	-
	(6,491)	-		(6,491)	-
	(25,818)	-		(25,818)	-
	(19,530)	-		(19,530)	-
	(25,993)	-		(25,993)	-
	(4,549)	-		(4,549)	-
	(18,359)			(18,359)	
	(280,029)			(280,029)	
	-	5,964		5,964	-
	-	2,588		2,588	
	-	8,552		8,552	
\$	(280,029)	\$ 8,552	\$	(271,477)	\$
\$		<u>\$</u>	\$		<u>\$ 79</u>
	243,043	-		243,043	-
	62,238	-		62,238	-
	23,709	-		23,709	-
	18,336	-		18,336	-
	5,592	-		5,592	-
	44,095	-		44,095	-
	10,378	-		10,378	-
	2,148	194		2,342	-
	20,228	-		20,228	-
	(656)	656	_	-	-
	429,111	850		429,961	-
	149,082	9,402		158,484	79
	1,619,766	(167,747)		1,452,019	1,247
\$	1,768,848	\$ (158,345)	\$	1,610,503	\$ 1,326

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

BALANCE SHEET Governmental Funds September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

		001		104		134
	,	General		Fourist velopment	Co	ountywide Fire
		Fund		Tax		District
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$	179,752	\$	56,585	\$	36,429
Accounts Receivable, Net		3,118		117		3,808
Due from Other Funds		3,929		472		1,092
Due from Other Governments		12,135		9,481		40
Prepaid Items		2,216		6,975		118
Inventories		369		9		_
Total Assets	\$	201,519	\$	73,639	\$	41,487
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$	10,346	\$	2.004	\$	492
Accrued Liabilities		7,997		90		2,143
Accrued Interest		7		-		_,
Deposits		440		-		1
Due to Other Governments		1,571		186		-
Unearned Revenue		223				-
Due to Other Funds		2,875		16		404
Total Liabilities		23,459		2,296		3,040
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred Inflows - Unavailable Revenue		2,500		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,500		-		-
Total Liabilities		25,959		2,296		3,040
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable		4,953		6,984		118
Restricted		2,862		64,359		38,329
Committed		31,100		-		-
Assigned		15,000		-		-
Unassigned		121,645				
Total Fund Balances		175,560		71,343		38,447
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	201,519	\$	73,639	\$	41,487

142		156		334				
obility Fee st and West	Fe	deral and State		nsportation provement		Nonmajor overnmental	Go	Total vernmental
Zone		Grants		Revenue Fund Funds				Funds
\$ 130,195	\$	46,419	\$	194,626	\$	312,534 1,297	\$	956,540 8,340
-		721				343 16,388 563 2,261		5,836 38,765 9,872 2,639
\$ 130,195	\$	47,140	\$	194,626	\$	333,386	\$	1,021,992
\$ 837	\$	981	\$	2,010	\$	5,392	\$	22,062
-		105		-		3,181		13,516
- 17,469		-		-		3,492		7 21,402
		-		-		121		1,878
-		45,905		-		257		46,385
 -		149		-		3,991		7,435
 18,306		47,140		2,010		16,434		112,685
_		_		-		_		2,500
 -		-		-		-		2,500
 18,306		47,140		2,010		16,434		115,185
-		-		-		2,750		14,805
111,889		-		192,616		264,806		674,861
-		-		-		49,396		80,496
-		-		-		-		15,000
 - 111,889				- 192,616	_	316,952		121,645 906,807
\$ 130,195	\$	47,140	\$	194,626	\$	333,386	\$	1,021,992

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

as of September 30, 2021

(In thousands)

Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds		\$ 906,807
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital assets are reported in the Statement of Net Position and year-end consist of:		
Capital Assets, at Cost Less: Accumulated Depreciation Less: Internal Service Fund Capital Assets Reported Below	\$ 2,174,206 (607,149) (1,068)	
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of Net Position.		1,565,989
Accrued revenue from FEMA - COVID 19 grant		1,151
Other assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		1,131
Deferred Outflows of Resources-Refunding Bonds		16,495
On the governmental fund statements, a net pension liability is not recorded until an amount is due and payable and the pension plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits (no such liability exists at the end of the current fiscal year). On the Statement of Net Position, the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the cost-sharing defined benefit pension plans in which the County participates is reported as a noncurrent liability. Additionally, deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions are also reported in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 and No. 75.		
Deferred Inflows - Unavailable Revenue Net Pension Liability Net Health Insurance Subsidy Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension Related Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension Related Accrued Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pension (excludes \$299 related to Internal Service Funds)	\$ 2,500 (44,970) (52,145) (6,361) 17,181 58,134 (176,110) (41,545)	(243 316)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of: Bonds Payable and Deferred Premium/Discount Notes Payable Accrued Interest Payable Accrued Interest Payable Accrued Installment Payable -prior year Capital Leases (excludes \$102 related to Internal Service Funds) Compensated Absences (excludes amount related	\$ (406,681) (18,775) (11,601) (125) (32,197)	(243,316)
to Internal Service Funds, \$224)	 (23,985)	
		 (493,364)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 1,768,848

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(In thousands)

	001	104	134
	General Fund	Tourist Development Taxes	Countywide Fire District
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 227,491	\$ 44,095	\$ 24,584
Permits, Fees, and Special Assessments	9,387	-	42,737
Intergovernmental	51,126	-	106
Charges for Services	17,049	2,341	13,266
Fines and Forfeitures	1,119	-	-
Interest Income	802	85	194
Miscellaneous	17,089	666	1,128
Total Revenues	324,063	47,187	82,015
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General Government	108,344	3,421	-
Public Safety	115,014	-	62,496
Physical Environment	1,663	-	-
Transportation	4,846	31	-
Economic Environment	13,995	15,112	-
Human Services	16,236	-	-
Culture/Recreation	2,479	11,973	-
Court Related	20,438	-	-
Debt Service			
Principal	1,609	-	2,164
Interest	180	-	534
Other Debt Service Costs	-	-	-
Capital Projects			
Total Expenditures	284,804	30,537	65,194
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	39,259	16,650	16,821
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Issuance of Debt	1,859	-	-
Transfers In	17,030	472	6,002
Transfers (Out)	(61,476)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(42,587)) (9,015)	(13,689)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,328)	7,635	3,132
Fund Balances - Beginning	178,888	63,708	35,315
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 175,560	\$ 71,343	\$ 38,447

142		156	334		
Mobility Fee East and West Zone		Federal and State Grants	Transportation Improvement Revenue Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,877	\$ 367,047
Ŧ	64,554	-	-	34,566	151,244
	435	26,484	-	38,292	116,443
	-	-, -	-	6,875	39,531
	-	-	-	1,148	2,267
	186	-	370	449	2,086
	_	-	-	2,033	20,916
	65,175	26,484	370	154,240	699,534
	226			(577	110 5 (0
	226	-	-	6,577	118,568
	-	23,606 224	-	10,464	211,580
	-		-	1,081	2,968
	37,469	1,998	-	43,872	88,216
	-	-	-	24,637	53,744
	-	60 125	-	3,739	20,035
	334	135	-	15,483	30,404
	-	80	-	2,948	23,466
	_	-	-	29,373	33,146
	-	-	-	15,250	15,964
	-	-	-	4	4
	-	-	6,708	19,615	26,323
	38,029	26,103	6,708	173,043	624,418
	27,146	381	(6,338)	(18,803)	75,116
	-	-	-	3,208	5,067
	-	-	-	91,950	115,454
	(1,531)	(381)		(22,922)	(115,488)
	(1,531)	(381)		72,236	5,033
	25,615	-	(6,338)	53,433	80,149
	86,274		198,954	263,519	826,658
\$ 1	111,889	<u>\$</u>	\$ 192,616	\$ 316,952	\$ 906,807

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For The Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

mounts reported for governmental estivities in the statement of estivities are different		
mounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different ecause:		
Governmental funds report capital purchases as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amounts of the items that make up these differences in the treatment of capital assets are:		
Capital outlay	\$ 83,944	
Depreciation	(53,710)	
Adjustments for donation of capital assets	132	
		30
In the statements of activities, only the loss on the sale/disposal of capital assets is		
reported. The change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost		
(book value) of the capital assets sold/disposed.		(2
Debt issuance, premiums and discounts are recorded in governmental funds as other		
financing sources, statements of activities record the outstanding debt as liabilities.		(5
mancing sources, statements of activities record the outstanding debt as natifities.		()
The issuance of bonds and similar long-term debt provides current financial resources to		
governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of		
net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the		
statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the		
governmental funds, but reduces the liability in the statement of net position. Also,		
governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar		
items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the		
statement of activities. The amounts of the items that make up these differences in the		
treatment of long-term debt and related items are:		
Principal repayments		
Bonds (includes payment on refunded bonds)	\$ 33,146	
Bond premium amortization	921	
1	(1,415)	
Amortization of deferred inflows /outflows net of additions	 (1,415)	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - Concluded For The Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. This adjustment is as follows:

Accrued installment payment - Recreation	\$ 125	
Change in compensated absences liability	(30)	
Accrued revenue not in fund level statements	3,451	
Change in OPEB liability	(1,545)	
Change in accrued interest expense	(3,310)	
	· · · · ·	(1,309)
In the Statement of Activities, pension expense is recorded for the County's proportionate share of collective pension expense of the cost-sharing defined benefit plans in which the County participates. Also included in pension expense are amounts required to be amortized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68.		21,116
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management services to other funds. The change in net position of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities (excludes amounts for depreciation, compensated absences,		
and a transfer of capital assets).		(5,899)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	149,082

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

	 Budgeted	l Am	ounts				
					Actual	Var	iance With
	Original		Final		Amounts	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES	 <u> </u>			_			
Taxes	\$ 234,689	\$	234,688	\$	227,491	\$	(7,197)
Permits, Fees, and Special Assessments	5,838		5,838		9,387		3,549
Intergovernmental	41,978		42,063		51,126		9,063
Charges for Services	14,785		14,843		17,049		2,206
Fines and Forfeitures	1,366		1,366		1,119		(247)
Interest Income	1,031		1,031		802		(229)
Miscellaneous	2,977		17,217		17,089		(128)
Total Revenues	 302,664		317,046	_	324,063		7,017
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General Government	71,750		167,630		108,344		59,286
Public Safety	125,380		109,327		115,014		(5,687)
Physical Environment	2,267		2,118		1,663		455
Transportation	6,525		6,740		4,846		1,894
Economic Environment	5,661		19,797		13,995		5,802
Human Services	18,451		18,868		16,236		2,632
Culture/Recreation	3,929		4,179		2,479		1,700
Court Related Debt Service	24,736		24,849		20,438		4,411
	2 1 2 1		2 1 2 1		1 (00		510
Principal	2,121		2,121		1,609		512
Interest	 165		165		180		(15)
Total Expenditures	 260,985		355,794		284,804		70,990
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	41,679		(38,748)		39,259		78,007
	 11,075		(30,710)				/0,007
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Issuance of Debt	281		1,883		1,859		(24)
Transfers In	19,750		6,596		17,030		10,434
Transfers (Out)	 (60,863)		(37,760)		(61,476)		(23,716)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (40,832)		(29,281)		(42,587)		(13,306)
Net Change in Fund Balances	847		(68,029)		(3,328)		64,701
Fund Balances - Beginning	 178,888		178,888		178,888		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 179,735	\$	110,859	\$	175,560	\$	64,701

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Tourist Development Tax For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

		Budgeted	Am	ounts				
						Actual	Vari	ance with
	(Driginal		Final	Amounts		Fin	al Budget
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	35,831	\$	35,831	\$	44,095	\$	8,264
Charges for Services		1,888		1,888		2,341		453
Interest Income		184		184		85		(99)
Miscellaneous		297		297		666		369
Total Revenues		38,200		38,200		47,187		8,987
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General Government		4,092		9,092		3,421		5,671
Transportation		1,388		100		31		69
Economic Environment		13,364		15,558		15,112		446
Culture/Recreation		22,955		20,249		11,973	_	8,276
Total Expenditures		41,799		44,999		30,537		14,462
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,599)		(6,799)		16,650		23,449
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Issuance of Debt		52		52		-		(52)
Transfers In		243		243		472		229
Transfers (Out)		(9,408)		(9,487)		(9,487)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(9,113)		(9,192)		(9,015)		177
Net Change in Fund Balances		(12,712)		(15,991)		7,635		23,626
Fund Balances - Beginning		63,708		63,708		63,708		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	50,996	\$	47,717	\$	71,343	\$	23,626

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Countywide Fire District For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

		Budgeted	Am	ounts					
						Actual	Varia	ance with	
	(Original		Final	A	mounts	Final Budget		
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	25,611	\$	25,611	\$	24,584	\$	(1,027)	
Permits, Fees, and Special Assessments		41,428		41,428		42,737		1,309	
Intergovernmental		-		-		106		106	
Charges for Services		10,979		13,579		13,266		(313)	
Interest Income		684		684		194		(490)	
Miscellaneous		1,214		1,227		1,128		(99)	
Total Revenues		79,916		82,529		82,015		(514)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Public Safety		61,985		64,529		62,496		2,033	
Debt Service									
Principal		2,032		2,164		2,164		-	
Interest	_	520		534		534		-	
Total Expenditures		64,537		67,227		65,194		2,033	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		_							
Over (Under) Expenditures		15,379		15,302		16,821		1,519	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In		4,786		4,910		6,002		1,092	
Transfers (Out)		(18,731)		(19,691)		(19,691)		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(13,945)		(14,781)		(13,689)		1,092	
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,434		521		3,132		2,611	
Fund Balances - Beginning		35,315		35,315		35,315			
Dumines Degiming				55,515					
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	36,749	\$	35,836	\$	38,447	\$	2,611	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Mobility Fee For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

		Budgeted	Am	ounts				
						Actual	Vari	ance with
	Original			Final	Amounts		Fin	al Budget
REVENUES								
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	\$	26,657	\$	107,098	\$	64,554	\$	(42,544)
Intergovernmental		-		435		435		
Interest Income		505		370		186		(184)
Total Revenues		27,162		107,903		65,175		(42,728)
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General Government		-		250		226		24
Transportation		45,475		126,009		37,469		88,540
Culture/Recreation		-		1,302		334		968
Total Expenditures		45,475		127,561		38,029		89,532
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(18,313)		(19,658)		27,146		46,804
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers (Out)		(31)		(1,531)		(1,531)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(31)		(1,531)		(1,531)		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(18,344)		(21,189)		25,615		46,804
Fund Balances - Beginning		86,274		86,274		86,274		-
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	67,930	\$	65,085	\$	111,889	\$	46,804

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Federal and State Grants For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts							
						Actual	Var	iance With
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	79,861	\$	97,949	\$	26,484	\$	(71,465)
Total Revenues		79,861		97,949		26,484		(71,465)
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General Government		-		2,427		-		2,427
Public Safety		63,054		55,524		23,606		31,918
Physical Environment		5,289		5,319		224		5,095
Transportation		9,605		2,545		1,998		547
Economic Environment		1,623		1,319		-		1,319
Human Services		34		60		60		-
Culture/Recreation		-		16,279		135		16,144
Court Related		86		120		80		40
Total Expenditures		79,691		83,593		26,103		57,490
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		170		14,356		381		(13,975)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers (Out)		(170)		(14,356)		(381)		13,975
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(170)		(14,356)		(381)		13,975
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances - Beginning								
Fund Balances - Ending	\$		\$		\$		\$	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Proprietary Funds September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

	Busi	Funds	Governmenta					
		401		407			Α	ctivities -
	Envir	onmental]	Internal
	Services Landfill			Toll				Service
				Roads	Totals		Funds	
ASSETS								
Current Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	50,268	\$	14,830	\$	65,098	\$	31,530
Accounts Receivable, Net		1,858		12		1,870		236
Due from Other Governments		157		1,947		2,104		4
Due from Other Funds		142		-		142		1,495
Inventories		-		-		-		514
Prepaid Items		-		2		2		1,134
Restricted Current Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	526			5,557		6,083		_
Total Current Assets	52,951			22,348	75,299			34,913
Noncurrent Assets								
Restricted Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents		51		25,222		25,273		-
Capital Assets								
Land and Improvements		1,985		43,447		45,432		-
Buildings and Improvements		2,573		3,103		5,676		502
Machinery and Equipment		1,705		763		2,468		1,784
Infrastructure		3,787		92,637		96,424		-
Construction in Progress		-		1,335		1,335		43
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(7,406)		(50,657)		(58,063)		(1,261)
Total Capital Assets, Net		2,644		90,628		93,272		1,068
Total Noncurrent Assets		2,695	115,850		118,545		1,068	
Total Assets	\$	55,646	\$	138,198	\$	193,844	\$	35,981

Continued

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CONTINUED Proprietary Funds September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

	Bu	siness-type Act	iviti	ies - Enterp	rise	Funds	Governmental		
		401		407			A	ctivities -	
	Env	ironmental						Internal	
	5	Services		Toll			Service		
	Landfill		Roads		Totals		Funds		
LIABILITIES									
Current Liabilities									
Accounts Payable	\$	3,787	\$	584	\$	4,371	\$	785	
Accrued Liabilities		63		10		73		91	
Due to Other Funds		18		1		19		20	
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		111	
Claims Payable		-		-		-		11,368	
Capital Lease		23		-		23		25	
Compensated Absences		41		4		45		48	
Notes Payable		-		-		-		-	
Payable from Restricted Assets									
Landfill Closure Liability		526		-		526		-	
Revenue Bonds Payable		-		1,850		1,850		-	
Total Current Liabilities		4,458		2,449		6,907		12,448	
Noncurrent Liabilities									
Payable from Restricted Assets									
Deposits Payable		51		-		51		-	
Compensated Absences		153		17		170		176	
Landfill Closure Liability		10,475		-		10,475		-	
Claims Payable		-		-		-		7,895	
Capital Lease		75		-		75		77	
Revenue Bonds Payable		-		332,869		332,869		-	
Other Post Employment Benefit Liability		268		21		289		299	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		11,022		332,907		343,929		8,447	
Total Liabilities	\$	15,480	\$	335,356	\$	350,836	\$	20,895	

Continued

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CONCLUDED Proprietary Funds September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

	Business-type Act	rise Funds	Governmental		
	401	407		Activities -	
	Environmental			Internal	
	Services	Toll		Service	
	Landfill	Roads	Totals	Funds	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Credit-Refunding Bonds	-	1,353	1,353	-	
Total Deferred Inflows		1,353	1,353		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	15,480	336,709	352,189	20,895	
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,546	22,461	25,007	1,068	
Restricted					
Transportation	-	25,222	25,222	-	
Unrestricted	37,620	(246,194)	(208,574)	14,018	
Total Net Position	\$ 40,166	\$ (198,511)	\$ (158,345)	\$ 15,086	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

Proprietary Funds For The Year Ended September 30, 2021

(In thousands)

	Business-ty	pe Activities - Ent	erprise Funds	
	401	407		Governmental Activities-
	Environmental Services Landfill	Toll Roads	Totals	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 8,152	\$ 13,597	\$ 21,749	\$ 48,821
Special Assessments	21,207	-	21,207	-
Miscellaneous	343		343	1,628
Total Operating Revenues	29,702	13,597	43,299	50,449
Operating Expenses				
Personal Services	1,567	187	1,754	1,980
Contracted Services	21,947	1,552	23,499	4,801
Repairs and Maintenance	79	426	505	1,087
Supplies	67	5	72	1,046
Depreciation	95	1,928	2,023	186
Insurance	11	-	11	4,867
Utilities	6	59	65	11
Landfill Closure	8	-	8	-
Claims Expense	-	-	-	41,977
Miscellaneous	36	261	297	97
Total Operating Expenses	23,816	4,418	28,234	56,052
Operating Income (Loss)	5,886	9,179	15,065	(5,603)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Interest Expense	(2)	(6,591)	(6,593)	-
Interest Revenue	118	76	194	57
Other Revenue	80		80	23
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	196	(6,515)	(6,319)	80
Income (Loss) Before Tranfers	6,082	2,664	8,746	(5,523)
Transfers In	142	1,500	1,642	189
Transfers (Out)	(868)	(118)	(986)	(814)
Change in Net Position	5,356	4,046	9,402	(6,148)
Total Net Position - Beginning	34,810	(202,557)	(167,747)	21,234
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 40,166	<u>\$ (198,511)</u>	<u>\$ (158,345)</u>	<u>\$ 15,086</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Proprietary Funds

For The Year Ended September 30, 2021

(In thousands)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise					se Funds	Go	overnmental
		401		407			A	ctivities -
	Envi	ronmental						Internal
	S	ervices		Toll				Service
	Ι	Landfill		Roads		Totals		Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities								
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	29,098	\$	13,101	\$	42,199	\$	48,726
Miscellaneous Revenue		423		-		423		1,629
Payments to Suppliers		(22,612)		(1,853)		(24,465)		(51,221)
Payments to Employees		(1,540)		(181)		(1,721)		(1,973)
Net Cash Provided (Used by) Operating Activities		5,369		11,067		16,436		(2,839)
Cash Flows from Noncapital								
Financing Activities								
Transfers In		142		1,500		1,642		189
Transfers Out		(868)		(118)		(986)		(814)
Net Cash Provided (Used by) Noncapital Financing Activities		(726)		1,382		656		(625)
Noncapital Financing Activities		(720)		1,362		050		(025)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Capital Lease		(19)		-		(19)		(20)
Purchase of Capital Assets		(14)		(990)		(1,004)		(145)
Proceeds from Disposition of Capital Assets		-		-		-		24
Other Expenses		-		(2)		(2)		-
Interest Payments		(2)		(7,415)		(7,417)		-
Net Cash Provided (Used by) Capital and						<u>`</u>		
Related Financing Activities		(35)		(8,407)		(8,442)		(141)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities								
Interest Revenue		118		76		194		57
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		118		76		194		57
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		4,726		4,118		8,844		(3,548)
and Cash Equivalents		4,720		4,110		0,044		(3,540)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		46,119		41,491		87,610		35,078
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	50,845	\$	45,609	\$	96,454	\$	31,530
Cash and Cash Equivalents Classified As Unrestricted Assets	¢	50.040	¢	14.020	¢	CE 000	¢	21 520
	\$	50,268	\$		\$	65,098	\$	31,530
Restricted Assets	¢	577	<u>_</u>	30,779	<u>ф</u>	31,356	<u>ф</u>	-
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	50,845	\$	45,609	\$	96,454	\$	31,530

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Proprietary Funds

For The Year Ended September 30, 2021

(In thousands)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							Governmental		
		401		407				Activities -		
	Envir	onmental						Internal		
	Se	rvices		Toll				Service		
	L	andfill		Roads		Totals		Funds		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss)										
Cash Provided by Operating Activities										
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	5,886	\$	9,179	\$	15,065	\$	(5,603)		
Depreciation Expense		95		1,928		2,023		186		
Change in Assets and Liabilities										
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(172)		-		(172)		100		
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Governments		(24)		(414)		(438)		8		
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds		15		-		15		(73)		
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories		-		-		-		(12)		
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items		-		(2)		(2)		(117)		
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		72		378		450		195		
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities		7		1		8		10		
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		8		(10)		(2)		-		
Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable		-		-		-		2,405		
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		(5)		
Increase (Decrease) in Other Post Employment										
Benefits		84		2		86		56		
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds		2		-		2		4		
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		20		5		25		7		
Increase (Decrease) in Landfill Closure Costs		(624)		-		(624)		-		
Total Adjustments		(517)		1,888		1,371		2,764		
Net Cash Provided (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	5,369	\$	11,067	\$	16,436	\$	(2,839)		

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Custodial Funds September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$ 49,9	41
Accounts Receivable, Net	3,7	
Due from Other Governments	1	32
Total Assets	53,8	37
LIABILITIES		
	1.0	50
Accounts Payable	1,0	
Due to Other Governments	33,7	05
Escrow Payable Installment Tax Deposits	4,8	1
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total Liabilities	39,7	11
NET DOSITION		
NET POSITION		
Restricted for:	ф <u>141</u>	26
Individuals, Organizations and other Governments	<u>\$ 14,1</u>	26

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Custodial Funds September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

ADDITIONS	
Impact Fee Collections	\$ 69,733
Special Assessments	450
Inmate Collections	1,382
Recording Fees	203,779
Fines and Forfeitures	21,166
Registry Fees	16,524
Property Taxes and Fees Collected	303,167
Tourist Development Taxes Collected	4,634
License, Registrations and Sales Tax Collected	35,920
Other Tax Collections	2,978
Other Collections	 16,296
Total Additions	 676,029
DEDUCTIONS	
Payments to Other Governments	\$ 306,338
Payments to Other Entities	18,978
Payments to Individuals	1,454
Property Taxes and Fees Distributed	303,167
Tourist Development Taxes Distributed	4,634
License, Registrations and Sales Tax Distributed	35,920
Other Taxes and Fees Distributed	 2,978
Total Deductions	 673,469
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	2,560
RESTATEMENT- BEGINNING NET POSITION	 11,566
NET POSITION -ENDING	\$ 14,126

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Osceola County, Florida (the County) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The County's more significant accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

Osceola County, Florida, was established by Article VIII, Section 1, of the Florida State Constitution. As of October 1, 1992, the County operates under a Home Rule Charter enacted by referendum in March 1992.

The accompanying financial statements of the County (the primary government) include the operations of the Board of County Commissioners (the Board), the Osceola County Library District (in special revenue funds), the Osceola County Water Districts No. 1 through No. 5 (no financial transactions), the East U.S. 192 Community Redevelopment Agency, the West U.S. 192 Development Authority, the Supervisor of Elections, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Sheriff, Tax Collector and Property Appraiser of the County. These entities provide the following services: general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, human services, culture and recreation, and court related services.

The Board funds a portion or, in certain instances, all of the operating budgets of the County's constitutional officers. Florida Statutes require the applicable budget excess of the constitutional officers be remitted back to the Board at the close of the fiscal year.

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the accompanying financial statements present the County (the primary government) and its component units. A component unit is a legally separate organization for which the County is financially accountable.

The County is financially accountable if 1) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing Board and, 2) it is able to impose its will on the organization; or 3) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefit to or impose specific financial burden on the County. Additionally, the County is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Furthermore, GAAP requires that the accompanying financial statements allow the user to clearly distinguish between the primary government and its component units. Because of the closeness of their relationship with the primary government. However, the GASB suggests that most component units should be discretely presented.

The application of these criteria results in the inclusion of the following component units in the County's financial statements. Because of the closeness of their relationship with the County, these component units are blended as special revenue funds in the County's combined financial statements. The component units' financial information is audited and included in the County's annual report and the separately issued annual reports can be obtained from the E192 CRA page on the County's website at <u>osceola.org</u> for those who issue separate reports.

Blended Component Units

The financial statements also include various special districts, which are reported as blended component units. Blended component units are legally separated entities that are in substance parts of the County's operations, as they either have government bodies that are substantially the same as the Board or they provide their services nearly or exclusively to the County government. The financial transactions of these component units are merged with similar transactions of the County as part of the primary government.

• Osceola County Library District - The Library District was created by County Ordinance 79-2, adopted March 26, 1979, and serves to provide comprehensive library services to all County residents. The

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

governing board of the Library District is composed of the primary government board, which has operational responsibility for the component unit. This governing board levies property taxes necessary to operate the Library District, adopts the annual budget and approves debt issuances. The Library District is presented as a special revenue fund, and its assets and debt are included in the Statement of Net Position.

• Osceola County Water Districts No. 1 through No. 5 - The Water Districts were established to serve the entire County, which is part of the South Florida Water Management District. The governing board of these Water Districts is composed of the primary government board, which has operational responsibility for the component unit. The Water Districts had no assets, liabilities or fund equity, nor any revenues or expenditures as of September 30, 2021. The Districts were created as follows:

District No. 1 created by County Ordinance 87-6 on March 23, 1987 District No. 2 created by County Ordinance 87-12 on July 20, 1987 District No. 3 created by County Ordinance 87-13 on July 20, 1987 District No. 4 created by County Ordinance 87-14 on July 20, 1987 District No. 5 created by County Ordinance 01-14 on March 12, 2001

- Osceola County Community Redevelopment Agency East U.S. 192 The East U.S. 192 Community Redevelopment Agency was created by Resolution 12-025R of the County on April 9, 2012, pursuant to Chapter 163, Part III, Florida Statutes for the purpose of renewing economic interest and improving the commercial diversity and viability of a redevelopment area along East U.S. 192. The governing body of the Agency is composed of the primary government board, which has operational responsibility for the component unit. The East U.S. 192 Community Redevelopment Agency is presented as a special revenue fund, and its assets and debt are included in the Statement of Net Position.
- W192 Development Authority The W192 Development Authority was created by Ordinance 12-23 executed on September 10, 2012, as amended by Ordinance 2015-34 executed on June 15, 2015, for the purpose of renewing economic interest and improve the commercial diversity and viability of a redevelopment area along West U.S. 192. The governing body of the Authority is composed of members appointed in accordance with the Ordinance, which has operational responsibility for the component unit. The tax increment for the W192 Development Authority is presented as a special revenue fund, and its assets and debt are included in the Statement of Net Position.

Discretely Presented Component Units

- Osceola County Housing Finance Authority The Housing Finance Authority was created by Ordinance 81-4 adopted September 28, 1981, to alleviate a shortage of housing and capital for investment in housing in the County. Its five-member board was initially appointed by the Board of County Commissioners. There is no budget approval required. Although there is an approval requirement for any bonded debt issuance and the Board has no obligation to pay the Housing Finance Authority outstanding debt. The Housing Finance Authority had no significant transactions with the primary government or any of its other component units.
- Osceola County Health Facilities Authority The Health Facilities Authority was created by County Resolution on August 13, 1979, and serves to assist health facilities in the acquisition, construction, financing and refinancing of projects in any incorporated or unincorporated area within the geographical limits of the County. Its five-member board is appointed by the primary government board. The Health Facilities Authority is not legally required to adopt a budget; however, the Board must authorize the issuance of bonded debt.

Neither the Health Facilities Authority nor the Board has any legal obligation for repayment of the revenue bonds issued through the Health Facilities Authority. The Health Facilities Authority is classified as a governmental fund type, however, as an issuer of "conduit" debt obligations, it has no assets, liabilities, revenues, expenditures or fund

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

balance as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021. Separate financial statements are not prepared for any of the above component units except for the Osceola County Community Redevelopment Agency – East U.S. 192.

The application of the above criteria results in the exclusion of the following boards, agencies, commissions and authorities as component units of the County:

Anthem Park Community Development District Bellalago Educational Facilities Benefit District Bellaviva at Westside Community Development District Bridgewalk Community Development District Brighton Lakes Community Development District Celebration Community Development District Central Florida Regional Transportation Authority Chain of Lakes Community Development District Champions Gate Community Development District City of Kissimmee City of Kissimmee Community Redevelopment Agency City of St. Cloud City of St. Cloud Community Redevelopment Agency Concorde Estates Community Development District Crescent Lakes Common Facilities District Edgewater East Community Development District Enterprise Community Development District Everest GMR Community Development District Flora Ridge Education Facilities Benefit District Florida Green Finance Authority Florida Pace Agency Florida Resiliency and Energy District Gramercy Farms Community Development District Green Corridor PACE District Harmony Community Development District Harmony West Community Development District Indian Creek Common Facilities District Indian Point Common Facilities District Indian Ridge Villas Common Facilities District **Kissimmee Utility Authority** Live Oak Lake Community Development District Magic Place Community Development District Magic Reserve Community Development District Osceola Chain of Lakes Community Development

Osceola County Expressway Authority Osceola Soil and Water Conservation District Osceola Village Center Community Development District Palm Gardens St. Cloud Community Development District Portofino Vista Community Development District Preston Cove Community Development District Reedy Creek Improvement District **Remington Community Development District** Reunion East Community Development District Reunion West Community Development District Rolling Oaks Community Development District School District of Osceola County Shingle Creek Community Development District South Florida Water Management District St. Johns River Water Management District Stevens Plantation Community Development District Stevens Plantation Improvement Project Dependent Special District Stoneybrook South at Championsgate Community Development District Stoneybrook South Community Development District Storey Creek Community Development District Sunbridge Stewardship District Tapestry Community Development District The Overoaks Community Development District Tohopekaliga Water Authority District **Tohogua Community Development District** Town Center Villas - St. Cloud Community Development District Town of Kindred Community Development District Town of Kindred II Community Development District VillaSol Community Development District Westside Community Development District Windsor at Westside Community Development Windward Community Development District Xentury City Community Development District

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements of the County are composed of the following:

Government-Wide Financial Statements Fund Financial Statements Notes to Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities.

These statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government and its component units. The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from these statements, however, inter-fund services provided and used are not eliminated. *Governmental Activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *Business-Type Activities*, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for services.

The Statement of Activities shows the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly related to a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include a) charges to customers or applicants, who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting specific requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, discretely presented component units and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Major individual governmental funds and proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the Fund Financial Statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenue and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund Financial Statements for the County's governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented after the Government-Wide Financial Statements. These statements show information about major funds individually and non-major funds in the aggregate for governmental funds. The fiduciary statements include financial information for the custodial funds. The custodial funds of the County primarily represent assets held by the County in a custodial capacity for other individuals or governments.

GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the fund category, and the governmental and enterprise categories combined) for the determination of major funds. The remaining governmental non-major funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the combining section.

Governmental Major Funds

- *General Fund* The General Fund is the operating fund of the County and includes the operating funds of the constitutional officers of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.
- *Tourist Development Tax Fund* The Tourist Development Tax (TDT) Fund was established to account for the promotion of the County. This includes Osceola Heritage Park, Event Facilities, and the allocation

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

of 45% of the net TDT collection to Osceola Convention & Visitors Bureau (CVB) to fund the County's obligations under the Tourism Promotion Agreement. The primary funding source comes from the Six Percent Tourist Development Tax levied on hotel rooms and temporary lodgings.

- *Countywide Fire Fund* This fund was established in fiscal year 1990 as a means of providing fire protection service to the unincorporated areas of Osceola County. Primary funding is provided by a special assessment and ad valorem taxes paid by property owners in the unincorporated area.
- *Transportation Improvement Revenue Bonds Fund* This fund was established in fiscal year 2020 to account for road projects funded with the Transportation Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019.
- *Mobility Fee Fund-* This fund was created with the intent to eliminate transportation concurrency, proportionate share, and impact fees and to enact a streamlined, simplified mitigation mechanism process to allow greater flexibility in funding multimodal transportation improvements. The ordinance originally created two separate zones (East and West) but in 2020 it was changed to three Mobility Fee Zones. The area located west of the Florida Turnpike shall be considered the "West" zone (143). The area located east of the Florida Turnpike and north of US 192 to the Pine Grove to Nova Road shall be considered the "Northeast" zone (190). The area located east of the Florida Turnpike and south of US 192 to Pine Grove Road to Nova Road shall be considered the "Southeast" zone (191). Mobility Fees are assessed in connection with the issuance of a building permit and will be collected prior to the issuance of a certification of occupancy.
- *Federal and State Grants Fund* This fund was established in fiscal year 1995-1996 to account for funds received from Federal and State programs and agencies. The grants received are utilized for a variety of purposes.

Proprietary Major Funds

- *Environmental Services Fund (Landfill)* This fund was established to account for the County's landfills, residential curbside garbage collection, and recycling and hazardous waste division. In addition, estimated costs of closure and long-term care of the landfill operations are accounted for in this fund.
- *Toll Road Funds* These funds were established to account for the business-type activities of the Osceola Parkway toll road. Funding is provided by toll revenues, which are also used to pay the bonded debt on these roadways.

Additionally, the County reports internal service funds to account for payment of insurance claims and premiums, and fleet management; fiduciary funds to account for inmates' bond and personal funds as well as various other custodial funds of the constitutional officers; non-major special revenue funds, debt service funds and capital projects funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary and custodial fund financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions*. Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the Statement of Activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the Government-Wide Financial Statements, rather than reported as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements, rather than as other financing sources. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of related liability, rather than as expenditures.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Fund Financial Statements are reported using *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers most revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Grant revenues are considered available if they are collected within twelve months of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Franchise fees, licenses, sales taxes, gas taxes, operating and capital grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when received by the County.

Under the current financial resources' measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Governmental funds report balances either as non-spendable or spendable.

Spendable fund balances are further classified as restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned, based on the extent to which there are internal or external constraints on the spending of these fund balances.

Non-spendable Fund Balances are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. "Not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) and generally items such as long-term amounts of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale. The corpus (or principal) of a permanent fund is an example of an amount that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Spendable Fund Balance:

- Restricted Fund Balance Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers such as creditors (by debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed Fund Balance This classification includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Commissioners, the County's highest level of decision-making authority, Osceola County's Board of County Commissioners (the Board), with formal action occurring prior to fiscal year end. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Commissioners taking the same formal action (resolution) that imposed the constraint originally.
- Assigned Fund Balance The classification includes amounts that are intended by the Board to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board has authorized the County Manager, and/or his designee, as the official authorization to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved by the Finance Code.
- Unassigned Fund Balance Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that is spendable and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those specific purposes.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Governmental funds operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Because of the spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources are expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as another financing source rather than as a fund liability. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County spends restricted amounts first, when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, unless prohibited by legal documents, grant agreements or contracts. Additionally, the County uses committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

The County's enterprise funds, and internal service funds are Proprietary Funds. In the accompanying financial statements, Proprietary Funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered. Proprietary Funds are presented using the *economic resources measurement focus*. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Proprietary Fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Proprietary Fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Proprietary Fund operating expenses include those expenses associated with the principal ongoing operations of the fund that are normally covered by operating revenues. Non-operating expenses include interest expense.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements, rather than reported as expenses. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as a reduction of the related liabilities, rather than as an expense. The County spends restricted amounts first, when both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, unless prohibited by legal documents, grant agreements or contracts.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and investments are defined as short-term highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and have an original maturity of three months or less. This includes cash in banks, repurchase agreements with financial institutions, petty cash, cash with claims administrators and balances in Florida PRIME, formerly the State Board of Administration Investment Pool, the Florida Local Government Investment Trust, the Florida Fixed Income Trust and Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust.

All funds participate in the pooled cash investment program. Investment income is allocated to individual funds based upon their average daily balance in the cash pool. Each fund's individual equity in the County's investment pool is considered to be a cash equivalent, since the funds can deposit or effectively withdraw cash

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

at any time without prior notice or penalty. This methodology is also used in the statement of cash flows for the Proprietary Funds.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value on the balance sheet with unrealized gains and losses charged or credited to investment income. In accordance with authorized investment laws, the County invests in various U.S. Treasury and Agency securities.

Property Taxes - Liens and Levy Dates

All real and tangible personal property taxes are billed on November 1 and are due on March 31 of each year or as soon thereafter, as the assessment rolls are certified by the County Property Appraiser. The Tax Collector mails to each property owner on the tax roll, a notice of taxes levied by the various governmental entities in the County. Taxes may be paid upon receipt of such notice with discounts at the rate of 4% if paid in the month of November, 3% if paid in the month of December, 2% if paid in the month of January, and 1% if paid in the month of February. Taxes paid during the month of March are without discount. All unpaid taxes on real and tangible personal property become delinquent on April 1 of the year after which taxes were assessed. Prior to May 1 of each year, a list of delinquent personal property taxpayers is advertised. Warrants are issued directing seizure and sale of the personal property of the taxpayer if the delinquent taxes are not paid before May 1. By May 31, of each year following the year in which taxes were assessed, tax certificates are sold on all real estate parcels with outstanding taxes. These parcels are advertised once a week for four weeks prior to the tax certificate sale.

The key dates in the property tax cycle are as follows:	
Assessment date	January 1
Property Appraiser certifies preliminary tax roll	July 1
Millage rate resolution approved prior to	September 30
Beginning of fiscal year for which taxes have been levied	October 1
Tax bills rendered	November 1
Property tax payments	
Maximum discount	November 30
Delinquent	April 1
Tax certificates sold (lien date)	May 31

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are stated at cost (first-in, first-out method). Inventories in the General, Special Revenue, and Internal Service Funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories are recorded as expenditures at the time items are consumed (consumption method). Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Inventories and prepaid items reported in governmental fund statements are equally offset by non-spendable fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

Restricted Assets

Certain funds of the County are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because the restriction is either imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation, or imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributions, or laws or regulations of other governments; therefore, their use is limited by applicable laws and regulations.

Certain solid waste system enterprise fund assets are required to be segregated from other current assets. These assets are legally restricted for specific purposes, such as landfill closure and post-closure care.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, traffic signals, stormwater drainage and similar items), and intangible assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets are valued at historical cost. Roads, bridges, traffic signals and stormwater basins constructed prior to September 30, 1997, are reported at estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the time of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are completed.

The capital assets used in the operations of the Board of County Commissioners, Property Appraiser, Tax Collector, Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts and Supervisor of Elections are accounted for by the Board of County Commissioners, as the Board holds legal title and is accountable for them under Florida law. The Sheriff, under Florida law, is accountable for and thus maintains capital asset records pertaining to equipment used in their operations. The Sheriff's assets have been combined with the Board's governmental activities capital assets in the Statement of Net Position.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated or amortized in the case of intangible assets, using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Building and Improvements	10-50
Books, Machinery and Equipment	3-10
Infrastructure	50
Intangibles	3-10

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated or amortized in the case of intangible assets, using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Arbitrage Rebate

The U.S. Treasury has issued regulations on calculating the rebate due to the federal government on arbitrage profits, calculating arbitrage penalties and determining compliance with the arbitrage rebate provisions of the Tax Reform Act of 1986. Arbitrage profits arise when the County temporarily invests the proceeds of tax-exempt debt in securities with higher yields. As of September 30, 2021, the County did not have an arbitrage liability.

Revenues Pledged to Secure Revenue Bonds

All Revenue bonds are secured by a pledge of the revenues for that type of revenue bond as listed by the individual bond resolutions. The Notes to the Statements (Note 9) describe each of these pledges.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Board and other Constitutional Officers, governed by Florida Statutes, follow these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying financial statements:

• The Constitutional Officers submit, at various times, to the Board and to certain divisions within the Department of Revenue, State of Florida, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means for financing them.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- The Department of Revenue, State of Florida, has the final authority on the operating budgets for the Tax Collector and Property Appraiser.
- The tentative budget is reviewed and/or modified by the Board after which public hearings are conducted pursuant to Section 200.065 of the Florida Statutes.
- Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted by approval of the Board.
- Revision to the total budget requires Board approval. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level.
- Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.
- All governmental funds have legally adopted annual budgets.
- All encumbered and unencumbered appropriations lapse at the close of the fiscal year.

The combining budgetary comparison schedules for non-major special revenue, non-major debt service and non-major capital projects funds present comparisons of the legally adopted budget and actual data. Budgetary information is found in the Basic Financial Statements for the general fund and major special revenue funds of the County.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the general fund, special revenue funds and capital projects funds. While appropriations lapse at year-end, the County intends to honor purchase orders and contracts in process. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are re-appropriated in the ensuing year's budget.

Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB Statement 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the County accrues a liability for compensated absences, as well as certain other salary-related costs associated with the payment of compensated absences. The entire compensated absences liability, both short-term and long-term portions, is recorded in the government-wide financial statements and the separate proprietary fund financial statements. Compensated absences liabilities are liquidated by the governmental or proprietary fund paying the employee's salary and benefits. During Fiscal Year 2021, within the governmental funds, the General Fund and Countywide Fire District Fund account for 97% of the compensated absences liability liquidated. Proprietary fund, primarily Solid Waste Fund, accounts for 3% of the compensated liability liquidated during this fiscal year.

Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs

Under the terms of the Florida Department of Environmental Protection regulations, the County is required to provide for long-term care for landfill operations for up to 30 years after final closure. The estimated costs of closure and post-closure care are recognized in the Environmental Services (Landfill) fund over the estimated useful life of the landfills based on the percentage of capacity used. An audited report is filed each year with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection. The liability on the face of the statement is equal to the total estimated cost of closure/post-closure care. The estimates are reviewed and adjusted each year for changes due to inflation, technology or applicable laws or regulations.

Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pension (OPEB)

In Fiscal Year 2018, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions." This statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 45, as amended, and established new accounting and financial reporting requirements for Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). This standard is required of all governmental employers for which the employer pays all or a part of the OPEB costs. Post-Employment liabilities are liquidated by the governmental or proprietary fund paying the employee's salary and benefits. During Fiscal Year 2021, within the governmental funds, the General Fund and Countywide Fire Fund account for 97% of the post-Employment liability

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Concluded)

liquidated. Proprietary fund, primarily Solid Waste Fund, accounts for 3% of the post-Employment liability liquidated during this fiscal year. Additional information on the County's OPEB liability can be found in the notes to financial statements (Note 16).

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Cash and Investments

Deposits

As of September 30, 2021, the carrying value of the Osceola County Board of County Commissioners (County) and Constitutional Officer's deposits in financial institutions totaled approximately \$113,391,396. In addition, cash on hand totaled \$40,821.

The total deposits include \$43,190,715 recorded in the custodial funds of the County. These amounts are not included in the government-wide financial statements, but are included in the basic financial statements.

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the County will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The County's deposits are held by qualified public depositories (QPD), as defined in Section 280.02(26), *Florida Statutes*. The State Chief Financial Officer determines the collateral requirements and collateral pledging level for each QPD following guidelines outlined in Section 280.04, F.S., and Florida Department of Financial Services Rules, Chapter 69C-2, Florida Administrative Code. Therefore, deposits are considered fully insured.

Investments

The value of the Board and Constitutional Officer's investments with their respective Standard & Poor's credit ratings was as follows (In thousands):

Investment Type	Fair Value	Rating
Florida PRIME	\$ 487,889	AAAm
Money market mutual fund	42,735	AAAm
Florida Fixed Income Trust (FL-FIT)	62,911	AAAf
Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust (FL SAFE)	62,882	AAAm
Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Security System (FLCLASS)	68,140	AAAm
Florida Public Asset for Liquidity Management (FL PALM)	85,639	AAAm
Federal Instrumentalities	213,234	AA+
Total Investments	\$ 1,023,430	

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Florida PRIME). Florida PRIME is an external investment pool, not registered with the SEC; however, it is structured as an SEC regulated 'Rule 2a-7 like' money-market fund. Florida PRIME is governed by Chapters 215 and 218, *Florida Statutes*, and Chapter 19-7 of the *Florida Administrative Code*, which identifies the rules of the SBA. These rules provide guidance and establish the general operating procedures for the administration

2. <u>Cash and Investments</u> (Continued)

of the Florida PRIME. Additionally, the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General performs the operational audit of the activities and investments of the SBA. The fair value of the County's position in the pool approximates the value of the pool shares.

The Florida Fixed Income Trust (FL-FIT) is a public entity created via a trust indenture under the laws of the State of Florida in April 2010. FL-FIT is an external investment pool, not subject to SEC or other regulatory oversight. FL-FIT is accounted for as a fluctuating net asset value investment pool. The trust is governed by a Board of Trustees and has appointed Wertz York Capital Management Group, LLC (Wertz York) as the investment manager. Wertz York Capital is a Tampa Bay based SEC Registered Investment Advisor. As of September 30, 2021, the County has invested in the FL-FIT Cash Pool. These portfolios consisted of institutional money market funds (including Treasury, Government and Prime), short-term governmental bond funds, short-term municipal bond funds, short-term corporate bond funds, CDs, and FDIC insured bank deposits. The fair value of the county's position in the pool approximates the value of the pool shares.

Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust (FL SAFE) is a local government investment pool established on December 11, 2007. It provides a pooling of Florida's local government funds for an effective and convenient means of investing. The Trust is governed by Sections 218.415 and 163.01 of Florida State Statutes that authorize units of local governments to invest in government investment pools. The pool's investment adviser is Prudent Man Advisors, Inc. (PMA), a registered investment adviser that provides investment management services for local government investment pools and other institutional clients. The pool invests primarily in U.S. Treasuries, U.S. government agencies, repurchase agreements, bank deposits, 'AAAm' rated and SEC registered money-market funds and highly-rated commercial paper. The fair value of the county's position in the pool approximates the value of the pool shares.

The Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (FLCLASS) is an intergovernmental investment pool authorized under Section 218.415, Florida Statutes and was created by an interlocal agreement by and among state public agencies (the Interlocal) as described in Section 163.01, Florida Statutes, as amended. Public Trust Advisors, LLC (Public Trust) serves as the Investment Advisor and Administrator of the Trust. As Investment Advisor, Public Trust provides investment services to the Board. FLCLASS may only be invested in a manner that is permitted pursuant to the laws of the state of Florida and Florida's Investment of Local Government Surplus Funds Act, Florida Statutes, Chapter 218.415. Furthermore, investments will be made in accordance with the Trust's own investment policy that is structured to meet S&P Global Ratings' investment guidelines needed to maintain the highest attainable rating for a local government investment pool, 'AAAm', which include investments authorized under Section 218.415(16), Florida Statutes. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., serves as the Custodian and Depository bank for the Fund.

The Florida Public Assets for Liquidity Management (FL PALM) formerly known as the Florida Education Investment Trust Fund (FEITF) is a common law trust organized under the authority of the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969, as amended (Section 163.01 of the Florida Statutes) and Section 218.415 of the Florida Statutes. FL PALM was created on October 22, 2010, by contract among its participating governmental units and is governed by the Trustees. The Fund is an investment opportunity for State school districts, political subdivisions of the State or instrumentalities of political subdivisions of the State (herein referred to as "Participants"). The Trustees have appointed an Investment Advisory Committee (the "Advisory Committee") of Florida governmental business officials to advise the Trustees in fulfilling their duties. The Advisory Committee does not have binding powers with respect to the Fund except and where delegated so by the Trustees. The FSBA and the FADSS (each, a "Sponsor," and together, the "Sponsors") sponsor the Fund. PFMAM, a registered investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, serves as the investment adviser and provides administrative services to the Fund under an agreement with the FL PALM Board. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., serves as the Custodian and Depository bank for the Fund.

2. Cash and Investments (Continued)

The following is a reconciliation of reported cash and investment balances in the financial statements (In thousands):

IN THOUSANDS

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,053,168
Restricted Cash and Investments	31,356
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:	
Cash and Investments	49,941
Less: Accrued Interest	 (255)
Total Cash and Investments*	\$ 1,134,210

*Fiduciary funds are not included in the Statement of Net Position.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates which will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the county manages interest rate risk by limiting individual investments maturities to no longer than five years. In addition, the average aggregate maturity of the investment portfolio is limited to a maximum of two years.

As of September 30, 2021, the investments of the Board of County Commissioners had the following maturities (In thousands):

	Fai	ir Market Value	 ess Than 1 Year	 1 - 5 Years	th	More 1an 10 Years
Florida PRIME	\$	487,889	\$ 487,889	\$ -	\$	-
Money Market Mutual Fund		42,735	42,735	-		-
Florida Fixed Income Trust (FL-FIT)		62,911	62,911	-		-
Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust (FL SAFE)		62,882	62,882	-		-
Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Security System (FLCLASS)		68,140	68,140	-		-
Florida Public Asset for Liquidity Management (FL PALM)		85,639	85,639	-		-
Federal Instrumentalities		213,234	 -	 213,202		33
Total Investments	\$	1,023,430	\$ 810,196	\$ 213,202	\$	33

The weighted average of days to maturity (WAM) of the County's Florida PRIME, the Money market mutual fund, FL-FIT Cash Pool, FL SAFE, FLCLASS, and FL PALM investments at September 30, 2021 is 49 days, 8 days, 79 days, 54 days, 56 days, and 58 days, respectively.

Prior to implementing its current investment policy, the County invested in several instruments with maturities longer than ten years. These instruments are backed by adjustable rate mortgages, which are being paid down gradually, and the County has elected to hold them until maturity or full payment, whichever comes first. The remaining fair market value balance invested in these securities is \$32,679.

Credit Risk for Investments

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

2. <u>Cash and Investments</u> (Continued)

Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, limits the types of investments that a government can invest in unless specifically authorized in an investment policy. The County's Investment Policy allows for investments in any stable or constant net asset value structured pool, any variable or fluctuating net asset value structured pool, negotiable direct obligations of the United States Government, bonds and debentures of Federal Instrumentalities,

non-negotiable interest-bearing time certificates of deposit or savings accounts, securities in collateralized investment trusts, or repurchase agreements comprised of only those securities mentioned above.

Credit quality risk identified with S&P ratings, is provided in the table above. The trust investments in registered investment companies consisted of funds that are AAA rated by a nationally recognized credit rating organization or consisted of underlying securities that are AAA rated or backed by the US Treasury or FDIC.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The County's investment policy establishes asset allocation limits as follows:

Any Stable or Constant Net Asset Value structured pool	75%
U.S. Treasury securities	50%
Federal agencies and instrumentalities	50%
Demand and time deposits	30%
Any Variable or Fluctuating Net Asset Value structured pool	30%
Securities in collateralized investment trusts	20%
Repurchase agreements	20%

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the transaction, the county will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities.

The County's investment policy requires that all securities purchased or sold will be transferred only under the "delivery versus payment" (D.V.P.) method. United States government agency and instrumentality securities are held by the County's agent, in the County's name, in accordance with the County's investment policy requiring third party custody and safekeeping.

Fair Value Measurements

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Investments are reported at fair value other than those using Net Asset Value (NAV) or amortized costs. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value determination, other than those measured using NAV as a practical expedient, are made based upon a hierarchy that prioritize the inputs to valuation techniques. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets to identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset as follows:

Level 1- inputs are valued using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2- inputs are valued using other significant observable inputs either directly or indirectly.

Level 3-inputs are valued using significant unobservable inputs in situations where there is little or no marker activity for the asset or liability, and the reporting entity makes estimates and assumptions related to the pricing of the asset or liability including assumptions regarding risks.

2. Cash and Investments (Concluded)

At September 30, 2021, the County had the following investments:

	Amounts Measured at Fair Value		Measured Markets for Observable at Identical Assets Inputs		Other bservable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments by fair value level:						
Federal Instrumentalities	\$	213,234	\$ -	\$	213,234	\$ -
Total investments by fair value level	\$	213,234	\$ -	\$	213,234	<u>\$</u>
Investments measured at net asset value (NAV):						
Florida Fixed Income Trust (FL-FIT)		62,911	n/a		n/a	n/a
Total investments measured at NAV	\$	62,911	n/a		n/a	n/a
Investments reported at amortized cost:						
Florida PRIME (formally SBA)	\$	487,889	n/a		n/a	n/a
Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust (FL SAFE)		62,882	n/a		n/a	n/a
Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Security System (FLCLASS)		68,140	n/a		n/a	n/a
Florida Public Asset for Liquidity Management (FLPALM)		85,639	n/a		n/a	n/a
Money Market funds		42,735	n/a		n/a	n/a
Total investments reported at amortized cost		747,285	n/a		n/a	n/a
Total investments	\$	1,023,430	n/a		n/a	n/a

The investments measured at net asset value per share are floating NAV public entity external investment pools that seek low-volatility, fixed-income investments while preserving capital, maintaining liquidity, and adding value through active management. The County has no unfunded commitments to these pools and is allowed daily redemptions and investments with a 1-day minimum holding period.

The investments reported at amortized cost are SEC registered 2a-7 money market funds or 2a-7 like intergovernmental investment pools that maintain a NAV of \$1.00 per share. The County has no unfunded commitments to these pools and is allowed unlimited daily redemptions and investments with a 1-day minimum holding period.

3. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable with related allowance for doubtful accounts as of September 30, 2021, were as follows (In thousands):

	Ou	tstanding	for	Doubtful	
Fund Type	Balance		Accounts		 Net
Governmental Activities	\$	18,367	\$	(9,792)	\$ 8,576
Business-Type Activities		1,873		(2)	 1,870
Total	\$	20,240	\$	(9,794)	\$ 10,446

The majority of the allowance for doubtful accounts in governmental funds pertains to receivables in the Countywide Fire District Fund, which provides emergency services to the public.

4. <u>Due from Other Governments</u>

Funds due from Other Governments as of September 30, 2021, are as follows (In thousands):

Governmental Activities	
Federal and State Grants	\$ 13,093
Florida Department of Transportation	96
Florida Department of Revenue LOT	7,778
Miscellaneous Others	12,964
AMS Management	1,597
State of Florida - 911 Emergency	316
State of Florida - Public Service Tax	64
State of Florida - Sales Taxes	3,986
State of Florida - Communications Service Tax	 26
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 39,920
Business-type Activities	
Central Florida Expressway Authority	1,947
Federal Emergency Management Assistance	 157
Total Business-type Activities	 2,104
Grand Total	\$ 42,024

5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, including the Sheriff, was as follows (In thousands):

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	Decreases	Reclassifications	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized					
Land	\$ 184,536	\$ 9,032	\$ -	\$-	\$ 193,568
Land Right of Way	240,253	-	-	-	240,253
Work of Arts/Collections	23	8	-	-	31
Construction in Progress	481,678	33,948	(16,401)	-	499,225
Total not being depreciated/amortized	906,490	42,988	(16,401)		933,077
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized					
Buildings	336,084	10,797	(84)	-	346,797
Improvements Other Than Buildings	90,894	28,180	-	-	119,074
Books	11,671	433	-	-	12,104
Machinery & Equipment	178,352	14,095	(10,256)	-	182,191
Infrastructure	568,328	3,949	-	-	572,277
Intangibles	8,742	35	(91)	-	8,686
Total being depreciated/amortized	1,194,071	57,489	(10,431)	-	1,241,129
Total before depreciation/amortization	2,100,561	100,477	(26,832)		2,174,206
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:					
Buildings	(117,076)	(8,420)	35	-	(125,461)
Improvements Other Than Buildings	(43,225)	(8,728)	-	-	(51,953)
Books	(9,811)	(739)	-	-	(10,550)
Machinery & Equipment	(114,491)	(19,772)	7,380	-	(126,883)
Infrastructure	(269,129)	(15,718)	-	-	(284,847)
Intangibles	(7,212)	(333)	90	-	(7,455)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(560,944)	(53,710)	7,505	-	(607,149)
Total being depreciated/amortized, net	633,127	3,779	(2,926)		633,980
Governmental Activities,					
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,539,617	\$ 46,767	<u>\$ (19,327)</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 1,567,057

5. <u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows (In thousands):

	ginning alance	Inc	Increases Decreases		Reclassifications		Ending Balance	
Business-type Activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized								
Land	\$ 1,985	\$	-	\$	-	\$-	\$	1,985
Land Right of Way	43,447		-		-	-		43,447
Construction in Progress	 457		990		(112)			1,335
Total not being depreciated/amortized	 45,889		990		(112)			46,767
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized								
Buildings	3,553		-		-	(19)		3,534
Improvements Other Than Buildings	2,156		-		-	(14)		2,142
Machinery & Equipment	2,666		14		(246)	33		2,467
Infrastructure	 96,321		112		-			96,433
Total being depreciated/amortized	 104,696		126		(246)			104,576
Total before depreciation/amortization	 150,585		1,116		(358)			151,343
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:								
Buildings	(1,923)		(73)		-	4		(1,992)
Improvements Other Than Buildings	(2,134)		(1,855)		-	5		(3,984)
Machinery & Equipment	(2,005)		(87)		243	(9)		(1,858)
Infrastructure	 (50,229)		(8)		-			(50,237)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	 (56,291)		(2,023)		243			(58,071)
Total being depreciated/amortized, net	 48,405		(1,897)		(3)			46,505
Business-type Activities,								
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 94,294	\$	(907)	\$	(115)	<u> </u>	\$	93,272

Depreciation and amortization expense in governmental activities was charged to functions/programs as follows (In thousands):

General government	\$ 8,917
Public safety	12,681
Physical environment	774
Transportation	19,300
Economic environment	506
Human services	546
Culture and recreation	9,500
Court related	1,486
Total Depreciation and Amortization	
Expense Governmental Activities	\$ 53,710

5. <u>Capital Assets</u> (Concluded)

Construction Commitments

As of September 30, 2021, the County was committed or in the process of committing to various capital outlay expenditures. Among the more significant ones were (In thousands):

Description	A	mount
Neptune Road Improvements	\$	38,787
Boggy Creek Part A Road Improvements		32,964
Simpson Road (Myers Rd – 192) Road Improvements		32,359
CR 532 Road Widening		30,000
Shady Lane Road Improvements		24,904
Cyrils Drive Improvements		24,430
Partin Settlement Improvements		12,234
Bill Beck Blvd Segment B Improvements		11,940
Fortune Lakeshore Multi-Use Trail		10,832
Osceola Parkway Toll Facility AET Improvements		9,927

Investment in Capital Assets

The amount reported on the statement of net position as net investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2021, consists of the following (In thousands):

	G	overnmental	Bı	siness-Type	
	Activities		Activities		 Total
Net Capital Assets	\$	1,567,057	\$	93,272	\$ 1,660,329
Less: Debt related to purchase of capital assets					
Bonded indebtedness-net		(203,958)		(68,167)	(272,125)
Notes payable		(18,775)		-	(18,775)
Capital lease		(32,299)		(98)	(32,397)
Plus: Deferred Outflows		16,495		-	16,495
Less: Deferred Inflows					 -
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$	1,328,520	\$	25,007	\$ 1,353,527

6. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund balances as of September 30, 2021, are as follows (In thousands):

Due to/from Other Funds - Detail

		Payable Fund														
			То	ourist]	Federal		Other		Total				
	G	eneral	Deve	lopment	Co	ountywide	a	nd State	Go	vernmental	Go	vernmental	Prop	rietary	G	rand
		Fund	Та	x Fund		Fire		Grant		Funds		Funds	F	unds	,	Total
Governmental Funds																
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	145	\$	3,784	\$	3,929	\$	-	\$	3,929
Tourist Development		472		-		-		-		-		472		-		472
Countywide Fire		1,092		-		-		-		-		1,092		-		1,092
Federal and State		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other Governmental		344		_		-		-		-		344		-		344
Total Governmental		1,908		-		-		145		3,784		5,837		-		5,837
Proprietary Funds		967		16		404		4		207		1,598		39		1,637
Grand Total	\$	2,875	\$	16	\$	404	\$	149	\$	3,991	\$	7,435	\$	39	\$	7,474

All amounts above are expected to be repaid within one year and resulted from amounts owed between elected official/agencies or amounts borrowed to cover cash flow needs, primarily associated with reimbursable grant programs.

7. Capital Lease Obligations

Governmental Funds

Outstanding capital lease obligations as of September 30, 2021, are as follows (In thousands):

The County has a 2.65% interest rate lease purchase agreement for communications equipment to migrate to a P25 platform for emergency communications. The purchase price was \$11,837,938 and is reported in governmental activities machinery and equipment net of accumulated depreciation of \$10,920,526. Payments are due annually until December 2021. The principal balance is \$991,383 and the annual requirements to amortize the installment capital lease as of September 30, 2021, are as follows (In thousands):

P 25 C0		cations r	Ambu	ent - Ph	ase I		
Year Ended							
September 30	Principal		Int	erest	Total		
2022	\$	991	\$	26	\$	1,017	
Totals	\$	991	\$	26	\$	1,017	

P 25 Communications Equipment - Phase I

7. <u>Capital Lease Obligations</u> (Continued)

The County has a 2.23% interest rate lease purchase agreement for a 2015 Pierce Impel Pumper. The purchase price was \$454,473 and was delivered in October 2015. It is reported in governmental activities machinery and equipment net of accumulated depreciation of \$268,897. Payments are due monthly until December 2024. The principal balance is \$155,011, and the annual requirements to amortize the installment capital lease as of September 30, 2021, are as follows (In thousands):

	Pierce Impel Pumper									
Year Ended September 30	Pri	ncipal	Inte	erest		Total				
2022	\$	48	\$	3	\$	51				
2023		49		2		51				
2024		50		1		51				
2025		8		_		8				
Totals	\$	155	\$	6	\$	161				

The County has a 2.162% interest rate lease purchase agreement for public libraries capital improvements. The estimated cost is \$5,012,169. Payments are due monthly until March 2025. The principal balance is \$1,835,516 and the annual requirements to amortize the installment capital lease as of September 30, 2021, are as follow (In thousands):

Library Capital Improvements											
Year Ended											
September 30	P	rincipal	Int	erest		Total					
2022	\$	523	\$	35	\$	558					
2023		535		23		558					
2024		546		11		557					
2025		232		1		233					
Totals	\$	1,836	\$	70	\$	1,906					

7. <u>Capital Lease Obligations</u> (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

The County has a 2.0188% interest rate lease purchase agreement for three 2016 Pierce Impel Pumpers. The total purchase price for the three pumpers was \$1,406,204 and were delivered in December 2016. It is reported in governmental activities machinery and equipment net of accumulated depreciation of \$656,229. Payments are due annually beginning in fiscal year 2017 until January 2026. The principal balance is \$738,206, and the annual requirements to amortize the installment capital lease as of September 30, 2021, are as follow (In thousands):

T	Three Pierce Impel Pumpers									
Year Ended September 30	Pr	incipal	In	terest		Total				
2022	\$	142	\$	15	\$	157				
2023		145		12		157				
2024		148		9		157				
2025		150		6		156				
2026		153		3		156				
Totals	\$	738	\$	45	\$	783				

The County has a 1.7048% interest rate lease purchase agreement for AED – Automated Electronic Defibrillators. The purchase price was \$956,652 and is reported in governmental activities machinery and equipment net of accumulated depreciation of \$584,807. Payments are due annually beginning in fiscal year 2017 until March 2026. The principal balance is \$498,528, and the annual requirements to amortize the installment capital lease as of September 30, 2021, are as follows (In thousands):

	Defibrillators 2016									
Year Ended										
September 30	Pri	incipal	Inte	erest		Total				
2022	\$	96	\$	8	\$	104				
2023		98		7		105				
2024		100		5		105				
2025		101		4		105				
2026		103		2		105				
Totals	\$	498	\$	26	\$	524				

7. <u>Capital Lease Obligations</u> (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

The County has a 3.3916% interest rate lease purchase agreement for a 2017 Pierce Impel Pumper. The total purchase price for the pumper was \$890,593 and was delivered on December 2017. It is reported in governmental activities machinery and equipment net of accumulated depreciation of \$345,365. Payments are due annually beginning in fiscal year 2018 until September 2027. The principal balance is \$569,527, and the annual requirements to amortize the installment capital lease as of September 30, 2021, are as follow (In thousands):

Pierce Impel Pumper and Haz-Mat Vehicles										
Year Ended September 30	Pr	incipal	Int	terest		Total				
2022	\$	87	\$	19	\$	106				
2023		90		16		106				
2024		93		13		106				
2025		97		10		107				
2026		100		7		107				
2027		103		5		108				
Totals	\$	570	\$	70	\$	640				

The County has a 1.600% interest rate lease purchase agreement for communications equipment to upgrade the P25 platform for emergency communications. The total purchase price for the equipment was \$7,771,033 and is reported in governmental activities machinery and equipment net of accumulated depreciation of \$5,828,275. Payments are due annually beginning in fiscal year 2020 until December 2022. The principal balance is \$4,010,342, and the annual requirements to amortize the installment capital lease as of September 30, 2021, are as follows (In thousands):

P 25 Communications Equipment - Upgrade										
Year Ended										
September 30	Principal		Interest		Total					
2022	\$	1,989	\$	64	\$	2,053				
2023		2,021		33		2,054				
Totals	\$	4,010	\$	97	\$	4,107				

7. <u>Capital Lease Obligations</u> (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

The County has a 3.3150% interest rate lease purchase agreement for two 2018 Pierce Impel Pumpers and one Pierce Velocity 100-foot Aerial Platform. The total purchase price for the pumper was \$2,309,951 and is reported in governmental activities machinery and equipment net of accumulated depreciation of \$870,692. Payments are due annually beginning in fiscal year 2019 until June 2028. The principal balance is \$1,694,204, and the annual requirements to amortize the installment capital lease as of September 30, 2021, are as follows (In thousands):

Two Pierc	Two Pierce Impel Pumper / One Pierce Aerial											
Year Ended September 30	P	rincipal	Int	terest		Total						
2022	\$	219	\$	56	\$	275						
2023		226		49		275						
2024		234		41		275						
2025		242		33		275						
2026		249		26		275						
2027		258		17		275						
2028		266		10		276						
Totals	\$	1,694	\$	232	\$	1,926						

The County has a 3.2987% interest rate lease purchase agreement for two 2018 Pierce Velocity Pumpers. The total purchase price for the pumper was \$1,600,848 and is reported in governmental activities machinery and equipment net of accumulated depreciation of \$476,443. Payments are due annually beginning in fiscal year 2020 until November 2028. The principal balance is \$1,320,839, and the annual requirements to amortize the installment capital lease as of September 30, 2021, are as follows (In thousands):

Two Pierce Velocity Pumper										
Year Ended September 30	P	rincipal	Int	erest		Total				
2022	\$	147	\$	44	\$	191				
2023		152		39		191				
2024		157		34		191				
2025		162		29		191				
2026		167		23		190				
2027		173		18		191				
2028		179		11		190				
2029		184		6		190				
Totals	\$	1,321	\$	204	\$	1,525				

7. <u>Capital Lease Obligations</u> (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

The County has a 2.8083% interest rate lease purchase agreement for eleven vehicles and heavy equipment. The total purchase price for the vehicles was \$2,390,000 of which \$2,380,000 is reported in governmental activities machinery and equipment and \$10,000 is reported in business activities and equipment net of accumulated depreciation of \$688,678. Payments are due annually beginning in fiscal year 2020 until March 2029. The principal balance is \$1,963,437 (includes Governmental and Business-Type Activities), and the annual requirements to amortize the installment capital lease as of September 30, 2021, are as follows (In thousands):

Public We	Public Works Vehicles and Heavy Equipment												
Year Ended September 30	P	rincipal	Int	terest		Total							
2022	\$	222	\$	55	\$	277							
2023		229		49		278							
2024		235		42		277							
2025		242		36		278							
2026		248		29		277							
2027		255		22		277							
2028		262		15		277							
2029		270		8		278							
Totals	\$	1,963	\$	256	\$	2,219							

The County has a 2.5978% interest rate lease purchase agreement for ninety-three vehicles for the Sheriff's Office. The total purchase price for the vehicles was \$2,540,825 and is reported in governmental activities machinery and equipment net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,693,883. Payments are due annually beginning in fiscal year 2020 until March 2022. The principal balance is \$868,753, and the annual requirements to amortize the installment capital lease as of September 30, 2021, are as follows (In thousands):

	Sh	eriff's V	ehicles	5		
Year Ended September 30	ember 30 Princ		Int	erest]	Fotal
2022	\$	869	\$	23	\$	892
Totals	\$	869	\$	23	\$	892

7. <u>Capital Lease Obligations</u> (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

The County has a 1.7328% interest rate lease purchase agreement for vehicles and heavy-duty equipment for Countywide Road and Bridge, other Countywide Departments, and Osceola County Sheriff's Office, and the purchase and installation of specialized tools for research and development at the Center for Neovation. The total purchase price for the vehicles, heavy duty equipment, and tools was \$8,353,280 of which \$8,245,438 is reported in governmental activities machinery and equipment and \$107,842 is reported in business activities and equipment net of accumulated depreciation of \$2,222,717. Payments are due annually beginning in fiscal year 2020 until October 2024. The principal balance is \$6,663,743 (includes Governmental and Business-Type Activities), and the annual requirements to amortize the installment capital lease as of September 30, 2021, are as follows (In thousands):

Specialized	Tools	, Heavy E	Equipn	nent and	Veh	icles
Year Ended						
September 30	P	rincipal	In	terest		Total
2022	\$	1,973	\$	115	\$	2,088
2023		2,007		81		2,088
2024		1,330		47		1,377
2025		1,353		24		1,377
Totals	\$	6,663	\$	267	\$	6,930

The County has a 1.5300% interest rate lease purchase agreement for two Sutphen Custom Pumper vehicles. The total purchase price for the vehicles was \$1,070,846 and is reported in governmental activities machinery and equipment net of accumulated depreciation of \$25,496. Payments are due annually beginning in fiscal year 2021 until July 2030. The principal balance is \$970,929, and the annual requirements to amortize the installment capital lease as of September 30, 2021, are as follows (In thousands):

	Sut	ohen Custor	n Pw	npers	
Year Ended September 30]	Principal	In	terest	Total
2022	\$	101	\$	15	\$ 116
2023		103		13	116
2024		105		12	117
2025		106		10	116
2026		108		9	117
2027		109		7	116
2028		111		5	116
2029		113		3	116
2030		115		2	 117
Totals	\$	971	\$	76	\$ 1,047

7. <u>Capital Lease Obligations</u> (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

The Osceola County Sheriff's Office entered in a Lease Purchase Agreement to acquire body-worn cameras and vehicle video and communications systems for officer use. The total purchase price for the equipment was \$1,118,159 and is reported in governmental activities machinery and equipment net of accumulated depreciation of \$335,448. Payments are due annually beginning in fiscal year 2020 until January 2023. The principal balance is \$304,800 and the annual requirements to amortize the installment capital lease as of September 30, 2021, are as follows (In thousands):

	Sheriff's Body-Cameras												
Year Ended													
September 30	Pr	incipal	Int	erest	Total								
2022	\$	288	\$	17	\$	305							
Totals	\$	288	\$	17	\$	305							

The County has a 1.5380% interest rate lease purchase agreement for one Sutphen Custom Pumper vehicle. The total purchase price for the vehicle was \$539,784. Payments are due semi-annually beginning in fiscal year 2021 until March 2031. The principal balance is \$514,714, and the annual requirements to amortize the installment capital lease as of September 30, 2021, are as follows (In thousands):

	Sutp	hen Custor	n Pump	ers	
Year Ended					
September 30	P	rincipal	Inte	rest	Total
2022	\$	51	\$	8	\$ 59
2023		52		7	59
2024		52		6	58
2025		53		5	58
2026		54		5	59
2027		55		4	59
2028		56		3	59
2029		56		2	58
2030		57		1	58
2031		29		-	 29
Totals	\$	515	\$	41	\$ 556

7. <u>Capital Lease Obligations</u> (Concluded)

Governmental Funds (Concluded)

The County has a 0.5706% interest rate lease purchase for forty-seven new vehicles to be used by the Osceola County Sheriff's Office. The purchase price was \$1,453,124 and is reported in governmental activities machinery and equipment net of accumulated depreciation of \$80,729. Payments are due semi-annually beginning in fiscal year 2022 until August 2024. The principal balance is \$1,453,124, and the annual requirements to amortize the installment capital lease as of September 30, 2021, are as follows (In thousands):

	S	heriff's V	ehicles	5	
Year Ended					
September 30	P	rincipal	Int	erest	Total
2022	\$	482	\$	8	\$ 490
2023		484		5	489
2024		487		2	 489
Totals	\$	1,453	\$	15	\$ 1,468

The County has a 0.7529% interest rate lease purchase for nine new vehicles and heavy equipment to be used by various County Departments. The purchase price was \$1,472,555 and is reported in governmental activities machinery and equipment net of accumulated depreciation of \$35,060.84. Payments are due annually beginning in fiscal year 2022 until August 2024. The principal balance is \$1,472,555, and the annual requirements to amortize the installment capital lease as of September 30, 2021, are as follows (In thousands):

Ve	hicles	and Hea	vy Eq	uipment		
Year Ended September 30	P	rincipal	In	terest		Total
2022	\$	290	\$	11	\$	301
2023	Ŷ	292	Ψ	8	Ŷ	300
2024		294		6		300
2025		297		4		301
2026		300		2		302
Totals	\$	1,473	\$	31	\$	1,504

The Osceola County Sheriff's Office entered in a Lease Purchase Agreement to acquire body-worn cameras and tasers for officer use. The total purchase price for the equipment was \$1,601,422 and is reported in governmental activities machinery and equipment. Payments are due annually beginning in fiscal year 2021 until September 2025. The principal balance is \$1,256,376 and the annual requirements to amortize the installment capital lease as of September 30, 2021, are as follows (In thousands):

	Sher	iff's Body	-Cam	eras			
Year Ended							
September 30	Principal		Interest		Total		
2022	\$	8	\$	32	\$	40	
2023		596		54		650	
2024		320		25		345	
2025		332		12		344	
Totals	\$	1,256	\$	123	\$	1,379	

8. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended on September 30, 2021, are as follows (In thousands):

Transfers to General Fund from	
Tourist Development Tax Fund	\$ 2,422
Countywide Fire District	3,050
Mobility Fee East and West Zone Fund	31
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	9,773
Proprietary Funds	 1,754
Total Transfers to General Fund	\$ 17,030
Transfers to Tourist Development Tax Fund from	
General Fund	\$ 472
Total Transfers to Tourist Development Tax Fund	\$ 472
Transfers to Countywide Fire District Fund from	
General Fund	\$ 6,002
Total Transfers to Countywide Fire District Fund	\$ 6,002
Transfers to Nonmajor Governmental Funds from	
General Fund	\$ 54,945
Tourist Development Tax Fund	7,064
Countywide Fire District	14,216
Proprietary Funds	44
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 15,681
Total Transfers to Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 91,950
Total Transfers to Governmental Funds	\$ 115,454
Transfers to Proprietary Funds from	
General Fund	\$ 162
Tourist Development Tax Fund	1
Countywide Fire District	120
Mobility Fee East and West Zone Fund	1,500
Proprietary Funds	1
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 47
Total Transfers to Proprietary Funds	\$ 1,831
Total Transfers	\$ 117,285

Generally, transfers are used to:

- Move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them.
- Move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the Debt Service Fund.
- Use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

All interfund transfers are budgeted. They are adopted by the Board of County Commissioners as part of the annual budget.

9. General Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt at September 30, 2021 (In thousands):

Fund	Debt	Principal Balance October 01, 2020	Additions	Deductions	Principal Balance September 30, 2021	Amount Due Within One Year	Amount Due After One Year
	Governmental-Type Activities Bonds						
201	Limited General Obligation						
	Refunding Bonds, Series 2015	\$ 6,300	\$-	\$ 995	\$ 5,305	\$ 1,020	\$ 4,285
250	Limited General Obligation						
	Refunding Bonds, Series 2020	9,580	-	-	9,580	1,880	7,700
239	Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue						
	Refunding Bonds, Series 2011	10,305	-	3,280	7,025	3,425	3,600
241	Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue	21.250			10 -07	4.550	14015
244	Refunding Bonds, Series 2015	24,360	-	4,675	19,685	4,770	14,915
244	Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue	10.000		250	0.740	262	0.279
124	Refunding Bonds, Series 2017	10,096	-	356	9,740	362	9,378
134	Public Improvement Revenue	17,715		1,320	16 205	1,345	15.050
246	Bonds, Series 2016A Public Improvement Revenue	17,715	-	1,520	16,395	1,545	15,050
240	Bonds, Series 2017	25,230	_	565	24,665	575	24,090
251	Public Improvement Revenue	23,230	-	505	24,005	515	24,000
231	Bonds, Series 2020	3,850	_	_	3,850	525	3,325
211	Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A	57,725	-	530	57,195	525	
		51,125	-	550	57,195	370	56,625
242	Sales Tax Revenue Refunding	20.205		1 205	26,000	1.055	25.545
245	Bonds, Series 2016A Salas Tay Payanya Pafunding Bonds	38,205	-	1,305	36,900	1,355	35,545
245	Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2017	18,989		3,651	15,338	3,723	11,615
204	Tourist Development Tax (Fifth Cent)	18,989	-	3,031	15,558	5,725	11,015
204	Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, (RIDA						
	Conference Center Phase One Project)	520	-	255	265	265	-
247	Tourist Development Tax (Fifth Cent)	020		200	200	200	
	Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019,						
	(RIDA Conference Center Phase One Project)	11,595	-	-	11,595	-	11,595
240	Tourist Development Tax Revenue						
	Refunding & Improvement Bonds,						
	Series 2012	56,750	-	3,065	53,685	3,215	50,470
243	Tourist Development Tax (Fifth Cent)						
	Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, (RIDA)						
2.40	Conference Center Phase Two Project)	21,795	-	530	21,265	545	20,720
249	Capital Improvement Revenue	104 546		2 (12	100.004	2 70 4	07.120
210	Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 West 192 Redevelopment Area	104,546	-	3,642	100,904	3,784	97,120
210	Municipal Service Benefit Unit						
	Special Assessments Bonds						
	(Phase IIC), Series 2003	1,100	-	270	830	45	785
	(1 mase ne), series 2000						
	Subtotal Governmental Bonds						
	Payable	418,661	-	24,439	394,222	27,404	366,818
	Plus (Less) Unamortized Bond	,			,	*	
	Premium (Discount)	13,380		921	12,459	921	11,538
	Total Governmental-Type Bonds						
	and Unamortized Charges	\$ 432,041	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 25,360	\$ 406,681	\$ 28,325	\$ 378,356

9. <u>General Long-Term Debt</u> (Continued)

Fund	Debt	B Oct	rincipal alance tober 01, 2020	A	Additions	De	eductions]	Principal Balance tember 30, 2021	N N	mount Due /ithin e Year		Amount Due After ne Year
	Business-Type Activities Bonds												
407	Transportation Improvement and Refunding Revenue Bonds (Osceola Parkway)												
	Series 2019A1-2 Subtotal Business-Type Bonds	\$	308,827	\$	-	\$		<u>\$</u>	308,827	\$	1,850	\$	306,97
	Payable Plus (Less) Unamortized Bond		308,827		-		-		308,827		1,850		306,97
	Premium (Discount)		26,677		-		785		25,892				25,89
	Total Business-Type Bonds and Unamortized Bond Premium		335,504		_		785		334,719		1,850		332,86
	Total Governmental and												
	Business-Type Net Bonds	\$	767,545	\$		\$	26,145	\$	741,400	\$	30,175	\$	711,22
	Other Long-Term Debt Governmental-Type Activities												
	Capital Lease P25 Communications Equipment	\$	1,957	¢		\$	966	¢	991	\$	991	\$	
	2015 Pierce Pumper Truck	Ф	202	ф	-	φ	900 47	ф	155	ф	48	ф	- 10
	2015 Library Capital Improvements		2,348		-		512		1,836		523		1,31
	2015 Library Capital Implovements 2016 Pierce Pumper Trucks		2,348		-		139		738		142		1,5
	2016 Fire Chest Compression System &		0//		-		139		/30		142		5
	1 V		502				05		498		96		4
	LifePak Monitors, Defibrillators 2017 Pierce Pumper Truck		593 654		-		95 84		498 570		90 87		
	2017 P25 Communications Equipment,		034		-		04		570		0/		4
			5 0 6 9				1.059		4.010		1 090		20
	Upgrade		5,968		-		1,958		4,010		1,989		2,0
	2018 Pierce Pumper Trucks / Pierce Aerial		1,906		-		212 142		1,694		219 147		1,4
	2018 Pierce Velocity Pumper Trucks		1,463		-		142		1,321		14/		1,1
	2019 Public Works Vehicles and Heavy		2,171				215		1,956		221		1,7
	Equipment 2019 Sheriff Vehicles		1,716		-		847		1,930 869		869		1,7
			1,/10		-		047		809		809		
	2019 Public Works Vehicles, Sheriff's Vehicles,		8,245				1,671		6,574		1,951		4,6
	and Specialized Tools		6,243 5,352		-		221		5,131		514		
	2020 Toho Water Authority Loan		3,332 1,071		-		100		971		101		4,6 8
	2020 Sutphen Custom Pumper Trucks		559		-		271		288		288		0
	2020 Sheriff Body-Cameras		559		540		271						4
	2021 Sutphen Pumper Truck 2021 Sheriff Vehicles		-				25		515		51 482		4 9
	2021 Suerin Venicles 2021 Countywide Vehicles		-		1,453		-		1,453		402		9
	and Heavy Equipment				1,473				1,473		290		1,1
			-		1,475		345				290		
	2021 Sheriff Body-Cameras		-		1,001		545		1,256		0		1,2
	FL Department of Transportation		10 654				970		10 775		001		17.0
	SIB Loan - Sunrail		19,654		-		879		18,775		901		17,8
	Other Post Employment Benefits		37,589		4,255		-		41,844		-		41,8
	Pension Liability-FRS		283,482				238,512		44,970		-		44,9
	Health Insurance Subsidy-FRS		51,805		340		-		52,145		-		52,14
	Compensated Absences:												
	Board of County Commissioners		12,660		9,479		9,141		12,998		2,080		10,9
	Clerk of the Court		773		725		813		685		110		5
	Tax Collector		855		584		565		874		140		7
	Sheriff		9,505		5,641		5,920		9,226		1,476		7,7
	Property Appraiser		298		295		257		336		54		2
	Supervisor of Elections		88		86		84		90		14		
	Total Other Long-Term Debt												
	Governmental-Type Activities	\$	451,791	\$	26,472	\$	264,021	\$	214,242	\$	13,792	\$	200,4

9. <u>General Long-Term Debt</u> (Continued)

Fund	Debt	I	Principal Balance stober 01, 2020	A	dditions	De	eductions	Principal Balance otember 30, 2021	V	mount Due Vithin ne Year	Amount Due After Dne Year
	Other Long-Term Business-Type										
	Activities										
	Landfill Closure	\$	11,624	\$	-	\$	624	\$ 11,000	\$	526	\$ 10,474
	Other Post Employment Benefits		203		86		-	289		-	289
	Compensated Absences										
	Board of County Commissioners		190		131		106	215		45	170
	2019 Public Works Vehicles and Heavy										
	Equipment		9		-		1	8		1	7
	2019 Public Works Vehicles, Sheriff's Vehicles, and Specialized Tools		108				19	 89		22	 67
	Total Other Long-Term Debt										
	Business-Type Activities	\$	12,134	\$	217	\$	750	\$ 11,601	\$	594	\$ 11,007
	Total Governmental and Business-										
	Type Long-Term Debt & Liabilities	\$	1,231,470	\$	26,689	\$	290,916	\$ 967,243	\$	44,561	\$ 922,682
	Total Governmental and Business-										
	Type Long-Term Debt	\$	822,398	\$	5,067	\$	34,894	\$ 792,571	\$	40,116	\$ 752,455

Principal and Interest Requirement to Maturity

The following are the annual debt requirements as of September 30, 2021 (In thousands):

	0	sceola Co	unty	Total		
Year Ended Long-Term Debt						
September 30	Principal		I	nterest	_	Total
2022	\$	40,901	\$	22,468	\$	63,369
2023		40,121		21,317		61,438
2024		38,513		20,201		58,714
2025		38,690		19,152		57,842
2026		25,641		18,308		43,949
2027-2031		127,499		82,833		210,332
2032-2036		132,804		71,112		203,916
2037-2041		125,576		64,992		190,568
2042-2046		95,928		65,960		161,888
2047-2051		71,418		62,661		134,079
2052-2055	_	55,480		47,952	1	103,432
	\$	792,571	\$	496,956	\$	1,289,527

9. <u>General Long-Term Debt</u> (Continued)		
A. Governmental-Type Activities General Obligation Bonds		
		\$8,445,000 Limited General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015, (201), dated April 22, 2015, of which a principal portion is due on October 1 of each year beginning in 2016 through 2025. Interest of 2.230% due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. Issued to refinance a portion of outstanding Osceola County, Limited General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006, which was issued to finance the cost of acquisition of environmentally significant lands for the protection of water resources, wildlife habitat and public green space for passive recreation within the County, and pay associated costs of issuance of the Series 2015 bond; payable from voter approved ad valorem tax revenues. Par amount of refunded bonds was \$7,890,000, and present value of economic gain was \$700,130. Funds required to be deposited in an escrow account were \$8,369,750.
\$9,580,000 Limited General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2020, (250), dated July 23, 2020, of which a principal portion is due on October 1 of each year beginning in 2021 through 2025. Interest of 1.030% due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. Issued to completely refinance the outstanding Osceola County, Limited General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010, which was issued to refinance previously issued Osceola County, Florida Revenue Note, Draw No A-1-1 (Limited Obligation), dated November 1, 2007, and Osceola County Florida Note, draw A-1-2 (Limited Obligation), dated February 28, 2008, both of which originally financed the acquisition of environmentally significant lands for the protection of water resources, wildlife habitat, and public green space for passive recreation within the County, and pay associated costs of issuance of the Series 2020 bond; payable from voter approved ad valorem tax revenues.	\$9,580	
Revenue Bonds		
\$29,500,000 Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011, (239), dated December 9, 2011, of which a principal portion is due October 1 of each year beginning in 2013 through 2022. Interest of 5.000% due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1; unamortized premium of \$301,765 at September 30, 2021. Issued to provide funds to advance refund a portion of the County's outstanding Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Bonds, Series 2002, and pay costs associated with the issuance of the Series 2011 Bonds; payable from one cent local infrastructure sales surtax revenues distributed to the County.	\$7,025	

\$26,170,000 Infrastructure Sales Surtax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015, (241), dated April 22, 2015, of which a principal portion is due October 1 of each year beginning in 2015 through 2024. Interest of 2.240% due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. Issued to refinance a portion of outstanding Osceola County, Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Bonds, Series 2007, and Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, which were issued to finance a portion of the cost of acquisition, construction and equipping of certain transportation improvements within the County; and pay costs associated with the issuance of the Series 2015 Bonds; payable from one cent local infrastructure sales surtax revenues distributed to the County. Par amount of refunded bonds was \$23,530,000, and net present value of economic gain was \$2,187,605. Amount required to be deposited in an escrow account was \$26,071,206.

\$19,685

9. General Long-Term Debt (Continued)	Outstanding Principal Balance	
A. Governmental-Type Activities (Continued)		
Revenue Bonds (Continued)	09/30/2021 (In thousands)	
\$19,062,000 Infrastructure Sales Surtax Refunding Bonds, Series 2017, (244), dated July 12, 2017, of which a principal portion is due October 1 of each year beginning in 2018 through 2024. Interest at 1.940% due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. Issued to refinance a portion of outstanding Osceola County, Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Bonds, Series 2007, which were issued to finance a portion of the cost of acquisition, construction and equipping of certain transportation improvements within the County; and pay costs associated with the issuance of the Series 2017 Bonds; payable from one cent local infrastructure sales surtax revenues distributed to the County. Par amount of refunded bonds was \$18,775,000, and net present value of economic gain was \$1,964,535. Amount required to be deposited in an escrow account was \$19,218,601.	\$9,740	
\$21,500,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A, (134), dated September 22, 2016, of which a principal portion is due October 1 of each year beginning in 2017 through 2031. Interest at 2.040% due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1, commencing April 1, 2017. Issued to finance the acquisition, construction and equipping of (including, without limitations, fire trucks and related vehicles), and various public improvements to, county fire stations and fire and rescue training facilities, and pay costs associated with the issuance bonds, payable from budgeted Non-Ad Valorem Revenues.	\$16,395	
\$26,315,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2017, (246), dated October 11, 2017, of which a principal portion is due October 1 of each year beginning in 2018 through 2047. Interest of 1.690% to 3.969% due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1, commencing April 1, 2018. Issued to finance the construction and equipping of an office building adjacent to an existing research and development center and any other related and ancillary facility, and to pay costs associated with the issuance of the Series 2017, payable from budgeted Non-Ad Valorem Revenues.	\$24,665	
\$3,850,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2020, (251), dated August 21, 2020, of which a principal portion is due October 1 of each year beginning in 2021 through 2027. Interest of 1.180% due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1, commencing April 1, 2021. Issued to provide for the acquisition and improvement of certain governmental facilities to house the County's Human Services Department, and to pay costs associated with the issuance of the Series 2020, payable from budgeted Non-Ad Valorem Revenues.	\$3,850	
\$58,660,000 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A, (211), dated March 26, 2015, of which a portion is due on October 1 of each year beginning in 2019 through 2045. Interest of 3.375% to 5.000% due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1; unamortized premium of \$6,115,476 at September 30, 2021. Issued to finance the costs of acquisition, construction and installation of a center for technology research and development and related and ancillary site and transportation improvements, and pay costs associated with the issuance of the Series 2015A Bonds, including, but not limited to, the premium for the Series 2015A Policy. Payable from the Local Government Half-Cent Sales Tax Trust Fund.	\$57,195	

9. <u>General Long-Term Debt</u> (Continued)		
A. Governmental-Type Activities (Continued)		
Revenue Bonds – (<i>Continued</i>)	09/30/2021 (In thousands)	
\$39,465,000 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A, (242), dated April 21, 2016, of which a portion is due on October 1 of each year beginning in 2019 through 2038. Interest at 3.125% to 5.000% due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year, commencing October 1, 2016; unamortized premium of \$3,434,379 at September 30, 2021. Issued to provide funds to advance refund the County's Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 and pay costs associated with the issuance of the Series 2016A Bonds; payable from the Local Government Half-Cent Sales Tax Trust Fund.	\$36,900	
\$26,079,000 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017, (245), dated August 16, 2017, of which a portion is due on October 1 of each year beginning in 2018 through 2024. Interest at 1.980% due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year, commencing October 1, 2017. Issued to provide funds to advance refund the County's Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 and pay costs associated with the issuance of the Series 2017 Bonds; payable from the Local Government Half-Cent Sales Tax Trust Fund	\$15,338	
\$12,565,000 Tourist Development Tax (Fifth Cent) Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, (Rida Conference Center Phase One Project), (204), dated February 1, 2012, of which a portion is due October 1 of each year beginning in 2012 through 2041. Interest of 4.250% to 6.440% due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1; unamortized discount of \$52,911 at September 30, 2021. Issued to provide funds to finance the acquisition, construction and equipping of an approximately 55,000 square foot Class A conference center located adjacent to the Omni Orlando Resort at Champions Gate as part of the Rida Conference Center, fund a deposit into the Rida Senior Lien Reserve Account Subaccount, and pay costs associated with the issuance of the Series 2012 Bonds; payable from the fifth cent of the tourist development tax revenues distributed to the County and the RIDA Special Assessments. This bond was partially refunded with Tourist Development Tax (Fifth Cent) Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019, (Rida Conference Center Phase One Project), balance of un-refunded bond is \$760,000, last principal payment due on October 1, 2021.	\$265	
\$11,595,000 Tourist Development Tax (Fifth Cent) Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019, (Rida Conference Center Phase One Project), (247), dated July 17, 2019, of which a portion is due October 1 of each year beginning in 2019 through 2041; \$6,715,000 in Serial Bonds due October 1, 2022; and \$4,880,000 in Term Bonds due October 1, 2041. Interest of 2.127% to 3.528% due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. Issued for the purpose of providing funds, together with other legally available funds, to refund a portion of the Taxable Tourist Development Tax (Fifth Cent) Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 (Rida Conference Center Phase One Project), and pay costs associated with the issuance of the Series 2019 Bonds, including the premium for an insurance policy. The refunding of this bond produced aggregate Debt Service Savings in the amount of \$3,313,552 and Net Present Value Savings totaling \$2,297,391.	\$11,595	

9. <u>General Long-Term Debt</u> (Continued)	Outstanding Principal	
A. Governmental-Type Activities (Concluded)	Balance 09/30/2021	
Revenue Bonds – (Concluded)		
\$74,790,000 Tourist Development Tax Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2012, (240), dated July 31, 2012, of which a portion is due October 1 of each year beginning 2013 through 2034; \$3,785,000 in Term Bonds due October 1, 2034. Interest at 4.000% to 5.000% due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1; unamortized premium of \$2,660,119 at September 30, 2021. Issued for the purpose of providing funds, to refund a portion of the Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2002A and Subordinated Tourist Development Revenue Bond, Series 2009, finance and refinance the costs of acquisition, construction and equipping of certain capital improvements in the County, and pay costs associated with the issuance of the Series 2012 Bonds; payable from certain proceeds of tourist development tax revenues distributed to the County.	\$53,685	
\$23,325,000 Tourist Development Tax (Fifth Cent) Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, (Rida Conference Center Phase Two Project), (243), dated June 8, 2016, of which a portion is due October 1 of each year beginning in 2017 through 2045; \$1,515,000 in Term Bonds due October 1, 2032; \$2,510,000 Term Bonds due October 1, 2035; \$4,935,000 Term Bonds due on October 1, 2040; and \$6,095,000 Term Bonds due on October 1, 2045. Interest of 1.901% to 4.342% due semi-annually in April 1 and October 1. Issued to provide funds to finance the acquisition, construction and equipping of a new "Class A" conference center located adjacent to Rida Phase One Conference Center, fund deposit into the Rida Senior Lien Reserve Account Subaccount and pay costs associated with the issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds, payable from the fifth cent of the tourist development tax revenues distributed to the County and the RIDA Special Assessments.	\$21,265	
\$104,546,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019, (249), dated October 2, 2019, of which a principal portion is due October 1 of each year beginning in 2020 through 2039. Interest of 3.620% due semi-annually in April 1 and October 1. Issued to completely refinance the Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A, and Taxable Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds Series 2009B (Federally Taxable - Build America Bonds -Direct Subsidy), and 2009C (Federally Taxable – Build America Bonds -Direct Subsidy), and 2009C (Federally Taxable – Build America Bonds - Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds - Direct Subsidy), and pay costs associated with the issuance of the Series 2019 Bonds. Payable from the proceeds of the local communications services tax levied by the County pursuant to Sections 202.19, 202.20 and 337.401, Florida Statutes, (excluding the communications services tax levied pursuant to Section 202.20 (3), Florida Statues), and Resolution No. 00/01-143 adopted by the Board on July 2, 2001, (the "Communications Services Tax Revenues") and the proceeds of the public service tax levied by the County pursuant to Section 166.231, Florida Statutes, the Act and Ordinance No. 6-15 enacted by the Board on May 1, 2006 (but not including the Communications Services Tax collected pursuant to Chapter 202, Florida Statutes, or Public Service tax retained by other entities pursuant to the Interlocal Agreements), and any additional security provided by the County pursuant to the Resolution.	\$100,904	

9. General Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Special Assessments Bonds

\$4,415,000 West 192 Redevelopment Area Municipal Service Benefit Unit Special Assessment Bonds (Phase IIC), Series 2003 (210), dated July 11, 2003, of which a portion is due on November 1 of each year beginning in 2007 through 2033; \$135,000 in Term Bonds due November 1, 2011; \$705,000 in Term Bonds due November 1, 2019; \$620,000 in Term Bonds due November 1, 2024; \$1,660,000 in Term Bonds due November 1, 2033. Interest at 5.000% to 5.500% due semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 beginning 2007 through 2033. Issued to complete installation of roadway landscaping and street lighting, pedestrian pathways, and crosswalks, roadway signage and transit facilities in the Phase IIC Benefit area. The project is part of an overall redevelopment effort of the County to enhance the commercial viability of the West 192 MSBU; payable from the proceeds of capital special assessments lawfully levied and collected by the County upon property benefited by the 2003 Phase IIC project.

B. Business-Type Activities

\$308,827,342 Transportation Improvement and Refunding Revenue Bonds (Osceola Parkway), Series 2019A1-2 (407), dated January 9, 2020, of which a principal portion is due October 1 of each year beginning in 2021 through 2054. Interest at 2.100% to 5.000% due semi-annually on April 1, and October 1; unamortized premium of \$25,892,576 at September 30, 2021. Issued to providing funds to refund the outstanding Osceola County, Florida Transportation Improvement Refunding Revenue Bond (Osceola Parkway Project), Series 2014, to prepay certain obligations due to Reedy Creek Improvement District pursuant to the 2004 Parkway Agreement, to pay certain costs of the County's Roads improvements, to fund the Series 2019A Reserve Account Subaccount in the Reserve Account, to make a deposit into the Operation and Maintenance Reserve Account, to make a deposit into the Renewal and Replacement Account, and to pay the costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the Series 2019 Bonds; payable from the proceeds of the net revenues of Osceola Parkway.

C. Other Governmental-Type Long-Term Debt

The Board has a 2.65% interest rate lease purchase for communications equipment to migrate to a P25 platform for emergency communications. The purchase price was \$11,837,938. Payments are due annually until 2021.	\$991
The Board has a 2.23% interest rate lease purchase for a 2016 Pierce Impel Pumper Truck to be used by the County Fire District. The purchase price was \$454,473. Payments are due annually until 2024.	\$155
The Board has a 2.162% interest rate lease purchase for Library Improvements to be used by the Osceola County Libraries. The price of the lease is \$5,012,169. Payments are due annually until 2025.	\$1,836
The Board has a 2.0188% interest rate lease purchase for three (3) 2017 Pierce Impel Pumper Trucks to be used by the County Fire District. The purchase price was \$1,406,204.00. Payments are due annually until 2026.	\$738
The Board has a 1.7048% interest rate lease purchase for Lucas2 Chest Compression System and LifePak Monitors, Defibrillator and related components to be used by the County Fire District. The purchase price was \$956.652. Payments are due annually until 2026.	\$498

Outstanding Principal Balance 09/30/2021 (In thousands)

\$830

9. <u>General Long-Term Debt</u> (Continued)	Outstanding Principal Balance 09/30/2021
C. Other Governmental-Type Long-Term Debt (Continued)	(In thousands)
The Board has a 3.3916% taxable interest rate lease purchase for (i) one New Engine Pierce Impel Pumper and (ii) one Haz/Mat Pierce Kenworth Rescue vehicle and related components to be used by the County Fire District. The purchase price was \$890,593. Payments are due annually until 2027.	\$570
The Board has a 1.600% interest rate lease purchase for Communications Equipment Upgrade project for emergency communications. The lease amount was \$7,771,033. Payments are due annually beginning December 2019 until December2022.	\$4,010
The Board has a 3.3150% interest rate lease purchase for two (2) new Engine Pierce Impel Pumper and one (1) new Pierce Velocity Aerial 100' Platform vehicles and related components to be used by the County Fire District. The purchase price was \$2,309,951. Payments are due annually until 2028.	\$1,694
The Board has a 3.2987% interest rate lease purchase for two (2) new Engine Pierce Velocity Pumper vehicles and related components to be used by the County Fire District. The purchase price was \$1,600,848. Payments are due annually until 2028.	\$1,321
The Board has a 2.8083% interest rate lease purchase for eleven (11) new Vehicles and Heavy Equipment to be used by the Public Works – Road and Bridge Department. The purchase price was \$2,390,000 and a portion of this lease is presented in the "Other Business-Type Long-Term Debt." Payments are due annually until 2029.	\$1,956
The Board has a 2.5978% interest rate lease purchase for ninety three (93) new Vehicles to be used by the Osceola County Sheriff's Office. The purchase price was \$2,540,825 and a portion of this lease is presented in the "Other Business-Type Long-Term Debt." Payments are due annually until 2022.	\$869
The Board has a 1.7328% interest rate lease purchase for four (4) Specialized Tools, thirty- one (31) new Vehicles and Heavy Equipment to be used by various County Departments, and seventy-one (71) new Vehicles to be used by the Osceola County Sheriff's Office. The purchase price was \$8,353,280. Payments are due annually until 2024.	\$6,574
The Board has a 1.5000% interest rate loan provided to fund construction costs related to the Lake Toho Water Restoration Project pursuant to the Amended and Restated Interlocal Agreement with Tohopekaliga Water Authority (TWA). The Loan amount was \$5,500,000. Repayment will be made through the annual TWA PILOT payments to the County.	\$5,131
The Board has a 1.5300% interest rate lease purchase for two (2) new Sutphen Custom Pumpers vehicles and related components to be used by the County Fire District. The purchase price was \$1,070,846. Payments are due annually until 2030.	\$971
The Osceola County Sheriff's Office entered in a Lease Purchase Agreement to acquire body- worn cameras and vehicle video and communications systems for officer use. The purchase price was \$1,118,159. Payments are due annually until 2023.	\$288
The Board has a 1.5380% interest rate lease purchase for one (1) new Sutphen Custom Pumper vehicle and related components to be used by the County Fire District. The purchase price was \$539,784. Payments are due annually until 2031.	\$515

9. <u>General Long-Term Debt</u> (Continued)	Outstanding Principal Balance 09/30/2021
C. Other Governmental-Type Long-Term Debt (Concluded)	(In thousands)
The Board has a 0.5706% interest rate lease purchase for forty-seven (47) new Vehicles to be used by the Osceola County Sheriff's Office. The purchase price was \$1,453,124. Payments are due annually until 2024.	\$1,453
The Board has a 0.7529% interest rate lease purchase for nine (9) new Vehicles and Heavy Equipment to be used by various County Departments. The purchase price was \$1,472,555. Payments are due annually until 2026.	\$1,473
The Osceola County Sheriff's Office entered in a Lease Purchase Agreement to acquire body- worn cameras and vehicle video and communications systems for officer use. The purchase price was \$1,601,422. Payments are due annually until 2025.	\$1,256
State Infrastructure Bank Loan Agreement (SIB) with the State of Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT), under which FDOT will provide a \$22,182,000 loan (SIB) loan for the County's portion of the construction of 9.6 miles of track as part of Phase 2 of the SunRail project. The SIB Loan will be secured only by the County's covenant to budget and appropriate Local Option Gas Tax revenue to pay for the debt service.	\$18,775
Other Post Employment Benefit, for complete disclosure requirements see Notes to Financial Statements Number 16.	\$41,844
Pension Liability. The County reported a liability of \$44,970,256 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability with the Florida Retirement System as required by the implementation of GASB 68. Total amount was recorded in the governmental activities as it was immaterial for the business-type activities. The net position liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the County's 2020-2021 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2013-2021 fiscal year contributions for all participating members.	\$44,970
Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) – FRS. The County reported a liability of \$52,144,876 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan net pension liability with the Florida Retirement System as required by the implementation of GASB 68. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the County's 2020-2021 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2013-2021 fiscal year contributions of all participating members.	\$52,145
Compensated absences. The valuation of accrued leave benefits is calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16. The liability is typically liquidated with the resources of the same fund that has paid the applicable employee's regular salaries and fringe benefits. The current portion of the accrued compensated absences liability is estimated based on the percentage of employee's resignations and retirements over the previous years.	\$24,209
D. Other Business-Type Long-Term Debt	
Leadfill ale and for a surglete disale and a surglete state of Niete to Discussion of the	¢11.000

Landfill closure, for complete disclosure requirements see Notes to Financial Statements \$11,000 Number 10.

 9. <u>General Long-Term</u> Debt (<i>Concluded</i>) D. Other Business-Type Long-Term Debt (<i>Concluded</i>) 	Outstanding Principal Balance 09/30/2021 (In thousands)
Other Post Employment Benefit, for complete disclosure requirements see Notes to Financial Statements Number 16.	\$289
Compensated absences. The valuation of accrued leave benefits is calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16. The liability is typically liquidated with the resources of the same fund that has paid the applicable employee's regular salaries and fringe benefits. The current portion of the accrued compensated absences liability is estimated based on the percentage of employee's resignations and retirements over the previous years.	\$215
The Board has a 2.8083% interest rate lease purchase for eleven (11) new Vehicles and Heavy Equipment to be used by the Public Works – Road and Bridge Department. The purchase price was \$2,390,000. Payments are due annually until 2029.	\$8
The Board has a 1.7328% interest rate lease purchase for four (4) Specialized Tools, thirty- one (31) new Vehicles and Heavy Equipment to be used by various County Departments, and seventy-one (71) new Vehicles to be used by the Osceola County Sheriff's Office. The purchase price was \$8,353,280. Payments are due annually until 2024.	\$89

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9. <u>General Long-Term Debt</u> (Continued)

Pledged Revenues Disclosure for GASB 48 (In thousands)

			Term of
Governmental-Type Activities	Purpose of Issue	Revenue Pledged	Commitment
201 Limited General Obligation			
Bonds, Series 2015	Refunding	Ad-valorem Revenues (voted)	2016-2026
250 Limited General Obligation Refunding	5	~ /	
Bonds, Series 2020	Refunding	Ad-valorem Revenues (voted)	2020-2025
239 Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue	C C		
Refunding Bonds, Series 2011	Refunding	Local Infrastructure Sales Surtax	2011-2023
241 Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue			
Refunding Bonds, Series 2015	Refunding	Local Infrastructure Sales Surtax	2016-2025
244 Infrastructure Sales Surtax			
Refunding Bonds, Series 2017	Refunding	Local Infrastructure Sales Surtax	2018-2024
211 Sales Tax Refunding Revenue	C		
Bonds, Series 2015A	Capital Acquisitions	Sales Tax Revenue	2016-2045
242 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding	capital find another	20102 101100 0000	2010 2010
Bonds, Series 2016A	Refunding	Sales Tax Revenue	2016-2039
245 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding	5		
Bonds, Series 2017	Refunding	Sales Tax Revenue	2018-2024
204 Tourist Development Tax (Fifth Cent)	c		
Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, (Rida		Tourist Development Tax	
Conference Center Phase One Project)	Capital Acquisitions	and Special Assessments	2012-2022
247 Tourist Development Tax (Fifth Cent)			
Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012,			
(RIDA Conference Center Phase One		Tourist Development Tax	
Project)	Refunding	and Special Assessments	2019-2042
240 Tourist Development Tax Revenue			
Refunding & Improvement Bonds,	Refunding and		
Series 2012	Capital Improvement	Tourist Development Tax	2012-2035
243 Tourist Development Tax (Fifth Cent)			
Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, (Rida		Tourist Development Tax	0016 0046
Conference Center Phase Two Project)	Capital Acquisitions	and Special Assessments Communications Service Tax	2016-2046
249 Capital Improvement Revenue	Definding	and Public Service Tax	2010 2040
Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 210 West 192 Redevelopment Area	Refunding	and Public Service Tax	2010-2040
Municipal Service Benefit Unit			
Special Assessments Bonds,	Redevelopment		
Series 2003	West 192 Road	Special Assessments	2003-2034
	west 192 Road	Special Assessments	2003-2034
Total Governmental-Type Activities			
Business-Type Activities			
407 Transportation Improvement and Refunding			
Revenue Bonds (Osceola Parkway)	Refunding and Improvement	T-11- D	2020 2054
Series 2019A1-2	County Roads	Tolls Revenue	2020-2054
Total Business-Type Activities			

Notes

⁽¹⁾ See Schedule of Debt Services Requirements

⁽²⁾ Debt service includes extraordinary redemptions

9. <u>General Long-Term Debt</u> (Concluded)

	Lmount Issued	Interest Rates	Amount Outstanding and/or Pledged (Includes Interest) ⁽¹⁾	Total Pledged Revenue Estimated	% Amount Outstanding and/or Pledged to Total Pledged Revenue	Total Pledged Revenue Recognized For Year 2021	Debt Service as Portion of Revenue Pledged ⁽²⁾ For Year 2021
				·			
\$	8,445	2.230%	\$ 5,606	\$ 14,855	37.74%	\$ 2,971	37.83%
	9,580	1.030%	9,828	14,855	66.16%	2,971	2.29%
	29,500	5.000%	7,366	76,002	9.69%	38,001	9.72%
	26,170	2.240%	20,578	152,004	13.54%	38,001	13.60%
	19,062	1.940%	10,279	152,004	6.76%	38,001	1.44%
	58,660	3.375% - 5.000%	99,665	581,688	17.13%	24,237	13.81%
	39,465	3.000% - 5.000%	52,683	436,266	12.08%	24,237	12.04%
	26,079	1.980%	15,953	96,948	16.46%	24,237	16.47%
	12,565	4.250%	271	158,508	0.17%	7,548	3.60%
	11,595	2.130% - 3.530%	16,154	158,508	10.19%	7,548	4.72%
	74,790	4.000% - 5.000%	69,478	308,669	22.51%	22,048	24.82%
	23,325	2.049% - 4.342%	34,133	188,700	18.09%	7,548	18.22%
	104,546	3.620%	139,472	454,651	30.68%	23,929	30.76%
\$	4,415 448,197	5.000% - 5.500%	1,159 \$ 482,625	4,082	28.39%	314	35.99%
\$ \$	308,827 308,827	2.100% - 5.000%	\$ 648,805 \$ 648,805	462,298	140.34%	13,597	54.53%

10. Landfill Post Closure Costs

The County is required by federal and state laws and regulations to place a final cover on closed landfill areas and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions for up to 30 years after closure.

GASB Statement No. 18, Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-closure Care Costs, requires the County to estimate the post-closure care costs. The County obtains these estimates from its consulting engineers and adjusts for inflation. The liability associated with these costs is recognized in the Environmental Services (Landfill) Enterprise Fund. Actual costs may be different due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in laws and regulations.

The following schedule reflects the payments and changes in estimates for the year ended September 30, 2021:

	Balance ober 1, 2020	 Payments & Changes in Estimates	Septe	Balance mber 30, 2021
Post-Closure Costs Bass Road Landfill	\$ 5,347,440	\$ (254,640)	\$	5,092,800
Southport Landfill	 6,277,048	 (369,238)		5,907,810
Total Estimated Costs	\$ 11,624,488	\$ (623,878)	\$	11,000,610

LANDFILL POST CLOSURE COSTS September 30, 2021

The Southport Landfill and Bass Road Landfill are officially closed. Rule 62-701.730 (9) (d), F.A.C. establishes a long-term care period of 5 years for C&D disposal areas and 30 years for Class I facilities. The Southport Landfill is in its fourteenth year of the 30-year long-term care period; the Bass Road Landfill is in its tenth year.

The Florida Department of Environmental Protection requires the County to comply with Rule 62-701.630(5) of the Florida Administrative Code and to make annual contributions to an escrow account to finance at least one year of post-closure costs. The County is in compliance with these requirements, and at September 30, 2021, held \$525,767 as a restricted part of the County funds with the Florida Prime State Board of Administration (SBA) to be used specifically for long-term care of the landfills. The County expects that future inflation costs will be paid from interest earnings on these annual contributions. However, if interest earnings are inadequate or additional post-closure care requirements are determined; these costs may need to be covered by charges for activities related to the landfill or from future tax revenue.

Below is a summary of changes in the escrow account:

LANDFILL ESCROW ACCOUNT September 30, 2021

	Beginning					Ending
Disposal Facility	 Balance	D	Deposits ^(a)	With	drawals	Balance
Southport Class I	\$ 423,419	\$	(193,440)	\$	-	\$ 229,979
Bass Road Class I	 292,281		3,507			 295,788
	\$ 715,700	\$	(189,933)	\$	_	\$ 525,767

^(a) Deposits dated 09/30/21

11. Conduit Debt

The following bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying basic financial statements. In order to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities, Osceola County has issued Industrial Development Authority Revenue Bonds, and Housing and Finance Authority Revenue Bonds. Neither the County, nor State of Florida nor any other political division thereof, is obligated in any manner for repayment of the Revenue Bonds.

As of September 30, 2021, Revenue Bonds outstanding were (In thousands):

				Original Issue	Outstanding
Project	Series	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount	Principal
Boca Palms Apartments	2013	1-Mar-2013	1-Mar-2048	\$ 4,250	\$ 3,750
St. Cloud Village Apartments	2013B	1-Jul-2013	1-Jul-2029	8,110	7,325
St. Cloud Village Apartments	2013C	1-Jul-2013	17-Jul-2048	7,900	7,900
The Loop Apartments	2014A	15-Aug-2014	1-Aug-2049	13,200	10,721
Heritage Park Apartments	2015A	1-Dec-2015	1-Aug-2050	20,250	17,249
Osceola Pointe Apartments	2015B	1-Dec-2015	1-Dec-2050	16,550	14,371
Vineland Landings Apartments	2017A	1-Dec-2017	1-Dec-2052	17,500	11,452
Sawyer Estates Apartments	2018A	23-Jul-2018	1-Aug-2033	14,850	14,295
Osprey Village Project	2021A	15-Jul-2021	1-Aug-2039	60,000	56,411
Total				\$ 162,610	<u>\$ 143,474</u>

Osceola County Housing Finance Authority (Multi-Family Housing)

Osceola County Industrial Development Authority

				Orig	inal Issue	Outs	tanding
Project	Series	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Α	mount	Pri	ncipal
Eastern Sleep Products	2005A	1-Jun-2005	1-Jun-2025	\$	4,500	\$	-
Wells Charter School	2016A	11-Mar-2016	1-Aug-2031		4,380		4,215
Wells Charter School Taxable	2016B	11-Mar-2016	1-Aug-2031		2,205		350
Total				\$	11,085	\$	4,565

12. Fund Balance Classification

Fund balances are presented in the following categories: non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned (see Note 1 for a description of these categories). A detailed schedule of fund balances on September 30, 2021, is as follows (In thousands):

		Conserval	Tourist		Countywide Fire
Fund Balance		General Fund	Development Tax Fund	District	
Fund Balance		rund	1 ax Fund		District
Nonspendable			•		
LongTerm Receivable	S	2,368		S	-
Inventory		369	9		-
Prepaids		2,216	6,975		118
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance		4,953	6,984		118
Restricted for					
General Government					
Support Services		-	64,359		-
Environmental Land		-	-		-
Municipal Service Taxing Units		-	-		-
Farm and City Days		1	-		-
Roadway Bank		309	-		-
Security		-	-		-
Public Safety					
Animal Control		66	-		-
911 Revenue		-	-		-
Building and Permitting		-	-		-
Emergency Services		-	-		-
Radio Communication - 800 MHZ System		-	-		-
Special Programs Approved by the Board of					
County Commissioners		-	-		-
Criminal Justice Education		-	-		-
Fundraising Programs		-	-		-
Fire and Emergency Medical Services		-	-		35,631
Inmate Welfare Fund		-	-		-
PC Program		120	-		-
Traffic Education		27	-		-
Debt Service		-	-		2,698
Physical Environment					
Tree Bank		81	-		-
Transportation					
Transportation Impact Fee		-	-		-
Transportation Mobility Fee		-	-		-
Stormwater		-	-		-
Red Light Camera		-	-		-
Road Construction Projects		-	-		-
Economic Environment					
East Highway 192		-			-
West Highway 192		_	_		_
Service Benefit Units		_	_		_
Service Denter Child		-			-

Continued

12. Fund Balance Classification (Continued)

Mobility Fee East & West Zones	Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds	Transportation Improvement Revenue Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
s -	s -	s -	s -	\$ 2,368		
-	-	-	2,261	2,639		
	-		489	9,798		
			2,750	14,805		
-	-	-	-	64,359		
-	-	-	5,407	5,407		
-	-	-	1,972	1,972		
-	-	-	-	1		
-	-	-	-	309		
	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	66		
-	-	-	3,076	3,076		
-	-	-	24,846	24,846		
-	-	-	10,628	10,628		
-	-	-	934	934		
-	-	-	6 97	6 97		
-	-	-	1,183	1,183		
-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	35,631		
-	-	-	2,459	2,459		
-	-	-	-	120		
-	-	-	-	27		
-	-	-	-	2,698		
-	-	-	-	81		
-	-	-	482	482		
111,889	-	-	-	111,889		
-	-	-	428	428		
-	-	-	1,348	1,348		
-	-	-	16,766	16,766		
-	-	-	2,056	2,056		
	-	-	11,388	11,388		
	-	-	3,607	3,607		

12. <u>Fund Balance Classification (Continued)</u>

	General	Tourist Development	Countywide Fire
Fund Balance	Fund	Tax Fund	District
Human Services			
Mosquito Control	572	-	-
Housing	-	-	-
Housing Program	-	-	-
Neighborhood Stabilization Program	-	-	-
Section 8 Housing Program	-	-	-
Culture/Recreation			
Community Development Projects	-	-	-
Library	-	-	-
Boating Improvement	-	-	-
Parks	1,274	-	-
Court Related			
Drug Court Programs	363	-	-
Court Facilities Projects	-	-	-
Communications, Computer Network Support	-	-	-
Mediation	49	-	-
Record Technology	-	-	-
Debt Service			
Capital Projects			
Public Safety Capital Projects			_
Other Capital Projects	-	-	-
Road Improvement Projects	-	-	-
Total Restricted Fund Balances	2,862	64,359	38,329
Committed for	2,002		
General Government			
	6.075		
Support Services	5,975	-	-
Finance Projects	72	-	-
Building Maintenance Projects	7,524	-	-
Public Safety			
Public Safety Projects	605	-	-
Economic Development			
Economic Development Projects	743	-	-
Human Services			
Mosquito Control	500	-	-
Affordable Housing Mobility	218	-	-
Culture/Recreation			
Parks	224	-	-
Capital Projects			
Other Capital Projects			-
Total Committed Fund Balance	31,100		-
Assigned For			
General Government	15,000		
Total Assigned Fund Balance	15,000	-	
Unassigned Fund Balance	121,645		
Total Fund Balances	\$ 175,560	\$ 71,343	\$ 38,447
I viai I unu Dalances	- 175,500	÷ (1,3+3	y 30,447

12. <u>Fund Balance Classification (Concluded)</u>

Mobility Fee East & West Zones	Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds	Transportation Improvement Revenue Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
-	-	-	-	572
-	-	-	1,490	1,490
-	-	-	463	463
-	-	-	68	68
-	-	-	4,312	4,312
-	-	-	21,333	21,333
-	-	-	6,136	6,136
-	-	-	707	707
-	-	-	-	1,274
-	-	-	3	366
-	-	-	15,283	15,283
-	-	-	967	967
-	-	-	-	49
-	-	-	999	999
	-		36,742	36,742
			20,712	20,712
-	-	-	20,669	20,669
-	-	-	68,357	68,357
-	-	192,616	-	192,616
111,889		192,616	264,806	674,861
		· · ·		<u>.</u>
-	-	-	-	5,975
-	-	-	-	72
-	-	-	-	7,524
-	-	-	-	605
-	-	-	-	743
				500
_		_		218
-	-	-	-	224
	_	_	49,396	49,396
			49,396	80,496
			49,090	00,490
-	-	-	-	15,000
-	-	-	-	15,000
				121,645
\$ 111,889	<u>s</u>	\$ 192,616	\$ 316,952	\$ 906,807
	-	- 172,010		

13. Commitments and Contingencies

Federal and State Grants

Grant monies received and disbursed by the County are for specific purposes and are subject to review by the grantor agencies. Such audits may result in requests for reimbursement due to disallowed expenditures. Based upon prior experience, the County does not believe that such disallowances, if any, would have a material effect on the financial position of the County.

Litigation

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits in the normal course of business, some of which are covered by the County's risk management program. While the results of litigation and claims cannot be predicted with certainty, management believes the outcome will not have a material adverse impact on the financial position of the County.

Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The County is self-insured for worker's compensation, dental and health insurance claims. Commercial insurance is purchased for all other risks including property and casualty, vehicles, and public officials. Coverage is at levels such that the County does not retain a significant risk of loss.

Hurricane Related

The County is exposed to probable natural disasters and carries commitments long after the natural disaster has passed for assistance purposes to the citizens of Osceola County. Osceola County was impacted by Hurricane Irma in September 2017 and Hurricane Dorian in September 2019. The Countywide damage inventory estimated from Hurricane Irma is \$23.0 MM and from Hurricane Dorian is \$0.6 MM, the County continues to process reimbursements for claims.

Pandemic

During 2020 an outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus ("COVID-19") emerged globally. As a result of the spread of COVID-19, economic uncertainties have arisen that negatively impacted the County's revenue operations for an indeterminable time. On March 11, 2021, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA), Public Law No. 117-2 was signed into law. Section 9901 of ARPA created Section 603 of the Social Security Act, which created the Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (Recovery Fund). Osceola County's planned use of the ARPA Recovery Funds will complement the County's prior response to the pandemic, using revenue replacement.

The Recovery Funds, in coordination with other federal and state programs and allocations, allow Osceola County to mitigate the COVID pandemic, address the negative economic impacts, and make the necessary investments to our community, county, and infrastructure so that we can recover in an equitable way from this pandemic and be well positioned for the 21st century.

In July 2020, Osceola County was awarded \$65,565,652 in a suballocation of Coronavirus Relief Funds from the State of Florida's CARES Act allocation. Of that \$16,468,976 was used in FY21. With those funds, the Board expanded assistance efforts to help support the costs of public safety, ensure the protection of residents, maintain local government operations, and the local response to the emergency health crisis. With the leveraged funds, the Board was able to adopt strategies for individuals, families, businesses, education, non-profits, mental health, workforce training, and continued support for the recovery of tourism through our local destination marketing organization. Also, the County provided a bonus for employees that were on the frontline supporting the County's operations from the onset of the pandemic, but not qualified for the State's pandemic first responders bonus criteria.

The County also received Emergency Rental Assistance funds from the Treasury to assist eligible households stay in their homes and pay utility costs.

13. Commitments and Contingencies (Concluded)

The Board established the following categorical priorities to help guide how the future recovery efforts should be focused, ensuring equitable investments, and establishing long-term resiliency for the County:

- Education/Training/Infrastructure
- County Infrastructure
- Targeted Recovery Efforts
- Enhanced Recovery of Tourism/Quality of Life
- Enhanced Transit

14. Insurance Programs

Health

The County implemented a self-insurance program for the health insurance on October 1, 2008. Additionally, a Health Insurance Excess policy is in place for employee claims in excess of \$275,000 per occurrence. Accrued claims for health insurance has been estimated based on average claims incurred during the year and is currently a \$3,677,000 liability.

The schedule below presents the changes in the liability for accrued claims for the past two years as of September 30, 2021 (In thousands):

				(Claims					
					ncurred					
	Year	Balance ar October 1		Adj	and Adjustments		Claims Paid		Balance September 30	
	2020	\$	3,159	\$	20,386	\$	20,156	\$	3,389	
	2021		3,389		22,063		22,063		3,677	

Dental

Employee dental claims are paid through a self-insurance program maintained by the County. The program provides for County contributions into a self-insurance fund that is managed by the County and its administrative agent. It is the County's policy to expense payments made for claims incurred. Accrued claims for dental insurance has been estimated based on average claims incurred during the year and is currently a \$146,000 liability.

The schedule below presents the changes in the liability for accrued claims for the past two years as of September 30, 2021 (In thousands):

				-	aims urred					
	Balance						Claims		Balance	
_	Year	Oct	ober 1	Adjustments		Paid		September 30		
	2020	\$	126	\$	806	\$	799	\$	133	
	2021		133		891		878		146	

Property, Casualty and General Liability

In 1994, the County adopted an insurance program for Property and Casualty and General Liability insurance. All County insurance policies and premiums are processed and paid from this fund, including many varied special insurance policies such as automobile insurance, environmental liability, aviation drones liability, inmate medical care, etc.

14. Insurance Programs (Continued)

The schedule below presents the changes in the liability for accrued claims for the past two years as of September 30, 2021 (In thousands):

				C	laims				
				In	curred				
Balance		and		Claims		Balance			
	Year	October 1		Adjustments		Paid		September 30	
	2020	\$	6,135	\$	1,455	\$	997	\$	6,593
	2021		6,593		2,432		1,308		7,717

Of the \$7,717,000 liability balance at September 30, 2021, \$3,643,000 is estimated to be due within one year, and \$4,074,000 is the long-term liability.

Worker's Compensation

The County maintains a self-insurance program for the payment of worker's compensation claims. The program provides for County contributions into a self-insurance fund that is managed by the County and its administrative agent. It is the County's policy to expense payments for claims where such amounts are reasonably measurable and where liability is probable. Employee claims up to \$750,000 per occurrence are paid from the assets of the self-insurance fund with amounts in excess of \$2,000,000 per occurrence being paid from Worker's Compensation Excess policy purchased by the County. The liability for unpaid claims has been estimated based on an actuarial study.

The schedule below presents the changes in the liability for unpaid claims for the past 2 years as of September 30, 2021 (In thousands):

				C	laims				
				In	curred				
	*7	Balance		and		Claims		Balance	
_	Year	Oc	tober 1	Adjı	ustments	Paid		Sept	ember 30
	2020	\$	5,827	\$	1,933	\$	1,588	\$	6,172
	2021		6,172		3,168		2,283		7,057

Of the \$7,057,000 liability balance at September 30, 2021, \$3,236,000 is estimated to be due within one year, and \$3,821,000 is the long-term liability.

Life, Long Term Disability, Short Term Disability and Voluntary Life

The Life, Long Term Disability (LTD), Short Term Disability (STD) and Voluntary Life Internal Service Fund were established to facilitate the revenue collection and payments for these insurance coverages countywide.

Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past five fiscal years and there has not been a significant reduction in coverage from that of the previous fiscal year.

On October 1, 2014, the Sheriff implemented a self-insurance program for health and dental insurance. The Sheriff purchased a reinsurance policy for employee claims in excess of \$175,000 per occurrence. The Liability of \$666,000 of accrued claims has been estimated based on average claims incurred during the year.

14. Insurance Programs (Concluded)

The schedule below presents the changes in the liability for unpaid claims for the past 2 years as of September 30, 2021 (In thousands):

				(Claims				
				Ir	ncurred				
Balance			and		Claims		Balance		
_	Year	October 1		Adjustments		Paid		September 30	
	2020	\$	574	\$	9,173	\$	9,176	\$	571
	2021		571		12,457		12,362		666

15. Pension Plans

Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Retirement Plan

All the County's employees participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS). As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, *Florida Statutes*, the FRS provides two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, including the FRS Pension Plan ("Pension Plan") and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS). Under Section 121.4501, *Florida Statutes*, the FRS also provides a defined contribution plan (Investment Plan) alternative to the FRS Pension Plan, which is administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA). As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, county government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the State of Florida. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, and Chapter 60S, *Florida Administrative Code*. Amendments to the law can be made only by an act of the Florida State Legislature.

The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, PO Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000 or from the website:

www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce_operations/retirement/publications.

Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> - The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") for eligible employees.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011, Regular class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Vested members with less than 30 years of service may retire before age 62 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Special Risk Administrative Support class members who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service or 25 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Special Risk class members (sworn law enforcement officers, firefighters, and correctional officers) who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service, or with 25 years of service regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal up to 3.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of credited service.

15. <u>Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

Senior Management Service class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 2.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Elected Officers' class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% (3.33% for judges and justices) of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service.

For Pension Plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of credited service for all members and increasing normal retirement to age 65 or 33 years of service regardless of age for Regular, Senior Management Service, and Elected Officers' class members, and to age 60 or 30 years of service regardless of age for Special Risk and Special Risk Administrative Support class members. Also, the final average compensation for all members will be based on the eight highest years of salary. As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of three percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by three percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants.

<u>Contributions</u> - Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute three percent of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year. The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from October 1, 2020, through June 30, 2021, and from July 1, 2021, through September 30, 2021, respectively, were as follows: Regular: 10.00 % and 10.82 %; Special Risk Administrative Support: 35.84 % and 37.76 %; Special Risk: 24.45 % and 25.89 %; Senior Management Service: 27.29 % and 29.01 %; Elected Officers': 49.18 % and 51.42 %; and DROP participants: 16.98 % and 18.34 %. These employer contribution rates include 1.66 % HIS Plan subsidy for the periods October 1, 2020, through June 30, 2021, and from July 1, 2021, through September 30, 2021, and from July 1, 2021, through September 30, 2021, and from July 1, 2021, through September 30, 2021, and from July 1, 2021, through September 30, 2021, and from July 1, 2021, through September 30, 2021, unchanged between periods.

The County's contributions, including employee contributions, to the Pension Plan totaled \$22,679,421 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - On September 30, 2021, the County reported a liability of \$44,970,256 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the County's fiscal year contributions relative to the fiscal year 2013-18 contributions of all participating members. On June 30, 2021, the County's proportionate share was 0.5953%, which was a decrease of 0.0587% from its proportionate share measured as of prior year.

15. Pension Plans (Continued)

The pension liability is typically liquidated with the resources of the same fund that has paid the applicable employee's regular salaries and fringe benefits. As of September 30, 2021, the County had an accrued liability for retirement of \$\$2,613,237.

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$825,945. In addition, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Description	 Resources			
Differences Between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$ 7,707,974	\$	-	
Changes in Assumptions	30,770,879		-	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	-		156,889,920	
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between				
County Pension Plan Contributions and				
Proportionate Share of Contributions	4,893,356		16,174,982	
County Pension Plan Contributions Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date	 5,772,065			
Total	\$ 49,144,274	\$	173,064,902	

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plan, totaling \$5,772,065 resulting from County contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability but before the end of September 30, 2021, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in fiscal year 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Amount
\$(22,479,181)
(26,690,265)
(34,634,119)
(43,890,250)
(1,998,879)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability in the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumption, applied to all period included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40%
Salary Increases	3.25% Average Including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.80% Expenses Including Inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 based table varied by member category and sex, projected generationally with scale MP-2018.

15. <u>Pension Plans (Continued)</u>

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Compound	
		Annual	Annual	
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation ⁽¹⁾	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.00%	2.10%	2.10%	1.10%
Fixed Income	20.00%	3.80%	3.70%	3.30%
Global Equity	54.20%	8.20%	6.70%	17.80%
Real Estate	10.30%	7.10%	6.20%	13.80%
Private Equity	10.80%	11.70%	8.50%	26.40%
Strategic Investments	3.70%	5.70%	5.40%	8.40%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>			
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.40%		1.20%
(1)		D I		

⁽¹⁾As outlined in the Pension Plan's Investment Policy

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.80%, unchanged from last year. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculation the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

<u>Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following represents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.80%) or one percentage point higher (7.80%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease (5.80%)		Discount Rate (6.80%)		1% Increase (7.80%)	
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	201,109,998	\$	44,970,256	\$	(85,539,108)

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information regarding the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

15. Pension Plans (Continued)

HIS Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> - The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, *Florida Statutes*, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u> - The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the HIS contribution for the period October 1, 2020, through June 30, 2021, and from July 1, 2021, through September 30, 2021, was unchanged at 1.66%. The County contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contribution is deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

The County's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$2,498,740 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. As of September 30, 2021, the County had an accrual liability for the HIS portion of \$213,360.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - On September 30, 2021, the County reported a liability of \$52,144,876 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of as of July 1, 2020 updated to July 1, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 projected to the measurement date. The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the County's fiscal year contributions relative to the fiscal year 2013-2018 contributions of all participating members. On June 30, 2021, the County's proportionate share was .4250%, which was an increase of .0008% from its proportionate share measured as of prior year.

15. Pension Plans (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$4,283,612. In addition, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
	Outflows of			Inflows of
Description		Resources		Resources
Differences Between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$	1,744,899	\$	21,840
Changes in Assumptions		4,097,420		2,148,502
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on HIS Plan Investments		54,360		-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between				
County HIS Plan Contributions and				
Proportionate Share of Contributions		2,502,298		874,710
County HIS Plan Contributions Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date		591,087		_
Total	\$	8,990,064	\$	3,045,052

The deferred outflows of resources related to the HIS Plan, totaling \$591,087 resulting from County contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability but before the end of September 30, 2021, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in fiscal year 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending				
September 30	Amount			
2022	\$	1,629,526		
2023		772,767		
2024		917,019		
2025		1,105,276		
2026		777,104		
Thereafter		152,232		

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation (updated through July 1, 2021) was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40%	
Salary Increases	3.25%	Average Including Inflation
Municipal Bond Rate	2.16%	

Mortality rates were based on the Generational PUB-2010 with projection scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation (as update to July 1, 2021) were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

15. <u>Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.16%, a decrease from the prior year rate of 2.21%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

<u>Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following represents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.16 %, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.16%) or one percentage point higher (3.16%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease (1.16%)		Discount Rate (2.16%)	1% Increase (3.16%)		
County's Proportionate Share of						
the Net Pension Liability	\$	60,284,528	52,144,876	\$	45,476,252	

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information regarding the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

FRS Pension, HIS Liability and Outflows and Inflows for fiscal year 2021 are as follows (In thousands):

			Clerk of	Tax	Property	Supervisor	County
	Sheriff	BOCC	Court	Collector	Appraiser of Election		Total
FRS-Pension Liability	\$ 15,109	\$ 25,943	\$ 1,463	\$ 1,250	\$ 920	\$ 285	\$ 44,970
HIS-Liability	14,983	30,992	2,526	2,027	1,253	363	52,144
Deferred Outflows -							
FRS Pension	16,627	27,751	1,936	1,427	1,092	311	49,144
Deferred Outflows - HIS	2,978	4,908	514	315	179	96	8,990
Deferred Inflows -							
FRS Pension	57,155	101,368	5,581	4,489	3,371	1,101	173,065
Deferred Inflows - HIS	654	1,832	310	109	88	52	3,045

Investment Plan

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, *Florida Statutes*, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. County employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular

15. Pension Plans (Concluded)

Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members. During this fiscal year, allocations to the investment members' accounts as established by Section 121.72, *Florida Statutes*, are based on a percentage of gross compensation, by class, as follows: Regular class 6.30%, Special Risk Administrative Support class 7.95%, Special Risk class 14.00%, Senior Management Service class 7.67% and County Elected Officers class 11.34%.

For all membership classes employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the information for the number of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the County.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump- sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The County's Investment pension plan expense totaled \$4,197,230 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

16. Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pension

GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other than Pensions", replaces the requirement of GASB No. 45 and established new accounting and reporting requirements for post-retirement benefits (OPEB). The standard does not require funding of OPEB expense, but any difference between the amount funded to the plan and the OPEB liability is required to be recorded in the employer's financial statements as an increase (decrease) in the total OPEB liability. Osceola County is a pay as you go plan, therefore the full OPEB liability is recorded in the statements.

Plan Description

Osceola County's Board of County Commissioners (the "Board") administers a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "Plan"). In accordance with Section 112.0801 of the Florida Statutes, because Osceola County provides a medical plan to active employees of the County and their eligible dependents, the County is also required to provide retirees with the opportunity to participate in this plan. The Plan provides Medical/Prescription, Dental and Life benefits to both active and eligible retired employees.

The post-employment benefits are extended to retirees and continued at the discretion of the Board, which reserves the right (subject to State Statute and any collective bargaining agreements) to change or terminate benefits and to change premium contributions required from retirees in the future as circumstances change.

Eligibility for participation in the Plan is limited to Osceola County's current and retired employees and their eligible dependents that participate in and satisfy the Vesting, Disability, and Early or Normal Retirement

16. Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pension (Continued)

provisions of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). On September 30, 2021, there were 1,957 active plan participants and 222 retired participants receiving benefits.

Eligible retirees may choose among the same Medical Plan options available for active employees of the County.

The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

On September 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	222
Inactive employees entitled but only receiving Sheriff's subsidy	24
Active employees	<u>1,957</u>
Total	2,203

Funding Policy

Contribution rates are determined on an annual basis by the Board. In order to begin and maintain coverage, contributions are required from the retiree. For dependent coverage, the retiree is required to pay a premium as well. If any required contributions are not paid timely, the coverage for the retiree and/or the dependent(s) will cease.

The table below summarizes the total monthly contribution amounts required from retirees and their spouses as of September 30, 2021. These rates went into effect on October 1, 2020. Coverage for children of retirees is available (until their limiting age). However, the relatively few children covered, and the relatively short duration of their coverage results in costs that are not material in the long run.

Monthly Premiums as of September 30, 2021

		Non-Sheri	ff's O	ffice	Sheriff's Office						
Coverage	Ba	se Plan	Bu	y-up Plan	Ba	se Plan	Buy	y-up Plan			
Retiree	\$	766.57	\$	733.21	\$	716.46	\$	770.74			
Retiree/Spouse		1,166.33		1,150.26		1,502.97		1,617.37			

In addition to the Health Insurance Subsidy paid by FRS, retired employees of Osceola County Sheriff's Office receive a subsidy of \$6.34 per month for each credited year of service. This amount is limited to \$190.20 per month and in no event will the combined subsidy from FRS and the Sheriff's office exceed the total cost of health insurance. This subsidy ceases after the retiree dies and does not continue to the spouse.

Members eligible for disability retirement are subject to the same premium requirements as regular retirees. An exception is made to law enforcement officers who have sustained catastrophic injuries in the line of duty. Premiums for such members and their dependents are paid by the County as prescribed by Section 112.19(2)(h)1, Florida Statutes.

The surviving spouse of a retiree is eligible to continue coverage subject to premium payments applicable to an individual retiree (not a spouse).

Total OPEB Liability

The Osceola County's total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2021, is based on a measurement date of October 1, 2020. The actuarial valuation was dated October 1, 2019, projected to October 1, 2020.

16. Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pension (Continued)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.60%
Investment rate of return	N/A
Healthcare cost trend rates	7.5% initial trend rate decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50%

Mortality rates were based on the SOA Pub-2010 Public Safety/General Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2020. Disabled Retirees SOA Pub-2010 Disabled Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2021, valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, to June 30, 2018.

Discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.41%. Under GASB 75, the discount rated used in valuating OPEB liabilities for unfunded plans as of the Measurement Date must be based on yield for 20-year tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (or equivalent quality on another rating scale).

16. Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pension (Continued)

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Changes in the total OPEB Liability as of September 30, 2021, the most recent actuarial valuation date, was as follows:

Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (In thousands): **OPEB** Liability FY21 Total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2020 \$ 37.792 Service cost 735 Interest 1,352 Changes in assumptions 5,885 Differences between expected and actual experience (2,100)Benefit payments (1,531) Net change in total OPEB liability 4,341 42,133 Total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2021 **Plan Fiduciary Net Position** Plan fiduciary net position beginning of year \$ Contributions-employer 1,531 Benefits payments (1,531)Net change in fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position end of year Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability 0.0% Covered employee payroll \$ 112,812

Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll37.3%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment and termination, mortality, and the healthcare costs trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trends rates.

16. Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pension (Continued)

The following presents the total OPEB liability of Osceola County as well as what the County total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (1.41%) or 1% over (3.41%) higher than the current discount rate (In thousands):

	270	decrease .41%	2100	ount rate .41%	1% increase 3.41%		
Total OPEB liability	\$	48,369	\$	42,133	\$	37,025	
	1%	decrease		althcare t Trend	1%	increase	
	270	.00%		.00%	- / 0	.00%	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Calculations for financial reporting purposes are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the County's recognized a net expense of \$3,088,513 for the increase in liability. On September 30, 2021 the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources (In thousands):

	Deferred	d Outflows of	Deferre	d Inflows of		
	Re	sources	Resources			
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	10,259	\$	1,949		
Changes in assumptions		5,465		4,412		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings						
on OPEB plan investments		N/A		N/A		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,457		N/A		
Total	\$	17,181	\$	6,361		

16. Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pension (Concluded)

Annual Amortization of Deferred Outflows/Inflows

The balances as of September 30, 2021, of deferred outflows and inflows will be recognized in OPEB expense in the future fiscal years as noted below (In thousands).

<u>Year ended September 30</u>	 Amount
2022	\$ 1,001
2023	1,001
2024	1,001
2025	1,001
2026	1,001
Thereafter	4,358

OPEB Liability, Outflows and Inflows for fiscal year 2021 are as follows (In thousands):

					Cle		Tax		Property		Supervisor		(County
	Sł	neriff's	l	BOCC	Court		Collector		Appraiser		of Election		Total	
OPEB Liability	\$	19,374	\$	18,311	\$	2,028	\$	1,544	\$	668	\$	208	\$	42,133
Deferred Outflows		6,916		8,259		914		696		301		95		17,181
Deferred Inflows		3,958		1,933		214		163		70		23		6,361

OPEB liability is typically liquidated with the same resources of the same fund that has paid the applicable employee's regular salaries and fringe benefits.

17. Change in Accounting Principle

Effective October 1, 2020, Osceola County adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Implementation of the Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities and enhances the value provided by the information reported for assessing the government's accountability and stewardship. The financial statements of custodial funds held by the County have been restated to comply with the liability recognition criteria of the Statement as follows:

	Board of County Commissioners							Clerk of t Circuit Sheriff Court			rcuit							
	Fund 6 Kissimmee Fee	Impact	Fund 6 School Ir Fee	npact		fund 617 d Custodial Fund		Fund 619 Inmate stodial Fund	Gay	und 621 lord Palm Trust	Cust Fu			s todial unds	Custo Fun		Т	otals
Net Position, beginning	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
Restatement		1,155		-				149		219		863		9,180		-		11,566
Net Position, beginning restated	\$	1,155	\$	-	\$	_	\$	149	\$	219	\$	863	\$	9,180	\$	-	\$	11,566

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS* (In thousands)

	FY21 FY20		FY19			FY18	
Total OPEB liability							
Service cost	\$	735	\$ 1,469	\$	1,532	\$	1,127
Interest		1,352	1,373		1,192		833
Change of benefit terms		-	(679)		-		-
Changes in assumptions		5,885	(2,636)		(2,009)		(1,247)
Differences between expected and actual experience		(2,100)	7,292		744		5,896
Benefit payments		(1,531)	 (1,251)		(1,072)		(1,033)
Net change in total OPEB liability		4,341	5,568		387		5,576
Total OPEB liability - beginning as a result of GASB 75 implementation		37,792	 32,224		31,837		26,261
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	42,133	\$ 37,792	\$	32,224	\$	31,837
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Plan fiduciary net position beginning of year	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions-employer		1,531	1,251		1,072		1,033
Contributions active employees		-	-		-		-
Net investment income		-	-		-		-
Benefits payments	\$	(1,531)	\$ (1,251)		(1,072)		(1,033)
Trust administrative expenses		-	 -		-		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		-	 -		-		-
Plan fiduciary net position- beginning		-	 -		-	+	-
Plan fiduciary net position- ending	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	42,133	\$ 37,792	\$	32,224	\$	31,837
Plan fiduciary net position as percentage of total OPEB liability		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%
Covered employee payroll	\$	112,812	\$ 109,261	\$	115,191	\$	106,833
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		37.3%	34.6%		28.0%		29.8%

*Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented during fiscal year 2018 and until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the County will present information for only those years for which information is available.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75 to pay related benefits.

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last Seven Fiscal Years (In thousands)⁽¹⁾

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
County's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.5953%	0.6541%	0.6419%	0.6309%	0.6373%	0.6212%	0.5629%
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$44,970	\$283,482	\$221,082	\$190,029	\$188,497	\$156,843	\$72,700
County's Covered Payroll ⁽²⁾	\$151,563	\$141,293	\$142,593	\$132,853	\$130,161	\$121,420	\$93,829
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	29.67%	200.63%	155.04%	143.04%	144.82%	129.17%	87.36%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	96.40%	78.90%	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%

Note 1- Information is required to be presented for 10 years, however, GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015, until the trend is compiled, the County will present information for only those years for which information is available Note 2- Covered payroll is as of the measurement date

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY

Last Seven Fiscal Years (In thousands)⁽¹⁾

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
County's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.4250%	0.4242%	0.4107%	0.4198%	0.4114%	0.3965%	0.3810%
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$52,145	\$51,805	\$46,967	\$43,469	\$43,991	\$46,214	\$38,858
County's Covered Payroll ⁽²⁾	\$151,563	\$141,293	\$142,593	\$132,853	\$130,161	\$121,420	\$93,829
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	34.40%	36.66%	32.94%	32.72%	33.79%	38.06%	46.69%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	3.56%	3.00%	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%

Note 1- Information is required to be presented for 10 years, however, GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015, until the trend is compiled, the County will present information for only those years for which information is available Note 2- Covered payroll is as of the measurement date

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last Seven Fiscal Years (In thousands)⁽¹⁾

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	
Contractually Required Contribution	\$22,679	\$21,732	\$19,905	\$17,980	\$16,589	\$15,148	\$13,723	
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$22,679	\$21,732	\$19,905	\$17,980	\$16,589	\$15,148	\$13,723	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
County's Covered Payroll ⁽²⁾	\$151,717	\$142,864	\$144,179	\$134,331	\$131,609	\$122,770	\$94,873	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.95%	15.21%	13.81%	13.38%	12.60%	12.34%	14.46%	

Note 1 - Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015, until the trend is compiled, the County will present information for only those years for which information is available Note 2 - Covered payroll is actual payroll for the fiscal year

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OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM

Last Seven Fiscal Years (In thousands)⁽¹⁾

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$2,499	\$2,445	\$2,331	\$2,227	\$2,177	\$2,032	\$1,456
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$2,499	\$2,445	\$2,331	\$2,227	\$2,177	\$2,032	\$1,456
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
County's Covered Payroll ⁽²⁾	\$151,717	\$142,864	\$144,179	\$134,331	\$131,609	\$122,770	\$94,873
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1.65%	1.71%	1.62%	1.66%	1.65%	1.66%	1.53%

Note 1 - Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015, until the trend is compiled, the County will present information for only those years for which information is available Note 2 - Covered payroll is actual payroll for the fiscal year

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS & SCHEDULES

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Transportation Improvement Revenue Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts							
						Actual	Var	iance With
	(Original		Final		Amounts	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES								
Interest Income	\$		\$	-	\$	370	\$	370
Total Revenues		-		-		370		370
EXPENDITURES								
Capital Projects		75,211		74,978		6,708		68,270
Total Expenditures		75,211		74,978		6,708		68,270
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(75,211)		(74,978)		(6,338)		68,640
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		-		-		-		-
Transfers (Out)		-						-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(75,211)		(74,978)		(6,338)		68,640
Fund Balances - Beginning		198,954		198,954		198,954		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	123,743	\$	123,976	\$	192,616	\$	68,640

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

	Special Revenue Funds	evenue Service		Capital Project Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$ 140,481	\$	36,729	\$	135,324	\$	312,534	
Accounts Receivable, Net	1,283		14		-		1,297	
Due from Other Funds	343		-		-		343	
Due from Other Governments	7,229		-		9,159		16,388	
Prepaid Items	563		-		-		563	
Inventories	2,261		-		-		2,261	
Total Assets	\$ 152,160	\$	36,743	\$	144,483	\$	333,386	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$ 3,756	\$	1	\$	1,635	\$	5,392	
Accrued Liabilities	970		-		2,211		3,181	
Deposits	3,487		-		5		3,492	
Due to Other Governments	121		-		-		121	
Unearned Revenue	257		-		-		257	
Due to Other Funds	 1,781		-		2,210		3,991	
Total Liabilities	 10,372		1		6,061		16,434	
Deferred Inflows- Unavailable Revenue	 -		-		-		-	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	 10,372		1		6,061		16,434	
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable	2,750		-		-		2,750	
Restricted	139,038		36,742		89,026		264,806	
Committed	 		-		49,396		49,396	
Total Fund Balances	 141,788		36,742		138,422		316,952	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$ 152,160	\$	36,743	\$	144,483	\$	333,386	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Project Funds	Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	29,905	\$ 2,971	\$ 38,001	\$ 70,877
Permits, Fees, and Special Assessments		34,053	513	-	34,566
Intergovernmental		35,484	-	2,808	38,292
Charges for Services		6,875	-	-	6,875
Fines and Forfeitures		1,148	-	-	1,148
Interest Income		256	72	121	449
Miscellaneous		1,864	-	169	2,033
Total Revenues		109,585	 3,556	 41,099	 154,240
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government		6,217	60	300	6,577
Public Safety		10,464	-	-	10,464
Physical Environment		1,081	-	-	1,081
Transportation		43,872	-	-	43,872
Economic Environment		24,637	-	-	24,637
Human Services		3,739	-	-	3,739
Culture/Recreation		15,483	-	-	15,483
Court Related		2,948	-	-	2,948
Debt Service					
Principal		1,895	25,077	2,401	29,373
Interest		624	14,500	126	15,250
Other Debt Service Costs		-	4	-	4
Capital Projects		-	 	 19,615	 19,615
Total Expenditures		110,960	 39,641	 22,442	 173,043
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,375)	 (36,085)	 18,657	 (18,803)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Issuance of Debt		1,215	-	1,993	3,208
Transfers In		36,959	38,429	16,562	91,950
Transfers (Out)		(8,296)	 -	 (14,626)	 (22,922)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	29,878	 38,429	 3,929	 72,236
Net Change in Fund Balances		28,503	2,344	22,586	53,433
Fund Balances - Beginning		113,285	 34,398	 115,836	 263,519
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	141,788	\$ 36,742	\$ 138,422	\$ 316,952

Board of County Commissioners

- Transportation Trust (102, 189) The Transportation Trust fund includes revenues and appropriations for transportation related expenditures such as construction and/or maintenance of roads, bridges, mass transit, and purchase of right-of-way. The funding sources include the 9th cent fuel tax (1 cent per gallon), the county fuel tax (1 cent per gallon), the local option fuel tax (6 cents per gallon), and the second local option fuel tax (5 cents per gallon), engineering fees, and transfers from the General Fund.
- Drug Abuse Treatment (103) The Drug Abuse Treatment fund is authorized pursuant to Florida Statute § 893.165 for allocation to local substance abuse prevention, treatment or education programs, as designated by the Board of County Commissioners.
- Library District (107) The Library District was created by County Ordinance 79-2, adopted on March 26, 1979. The fund accounts for the operation of six libraries, central services and support staff. The budget is funded primarily by voter approved ad valorem tax revenues. The Library District is a blended component unit of the County.
- Law Enforcement Trust (109) Pursuant to Florida Statute § 932.7055, funds derived from forfeited property will be deposited in a special law enforcement trust established by the County Commissioners. The proceeds, along with interest, shall be used for school resource officers, crime prevention, safe neighborhood, drug abuse education and prevention programs, or for other law enforcement purposes including defraying costs of complex investigations, additional equipment or expertise, and providing matching funds to obtain federal grants. Funds are requested by the Sheriff from the Board of County Commissioners. The proceeds and interest may not be used to meet normal operating expenses of the law enforcement agency.
- State Housing Initiative Partnership (111) The State Housing Initiative Partnership (S.H.I.P.) Program was established pursuant to Florida Statute § 420.907 and provides funding to local governments to assist eligible citizens to become homeowners.
- 911 Emergency Communications (112) The 911 Emergency Communications fund was established by County Ordinance 04-47 in December 2004. Subsequently, the 2007 Florida Legislature passed the Emergency Communications Number E911 Act (Florida Statute § 365.172). The law requires local exchange carriers and wireless providers operating in Florida to collect a monthly fee from users. A portion of the fee is distributed to the county to fund the costs associated with providing emergency communications.
- Buenaventura Lakes (BVL) Municipal Services Benefit Unit (MSBU) (113) The Buenaventura Lakes (BVL) Municipal Benefit Unit was repealed and the balance in this fund is used for stormwater projects within the community.
- Neighborhood Stabilization Program (114, 122) The Neighborhood Stabilization Program was created in fiscal year 2009 to track federal funds received for the Neighborhood Stabilization Program grant, as a result of the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008. Funds from this program are used to purchase foreclosed homes or rehabilitate existing homes in the community. This includes Neighborhood Stabilization Program (114) and Neighborhood Stabilization Program 3 (122).
- Court Facilities (115) The Court Facilities fund provides for the maintenance and/or construction of state court facilities. County Ordinance 10-32 authorized the imposition of a \$30 surcharge on any noncriminal traffic infractions pursuant to Florida Statute §318.18(13)(a)(1) or for criminal violations listed in Florida Statute §318.17.

Board of County Commissioners (Continued)

- Homelessness Prevention (118) The Homelessness Prevention fund is a federally funded program, subcontracted to Osceola County by the State of Florida Department of Children and Families. The purpose of this program is to provide temporary assistance to homeless and at-risk households.
- Environmental Lands (124, 125, 126) The Environmental Lands Conservation Program (ELCP) was created by Ordinance 04-28 to account for the acquisition and maintenance of environmentally significant lands as well as to support the department's staff. This includes Environmental Land Acquisition (124), Environmental Land Maintenance (125), and GO Bonds, Series 2010 (126). The budget is funded by voter approved ad valorem tax revenues.
- Court Related Technology (130) The Court Related Technology fund was established to administer the funds collected for court related technology, pursuant to Florida Statute§28.24(e), which authorizes the distribution to the County of a \$2 service fee charged by the Clerk of the Circuit Court on recordings.
- Criminal Justice Training (139) The Criminal Justice Training fund was created to provide training to Criminal Justice personnel pursuant to Florida Statute §318.18(11) (c). The revenue source is a portion of the traffic fines levied by the state and county.
- Boating Improvement (141) The Boating Improvement fund accounts for the county portion of recreational vessel registration fees and traffic fines levied by the state and county. Pursuant to Florida Statute §328.72 the funds collected by the Tax Collector are distributed to the County for the purposes of providing recreational channel marking, public boat ramps and other improvement projects.
- Red Light Camera (145) The Red Light Camera fund was initiated through the Mark Wandall Traffic Safety Program and establishes the budget to implement the use of red light cameras at various intersections within unincorporated Osceola County. Ordinance No. 2014-24 establishes the use of red light cameras at ten designated intersections. The program calls for the Osceola County Sheriff and his designees to enforce Florida Statutes Chapter 316 and allow for the use of a Local Hearing Officer and traffic infraction detectors.
- **Building (148)** The Building fund was established in fiscal year 2005-2006 to account for revenues and expenditures of the Building and Permitting Department.
- East U.S 192 Community Redevelopment Fund (149) The East U.S 192 Community Redevelopment Authority was created by Resolution 12-025R of the County on April 09, 2012, pursuant to Chapter 163, Part III, Florida Statutes for the purpose of renewing economic interest and improve the commercial diversity and viability of a redevelopment area along U.S. 192. Funding comes from increment tax revenues received based on the taxable value of property within the redevelopment area. These funds will be used for community redevelopment purposes.
- West 192 Development Fund (150) The West 192 Development Authority was created by Ordinance 12-23 executed on September 10, 2012, as amended by Ordinance 2015-34 executed on June 15, 2015, for the purpose of renewing economic interest and improve the commercial diversity and viability of a redevelopment area along U.S. 192. Funding comes from increment tax revenues received based on the taxable value of property within the redevelopment area. These funds will be used for community redevelopment purposes.
- **Community Development Block Grant (151)** The Community Development Block Grant fund was established in fiscal year 2008-2009 to account for federal funds received for housing and community development. It primarily provides housing rehabilitation assistance and education.

Board of County Commissioners (Concluded)

- Municipal Services Taxing Units (152) The Municipal Services Taxing Units fund was created pursuant to Florida Statute §125.01(1)(q) which authorizes the creation of Municipal Service Taxing Units (MSTU) to provide municipal services such as street lighting, water retention, common area landscaping and maintenance. Revenues are generated from ad valorem taxes levied on properties located in the MSTU.
- Municipal Service Benefit Units (128, 129, 153) The Municipal Service Benefit Units (MSBU) funds included in Subdivision Pond Maintenance MSBU (128) and Street Lighting Maintenance MSBU (129) were established through the Local Improvement and Assessment Ordinance (#10-10), pursuant to Florida Statute 125.01(1)(q) which authorizes the creation of MSBUs to provide municipal services such as street lighting, water retention, common area landscaping and maintenance. Also included are the MSBUs budgeted in Fund 153, which are neighborhood serving MSBUs with individual implementing Ordinances. Revenues are generated from special assessments levied upon the properties located in the MSBU.
- Constitutional Gas Tax (154) The Constitutional Gas Tax fund includes revenues and appropriations for transportation related debt service, resurfacing projects and other transportation related expenditures pursuant to Florida Statute §206.47(7). The major revenue source is the 2 cents tax per gallon on motor fuel.
- West 192 Redevelopment Area Municipal Services Benefit Unit (MSBU) (155) The West 192 fund was established to fund the maintenance of roadway improvements along U.S. 192 within an area known as the County's tourist corridor. Revenues are generated from special assessments levied upon the properties within the West 192 Redevelopment Municipal Service Benefit Unit (MSBU).
- Intergovernmental Radio Communication (158) The Intergovernmental Radio Communication fund accounts for revenues and expenditures to administer and maintain the County's radio communication system. Revenues are generated from traffic violations, transfers and contracts from other agencies and departments involved in the radio system.
- Section 8 Housing (168) The Section 8 Housing fund was established in fiscal year 2000-2001 to account for federal funds received for the Housing and Urban Development Section 8 program. The purpose of the program is to provide families with housing opportunities and education.
- Road Impact Fees (174, 183, 184, 187) This fund was created to account for transportation impact fee revenues and expenditures within specific impact fee zones collected on developments that will have an effect on the County's transportation system. This includes Road Impact Fee Zone 1/Shared (174), Road Impact Fee Zone 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 (182-186) and Road Impact Fee Poinciana Overlay (187).
- **Fire Impact Fee (177)** The Fire Impact Fee fund was established in fiscal year 2006-2007 to account for the revenues and expenditures of fire rescue impact fees for the purpose of providing growth-necessitated capital improvements to the fire rescue system pursuant to Ordinance 06-09.
- Parks Impact Fee (178) The Parks Impact Fee fund was established in fiscal year 2006-2007 to account for the revenues and expenditures of parks and recreational facilities impact fees for the purpose of providing growth-necessitated capital improvements to the county park system pursuant to Ordinance 06-10.
- Inmate Welfare (180) The Inmate Welfare fund was established for services provided to the County's jail inmates utilizing revenue generated from the jail commissary sales and print shop. Pursuant to Florida Statute § 951.23(9)(d), the Director of Corrections has the final authority over the use of the funds and is not required to comply with the County's fiscal procedures.

<u>Clerk of the Circuit Court</u>

- Public Records Modernization The Public Records Modernization fund accounts for special recording fees collected and required to be held in trust by the Clerk. The funds are used exclusively for equipment, personnel training, and technical assistance in modernizing the official record system, pursuant to Florida Statute § 28.24(15) (d).
- Public Records Information Technology The Public Records Information Technology fund accounts for special recording fees collected and required to be held in trust by the Clerk. The funds are used exclusively for court related technology needs, pursuant to Florida Statute § 28.24(12) (e).

Supervisor of Elections

• **Grants** - The Grant Special Revenue fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the grants of the Supervisor of Elections.

<u>Sheriff</u>

- Special Revenue The Special Revenue fund accounts for a combination of special revenue funds which include Police Officer Training, Law Enforcement Trust Fund, Federal Forfeitures Fund, Justice Assistance Grants and Osceola County Investigative Bureau Training Fund.
- Foundation Fund The Foundation Fund was established by the Sheriff's Office to provide financial support to conduct programs and activities for crime prevention, law enforcement, and related at-risk population as well as programs that foster positive interaction between youth and law enforcement within the County.

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OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

	102		103		107	
	Trar	sportation		rug ouse	I	ibrary
		Trust		tment		District
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$	13,019	\$	-	\$	5,946
Accounts Receivable, Net		11		-		167
Due from Other Funds		-		-		88
Due from Other Governments		3,576		3		5
Prepaid Items		159		-		4
Inventories	_	2,260		-		1
Total Assets	\$	19,025	\$	3	\$	6,211
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Deposits Due to Other Governments Unearned Revenue Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$	451 486 173 - 127 1,237	\$	- - - - - -	\$	66 4 - - - 70
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,237				70
Fund Balances						_
Nonspendable		2,419		- 3		5 <u>6,136</u>
Restricted		15,369				
Total Fund Balances		17,788		3		6,141
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	19,025	\$	3	\$	6,211

	109 111 State		112	113	114	115			
I	Law	Housing	911	Buenaventura	Neighborhood				
	rcement Trust	Initiative Partnership	Emergency Communications	Lakes MSBU	Stabilization Program	Court Facilities			
\$	591	\$ 1,426	\$ 2,396	\$ -	\$ 68	\$ 13,118			
	- - 106	-	179 501	-	-	- 107			
	-	-	-	-	-	-			
<u>\$</u>	697	<u>\$ 1,426</u>	\$ 3,076	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 68</u>	<u>\$ 13,225</u>			
\$	-	\$ 2	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ 59			
	-	7	-	-	-	-			
	-	- 27	-	-	-	-			
	_								
		36				59			
		36				59			
	- 697	- 1,390	3,076	-	- 68	13,166			
	697	1,390	3,076		68	13,166			
\$	697	<u>\$ 1,426</u>	\$ 3,076	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 68</u>	<u>\$ 13,225</u>			

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Continued September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

	118			124	130		
		elessness vention		ronmental Lands	R	Court elated chnology	
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments	\$	320	\$	5,404	\$	1,038	
Accounts Receivable, Net		-		19		-	
Due from Other Funds		-		53		-	
Due from Other Governments		152		-		120	
Prepaid Items		-		-		35	
Inventories		-		-		-	
Total Assets	\$	472	\$	5,476	\$	1,193	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities							
Accounts Payable	\$	8	\$	49	\$	131	
Accrued Liabilities	φ	8 1	φ	49 16	φ	24	
Deposits		1		10		24	
Due to Other Governments		-		-		-	
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-	
Due to Other Funds		-		4		- 4	
Total Liabilities		9		69		159	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		9		69		159	
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable		-		-		35	
Restricted		463		5,407		999	
Total Fund Balances		463		5,407		1,034	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	472	\$	5,476	\$	1,193	

1	39	141		145	148			
Criminal Justice Training		Boating Improvement		Red Light Camera	Building			
\$	23 - 5 - 28	\$ 668 54 - 3 - <u>\$ 725</u>	\$ <u>\$</u>	1,382 1 - 17 - 1,400	\$	29,507 - - 285 - 29,792		
\$	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 18 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	- - - 52 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	908 317 3,314 69 - 53 4,661 4,661		
\$	<u>16</u> <u>16</u> <u>28</u>	<u>707</u> 707 \$ 725	\$	<u>1,348</u> <u>1,348</u> <u>1,400</u>	\$	285 24,846 25,131 29,792		

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Continued September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

	1	.49	150			151
	East	U.S 192		West	C	ommunity
	Com	munity		192	De	velopment
		lopment		elopment		Block
	Aut	hority	A	uthority		Grant
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$	2,059	\$	11,452	\$	32
Accounts Receivable, Net		-		-		-
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-
Due from Other Governments		-		-		1,659
Prepaid Items		-		-		-
Inventories		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	2,059	\$	11,452	\$	1,691
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$		\$	51	\$	29
Accrued Liabilities	φ	2	φ	51 11	φ	29 8
Deposits		Z		11		0
Due to Other Governments		-		-		-
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-
Due to Other Funds		-		2		1,554
Total Liabilities		3		64		1,591
Total Liabilities		3		04		1,391
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		3		64	. <u> </u>	1,591
Fund Balances Nonspendable		_		_		_
Restricted		2,056		11,388		100
Total Fund Balances		2,056		11,388		100
		_,020		11,000		100
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	2,059	\$	11,452	\$	1,691

N	152 Municipal		153 Municipal		154		155 West 192		158
	Services Taxing Units		Services Benefit Units		Constitutional Gas Tax		Redevelopment Area MSBU		Intergovernmental Radio Communication
\$	1,061	\$	1,073	\$	1,757	\$	3,669	\$	933
	-		-		-		5		2
	3 1		-		- 664		20 136		- 22
	-		-		-		-		-
\$	1,065	\$	1,073	\$	2,421	\$	3,830	\$	957
\$	76	\$	90	\$	596	\$	216	\$	8
	-		-		-		6		13
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		_		1		2
	76		90		596		223		23
	76		90		596		223		23
	-		-		-		-		-
	989		983		1,825		3,607		934
	989		983		1,825		3,607		934
\$	1,065	\$	1,073	\$	2,421	\$	3,830	\$	957

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Concluded September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

		168	174		177		178	
			R	oad		Fire		Parks
		ction 8 ousing		pact ees	-		Impact Fee	
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	3,634	\$	482	\$	10,662	\$	22,230
Accounts Receivable, Net		892		-		-		-
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Governments		-		-		-		-
Prepaid Items		6		-		-		-
Inventories				-		-		_
Total Assets	\$	4,532	\$	482	\$	10,662	\$	22,230
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	1	\$	_	\$	34	\$	897
Accrued Liabilities	Ψ	36	Ψ	_	Ψ	54	Ψ	
Deposits		50						
Due to Other Governments								
Unearned Revenue		167		_		_		_
Due to Other Funds		107		_		-		_
Total Liabilities	. <u> </u>	214		-		34	_	897
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		214				34		897
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		6		-		-		-
Restricted		4,312		482		10,628		21,333
Total Fund Balances		4,318		482		10,628		21,333
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	4,532	\$	482	\$	10,662	\$	22,230

Concluded

100				Public						ľ	Nonmajor
 Inmate Welfare	R	Public ecords ernization	F Inf	Records ormation chnology	of l	pervisor Elections Grants	Sheriff's Special Revenue	Fou	eriff's ndation 'und		Special Revenue Funds
\$ 2,405 85 -	\$	2,047	\$	996 5 -	\$	31	\$ 1,052 42 152	\$	- - -	\$	140,481 1,283 343 7,229 563
\$ 2,490	\$	2,121	\$	1,001	\$	31	\$ 1,246	\$		\$	2,261 152,160
\$ 24 6	\$	4	\$	1 33	\$	-	\$ 37	\$	-	\$	3,756 970
- -		- -		- - -		- - 31	32		- - -		3,487 121 257
 <u>1</u> <u>31</u>		- 4		34		31	 <u>10</u> 79				<u>1,781</u> 10,372
 31		4		34		31	 79				10,372
 2,459 2,459		2,117 2,117		- 967 967		- - -	 <u>1,167</u> 1,167		- - -	\$	2,750 <u>139,038</u> 141,788
\$ 2,490	\$	2,121	\$	1,001	\$	31	\$ 1,246	\$		\$	152,160

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(In thousands)

	102	103	107	109
	Transportation Trust	Drug Abuse Treatment	Library District	Law Enforcement Trust
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 17,492	\$ -	\$ 9,075	\$ -
Permits, Fees, and Special Assessments	428	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	2,041	-	132	-
Charges for Services	566	-	62	-
Fines and Forfeitures	-	63	2	-
Interest Income	15	-	25	2
Miscellaneous	200		62	
Total Revenues	20,742	63	9,358	2
EXPENDITURES				
Current General Government				
Public Safety	-	-	-	-
Physical Environment	153	-	-	-
Transportation	29,700	-	-	-
Economic Environment	29,700	-	-	-
Human Services	-	-	-	-
Culture/Recreation	-	-	6,442	-
Court Related	-	-	132	-
Debt Service	-	-	132	-
Principal	915		511	
Interest	496	_	47	-
Total Expenditures	31,264		7,132	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(10,522)	63	2,226	2
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Issuance of Debt	35	-	-	-
Transfers In	20,618	-	88	106
Transfers (Out)	(2,113)	(64)	(478)	(229)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	18,540	(64)	(390)	(123)
Net Change in Fund Balances	8,018	(1)	1,836	(121)
Fund Balances - Beginning	9,770	4	4,305	818
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 17,788	\$ 3	\$ 6,141	\$ 697

111 State	112	113	114	115
Housing Initiative Partnership	911 Emergency Communications	Buenaventura Lakes MSBU	Neighborhood Stabilization Program	Court Facilities
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
- 3,984	- 1,967	-	-	-
199	166	-	-	1,329
-	-	-	-	-
2 3	4	-	-	23
4,188	2,137		<u> </u>	1,352
,	,			
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
3,730	-	-	9	-
-	-	-	-	665
-	-	-	-	-
3,730			9	665
				005
458	2,137	-	50	687
-	- 177	-	-	-
-	(2,159)	(42)	-	(607)
-	(1,982)	(42)		(607)
458	155	(42)	50	80
932	2,921	42	18	13,086
\$ 1,390	\$ 3,076	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 68	\$ 13,166

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Continued

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(In thousands)

	118	124	130
	Homelessness Prevention	Environmental Lands	Court Related Technology
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$-	\$ 1,976	\$-
Permits, Fees, and Special Assessments	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	342	-	-
Charges for Services	-	330	1,347
Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	-
Interest Income	-	19	1
Miscellaneous		63	2
Total Revenues	342	2,388	1,350
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General Government	-	-	-
Public Safety	-	-	-
Physical Environment	-	928	-
Transportation	-	-	-
Economic Environment	328	-	-
Human Services	-	-	-
Culture/Recreation	-	-	-
Court Related	-	-	961
Debt Service		4	
Principal	-	4	-
Interest			
Total Expenditures	328	932	961
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	14	1,456	389
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Issuance of Debt	-	-	-
Transfers In	-	53	105
Transfers (Out)		(166)	(80)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(113)	25
Net Change in Fund Balances	14	1,343	414
Fund Balances - Beginning	449	4,064	620
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 463	\$ 5,407	\$ 1,034

139	141	145
Criminal Justice Training	Boating Improvement	Red Light Camera
\$ -	\$-	\$-
-	97	-
-	-	-
65	-	775
-	1	2
-	8	
65	106	777
-	-	-
16	-	-
-	-	451
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	26	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
16	26	451
49	80	326
-	-	-
-	-	-
(59) (59)	(8)	(5)
(10)	(8)	321
26	635	1,027
\$ 16	\$ 707	\$ 1,348

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Continued

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(In thousands)

	148 Building	149 East U.S 192 Community Redevelopment Authority	150 West 192 Development Authority	151 Community Development Block Grant
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Permits, Fees, and Special Assessments	11,413	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	2,371
Charges for Services	237	-	-	-
Fines and Forfeitures Interest Income	- 53	- 4	- 21	-
Miscellaneous	53 10	4	21	- 34
		4	22	
Total Revenues	11,713	4	22	2,405
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Government	1,464	63	126	-
Public Safety	8,695	-	-	-
Physical Environment	-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	183
Economic Environment	-	-	581	2,128
Human Services	-	-	-	-
Culture/Recreation	-	-	-	-
Court Related	-	-	-	-
Debt Service				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest			-	-
Total Expenditures	10,159	63	707	2,311
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,554	(59)	(685)	94
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Issuance of Debt	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	-	728	4,198	-
Transfers (Out)	(659)	(25)	(119)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(659)	703	4,079	
Net Change in Fund Balances	895	644	3,394	94
Fund Balances - Beginning	24,236	1,412	7,994	6
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 25,131	\$ 2,056	<u>\$ 11,388</u>	<u>\$ 100</u>

152 Municipal Services Taxing Units	153 Municipal Services Benefit Units	154 Constitutional Gas Tax	155 West 192 Redevelopment Area MSBU	158 Intergovernmental Radio Communication
\$ 1,362	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -
-	1,157	-	2,999	-
-	-	4,176	-	-
-	-	-	-	846
- 5	-	-	-	243
5 13	3	4	12 226	2 28
1,380		4,180	3,237	1,119
1,500	1,100			1,117
1,282	804	-	23	2,177
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	- 13,538	-	-
-	-	15,558	2,637	-
-	-	-	2,037	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	465	-	-
		81		
1,282	804	14,084	2,660	2,177
98	356	(9,904)	577_	(1,058)
-	-	1,180	-	-
3	42	8,939	20	1,213
(287)	(440)	(74)	(67)	(107)
(284)	(398)	10,045	(47)	1,106
(186)	(42)	141	530	48
1,175	1,025	1,684	3,077	886
<u>\$ 989</u>	<u>\$ 983</u>	<u>\$ 1,825</u>	\$ 3,607	<u>\$ 934</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Concluded

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(In thousands)

	168	174	177	178	180
	Section 8 Housing	Road Impact Fee	Fire Impact Fee	Parks Impact Fee	Inmate Welfare
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Permits, Fees, and Special Assessments	-	-	3,590	14,369	-
Intergovernmental	19,693	-	-	-	-
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	93
Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-
Interest Income	1	1	15	33	5
Miscellaneous	40			1	960
Total Revenues	19,734	1	3,605	14,403	1,058
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	-	-	350	-	618
Physical Environment	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-
Economic Environment	18,963	-	-	-	-
Human Services Culture/Recreation	-	-	-	- 0.015	-
Court Related	-	-	-	9,015	-
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-
Principal					
Interest	-	-	-	-	-
	-			-	-
Total Expenditures	18,963		350	9,015	618
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	771	1	3,255	5,388	440
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Issuance of Debt	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers (Out)	(72)		(12)	(42)	(65)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(72)		(12)	(42)	(65)
Net Change in Fund Balances	699	1	3,243	5,346	375
Fund Balances - Beginning	3,619	481	7,385	15,987	2,084
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 4,318	\$ 482	\$ 10,628	\$ 21,333	\$ 2,459

Concluded

Public Records <u>Moderniza</u>	s	Public Records Information Technology	Supervisor of Elections Grants	 Sheriff's Special Revenue		Sheriff's Foundation Fund	 Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$	-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 29,905
	-	-	-	-		-	34,053
	-	-	485	293		-	35,484
	420	1,280	-	-		-	6,875
	-	-	-	-		-	1,148
	3	-	-	-		-	256
	-			 150	_	4	 1,864
	423	1,280	485	 443		4	 109,585
	_	-	278	-		-	6,217
	-	-	-	733		52	10,464
	-	-	-	-		-	1,081
	-	-	-	-		-	43,872
	-	-	-	-		-	24,637
	-	-	-	-		-	3,739
	-	-	-	-		-	15,483
	409	781	-	-		-	2,948
	-	-	-	-		-	1,895
	-			 -		-	 624
	409	781	278	 733		52	 110,960
. <u></u>	14	499	207	 (290)		(48)	 (1,375)
	_	-	-	-		-	1,215
	-	-	-	669		-	36,959
	-		(211)	 (106)		-	 (8,296)
	-		(211)	 563		-	 29,878
	14	499	(4)	273		(48)	28,503
2	,103	468	4	 894		48	 113,285
\$ 2	,117	\$ 967	\$	\$ 1,167	\$	_	\$ 141,788

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Transportation Trust For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

			Variance With
	 Budget	Actual Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 14,775	\$ 17,492	\$ 2,717
Permits, Fees, and Special Assessments	243	428	185
Intergovernmental	1,965	2,041	76
Charges for Services	558	566	8
Interest Income	107	15	(92)
Miscellaneous	 57	200	143
Total Revenues	 17,705	20,742	3,037
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Physical Environment	3,037	153	2,884
Transportation	33,081	29,700	3,381
Debt Service			
Principal	915	915	-
Interest	 496	496	
Total Expenditures	 37,529	31,264	6,265
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (19,824)	(10,522)	9,302
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	20,618	20,618	-
Transfers (Out)	(2,113)	(2,113)) –
Issuance of Debt	 35	35	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 18,540	18,540	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,284)	8,018	9,302
Fund Balances - Beginning	 9,770	9,770	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 8,486	<u>\$ 17,788</u>	\$ 9,302

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Drug Abuse Treatment For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

(In thousands)

Variance With **Final Budget** Budget **Actual Amounts** REVENUES 75 63 Fines and Forfeitures \$ \$ \$ (12)75 63 (12)**Total Revenues EXPENDITURES** Current ----**Total Expenditures** _ **Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures** 75 63 (12)**OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)** Transfers In _ _ (75)(64)11 Transfers (Out) (64) 11 **Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)** (75)**Net Change in Fund Balances** (1)(1)_ **Fund Balances - Beginning** 4 4 -**Fund Balances - Ending** 4 \$ 3 \$ (1)

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Library District For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

				Variance With		
	_	Budget	Actual Amounts	Final Budget		
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	9,473	\$ 9,075	\$ (398)		
Intergovernmental		124	132	8		
Charges for Services		57	62	5		
Fines and Forfeitures		35	2	(33)		
Interest Income		86	25	(61)		
Miscellaneous		112	62	(50)		
Total Revenues		9,887	9,358	(529)		
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Culture/Recreation		6,830	6,442	388		
Court Related		132	132	-		
Debt Service						
Principal		512	511	1		
Interest		46	47	(1)		
Total Expenditures		7,520	7,132	388		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		2,367	2,226	(141)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		-	88	88		
Transfers (Out)		(478)	(478))		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(478)	(390)) 88		
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,889	1,836	(53)		
Fund Balances - Beginning		4,305	4,305			
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	6,194	\$ 6,141	<u>\$ (53)</u>		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Law Enforcement Trust For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

					Variance With		
	B	ıdget	Actual	Amounts	Final Budget		
REVENUES							
Interest Income	\$	8	\$	2	\$	(6)	
Total Revenues		8		2		(6)	
EXPENDITURES							
Current		_		-		_	
Total Expenditures		-				-	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		8		2		(6)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In		28		106		78	
Transfers (Out)		(854)		(229)		625	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(826)		(123)		703	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(818)		(121)		697	
Fund Balances - Beginning		818		818			
Fund Balances - Ending	\$		\$	697	\$	697	

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE State Housing Initiative Partnership For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

				Varia	ance With	
		Budget		Actual Amounts		l Budget
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$	7,254	\$	3,984	\$	(3,270)
Charges for Services		6		199		193
Interest Income Miscellaneous		-		2 3		23
Total Revenues		7,260		4,188		(3,072)
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Human Services		8,193		3,730		4,463
Total Expenditures		8,193		3,730		4,463
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(933)		458		1,391
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		-		-		-
Transfers (Out)		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balances		(933)		458		1,391
Fund Balances - Beginning		932		932		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	(1)	\$	1,390	\$	1,391

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

911 Emergency Communications

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

			Variance With
	 Budget	Final Budget	
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,494	\$ 1,967	\$ 473
Charges for Services	84	166	82
Interest Income	 19	4	(15)
Total Revenues	 1,597	2,137	540
EXPENDITURES			
Current	 -		
Total Expenditures	 		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	 1,597	2,137	540
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	-	177	177
Transfers (Out)	 (2,159)	(2,159)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (2,159)	(1,982)	177
Net Change in Fund Balances	(562)	155	717
Fund Balances - Beginning	 2,921	2,921	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 2,359	\$ 3,076	<u>\$ 717</u>

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Buenaventura Lakes Municipal Services Benefit Unit For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

	Bı	Budget Actual Amounts		Variance With s Final_Budget		
REVENUES Interest Income	\$		\$		\$	
Total Revenues	ψ		φ	-	φ	-
EXPENDITURES Current						
General Government Physical Environment		-		- -		-
Total Expenditures		-		-		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In Transfers (Out)		(42)		(42)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(42)		(42)		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(42)		(42)		-
Fund Balances - Beginning		42		42		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Neighborhood Stabilization Program

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

					Varian	ce With
	Budget		Actual Amounts		Final	Budget
REVENUES						
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	59	\$	59
Total Revenues		-		59		59
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Human Services		18		9		9
Total Expenditures		18		9		9
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(18)		50		68
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		-		-		-
Transfers (Out)		_				_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				_		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(18)		50		68
Fund Balances - Beginning		18		18		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$		\$	68	\$	68

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Court Facilities For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

					Varia	nce With
	E	Budget Actual Amounts		Final	Budget	
REVENUES						
Charges for Services	\$	917	\$	1,329	\$	412
Interest Income		86		23		(63)
Total Revenues		1,003		1,352		349
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General Government		-		-		-
Court Related		1,047		665		382
Total Expenditures		1,047		665		382
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(44)		687		731
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		-		-		-
Transfers (Out)		(607)		(607)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(607)		(607)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(651)		80		731
Fund Balances - Beginning		13,086		13,086		<u>-</u>
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	12,435	\$	13,166	\$	731

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Homelessness Prevention

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

					Varia	nce With
	Budget		Actual Amounts		Final	Budget
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$	1,739	\$	342	\$	(1,397)
Interest		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-
Total Revenues		1,739		342		(1,397)
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Economic Environment		2,188		328		1,860
Total Expenditures		2,188		328		1,860
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(449)		14		463
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		-		-		-
Transfers (Out)						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Net Change in Fund Balances		(449)		14		463
Fund Balances - Beginning		449		449		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	_	\$	463	\$	463

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Environmental Lands

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

				Variance With	
		Budget	Actual Amounts	Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	2,060	\$ 1,976	\$ (84)	
Charges for Services		-	330	330	
Interest Income		96	19	(77)	
Miscellaneous		60	63	3	
Total Revenues		2,216	2,388	172	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Physical Environment		1,207	928	279	
Debt Service:					
Principal		4	4	-	
Interest		-	-	-	
Other Debt Service Costs		-	-	-	
Capital Outlay					
Total Expenditures		1,211	932	279	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		1,005	1,456	451	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In		-	53	53	
Transfers (Out)		(166)	(166)	-	
Issuance of Debt					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(166)	(113)	53	
Net Change in Fund Balances		839	1,343	504	
Fund Balances - Beginning		4,064	4,064		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	4,903	\$ 5,407	\$ 504	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Court Related Technology

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

			Variance With		
	 Budget	Actual Amounts		Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Charges for Services	\$ 927	\$	1,347	\$	420
Interest Income	4		1		(3)
Miscellaneous	 _		2		2
Total Revenues	 931		1,350		419
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Court Related	 1,343		961		382
Total Expenditures	 1,343		961		382
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (412)		389		801
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	105		105		-
Transfers (Out)	 (80)		(80)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 25		25		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(387)		414		801
Fund Balances - Beginning	 620		620		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 233	\$	1,034	\$	801

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Criminal Justice Training

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Bu	ıdget	Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget	
REVENUES						
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	66	\$	65	\$	(1)
Total Revenues		66		65		(1)
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Public Safety		-		16		(16)
Total Expenditures				16		(16)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		66		49		(17)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		-		-		-
Transfers (Out)		(89)		(59)		30
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(89)		(59)		30
Net Change in Fund Balances		(23)		(10)		13
Fund Balances - Beginning		26		26		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	3	\$	16	\$	13

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Boating Improvement

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

				Variance	
		Budget	Actual Amounts	Final Bu	ldget
REVENUES					
Permits, Fees, and Special Assessments	\$	91	\$ 97	\$	6
Interest		12	1		(11)
Miscellaneous		6	8		2
Total Revenues		109	106		(3)
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Culture/Recreation		510	26		484
Total Expenditures		510	26		484
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		(401)	80		481
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In		-	-		-
Transfers (Out)		(8)	(8)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(8)	(8)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(409)	72		481
Fund Balances - Beginning		635	635		-
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$</u>	226	<u>\$ 707</u>	\$	481

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Red Light Camera

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

					Varian	ce With
	E	Budget	Actual A	mounts	Final	Budget
REVENUES						
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	810	\$	775	\$	(35)
Interest Income		6		2		(4)
Total Revenues		816		777		(39)
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Transportation		655		451		204
Court Related		15		-		15
Total Expenditures		670		451		219
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		146		326		180
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		-		-		-
Transfers (Out)		(5)		(5)		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(5)		(5)		_
Net Change in Fund Balances		141		321		180
Fund Balances - Beginning		1,027		1,027		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,168	\$	1,348	\$	180

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Building For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

	-					nce With
		Budget	Actual	Amounts	Final	Budget
REVENUES						
Permits, Fees, and Special Assessments	\$	8,969	\$	11,413	\$	2,444
Charges for Services		156		237		81
Fines and Forfeitures		5		-		(5)
Interest Income		241		53		(188)
Miscellaneous				10		10
Total Revenues		9,371		11,713		2,342
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General Government		4,317		1,464		2,853
Public Safety		17,657		8,695		8,962
Transportation		_		-		-
Total Expenditures		21,974		10,159		11,815
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(12,603)		1,554		14,157
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		-		-		-
Transfers (Out)		(659)		(659)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(659)		(659)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(13,262)		895		14,157
Fund Balances - Beginning		24,236		24,236		-
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	10,974	\$	25,131	\$	14,157

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

East U.S 192 Community Redevelopment Authority

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	В	udget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget	
REVENUES		0			
Interest Income	\$	8	\$ 4	\$	(4)
Total Revenues		8	4		(4)
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government		1,065	63		1,002
Total Expenditures		1,065	63		1,002
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,057)	(59)		998
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In		728	728		-
Transfers (Out)		(25)	(25)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		703	703		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(354)	644		998
Fund Balances - Beginning	. <u> </u>	1,412	1,412	. <u> </u>	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,058	\$ 2,056	\$	998

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

West 192 Development Authority For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

					Varia	nce With
	Budget		Actual Ar	nounts	Final Budget	
REVENUES						
Interest Income	\$	51	\$	21	\$	(30)
Miscellaneous				1		1
Total Revenues		51		22		(29)
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General Government		134		126		8
Transportation		3,100		-		3,100
Economic Environment		5,518		581		4,937
Total Expenditures		8,752		707		8,045
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(8,701)		(685)		8,016
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		4,198		4,198		-
Transfers (Out)		(119)		(119)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		4,079		4,079		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(4,622)		3,394		8,016
Fund Balances - Beginning		7,994		7,994		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	3,372	\$	11,388	\$	8,016

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Community Development Block Grant For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

					Variar	nce With
]	Budget	Actual A	mounts	Final	Budget
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$	6,630	\$	2,371	\$	(4,259)
Miscellaneous				34		34
Total Revenues		6,630		2,405		(4,225)
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Physical Environment		300		-		300
Transportation		375		183		192
Economic Environment		5,961		2,128		3,833
Total Expenditures		6,636		2,311		4,325
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(6)		94		100
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		-		-		-
Transfers Out		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-				
Net Change in Fund Balances		(6)		94		100
Fund Balances - Beginning		6		6		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	-	\$	100	\$	100

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Municipal Services Taxing Units

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

				Varian	ce With
	 Budget	Actual Amounts		Final	Budget
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 1,427	\$	1,362	\$	(65)
Interest Income	-		5		5
Miscellaneous	 -		13		13
Total Revenues	 1,427		1,380		(47)
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government	 2,196		1,282		914
Total Expenditures	 2,196		1,282		914
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (769)		98		867
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	-		3		3
Transfers (Out)	 (305)		(287)		18
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (305)		(284)		21
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,074)		(186)		888
Fund Balances - Beginning	 1,175		1,175		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 101	\$	989	\$	888

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Municipal Services Benefit Units

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

				Varian	ce With
	Budget		l Amounts	Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Permits, Fees, and Special Assessments Interest Income	\$ 1,209	\$	1,157 3	\$	(52) 3
Total Revenues	 1,209		1,160		(49)
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government	 1,738		804		934
Total Expenditures	 1,738		804		934
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (529)		356		885
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	42		42		-
Transfers (Out)	 (440)		(440)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (398)		(398)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(927)		(42)		885
Fund Balances - Beginning	 1,025		1,025		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 98	\$	983	\$	885

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Constitutional Gas Tax

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Budget	Actua	l Amounts		nce With I Budget
REVENUES		Duager	IICtuu			I Duuget
Intergovernmental	\$	3,495	\$	4,176	\$	681
Interest Income	Ψ	19	Ψ	4,170	Ψ	(15)
Miscellaneous		51		-		(51)
Total Revenues		3,565		4,180		615
EXPENDITURES Current						
		14 220		12 520		702
Transportation		14,320		13,538		782
Debt Service						
Principal Interest		465		465		-
		81		81		- 792
Total Expenditures		14,866		14,084		782
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(11,301)		(9,904)		1,397
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		8,939		8,939		-
Transfers (Out)		(74)		(74)		-
Issuance of Debt		1,201		1,180		(21)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		10,066		10,045		(21)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,235)		141		1,376
Fund Balances - Beginning		1,684		1,684		-
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	449	\$	1,825	\$	1,376

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE West 192 Redevelopment Area Municipal Services Benefit Unit For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

			Va	riance With
	 Budget	Actual Amoun	ts Fi	inal Budget
REVENUES				
Permits, Fees, and Special Assessments	\$ 3,139	\$ 2,99	9 \$	(140)
Interest Income	28	1	2	(16)
Miscellaneous	 165	22	.6	61
Total Revenues	 3,332	3,23	7	(95)
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Government	71	2	3	48
Transportation	1,000		-	1,000
Economic Environment	 3,506	2,63	7	869
Total Expenditures	 4,577	2,66	0	1,917
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (1,245)	57	7	1,822
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	-	2	0	20
Transfers (Out)	 (67)	(6	<u>i7)</u>	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (67)	(4	.7)	20
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,312)	53	0	1,842
Fund Balances - Beginning	 3,077	3,07	7	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 1,765	\$ 3,60	<u>7</u>	1,842

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Intergovernmental Radio Communication For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

			Varian	ce With
	Budget	Actual Amounts	Final	Budget
REVENUES				
Charges for Services	\$ 846	\$ 846	\$	-
Fines and Forfeitures	238	243		5
Interest Income	9	2		(7)
Miscellaneous	 28	28		-
Total Revenues	 1,121	1,119		(2)
EXPENDITURES Current				
General Government	 2,365	2,177		188
Total Expenditures	 2,365	2,177		188
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (1,244)	(1,058)		186
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	1,213	1,213		-
Transfers (Out)	 (107)	(107)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 1,106	1,106		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(138)	48		186
Fund Balances - Beginning	 886	886		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 748	<u>\$ 934</u>	\$	186

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Section 8 Housing For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

					Varian	ce With
]	Budget	Actual Amounts		Final	Budget
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$	16,987	\$	19,693	\$	2,706
Interest		17		1		(16)
Miscellaneous		-		40		40
Total Revenues		17,004		19,734		2,730
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Public Safety		707		-		707
Economic Environment		19,844		18,963		881
Total Expenditures		20,551		18,963		1,588
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,547)		771		4,318
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		-		-		-
Transfers (Out)		(72)		(72)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(72)		(72)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(3,619)		699		4,318
Fund Balances - Beginning		3,620		3,619		(1)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1	\$	4,318	\$	4,317

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Road Impact Fee For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

			Variance With
	Budget	Actual Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES			
Interest	\$	<u>\$ 1</u>	\$ 1
Total Revenues		<u> </u>	
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Total Expenditures		<u> </u>	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures		<u> </u>	1
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In			-
Transfers (Out)	. <u></u>		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u> </u>	
Net Change in Fund Balances		- 1	1
Fund Balances - Beginning	481	481	
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ 481</u>	\$ 482	<u>\$ 1</u>

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Fire Impact Fee For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

			Variance With	n
	Budget	Actual Amounts	Final Budget	t
REVENUES				
Permits, Fees, and Special Assessments Interest Income	\$ 2,428 54	\$ 3,590 15	\$ 1,16 (3	52 39)
Total Revenues	 2,482	3,605	1,12	
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Public Safety	 6,677	350	6,32	27
Total Expenditures	 6,677	350	6,32	27
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (4,195)	3,255	7,45	50
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	-	-		-
Transfers (Out)	 (12)	(12)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (12)	(12)		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,207)	3,243	7,45	50
Fund Balances - Beginning	 7,385	7,385		_
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 3,178	\$ 10,628	<u>\$ 7,45</u>	50

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Parks Impact Fee For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

					Variar	nce With
	I	Budget	Actual	Amounts	Final	Budget
REVENUES						
Permits, Fees, and Special Assessments	\$	9,167	\$	14,369	\$	5,202
Interest Income		-		33		33
Miscellaneous		-		1		1
Total Revenues		9,167		14,403		5,236
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Culture/Recreation		13,335		9,015		4,320
Total Expenditures		13,335		9,015		4,320
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(4,168)		5,388		9,556
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		-		-		-
Transfers (Out)		(42)		(42)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(42)		(42)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(4,210)		5,346		9,556
Fund Balances - Beginning		15,987		15,987		-
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	11,777	\$	21,333	\$	9,556

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Inmate Welfare For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

					Variar	ice With
]	Budget	Actual	Amounts	Final	Budget
REVENUES						
Charges for Services	\$	76	\$	93	\$	17
Interest Income		19		5		(14)
Miscellaneous		738		960		222
Total Revenues		833		1,058		225
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Public Safety		1,080		618		462
Total Expenditures		1,080		618		462
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(247)		440		687
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		-		-		-
Transfers (Out)		(65)		(65)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(65)		(65)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(312)		375		687
Fund Balances - Beginning		2,084		2,084		<u> </u>
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,772	\$	2,459	\$	687

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Public Records Modernization

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

				Varia	nce With
	 Budget	Actua	al Amounts	Final	Budget
REVENUES					
Charges for Services	\$ 300	\$	420	\$	120
Interest Income	 30		3		(27)
Total Revenues	 330		423		93
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Court Related	 830		409		(421)
Total Expenditures	 830		409		(421)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (500)		14		514
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	-		-		-
Transfers (Out)	 -		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(500)		14		514
Fund Balances - Beginning	 500		2,103		1,603
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 	\$	2,117	\$	2,117

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Public Records Information Technology For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

				Variar	ce With
	Budget	Actua	l Amounts	Final	Budget
REVENUES					
Charges for Services	\$ 890	\$	1,280	\$	390
Total Revenues	 890		1,280		390
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Court Related	 1,200		781		419
Total Expenditures	 1,200		781		419
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (310)		499		809
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	-		-		-
Transfers (Out)	 -		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -		-		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(310)		499		809
Fund Balances - Beginning	 310		468		158
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 	\$	967	\$	967

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Supervisor of Elections Grants

For the Year Ending September 30, 2021

				Variano	e With
	Budget	Actual A	mounts	Final	Budget
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	485	\$	485
Total Revenues	<u>\$</u>	\$	485	\$	485
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government			278		(278)
Total Expenditures		<u> </u>	278		(278)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures			207		207
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	-		-		-
Transfers (Out)			(211)		(211)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u> </u>	(211)		(211)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-		(4)		(4)
Fund Balances - Beginning		<u>.</u>	4		4
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	\$		\$	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Sheriff's Special Revenue

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

			Variance With
	Budget	Actual Amount	s Final Budget
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental	\$	- \$ 293	3 \$ 293
Miscellaneous		- 150) 150
Total Revenues		- 443	3 443
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Public Safety		- 733	
Total Expenditures		- 733	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures		- (290)) (290)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In		- 669	669
Transfers (Out)		- (100	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		- 563	3 563
Net Change in Fund Balances		- 273	3 273
Fund Balances - Beginning		- 894	4 894
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	- \$ 1,167	7 <u>\$ 1,167</u>

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Sheriff's Foundation Fund

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

			Variance With
	Budget	Actual Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES			
Miscellaneous	\$	- \$ 4	<u>\$4</u>
Total Revenues		- 4	4
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Public Safety		- 52	(52)
Total Expenditures		- 52	(52)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures		- (48)) (48)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In			-
Transfers (Out)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances		- (48)	(48)
Fund Balances - Beginning	·	- 48	48
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	- \$ -	<u>\$</u>

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NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

- Limited General Obligation Bonds (201, 234, 238) This merged group of debt service funds accounts for payments of principal, interest and other debt service costs for the \$8,445,000 Limited General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 (201), the \$24,295,000 Limited General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010 (238), and the \$9,580,000 Limited General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2020 (250). These Bonds were issued to purchase environmentally significant land in the County for the Environmental Land Conservation Program (ELCP).
- Taxable Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds (204, 240, 243, 247) This merged group of debt service funds accounts for payments of principal, interest and other debt service costs for the \$12,565,000 Tourist Development Tax (Fifth Cent) Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 (204), the \$74,790,000 Tourist Development Tax Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2012 (240), the \$23,325,000 Tourist Development Tax (Fifth Cent) Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 (240), the \$11,595,000 Tourist Development Tax (Fifth Cent) Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 (243), and the \$11,595,000 Tourist Development Tax (Fifth Cent) Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 (247).
- West 192 MSBU Special Assessment Bonds (210) This fund was established to account for payments of principal, interest and other debt service costs for the \$4,415,000 Special Assessments Bonds, Series 2003 (210).
- Sales Tax Revenue Bonds (202, 211, 242, 245) This merged group of debt service funds accounts for the payment of principal, interest and other debt service costs for the \$48,735,000 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 (202), the \$58,660,500,000 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A (211), the \$39,465,000 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bond, Series 2016 (242), and the \$26,079,000 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bond, Series 2017 (245).
- Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds (236) This fund accounts for payments of principal, interest and other debt service costs for the \$132,250,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 A, B, C (236).
- Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Bonds (239, 241, 244) This merged group of debt service funds accounts for payments of principal, interest and other debt service costs for the \$75,000,000 Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 (235), the \$29,500,000 Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 (239), the \$26,170,000 Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 (241), and the \$19,062,000 Infrastructure Sales Surtax Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2017 (244).
- **Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (246)** This fund accounts for payments of principal, interest and other debt service costs for the \$26,315,000 Taxable Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2017 (246).
- Motorola Debt Service (248) This fund accounts for payments of principal, interest and other debt service costs for the \$7,771,033 Motorola P25 Communications Equipment Upgrade (248).

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET Nonmajor Debt Service Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

	G	201 imited eneral ligation	Dev	204 ble Tourist elopment Revenue	We MSBU	210 est 192 U Special essment	Sal	211 les Tax evenue
]	Bonds]	Bonds	B	onds	I	Bonds
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	3,008	\$	7,892	\$	451	\$	8,007
Accounts Receivable, Net		-		14		_		
Total Assets	\$	3,008	\$	7,906	\$	451	\$	8,007
LIABILITIES								
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1
Total Liabilities		-						1
Fund Balances								
Restricted		3,008		7,906		451		8,006
Total Fund Balances		3,008		7,906		451		8,006
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,008	\$	7,906	\$	451	\$	8,007

Imp R	Capital Inf mprovement Sa		Improvement Revenue		239 astructure as Surtax evenue Bonds	I Impi Ra	246 Public rovement evenue Bonds	:	248 otorola Debt ervice	No Deb	Total onmajor ot Service Funds
\$	5,665	\$	9,099 -	\$	1,580	\$	1,027	\$	36,729 14		
\$	5,665	\$	9,099	\$	1,580	\$	1,027	\$	36,743		
\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u>-</u> -	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u> </u>		
	5,665 5,665		9,099 9,099		1,580 1,580		1,027 1,027	_	36,742 36,742		
\$	5,665	\$	9,099	\$	1,580	\$	1,027	\$	36,743		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	201 Limited General Obligation	204 Taxable Tourist Development Tax Revenue	MSBU Special Assessment	211 Sales Tax Revenue
	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 2,971	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Permits, Fees, and Special Assessments	-	199	314	-
Interest Income		15	1	24
Total Revenues	2,971	214	315	24
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Government	60	-	-	-
Debt Service				
Principal	995	3,850	270	5,486
Interest	197	3,624	58	4,769
Other Debt Service Costs		2	1	1
Total Expenditures	1,252	7,476	329	10,256
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,719	(7,262)	(14)	(10,232)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	-	7,064	-	10,320
Transfers (Out)	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		7,064		10,320
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,719	(198)	(14)	88
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,289	8,104	465	7,918
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 3,008	\$ 7,906	<u>\$ 451</u>	\$ 8,006

In	236 Capital provement Revenue Bonds	239 Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Bonds	246 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds	248 Motorola Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,971
	-	- 14	-	-	513
	<u>18</u> 18	14			<u>72</u> 3,556
	-	-	-	-	60
	3,642	8,311	565	1,958	25,077
	3,718	1,099	940	95	14,500
					4
	7,360	9,410	1,505	2,053	39,641
	(7,342)	(9,396)	(1,505)	(2,053)	(36,085)
	7,420	9,515	2,057	2,053	38,429
	7,420	9,515	2,057	2,053	38,429
	78	119	552	-	2,344
	5,587	8,980	1,028	1,027	34,398
\$	5,665	\$ 9,099	\$ 1,580	\$ 1,027	36,742

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Limited General Obligation Bonds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	E	Budget	Actual A	mounts	Variano Final F	
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	3,102	\$	2,971	\$	(131)
Interest Income		1		-		(1)
Total Revenues		3,103		2,971		(132)
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General Government		60		60		-
Debt Service						
Principal		995		995		-
Interest		197		197		-
Total Expenditures		1,252		1,252		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		1,851		1,719		(132)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,851		1,719		(132)
Fund Balances - Beginning		1,289		1,289		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	3,140	\$	3,008	\$	(132)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Taxable Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
REVENUES			
Permits, Fees, and Special Assessments	\$ 300	\$ 199	\$ (101)
Interest Income	16	15	(1)
Total Revenues	316	214	(102)
EXPENDITURES			
Debt Service			
Principal	3,850	3,850	-
Interest	3,624	3,624	-
Other Debt Service Costs	2	2	
Total Expenditures	7,476	7,476	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(7,160)	(7,262)	(102)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	7,064	7,064	-
Transfers (Out)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	7,064	7,064	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(96)	(198)	(102)
Fund Balances - Beginning	8,104	8,104	<u> </u>
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 8,008	\$ 7,906	\$ (102)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

West 192 MSBU Special Assessment Bonds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Bı	ıdget	Actual Amo	ounts	Varianc Final B	
REVENUES		0				
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	\$	330	\$	314	\$	(16)
Interest Income		5		1		(4)
Total Revenues		335		315	·	(20)
EXPENDITURES						
Debt Service						
Principal		270		270		-
Interest		58		58		-
Other Debt Service Costs		2		1		1
Total Expenditures		330		329		1
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		5		(14)		(19)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						-
Net Change in Fund Balances		5		(14)		(19)
Fund Balances - Beginning		465		465		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	470	\$	451	\$	(19)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Sales Tax Revenue Bonds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	B	udget	Actual A	Amounts	Variance Final Bu	
REVENUES						
Interest Income	\$	24	\$	24	\$	-
Total Revenues		24		24		-
EXPENDITURES						
Debt Service						
Principal		5,486		5,486		-
Interest		4,769		4,769		-
Other Debt Service Costs		1		1		-
Total Expenditures		10,256		10,256		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(10,232)		(10,232)		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		10,320		10,320		-
Transfers (Out)				-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		10,320		10,320		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		88		88		-
Fund Balances - Beginning		7,918		7,918		_
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	8,006	\$	8,006	\$	_

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

					Variance	e With
	Budget		Actual Amounts		Final Budget	
REVENUES						
Interest Income	\$	17	\$	18	\$	1
Total Revenues		17		18		1
EXPENDITURES						
Debt Service						
Principal		3,642		3,642		-
Interest		3,719		3,718		1
Total Expenditures		7,361		7,360		1
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(7,344)		(7,342)		2
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		7,420		7,420		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		7,420		7,420		
Net Change in Fund Balances		76		78		2
Fund Balances - Beginning		5,587		5,587		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	5,663	\$	5,665	\$	2

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Bonds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

					Varian	ce With
	Budget		Actual Amounts		Final Budget	
REVENUES						
Interest Income	\$	15	\$	14	\$	(1)
Total Revenues		15		14		(1)
EXPENDITURES						
Debt Service						
Principal		8,311		8,311		-
Interest		1,099		1,099		-
Total Expenditures		9,410		9,410		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(9,395)		(9,396)		(1)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		9,515	_	9,515		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		9,515		9,515		
Net Change in Fund Balances		120		119		(1)
Fund Balances - Beginning		8,980		8,980		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	9,100	\$	9,099	\$	(1)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Public Improvement Revenue Bonds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	B	Budget <u>Actual Amounts</u>		Variance W	
REVENUES					
Total Revenues	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
EXPENDITURES					
Debt Service					
Principal		565	563	5	-
Interest		940	940)	-
Total Expenditures		1,505	1,50	5	_
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,505)	(1,50	5)	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In		2,057	2,05	7	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,057	2,05		_
Net Change in Fund Balances		552	552	2	-
Fund Balances - Beginning		1,028	1,022	3	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,580	\$ 1,580) <u>\$</u>	_

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Motorola Debt Service For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budget	Budget Actual Amounts		
REVENUES				
Total Revenues	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	
EXPENDITURES				
Debt Service				
Principal	1,95	8 1,958		
Interest	9	5 95		
Total Expenditures	2,05	3 2,053		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,05)	3) (2,053))	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	2,05	3 2,053	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,05	3 2,053		
Net Change in Fund Balances			-	
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,02	7 1,027		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 1,02	7 <u>\$ 1,027</u>	<u>\$</u>	

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NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

- Local Option Sales Tax (306) This fund was established to account for projects funded by local infrastructure sales tax. In September 1990, local voters approved a one-cent sales tax for the County's infrastructure needs, which are included in the Capital Improvements Projects. In October 1999, voters approved an extension of the authority to collect this tax until the year 2025. Per Florida Statutes 212.055(2), the proceeds must be expended to finance, plan, and construct infrastructure; to acquire land for public recreation; or conservation or protection of natural resources.
- General Capital Outlay Fund (315) This fund accounts for general capital projects in Osceola County. The primary source of revenue is transfers from General Fund and other governmental funds.
- Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds (333) This fund was established to account for projects funded with the Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2009. The net proceeds of these bonds were primarily used for transportation capital projects and infrastructure and equipment capital projects.
- Special Purpose Capital Fund (328) This fund was established to track funded capital projects from outside sources such as State, Local Agency Programs, and Joint Participation Agreements.
- Sales Tax Revenue Bonds (329) This fund was established to account for projects funded by the proceeds of the Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A.
- Countywide Fire Capital Fund (331) This fund was established in fiscal year 2016 to account for projects funded by the proceeds of the Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A, to manage the capital lease program, and other fire capital projects.
- **Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (332)** This fund was established in fiscal year 2018 to track expenditures associated with issuance costs and the design and construction of the new office building at NeoCity.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET Nonmajor Capital Project Funds September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

		306 Local Option Sales Tax		315 General Capital Outlay Fund	C Impi Re	333 apital covement evenue Gonds	P C	328 Special urpose Sapital Fund
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$	59,485	\$	51,282	\$	4	\$	
Due from Other Governments	φ	7,007	φ	- 51,262	φ	-	φ	2,152
Total Assets	\$	66,492	\$	51,282	\$	4	\$	2,152
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities								
Accounts Payable		721		696		-		49
Accrued Liabilities		63		1,185		-		951
Deposits		-		5		-		-
Due to Other Funds		1,389		-		-		821
Total Liabilities		2,173		1,886				1,821
Fund Balances								
Restricted		64,319		-		4		331
Committed		-		49,396		_	_	-
Total Fund Balances		64,319		49,396		4		331
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	66,492	\$	51,282	\$	4	\$	2,152

S , Re	329 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds		331 Countywide Fire Capital Fund		332 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds		Total onmajor Capital Project Funds
\$	616	\$	20,845	\$	3,092	\$	135,324 9,159
\$	616	\$	20,845	\$	3,092	\$	144,483
	- 5		169 7		-		1,635 2,211
	-		- -		-		5 2,210
	5		176				6,061
	611		20,669		3,092		89,026 49,396
	611		20,669		3,092		138,422
\$	616	\$	20,845	\$	3,092	\$	144,483

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Nonmajor Capital Project Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	306 Local Option Sales Tax	315 General Capital Outlay Fund	333 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds	328 Special Purpose Capital Fund
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 38,001	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	2,808
Interest Income	75	-	4	3
Miscellaneous	119			
Total Revenues	38,195		4	2,811
EXPENDITURES				
Current				200
General Government Debt Service	-	-	-	300
Principal	2,401	_	_	_
Interest	126	_	_	_
Capital Projects	7,538	2,670	2,851	2,432
Total Expenditures	10,065	2,670	2,851	2,732
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	28,130	(2,670)	(2,847)	79
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Issuance of Debt	1,453	-	-	-
Transfers In	-	3,378	-	-
Transfers (Out)	(14,245)			(241)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(12,792)	3,378		(241)
Net Change in Fund Balances	15,338	708	(2,847)	(162)
Fund Balances - Beginning	48,981	48,688	2,851	493
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 64,319	\$ 49,396	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>\$ 331</u>

Sa T Rev	29 ales 'ax 'enue onds	331 Countywide Fire Capital Fund	332 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds
5	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 38,001
	-	-	-	2,808
	2	30	7	121
	-	50		169
	2	80	7	41,099
	-	-	-	300
	-	-	-	2,401
	-	-	-	126
	-	4,115	9	19,615
	_	4,115	9	22,442
	2	(4,035)	(2)	18,657
	-	540	-	1,993
	-	13,184	-	16,562
	-	(140)		(14,626
	-	13,584		3,929
	2	9,549	(2)	22,586
	609	11,120	3,094	115,836
	611	\$ 20,669	\$ 3,092	<u>\$</u> 138,422

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Local Option Sales Tax For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

					Vari	ance With
	Budget		Actual Amounts		Final Budget	
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	27,065	\$	38,001	\$	10,936
Interest Income		287		75		(212)
Miscellaneous		-		119		119
Total Revenues		27,352		38,195		10,843
EXPENDITURES						
Debt Service						
Principal		2,401		2,401		-
Interest		126		126		-
Capital Projects		22,436		7,538		14,898
Total Expenditures		24,963		10,065		14,898
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		2,389		28,130		25,741
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Issuance of Debt		1,526		1,453		(73)
Transfers In		-		-		-
Transfers (Out)		(14,245)		(14,245)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(12,719)		(12,792)		(73)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(10,330)		15,338		25,668
Fund Balances - Beginning		48,981		48,981		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	38,651	\$	64,319	\$	25,668

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

General Capital Outlay Fund

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Bu	ıdget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
REVENUES		<u> </u>		
Total Revenues	\$	-	\$ -	\$
EXPENDITURES				
Capital Projects		39,521	2,670	36,851
Total Expenditures		39,521	2,670	36,851
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures		(39,521)	(2,670)	36,851
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In		3,378	3,378	-
Transfers (Out)		_		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,378	3,378	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(36,143)	708	36,851
Fund Balances - Beginning		48,688	48,688	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	12,545	\$ 49,396	\$ 36,851

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
REVENUES	Duuget	Actual Amounts	Tillal Duuget
Interest Income	\$ -	\$ 4	\$ 4
Total Revenues		4	4
EXPENDITURES			
Capital Projects	2,851	2,851	
Total Expenditures	2,851	2,851	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,851)	(2,847)	4
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,851)	(2,847)	4
Fund Balances - Beginning	2,851	2,851	
Fund Balances - Ending	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>\$4</u>

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Special Purpose Capital Fund

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

				Variance With
	Budget		Actual Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$	19,135	\$ 2,808	\$ (16,327)
Interest Income		-	3	3
Miscellaneous		69,916		(69,916)
Total Revenues		89,051	2,811	(86,240)
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Government		69,916	300	69,616
Capital Projects		20,256	2,432	17,824
Total Expenditures		90,172	2,732	87,440
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,121)	79	1,200
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Issuance of Debt		-	-	-
Transfers In		-	-	-
Transfers (Out)		(241)	(241)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(241)	(241)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,362)	(162)	1,200
Fund Balances - Beginning		493	493	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	(869)	\$ 331	<u>\$ 1,200</u>

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Sales Tax Revenue Bonds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

			Variance With
	Budget	Actual Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES			
Interest Income	\$ -	\$ 2	<u>\$ 2</u>
Total Revenues		2	2
EXPENDITURES			
Capital Projects	609		609
Total Expenditures	609		609
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(609)	2	611
Net Change in Fund Balances	(609)	2	611
Fund Balances - Beginning	609	609	
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$</u>	\$ 611	<u>\$ 611</u>

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Countywide Fire Capital Fund

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

			Variance With
	Budget	Actual Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES			
Interest Income	\$ -	\$ 30	\$ 30
Miscellaneous		50	50
Total Revenues		80	80
EXPENDITURES			
Capital Projects	10,149	4,115	6,034
Total Expenditures	10,149	4,115	6,034
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(10,149)	(4,035)	6,114
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Issuance of Debt	593	540	(53)
Transfers In	13,184	13,184	-
Transfers (Out)	(140)	(140)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	13,637	13,584	(53)
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,488	9,549	6,061
Fund Balances - Beginning	11,120	11,120	<u> </u>
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 14,608	\$ 20,669	\$ 6,061

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Public Improvement Revenue Bonds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
REVENUES	Duuger	i i couli i i iniculito	I mui Duuget
Interest Income	\$ -	\$ 7	\$ 7
Total Revenues	-	7	7
EXPENDITURES			
Capital Projects	3,094	9	3,085
Total Expenditures	3,094	9	3,085
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,094)	(2)	3,092
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,094)	(2)	3,092
Fund Balances - Beginning	3,094	3,094	
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 3,092	\$ 3,092

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

- Workers Compensation Self-Insurance (501) In 1990, the County adopted a self-insurance program for Workers Compensation expenses. Workers compensation claims for the entire County including the Property Appraiser, Supervisor of Elections, Tax Collector and Clerk of the Court are paid from this fund.
- Property and Casualty Insurance (502) In 1994, the County adopted an insurance program for property and casualty and general liability insurance. All County insurance premiums are processed and paid from this fund, including many varied special insurance policies such as vehicle insurance, crime, environmental liability, volunteer accident, aviation, excess property coverage, inmate medical care, etc.
- Dental Self-Insurance (503) In 1990, the County adopted a dental self-insurance program. Dental claims for the entire County including the Property Appraiser, Supervisor of Elections and Tax Collector are paid out of this fund.
- Health Self-Insurance (504) In 2000, this fund was established to account for health insurance costs. In fiscal year 2009 the County implemented a self-insurance program for health insurance. Health premiums and claims for the entire County including the Property Appraiser, Supervisor of Elections and Tax Collector are paid out of this fund.
- Disability and Life Insurance (505) Long term disability (LTD), short-term disability (STD) and life insurance premiums for the entire County including the Property Appraiser, Supervisor of Elections and Tax Collector are paid out of this fund.
- Fleet Management (509, 510, 511) This merged group of funds was established to account for the operations and administration of the fleet maintenance and fuel activities.
- Sheriff's Office Health Self-Insurance In fiscal year 2013 the Sheriff's Office established this fund to account for health insurance costs. Health premiums and claims for the Sheriff's Office are paid out of this fund.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Internal Service Funds

September 30, 2021

	501	502	503	
	Workers			
	Compensation Self-	Property and	Dental Self-	
	Insurance	Casualty Insurance		
	Insurance	Casualty Insurance	Insurance	
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,989	\$ 10,133	\$ 1,000	
Accounts Receivable, Net	58	-	23	
Due from Other Governments	4	-	-	
Due from Other Funds	165	176	28	
Inventories	-	-	-	
Prepaid Items	-	1,134	-	
Total Current Assets	8,216	11,443	1,051	
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital Assets				
Buildings and Improvements	-	-	-	
Machinery and Equipment	24	-	-	
Construction in Progress	-	-	-	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(9)		<u> </u>	
Total Noncurrent Assets	15			
Total Assets	8,231	11,443	1,051	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	147	89	5	
Accrued Liabilities	8	7	3	
Due to Other Funds	1	1	1	
Capital Lease Current Portion	-	-	-	
Unearned Revenue	-	-	-	
Claims Payable	3,236	3,643	146	
Compensated Absences	7	6	3	
Total Current Liabilities	3,399	3,746	158	
Non-Current Liabilities				
Capital Leases	-	-	-	
Compensated Absences	25	22	10	
Claims Payable	3,821	4,074	-	
Other Post Employment Benefits	19	19	10	
Total Non-Current Liabilities	3,865	4,115	20	
Total Liabilities	7,264	7,861	178	
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	15	-	-	
Unrestricted	952	3,582	873	
Total Net Position	\$ 967	\$ 3,582	\$ 873	

504	505	510		
 Health Self- Insurance	Disability and Life Insurance	Fleet Management	Sheriff's Office Health Self- Insurance	Total
\$ 6,258 154	\$ 1,016 1	\$ 1,335	\$ 3,799	\$ 31,530 236
-	-	-	-	4
1,099	27	-	-	1,495
-	-	514	-	514
 - 7,511	1,044	1,849	3,799	<u>1,134</u> 34,913
 7,511	1,044	1,049	3,199_	
-	-	502	-	502
44	-	1,716	-	1,784
-	-	43	-	43
 (15) 29		(1,237) 1,024		(1,261) 1,068
 7,540	1,044	2,873	3,799	35,981
331	89	51	73	785
12	2	59	-	91
-	1	16	-	20
-	-	25	-	25
111	-	-	-	111
3,677 6	- 2	- 24	666	11,368 48
 4,137	94	175	739	12,448
-	-	77	-	77
22	6	91	-	176
-	-	-	-	7,895
 16	9	226	-	299
 38	15	394		8,447
 4,175	109	569	739	20,895
29	-	1,024	-	1,068
 3,336	935	1,280	3,060	14,018
\$ 3,365	\$ 935	\$ 2,304	\$ 3,060	\$ 15,086

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

Internal Service Funds

September 30, 2021

		501	:	502		503
	V	Vorkers	Prop	erty and		
	Compe	nsation Self-	_	sualty	Den	tal Self-
	-	surance		irance	Ins	urance
OPERATING REVENUES	A	2 202	.			1 9 1 9
Charges for Services	\$	3,393 97	\$	3,765 40	\$	1,213
Miscellaneous		3,490				1,213
Total Operating Revenues		3,490		3,805		1,213
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personal Services		156		141		72
Contracted Services		129		729		-
Repairs and Maintenance		-		-		-
Supplies		-		-		-
Depreciation		3		-		-
Insurance		307		2,115		58
Utilities		-		-		-
Claims Expense		3,168		2,432		891
Miscellaneous		1		45		
Total Operating Expenses		3,764		5,462		1,021
Operating Income (Loss)		(274)		(1,657)		192
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest Revenue		14		24		2
Other Revenue (Expense)				-		-
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		14		24		2
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and Capital Contributions		(260)		(1,633)		194
Transfers In		-		-		-
Transfers (Out)		(80)		(52)		(60)
Change in Net Position		(340)		(1,685)		134
Total Net Position - Beginning		1,307		5,267		739
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	967	\$	3,582	\$	873

504	505	510				
			Sheriff's Office			
Health Self-	Disability and	Fleet	Health Self-			
Insurance	Life Insurance	Management	Insurance	Total		
\$ 24,149	\$ 500	\$ 4,034	\$ 11,767	\$ 48,821		
1,258		-	233	1,628		
25,407	500	4,034	12,000	50,449		
145	45	1,421	-	1,980		
1,405	-	12	2,526	4,801		
-	-	1,087	-	1,087		
-	-	1,046	-	1,046		
5	-	178	-	186		
1,955	414	18	-	4,867		
-	-	11	-	11		
23,124	-	-	12,362	41,977		
10		41		97		
26,644	459	3,814	14,888	56,052		
(1,237)	41	220	(2,888)	(5,603)		
15	2	-	-	57		
-		23		23		
15	2	23		80		
(1,222)	43	243	(2,888)	(5,523)		
-	-	189	-	189		
(161)	(22)	(439)	-	(814)		
(1,383)	21	(7)	(2,888)	(6,148)		
4,748	914	2,311	5,948	21,234		
\$ 3,365	<u>\$ 935</u>	\$ 2,304	\$ 3,060	\$ 15,086		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Internal Service Funds For The Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

		501 orkers		502 Property		503
		pensation		and	т	Dental
		Insurance	Casualty			Insurance
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	Sen-1			Casualty	Sen-	msurance
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	3,464	\$	3,718	\$	1,195
Miscellaneous Revenue	Ψ	97	ψ	40	ψ	1,175
Payments to Suppliers		(2,642)		(4,172)		(935)
Payments to Employees		(151)		(136)		(71)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		768		(550)		189
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				<u> </u>		_
Transfers In		-		-		-
Transfers (Out)	_	(80)		(52)		(60)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital						
Financing Activities		(80)		(52)		(60)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Capital Lease		-		-		-
Purchase of Capital Assets		-		-		-
Proceed from Disposition of Capital Assets		-		-		-
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related						
Financing Activities		-		-		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest Revenue		14		24		2
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		14		24		2
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		14		24		<u> </u>
and Cash Equivalents		702		(578)		131
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		7,287		10,711		869
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	7,989	\$	10,133	\$	1,000
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash						
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities						
Operating Income (Loss)		(274)		(1,657)		192
Depreciation Expense		3		-		-
Change in Assets and Liabilities						
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		72		60		(17)
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Governments		(4)		-		1
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds		3		10		(2)
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories		-		-		-
(Increase) Decrease Prepaid Items		-		(117)		-
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		74		21		-
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities		2		-		-
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds		-		2		-
Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		885		1,124		13
Increase (Decrease) in Onearned Revenue Increase (Decrease) in Other Long Term Liabilities		-		-		-
Other Post Employment Benefits		2		2		- 1
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		2 5		2 5		1
Total Adjustments		1,039		1,107		(3)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	768	\$	(550)	\$	189
Net Cash Frovided by (Used in) Operating Activities	φ	708	φ	(330)	φ	109

	504	505		510			
		Disability			Sheriff's Office		
	Health	and Life		Fleet	Health		
Sel	f-Insurance	Self-Insurance	Μ	anagement	Self-Insurance		Total
¢	0 4 0 6 0	* (00)	٠	1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	.	10 50 6
\$	24,062 1,258	\$ 498	\$	4,023	\$ 11,766 234	\$	48,726 1,629
	(26,147)	(380)		(2,176)	(14,769)		(51,221)
	(144)	(45)		(1,426)			(1,973)
. <u> </u>	(971)	73		421	(2,769)		(2,839)
	-	-		189	-		189
	(161)	(22)		(439)			(814)
	(161)	(22)		(250)	-		(625)
	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>						
	-	-		(20)	-		(20)
	(22)	-		(123) 24	-		(145) 24
	(22)			(119)			(141)
	15	2		-			57
	15	2		-			57
	(1,139)	53		52	(2,769)		(3,548)
	7,397	963		1,283	6,568		35,078
\$	6,258	\$ 1,016	\$	1,335	\$ 3,799	\$	31,530
	(1.007)			220		¢	(5, 602)
	(1,237) 5	41		220 178	(2,888)	\$	(5,603) 186
	5			170			100
	(14)	(1)		-	-		100
	10	1		-	-		8
	(83)	(2)		1	-		(73)
	-	-		(12)	-		(12)
	43	- 44		- (11)	- 24		(117) 195
	43 5	44		(11) 3	24		193
	-	-		2	-		4
	288	-		-	95		2,405
	(5)	-		-	-		(5)
	-	-		-	-		-
	16 1	(10)		45 (5)	-		56 7
	266	32		201	119		2,764
\$	(971)		\$	421	\$ (2,769)	\$	(2,839)

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CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Board of County Commissioners

- Kissimmee Impact Fee (606) This fund was established in Fiscal Year 2009 to account for the portion of road impact fees collected and remitted by the City of Kissimmee, Florida, per an Interlocal agreement.
- School Impact Fee (608) To account for the collection of impact fees from residential housing construction and the distribution of those fees to the Osceola County School Board.
- Bond Custodial Fund (617) To account for the disposition of cash bonds to be remitted to the Clerk of the Circuit Court.
- Inmate Custodial Fund (619) To account for inmates' cash held by the Board during their incarceration.
- Gaylord Palms Trust Fund (621) To account for 1% assessment fee for the construction of The Convention Center and Hotel Expansion at Gaylord Palms Resort.

Sheriff

To account for the collection and disbursement of cash bonds, fines and costs, individual deposits and suspense deposits.

Clerk of the Circuit Court

To account for the assets held by the Clerk of the Courts in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations and/or other governmental units.

Tax Collector

To account for the collection and disbursement of general, delinquent and installment taxes, tags, titles and special assessment deposits.

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Custodial Funds September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

	Board of County Commissioners									
		nd 606		und 608		und 617		nd 619		und 621
		mee Impact Fee	Scho	ol Impact Fee	Bon	d Custodial Fund		mate lial Fund	Gay	lord Palm Trust
		ree		ree		runu	Custou	nai r'unu		Trust
ASSETS										
Cash and Investments	\$	1,155	\$	21,909	\$	46	\$	77	\$	287
Accounts Receivable		-		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Governments		-		-		-		-		-
Other Assets		-		-		-		-		-
Total Assets		1,155		21,909		46		77		287
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable		-		-		-		-		-
Due to Other Governments		-		21,909		46		-		-
Escrow Payable		-		-		-		-		-
Installment Tax Deposits		-		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities				21,909		46		-		-
NET POSITION										
Restricted for:										
Individuals, Organizations										
and Other Governments		1,155		-		-		77		287
Total Net Position	\$	1,155	\$	-	\$	-	\$	77	\$	287

Sheriff		-	erk of the Circuit Court	 Tax Collector		
Custodial Funds		Custodial Funds		 Custodial Funds	Totals	
\$	971	\$	14,408	\$ 11,088	\$	49,941
	-		486	3,278		3,764
	2		59	71		132
	-		-	 -		-
	973		14,953	 14,437		53,837
	6		546	506		1,058
	11		2,756	9,043		33,765
	-		-	1		1
				 4,887		4,887
	17		3,302	 14,437		39,711
	17		3,302	 14,437		39,711

 956	 11,651	 	 14,126
\$ 956	\$ 11,651	\$ -	\$ 14,126

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Custodial Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

	Board of County Commissioners						
	Fund 606	Fund 608	Fund 617	Fund 619	Fund 621		
	Kissimmee Impact Fee	School Impact Fee	Bond Custodial Fund	Inmate Custodial Fund	Gaylord Palm Trust		
ADDITIONS	Impact I cc	Impact I cc	<u> </u>	Custoliai I unu	Tann Trust		
Impact Fee Collections	\$ -	\$ 69,733	\$ -	\$ -	\$-		
Special Assessments	-	-	-	-	450		
Inmate Collections	-	-	-	1,382	-		
Recording Fees	-	-	-	-	-		
Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-		
Registry Fees	-	-	-	-	-		
Property Taxes and Fees Collected	-	-	-	-	-		
Tourist Development Taxes Collected	-	-	-	-	-		
License, Registrations and Sales Tax Collected	-	-	-	-	-		
Other Tax Collections	-	-	-	-	-		
Other Collections		-	1,141				
Total Additions		69,733	1,141	1,382	450		
DEDUCTIONS							
Payments to Other Governments	-	69,733	1,141	-	-		
Payments to Other Entities	-	-	-	-	382		
Payments to Individuals	-	-	-	1,454	-		
Property Taxes and Fees Distributed	-	-	-	-	-		
Tourist Development Taxes Distributed	-	-	-	-	-		
License, Registrations and Sales Tax Distributed	-	-	-	-	-		
Other Taxes and Fees Distributed							
Total Deductions		69,733	1,141	1,454	382		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Position	-	-	-	(72)	68		
RESTATEMENT- BEGINNING NET POSITION	1,155	-		149	219		
NET POSITION -ENDING	\$ 1,155	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 77	\$ 287		

Sheriff		Clerk of the Circuit Court	 Tax Collector				
Custodial Funds		Custodial Funds	 Custodial Funds	Totals			
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	69,733		
	-	-	-		450		
	-	-	-		1,382		
	-	203,779	-		203,779		
	-	21,166	-		21,166		
	-	16,524	-		16,524		
	-	-	303,167		303,167		
	-	-	4,634		4,634		
	-	-	35,920		35,920		
	-	-	2,978		2,978		
51	3	14,642	 _		16,296		
51	3	256,111	 346,699		676,029		
	-	235,464	-		306,338		
42	20	18,176	-		18,978		
	-	-	-		1,454		
	-	-	303,167		303,167		
	-	-	4,634		4,634		
	-	-	35,920		35,920		
	-	-	 2,978		2,978		
42	20	253,640	 346,699		673,469		
ç	13	2,471	 -		2,560		
86	13	9,180	 		11,566		
\$ 95	6	\$ 11,651	\$ -	\$	14,126		

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DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA ALL LONG -TERM LIABILITIES SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

TOTAL DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENT - ALL FUNDS

Fiscal Year		Principal Amount		Interest		Total Debt Service		
2022	\$	40,901	\$	22,468	\$	63,369		
2023		40,121		21,317		61,438		
2024		38,513		20,201		58,714		
2025		38,690		19,152		57,842		
2026		25,641		18,308		43,949		
2027		23,480		17,674		41,154		
2028		24,840		17,080		41,920		
2029		25,501		16,534		42,035		
2030		26,433		16,013		42,446		
2031		27,245		15,532		42,777		
2032		28,197		15,010		43,207		
2033		27,615		14,555		42,170		
2034		25,250		14,152		39,402		
2035		26,251		13,789		40,040		
2036		25,491		13,606		39,097		
2037		26,507		13,337		39,844		
2038		27,542		13,129		40,671		
2039		27,298		12,890		40,188		
2040		25,377		12,800		38,177		
2041		18,852		12,836		31,688		
2042		19,545		13,027		32,572		
2043		19,436		13,254		32,690		
2044		20,124		13,528		33,652		
2045		20,444		13,202		33,646		
2046		16,379		12,949		29,328		
2047		15,162		12,804		27,966		
2048		15,295		12,658		27,953		
2049		13,525		12,524		26,049		
2050		13,650		12,390		26,040		
2051		13,786		12,285		26,071		
2052		13,870		12,196		26,066		
2053		13,986		12,071		26,057		
2054		14,125		11,927		26,052		
2055	_	13,499	_	11,758	_	25,257		
Totals	\$	792,571	\$	496,956	\$	1,289,527		

GOVERNMENT					ONDS		ENTERPRISE BONDS					
Fiscal Year	Principal Amount Int		Interest	Total Debt interest Service			Principal Amount Interest			,	Total Debt Service	
2022	\$ 28,	325	\$ 13,993	\$	42,318	\$	2,635	\$	7,368	\$	10,003	
2023	28,	872	13,122		41,994		2,725		7,274		9,999	
2024	30,	063	12,282		42,345		2,825		7,174		9,999	
2025		881	11,450		42,331		2,925		7,070		9,995	
2026		826	10,719		29,545		3,794		7,056		10,850	
2027	16,	338	10,118		26,456		4,615		7,089		11,704	
2028	16,	943	9,511		26,454		5,414		7,165		12,579	
2029	16,	993	8,881		25,874		6,243		7,309		13,552	
2030	17,	638	8,227		25,865		6,945		7,493		14,438	
2031	18,	305	7,547		25,852		7,566		7,732		15,298	
2032		014	6,857		25,871		8,029		7,936		15,965	
2033	17,	990	6,193		24,183		8,442		8,174		16,616	
2034	15,	157	5,555		20,712		8,881		8,438		17,319	
2035	15,	702	4,938		20,640		9,306		8,723		18,029	
2036	14,	274	4,343		18,617		9,944		9,166		19,110	
2037	14,	865	3,773		18,638		10,338		9,499		19,837	
2038	15,	433	3,177		18,610		10,801		9,919		20,720	
2039	16,	070	2,555		18,625		11,228		10,335		21,563	
2040	13,	691	1,980		15,671		11,686		10,820		22,506	
2041	6,	784	1,571		8,355		12,068		11,265		23,333	
2042	7,	089	1,276		8,365		12,456		11,751		24,207	
2043	6,	589	981		7,570		12,847		12,273		25,120	
2044	6,	879	687		7,566		13,245		12,841		26,086	
2045	7,	188	379		7,567		13,256		12,823		26,079	
2046	3,	089	166		3,255		13,290		12,783		26,073	
2047	1,	814	84		1,898		13,348		12,720		26,068	
2048	1,	869	28		1,897		13,426		12,630		26,056	
2049		-	-		-		13,525		12,524		26,049	
2050		-	-		-		13,650		12,390		26,040	
2051		-	-		-		13,786		12,285		26,071	
2052		-	-		-		13,870		12,196		26,066	
2053		-	-		-		13,986		12,071		26,057	
2054		-	-		-		14,125		11,927		26,052	
2055		_		_	-	_	13,499	_	11,758	_	25,257	
Totals	\$ 406,	681	\$ 150,393	\$	557,074	\$	334,719	\$	339,977	\$	674,696	

A. Governmental Bonds

\$8,445,000 Limited General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015

Fiscal Year	Principal Due 10/1		Interest Rate	Interest		Total Debt Service	
2022	\$	1,020	2.230%	\$	107	\$	1,127
2023		1,035	2.230%		84		1,119
2024		1,060	2.230%		61		1,121
2025		1,085	2.230%		37		1,122
2026		1,105	2.230%		12		1,117
Totals	\$	5,305		\$	301	\$	5,606

\$9,580,000 Limited General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2020

Fiscal Year	Principal Due 10/1		-		Interest		Total Debt Service	
2022	\$	1,880	1.030%	\$	89	\$	1,969	
2023		1,900	1.030%		70		1,970	
2024		1,920	1.030%		50		1,970	
2025		1,930	1.030%		30		1,960	
2026		1,950	1.030%		10		1,960	
Totals	\$	9,580		\$	249	\$	9,829	

\$29,500,000 Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011

_	Fiscal Year	Principal Due 10/1		Interest Rate	Interest		Total Debt Service	
	2022	\$	3,425	5.000%	\$	256	\$	3,681
	2023		3,600	5.000%		85		3,685
	Totals	\$	7,025		\$	341	\$	7,366

\$26,170,000 Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015

Fiscal Year	Principal Due 10/1		Interest Rate	Interest		Total Debt Service	
2022	\$	4,770	2.240%	\$	388	\$	5,158
2023		4,865	2.240%		280		5,145
2024		4,970	2.240%		169		5,139
2025		5,080	2.240%	_	57		5,137
Totals	\$	19,685		\$	894	\$	20,579

\$19,062,000 Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017

Fiscal Year	Principal Due 10/1		Interest Rate	Interest		Total Debt Service	
2022	\$	362	1.940%	\$	185	\$	547
2023		372	1.940%		178		550
2024		4,461	1.940%		132		4,593
2025		4,545	1.940%		44		4,589
Totals	\$	9,740		\$	539	\$	10,279

\$21,500,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A

Fiscal Year	Principal Due 10/1	Interest Rate Interest		Total Debt Service	
2022	\$ 1,345	2.040%	\$ 321	\$ 1,666	
2023	1,370	2.040%	293	1,663	
2024	1,400	2.040%	265	1,665	
2025	1,430	2.040%	236	1,666	
2026	1,460	2.040%	206	1,666	
2027	1,485	2.040%	176	1,661	
2028	1,520	2.040%	146	1,666	
2029	1,550	2.040%	114	1,664	
2030	1,580	2.040%	83	1,663	
2031	1,610	2.040%	50	1,660	
2032	1,645	2.040%	17	1,662	
Totals	\$ 16,395		<u>\$ 1,907</u>	<u>\$ 18,302</u>	

\$26,315,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2017

Fiscal Year	Principal Due 10/1	Interest Rate	Interest	Total Debt Service
2022	\$ 575	2.500%	\$ 900	\$ 1,475
2023	590	2.670%	886	1,476
2024	605	2.870%	870	1,475
2025	620	3.034%	853	1,473
2026	640	3.064%	835	1,475
2027	655	3.164%	815	1,470
2028	680	3.384%	794	1,474
2029	700	3.484%	771	1,471
2030	725	3.584%	747	1,472
2031	750	3.634%	721	1,471
2032	775	3.654%	693	1,468
2033	805	3.819%	665	1,470
2034	835	3.819%	634	1,469
2035	865	3.819%	602	1,467
2036	900	3.819%	568	1,468
2037	930	3.819%	533	1,463
2038	970	3.969%	497	1,467
2039	1,005	3.969%	458	1,463
2040	1,045	3.969%	417	1,462
2041	1,085	3.969%	375	1,460
2042	1,130	3.969%	331	1,461
2043	1,175	3.969%	285	1,460
2044	1,220	3.969%	238	1,458
2045	1,270	3.969%	189	1,459
2046	1,320	3.969%	137	1,457
2047	1,370	3.969%	84	1,454
2048	1,425	3.969%	28	1,453
Totals	<u>\$ 24,665</u>		\$ 14,926	<u>\$ 39,591</u>

\$3,850,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2020

Fiscal Year	Principal Due 10/1		Interest Rate			Total Debt Service	
2022	\$	525	1.180%	\$	42	\$	567
2023		540	1.180%		36		576
2024		545	1.180%		30		575
2025		550	1.180%		23		573
2026		555	1.180%		17		572
2027		565	1.180%		10		575
2028		570	1.180%		3		573
Totals	\$	3,850		\$	161	\$	4,011

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

September 30, 2021 (In thousands)

\$58,660,000 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A

Fiscal Year	Principal Due 10/1	Interest Rate	Interest	Total Debt Service
2022	\$ 570	5.000%	\$ 2,789	\$ 3,359
2023	595	4.000%	2,763	3,358
2024	635	4.000%	2,738	3,373
2025	665	4.000%	2,712	3,377
2026	1,655	5.000%	2,657	4,312
2027	1,735	5.000%	2,573	4,308
2028	1,825	5.000%	2,484	4,309
2029	1,920	5.000%	2,390	4,310
2030	2,020	5.000%	2,291	4,311
2031	2,120	5.000%	2,188	4,308
2032	2,230	5.000%	2,079	4,309
2033	2,325	3.375%	1,984	4,309
2034	2,425	5.000%	1,884	4,309
2035	2,550	5.000%	1,760	4,310
2036	2,680	5.000%	1,629	4,309
2037	2,820	5.000%	1,492	4,312
2038	2,965	5.000%	1,347	4,312
2039	3,115	5.000%	1,195	4,310
2040	3,275	5.000%	1,035	4,310
2041	3,440	5.000%	868	4,308
2042	3,620	5.000%	691	4,311
2043	3,805	5.000%	505	4,310
2044	4,000	5.000%	310	4,310
2045	4,205	5.000%	106	4,311
Totals	<u>\$ 57,195</u>		\$ 42,470	<u>\$ 99,665</u>

Principal **Total Debt** Fiscal Interest Due 10/1 Year Rate Interest Service 2022 \$ 1,355 4.000% \$ 1,560 \$ 2,915 2,919 2023 1,415 4.000% 1,504 2024 1,475 2,921 4.000% 1,446 2025 1,540 1,378 2,918 5.000% 2026 1,615 5.000%1,300 2,915 2027 2,917 1,700 5.000% 1,217 2028 2,915 1,785 5.000% 1,130 2029 1,880 5.000%1,038 2,918 2030 1,980 5.000% 941 2,921 2031 2,080 5.000% 840 2,920 2032 2,190 3.000% 755 2,945 2033 2,255 687 2,942 3.125% 2034 2,330 594 2,924 5.000% 2035 2,450 3.250% 496 2,946 2036 2,530 392 2,922 5.000% 2037 2,665 3.375% 284 2,949 2037 2,755 5.000% 170 2,925 2038 2,900 3.500% 51 2,951 Totals \$ 15,783 \$ 36,900 \$ 52,683

\$39,465,000 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A

\$26,079,000 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017

Fiscal Year	incipal 1e 10/1	Interest Rate	Int	erest	 tal Debt Service
2022	\$ 3,723	1.980%	\$	267	\$ 3,990
2023	3,796	1.980%		192	3,988
2024	3,871	1.980%		117	3,988
2025	 3,948	1.980%		39	 3,987
Totals	\$ 15,338		\$	615	\$ 15,953

\$12,565,000 Tourist Development Tax (Fifth Cent) Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, (Rida Conference Center Phase One Project)

Fiscal Year	Principa Due 10/		Interest Rate	Inter	est	 al Debt ervice
2022 Totals		<u>265</u> 265	4.250%	\$	<u>6</u>	\$ <u>271</u> 271

\$11,595,000 Tourist Development Tax (Fifth Cent) Revenue Bonds, Series 2019, (Rida Conference Center Phase One Project)

Fiscal	Principal	Interest		Total Debt
Year	Due 10/1	Rate	Interest	Service
2022	\$ -	2.130%	\$ 356	\$ 356
2023	445	2.280%	351	796
2024	450	2.380%	341	791
2025	465	2.510%	330	795
2026	470	2.510%	319	789
2027	485	2.640%	307	792
2028	500	2.740%	294	794
2029	510	2.820%	281	791
2030	525	2.870%	266	791
2031	540	2.970%	251	791
2032	555	3.020%	235	790
2033	570	3.090%	218	788
2034	590	3.140%	200	790
2035	610	3.530%	182	792
2036	625	3.530%	161	786
2037	650	3.530%	139	789
2038	670	3.530%	115	785
2039	695	3.530%	91	786
2040	720	3.530%	66	786
2041	745	3.530%	41	786
2042	775	3.530%	14	789
Totals	\$ 11,595		\$ 4,558	\$ 16,153

\$74,790,000 Tourist Development Tax Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2012

Fiscal Year	rincipal ue 10/1	Interest Rate	Interest		_	otal Debt Service
2022	\$ 3,215	5.000%	\$	2,250	\$	5,465
2023	3,380	5.000%		2,085		5,465
2024	3,545	5.000%		1,912		5,457
2025	3,725	5.000%		1,730		5,455
2026	3,910	4.000%		1,559		5,469
2027	4,065	4.000%		1,399		5,464
2028	4,230	4.000%		1,233		5,463
2029	4,400	4.000%		1,061		5,461
2030	4,575	4.000%		881		5,456
2031	4,760	4.000%		695		5,455
2032	4,950	4.000%		500		5,450
2033	5,145	4.125%		295		5,440
2034	1,845	5.000%		143		1,988
2035	 1,940	5.000%		49		1,989
Totals	\$ 53,685		\$	15,792	\$	69,477

\$23,325,000 Tourist Development Tax (Fifth Cent) Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, (Rida Conference Center Phase Two Project)

Fiscal Year	Principal Due 10/1	Interest Rate	Interest	Total Debt Service
2022	\$ 545	2.500%	\$ 833	\$ 1,378
2023	555	2.720%	818	1,373
2024	570	2.920%	802	1,372
2025	590	2.972%	785	1,375
2026	605	3.112%	767	1,372
2027	625	3.252%	748	1,373
2028	645	3.452%	726	1,371
2029	670	3.552%	702	1,372
2030	690	3.632%	678	1,368
2031	715	3.752%	652	1,367
2032	745	3.902%	625	1,370
2033	770	3.902%	595	1,365
2034	805	4.162%	563	1,368
2035	835	4.162%	529	1,364
2036	870	4.162%	494	1,364
2037	905	4.272%	456	1,361
2038	945	4.272%	416	1,361
2039	985	4.272%	375	1,360
2040	1,030	4.272%	332	1,362
2041	1,070	4.272%	287	1,357
2042	1,120	4.342%	240	1,360
2043	1,165	4.342%	191	1,356
2044	1,215	4.342%	139	1,354
2045	1,270	4.342%	84	1,354
2046	1,325	4.342%	29	1,354
Totals	\$ 21,265		\$ 12,866	\$ 34,131

\$104,546,000 Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bond Series 2019

Fiscal Year	incipal 1e 10/1	Interest Rate	<u> </u>	nterest	tal Debt Service
2022	\$ 3,784	3.620%	\$	3,584	\$ 7,368
2023	3,921	3.620%		3,445	7,366
2024	4,063	3.620%		3,300	7,363
2025	4,210	3.620%		3,151	7,361
2026	4,363	3.620%		2,995	7,358
2027	4,520	3.620%		2,835	7,355
2028	4,684	3.620%		2,668	7,352
2029	4,854	3.620%		2,495	7,349
2030	5,029	3.620%		2,316	7,345
2031	5,211	3.620%		2,131	7,342
2032	5,400	3.620%		1,939	7,339
2033	5,596	3.620%		1,740	7,336
2034	5,798	3.620%		1,534	7,332
2035	6,008	3.620%		1,320	7,328
2036	6,225	3.620%		1,099	7,324
2037	6,451	3.620%		869	7,320
2038	6,684	3.620%		632	7,316
2039	6,926	3.620%		385	7,311
2040	 7,177	3.620%		130	 7,307
Totals	\$ 100,904		\$	38,568	\$ 139,472

\$4,415,000 West 192 Redevelopment Area Municipal Service Benefit Unit Special Assessment Bonds (Phase IIC), Series 2003

Fiscal Year		ncipal e 11/1	Interest Rate	Interest		Total Debt Service	
2022	\$	45	5.250%	\$	44		89
2023		50	5.250%		41		91
2024		50	5.250%		39		89
2025		55	5.250%		36		91
2026		55	5.500%		33		88
2027		60	5.500%		30		90
2028		60	5.500%		27		87
2029		65	5.500%		23		88
2030		70	5.500%		20		90
2031		75	5.500%		16		91
2032		80	5.500%		11		91
2033		80	5.500%		7		87
2034	_	85	5.500%		2		87
Totals	\$	830		\$	329	\$	1,159

B. Enterprise Bonds

\$23,325,000 Tourist Development Tax (Fifth Cent) Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, (Rida Conference Center Phase Two Project)

Fiscal Year	Principal Due 10/1	Interest Rate	Interest	Total Debt Service
2022	\$ 1,850 1,040	5.000%	\$ 7,368 7,274	\$ 9,218 0.214
2023	1,940	5.000%	7,274	9,214
2024	2,040	5.000%	7,174	9,214
2025	2,140	5.000%	7,070	9,210
2026	3,009	5.000%	7,056	10,065
2027	3,830	5.000%	7,089	10,919
2028	4,629	5.000%	7,165	11,794
2029	5,458	5.000%	7,309	12,767
2030	6,160	5.000%	7,493	13,653
2031	6,781	5.000%	7,732	14,513
2032	7,244	5.000%	7,936	15,180
2033	7,657	5.000%	8,174	15,831
2034	8,096	5.000%	8,438	16,534
2035	8,521	5.000%	8,723	17,244
2036	9,159	5.000%	9,166	18,325
2037	9,553	5.000%	9,499	19,052
2038	10,016	5.000%	9,919	19,935
2039	10,443	5.000%	10,335	20,778
2040	10,901	5.000%	10,820	21,721
2041	11,283	5.000%	11,265	22,548
2042	11,672	5.000%	11,751	23,423
2043	12,063	5.000%	12,273	24,336
2044	12,461	5.000%	12,841	25,302
2045	12,472	5.000%	12,823	25,295
2046	12,506	5.000%	12,783	25,289
2047	12,564	5.000%	12,720	25,284
2048	12,642	5.000%	12,630	25,272
2049	12,741	5.000%	12,524	25,265
2050	12,866	5.000%	12,390	25,256
2051	13,002	4.000%	12,285	25,287
2052	13,086	4.000%	12,196	25,282
2053	13,202	4.000%	12,071	25,273
2054	13,341	4.000%	11,927	25,268
2055	13,499	4.000%	11,758	25,257
Totals	\$ 308,827		\$ 339,977	\$ 648,804

C. Other Long Term Debt Governmental - Type

\$8,837,938 P 25 Communications Equipment - Phase I

2011

Year Ended

September 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	991	\$	26	\$	1,017
Totals	\$	991	\$	26	\$	1,017

\$454,473 Pierce Impel Pumper 2015

Year Ended					
September 30	Pri	incipal	Int	erest	 Total
2022	\$	48	\$	3	\$ 51
2023		49		2	51
2024		50		1	51
2025		8		-	 8
Totals	\$	155	\$	6	\$ 161

\$5,012,169 Library Capital Improvements 2015

Year Ended					
September 30	Pr	incipal	Int	erest	Total
2022	\$	523	\$	35	\$ 558
2023		535		23	558
2024		546		11	557
2025		232		1	 233
Totals	\$	1,836	\$	70	\$ 1,906

\$1,406,204 Three Pierce Pumper Trucks 2016

Year Ended September 30	Pr	incipal	Int	erest	Total
2022	\$	142	\$	15	\$ 157
2023		145		12	157
2024		148		9	157
2025		150		6	156
2026		153		3	 156
Totals	\$	738	\$	45	\$ 783

\$956,652 Defibrillators 2016

Year Ended					
September 30	Pri	ncipal	Int	erest	 Total
2022	\$	96	\$	8	\$ 104
2023		98		7	105
2024		100		5	105
2025		101		4	105
2026		103		2	 105
Totals	\$	498	\$	26	\$ 524

\$890,593 Pierce Pumper - Haz/Mat Trucks 2017

Year Ended September 30	Pr	incipal	Int	erest	Total
2022	\$	87	\$	19	\$ 106
2023		90		16	106
2024		93		13	106
2025		97		10	107
2026		100		7	107
2027		103		5	 108
Totals	\$	570	\$	70	\$ 640

\$7,771,033 P 25 Communications Equipment - Upgrade 2017

Year Ended September 30	P	rincipal	Int	erest	 Total
2022	\$	1,989	\$	64	\$ 2,053
2023		2,021		33	2,054
Totals	\$	4,010	\$	97	\$ 4,107

\$2,309,951 Two Pierce Pumper - One Pierce Aerial 2018

Year Ended September 30	Dr	incipal	In	terest	Total
September 50		merpai		lerest	 10141
2022	\$	219	\$	56	\$ 275
2023		226		49	275
2024		234		41	275
2025		242		33	275
2026		249		26	275
2027		258		17	275
2028		266		10	 276
Totals	\$	1,694	\$	232	\$ 1,926

Year Ended September 30 Principal **Interest** Total 2022 \$ 147 \$ 44 \$ 191 2023 152 39 191 2024 157 34 191 2025 29 191 162 2026 167 23 190 2027 173 18 191 2028 179 11 190 1<u>90</u> 2029 184 6 Totals \$ 1,321 \$ 204 \$ 1,525

\$1,600,848 Two Pierce Velocity Pumpers 2018

\$2,390,000 Public Works Vehicles and Heavy Equipment 2019

Year Ended			
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 222	\$ 55	\$ 277
2023	229	49	278
2024	235	42	277
2025	242	36	278
2026	248	29	277
2027	255	22	277
2028	262	15	277
2029	271	8	279
Totals	\$ 1,964	\$ 256	\$ 2,220

\$2,540,825 Sheriff's Vehicles 2019

Year Ended September 30	Pri	ncipal	Int	erest	Т	otal
2022	\$	869	\$	23	\$	892
Totals	\$	869	\$	23	\$	892

\$8,353,280 Specialized Tools, Heavy Equipment and Vehicles 2019

Year Ended September 30	P	rincipal	In	nterest	Total
2022	\$	1,973	\$	115	\$ 2,088
2023		2,007		81	2,088
2024		1,330		47	1,377
2025		1,353		24	 1,377
Totals	\$	6,663	\$	267	\$ 6,930

\$5,500,000 Tohopekaliga Water Authority 2020

Year Ended					
September 30	Pr	incipal	Ir	nterest	 Total
2022	\$	507	\$	73	\$ 580
2023		515		65	580
2024		523		57	580
2025		531		49	580
2026		539		42	581
2027		547		34	581
2028		555		25	580
2029		563		17	580
2030		572		9	 581
Totals	\$	4,852	\$	371	\$ 5,223

Year Ended September 30	Р	rincipal	In	terest	 Total
2022	\$	101	\$	15	\$ 116
2023		103		13	116
2024		105		12	117
2025		106		10	116
2026		108		9	117
2027		109		7	116
2028		111		5	116
2029		113		3	116
2030		115		2	 117
Totals	\$	971	\$	76	\$ 1,047

\$1,070,846 Two Sutphen Custom Pumpers 2020

\$1,118,159 Sheriff's Body Cameras 2020

Year Ended					
September 30	Pri	ncipal	Int	erest	 Total
2022	\$	288	\$	17	\$ 305
Totals	\$	288	\$	17	\$ 305

\$539,784 Sutphen Custom Pumpers 2021

Year Ended

September 30	Principal		Interest		 Total
2022	\$	51	\$	8	\$ 59
2023		52		7	59
2024		52		6	58
2025		53		5	58
2026		54		5	59
2027		55		4	59
2028		56		3	59
2029		56		2	58
2030		57		1	58
2031		29		-	 29
Totals	\$	515	\$	41	\$ 556

\$1,453,124 Sheriff's Vehicles 2021

Year Ended					
September 30	P	rincipal	Int	erest	Total
2022	\$	482	\$	8	\$ 490
2023		484		5	489
2024		487		2	 489
Totals	\$	1,453	\$	15	\$ 1,468

\$1,472,555 Vehicles and Heavy Equipment 2021

Year Ended					
September 30	Pr	incipal	In	terest	 Total
2022	\$	290	\$	11	\$ 301
2023		292		8	300
2024		294		6	300
2025		297		4	301
2026		299		2	 301
Totals	\$	1,472	\$	31	\$ 1,503

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS September 30, 2021

(In thousands)

\$22,182,000 State Infrastructure Bank Loan - Sunrail 2015

Fiscal Principal Interest **Total Debt** Due 10/1 Service Year Rate Interest 2022 \$ 901 2.500% \$ 469 \$ 1,370 2023 923 2.500% 447 1,370 424 2024 946 2.500% 1,370 2025 970 2.500% 400 1,370 2026 995 2.500% 376 1,371 2027 1,020 2.500% 351 1,371 2028 1,046 2.500% 326 1,372 299 2029 1,072 2.500%1,371 2030 1,099 2.500% 273 1,372 1,371 2031 1,126 2.500% 245 2032 1,154 2.500% 217 1,371 2033 1,183 2.500% 188 1,371 2034 1,212 2.500% 159 1,371 2035 1,243 2.500% 128 1,371 2036 1,273 2.500% 97 1,370 2037 1,305 2.500% 65 1,370 2038 1,308 2.500% 33 1,341 Totals \$ 18,776 \$ 4,497 \$ 23,273

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SECTION 8 FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA SECTION 8 FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE September 30, 2021

Line Item Numbor			Section 8 Rental Voucher gram 14.871
Tumper	ASSETS	110	gram 14.071
	Current Assets:		
	Cash		
111	Cash -Unrestricted	\$	3,207,596
113	Cash -Restricted		115,104
100	Total Cash		3,322,700
	Accounts and Notes Receivables:		
121	Accounts Receivable-PHA Projects		724,122
125	Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous		123
126.1	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Tenants		-
126.2	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other		-
128	Fraud Recovery		167,316
128.1	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts-Fraud		(167,316)
120	Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Uncollectible		724,245
142	Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets		6,000
150	Total Current Assets		4,052,945
160	Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		-
100	Non Current Assets:		
180	Total Non-Current Assets		-
100			
290	Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	4,052,945
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
	LIABILITIES		
	Current Liabilities		
312	Accounts Payable Less than 90 Days	\$	6,590
321	Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable		30,621
333	Accounts Payable Other Government		9,543
310	Total Current Liabilities		46,754
	Non-Current Liabilities		
350	Total Non-current Liabilities		_
300	Total Liabilities		46,754
	EQUITY		
	Contributed Capital		
511.4	Restricted Net Position		115,104
512.4	Unrestricted Net Position		3,891,087
513	Total Equity-Net Assets/Position		4,006,191
600	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity-Net	\$	4,052,945

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA SECTION 8 FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE

September 30, 2021

Line Item		Section 8 Rental Voucher
Number	Account Description REVENUE	Program 14.871
705	Total Tenant Revenue	\$ -
705	HUD PHA Operating Grants	ф 2,373,652
714	Fraud Recovery	39,005
715	Other Revenue	16,962,090
720	Investment Income - Restricted	1,312
700	Total Revenue	19,376,059
	EXPENSES	
	Administrative	
911	Administrative Salaries	556,965
915	Employee Benefit Contributions - Administrative	262,926
916	Office Expenses	310,372
919	Other	37,922
910 925	Total Operating -Administrative Total Tenant Services	1,168,185
923 930	Total Utilities	
942	Ordinary Maintenance and Operations- Materials and Labor	1,408
943	Ordinary Maintenance and Operations- Contracts	757
940	Total Maintenance	2,165
950	Total Protective Services	
9613	Worker's Compensation	2,854
9610	Total Insurance Premiums	2,854
960	Total Other General Expenses	
967	Total Interest Expense and Amortization Cost	-
969	Total Operating Expenses	1,173,204
970	Excess of Operating Revenue Over Operating Expenses	18,202,855
973	Housing Assistance Payment	1,881,359
9735	HAP Portability-In	15,897,198
900	Total Expenses	\$ 18,951,761
1010	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>
100	Excess of Total Revenue Over Total Expenses	<u>\$ 424,298</u>
	MEMO Account Information	
1102	Required Annual Debt Principal Payments	-
1103	Beginning Equity	3,581,893
1117	Administrative Fee Equity	3,891,087
1118	Housing Assistance Payments Equity Unit Months Available	115,104
1119 1121	Number of Units-Months Leased	2,760 2,616
1141		2,010

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STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

These general objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statements users with additional historical perspective, context, and details to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information to understand and assess the economic condition of Osceola County, Florida.

Statistical schedules differ from financial statements because they usually cover more than one fiscal year and may present non-accounting data. These schedules reflect social and economic data and financial trends of Osceola County.

All the information presented in the statistical section is organized into the following five categories:

- Financial Trends Information
- Revenue Capacity Information
- Debt Capacity Information
- Demographic and Economic Information
- Operating Information

The schedule containing legal debt margin information, which is required to be included in the Debt Capacity section by Statement No. 44 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, is not included within this report inasmuch as no legal debt margin has been established for Osceola County pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida, Florida Statutes, Osceola County Ordinances or other laws applicable to Osceola County, THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

(UNAUDITED) FINANCIAL TRENDS INFORMATION

These schedules contain trend information to help users understand and assess how Osceola County's financial position has changed over time.

Schedule 1 Osceola County, Florida Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands) (accrual basis of accounting)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Governmental Activities						
Net Investment in Capital						
Assets	\$ 700,150	\$ 794,806	\$ 821,408	\$ 858,524	\$ 876,003	\$ 925,038
Restricted	245,859	179,951	236,721	234,685	298,805	254,186
Unrestricted	114,477	141,157	106,752	27,531	(54,540)	(15,012)
Total Governmental						
Activities Net Position	1,060,486	1,115,914	1,164,881	1,120,740	1,120,268	1,164,212
Business-type Activities						
Net Investment in Capital						
Assets	13,866	16,288	24,795	26,629	32,945	39,492
Restricted	5,582	6,076	1,723	2,333	2,328	2,332
Unrestricted	8,753	13,980	14,389	19,613	24,472	27,874
Total Business-type						
Activities Net Position	28,201	36,344	40,907	48,575	59,745	69,698
Primary Government						
Net Investment in Capital						
Assets	714,016	811,094	846,203	885,153	908,948	964,530
Restricted	251,441	186,027	236,721	237,018	301,133	256,518
Unrestricted	123,230	155,137	122,864	47,144	(30,068)	12,862
Total Government						
Net Position	\$ 1,088,687	\$ 1,152,258	\$ 1,205,788	\$ 1,169,315	\$ 1,180,013	\$ 1,233,910

 2018	2019	2020	2021			
\$ 985,016	\$ 1,054,757	\$ 1,285,302	\$ 1,328,520			
308,428	369,332	592,047	674,421			
 (56,324)	(107,835)	(257,583)	(234,093)			
 1,237,120	1,316,254	1,619,766	1,768,848			
43,711	50,780	23,831	25,007			
3,142	3,774	25,185	25,222			
 30,719	31,174	(216,763)	(208,574)			
 77,572	85,728	(167,747)	(158,345)			
1,028,727	1,105,537	1,309,133	1,353,527			
311,570	373,106	617,232	699,643			
 (25,605)	(76,661)	(474,346)	(442,667)			
\$ 1,314,692	<u>\$ 1,401,982</u>	<u>\$ 1,452,019</u>	<u>\$ 1,610,503</u>			

Schedule 2 Osceola County, Florida Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands) (accrual basis of accounting)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Expenses										
Governmental Activities										
General Government	\$ 55,373	\$ 50,144	\$ 46,642	\$ 54,348	\$ 70,329	\$ 74,244	\$ 72,618	\$ 78,323	\$ 127,740	\$ 164,699
Public Safety	132,427	135,967	146,134	143,588	174,504	183,068	183,307	222,872	191,811	163,734
Physical Environment	2,076	1,989	4,066	2,462	3,339	4,484	3,455	2,223	2,746	1,794
Transportation	31,981	30,967	29,570	38,698	45,269	15,390	46,660	60,789	72,755	77,271
Economic Environment	30,242	28,120	32,258	31,963	28,331	60,201	51,683	52,967	51,102	52,113
Human Services	14,369	13,487	15,967	10,984	13,147	15,002	17,370	19,577	21,494	19,879
Culture and Recreation	20,775	20,431	24,846	23,658	31,363	34,899	44,170	31,766	21,977	29,402
Court Related	19,004	19,469	21,015	20,908	24,037	22,861	23,981	26,918	27,783	23,093
Interest and Fiscal Charges	23,166	26,786	20,020	20,601	21,363	19,892	19,135	21,278	15,177	18,359
Total Governmental										
Activities Expenses	329,413	327,360	340,518	347,210	411,682	430,041	462,379	516,713	532,585	550,344
Business-type Activities										
Environmental Services	13,281	2,827	12,789	12,689	13,790	16,496	19,770	18,901	22,346	23,818
Water Treatment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parkway	9,746	9,801	24,319	7,334	8,145	9,154	10,323	9,471	76,566	11,009
Total Business-type										
Activities Expenses	23,027	12,628	37,108	20,023	21,935	25,650	30,093	28,372	98,912	34,827
Total Primary Government										
Expenses	352,440	339,988	377,626	367,233	433,617	455,691	492,472	545,085	631,497	585,171
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities										
Charges for Services										
General Government	11,453	11,818	13,736	17,892	15,783	17,430	17,758	19,028	20,277	23,049
Public Safety	32,108	33,339	35,718	44,793	51,989	61,221	67,729	76,264	78,677	92,922
Physical Environment	1,419	1,569	1,651	1,804	2,196	2,810	2,991	3,312	3,599	3,979
Transportation	581	418	319	571	5,104	8,812	16,517	35,354	31,821	65,404
Economic Environment	794	47	89	67	152	74	205	147	41	56
Human Services	224	181	159	147	197	-	-	-	38	198
Culture and Recreation	3,938	4,857	5,390	6,220	7,435	2,943	3,052	3,554	2,778	3,278
Court-Related	7,972	9,248	8,530	8,873	17,623	12,233	8,854	9,017	10,264	11,095
Operating Grants and										-
Contributions										
General Government	534	319	350	59	1,446	553	2,885	2,209	1,143	\$ 564
Public Safety	3,193	3,148	3,291	2,820	2,538	1,802	2,392	5,038	53,726	30,200
Physical Environment	1,897	1,096	488	613	57	358	44		-	224
Transportation	-,		650	9,210	794	15,364	-	-	-	
Economic Environment	12,985	13,565	12,193	13,654	15,321	17,812	16,487	18,019	22,053	26,239
Human Services	-	-	138	475	210	86	281	1,195	1,274	151
Culture and Recreation	234	200	216	288	208	180	244	178	166	131
Court-Related	7,915	8,995	10,064	9,683	19	3,231	9,127	9,762	83	-
Capital Grants and										
Contributions										
General Government	-	78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$-
Public Safety	439	419	1,020	492	-	-	-	-	-	-
Physical Environment	-	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	14,004	4,755	30,600	24,319	1,732	1,290	6,921	20,603	22,142	5,376
Economic Environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Human Services	-	1,468	5,065	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and Recreation	650	500	500	500	208	-	-	-	-	-
Court-Related	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,387	7,449
Interest	2,206	2,110	2,032	2,046	2,056					
Total Governmental Activities										
Program Revenue	102,546	98,130	132,220	144,526	125,068	146,199	155,487	203,680	257,469	270,315
-	· · · · ·	·							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Schedule 2 Osceola County, Florida Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands) (accrual basis of accounting)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Business-type Activities Charges for Services										
Environmental Services	17,365	16,891	18,152	18,574	19,161	19,729	26,672	22,526	27,442	29,782
Osceola Parkway	11,677	12,225	15,142	15,637	16,328	16,115	17,570	15,394	23,922	13,597
Capital Grants and Osceola Parkway										
Total Business-type Activities										
Program Revenues	29,042	29,116	33,294	34,211	35,489	35,844	44,242	37,920	51,364	43,379
Total Primary Government										
Program Revenues	131,588	127,246	165,514	178,737	160,557	182,043	199,729	241,600	308,833	313,694
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental Activities	(226,867)	(229,230)	(208,298)	(202,684)	(286,614)	(283,842)	(306,892)	(313,033)	(275,116)	(280,029)
Business-type Activities	6,015	16,488	(3,814)	14,188	13,554	10,194	14,149	9,548	(47,548)	8,552
Total Primary Government										
Net Expense	(220,852)	(212,742)	(212,112)	(188,496)	(273,060)	(273,648)	(292,743)	(303,485)	(322,664)	(271,477)
General Revenues and Other										
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities										
General Revenues										
Property Taxes	130,681	128,568	133,320	141,939	152,280	163,523	178,623	198,663	220,135	243,043
Sales Taxes	36,384	38,416	41,481	44,530	48,322	51,012	55,873	58,174	50,025	62,238
Gasoline Taxes	13,017	13,889	14,002	14,182	21,423	22,873	23,915	23,949	21,492	23,709
Public Service Taxes	11,135	11,756	12,728	13,137	13,958	14,218	14,983	16,569	17,008	18,336
Communication Service Tax	5,943	6,078	6,108	5,996	5,550	5,796	5,510	5,175	5,401	5,592
Resort Tax	34,209	37,661	40,583	44,788	48,744	51,984	58,857	61,502	37,355	44,095
State Revenue Sharing	5,355	5,727	6,195	6,829	7,151	7,697	8,363	9,064	8,753	10,378
Interest Revenue	3,405	604	3,169	3,087	3,068	6,464	9,645	14,710	10,471	2,148
Other	4,332	4,246	8,056	3,974	5,444	3,978	17,756	2,969	2,061	20,228
Transfers	4,676	8,382	(8,377)	6,520	2,384	241	6,275	1,392	205,927	(656)
Total Governmental Activities	249,137	255,327	257,265	284,982	308,324	327,786	379,800	392,167	578,628	429,111
Business-type Activities										
Interest Revenue	255	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	194
Transfers	(4,676)	(8,382)	8,377	(6,520)	(2,384)	(241)	(6,275)	(1,392)	(205,927)	656
Total Business-type Activities	(4,421)	(8,345)	8,377	(6,520)	(2,384)	(241)	(6,275)	(1,392)	(205,927)	850
Total Primary Government	244,716	246,982	265,642	278,462	305,940	327,545	373,525	390,775	372,701	429,961
							2.0,020		2.2,701	
Change in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	22,270	26,097	48,967	82,298	21,710	43,944	72,908	79,134	303,512	149,082
Business-type Activities	1,594	8,143	4,563	7,668	11,170	9,953	7,874	8,156	(253,475)	9,402
Total Primary Government	\$ 23,864	\$ 34,240	\$ 53,530	\$ 89,966	\$ 32,880	\$ 53,897	\$ 80,782	\$ 87,290	\$ 50,037	\$ 158,484
rotar rimary Government	φ <u>2</u> 5,00 1	<u>φ 54,240</u>	φ <u>55,550</u>	φ 07,700	φ 52,000	φ <u>55,071</u>	φ 00,702	φ 07,290	φ <u>50,057</u>	φ 150,404

Schedule 3 Osceola County, Florida Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands) (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	 2012	2013	 2014	 2015
General Fund				
Nonspendable	\$ 1,206	\$ 136	\$ 390	\$ 415
Restricted	1,954	2,043	2,358	2,421
Committed	7,426	12,865	22,799	25,494
Assigned	17,720	4,936	-	-
Unassigned	 49,249	 56,251	 55,280	 61,807
Total General Fund	\$ 77,555	\$ 76,231	\$ 80,827	\$ 90,137
All Other Governmental Funds				
Nonspendable	\$ 11,142	\$ 10,814	\$ 10,321	\$ 10,002
Restricted	285,973	253,143	234,363	319,444
Committed	50,056	73,407	70,797	70,949
Assigned	61	597	35	-
Unassigned	 -	 -	 -	 -
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 347,232	\$ 337,961	\$ 315,516	\$ 400,395

 2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	 2021
\$ 3,797	\$ 2,855	\$ 3,889	\$ 3,909	\$ 4,083	\$ 4,953
4,263	3,262	2,799	3,065	2,827	2,862
26,746	11,171	7,170	12,981	20,585	31,100
-	250	-	-	-	15,000
 53,378	64,542	77,360	95,668	151,393	 121,645
\$ 88,184	\$ 82,080	\$ 91,218	\$ 115,623	\$ 178,888	\$ 175,560
\$ 9,808	\$ 9,295	\$ 10,239	\$ 9,330	\$ 9,862	\$ 9,852
374,933	285,079	336,707	366,267	589,220	671,999
26,415	59,557	34,070	32,538	48,688	49,396
-	-	-	-	-	-
 -	 -	 -	 -	 -	 _
\$ 411,156	\$ 353,931	\$ 381,016	\$ 408,135	\$ 647,770	\$ 731,247

Schedule 4 Osceola County, Florida Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands) (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Revenues								_							
Taxes	\$ 211,711	\$ 215,678	\$ 226,126	\$ 250,880	\$ 265.163	\$	282,678	\$	309,193	\$	334.375	\$	326,341	\$	367.047
Permit Fees and	φ 211,711	\$ 215,070	\$ 220,120	\$ 250,000	\$ 200,100	Ψ	202,070	Ψ	505,175	Ψ	551,575	Ψ	520,511	Ψ	507,017
Special Assessments	30,498	30,834	35,281	50,160	60,846		67,793		78,333		104,434		104,579		151,244
Intergovernmental	69,323	103,483	66,439	78,376	67,757		86,979		82,158		101,476		149,528		116,443
Charges for Services	23,439	23,794	26,495	25,502	26,686		25,890		32,152		34,413		34,274		39,531
Fines and Forfeitures	6,357	5,396	2,179	2,577	2,380		2,327		2,544		3,232		2,890		2,267
Interest	3,246	597	3,001	2,955	2,970		4,423		7,206		14,015		10,159		2,086
Miscellaneous	2,200	4,777	9,115	14,122	7,618		4,264		19,317		8,140		30,856		20,916
Total Revenues	346,774	384,559	368,636	424,572	433,420		474,354		530,903		600,085		658,627		699,534
Expenditures															
Current															
General Government	44,851	91,431	50,087	51,946	58,394		62,559		64,189		68,774		84,171		118,568
Public Safety	128,341	135,822	143,303	147,883	165,079		169,846		184,005		193,354		196,930		211,580
Physical Environment	3,549	3,044	7,211	7,027	3,863		3,950		3,353		1,760		2,712		2,968
Transportation	34,734	25,693	23,852	30,308	37,389		51,393		45,761		67,701		74,039		88,216
Economic Environment	34,006	31,930	33,021	33,541	43,574		63,919		52,599		52,515		52,333		53,744
Human Services	14,032	15,024	15,736	11,572	12,654		14,029		16,555		18,178		20,276		20,035
Culture and Recreation	20,331	21,732	21,079	26,004	30,253		33,087		51,161		41,919		29,829		30,404
Court Related	16,975	17,822	19,792	19,308	21,393		20,325		21,501		22,450		22,816		23,466
Capital Projects	51,197	24,969	24,185	53,394	58,314		69,503		53,384		46,091		36,740		26,323
Debt Service															
Principal	87,593	20,086	18,548	19,669	20,300		23,273		24,064		29,806		33,972		33,146
Interest	23,880	20,942	21,246	20,636	21,960		22,536		20,907		20,887		18,538		15,964
Other Debt Service Costs	1,083	7	3	637	1,067		171		305		304		305		4
(Total Expenditures)	(460,572)	(408,502)	(378,063)	(421,925)	(474,240)		(534,591)		(537,784)		(563,739)		(572,661)		(624,418)
Excess (deficiency) of															
Revenues over (under)															
Expenditures	(113,798)	(23,943)	(9,427)	2,647	(40,820)		(60,237)		(6,881)		36,346		85,966		75,116
Other Financing															
Sources (Uses)															
Issuance of Refunding															
Debt	-	-	-	-	-		45,141		-		11,595		-		5,067
Original Issue Discount	(214)	-	-	-	(54)		-		-		-		-		-
Premium	7,805	-	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Payment to Bond															
Escrow Agent	(32,480)	-	-	(34,441)	(43,634)		(48,620)		-		(11,616)		(115,693)		-
Issuance of Debt	126,286	-	-	114,569	86,654		891		36,396		6,522		133,788		-
Bond Premium	-	-	-	-	4,545		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers in	96,821	128,365	60,444	72,411	76,733		89,339		112,699		112,800		341,014		115,454
Transfers (out)	(90,918)	(115,017)	(68,866)	(60,997)	(74,616)		(89,842)		(105,991)		(104,123)		(142,175)		(115,488)
Other Financing	105 200	12.240	(0.400)	01.540	10 (00		(2.001)		42.104		15 150		216.024		5 0 2 2
Sources (Uses)	107,300	13,348	(8,422)	91,542	49,628		(3,091)		43,104		15,178		216,934		5,033
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>\$ (6,498)</u>	<u>\$ (10,595</u>)	<u>\$ (17,849</u>)	<u>\$ 94,189</u>	<u>\$ 8,808</u>	\$	(63,328)	\$	36,223	\$	51,524	\$	302,900	\$	80,149
Debt Service as a Percentage															
of Noncapital															
Expenditures	29.4%	11.5%	12.0%	11.6%	11.0%		11.3%		10.5%		11.0%		10.9%		9.1%

(UNAUDITED) REVENUE CAPACITY INFORMATION

These schedules present information to help the reader understand and assess Osceola County's ability to generate revenues through real property and other taxes.

Schedule 5 Osceola County, Florida Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands)

						С	entrally	Asses	sed
	 Real Pro	perty	 Personal I	Prope	erty	Property			
Fiscal	Assessed	Estimated	 Assessed	Estimated		Asso	essed	Est	timated
Year	 Value	Actual Value	 Value	Act	tual Value	Va	lue	Act	ual Value
2012	\$ 15,288,985	\$ 15,942,633	\$ 1,356,605	\$	1,414,604	\$	4,083	\$	4,258
2013	15,075,763	15,970,088	1,387,049		1,469,332		4,184		4,432
2014	15,668,183	16,739,512	1,403,246		1,499,194		4,365		4,663
2015	18,141,220	19,035,908	1,371,038		1,438,655		4,493		4,715
2016	19,637,295	21,579,445	1,362,727		1,497,502		4,767		5,238
2017	21,532,969	23,228,661	1,423,844		1,535,970		4,630		4,995
2018	23,825,533	25,813,145	1,542,600		1,671,289		4,821		5,223
2019	26,769,110	28,417,314	1,633,570		1,734,151		4,801		5,097
2020	29,745,311	31,410,043	1,646,343		1,738,483		5,422		5,725
2021	32,467,101	47,295,622	1,635,341		3,293,290		5,630		6,391

Notes: Starting in Fiscal Year 2021 the Osceola County "Just Value" is being reported as the estimated actual value Source: Osceola County Property Appraiser

			Percent of Total	
Tot	al		Assessed Value	Total
Assessed		Estimated	to Total Estimated	Direct
 Value	1	Actual Value	Actual Value	Tax Rate
\$ 16,649,673	\$	17,361,494	95.9%	7.1949
16,466,996		17,443,852	94.4%	7.1966
17,075,794		18,243,370	93.6%	7.1958
19,516,751		20,479,277	95.3%	7.1839
21,004,789		23,082,186	91.0%	7.1928
22,961,443		24,769,626	92.7%	7.1997
25,372,954		27,489,658	92.3%	7.1858
28,407,481		30,156,562	94.2%	7.1858
31,397,076		33,154,251	94.7%	7.1635
34,108,072		50,595,303	67.4%	7.1626

Schedule 6

Osceola County, Florida Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates⁽¹⁾

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

_	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Direct Rates										
Basic Rate	6.7000	6.7000	6.7000	6.7000	6.7000	6.7000	6.7000	6.7000	6.7000	6.7000
Library	0.2566	0.2566	0.2566	0.2566	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000
Environmental Land	0.2383	0.2400	0.2392	0.2273	0.1928	0.1997	0.1858	0.1858	0.1635	0.1626
Total direct rates	7.1949	7.1966	7.1958	7.1839	7.1928	7.1997	7.1858	7.1858	7.1635	7.1626
	/.1949	/.1900	/.1938	/.1859	7.1928	/.199/	/.1838	/.1838	7.1055	7.1020
Overlapping Rates										
City of Kissimmee	4.6253	4.6253	4.6253	4.6253	4.6253	4.6253	4.6253	4.6253	4.6253	4.6253
City of St. Cloud	4.9128	4.9128	5.1128	5.1128	5.1128	5.1128	5.1128	5.1128	5.1128	5.1128
Osceola School District	7.5770	7.3230	7.5090	7.3750	6.9050	6.7490	6.4110	6.2400	6.0260	5.8970
So. Fl. Water Mgmt. Dist.	0.1785	0.1757	0.1685	0.1577	0.1359	0.1275	0.1209	0.1152	0.1103	0.1061
St. Johns River Wtr Mgmt.	0.3313	0.3313	0.3283	0.3164	0.2885	0.2724	0.2562	0.2414	0.2287	0.2189
Everglades Construction	0.0624	0.0613	0.0587	0.0548	0.0471	0.0441	0.0417	0.0397	0.0380	0.0365
Okeechobee Basin	0.1954	0.1919	0.1838	0.1717	0.1477	0.1384	0.1310	0.1246	0.1192	0.1146
EMS MSTU	1.0682	1.0682	1.0682	1.0682	1.0682	1.0682	1.0682	1.0682	1.0682	1.0682
Anorada	1.3000	1.5000	2.1008	1.5761	2.0630	1.9183	0.6951	1.2736	2.4000	2.6250
Bellalago	0.5800	0.3855	0.5806	0.5118	0.3916	0.3496	0.4273	0.4273	0.2500	0.2000
Blackstone Landing Ph1	1.9500	1.0500	1.2723	1.5394	1.1319	1.0806	0.5288	1.3898	1.1000	0.9250
Eagle Bay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Emerald Lakes	0.1000	0.6500	0.3000	0.2739	0.1143	0.3985	0.3985	0.3985	0.4250	0.5100
Hammock Point	0.6000	2 7000	0.0800	0.2779	0.2117	2.0000	0.3746	0.3746	0.3000	0.2500
Hammock Trails	4.2000 0.5200	2.7000 0.8000	2.1531 0.8254	1.2409 0.8165	0.7939 2.6410	1.3791 2.4298	1.3791	1.3541 0.4927	1.6800	1.1500
Hidden Heights Trail Hidden Pines	0.3200	0.8000	0.8234	0.8105	2.0410	2.4298	-	0.4927	-	-
Indian Pointe	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indian Ridge	3.8000	3.4900	4.0000	4.0000	3.7803	3.5272	3.5262	3.8374	3.8374	3.9500
Indian Ridge Villas	5.8000	0.5000	0.5334	0.4973	0.4703	0.4754	0.5169	0.6963	0.5000	5.9500
Indian Wells	3.9500	5.6000	5.2000	4.7562	4.0000	3.6633	3.6890	3.6890	3.8890	4.0400
Intercession City	0.7500	0.4500	0.7830	1.0425	0.7024	0.8451	0.8583	0.8583	0.6583	0.7544
Isle of Bellalago	4.7500	3.7100	2.5324	4.7300	2.5502	2.7632	0.9177	2.7500	2.2500	2.0000
Kings Crest	-	1.8000	1.1229	1.2035	1.5883	1.4798	1.2389	1.2389	1.6450	1.8500
Kissimmee Isles	0.6500	0.3400	0.6739	0.3862	0.3622	0.5937	0.5937	0.5937	0.5937	0.5937
Lindfields	1.6500	1.3200	1.2425	0.7122	0.8298	0.7864	0.7855	0.7855	0.6475	0.6475
Live Oak Springs	0.5500	0.3000	0.4870	0.4781	0.1101	0.4184	0.9753	0.9724	0.9724	0.2500
Orange Vista	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.4727	1.4727	1.6250	1.1000
Quail Ridge	2.0800	1.3000	1.2262	1.5428	1.0563	1.0045	1.0045	1.0045	1.0000	1.0000
Quail Wood	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Raintree Park	1.7000	1.2500	1.6100	1.3859	1.4772	1.3862	1.2858	1.2193	1.2500	1.2500
Remington	0.5000	0.4200	0.5432	0.4482	0.4046	0.4305	0.4995	0.4995	0.3995	0.3400
Reserves at Pleasant Hill	-	-	0.3800	0.3692	0.2850	0.2725	0.2720	0.2720	0.6720	0.3689
Royal Oaks Phases II-V	-	1.2500	1.2040	0.0647	0.6950	0.6506	0.7264	0.7264	0.8264	1.0500
Shadow Oaks	0.2500	0.0750	0.3668	0.3114	0.3127	0.3045	0.3044	0.3044	0.4000	0.4000
St. James' Park	-	0.8000	1.4860	1.4839	0.6379	1.1549	1.1519	1.1519	2.5150	2.5150
The Oaks	0.4444	0.3500	0.3016	0.3106	0.1103	0.2503	0.2916	0.2916	0.2400	0.2000
Windmill Point	1.0000	1.3700	-	-	0.3101	0.4491	0.1923	0.5044	0.4735	0.4500
Windward Cay	0.5500	0.4500	0.5246	0.2007	0.1787	0.3507	0.4262	0.4262	0.5350	0.7500
Winners Park	-	1.1000	1.8090	1.7952	1.8674	1.8345	1.3944	1.3944	1.7500	2.1000

Note: ⁽¹⁾ The Property Tax Rate is based on tax years and applies to the tax year preceding the fiscal year. Source: Office of Management and Budget, Osceola County

Schedule 7 Osceola County, Florida Principal Property Tax Payers Last Ten Years (In thousands)

			2021		2012				
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	
Westgate Properties/Resorts/Towers	\$	1,131,209	1	3.32%	\$	774,841	1	4.65%	
Walt Disney Parks and Resorts US Inc.	Ψ	709,564	2	2.08%	Ψ	569,735	2	3.42%	
Lando Resorts Corp.		672,778	3	1.97%		364,134	3	2.19%	
Tempus Palms International		294,893	4	0.86%		257,723	6	1.55%	
Windham Vacation Own & Resorts/ Club Wyndham		276,558	5	0.81%		259,885	4	1.56%	
Duke Energy Florida LLC		274,875	6	0.81%		257,005	-	1.507	
RHP Property G. P. Limited Partnership		263,091	7	0.77%			_		
BR Gates/Grand at Westside/Meadows/Sonoma DST		252,624	8	0.74%			_		
Osceola Regional Hospital Inc		139,457	9	0.41%		89,709	11	0.54%	
Sabal Trail Transmission		115,782	10	0.34%		89,709	11	0.547	
Silver Lake Resort		112,459	10	0.34%		-	- 9	0.66%	
Worldmark The Club			11	0.30%		110,091	9	0.00%	
		102,574	12			-	- 10	0.500	
Omni-Championsgate Resort Hotel LLC		92,550		0.27%		98,875		0.59%	
Walmart Stores/WalSam Dev Co.		89,702	14	0.26%		70,147	13	0.42%	
Orlando Resort Development Group, Inc.		74,108	15	0.22%		-	-	0.420	
Lowes Home Centers Inc.		71,997	16	0.21%		71,302	12	0.43%	
Lexin Jamison FL LLC		70,993	17	0.21%		-	-		
Shingle Creek Acquisition LLC		66,131	18	0.19%		-	-		
IH Borrower LP		65,418	19	0.19%		-	-	0.000	
Florida Gas Transmission CO		63,069	20	0.18%		63,020	16	0.389	
Progress Energy Florida Inc.		-	-	-		257,792	5	1.55%	
G.P. Limited Partnership		-	-	-		249,196	7	1.50%	
Genon Florida LP		-	-	-		122,062	8	0.739	
Ginn-LA /Reunion		-	-	-		64,271	14	0.39%	
Embarq Florida Inc/Sprint/SprintCom		-	-	-		63,291	15	0.389	
Deerfield Land Corp		-	-	-		52,441	17	0.319	
A Loop LLC		-	-	-		50,131	18	0.30%	
Adventist Health System		-	-	-		45,753	19	0.27%	
Timescape Resorts LLC		-	-			43,873	20	0.26%	
Total taxable assessed value									
twenty largest taxpayers		4,939,832		14.48%		3,678,272		22.09%	
Total taxable assessed value all other taxpayers		29,168,240		85.52%		12,971,401		77.91%	
Total taxable assessed value all taxpayers	\$	34,108,072		100.00%	\$	16,649,673		100.009	

Source: Osceola County Property Appraiser

Schedule 8 Osceola County, Florida Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands)

		Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy					,	Fotal Collect	tions to Date
Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year		Perce		Collections in Subsequent Years		Amount		Percentage of Levy
2012	\$ 135,080	\$	129,701	96.02%	\$	979	\$	130,680	96.74%
2013	132,459		128,224	96.80%		344		128,568	97.06%
2014	138,657		132,835	95.80%		485		133,320	96.15%
2015	146,571		141,405	96.48%		533		141,938	96.84%
2016	158,178		152,193	96.22%		86		152,279	96.27%
2017	169,373		163,456	96.51%		66		163,522	96.55%
2018	185,272		178,518	96.35%		104		178,622	96.41%
2019	204,485		197,322	96.50%		1,341		198,663	97.15%
2020	229,122		220,075	96.05%		60		220,135	96.08%
2021	252,322		242,968	96.29%		75		243,043	96.32%

Source: Osceola County Property Appraiser and Florida Department of Revenue

(UNAUDITED) DEBT CAPACITY INFORMATION

These schedules present information to help the reader understand and assess Osceola County's debt burden and its ability to issue additional debt in the future.

	Governmental-Type Activities							Business-Type Activities								
Fiscal Year	Limited General Obligation Bonds ⁽¹⁾		Revenue Bonds ⁽¹⁾	Special Assessment Bonds		Other Long Term Liabilities		Revenue Bonds ⁽¹⁾		Other Long Term Liabilities		Total Primary <u>Government</u>		Percentage of Personal Income ⁽²⁾	Per Capita ⁽²⁾	
2012	\$	36,313	\$ 413,396	\$	2,885	\$	16,050	\$	95,087	\$	-	\$	563,731	7.08%	\$	2,007
2013		34,278	397,583		2,750		14,072		90,614		-		539,297	6.48%		1,870
2014		32,179	382,211		2,675		12,114		149,362		2,725		581,266	6.56%		1,967
2015		30,555	435,385		2,395		45,416		145,665		11,110		670,526	6.92%		2,175
2016		28,291	467,450		2,155		45,669		137,769		18,334		699,668	6.79%		2,167
2017		25,832	447,524		1,935		42,432		129,232		19,169		666,124	5.89%		2,843
2018		23,278	455,414		1,595		47,266		121,511		19,169		668,233	5.45%		1,896
2019		20,624	434,497		1,380		48,206		113,460		19,128		637,295	4.81%		1,720
2020		15,880	415,061		1,100		54,737		335,776		117		822,671	N/A		2,125
2021		14,885	390,966		830		49,810		334,719		97		791,307	N/A		1,956

Notes:

s: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements ⁽¹⁾ Includes balance for amortization of premiums and discounts

⁽²⁾ U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional Economic Accounts

			Limited General (onguin Donus		Percentage of		
Fiscal Year	Series 2006 ⁽¹⁾	Series 2010 ⁽²⁾	Series 2015 ⁽³⁾	Series 2020 ⁽⁴⁾	Total	Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property ⁽⁵⁾	Per Capita ⁽⁶⁾	
2012	\$ 12,310	\$ 23,035	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 35,345	0.204%	\$ 119	
2013	11,645	21,735	-	-	33,380	0.191%	109	
2014	10,950	20,400	-	-	31,350	0.172%	99	
2015	-	2,340	19,010	-	21,350	0.112%	62	
2016	1,590	17,565	8,445	-	27,600	0.120%	78	
2017	810	16,060	8,340	-	25,210	0.102%	67	
2018	-	14,495	8,230	-	22,725	0.083%	57	
2019	-	12,865	7,275	-	20,140	0.071%	47	
2020	-	-	6,300	9,580	15,880	0.051%	38	
2021	-	-	5,305	9,580	14,885	0.044%	30	

Notes: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to Financial Statements

⁽¹⁾ Limited General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006, were issued July 26, 2006

⁽²⁾ Limited General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010, were issued August 26, 2010

⁽³⁾ Limited General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015, were issued April 13, 2015

⁽⁴⁾ Limited General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2020, were issued August 21, 2020

⁽⁵⁾ Source: Osceola County Property Appraiser - Tax Roll & Millage - https://www.property-appraiser.org/tax-rolls-statistics/

⁽⁶⁾ Per Capita calculation excludes the amount due to pay within one year

			Hal	f-C	ent Sales T	ax B	Bonds			
Fiscal	Half-Ce Sales Ta		Interest		Net Available		Debt S	Servi	ice	
Year	Revenu	e	Revenue		Revenue	Pr	rincipal	Iı	nterest	Coverage
2012	\$ 14,84	44	\$ 69	\$	5 14,913	\$	3,390	\$	3,992	2.02
2013	15,64	40	17		15,657		3,480		3,894	2.12
2014	16,7:	54	70		16,824		3,580		3,791	2.28
2015	17,89	97	60		17,957		3,675		3,684	2.44
2016	19,43	51	6		19,457		3,795		6,483	1.89
2017	20,50	52	37		20,599		3,915		5,904	2.10
2018	22,33	32	7		22,339		1,110		4,957	3.68
2019	23,23	82	20		23,302		5,120		5,057	2.29
2020	19,6	67	23		19,690		5,325		4,916	1.92
2021	24,23	37	24		24,261		5,486		4,769	2.37

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements

			Infr	astru	cture	e Sales Ta	x Boı	nds			
Fiscal		astructure ales Tax	Inte	rest	A	Net vailable		Debt S	Servi	ce	
Year	F	Revenue	Reve	enue	R	levenue	Pr	incipal	I	nterest	Coverage
2012	\$	21,541	\$	32	\$	21,573	\$	5,320	\$	4,792	2.13
2013		22,775		12		22,787		5,550		4,399	2.29
2014		24,728		30		24,758		5,755		4,173	2.49
2015		26,633		34		26,667		5,970		3,944	2.69
2016		28,871		-		28,871		6,455		2,999	3.05
2017		30,449		59		30,508		6,905		2,711	3.17
2018		33,541		2		33,543		3,230		1,399	7.25
2019		34,893		2		34,895		7,821		1,599	3.70
2020		30,358		2		30,360		8,060		1,354	3.22
2021		38,001		15		38,016		8,311		1,099	4.04

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements

				Capital]	Improvemen	t Bo	onds					
Fiscal	Public Service Tax	Co	mmunications Service Tax	Gross Non-Ad Valorem	Interest	A	Net vailable		<u>Debt S</u>	Servi	ice	
Year	Revenue		Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	R	Revenue	Pı	rincipal	Iı	nterest	Coverage
2012 (1)	\$ 11,135	\$	5,943	N/A	\$ 78	\$	17,156	\$	2,420	\$	5,498	2.17
2013 (1)	11,756		6,078	N/A	23		17,857		2,515		5,399	2.26
2014 (2)	12,727		6,108	N/A	78		18,913		2,620		5,467	2.34
2015 (3)	13,138		5,996	N/A	62		19,196		2,725		5,339	2.38
2016 (4)	13,958		5,550	N/A	62		19,570		2,850		5,216	2.43
2017 (5)	14,218		5,796	N/A	-		20,014		2,955		5,118	2.48
2018 (6)	14,983		5,510	N/A	43		20,536		3,045		5,010	2.55
2019 (7)	16,569		5,175	N/A	44		21,788		3,165		4,886	2.71
2020 (8)	17,008		5,401	N/A	14		22,423		3,280		4,294	2.96
2021	18,336		5,592	N/A	17		23,945		3,642		3,718	3.25

Notes: ⁽¹⁾ Interest payment is presented net of federal subsidy of \$2.206 million

⁽²⁾ Interest payment is presented net of federal subsidy of \$2.032 million

⁽³⁾ Interest payment is presented net of federal subsidy of \$2.046 million

⁽⁴⁾ Interest payment is presented net of federal subsidy of \$2.056 million

⁽⁵⁾ Interest payment is presented net of federal subsidy of \$2.055 million

⁽⁶⁾ Interest payment is presented net of federal subsidy of \$2.057 million

 $^{(7)}$ Interest payment is presented net of federal subsidy of \$2.065 million

⁽⁸⁾ Interest payment is presented net of federal subsidy of \$1.035 million

Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements

			Tourist Dev	elopment T	ax Bonds			
Fiscal	Gross 2nd - 4th Cent Tourist Development	-	RIDA Special	Interest	Net Available		Service	
Year	Tax Revenue	Tax Revenue	Assessments	Revenue	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2012	\$ 17,105	\$ 5,702	\$ 217	\$ 17	\$ 23,041	\$ 1,670	\$ 4,372	3.81
2013	18,830	6,277	281	10	25,398	1,870	2,925	5.30
2014	20,291	6,764	294	23	27,372	2,530	3,925	4.24
2015	22,394	7,465	323	20	30,202	2,580	3,860	4.69
2016	24,372	8,124	350	23	32,869	2,655	3,770	5.12
2017	25,822	8,607	341	24	34,794	2,760	4,380	4.87
2018	29,221	9,740	416	17	39,394	3,370	4,414	5.06
2019	30,549	10,182	404	24	41,159	3,525	4,259	5.29
2020	18,678	6,226	243	25	25,172	3,680	3,691	3.42
2021	22,047	7,349	199	16	29,611	3,850	3,624	3.96

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements

		West 192 Sp	pecial Assess	ment Bonds		
Fiscal Year	Capital Special Assessmen Revenue	t Interest Revenue	Net Available Revenue	<u>Debt s</u> Principal	<u>Service</u> Interest	Coverage
2012	\$ 532	l\$6	\$ 537	\$ 1,435	\$ 200	0.33
2013	308	3 2	310	135	150	1.09
2014	322	2 4	326	75	145	1.48
2015	351	3	354	280	136	0.85
2016	330) 4	334	240	122	0.92
2017	344	4 5	349	220	110	1.06
2018	335	5 8	343	340	102	0.78
2019	330) 14	344	215	84	1.15
2020	32	8	329	280	73	0.93
2021	314	4 1	315	270	58	0.96

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements

			Transpo	rtation Impro	ovement Bo	nds		
Fiscal	Gross Toll	Payments from Osceola	Interest	Less Operating	Net Available	Debt S	Service	
Year	Revenue	County	Revenue	Expense	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2012	\$ 11,677	\$ 1,375	\$ 13	\$ (2,196)	\$ 10,869	\$ 3,875	\$ 4,294	1.33
2013	12,225	1,375	4	(2,244)	11,360	4,200	4,139	1.36
2014	13,949	688	7	(6,546)	8,098	5,125	4,316	0.86
2015	15,627	-	10	(2,370)	13,267	3,710	724	2.99
2016	16,306	-	15	(2,022)	14,299	7,910	1,432	1.53
2017	16,085	-	28	(2,157)	13,956	8,550	1,254	1.42
2018	17,502	-	48	(2,332)	15,218	7,735	1,087	1.73
2019	15,251	-	74	(2,862)	12,463	8,195	978	1.36
2020	12,263	-	222	(2,925)	9,560	-	1,689	5.66
2021	13,597	-	76	(2,548)	11,125	-	7,414	1.50

Business-type Activities

Notes: Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, amortization expenses or payments to Reedy Creek, transfers to other funds are included.

Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements

Schedule 12 Osceola County, Florida Historical Population Distribution Factors for Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Osceola County	City of Kissimmee	City of St. Cloud	School District of Osceola County
2012	54.0%	13.7%	7.3%	25.0%
2013	53.5%	13.5%	8.0%	25.0%
2014	53.5%	13.3%	8.2%	25.0%
2015	53.4%	13.4%	8.1%	25.0%
2016	53.4%	13.3%	8.1%	25.0%
2017	53.6%	13.2%	8.2%	25.0%
2018	54.2%	12.6%	8.2%	25.0%
2019	54.3%	12.7%	8.1%	25.0%
2020	54.7%	12.4%	7.9%	25.0%
2021	54.9%	12.0%	8.1%	25.0%

Source: Florida Department of Revenue/ Local Government Financial Information Handbook (http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/local-government/reports/)

Schedule 13 Osceola County, Florida Historical Infrastructure Sales Surtax Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands)

Fiscal Year	Infrastr Sales S Rever	urtax	Percentage Change
2012	\$ 2	21,541	4.7%
2013	2	22,775	5.7%
2014	2	24,728	8.6%
2015	2	26,633	7.7%
2016	2	28,871	8.4%
2017	3	30,449	5.5%
2018	3	33,540	10.2%
2019	3	34,893	4.0%
2020	3	30,358	-13.0%
2021	3	38,001	25.2%

Schedule 14 Osceola County Florida West 192 Redevelopment Area Municipal Services Benefit Unit, Phase IIC Description of Real Property

The Phase IIC Project was constructed and installed in the portion of the West 192 Municipal Services Benefit Unit (MSBU), which runs from State Road 535 east to Hoagland Boulevard and Airport Road.

For non-residential property lying within the boundaries of the Phase IIC benefit area, the County determined which nonresidential property benefited by the project. It consists primarily of businesses and attractions catering to the tourist trade, including hotels and motels, rental units and other lodging establishments (including timeshares), shopping centers, recreational businesses and other businesses. Additional information regarding the nature and value of the commercial property within the Phase IIC Benefit Area is set forth below.

Percentage

Department of Revenue Use Code ⁽¹⁾	Number of Parcels	Percentage of Total Parcels	Average Assessed Value	Highest Assessed Value	Total Assessed Value	of Total Assessed Value
Automotive/Service Stations	3	0.22%	\$ 941,833	\$ 1,036,400	\$ 2,825,500	0.56%
Hotels/Motels	31	2.25%	1,311,981	4,650,700	40,671,400	8.10%
Offices	4	0.29%	303,418	555,100	1,213,670	0.24%
Parking Lots/Mobile Home	6	0.44%	2,879,715	15,641,912	17,278,292	3.44%
Recreational Businesses ⁽²⁾	6	0.44%	2,225,817	7,646,200	13,354,900	2.66%
Rental Property ⁽³⁾	1,188	86.21%	253,224	655,500	300,830,553	59.93%
Restaurants	15	1.09%	959,641	2,180,400	14,394,617	2.87%
Shopping Centers	40	2.90%	1,981,524	10,095,500	79,260,963	15.79%
Timeshares	3	0.22%	5,125,100	8,253,600	15,375,300	3.06%
Vacant Commercial Property ⁽⁴⁾	78	5.66%	201,247	911,614	15,697,243	3.13%
Warehouse/Manufacturing	4	0.29%	263,333	521,600	1,053,333	0.21%
Total	1,378	100.00%	\$ 16,446,833	\$ 52,148,526	\$ 501,955,771	100.00%

Notes: ⁽¹⁾ "Business Use" is determined by using the Property Appraiser's Department of Revenue Use Codes as assigned to each parcel, and may not always reflect actual business activity on the parcel

⁽²⁾ "Recreational Businesses" include theaters / auditoriums and tourist attractions

⁽³⁾ "Rental Property" was identified through occupational licensing of short-term rental property

(4) "Vacant Commercial Property" includes undeveloped property zoned for commercial use

Source: Office of Management and Budget, Osceola County

Schedule 15 Osceola County, Florida West 192 Redevelopment Area Municipal Service Benefit Unit, Phase IIC Top Property Owners by Taxable Value

Owner	Number of Parcels	Sum of Taxable Value	Percentage of Total Taxable Value
Siesta Lago LLC	1	\$ 15,641,912	13.30%
Kissimmee West Florida LP	4	12,730,441	10.83%
Target Corp T-1918	1	10,095,500	8.59%
Wal-Mart Stores East LP	2	9,577,100	8.15%
OP Realty Partners LLC	1	8,253,600	7.02%
Medieval Times Florida Inc.	5	7,646,800	6.50%
Sams East Inc.	2	7,221,000	6.14%
Club Sevilla Condo Association	1	6,624,900	5.63%
Saratoga Resort Villas LLC	4	5,840,147	4.97%
Yins Outlet LLC	1	5,507,600	4.68%
Nina Oasis LLC	2	3,417,237	2.91%
Macedo Investments LLC	12	3,384,900	2.88%
JE System Service Group	1	3,297,900	2.80%
OGRVP LLC	1	2,971,191	2.53%
City of Kissimmee C/O Hoagland Partners	1	2,922,392	2.49%
Airport Storage 18 (FL) LLC	2	2,798,098	2.38%
HTN Holdings LLC	2	2,649,000	2.25%
Central Fla Investments Inc	3	2,422,301	2.06%
192 Flea Market Outlet Inc	1	2,396,600	2.04%
White Dog Holdings LLC	1	 2,180,400	1.85%
Total	48	\$ 117,579,019	100.00%

Source: Office of Management and Budget, Osceola County

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(UNAUDITED) DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

These schedules offer information to help users understand Osceola County's socioeconomic environment and to facilitate comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.

Schedule 16 Osceola County, Florida Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	Personal Income ⁽²⁾ (in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income ⁽²⁾	Median Age ⁽³⁾	School Enrollment ⁽⁴⁾	Unemployment Rate ⁽⁵⁾
2012	280,866	\$ 7,964,628	\$ 27,525	35.6	55,832	9.4%
2013	288,361	8,323,270	27,733	N/A	57,538	7.2%
2014	295,553	8,863,488	28,412	35.9	58,851	6.4%
2015	308,327	9,691,044	29,911	35.6	64,688	5.5%
2016	322,862	10,300,608	30,655	35.8	62,522	4.8%
2017	337,614	11,303,408	32,096	35.7	65,179	3.7%
2018	352,496	12,271,080	33,346	35.7	67,724	3.0%
2019	370,552	13,248,144	35,258	36.7	69,114	3.1%
2020	387,055	15,108,065	39,210	36.0	68,519	13.3%
2021	404,460	N/A	N/A	36.0	74,769	5.4%

Notes:

(1) https://www.bebr.ufl.edu/population/population-data-archive/

(2) https://www.bea.gov/data/income-saving/personal-income-county-metro-and-other-areas Estimates not available until November 2022.

(3) https://business.orlando.org/l/data-downloads/

(4) https://www.osceolaschools.net/Page/8119

(5) https://floridajobs.org/economic-data/local-area-unemployment-statistics-(laus)/laus-by-county

		2021			2012	2
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
School District of Osceola County	8,423	1	9.38%	5,708	1	7.90%
Adventist Health System	4,317	2	4.81%	_	-	-
Wal-Mart Stores, INC	2,878	3	3.20%	2,227	4	3.08%
Walt Disney Company - Osceola County Offices	2,041	4	2.27%	3,114	2	4.31%
Orange Lake Resorts & Holiday Inn Club Vacations	1,900	5	2.11%	-	-	-
Publix Supermarkets	1,799	6	2.00%	2,000	5	2.77%
Osceola Regional Medical Center	1,681	7	1.87%	-	-	-
Gaylord Palms Resort & Convention Center	1,624	8	1.81%	1,434	9	1.98%
Osceola County Government	1,410	9	1.57%	2,305	3	3.19%
McLane/Suneast, Inc.	1,393	10	1.55%	-	-	-
Westgate Vacation Villas	-	-	-	1,577	8	2.18%
Valencia College-Osceola	-	-	-	-	-	-
Florida Hospital Celebration & Kissimme	-	-	-	1,750	7	2.42%
Wyndham Hotels	-	-	-	1,975	6	2.73%
Holiday Inn Hotels	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Largest Employers	27,466 (1)		30.57%	22,090	-	30.56%
Total All Other Employers	62,375			50,152		
Total Employment	89,841 (2)			72,242	(3)	

Sources: ⁽¹⁾Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO) http://www.myflorida.com/agency

⁽²⁾Florida Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO), Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS)
 ⁽³⁾Osceola County ACFR - Fiscal Year 2012

Schedule 18 Osceola County, Florida Total Property Value, Commercial Construction Value, and Residential Construction Value Last Ten Years (In thousands except Number of Units)

	Total	Commercial	Residential Construction	
January 01	Property Value ⁽¹⁾	Construction Value ⁽¹⁾	Number of Units	Value
2012	\$ 16,447,267	\$ 107,729	1,198	\$ 165,229
2013	17,099,425	45,422	1,999	264,213
2014	18,197,033	89,953	2,879	627,176
2015	19,516,751	175,594	2,571	949,951
2016	21,004,789	209,210	2,888	731,660
2017	22,961,444	83,359	4,023	838,759
2018	25,372,954	242,211	3,732	653,898
2019	28,407,481	388,674	4,692	869,123
2020	31,397,076	378,336	5,795	1,084,248
2021	34,108,072	371,625	5,464	1,080,809

Notes: ⁽¹⁾ Source: Osceola County Property Appraiser

⁽²⁾ Osceola County Property Appraiser (Countywide including Osceola Unincorporated)

Schedule 19 Osceola County, Florida Tourist Statistical Data Estimated Number of Overnight Visitors and Mode of Transportation Last Ten Years (In thousands)

	Air	Auto	7	Frain/Bus	Total	%
Year ⁽¹⁾	Visitors	Visitors		Visitors	Visitors	Change
2012	3,746	2,676		77	6,499	7.9%
2013	3,709	3,047		81	6,837	5.2%
2014	3,876	3,185		84	7,145	4.5%
				Total		
	Room	_		Economy	Total	%
_	Nights	Occupancy		Impact	Visitors	Change
2015 ⁽²⁾	7,525	72.40%	\$	4,546,247	6,100	N/A
2016 ⁽³⁾	7,149	73.20%		5,431,139	7,460	22.3%
2017 ⁽³⁾	7,545	75.60%		5,934,129	7,901	5.9%
2018 ⁽⁴⁾	10,216	62.20%		6,000,000	8,600	8.8%
2019	10,446	63.60%		5,300,000	9,200	7.0%
2020	6,500	45.70%		5,000,000	6,000	-34.8%
2021	7,678	50.08%		5,500,000	9,587	59.8%

Notes: ⁽¹⁾ Data is on calendar year basis

⁽²⁾ Experience Kissimmee hired a new vendor for fiscal year 2015, the new vendor used different methodology in their calculations. Information about visitors

by air, auto, or train/bus is no longer available

⁽³⁾ This data consists of 11 calendar months

⁽⁴⁾ After 2018 data is calculated on calendar year

Source: Experience Kissimmee

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(UNAUDITED) OPERATING INFORMATION

These schedules contain data to help users understand Osceola County's operations and resources as well as to provide a context for understanding and assessing its economic condition. Schedule 20 Osceola County, Florida Full Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Government	Public Safety	Physical Environment	Transportation	Economic Environment	Human Services	Culture and Recreation	Court Related	Total
2012 (1)	416	1,335	51	192	7	42	125	137	2,305
2013	402	1,328	42	182	6	46	116	141	2,263
2014	391	1,342	40	177	5	37	62	168	2,222
2015	417	1,385	45	199	5	43	69	140	2,303
2016	392	1,376	42	205	5	38	70	206	2,334
2017	382	1,424	39	206	5	38	69	201	2,364
2018	391	1,499	47	189	4	37	64	199	2,430
2019	378	1,500	44	180	4	42	36	216	2,400
2020	402	1,412	47	185	5	42	45	199	2,337
2021	400	1,517	42	182	5	46	44	220	2,456

Note : ⁽¹⁾Beginning with Fiscal Year 2012 totals includes Constitutional Offices. Data was not available in prior years Constitutional Offices are: Clerk of the Court Property Appraiser Sheriff's Office Supervisor of Elections Tax Collector's Office

Schedule 21 Osceola County, Florida Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	Fiscal Year									
	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
General Government										
Building Department ⁽¹⁾										
Number of Residential Permits	2,282	3,039	3,491	5,379	2,717	5,697	10,291	11,559	17,342	20,264
Number of Commercial Permits	897	935	1,130	1,443	106	1,342	1,753	1,741	7,629	3,816
Public Safety										
Fire Protection ⁽²⁾										
Emergency Responses	22,939	23,864	24,268	25,377	26,319	28,158	29,205	29,329	29,489	36,285
Inspections	4,252	4,478	3,924	4,126	3,967	4,212	4,189	4,063	4,482	4,351
Corrections ⁽³⁾										
Average Daily Inmate										
Population	919	816	861	870	875	831	833	870	701	672
Osceola County Sheriff ⁽⁴⁾										
Number of 911 Calls										
answered (estimated)	369,029	375,478	391,316	412,123	417,385	432,509	454,563	426,713	570,993	461,077
Human Services ⁽⁵⁾										
Section 8 Housing										
Osceola Vouchers	202	202	202	194	200	201	200	214	224	211
Portable Vouchers	872	982	1,097	1,214	1,265	1,318	1,360	1,377	1,410	1,530
Transportation ⁽⁶⁾										
Lane Miles Maintained	2,172	2,173	2,194	2,203	2,221	2,228	2,244	2,266	2,284	2,302
Culture and Recreation (7)										
Park Sites Maintained	25	22	31	34	33	33	37	37	39	42
Library Books Circulated	1,238,513	1,238,207	1,165,553	1,149,737	1,106,764	1,130,562	1,265,144	1,216,744	1,027,952	1,228,082
Lionary Doons Chounded	1,200,010	1,200,207	1,100,000	1,1 .),1 51	1,100,701	1,120,002	1,200,111	1,213,711	1,027,952	1,220,002

Notes: ⁽¹⁾ Building Department - Permit System, Osceola County ⁽²⁾ Fire Rescue & Emergency Medical Services Department, Osceola County ⁽³⁾ Corrections Department, Osceola County

⁽⁴⁾ Osceola County Sheriff Finance Department
 ⁽⁵⁾ Section 8 Department, Osceola County

⁽⁶⁾ Public Works Department, Osceola County

⁽⁷⁾ Osceola County Government http://www.osceola.org

Schedule 22 Osceola County, Florida Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program					Fiscal Y	ear				
	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	2015	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	2018	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
Public Safety (1)										
Fire Department										
Fire Stations	16	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Sheriff										
Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Patrol Units	275	273	279	284	298	284	270	318	359	380
Transportation ⁽²⁾										
Miles of Streets										
Paved Miles	877	877	887	905	929	942	957	983	999	1,008
Unpaved Miles	137	137	122	108	91	81	74	59	37	39
Culture and Recreation ⁽³⁾										
Parks and Recreation										
Parks	25	31	31	34	33	33	37	37	39	40
Boat Ramps	12	12	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	11
Stadium	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Soccer Complex	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Softball Complex	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Tennis Courts	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Racquet Ball Courts	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Community Centers	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Libraries	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Nature Center	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Notes: ⁽¹⁾ Fire Department and Sheriff's Office, Osceola County ⁽²⁾ Public Works Department, Osceola County

⁽³⁾ Parks Department, Library District, and Natural Resources Department, Osceola County

Schedule 23 Osceola County, Florida Insurance Coverage September 30, 2021

Workers' Compensation Workers' Compensation Excess

Workers' Compensation (Volunteers) General Liability Property

Bridges

Public Entity Employee Benefit Plans Administrative Liability -Claims Made Cover Public Entity Law Enforcement Liability

Public Entity Management Liability

Public Entity Employment Practices Liability

Automobile Comprehensive Automobile Collision Money and Securities, Per Occurrence Employee Fidelity Cyber Liability & Electronic Data Equipment Emergency Care Services EMT's and Paramedics Law Enforcement/Firefighters Death Benefits Medical Malpractice Professional Liability - Claims Made Services for Physicians Serving as Medical Director Jail Nurses and Emergency Services Inmate Medical Liability-Excess Liability Accident Policy - Community Corrections Environmental Liability, Including Above and Underground Tanks

Passenger Boat Liability

Aviation Drones Liability Firefighter Cancer Policy: F.S 112.1816

Health Insurance Health Insurance Excess Dental Insurance

Source: Osceola County Risk Management

Self-funded \$2,000,000 per Occurrence (\$1M Self-Insured Retention for USL&H and Jones Act/Marine; \$750,000 Self-Insured Retention) Self-funded \$5,000,000 per occurrence / \$200,000 SIR \$75,000,000 Per Occurrence / \$100,000 Deductible. Except: Named Storm & Flood; 3% of the value per Unit of Insurance, subject to a minimum of \$250,000 \$100,000,000 Per one Occurrence/ \$100,000 Deductible \$5,000,000 Each Employee Limit / \$200,000 SIR - Each Employee Retention Loss & Loss Expense \$5,000,000 Each Wrongful Act Limit / \$200,000 SIR - Each Wrongful Act \$5,000,000 Each Wrongful Act / \$5,000,000 Aggregate Limit / \$200,000 SIR - Each Wrongful Act \$5,000,000 Each Wrongful Employment Practices Offense Limit / \$5,000,000 Aggregate Limit / \$200,000 SIR - Each Wrongful Act \$100,000 while parked / \$25,000 while over the road \$100.000 while parked / \$25.000 while over the road \$1.250.000 / \$10.000 deductible \$1,250,000 / \$10,000 deductible \$1,000,000 Each and Every Claim \$500,000 Deductible \$5,000,000 per Occurrence \$75,000 / \$75,000 / \$225,000 per State Statute \$1,000,000 Per Occurrence / \$3,000,000 Aggregate Limit / \$25.000 Deductible \$45,000 Retention / \$250,000 Limit \$1,000,000 Specific Excess \$10.000 \$1,000,000 Limit Each Pollution Condition/\$1,000,000 Pollution Aggregate/ \$2,000,000 Aggregate Limit for Storage Tanks/ \$10,000 Deductible \$1,000,000 / \$1,000 Deductible for the vessel and \$2,500 for the **Bodily Injury** \$1,000,000 Each and Every Claim \$0 Deductible \$25,000 1st Diagnosis Benefits-Lump Sum/ \$75,000 Cancer Death Benefits-Lump Sum Self-funded Claims in Excess of \$250,000 per Covered Insured

Self-funded

Schedule 24 Osceola County, Florida Miscellaneous Statistics 2021

Area in Square Miles	1,506
Government Facilities and Services	
Sheriff's Protection	
Number of Sheriff Personnel and Officers ⁽¹⁾	757
Facilities and Services not Included in the Reporting Entity	
Education ⁽²⁾	
K-12 students	74,769
Elementary Schools	25
Middle Schools	9
High Schools	10
Multi-Level Schools and Charter Schools	30
Alternative Programs and Adult Education	12
Virtual Schools	2
Higher Education Institutions ⁽³⁾	5
Hospitals ⁽³⁾	
Hospitals	6
Transportation ⁽³⁾	
Airports - Orlando International Airport (MCO) and Kissimmee Gateway Airport (ISM)	3
- Orlando Sanford International Airport (SFB)	
Rail Service - Sun Rail and Regional Rail Services	2
Bus Service - Lynx Local and Regional Bus Service ⁽⁴⁾	1

Notes: ⁽¹⁾ Osceola County Sheriff Human Resources Department

⁽²⁾ School District, Osceola County, http://www.osceola.k12.fl.us

⁽³⁾ Economic Development Department, Osceola County http://www.greaterosceola.com

⁽⁴⁾ Central Florida Regional Transportation Authority https://www.golynx.com/corporate-info/facts-glance.stml

COMPLIANCE SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Osceola County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Osceola County, Florida (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 7, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Osceola County, Florida

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We have issued a management letter to the Board of County Commissioners, Osceola County, Florida, dated March 7, 2022, presenting certain required disclosures and comments pursuant to the Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.*

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida March 7, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, *RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL*

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Osceola County, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited the compliance of Osceola County, Florida (the "County") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") *Compliance Supplement* and the requirements described in the Department of Financial Services *State Projects Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and major state projects for the year ended September 30, 2021. The County's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs and state projects.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs and state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"); and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or major state project identified in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and major state projects for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Osceola County, Florida

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or major state project in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

We have audited the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated March 7, 2022, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance is presented for the purposes of additional analysis, as required by the Uniform Guidance, Chapter 69I-5, *Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance*, Rules of the Department of Financial Services, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Osceola County, Florida

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

As of September 30, 2021

Federal/State Agency, Pass-through Entity, Federal Program/State Project	Assistance Listing/ CSFA Number	Org Keys	Contract/Grant Number	Federal/State Expenditures	Payments to Subrecipients
Federal Awards					
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development					
Office of Community Planning and Development					
Community Development Block Grant- Admin	14.218	Fd-151	B-20-UC-12-0020	\$ 156,766	\$ -
Community Development Block Grant- Program Community Development Block Grant- CARES Act Funding	14.218 14.218	Fd-151 Fd-151	B-20-UC-12-0020 N/A	755,174 1,400,000	-
Program Total	14.210	14-151	IV/A	2,311,940	-
Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP3)	14.228	Fd-122	B-11-UN-12-0023	9,450	-
Office of Community Planning and Development					
Emergency Solutions Grant	14.231	Fd-118	GPZ47	47,067	-
Office of Community Planning and Development					
Home Fund	14.239	Fd-137	M20-UC120222	131,221	-
Office of Community Planning and Development					
Shelter Plus Care	14.267	Fd-118	FL0412L4H071903	149,364	-
Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program - Housing	14.871	Fd-168	N/A	3,137,983	-
Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program - Portables	14.871	Fd-168	N/A	15,897,198	-
Program Total				19,035,181	
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				21,684,223	-
U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs Bureau of Justice Assistance - JAG Program					
Direct Award					
Project Lifesaver	16.015	G2230	2020-J1-BX-0002	40,305	-
Bureau of Justice Assistance - JAG Program Cluster					
Direct Awards					
Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program (CESF)	16.034	SO	2020-VD-BX-1708	64,927	-
Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program (CESF) Program Total	16.034	G2097	2020-VD-BX-1708	60,504 125,431	
				120,101	
Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Central Florida Internet Crimes Against Children Task Force Program (ICAC)	16.543	SO	2018-MC-FX-K002	765,850	-
Passed through Florida Office of the Attorney General				,	
Victims of Crime Act (VOCA)	16.575	G1583	VOCA-2020-Osceola County Board of C-00712	79,578	-
	101070	01202		17,510	
Bureau of Justice Assistance - JAG Program Direct Award					
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program FY 17 (SCAAP)	16.606	G2299	2019-AP-BX-0682	26,252	-
Bureau of Justice Assistance - JAG Program Cluster Direct Awards	10.000			-, -	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Programs					
(Beyond Trust)	16.738	SO	2020-DJ-BX-0769	26,998	-
(Message Board Trailer)	16.738	so	2021-JAGC-OSCE-4-5R-146	18,310	-
(Safety Equipment Upgrades)	16.738	G2628	2020-JAGC-OSCE-2-Y5-137	23,882	-
Program Total				69,190	-
Total U.S. Department of Justice				1,106,606	-

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (Continued)

As of September 30, 2021

Federal/State Agency, Pass-through Entity, Federal Program/State Project	Assistance Listing/ CSFA Number	Org Keys	Contract/Grant Number	Federal/State Expenditures	Payments to Subrecipients
				FF	
U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration					
Passed through Florida Department of Transportation					
Deerwood Sidewalk Gaps	20.205	4382	441076-1-38-01 / G1C74	\$ 20,773	\$ -
Carroll Street JYP to Michigan	20.205	4316	433204-2-48-01 / ASI88	2,614,553	-
Fortune-Simpson Intersection	20.205	4374	443548-1-38-01 / G1F63	376,023	-
Fortune Lakeshore Multi-Use Trail	20.205	4104	437474-1-38-01 / G0B33	25,373	-
Hoagland Boulevard Phase II	20.205	4309	428328-5-58/68-01 / G1057	1,196,943	-
Kissimmee St. Cloud Connector Trail	20.205	4011	439067-1-38-01 / G1H22	108,680	-
Neptune Road	20.205	4178	445415-1-48-01 / G1Y55	78,449	-
Pleasant Hill & Eagle Lake Program Total	20.205	4342	439825-1-58/68-01 / G1E56	98,938 4,519,732	-
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration					
Passed through Florida Department of Transportation					
Safe Motorcycle and Rider Techniques (SMART)	20.600	SO	MC-2021-00184	38,700	-
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				4,558,432	-
U.S. Department of Treasury					
Passed through the Florida Department of State					
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	555*	Y2266	16,468,976	-
911 COMM CARES Act Funding	21.019	G2226	N/A	31,026	-
Passed through Florida Housing Finance Corporation					
Statewide Housing Initiatives Program (SHIP) CARES Act	21.019	Fd-111	N/A	3,420,266	-
Program Total				19,920,268	
Emergency Rental Assistance 1	21.023	556*	ERA-2101111908	6,514,374	-
Emergency Rental Assistance 2	21.023	556*	ERA2-0403	26,629	-
Program Total				6,541,003	-
Total U.S. Department of Treasury				26,461,271	-
U.S. Election Assistance Commission					
Passed through the Florida Department of State, Division of Elections					
Help America Vote Act (Elections Security Grant)	90.401	SOE	21.e.es.000.026	53,175	-
Help America Vote Act (CARES Act)	90.401	SOE	21.e.es.000.026	326,128	-
Total U.S. Election Assistance Commission				379,303	-
Administration for Children and Families, Office of Child Support Enforcement					
Passed through the Florida Department of Revenue (DOR)					
Title IV-D Child Support Federal Grant (Osceola County Clerk of Court)	93.563	COC	COC49	1,284,267	-
Executive Office of the President- Office of National Drug Control Policy					
Passed through the U.S. Drug Enforcement Agency					
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas (Osceola County Sheriff's Office)	95.001	SO	G19CF0006A	10,950	-
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas (Osceola County Sheriff's Office)	95.001	SO	G20CF0006A	114,471	-
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas (Osceola County Sheriff's Office)	95.001	SO	G21CF0006A	50,564	-
Total Executive Office of the President				175,985	-
U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)					
Passed through the State of Florida, Division of Emergency Management	07.006		110 101		
Buena Ventura Lakes, Drainage Improvement Project Kempfer Road, Drainage Project	97.039 97.039	3101 3102	H0401 H0086	92,570 131,293	-
Program Total	91.039	5102	10000	223,863	
Passed through the State of Florida, Division of Emergency Management					
EMPG FY21 COVID19 Supplemental	97.042	G2096	G0092	21,865	-
Emergency Management Performance Grant (EMPG) FY21	97.042	G2088	G0075	76,829	-
Emergency Management Performance Grant (EMPG) FY21-22	97.042	G2095	G0305	19,192	-
Passed through Florida Commission on Community Service (Volunteer Florida)					
Community Emergency Response Team (CERT)	97.042	G2231	CERT 21-011	7,500	-
Program Total				125,386	
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				349,249	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS				\$ 55,999,336	\$ -

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (Concluded)

As of September 30, 2021

Federal/State Agency, Pass-through Entity, Federal Program/State Project	Assistance Listing/ CSFA Number	Org Keys	Contract/Grant Number	Federal/State Expenditures	Payments to Subrecipients	
State Financial Assistance						
Florida Division of Emergency Management						
Emergency Management Preparedness Assistance (EMPA) FY 21	31.063	G2087	A0094	\$ 87,234	\$-	
Emergency Management Preparedness Assistance (EMPA) FY 21-22	31.063	G2094	A0213	26,637	-	
Total Florida Division of Emergency Management				113,871	-	
Florida Department of Economic Opportunities						
NeoCity Way	40.043	4317	442903-1-54-01 / GOU54	227,258	-	
Florida Housing Finance Corporation						
Statewide Housing Initiatives Program (SHIP)	40.901	Fd-111	N/A	309,417	-	
Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services						
Mosquito Control	42.003	G3182	27304	60,459	-	
Forage Production Demonstration in South-Central Florida (Comm Dev)	42.017	G1437	22299	399	-	
Total Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services				60,858	-	
State of Florida, Department of State, Division of Library and Information Services						
State Aid to Libraries Grant	45.030	Fd-107	21-ST-49	131,616	-	
Florida Department of Health						
Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Grant (FY20)	64.005	G2091	C8049	1,564	1,564	
Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Grant (FY21)	64.005	G2233	C9049	70,608	35,410	
Total Florida Department of Health				72,172	36,974	
Florida Department of Management Services, Florida E911 Board						
Winter 2019 State - Reimbursement Grant Program	72.003	SO	S12-19-02-21	271,056	-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE				\$ 1,186,248	\$ 36,974	

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

1. General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance (SEFA) presents the activity of all federal awards programs and state financial assistance projects of the Osceola County Board of County Commissioners and its Constitutional Officers for the year ended September 30, 2021. Federal awards and state financial assistance received directly from federal and state agencies as well as those passed through other governmental agencies are included in the Schedule.

2. Basis of Accounting

The County's basis of accounting is further described in Note 1 of the accompanying basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting for expenditures accounted for in governmental funds, and the accrual basis of accounting for expenditures in proprietary funds. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue is recognized if it is both measurable and available for use during the fiscal year and expenditures are recognized in the period liabilities are incurred, if measurable. Under the accrual basis, expenditures are recognized in the period liabilities are incurred.

3. Program Clusters

Uniform Guidance defines a cluster of programs as a grouping of closely related programs that share common compliance requirements. According to this definition, similar programs deemed to be a cluster of programs are tested accordingly.

4. Indirect Cost rate

Indirect cost rate is dictated by its federal and state contract terms. The 10-percent de Minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance is not in effect nor is available under its contracts.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of Auditor's Report	Issued:	Unmodified O	pinion
• Internal control over fi	nancial reporting:		
• Significant deficien	cy(ies) identified?	Yes	X None reported
• Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Noncompliance materi	al to financial statements noted?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Federal Awards and Sta	te Financial Assistance		
Internal control over majo projects:	or federal programs and state		
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	X None reported
• Material weakness(es)	identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Type of auditor's report is Federal programs and Sta	ssued on compliance for major te projects:	Unmodified O	pinion
	sed that are required to be reported on 200.516 of the <i>Uniform</i>	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Identification of Major	Federal Program(s) and State Pro	ject(s):	
AL Number(s)	Name of Federal Program(s)		
21.019 21.023 14.218	Coronavirus Relief Fund Emergency Rental Assistance Community Development Block G	irants	
CSFA Number(s)	Name of State Project(s)		
40.043 40.901 72.003	Economic Development Grant Pro State Housing Initiative Partnershi Prepaid Next Generation 911 State	p (SHIP)	
Dollar threshold used to a Type A and Type B progr	0	<u>\$1,679,980</u> <u>\$355,874</u>	
Auditee qualified as low-	risk auditee?	X Yes	No

OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS SECTION

None reported.

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SECTION

Federal

None reported.

State

None reported.

SECTION IV - PRIOR-YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

Federal

None reported.

State

None reported.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Osceola County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Osceola County, Florida (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated March 7, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"); and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General;* Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards,* AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 7, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. In connection with the preceding audit, there were no findings or recommendations.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether or not the County has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the County did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Osceola County, Florida

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the County's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based, in part, on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, provided the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit, within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that all special district component units provided the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statues, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, *Rules of the Auditor General*, see Attachment A for required information on the dependent special district's that are included in the reporting entity. The information in Attachment A has not been subject to auditing procedures, therefore no assurance is given on the provided information.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MSL. P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida March 7, 2022

Special District Component Units - Reporting Requirements								
As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General								
		Blended Cor	nponent Units		Discretely Presented O	Component Units		
Reporting Requirements from Section 218.39 (3)(b), Florida Statutes	Osceola County Library District			W192 Development Authority	Osceola County Housing Finance Authority	Osceola County Health Facilities Authority		
The total number of district employees compensated in the last pay period of the district's fiscal year as of September 30, 2021.	0.5	N/A	0.75	3.85	-	N/A		
The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the district's fiscal year as of September 30, 2021.	-	N/A	-	-	-	N/A		
All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as of September 30, 2021.	\$ 62,825	N/A	\$ 61,671	\$ 153,492	-	N/A		
All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as of September 30, 2021.	-	N/A	-	-	-	N/A		
Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the district that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported, together with the total expenditures for such project as of September 30, 2021 (provide list).	N/A	N/A	N/A	LED Streetlight Installation - Budget \$3,100,000	HFA approved inducement resolutions for Camdem and Falcon Trace II. If bonds are issued and closed (HFA is a conduit issuer), will commence construction after 10/01/21	N/A		
A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the district amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as of September 30, 2021.	Refer to page 147 of the ACFR, Budgetary Comparison	N/A	Refer to page 161 of the ACFR, Budgetary Comparison	Refer to page 162 of the ACFR, Budgetary Comparison	N/A	N/A		



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Osceola County, Florida

We have examined Osceola County, Florida's (the "County") compliance with the requirements of Sections 218.415 and 365.172(10), and 365.172(2)(d), Florida Statutes, during the year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the County complied with those requirements, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida March 7, 2022

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Kelvin Soto, Osceola County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Osceola County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court (the "Clerk") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Clerk's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Clerk as of September 30, 2021, the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, Public Records Modernization Trust Fund, and Public Records Information Technology Fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Honorable Kelvin Soto, Osceola County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court

Emphasis-of-Matter

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557(3), *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*. These financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of the financial position of Osceola County, Florida as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the Clerk adopted the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement ("GASBS") Number 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result of the implementation of GASBS 84, the Clerk reported a restatement for the change in accounting principle. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain other procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 3, 2022 on our consideration of the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida March 3, 2022

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2021

	General Fund	Mo	olic Records dernization rust Fund	Ir	blic Records nformation 'echnology Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 1,915,084	\$	2,047,112		996,150	\$	4,958,346
Accounts receivable	5,211		-		5,260		10,471
Due from other county units	1,279		-		-		1,279
Due from other governments	155,123		-		-		155,123
Prepaids	 8,553		74,411		-		82,964
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,085,250	\$	2,121,523	\$	1,001,410	\$	5,208,183
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable	\$ 51,379	\$	4,059	\$	870	\$	56,308
Accrued liabilities	338,606		-		33,325		371,931
Due to other county units	553,293		-		-		553,293
Due to other governments	1,119,274		-		-		1,119,274
Due to other funds - custodial	17,938		-		-		17,938
Unearned revenue	4,760		-		-		4,760
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 2,085,250		4,059		34,195		2,123,504
FUND BALANCES:							
Nonspendable	8,553		-		-		8,553
Restricted for records modernization	-		2,117,464		-		2,117,464
Restricted for information technology	-		-		967,215		967,215
Unassigned	(8,553)		-		-		(8,553)
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	 -		2,117,464		967,215		3,084,679
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,085,250	\$	2,121,523	\$	1,001,410	\$	5,208,183

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

	General Fund	Mo	blic Records odernization `rust Fund	In	lic Records formation echnology Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$ 10,172,286	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,172,286
Fees, fines and service charges	4,222,307		420,666		1,279,783		5,922,756
Investment earnings	-		3,534		-		3,534
Miscellaneous	 18,791		-		-		18,791
TOTAL REVENUES	 14,413,384		424,200		1,279,783		16,117,367
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government:							
Personal services	11,340,646		-		781,033		12,121,679
Operating	1,486,635		365,251		-		1,851,886
Capital outlay	81,226		44,203		-		125,429
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 12,908,507		409,454		781,033		14,098,994
EXCESS OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	 1,504,877		14,746		498,750		2,018,373
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	1,590,270		-		-	1	1,590,270.00
Transfers out:							
Osceola County Board of County Commissioners	(371,394)		-		-		(371,394)
Remittances to Florida Department of Revenue	 (2,723,753)		-		-		(2,723,753)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 (1,504,877)		-		-		(1,504,877)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-		14,746		498,750		513,496
FUND BALANCES, AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	 		2,102,718		468,465		2,571,183
FUND BALANCES, AT END OF YEAR	\$ _	\$	2,117,464	\$	967,215	\$	3,084,679

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND

Year Ended September 30, 2021

		General Fund						
	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with				
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget				
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$ 10,899,270	\$ 10,899,270	\$ 10,172,286	\$ (726,984)				
Fees, fines and service charges	3,741,000	3,741,000	4,222,307	481,307				
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	18,791	17,791				
TOTAL REVENUE	S 14,641,270	14,641,270	14,413,384	(227,886)				
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government:								
Personal services	11,765,364	11,765,364	11,340,646	424,718				
Operating	2,874,102	2,874,102	1,486,635	1,387,467				
Capital outlay			81,226	(81,226)				
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	s 14,639,466	14,639,466	12,908,507	1,730,959				
EXCESS OF REVENUE	S							
OVER EXPENDITURE	S 1,804	1,804	1,504,877	1,503,073				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in Transfers out:	-	-	1,590,270	1,590,270				
Osceola County Board of County Commissioners	-	-	(371,394)	(371,394)				
Remittances to Florida Department of Revenue	(1,804)	(1,804)	(2,723,753)	(2,721,949)				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	5) (1,804)	(1,804)	(1,504,877)	(1,503,073)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	S -	-	-	-				
FUND BALANCES, AT BEGINNING OF YEAR								
FUND BALANCES, AT END OF YEAR	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-				

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -PUBLIC RECORDS MODERNIZATION TRUST FUND

Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Public Records Modernization Trust Fund							
			Budgeted	Amou	ints			Variance with	
		0	Driginal		Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES									
Fees, fines and service char	rges	\$	300,000	\$	300,000	\$	420,666	\$	120,666
Investment earnings			30,000		30,000		3,534		(26,466)
	TOTAL REVENUES		330,000		330,000		424,200		94,200
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General government:									
Operating			774,450		774,450		365,251		409,199
Capital outlay			56,000		56,000		44,203		11,797
	FOTAL EXPENDITURES		830,450		830,450		409,454		420,996
	EXCESS OF REVENUES								
	OVER EXPENDITURES		(500,450)		(500,450)		14,746		515,196
NET CHANC	GE IN FUND BALANCES		(500,450)		(500,450)		14,746		515,196
FUND BALANCES, AT BEGIN	NNING OF YEAR		500,450		500,450		2,102,718		1,602,268
FUND BALANCES, AT END (OF YEAR	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,117,464	\$	2,117,464

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -PUBLIC RECORDS INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY FUND

Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Public Records Information Technology Fund							
		Budgeted	Amo	unts			V	ariance with
	(Original		Final	Actual		ŀ	inal Budget
REVENUES								
Fees, fines and service charges	\$	890,000	\$	890,000	\$	1,279,783	\$	389,783
TOTAL REVENUES		890,000		890,000		1,279,783		389,783
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government:								
Personal services		1,200,201		1,200,201		781,033		419,168
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,200,201		1,200,201		781,033		419,168
EXCESS OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		(310,201)		(310,201)		498,750		808,951
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(310,201)		(310,201)		498,750		808,951
FUND BALANCES, AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		310,201.00		310,201		468,465		158,264
FUND BALANCES, AT END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$	-	\$	967,215	\$	967,215

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

September 30, 2021

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 14,408,433
RECEIVABLES	
Accounts receivable	485,523
Due from other funds	17,938
Due from other county units	40,599
TOTAL RECEIVABLE	ES 544,060
TOTAL ASSET	TS 14,952,493
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	545,647
Due to Board of County Commissioners	344,911
Due to other governments	2,411,125
TOTAL LIABILITIE	ES 3,301,683
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Individuals and other governments	11,650,810

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

ADDITIONS	
Miscellaneous	\$ 14,642,790
Recording fees	208,452,973
Fines and forfeitures	24,889,062
Registry fees	16,523,820
TOTAL ADDITIONS	264,508,645
DEDUCTIONS	
Payments to OCBOCC	8,397,662
Payments to state	235,464,293
Other payments	18,175,686
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	262,037,641
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	2,471,004
Net Position - Beginning of the year, as originally stated	-
Net Position - Restatement (Note 1)	9,179,806
Net Position - Beginning of the year, as restated	9,179,806
Net Position - End of the year	\$ 11,650,810

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Osceola County (the "County") is a political subdivision of the State of Florida (the "State") located in the central portion of the state. The County was established under Article VIII, Section (1), *Constitution of the State of Florida*. The County operates under a Home Rule Charter.

The Clerk of the Circuit Court (the "Clerk") is an elected Constitutional Officer of the County. For financial statement and reporting purposes, the Clerk is a separate constitutional officer, as provided by Chapter 218, Florida Statutes. However, the Clerk does not meet the definition of a legally separate organization and is not considered to be a component unit. Accordingly, the Clerk is considered to be part of the primary government of the County and the financial activities of the Clerk are included as such in the County's annual financial report, along with the other Constitutional Officers and the County's Board of County Commissioners (the "Board"). The financial statements contained herein represent the financial transactions of the Clerk only. There are no component units for the Clerk to consider for inclusion in the fund financial statements.

The Clerk is a fee officer whose operating budget is funded solely from fees, fines, and service charges relating to various statutory court and non-court services provided by the office. No funds are received from the Board other than applicable fees.

The accounting policies of the Clerk conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Basis of Presentation

These financial statements are fund financial statements that have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles and reporting guidelines established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") and are presented to comply with the requirements of Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557(3) of the *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*.

Fund Accounting

The financial activities of the Clerk are recorded in separate funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent, and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The purpose of the Clerk's various funds are categorized and described as follows:

Governmental Fund Types:

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Clerk that are not required either legally or by GAAP to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund measurement focus is based upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources, rather than upon net income determination).

Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or administratively restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Clerk has two Special Revenue Funds: Public Records Modernization Trust Fund, and the Public Records Information Technology Fund.

Fiduciary Fund Type:

<u>Custodial Funds</u> – The Clerk maintains Custodial Funds. These funds are used to account for assets held by the Clerk in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the method by which revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the fund financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The accounts of the Governmental Funds are maintained on the modified accrual basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they are received in cash or when they are considered both measurable and available and, as such, are susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred and/or will be paid from expendable available financial resources.

The focus on fiduciary type fund financial statements is by fund type, not major fund. The Clerk only has one fiduciary fund type, the custodial fund type. Accordingly, there is only one column in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Custodial funds are accounted for under the economic resources method and accrual basis of accounting.

The Clerk considers receivables collected within 30 days after year-end to be available and susceptible to accrual as revenues of the current year. The following major revenues are considered susceptible to accrual: intergovernmental revenue, charges for services, and interest earned. Intergovernmental revenue, consisting of a cost reimbursement grant, is recognized as revenue as the related expenditures are incurred.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

During the 2009 legislative session, the Florida Legislature reduced statewide funding for clerks' budgets. The Legislature changed any future budget to a State fiscal year of July 1 to June 30. The Clerk's funding process was also changed to an appropriation from the State, rather than the existing revenue model. All court revenues will be collected and disbursed monthly to the State. The fiscal year for the Clerk continues to be from October 1 to September 30, and any unexpended appropriation for the Clerk's budget is rolled into the subsequent State's fiscal year.

Expenditures are controlled by appropriations in accordance with the budget requirements set forth in the Florida Statutes. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the Clerk's General Fund. Appropriations lapse at the close of the fiscal year to the extent they have not been expended, except for the Clerk's funds, which lapse at the end of the State's fiscal year on June 30. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Clerk follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

Section 218.35 of the Florida Statutes provides the budget requirements for county fee officers and refers to budget requirements of Section 28.36 of the Florida Statutes for court-related functions of the Clerk. The budget must be balanced and segregated by funds. The proposed budget is required to be filed with the county governing authority by September 1 preceding the fiscal year of the budget. Subsequent balanced budget amendments relating to non-court operations may be approved by the Clerk.

Section 28.36 of the Florida Statutes requires the Clerk to prepare a separate budget for the court-related functions of the Clerk. Only those functions specified by Section 28.35(3)(a) of the Florida Statutes may be funded from court-related fees, service charges, court costs, and fines retained by the Clerk. The proposed budget is filed with the Clerk's Operations Corporation (the "Corporation") by October 1 preceding the fiscal year of the budget, in the format required by the Corporation. The Corporation verifies that the proposed budget is limited to court-related functions. Section 28.36 also defines the maximum annual budget permitted. With the 2009 legislative changes, the Corporation submits a legislative budget request for all clerks that will result in an appropriation by the Florida Legislature.

Increases to the court functions budget must be submitted to and approved by the Corporation. Transfers of approved budget funds between accounts and appropriation categories (personal services, operating expenses, capital outlay, and non-operating) may be approved by the Clerk.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

The budgeted revenues and expenditures in the accompanying budgetary comparison statement reflect the Clerk's original adopted budget and the final budget with all amendments approved by the Clerk or the Corporation. Budgetary authority is exercised at the fund level. Revenues and expenditures for the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund and the Public Records Information Technology Fund were budgeted in the current year in the General Fund. Expenditures for the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund are authorized on a five-year budget in the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund Report. The amounts included in the budgetary comparison statement reflect actual amounts spent in the current year. The total amounts available to be budgeted for the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund and the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund and the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund Report. The amounts included in the budgetary comparison statement reflect actual amounts spent in the current year. The total amounts available to be budgeted for the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund and the Public Records Information Technology Fund for the current year were \$330,000 and \$890,000, respectively.

Investments

Investments in external investment pools that follow Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") Rule 2a-7 regulations are reported at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased in the Governmental Fund Types are recorded as expenditures (capital outlay) at the time of purchase. The tangible personal property used by the Clerk is reported to and recorded by the Board as capital assets, at cost, in the statement of net assets in the government-wide financial statements of the County. The Clerk maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by the Clerk.

Compensated Absences

Employees accrue vacation leave based on their employment date or seniority date and length of employment. They may accrue from 12 to 22.5 days of vacation per year. Annual leave in excess of 30 days is forfeited on December 31 following the end of the fiscal year. Employees are not paid for vacation leave in lieu of taking a vacation. An employee is paid for earned vacation leave only upon separation of employment.

Employees earn one day of sick leave for each month of employment. Upon separation, employees who have at least 20 years of continuous service will be paid for all accrued hours of sick leave. Employees with less than 20 years and two or more years of continuous service will be paid for all hours in excess of 40 hours.

The Clerk uses the vesting method to calculate the liability for compensated absences. The Clerk does not, nor is he legally required to, accumulate expendable available financial resources to liquidate these obligations. Accordingly, the liability for compensated absences is not reported in the General Fund, but is included in the statement of net assets in the government-wide financial statements of the County.

Transfers In and Out

The Clerk collects fees pursuant to Section 28.24(12)(e), Florida Statutes, that are legally restricted to expenditures for court-related information technology needs. These fees are accounted for in a special revenue fund. The amount needed to fund the General Fund's court-related information technology expenditures is recorded as a transfer in by the General Fund and as a transfer out by the special revenue fund on the financial statements of the Clerk. Unexpended amounts are transferred back to the special revenue fund at the end of the fiscal year.

In accordance with Section 218.36, Florida Statutes, all General Fund non-court-related revenues in excess of non-court-related expenditures during the fiscal year are distributed to the Board within 31 days following the end of the fiscal year. Accordingly, such amounts are recorded as liabilities due to other county units and as transfers out to the Board on the financial statements of the Clerk.

Fund Balance

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the Clerk classified governmental fund balances as follows:

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> - represents fund balance that is (a) not in a spendable form, such as prepaid items and inventories, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as an endowment. There was a \$8,553 nonspendable fund balance at September 30, 2021.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> - consists of amounts that can be spent only on the specific purposes stipulated by law or by the external providers of those resources. There was \$2,117,464 restricted fund balance for the Special Revenue Public Modernization Trust Fund and \$967,215 for the Special Revenue Fund Public Records Information Technology Fund at September 30, 2021.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> - represents the residual classification or fund balance and includes all spendable amounts not contained within the other classifications of the General Fund. There was a (\$8,553) unassigned fund balance at September 30, 2021.

Change in Accounting Principle

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, was implemented by the Clerk during the 2020-21 fiscal year. It established criteria for identifying and reporting fiduciary activities of state and local governments. As a result of implementing this standard, the beginning net position of the fiduciary funds was increased by \$9,177,391.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

As of September 30, 2021, the Clerk had the following in cash and investments:

	Carrying Amount
Cash on Hand Deposits in Qualified Public Depositories Florida PRIME	\$ 14,705 17,079,261 2,272,813
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 19,366,779

Credit Risk

The Clerk's investment practices are governed by Section 218.415(17), Florida Statutes, and include the following investments:

- 1. The Florida PRIME (formerly the Local Government Surplus Trust Funds Investment Pool) administered by the State Board of Administration ("SBA"), or any authorized intergovernmental investment pool;
- 2. SEC-registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally-recognized rating agency;
- 3. Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories; and
- 4. Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

The Clerk does not have an investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Florida PRIME is administered by the SBA. Florida PRIME is an external investment pool that is not a registrant with the SEC; however, the SBA has adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirements for a SEC Rule 2a-7 fund. Florida PRIME is governed by Chapter 19-7 of the *Florida Administrative Code*, which identifies the rules of the SBA. These rules provide guidance and establish the general operating procedures for the administration of Florida PRIME. Additionally, the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General, performs the operational audit of the activities and investments of the SBA. The fair value of the Clerk's position in the pool approximates the value of pool shares. Investments in Florida PRIME are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The current rating for Florida PRIME is AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The weighted average days to maturity of Florida PRIME at September 30, 2021 is 37 days. The hierarchy of fair value investments does not apply to Florida PRIME and there are no restrictions or limitations on withdrawals.

As of September 30, 2021, the Clerk's Public Records Special Revenue Funds had \$2,272,813 invested in SBA.

SBA issues separate financial statements that may be obtained from its website, <u>https://www.sbafla.com/prime</u>, or by calling (850) 488-4406.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the government's deposits may not be returned to it or the organization may not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party.

Qualified public depositories of public funds are required to provide collateral each month pursuant to Section 280.04, Florida Statutes. The collateral is held by the Florida Division of Treasury or other custodian with full legal rights maintained by the Florida Division of Treasury to transfer ownership. Any loss not covered by the pledged securities, and deposit insurance would be assessed by the Florida Division of Treasury and paid by the other public depositories.

The Clerk's deposits are considered fully insured or collateralized. Bank balances at September 30, 2021 were \$21,343,636.

NOTE 3 - EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT PLANS

Retirement Plan

The Clerk's employees participate in the Florida Retirement System ("FRS"), a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined-benefit retirement system, administered by the Florida Department of Administration. As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, county government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the state of Florida.

For financial reporting purposes, the Clerk is deemed to be part of the primary government of the County. A liability, if any, related to the Clerk's proportionate share of the FRS retirement benefits, along with a detailed plan description, is reported in the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Funding Policy

The employer retirement contributions paid for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 through 2021 were \$812,782, \$913,003, and \$994,076 respectively, which is equal to the required contribution for each year.

Employees are required to contribute 3% towards the FRS. Employee withholdings for this purpose amounted to \$206,456, \$210,638, and \$227,144 for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 through 2021, respectively, which were equal to the required contribution for each fiscal year.

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

	Balance October 1, 2020	Additions	Retirements	Balance September 30, 2021
Liability for compensated				
absences	\$ 773,262	\$ 725,357	\$ 813,208	\$ 685,411

A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities of the Clerk is as follows:

Of the \$685,411 liability for accrued compensated absences, management estimates that \$342,706 will be due and payable within one year. The long-term liabilities are not reported in the financial statements of the Clerk, since they are not payable from available resources at September 30, 2021. As discussed in Note 1, they are reported in the statement of net assets in the government-wide financial statements of the County.

NOTE 5 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

All eligible employees of the Clerk participate in the County's plan. A detailed plan description and the amount of any liability for the employees of the Clerk has been reported in the County's September 30, 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The County maintains a self-insured risk management program that provides for coverage of risks of loss related to workers' compensation claims. This fund is administered by a third-party administrator. The Clerk makes payments to the County based upon payroll exposure in the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. The workers' compensation contribution required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 was \$15,102. Excess coverage with a commercial carrier is also in force for each claim exceeding \$500,000.

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
Fund		
General	\$ -	\$ 17,938
Fiduciary:		
Recording	17,938	-
Total all funds	\$ 17,938	\$ 17,938

The interfund receivables and payable between the General Fund and the Recording Agency Fund are due to timing differences created by how the State pays the Clerk.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ALL CUSTODIAL FUNDS

September 30, 2021

	Recording Funds	Fine & Forfeiture Funds	County Circuit/Civil Funds	Bond Holding Funds	Civil Support Funds	Civil Non Interest Funds	Other Civil Funds	Jury Funds	Total Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,733,592	\$ 1,338,026	\$ 170,409	\$ 449,773	\$ 10,502	\$ 1,106,267	\$ 5,585,145	\$ 14,719	\$ 14,408,433
RECEIVABLES									
Accounts receivable	393,977	55,518	26,062	-	791	9,175	-	-	485,523
Due from other governments	-	-	-	40,599	-	-	-	-	40,599
Due from other fund	17,938	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,938
TOTAL RECEIVABLES	411,915	55,518	26,062	40,599	791	9,175.00			544,060
TOTAL ASSETS	6,145,507	1,393,544	196,471	490,372	11,293	1,115,442	5,585,145	14,719	14,952,493
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,342,753	431,750	157,255	-	11,128	(833)	-	14,719	2,956,772
Due to Board of County Commissioners	120,138	224,753	20	-	-	-	-	-	344,911
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,462,891	656,503	157,275	_	11,128	(833)		14,719	3,301,683
NET POSITION									
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$ 3,682,616	\$ 737,041	\$ 39,196	\$ 490,372	\$ 165	\$ 1,116,275	\$ 5,585,145	\$ -	\$ 11,650,810

COMBINING STATEMENT OF AND CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -ALL CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Recording Funds	Fine & Forfeiture Funds	County Circuit/Civil Funds	Bond Holding Funds	Civil Support Funds	Civil Non Interest Funds	Other Civil Funds	Jury Funds	Total Funds
ADDITIONS									
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,771,439	\$ 1,229,059	\$ 815,459	\$ 687,582	\$ -	\$ 139,251	\$ 14,642,790
Recording fees	208,452,973	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	208,452,973
Fines and forfeitures	-	24,889,062	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,889,062
Registry fees							16,523,820	-	16,523,820
TOTAL ADDITIONS	208,452,973	24,889,062	11,771,439	1,229,059	815,459	687,582	16,523,820	139,251	264,508,645
DEDUCTIONS									
Payments to OCBOCC	4,673,204	3,723,245	1,213	-	-	-	-	-	8,397,662
Payments to state	204,204,458	19,368,313	11,711,119	-	-	-	38,737	141,666	235,464,293
Other payments	334,950	1,586,522	53,735	1,326,362	815,459	589,432	13,469,226	-	18,175,686
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	209,212,612	24,678,080	11,766,067	1,326,362	815,459	589,432	13,507,963	141,666	262,037,641
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	(759,639)	210,982	5,372	(97,303)	-	98,150	3,015,857	(2,415)	2,471,004
Net Position - Beginning of the year, as originally stated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Position - Restatement (Note 1)	4,442,255	526,059	33,824	587,675	165	1,018,125	2,569,288	2,415	9,179,806
Net Position - Beginning of the year, as restated	4,442,255	526,059	33,824	587,675	165	1,018,125	2,569,288	2,415	9,179,806
Net Position - End of the year	\$ 3,682,616	\$ 737,041	\$ 39,196	\$ 490,372	\$ 165	\$ 1,116,275	\$ 5,585,145	\$ -	\$ 11,650,810



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Honorable Kelvin Soto, Osceola County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Osceola County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court (the "Clerk") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 3, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Honorable Kelvin Soto, Osceola County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida March 3, 2022



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

To the Honorable Kelvin Soto, Osceola County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court

We have examined the Osceola County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court's (the "Clerk") compliance with the requirements of Sections 28.35, 28.36, 61.181 and 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the Clerk's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Clerk's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk in in accordance with those requirements, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the Clerk's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Clerk's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida March 3, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Honorable Kelvin Soto, Osceola County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court

We have audited the financial statements of the Osceola County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court (the "Clerk") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated March 3, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards,* AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 3, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. In connection with the preceding audit, there were no findings and recommendations.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

To the Honorable Kelvin Soto, Osceola County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Clerk of the Circuit Court, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida March 3, 2022 THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

OSCEOLA COUNTY SHERIFF

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Marcos R. Lopez Osceola County Sheriff Kissimmee, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Osceola County Sheriff (the "Sheriff") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff's financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Sheriff as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Honorable Marcos R. Lopez Osceola County Sheriff

Emphasis-of-Matter

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557(3), *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*. These financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of financial position of Osceola County, Florida as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the Sheriff adopted the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement ("GASBS") Number 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result of the implementation of GASBS 84, the Sheriff reported a restatement for the change in accounting principle. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain other procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 2, 2022 on our consideration of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida February 2, 2022

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2021

ASSETS

	 General Fund	 Special Revenue Fund	 ndation 'und	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Cash Accounts receivable	\$ 7,757,589 454,760	\$ 1,052,015 42,218	\$ -	\$	8,809,604 496,978
Due from other governments	607,067	-	-		607,067
Due from Board of County Commissioners Due from other fund	 1,546,122 9,830	 152,222	 -		1,698,344 9,830
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 10,375,368	\$ 1,246,455	\$ _	\$	11,621,823

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE

LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,509,175	\$ 37,157	\$ -	\$ 1,546,332
Accrued wages and benefits	4,668,626	-	-	4,668,626
Due to Board of County Commissioners	4,040,416	-	-	4,040,416
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	36,372	32,230	-	68,602
Due to other fund	1,020	9,830		10,850
TOTAL LIABILITIES	10,255,609	79,217		10,334,826
FUND BALANCE				
Restricted - Training	-	1,167,238	-	1,167,238
Restricted - Fundraising programs	-	-	-	-
Assigned - PC Program	119,759			119,759
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	119,759	1,167,238		1,286,997
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 10,375,368	\$ 1,246,455	\$ -	\$ 11,621,823

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Foundation Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 17,733,588	\$ 292,820	\$ -	\$ 18,026,408
Charges for services	1,957,940	-	-	1,957,940
Interest income	25,645	-	-	25,645
Miscellaneous revenue	511,844	150,286	4,140	666,270
TOTAL REVENUES	20,229,017	443,106	4,140	20,676,263
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public Safety:				
Salaries and benefits	69,947,917	126,542	-	70,074,459
Operating expenditures	12,656,828	523,159	52,556	13,232,543
Capital outlay	2,374,661	83,810	-	2,458,471
Debt service:	(15.270			(15.270
Principal Interest	615,370 33,680	-	-	615,370 33,680
Interest	33,080			55,080
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	85,628,456	733,511	52,556	86,414,523
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(65,399,439)	(290,405)	(48,416)	(65,738,260)
	((
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers from Board of County Commissioners	67,835,763	669,651	-	68,505,414
Transfers to Board of County Commissioners	(4,037,746)	(106,292)	-	(4,144,038)
Issuance of debt	1,601,422			1,601,422
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	65,399,439	563,359		65,962,798
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	272,954	(48,416)	224,538
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	119,759	894,284	48,416	1,062,459
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 119,759	\$ 1,167,238	\$ -	\$ 1,286,997

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,722,000	\$ 16,998,199	\$ 17,733,588	\$ 735.389	
Charges for services	2,010,050	2,010,050	1,957,940	(52,110)	
Interest income	150,000	150,000	25,645	(124,355)	
Miscellaneous revenue	625,000	625,000	511,844	(113,156)	
TOTAL REVENUES	6,507,050	19,783,249	20,229,017	445,768	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Public Safety: Salaries and benefits	70,019,726	70,019,726	69,947,917	71,809	
Operating expenditures	11,837,165	12,337,488	12,656,828	(319,340)	
Capital outlay	3,482,341	4,565,440	2,374,661	2,190,779	
Debt service:	271 120	271 120	c1 5 050	(211.250)	
Principal Interest	271,120 33,680	271,120 33,680	615,370 33,680	(344,250)	
inclust	55,000	55,000	55,000		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	85,644,032	87,227,454	85,628,456	1,598,998	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES					
UNDER EXPENDITURES	(79,136,982)	(67,444,205)	(65,399,439)	2,044,766	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers from Board of County Commissioners	79,136,982	65,842,783	67,835,763	1,992,980	
Transfers to Board of County Commissioners	-	-	(4,037,746)	(4,037,746)	
Issuance of debt		1,601,422	1,601,422		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	79,136,982	67,444,205	65,399,439	(2,044,766)	
500RCE3 (03E3)	79,130,962	07,444,203	05,577,457	(2,044,700)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-	
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR			119,759	119,759	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 119,759	\$ 119,759	

Explanatory Note

The Sheriff provides public safety services to other jurisdictions that are not budgeted by the Board of County Commissioners. The Sheriff adopts an internal budget for these activities, which is included in the budgeted amounts above. Any excess revenues over expenditures at the end of the fiscal year are remitted to the Board of County Commissioners, along with any unspent appropriations. Revenues budgeted internally totaled \$3,998,079. These budgeted revenues were offset by related budgeted expenditures of \$2,273,610 for salaries/benefits, \$445,326 for operating and \$1,135,277 for capital.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

September 30, 2021

ASSETS		
Cash		\$ 3,799,590
	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	3,799,590
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		73,352
Claims payable		666,000
	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	739,352
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted		3,060,238
	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 3,060,238

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

Year Ended September 30, 2021

OPERATING REVENUES:		
Charges for services		\$ 11,766,832
	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	11,766,832
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Health clinic		971,345
Contractual services		1,554,680
Claims expense		12,362,077
	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	14,888,102
OPERATING LOSS		(3,121,270)
NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)		
Miscellaneous income		233,870
CHANGES IN NET POSITION		(2,887,400)
	NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,947,638
	NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 3,060,238

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

Year Ended September 30, 2021

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash received for charges for services	\$ 11,766,832
Payments to suppliers and for claims	(14,769,193)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(3,002,361)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Miscellaneous income	222,918
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	222,918
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest receipts	10,952
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	10,952
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(2,768,491)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	6,568,081
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 3,799,590
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH	
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating loss	\$ (3,121,270)
Increase in accounts payable	23,909
Increase in claims payable	95,000
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (3,002,361)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITON CUSTODIAL FUNDS

September 30, 2021

ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	971,315
RECEIVABLES			
Accounts receivable			320
Due from other governments			710
Due from other fund			1,020
	TOTAL RECEIVABLES		2,050
	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	973,365
	I UTAL ABSLID	Ψ	775,505
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$	6,783
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to Board of County Commissioners		\$	6,783 10,785
		\$	10,785
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	
Due to Board of County Commissioners	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	10,785
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	10,785
Due to Board of County Commissioners NET POSITION	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	10,785
Due to Board of County Commissioners NET POSITION Restricted for:	TOTAL LIABILITIES TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	10,785 17,568

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

ADDITIONS Miscellaneous	\$ 554,007
TOTAL ADDITIONS	554,007
DEDUCTIONS	
Payments to OCBOCC	40,681
Other payments	420,199
	<u> </u>
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	460,880
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	93,127
Net Position - Beginning of the year, as originally stated	-
Net Position - Restatement (Note 1)	862,670
Net Position - Beginning of the year, as restated	862,670
Net Position - End of the year	\$ 955,797

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements.

Reporting Entity

The Osceola County Sheriff (the "Sheriff") is a separately elected county official established pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida. These financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of financial position of Osceola County, Florida (the "County") as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). These financial statements are presented to comply with the requirements of Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557(3) of the *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*. The Sheriff's General Fund is combined with the Board of County Commissioners' (the "Board") and other constitutional officers' general funds in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") to properly reflect the county-wide General Fund.

Blended Component Units

In fiscal year 2013, the Sheriff established the Osceola County Sheriff's Office Health Plan Trust (the "Trust") to administer the Sheriff's Employee Group Health and Dental Insurance Programs. Assets necessary to fund the programs are transferred to the Trust; however, under the terms of the Trust agreement, the Sheriff retains control of the assets. Due to the substantive economic relationship between the Sheriff and the Trust, the financial activities of the Trust are reported in the accompanying basic financial statements as an internal service fund.

In fiscal year 2018, the Sheriff established the Osceola County Sheriff's Office Community Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation") to provide financial support to the Sheriff so that it may conduct programs and activities that support crime prevention, law enforcement, related at-risk populations, as well as programs that foster positive interaction between youth and law enforcement within the County. The Foundation was founded on November 9, 2017 as a 501(c)(3) not-for-profit and is operated by employees of the Sheriff. Although legally separate, the Foundation's Board is comprised wholly of the Sheriff's employees, therefore the financial activities of the Foundation are reported in the accompanying basic financial statements as a special revenue fund.

As of December 31, 2020, the Sheriff dissolved the Foundation. The remaining funds were donated to various charitable organizations within the County.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Description of Funds

The accounting records are organized on the basis of funds and are classified for reporting purposes into four basic fund types:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is a governmental fund used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Sheriff. The General Fund measurement focus is based upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources, rather than upon net income determination).

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - The Special Revenue Funds are governmental funds used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the grants, federal and state forfeiture, the training fund of the Sheriff, and also activity of the Foundation. The Special Revenue Funds measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources, rather than upon net income determination).

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - The Insurance Fund, a proprietary fund, is used to account for the revenues and expenses of the Employee Group Health and Dental Insurance Programs for the Sheriff.

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u> - The Sheriff maintains Custodial Funds. These funds are used to account for assets held by the Sheriff in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The accounts of the Governmental Funds are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred and revenues are recorded when received in cash or when they are considered both measurable and available and, as such, susceptible to accrual.

The extent to which General Fund revenues exceed General Fund expenditures is reflected as a liability in compliance with Florida Statutes.

The Internal Service Fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Operating revenues and expenses consist of contributions for insurance purposes and the payments for claims and related expenses. Nonoperating revenue consists of investment income.

Custodial funds are accounted for under the economic resources method and accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budgetary Requirements and Basis

Expenditures are controlled by appropriations in accordance with the budget requirements set forth in Section 30.49(2)(a), Florida Statutes, and Board policy. The budgeted revenues and expenditures in these financial statements reflect all amendments approved by the Sheriff and the Board. Budgetary control is required at the fund level. The budget is prepared on a basis consistent with GAAP.

Capital Assets

Capital assets consist of equipment used in the Sheriff's operations and are recorded as expenditures in the General Fund at the time assets are received and a liability is incurred. These assets are capitalized at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over five years. Donated and confiscated capital assets are recorded at fair value at the time received.

Transfers

In accordance with Florida Statutes, all unexpended balances at year-end are owed to the Board. These excess fees are reported as transfers (out). Appropriations from the Board are presented as transfers in.

Fund Balances

Fund balances in the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Internal Service Fund are reported in the following categories as of September 30, 2021:

<u>Restricted</u> - Includes fund balance amounts in the Special Revenue Funds that are constrained for specific purposes, which are externally imposed by third parties (grantors, contributors) or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Assigned</u> - Includes fund balance amounts in the General Fund intended to be used by the Sheriff for specific purposes that are not restricted. The authority for assigning fund balance can be expressed by the Sheriff or by his designee.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Includes fund balance that is spendable and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to a specific purpose. Excess resources of an unassigned nature are returned to the Board at year-end and, therefore, this category should always be zero.

When both restricted and unrestricted (assigned and unassigned) fund resources are available for use, it is the Sheriff's policy to generally use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources.

Change in Accounting Principle

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, was implemented by the Sheriff during the 2020-21 fiscal year. It established criteria for identifying and reporting fiduciary activities of state and local governments. As a result of implementing this standard, the beginning net position of the fiduciary funds was increased by \$862,670.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash

Cash consists of various demand deposit accounts, which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or are covered by the State of Florida collateral pool, a multiple, financial institution pool with the ability to assess its members for collateral shortfalls if a member institution fails.

Investments

Florida Statutes 28.33, 218.415, 219.075 and the Sheriff's investment policy authorize investments in certificates of deposit, savings accounts, repurchase agreements, the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund administered by the Florida State Board of Administration, and obligations of the U.S. Government and Government Agencies unconditionally guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The Sheriff had \$5,243,048 invested with the Florida Cooperative Liquid Asset Securities System ("FLCLASS") at September 30, 2021. FLCLASS is an external investment pool that meets the criteria to measure all of its investments at amortized cost. FLCLASS is rated AAAm by S&P Global Ratings. The hierarchy of fair values investments does not apply to FLCLASS and there are no restrictions or limitations on withdrawals.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The Sheriff's capital assets consist of equipment. Capital assets acquired with a value of \$1,000 or greater are recorded as capital outlay expenditures. The following is a summary of the changes related to capital assets for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021:

	Equip	Equipment		
	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation		
Balance – October 1, 2020 Additions Retirements	\$ 43,345,125 3,960,511 (2,887,508)	\$ 33,451,670 5,103,210 (2,809,439)		
Balance – September 30, 2021	\$ 44,418,127	\$ 35,745,441		

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, depreciation expense of \$5,103,210 is reflected in the County's ACFR in the statement of activities under public safety expenses.

Plan Description

The Sheriff's employees participate in the Florida Retirement System ("FRS"), a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined-benefit retirement system, administered by the Florida Department of Management Services. The Sheriff's employees have the option of choosing between a defined contribution plan and a defined benefit plan. As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, county government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the State of Florida. For financial reporting purposes, the Sheriff is deemed to be part of the primary government of the County. The liability related to the Sheriff's proportionate share of the FRS retirement benefits, along with a detailed plan description, is reported in the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Funding Policy

The Sheriff's contributions to the FRS for fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 through 2021 were approximately \$7,814,841, \$8,503,566, and \$8,810,463, respectively, which were equal to the required contribution for each fiscal year.

Employees are required to contribute 3% towards the FRS. Employee withholdings for this purpose amounted to \$1,128,048, \$1,182,745, and \$1,233,264 for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 through 2021, respectively, which were equal to the required contribution for each fiscal year.

NOTE 5 - INSURANCE COVERAGE

The Sheriff participates in the Florida Sheriff's Self-Insurance Fund Program administered by the Florida Sheriff's Association. This program is considered a publicentity risk pool, which purchases insurance policies on behalf of its members. The pool's members are not obligated for risks associated with such coverage. Coverage under this program includes general liability, watercraft, personal property, confiscated/impounded equipment, flash roll money, broad form money and securities, and public employee blanket bonds. The Sheriff carries separate insurance policies with commercial carriers for aircraft, workers' compensation, disability, health and dental insurance. The Sheriff also participates in the County's Self-Insurance Program for auto coverage. For additional information related to this program, see the County's ACFR for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The Sheriff accrues a liability for employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences when certain conditions are met. The Sheriff is not legally required and does not accumulate expendable available financial resources to liquidate this obligation.

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 is as follows:

	 Balance October 1, 2020	 Additions	R	etirements	Se	Balance ptember 30, 2021
Lease-Purchase Agreement	\$ 559,080	\$ 1,601,422	\$	615,730	\$	1,545,132
Compensated Absences	 9,504,824	5,641,157		5,920,294	_	9,225,687
Total Long- Term Liabilities	\$ 10,063,904	\$ 7,242,579	\$	6,536,024	\$	10,770,459

The lease-purchase agreement was entered into by the Sheriff to acquire body-worn cameras and tasers for officer use. The annual debt service requirements for the lease-purchase agreement as of September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	Principal		<u> </u>	nterest
2022	\$	295,756	\$	49,432
2023		596,075		53,913
2024		320,472		24,715
2025		332,829		12,358
Total Payments	\$	1,545,132	\$	140,418

NOTE 7 - LITIGATION

Various lawsuits and claims in the ordinary course of the Sheriff's operations are pending. The majority of these are workers' compensation claims. The Sheriff is also party to litigation under which it may be required to pay certain monies upon the decision of the courts. However, it is the opinion of the Sheriff's attorney that the potential amount of the Sheriff's liability in these matters will not be material to the basic financial statements. Accordingly, no provision has been made in the basic financial statements for these contingencies.

NOTE 8 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

All eligible employees of the Sheriff participate in the County's plan. A detailed plan description and the amount of any liability for the employees of the Sheriff, has been reported in the County's ACFR for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

NOTE 9 - INSURANCE PROGRAMS

On October 1, 2014, the Sheriff implemented a self-insurance program for health and dental insurance. The Sheriff purchased a reinsurance policy for employee claims in excess of \$175,000 per occurrence. The liability of \$666,000 of accrued claims has been estimated based on average claims incurred during the year.

The schedule below presents the changes in the liability for accrued claims for the past three years:

Year	Balance	Claims	Claims	Balance
	October 1,	Incurred	Paid	September 30,
2019	\$ 556,000	\$ 9,000,311	\$ 8,982,311	\$ 574,000
2020	\$ 574,000	\$ 9,173,944	\$ 9,176,944	\$ 571,000
2021	\$ 571,000	\$12,457,077	\$12,362,077	\$ 666,000

SUPPLEMENTAL SECTION

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITON - CUSTODIAL FUNDS

September 30, 2021

		nfiscation Funds	lual/Suspense Funds	Events Funds	Victi	im's Assistance Funds	 Explorers Funds	Adv	enture Camp Funds	ER	Murphy Golf Funds	eriff's Posse Funds		Fotal Funds
ASSETS														
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 655,561	\$ 46,165	\$ 54,719	\$	22,536	\$ 58,961	\$	121,747	\$	10,310	\$ 1,316	\$	971,315
RECEIVABLES Accounts receivable											220			220
Due from other governments		-	- 710	-		-	-		-		320	-		320 710
Due from other fund		-	1,020	-		-	-		-		-	-		1,020
Due from other fund		 -	 1,020	 		-	 -		-		-	 -		1,020
	TOTAL RECIVABLES	-	1,730	-		-	-		-		320	-		2,050
		 	 ,	 			 					 		_,
	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 655,561	\$ 47,895	\$ 54,719	\$	22,536	\$ 58,961	\$	121,747	\$	10,630	\$ 1,316	\$	973,365
		 	 <u> </u>	 		<u> </u>	 				<u> </u>	 	_	<u> </u>
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ -	\$ 2,153	\$ 4,148	\$	-	\$ 482	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	6,783
Due to Board of County Commissioners		-	10,785	-		-	-		-		-	-		10,785
2			 <u> </u>	 			 					 		,
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	12,938	4,148		-	482		-		-	-		17,568
NET POSITION														
Individuals, organizations, and other gover	nements	 655,561	 34,957	 50,571		22,536	 58,479		121,747		10,630	 1,316		955,797
	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 655,561	\$ 47,895	\$ 54,719	\$	22,536	\$ 58,961	\$	121,747	\$	10,630	\$ 1,316	\$	973,365

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION -CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Confiscation Funds	Individual/Suspense Funds	Events Funds	Victim's Assistance Funds	Explorers Funds	Adventure Camp Funds	ER Murphy Golf Funds	Sheriff's Posse Funds	Total Funds
ADDITIONS Miscellaneous	\$ 72,913	\$ 279,603	\$ 65,181	\$ 105	\$ 116,550	\$ 19,335	\$ 320	\$ -	\$ 554,007
TOTAL ADDITIONS	72,913	279,603	65,181	105	116,550	19,335	320		554,007
DEDUCTIONS									
Payments to OCBOCC	-	40,681	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,681
Other payments	-	250,260	49,122	100	87,828	28,272	4,617		420,199
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		290,941	49,122	100	87,828	28,272	4,617		460,880
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	72,913	(11,338)	16,059	5	28,722	(8,937)	(4,297)	-	93,127
Net Position - Beginning of the year, as originally stated	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Net Position - Restatement (Note 1)	582,648	46,295	34,512	22,531	29,757	130,684	14,927	1,316	862,670
Net Position - Beginning of the year, as restated	582,648	46,295	34,512	22,531	29,757	130,684	14,927	1,316	862,670
Net Position - End of the year	\$ 655,561	\$ 34,957	\$ 50,571	\$ 22,536	\$ 58,479	\$ 121,747	\$ 10,630	\$ 1,316	\$ 955,797

See Independent Auditor's Report

COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Marcos R. Lopez Osceola County Sheriff Kissimmee, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Osceola County, Florida Sheriff (the "Sheriff") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated February 2, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Honorable Marcos R. Lopez Osceola County Sheriff

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Sheriff's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Sheriff in a separate letter dated February 2, 2022.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida February 2, 2022



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

To the Honorable Marcos R. Lopez Osceola County Sheriff Kissimmee, Florida

We have examined the Osceola County, Florida Sheriff's (the "Sheriff") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the Sheriff's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Sheriff's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Sheriff is in accordance with those requirements, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the Sheriff's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Sheriff's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida February 2, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Honorable Marcos R. Lopez Osceola County Sheriff Kissimmee, Florida

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Osceola County Sheriff (the "Sheriff") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 and have issued our report thereon dated February 2, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards,* AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* Disclosures in those reports, which are dated February 2, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. In connection with the preceding audit, there were no findings or recommendations.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

To the Honorable Marcos R. Lopez Osceola County Sheriff

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Sheriff, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida February 2, 2022 Special-Purpose Financial Statements

Tax Collector Osceola County, Florida

September 30, 2021 with Independent Auditor's Report

Special-Purpose Financial Statements

Year Ended September 30, 2021

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Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Tax Collector Osceola County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying special-purpose financial statements of the Tax Collector of Osceola County, Florida (Tax Collector), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the special-purpose financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these special-purpose financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of special-purpose financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these special-purpose financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the special-purpose financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the special-purpose financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the special-purpose financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the special-purpose financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant

The Honorable Tax Collector Osceola County, Florida Page Two

accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the special-purpose financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the special-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental fund (General Fund) and fiduciary funds (Custodial Funds) of the Tax Collector of Osceola County, Florida, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 12 to the special-purpose financial statements, the Tax Collector adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, during the year ended September 30, 2021. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 to the special-purpose financial statements, the accompanying specialpurpose financial statements were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), *Florida Statutes* and Section 10.557(4), *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*, and are intended to present the financial position and the changes in financial position of the governmental fund and fiduciary funds, of only that portion that is attributable to the transactions of the Tax Collector. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Osceola County, Florida, as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters. The Honorable Tax Collector Osceola County, Florida Page Three

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 14, 2022, on our consideration of the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Law Redd Cronn + Munroe P.t.

Law, Redd, Crona & Munroe, P.A. Tallahassee, Florida February 14, 2022

Balance Sheet General Fund

September 30, 2021

Assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 6,200,80	8
Due from other funds	99,44	2
Due from other county units	60	7
Due from other governments	14	1
Total assets	<u>\$ 6,300,99</u>	8
Liabilities and fund balance		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 176,37	7
Due to other county units	5,718,94	7
Due to other governments	405,67	4
Total liabilities	6,300,99	8
Fund balance:		
Unassigned		0
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 6,300,99	8

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2021

				Variance with Final Budget
	<u>Budgeted</u> Original	<u>Amounts</u> Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Original	rmai	Actual	(Negative)
Charges for services	\$ 14,849,785	\$ 14,849,785	\$ 17,155,007	\$ 2,305,222
Interest	0	¢ 1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,210	1,210
Total revenues	14,849,785	14,849,785	17,156,217	2,306,432
Expenditures				
Current				
General government:				
Personal services	10,138,385	10,615,402	8,877,299	1,738,103
Operating	1,892,192	2,089,392	1,685,666	403,726
Capital outlay	10,000	537,935	468,832	69,103
Total expenditures	12,040,577	13,242,729	11,031,797	2,210,932
Excess of revenues over expenditures	2,809,208	1,607,056	6,124,420	4,517,364
Other financing uses				
Transfers out:				
Osceola County Board of County Commissioners	(2,809,208)	(1,607,056)	(5,718,747)	(4,111,691)
Other Government Agencies	0	0	(405,673)	(405,673)
Total other financing uses	(2,809,208)	(1,607,056)	(6,124,420)	(4,517,364)
Net change in fund balance	0	0	0	0
Fund balance, at beginning of year	0	0	0	0
Fund balance, at end of year	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$</u> 0

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds

September 30, 2021

Assets	
Cash	\$ 11,088,382
Accounts receivable	3,278,657
Due from other governments	 70,616
Total assets	\$ 14,437,655
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 506,321
Due to other funds	99,442
Due to other county units	8,044,124
Due to other governments	900,161
Installment tax deposits	4,887,271
Escrow payable	 336
Total liabilities	 14,437,655
Net Position	
Restricted	 0
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 14,437,655

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds

Year Ended September 30, 2021

Additions

Property taxes and fees collected	\$ 607,813,275
Tourist development taxes collected	43,995,788
Local business taxes collected	490,486
License, registrations, and sales taxes collected	35,988,577
Other taxes and fees collected	 2,488,116
Total additions	 690,776,242
Deductions	
Property taxes and fees distributed	607,813,275
Tourist development taxes distributed	43,995,788
Local business taxes distributed	490,486
License, registrations, and sales taxes distributed	35,988,577
Other taxes and fees distributed	 2,488,116
Total deductions	 690,776,242
Net change in fiduciary net position	 0
Net position, at beginning of year	 0
Net position, at end of year	\$ 0

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Osceola County (County) is a political subdivision of the State of Florida located in the central portion of the state. The County was established under Article VIII, Section (1), *Constitution of the State of Florida*. The County operates under a Home Rule Charter.

The Tax Collector is an elected Constitutional Officer of the County. For financial statement and reporting purposes, the Tax Collector is a separate constitutional officer as provided by Chapter 218, *Florida Statutes*. However, the Tax Collector does not meet the definition of a legally separate organization and is not considered to be a component unit. Accordingly, the Tax Collector is considered to be part of the primary government of Osceola County, Florida (County) and the financial activities of the Tax Collector are included as such in the Osceola County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, along with the other Constitutional Officers and the Osceola County Board of County Commissioners (Board). The financial statements contained herein represent the financial transactions of the Tax Collector only. There are no component units for the constitutional officers to consider for inclusion in their fund financial statements.

The accounting policies of the Tax Collector conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Basis of Presentation

These special-purpose financial statements are fund financial statements that have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles and reporting guidelines established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and accounting practices prescribed by the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General.

Fund Accounting

The financial activities of the Tax Collector are recorded in separate funds. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The purposes of the Tax Collector's various funds are categorized and described as follows:

Governmental Fund Type

General Fund — The General Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Tax Collector that are not required either legally or by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America to be accounted for in another fund.

Fiduciary Fund Type

Custodial Funds — The Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the Tax Collector as an agent for individuals, private organizations and/or other governmental units. Such assets include receipts for property taxes, tourist development taxes, local business taxes, vehicle registrations, driver license fees, sales tax, toll fees, concealed weapons permits, birth certificates, and hunting and fishing licenses.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the method by which revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the fund financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The General Fund is reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they are received in cash or when they are considered both measurable and available and, as such, are susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred and/or will be paid from expendable available financial resources.

The Tax Collector considers receivables collected within 30 days after year end to be available and susceptible to accrual as revenues of the current year. In accordance with that definition, charges for services and interest earned are considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Custodial Funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Expenditures are controlled by appropriations in accordance with the budget requirements set forth in the *Florida Statutes*. Budgets are adopted only for governmental funds.

The Tax Collector follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the special-purpose financial statements:

Section 195.087, *Florida Statutes*, governs the preparation, adoption and administration of the annual budget of the Tax Collector. The budget and subsequent budget amendments of the Tax Collector are submitted to the Ad Valorem Tax Division of the Florida Department of Revenue for approval. A copy of the budget is concurrently provided to the Osceola County Board of County Commissioners.

Line item expenditures in excess of budget are authorized to the extent that total expenditures do not exceed the total budgeted expenditures. Budget amendments are defined as line-item changes which either increase or decrease the total budget. Budget amendments and budget transfers between appropriation categories (personal services, operating expenses, capital outlay, debt service and non-operating) must be approved in writing by the Florida Department of Revenue. Transfers between expense items within the same appropriation category do not need written approval from the Florida Department of Revenue. The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. General Fund appropriations lapse at the close of the fiscal year to the extent they have not been expended.

The budgeted revenues and expenditures in the accompanying special-purpose Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual General Fund reflect all approved amendments.

Investments

Investments in external investment pools that follow Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 2a-7 regulations are reported at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors (such as rent) are made in advance of the accounting period to which the cost relates. These payments are reported under the purchases method, i.e., expenditures are recorded when payment is made.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased in the General Fund costing \$1,000 or more and having a useful life in excess of one year are recorded as expenditures (capital outlay) at the time of purchase. The tangible personal property used by the Tax Collector is reported to and recorded by the Board as capital assets, at cost, in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements of the County. The Tax Collector maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by the Tax Collector.

The Tax Collector also utilizes certain computer equipment and software for vehicle and boat registrations, driver's license processing, and concealed weapons licensing, which belongs to the State of Florida Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles (DMV), the State of Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FFWCC), and the State of Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (FDACS). The cost of this equipment is not recognized in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements of the County as title to the equipment is held by DMV, FFWCC, and FDACS.

Compensated Absences

Employees accrue annual leave based on their employment date and length of employment. They may accumulate from 12 to 25 days of annual leave per year. Annual leave in excess of 30 days as of December each year can be paid to employees during January, if funding is available, to reduce any eligible cash benefit upon termination of employment. Upon termination of employment, the employee can receive a cash benefit, based upon the employee's current wage rate and the annual leave not taken.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Sick leave is accumulated at the rate of one day for each full calendar month of continuous employment. Upon termination of employment, an employee can receive a cash benefit for sick leave hours in excess of 25 days. The payout, which shall not exceed \$25,000, is based upon excess hours, a years of service percentage, and the employee's current wage rate.

The Tax Collector uses the vesting method option to calculate the liability for compensated absences. The Tax Collector does not, nor is he legally required to, accumulate expendable available financial resources to liquidate these obligations. Accordingly, the liability for compensated absences is not reported in the General Fund, but is included in the Statement of Net Position in the government-wide financial statements of Osceola County, Florida.

Unused Fees

The Tax Collector of Osceola County is a fee officer whose operating budget is funded solely from fees and commissions relating to various statutory services provided by the office, including but not limited to: real and tangible property tax collections, tag and title collections, boat title and registration collections, local business tax collections, tourist development tax collections, and the sale of hunting and fishing licenses. No funds are received from the Board other than applicable fees. In accordance with Section 218.36, *Florida Statutes*, the Tax Collector distributes all general fund revenues in excess of expenditures to each governmental agency in the same proportion as the fees paid by the governmental unit bear to the total fee income received by the Tax Collector. Accordingly, such amounts are reported as a liability and as operating transfers out to the Board of County Commissioners or deducted from fees earned for amounts distributed to other governmental units.

Related Organizations – Service Fees and Common Expenses

The Tax Collector's charges for services includes approximately \$13,000,000 received from the Board as fees for real and tangible property tax, local business tax and tourist development tax collections.

Certain expenses, which are common to the Board and most Constitutional Officers, are reported as expenses of the Board and, therefore, are not budgeted by or allocated to the Tax Collector. These expenses relating to the Tax Collector's Osceola County Government complex facilities are: occupancy costs, janitorial service, utilities and property insurance.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

2. Cash and Investments

Cash

The Tax Collector maintains two cash accounts at a bank designated by the Florida Division of Treasury as a qualified public depository. At September 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the Tax Collector's deposit with the financial institution was \$17,238,654 and the bank balance was \$16,238,062. Deposits whose values exceed the limits of Federal depository insurance are entirely insured or collateralized pursuant to Chapter 280, *Florida Statutes*.

Additionally, as of September 30, 2021, the Tax Collector had cash on hand of \$21,000.

Investments

Credit Risk

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation.

The Tax Collector is authorized to invest in all state-approved investments identified in Section 218.415(16), *Florida Statutes*, and include the following investments:

1) The Florida PRIME (formerly the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund) administered by the State Board of Administration or any authorized intergovernmental investment pool;

2) SEC registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally-recognized rating agency;

3) Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories;

- 4) Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury;
- 5) Federal agencies and instrumentalities;

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

2. Cash and Investments (continued)

6) Securities of, or other interests in, any management-type investment company or trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, where the investment portfolio is limited to United States Government Obligations;

7) Other investments authorized by law or by ordinance for a county or a municipality.

The Tax Collector invests surplus funds in the Florida PRIME administered by the Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) and in the Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (FLCLASS). The Florida PRIME and the FLCLASS are not a registrant with the SEC; however, each have adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirements for SEC Rule 2a-7.

The Florida PRIME is governed by Chapter 19-7 of the *Florida Administrative Code*, which identifies the Rules of the SBA. These rules provide guidance and establish the general operating procedures for the administration of the Florida PRIME. Additionally, the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General performs the operational audit of the activities and investments of the SBA. The current rating for the Florida PRIME is AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The dollar-weighted average days to maturity of the Florida PRIME at September 30, 2021 is 49 days. The fair value of the Tax Collector's position in the pool approximates the value of the pool shares. At September 30, 2021, the Tax Collector had \$29,536 invested with Florida PRIME.

The State Board of Administration issues separate financial statements that may be obtained from its website, the address of which is <u>https://www.sbafla.com/prime</u>, or by calling 850-488-4406.

The FLCLASS is an independent local government investment pool established, created and authorized by an Interlocal Agreement by and among participating Florida public agencies and is available for investment to any unit of local government within the State of Florida. The pool is supervised by an appointed Board of Trustees compromised of eligible participants of the program. FLCLASS may only be invested in a manner that is permitted pursuant to the laws of the State of Florida and Florida's Investment of Local Government Surplus Funds Act, *Florida Statutes*, Chapter 218.415. The current rating for the FLCLASS is AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The dollar-weighted average days to maturity of FLCLASS at September 30, 2021 is 47 days. The fair value of the Tax Collector's position in the pool approximates the value of the pool shares. At September 30, 2021, the Tax Collector had \$0 invested with FLCLASS.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

2. Cash and Investments (continued)

The FLCLASS issues separate financial statements that may be obtained from its website, the address of which is <u>https://www.flclass.com/document-center/</u> or by calling 844-220-7600.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the government's deposits may not be returned to it or the organization may not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party.

Qualified public depositories of public funds are required to provide collateral each month pursuant to Section 280.04, *Florida Statutes*. The collateral is held by the Florida Division of Treasury or other custodian with full legal rights maintained by the Florida Division of Treasury to transfer ownership. Any loss not covered by the pledged securities and deposit insurance would be assessed by the Florida Division of Treasury and paid by the other public depositories. The Tax Collector's deposits are therefore considered fully insured or collateralized.

The investment in the Florida PRIME and FLCLASS are not classified as to custodial risk since the investment pools are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates that will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Tax Collector's investment policy sets limits for investment maturities to match known cash needs and anticipated cash flow requirements.

3. Employees' Retirement and Benefit Plans

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, is effective for all fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. This Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

3. Employees' Retirement and Benefit Plans (continued)

pensions, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. As described in Note 1, the financial statements of the Tax Collector are fund statements considered to be special-purpose financial statements consistent with the accounting practices by the Auditor General, State of Florida. Accordingly, the net pension liability is included at the county-wide financial statement level rather than in these Special-Purpose Financial Statements. For additional information, see the Osceola County, Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

All full-time and permanent part-time employees of the Tax Collector are eligible to participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The FRS includes various plans, including a defined benefit pension plan, which is primarily a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit public employee pension plan. The defined benefit plan is administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Information as to benefits, contribution rates and vesting requirements by membership category, is provided in the Osceola County, Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Contributions and benefits are established by Section 121.71, *Florida Statutes*.

Participating employer contributions are based upon actuarially determined blended rates established by the State of Florida, that expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Beginning July 1, 2011, active employees are required to contribute three percent of their gross compensation to the retirement plan. The employer contributions paid for the years ended September 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019 were \$820,988, \$705,493, and \$647,332, respectively, which is equal to the required contribution for each year.

The Florida Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Division of Retirement, Post Office Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or by calling 850-488-5706.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

4. Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities of the Tax Collector follows:

Balance							Balance
	Octol	ber 1, 2020	Additions	Re	tirements	Septe	ember 30, 2021
Liability for							
compensated absences	\$	854,505	\$ 584,189	\$	564,827	\$	873,867

Of the \$873,867 liability for accrued compensated absences, management estimates that \$321,990 will be due and payable within one year. The long-term liabilities are not reported in the financial statements of the Tax Collector since they are not payable from available resources at September 30, 2021. They are reported in the Statement of Net Position in the government-wide financial statements of Osceola County, Florida.

5. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The Tax Collector participates in the County's plan covering other post-employment benefits. For a detailed plan description and any liability for employees of the Tax Collector, see the Osceola County, Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

6. Commitments

Operating Leases and Service Agreements: The Tax Collector is committed under various operating leases as lessee for office space, license and software service agreements, and armored car service. Certain of these leases and agreements contain provisions for renewal options, with stated increases for future payments.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

6. Commitments (continued)

At September 30, 2021, aggregate future minimum payments under non-cancelable operating leases and service agreements with remaining terms equal to or exceeding one year are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending <u>September 30,</u>	
2022	\$ 439,104
2023	452,827
2024	455,155
2025	116,729
2026	119,479
2027	 70,294
Total Minimum Payments	\$ 1,653,588

Lease expenditures incurred under operating leases and service agreements for the year ended September 30, 2021 were \$108,696 and \$341,133, respectively.

7. Risk Management

Osceola County maintains a self-insured risk management program that provides for coverage of risks of loss related to worker's compensation claims. This fund is administered by a third-party administrator. The Tax Collector makes payments to the County based upon payroll exposure in the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. The contribution required for the year ended September 30, 2021 was \$20,844.

Excess coverage with a commercial carrier is also in force for each claim exceeding \$750,000.

The Tax Collector also makes payments to the County for self-insured dental coverage, which is also administered by a third-party administrator. The contribution required for the year ended September 30, 2021 was \$36,718. The County's annual liability for dental benefits is capped at \$1,000 per covered individual for the base plan and \$1,500 per covered individual for the buy-up plan. An additional \$100 is available annually per covered individual up to a potential maximum of \$1,300 for the base plan and \$1,800 for the buy-up plan.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

8. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Interfund Receivable		Interfund Payable	
Fund				
General	\$ 99,442	\$	-	
Custodial	-		99,442	
Total all funds	\$ 99,442	\$	99,442	

9. Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. They do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year. The Tax Collector had no outstanding encumbrances at September 30, 2021.

10. Fund Balance

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Statement No. 54 requires that all governmental fund balances be classified into one of the following categories: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. All remaining funds of the Tax Collector as of the end of the fiscal year are remitted back to the Board as excess fees.

11. Contingencies

Various suits and claims arising in the ordinary course of operations are pending against the Tax Collector. These primarily relate to property assessments within the County. The ultimate effect of such litigation cannot be ascertained at this time. In the opinion of management for the Tax Collector, the liabilities which may arise from such action would not result in losses which would materially affect the financial position of the Tax Collector or its operations.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

12. Change in Accounting Principle

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the Tax Collector implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The implementation of the statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities for all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and, (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The requirements of this Statement will enhance consistency and comparability and enhances the value provided by the information reported in financial statements for assessing government accountability and stewardship.

The Statement requires a cumulative effect adjustment to the opening balance of net position. The Tax Collector applied the provisions of the Statement to the prior year and determined a restatement of beginning net position was not required. The financial statements and note disclosures reflect the applicable required changes of the Statement.

13. Subsequent Events

The Tax Collector has evaluated subsequent events through February 14, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Special-Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

September 30, 2021



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Special-Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Honorable Tax Collector Osceola County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the special-purpose financial statements of the Tax Collector of Osceola County, Florida (the Tax Collector), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the special-purpose financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the special-purpose financial statements, we considered the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the special-purpose financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. The Honorable Tax Collector Osceola County, Florida Page Two

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Tax Collector's special-purpose financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Tax Collector's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We have issued a management letter to the Tax Collector of Osceola County, Florida, dated February 14, 2022, presenting certain required disclosures and comments pursuant to the *Rules* of the Auditor General, Chapter 10.550.

Law Redd Crona + Mumoe P.t.

Law, Redd, Crona & Munroe, P.A. Tallahassee, Florida February 14, 2022 Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, Local Government Investment Policies

September 30, 2021



Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, Local Government Investment Policies

The Honorable Tax Collector Osceola County, Florida

We have examined the Tax Collector of Osceola County, Florida's (Tax Collector) compliance with local government investment policies provided in Chapter 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, during the year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the Tax Collector's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Tax Collector's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Tax Collector complied in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Tax Collector complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Tax Collector's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Tax Collector complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Tax Collector and the Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Law Redd Crona + Mumoe P.t.

Law, Redd, Crona & Munroe, P.A. Tallahassee, Florida February 14, 2022

Management Letter

September 30, 2021



Management Letter

The Honorable Tax Collector Osceola County, Florida

Report on the Special-Purpose Financial Statements

We have audited the special-purpose financial statements of the Tax Collector of Osceola County, Florida (Tax Collector), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Special-Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated February 14, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. We reported no findings or recommendations in the preceding annual financial audit report.

The Honorable Tax Collector Osceola County, Florida Page Two

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The name or official title and legal authority for the primary government of the reporting entity are disclosed in Note 1 of the Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements. The Tax Collector has no component units.

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2, *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3, *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of This Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Tax Collector, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Law Redd Crona + Munroe P.A.

Law, Redd, Crona & Munroe, P. A. Tallahassee, Florida February 14, 2022

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Katrina S. Scarborough Osceola County Property Appraiser Kissimmee, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Osceola County, Florida Property Appraiser (the "Property Appraiser") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Property Appraiser's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

To the Honorable Katrina S. Scarborough Osceola County Property Appraiser

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Property Appraiser as of September 30, 2021, and the respective change in financial position, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis-of-Matter

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557(3), *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*. These financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of financial position of Osceola County, Florida as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2021, on our consideration of the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida December 17, 2021

BALANCE SHEET - GENERAL FUND

September 30, 2021

ASSETS

Cash Due from Board of County Commissioners Other assets	\$ 1,196,094 72,362 62,896
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,331,352
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to Board of County Commissioners Due to other governments	\$ 75,274 18,243 1,217,244 20,591
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,331,352
FUND BALANCE	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,331,352

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GENERAL FUND

Year Ended September 30, 2021

REVENUES		
Charges for services		\$ 116,451
Intergovernmental revenues		78,944
Miscellaneous income		 229,815
	TOTAL REVENUES	425,210
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General government:		
Salaries and benefits		5,242,474
Operating expenditures		 1,215,235
	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 6,457,709
	DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES	
	UNDER EXPENDITURES	(6,032,499)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers from Board of County Commissioners		7,146,834
Transfers to Board of County Commissioners		 (1,114,335)
	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	 6,032,499
	NET OUTANCE IN FUND DATANCE	
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		 -
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		\$ _

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GENERAL FUND - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 135,230	\$ 135,230	\$ 116,451	\$ (18,779)
Intergovernmental revenues Miscellaneous income	-	-	78,944 229,815	78,944 229,815
wiscenaneous income			229,813	229,813
TOTAL REVENUES	135,230	135,230	425,210	289,980
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government:				
Salaries and benefits	5,877,722	5,877,722	5,242,474	635,248
Operating expenditures	1,287,614	1,287,614	1,215,235	72,379
Capital outlay	50,000	50,000	-	50,000
Non-operating	66,727	66,727		66,727
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,282,063	7,282,063	6,457,709	824,354
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(7,146,833)	(7,146,833)	(6,032,499)	1,114,334
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from Board of County Commissioners Transfers to Board of County	7,146,833	7,146,833	7,146,834	1
Commissioners			(1,114,335)	(1,114,335)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	7,146,833	7,146,833	6,032,499	(1,114,334)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR				
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements.

Reporting Requirement

The Osceola County, Florida Property Appraiser (the "Property Appraiser") is a separately elected county official, established pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida. These financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of financial position of Osceola County, Florida (the "County") as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are presented to comply with the requirements of Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557(3) of the *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*. The Property Appraiser's General Fund is combined with the Board of County Commissioners' (the "Board") and other constitutional officers' general funds in the County's Annual Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("ACFR") to properly reflect the county-wide General Fund.

Description of Fund

The accounting records are organized on the basis of funds and classified for reporting purposes into one basic fund type:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is a governmental fund used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Property Appraiser. The General Fund measurement focus is based upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources, rather than upon net income determination).

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The accounts of the General Fund are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred and revenues are recorded when received in cash or when they are considered both measurable and available and, as such, susceptible to accrual. The extent to which General Fund revenues exceed General Fund expenditures is reflected as a liability in compliance with Florida Statutes.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budgetary Requirements and Basis

Expenditures are controlled by appropriations in accordance with the budgetary requirements set forth in the Florida Statutes. The budgeted revenues and expenditures in these financial statements reflect all amendments approved by the Florida Department of Revenue. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Transfers

In accordance with Florida Statutes, all unexpended balances at year-end are owed to the Board. These excess fees are reported as transfers (out). Appropriations from the Board are presented as transfers in.

Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash

Cash consists of various demand deposit accounts, which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or are covered by the state of Florida collateral pool, a multiple, financial institution pool with the ability to assess its members for collateral shortfalls if a member institution fails.

Investments

Florida Statutes 218.415, 219.075, and the Property Appraiser's investment policy authorizes investments in certificates of deposit, savings accounts, repurchase agreements, the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, administered by the Florida State Board of Administration, and obligations of the U.S. Government and government agencies unconditionally guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The Property Appraiser had no investments at September 30, 2021.

Plan Description

The Property Appraiser's employees participate in the Florida Retirement System ("FRS"), a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined-benefit retirement system, administered by the Florida Department of Administration. As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, county government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the state of Florida. For financial reporting purposes, the Property Appraiser is deemed to be part of the primary government of the County. A liability, if any, related to the Property Appraiser's proportionate share of the FRS retirement benefits, along with a detailed plan description, is reported in the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Funding Policy

The Property Appraiser's contributions to the FRS for fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 through 2021 were: \$433,646, \$509,600, and \$552,868 respectively, which were equal to the required contribution for each fiscal year.

Employees are required to contribute 3% towards the FRS. Employee withholdings for this purpose amounted to \$98,853, \$106,377, and \$96,973 for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 through 2021, respectively, which were equal to the required contribution for each fiscal year.

NOTE 4 - INSURANCE COVERAGE

The Property Appraiser participates in the County's self-insurance and commercial programs. The County is self-insured for workers' compensation and dental claims. Commercial insurance is purchased for all other risks, including property and casualty, vehicle, public officials, medical, life, and long-term disability. Purchased coverage is at levels such that the County does not retain risk of loss, and the amount of claims settlements did not exceed insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years. Payments are made to the County in the amounts needed to pay prior-year and current-year claims. All required payments have been made during the fiscal year.

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The Property Appraiser incurs a liability for employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences when certain conditions are met. The Property Appraiser is not legally required and does not accumulate expendable, available financial resources to liquidate this obligation. A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	October 1,			September 30,
	2020	Additions	Deletions	2021
Compensated absences	\$298,032	\$295,055	\$256,754	\$336,333

NOTE 6 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Various lawsuits and claims arising in the ordinary course of operations are pending against the Property Appraiser. These primarily relate to property assessments within the County. The ultimate effect of such litigation cannot be ascertained at this time. In the opinion of the Property Appraiser's management, the liabilities that may arise from such action would not result in losses that would materially affect the financial position of the Property Appraiser or its changes in financial position.

NOTE 7 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

All eligible employees of the Property Appraiser participate in the County's plan. A detailed plan description and the amount of any liability for the employees of the Property Appraiser has been reported in the September 30, 2021 County ACFR.

COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Katrina S. Scarborough Osceola County Property Appraiser Kissimmee, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Osceola County, Florida Property Appraiser (the "Property Appraiser") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Honorable Katrina S. Scarborough Osceola County Property Appraiser

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Property Appraiser's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Property Appraiser in a separate letter dated December 17, 2021.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida December 17, 2021



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

To the Honorable Katrina S. Scarborough Osceola County Property Appraiser Kissimmee, Florida

We have examined the Osceola County, Florida Property Appraiser's (the "Property Appraiser") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the Property Appraiser's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Property Appraiser's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Property Appraiser is in accordance with those requirements, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the Property Appraiser's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Property Appraiser's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Property Appraiser complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida December 17, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Honorable Katrina S. Scarborough Osceola County Property Appraiser Kissimmee, Florida

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Osceola County, Florida Property Appraiser (the "Property Appraiser") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2021.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards,* AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* Disclosures in those reports, which are dated December 17, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. In connection with the preceding audit, there were no findings or recommendations.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

To the Honorable Katrina S. Scarborough Osceola County Property Appraiser

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Property Appraiser and applicable management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mary Jane Arrington Osceola County Supervisor of Elections Kissimmee, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Osceola County, Florida Supervisor of Elections (the "Supervisor of Elections") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Supervisor of Elections' basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Supervisor of Elections as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis-of-Matter

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557(3), *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*. These financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of financial position of Osceola County, Florida as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 11, 2022, on our consideration of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2021

ASSETS

		General Fund	Special Revenue Fund - Grants		Total	
Cash		\$ 474,689	\$	31,452	\$	506,141
	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 474,689	\$	31,452	\$	506,141

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE

LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Due to Board of County Commissioners		5,919 11,647 - 57,123	\$ 31,452	\$ 5,919 11,647 31,452 457,123
TOTAL LIABILITIES	47	74,689	 31,452	 506,141
FUND BALANCE Restricted - Security		-	 	 -
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 47	74,689	\$ 31,452	\$ 506,141

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund - Grants	Total
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 484,558	\$ 484,558
Interest	790	119	909
Miscellaneous income	116,273	-	116,273
TOTAL REVENUES	117,063	484,677	601,740
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government:			
Salaries and benefits	1,957,978	29,977	1,987,955
Operating expenditures	1,600,020	193,455	1,793,475
Capital outlay	40,884 54,550		95,434
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,598,882	277,982	3,876,864
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(3,481,819)	206,695	(3,275,124)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers from Board of County Commissioners	3,727,527	-	3,727,527
Transfers to Board of County Commissioners	(456,523)	-	(456,523)
Transfers to other funds	-	(210,815)	(210,815)
Transfers from other funds	210,815		210,815
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	3,481,819	(210,815)	3,271,004
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	(4,120)	(4,120)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,120	4,120
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Interest Miscellaneous income TOTAL REVENUES	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 790 116,273 117,063	\$ 790 116,273 117,063	
EXPENDITURES Current: General Government: Salaries and benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay	2,184,598 1,489,176 46,295	2,042,056 1,639,176 46,295	1,957,978 1,600,020 40,884	84,078 39,156 5,411	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,720,069	3,727,527	3,598,882	128,645	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(3,720,069)	(3,727,527)	(3,481,819)	245,708	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from Board of County Commissioners Transfers from other funds Transfers to Board of County Commissioners	3,720,069	3,727,527	3,727,527 210,815 (456,523)	210,815 (456,523)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	3,720,069	3,727,527	3,481,819	(245,708)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR					
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements.

Reporting Requirement

The Osceola County, Florida Supervisor of Elections (the "Supervisor of Elections") is a separately elected county official, established pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida. These financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of financial position of Osceola County, Florida (the "County") as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are presented to comply with the requirements of Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557(3) of the *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*. The Supervisor of Elections' General Fund is combined with the Board of County Commissioners' (the "Board") and other constitutional officers' general funds in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") to properly reflect the county-wide General Fund.

Description of Fund

The accounting records are organized on the basis of funds and classified for reporting purposes into two basic governmental fund types:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is a governmental fund used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Supervisor of Elections. The General Fund measurement focus is based upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources, rather than upon net income determination).

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> – The Special Revenue Fund is a governmental fund used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the grants of the Supervisor of Elections. The Special Revenue Fund measurement focus is based upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources, rather than upon net income determination).

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The accounts of the General Fund are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred and revenues are recorded when received in cash or when they are considered both measurable and available and, as such, susceptible to accrual.

The extent to which General Fund revenues exceed General Fund expenditures is reflected as a liability in compliance with Florida Statutes.

Budgetary Requirements and Basis

Expenditures are controlled by appropriations in accordance with the budget requirements set forth in the Florida Statutes. The budgeted revenues and expenditures in these financial statements reflect all amendments approved by the Board. The budget is prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Transfers

In accordance with Florida Statutes, all unexpended balances at year-end are owed to the Board. These excess fees are reported as transfers (out). Appropriations from the Board are presented as transfers in.

Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Fund Balance

Fund balances in the Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Funds are classified as restricted. Fund balances can only be spent for specific purposes, which are externally imposed by third parties (grantors, contributors) or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE 2 - CASH

The Supervisor of Elections maintains its own cash accounts. The Supervisor of Elections maintains various demand deposit accounts, which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or are covered by the state of Florida collateral pool; a multiple-financial institution pool with the ability to assess its members for collateral shortfalls if a member institution fails.

Plan Description

The Supervisor of Elections' employees participate in the Florida Retirement System ("FRS"), a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services. The Supervisor of Elections' employees have the option of choosing between either a defined contribution plan or a defined benefit plan. As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, county government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the state of Florida. For financial reporting purposes, the Supervisor of Elections is deemed to be part of the primary government of the County. The liability, if any, related to the Supervisor of Elections' proportion-ate share of the FRS retirement benefits, along with a detailed plan description, is reported in the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Funding Policy

The Supervisor of Elections' contributions to the FRS for fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 through 2021 were \$156,808, \$163,794, and \$177,459 respectively, which were equal to the required contribution for each fiscal year.

Employees are required to contribute 3% towards the FRS. Employee withholdings for this purpose amounted to \$26,860, \$27,636, and \$28,678 for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019 through 2021, respectively, which were equal to the required contribution for each fiscal year.

NOTE 4 - INSURANCE COVERAGE

The County is self-insured for workers' compensation and dental claims. Commercial insurance is purchased for all other risks, including property and casualty, vehicle, and public officials. Purchased coverage is at levels, such that the County does not retain risk of loss, and the amount of claims settlements did not exceed insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years. The Supervisor of Elections participates in the County's self-insurance program. Payments are made to the County in the amounts needed to pay prior and current-year claims. All required payments have been made during the fiscal year.

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The Supervisor of Elections accrues a liability for employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences when certain conditions are met. The Supervisor of Elections is not legally required to, and does not, accumulate expendable, available financial resources to liquidate this obligation. A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	October 1,			September 30,
	2020	Additions	Retirements	2021
Compensated absences	\$87,606	\$85,602	\$83,790	\$89,418

NOTE 6 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

All eligible employees of the Supervisor of Elections participate in the County's plan. A detailed plan description and the amount of any liability for the employees of the Supervisor of Elections, has been reported in the County's ACFR for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Honorable Mary Jane Arrington Osceola County Supervisor of Elections Kissimmee, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the Osceola County, Florida Supervisor of Elections (the "Supervisor of Elections") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 and have issued our report thereon dated February 11, 2022. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Honorable Mary Jane Arrington Osceola County Supervisor of Elections

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Supervisor of Elections' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Supervisor of Elections in a separate letter dated February 11, 2022.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mary Jane Arrington Osceola County Supervisor of Elections Kissimmee, Florida

We have examined the Osceola County, Florida Supervisor of Elections' (the "Supervisor of Elections") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the Supervisor of Elections' compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Supervisor of Elections' compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Supervisor of Elections is in accordance with those requirements, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the Supervisor of Election's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Supervisor of Election's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Supervisor of Elections complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Honorable Mary Jane Arrington Osceola County Supervisor of Elections Kissimmee, Florida

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Osceola County, Florida Supervisor of Elections (the "Supervisor of Elections") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 and have issued our report thereon dated February 11, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated February 11, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. In connection with the preceding audit, there were no findings or recommendations.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority is disclosed in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

To the Honorable Mary Jane Arrington Osceola County Supervisor of Elections

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Supervisor of Elections and applicable management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants



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