

Annual COMPREHENSIVE Financial Report FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,

2021



SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Donald C. Spencer Clerk of the Circuit Court, County Court and Comptroller

Prepared By: Clerk of the Circuit Court, County Court and Comptroller Finance Department

> Robert J. Miller Finance Director

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Santa Rosa County Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller

Santa Rosa County Property Appraiser

Santa Rosa County Sheriff

- Santa Rosa County Supervisor of Elections
- Santa Rosa County Tax Collector



Introductory section



DONALD C. SPENCER CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT & COMPTROLLER SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA

Clerk of the County Court & Comptroller Recorder of Deeds Clerk and Accountant of the Board of County Commissioners Custodian of County Funds County Auditor 6495 Caroline Street Milton, Florida 32570 P O BOX 472 Milton, Florida 32572 Telephone: (850) 983-1975 Fax: (850) 983-1986 www.santarosaclerk.com

April 26, 2022

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners and the Citizens of Santa Rosa County:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish, within forty-five days after the completion of the audit report but no later than nine months after the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Warren Averett, LLC, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on Santa Rosa County's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2021. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

Santa Rosa County, established in 1842 by an act of the Florida Legislature, is located on the Northwest Florida Gulf Coast. The County currently occupies 1,012 square miles and serves an estimated population of 191,911. Santa Rosa County is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries.

Santa Rosa County is a Non-Charter County established under the Constitution and the Laws of the State of Florida. Santa Rosa County includes the Board of County Commissioners, the Clerk of the Courts, the Property Appraiser, the Sheriff, the Supervisor of Elections, and the Tax Collector.

The Board of County Commissioners serves as the legislative and policy setting body of Santa Rosa County as established under Section 125 of the Florida Statutes. As such, the Board enacts all legislation and authorizes programs and expenditures within the County. The Board appoints a professionally trained County Administrator who is responsible for policy and budget development and implementation.

The Board is composed of five members elected countywide. Each member must reside within the district for which seat he/she seeks election. Each year the Board organizes itself selecting a Chair and Vice-Chair from among its members to preside at Commission meetings.

The Clerk of Circuit Court performs a wide range of record keeping, information management and financial management functions in the judicial system and county government.

The Property Appraiser is primarily responsible for identifying, locating, and valuing all property within the county for ad valorem tax purposes. He is also responsible for administering exemptions, mapping all parcels, and classifying agricultural lands.

The Sheriff provides for the public safety of the citizens of Santa Rosa County through the enforcement of state criminal laws and county ordinances, preventing and reducing crime and violence through departmental and community-based programs.

The Supervisor of Elections administers the election of the elected officials within the county. She maintains the voter registration list, establishes polling places, and educates voters.

The Tax Collector collects and distributes taxes established by city, county, state, and other local governments.

Santa Rosa County provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; water and sewer service on Navarre Beach; solid waste disposal and recycling; the Peter Prince Airport; Industrial Park facilities and recreational and cultural activities.

Local Economy

Santa Rosa County has long been considered a "bedroom community" of the larger Pensacola metropolitan statistical area. Knowing that residential growth does not sustain a healthy tax base, the County has aggressively been promoting the area as a good place to bring new and expanding businesses. The County has an Industrial Park to provide attractive inducements to businesses willing to invest capital and hire employees at above average wages. A second industrial park, Whiting Aviation Park, near Whiting Field provides access to a 6,000-foot runway.

Santa Rosa County has experienced an estimated 23.5% growth in population over the past 9 years and the prospect for further growth is very good. The infrastructure to support that growth lags behind. To reduce that lag in infrastructure growth, the citizens of the County passed a local option sales tax in 2016. The County has repaved numerous roads and upgraded drainage systems throughout the County.

Tourism, a significant industry for the County, has surged over the last couple of years. Tourism had suffered considerable damage from the destruction caused by hurricanes and the BP Oil Spill. The leisure and hospitality industry accounts for approximately 15.9% of the County's workforce.

Long-Term Financial Planning and Relevant Financial Policies

Unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) in the general fund at year end was 45% of total general fund revenues. This amount is favorable and would cover approximately 6 months' worth of expenditures and transfers out.

Major Initiatives

For the year, staff, following specific directives from the Board of County Commissioners and the County Administrator, was involved in a variety of projects throughout the year. These projects reflect the County's commitment to ensuring that its citizens can live and work in a desirable environment.

In the current year, approximately 28 miles of roads were paved or resurfaced, and numerous maintenance projects on drainage systems were performed.

Also during the current year, the County completed a \$4 million upgrade to Benny Russell Park, which included an all-inclusive playground, a splash pad, a fitness court, a multi-use sports field, walking trails, new parking facilities, and ADA-accessible pathways.

Finally, construction continued on the new judicial center, with approximately \$26 million being spent during fiscal year 2021, bringing the total spent to date over \$35 million.for the new 115,000 square foot facility.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Santa Rosa County, Florida for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

An annual comprehensive financial report of this nature could not have been prepared on a timely basis without the dedicated efforts of the Finance Department who worked many hours on this project. I would like to thank them for their invaluable assistance in the preparation of this report.

I would also like to thank the Board of County Commissioners and their staff, and the other Constitutional Officers for their personal interest and dedicated support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the County in a responsible and progressive manner.

peece

Donald C. Spencer Clerk of the Courts and Comptroller



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Santa Rosa County Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Board of County Commissioners

Dave Piech *Chairman* Robert A. "Bob" Cole *Vice Chairman* Sam Parker James Calkins Colten Wright

Elected Constitutional Officers

Donald C. Spencer Clerk of the Courts and Comptroller

> Tappie Villane Supervisor of Elections

Gregory S. Brown II Property Appraiser

> Bob Johnson Sheriff

Stan Colie Nichols Tax Collector

County Management

DeVann Cook Interim County Administrator

Brad Baker Interim Assistant County Administrator

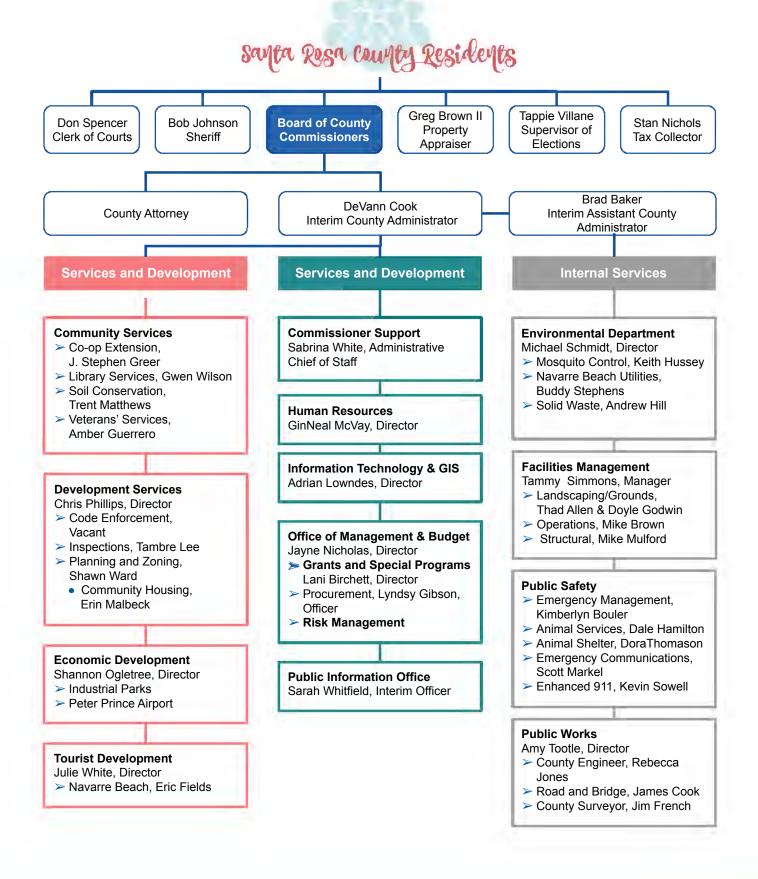
Jayne Nicholas Office of Management and Budget Gregory T. Stewart Acting County Attorney

GinNeal McVay Director of Human Resources

Amy Tootle Director of Public Works

Chris Phillips Director of Development Services ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FY 2021 Organizational Chart





Financial section



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Santa Rosa County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Santa Rosa County, Florida, (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements, in 2021 the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASBS. No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund, road and bridge fund, CARES act fund, disaster fund, American rescue plan fund, other capital projects fund, and the local option sales tax fund, the schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedules of the County's contributions, the schedules of changes in total liability and related ratios for other post-employment benefits, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining individual fund statements and budgetary comparison schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining individual fund statements and budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the

combining individual fund statements and budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 26, 2022 tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Warren averett, LLC

April 26, 2022 Pensacola, Florida

Management's Discussion and Analysis





As management of Santa Rosa County (County), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 8-10 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$274,123,223 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$11,767,738 represents unrestricted net position, which may normally be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. In the current year, the balance in unrestricted net position increased primarily due to the changes in pension liability in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 as discussed in Note K as well as changes in the estimated liability for landfill closure..
- The County's total net position increased by \$51,366,070; governmental activities increased by \$33,779,784 and business-type activities increased by \$17,586,286. The increase in total net position was primarily due to anticipated reimbursements from the Federal Emergency Management Agency of disaster-recovery expenditures related to Hurricane Sally in the governmental activities, and in business-type activities, the increase primarily related to an increase in landfill revenues due to increased rates combined with a large reduction to the landfill closure and maintenance liability.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the County governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$106,937,891, an increase of \$25,212,580 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 37% of this amount (\$39,929,276) is available for spending at the government's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) for the governmental funds were \$52,351,905, or approximately 52% of total general fund expenditures.
- The County's total outstanding long-term bonds and notes increased by \$42,536,372 during the current fiscal year due to issuance of new debt for capital projects combined with normal debt service principal reductions.

Overview Of The Financial Statements

The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) *Government-wide financial statements*, 2) *Fund financial statements*, and 3) *Notes to the financial statements*. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

The *Government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents financial information on all of the County's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, human services, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the County include a water/sewer service, solid waste disposal, building inspections, and hangar rentals.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 32-34 of this report.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The County's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains thirty individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, road and bridge fund, local option sales tax fund, disaster fund, American Rescue Plan fund, and other capital projects fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twenty-four governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The County adopts annual appropriated budgets for all but four of its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison schedules are provided as required supplementary information for the general fund, road and bridge fund, local option sales tax fund, disaster fund, American Rescue Plan fund, and other capital projects fund.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 35-40 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its water/sewer service, solid waste disposal, building inspections, and hangar rentals. Internal services funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the solid waste disposal services which are considered to be a major fund of the County. The internal service fund is presented in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 41-43 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The County maintains thirteen custodial funds which report resources held by the County in a custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations and other governments.



The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 45 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 48-72 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required supplementary information* concerning the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and OPEB benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found starting on page 74 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found starting on page 90 of this report.

Government-Wide Overall Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position over time, may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows by \$274.1 million as of September 30, 2021.

Santa Rosa County's Net Position

(in thousands)

	0	Government	al Ao	ctivities	Business-type Activities					Total				
		2021		2020	-	2021		2020	-	2021		2020		
Current and other assets	\$	149,008	\$ 111,795		\$	44,538	\$	34,885	\$ 193,546		\$	146,680		
Capital assets		240,946		193,846		30,617		27,631		271,563		221,477		
Total assets		389,954	-	305,641	_	75,155		62,516	-	465,109	-	368,157		
Deferred outflows of resources		22,400	_	34,897		934	_	1,405	_	23,334	-	36,302		
Long-term liabilities outstanding		102,439		130.078		17,632		25,365		120,071		155,443		
•		,		,		,		,		,		,		
Other liabilities	_	35,100	_	21,160	_	1,376	_	1,254	_	36,476	_	22,414		
Total liabilities		137,539		151,238	_	19,008	_	26,619	_	156,547		177,857		
Deferred inflow of resources		55,403	-	2,561		2,370	_	176	_	57,773	_	2,737		
Net position														
Net investment in capital assets		188,258		185,355		30,061		26,541		218,319		211,896		
Restricted		40,642		23,952		3,394		-		44,036		23,952		
Unrestricted (deficit)		(9,488)		(22,567)		21,256		10,584		11,768		(11,983)		
Total net position	\$	219,412	\$	186,740	\$	54,711	\$	37,125	\$	274,123	\$	223,865		

The largest portion of the County's net position (80%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment, improvements, construction in progress and infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

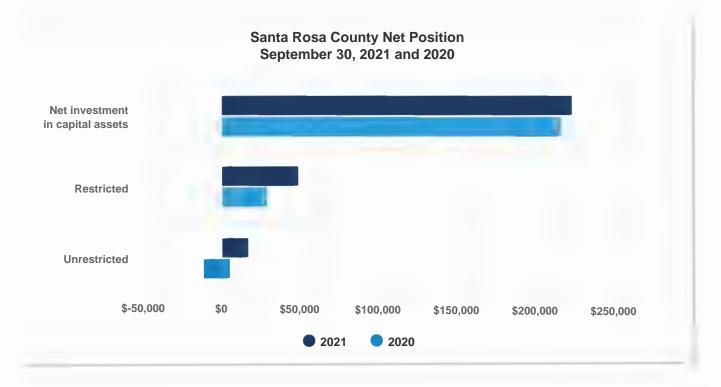


An additional portion of the County's net position (16%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$11,767,738 is unrestricted and may normally be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors. The County's unrestricted net position increased in the current year due in large part to the GASB Statement No. 68 adjustment in the amount of (\$6,567,339) which requires the County to record an estimated liability and expense for potential future pension costs. The estimated liability and expense are based on the following assumptions:

- when an employee will retire;
- employee life expectancy;
- future pay increases for employees;
- what inflation will be in the future;
- what investment returns will be going forward;
- the best rate to discount those estimated future payments.

See page 67 of this report which shows significant variations in the liability due to the discount rate assumptions.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in all reported categories of net position except governmental activities unrestricted net position due to GASB 68.



However, the County's overall net position increased \$51,366,070 from operations. The reasons for this overall increase are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities

During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities increased \$33,779,784 from the prior fiscal year, leaving an ending net position of \$219,411,967. This increase primarily relates to anticipated reimbursements from FEMA of disaster recovery expenditures in the Disaster Fund related to Hurricane Sally. An increase in property tax revenue as a result of increased property values, an increase in sales tax revenues due to Federal stimulus-related spending, and an increase in tourist tax revenue due to easing of pandemic-related restrictions also contributed to the increase in net position of governmental activities. A decrease in expenses related to reduced estimated pension liability as discussed above, as well as unspent local option sales taxes due to budgeted infrastructure projects not being completed were also contributing factors.



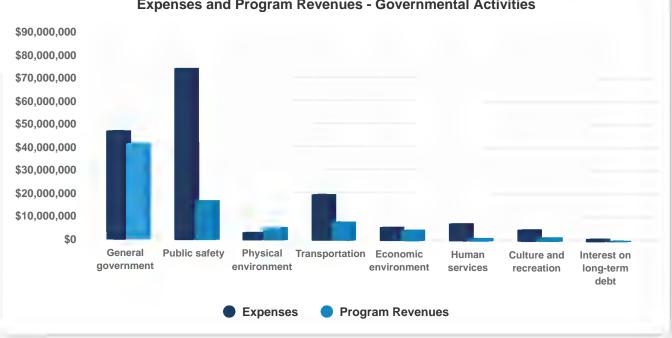
Santa Rosa County's Changes in Net Position

	G	overnment	tal Ac	tivities	Business-type Activities				Total			
	-	2021		2020	_	2021		2020	-	2021	-	2020
Revenues:					-				-			
Program revenues												
Charges for services	\$	34,741	\$	32,382	\$	25,096	\$	19,576	\$	59,837	\$	51,958
Operating grants &												
contributions		29,195		30,483		-		-		29,195		30,483
Capital grants & contributions		40 4 47		44.000		802		813		10.040		
		12,147		14,338		802		013		12,949		15,151
General revenues		05 000		00.000		-		-		05 000		00.000
Property tax		65,623		60,823		-		-		65,623		60,823
Sales, use and fuel tax		25,981		21,603		-		-		25,981		21,603
Communications services		1,143		1,168		-		-		1,143		1,168
Grants and contributions		20,969		17,066		-		-		20,969		17,066
Investment earnings		139		899		38		520		177		1,419
Other	_	4,017	_	3,050	_	85	_	93	_	4,102	_	3,143
Total revenues		193,955		181,812		26,021		21,002		219,976		202,814
Expenses:												
General government		46,740		47,659		-		-		46,740		47,659
Public safety		74,023		77,119		-		-		74,023		77,119
Physical environment		2,887		10,306		-		-		2,887		10,306
Transportation		19,402		14,886		-		-		19,402		14,886
Economic environment		5,405		3,951		-		-		5,405		3,951
Human services		7,016		5,996		-		-		7,016		5,996
Culture and recreation		4,717		7,344		-		-		4,717		7,344
Interest on long term debt		716		142		-		-		716		142
Water and sewer		-		-		2,070		2,541		2,070		2,541
Inspections		-		-		2,403		2,474		2,403		2,474
Airport		-		-		548		849		548		849
Landfill		-		-		2,683		7,636		2,683		7,636
Total expenses		160,906		167,403		7,704		13,500		168,610		180,903
Increase in net position before								_		_		
transfers		33,050		14,409		18,316		7,502		51,366		21,911
Transfers		730		(214)		(730)		214		-		-
Change in net position		33,780		14,195		17,586		7,716		51,366		21,911
Net position, beg. of year, restated		185,632		172,544		37,125		29,409		222,757		201,953
Net position, end of year	\$	219,412	\$	186,739	\$	54,711	\$	37,125	\$	274,123	\$	223,864



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

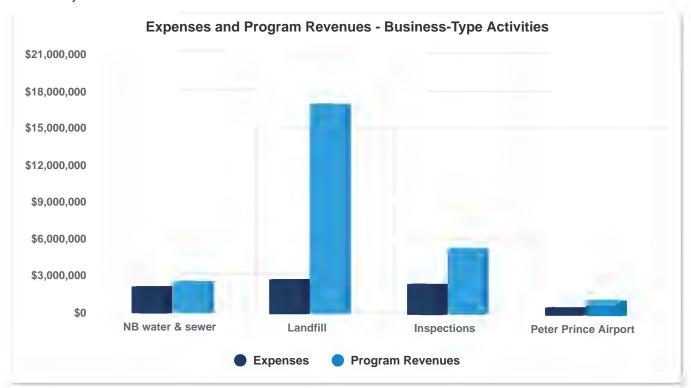
The following graph displays the Governmental Activities current program revenues and expenditures by function for fiscal year 2021.



Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

Business-type Activities

During the current fiscal year, net position for business-type activities increased \$17,586,286 from the prior fiscal year leaving an ending net position of \$54,711,256. The increase is attributable to increased landfill revenues due to increased rates accompanied by a significant reduction in expenses related to the landfill closure and long-term care liability.





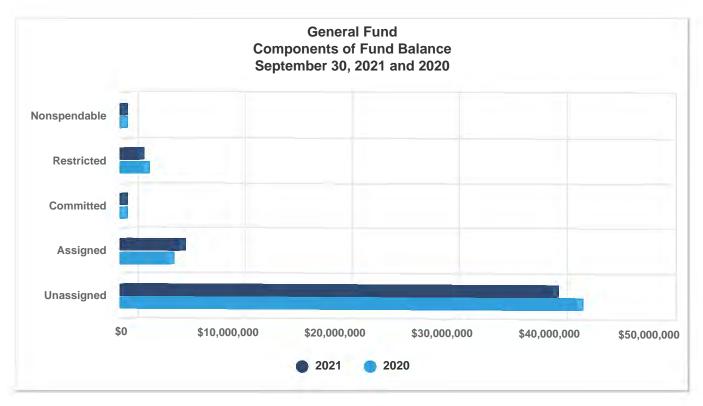


Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

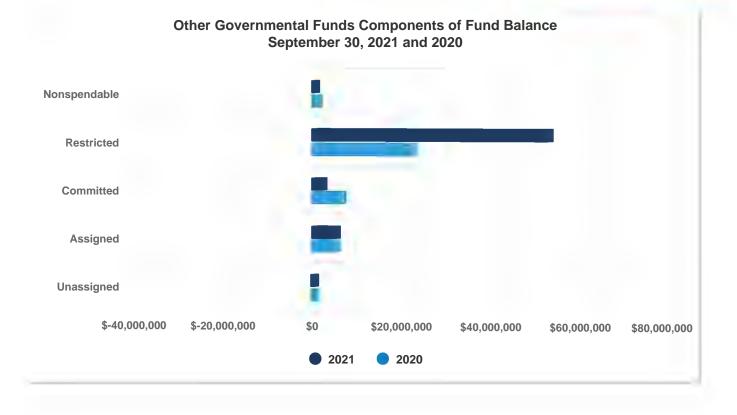
The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either external parties, the County itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the County.

As of September 30, 2021, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$106,937,891, an increase of \$25,212,580 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 37% of this amount (\$39,929,276) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form (\$337,577), 2) restricted for particular purposes (\$54,248,409), 3) committed for particular purposes (\$2,000,395), or 4) assigned for particular purposes (\$10,422,234).



The General fund is the primary operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$40,117,694, while the total fund balance increased to \$47,397,296. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 40% of total general fund balance represents approximately 50% of that same amount.





The fund balance of the County's general fund decreased by -\$1,740,786 during the current fiscal year. This decrease primarily relates to budget transfers to the Disaster Fund to cover expenditures for disaster recovery related to Hurricane Sally until reimbursement from FEMA is received.

The road and bridge fund, a major fund, had a \$1,114,357 increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year which put the overall fund balance at \$4,746,913. The fund reports an assigned fund balance of \$4,170,555, and accounts for fuel and other taxes designated for road improvements. During the year, fund balance increased primarily due to decreased expenditures for road and stormwater projects.

The local option sales tax fund, another major governmental fund, had a \$6,285,774 increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year which put the overall fund balance at \$12,295,755. The primary reason for the increase in the fund was an increase in revenue from the prior year and not expending funds which were budgeted by year end. This was due to the timing of the projects, some of which included Pace Patriot/Tiburon Boulevard drainage, Tom King Bayou pedestrian bridge, Pea Ridge connector, and Benny Russell Park.

The disaster fund met the qualifications of a major fund for the first time during fiscal year 2021, experiencing an \$11,269,866 increase in fund balance, putting the overall fund balance at \$14,757,582. The primary reason for this increase was anticipated reimbursement from the Federal government of disaster recovery expenditures related to Hurricane Sally.

The American Rescue Plan fund was newly established in fiscal year 2021, reporting an increase in and final fund balance of \$1,829. The fund was established to account for appropriations from the Federal government under the American Rescue Plan Act and related expenditures. The increase in fund balance is due to investment earnings on the appropriated funds received in advance and held until they were spent.

The other capital projects fund, the remaining major governmental fund, reported an \$13,235,273 increase during the current fiscal year which put the overall fund balance at \$13,606,692. The primary reason for this increase was the remaining balance of new debt issues that remained unspent on their corresponding capital projects by the end of the fiscal year.



Financial Analysis of Proprietary Funds

The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Landfill fund was \$15,172,489. The total change in net position for the Landfill fund was \$13,295,724. As discussed in the business –type activities section, the increase in the landfill fund is attributable to increased revenues due to increased rates accompanied by a significant reduction in the landfill closure and maintenance liability.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Original budget compared to final budget. During the year, the General Fund's original expenditure budget was increased by \$25,804,365. There was also a need to make amendments to reallocate appropriations among departments when it became clearer which departments would actually be charged for certain expenditures. The largest amendments from the original budget related to general government for jail renovation, public safety for Sheriff equipment purchases, human services for COVID vaccine distribution, and transfers out to cover unanticipated expenditures related to Hurricane Sally.

Final budget compared to actual results. The General Fund under spent the final budget by \$14,982,133 or 11.5%. The primary reasons actual expenditures were less than the final budget were 1) funds budgeted for jail renovation as well as funds allocated to the Town of Jay for Bray Hendricks Park weren't expended in the current year.and 2) funds set aside in reserves for contingencies remained unspent.

Santa Rosa County's General Fund Budget to Actual

	Original Budget		Final Budget	(Change in Budget	Actual		Actual Variance rom Budget
General government	\$ 33,775,170 \$		39,155,004	\$	5,379,834	\$ 29,333,269	\$	(9,821,735)
Public safety	54,951,035		57,684,170		2,733,135	55,903,411		(1,780,759)
Physical environmen	2,849,700		3,736,725		887,025	2,604,009		(1,132,716)
Transportation	1,019,705		1,587,236		567,531	1,524,473		(62,763)
Economic environme	989,495		1,081,899		92,404	1,001,449		(80,450)
Human services	5,723,300		8,394,765		2,671,465	6,773,036		(1,621,729)
Culture and recreatio	4,054,130		4,283,859		229,729	3,801,878		(481,981)
Transfers out	1,075,205		14,318,447		13,243,242	14,318,447		-
Total	\$ 104,437,740	\$	130,242,105	\$	25,804,365	\$ 115,259,972	\$	(14,982,133)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2021, amounts to \$271,563,119 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, machinery, equipment, vehicles, park facilities, roads, highways, and the water treatment facility. The total increase in capital assets for the current fiscal year was approximately 22.6%.

Capital Assets at Year-end

(Net of Depreciation, in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities					Business-ty	ctivities	Totals					
	2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		-	2020	
Land	\$	24,439	\$	23,560	\$	1,306	\$	1,306	\$	25,745	\$	24,866	
Construction in progress		68,825		27,904		5,669		2,558		74,494		30,462	
Buildings		11,078		11,416		2,671		1,407		13,749		12,823	
Improvements other than building		111,278		104,353		19,218		20,655		130,496		125,008	
Machinery, furniture and equip.		25,326		26,615		1,751		1,708		27,077		28,323	
Totals	\$	240,946	\$	193,848	\$	30,615	\$	27,634	\$	271,561	\$	221,482	



Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Donation of infrastructure from developers in the amount of \$7,209,779
- New equipment for the Sheriff's office at a cost of \$2,424,643
- Whiting Field Aviation Improvements costs of \$6,168,031 during the year
- Pace Patriot/Tiburon Drive drainage project at a cost of \$1,429,151
- Costs associated with the new judicial facility totaled \$26,312,416 in the current year
- Benny Russell Park improvements.totaled \$1,986,222 during the year

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note F on pages 57-58 of this report.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total bonds and notes outstanding of \$52,205,692. Of this amount, \$47,726,780 is debt backed by various revenues of the County and \$4,478,912 is special assessment debt for which the County is liable in the event of default by the property owners subject to the assessment.

Outstanding Debt at Year-end

(in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities					usiness-ty	tivities	Totals				
	2021		2020		2021			2020		2021		2020
Revenue bonds	\$	44,100	\$	2,600	\$	-	\$	-	\$	44,100	\$	2,600
Notes payable		3,071		1,676		556		1,091		3,627		2,767
Special assessment notes		4,479		4,216		-		-		4,479		4,216
Totals	\$	51,650	\$	8,492	\$	556	\$	1,091	\$	52,206	\$	9,583

The County's total debt increased by \$42,536,372 (444%) during the current fiscal year. The reason for the increase was the issuance of several new loans for construction projects such as the new judicial center and Pea Ridge Connector.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note G on pages 59-63 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following economic factors currently affect the County and were considered in developing the 2021-2022 fiscal year budget.

- The taxable assessed property values increased 9.9%.
- Sales tax revenues are expected to generate approximately \$10.6 million.
- Completion of the new judicial facility will require use of reserves of approximately \$5 million.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 6495 Caroline Street, Suite B, Milton, FL 32570.



Basic Financial Statements



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 127,203,194	\$ 31,967,669	\$ 159,170,863
Investments	1,481,997	10,910,284	12,392,281
Receivables, net	19,979,868	1,665,218	21,645,086
Internal balances	5,000	(5,000)	-
Inventory	337,577	-	337,577
Capital assets, net			
Nondepreciable	93,263,779	6,975,511	100,239,290
Depreciable	147,682,339	23,641,490	171,323,829
Total assets	389,953,754	75,155,172	465,108,926
Deferred Outflows Of Resources			
Deferred outflows on pension	18,083,238	696,534	18,779,772
Deferred outflows on health insurance subsidy	3,582,779	190,956	3,773,735
Deferred outflows on OPEB	734,151	46,239	780,390
Total deferred outflows of resources	22,400,168	933,729	23,333,897
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	9,865,014	669,815	10,534,829
Contracts payable	3,341,227	-	3,341,227
Accrued wages payable	2,637,600	215,062	2,852,662
Interest payable	196,413	-	196,413
Due to other governments	917,623	83,636	1,001,259
Deposits	171,537	407,067	578,604
Unearned revenue	17,970,408	-	17,970,408
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year	8,273,500	864,495	9,137,995
Due in more than one year	94,165,448	16,767,783	110,933,231
Total liabilities	137,538,770	19,007,858	156,546,628
Deferred Inflows Of Resources			
Deferred inflows on pension	52,921,959	2,199,497	55,121,456
Deferred inflows on health insurance subsidy	893,863	69,994	963,857
Deferred inflows on OPEB	1,587,363	100,296	1,687,659
Total deferred inflows of resources	55,403,185	2,369,787	57,772,972
			Continued

Continued ...

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Net Position – Continued September 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	188,258,381	30,061,433	218,319,814
Restricted for:			
Landfill Closure	-	3,393,954	3,393,954
Communications	679,312	-	679,312
Partners for pets	13,554	-	13,554
Drivers education	365,487	-	365,487
Boating improvement	292,608	-	292,608
Domestic violence	244,536	-	244,536
Pollworker recruitment	1,887	-	1,887
Voter education	69	-	69
Navarre Beach Bridge maintenance	331,527	-	331,527
Infrastructure development	12,783,925	-	12,783,925
Law Enforcement Trust Fund	35,951	-	35,951
Crime prevention	544,672	-	544,672
Federal seizure funds	120,514	-	120,514
Mosquito control	128,632	-	128,632
Federal and state grants	1,829	-	1,829
Enhanced 911 system	555,645	-	555,645
Tourist development	4,616,388	-	4,616,388
State Housing Improvement Program	993,010	-	993,010
Flood Mitigation	14,757,582	-	14,757,582
Fire prevention and control	324,563	-	324,563
Road and sewer construction	944,153	-	944,153
Canal maintance	196,306	-	196,306
Beach restoration	18,677	-	18,677
State court operations	286	-	286
Court equipment and technology	936,247	-	936,247
Records modernization trust fund	920,918	-	920,918
Law enforcement training	115,362	-	115,362
Inmate welfare purchases	718,078	-	718,078
Unrestricted (deficit)	(9,488,131)	21,255,869	11,767,738
Total net position	\$ 219,411,967	\$ 54,711,256	\$ 274,123,223

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

FINANCIAL SECTION



Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2021

			Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets					
	Expenses	_	Charges for Services	(Operating Grants and contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	G	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities			Total
Functions/Programs:												
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$ 46,740	092	\$ 25,333,440	\$	15,647,899	\$-	\$	(5,758,753)			\$	(5,758,753)
Public safety	74,022	556	4,119,687		11,341,152	985,074		(57,576,643)				(57,576,643)
Physical environment	2,887	030	4,580,401		632,639	-		2,326,010				2,326,010
Transportation	19,401	797	-		229,307	7,209,779		(11,962,711)				(11,962,711)
Economic environment	5,404	978	-		283,690	3,951,749		(1,169,539)				(1,169,539)
Human services	7,016	076	33,908		641,124	-		(6,341,044)				(6,341,044)
Culture and recreation	4,716	703	673,632		419,067	-		(3,624,004)				(3,624,004)
Interest on long-term debt	715	958	-		-	-		(715,958)				(715,958)
Total governmental activities	160,905	,190	34,741,068		29,194,878	12,146,602		(84,822,642)				(84,822,642)
Business-type activities:												
Navarre Beach water and sewer	2,070	412	2,500,689		-	7,183			\$	437,460		437,460
Inspections	2,402	559	5,308,350		-	-				2,905,791		2,905,791
Peter Prince Airport	547	568	324,930		-	794,354				571,716		571,716
Landfill	2,683	431	16,961,961		-	-				14,278,530		14,278,530
Total business-type activities	7,703	970	25,095,930		-	801,537	-			18,193,497	-	18,193,497
Total	168,609	160	59,836,998	_	29,194,878	12,948,139	_	(84,822,642)	_	18,193,497	_	(66,629,145)
	General reve	nues:										
	Taxes											
	Property	taxes						65,623,243		-		65,623,243
	Sales, u	se and	fuel taxes					25,981,294		-		25,981,294
	Commu	nication	services taxes					1,143,101		-		1,143,101
	Grants and	contrib	outions not restricte	d to s	specific program			20,968,519		-		20,968,519
	Unrestricte	d invest	tment earnings					138,790		37,949		176,739
	Miscellane	ous	-					4,017,359		5,120		4,022,479
	Gain on sa	le of as	sets					-		79,840		79,840
	Transfei	S						730,120		(730,120)		-
	Total	genera	al revenues and tra	ansf	ers		-	118,602,426		(607,211)	-	117,995,215
	Change in						-	33,779,784	_	17,586,286	-	51,366,070
	Net position	- beain	ning, restated				\$	185,632,183	\$	37,124,970	\$	222,757,153
	Net position	•					¢	219,411,967	\$	54,711,256	\$	
	Her hosition	- enum	9				φ	213,411,30/	φ	54,711,250	φ	274,123,223

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2021

	General	Road and Bridge	Local Option Sales Tax	Disaster	American Rescue Plan	Other Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$45,390,027	\$ 4,701,645	\$ 11,583,542	\$ 4,949,418	\$17,854,349	\$ 19,622,368	\$ 15,544,105	\$ 119,645,454
Investments	781,925	-	-	-	-	-	-	781,925
Receivables, Net of Uncollectibles								
Accounts	120,726	-	-	-	-	-	654,176	774,902
Leases - Current	326,283	-	-	-	-	-	-	326,283
Due From Other Governments	1,621,797	1,082,321	779,513	9,816,152	-	-	5,535,712	18,835,495
Due From Other Funds	4,716,147	-	-	-	-	-	108,267	4,824,414
Inventory	92,746	244,831	-	-	-	-	-	337,577
Total Assets	\$ 53,049,651	\$ 6,028,797	\$ 12,363,055	\$14,765,570	\$17,854,349	\$ 19,622,368	\$ 21,842,260	\$ 145,526,050
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$ 3,216,246	\$ 515,514	\$ 47,428	\$ 7,988	\$ 50,431	\$ 3,913,413	\$ 990,689	\$ 8,741,709
Contracts Payable	-	475,553	19,872	-	-	2,102,263	743,539	3,341,227
Accrued Wages Payable	2,069,541	290,817	-	-	-	-	265,883	2,626,241
Deposits	171,537	-	-	-	-	-	-	171,537
Unearned Revenue	142,492	-	-	-	17,802,089	-	25,827	17,970,408
Due to Other Funds	5,826	-	-	-	-	-	4,813,588	4,819,414
Due to Other Governments	46,713						870,910	917,623
Total Liabilities	5,652,355	1,281,884	67,300	7,988	17,852,520	6,015,676	7,710,436	38,588,159
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable	92,746	244,831	-	-	-	-	-	337,577
Restricted	1,597,453	331,527	12,295,755	14,757,582	1,829	13,606,692	11,657,571	54,248,409
Committed	50,961	-	-	-	-	-	1,949,434	2,000,395
Assigned	5,538,442	4,170,555	-	-	-	-	713,237	10,422,234
Unassigned	40,117,694						(188,418)	39,929,276
Total Fund Balances	47,397,296	4,746,913	12,295,755	14,757,582	1,829	13,606,692	14,131,824	106,937,891
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 53,049,651	\$ 6,028,797	\$ 12,363,055	\$ 14,765,570	\$ 17,854,349	\$ 19,622,368	\$ 21,842,260	\$ 145,526,050

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 106,937,891
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the		
Statement of Net Position Are Different Because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Total Capital Assets, Net, See Note F	240,946,118	
Less: Internal Service Fund Capital Assets	(25,869)	240,920,249
Deferred outflows of resources are presented in governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position, but are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Deferred Outflows On Pension	18,083,238	
Less: Internal Service Fund Deferred Outflows On Pensions	(39,280)	
Deferred Outflows On Health Insurance Subsidy	3,582,779	
Less: Internal Service Fund Deferred Outflows On Health Insurance Subsidy	(11,649)	
Deferred Outflows On Opeb	734,151	
Less: Internal Service Fund Deferred Outflows On Opeb	(2,362)	22,346,877
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Total Long-term Liabilities, See Note G	(64,324,892)	
Net Pension Liability, See Note K	(32,566,054)	
Net OPEB Liability, See Note N	(7,559,910)	
Add: Interest Payable Due to Interest Accruals	(196,413)	
Less: Enterprise Funds Net Pension Liability	1,579,877	
Less: Enterprise Funds Net OPEB Liability	432,031	
Less: Internal Service Fund Insurance Claims Payable	4,023,359	
Less: Internal Service Fund Compensated Absences	32,712	
Less: Internal Service Fund Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	29,914	
Less: Internal Service Fund Net Pension Liability	(16,716)	
Less: Internal Service Fund Net Health Insurance Subsidy Liability	80,726	(98,485,366)
Deferred inflows of resources are presented in governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position, but are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Deferred Inflows On Pension	(52,921,959)	
Less: Internal Service Fund Deferred Inflows On Pensions	175,472	
Deferred Inflows On Health Insurance Subsidy	(893,863)	
Less: Internal Service Fund Deferred Inflows On Health Insurance Subsidy	3,085	
Deferred Inflowes On Opeb	(1,587,363)	
Less: Internal Service Fund Deferred Inflows On Opeb	6,323	(55,218,305)
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of providing insurance coverage		
to individual funds and therefore, the assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		2,910,621
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 219,411,967



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes In Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2021

SANTA ROSA

	_	General		Road and Bridge	_	Local Option Sales Tax	_	Disaster
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	67,920,968	\$	8,276,800	\$	11,533,480	\$	-
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments		577,158		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		18,811,192		3,424,634		-		10,617,051
Charges for Services		11,186,563		10,538		-		-
Fines and Forfeits		342,831		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		2,434,077		554,796	_	4,218		68
Total Revenues	_	101,272,789	-	12,266,768	-	11,537,698	_	10,617,119
Expenditures								
Current								
General Government	\$	29,333,269	\$	-	\$	654,949	\$	-
Public Safety		55,903,411		-		708,848		9,955,292
Physical Environment		2,604,009		1,871,561		70,629		-
Transportation		1,524,473		11,924,693		1,950,639		-
Economic Environment		1,001,449		-		-		-
Human Services		6,773,036		-		-		-
Culture and Recreation		3,801,878		-		1,057,849		-
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt Service		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		100,941,525		13,796,254		4,442,914		9,955,292
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		331,264		(1,529,486)		7,094,784		661,827
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		12,246,397		2,643,843		-		10,608,039
Transfers Out		(14,318,447)		-		(809,010)		-
Issuance of Revenue Refunding Bond		-		-		-		-
Issuance of Other Debt		-						-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,072,050)		2,643,843		(809,010)		10,608,039
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,740,786)		1,114,357		6,285,774		11,269,866
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year Restated		49,138,082		3,632,556		6,009,981		3,487,716
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	47,397,296	\$	4,746,913	\$	12,295,755	\$	14,757,582



merican scue Plan	Other Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$-	\$ 5,016,390	\$	92,747,638
-	-	11,998,051		12,575,209
98,231	200,000	22,122,659		55,273,767
-	-	5,738,309		16,935,410
-	-	1,241,279		1,584,110
1,829	12,516	1,218,093		4,225,597
 100,060	212,516	 47,334,781		183,341,731
\$ 98,231	\$ 160,153	\$ 20,367,855	\$	50,614,457
-	-	11,623,590		78,191,141
-	-	534,043		5,080,242
-	-	966,476		16,366,281
-	-	4,286,554		5,288,003
-	-	309,600		7,082,636
-	-	-		4,859,727
-	33,945,647	-		33,945,647
 -	-	 1,866,637		1,866,637
 98,231	34,105,800	 39,954,755		203,294,771
1,829	(33,893,284)	7,380,026		(19,953,040)
-	4,692,921	3,425,002		33,616,202
-	(789,364)	(16,969,261)		(32,886,082)
-	32,400,000	-		32,400,000
-	10,825,000	1,210,500		12,035,500
 -	47,128,557	 (12,333,759)		45,165,620
1,829	13,235,273	(4,953,733)		25,212,580
 	371,419	 19,085,557		81,725,311
\$ 1,829	\$ 13,606,692	\$ 14,131,824	\$	106,937,891



Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 25,212,580
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	
statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. in the current period. These amounts are:	
Current Period Investment in Capital Assets	60,910,591
Current Period Depreciation	(13,502,047)
Current Period Loss On Disposal of Capital Assets, Net of Proceeds	(303,346)
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding loans, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	
Change in Interest Payable	(125,929)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also debt proceeds are an other financing source in the governmental funds, but the issuance increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Current Period Change in Compensated Absences	(84,352)
Current Period Note Payments	829,471
Current Period Special Assessment Note Payments	447,137
Current Period Debt Proceeds	(12,035,500)
Current Period Change in Pension Liability	71,038,210
Current Period Change in Health Insurance Subsidy	(344,315)
Current Period Increase in Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	424,389
Current Period Change in Deferred Outflow of Resources On Pensions	(11,765,114)
Current Period Change in Deferred Inflow of Resources On Pensions	(52,367,187)
Current Period Change in Deferred Outflow of Resources On Health Insurance Subsidy	(606,480)
Current Period Change in Deferred Inflow of Resources On Health Insurance Subsidy	266,851
Current Period Change in Deferred Outflow of Resources On OPEB	(90,925)
Current Period Change in Deferred Inflow of Resources On OPEB	(564,756)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of providing insurance coverage and therefore, the change in net position of the internal service fund is included in governmental activities in the Statement of Activities.	(1,159,494)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 66,179,784

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities							
	N	lajor Fund		Nonmaian				ernmental ctivities
		Landfill		onmajor nterprise Funds	I	Total Enterprise Funds		Internal rvice Fund
Current Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	16,354,394	\$	8,692,902	\$	25,047,296	\$	7,557,740
Investments Accounts Receivable		-		-		-		700,072
Due From Other Governments		1,255,087		182,128 228,003		1,437,215 228,003		43,188
Total Current Assets		17,609,481		9,103,033		26,712,514		8,301,000
Noncurrent Assets		17,000,401		0,100,000		20,712,014		0,001,000
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		6,920,373		-		6,920,373		-
Restricted Investments		10,910,284		-		10,910,284		-
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		18,119,849		12,497,152		30,617,001		25,869
Total Noncurrent Assets		35,950,506		12,497,152		48,447,658		25,869
Total Assets		53,559,987		21,600,185		75,160,172		8,326,869
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred Outflow On Pension		297,989		398,545		696,534		39,280
Deferred Outflow On Health Insurance Subsidy		86,744		104,212		190,956		11,649
Deferred Outflow On OPEB		22,695		23,544		46,239		2,362
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		407,428		526,301		933,729		53,291
		<u>.</u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities		074 540		000.005		000 450		4 400 005
Accounts Payable		271,548		328,905		600,453		1,123,305
Contracts Payable Current Portion of Claims Payable		17,816		51,546		69,362		- 650,172
Accrued Wages Payable		98,817		- 116,245		215,062		11,359
Due to Other Governments				83,636		83,636		-
Due to Other Funds		-		5,000		5,000		-
Compensated Absences - Current Portion		195,000		95,206		290,206		32,712
Note Payable - Current				555,568		555,568		-
Deposits		166,767		240,300		407,067		-
Current Portion of Landfill Closure Costs		18,721		-		18,721		-
Total Current Liabilities		768,669		1,476,406		2,245,075		1,817,548
Noncurrent Liabilities								
Long Term Portion of Compensated Absences		142,893		195,000		337,893		-
Long Term Portion of Claims Payable		-		-		-		3,373,187
Long Term Portion of Landfill Closure Costs		14,417,982		-		14,417,982		-
Net Pension Liability		239,530		243,278		482,808		(16,716)
Net Health Insurance Subsidy Liability OPEB Liability		473,856 189,654		623,213 242,377		1,097,069 432,031		80,726 29,914
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		15,463,915		1,303,868		16,767,783		3,467,111
Total Liabilities		16,232,584		2,780,274		19,012,858		5,284,659
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred Inflow On Pension		971,109		1,228,388		2,199,497		175,472
Deferred Inflow On Health Insurance Subsidy		30,394		39,600		69,994		3,085
Deferred Inflow On OPEB		47,036		53,260		100,296		6,323
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,048,539		1,321,248		2,369,787		184,880
Net Position								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		18,119,849		11,941,584		30,061,433		25,869
Restricted for Landfill Closure		3,393,954		-		3,393,954		-
Unrestricted		15,172,489		6,083,380	_	21,255,869		2,884,752
Total Net Position	\$	36,686,292	\$	18,024,964	\$	54,711,256	\$	2,910,621



Statement of Revenues, Expenses, And Changes In Net Position - Proprietary Funds Year Ended September 30, 2021

		В	usines	s-tupe Activitie	es			
	M	lajor Fund						vernmental
		Landfill		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Tot	al Enterprise Funds	Inte	ernal Service Fund
Operating Revenues								
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	\$	275,500	\$	5,291,887	\$	5,567,387	\$	-
Charges for Services		16,686,461		2,842,082		19,528,543		1,512,970
Insurance Proceeds		-		-		-		1,884,194
Miscellaneous	-	5,000	-	121	-	5,121	-	-
Total Operating Revenues		16,966,961	_	8,134,090		25,101,051		3,397,164
Operating Expenses								
Personal Services		2,262,300		2,637,565		4,899,865		362,567
Contract Services		1,486,286		749,154		2,235,440		218,769
Supplies		144,584		206,194		350,778		25,779
Repairs and Maintenance		669,372		262,054		931,426		83,893
Utilities		79,721		105,584		185,305		
Depreciation		1,029,051		887,047		1,916,098		5,376
Travel and Per Diem		1,599		1,957		3,556		0,070
Insurance		85,500		60,750		146,250		2,688,449
Communications		46,913		33,723		80,636		2,000,443
Advertising		1,422		55,725		1,422		150
-		-		-				-
Fuel and Oil		243,247		37,123		280,370		-
Rentals		813,093		1,487		814,580		-
Landfill Closure and Maintenance		(4,199,671)		-		(4,199,671)		-
Claims and Changes in Estimates		-		-		-		1,160,678
Miscellaneous		20,014		21,573		41,587		17,169
Total Operating Expenses	-	2,683,431		5,004,211		7,687,642	-	4,562,838
Operating Income (Loss)		14,283,530		3,129,879		17,413,409		(1,165,674)
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)								
Investment Income		34,535		3,414		37,949		6,180
Interest Expense		-		(16,329)		(16,329)		-
Sale of Recycled Materials		99,273		-		99,273		-
Gain (Loss) On Disposal of Assets		(18,464)		(969)		(19,433)		-
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)		115,344		(13,884)		101,460		6,180
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and								
Transfers		14,398,874		3,115,995		17,514,869		(1,159,494)
				690,565		690,565		-
Transfers in		-		030,303		,		
Transfers in Transfers Out		- (1,103,150)		(317,535)		(1,420,685)		-
	_	- (1,103,150) -			_		_	-
Transfers Out	6	- (1,103,150) - - 13,295,724	-	(317,535)	-	(1,420,685)	-	(1,159,494
Transfers Out Capital Contribution	-		-	(317,535) 801,537	-	(1,420,685) 801,537	-	- (1,159,494) 4,070,115

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities							
	Ν	lajor Fund						vernmental Activities
		Landfill		Nonmajor Total Enterprise Enterprise Funds Funds			Internal rvice Fund	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities								
Cash Received From Customers	\$	17,040,393	\$	8,106,146	\$	25,146,539	\$	-
Cash Paid to Suppliers		(3,453,403)		(1,733,087)		(5,186,490)		(3,048,693)
Cash Paid to Employees		(2,278,095)		(2,633,140)		(4,911,235)		(353,860)
Cash Received From Interfund Services Provided		-		-		-		3,393,283
Cash Paid for Internal Services Provided		-		-		-		(700,181)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities		11,308,895		3,739,919		15,048,814		(709,451)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities								
Transfers in		-		690,565		690,565		-
Transfers Out		(1,103,150)		(317,535)		(1,420,685)		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing Activities		(1,103,150)		373,030		(730,120)		-
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Proceeds From Sale of Assets		49,114		-		49,114		-
Capital Contribution		-		801,537		801,537		-
Purchases of Capital Assets		(912,820)		(4,039,109)		(4,951,929)		-
Principal Paid On Capital Debt		-		(535,020)		(535,020)		-
Interest Paid On Capital Debt		-		(16,329)		(16,329)		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities		(863,706)		(3,788,921)		(4,652,627)		_
Cash Flows From Investing Activities								
Interest and Dividends		34,535		3,414		37,949		6,180
Net Sale (Purchase) of Investments		(24,335)		-,		(24,335)		(1,562)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Investing Activities		10,200		3,414		13,614		4,618
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		9,352,239		327,442		9,679,681		(704,833)
Cash and Cash Equivalents At Beginning of Year		13,922,528		8,365,460		22,287,988		8,262,573
Cash and Cash Equivalents At End of Year	\$	23,274,767	\$	8,692,902	\$	31,967,669	\$	7,557,740

SANTA ROSA COUNTY FLORIDA

								Continued	
		Business-type Activities						Governmental Activities	
	_	Landfill		lonmajor interprise Funds	 	Total Enterprise Funds	Se	Internal ervice Fund	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities									
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	14,283,530	\$	3,129,879	\$	17,413,409	\$	(1,165,674	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities									
Depreciation Expense		1,029,051		887,047		1,916,098		5,376	
Landfill Closure Costs		(4,199,671)		-		(4,199,671)		-	
Gain (Loss) On Disposal of Capital Assets		(18,464)		-		(18,464)		-	
Sale of Recycled Materials		99,273		-		99,273		-	
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:									
Accounts Receivable		73,432		47,173		120,605		(3,881	
Due From Other Governments		-		(75,117)		(75,117)		-	
Accounts Payable		131,653		(80,899)		50,754		9,906	
Contracts Payable		17,816		51,546		69,362		-	
Accrued Compensation		6,388		11,569		17,957		(2,675	
Compensated Absences		(22,183)		(7,144)		(29,327)		11,382	
Due to Other Governments		-		13,172		13,172		-	
Due to Other Funds		-		5,000		5,000		-	
Opeb Liability		(13,078)		(15,595)		(28,673)		(2,246	
Claims Payable		-		-		-		460,497	
Deposits		21,067		(51,169)		(30,102)		-	
Net Pension Liability		(1,276,541)		(1,638,121)		(2,914,662)		(231,930	
Net Heatlh Insurance Subsidy		(7,087)		(18,296)		(25,383)		(1,288	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		213,046		258,216		471,262		34,249	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	970,663		1,222,658		2,193,321		176,833	
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	11,308,895	\$	3,739,919	\$	15,048,814	\$	(709,451)	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds September 30, 2021

Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,881,938
Miscellaneous Receivables	250,542
Total Assets	\$ 7,132,480
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$ 5,637
Due to Other Governments	1,622,551
Miscellaneous Liabilities	92,635
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,720,823
Net Position	
Restricted for:	
Cash Bonds	\$ 359,061
Court Registry	2,506,415
General Trust	2,511,750
Seizure	13,439
Flowers or Donations	 20,992
Total Net Position	\$ 5,411,657



Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds September 30, 2021

Additions

Deposits in Court Registry	\$	7,209,835
Recording Fees		42,585,051
Deposits for Real Estate Auction		1,801,520
Deposits for Tax Deeds		1,696,894
Deposits for Restitution		153,477
Deposits for Bonds		779,654
Payments from State		234
Payments from Individuals		4,496,366
Unclaimed Funds		26,616
Child Support Purges and Levies		75,460
Cash Seized		7,801
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments		158,007,739
Other Taxes and Fees for Other Governments		741,086
License and Fees Collected for State		30,247,037
Other Fees Collected for Other Entities	-	5,436,432
Total Additions		253,265,202
Deductions		
Release of Bonds		700,643
Refunds of Real Estate Auction Deposits		1,910,668
Tax Deed Deferred		488,451
Payments to State		79,127,162
Payments to Local Agencies		1,609,450
Payments for Witnesses		3,938
Payments to Victims		153,476
Refunds		181,046
Court Ordered Disbursements		6,501,565
Flower Fund		431
Purges and Levies Paid to Other Agencies		77,193
Payments to Law Enforcement Trust		7,652
Payments of Property Tax to Other Governments		158,007,739
Payments of Other Taxes and Fees to Other Governments		741,086
Payments to Other Entities		5,436,432
Total Deductions	=	254,946,932
Changes in Net Position		(1,681,730)
Net Position, Beginning of Year Restated		7,093,387

Net Position, Beginning of Year Restated **Net Position, End of Year**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

5,411,657

\$

Notes To Financial Statements

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NOTE A – SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the significant accounting policies applied consistently in the preparation of the financial statements follows:

1. Reporting Entity

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has established standards for defining the financial reporting entity. In developing these standards, the GASB assumed that all governmental organizations are responsible to elected officials at the federal, state, or local level. Financial reporting by a state or local government should report the elected officials' accountability for those organizations. As concluded by the GASB, the financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Santa Rosa County, Florida (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Florida created pursuant to Article 8, Section 1(e), of the Constitution of the State of Florida and Chapter 7 of the Florida Statutes. It is governed by a five-member Board of County Commissioners (the Board) elected from single-member districts. The Board has no powers other than those expressly vested in it by the Florida Statutes and its governmental powers cannot be delegated. The Board appoints an administrator to administer all policies emanating from its statutory powers and authority. In addition to the Board, there are five elected Constitutional Officers, pursuant to Article 8, Section 1(d) of the Constitution of the State of Florida: Clerk of Courts, Sheriff, Tax Collector, Property Appraiser and Supervisor of Elections.

These financial statements include the operating activities of the Board, Clerk of Courts, Sheriff, Tax Collector, Property Appraiser and Supervisor of Elections.

Dependent Special Districts

Blackwater Soil & Water Conservation District - The Blackwater Soil & Water Conservation District (Blackwater) was created by the Florida Legislature in 1942 pursuant to Florida Statute Section 582. Santa Rosa County was established as the local governing authority and is Blackwater's only source of funding. Blackwater does not meet the criteria as a legally separate entity in that it cannot buy, sell, own, lease and mortgage property in its own name. The activities of Blackwater are included in these financial statements as a department of the County within the General Fund.

Pace Property Finance Authority - The Pace Property Finance Authority (Authority) was created in 1990 by County Resolution No. 90-12 pursuant to Chapter 617 of the Florida Statutes. In accordance with Florida Statutes Section 189.403, the Authority qualifies as a dependent special district. Additionally, the Authority is a component unit of the County. However, the Authority meets the criteria for inclusion in more than one reporting entity - Pace Water System as well as the County. In these cases, judgment must be exercised by management of the reporting entities as to which reporting entity the organization should be included. The Authority has the same elected governing body as the Pace Water System. Additionally, both the Authority and Pace Water System own portions of a single water/sewer system; thus, their capital assets are part of an interconnected system. Finally, the Authority's debt was issued solely to finance the Pace water/sewer system improvements. Based on these facts, management has decided to include the Authority in the combined financial statements of Pace Water System rather than as a component unit of the County.

Santa Rosa County Health Facilities Authority - The Santa Rosa County Health Facilities Authority (Authority) was created in 1982 by County Ordinance No. 82-02 pursuant to Section 154, Florida Statutes. In accordance with Florida Statutes Section 189.403, the Authority qualifies as a dependent special district. Additionally, the Authority is a component unit of the County. The County appoints the five (5) members of the Authority. Additionally, the County may abolish the Authority at any time by ordinance or resolution as long as all bonded indebtedness incurred by the Authority has been paid. The Authority exists solely to assist health facilities within the County with the acquisition, construction, financing, and refinancing of projects through issuance of conduit debt. All bonds issued by the Authority were subsequently defeased through issuance of new debt culminating with the issuance of \$58 million in new bonds in 2003. The debt outstanding is a limited obligation of the Authority and not a general obligation of the Authority or the County. The Authority is not obligated to pay the principal and interest on the bonds except from the

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

revenues of the Authority pursuant to its loan agreement with Gulf Breeze Hospital. The Authority has no financial activity and the bonds issued under the Authority's name are recorded in the books of the hospital.

Santa Rosa County Housing Finance Authority - The Santa Rosa County Housing Finance Authority (Authority) was created in 1984 by County Resolution No. 84-18 pursuant to Chapter 78-89, Laws of Florida codified as Chapter 159, Part IV, Section 159.601 through 159.623. In accordance with Florida Statutes Section 189.403, the Authority qualifies as a dependent special district. Additionally, based on the criteria outlined above, the Authority is a component unit of Santa Rosa County. The Santa Rosa County Board of County Commissioners, through various resolutions and interlocal agreements with the Escambia County Housing Finance Authority (ECHFA), has authorized ECHFA to allow qualified residents of Santa Rosa County to apply for and obtain preferential mortgages from proceeds generated by bonds issued by ECHFA. Accordingly, there is no financial activity related to the Santa Rosa County Housing Finance Authority to be reflected in these financial statements.

2. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The County groups its funds into two broad fund categories as either governmental or proprietary in nature. Governmental funds include the general, special revenue, debt service and capital project funds. Proprietary funds include enterprise funds and an internal service fund.

3. Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which primarily rely on fees and charges for support. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, the governmental fund financial statements to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the governmental fund financial statements.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the County and for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other purposes result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use. In a fund with both restricted and unrestricted positions, qualified expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted net position then from unrestricted net position. The government-wide statement of net position reports \$44,035,671 of restricted net position, of which \$14,288,141 is restricted by enabling legislation.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund financial statements, as presented herein, focus primarily on the major funds of the governmental and proprietary categories. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and



NOTE A – SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

Governmental Funds

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

The major governmental funds are:

- General Fund This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund Accounts for that portion of state fuel taxes and fees designated for road improvement projects.
- Local Option Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund Accounts for ½-cent local option sales surtax designated for capital improvement projects.
- Disaster Special Revenue Fund accounts for federal, state and local funding relating to recovery from natural disasters.
- American Rescue Plan Special Revenue Fund Accounts for appropriations from the Federal government of funds under the American Rescue Plan Act.
- Other Capital Projects Fund accounts for the purchase or construction of other capital facilities which are not financed by proprietary funds or trust funds.

Revenue Recognition

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available (i.e., collectible within the current year or within one month of year-end and available to pay obligations of the current period – except for certain grant revenues which are recognized as revenues in the same period the grant expenditures occurred). This includes investment earnings, property taxes, special assessments, and fines and forfeitures. Certain state-levied locally shared taxes including motor vehicle license tax and fuel taxes are considered derived non-exchange transactions. These types of transactions are subject to income recognition when the underlying transaction occurs. Reimbursements due for federally funded projects are accrued as revenue at the time the expenditures are made, or when received in advance, deferred until expenditures are made.

Other revenues, including licenses and permits, certain charges for services and miscellaneous revenues, are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Expenditure Recognition

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on governmental long-term debt, which has not matured, are recognized when paid. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Proprietary Funds

All proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds. Unbilled utility service receivables are recorded at each year-end.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of all the County's enterprise

FINANCIAL SECTION

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

funds and internal service fund are charged to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The major proprietary fund is: the Landfill Fund, which accounts for the operation of the solid waste disposal facilities of the County.

The County's only internal service fund is the Self Insurance Fund. This fund accounts for the risk management activities of the Board and the other elected officials. Costs are billed to the departments and other elected officials at the actual and estimated costs of providing insurance coverage. At year-end, uncovered costs are billed to the departments, if necessary. Billings in excess of costs are credited to the departments. The policy of the County is not to eliminate interfund activity, i.e. the estimated insurance costs billed to the departments, in the government-wide statement of activities, so as to better reflect the true operating costs of those departments.

Fiduciary Funds

Custodial funds are used to account for monies held on behalf of individuals and companies that use the County as a depository as well as for property taxes, fines, court costs, licenses and fees collected on behalf of other governments. The County has thirteen custodial fiduciary funds.

4. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Florida Statutes Chapters 129 and 200 govern the preparation, adoption, and administration of the County's annual budget. The budget must be balanced, i.e., the estimated revenues plus beginning fund balance brought forward must equal appropriations and be prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Board may, at any time within a fiscal year, amend a budget for that year as follows:

Appropriations for expenditures in any fund may be decreased and other appropriations in the same fund correspondingly increased by motion recorded in the minutes. The budget officer may authorize certain interdepartmental and interdepartmental budget amendments, provided that the total appropriation of the fund is not changed. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Budgets are required for all governmental funds except:

Special Revenue Funds:

Sheriff's Grants Sheriff's Second Dollar Sheriff's Prisoner Recreation Sheriff's Local Option Sales Tax

Accordingly, the County does not adopt annual appropriated budgets for the above listed special revenue funds.

Budgets are not initially authorized but subsequently amended for the following funds:

Special Revenue Funds:

Disaster Grants

5. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

6. Investments

Investments in U.S. Treasury bills, government backed securities and the Florida Local Government Investment Trust Fund are recorded at fair value. As permitted by GASB Statement No. 72, bank certificates of deposit and short-term money market investments are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value.



NOTE A – SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

7. Inventory

Inventory consists of gas, oil, automotive parts, road signs, culverts, and various other items used by the road department and insecticides used by mosquito control operations. Inventory is valued at cost (first in, first out). The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the inventory is purchased.

In the fund level statements, reported inventories are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance since such amounts will not convert to cash even though they are a component of net current assets.

8. Accounting for Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the acquisition date.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that does not add to the value of an asset or materially extends an asset's life is not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The County does not capitalize interest expense on borrowings used to finance construction of capital assets, as the capitalizable interest, after netting of interest earnings, is normally insignificant.

Property, plant and equipment of the County is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20 - 50 years
Water Distribution System	20 years
Improvements	10 - 20 years
Equipment	3 - 10 years
Infrastructure	40 years

9. Compensated Absences

It is the policy of the County to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused leave benefits which will be paid to employees upon separation from service. Unpaid compensated absences are recorded as a liability when the benefits are earned in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The valuation of accrued leave benefits is calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16. For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General (75%) and the Road and Bridge (25%) funds.

10. Property Taxes

Real and personal property valuations are determined each year as of January 1 by the Property Appraiser's office. Florida Statutes require that all property be assessed at 100 percent of just value.

All property taxes become due and payable on November 1 and are delinquent on April 1 of the following year. Discounts of 4, 3, 2 and 1 percent are allowed for early payment in November through February, respectively. The Tax Collector advertises as required by statute and sells tax certificates for unpaid taxes on real property. Certificates not sold are considered "County Held Certificates." Persons owning land upon which a tax certificate has been sold may redeem the land by paying the face amount of the tax certificate, plus interest and other costs.

Property taxes levied on property valuations as of January 1, 2021 and expected to be collected during the period November 2021 through March 2022 are as follows:

General Fund

\$75,023,121

These taxes, although measurable, are not recognized as revenue at September 30, 2021, since they are not considered to be collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay current period liabilities.



NOTE A – SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

11. Landfill Closure Costs

Under the terms of current state and federal regulations, the County is required to place a final cover on closed landfill areas, and to perform certain monitoring and maintenance functions for a period of up to thirty years after closure. The County recognizes these costs of closure and post-closure maintenance over the active life of each landfill area, based on landfill capacity used during the period.

12. Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts

Accounts receivable for the County are reported net of allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance for doubtful accounts represents those accounts which are deemed uncollectible based upon past collection history.

13. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable — The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The not in spendable form criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

Restricted — Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the County to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the County can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed — The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance) of the County. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the County removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the Board, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned — Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balances represent the intended use established by the Board for the remaining amounts that are not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board.

Unassigned — Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.



NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 2021, the bank held deposits of \$168,670,289 (before outstanding checks and deposits in transit) consisting of amounts held in checking, savings, money market or time deposit accounts. All deposits with financial institutions were 100% insured by federal depository insurance or by collateral pursuant to the Public Depository Security Act of the State of Florida.

The County's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Pursuant to Florida Statutes Section 218.415, the County adopted an investment policy which outlines the County's investment responsibilities, objectives, and policies. The County's investment policy authorizes the County to invest in the following:

- a. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (SBA) (Maximum of 75%)*;
- b. Florida Local Government Investment Trust (FLGIT) (State Investment Trust) (100% allowed)*;
- c. Qualified money market mutual funds (Maximum of 50%)*;
- d. U.S. Treasury bills, notes and bonds (100% allowed);
- e. Obligations guaranteed by the U.S. Government as to principal and interest such as obligations of the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) (Maximum of 5%)*;
- f. Non-callable Government Agency securities (Maximum of 25%)*:
 - i. Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB),
 - ii. Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC),
 - iii. Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB),
 - iv. Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA).

This classification of government agency securities does not include any mortgage debt of any government agency;

- g. Time deposits and savings accounts in banks or savings and loan associations doing business in Florida (Maximum of 50%)*;
- h. Repurchase agreements for investments authorized in categories d, e, or f above. (Maximum of 40%)*

*To limit the County's concentration of credit risk these are the maximum percentages of the County's total portfolio that can be in each type of investment.

Interest rate risk is limited by no security having a maturity exceeding 2 years. The weighted average to maturity for the portfolio shall be less than 365 days or 1 year. Investments placed with the FLGIT, which typically invests in instruments with maturities of less than 5 years, are exempt from this limitation. The average maturity of investments held in the FLGIT as of September 30, 2021 is 2.10 years.

The FLGIT, also known as Florida Trust, is a local government investment pool created by the Florida Association of Court Clerks and Comptrollers, and the Florida Association of Counties for the purpose of providing public entities with an investment program by providing investment vehicles for funds that can be invested in short- to intermediate-term securities and have returns generally greater than the national average for money market instruments. The fair values of the Countys positions in the pool are the same as the value of the pool shares. The Florida Trust offers two separately rated, open-ended, professionally managed funds available only to public entities in Florida.

The Investment Trust:

A short-term bond fund with an investment portfolio structured to maintain safety of principal and maximize available yield through a balance of quality and diversification. As of September 30, 2021, the Investment Trust managed \$961 million and had a price per share of \$26.90 and a Fitch rating of AAAf. This short-term bond fund invests

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NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

in U.S. Treasuries and Agency Securities, Mortgages, Commercial Paper, Asset-Backed Securities, and A rated Corporate Securities.

The Day to Day Fund:

The Florida Trust Day to Day Fund is a money market product created in response to demand to provide a fiscally conservative diversification option for Florida local governments. Fund features include same day transactions and online account management. The fund is AAAm-rated by Fitch and is governed by the same board and advisory committee that oversees the Investment Trust.

The County's investments as defined by GASB Statement No. 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application are reported at fair value based on level 1 inputs for quoted prices for identical investments in active markets.

	Carryin Amoun	•
Investments:		
Flgit Investment Trust Fund	\$ 12,39	2,281
Total Investments	12,39	2,281
Cash:		
Cash in Bank	53,81	6,247
Day to Day Trust	105,35	0,391
Petty Cash		4,225
Total Cash	159,17	0,863
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 171,56	3,144

Schedule of Cash and Investments at September 30, 2021

Restricted cash and investments typically consist of funds set aside for the payment of debt and funds set aside to ensure assets producing the pledged revenues are repaired and replaced as needed. These assets are restricted since their use is limited by the applicable bond indentures. Other restricted assets consist of funds restricted to the payment of future landfill closure costs.

Restricted cash and investments by category and by fund are as follows:

Landfill	escrow
Lanam	0301010

La	ndfill Fund
\$	17,830,657

NOTE C - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

At September 30, 2021, amounts due from other governmental units were as follows:

	(General Fund	-	Road and Bridge Fund	s	Local Option Sales Tax Fund	Disaster Fund	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	En	onmajor Iterprise Funds	Total
Federal Government - Grants	\$	296,573	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 8,413,845	\$ 452,002	\$	228,003	\$ 9,390,423
State of Florida - Grants		79,549		-		-	1,402,307	4,802,944		-	6,284,800
State of Florida - Taxes		857,024		1,082,321		779,513	-	210,723		-	2,929,581
Local Taxes		388,651		-		-	-	55,642		-	444,293
Other		-		-		-	-	14,401		-	14,401
Total	\$	1,621,797	\$	1,082,321	\$	779,513	\$ 9,816,152	\$ 5,535,712	\$	228,003	\$ 19,063,498



NOTE D – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transactions for the year ended September 30, 2021 were as follows:

	Interfund Receivable			nterfund Payable	Interfund ansfers in	Interfund Transfers Out		
General Fund	\$	4,716,147	\$	5,826	\$ 12,246,397	\$	14,318,447	
Road & Bridge Fund		-		-	2,643,843		-	
Local Option Sales Tax Fund		-		-	-		809,010	
Disaster Fund		-		-	10,608,039		-	
Other Capital Projects Fund		-		-	4,692,921		789,364	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		108,267		4,813,588	3,425,002		16,969,261	
Landfill Fund		-		-	-		1,103,150	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds				5,000	690,565		317,535	
Total	\$	4,824,414	\$	4,824,414	\$ 34,306,767	\$	34,306,767	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) move unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund balances result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTE E – RECEIVABLES

	A	Accounts	Alle	owance	I	Leases	Intergov- ernmental	Total
Governmental								
General	\$	120,726	\$	-	\$	326,283	\$ 1,621,797	\$ 2,068,806
Road & Bridge		-		-		-	1,082,321	1,082,321
Local Option Sales Tax		-		-		-	779,513	779,513
Disaster		-		-		-	9,816,152	9,816,152
Nonmajor Governmental		654,176		-		-	5,535,712	6,189,888
Self Insurance		43,188		-		-	-	43,188
Subtotal		818,090		-		326,283	 18,835,495	 19,979,868
Business-type								
Landfill		1,255,087		-		-	-	1,255,087
Nonmajor Enterprise		186,932		(4,804)		-	228,003	410,131
Subtotal		1,442,019		(4,804)		-	 228,003	 1,665,218
Total	\$	2,260,109	\$	(4,804)	\$	326,283	\$ 19,063,498	\$ 21,645,086
					-			

NOTE F – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021 was as follows (in thousands):

Governmental Activities	ginning alance	Ac	lditions	Tra	Insfers	Del	etions	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$ 23,560	\$	936	\$	-	\$	57	\$ 24,439
Construction in Progress	27,904		43,173		(2,252)		-	68,825
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	51,464		44,109		(2,252)		57	93,264
Other Capital Assets:								
Buildings	66,004		619		138		16	66,745
Improvements Other Than Buildings	181,090		10,350		2,127		84	193,483
Machinery and Equipment	71,892		5,890		19		4,772	73,029
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	318,986		16,859		2,284		4,872	333,257
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Buildings	54,589		1,074		15		11	55,667
Improvements Other Than Buildings	76,738		5,547		(1)		79	82,205
Machinery and Equipment	45,277		6,886		19		4,479	47,703
Total Accumulated Depreciation	 176,604		13,507		33		4,569	185,575
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	 142,382		3,352		2,251		303	 147,682
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 193,846	\$	47,461	\$	(1)	\$	360	\$ 240,946

Business Like Activities	•	inning ance	Ad	ditions	Transfers	Deletions	nding Ilance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$	1,306	\$	-	\$-	\$ -	\$ 1,306
Construction in Progress		2,558		4,230	(1,119)	-	5,669
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		3,864		4,230	(1,119)	-	6,975
Other Capital Assets:							
Buildings		3,909		310	1,119	12	5,326
Improvements Other Than Buildings		42,267		50	-	-	42,317
Machinery and Equipment		3,921		361	(32)	354	3,896
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		50,097		721	1,087	366	51,539
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:							
Buildings		2,503		164	-	12	2,655
Improvements Other Than Buildings		21,614		1,485	-	-	23,099
Machinery and Equipment		2,214		267	(32)	304	2,145
Total Accumulated Depreciation		26,331		1,916	(32)	316	27,899
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		23,766		(1,195)	1,119	50	23,640
Business Like Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	27,630	\$	3,035	\$-	\$ 50	\$ 30,615



NOTE F – CAPITAL ASSETS – Continued

Depreciation Expense Was Charged to Functions As Follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General Government	\$	961,260
Public Safety		5,035,820
Physical Environment		114,282
Transportation		5,214,709
Economic Environment		159,708
Human Services		188,010
Culture and Recreation		1,833,635
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 1	3,507,424
Business-type Activities:		
Landfill		1,029,051
Navarre Beach	\$	487,826
Inspections		28,884
Peter Prince Field		370,337
Total Business-type Activities Depreciation Expense	\$	1,916,098

Construction and Other Contractual Commitments

The following is a summary of major construction and other contractual commitments outstanding as of September 30, 2021:

Projects	Spent-to-date			Remaining Commitment		
Governmental Activities:			-			
Courthouse Construction	\$	35,170,290	\$	9,275,189		
Road and Bridge Construction		14,574,568		775,333		
Drainage Projects		12,572,088		417,481		
Park Construction		5,524,724		1,380,263		
Total	\$	67,841,670	\$	11,848,266		
Business-type Activities						
Hangar Construction	\$	3,242,054	\$	114,024		
Landfill Access Road	\$	1,564,771	\$	3,282,643		
Total	\$	4,806,825	\$	3,396,667		

NOTE G – LONG-TERM DEBT

1. Changes in Long-Term Debt

Special assessment notes are fully secured by annual assessments made against property owners of the specific area that benefited from the proceeds of the notes. The County has no legal obligation to levy ad valorem taxes or cover the notes in case of default by the property owners. The County does, however, maintain a moral commitment to cover the debt payments until such time as the property owners can make the payments.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year.

	Balance October 1, 2020	Additions	D	eductions	Se	Balance ptember 30, 2021	D	Amount ue Within Dne Year
Governmental Activities:	 							
Compensated Absences	\$ 8,555,675	\$ 6,298,382	\$	6,202,648	\$	8,651,409	\$	4,132,712
Claims Payable	3,562,862	2,300,244		1,839,747		4,023,359		650,172
Revenue Bonds	2,600,000	41,500,000		-		44,100,000		2,000,000
General Obligation Notes	1,575,683	-		780,868		794,815		794,815
Revenue Notes	100,000	2,225,000		48,603		2,276,397		239,690
Special Assessment Notes	4,215,549	710,500		447,137		4,478,912		456,111
Total	\$ 20,609,769	\$ 53,034,126	\$	9,319,003	\$	64,324,892	\$	8,273,500
Business-type Activities:								
Compensated Absences	\$ 657,426	\$ 412,446	\$	441,773	\$	628,099	\$	290,206
Landfill Closure Costs	18,636,374	-		4,199,671		14,436,703		18,721
Notes Payable	1,090,588	-		535,020		555,568		555,568
Total	\$ 20,384,388	\$ 412,446	\$	5,176,464	\$	15,620,370	\$	864,495

Compensated absences are liquidated by the general and other governmental funds incurring the expenditure. Claims liabilities are liquidated in the internal service fund.

2. Descriptions of Notes

The County has revenue bonds, general obligation notes, revenue notes and special assessment notes payable outstanding at year end. There are no lines of credit issued for the County. The notes payable for the 911 system and the Bernath Place MSBU have clauses making outstanding amounts payable immediately upon default. Otherwise, there are no significant termination events with finance-related consequences or subjective acceleration clauses contained in the County debt issues. All of the County notes payable have been issued as direct borrowings or direct placements.

Bonds and Notes Payable At September 30, 2021 Are Comprised of the Following:

General Government - Revenue Bonds Payable

\$35,000,000 bond payable to bank for the construction of new judicial center. The bond Is due in 15 annual payments of \$2,000,000 to 2,635,300 plus interest paid semiannually at 1.77% with final payment due in 2036, secured by a pledge of non-ad valorem revenues.

\$9,100,000 bond payable to bank for the construction of new connector road. The bond Is due in 10 annual payments of \$845,000 to 980,000 plus interest paid semiannually at 1.686% with final payment due in 2032, secured by a pledge of non-ad valorem revenues.

\$ 35,000,000

9.100.000



794,815

1,825,000

451,397



NOTE G – LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

General Government - General Obligation Notes Payable

\$5,279,240 note payable to bank for the purchase and installation of equipment for a new 911 system. The note is due in 7 annual payments of \$809,011 including interest at 1.786% with final payment due in 2021.

General Government - Revenue Notes Payable

\$1,825,000 note payable to bank for the acquisition and construction of improvements and equipment for Benny Russell park. The note is due in 40 quarterly payments of \$3,150 to 57,671 including interest at 2.25% with final payment due in 2030, secured by a pledge of non-ad valorem revenues.

\$500,000 special assessment note payable to seller for the acquisition of property in the Santa Rosa County Fire Protection MSBU. The note is due in 60 monthly payments of \$8,746 to \$8,764 including interest at 2% with final payment due in 2026, secured by a pledge of non-ad valorem revenues.

General Government - Special Assessment Notes Payable

Total General Government Notes Payable	\$ 51,650,124
\$1,221,000 special assessment note payable to bank for the construction of certain infrastructure improvements in the Ponderosa Drive MSBU. The note is due in 56 quarterly payments of \$25,961 including interest at 2.494% with final payment due in 2032. Annual assessments will be made against property owners sufficient to retire the maturing principal and interest.	955,888
\$383,000 special assessment note payable to bank for the construction of certain infrastructure improvements in the Little Duck Circle MSBU. The note is due in 32 quarterly payments of \$13,060 including interest at 2.15% with final payment due in 2026. Annual assessments will be made against property owners sufficient to retire the maturing principal and interest.	224,098
\$268,350 special assessment note payable to bank for the construction of certain infrastructure improvements in the Skiwatch Estates MSBU. The note is due in 40 quarterly payments of \$7,625 including interest at 2.56% with final payment due in 2021. Annual assessments will be made against property owners sufficient to retire the maturing principal and interest.	7,396
\$1,500,000 special assessment note payable to bank for the construction of certain infrastructure improvements in the Bernath Place MSBU. The note is due in 80 quarterly payments of \$25,651 including interest at 3.237% with final payment due in 2040. Annual assessments will be made against property owners sufficient to retire the maturing principal and interest.	1,433,042
\$710,500 special assessment note payable to bank for the acquisition and installation of fire control equipment in the Santa Rosa County Fire Protection MSBU. The note is due in 96 monthly payments of \$8,132 including interest at 2.33% with final payment due in 2028. Annual assessments will be made against property owners sufficient to retire the maturing principal and interest.	650,700
\$700,000 special assessment note payable to bank for the acquisition and installation fire control equipment in the Santa Rosa County Fire Protection MSBU. The note Is due in 60 quarterly payments of \$9,134 to \$14,526 plus interest at 3.14% with final payment due in 2025. Annual assessments will be made against property owners sufficient to retire the maturing principal and interest.	232,639
\$1,102,518 special assessment note payable to bank for the acquisition and installation of fire control equipment in the Santa Rosa County Fire Protection MSBU. The note Is due in 8 annual payments of \$152,062 including interest at 2.24% with final payment due in 2028. Annual assessments will be made against property owners sufficient to retire the maturing principal and interest.	975,149



\$

\$

555,568

555,568

NOTE G – LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Proprietary Fund Type - Note Payable

Navarre Beach

\$6,500,000 Utility System Revenue Note, Series 2006 payable to bank for the construction of certain improvements and additions to the Navarre Beach utility system. The note is due in 15 annual payments of \$335,333 to \$555,568 plus interest at 1.955%, adjusted every 3 years, secured by non-ad valorem revenues.

Total Proprietary Fund Type Note Payable

3. 2021 Refunding

The County Issued Series 2021 Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding bonds to reduce the County's total debt service payments by \$4.3 million and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$2.4 million.

4. Pledged Revenues

Santa Rosa County has pledged certain revenues to repay certain bonds and notes outstanding at September 30, 20201. The following table reports the revenues, sometimes net of related operating expenses, pledged for each debt issue, the amount of such revenues received in the current year, the current year principal and interest paid on the debt, the approximate percentage of each revenue which is pledged to meet the debt obligation, the date through which the revenue is pledged under the debt agreement, and the total pledged future revenues for each debt, which is the amount of the remaining principal and interest on the bonds and notes at September 30, 2021.



NOTE G – LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

2028 2025 2040
2025
2040
2021
2026
2032
2028
2030
2026
2040
2032
turity endar ear
2021
le

Note on Skiwatch Estates Canal Maintenance Dredging - Sufficient funds have already been assessed and collected to cover debt service.

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

NOTE G – LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

5. Debt Service Requirements

The annual requirements to amortize all notes outstanding at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	2,984,816	1,231,018	4,215,834
2023	3,083,364	1,160,558	4,243,922
2024	3,155,276	1,098,938	4,254,214
2025	3,224,117	1,015,007	4,239,124
2026	3,175,629	940,305	4,115,934
2026-2030	15,494,861	3,605,000	19,099,861
2031-2035	11,310,341	1,933,079	13,243,420
2036-2040	9,221,720	495,889	9,717,609
Total	\$ 51,650,124	\$ 11,479,794	\$ 63,129,918

Governmental activities:

Business-type activities:

Year Ended September 30,	Р	rincipal	Ir	nterest	Total
2022		555,568		11,012	566,580
Total	\$	555,568	\$	11,012	\$ 566,580

NOTE H – LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill sites when the landfill stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at sites for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs are paid only near or after the date that a landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$14.4 million reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability (current and noncurrent) at September 30, 2021, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the following percentage usage of the estimated capacity of each of the Countys landfills:

Central Class I Landfill	28%
Central Class III Landfill (New)	59%
Central Class III Landfill (Old)	Closed 10/98

The estimated cost of post closure care for the Central Class III (Old) landfill has been recognized in prior years with any changes in estimates being recorded in the current year. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care for the Central Class I and Class III (New) landfills in the amount of \$21.1 million as their remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2021. The estimated remaining lives of the Central Class I and Class III landfills are 9 and 15 years, respectively. Cost of closure and life estimates are based on the areas currently in use, and not on potential areas of expansion. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to a trust to finance closure and postclosure care. At September 30, 2021, the County held cash and investments of \$17,830,657 to cover the escrow requirement of \$17,830,657. These cash and investments are reported as restricted assets in these financial statements. The County expects that future inflation costs will be paid from interest earnings on these restricted cash and investments and from charges to future landfill users or future tax revenue.



NOTE I – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

1. Litigation

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County's attorney the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

2. Federal and State Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by grantors cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE J – PENSION AND HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY

1. Retirement Plan

Participation – Employees of the County participate in the Florida Retirement System, a cost-sharing multipleemployer retirement system, established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. Participation is compulsory for full-time and part-time employees working in regularly established positions. Elected officials may elect not to participate in the system. Eligible employees may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), deferring receipt of retirement benefits while continuing employment with a Florida Retirement System employer.

Benefit Provisions – The Florida retirement system offers two retirement plans – the FRS Pension Plan and the FRS Investment Plan. An employee may participate in only one of the plans. Both plans, effective July 1, 2011, are funded monthly by a combination of employer and employee contributions.

The FRS Pension Plan is a defined benefit plan which provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-ofliving adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Normal retirement benefits are available to employees who retire at age 62 or 65 (depending on hire date) with 6 or 8 (depending on hire date) or more years of service, or to those employees who have at least 30 or 33 (depending on hire date) years of creditable service, regardless of age. Retirement age and years of service requirements may vary depending on membership class. Early retirement is available after 6 years of service with a 5% reduction of benefits for each year prior to the normal retirement age. Retirement benefits are based upon age, average compensation, and years-of-service credit where average compensation is computed as the average of an individual's five (if enrolled prior to July 1, 2011) or eight (if enrolled on or after July 1, 2011) highest years of earnings.

The FRS Investment Plan is a defined contribution plan in which participants are vested after one year of service. The employer makes contributions each month based on a percentage of the employees gross salary and membership class. The contribution percentage is the same whether participating in the Pension Plan or Investment Plan. Members in the Investment Plan decide how their funds are allocated between various investment accounts and the funds are portable upon termination if the participant is vested. Members in the investment plan are not eligible for participation in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP).

For DROP participants, the deferred monthly benefit plus interest compounded monthly, accrues for the specified period of the DROP participation. Upon retirement, the participant receives the total accumulated DROP benefits and begins to receive current benefits at the previously determined rate.

Contributions – Chapter 121 requires the employer to pay contributions based upon state-wide rates established by the State of Florida. Employees contribute 3% of their salary. During 2021, the County contributed an average of 10.21% of each qualified regular employee's gross salary, 49.74% percent of the elected officials salary, 24.89% of each special risk employee's salary, and 17.32% for each DROP participant. The Country's contributions to the Pension Plan, funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, were equal to the actuarially determined contribution requirements for the year. The Country's contributions to the Investment Plan were equal to the legislatively mandated contribution rates, which are equal to a percentage of the members gross monthly salary based on membership class. Contributions to the Investment plan totaled \$1,474,052, \$1,010,893, and \$899,405 for the years ended September 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Contributions to the Pension plan totaled \$7,341,877, \$7,448,885, and \$6,561,808 for the years ended September 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

NOTE J – PENSION AND HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY – Continued

Financial Report of the Plan – The Florida Retirement System issues a stand-alone financial report. A copy can be obtained by contacting the State of Florida, Division of Retirement, Tallahassee, Florida.

Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan

Plan Description. The Health Insurance Subsidy Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Division of Retirement within the Florida Department of Management Services.

Benefits Provided. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the contribution rate was 1.66% of payroll pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The County contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The Country's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$836,395 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

2. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2021, the County reported a liability of \$32,566,054 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined from an actuarial valuation as of July 1. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's 2020-21 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2020-21 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2021, the Country's change in proportion was a decrease from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020. The following table presents the information on the County's proportionate share of the FRS and HIS:

	FRS	HIS	Total		
Proportionate share of Net Pension Liability at September 30, 2020	\$ 14,526,590	\$ 18,039,464	\$ 32,566,054		
County's proportion at June 30, 2021	0.1923067592%	0.1470628042%			
County's proportion at June 30, 2020	0.2046801490%	0.1451437871%			
Change in proportion during current year	-0.0123733899%	0.0019190171%			



NOTE J – PENSION AND HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY – Continued

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized pension income of \$6,567,339. In addition, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	FR	s		н	S		ounty Total erred Outflow
Description	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	(Deferred Inflow)
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 2,489,881	\$	-	\$ 603,645	\$	7,556	\$ 3,085,970
Change of Assumptions	9,939,813		-	1,417,497		743,272	10,614,038
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings On Pension Plan Investments	-		50,679,619	18,806		-	(50,660,813)
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between County Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	4,338,584		4,441,837	1,512,970		213,029	1,196,688
County Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	 2,011,494			 220,817			 2,232,311
Total	\$ 18,779,772	\$	55,121,456	\$ 3,773,735	\$	963,857	\$ (33,531,806)

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$2,232,311, resulting from County contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

			County Total
Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	FRS	HIS	(Deferred Inflow)
2022	\$ (6,516,462)	\$ 620,273	\$ (5,896,189)
2023	(7,673,098)	398,952	(7,274,146)
2024	(10,270,784)	528,665	(9,742,119)
2025	(13,500,497)	573,749	(12,926,748)
2026	(392,340)	388,330	(4,010)
Thereafter	-	79,093	79,093
Total	\$ (38,353,181)	\$ 2,589,062	\$ (35,764,119)

Actuarial Assumptions — The total pension liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	FKS	
	Inflation	2.40%
	Salary increases	3.25%, average, including inflation
	Investment rate of return	6.80%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
	HIS	
	Inflation	2.40%
	Salary increases	3.25%, average, including inflation
	Investment rate of return	2.16%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
a	lity rates were based on the Ge	operational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB.

FDC

NOTE J – PENSION AND HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY – Continued

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.1%	2.1%	1.1%
Fixed Income	20.0%	3.8%	3.7%	3.3%
Global Equity	54.2%	8.2%	6.7%	17.8%
Real Estate (Property)	10.3%	7.1%	6.2%	13.8%
Private Equity	10.8%	11.7%	8.5%	26.4%
Strategic Investments	3.7%	5.7%	5.4%	8.4%
Total	100%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.4%	1.2%

* As outlined in the Plan's investment policy

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total FRS pension liability was 6.80%. The FRS Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. For the HIS plan, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.16%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

- The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate for the respective plans, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	FRS	S Net	Pension Liabi	ility			HIS	Net	Pension Liabi	lity	
			Current						Current		
1%	% Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1	% Increase		Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1	% Increase
	(5.80%)		(6.80%)		(7.80%)		(1.16%)		(2.16%)		(3.16%)
\$	64,963,884	\$	14,526,590	\$	(27,633,332)	\$	20,855,368	\$	18,039,464	\$	15,732,461

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS financial report.



NOTE K – FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below.

				a a di a m d				A	041-4-1			
	Road and Conorol Bridge				1		American	Other	01			
E. I.B.I.	General		Bridge		Lost			Rescue	Capital	Other		
Fund Balances		Fund		Fund		Fund	Disaster	Plan	Projects	Funds		Total
Nonspendable	\$	92,746	\$	244,831	\$	-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$	227 57
Inventory Restricted For:	φ	92,740	φ	244,031	φ	-	φ -	φ -	φ -	φ -	φ	337,57
Communications		670 040										670.044
		679,312		-		-	-	-	-	-		679,31
Partners for Pets		13,554		-		-	-	-	-	-		13,55
Drivers Education		365,487		-		-	-	-	-	-		365,48
Boating Improvement		292,608		-		-	-	-	-	-		292,60
Domestic Violence		244,536		-		-	-	-	-	-		244,53
Pollworker Recruitment		1,887		-		-	-	-	-	-		1,88
Voter Education		69		-		-	-	-	-	-		6
Navarre Beach Bridge												
Maintenance		-		331,527		-	-	-	-	-		331,52
Infrastructure Development		-		-	1	12,295,755	-	-	-	488,170		12,783,92
Law Enforcement Trust												
Fund		-		-		-	-	-	-	35,951		35,95
Crime Prevention		-		-		-	-	-	-	544,672		544,672
Federal Seizure Funds		-		-		-	-	-	-	120,514		120,51
Mosquito Control		-		-		-	-	-	-	128,632		128,63
Federal and State Grants		-		-		-	-	1,829	-	-		1,82
Enhanced 911 System		-		-		-	-	-	-	555,645		555,64
Tourist Development		-		-		-	-	-	-	4,616,388		4,616,38
State Housing Improvement										,,		,,
Program		-		-		-	-	-	-	993,010		993,01
Disaster Relief		-		-		-	14,757,582	-	-			14,757,58
Fire Prevention and Control		-		-		-	-	-	-	324,563		324,56
Road and Sewer										02 .,000		02 1,00
Construction		_		_		_	_		_	944,153		944,15
Canal Maintenance		_		-		_	-		-	196,306		196,30
Beach Restoration		-		-		-	-	-	-	18,677		18,67
		-		-		-	-	-	-	286		28
State Court Operations		-		-		-	-	-	-	200		20
Court Equipment and										000 047		000.04
Technology		-		-		-	-	-	-	936,247		936,24
Records Modernization												
Trust Fund		-		-		-	-	-	-	920,918		920,91
Law Enforcement Training		-		-		-	-	-	-	115,362		115,36
Inmate Welfare Purchases		-		-		-	-	-	-	718,078		718,07
Committed To:												
Animal Service Education		50,961		-		-	-	-	-	-		50,96
Court Innovations		-		-		-	-	-	-	491,742		491,74
Transportation, Recreation												
and Economic Development		-		-		-	-	-	-	1,457,692		1,457,69
Capital Construction												
Projects		-		-		-	-	-	13,606,692	-		13,606,69
Assigned To:												
Road and Bridge												
Construction												
and Maintenance		-		4,170,555		-	-	-	-	-		4,170,55
Debt Service		-		,,		-	-	-	-	78,779		78,77
Berm Restoration	F	5,323,442		-		-	-	-	-			5,323,44
Law Library		-,3_0,112		-		-	-	-	-	23,583		23,58
Court Operations		_		_		_	-	-	_	610,875		610,87
Navarre Beach Community		-		-		-	_	-	-	010,010		0.0,07
Center		215 000								-		215 00
		215,000		-		-	-	-	-			215,00
Unassigned		0,117,694		-		-	-	-	-	(188,418)		39,929,27
Total	\$47	7,397,296	\$	4,746,913	\$ 1	2,295,755	\$ 14,757,582	\$ 1,829	\$ 13,606,692	\$14,131,824	\$10	06,937,891

NOTE L – RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In 1986 the County established a Self-Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program the County is self-insured with respect to the following exposures:

Workers Compensation Auto Physical Damage Auto Liability Construction and Road Equipment Portable Communication Equipment

The County is covered by outside insurance for the following exposures:

Boats Employee Fidelity Buildings and Contents, \$5,000 deductible General Liability, \$25,000 deductible Public Officials Liability, \$25,000 deductible

Conventional insurance remains in effect for buildings, contents and Sheriffs general, automobile and professional liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Board of County Commissioners and other County elected officials participate in the program and make payments to the Self Insurance Fund based on historical estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. The claims liability of \$4,023,359 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Liabilities for incurred losses to be settled by fixed or reasonably determined payments over a long period of time are reported at their present value using an expected future investment yield assumption of 3.9 — 7 percent. These liabilities are reported at their present value of \$222,275 at September 30, 2021.

Changes in the Fund's claims liability amount in fiscal years 2020 and 2021 were as follows:

	Beg	ginning-of-	irrent-year laims and			В	alance At		
Period		scal-year _iability	hanges in stimates	F	Claim Payments		Fiscal Year-end		
2019 - 2020	\$	3,328,736	\$ 1,772,009	\$	1,537,883	\$	3,562,862		
2020 - 2021	\$	3,562,862	\$ 2,300,244	\$	1,839,747	\$	4,023,359		

The following table presents a summary of the claims payable liability at year end:

Total claims payable	\$ 4,023,359
Total claims payable, long-term	 3,373,187
Long-term claims-structured settlements	 186,203
Long-term claims payable	3,186,984
Total claims payable, current	650,172
Current claims-structured settlements	 18,962
Current claims payable	\$ 631,210





NOTE L – RISK MANAGEMENT – Continued

The County is a member of the Florida Association of Counties Trust, a pooled liability program providing general liability coverage and public officials' liability coverage, excluding the Sheriff. The County pays an annual premium as a participant of the pooled liability program. During 1994, the first year of participation, the County paid an extraordinary loss fund payment of \$249,886. The liability coverage is not designed to be assessable; however, should the pool fail to meet its obligations, the County may be required to contribute additional funds or cover its own obligations. No accrual for future assessments has been recorded in the financial statements as such assessments do not appear probable based on past experience of the pool, and experience of the pool subsequent to the County's fiscal year end through the date of these financial statements. In the event the County elected to terminate its participation in the pool, the extraordinary loss fund payment would be refunded to the County, given adequate funding of the pool.

NOTE M – POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

Plan Description – Pursuant to the provisions of Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, former employees who retire from the County and eligible dependents, may continue to participate in the County's purchased health and hospitalization insurance coverage (the Plan) at the same group rate as for active employees and participating retirees are required to reimburse the County 100% of the health insurance premium a month in advance. The Plan is a single-employer plan. The County subsidizes the premium rates paid by the retirees by allowing them to participate in the plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the plan on average than those of active employees. The County also provides an insurance subsidy for employees with at least 10 years (8 years elected) creditable service. The subsidy pays \$3 per year of service limited to the individual's premium payment up to a maximum of \$90 per month. No stand-alone financial report is issued.

Funding Policy – The County has not advance-funded or established a funding methodology for the annual Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) costs or the net OPEB liability. For the 2021 fiscal year, 318 retirees and eligible dependents received postemployment health care benefits. The County provided required contributions of \$259,373 toward the annual OPEB cost, comprised of benefit payments made on behalf of retirees insurance net of retiree contributions totaling \$583,670. Required contributions are based on projected pay-as-you-go financing.

Net OPEB Liability - The following table shows the changes in the Country's net OPEB liability:

Change in Net OPEB Liability

	Total Opeb Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Opeb Liability	
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	
Balance As of September 30, 2019 for FYE 2020	\$ 8,015,217	\$ -	\$ 8,015,217	
Service Cost	409,784	-	409,784	
Interest	220,418	-	220,418	
Experience Losses/(gains)	(319,155)	-	(319,155	
Contributions	-	259,373	(259,373	
Benefit Payments	(259,373)	(259,373)		
Changes in Assumptions	(506,981)	-	(506,981	
Net Changes in Opeb Liability	(455,307)		(455,307	
Balance As of September 30, 2020 for FYE 2021	\$ 7,559,910	\$ -	\$ 7,559,910	
Funded status		0.00%		

NOTE M – POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS – Continued

OPEB Expense – The following table shows the components of the County's OPEB expense:

Service Cost Interest		\$ 409,784 220,418
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience in Current Fiscal Year Recognized in Current Year	(29,014)	,
From Past Years Recognized in Current Year	(72,273)	
Total		(101,287)
Changes in Assumptions in Current Fiscal Year Recognized in Current Year	(46,089)	
From Past Years Recognized in Current Year	24,689	
Total		(21,400)
Total Opeb Expense		\$ 507,515

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability

The following table presents the County's Total OPEB liability, as well as what the County's Total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current					
	1%	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1%				% Increase	
Discount Rate		(1.41%)		(2.41%)		(3.41%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	8,544,006	\$	7,559,910	\$	6,716,602	

The following table presents the County's Total OPEB liability, as well as what the County's Total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current Medical					
Ultimate Trend		Decrease (3.00%)		Trend (4.00%)	19	% Increase (5.00%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	7,391,573	\$	7.559.910	\$	7,766,752

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources related to OPEB – For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized an OPEB expense of \$507,515515. In addition, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	h	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ -	\$	796,049	
Change of Assumptions	780,390		891,610	
Total	\$ 780,390	\$	1,687,659	

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, totaling \$0, resulting from County contributions to the OPEB Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in expense as follows:



NOTE M – POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS – Continued

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,		Amount
2022	\$	(122,687)
2023		(122,687)
2024		(122,687)
2025		(122,687)
2026		(122,690)
Thereafter	-	(293,831)
Total	\$	(907,269)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment and termination, mortality, and the healthcare cost trends.

Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan provisions, as understood by the employer and participating members, and include the type of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and participating members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The County's OPEB actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2020, used the entry age normal actuarial cost method to estimate the net OPEB liability as of September 30, 2021 as required by GASB Statement 75. The discount rate used to determine the liability under GASB 75 is based on an index rate for 20-year tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. This rate was 2.75% as of September 30, 2020. The inflation rate assumption is 2.4%. The salary scale assumption used was the Florida Retirement System salary scale assumption of 3.25%.

The required schedules of changes in net OPEB liability and plan fiduciary net position, immediately following the notes, presents multi year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the net OPEB liability.

NOTE N – UNEARNED REVENUE

The American Rescue Plan grant does not require the County to hold unspent funds in a separate bank account. The unspent monies are not earned so they are not a component of net position at the fund or government-wide level. Since the terms of the grant require the funds to be expended within a set number of years and unspent funds are not considered restricted assets of the government unit, the County does not consider presentation of the unspent monies as restricted assets necessary as of September 30, 2021.

NOTE O – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. With the implementation, the County is required to record the beginning net position of custodial funds. The beginning net position of the combined fiduciary funds has been restated by approximately \$7 million to reflect the new guidance.

For the year ended September 30,2021, the County has restated the beginning fund balance for the Road and Bridge Fund to correct approximately \$1.1 million of grant revenue which was overstated in the prior year.

Required Supplemental Information



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balance - Budget And Actual General Fund Year ended September 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	riance With inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	66,120,940	\$	66,120,940	\$	67,920,968	\$	1,800,028
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments		263,870		263,870		577,158		313,288
Intergovernmental		11,846,225		12,594,861		18,811,192		6,216,331
Charges for Services		9,569,459		9,732,721		11,186,563		1,453,842
Fines and Forfeits		346,955		346,955		342,831		(4,124)
Miscellaneous	-	1,786,856		1,874,583	-	2,434,077	-	559,494
Total Revenues		89,934,305	_	90,933,930		101,272,789		10,338,859
Expenditures								
Current								
General Government		33,775,170		39,155,004		29,333,269		9,821,735
Public Safety		54,951,035		57,684,170		55,903,411		1,780,759
Physical Environment		2,849,700		3,736,725		2,604,009		1,132,716
Transportation		1,019,705		1,587,236		1,524,473		62,763
Economic Environment		989,495		1,081,899		1,001,449		80,450
Human Services		5,723,300		8,394,765		6,773,036		1,621,729
Culture and Recreation		4,054,130		4,283,859		3,801,878		481,981
Total Expenditures	_	103,362,535	_	115,923,658	_	100,941,525		14,982,133
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(13,428,230)	_	(24,989,728)		331,264		25,320,992
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		6,968,635		10,921,860		12,246,397		1,324,537
Transfers Out		(1,075,205)		(14,318,447)		(14,318,447)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	5,893,430	_	(3,396,587)	_	(2,072,050)		1,324,537
Net Change in Fund Balances		(7,534,800)		(28,386,315)		(1,740,786)		26,645,529
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		7,534,800		28,386,315		49,138,082		20,751,767
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	47,397,296	\$	47,397,296



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balance - Budget And Actual Road And Bridge Fund Year ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fi	riance With nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 6,916,280	\$ 6,916,280	\$ 8,276,800	\$	1,360,520
Intergovernmental	3,781,625	4,603,404	3,424,634		(1,178,770)
Charges for Services	40,950	40,950	10,538		(30,412)
Miscellaneous	473,815	473,815	554,796		80,981
Total Revenues	 11,212,670	 12,034,449	12,266,768		232,319
Expenditures					
Current					
Physical Environment	-	1,996,444	1,871,561		124,883
Transportation	14,820,155	17,384,540	11,924,693		5,459,847
Total Expenditures	14,820,155	19,380,984	 13,796,254		5,584,730
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 (3,607,485)	 (7,346,535)	 (1,529,486)		5,817,049
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	1,926,740	2,643,843	2,643,843		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,926,740	 2,643,843	 2,643,843		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,680,745)	(4,702,692)	1,114,357		5,817,049
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, Restated	1,680,745	4,702,692	3,632,556		(1,070,136)
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,746,913	\$	4,746,913



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balance - Budget And Actual Local Option Sales Tax Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	riance With nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	7,329,220	\$	7,329,220	\$	11,533,480	\$	4,204,260
Miscellaneous		-		-		4,218		4,218
Total Revenues	_	7,329,220	_	7,329,220	_	11,537,698	_	4,208,478
Expenditures								
Current								
General Government		3,842,210		3,886,057		654,949		3,231,108
Public Safety		528,000		884,707		708,848		175,859
Physical Environment		-		1,938,904		70,629		1,868,275
Transportation		1,125,000		3,723,578		1,950,639		1,772,939
Culture and Recreation		1,025,000		1,968,138		1,057,849		910,289
Total Expenditures		6,520,210		12,401,384		4,442,914		7,958,470
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		809,010		(5,072,164)		7,094,784		12,166,948
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers Out		(809,010)		(809,010)		(809,010)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(809,010)		(809,010)		(809,010)		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(5,881,174)		6,285,774		12,166,948
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		-		5,881,174		6,009,981		128,807
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,295,755	\$	12,295,755

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis) Disaster Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Origir Budg		Final Budget	Actual	Fi	riance With nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 10,617,051	\$	10,617,051
Miscellaneous		-		 68		68
Total Revenues				 10,617,119		10,617,119
Expenditures						
Current						
Public Safety		-	15,595,502	 9,955,292		5,640,210
Total Expenditures		-	15,595,502	 9,955,292		5,640,210
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		-	(15,595,502)	 661,827		16,257,329
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		-	10,608,039	10,608,039		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	10,608,039	 10,608,039		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	(4,987,463)	11,269,866		16,257,329
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			4,987,463	 3,487,716		3,487,716
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$	\$ 14,757,582	\$	14,757,582



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balance - Budget And Actual American Rescue Plan Fund Year ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	F	ariance With inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	- \$	17,900,320	\$	98,231	\$	(17,802,089)
Miscellaneous		-	-		1,829		1,829
Total Revenues		-	17,900,320	_	100,060	-	(17,800,260)
Expenditures							
General Government		-	17,900,320		98,231		17,802,089
Total Expenditures			17,900,320		98,231		17,802,089
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-		1,829		1,829
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			-		-		-
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	- \$		\$	1,829	\$	1,829



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balance - Budget And Actual Other Capital Projects Fund Year ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Fi	riance With nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ 600,000	\$ 200,000	\$	(400,000)
Miscellaneous		-	 -	 12,516		12,516
Total Revenues		-	 600,000	 212,516		(387,484)
Expenditures						
General Government		-	194,749	72,653		122,096
Culture and Recreation		-	2,557,135	-		2,557,135
Capital Outlay		-	46,719,515	33,945,647		12,773,868
Total Expenditures		-	49,471,399	 34,018,300		15,453,099
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		-	 (48,871,399)	 (33,805,784)		15,065,615
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		-	4,692,921	4,692,921		-
Transfers Out	(750,00	0)	(789,364)	(789,364)		-
Other Financing Uses		-	-	(87,500)		87,500
Proceeds of Long-term Debt Issuance		-	41,332,500	43,225,000		(1,892,500)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(750,00	0)	45,236,057	 47,041,057		(1,805,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(750,00	0)	(3,635,342)	13,235,273		13,260,615
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	750,00	0	3,635,342	371,419		(3,263,923)
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 13,606,692	\$	13,606,692



Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Florida Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Santa Rosa County's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.1923068%	0.2046801%	0.1955403%	0.1830653%	0.1807210%	0.1798519%	0.1770031%	0.1700709%
Santa Rosa County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 14,526,590	\$ 88,711,393	\$ 67,341,361	\$ 55,140,232	\$ 53,456,063	\$ 45,412,751	\$ 22,862,319	\$ 10,376,824
Santa Rosa County's Covered Payroll	\$ 53,020,919	\$ 51,902,491	\$ 47,286,528	\$ 42,962,825	\$ 41,063,802	\$ 39,821,770	\$ 40,091,164	\$ 37,602,391
Santa Rosa County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) As a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll	27.40%	170.92%	142.41%	128.34%	130.18%	114.04%	57.03%	27.60%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position As a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	96.40%	78.85%	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%



Schedule of Contributions Florida Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 7,326,057	\$ 6,800,614	\$ 6,063,160	\$ 5,217,215	\$ 4,704,612	\$ 4,385,976	\$ 4,315,479	\$ 3,725,277
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ (7,326,057)	\$ (6,800,614)	\$ (6,063,160)	\$ (5,217,215)	\$ (4,704,612)	\$ (4,385,976)	\$ (4,315,479)	\$ (3,725,277)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Santa Rosa County's Covered Payroll	\$ 53,243,045	\$ 52,745,830	\$ 48,472,434	\$ 43,196,946	\$ 41,328,034	\$ 39,966,760	\$ 40,683,002	\$ 38,301,106
Contributions As a Percentage of Covered Payroll	13.76%	12.89%	12.51%	12.08%	11.38%	10.97%	10.61%	9.73%



Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Health Insurance Subsidy Program Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Santa Rosa County's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.1470628%	0.1451438%	0.1385028%	0.1298831%	0.1270599%	0.1272274%	0.1301442%	0.1262288%
Santa Rosa County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 18,039,464	\$ 17,721,820	\$ 15,497,077	\$ 13,746,976	\$ 13,585,836	\$ 14,827,824	\$ 13,272,657	\$ 11,802,701
Santa Rosa County's Covered Payroll	\$ 53,020,919	\$ 51,902,491	\$ 47,286,528	\$ 42,962,825	\$ 41,063,802	\$ 39,821,770	\$ 40,091,164	\$ 37,602,391
Santa Rosa County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) As a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll	34.02%	34.14%	32.77%	32.00%	33.08%	37.24%	33.11%	31.39%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position As a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	3.56%	3.00%	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%



Schedule of Contributions Health Insurance Subsidy Program Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2021	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015	2014
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	864,436	\$ 836,395	\$	769,092	\$	704,358	\$	672,437	\$	652,122	\$ 497,492	\$ 432,418
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$	(864,436)	\$ (836,395)	\$	(769,092)	\$	(704,358)	\$	(672,437)	\$	(652,122)	\$ (497,492)	\$ (432,418)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Santa Rosa County's Covered Payroll	\$ 5	53,243,045	\$ 52,745,830	\$ 4	48,472,434	\$ 4	43,196,946	\$ 4	41,328,034	\$ 3	39,966,760	\$ 40,683,002	\$ 38,301,106
Contributions As a Percentage of Covered Payroll		1.62%	1.59%		1.59%		1.63%		1.63%		1.63%	1.22%	1.13%



Total OPEB Liability	2021	2020	2019	2018
Service Cost	\$ 409,784	\$ 314,183	\$ 330,066	\$ 344,631
Interest Cost	220,418	252,494	256,104	228,459
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(319,155)	-	(722,727)	-
Changes of Assumptions	(506,981)	975,488	(332,063)	(356,889)
Benefit Payments	(259,373)	(238,969)	(273,218)	(264,000)
Net Change in Total Opeb Liability	(455,307)	1,303,196	(741,838)	(47,799)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	8,015,217	6,712,021	7,453,859	7,501,658
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	\$ 7,559,910	\$ 8,015,217	\$ 6,712,021	\$ 7,453,859
Contributions - Employer	\$ 259,373	\$ 238,969	\$ 273,218	\$ 264,000
Benefit Payments	(259,373)	(238,969)	(273,218)	(264,000)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	-	-	-	-
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year	-	-	-	-
Fiduciary Net Position - End of Year	-	-	-	-
Net OPEB Liability	7,559,910	8,015,217	6,712,021	7,453,859
Fiduciary Net Position As a % of Total OPEB Liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered-employee Payroll	\$ 52,745,830	\$48,472,434	\$43,196,946	\$41,328,034
Net OPEB Liability As a % of Covered-employee Payroll	14.33%	16.54%	15.54%	18.04%
Expected Average Remaining Service Years of All Participants	11	10	10	9

*Data was unavailable prior to 2018

SANTA ROSA



NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

September 30, 2021

Budgetary Information

Florida Statutes Chapters 129 and 200 govern the preparation, adoption, and administration of the County's annual budget. The budget must be balanced, i.e., the estimated revenues plus beginning fund balance brought forward must equal appropriations and be prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The County may, at any time within a fiscal year, amend a budget for that year as follows:

Appropriations for expenditures in any fund may be decreased and other appropriations in the same fund correspondingly increased by motion recorded in the minutes. The budget officer may authorize certain interdepartmental and interdepartmental budget amendments, provided that the total appropriation of the fund is not changed. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB codification P22.101 or P52.101 to pay related benefits for the OPEB plan.

Benefit changes:	None
Changes of assumptions:	The discount rate was changed as follows:

	Discount Rate	
9/30/20		2.75%
9/30/21		2.41%



Combining Individual Fund Statements And Schedules



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Fine and Forfeiture Fund – accounts for fines, forfeitures and various other assessments used for law enforcement purposes.

State Matching Program Fund – accounts for state and local funding used for mosquito and other arthropod control.

Grants Fund – accounts for state and federal funding not associated with any other fund.

Enhanced 911 Telephone System Fund – accounts for funds used to maintain the 911 telephone system.

Electric Franchise Fee Fund – accounts for funds from the Electric Franchise fee.

Local Option Tourist Tax Fund – accounts for tax revenues to be used for tourist development activities.

Impact Fees Fund – accounts for impact fees collected to provide for new infrastructure.

SHIP (State Housing Initiative Partnership) Fund – accounts for state funds received to provide housing assistance to low and middle income families.

CARES Act Fund – Accounts for appropriations from the Federal government of funds under the CARES Act designated for public health and safety expenditures.

MSBU (Municipal Service Benefit Unit) Fund – accounts for special assessments levied against property owners for capital improvements or services rendered for benefit of the affected areas.

Clerk's Courts Fund – accounts for the court related activities of the Clerk of the Court.

Clerk's Courts Technology Fund – accounts for the court technology related activities of the Clerk of the Court.

Clerk's RMTF (Records Modernization Trust Fund) – accounts for fees received that are legally restricted for the modernization of the public records maintained by the Clerk's office.

Clerk's Child Support Title IV-D accounts – for activities related to Title IV-D child support cases. The funding provides assistance to the plaintiff and enforcement of collections through the Office of Child Support Enforcement.

Sheriff's Grants Fund – accounts for federal and state grants received by the Sheriff's department for specific programs. Not budgeted.

Sheriff's Second Dollar Fund – accounts for shared fine revenues which are legally restricted for law enforcement training purposes. Not budgeted.

Sheriff's Prisoner Recreation Fund – accounts for jail commissary and vending machine revenues that are restricted to providing recreational facilities and equipment for prisoners. Not budgeted.

Sheriff's Local Option Sales Tax Fund – accounts for appropriations from the half-cent local option sales tax revenues which are restricted for capital-related purchases and construction projects. Not budgeted.



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Fund – accounts for the funds used to pay down debt related to governmental funds

Capital Projects Funds

District One Capital Projects Fund – accounts for the construction of sports and recreation facilities in District One.

District Two Capital Projects Fund – accounts for the construction of sports and recreation facilities in District Two.

District Three Capital Projects Fund – accounts for the construction of sports and recreation facilities in District Three.

District Four Capital Projects Fund – accounts for the construction of sports and recreation facilities in District Four.

District Five Capital Projects Fund – accounts for the construction of sports and recreation facilities in District Five.



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2021

Assets	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 15,524,326	\$ 19,779	\$ 15,544,105
Receivables, Net of Uncollectibles			
Accounts	654,176	-	654,176
Due From Other Governments	5,535,712	-	5,535,712
Due From Other Funds	19,267	89,000	108,267
Total Assets	\$ 21,733,481	\$ 108,779	\$ 21,842,260
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	960,689	30,000	990,689
Contracts Payable	743,539	-	743,539
Accrued Wages Payable	265,883	-	265,883
Unearned Revenue	25,827	-	25,827
Due to Other Funds	4,813,588	-	4,813,588
Due to Other Governments	870,910	-	870,910
Total Liabilities	7,680,436	30,000	7,710,436
Fund Balances			
Fund Balances			
Restricted	11,657,571	-	11,657,571
Committed	1,949,434	-	1,949,434
Assigned	634,458	78,779	713,237
Unassigned	(188,418)		(188,418)
Total Fund Balances	14,053,045	78,779	14,131,824
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 21,733,481	\$ 108,779	\$ 21,842,260

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes In Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects	tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	5,016,390	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 5,016,390
Licenses and Permits		11,998,051		-		-	11,998,051
Intergovernmental		22,122,659		-		-	22,137,191
Charges for Services		5,738,309		-		-	5,738,309
Fines and Forfeits		1,241,279		-		-	1,241,279
Miscellaneous		1,217,137		578		378	 1,218,093
Total Revenues		47,333,825	_	578		378	47,349,313
Expenditures							
Current							
General Government		20,367,855		-		-	20,367,855
Public Safety		11,623,590		-		-	11,623,590
Physical Environment		534,043		-		-	534,043
Transportation		966,476		-		-	966,476
Economic Environment		4,286,554		-		-	4,286,554
Human Services		309,600		-		-	309,600
Debt Service		-		1,866,637		-	1,866,637
Total Expenditures	_	38,088,118		1,866,637	_	-	 39,954,755
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		9,245,707		(1,866,059)		378	7,394,558
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		1,030,368		2,394,634		-	3,425,002
Transfers Out		(12,483,715)		(521,417)		(3,964,129)	(16,969,261)
New Debt Issuance		1,210,500		-		-	1,210,500
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(10,242,847)		1,873,217		(3,964,129)	 (12,333,759)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses		(997,140)		7,158		(3,963,751)	(4,953,733)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		15,050,185		71,621		3,963,751	 19,085,557
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	14,053,045	\$	78,779	\$		\$ 14,131,824





Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds September 30, 2021

		Fine and Forfeiture		State Match	Grants	E	nhanced 911		Electric Franchise Fee	_	Local Option Tourist Tax	_	Impact Fees	F	SHIP Program	CARES Act	MSBU
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables, Net of Uncollectibles	\$	1,817,537	\$	128,632	\$ 3,378	\$	360,444	\$	844,419	\$	4,939,778	\$	898,170	\$	960,462	\$ -	\$ 1,477,463
Accounts Due From Other		- 1,441		-	-		-		613,273		-		-		7,500	-	5,838
Governments Due From Other Funds		55,642 -		-	4,738,594		233,218		-		28,000				25,048	-	14,401
Total Assets	\$	1,874,620	\$	128,632	\$ 4,741,972	\$	593,662	\$	1,457,692	\$	4,967,778	\$	898,170	\$	993,010	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 1,497,702
Liabilities Accounts Payable	\$	35,256	\$		\$ 518,131	\$	17,175	\$	-	\$	331,681	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 36,012
Contracts Payable Accrued Wages Payable Unearned Revenue		- 12,027		-	743,539		- 20,842		-		- 19,709		-		-	-	-
Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments		-		-	3,530,000		-				-		- - 410,000		-	-	- 116,712 -
Total Liabilities	1	47,283	_	-	4,791,670	_	38,017	_		_	351,390	_	410,000	_			152,724
Fund Balances Fund Balances																	
Restricted		701,137		128,632	-		555,645		-		4,616,388		488,170		993,010	-	1,483,698
Committed Assigned		491,742 634,458		-	-		-		1,457,692		-		-		-	-	-
Unassigned	_			-	(49,698)		-		-		-		-		-	-	(138,720)
Total Fund Balances		1,827,337		128,632	(49,698)	_	555,645	_	1,457,692		4,616,388		488,170		993,010		1,344,978
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,874,620	\$	128,632	\$ 4,741,972	\$	593,662	\$	1,457,692	\$	4,967,778	\$	898,170	\$	993,010	\$-	\$ 1,497,702

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Continued September 30, 2021

		Clerk's Courts Fund	C	Clerk's court Tech	 Clerk's RMTF	 Clerk's Title IV-D		Sheriff's Grants	 Sheriff's Second Dollar		Sheriff's Prisoner Rec		heriff's LOST		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	543,511	\$	1,007,692	\$ 920,918	\$ -	\$	740,810	\$ 116,337	\$	764,675	\$	100	\$	15,524,326
Receivables, Net of															
Uncollectibles Accounts											26,124				654,176
Due From Other Governments		-		-	-	13,431		427,378	-		20,124		-		5,535,712
Due From Other Funds		13,441		-	-	-		5,826	-		-		-		19,267
Total Assets	\$	556,952	\$	1,007,692	\$ 920,918	\$ 13,431	\$	1,174,014	\$ 116,337	\$	790,799	\$	100	\$	21,733,481
Liabilities															
Accounts Payable	\$	7,181	\$	3,532	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	11,721	\$	-	\$	960,689
Contracts Payable		-		-	-	-		-	-		-				743,539
Accrued Wages Payable		157,434		10,453	-	-		43,881	-		1,537		-		265,883
Unearned Revenue Due to Other Funds		- 6,269		-	-	- 13,431		25,827 1,086,638	- 975		- 59,463		- 100		25,827
Due to Other Governments		6,269 385,782		- 57,460	-	13,431		1,066,636	975		59,403		100		4,813,588 870,910
Total Liabilities		556,666		71,445	-	13,431	_	1,174,014	 975		72,721		100		7,680,436
Fund Balances															
Fund Balances															
Restricted		286		936,247	920,918	-		-	115,362		718,078		-		11,657,571
Committed		-		-	-	-		-	-		-		-		1,949,434
Assigned		-		-	-	-		-	-		-		-		634,458
Unassigned		-		-	 -	 -		-	 -		-		-		(188,418)
Total Fund Balances		286		936,247	 920,918	 -		-	 115,362		718,078		-		14,053,045
Total Liabilities and Fund	•									•		•		•	
Balances	\$	556,952	\$	1,007,692	\$ 920,918	\$ 13,431	\$	1,174,014	\$ 116,337	\$	790,799	\$	100	\$	21,733,481



Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes In Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Fine and Forfeiture	State Match	Grants	Enhanced 911	Electric Franchise Fee	Local Option Tourist Tax	Impact Fees	SHIP Program	CARES Act	MSBU
Revenues	^	•	•	•	^	• • • • • • • • •	•	•	^	•
Taxes	\$ 604	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,623,358	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	7,426,668	-	-	-	-	4,571,383
Intergovernmental	4,231	,	5,974,118	111,868	-	24,000	-	571,122	11,493,930	-
Charges for Services	1,481,171		-	825,961	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and Forfeits	18,843		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	1,145		171	47,123	102	993	302	543,146	905	384
Total Revenues	1,505,994	36,514	5,974,289	984,952	7,426,770	4,648,351	302	1,114,268	11,494,835	4,571,767
Expenditures Current										
General Government	1,441,405	-	7,064,291	-	-	-	-	-	7,097,017	-
Public Safety	52,563	-	55,648	922,908	-	-	-	-	-	6,063,833
Physical Environment	-	-	99,238	-	-	-	-	-	-	434,805
Transportation	-		419,032	-	-	-	4,590	-	-	542,854
Economic Environment	-	-	977,839	-	-	2,530,502	-	299,445	478,768	-
Human Services	-	-	309,600	-	-	-	-		-	-
Total Expenditures	1,493,968		8,925,648	922,908		2,530,502	4,590	299,445	7,575,785	7,041,492
Excess (Deficiency) of										
Revenues Over Expenditures	12,026	36,514	(2,951,359)	62,044	7,426,770	2,117,849	(4,288)	814,823	3,919,050	(2,469,725)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in	-	-	28,684	-	-	607,080	-	904	-	393,700
Transfers Out	-	-	-	-	(7,467,835)	(219,048)	-	(195,293)	(3,921,420)	(680,119)
New Debt Issuance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,210,500
Total Other Financing										
Sources (Uses)	-	-	28,684	-	(7,467,835)	388,032		(194,389)	(3,921,420)	924,081
Net Change in Fund Balances	12,026	36,514	(2,922,675)	62,044	(41,065)	2,505,881	(4,288)	620,434	(2,370)	(1,545,644)
Fund Balances, Beginning of										
Year	1,815,311	92,118	2,872,977	493,601	1,498,757	2,110,507	492,458	372,576	2,370	2,890,622
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 1,827,337		1= 1=	\$ 555,645	\$ 1,457,692	\$ 4,616,388	\$ 488,170	\$ 993,010	\$ -	\$ 1,344,978

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes In Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Continued Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Clerk's Courts Fund	Clerk's Courts Tech	Clerk's RMTF	Clerk's Title IV-D	Sheriff's Grants	Sheriff's Second Dollar	Sheriff's Prisoner Rec	Sheriff's LOST	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Revenues	^	•	•	•	•	•	^	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 392,428	\$ 5,016,390
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,998,051
Intergovernmental	150,557	-	-	95,486	3,632,462	28,387	-	-	22,122,659
Charges for Services	2,574,446	648,120	208,611	-	-	-	-	-	5,738,309
Fines and Forfeits	1,221,281	-	-	1,155	-	-	-	-	1,241,279
Miscellaneous	78,393	-	-	-		11	544,446		1,217,137
Total Revenues	4,024,677	648,120	208,611	96,641	3,632,462	28,398	544,446	392,428	47,333,825
Expenditures Current									
General Government	4,040,672	530,233	97,596	96,641	-	-	-	-	20,367,855
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	3,632,462	14,120	489,628	392,428	11,623,590
Physical Environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	534,043
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	966,476
Economic Environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,286,554
Human Services									309,600
Total Expenditures	4,040,672	530,233	97,596	96,641	3,632,462	14,120	489,628	392,428	38,088,118
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(15,995)	117,887	111,015	-	-	14,278	54,818	-	9,245,707
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,030,368
Transfers Out	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12,483,715)
New Debt Issuance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,210,500
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				_					(10,242,847)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(15,995)	117,887	111,015			14,278	54,818		(997,140)
•	(10,000)	,007	,010			,270	0.,010		(007,140)
Fund Balances, Beginning of	10.004	040.000	800.000			101 004	662.000		
Year	16,281 \$ 286	818,360	809,903	-	- -	101,084	663,260	-	15,050,185
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 286	\$ 936,247	\$ 920,918	\$-	\$ -	\$ 115,362	\$ 718,078	\$-	\$ 14,053,045



SANTA ROSA

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ -	\$-	\$ 604	\$ 604
Intergovernmental	-	-	4,231	4,231
Charges for Services	1,132,000	1,132,000	1,481,171	349,171
Fines and Forfeits	5,000	5,000	18,843	13,843
Miscellaneous	16,000	16,000	1,145	(14,855)
Total Revenues	1,153,000	1,153,000	1,505,994	352,994
Expenditures Current General Government Public Safety	1,123,615 85.000	1,169,695 90,000	1,441,405 52.563	(271,710) 37,437
Total Expenditures	1,208,615	1,259,695	1,493,968	(234,273)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(55,615)	(106,695)	12,026	118,721
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	55,615	106,695	1,815,311	1,708,616
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$-	\$ 1,827,337	\$ 1,827,337

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis) State Match Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

	riginal Budget	E	Final 3udget	Actual	Fina P	ance With al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$ 34,480	\$	34,480	\$ 36,498	\$	2,018
Miscellaneous	 -		-	 16		16
Total Revenues	 34,480		34,480	36,514		2,034
Expenditures						
Current						
Human Services	34,480		34,480	-		34,480
Total Expenditures	 34,480		34,480			34,480
Net Change in Fund Balances	-		-	36,514		36,514
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 			 92,118		92,118
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 	\$		\$ 128,632	\$	128,632



SANTA ROSA

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	F	ariance With inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	- \$	22,830,048	\$	5,974,118	\$	(16,855,930)
Miscellaneous				_	171	_	171
Total Revenues	-	-	22,830,048		5,974,289		(16,855,759)
Expenditures							
Current							
General Government		-	19,105,998		7,064,291		12,041,707
Public Safety		-	99,492		55,648		43,844
Physical Environment		-	655,002		99,238		555,764
Transportation		-	863,998		419,032		444,966
Economic Environment		-	1,877,583		977,839		899,744
Human Services		-	697,345		309,600		387,745
Total Expenditures			23,299,418	_	8,925,648	_	14,373,770
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		-	(469,370)		(2,951,359)		(2,481,989)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		-	28,684		28,684		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			28,684		28,684		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	(440,686)		(2,922,675)		(2,481,989)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			440,686		2,872,977		2,872,977
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	- \$	<u> </u>	\$	(49,698)	\$	(49,698)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis) Enhanced 911 Program Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 401,004	\$ 111,868	\$ (289,136)
Charges for Services	664,005	664,005	825,961	161,956
Miscellaneous	2,850	49,812	47,123	(2,689)
Total Revenues	666,855	1,114,821	984,952	(129,869)
Expenditures				
Current				
Public Safety	852,360	1,333,076	922,908	410,168
Total Expenditures	852,360	1,333,076	922,908	410,168
Net Change in Fund Balances	(185,505)	(215,255)	62,044	277,299
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	185,505	215,255	493,601	493,600
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$-	\$-	\$ 555,645	\$ 555,645



Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis) Electric Franchise Fee Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

	_	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues		2	-					~ ~ ~
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	\$	6,850,000	\$	6,850,000	\$	7,426,668	\$	576,668
Miscellaneous	_	2,375		2,375		102		(2,273)
Total Revenues	_	6,852,375	_	6,852,375	_	7,426,770		574,395
Expenditures								
Current								
General Government		300,000		55,582		-		55,582
Total Expenditures	_	300,000	-	55,582	_		_	55,582
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	_	6,552,375	_	6,796,793	_	7,426,770	_	629,977
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers Out		(6,552,375)		(7,467,835)		(7,467,835)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(6,552,375)		(7,467,835)		(7,467,835)		-
Net Change in Fund Balances				(671,042)		(41,065)		629,977
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year				671,042		1,498,757		1,498,757
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$		\$	1,457,692	\$	1,457,692

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis) Local Option Tourist Tax Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget	,		Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 3,000,000	\$	3,000,000	\$	4,623,358	\$	1,623,358
Intergovernmental	-		45,048		24,000		(21,048)
Miscellaneous	15,200		15,200		993		(14,207)
Total Revenues	3,015,200		3,060,248		4,648,351		1,588,103
Expenditures							
Current							
Economic Environment	2,922,155		3,450,546		2,530,502		920,044
Total Expenditures	 2,922,155		3,450,546		2,530,502		920,044
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 93,045		(390,298)		2,117,849		2,508,147
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	-		607,080		607,080		-
Transfers Out	(93,045)		(219,048)		(219,048)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (93,045)		388,032		388,032		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	-		(2,266)		2,505,881		2,508,147
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 		2,266		2,110,507		2,110,507
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 	\$		\$	4,616,388	\$	4,616,388



Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Gaap Basis) Impact Fees Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Miscellaneous	\$	- \$ -	\$ 302	\$ 302
Total Revenues		t)	302	302
Expenditures				
Current				
Transportation		- 488,000	4,590	483,410
Total Expenditures		- 488,000	4,590	483,410
Net Change in Fund Balances		- (488,000)	(4,288)	483,712
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		- 488,000	492,458	492,458
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	- \$ -	\$ 488,170	\$ 488,170

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis) SHIP Program Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Driginal Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ 350,000	\$	896,074	\$	571,122	\$	(324,952)
Miscellaneous	 204,000		732,327		543,146		(189,181)
Total Revenues	554,000		1,628,401		1,114,268		(514,133)
Expenditures							
Current							
Economic Environment	 910,885		2,749,170		299,445		2,449,725
Total Expenditures	910,885		2,749,170		299,445		2,449,725
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 (356,885)		(1,120,769)		814,823		1,935,592
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	-		904		904		-
Transfers Out	(114,270)		(195,293)		(195,293)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(114,270)		(194,389)		(194,389)		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(471,155)		(1,315,158)		620,434		1,935,592
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 471,155		1,315,158		372,576		372,576
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 	\$	-	\$	993,010	\$	993,010



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	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues	•						
Intergovernmental	\$	- \$ 8,1	77,856	\$	11,493,930	\$	3,316,074
Miscellaneous	-				905	_	905
Total Revenues		- 8,1	77,856		11,494,835		3,316,979
Expenditures							
Current							
General Government		- 7,8	393,650		7,097,017		796,633
Economic Environment	_	- 1,6	67,299	_	478,768	-	1,188,531
Total Expenditures	-	9,5	560,949		7,575,785		1,985,164
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		- (1,3	883,093)		3,919,050		5,302,143
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers Out		- (2,6	601,418)		(3,921,420)		(1,320,002)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,6	601,418)		(3,921,420)		(1,320,002)
Net Change in Fund Balances		- (3,9	984,511)		(2,370)		3,982,141
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		- 3,9	984,511		2,370		372,576
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	\$	-	\$		\$	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis) MSBU (Municipal Service Benefit Unit) Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues								
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	\$	4,616,690	\$	4,616,690	\$	4,571,383	\$	(45,307)
Miscellaneous		3,800		3,800		384		(3,416)
Total Revenues		4,620,490		4,620,490		4,571,767		(48,723)
Expenditures								
Current								
Public Safety		3,212,660		4,495,152		6,063,833		(1,568,681)
Physical Environment		451,000		451,000		434,805		16,195
Transportation		690,965		1,563,767		542,854		1,020,913
Total Expenditures		4,354,625		6,509,919		7,041,492		(531,573)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		265,865		(1,889,429)		(2,469,725)		(580,296)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		139,700		393,700		393,700		-
Transfers Out		(499,950)		(680,119)		(680,119)		-
New Debt Issuance		-		710,500		1,210,500		500,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(360,250)		424,081		924,081		500,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		(94,385)		(1,465,348)		(1,545,644)		(80,296)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		94,385		1,465,348		2,890,622		2,890,622
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$		\$	1,344,978	\$	1,344,978



Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis) Clerk's Courts Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 150,557	\$ 150,557		
Charges for Services	2,574,115	2,574,115	2,574,446	331		
Fines and Forfeits	1,100,968	1,100,968	1,221,281	120,313		
Miscellaneous	-		78,393	78,393		
Total Revenues	3,675,083	3,675,083	4,024,677	349,594		
Expenditures						
Current						
General Government	3,675,083	3,675,083	4,040,672	(365,589)		
Total Expenditures	3,675,083	3,675,083	4,040,672	(365,589)		
Net Change in Fund Balances			(15,995)	(15,995)		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			16,281	16,281		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	\$-	\$ 286	\$ 286		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis) Clerk's Courts Technology Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

	eriginal Budget	1	Final Budget	Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 473,000	\$	473,000	\$	648,120	\$	175,120
Total Revenues	 473,000		473,000		648,120		175,120
Expenditures							
Current							
General Government	468,873		568,873		530,233		38,640
Total Expenditures	 468,873		568,873		530,233		38,640
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,127		(95,873)		117,887		213,760
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 818,360		818,360		818,360		818,360
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 822,487	\$	722,487	\$	936,247	\$	213,760

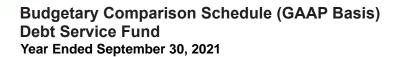


Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis) Clerk's RMTF (Record Modernization Trust Fund) Year Ended September 30, 2021

Original Budget		•		Final 3udget	 Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$ 208,611	\$	58,611	
Total Revenues		150,000	·	150,000	 208,611		58,611	
Expenditures								
Current								
General Government		180,000		180,000	97,596		82,404	
Total Expenditures		180,000		180,000	 97,596		82,404	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(30,000)		(30,000)	111,015		141,015	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		809,903		809,903	 809,903			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	779,903	\$	779,903	\$ 920,918	\$	141,015	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis) Clerk's Child Support Title IV-D Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget		I	Final Budget Actu			Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	85,000	\$	85,000	\$	170,248	\$	85,248	
Fines and Forfeits		-		-		1,120		1,120	
Total Revenues		85,000		85,000		171,368		86,368	
Expenditures									
Current									
General Government		100,000		175,000		171,368		3,632	
Total Expenditures		100,000		175,000		171,368		3,632	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(15,000)		(90,000)		-		90,000	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		15,000		90,000					
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$		\$		\$		



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	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues		2				
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 578	\$ 578		
Total Revenues		<u> </u>	578	578		
Expenditures						
Current						
Debt Service	2,244,465	1,873,217	1,866,637	6,580		
Total Expenditures	2,244,465	1,873,217	1,866,637	6,580		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(2,244,465)	(1,873,217)	(1,866,059)	7,158		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	2,244,465	2,394,634	2,394,634	-		
Transfers Out	-	(521,417)	(521,417)	-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,244,465	1,873,217	1,873,217			
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	7,158	7,158		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			71,621	71,621		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$-	\$ -	\$ 78,779	\$ 78,779		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes In Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Project Funds Year Ended September 30, 2021

	District One	District District Two Three		District Four		
Revenues						
Miscellaneous	\$ 12	\$ 165	\$ 9	\$ 85	\$ 107	\$ 378
Total Revenues	12	165	9	85	107	378
Expenditures						
Current						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	12	165	9	85	107	378
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers Out	(192,420)	(1,538,567)	(160,374)	(986,464)	(1,086,304)	(3,964,129)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(192,420)	(1,538,567)	(160,374)	(986,464)	(1,086,304)	(3,964,129)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(192,408)	(1,538,402)	(160,365)	(986,379)	(1,086,197)	(3,963,751)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	192,408	1,538,402	160,365	986,379	1,086,197	3,963,751
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$-	\$-	\$	\$-	\$-	\$



Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis) District One Capital Project Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
Miscellaneous	\$	- \$	-	\$	12 \$	5 12
Total Revenues					12	12
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures			_		12	12
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers Out		-	(192,402)	(192,4	20)	(18)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(192,402)	(192,4	20)	(18)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	(192,402)	(192,4	08)	(6)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			192,402	192,4	08	192,408
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	- \$		\$	- \$	<u> </u>

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis) District Two Capital Project Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 165	\$ 165
Total Revenues		-	-	165	165
Expenditures					
Current					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures				165	165
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers Out		-	(1,534,209)	(1,538,567)	(4,358)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	(1,534,209)	(1,538,567)	(4,358)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	(1,534,209)	(1,538,402)	(4,193)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		_	1,534,209	1,538,402	1,538,402
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		<u>\$ -</u>	\$	\$-



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	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Miscellaneous	\$	- \$ -	\$ 9	\$ 9
Total Revenues			9	9
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	-		9	9
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers Out		- (160,359)	(160,374)	(15)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		- (160,359)	(160,374)	(15)
Net Change in Fund Balances		- (160,359)	(160,365)	(6)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		- 160,359	160,365	160,365
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$ -	\$

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis) District Four Capital Project Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Origin Budg		Final Budget	Ac	ctual	Final Po	nce With Budget sitive gative)
Revenues							
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$ -	\$	85	\$	85
Total Revenues		-	-		85		85
Expenditures							
Current							
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers Out		-	(986,376)		(986,464)		(88)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	(986,376)		(986,464)		(88)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	 (986,376)		(986,379)		(3)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			 986,376		986,379		986,379
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$ 	\$		\$	



Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis) District Five Capital Project Fund Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Original Final Budget Budget				Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues								
Miscellaneous	\$		\$		\$	107	\$	107
Total Revenues		-	_	-	_	107	_	107
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		_	_	,	_	107	_	107
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers Out		-		(1,086,248)		(1,086,304)		(56)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(1,086,248)		(1,086,304)		(56)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(1,086,248)		(1,086,197)		51
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		-	_	1,086,248	_	1,086,197	_	1,086,197
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$		\$		\$	



NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Navarre Beach Fund – accounts for the operation and maintenance of the water and sewer utility system of Navarre Beach.

Inspections Fund – accounts for the license, permit and inspection fees and related expenses for the provision of inspection services to residents of the unincorporated areas of Santa Rosa County.

Peter Prince Fund - accounts for the operations of the Peter Prince Airport.



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	Navarre Beach			spections	Peter Prince Field		Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Assets								
Current Assets:	¢	174 707	¢	6 400 090	¢	10.005	¢	8 602 002
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,174,727	\$	6,499,080	\$	19,095	\$	8,692,902
Accounts Receivable Due From Other Governments		175,147		-		6,981 228,003		182,128 228,003
Total Current Assets		2,349,874	-	6,499,080		254,079		9,103,033
Noncurrent Assets		2,343,074		0,433,000		234,073		3,103,033
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	:	3,990,206		159,023		8,347,923		12,497,152
Total Noncurrent Assets		3,990,206		159,023		8,347,923		12,497,152
Total Assets		6,340,080		6,658,103		8,602,002		21,600,185
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred Outflow On Pension		83,290		315,255		-		398,545
Deferred Outflow On Health Insurance Subsidy		25,156		79,056		-		104,212
Deferred Outflow On OPEB		5,467		17,535		542		23,544
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		113,913		411,846		542		526,301
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts Payable		103,232		15,247		210,426		328,905
Contracts Payable		-		-		51,546		51,546
Accrued Wages Payable		20,571		95,674		-		116,245
Due to Other Governments		-		81,718		1,918		83,636
Due to Other Funds		-		-		5,000		5,000
Compensated Absences - Current Portion		34,264		60,942		-		95,206
Note Payable Current		555,568		-		-		555,568
Deposits		4,600		234,300		1,400		240,300
Total Current Liabilities	-	718,235		487,881	_	270,290		1,476,406
Noncurrent Liabilities		-,		. ,		-,		, , ,
Long Term Portion of Compensated Absences		-		195,000		-		195,000
Net Pension Liability		101,326		141,952		-		243,278
Net Health Insurance Subsidy Liability		149,777		473,436		-		623,213
OPEB Liability		61,333		178,373		2,671		242,377
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		312,436	_	988,761		2,671	_	1,303,868
Total Liabilities		1,030,671	_	1,476,642		272,961	_	2,780,274
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred Inflow On Pension		236,638		991,750		-		1,228,388
Deferred Inflow On Health Insurance Subsidy		7,387		32,213		-		39,600
Deferred Inflow On Opeb		11,768		40,836		656		53,260
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		255,793		1,064,799	_	656		1,321,248
Net Position								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	:	3,434,638		159,023		8,347,923		11,941,584
Unrestricted		1,732,891		4,369,485		(18,996)		6,083,380
Total Net Position	\$	5,167,529	\$	4,528,508	\$	8,328,927	\$	18,024,964

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, And Changes In Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Navarre Beach	Inspections	Peter Prince Field	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Operating Revenues				•	
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	\$ -	\$ 5,291,887	\$ -	\$ 5,291,887	
Charges for Services	2,500,689	16,463	324,930	2,842,082	
Miscellaneous	10		111	121	
Total Operating Revenues	2,500,699	5,308,350	325,041	8,134,090	
Operating Expenses					
Personal Services	509,248	2,128,315	2	2,637,565	
Contract Services	557,769	81,436	109,949	749,154	
Supplies	174,345	31,370	479	206,194	
Repairs and Maintenance	200,911	15,063	46,080	262,054	
Utilities	86,077	-	19,507	105,584	
Depreciation	487,826	28,884	370,337	887,047	
Travel and Per Diem	-	1,957	-	1,957	
Insurance	13,450	47,300	-	60,750	
Communications	12,290	20,880	553	33,723	
Fuel and Oil	7,030	30,093	-	37,123	
Rentals	1,487	-	-	1,487	
Miscellaneous	3,650	17,261	662	21,573	
Total Operating Expenses	2,054,083	2,402,559	547,569	5,004,211	
Operating Income (Loss)	446,616	2,905,791	(222,528)	3,129,879	
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)					
Investment Income	1,158	1,938	318	3,414	
Interest Expense	(16,329)	-	-	(16,329)	
Gain (Loss) On Disposal of Assets	(969)	-	-	(969)	
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	(16,140)	1,938	318	(13,884)	
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	430,476	2,907,729	(222,210)	3,115,995	
Transfers in	-	-	690,565	690,565	
Transfers Out	(115,685)	(187,180)	(14,670)	(317,535)	
Capital Contribution	7,183		794,354	801,537	
Change in Net Position	321,974	2,720,549	1,248,039	4,290,562	
Net Position, Beginning of Year	4,845,555	1,807,959	7,080,888	13,734,402	
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 5,167,529	\$ 4,528,508	\$ 8,328,927	\$ 18,024,964	



Combining Statement Of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended September 30, 2021

	_	Navarre Beach	In	spections	Pe	eter Prince Field		Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Cash Received From Customers	\$	2,541,208	\$	5 209 250	\$	256,588	\$	9 106 146
Cash Paid to Suppliers	φ	(1,051,208)	φ	5,308,350 (421,596)	φ	(260,282)	φ	8,106,146 (1,733,087)
Cash Paid to Employees		(497,643)		(2,135,495)		(200,202)		(2,633,140)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	_	992,356	_	2,751,259	_	(3,696)	_	3,739,919
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities								
Transfers in		-		-		690,565		690,565
Transfers Out		(115,685)		(187,180)		(14,670)		(317,535)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing Activities		(115,685)		(187,180)		675,895		373,030
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Capital Contribution		7,183		-		794,354		801,537
Purchases of Capital Assets		(436,662)		-		(3,602,447)		(4,039,109)
Principal Paid On Capital Debt		(535,020)		-		-		(535,020)
Interest Paid On Capital Debt		(16,329)		-		-		(16,329)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing		(000 000)				(0.000.000)		
Activities		(980,828)		-		(2,808,093)		(3,788,921)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities								
Interest and Dividends		1,158		1,938		318		3,414
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Investing Activities	-	1,158	_	1,938	_	318	-	3,414
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(102,999)		2,566,017		(2,135,576)		327,442
Cash and Cash Equivalents At Beginning of Year		2,277,726		3,933,063		2,154,671		8,365,460
Cash and Cash Equivalents At End of Year	\$	2,174,727	\$	6,499,080	\$	19,095	\$	8,692,902
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided								
(Used) By Operating Activities	•		•	0 005 704	•	(000 500)	•	0.400.070
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	446,616	\$	2,905,791	\$	(222,528)	\$	3,129,879
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided								
(Used) By Operating Activities Depreciation Expense		107 006		20 001		370,337		007 047
Accounts Receivable		487,826 40,509		28,884		6,664		887,047 47,173
Due From Other Governments				_		(75,117)		(75,117)
Accounts Payable		32,995		(896)		(112,998)		(80,899)
Contracts Payable				(000)		51,546		51,546
Accrued Compensation		(404)		11,973		-		11,569
Compensated Absences		12,009		(19,153)		-		(7,144)
Due to Other Governments		-		12,920		252		13,172
Due to Other Funds		-		-		5,000		5,000
OPEB Liability		(3,433)		(12,158)		(4)		(15,595)
Deposits		(900)		(50,369)		100		(51,169)
Net Pension Liability		(310,581)		(1,300,636)		(26,904)		(1,638,121)
Net Heatlh Insurance Subsidy		(1,724)		(7,221)		(9,351)		(18,296)
Deferred Outflows of Resources		52,948		194,693		10,575		258,216
Deferred Inflows of Resources		236,495		987,431		(1,268)		1,222,658
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	992,356	\$	2,751,259	\$	(3,696)	\$	3,739,919

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Clerk's Court Registry Fund – accounts for funds deposited pursuant to court order pending the outcome of legal action and are distributed by order of the court.

Clerk's Fine and Cost Fund – Traffic and other fines are collected by the Clerk and remitted to the various governmental agencies.

Clerk's Intangible Tax Fund – The Clerk collects intangible tax and remits to the Department of Revenue.

Clerk's State Documentary Stamp Fund – The Clerk collects documentary stamps tax as an agent for the State of Florida and remits the revenue, less commission, to the Department of Revenue.

Clerk's Suspense Fund – The Clerk collects fees for marriage licenses, spousal abuse and restitution. Also the Clerk Collects money for the State co-educational trust fund and attorneys fees. Distributions on payments and remittances are made as appropriate to the various agencies or individuals.

Clerk's Tax Redemption Fund – accounts for tax deed application fees and tax deed bids and makes distributions on payments as appropriate.

Clerk's Ordinary Witness Fund – accounts for the funds collected and paid to witnesses.

Clerk's Bail Bond Fund – accounts for the collection and disbursement of bond monies posted by individuals upon arrest. These monies are held by the Clerk until final disposition instructions are received from the court.

Clerk's Flower Trust Fund – accounts for the collection and disbursement of funds donated by employees to purchase flowers for certain occasions.

Sheriff's Suspense Fund – accounts for the collection of monies obtained from the Sheriffs sale of abandoned and confiscated property, various court levies, writs of execution, and miscellaneous receipts and the subsequent disbursements to individuals, state agencies, and the Board of County Commissioners.

Sheriff's Seizure Fund – accounts for cash confiscated by the Sheriff's department which is held pending disposition.

Sheriff's Flower Fund – accounts for the collection and disbursement of funds donated by employees to purchase flowers for certain occasions.

Tax Collector's Tax Fund – accounts for receipts of various types of taxes, licenses, and fees collected on behalf of state, county, and municipal governmental agencies.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds September 30, 2021

SANTA ROSA

	Court Registry	Fine and Cost		Intangible Tax		State Documentary Stamp		Clerk Suspense		Tax Redemption			dinary itness
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,506,415	\$	243,037	\$	18,163	\$	638,687	\$	63,435	\$	1,514,371	\$	33,033
Miscellaneous Receivables Total Assets	\$ 2,506,415	\$	243,037	\$	- 18,163	\$	638,687	\$	63,435	\$	- 1,514,371	\$	33,033
Liabilities Accounts Payable Due to Other Governments Miscellaneous Liabilities	\$ - - -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,137 - -	\$	-	\$	-
Total Liabilities	;;	_			-	_		_	1,137	_	-	_	
Net Position Restricted for: Cash Bonds			-		-		-		-		-		-
Court Registry General Trust	2,506,415		- 243,037		- 18,163		- 638,687		- 62,298		۔ 1,514,371		- 33,033
Seizure Flowers or Donations Total Net Position	\$ 2,506,415	\$	243,037	\$	- 18,163	\$	638,687	\$	62,298	\$	- 1,514,371	\$	33,033

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds - Continued September 30, 2021

	E	Bail Flow				heriff spense						Tax Fund		Totals
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Miscellaneous Receivables Total Assets	\$ \$	359,061 - 359,061	\$ \$	2,161 - 2,161	\$ \$	9,867 - 9,867	\$ \$	20,676 - 20,676	\$ \$	21,172 - 21,172	\$ \$	1,451,860 250,542 1,702,402	\$ \$ \$	6,881,938 250,542 7,132,480
Liabilities Accounts Payable Due to Other Governments Miscellaneous Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$		\$	-	\$	9,867 9,867	\$	7,237 7,237	\$	- 180 180	\$	4,500 1,622,551 75,351 1,702,402	\$	5,637 1,622,551 92,635 1,720,823
Net Position Restricted for: Cash Bonds Court Registry General Trust Seizure Flowers or Donations Total Net Position	\$	359,061 - - - 359,061	\$	2,161 - - - 2,161	\$	-	\$	- - - 13,439 - - - - -	\$	- - - 20,992 20,992	\$		\$	359,061 2,506,415 2,511,750 13,439 20,992 5,411,657

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds September 30, 2021

SANTA ROSA

	Court Registry	Fine and Cost	Intangible Tax	Do	State ocumentary Stamp		Clerk Ispense	Re	Tax edemption		rdinary /itness
Additions				-		-					
Deposits in Court Registry	\$ 7,209,835	\$-	\$-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Recording Fees	73,360	-	7,571,628		34,940,063		-		-		-
Deposits for Real Estate Auction	1,801,520	-	-		-		-		-		-
Deposits for Tax Deeds	-	-	-		-		-		1,696,894		-
Deposits for Restitution	-	-	-		-		153,477		-		-
Deposits for Bonds	-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Payments from State	-	-	-		-		-		-		234
Payments from Individuals	-	3,656,905	-		-		835,260		-		-
Unclaimed Funds	-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Child Support Purges and Levies	-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Cash Seized	-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Property Tax Collections for											
Other Governments	-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Other Taxes and Fees for Other											
Governments	-	-	-		-		-		-		-
License and Fees Collected for											
State	-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Other Fees Collected for Other											
Entities	- -	-	-	*	-	^	-	^	-	*	-
Total Additions	\$ 9,084,715	\$ 3,656,905	\$ 7,571,628	\$	34,940,063	\$	988,737	\$	1,696,894	\$	234
Deductions											
Release of Bonds	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Refunds of Real Estate Auction	Ψ -	φ -	φ -	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	ψ	-
Deposits	1,374,173	_	_		_				536,495		_
Tax Deed Deferred	1,074,170	_	_		_		_		488,451		_
Payments to State	67,913	2,246,063	8,194,477		37,568,205		803,467		-00,-01		_
Payments to Local Agencies	07,010	1,354,703	46,167		180,469		1,495		_		_
Payments for Witnesses	-	1,004,700							-		3,938
Payments to Victims	-	-	-		-		153,476		-		- 0,000
Refunds	-	-	-		-		16,848		164,198		-
Court Ordered Disbursements	6,501,565	-	-		-		-		-		-
Flower Fund	-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Purges and Levies Paid to Other											
Agencies	-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Payments to Law Enforcement											
Trust	-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Payments of Property Tax to											
Other Governments	-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Payments of Other Taxes and											
Fees to Other Governments	-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Payments to Other Entities	-	-	-		_		-		-		-
Total Deductions	\$ 7,943,651	\$ 3,600,766	\$ 8,240,644	\$	37,748,674	\$	975,286	\$	1,189,144	\$	3,938
Changes in Net Resition	1 1 4 1 0 6 4	FG 120	(660.046)		(2 000 644)		12 151		507 750		(2 704)
Changes in Net Position	1,141,064	56,139	(669,016)		(2,808,611)		13,451		507,750		(3,704) 36,737
Net Position Beginning	1,365,351	186,898	687,179	e	3,447,298	\$	48,847	¢	1,006,621	¢	
Net Position Ending	\$ 2,506,415	\$ 243,037	\$ 18,163	\$	638,687	φ	62,298	\$	1,514,371	\$	33,033

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds - Continued September 30, 2021

	Bail Bonds	Clerk Flower Trust	Sheriff Suspense	Sheriff Seizure	Sheriff Flower	Tax Fund	Totals
Additions	¢	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ 7.209.835
Deposits in Court Registry	\$-	ф -	Ъ -	Ъ -	ф -	\$ -	+ ,=,
Recording Fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	42,585,051
Deposits for Real Estate Auction Deposits for Tax Deeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,801,520 1,696,894
	-	-	-	-	-	-	, ,
Deposits for Restitution	- 779,654	-	-	-	-	-	153,477
Deposits for Bonds	779,034	-	-	-	-	-	779,654 234
Payments from State	-	- 852	-	-	- 2.240	-	
Payments from Individuals Unclaimed Funds	26,616	602	-	-	3,349	-	4,496,366 26,616
	20,010	-	-	-	-	-	,
Child Support Purges and Levies	-	-	75,460	-	-	-	75,460
Cash Seized	-	-	-	7,801	-	-	7,801
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments						150 007 720	150 007 700
	-	-	-	-		158,007,739	158,007,739
Other Taxes and Fees for Other						744.000	744.000
Governments	-	-	-	-		741,086	741,086
License and Fees Collected for						00 0 47 007	00 0 47 007
State	-	-	-	-		30,247,037	30,247,037
Other Fees Collected for Other						5 400 400	5 400 400
Entities	<u>+ 000 070</u>	- -	- -	- -	¢ 2.240	5,436,432	5,436,432
Total Additions	\$ 806,270	\$ 852	\$ 75,460	\$ 7,801	\$ 3,349	\$ 194,432,294	\$ 253,265,202
Deductions							
Release of Bonds	\$ 700,643	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 700,643
Refunds of Real Estate Auction	\$ 700,043	φ -	φ -	φ -	φ -	φ -	φ 700,043
							1,910,668
Deposits Tax Deed Deferred	-	-	-	-	-	-	, ,
Payments to State	-	-	-	-	-	- 30,247,037	488,451
Payments to Local Agencies	26,616	-	-	-	-	30,247,037	79,127,162
, .	20,010	-	-	-	-	-	1,609,450
Payments for Witnesses Payments to Victims	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,938 153,476
Refunds	-	-	-	-	-	-	,
Court Ordered Disbursements	-	-	-	-	-	-	181,046 6,501,565
Flower Fund	-	431	-	-	-	-	431
	-	431	-	-	-	-	431
Purges and Levies Paid to Other			75 460		4 700		77 400
Agencies	-	-	75,460	-	1,733	-	77,193
Payments to Law Enforcement				7 650			7 650
Trust	-	-	-	7,652	-	-	7,652
Payments of Property Tax to						150 007 720	450 007 720
Other Governments	-	-	-	-	-	158,007,739	158,007,739
Payments of Other Taxes and						744 000	744 000
Fees to Other Governments	-	-	-	-	-	741,086	741,086
Payments to Other Entities	¢ 707.050	¢ 404	¢ 75.400	¢ 7.650	¢ 4.700	5,436,432	5,436,432
Total Deductions	\$ 727,259	\$ 431	\$ 75,460	\$ 7,652	\$ 1,733	\$ 194,432,294	\$ 254,946,932
Changes in Not Position	79,011	421		149	1,616		(1 691 720)
Changes in Net Position	280,050	1,740	-	13,290	1,616	-	(1,681,730)
Net Position Beginning, Restated Net Position Ending	\$ 359,061	\$ 2,161		\$ 13,439	\$ 20,992	\$ -	7,093,387
Net POSITION ENABLY	\$ 339,001	φ 2,101	\$	φ 13,439	φ 20,992	\$ -	\$ 5,411,657



Statistical section

Statistical section

This part of Santa Rosa County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

129 Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

135 Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the governments most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

139 Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

142 Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment which the government's financial activities take place.

145 **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position By Category Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year			
	2012		2013		2014	2015		2016
Governmental Activities								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 131,087,734	\$	133,506,512	\$	130,795,701	\$ 135,370,552	\$	139,306,062
Restricted	32,382,803		22,387,475		23,548,402	25,790,229		14,142,440
Unrestricted	24,272,173		27,789,157		29,782,242	(5,401,187)		3,139,025
Governmental Activities Net Position	 187,742,710	_	183,683,144	_	184,126,345	 155,759,594	_	156,587,527
Business-type Activities								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,411,539		11,055,493		11,967,295	12,195,766		14,179,449
Restricted	4,061,168		4,752,608		4,966,334	5,226,306		8,639,599
Unrestricted	510,657		138,096		(163,114)	872,240		(512,914)
Business-type Activities Net Position	 14,983,364		15,946,197		16,770,515	 18,294,312		22,306,134
Primary Government								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	141,499,273		144,562,005		142,762,996	147,566,318		153,485,511
Restricted	36,443,971		27,140,083		28,514,736	31,016,535		22,782,039
Unrestricted	24,782,830		27,927,253		29,619,128	(4,528,947)		2,626,111
Primary Government Net Position	\$ 202,726,074	\$	199,629,341	\$	200,896,860	\$ 174,053,906	\$	178,893,661
					Fiscal Year			
	 2017		2018		2019	 2020		2021
Governmental Activities	 					 		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 138,455,254	\$	143,546,487	\$	160,555,326	\$ 185,355,064	\$	188,258,381
Restricted	18,257,036		16,813,623		18,026,667	23,951,628		40,641,717
Unrestricted	3,552,425		8,509,671		(6,037,439)	(22,567,012)		(9,488,131)
Governmental Activities Net Position	 160,264,715		168,869,781		172,544,554	 186,739,680		219,411,967
Business-type Activities								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	14,826,919		17,650,472		25,192,457	26,540,665		30,061,433
Restricted	10,035,008		521,014		-	-		3,393,954
Unrestricted	1,665,310		5,250,192		4,218,096	10,584,302		21,255,869
Business-type Activities Net Position	 26,527,237		23,421,678	_	29,410,553	 37,124,967	_	54,711,256
Primary Government								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	153,282,173		161,196,959		185,747,783	211,895,729		218,319,814
Restricted	28,292,044		17,334,637		18,026,667	23,951,628		40,641,717
Unrestricted	5,217,735		13,759,863		(1,819,343)	(11,982,710)		11,767,738
Primary Government Net Position	\$ 186,791,952	\$	192,291,459	\$	201,955,107	\$ 223,864,647	\$	270,729,269



SANTA ROSA

				I	Fiscal Year				
Expenses	2012		2013		2014		2015		2016
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$ 32,570,186	\$	35,322,678	\$	32,077,210	\$	33,323,950	\$	34,534,581
Public Safety	38,621,376		39,189,911		43,539,307		43,855,080		47,580,239
Physical Environment	4,858,171		3,697,513		2,670,154		3,232,111		16,540,405
Transportation	17,262,229		15,368,137		18,931,798		6,301,085		12,053,535
Economic Environment	2,512,105		2,842,783		3,677,666		4,138,167		3,585,571
Human Services	5,355,802		5,297,919		5,557,949		5,632,639		5,209,959
Culture and Recreation	2,837,640		1,220,483		4,053,156		4,458,293		4,430,637
Interest On Long-term Debt	310,886		248,439		189,570		151,820		851,086
Total Governmental Activities	104,328,395		103,187,863		110,696,810		101,093,145		124,786,013
Business-type Activities:									
Navarre Beach Water and Sewer	1,790,622		1,774,576		1,959,739		1,840,277		2,019,652
Peter Prince Airport	531,658		505,658		448,747		434,803		439,498
Landfill	2,621,080		3,700,852		4,241,176		4,661,715		4,072,679
Total Business-type Activities	4,943,360		5,981,086		6,649,662		6,936,795		6,531,829
Total Government Expenses	\$ 109,271,755	\$	109,168,949	\$	117,346,472	\$	108,029,940	\$	131,317,842
		-		_		-		-	

			Fiscal Year		
Expenses	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 37,755,441	\$ 34,666,832	\$ 44,503,615	\$ 47,658,998	\$ 46,740,092
Public Safety	53,019,105	56,939,023	67,942,448	77,119,442	74,022,556
Physical Environment	2,998,450	5,972,999	13,076,260	10,306,476	2,887,030
Transportation	18,934,987	16,294,559	12,129,579	14,885,818	19,401,797
Economic Environment	4,199,033	4,719,843	5,923,430	3,950,617	5,404,978
Human Services	5,057,580	4,757,808	5,268,916	5,996,196	7,016,076
Culture and Recreation	4,936,498	5,603,068	5,884,463	7,343,967	4,716,703
Interest On Long-term Debt	(426,343)	145,914	104,063	142,169	715,958
Total Governmental Activities	126,474,751	129,100,046	154,832,774	167,403,683	160,905,190
Business-type Activities:					
Navarre Beach Water and Sewer	2,189,343	2,263,432	2,466,621	2,541,597	2,070,412
Inspections	-	2,069,711	2,048,065	2,473,657	2,402,559
Peter Prince Airport	1,693,306	550,774	575,137	849,076	547,568
Landfill	4,696,121	11,583,634	6,825,399	7,636,450	2,683,431
Total Business-type Activities	8,578,770	16,467,551	11,915,222	13,500,780	7,703,970
Total Government Expenses	\$ 135,053,521	\$ 145,567,597	\$ 166,747,996	\$ 180,904,463	\$ 168,609,160

* Inspections was implemented as a separate business-type activity starting FY 2018

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Changes In Net Position - Program Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (accrual basis of accounting)

						Fiscal Year				
Program Revenues		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
General Government	\$	18,081,960	\$	18,032,139	\$	19,838,193	\$	20,486,568	\$	20,165,926
Public Safety		4,370,643		3,577,641		4,699,449		7,228,652		7,526,515
Physical Environment		5,782,002		5,165,440		5,707,544		5,431,080		4,680,733
Transportation		261,684		246,785		191,636		146,383		47,551
Human Services		36,603		32,892		37,188		33,079		37,259
Culture and Recreation		380,985		336,709		403,688		391,097		488,274
Operating Grants and Contributions		8,833,949		5,819,975		3,881,017		2,760,609		12,902,748
Capital Grants and Contributions		5,162,953		2,018,166		3,884,357		2,879,592		3,091,704
Total Governmental Activities Program										
Revenues		42,910,779		35,229,747		38,643,072		39,357,060		48,940,710
Business-type Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Navarre Beach Water and Sewer		1,690,378		1,880,831		1,904,215		2,091,096		2,124,356
Peter Prince Airport		231,914		250,643		253,484		269,440		297,943
Landfill		4,057,528		4,290,879		4,808,104		5,886,791		7,965,978
Capital Grants and Contributions		680.971		347.459		329.224		815.405		67.154
Total Business-type Activities		6,660,791		6,769,812		7,295,027		9.062.732		10.455.431
Total Government Program Revenues	\$	49,571,570	\$	41,999,559	\$	45,938,099	\$	48,419,792	\$	59,396,141
Total Government Program Revenues	φ	49,571,570	φ	41,333,333	Ψ	45,550,055	φ	40,415,752	φ	55,550,141
Net (Expense)/revenue										
Governmental Activities	\$	(61,417,616)	\$	(67,958,116)	\$	(72,053,738)	\$	(61,736,085)	\$	(75,845,303)
	Ф	,	Ф	(, , ,	¢	(, , , ,	φ	,	Ф	,
Business-type Activities	-	1,717,431	•	788,726	•	645,365		2,125,937	-	3,923,602
Total Government Net Expense	\$	(69,319,474)	\$	(59,700,185)	\$	(67,169,390)	\$	(59,610,792)	\$	(71,921,701)
						Fiscal Year				
Program Revenues		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
General Government	\$	21,197,918	\$	21,841,976	\$	21,834,143	\$	21,871,252	\$	25,333,440
Public Safety	Ψ	6,896,820	Ψ	3,244,589	Ψ	5,112,437	Ψ	5,465,077	Ψ	4,119,687
Physical Environment		4,905,470		4,795,879		6,253,640		4,576,373		4,580,401
Transportation		4,303,470		1,930		61,917		1,339		4,000,401
Human Services		40,752		41,886		40,422		39,828		33,908
		,		,		,		,		,
Culture and Recreation		494,203		497,209		548,804		428,720		673,632
Operating Grants and Contributions		3,682,161		5,828,954		8,214,191		30,483,218		29,194,878
Capital Grants and Contributions		819,579		4,137,239		6,127,420		14,337,999		12,146,602
Total Governmental Activities Program										
Revenues		38,126,457		40,389,662		48,192,974		77,203,806		76,082,548
Business-type Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Navarre Beach Water and Sewer		2,163,525		2,242,090		2,377,243		2,273,197		2,500,689
Inspections		-		2,799,768		3,252,216		4,404,116		5,308,350
Peter Prince Airport		297,426		299,295		305,168		300,817		324,930
Landfill		9,503,609		9,677,360		11,399,817		12,597,507		16,961,961
Capital Grants and Contributions		1,080,363		33,819		329,652		812,540		801,537
Total Business-type Activities		13,044,923		15,052,332		17,664,096		20,388,177		25,897,467
Total Government Program Revenues	\$	51,171,380	\$	55,441,994	\$	65,857,070	\$	97,591,983	\$	101,980,015
Net (Expense)/revenue						// 				/- /
Governmental Activities	\$	(88,348,294)	\$	(88,710,384)	\$	(106,639,800)	\$	(90,199,877)	\$	(84,822,642)
Business-type Activities		4,466,153		(1,415,219)		5,748,874		6,887,397		18,193,497
Total Government Net Expense	\$	(83,882,141)	\$	(90,125,603)	\$	(100,890,926)	\$	(83,312,480)	\$	(66,629,145)

* Inspections was implemented as a separate business-type activity starting FY 2018

Changes In Net Position - General Revenues And Other Changes Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (accrual basis of accounting)

SANTA ROSA

					F	iscal Year				
		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Po	sition									
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes										
Property Taxes	\$	44,209,879	\$	42,806,636	\$	48,305,322	\$	46,335,319	\$	49,251,991
Sales, Use and Fuel Taxes		4,965,861		5,106,283		5,521,730		6,182,387		9,220,510
Communication Services Taxes		1,461,621		1,474,562		1,415,391		1,363,480		1,264,504
Unrestricted Grants and Contributions		12,523,404		13,029,453		13,791,230		14,226,746		14,929,576
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		431,939		137,829		87,033		163,795		309,686
Miscellaneous		595,156		1,344,805		1,675,778		2,322,467		1,696,967
Gain On Sale of Assets		65,596		24,041		1,700,455		_,,		-,,
Transfers		(637,906)		(25,060)		-		(142,066)		_
Total Governmental Activities		63,615,550		63,898,549		72,496,939		70,452,128		76,673,234
Business-type Activities:		03,013,330		03,030,343		12,430,333		10,452,120		10,013,234
51						10 611		E7 004		
Unrestricted Grants and Contributions		-		-		10,611		57,894		-
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		112,147		30,161		36,488		6,660		91,861
Miscellaneous		341		2,660		21,402		235,101		11,044
Gain On Sale of Assets		306,836		116,226		110,452		-		85,312
Transfers		637,906		25,060		-		142,066		-
Total Business-type Activities		1,057,230		174,107		178,953		441,721		188,217
Total Government	\$	64,672,780	\$	64,072,656	\$	72,675,892	\$	70,893,849	\$	76,861,451
Shanna in Nat Daaitian										
Change in Net Position	¢	0 407 004	¢	(4.050.507)	¢	440.004	¢	0 740 040	¢	007 004
Governmental Activities	\$	2,197,934	\$	(4,059,567)	\$	443,201	\$	8,716,043	\$	827,931
Business-type Activities	-	2,774,661	-	962,833	-	824,318	-	2,567,658	-	4,111,819
Total Government	\$	4,972,595	\$	(3,096,734)	\$	1,267,519	\$	11,283,701	\$	4,939,750
					F	iscal Year				
		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes										
Property Taxes	\$	49,696,434	\$	51,841,396	\$	56,284,626	\$	60.822.610	\$	65,623,243
Sales, Use and Fuel Taxes		15,431,701		22,250,020		23,346,073		21,602,823		25,981,294
Communication Services Taxes		1,179,568		1,246,878		1,135,739		1,168,514		1,143,101
Unrestricted Grants and Contributions		15,654,668		15,716,188		17,227,434		17,065,719		20,968,519
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		539,578		1,235,761		1,760,570		899,130		138,790
Miscellaneous		8,988,712		2,497,875		10,111,508		3,050,125		4,017,359
Transfers		534,822		2,063,351		444,116		(213,923)		730,120
Total Governmental Activities		JJ4,0ZZ		, ,		110,310,066		104,394,998		118,602,426
		02 025 492								110,002,420
		92,025,483		96,851,469		,,		,		
Business-type Activities:										27.040
Business-type Activities: Unrestricted Investment Earnings		139,703		243,890		708,723		520,265		,
Business-type Activities: Unrestricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous		139,703 61,301		243,890 35,852		708,723 30,111		520,265 520		5,120
Business-type Activities: Unrestricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Gain On Sale of Assets		139,703 61,301 69,882		243,890 35,852 67,771		708,723 30,111 (54,717)		520,265 520 92,309		5,120 79,840
Business-type Activities: Unrestricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Gain On Sale of Assets Transfers	_	139,703 61,301 69,882 (515,937)	_	243,890 35,852 67,771 (2,063,351)	_	708,723 30,111 (54,717) (444,116)	_	520,265 520 92,309 213,923		5,120 79,840 (730,120
Business-type Activities: Unrestricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Gain On Sale of Assets Transfers Total Business-type Activities	_	139,703 61,301 69,882 (515,937) (245,051)	_	243,890 35,852 67,771 (2,063,351) (1,715,838)	_	708,723 30,111 (54,717) (444,116) 240,001	_	520,265 520 92,309 213,923 827,017	_	5,120 79,840 (730,120 (607,211
Business-type Activities: Unrestricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Gain On Sale of Assets Transfers	\$	139,703 61,301 69,882 (515,937)	\$	243,890 35,852 67,771 (2,063,351)	\$	708,723 30,111 (54,717) (444,116)	\$	520,265 520 92,309 213,923	\$	5,120 79,840 (730,120 (607,211
Business-type Activities: Unrestricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Gain On Sale of Assets Transfers Total Business-type Activities Total Government	\$	139,703 61,301 69,882 (515,937) (245,051)	\$	243,890 35,852 67,771 (2,063,351) (1,715,838)	\$	708,723 30,111 (54,717) (444,116) 240,001	\$	520,265 520 92,309 213,923 827,017	\$	5,120 79,840 (730,120 (607,211
Business-type Activities: Unrestricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Gain On Sale of Assets Transfers Total Business-type Activities Total Government Change in Net Position	-	139,703 61,301 69,882 (515,937) (245,051) 91,780,432	-	243,890 35,852 67,771 (2,063,351) (1,715,838) 95,135,631	-	708,723 30,111 (54,717) (444,116) 240,001 110,550,067	-	520,265 520 92,309 213,923 827,017 105,222,015	-	5,120 79,840 (730,120 (607,211 117,995,215
Business-type Activities: Unrestricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Gain On Sale of Assets Transfers Total Business-type Activities Total Government Change in Net Position Governmental Activities	\$	139,703 61,301 69,882 (515,937) (245,051) 91,780,432 3,677,189	\$ \$	243,890 35,852 67,771 (2,063,351) (1,715,838) 95,135,631 8,141,085	\$ \$	708,723 30,111 (54,717) (444,116) 240,001 110,550,067 3,670,266	\$	520,265 520 92,309 213,923 827,017 105,222,015 14,195,121	\$	5,120 79,840 (730,120 (607,211 117,995,215 33,779,784
Business-type Activities: Unrestricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Gain On Sale of Assets Transfers Total Business-type Activities	-	139,703 61,301 69,882 (515,937) (245,051) 91,780,432	-	243,890 35,852 67,771 (2,063,351) (1,715,838) 95,135,631	-	708,723 30,111 (54,717) (444,116) 240,001 110,550,067	-	520,265 520 92,309 213,923 827,017 105,222,015	-	37,949 5,120 79,840 (730,120) (607,211) 117,995,215 33,779,784 17,586,286 51,366,070

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (modified accrual basis of accounting)

POST-GASB 54				Fiscal Year	2015		
	2012	_	2013	 2014		2015	2016
General Fund							
Nonspendable							
Nonspendable	\$ 135,386	\$	82,751	\$ 107,193	\$	90,672	\$ 62,459
Spendable							
Restricted	1,407,140		1,456,353	1,733,869		1,901,139	2,033,211
Committed	3,596,898		3,597,664	3,598,490		3,599,211	3,599,876
Assigned	190,222		195,317	8,586,073		8,805,007	2,967,560
Unassigned	22,187,824		25,370,006	23,606,591		24,700,673	31,055,759
Total General Fund	\$ 27,517,470	\$	30,702,091	\$ 37,632,216	\$	39,096,702	\$ 39,718,865
All Other Governental Funds							
Nonspendable							
Nonspendable	\$ 425,346	\$	519,971	\$ 304,885	\$	318,926	\$ 315,881
Spendable							
Restricted	15,894,090		10,872,229	12,011,918		11,021,558	12,109,229
Committed	11,188,029		9,486,005	9,462,579		9,008,363	8,385,969
Assigned	11,992,066		9,669,577	6,676,129		7,258,486	8,907,488
Unassigned	(173,433)		(226,872)	(1,135,383)		(208,078)	(1,695,801)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 39,326,098	\$	30,320,910	\$ 27,320,128	\$	27,399,255	\$ 28,022,766
				Fiscal Year			
	 2017		2018	2019		2020	2021
General Fund							
Nonspendable							
Nonspendable	\$ 72,278	\$	69,487	\$ 82,929	\$	78,837	\$ 92,746
Spendable							
Restricted	2,154,342		2,241,173	2,080,921		2,112,038	1,597,453
Committed	3,600,551		3,601,260	3,601,898		50,668	50,961
Assigned	2,797,226		3,068,669	3,593,803		4,453,703	5,538,442
Unassigned	33,735,553		37,463,097	34,347,223		42,442,838	40,117,694
Total General Fund	\$ 42,359,950	\$	46,443,686	\$ 43,706,774	\$	49,138,084	\$ 47,397,296
All Other Governental Funds							
Nonspendable							
Nonspendable	\$ 354,955	\$	345,224	\$ 304,304	\$	809,336	\$ 244,831
0 111							

Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 34,698,552	\$ 35,578,124	\$ 35,909,339	\$ 33,694,725	\$ 59,540,595
Unassigned	(787,135)	(438,508)	(270,524)	(182,512)	(188,418)
Assigned	9,791,607	10,973,321	7,847,916	4,966,935	4,883,792
Committed	9,236,431	10,125,637	12,081,897	6,261,377	1,949,434
Restricted	16,102,694	14,572,450	15,945,746	21,839,589	52,650,956
Spendable					
Nonspendable	\$ 354,955	\$ 345,224	\$ 304,304	\$ 809,336	\$ 244,831
Nonspendable					

Note: Ten years data available for post GASB-54 compliance.



Changes In Fund Balances All Governmental Fund Types Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Revenues										
Taxes	\$50,637,361	\$49,387,481	\$55,242,443	\$53,881,186	\$59,737,006	\$66,307,703	\$75,338,294	\$80,766,438	\$83,593,948	\$92,747,638
Permits, Fees and Special										
Assessments (1)	12,574,192	12,310,017	13,251,694	13,213,555	13,747,389	14,185,289	11,769,439	13,460,617	11,864,624	12,575,209
Intergovernmental	24,970,033	21,050,905	21,745,969	20,163,571	31,201,335	20,450,515	25,909,785	30,676,851	52,779,178	55,273,767
Charges for Services	10,487,027	10,559,196	12,285,986	15,335,216	14,661,408	14,913,717	13,851,454	15,378,297	15,500,924	16,935,410
Fines and Forfeitures	482,381	600,577	1,270,224	1,463,623	1,412,344	1,444,898	1,347,679	1,444,555	1,589,074	1,584,110
Miscellaneous	4,060,676	3,586,195	5,652,134	3,376,219	3,166,862	3,479,581	4,184,541	6,263,474	4,105,854	4,225,597
Total Revenues	103,211,670	97,494,371	109,448,450	107,433,370	123,926,344	120,781,703	132,401,192	147,990,232	169,433,602	183,341,731
Expenditures										
General Government	27,362,444	25,555,181	27,665,859	28,832,963	28,320,515	30,187,666	29,643,720	39,202,349	41,469,829	50,614,457
Public Safety	37,917,752	39,773,530	43,474,891	45,351,135	43,704,141	48,958,472	55,091,743	61,523,944	68,909,625	78,191,141
Physical Environment	4,822,389	3,578,143	2,547,824	3,257,125	16,356,077	2,835,197	6,303,950	12,833,590	11,074,990	5,080,242
Transportation	15,690,345	19,317,046	17,551,654	12,885,058	13,640,571	15,923,262	19,313,501	17,189,151	22,375,506	16,366,281
Economic Environment	2,516,642	2,752,647	3,607,947	4,068,837	3,427,798	4,203,529	4,581,029	5,757,690	4,694,136	5,288,003
Human Services	5,468,780	5,215,463	5,449,681	5,944,871	5,003,386	5,046,765	4,746,285	5,258,684	5,956,334	7,082,636
Culture and Recreation	2,695,246	2,875,555	2,867,276	3,235,694	2,916,554	3,307,556	4,480,244	4,469,669	5,662,522	4,859,727
Capital Outlay	1,048,244	2,191,074	488,191	349,049	12,644,982	1,770	2,417,398	2,665,420	8,743,442	33,945,647
Debt Service										
Principal	5,618,597	1,430,597	1,259,276	1,193,194	1,773,560	1,428,549	1,968,707	1,100,079	1,275,559	1,747,042
Interest	310,886	213,123	172,712	134,732	196,066	156,236	154,384	117,288	119,595	119,595
Total Expenditures	103,451,325	102,902,359	105,085,311	105,252,658	127,983,650	112,049,002	128,700,961	150,117,864	170,281,538	203,294,771
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)										
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)	(239,655)	(5,407,988)	4,363,139	2,180,712	(4,057,306)	8,732,701	3,700,231	(2,127,632)	(847,936)	(19,953,040)
Experialities	(239,033)	(3,407,300)	4,303,139	2,100,712	(4,057,500)	0,752,701	5,700,251	(2,127,032)	(047,550)	(13,355,040)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in	19,908,478	8,953,304	10,209,704	12,423,537	13,448,087	12,237,875	20,409,367	20,776,838	27,004,305	33,616,202
Transfers Out	(21,046,384)	(9,429,123)	(10,705,368)	(13,065,603)	(13,398,087)	(11,703,053)	(20,744,047)	(21,288,432)	(28,191,228)	(32,886,082)
New Debt Issue	-	-	-	-	5,279,240	-	1604000	273,965	5,302,518	12,035,500
Refunding Debt	268,350	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources										
(Uses)	(869,556)	(475,819)	(495,664)	(642,066)	5,329,240	534,822	1,269,320	(237,629)	4,115,595	12,765,620
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,109,211)	(5,883,807)	3,867,475	1,538,646	1,271,934	9,267,523	4,969,551	(2,365,261)	3,267,659	(7,187,420)
Debt Service As a Percentage of										
Noncapital Expenditures	6%	2%	1%	1%	2%	1%	2%	1%	1%	1%

⁽¹⁾The state mandated chart of accounts was modified to move special assessments from Miscellaneous to a newly named category Permits, Fees and Special Assessments.

Franchise fees were reclassified from Taxes to Permits and Fees

Just And Taxable Value of Real And Personal Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Real Property	Personal Property	Real Property Exemptions	Personal Property xemptions	Less: Tax Exempt Property	Real Property axable Value	Personal Property xable Value	Total Just Value		al Taxable ssessed Value	Direct Rate
2012	\$ 10,757,912,195	\$ 629,709,562	\$ 4,112,453,855	\$ 51,555,173	\$ 4,164,009,028	\$ 6,645,458,340	\$ 578,154,389	\$ 11,387,621,757	\$ 7	,223,612,729	\$ 6.0953
2013	\$ 10,868,923,522	\$ 624,513,661	\$ 4,126,017,929	\$ 50,179,329	\$ 4,176,197,258	\$ 6,742,905,593	\$ 574,334,332	\$ 11,493,437,183	\$ 7	,317,239,925	\$ 6.0953
2014	\$ 11,632,334,984	\$ 605,255,817	\$ 4,497,322,031	\$ 50,842,317	\$ 4,548,164,348	\$ 7,135,012,953	\$ 554,413,500	\$ 12,237,590,801	\$ 7	689,426,453	\$ 6.0953
2015	\$ 11,995,646,721	\$ 627,728,822	\$ 4,514,497,235	\$ 349,017,918	\$ 4,863,515,153	\$ 7,481,149,486	\$ 278,710,904	\$ 12,623,375,543	\$ 7	759,860,390	\$ 6.0953
2016	\$ 12,499,933,594	\$ 661,823,887	\$ 4,740,517,328	\$ 51,988,439	\$ 4,792,505,767	\$ 7,759,416,266	\$ 609,835,448	\$ 13,161,757,481	\$8	,369,251,714	\$ 6.0953
2017	\$ 13,127,940,336	\$ 680,101,947	\$ 4,967,098,700	\$ 48,847,262	\$ 5,015,945,962	\$ 8,160,841,636	\$ 631,254,685	\$ 13,808,042,283	\$8	792,096,321	\$ 6.0953
2018	\$ 14,345,023,878	\$ 747,289,282	\$ 4,746,010,616	\$ 75,186,719	\$ 4,821,197,335	\$ 9,599,013,262	\$ 672,102,563	\$ 15,092,313,160	\$ 10	,271,115,825	\$ 6.0953
2019	\$ 15,536,241,039	\$ 780,898,125	\$ 5,898,391,227	\$ 91,223,721	\$ 5,989,614,948	\$ 9,637,849,812	\$ 689,674,404	\$ 16,317,139,164	\$ 10	,327,524,216	\$ 6.0953
2020	\$ 16,961,974,463	\$ 823,083,072	\$ 6,503,125,337	\$ 85,395,842	\$ 6,588,521,179	\$ 10,458,849,126	\$ 737,687,230	\$ 17,785,057,535	\$ 11	196,536,356	\$ 6.0953
2021	\$ 19,081,193,231	\$ 860,667,436	\$ 7,600,043,926	\$ 89,767,155	\$ 7,689,811,081	\$ 11,481,149,305	\$ 770,900,281	\$ 19,941,860,667	\$ 12	,252,049,586	\$ 6.0953

Source: Property Appraiser, Santa Rosa County



Property Tax Rates Direct And Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Santa	Rosa County	Operating Milla	ige				Overlap	ping Rates				
Year	General Fund	Road & Bridge Fund	Fine & Forfeiture Fund	Total County	School Board Operating Millage	City of Gulf Breeze Operating Millage	City of Milton Operating Millage	City of Jay Operating Millage	Avalon- Mulat Fire District Millage	Midway Fire District Millage	Pace Fire District Millage	NW Florida Water Management Millage	Total Millage
2012	5.9793	0.1040	0.0120	6.0953	7.9160	1.9000	3.2373	2.0000	1.0000	1.4000	-	0.0400	23.5886
2013	5.9793	0.1040	0.0120	6.0953	7.6680	1.9000	3.2730	2.0000	1.0000	1.6000	-	0.0400	23.5763
2014	6.0856	-	0.0097	6.0953	7.4430	1.9723	3.2373	2.0000	2.0000	1.7500	-	0.0390	24.5369
2015	6.0953	-	-	6.0953	7.2020	1.9723	3.2373	2.0000	2.0000	1.7500	-	0.0378	24.2947
2016	6.0953	-	-	6.0953	6.8400	1.9723	3.2373	2.0000	2.0000	1.8500	-	0.0366	24.0315
2017	6.0953	-	-	6.0953	6.8400	1.9723	3.2373	2.0000	2.0000	1.8500	-	0.0353	24.0302
2018	6.0953	-	-	6.0953	6.2990	1.9723	3.2373	2.5000	2.0000	2.2000	-	0.0338	24.3377
2019	6.0953	-	-	6.0953	6.0910	1.9723	3.2373	2.5000	2.0000	2.2000	1.4800	0.0327	25.6086
2020	6.0953	-	-	6.0953	6.0500	1.9723	3.0841	2.5000	2.0000	2.2000	1.4800	0.0311	25.4182
2021	6.0953	-	-	6.0953	5.9040	1.9723	2.9900	3.8000	2.0000	2.3818	1.4800	0.0294	26.6528

Source: Tax Collector, Santa Rosa County

Principal Taxpayers Current Year And Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

			2021			2012	
Taxpayer		Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Florida Power & Light/Gulf Power	\$	181,839,370	1	1.48%	\$ 95,653,771	1	1.32%
Florida Gas Transmission	\$	91,334,225	2	0.75%	\$ 93,188,251	2	1.29%
Bellsouth Telecomm	\$	58,972,622	3	0.48%	\$ 38,908,339	5	0.54%
Breitburn Operating LP	\$	47,813,602	4	0.39%	\$ -		
Taminco Us	\$	45,937,595	5	0.37%	\$ 21,845,792	9	0.30%
Walmart Stores East	\$	33,661,155	6	0.27%	\$ 30,067,718	6	0.42%
8375 Navarre Beach Holdings	\$	27,826,559	7	0.23%	\$ -		
Escambia River Electric Coop	\$	22,595,504	8	0.18%	\$ -		
Pier Rock I LLC	\$	21,635,801	9	0.18%	\$ -		
FWD I LLC	\$	20,180,474	10	0.16%	\$ -		
Quantum Resources	\$	-			\$ 70,672,803	3	0.98%
Santa Rosa Energy	\$	-			\$ 43,763,544	4	0.61%
Santa Rosa II LLC	\$	-			\$ 22,675,630	7	0.31%
Mediacom Southeast LLC	\$	-			\$ 21,990,265	8	0.30%
Andrews Institute Medical Park	\$	-			\$ 16,329,494	10	0.23%
Total Assessed	\$1	2,252,049,586			\$ 7,223,612,729		

Source: Property Appraiser, Santa Rosa County



Property Tax Levies And Collections All Governmental Fund Types Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Year	Total Tax Levy	Pi	urrent and rior Years ljustments	utstanding elinquent Taxes	Discounts Allowed	urrent Tax ollections	Percent of Current Tax Collections to Total Levy	(Total Tax Collection	Percent of Total Tax Collection to Total Levy	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
2012	\$ 44,944,141	\$	(12,852)	\$ 416,988	\$ 1,379,496	\$ 42,951,863	95.57%	\$	44,331,359	98.64%	0.93%
2013	\$ 44,054,676	\$	8,243	\$ 328,356	\$ 1,375,961	\$ 42,284,295	95.98%	\$	43,660,256	99.10%	0.75%
2014	\$ 44,620,332	\$	8,315	\$ 266,157	\$ 1,433,608	\$ 42,836,934	96.00%	\$	44,270,542	99.22%	0.60%
2015	\$ 46,948,088	\$	10,720	\$ 47,384	\$ 1,588,836	\$ 45,266,448	96.42%	\$	46,855,284	99.80%	0.10%
2016	\$ 49,217,480	\$	23,618	\$ 43,820	\$ 1,687,131	\$ 47,091,704	95.68%	\$	48,778,836	99.11%	0.09%
2017	\$ 51,164,884	\$	2,450	\$ 27,116	\$ 1,768,619	\$ 49,122,581	96.01%	\$	50,891,200	99.47%	0.05%
2018	\$ 53,680,748	\$	1,473	\$ 28,909	\$ 1,880,853	\$ 51,692,210	96.30%	\$	53,573,063	99.80%	0.05%
2019	\$ 58,620,914	\$	1,413	\$ 412,688	\$ 2,026,716	\$ 56,030,367	95.58%	\$	58,057,083	99.04%	0.70%
2020	\$ 63,128,171	\$	25,827	\$ 254,041	\$ 2,205,184	\$ 60,560,940	95.93%	\$	62,766,125	99.43%	0.40%
2021	\$ 68,585,495	\$	33,900	\$ 389,366	\$ 2,422,956	\$ 65,739,273	95.85%	\$	68,162,229	99.38%	0.57%

Source: Tax Collector, Santa Rosa County



Ratios of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

				G	overn	mental Activitie	s									
Year				Revenue- Backed Debt	A	Special ssessment Debt		Capital Leases			Revenue Debt		Total	Percentage of Personal Income		Per Capita
2012	\$	-	\$	2,296,306	\$	5,166,457	\$		-	\$	5,451,581	\$	12,914,344	0.219%	\$	83.11
2013	\$	-	\$	1,942,442	\$	4,089,724	\$		-	\$	4,765,239	\$	10,797,405	0.178%	\$	68.63
2014	\$	-	\$	1,580,707	\$	3,192,183	\$		-	\$	4,058,392	\$	8,831,282	0.144%	\$	54.04
2015	\$	-	\$	1,210,908	\$	2,368,788	\$		-	\$	3,330,357	\$	6,910,053	0.103%	\$	41.51
2016	\$	4,564,519	\$	832,801	\$	1,688,055	\$		-	\$	2,580,741	\$	9,666,116	0.139%	\$	57.88
2017	\$	3,837,034	\$	740,509	\$	1,079,284	\$		-	\$	2,102,521	\$	7,759,348	0.104%	\$	45.42
2018	\$	3,096,555	\$	58,348	\$	2,137,218	\$		-	\$	1,606,035	\$	6,898,156	0.086%	\$	39.44
2019	\$	2,342,849	\$	24,074	\$	2,100,118	\$		-	\$	1,090,588	\$	5,557,629	0.071%	\$	31.06
2020	\$	1,575,683	\$	2,700,000	\$	4,215,549	\$		-	\$	1,090,588	\$	9,581,820	0.113%	\$	51.89
2021	\$	794,815	\$	46,288,897	\$	4,478,912	\$		-	\$	555,568	\$	52,118,192	0.549%	\$	271.57
	2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	Year O 2012 \$ 2013 \$ 2014 \$ 2015 \$ 2016 \$ 2017 \$ 2018 \$ 2019 \$ 2020 \$	2012 \$ - 2013 \$ - 2014 \$ - 2015 \$ - 2016 \$ 4,564,519 2017 \$ 3,837,034 2018 \$ 3,096,555 2019 \$ 2,342,849 2020 \$ 1,575,683	Year Obligation Debt 2012 \$ \$ 2013 \$ \$ 2014 \$ \$ 2015 \$ \$ 2016 \$ 4,564,519 2017 \$ 3,837,034 2018 \$ 3,096,555 2019 \$ 2,342,849 2020 \$ 1,575,683	General Obligation Debt Revenue- Backed Debt 2012 \$ - \$ Backed Debt 2012 \$ - \$ 2,296,306 -	General Obligation Debt Revenue- Backed Debt A 2012 \$ - \$ 2,296,306 \$ 2013 \$ - \$ 1,942,442 \$ 2014 \$ - \$ 1,580,707 \$ 2015 \$ - \$ 1,210,908 \$ 2016 \$ 4,564,519 \$ 832,801 \$ 2017 \$ 3,837,034 \$ 740,509 \$ 2018 \$ 3,096,555 \$ 58,348 \$ 2019 \$ 2,342,849 \$ 2,700,000 \$	General Obligation Debt Revenue- Backed Debt Special Assessment Debt 2012 \$ - \$ 2,296,306 \$ 5,166,457 2013 \$ - \$ 1,942,442 \$ 4,089,724 2014 \$ - \$ 1,580,707 \$ 3,192,183 2015 \$ - \$ 1,210,908 \$ 2,368,788 2016 \$ 4,564,519 \$ 832,801 \$ 1,688,055 2017 \$ 3,837,034 \$ 740,509 \$ 1,079,284 2018 \$ 3,096,555 \$ 58,348 2,137,218 2019 \$ 2,342,849 \$ 24,074 \$ 2,100,118 2020 \$ 1,575,683 \$ 2,700,000 \$ 4,215,549	YearObligation DebtBacked DebtAssessment Debt2012\$-\$2,296,306\$\$\$\$2013\$-\$1,942,442\$4,089,724\$2014\$-\$1,580,707\$3,192,183\$2015\$-\$1,210,908\$2,368,788\$2016\$4,564,519\$832,801\$1,688,055\$2017\$3,837,034\$740,509\$1,079,284\$2018\$3,096,555\$58,348\$2,137,218\$2019\$2,342,849\$24,074\$2,100,118\$2020\$1,575,683\$2,700,000\$4,215,549\$	General Obligation Debt Revenue- Backed Debt Special Assessment Debt Capital Leases 2012 \$ - \$ 2,296,306 \$ 5,166,457 \$ 2013 \$ - \$ 1,942,442 \$ 4,089,724 \$ 2014 \$ - \$ 1,580,707 \$ 3,192,183 \$ 2015 \$ - \$ 1,210,908 \$ 2,368,788 \$ 2016 \$ 4,564,519 \$ 832,801 \$ 1,688,055 \$ 2017 \$ 3,837,034 \$ 740,509 \$ 1,079,284 \$ 2018 \$ 3,096,555 \$ 58,348 \$ 2,137,218 \$ 2019 \$ 2,342,849 \$ 24,074 \$ 2,100,118 \$ 2020 \$ 1,575,683 \$ 2,700,000 \$ 4,215,549 \$	YearGeneral Obligation DebtRevenue- Backed DebtSpecial Assessment DebtCapital Leases2012\$>\$2,296,306\$5,166,457\$-2013\$>\$1,942,442\$4,089,724\$-2014\$>\$1,580,707\$3,192,183\$-2015\$\$1,210,908\$2,368,788\$-2016\$4,564,519\$832,801\$1,688,055\$-2017\$3,837,034\$740,509\$1,079,284\$-2018\$3,096,555\$58,348\$2,137,218\$-2019\$2,342,849\$24,074\$2,100,118\$-2020\$1,575,683\$2,700,000\$4,215,549\$-	General Obligation Debt Revenue- Backed Debt Special Assessment Debt Capital Leases 2012 \$ - \$ \$. \$. \$. \$ \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. . \$.	YearGeneral Obligation DebtRevenue- Backed DebtSpecial Assessment DebtCapital LeasesRevenue Debt2012\$-\$2,296,306\$5,166,457\$-\$5,451,5812013\$-\$1,942,442\$4,089,724\$-\$5,476,2392014\$-\$1,580,707\$3,192,183\$-\$4,058,3922015\$-\$1,210,908\$2,368,788\$-\$3,330,3572016\$4,564,519\$832,801\$1,688,055\$-\$2,580,7412017\$3,837,034\$740,509\$1,079,284\$-\$2,102,5212018\$3,096,555\$58,348\$2,137,218\$-\$1,606,0352019\$2,342,849\$24,074\$2,100,118\$-\$1,090,5882020\$1,575,683\$2,700,000\$4,215,549\$-\$1,090,588	General Obligation Debt Revenue- Backed Debt Special Assessment Debt Capital Leases Revenue Debt 2012 \$ - \$ 2,296,306 \$ 5,166,457 \$ - \$ 5,451,581 \$ 2012 \$ - \$ 2,296,306 \$ 5,166,457 \$ \$ 5,451,581 \$ 2013 \$ - \$ 1,942,442 \$ 4,089,724 \$ - \$ 4,765,239 \$ 2014 \$ 1,580,707 \$ 3,192,183 \$ - \$ 4,058,392 \$ 2015 \$ 4,564,519 \$ 1,210,908 \$ 2,368,788 \$ - \$ 3,330,357 \$ 2016 \$ 4,564,519 \$ 832,801 \$ 1,688,055 \$ 5 \$ 2,102,521 \$ 2017 \$ 3,837,034 \$ 740,509 \$ 1,079,284 \$ 2,102,521 \$	General Obligation Debt Revenue- Backed Debt Special Assessment Debt Capital Leases Revenue Debt Total 2012 \$ - \$ 2,296,306 \$ 5,166,457 \$ - \$ 5,451,581 \$ 12,914,344 2013 \$ - \$ 1,942,442 \$ 4,089,724 \$ \$ 4,765,239 \$ 10,797,405 2014 \$ - \$ 1,580,707 \$ 3,192,183 \$ - \$ 4,058,392 \$ 8,881,282 2015 \$ - \$ 1,210,908 \$ 2,368,788 \$ - \$ 3,330,357 \$ 6,910,053 2016 \$ 4,564,519 \$ 832,801 \$ 1,688,055 \$ \$ 2,580,741 \$ 9,666,116 2017 \$ 3,837,034 \$ 740,509 \$ 1,079,284 \$ \$ 1,606,035 \$ 6,898,156 2018 \$	YearGeneral Obligation DebtRevenue- Backed DebtSpecial Assessment DebtCapital LeasesRevenue DebtTotalPercentage of Personal Income2012\$-\$2,296,306\$5,166,457\$-\$5,451,581\$12,914,3440.219%2013\$-\$1,942,442\$4,089,724\$\$\$4,765,239\$10,797,4050.178%2014\$1,580,707\$3,192,183\$\$\$\$4,058,392\$8,831,2820.144%2015\$1,210,908\$2,368,788\$\$\$3,330,357\$6,910,0530.103%2016\$4,564,519\$832,801\$1,688,055\$\$\$2,580,741\$9,666,1160.139%2017\$3,837,034\$740,509\$1,079,284\$\$\$2,102,521\$7,759,3480.104%2018\$3,096,555\$58,3482,137,218\$\$1,606,035\$6,898,1560.086%2019\$2,342,849\$2,4074\$2,100,118\$\$\$1,090,588\$5,557,6290.071%2020\$1,575,683\$2,700,000\$4,215,549\$\$1,090,588\$9,581,8200.113%	YearGeneral Obligation DebtRevenue- Backed DebtSpecial Assessment DebtCapital LeasesRevenue DebtTotalPercentage of Personal IncomePercentage of Personal IncomePercentage of Personal IncomeSpecial AssessmentRevenue DebtTotalPercentage of Personal IncomePercentage of Personal Income2012\$<



Ratios of General Obligation Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	 vernmental Activities		
Year	General bligation Debt	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property ⁽²⁾	Per Capita ⁽¹⁾
2012	\$ 	0.000%	\$
2013	\$ -	0.000%	\$ -
2014	\$ -	0.000%	\$ -
2015	\$ -	0.000%	\$ -
2016	\$ 4,564,519	0.055%	\$ 27
2017	\$ 3,837,034	0.044%	\$ 22.46
2018	\$ 3,096,555	0.030%	\$ 17.71
2019	\$ 2,342,849	0.023%	\$ 13.09
2020	\$ 1,575,683	0.014%	\$ 8.53
2021	\$ 794,815	0.006%	\$ 4.14
2020	\$ 1,575,683	0.014%	\$ 8.53

⁽¹⁾ US Bureau of Economic and Business Research

(2) Property Appraiser, Santa Rosa County

Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Revenue Bonds

							Debt S	ervic	e	
Year	R	Gross evenues ⁽¹⁾	Less: Expenses		 et Available Revenue	Р	rincipal		Interest	Coverage
2012	\$	5,735,395	\$	-	\$ 5,735,395	\$	539,984	\$	45,628	979%
2013	\$	6,019,063	\$	-	\$ 6,019,063	\$	549,387	\$	35,973	1028%
2014	\$	6,401,628	\$	-	\$ 6,401,628	\$	558,953	\$	26,274	1094%
2015	\$	6,780,568	\$	-	\$ 6,780,568	\$	568,686	\$	13,636	1164%
2016	\$	7,276,083	\$	-	\$ 7,276,083	\$	578,589	\$	6,381	1244%
2017	\$	7,714,651	\$	-	\$ 7,714,651	\$	-	\$	-	0%
2018	\$	7,484,101	\$	-	\$ 7,484,101	\$	-	\$	-	0%
2019	\$	8,585,746	\$	-	\$ 8,585,746	\$	-	\$	-	0%
2020	\$	9,092,163	\$	-	\$ 9,092,163	\$	-	\$	-	0%
2021	\$	52,249,063	\$	-	\$ 52,249,063	\$	-	\$	318,083	16426%

Notes Payable

Year	R	Gross levenues ⁽²⁾	I	Less: Expenses	 et Available Revenue	Р	rincipal	Interest	Coverage
 2012	\$	2,170,996	\$	1,242,849	\$ 928,147	\$	472,209	\$ 235,191	131%
2013	\$	2,416,466	\$	1,251,933	\$ 1,164,533	\$	490,818	\$ 216,716	165%
2014	\$	2,525,419	\$	1,431,119	\$ 1,094,300	\$	509,629	\$ 198,179	155%
2015	\$	2,771,930	\$	1,305,460	\$ 1,466,470	\$	529,150	\$ 178,960	207%
2016	\$	2,884,659	\$	1,472,189	\$ 1,412,470	\$	549,133	\$ 159,339	199%
2017	\$	3,041,022	\$	1,634,259	\$ 1,406,763	\$	570,512	\$ 138,171	199%
2018	\$	3,223,716	\$	1,802,065	\$ 1,421,651	\$	592,381	\$ 116,619	201%
2019	\$	3,511,284	\$	1,938,442	\$ 1,572,842	\$	548,720	\$ 72,661	253%
2020	\$	3,324,165	\$	2,144,205	\$ 1,179,960	\$	569,293	\$ 53,385	189%
2021	\$	54,758,103	\$	1,566,257	\$ 53,191,846	\$	583,623	\$ 54,658	8334%

Debt Service

Special Assessment Notes

Crees							Debt S	ervio	ce		
	ar	Gross Revenues ⁽³⁾	Less: Expenses	Net Available Revenue		Principal		Interest		Coverage	
\$	2 3	\$ 1,872,823	\$ -	\$	1,872,823	\$	1,509,919	\$	254,225	106%	
\$	3	\$ 921,029	\$-	\$	921,029	\$	870,216	\$	204,483	86%	
\$	4	\$ 1,155,998	\$-	\$	1,155,998	\$	897,493	\$	174,533	108%	
\$	5 5	\$ 991,352	\$-	\$	991,352	\$	823,894	\$	88,461	109%	
\$	6	\$ 772,276	\$-	\$	772,276	\$	680,682	\$	78,340	102%	
\$	7 9	\$ 727,529	\$-	\$	727,529	\$	592,839	\$	44,387	114%	
\$	8	\$ 641,896	\$-	\$	641,896	\$	470,195	\$	27,468	129%	
\$	9 9	\$ 789,091	\$-	\$	789,091	\$	210,380	\$	21,284	341%	
\$	20 5	\$ 2,448,261	\$-	\$	2,448,261	\$	553,212	\$	63,642	397%	
\$	21 5	\$ 1,081,138	\$ 11,705	\$	1,069,433	\$	447,137	\$	127,974	186%	
\$ \$ \$	7 5 8 5 9 5 20 5	 \$ 727,529 \$ 641,896 \$ 789,091 \$ 2,448,261 	\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ \$ \$ \$	727,529 641,896 789,091 2,448,261	\$ \$ \$ \$	592,839 470,195 210,380 553,212	\$ \$ \$ \$	44,387 27,468 21,284 63,642	7 3 4 2	

⁽¹⁾ Sales taxes until 2020, non-ad valorem revenues from 2021

(2) Electric Franchise Fees

⁽³⁾ Special Assessments



Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

SANTA ROSA

Fiscal Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	I	Personal ncome ⁽²⁾ housands)	P	er Capita ersonal come ⁽²⁾	Unemployment Rate ⁽³⁾
2012	155,390	\$	5,906,842	\$	37,264	7.5%
2013	157,317	\$	6,079,598	\$	37,739	6.6%
2014	163,422	\$	6,146,309	\$	37,610	5.4%
2015	166,486	\$	6,721,674	\$	40,506	4.3%
2016	167,009	\$	6,943,907	\$	41,869	4.6%
2017	170,835	\$	7,477,766	\$	42,909	3.2%
2018	174,887	\$	7,985,954	\$	44,527	2.9%
2019	178,928	\$	7,841,227	\$	44,615	2.7%
2020	184,653	\$	8,474,829 *	\$	45,981 *	4.1%
2021	191,911	\$	9,494,221 *	\$	49,472 *	2.7%

* Projected

 ${}^{\scriptscriptstyle (1)}\mbox{Florida}$ Legislature, Office of Economic and Demographic Research

(2) US Bureau of Economic Analysis

⁽³⁾ US Bureau of Labor Statistics

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



Principal Employers Current Year And Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2021			2012	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment
Santa Rosa County School District	3,108	1	3.73%	2,615	2	4.17%
Federal Military	2,500	2	3.00%			
Federal Government	2,449	3	2.94%	1,317	3	2.10%
State Government	1,330	4	1.60%	3,219	1	5.13%
Santa Rosa County Government	1,093	5	1.31%	913	5	1.46%
Baptist Healthcare Systems	848	6	1.02%	626	6	1.00%
Wal-Mart Stores	800	7	0.96%	1,282	4	2.05%
Santa Rosa Medical Center	700	8	0.84%	498	7	0.79%
Publix	500	9	0.60%	359	8	0.57%
Gulf Cable	360	10	0.43%			
Mediacom				300	9	0.48%
Lowe's				280	10	0.45%
Total	13,688	-	16%	8,861	-	14%
Total Employment			83,345		-	62,688

Source: Santa Rosa County Economic Development Office



County Employees By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
General Government	265	273	269	269	261	268	280	290	301	308
Public Safety	452	451	451	445	451	450	444	486	508	509
Physical Environment	52	46	64	65	60	58	63	64	64	50
Transportation	103	105	111	110	108	107	105	105	103	103
Economic Environment	2	2	10	11	7	12	9	9	9	13
Human Services	22	23	25	25	25	24	22	21	21	24
Culture and Recreation	33	32	35	38	37	37	41	39	38	45
Total	929	932	965	963	949	956	964	1,014	1,044	1,052

Source: Departmental reports.

Operating Indicators By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Public Safety										
Law Enforcement										
Service Calls	122,336	118,150	119,731	126,423	144,727	149,702	139,233	142,655	125,022	124,798
DUI Arrests	175	148	236	215	273	352	331	269	247	225
Jail Inmates	6,618	6,315	6,577	7,249	7,746	7,807	7,383	7,431	5,612	6,364
Physical Environment										
Transportation										
Economic Environment										
Human Services										
Animal Services										
Service Calls	8,100	6,995	7,201	7,162	6,520	6,970	6,572	5,206	4,120	4,455
Adoptions	517	511	571	616	570	583	511	926	1,196	1,448
Animal Visits to Shelter	7,875	7,538	6,592	6,631	6,137	6,038	5,990	4,050	2,826	3,250
Culture and Recreation										
Libraries										
Items Circulated	434,571	425,484	434,571	420,730	405,000	398,597	401,333	411,656	311,742	378,037
Registered Borrowers	46,111	51,581	46,111	49,771	52,343	57,568	63,238	69,206	72,488	74,064

Indicators are not available for the general government function.

Source: Departmental reports



Capital Asset Statistics By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Public Safety										
Sheriff's Officers Vehicles	308	282	285	285	275	293	296	281	326	310
Fire Districts	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Physical Environment										
Landfills	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Transfer Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water Taps	1,904	1,904	1,955	2,137	2,152	2,171	2,190	2,220	2,247	2,255
Sewer Taps	1,893	1,893	1,942	2,124	2,139	2,158	2,177	2,207	2,234	2,242
Transportation										
Airports	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Airport Hangars	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	23
Economic Environment										
Industrial Parks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Human Services										
Animal Services Vehicles	13	10	11	11	11	11	10	11	9	10
Culture and Recreation										
Libraries	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6
Items in Library Collection	138,565	149,133	138,565	156,786	148,288	155,149	156,773	156,152	156,111	164,258
Parks	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56

Indicators Are Not Available for the General Government Function.

Source: Departmental Reports



COMPLIANCE SECTION





INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON EXAMINATION OF COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Santa Rosa County, Florida

We have examined Santa Rosa County, Florida's, (hereinafter referred to as the "the County") compliance with the following requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021:

(1) Florida Statute 218.415 in regards to investments.

(2) Florida Statute 288.8018 in regards to the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill receipts and expenditures.

(3) Florida Statutes 365.172 and 365.173 in regards to use of E-911 revenues and expenditures.

Management is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the County has complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida April 26, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FUNDS RELATED TO THE DEEPWATER HORIZON OIL SPILL

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Santa Rosa County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Santa County, Florida as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated April 26, 2022 which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements.

The Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Funds related to the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill on page 149 is presented for the purpose of additional analysis as required by Florida Statute 288.8018 and the Rules of the Auditor General Chapter 10.557(3)(f), and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Warren averett. LLC

Pensacola, Florida April 26, 2022

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FUNDS RELATED TO THE DEEPWATER HORIZON OIL SPILL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		unt Received in 020-21 Fiscal	Amou the 20	
Source		Year		Year
Triumph Gulf Coast, Inc.				
Project #72 – Whiting Field MRO	\$	1,497,338	\$	5,103,364
Project #240 - Santa Rosa Industrial Park East		-		4,594
U.S. Department of Treasury				
Restore Oyster Habitat Restoration Project 1 RDCGR210076-01-00		14,532		8,275
Restore Dirt Road Paving Districts 1 RDCGR210100-01-00		23,400		39,579
Restore Blackwater Heritage State Trail 1 RDCGR210104-01-00		-		33,778
Restore Yellow River Marsh Preserve 1 RDCGR210112-01-00		75,985		75,985
Gulf Consortium				
Gulf Coast Ecosystem Restoration Council Oil Spill Impact Program G	61	223,381		362,204
TOTAL:	\$	1,511,870	\$	5,116,233

Note: These funds related to the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill are considered Federal Awards and are reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance under Assistance Listings #21.015 and #87.052. These were not tested as major programs in Fiscal Year 2021.

This schedule is prepared on the cash basis of accounting.



350 W Cedar Street, Suite 400 Pensacola, FL 32502 850.435.7400 warrenaverett.com

MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Santa Rosa County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements Santa Rosa County, Florida (hereinafter referred to as the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated April 26, 2022.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550 *Rules of the Florida Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountants' Report on Examination of Compliance Requirements in Accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated April 26, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings reported in the prior year audit report.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether or not the County has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the County did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the County's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.d, *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not a special district that is a component unit of the County provided the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit, within the audited financial statements of the County in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that all special district component units provided the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554 (1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and us of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Warren averet LLC

Pensacola, Florida April 26, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Santa Rosa County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Santa Rosa County, Florida, (hereinafter referred to as "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 26, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021-001, that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements.

Compliance and Other Matters – Continued

However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Management's Response to Findings

Management's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Management's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida April 26, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Board of County Commissioners Santa Rosa County, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited the compliance of Santa Rosa County, Florida (hereinafter referred to as "County"), with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement*, and the requirements described in the State of Florida Department of Financial Services' *State Projects Compliance Supplement*, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2021. The County's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditor results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal and state awards applicable to its federal programs and state projects.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs and state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program or state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the Florida Department of Financial Services *State Projects Compliance Supplement*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program or state program or state program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General* We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Santa Rosa County, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated April 26, 2033, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance is presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, and is not a required part of the financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Warren averet, LLC

Pensacola, Florida April 26, 2022

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

ederal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Assistance Listing	Contract / Grant Number	Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
J.S. Department of Commerce				
Passed Through Florida Department of Environmental Protection	-			
Office for Coastal Management	11.473	NA17NOS4730140	\$ 42,568	\$-
Office for Coastal Management	11.473	0318.20.069548	11,396	-
-			53,964	
I.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	_			
Passed Through Escambia County Consortium				
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-14-DC-12-0225	67,881	-
I.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed Through Natural Resources Conservation Service Florida	-			
Natural Resource Damage Assessment and Restoration	15.658	N1220CPT0011021	22,625	-
J.S. Department of Justice				
Direct Program	-			
COVID-19 Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program	16.034	2020-VD-BX-1208	13,986	-
	.0.004	PK 1200	.0,000	
Passed Through Florida Office of the Attorney General				
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	VOCA-2020-SRCSO-00607	146,806	-
Passed Through Florida Department of Children and Families				
Violence Against Women Formula Grants FCADV	16.588	LN096	67,223	-
Violence Againet Wentern enhand eranter exite v	10.000		01,220	
Direct Program				
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2020-DJ-BX-0240	13,957	-
Passad Through Elerida Department of Law Enforcement				
Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enforcement Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2021-JAGC-SANT-1-3B-033	2,760	_
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2020-JAGC-SANT-2-5R-007	21,827	-
Edward Byrne Mernonal Justice Assistance Grant Program	10.730	2020-JAGC-SANT-2-SR-007	38,544	
			30,344	-
Support for Adam Walsh Act Implementation Grant Program	16.750	2020-AW-BX-0040	77,508	-
I.S. Department of Transportation Federal Aviation Administration				_
Direct Program	-			
Airport Improvement Program	20,106	3-12-0052-014-2019	80,667	-
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-12-0052-017-2020	19,228	
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-12-0052-018-2021	94,459	-
			194,354	-
.S. Department of Transportation			- ,	
Passed Through Florida Dept. of Transportation	-			
Formula Grants for Rural Areas	20.509	G1M17	229,307	229,307
Dessed Through Florida Dest of Transmitted	_			
Passed Through Florida Dept. of Transportation State and Community Highway Safety	20 600	SC-2021-00024	104.000	
State and Community highway Salety	20.600	30-2021-00024	124,929	-
Passed Through Florida Dept. of Transportation				
National Priority Safety Program	20.616	M5HVE-20-06-17/G1F00	1,274	-
Total Highway Safety Cluster			126,203	-
			, -	
S. Department of the Treasury	_			
Direct Program RESTORE Act	21.015	1 RDCGR210076-01-00	10,314	10,314
RESTORE ACT	21.015	1 RDCGR210076-01-00	39,579	39,579
RESTORE Act RESTORE Act	21.015	1 RDCGR210104-01-00	33,778	33,778 75 985
RESTORE AU	21.015	1 RDCGR210112-01-00	75,985	75,985
			109,000	109,000
Passed Through Florida Division of Emergency Management			<i>i</i> • •	
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	Y2279	10,872,833	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE – (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

ederal Grantor/Pass-through arantor/Program Title	Assistance Listing	Contract / Grant Number	Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
J.S. Department of the Treasury - Continued	_			
Passed Through Florida Housing Finance Corporation	_			
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	#091-2020	\$ 528,201	\$ -
			11,401,034	-
Direct Program	04.007	0 7 4740	00.004	
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	SLT-1712	98,231	-
Gulf Ecosystem Restoration Council				
Passed Through Florida Department of Environmental Protection	_			
Gulf Coast Ecosystem Restoration Council Oil Spill Impact Program	87.052	GNTSP20FL0088	362,104	362,10
I.S. Election Assistance Commission				
Passed Through Florida Department of State	_			
COVID-19 Help America Vote Act Election Security Grants	90.404	MOA#2020-2019-01	92,876	-
COVID-19 Help America Vote Act Election Security Grants	90.404	MOA#2021-001-SAN	124,225	-
	001101		217,101	
			y -	
J.S. Department of Health and Human Services	_			
Passed Through Florida Dept. of Revenue				
Child Support Enforcement Program	93.563	CSU57	12,950	-
executive Office of the President				
Passed Through Office of National Drug Policy				
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program	95.001	G21GC0007A	96,244	78,65
I.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Passed Through Volunteer Florida	_			
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	G0145	14,441	-
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	G0173	79,201	-
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	G0215	3,600	-
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	G0225	20,206	-
			117,448	-
Passed Through Florida Division of Emergency Management				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance SALLY	97.036	Z2563	9,101,301	-
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance IDA	97.036	EMAC-4611	58,543	-
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance SALLY	97.036	PA-4564	188,346	
			9,348,190	-
Passed Through Florida Division of Emergency Management	07.040	D0045	04 507	
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.046	D0045	21,567	-
Passed Through Florida Division of Emergency Management				
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	R0170	46,247	-
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	R0038	37,765	-
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	R0063	36,261	-
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	R0203	36,161	-
, ,			156,434	-
otal Federal Awards			\$ 23,029,360	\$ 829,71
				(Continued

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE – (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

State Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Assistance Listing	Contract / Grant Number	Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
Florida Division of Emergency Management				
Emergency Management Programs	31.063	A0169	\$ 105,806	\$-
Emergency Management Projects - Hazards Analysis	31.067	T0164	9,062	-
Florida Department of Environmental Protection	_			
Florida Recreation Development Assistance Program	37.017	P9042	250,000	-
Resilient Florida Programs	37.098	R2117	125,000	-
Florida Water Estuary Program Projects	37.111	FY2104	25,620	-
Florida Department of Economic Opportunity				
Economic Development Partnerships	40.014	DTF 21-103	64,800	-
Economic Development Partnerships	40.040	S0115	375,532	-
Economic Development Partnerships	40.040	S0138	366,667	-
Economic Development Partnerships	40.040	S0157	66,207	-
Economic Development Partnerships	40.040	S0145	60,200	-
			868,606	-
Florido Housing Finance Comparation				
Florida Housing Finance Corporation State Housing Initiative Partnership Program	40.901	N/A	299,445	
State Housing Initiative Farthership Frogram	40.301		299,440	-
Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services				
Mosquito Control	42.003	27451	36,498	-
Florida Department of State				
State Aid to Libraries	45.030	21-ST-74	37,461	-
Historic Preservation Grants	45.031	21.h.sm.100.112	49,744	-
Florida Department of Transportation				
Aviation Development Grants - Joint Participation Agreement	55.004	G1L01	600,000	-
Florida Department of Health				
County Grant Awards	64.005	C9055	20,554	-
Florida Department of Management Services				
E911 State Grant Program	72.002	S17-21-02-32	111,868	-
			·	
Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission		00400	7 500	
Derelict Vessel Removal	77.005	20162	7,500	-
Artificial Reef Grants Program	77.007	19020	99,238	
TOTAL STATE AWARDS			\$ 2,711,202	\$
TOTAL FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS			\$ 25,740,562	\$ 829,718
			Ψ 20,1 τ0,002	φ 020,110

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance (the Schedule) includes the federal and state grant activity of Santa Rosa County, Florida, under programs of the federal and state government for the year ended September 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles,* and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), Chapter 69I-5, State Financial Assistance, Rules of the Department of Financial Services, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this Schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 69I-5, State Financial Assistance, Rules of the Department of Financial Services, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Santa Rosa County, Florida, elected to utilize the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

3. EXPENDITURES INCURRED IN PRIOR FISCAL YEAR

Total Federal Assistance Listing No. 97.036 expenditures of \$1,697,462 were incurred in a prior fiscal year and obligated by FEMA in the current fiscal year.

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

A. <u>SUMMARY OF AUDITOR RESULTS</u>

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Unmodified Opinion				
yesno				
yes √ _none reported				
yes _ √ no				
ANCE				
yes √ _no				
Unmodified opinion				
yes ∽ no				
ief Fund Public Assistance				
\$750,000				

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? _____ yes _____no

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR RESULTS (CONTINUED)

State Projects

State Assistance Listing No. 40.040 Economic Development Partnerships State Assistance Listing No. 55.004 Aviation Development Grants

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

B. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDING

Findings required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards:

FINDING 2021-001 GRANT REVENUE RECOGNITION

Criteria

The County's internal control over financial reporting is designed to allow for management and employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, a material misstatement on a timely basis. Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 33, recipients of expenditure-driven grants should recognize revenue as qualifying expenditures are incurred.

Condition

During current year audit procedures, it was determined the grant receivables in the County's Road and Bridge Fund were overstated by \$2.6 million and revenue was overstated by \$1.5 million for the year ended September 30, 2021. The revenue and related receivable were initially overstated by \$1.1 million in the year ended September 30, 2020 financial statements and a prior period adjustment of \$1.1 million was recorded to reflect the correction of overstatement during the year ended September 30, 2021.

Cause

During fiscal year 2019 through 2021, there was significant turnover in the grants reporting division of the County. A journal entry provided to the financial reporting division of the County from the grants reporting division included cumulative total costs of a cost reimbursement grant to be accrued as revenue at September 30, 2020. However, the majority of the costs were incurred and the revenue recognized during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 causing an overstatement of grant receivables and revenue in the year ended September 30, 2020.

Effect

The County's Road and Bridge Fund grant receivables and revenues were materially overstated in fiscal year 2021 and 2020 requiring audit adjustments and a prior period audit adjustment.

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

B. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDING - CONTINUED

FINDING 2021-001 GRANT REVENUE RECOGNITION - CONTINUED

Recommendation

Management should review grant policies and procedures with key personnel to ensure the process for estimating the year-end grant accrual balance allows for matching grant revenues with related qualifying expenditures. Further grant receivables should be monitored for collectability and investigated when grant funds are not received in accordance with the terms of the grant.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action We agree with the finding and the recommended procedures have been implemented.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

There were no findings, which were required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

D. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

There were no findings, which were required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.*



DONALD C. SPENCER CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT & COMPTROLLER SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA

Clerk of the County Court & Comptroller Recorder of Deeds Clerk and Accountant of the Board of County Commissioners Custodian of County Funds County Auditor 6495 Caroline Street Milton, Florida 32570 P O BOX 472 Milton, Florida 32572 Telephone: (850) 983-1976 Fax: (850) 983-1986 www.santarosacierk.com

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no findings reported in the prior year which require Management's response.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

The finding from the April 26, 2022 schedule of findings and questioned costs is discussed below. The finding is numbered consistently with the number assigned in the schedule.

Name of Contact Person for Completing Corrective Action Plan: Robert Miller, Director of Finance (850) 983-1963 millerr@santarosaclerks.com

FINDING 2021-001 GRANT REVENUE RECOGNITION

During current year audit procedures, it was determined grant receivables in the County's Road and Bridge Fund were overstated by \$2.6 million and revenue was overstated by \$1.5 million for the year ended September 30, 2021. The revenue and related receivable were initially overstated by \$1.1 million in the year ended September 30, 2020 financial statements and a prior period adjustment of \$1.1 million was recorded to reflect the correction of overstatement during the year ended September 30, 2021.

Management's Response

In order to prevent this from happening in the future, policies and procedures surrounding the grant revenue accrual process will be reviewed by all grant and accounting personnel. In addition, there will be additional focus on recording and monitoring year end grant accruals as well as redesigning the process to make it easier to reconcile accruals and detect any errors on a more timely basis. This will be completed by fiscal year end 2022.

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF COURT AND COMPTROLLER

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Donald Spencer – Clerk of Court and Comptroller Santa Rosa County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Office of Clerk of Court and Comptroller of Santa Rosa County, Florida (hereinafter referred to as "Clerk") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Clerk's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clerk, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 8 to the financial statements, in 2021 the Clerk adopted new accounting guidance, GASBS. No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above have been prepared for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General, State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Santa Rosa County, Florida that are attributable to the Clerk. They do not purport to, and do not present fairly the financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules and notes on pages 14-16 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, the combining fund financial statements on pages 17 and 18, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of these financial statements. These statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 25, 2022, on our consideration of the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters included under the heading *"Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards."* The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* of our audit.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida February 25, 2022

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF COURT AND COMPTROLLER BALANCE SHEET – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

			Major	Fur	nds			N	on-Major	
	General		Courts		Courts		Records dernization	Chi	Id Support Title IV-D	Total
ASSETS	General		Courts		echnology		Trust		IV-D	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,980,754	\$	543,511	\$	1,007,692	\$	920,918	\$		\$ 4,452,875
Accounts receivable, net	18,682	Ψ		Ψ	- 1,007,002	Ψ	- 520,510	Ψ	-	18,682
Due from other funds	6,259		13,441		-		-		-	19,700
Due from other governmental units	657		-		-		-		13,431	14,088
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,006,352	\$	556,952	\$	1,007,692	\$	920,918	\$	13,431	\$ 4,505,345
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$ 21,389	\$	7,181	\$	3,532	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 32,102
Accrued wages and salaries	120,810		157,434		10,453		-		-	288,697
Due to BOCC	1,803,494		-		-		-		-	1,803,494
Due to other funds	-		6,269		-		-		13,431	19,700
Due to other governmental units	14,242		385,782		57,460		-		-	457,484
Deposits	46,417		-		-		-		-	46,417
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,006,352		556,666		71,445		-		13,431	2,647,894
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted for state court operations	-		286		-		-		-	286
Restricted for records modernization	-		-		-		920,918		-	920,918
Restricted for court equipment										
and technology			-		936,247		-		-	936,247
TOTAL FUND BALANCES			286		936,247		920,918		-	1,857,451
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,006,352	\$	556,952	\$	1,007,692	\$	920,918	\$	13,431	\$ 4,505,345

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF COURT AND COMPTROLLER STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Major	Funds		Non-Major		
	General	Courts	Courts Technology	Records Modernization Trust	Child Support Title IV-D	Total	
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$-	\$ 150,557	\$-	\$-	\$ 170,248	\$ 320,805	
Charges for services	1,891,561	2,574,446	648,120	208,611	-	5,322,738	
Fines and forfeitures	-	1,221,281	-	-	1,120	1,222,401	
Miscellaneous	51,497	78,393				129,890	
Total revenues	1,943,058	4,024,677	648,120	208,611	171,368	6,995,834	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government:							
Financial and administrative:							
Personal services	3,380,622	-	-	-	-	3,380,622	
Operating	506,637	-	-	-	-	506,637	
Judicial:							
Personal services	-	2,911,034	230,718	-	171,368	3,313,120	
Operating	-	160,431	299,515	-	-	459,946	
Capital outlay				97,596	-	97,596	
Total expenditures	3,887,259	3,071,465	530,233	97,596	171,368	7,757,921	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(1,944,201)	953,212	117,887	111,015	-	(762,087)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
BOCC appropriation	3,690,210	-	-	-	-	3,690,210	
BOCC unspent revenues	(1,746,009)	-	-	-	-	(1,746,009)	
Payments to Clerks of the Court Trust Fund		(969,207)				(969,207)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,944,201	(969,207)				974,994	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	(15,995)	117,887	111,015	-	212,907	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	-	16,281	818,360	809,903		1,644,544	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ -	\$ 286	\$ 936,247	\$ 920,918	\$ -	\$ 1,857,451	

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF COURT AND COMPTROLLER STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,378,363
TOTAL ASSETS	5,378,363
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	1,137
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,137
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Cash bonds	359,061
Court registry	2,506,415
General trust	2,511,750
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 5,377,226

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF COURT AND COMPTROLLER STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

ADDITIONS

Deposits in court registry Recording fees Deposits for real auction Deposits for tax deeds Deposits for restitution Deposits for bonds Payments from State Payments from individuals	\$ 7,209,835 42,585,051 1,801,520 1,696,894 153,477 779,654 234 4,493,017
Unclaimed funds	 26,616
TOTAL ADDITIONS	58,746,298
DEDUCTIONS	
Release of bonds	700,643
Refunds of real auction deposits	1,910,668
Tax deed deferred	488,451
Payments to state	48,880,125
Payment to local agencies	1,609,450
Payments for witnesses	3,938
Payments to victims	153,476
Refunds	181,046
Court-ordered disbursements	6,501,565
Flower fund	 431
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	 60,429,793
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	(1,683,495)
NET POSITION-BEGINNING, RESTATED	 7,060,721
NET POSITION-ENDING	\$ 5,377,226

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements follows:

Reporting Entity

The Office of the Clerk of Court and Comptroller of Santa Rosa County, Florida (the "Clerk") was established as a constitutional office of Santa Rosa County, Florida (the "County") by Article VIII, Section 1 (d) of the Constitution of the State of Florida. The Clerk is an elected official of the County and serves as Clerk of the Circuit Court (duties described in Chapter 28, Florida Statutes), Clerk of the County Court (duties described in Chapter 34, Florida Statutes) and Clerk and Accountant to the Santa Rosa County Board of County Commissioners (the "BOCC") (in this capacity the Clerk is required to keep the minutes of the county commission, keep the accounts of the County, invest county funds and perform such other duties as provided by law). The Clerk's office is funded by appropriations from the BOCC and by fees charged for providing court-related services. Although the Clerk is operationally autonomous from the BOCC, it does not hold sufficient corporate powers to be considered a legally separate entity for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, the Clerk is considered part of the County's primary government.

These financial statements of the Clerk are not intended to be a complete presentation of the financial position and results of operations of the County, taken as a whole. As permitted by Chapter 10.556(4), Rules of the Auditor General State of Florida, the financial statements consist of only the *fund level* financial statements, as defined in GASB Statement No. 34, and do not include presentations of *government-wide* financial statements of the Clerk.

Fund Accounting

The accounting system of the Clerk's office is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

The funds utilized by the Clerk are as follows:

Governmental Funds

These funds utilize a modified accrual basis of accounting. The measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources rather than upon net income determination).

The Clerk reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> is used to account for all financial resources that are generated from operations of the office, appropriations from the BOCC and any other resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Courts Fund</u> is a special revenue fund used to account for all court-related activities and court-related financial resources of the Clerk.

1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Governmental Funds – Continued

<u>Courts Technology Fund</u> is a special revenue fund used to account for the court-related technology needs of the Clerk.

<u>Records Modernization Trust Fund</u> is a special revenue fund used to account for monies collected according to Chapter 28.24, Florida Statutes, to be used exclusively for equipment, personnel training and technical assistance in modernizing the official records system and to pay for equipment and start-up costs necessitated by a statewide recording system.

Non-major governmental fund of the Clerk is as follows:

<u>Title IV-D Fund</u> is a special revenue fund used to account for activities related to Title IV-D child support cases. The funding provides assistance to the plaintiff and enforcement of collections through the Office of Child Support Enforcement.

Fiduciary Funds

The Clerk uses custodial funds to account for assets being held in a custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations and/or other governments.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available as net current assets. The Clerk considers receivables collected within 60 days after year-end to be available and recognizes them as revenues of the current year. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Custodial funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Clerk's cash and cash equivalents consists of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Accounting for Capital Assets

Capital assets (vehicles, equipment and other tangible property and certain intangible property costing at least \$5,000, with a useful life of more than one year) are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. These assets are capitalized at cost and are accounted for in the County's government-wide financial statements.

Compensated Absences

Employees accumulate a limited amount of earned, but unused annual, sick and compensatory leave, which will be paid upon separation from service. Unpaid, compensated absences are recorded as a liability when the benefits are earned in the County's government-wide financial statements. For the governmental fund statements, expenditures are recognized when payments are made to employees.

1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Unspent Revenue

Annually, the Clerk must remit to the Board any unspent revenues attributable to non-court-related functions. Additionally, the Clerk must calculate and remit to the Department of Revenue Clerks of Courts Trust Fund the unspent revenues attributable to state-funded, court-related functions. These amounts are reported as due to other governmental units at year-end.

Fund Balances

Fund balances are classified either as non-spendable or as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned based on the extent to which there are external and internal constraints on the spending of these fund balances.

2. CASH

At September 30, 2021, the banks reported deposits before outstanding checks of approximately \$10 million, all of which were held by a financial institution designated as a qualified public depository by the State Treasurer. All deposits were fully insured through a combination of federal depository insurance and participation of the financial institution in the multiple financial institution collateral pool as specified in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Accordingly, risk of loss due to bank failure is not significant.

3. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN

Substantially, all full-time employees of the Clerk are covered by the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The FRS was established in 1970 by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. Changes to the FRS can be made only by an act of the Florida Legislature. Rules governing the operation and administration of the system may be found in Chapter 60S of the Florida Administrative Code. The FRS issues a financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained at <u>www.myfrs.com</u> or by writing to FRS, 2639-C North Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399.

The FRS offers two retirement plans – the FRS Pension Plan and the FRS Investment Plan. An employee may participate in only one of the plans. Both plans, effective July 1, 2011, are funded monthly by a combination of employer and employee contributions.

The FRS Pension Plan is a multiple employer, cost sharing defined benefit plan, which provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. For employees who were enrolled in the plan prior to July 1, 2011, normal retirement benefits are available at age 62 with six or more years of service or to those employees who have at least 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age. Early retirement is available after six years of service with a 5% reduction of benefits for each year prior to the normal retirement age.

3. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN – CONTINUED

For employees enrolling in the plan for the first time on or after July 1, 2011, normal retirement benefits are available at age 65 with eight or more years of service or to those employees who have at least 33 years of creditable service, regardless of age. Early retirement is available after eight years of service with a 5% reduction of benefits for each year prior to the normal retirement age.

Retirement age and years of service requirements also vary depending on membership class. Retirement benefits are based upon age, average compensation and years-of-service credit where average compensation is computed as the average of the members highest five (if enrolled prior to July 1, 2011) or eight (if enrolled on or after July 1, 2011) fiscal years of earnings.

The FRS Investment Plan is a defined contribution plan funded monthly by employer and employee contributions based on salary and membership class. Employer contributions vest after one year of service, whereas employee contributions vest immediately. Members in the Investment Plan decide how their funds are allocated between various investment accounts, and the vested funds are portable upon termination.

The final retirement benefit is equal to the vested contributions plus investment earnings less expenses and losses allocated to the member's account. Members in the Investment Plan are not eligible for participation in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP).

DROP is available for members of the FRS Pension Plan, who are vested and elect to participate in DROP within one year after reaching normal retirement age. Under this program, a member effectively retires while continuing to be employed for up to five years. While in DROP, the member's deferred monthly retirement benefits accumulate, earning interest and cost-of-living increases. When the DROP period is over, the participant terminates covered employment and begins receiving their predetermined monthly retirement benefit, as well as the accrued DROP benefit. Disability retirees are not eligible to participate in DROP, and DROP participants do not qualify for disability retirement.

Prior to July 2011, the plans were noncontributory for employees with all contributions being the participating FRS employer's responsibility. Effective July 1, 2011, participating employees contribute 3% of their gross salaries each pay period to the plan. Participating employer contributions are based upon rates established by the State of Florida.

Blended contribution rates for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, were as follows: regular employees – 10.21%; special risk employees – 24.81%; elected officials – 49.74%; senior management employees – 27.72%; and DROP participants – 17.32%. The Clerk's contributions to the Pension Plan, funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, were equal to the actuarially determined contributions for each year. Contributions to the Investment Plan were equal to the legislatively mandated contribution rates. Contributions to both plans totaled \$550,554, \$441,755 and \$87,572 for the years ended September 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Net Pension Liability – Proportionate Share

The Clerk has a net FRS pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. This long-term liability is only reported in the county-wide financial statements and is not a current liability of the governmental funds. All required disclosures and schedules may be found in the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Santa Rosa County, Florida.

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF COURT AND COMPTROLLER NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

4. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

The Board offers post-employment health care benefits (OPEB) to all retired employees of the Clerk's Office and their dependents. Participating retirees are required to reimburse the Board for 100% of the premium cost, which is netted against the premium payment, so that no net expense is initially recorded in the Board's financial statements. However, these retirees are receiving an "implicit subsidy" because the premium is a group rate, which includes active, lower cost employees. This implicit subsidy has a cost; however, this annual cost and the total OPEB liability are measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of employee service. The total OPEB liability and other required disclosures have been calculated for the County as a whole and not separately for the Clerk's Office. Accordingly, these calculations and disclosures can be found in the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

5. FUND BALANCES

Fund balances consist of the following:

Non-spendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Clerk does not have any non-spendable fund balances.

The remaining fund balances are classified as follows depending on the Clerk's ability to control their spending:

Restricted fund balances can only be used for specific purposes, which are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balances can only be used for specific purposes imposed internally by the Clerk's formal action of highest level of decision-making authority. At year end, the Clerk had no committed fund balances.

Assigned fund balances are fund balances intended to be used for specific purposes, but which do not meet the more formal criterion to be considered either restricted or committed. At year end, the Clerk had no assigned fund balances.

Unassigned fund balances represent the residual positive fund balance within the General Fund, which has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed or assigned. In funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balances are limited to negative residual balances. At year end, the Clerk had no unassigned fund balances because all unspent revenues of the General Fund are required to be returned to the BOCC, and there were no negative residual balances in the special revenue funds.

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF COURT AND COMPTROLLER NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

6. CLAIMS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Clerk is involved from time to time in routine civil litigation incidental to the ordinary course of operations. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, there are no lawsuits or claims outstanding, which might materially affect the financial position of the Clerk's Office.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Clerk is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board maintains a Self-Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss.

Under this program the County is self-insured with respect to the following exposures:

Workers Compensation Auto Physical Damage Auto Liability Construction and Road Equipment Portable Communication Equipment

The County is covered by outside insurance for the following exposures:

Building and contents – \$5,000 deductible Employee Fidelity General Liability – \$25,000 deductible Public Officials' Liability – \$25,000 deductible

Conventional insurance remains in effect for buildings and contents. There also were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settled claims resulting from conventional insurance risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The County is a member of the Florida Association of Counties Trust, a pooled liability program providing general liability coverage and public official's liability coverage. The Clerk participates in the program and makes payments to the Self-Insurance Fund based on historical estimates of amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophe losses.

8. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Clerk implemented GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. With the implementation, the Clerk is required to record the beginning net position of custodial funds. The beginning net position of the fiduciary funds has been restated by \$7,060,721 to reflect the new guidance.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF COURT AND COMPTROLLER SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Genera	al Fund		Special Revenue Fund Courts Fund						
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines & forfeitures Miscellaneous	\$- 1,379,000 - 42,300	\$- 1,379,000 - 42,300	\$- 1,891,561 - 51,497	\$- 512,561 - 9,197	\$- 2,574,115 1,100,968	\$- 2,574,115 1,100,968	\$ 150,557 2,574,446 1,221,281 78,393	\$ 150,557 331 120,313 78,393			
Total revenues	1,421,300	1,421,300	1,943,058	521,758	3,675,083	3,675,083	4,024,677	349,594			
EXPENDITURES Current: General government: Financial and administrative: Personal services Operating Capital outlay Judicial: Personal services Operating Capital outlay Total expenditures	3,821,886 640,184 276,946 - - - 4,739,016	3,951,886 640,184 276,946 - - - 4,869,016	3,380,622 506,637 - - - 3,887,259	571,264 133,547 276,946 - - - - 981,757	- - 2,890,034 181,431 - 3,071,465	- - 2,890,034 181,431 - 3,071,465	- - 2,911,034 160,431 - 3,071,465	- - (21,000) 21,000 -			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(3,317,716)	(3,447,716)	(1,944,201)	1,503,515	603,618	603,618	953,212	349,594			
OVER EXPENDITUES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) BOCC appropriation BOCC unspent revenues Payments to Clerks of the Court Trust Fund	(3,517,716) 3,690,211 (372,495)	(3,447,716) 3,690,211 (242,495)	(1,944,201) 3,690,210 (1,746,009)	(1) (1,503,514)	(603,618 (603,618)	- - (603,618)	953,212	(365,589)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,317,716	3,447,716	1,944,201	(1,503,515)	(603,618)	(603,618)	(969,207)	(365,589)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	-	-	-	-	(15,995)	(15,995)			
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		-		-	16,281	16,281	16,281				
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 16,281	\$ 16,281	\$ 286	\$ (15,995)			

See notes to required supplementary information.

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF COURT AND COMPTROLLER SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS – CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		•	evenue Fun hnology Fu		Special Revenue Fund Records Modernization Trust Fund					
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive Vegative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$473,000 -	\$ 473,000	\$648,120 -	\$	175,120	\$150,000 -	\$150,000 -	\$208,611 -	\$	58,611 -
Total revenues	473,000	473,000	648,120		175,120	150,000	150,000	208,611		58,611
EXPENDITURES Current: Judicial:										
Personal services	229,573	239,573	230,718		8,855	-	-	-		-
Operating Capital outlay	239,300	329,300	299,515		29,785	65,200 114,800	65,200 114,800	- 97,596		65,200 17,204
Total expenditures	468,873	568,873	530,233		38,640	180,000	180,000	97,596		82,404
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	4,127	(95,873)	117,887		213,760	(30,000)	(30,000)	111,015		141,015
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	818,360	818,360	818,360		-	809,903	809,903	809,903		-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$822,487	\$ 722,487	\$936,247	\$	213,760	\$779,903	\$779,903	\$920,918	\$	141,015

See notes to required supplementary information.

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF COURT AND COMPTROLLER NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Clerk establishes annual budgets for its general fund and special revenue funds pursuant to Section 218.35, Florida Statutes. The Clerk's budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF COURT AND COMPTROLLER COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES – CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Court Registry	Fine and Cost	Intangible Tax	State cumentary Stamp	Suspense	Tax Redemption	Ordinary Witness	Bail Bonds	Flower Trust Fund	Totals
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,506,415	\$ 243,037	\$ 18,163	\$ 638,687	\$ 63,435	\$1,514,371	\$ 33,033	\$ 359,061	\$ 2,161	\$ 5,378,363
TOTAL ASSETS	2,506,415	243,037	18,163	638,687	63,435	1,514,371	33,033	359,061	2,161	5,378,363
LIABILITIES Accounts payable TOTAL LIABILITIES			<u>-</u>	 <u> </u>	<u> </u>					<u> </u>
NET POSITION										
Restricted for: Cash bonds Court registry General trust	- 2,506,415 -	243,037	- - 18,163	- - 638,687	- - 62,298	- - 1,514,371	- - 33,033	359,061 - -	- - 2,161	359,061 2,506,415 2,511,750
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$2,506,415	\$ 243,037	\$ 18,163	\$ 638,687	\$ 62,298	\$1,514,371	\$ 33,033	\$ 359,061	\$ 2,161	\$ 5,377,226

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF COURT AND COMPTROLLER COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES – CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

				Custodial F	unds					
	Court Registry	Fines and Costs	Intangible Tax	State Documentary Stamp	Suspense	Tax Redemption	Ordinary Witness	Bail Bonds	Flower Trust Fund	TOTAL
ADDITIONS										
Deposits in court registry	\$ 7,209,835	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 7,209,835
Recording fees	73,360	-	7,571,628	34,940,063	-	-	-	-	-	42,585,051
Deposits for real estate auction	1,801,520	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,801,520
Deposits for tax deeds	-	-	-	-	-	1,696,894	-	-	-	1,696,894
Deposits for restitution	-	-	-	-	153,477	-	-	-	-	153,477
Deposits for bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	779,654	-	779,654
Payments from State	-	-	-	-	-	-	234	-	-	234
Payments from individuals	-	3,656,905	-	-	835,260	-	-	-	852	4,493,017
Unclaimed funds								26,616		26,616
Total Additions	9,084,715	3,656,905	7,571,628	34,940,063	988,737	1,696,894	234	806,270	852	58,746,298
DEDUCTIONS										
Release of bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	700,643	-	700,643
Refunds of real estate auction de	1,374,173	-	-	-	-	536,495	-	-	-	1,910,668
Tax deed deferred	-	-	-	-	-	488,451	-	-	-	488,451
Payments to state	67,913	2,246,063	8,194,477	37,568,205	803,467	-	-	-	-	48,880,125
Payment to local agencies	-	1,354,703	46,167	180,469	1,495	-	-	26,616	-	1,609,450
Payments for witnesses	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,938	-	-	3,938
Payments to victims	-	-	-	-	153,476	-	-	-	-	153,476
Refunds	-	-	-	-	16,848	164,198	-	-	-	181,046
Court ordered disbursements	6,501,565	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,501,565
Flower fund									431	431
Total deductions	7,943,651	3,600,766	8,240,644	37,748,674	975,286	1,189,144	3,938	727,259	431	60,429,793
Changes in net position	1,141,064	56,139	(669,016)	(2,808,611)	13,451	507,750	(3,704)	79,011	421	(1,683,495)
Net position beginning, restated	1,365,351	186,898	687,179	3,447,298	48,847	1,006,621	36,737	280,050	1,740	7,060,721
Net position ending	\$ 2,506,415	\$ 243,037	\$ 18,163	\$ 638,687	\$ 62,298	\$ 1,514,371	\$ 33,033	\$ 359,061	\$ 2,161	\$ 5,377,226



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Donald Spencer – Clerk of Court and Comptroller Santa Rosa County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Office of Clerk of Court and Comptroller of Santa Rosa County, Florida (hereinafter referred to as "Clerk"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 25, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida February 25, 2022



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON EXAMINATION OF COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Honorable Donald Spencer – Clerk of Court and Comptroller Santa Rosa County, Florida

We have examined the Office of Clerk of Court and Comptroller of Santa Rosa County, Florida's (hereinafter referred to as the "Clerk") compliance with Florida Statute 218.415 in regards to investments, Florida Statutes 28.35 and 28.36 in regard to certain court-related functions and Florida Statute 61.181 in regard to operation of a depository for alimony and child support for the year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the Clerk's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Clerk's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Clerk complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Clerk's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida February 25, 2022



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MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Donald Spencer – Clerk of Court and Comptroller Santa Rosa County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements ("financial statements") of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Office of Clerk of Court and Comptroller of Santa Rosa County, Florida (hereinafter referred to as "Clerk"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated February 25, 2022.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.*

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* and Independent Accountant's Report on Examination of Compliance Requirements in Accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* Disclosures in those reports, which are dated February 25, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2, *Rules of the Auditor General,* requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554 (1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements or abuse that have occurred or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material, but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Clerk and the Santa Rosa County Board of County Commissioners and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida February 25, 2022

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF COURT AND COMPTROLLER MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE TO MANAGEMENT LETTER SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

There are no findings, which require a response from management.

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Gregory S. Brown Santa Rosa County Property Appraiser

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the general fund of the Santa Rosa County Florida Property Appraiser (the Property Appraiser), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Property Appraiser's financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to an express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the general fund of the Property Appraiser as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in financial position thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of the general fund of the Property Appraiser. They do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of Santa Rosa County, Florida, as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report on our consideration of the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters included under the heading "Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*." The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and compliance and compliance.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida December 3, 2021

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER BALANCE SHEET – GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 211,637
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 38,408
Due to Board of County Commissioners	94,946
Accrued payroll and benefits	 78,283
Total liabilities	211,637
FUND BALANCE	
Fund balance - unassigned	 -
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 211,637

See notes to the financial statements.

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

REVENUES Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 20,354 17,398
Total revenues	 37,752
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
General government: Personal services Operating expenditures Capital outlay	3,122,300 560,531 88,685
Total expenditures	 3,771,516
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(3,733,764)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Board of County Commissioners appropriation Board of County Commissioners unspent revenue	 3,828,710 (94,946)
Total other financing sources	 3,733,764
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 -
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ -

See notes to the financial statements.

1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements follows.

Reporting Entity

The Santa Rosa County, Florida Property Appraiser (the "Property Appraiser"), as established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida, is an elected official of Santa Rosa County, Florida (the "County"). Although the Property Appraiser is operationally autonomous from the Santa Rosa County Board of County Commissioners (the "Board"), it does not hold sufficient corporate powers to be considered a legally separate entity for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, the Property Appraiser is considered part of the County's primary government.

The financial statements of the Property Appraiser are not intended to be a complete presentation of the financial position and results of operations of the County taken as a whole. As permitted by Chapter 10.556(4), Rules of the Auditor General State of Florida, the financial statements consist of only the fund level financial statements as defined in GASB Statement No. 34, and do not include presentations of government-wide financial statements of the Property Appraiser.

Fund Accounting

The accounting system of the Property Appraiser is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

The general fund of the Property Appraiser is used to account for all financial resources, which are generated from operations of the office, appropriations from the Board or any other resources not required to be accounted for in another fund. The measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources rather than upon net income determination).

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The general fund uses the modified accrual basis of accounting. Its revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available as net current assets. The Property Appraiser considers receivables collected within 60 days after year-end to be available and recognizes them as revenues of the current year. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for compensated absences.

1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Accounting for Capital Assets

Capital assets (vehicles, equipment and other tangible and certain intangible property costing at least \$1,000 with a useful life of more than one year) are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. These assets are capitalized at cost and accounted for in the County's government-wide financial statements.

Compensated Absences

Employees accumulate a limited amount of earned, but unused annual and sick leave, which will be paid upon separation from service. Unpaid compensated absences are recorded as a liability when the benefits are earned in the County's government-wide financial statements. For the general fund, compensated absence expenditures are recognized when payments are made to employees.

Unspent Revenue and Fund Balance

In accordance with Section 218.36(2), Florida Statutes, unspent revenue is remitted to the Board at fiscal year-end. This unspent revenue is reported as "Due to Board of County Commissioners." Therefore, fund balance is zero.

Subsequent Events

The Property Appraiser has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between September 30, 2021 and December 3, 2021, which is the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, for possible recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

2. CASH

At September 30, 2021, the bank reported deposits before outstanding checks of \$221,517, all of which were held by a financial institution designated as "a qualified public depository" by the State Treasurer. All deposits were fully insured through a combination of Federal depository insurance and participation of the financial institution in the multiple financial institution collateral pool as specified in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Accordingly, risk of loss due to bank failure is not significant.

3. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN

Substantially all full-time employees of the Property Appraiser are covered by the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The FRS was established in 1970 by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. Changes to the FRS can be made only by an act of the Florida Legislature. Rules governing the operation and administration of the system may be found in Chapter 60S of the Florida Administrative Code. The FRS issues a financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained at www.myfrs.com or by writing to FRS, 2639-C North Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399.

3. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN – CONTINUED

The FRS offers two retirement plans – the FRS Pension Plan and the FRS Investment Plan. An employee may participate in only one of the plans. Both plans are funded monthly by a combination of employer and employee contributions.

The FRS Pension Plan is a multiple employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan, which provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. For employees who were enrolled in the plan prior to July 1, 2011, normal retirement benefits are available at age 62 with six or more years of service or to those employees who have at least 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age.

Early retirement is available after six years of service with a 5% reduction of benefits for each year prior to the normal retirement age. For employees enrolling in the plan for the first time on or after July 1, 2011, normal retirement benefits are available at age 65 with eight or more years of service or to those employees who have at least 33 years of creditable service, regardless of age.

Early retirement is available after eight years of service with a 5% reduction of benefits for each year prior to the normal retirement age. Retirement age and years of service requirements also vary depending on membership class.

Retirement benefits are based upon age, average compensation and years-of-service credit where average compensation is computed as the average of the members highest five (if enrolled prior to July 1, 2011) or eight (if enrolled on or after July 1, 2011) fiscal years of earnings.

The FRS Investment Plan is a defined contribution plan funded monthly by employer and employee contributions based on salary and membership class. Employer contributions vest after one year of service, whereas employee contributions vest immediately. Members in the Investment Plan decide how their funds are allocated between various investment accounts, and the vested funds are portable upon termination. The final retirement benefit is equal to the vested contributions plus investment earnings, less expenses and losses allocated to the member's account. Members in the Investment Plan are not eligible for participation in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP).

The Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) is available for members of the FRS Pension Plan, who are vested and elect to participate in DROP within one year after reaching normal retirement age. Under this program, a member effectively retires while continuing to be employed for up to five years. While in DROP, the member's deferred monthly retirement benefits accumulate, earning interest and cost-of-living increases. When the DROP period is over, the participant terminates covered employment and begins receiving their predetermined monthly retirement benefit, as well as the accrued DROP benefit.

Disability retirees are not eligible to participate in DROP and DROP participants do not qualify for disability retirement.

3. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN – CONTINUED

Participating employees contribute 3% of their gross salaries each pay period to the plan, whereas employer contributions are based upon statewide rates established by the State of Florida. Average contribution rates for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, were as follows: regular employees-10.21%, special risk employees-24.81%, elected officials-49.74%, senior management employees-27.72% and DROP participants-17.32%.

The Property Appraiser's contributions to the Pension Plan, funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, were equal to the actuarially determined contributions for each year. Contributions to the Investment Plan were equal to the legislatively-mandated contribution rates.

Contributions to both plans totaled \$311,488, \$214,784 and \$193,353 for the years ended September 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively.

Net Pension Liability – Proportionate Share

The Property Appraiser has a net FRS pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. This long-term liability is only reported in the countywide financial statements and is not a current liability of the general fund. All required disclosures and schedules may be found in the countywide financial statements of Santa Rosa County, Florida.

4. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

The Board offers post-employment health care benefits (OPEB) to all retired employees of the Property Appraiser's Office and their dependents. Participating retirees are required to reimburse the Board for 100% of the premium cost, which is netted against the premium payment, so that no net expense is initially recorded in the Board's financial statements. However, these retirees are receiving an "implicit subsidy" because the premium is a group rate, which includes active, lower cost employees. This implicit subsidy has a cost; however, this annual cost and the total OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of employee service. The total OPEB liability and other required disclosures have been calculated for the County, as a whole and not separately for the Property Appraiser's Office. Accordingly, these calculations and disclosures can be found in the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

5. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Property Appraiser is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft and damage of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Board has a Self-Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss.

The County is self-insured with respect to the following exposures:

Workers Compensation Auto Physical Damage Auto Liability Construction and Road Equipment Portable Communication Equipment

The County is covered by outside insurance for the following exposures:

Buildings and Contents – \$5,000 deductible Boats Employee Fidelity General Liability – \$25,000 deductible Public Officials' Liability – \$25,000 deductible

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The County is a member of the Florida Association of Counties Trust, a pooled liability program providing general liability coverage and public official's liability coverage.

The Property Appraiser participates in the County's self-insurance program and makes payments to the Self-Insurance Fund based on historical estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses.

6. LITIGATION

The Property Appraiser is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims, which might be filed incidental to the ordinary course of operations. In the opinion of management, based on the advice of legal counsel, there are no lawsuits or claims outstanding which might have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Property Appraiser's Office. **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 20,354 17,398	\$ 20,354 17,398
Total revenues			37,752	37,752
EXPENDITURES Current: General government:				
Personal services	3,332,968	3,287,885	3,122,300	165,585
Operating expenditures	572,992	570,193	560,531	9,662
Capital outlay	30,794	117,253	88,685	28,568
Total expenditures	3,936,754	3,975,331	3,771,516	203,815
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(3,936,754)	(3,975,331)	(3,733,764)	241,567
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) BOCC appropriation BOCC unspent revenue	3,936,754	3,975,331 	3,828,710 (94,946)	(146,621) (94,946)
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,936,754	3,975,331	3,733,764	(241,567)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -

See notes to the required supplementary information.

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Property Appraiser operates under budget procedures pursuant to Section 195.087, Florida Statutes. The Property Appraiser's budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Gregory S. Brown Santa Rosa County Property Appraiser

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Santa Rosa County, Florida Property Appraiser (the Property Appraiser) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 3, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Property Appraiser's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Property Appraiser's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida December 3, 2021



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON EXAMINATION OF COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Honorable Gregory S. Brown Santa Rosa County Property Appraiser

We have examined the Office of the Property Appraiser of Santa Rosa County, Florida's (hereinafter referred to as "Property Appraiser") compliance with Florida Statute 218.415 in regard to investments for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Management is responsible for the Property Appraiser's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Property Appraiser's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Property Appraiser complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Property Appraiser complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence that we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Property Appraiser's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Property Appraiser complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida December 3, 2021



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MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Gregory S. Brown Santa Rosa County Property Appraiser

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the general fund of the Office of the Property Appraiser of Santa Rosa County, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 3, 2021.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* and Independent Accountants' Report on Examination of Compliance Requirements in Accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports which are dated December 3, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material, but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Property Appraiser, the Santa Rosa County Board of County Commissioners and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida December 3, 2021

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE TO MANAGEMENT LETTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

There were no comments, which require management's written response.

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SHERIFF

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Robert Johnson, Sheriff Santa Rosa County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Office of the Sheriff of Santa Rosa County, Florida ("Sheriff"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff's financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the Sheriff's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sheriff as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, in 2021 the Sheriff adopted new accounting guidance, GASBS. No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above have been prepared for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General, State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund and aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major funds and the aggregate remaining fund information of Santa Rosa County, Florida that are attributable to the Sheriff. They do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements. The accompanying combining fund financial statements, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of these financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report on our consideration of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters.

The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida February 16, 2022

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SHERIFF BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Major Funds					N	on-Major	
	General		Jail Commissary		Grants		Other Governmental Funds		 Total
ASSETS									
Cash	\$	4,045,875	\$	764,675	\$	740,810	\$	116,437	\$ 5,667,797
Due from other funds		1,147,176		-		5,826		-	1,153,002
Due from other governmental units		233,500		-		427,378		-	660,878
Accounts receivable		13,092		26,124		-		-	39,216
Inventory		31,366		-		-		-	 31,366
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5,471,009	\$	790,799	\$	1,174,014	\$	116,437	\$ 7,552,259
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable and accrued payroll	\$	3,233,698	\$	13,258	\$	43,881	\$	-	\$ 3,290,837
Due to other funds		5,826		59,463		1,086,638		1,075	1,153,002
Due to other governmental units		2,186,057		-		17,668		-	2,203,725
Unearned revenue		14,062		-		25,827		-	 39,889
Total liabilities		5,439,643		72,721		1,174,014		1,075	6,687,453
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted for inmate welfare and recreation		-		718,078		-		-	718,078
Restricted for law enforcement training		-		-		-		115,362	115,362
Nonspendable - inventory		31,366		-		-		-	 31,366
Total fund balances		31,366		718,078		-		115,362	 864,806
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	5,471,009	\$	790,799	\$	1,174,014	\$	116,437	\$ 7,552,259

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SHERIFF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Major Funds					
	General	Jail Commissary	Grants	Other Governmental Funds	Total	
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ 392,428	\$ 392,428	
Intergovernmental	-	-	3,632,462	28,387	3,660,849	
Commissions	-	544,446	-	-	544,446	
Miscellaneous	8,040	-	-	11	8,051	
Total revenues	8,040	544,446	3,632,462	420,826	4,605,774	
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government: Judicial:						
Personal services	1,306,378	-	-	-	1,306,378	
Operating	24,964	-	-	-	24,964	
Public safety:						
Law enforcement:						
Personal services	24,229,760	-	3,505,660	-	27,735,420	
Operating	6,904,208	-	119,061	14,120	7,037,389	
Capital outlay	1,773,220	-	7,741	392,428	2,173,389	
Correction and detention:						
Personal services	11,654,646	114,955	-	-	11,769,601	
Operating	5,783,813	374,673	-	-	6,158,486	
Total expenditures	51,676,989	489,628	3,632,462	406,548	56,205,627	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(51,668,949)	54,818	-	14,278	(51,599,853)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
BOCC appropriation	53,195,027	-	-	-	53,195,027	
BOCC unspent funds	(1,529,307)				(1,529,307)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	51,665,720				51,665,720	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(3,229)	54,818	-	14,278	65,867	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	34,595	663,260		101,084	798,939	
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 31,366	\$ 718,078	\$-	\$ 115,362	\$ 864,806	

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SHERIFF STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 51,715
TOTAL ASSETS	 51,715
LIABILITIES	
Accrued child support purges and levies	9,867
Due to BOCC	7,237
Due to florists	 180
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 17,284
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Seizure	20,992
Flowers or donations	 13,439
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 34,431

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SHERIFF STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – CUSTODIAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

ADDITIONS	
Child support purges and levies	\$ 75,460
Cash seized	7,801
Contributions from employees	 3,349
Total additions	 86,610
DEDUCTIONS	
Purges and levies paid to other government agencies	75,460
Paid to BOCC LET	7,652
Payments for flowers or donations	 1,733
Total deductions	 84,845
NET CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	1,765
NET POSITION, OCTOBER 1, 2020 (RESTATED)	 32,666
NET POSITION, SEPTEMBER 30, 2021	\$ 34,431

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements is as follows:

Reporting Entity

The Office of the Sheriff of Santa Rosa County, Florida (the "Sheriff"), as established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida, is an elected official of Santa Rosa County, Florida (the "County"). Although the Sheriff is operationally autonomous from the Santa Rosa County Board of County Commissioners (the "Board"), the Sheriff does not hold sufficient corporate powers to be considered a legally separate entity for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, the Sheriff is considered part of the County's primary government.

These financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of the financial position and results of operations of the County taken as a whole. As permitted by Chapter 10.556(4), Rules of the Auditor General State of Florida, the financial statements consist of only the *fund level* financial statements as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 34, and do not include presentations of *government-wide* financial statements of the Sheriff.

Fund Accounting

The accounting system of the Sheriff is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. The funds utilized by the Sheriff's office are as follows:

Governmental Funds

These funds utilize a modified accrual basis of accounting. The measurement focus is based upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources rather than upon net income determination). The Sheriff reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> is used to account for all financial resources, which are generated from operations of the office, appropriations from the Board or any other resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Jail Commissary Fund</u> accounts for jail commissary and vending machine revenues that are used to provide recreational facilities and equipment for inmates.

<u>Grants Fund</u> accounts for grant revenues and expenditures according to the terms of each grant.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Governmental Funds – Continued

Non-major governmental funds of the Sheriff are as follows:

<u>Second Dollar</u> accounts for shared fine revenues from the Board, which are used for law enforcement training purposes.

<u>LOST</u> accounts for the half-penny local options sales tax (LOST), which is used towards capital projects.

Fiduciary Funds

The Sheriff uses custodial funds to account for assets held in a custodial capacity for others.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements and relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available as net current assets. The Sheriff considers receivables collected within 60 days after year-end to be available and recognizes them as revenues of the current year. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Custodial funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For financial statement reporting, all highly-liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

Inventory

Inventory, which consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, is stated at cost using the average cost method. Inventory is recorded when consumed rather than when purchased.

Accounting for Capital Assets

Capital assets (vehicles, equipment and other tangible and certain intangible property costing at least \$5,000 with a useful life of more than one year) are recorded as expenditures by the acquiring fund at the time of purchase. The Sheriff does not engage in the acquisition of public domain (infrastructure) assets.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at estimated acquisition value on the date donated.

Depreciation of vehicles and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets of 3 to 10 years.

Capital assets and related depreciation expense are reported as a component of the County's annual comprehensive financial report and are not reflected in the Sheriff's governmental fund financial statements. Buildings and improvements are owned by the Board of County Commissioners.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Compensated Absences

Employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused sick leave, annual leave and compensatory time, which will be paid upon separation from service. Unpaid compensated absences are recorded as a liability when the benefits are earned in the County's annual comprehensive financial report. For the governmental fund financial statements, expenditures are not recognized until payments are made to employees.

Unspent Appropriations from the Board

In accordance with Section 30.50 (6), Florida Statutes, excess appropriations are returned to the Board at fiscal year-end and are reported in the "due to other governmental units" liability account. Charges for services, interest income and other miscellaneous revenues collected by the Sheriff are considered to be "custodial" transactions, not available for expenditure by the Sheriff and are remitted to the Board on a monthly basis.

Fund Balances

Fund balances are classified as either non-spendable or as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned, based on the extent to which there are external and internal constraints on the spending thereof.

2. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Sheriff implemented GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. With the implementation, the Sheriff is required to record the beginning net position of custodial funds.

The beginning net position of the fiduciary funds has been restated to reflect the new guidance as follows:

Custodial Fund Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

October 1, 2020 net position balance, as previously reported	\$ -
Record net position under GASB Statement No. 84	 32,666
October 1, 2020 net position balance, as restated	\$ 32,666

3. CASH

The Sheriff's deposits at year-end were held by a financial institution designated as a "qualified public depository" by the State Treasurer. All deposits were fully insured through a combination of Federal depository insurance and participation of the financial institution in the multiple financial institution collateral pool as specified in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. At September 30, 2021, the reported amount of the Sheriff's deposits was \$5,719,512, and the bank balance was \$7,023,732, consisting entirely of deposits in checking accounts with a financial institution.

4. INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund balances at September 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

Fund	Fund Receivable		
General Fund	\$ 1,147,176	\$ 5,826	
Jail Commissary Fund	-	59,463	
Grants	5,826	1,086,638	
Non-major governmental funds		1,075	
	\$ 1,153,002	\$ 1,153,002	

Amounts due to the General Fund from grants and non-major governmental funds are related to advances which will be paid back to the General Fund after taxes are collected and reimbursement is received from grantors, respectively. Amounts due to the General Fund from the Jail Commissary Fund are for various expenditures paid by the General Fund on behalf of the Jail Commissary Fund.

5. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN

Substantially all full-time employees of the Sheriff are covered by the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The FRS was established in 1970 by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. Changes to the FRS can be made only by an act of the Florida Legislature. Rules governing the operation and administration of the system may be found in Chapter 60S of the Florida Administrative Code. The FRS issues a financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained at www.myfrs.com or by writing to FRS, 2639-C North Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399.

The FRS offers two retirement plans – the FRS Pension Plan and the FRS Investment Plan. An employee may participate in only one of the plans. Both plans, effective July 1, 2011, are funded monthly by a combination of employer and employee contributions.

The FRS Pension Plan is a multiple employer cost sharing defined benefit plan, which provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. For employees who were enrolled in the plan prior to July 1, 2011, normal retirement benefits are available at age 62 with six or more years of service or to those employees who have at least 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age. Early retirement is available after six years of service with a 5% reduction of benefits for each year prior to the normal retirement age.

For employees enrolling in the plan for the first time on or after July 1, 2011, normal retirement benefits are available at age 65, with eight or more years of service or to those employees who have at least 33 years of creditable service, regardless of age.

5. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN – CONTINUED

Early retirement is available after eight years of service, with a 5% reduction of benefits for each year prior to the normal retirement age. Retirement age and years of service requirements also vary depending on membership class. Retirement benefits are based upon age, average compensation and years-of-service credit where average compensation is computed as the average of the members highest five (if enrolled prior to July 1, 2011) or eight (if enrolled on or after July 1, 2011) fiscal years of earnings.

The FRS Investment Plan is a defined contribution plan funded monthly by employer and employee contributions based on salary and membership class. Employer contributions vest after one year of service, whereas employee contributions vest immediately. Members in the Investment Plan decide how their funds are allocated between various investment accounts, and the vested funds are portable upon termination. The final retirement benefit is equal to the vested contributions plus investment earnings, less expenses and losses allocated to the member's account. Members in the Investment Plan are not eligible for participation in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP).

DROP is available for members of the FRS Pension Plan who are vested and elect to participate in DROP within one year after reaching normal retirement age. Under this program, a member effectively retires while continuing to be employed for up to five years. While in DROP, the member's deferred monthly retirement benefits accumulate, earning interest and cost-of-living increases.

When the DROP period is over, the participant terminates covered employment and begins receiving their predetermined monthly retirement benefit, as well as the accrued DROP benefit. Disability retirees are not eligible to participate in DROP, and DROP participants do not qualify for disability retirement.

Prior to July 2011, the plans were noncontributory for employees with all contributions being the participating FRS employer's responsibility. Effective July 1, 2011, participating employees contribute 3% of their gross salaries each pay period to the plan. Participating employer contributions are based upon state-wide rates established by the State of Florida. Average contribution rates for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, were as follows: regular employees – 10.21%, special risk employees – 24.81%, elected officials – 49.74%, senior management employees – 27.72%, and DROP participants – 17.32%. The Sheriff's contributions to the Pension Plan, funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, were equal to the actuarially determined contributions for each year. Contributions to both plans totaled \$5,513,485, \$5,290,728 and \$4,770,306 for the years ended September 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Net Pension Liability – Proportionate Share

The Sheriff has a net FRS pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. This long-term liability is only reported in the County's annual comprehensive financial report and is not a current liability of the governmental funds. All required disclosures and schedules may be found in the annual comprehensive financial report of Santa Rosa County, Florida.

6. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

The Sheriff offers post-employment health care benefits (OPEB) to all retired employees and their dependents. Participating retirees are required to reimburse the Sheriff for 100% of the premium cost, which is netted against the premium payment, so that no net expenditure is initially recorded in the financial statements. However, these retirees are receiving an "implicit subsidy" because the premium is a group rate, which includes active lower cost employees. This implicit subsidy has a cost; however, the annual cost and the total OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of employee service. The total OPEB liability and other required disclosures have been calculated for the County as a whole and not separately for the Sheriff. Accordingly, these calculations and disclosures can be found in the County's annual comprehensive financial report.

7. GRANT ASSISTANCE

The Sheriff serves as implementing agency for various grants, which are reported in the Single Audit Report prepared by the Board.

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Sheriff is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board of County Commissioners has established a Self-Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program, the County is self-insured with respect to the following exposures:

Auto Physical Damage Auto Liability Construction and Road Equipment Portable Communication Equipment Workers' Compensation

The County is covered by outside insurance for the following exposures:

Employee Fidelity General Liability, \$25,000 deductible Public Officials' Liability, \$25,000 deductible Building Contents, \$5,000 deductible

Conventional insurance provided by the Florida Sheriff's Risk Management Fund remains in effect for the Sheriff's general and professional liability, the Sheriff's workers' compensation liability, the Sheriff's automobiles, and the Sheriff's medical catastrophic insurance for treatment of prisoners. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. Annual premium costs under the workers' compensation coverage were \$931,565 and \$965,498 for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Coverage limits under the policy include \$1,000,000 bodily injury for each accident and \$1,000,000 bodily injury by disease for each employee with a \$1,000,000 limit.

9. FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are classified as follows:

Non-spendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Other fund balance amounts are classified depending on the Sheriff's ability to control the spending of the fund balances as follows:

Restricted fund balances can only be used for specific purposes, which are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors and other governments (via laws and regulations) or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balances can only be used for specific purposes imposed internally by the Sheriff's formal action of highest level of decision-making authority. At year-end, the Sheriff had no committed fund balances.

Assigned fund balances are fund balances intended to be used for specific purposes, but which do not meet the more formal criterion to be considered either restricted or committed. At yearend, the Sheriff had no assigned fund balances.

Unassigned fund balances represent the residual positive fund balance within the General Fund, which has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed or assigned. In funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balances are limited to negative residual balances. At year-end, the Sheriff had no unassigned fund balances because all unspent Board appropriations of the General Fund are required to be remitted to the Board, and there were no negative residual balances in the special revenue funds.

10. CLAIMS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Sheriff is involved from time to time in routine civil litigation incidental to the ordinary course of operations. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, there are no lawsuits or claims outstanding, which might materially affect the financial position of the Sheriff's Office.

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Operating Lease

The Sheriff is committed to an operating lease for equipment with terms in excess of one year. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year	Amount	Amount		
2022	\$ 59,447	7		
2023	59,447	7		
2024	59,447	7		
	\$ 178,341			

Rent expense for the year ended September 30, 2021 was \$59,447.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SHERIFF SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	¢	¢	¢ 0.040	¢ 0.040		
Miscellaneous	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 8,040	\$ 8,040		
Total revenues	-	-	8,040	8,040		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government: Judicial:						
Personal services	1,259,940	1,307,113	1,306,378	735		
Operating	43,350	29,521	24,964	4,557		
Public safety:	,		,	,		
Law enforcement:						
Personal services	24,541,665	24,229,769	24,229,760	9		
Operating	5,199,360	5,771,603	6,904,208	(1,132,605)		
Capital outlay	1,654,240	3,215,750	1,773,220	1,442,530		
Correction and detention: Personal services	11,608,860	12,310,237	11,654,646	655,591		
Operating	6,923,980	6,331,034	5,783,813	547,221		
Total expenditures	51,231,395	53,195,027	51,676,989	1,518,038		
·	01,201,000	00,100,027	01,070,000	1,010,000		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(51,231,395)	(53,195,027)	(51,668,949)	1,526,078		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
BOCC appropriation	51,231,395	53,195,027	53,195,027	-		
BOCC unspent funds			(1,529,307)	(1,529,307)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	51,231,395	53,195,027	51,665,720	(1,529,307)		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	(3,229)	(3,229)		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			34,595	34,595		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$-	\$-	\$ 31,366	\$ 31,366		

See notes to the required supplementary information.

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SHERIFF NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Sheriff operates under budget procedures pursuant to Chapters 30 and 129, Florida Statutes. The General Fund's budget is prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Sheriff is not legally required to prepare a budget for the other governmental funds; therefore, comparative budget and actual results are not presented for these funds. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – COMBINING FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SHERIFF COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – ALL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	 LOST Fund	Second Illar Fund	Totals	
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 100	\$ 116,337	\$	116,437
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 100	\$ 116,337	\$	116,437
LIABILITIES				
Due to other funds	\$ 100	\$ 975	\$	1,075
Total liabilities	100	975		1,075
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted for law enforcement training	 -	 115,362		115,362
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 100	\$ 116,337	\$	116,437

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SHERIFF COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – ALL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	LOST Fund			Second Illar Fund	Totals		
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	392,428	\$	-	\$	392,428	
Intergovernmental		-		28,387		28,387	
Miscellaneous		-		11		11	
Total revenues		392,428		28,398		420,826	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public safety:							
Law enforcement:							
Operating		-		14,120		14,120	
Capital outlay		392,428		-		392,428	
Total expenditures		392,428		14,120		406,548	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		-		14,278		14,278	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		-		101,084		101,084	
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$	115,362	\$	115,362	

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SHERIFF COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – ALL CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Suspense Fund		Seizure Fund		Flower Fund		 Totals
ASSETS							
Cash	\$	9,867	\$	20,676	\$	21,172	\$ 51,715
TOTAL ASSETS		9,867		20,676		21,172	 51,715
LIABILITIES							
Accrued child support purges and levies		9,867		-		-	9,867
Due to BOCC		-		7,237		-	7,237
Due to florists		-		-		180	 180
TOTAL LIABILITIES		9,867		7,237		180	 17,284
NET POSITION							
Restricted for:							
Seizure		-		-		20,992	20,992
Flowers or donations		-		13,439		-	 13,439
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	-	\$	13,439	\$	20,992	\$ 34,431

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SHERIFF COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – ALL CUSTODIAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Suspense Fund		Seizure Fund		Flower Fund		Totals	
ADDITIONS								
Child support purges and levies	\$	75,460	\$	-	\$	-	\$	75,460
Cash seized		-		7,801		-		7,801
Contributions from employees		-		-		3,349		3,349
Total additions		75,460		7,801		3,349		86,610
DEDUCTIONS								
Purges and levies paid to other govt agencies		75,460		-		-		75,460
Paid to BOCC LET		-		7,652		-		7,652
Payments for flowers or donations		-		-		1,733		1,733
Total deductions		75,460		7,652		1,733		84,845
NET CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		-		149		1,616		1,765
NET POSITION, OCTOBER 1, 2020 (RESTATED)		-		13,290		19,376		32,666
NET POSITION, SEPTEMBER 30, 2021	\$	-	\$	13,439	\$	20,992	\$	34,431



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Robert Johnson, Sheriff Santa Rosa County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Office of the Sheriff of Santa Rosa County, Florida (hereinafter referred to as the "Sheriff"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 16, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Sheriff's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Sheriff's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida February 16, 2022



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON EXAMINATION OF COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Honorable Robert Johnson, Sheriff Santa Rosa County, Florida

We have examined the Office of the Sheriff of Santa Rosa County, Florida's (hereinafter referred to as the "Sheriff") compliance with Florida Statute 218.415 in regard to investments for the year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the Sheriff's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Sheriff's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Sheriff complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Sheriff's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Warren averett. LLC

Pensacola, Florida February 16, 2022



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MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Robert Johnson, Sheriff Santa Rosa County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Office of the Sheriff of Santa Rosa County, Florida (hereinafter referred to as the "Sheriff"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 16, 2022.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General*.

Other Report Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on Examination of Compliance Requirements in Accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated February 16, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section $10.554(1)(\bar{i})1$, *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. No recommendations were made in the preceding annual financial report.

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554 (1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements or abuse that have occurred or are likely to have occurred that have an effect on the financial statements which is less than material, but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Sheriff and the Santa Rosa County Board of County Commissioners and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida February 16, 2022

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SHERIFF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE TO MANAGEMENT LETTER SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

There were no comments which require management's written response.

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Tappie Villane Supervisor of Elections of Santa Rosa County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the general fund of the Santa Rosa County, Florida Supervisor of Elections, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Supervisor of Elections' financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the general fund of the Supervisor of Elections, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to previously were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the *Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida* (the "Rules"). In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of that portion of the general fund attributable solely to the operations of the Supervisor of Elections. They do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report on our consideration of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Warren averett. LLC

Pensacola, Florida February 25, 2022

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS BALANCE SHEET – GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

ASSETS

Due from Board of County Commissioners		71,473
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable Accrued expenses Unearned Revenue Total liabilities	\$	16,793 35,101 19,579 71,473
FUND BALANCE		
Fund balance		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	71,473

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

REVENUES Grant revenue Miscellaneous revenue	\$	124,225 1,161
Total revenues		125,386
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General government:		
Personal services		782,970
Operating		723,988
Capital outlay		113,530
Total expenditures		1,620,488
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	((1,495,102)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		
Board of County Commissioners appropriation		1,495,102
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		-
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	-

1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements follows.

Reporting Entity

The Santa Rosa County, Florida Supervisor of Elections (the "Supervisor of Elections"), as established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida, is an elected official of Santa Rosa County, Florida (the "County"). Although the Supervisor of Elections is operationally autonomous from the Santa Rosa County Board of County Commissioners (the "Board"), it does not hold sufficient corporate powers of its own to be considered a legally separate entity for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, the Supervisor of Elections is reported as a part of the primary government of the County.

These financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of the financial position and results of operations of the County, taken as a whole. As permitted by Chapter 10.556(4), *Rules of the Auditor General State of Florida*, the financial statements consists of only the *fund level* financial statements, as defined in Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, and do not include presentations of *government-wide* financial statements of the Supervisor of Elections.

Pursuant to the provisions of 129.202, Florida Statutes, the Supervisor of Elections has elected to have the Office of the Clerk of Court and Comptroller of Santa Rosa County maintain the books and records pertaining to the operations of the Supervisor of Elections. Therefore, the Supervisor of Elections does not maintain a separate cash account, and all cash activity for the Supervisor of Elections is recorded in the common cash account of the Board. The "Due from Board of County Commissioners" account on the balance sheet represents the amount of cash held on behalf of the Supervisor of Elections.

Fund Accounting

The accounting system of the Supervisor of Elections is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, recording cash and financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

The general fund of the Supervisor of Elections is used to account for all financial resources, which are generated from operations of the office, appropriations from the Board or any other resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

This fund utilizes a modified accrual basis of accounting. The measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources rather than upon net income determination).

1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to *when* revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statement. The basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available as net current assets. The Supervisor of Elections considers receivables collected within 60 days after year-end to be available and recognizes them as revenues of the current year. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred.

Accounting for Capital Assets

Capital assets (vehicles, equipment and other tangible and certain intangible property costing at least \$5,000 with a useful life of more than one year) are recorded as expenditures in the fund level financial statements at the time of purchase. These assets are also capitalized at cost and accounted for in the County's comprehensive annual financial report.

Compensated Absences

Employees accumulate a limited amount of earned, but unused sick and annual leave, which will be paid upon separation from service. Unpaid compensated absences are recorded as a liability when the benefits are earned in the County's comprehensive annual financial report. For the governmental fund statements, expenditures are recognized when payments are made to employees.

2. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN

Substantially, all full-time employees of the Supervisor of Elections are covered by the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The FRS was established in 1970 by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. Changes to the FRS can be made only by an act of the Florida Legislature. Rules governing the operation and administration of the system may be found in Chapter 60S of the Florida Administrative Code. The FRS issues a financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained at <u>www.myfrs.com</u> or by writing to FRS, 2639-C North Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399.

2. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN – CONTINUED

The FRS offers two retirement plans – the FRS Pension Plan and the FRS Investment Plan. An employee may participate in only one of the plans. Both plans are funded monthly by a combination of employer and employee contributions.

The FRS Pension Plan is a multiple employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan, which provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. For employees who were enrolled in the plan prior to July 1, 2011, normal retirement benefits are available at age 62 with six or more years of service or to those employees who have at least 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age. Early retirement is available after six years of service with a 5% reduction of benefits for each year prior to the normal retirement age.

For employees enrolling in the plan for the first time on or after July 1, 2011, normal retirement benefits are available at age 65 with eight or more years of service or to those employees who have at least 33 years of creditable service, regardless of age. Early retirement is available after eight years of service with a 5% reduction of benefits for each year prior to the normal retirement age.

Retirement age and years of service requirements also vary depending on membership class. Retirement benefits are based upon age, average compensation and years-of-service credit, where average compensation is computed as the average of the members highest five (if enrolled prior to July 1, 2011) or eight (if enrolled on or after July 1, 2011) fiscal years of earnings.

The FRS Investment Plan is a defined contribution plan funded monthly by employer and employee contributions based on salary and membership class. Employer contributions vest after one year of service whereas employee contributions vest immediately. Members in the Investment Plan decide how their funds are allocated between various investment accounts, and the vested funds are portable upon termination. The final retirement benefit is equal to the vested contributions plus investment earnings less expenses and losses allocated to the member's account. Members in the Investment Plan are not eligible for participation in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP).

DROP is available for members of the FRS Pension Plan who are vested and elect to participate in DROP within one year after reaching normal retirement age. Under this program, a member effectively retires while continuing to be employed for up to five years. While in DROP, the member's deferred monthly retirement benefits accumulate, earning interest and cost-of-living increases. When the DROP period is over, the participant terminates covered employment and begins receiving their predetermined monthly retirement benefit, as well as the accrued DROP benefit. Disability retirees are not eligible to participate in DROP, and DROP participants do not qualify for disability retirement.

2. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN – CONTINUED

Participating employees contribute 3% of their gross salaries each pay period to the plan, whereas employer contributions are based upon state-wide rates established by the State of Florida. Average contribution rates for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, were as follows: regular employees, 10.21%; special risk employees, 24.81%; elected officials, 49.74%; senior management employees, 27.72%; and DROP participants, 17.32%.

The Supervisor of Elections contributions to the Pension Plan, funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, were equal to the actuarially determined contributions for each year. Contributions to the Investment Plan were equal to the legislatively-mandated contribution rates. Contributions to both plans totaled \$103,747, \$95,222 and \$88,831 for the years ended September 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share

The Supervisor of Elections has a net FRS pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. This long-term liability is only reported in the county-wide financial statements and is not a current liability of the General Fund. All required disclosures and schedules may be found in the county's comprehensive annual financial report of Santa Rosa County, Florida.

3. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

The Board offers post-employment health care benefits (OPEB) to all retired employees of the Supervisor of Election's Office and their dependents. Participating retirees are required to reimburse the Board for 100% of the premium cost, which is netted against the premium payment, so that no net expense is initially recorded in the Board's financial statements. However, these retirees are receiving an "implicit subsidy" because the premium is a group rate, which includes active, lower-cost employees. This implicit subsidy has a cost; however, this annual cost and the total OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of employee service. The total OPEB liability and other required disclosures have been calculated for the County, as a whole, and not separately for the Supervisor of Election's Office. Accordingly, these calculations and disclosures can be found in the County's comprehensive annual financial report.

4. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Supervisor of Elections is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and damage of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board uses a Self-Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss.

The County is self-insured with respect to the following exposures:

Workers Compensation Auto Physical Damage Auto Liability Construction and Road Equipment Portable Communication Equipment

The County is covered by outside insurance for the following exposures:

Buildings and contents – \$5,000 deductible Boats Employee Fidelity General Liability – \$25,000 deductible Public Officials' Liability – \$25,000 deductible

Conventional insurance remains in effect for buildings and their contents. Also, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year, and settled claims resulting from conventional insurance risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The County is a member of the Florida Association of Counties Trust, a pooled liability program providing general liability coverage and public officials' liability coverage. The Supervisor of Elections participates in the program and makes payments to the Self-Insurance Fund based on historical estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Grant revenues Miscellaneous revenues	\$ 28,870 	\$ 153,095 -	\$ 124,225 1,161	\$ (28,870) 1,161
Total revenues	28,870	153,095	125,386	(27,709)
EXPENDITURES Current General government Personal services Operating	756,125 718,100	720,145 994,755	782,970 723,988	(62,825) 270,767
Capital outlay	-	116,450	113,530	2,920
Total expenditures	1,474,225	1,831,350	1,620,488	210,862
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,445,355)	(1,678,255)	(1,495,102)	183,153
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Board of County Commissioners appropriation	1,445,355	1,678,255	1,495,102	(183,153)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-

See notes to the required supplementary information.

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Supervisor of Elections operates under budget procedures pursuant to Florida Statutes. The Supervisor of Elections' budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Budget appropriations lapse at the end of the year and are not carried over to the following year. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Tappie Villane Supervisor of Elections of Santa Rosa County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the general fund of the Office of the Supervisor of Elections of Santa Rosa County, Florida (hereinafter referred to as "Supervisor of Elections"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 25, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was, for the limited purpose, described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Supervisor of Elections' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Warren averett. LLC

Pensacola, Florida February 25, 2022



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON EXAMINATION OF COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Honorable Tappie Villane Supervisor of Elections of Santa Rosa County, Florida

We have examined the Office of the Supervisor of Elections of Santa Rosa County, Florida's (hereinafter referred to as the "Supervisor of Elections") compliance with Florida Statute 218.415 in regards to investments for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Management is responsible for the Supervisor of Elections' compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Supervisor of Elections' compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Supervisor of Elections' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Supervisor of Elections' compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Supervisor of Elections complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida February 25, 2022



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Tappie Villane Supervisor of Elections of Santa Rosa County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the general fund of the Office of the Supervisor of Elections of Santa Rosa County, Florida (hereinafter referred to as the "Supervisor of Elections"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 25, 2022.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* and Independent Accountants' Report on Examination of Compliance Requirements in Accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated February 25, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. No recommendations were made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554 (1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements or abuse that have occurred or are likely to have occurred that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material, but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Supervisor of Elections, Santa Rosa County Board of County Commissioners and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida February 25, 2022

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE TO MANAGEMENT LETTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

There are no comments, which require management's written response.

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Stan Colie Nichols Tax Collector of Santa Rosa County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements (hereinafter referred to as "Financial Statements") of the general fund and the tax fund of the Office of the Tax Collector of Santa Rosa County, Florida (hereinafter referred to as "Tax Collector"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tax Collector's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Tax Collector's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the general fund and tax fund of the Tax Collector, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, in 2021 the Tax Collector adopted new accounting guidance GASB No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to the matter.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the *Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida* (the "Rules"). In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position of the general fund and tax fund and changes in financial position of the general fund of Santa Rosa County that are attributable to the Tax Collector. They do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of Santa Rosa County as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report on our consideration of the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters included under the heading "Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards." The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida March 8, 2022

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	General Fund	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	518,082
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	12,835
Accrued payroll, taxes and benefits		11,912
Unearned revenues		125,623
Due to other governmental units		367,712
TOTAL LIABILITIES		518,082
FUND BALANCE		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	518,082

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	General Fund
REVENUES	
Charges for services	\$ 5,038,741
Miscellaneous	 19,863
Total revenues	 5,058,604
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
General government:	
Personal services	3,853,589
Operating	819,179
Capital outlay	 31,324
Total expenditures	 4,704,092
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	354,512
Other Financing Sources and (Uses):	
Transfers out	 (354,512)
NET CHANGE IN BALANCE FUND	-
FUND BALANCE, OCTOBER 1, 2020	 -
FUND BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30, 2021	\$ -

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – CUSTODIAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	 Tax Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,451,860
Miscellaneous receivables	 250,542
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,702,402
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 4,500
Due to other governmental units	1,622,551
Miscellaneous liabilities	 75,351
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 1,702,402
NET POSITION	\$ -

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – CUSTODIAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	 Tax Fund
ADDITIONS	
Property tax collections for other governments	\$ 158,007,739
Other taxes and fees for other governments	741,086
License and fees collected for State	30,247,037
Other fees collected for other entities	 5,436,432
Total additions	 194,432,294
DEDUCTIONS	
Payments of property tax to other governments	158,007,739
Payments of other taxes and fees to other governments	741,086
Payments to State	30,247,037
Payments to other entities	 5,436,432
Total deductions	 194,432,294
NET CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	-
NET POSITION, OCTOBER 1, 2020	 -
NET POSITION, SEPTEMBER 30, 2021	\$ -

1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements follows.

Reporting Entity

The Office of the Tax Collector of Santa Rosa County, Florida (the "Tax Collector"), as established by Article VIII, Section 1(d), of the Constitution of the State of Florida, is an elected official of Santa Rosa County, Florida (the "County"). Although the Tax Collector is operationally autonomous from the Santa Rosa County Board of County Commissioners (the "Board"), it does not hold sufficient corporate powers to be considered a legally separate entity for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, the Tax Collector is considered part of the County's primary government for external financial reporting purposes.

These financial statements of the Tax Collector are not intended to be a complete presentation of the financial position and results of operations of the County taken as a whole. As permitted by Chapter 10.556(4), *Rules of the Auditor General, State of Florida*, the financial statements consist of only the fund level financial statements, as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 34, and do not include presentations of government-wide financial statements of the Tax Collector.

Fund Accounting

The accounting system of the Tax Collector is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

The funds utilized by the Tax Collector are as follows:

Governmental Funds

These funds utilize a modified accrual basis of accounting. The measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources rather than upon net income determination).

General Fund

The general fund of the Tax Collector is used to account for all financial resources which are generated from operations of the office and any other resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Fiduciary Funds

The Tax Collector's sole fiduciary fund is a custodial fund (the "Tax Fund"). Custodial funds are used to account for assets held for individuals, private organizations or other governments and consist primarily of taxes and fees collected, but not distributed to other governments. The Tax Fund is used primarily to account for receipts of various types of taxes, licenses and fees collected on behalf of state, county and municipal governmental agencies.

1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to *when* revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available as net current assets. The Tax Collector considers receivables collected within 60 days after year-end to be available and recognizes them as revenues of the current year. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Custodial funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased.

Accounting for Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase by the Tax Collector. These assets (vehicles, equipment and other tangible property and certain intangible property costing at least \$5,000 with a useful life of more than one year) are capitalized at cost and accounted for in the County's government-wide financial statements.

Compensated Absences

Employees accumulate a limited amount of earned, but unused annual and sick leave, which will be paid upon separation from service. Compensated absence expenditures are not recognized in the General Fund until payments are made to employees. However, these unpaid compensated absences are recorded as a liability when the benefits are earned in the County's government-wide financial statements.

Unspent Revenue and Fund Balance

In accordance with Section 218.36, Florida Statutes, unspent revenue is remitted proportionately to the various taxing districts at fiscal year-end. As a result, no fund balance exists at year end in the General Fund.

2. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Tax Collector implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*.

3. CASH

At September 30, 2021, the bank reported deposits before outstanding checks and deposits of \$1,927,630; all of which was held by a financial institution designated as a "qualified public depository" by the State Treasurer.

All deposits were fully insured through a combination of Federal depository insurance and participation of the financial institution in the multiple financial institution collateral pool as specified in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Accordingly, the Tax Collector does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk on its cash balances.

4. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN

Substantially all full-time employees of the Tax Collector are covered by the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The FRS was established in 1970 by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. Changes to the FRS can be made only by an act of the Florida Legislature. Rules governing the operation and administration of the system may be found in Chapter 60S of the Florida Administrative Code. The FRS issues a financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained at www.myfrs.com or by writing to FRS, 2639-C North Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399.

The FRS offers two retirement plans – the FRS Pension Plan and the FRS Investment Plan. An employee may participate in only one of the plans. Both plans, effective July 1, 2011, are funded monthly by a combination of employer and employee contributions.

The FRS Pension Plan is a multiple employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan, which provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. For employees who were enrolled in the plan prior to July 1, 2011, normal retirement benefits are available at age 62 with six or more years of service or to those employees who have at least 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age.

Early retirement is available after six years of service with a 5% reduction of benefits for each year prior to the normal retirement age. For employees enrolling in the plan for the first time on or after July 1, 2011, normal retirement benefits are available at age 65 with eight or more years of service or to those employees who have at least 33 years of creditable service, regardless of age. Early retirement is available after eight years of service with a 5% reduction of benefits for each year prior to the normal retirement age. Retirement age and years of service requirements also vary depending on membership class. Retirement benefits are based upon age, average compensation and years-of-service credit, where average compensation is computed as the average of the member's highest five (if enrolled prior to July 1, 2011) or eight (if enrolled on or after July 1, 2011) fiscal years of earnings.

4. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN – CONTINUED

The FRS Investment Plan is a defined contribution plan funded monthly by employer and employee contributions based on salary and membership class. Employer contributions vest after one year of service whereas employee contributions vest immediately. Members in the Investment Plan decide how their funds are allocated between various investment accounts, and the vested funds are portable upon termination. The final retirement benefit is equal to the vested contributions plus investment earnings less expenses and losses allocated to the member's account. Members in the Investment Plan are not eligible for participation in the Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP").

DROP is available for members of the FRS Pension Plan who are vested and elect to participate in DROP within one year after reaching normal retirement age. Under this program, a member effectively retires while continuing to be employed for up to five years. While in DROP, the member's deferred monthly retirement benefits accumulate, earning interest and cost-of-living increases. When the DROP period is over, the participant terminates covered employment and begins receiving their predetermined monthly retirement benefit, as well as the accrued DROP benefit. Disability retirees are not eligible to participate in DROP, and DROP participants do not qualify for disability retirement.

Participating employees contribute 3% of their gross salaries each pay period to the plan. Participating employer contributions are based upon state-wide rates established by the State of Florida. Average contribution rates for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, were as follows: regular employees – 10.21%, special risk employees – 24.81%, elected officials – 49.74%, senior management employees – 27.72% and DROP participants – 17.32%. The Tax Collector's contributions to the Pension Plan, funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, were equal to the actuarially determined contributions for each year. Contributions to the Investment Plan were equal to the legislatively mandated contribution rates. Contributions to both plans totaled \$339,879, \$278,592 and \$237,683 for the years ended September 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Net Pension Liability-Proportionate Share

The Tax Collector has a net FRS pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. This long-term liability is only reported in the county-wide financial statements and is not a current liability of the General Fund. All required disclosures and schedules may be found in the comprehensive annual financial report of Santa Rosa County, Florida.

5. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

The Board offers post-employment health care benefits (OPEB) to all retired employees of the Tax Collector's Office and their dependents. Participating retirees are required to reimburse the Board for 100% of the premium cost, which is netted against the premium payment, so that no net expense is initially recorded in the Board's financial statements. However, these retirees are receiving an "implicit subsidy" because the premium is a group rate, which includes active, lower cost employees. This implicit subsidy, however, has a cost. This annual cost and the total OPEB liability are measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of employee service. The total OPEB liability and other required disclosures have been calculated for the County as a whole, and not separately for the Tax Collector's Office. Accordingly, these calculations and disclosures can be found in the County's comprehensive annual financial report.

6. LEASES

The Tax Collector leases certain office space and equipment under operating lease agreements with expiration dates through February 2026. Future minimum rental commitments under these leases are as follows:

Fiscal year end September 30:

2022	\$ 31,440
2023	31,440
2024	31,440
2025	31,440
2026	 13,100
Total minimum future rental payments	\$ 138,860

Total lease payments for the year ended September 30, 2021 were \$30,340.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Tax Collector is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Board has established a Self-Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT – CONTINUED

Under this program the County is self-insured with respect to the following exposures:

Workers' compensation Auto physical damage Auto Liability Construction and road equipment Portable communication equipment

The County is covered by outside insurance for the following exposures:

Buildings and contents, \$5,000 deductible Boats Employee fidelity General liability, \$25,000 deductible Public officials' liability, \$25,000 deductible

Conventional insurance remains in effect for buildings and their contents. There also were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settled claims resulting from conventional insurance risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The County is a member of the Florida Association of Counties Trust, a pooled liability program providing general liability coverage and public officials' liability coverage. The Tax Collector participates in the program and makes payments to the Self-Insurance Fund based on historical estimates of amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophe losses.

8. LITIGATION

The Tax Collector is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims, which might be filed incidental to the ordinary course of operations. In the opinion of management, based on the advice of legal counsel, there are no lawsuits or claims outstanding, which will have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Tax Collector's Office.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 4,784,818 36,621	. , ,	\$ 5,038,741 19,863	\$ 253,923 (16,758)
Total revenues	4,821,439	4,821,439	5,058,604	237,165
EXPENDITURES Current: General government: Personal services Operating Capital outlay	3,861,328 815,842 42,165	826,682	3,853,589 819,179 31,324	41,001 7,503 1
Total expenditures	4,719,335		4,704,092	48,505
Excess of revenues over expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	102,104	68,842	354,512	285,670
Unspent revenues	(102,104) (68,842)	(354,512)	(285,670)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(102,104	(68,842)	(354,512)	(285,670)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			-	-
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

See independent auditors' notes to the required supplementary information.

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Tax Collector establishes an annual budget pursuant to Section 195.087, Florida Statutes. The budget is submitted to the Florida Department of Revenue for approval. A copy is provided to the Board and is incorporated into the overall county budget. The Tax Collector's budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Stan Colie Nichols Tax Collector of Santa Rosa County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements (hereinafter referred to as "financial statements) of the general fund and the tax fund of the Tax Collector of Santa Rosa County, Florida (hereinafter referred to as "Tax Collector"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tax Collector's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Tax Collector's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida March 8, 2022



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON EXAMINATION OF COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Honorable Stan Colie Nichols Tax Collector of Santa Rosa County, Florida

We have examined the Office of the Tax Collector of Santa Rosa County, Florida's (hereinafter referred to as "Tax Collector") compliance with Florida Statute 218.415, in regard to investments for the year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the Tax Collector's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Tax Collector's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Tax Collector complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Tax Collector complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Tax Collector's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Tax Collector complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

arren averett. LLC

Pensacola, Florida March 8, 2022



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Stan Colie Nichols Tax Collector of Santa Rosa County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements (hereinafter referred to as "financial statements") of the general fund and the tax fund of the Office of the Tax Collector of Santa Rosa County, Florida (hereinafter referred to as "Tax Collector"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 2022.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550 *Rules of the Florida Auditor General.*

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* and Independent Accountants' Report on Examination of Compliance Requirements in Accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 8, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1, *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2, *Rules of the Auditor General,* requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554 (1)(i)3, *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements or abuse that has occurred or is likely to have occurred that has an effect on the financial statements that is less than material, but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Tax Collector, the Santa Rosa County Board of County Commissioners and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida March 8, 2022

SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE TO MANAGEMENT LETTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

There were no comments which require management's written response.



Partie Martin