

**COLUMBIA COUNTY,
FLORIDA**

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

September 30, 2022

<u>Title</u>	<u>Name</u>
Board of County Commissioners	
District I	Ronald Williams
District II	Rocky Ford
District III	Robby Hollingsworth
District IV	Toby Witt
District V	Timothy Murphy
County Attorney	Joel Foreman
Clerk of Circuit Court	James M. Swisher, Jr.
Property Appraiser	Jeff Hampton
Sheriff	Mark Hunter
Supervisor of Elections	Tomi S. Brown
Tax Collector	Kyle Keen

FINANCIAL SECTION

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Powell and Jones CPA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of County Commissioners
and Constitutional Officers
Columbia County, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Columbia County, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Columbia County, Florida's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Columbia County, Florida, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government auditing standard, issued by the Comptroller of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Columbia County, Florida, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Columbia County, Florida's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes

our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and government auditing standards we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia County, Florida's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Columbia County, Florida's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and the pension and OPEB schedules, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Columbia County, Florida's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required

part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

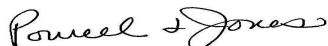
Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and the fund combining statements, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 15, 2023, on our consideration of Columbia County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Lake City, Florida
May 15, 2023

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

The County's management discussion and analysis presents an overview of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The analysis provides summary financial information for the County and should be read in conjunction with the County's financial statements.

The County has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*. This statement requires governmental entities to report finances in accordance with specific guidelines. Among those guidelines are the components of this section dealing with management's discussion and analysis.

Its intent is to provide a brief, objective, and easily readable analysis of the County's financial performance for the year and its financial position at fiscal year end September 30, 2022.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The **Government-wide financial statements** present an overall picture of the County's financial position and results of operations. The **Fund financial statements** present financial information for the County's major funds. The **Notes to the financial statements** provide additional information concerning the County's finances that are not disclosed in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of the **statement of net position** and the **statement of activities**, and are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Emphasis is placed on the net position of governmental activities and business-type activities and the change in net position. Governmental activities are primarily supported by property and non ad valorem taxes, sales and use taxes, federal and state grants, and state shared revenues. Business-type activities are supported by charges to the users of those activities.

The statement of net position presents information on all assets and liabilities of the County, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. Net position is reported in three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt, 2) restricted, and 3) unrestricted. Assets, liabilities, and net position are reported for all Governmental Activities separate from those of business-type activities.

The **statement of activities** presents information on all revenues and expenses of the County and the change in net position. Expenses are reported by major function and program revenues relating to those functions are reported, providing the net cost of all functions provided by the County. To assist in understanding the County's operations, expenses have been reported as

governmental activities or business-type activities. Governmental activities financed by the County include public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, human services, culture and recreation, and general government services. Business-type activities financed by user charges include the landfill and sewer operations.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, and is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental fund financial statements provide information on the current assets and liabilities of the funds, changes in current financial resources (revenues and expenditures), and current available resources.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide information on all assets and liabilities of the fund, changes in the economic resources (revenues and expenses), and total economic resources.

Fiduciary fund financial statements provide information on all assets and liabilities of the funds, and the additions, deductions, and changes in net position to these funds.

Fund financial statements include a **balance sheet** and a **statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances** for all governmental funds. A **statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual**, is provided for the County's general fund and major special revenue, capital projects, and debt service funds as required supplementary information. For the proprietary funds, which includes business-type activities, a **statement of net position**; a **statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position**; and a **statement of cash flows** are presented. A **combining statement of fiduciary net position** and a **combining statement of changes in fiduciary net position** is presented for the County's fiduciary funds.

Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's activities. Individual funds are established by the County to track revenues that are restricted to certain uses, comply with legal requirements, or account for the use of state and federal grants.

The *government-wide financial statements* and the *fund financial statements* provide different pictures of the County. The government-wide financial statements provide an overall picture of the County's financial standing, split between governmental activities and business-type activities. These statements are comparable to private-sector companies and give a good understanding of the County's overall financial health and how the County paid for the various activities, or functions, provided by the County. All assets of the County, including buildings, land, roads, and bridges are reported in the **statement of net position**. All liabilities, including principal outstanding on bonds, landfill closure liabilities, and future employee benefits obligated but not paid by the County, are included. The **statement of activities** includes depreciation on all long lived assets of the County, but transactions between the different functions of the County have been eliminated in order to avoid "doubling up" the revenues and expenses.

The *fund financial statements* provide a picture of the major funds of the County and a column for all non-major funds. In the case of governmental funds, outlays for long lived assets are reported as expenditures, and long-term liabilities are not included in the fund financial statements. To provide a link from the *fund financial statements* to the *government-wide financial statements*, a reconciliation is provided from the fund financial statements to the *government wide financial statements*.

Notes to the financial statements

The **Notes to the financial statements** provide additional detail concerning the financial activities and financial balances of the County. Additional information about the accounting practices of the County, investments of the County, long-term debt, and pension plan are some of the items included in the notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Total assets of the County exceeded total liabilities by \$153,884,537 (net position). Unrestricted net position for governmental activities was \$4,333,533 and for business-type activities was \$6,368,875. Governmental Activities restricted net position is \$30,998,090 and was \$0 for Business-type Activities.

Total net position increased by \$16,802,416. Of that amount, \$16,631,931 is attributable to Governmental Activities; which is primarily attributable to the County's recognition of COVID-related grant funding. Business-type Activities net position increased by \$170,485.

Governmental Activities revenues increased by \$14,278,566 to \$98,248,140. This increase in revenue was due primarily to increases in grants and special assessments. Governmental Activities expenses increased by \$2,653,651 to \$80,965,339. This increase in expenses was primarily due to normal inflation.

Business-type activities revenues decreased by \$729,478 to \$4,133,179, and business-type expenses increased by \$129,572 to \$4,613,764.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At September 30, 2022, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$172,733,887.

The following schedule provides a summary of the assets, liabilities, and net position of the County:

Net Position

	Governmental	Business-type	Total Government	
			2022	2021
Assets				
Current assets	\$ 78,885,103	\$ 3,581,332	\$ 82,466,435	\$ 77,532,806
Restricted assets	-	14,572,561	14,572,561	8,176,084
Other Noncurrent assets	131,034,115	13,066,911	144,101,026	143,834,054
Total assets	209,919,218	31,220,804	241,140,022	229,542,944
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
County's proportionate share of FRS pension and OPEB related	11,167,813	191,355	11,359,168	9,142,161
Liabilities				
Current liabilities (payable from current assets)	13,537,838	272,774	13,810,612	14,077,593
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)	-	670,258	670,258	924,000
Noncurrent liabilities	49,237,815	11,545,937	60,783,752	39,718,788
Total liabilities	62,775,653	12,488,969	75,264,622	54,720,381
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
County's proportionate share of FRS pension and OPEB related	4,426,841	73,840	4,500,681	28,004,058
Net Position				
Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt	118,552,914	12,480,475	131,033,389	1,320,320,248
Net position - restricted	30,998,090	-	30,998,090	24,283,979
Net position - unrestricted	4,333,533	6,368,875	10,702,408	1,356,429
Total net position	\$ 153,884,537	\$ 18,849,350	\$ 172,733,887	\$1,345,960,656

76% of the County's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, infrastructure, and equipment), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional 18% of the County's net position represents resources that are dedicated or subject to restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, 6%, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The following schedule provides a summary of the changes in net position. Governmental activities revenues exceeded expenses and transfers in by \$16,631,931. The increase in Governmental Activities net position is due primarily to the County's receipt of CARES Act grant funds in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. There was an increase in Business-type Activities net position of \$170,485.

Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total Government	
			2022	2021
Revenues:				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 19,817,149	\$ 4,703,113	\$ 24,520,262	\$ 19,300,260
Operating grants/ contributions	12,986,210	69,954	13,056,164	5,676,976
Capital grants/contributions	3,755,397	-	3,755,397	6,908,365
General revenues				
Property taxes	24,400,496	-	24,400,496	23,591,583
Sales and use taxes	19,411,394	-	19,411,394	17,692,735
Federal and State shared revenues	16,271,360	-	16,271,360	14,505,966
Interest	(153,069)	(747,563)	(900,632)	216,364
Other	1,759,203	107,875	1,867,078	939,982
Total revenues	98,248,140	4,133,379	102,381,519	88,832,231
Expenses:				
General government	12,902,316	-	12,902,316	10,884,782
Public safety	30,758,704	-	30,758,704	24,369,505
Physical environment	5,756,169	4,613,764	10,369,933	9,703,119
Transportation	17,384,037	-	17,384,037	17,600,317
Economic environment	2,440,127	-	2,440,127	1,948,113
Human services	5,174,501	-	5,174,501	12,233,458
Culture/recreation	2,815,801	-	2,815,801	2,709,250
Court related	2,506,301	-	2,506,301	2,838,618
Interest on long-term debt	300,933	-	300,933	301,098
(Loss) on disposition of fixed assets	926,450	-	926,450	207,620
Total expenses	80,965,339	4,613,764	85,579,103	82,795,880
Transfers in (out)	(650,870)	650,870	-	-
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ 16,631,931	\$ 170,485	\$ 16,802,416	\$ 6,036,351

Property taxes provide 25% of the revenues for Governmental Activities, while sales taxes provide 20%. Most of the Governmental Activities resources are spent for Public Safety (38%), General Government (16%), Transportation (21%), Human Services (6%) Physical Environment (7%).

FUND FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The County's General Fund is the main operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources that are not restricted by State or Federal laws, County Ordinances or other externally imposed requirements. As of September 30, 2022, total assets were \$25,790,010 and total liabilities were \$563,232. The ending fund balance was \$25,226,778; \$147,236 of which is restricted and an additional amount of \$1,985,595 was nonspendable, committed or assigned for specific expenditures or projects.

During the year ended September 30, 2022, total revenues, \$42,770,596, exceeded total expenditures, \$19,022,704, by \$23,747,892. \$(29,647,922) was transferred to other funds for operational and capital related purposes and \$12,733,666 was transferred in. There was a sale of fixed assets of \$112,619 and lease financing of \$7,450. The net increase in the fund balance in the General Fund was therefore, \$6,953,705.

During the fiscal year, the County amended and increased the General Fund budget by \$12,857,480 primarily due to public assistance and general government projects.

Other Governmental Funds

The *County Transportation Trust Fund* accounts for motor fuel taxes designated for the annual maintenance of roads, bridges, right-of-way, drainage systems, etc. The County has the legal authority to levy ad valorem taxes for the Transportation Fund, but has elected not to do so. During the year, revenues, sales of equipment, proceeds of long-term debt and transfers in exceeded expenditures and transfers out by \$3,047,784. This resulted in an ending fund balance of \$12,201,814.

The *Municipal Services Fund* accounts for expenditures incurred for the solid waste collection and fire control services in the unincorporated area, and other services which primarily benefit residents of the unincorporated area of the County. Financing is provided by non-ad valorem assessments and other revenues derived from the unincorporated area. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 revenues exceeded expenditures and a transfer out by \$1,173,166.

The *Economic Development Fund* is utilized to promote economic development in the County and to manage economic development agreements with industrial entities in the County. During the year revenues and transfers in exceeded expenditures and transfers out by \$1,324,861.

The *American Rescue Plan Act Fund* is used to account for the government funding under the American Rescue Plan Act and the expenditure of those funds. During the year grant funds were expended for public assistance and utility infrastructure.

The *Sheriff General Fund* is the general operating fund of the Sheriff, a Constitutional Officer. The primary source of funds are transfers from the Board of County Commission General Fund. Expenditures for the year were \$17,582,067 and by law this fund has no ending fund balance.

The *Jail Construction Fund* accounts for the construction activities related to the renovation of the existing County Detention Center. During the year, revenues were less than expenditures by \$(5,124,656), leaving an ending fund balance of \$828,847.

The *Road Improvement Fund* accounts for the ongoing resurfacing and improvements to various roads within the County. Financing is provided by State construction grants and various transfers from other Board funds. During the year, expenditures exceeded revenues and transfers in exceeded expenditures by \$6,029,264 leaving an ending fund balance of \$11,526,724.

General Fund Budget

Actual revenues for the General Fund exceeded budgeted revenue by \$5,810,870. This was primarily due to collections of sales taxes and shared revenue in excess of anticipated amounts. Budgeted expenditures were greater than actual by \$4,893,525. This was due to lower levels of spending for public assistance and recreation than anticipated. Transfers in were greater than the budget by \$11,158,564 primarily due to a transfer in of American Recovery Act funds to offset eligible American Recovery Act expenditures and transfers out were less than budget by \$2,583,040.

Proprietary Funds

The *Landfill Enterprise Fund* accounts for the revenues, expenses, assets, and liabilities associated with the County-operated solid waste disposal facility. This fund is substantially financed by tippage fees charged to users of the services. Total assets as of September 30, 2022, were \$27,109,333, total liabilities were \$11,734,329, net deferred outflows/inflows related to the Florida State Retirement System pension liability were \$96,032 and net position was \$15,471,036. Total income, including interest and grants, was \$3,683,316. Total expenses were \$3,828,643. There was a transfer in of \$17,926. This brought net position to \$15,471,036.

The *Utilities Fund* accounts for the financial activities associated with the County operated water and sewer services. Total assets at September 30, 2022 were \$6,306,883, total liabilities were \$2,950,052, and net position was \$3,378,314. Total income and transfers in were \$1,083,007. Total expenses, including interest expense, were \$785,121, leaving a net change in net position of \$297,886.

CAPITAL ASSETS ACTIVITY

The County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2022, is \$144,101,026 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress, net of depreciation. General fixed assets are recorded at cost. For assets purchased before 2003, assets were recorded at cost or fair market value.

The most significant change in capital assets during the fiscal year was the ongoing construction of various roads and road improvements, utility improvements and County jail facilities construction.

The following schedule provides a summary of the County's capital assets balances for the year ended September 30, 2022, compared to the prior year:

	Capital Assets			
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total Government	
			2022	2021
Land and land interests	\$ 15,016,455	\$ 2,087,118	\$ 17,103,573	\$ 16,731,843
Construction in progress	9,943,067	2,483,064	12,426,131	24,754,764
Infrastructure	189,659,186	17,987,076	207,646,262	206,369,418
Buildings and improvements	85,702,794	639,714	86,342,508	65,767,663
Equipment	34,593,150	4,822,952	39,416,102	38,127,841
Right to use leased assets	1,929,959	8,592	1,938,551	-
	<u>336,844,611</u>	<u>28,028,516</u>	<u>364,873,127</u>	<u>351,751,529</u>
Less accumulated depreciation	(205,810,496)	(14,961,605)	(220,772,101)	(198,972,844)
Total	<u><u>\$ 131,034,115</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 13,066,911</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 144,101,026</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 136,467,083</u></u>

DEBT MANAGEMENT

Governmental Activities Debt

During the year, total long-term debt increased by \$23,707,535. This was primarily due to the decrease of \$(25,484,758) in the net pension liability of the Florida State Retirement Pension Plan. The following schedule shows the balances of the County's long-term debt at year end:

Revenue bonds	\$	9,698,133
Capital leases		1,474,603
Leases		1,308,465
Compensated absences		3,033,217
County's proportionate share FRS pension liability		40,214,588
Other post-employment benefits		202,300
	\$	<u>55,931,306</u>

Business-type Activities Debt

The County has received loans from the Florida Department of Environmental Protection in support of its utility services. The total balances payable of these loans and the other debt of the proprietary funds of the County at September 30, 2022 are shown in the table below:

Department of Environmental Protection Loans	\$	582,490
Leases		3,946
Compensated absences		112,325
Landfill Closure Liability		10,968,694
Net pension liability		692,165
	\$	<u>12,359,620</u>

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

- The 2022 unemployment rate for the County, was 3.8%.
- The estimated population for the County in 2022 was 73,722.
- The ad valorem tax millage rate for the County was 7.815 mills in 2022.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to present users with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the County Manager, P. O. Drawer 1529, Lake City, Florida 32025, or by calling (386) 758-1005.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
September 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business - type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash	\$ 59,000,135	\$ 5,107,636	\$ 64,107,771
Accounts receivable, net	68,642	609,644	678,286
Internal balances	2,195,412	(2,195,412)	-
Due from fiduciary funds	279,339	-	279,339
Due from other governmental units	4,113,215	19,340	4,132,555
Inventories	58,089	-	58,089
Prepaid expenses	287,320	-	287,320
Investments	12,859,176	40,124	12,899,300
Other current assets	23,775	-	23,775
Total current assets	78,885,103	3,581,332	82,466,435
Noncurrent assets			
Restricted assets			
Cash	-	98,529	98,529
Investments	-	14,474,032	14,474,032
Total restricted assets	-	14,572,561	14,572,561
Capital assets			
Capital assets not being depreciated	24,959,522	4,570,182	29,529,704
Capital assets being depreciated, net	104,800,533	8,492,928	113,293,461
Lease assets net of amortization	1,274,060	3,801	1,277,861
Total capital assets	131,034,115	13,066,911	144,101,026
Total assets	209,919,218	31,220,804	241,140,022
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension and OPEB related	11,167,813	191,355	11,359,168
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	656,081	58,480	714,561
Accrued wages	422,915	36,997	459,912
Accrued payroll liabilities	1,331,368	-	1,331,368
Due to other governmental units	520,849	-	520,849
Accrued compensated absences	454,983	16,849	471,832
Interest payable	74,606	2,643	77,249
Deposits	8,490	31,229	39,719
Other current liabilities	68,255	-	68,255
Unearned revenue	3,761,783	-	3,761,783
Net Pension liability, current	6,199,767	126,526	6,326,293
OPEB Liability	38,741	-	38,741
Total current liabilities	13,537,838	272,724	13,810,562
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets			
Landfill postclosure costs	-	670,258	670,258
	-	670,258	670,258
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year:			
Notes, loans, and leases payable	-	64,031	64,031
Capital leases	937,600	1,765	939,365
Bonds payable	1,437,172	-	1,437,172
Leases payable	242,558	2,181	244,739
Due in more than one year:			
Notes, loans, and leases payable	-	518,459	518,459
Capital leases	537,003	-	537,003
Bonds payable	8,260,961	-	8,260,961
Leases payable	1,065,907	-	1,065,907
Accrued compensated absences	2,578,234	95,476	2,673,710
OPEB liability	163,559	-	163,559
Landfill closure liability	-	10,298,436	10,298,436
Net pension liability, net of current	34,014,821	565,639	34,580,460
Total noncurrent liabilities	49,237,815	11,545,987	60,783,802
Total liabilities	62,775,653	12,488,969	75,264,622
(Continued)			

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
September 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business - type Activities	Total
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension and OPEB related	\$ 4,426,841	\$ 73,840	\$ 4,500,681
NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	118,552,914	12,480,475	131,033,389
Restricted	30,998,090	-	30,998,090
Unrestricted	4,333,533	6,368,875	10,702,408
Total net position	\$ 153,884,537	\$ 18,849,350	\$ 172,733,887

See notes to financial statements.

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES**

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds						Capital Projects Funds		Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	General Fund	County Transportation Trust	Municipal Services	Economic Development	American Rescue Plan Act	Sheriff Operating	Jail Construction	Road Improvement		
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$ 31,087,920	\$ 5,865,510	\$ 1,357,250	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,592,643	\$ 4,216,177	\$ 44,119,500
Licenses and permits, special assessments	59,298	-	11,239,902	-	-	-	-	-	5,250	11,304,450
Intergovernmental	7,957,298	4,902,391	261,814	1,581,464	10,331,694	50,046	-	3,238,397	4,642,174	32,965,278
Charges for services	3,100,853	3,400	299,937	-	-	308,977	-	-	4,571,921	8,285,088
Fines and forfeitures	76,420	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	344,943	421,363
Interest	(40,658)	(90,459)	27,416	11,834	10,857	5,016	7,228	(41,580)	(42,723)	(153,069)
Miscellaneous	529,465	331,557	66,105	14,300	-	252,815	-	-	111,288	1,305,530
Total revenues	42,770,596	11,012,399	13,252,424	1,607,598	10,342,551	616,854	7,228	4,789,460	13,849,030	98,248,140
EXPENDITURES										
Current expenditures:										
General government	6,124,482	-	26,185	-	-	-	-	-	5,960,596	12,111,263
Public safety	3,944,878	-	7,114,263	-	-	16,899,297	55,693	-	147,158	28,161,289
Physical environment	1,582,190	-	4,105,838	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,688,028
Transportation	-	7,380,222	-	-	-	-	-	1,577,363	163	8,957,748
Economic environment	195,027	-	16,255	585,930	-	-	-	-	1,616,275	2,413,487
Human services	5,097,904	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,097,904
Culture/recreation	819,454	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,602,312	2,421,766
Court-related	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,505,864	2,505,864
Capital outlay:										
General government	257,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,609	289,109
Public safety	663,048	-	358,261	-	-	637,957	5,076,191	-	202,185	6,937,642
Physical environment	100,839	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	939,833	1,040,672
Transportation	-	291,644	-	-	-	-	-	2,682,833	344,340	3,318,817
Economic environment	-	-	-	244,845	-	-	-	-	-	244,845
Culture/recreation	74,943	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,165	107,108
Court-related	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,755	1,755
Debt services:										
Principal	143,003	242,853	316,626	705	-	37,837	-	-	1,150,588	1,891,612
Interest	19,436	56,496	28,298	7	-	6,976	-	-	189,720	300,933
Total expenditures	19,022,704	7,971,215	11,965,726	831,487	-	17,582,067	5,131,884	4,260,196	14,724,563	81,489,842
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	23,747,892	3,041,184	1,286,698	776,111	10,342,551	(16,965,213)	(5,124,656)	529,264	(875,533)	16,758,298
Other financing sources (uses)										
Sale of fixed assets	112,619	3,600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	116,219
Leases financings	7,450	-	-	-	-	10,400	-	-	7,384	25,234
Interfund transfers in	12,733,666	3,000	-	850,000	-	16,954,813	-	5,500,000	6,325,183	42,366,662
Interfund transfers out	(29,647,922)	-	(113,532)	(301,250)	(10,331,694)	-	-	-	(2,623,134)	(43,017,532)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(16,794,187)	6,600	(113,532)	548,750	(10,331,694)	16,965,213	-	5,500,000	3,709,433	(509,417)
Net change in fund balances	6,953,705	3,047,784	1,173,166	1,324,861	10,857	-	(5,124,656)	6,029,264	2,833,900	16,248,881
Fund balances at beginning of year	18,273,073	9,154,030	5,310,278	1,386,787	2,773	-	5,953,503	5,497,460	10,288,577	55,866,481
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 25,226,778	\$ 12,201,814	\$ 6,483,444	\$ 2,711,648	\$ 13,630	\$ -	\$ 828,847	\$ 11,526,724	\$ 13,122,477	\$ 72,115,362

See notes to financial statements.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 16,248,881

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement
of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures.

However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as
depreciation expense. Losses on dispositions are not
recorded in governmental funds.

Loss on disposition of equipment	(1,042,669)	
Expenditures for capital assets	11,939,948	
Less current year depreciation and adjustments	<u>(12,162,497)</u>	
		(1,265,218)

Repayments of notes, capital leases and bonds are
expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment
reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.
Debt proceeds increase fund balance in governmental funds
but are increases in liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Capital lease principal payments and other reductions	241,726	
Lease principal payments	237,151	
Lease financing	(25,234)	
Bond principal payments	<u>1,412,735</u>	
		1,866,378

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do
not require the use of current financial resources, therefore,
are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Net change in compensated absences	(235,906)	
Net change in accrued interest expense	14,755	
Net change in the OPEB obligation	146,751	
Net change in the County's proportionate share FRS pension liability and deferred outflows and inflows	<u>(25,484,758)</u> <u>25,341,048</u>	
		(218,110)

\$ 16,631,931

See notes to financial statements.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
September 30, 2022

	Business- type Activities		
	Enterprise Funds		
	Landfill Enterprise	Utilities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,045,098	\$ 62,538	\$ 5,107,636
Accounts receivable net of allowance for uncollectible accounts	566,923	42,721	609,644
Due from other governmental units	16,340	3,000	19,340
Investments	40,124	-	40,124
Total current assets	5,668,485	108,259	5,776,744
Noncurrent assets			
Restricted assets			
Cash	98,529	-	98,529
Investments	14,474,032	-	14,474,032
Total restricted assets	14,572,561	-	14,572,561
Fixed assets			
Nondepreciable			
Land	908,279	1,178,839	2,087,118
Construction in progress	89,094	2,393,970	2,483,064
Depreciable			
Buildings	508,514	131,200	639,714
Improvements other than buildings	12,308,841	5,678,235	17,987,076
Equipment	4,747,103	75,849	4,822,952
Leased assets	8,592	-	8,592
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	(11,702,136)	(3,259,469)	(14,961,605)
Total fixed assets	6,868,287	6,198,624	13,066,911
Total noncurrent assets	21,440,848	6,198,624	27,639,472
Total assets	27,109,333	6,306,883	33,416,216
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related	156,373	34,982	191,355
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	53,132	5,348	58,480
Accrued wages	28,744	8,253	36,997
Due to other funds	-	2,195,412	2,195,412
Interest payable	-	2,643	2,643
Accrued compensated absences	13,964	2,885	16,849
Deposits	21,139	10,090	31,229
Note payable, current portion	-	64,031	64,031
Leases	1,765	-	1,765
Net pension liability, current portion	103,751	22,775	126,526
Total current liabilities	222,496	2,311,436	2,533,932
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets			
Landfill postclosure costs	670,258	-	670,258
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	670,258	-	670,258

(Continued)

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
September 30, 2022

	Business type -Activities		
	Enterprise Funds		
	Landfill Enterprise	Utilities	Total
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Net pension liability, net of current	\$ 461,828	\$ 103,811	\$ 565,639
Loan payable, net of current	-	518,459	518,459
Leases	2,181	-	2,181
Landfill closure liability	10,298,436	-	10,298,436
Accrued compensated absences	79,131	16,346	95,476
Total noncurrent liabilities	10,841,575	638,616	11,480,191
Total liabilities	11,734,329	2,950,052	14,684,381
 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related	60,341	13,499	73,840
 NET POSITION			
Net Investment in capital assets	6,864,341	5,616,134	12,480,475
Unrestricted (deficit)	8,606,695	(2,237,820)	6,368,875
Total net position	\$ 15,471,036	\$ 3,378,314	\$ 18,849,350

See notes to financial statements.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Business type -Activities		
	Enterprise Funds		
	Landfill Enterprise	Utilities	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES			
Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$ 8,728	\$ 8,728
Franchise fees	319,429	-	319,429
Charges for services			
Physical environment			
Garbage/solid waste revenue	3,898,223	-	3,898,223
Water and wastewater revenue	-	432,451	432,451
Miscellaneous	37,853	6,429	44,282
Total operating revenues	4,255,505	447,608	4,703,113
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Landfill and water/wastewater utilities			
Personnel services	973,739	229,608	1,203,347
Operating expenses	2,161,877	255,853	2,417,730
Depreciation/amortization	692,856	285,450	978,306
Total landfill and water/wastewater utilities	3,828,472	770,911	4,599,383
Total operating expenses	3,828,472	770,911	4,599,383
Operating income (loss)	427,033	(323,303)	103,730
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
State grants			
Physical environment	69,954	-	69,954
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	105,750	2,125	107,875
Investment earnings (loss)	(747,893)	330	(747,563)
Debt service costs			
Interest	(171)	(14,210)	(14,381)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(572,360)	(11,755)	(584,115)
Income (loss) before transfers	(145,327)	(335,058)	(480,385)
Operating transfers in	17,926	632,944	650,870
Change in net position	(127,401)	297,886	170,485
Net position at beginning of year	15,598,569	3,080,428	18,678,997
Prior period adjustment	(132)	-	(132)
Net position at end of year	\$ 15,471,036	\$ 3,378,314	\$ 18,849,350

See notes to financial statements.

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Business - Type Activities Enterprise Funds		
	Landfill Enterprise	Utilities	Total
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash flows received from customers	\$ 4,255,614	\$ 419,432	\$ 4,675,046
Cash paid for employees and benefits	(883,178)	(169,396)	(1,052,574)
Cash paid to vendors	(1,452,362)	(255,884)	(1,708,246)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,920,074	(5,848)	1,914,226
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities			
State grants received	69,954	-	69,954
Transfers from other funds	17,926	1,603,974	1,621,900
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	87,880	1,603,974	1,691,854
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities			
Gain on disposition of capital assets	105,750	2,125	107,875
Payments to acquire or construct capital assets	(314,368)	(1,661,737)	(1,555,987)
Principal paid on bonds	-	(62,601)	(62,601)
Principal paid on leases	(1,705)	-	-
Interest paid on capital debt	(171)	(14,210)	(14,381)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(210,494)	(1,736,423)	(1,632,969)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Investment gain (loss)	(747,893)	330	(747,563)
Decrease in investments	769,555	-	769,555
Net cash provided by investing activities	21,662	330	21,992
Net increase (decrease) in cash	1,819,122	(137,967)	1,681,155
Cash at beginning of year	3,324,505	200,505	3,525,010
Cash at end of year	\$ 5,143,627	\$ 62,538	\$ 5,206,165
Shown in the financial statements as:			
Current assets			
Cash	\$ 5,045,098	\$ 62,538	\$ 5,107,636
Noncurrent assets			
Restricted assets	98,529	-	98,344
	\$ 5,143,627	\$ 62,538	\$ 5,205,980

(Continued)
See notes to financial statements.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Business - Type Activities		
	Enterprise Funds		
	Landfill Enterprise	Utilities	Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 427,033	\$ (323,303)	\$ 103,730
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	692,856	285,450	978,306
Net pension liability	386,653	106,662	493,315
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources	(322,570)	(56,766)	(379,336)
Landfill post-closure liability	670,258	-	670,258
(Increase) decrease in assets:			
Accounts receivable	-	(28,766)	(28,766)
Due from other governmental units	594	-	594
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:			
Accounts payable	39,257	(31)	39,226
Accrued wages	10,379	5,037	15,416
Accrued compensated absences	16,099	5,279	21,378
Deposits	(485)	590	105
Total adjustments	1,493,041	317,455	1,810,496
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 1,920,074	\$ (5,848)	\$ 1,914,226

See notes to financial statements.

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
September 30, 2022**

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 4,572,774
Accounts receivable	13,098
Due from other funds	1,602
Total assets	\$ 4,587,474
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 100
Court fees payable	609,728
Due to other funds	280,941
Due to other governmental units	2,088,008
Total liabilities	2,978,777
Total net position	\$ 1,608,697

See notes to financial statements.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	
Funds held for others	\$ 6,562,313
Cash bonds	337,888
Taxes and fees collected for other governments	63,182,701
Tax Collector licenses and fees	7,673,502
Sheriff civil fees	114,178
Fines, fees and court costs	11,043,508
Total additions	88,914,090
DEDUCTIONS	
Funds held for others	6,657,315
Cash bonds	154,655
Fines, fees and court costs	10,767,203
Taxes and paid to other governments	63,182,701
Sheriff civil fees	114,178
Licenses and fees	7,673,502
Total deductions	88,549,554
Change in net position	364,536
Net position at beginning of year	1,244,161
Net position at end of year	\$ 1,608,697

See notes to financial statements.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
September 30, 2022

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Columbia County, Florida, (the “County”) is a political subdivision of the State pursuant to Article VIII, Section 1(a) of the Constitution of the State of Florida. The County is governed by the Board of County Commissioners and five elected constitutional officers (Clerk of the Circuit Court, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections, and Tax Collector) in accordance with State statutes and regulations. The constitutional officers maintain separate accounting records and budgets from the Board of County Commissioners. The Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d) created the constitutional officers and Article VIII, Section 1(e), created the Board of County Commissioners.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued after November 30, 1989, are not applied in the preparation of the financial statements of the proprietary fund types in accordance with GASB Statement 20. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units.

A. Reporting Entity

The concept underlying the definition of the reporting entity is that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. The reporting entity’s financial statements should allow users to distinguish between the primary government (the Board) and its component units. However, some component units, because of the closeness of their relationships with the Board, should be blended as though they are part of the Board. Otherwise, most component units should be discretely presented. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial reporting entity consists of (1) the primary government (the Board), (2) organizations for which the County is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity’s financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The County is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization’s governing body and (a) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (b) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the County. The County may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the County regardless of whether the organization has (a) a separately elected governing body, (b) a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or (c) a jointly appointed board. Based on these criteria, County management examined all organizations which are legally separate in order to determine which organizations, if any, should be included in the Board’s special purpose financial statements. Management determined that there were no organizations that should be included in the County’s financial statements as a component unit.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the County are comprised of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. These statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government (including its blended component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and agency fund financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement 33 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry, if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. As applicable, the County also chooses to eliminate the indirect costs between governmental activities to avoid a "doubling up" effect.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the County is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental and proprietary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually, and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Franchise fees, licenses, sales taxes, gas taxes, operating and capital grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when cash is received by the County.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental funds operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Any noncurrent portions of long-term receivables (special assessments) due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus.

Noncurrent portions of other long-term receivables are offset by fund balance reserve accounts.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Proprietary Funds

The County's Landfill Enterprise Fund and Utilities Fund are proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods and services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases

(expenses) in total net assets. The County applies all GASB pronouncements as well as all FASB Statements and Interpretations, APB Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins, issued on or before November 30, 1989, which do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies, taxes, and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the fund financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the fund financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as a reduction of the related liabilities, rather than as an expense.

C. Basis of Presentation

GASB Statement 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category and the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The County has used GASB 34 minimum criteria for major fund determination and has also electively disclosed funds which either had debt outstanding or specific community focus as major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the combining section.

1. Governmental Major Funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

County Transportation Trust Fund - The County Transportation Trust Fund accounts for expenditures incurred for the maintenance and repairs of County roads. Financing is provided by local option fuel taxes and distributions of state shared fuel taxes and other revenues.

Municipal Services Fund - The Municipal Services Fund accounts for expenditures incurred for the solid waste collection and fire services in the unincorporated area, and other services which primarily benefit residents of the unincorporated area of the County. Financing is provided by non ad valorem assessments and other revenues derived from the unincorporated area.

Economic Development Fund - The Economic Development Fund is utilized to promote economic development in the County and to manage economic development agreements with industrial entities in the County.

American Rescue Plan Act Fund - The American Rescue Plan Act Fund is used to administer and account for funding received under the American Rescue Plan Act.

Sheriff Operating Fund - The Operating Fund of the Sheriff is used to account for all financial resources, which are generated from operations of the Office or any other resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Jail Construction Fund - The Jail Construction Fund accounts for ongoing construction projects related to the County's jail facility.

Road Improvement Fund - The Road Improvement Fund accounts for the ongoing resurfacing and improvements to various roads within the County. Financing is provided by State construction grants and various transfers from other County funds.

2. Proprietary Funds:

Landfill Enterprise Fund - The Landfill Enterprise Fund accounts for the revenues, expenses, assets, and liabilities associated with the County operated solid waste disposal services.

Utilities Fund - The Utilities Fund accounts for revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities associated with the County operated water and sewer services.

3. Non-current Governmental Assets/Liabilities:

GASB Statement 34 requires noncurrent governmental assets, such as land and buildings, and non-current governmental liabilities, such as general obligation bonds and capital leases, to be reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide statement of net position.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County maintains a cash pool that is available for use by most funds. Earnings from the pooled cash are allocated to the respective funds based on applicable cash participation by each fund. The cash pool is managed such that all participating funds have the ability to deposit and withdraw cash as if they were demand deposit accounts. Therefore, all balances representing participants' equity in the cash pools are classified as cash and cash equivalents for financial statement purposes. In addition, longer-term investments are held by certain of the County's funds and are reported as investments on these statements.

2. Investments

Investments, consisting of investments in the Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund and Florida Counties Investment Trust Fund and money market funds, are stated at cost which approximates market value. All such investments are secured as required by State law. Other investments of the County are stated at market value as described in note 4.

3. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

No allowances for doubtful accounts are maintained since all fund accounts receivable are considered collectible as reported at September 30, 2022.

4. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances

outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as “internal balances.”

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Any receivables in excess of 180 days would comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for doubtful accounts.

5. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the “first-in, first-out” method of accounting. Supplies inventories of certain governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

6. Restricted Assets

Certain net position of the County is classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because its use is limited either by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; or by restrictions imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributions, or laws or regulations of other governments. In a fund with both restricted and unrestricted assets, qualified expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted net position and then from unrestricted net position.

7. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund, County-administered Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds, and the Enterprise Funds. Material encumbrances outstanding at year end, if any, are reported as assignments of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, right-of-ways, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Except for roads and bridges constructed prior to October 1, 1981, assets are recorded at historical cost. Roads and bridges constructed prior to October 1, 1981 are reported at estimated historical cost, or not reported. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

The County holds legal title to the capital assets used in the operations of the Board, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Property Appraiser, Supervisor of Elections and Tax Collector, and is accountable for them under Florida Law.

The Sheriff is accountable for and thus maintains capital asset records pertaining only to equipment used in his operations.

Property, plant, and equipment of the County, as well as component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Building and improvements	5 - 40
Machinery and equipment	3 - 12
Road and bridge construction	20 - 40

9. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

An acquisition of net position by the County that is applicable to a future reporting period is required to be classified as a Deferred Inflow of Resources under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 65. Deferred Outflows of Resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as expended until then. The County reports deferred inflows and outflows of resources in compliance with GASB 68 that are related to its share of the Florida Retirement System net pension liability.

10. Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government’s policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance.

11. Fund balance flow assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government’s policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

12. Program revenue

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segments and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

13. Capitalization of Interest

Interest costs related to bond issues are capitalized during the construction period. These costs are netted against applicable interest earnings on construction fund investments.

14. Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues reported in government-wide financial statements represent revenues received, but not earned in accordance with grant or other contractual requirements. These unearned revenues reported in governmental fund financial statements represent amounts which are measurable but not available and, in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year in which they are earned.

15. Accrued Compensated Absences

The County accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave when earned by the employee. The current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. The noncurrent portion is the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years. Both the current and noncurrent estimated accrued compensated absences amounts for governmental funds are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentation.

16. Obligation for Bond Arbitrage Rebate

Pursuant to Section 148(f) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code, the County must rebate to the United States Government the excess of interest earned from the investment of certain debt proceeds and pledged revenues over the yield rate of the applicable debt. The County uses the "revenue reduction" approach in accounting to rebatable arbitrage. This approach treats excess earnings as a reduction of revenue. The County has no arbitrage liability outstanding as of September 30, 2022.

17. Landfill Closure Costs

Under the terms of current state and federal regulations, the County was required to place a final cover on closed landfill areas, and to perform certain monitoring and maintenance functions for a period of twenty years after closure. The County recognizes these costs of post-closure maintenance annually. Required obligations for closure and post-closure costs are recognized in the Landfill Fund.

18. Capital Contributions

The capital contributions from developers are reported after nonoperating revenues and expenses on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund assets in accordance with GASB Statement 33.

19. Leases

The County is a lessee for noncancellable leases of a building and equipment. A lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset are recognized in the government-wide financial statements. The

lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the payments made at or before the lease commencement date and is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include the determination of the (1) discount rate, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments. The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of a lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

“Total fund balances” of the County’s governmental funds, \$72,115,362, differs from “net position” of governmental activities, \$153,884,537, reported in the statement of net position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economical focus of the statement of net position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheet.

Capital related items

When capital assets (property, plant, equipment) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of these assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the County as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	\$ 336,844,611
Accumulated depreciation	(205,810,496)
Total	<u>\$ 131,034,115</u>

Long-term debt transactions

Long-term liabilities applicable to the County’s governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at September 30, 2022, were:

Revenue notes/bonds payable	\$ (9,698,133)
Accrued interest	(74,606)
Accrued compensated absences	(3,033,217)
Capital leases payable	(1,474,603)
Compensated absences	(1,308,465)
OPEB Liability	(202,300)
Net pension liability	(40,214,588)
Total	<u>\$ (56,005,912)</u>

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position in a future period while deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position in a future period and accordingly, are not reported in the governmental fund statements. However, the statement of net position includes those deferred outflows /inflows of resources.

Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 11,167,813
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>(4,426,841)</u>
	<u>\$ 6,740,972</u>

Elimination of interfund receivables/payable

Interfund receivables and payables in the amount of \$5,893,084 between governmental funds must be eliminated for the statement of net position.

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

	Total Governmental Funds	Capital Related Items	Long-Term Debt Transactions	Deferred Outflow/Inflows of Resources	Reclassifications and Eliminations	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 59,000,135	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 59,000,135
Accounts receivable - net	68,642	-	-	-	-	68,642
Due from other funds	8,367,835	-	-	-	(5,893,084)	2,474,751
Due from other governmental units	4,113,215	-	-	-	-	4,113,215
Investments	12,859,176	-	-	-	-	12,859,176
Inventories	58,089	-	-	-	-	58,089
Prepaid expense	287,320	-	-	-	-	287,320
Other current assets	23,775	-	-	-	-	23,775
Capital assets - net	-	131,034,115	-	-	-	131,034,115
Total assets	84,778,187	131,034,115	-	-	(5,893,084)	209,919,218
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
	-	-	-	11,167,813	-	11,167,813
LIABILITIES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 656,081	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 656,081
Due to other funds	5,893,084	-	-	-	(5,893,084)	-
Due to other governmental units	520,849	-	-	-	-	520,849
Accrued wages	422,915	-	-	-	-	422,915
Accrued payroll liabilities	1,331,368	-	-	-	-	1,331,368
Deposits	8,490	-	-	-	-	8,490
Other current liabilities	68,255	-	-	-	-	68,255
Unearned revenues	3,761,783	-	-	-	-	3,761,783
Accrued interest	-	-	74,606	-	-	74,606
Accrued compensated absences	-	-	3,033,217	-	-	3,033,217
Capital leases payable	-	-	1,474,603	-	-	1,474,603
Leases payable	-	-	1,308,465	-	-	1,308,465
Revenue bonds payable	-	-	9,698,133	-	-	9,698,133
OPEB liability	-	-	202,300	-	-	202,300
Net pension liability	-	-	40,214,588	-	-	40,214,588
Total liabilities	12,662,825	-	56,005,912	-	(5,893,084)	62,775,653
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES						
	-	-	-	4,426,841	-	4,426,841
Fund balances/net position	\$ 72,115,362	\$ 131,034,115	\$ (56,005,912)	\$ 6,740,972	\$ -	\$ 153,884,537

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. Explanation of Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities

The “net change in fund balances” for governmental funds of \$16,248,881 differs from the “change in net position” for governmental activities of \$16,631,931 reported in the statement of activities. The differences arise primarily from the long-term economic focus of the statement of activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

Capital related items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balances decrease by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net position decreases by the amount of depreciation expense charged for the year. The statement of activities reports gains or losses arising from the disposition of capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report these gains or losses.

Capital outlay and other additions	\$ 11,939,948
Depreciation expense	(12,162,497)
Loss on disposition of fixed assets	(1,042,669)
Difference	<u>\$ (1,265,218)</u>

Repayments of debt principal are reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds and, thus, have the effect of reducing fund balance because current financial resources have been used. However, the principal payments reduce the liabilities in the statement of net position and do not result in an expense in the statement of activities. Loan proceeds and lease financings are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds but are recorded as liabilities in the statement of net position and do not result in resources in the statement of activities.

Principal payments on debt	\$ 1,891,612
Lease financings	(25,234)
	<u>\$ 1,866,378</u>

Some revenues and expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of or provide current financial resources, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Net change in compensated absences	\$ (235,906)
Net change in accrued interest	14,755
Net change in net pension liability	(25,484,758)
Net change pension and OPEB related deferred outflows/inflows	25,341,048
Net change in fund balance in OPEB liability	146,751
	<u>\$ (218,110)</u>

Reclassification and Eliminations

Transfers in and transfers out in the amount of \$42,366,662 between governmental activities should be eliminated.

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. Explanation of Differences Between Government Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities

	Total Governmental Funds	Capital Related Items	Long-term Debt Transactions	Compensated Absences	Accrued Interest	Net Pension Liability	Pension Deferred Outflows/ Inflows of Resources	OPEB Deferred Outflows/ Inflows of Resources	OPEB Liability	Reclassifications and Eliminations	Statement of Activities
REVENUES											
Taxes	\$ 44,119,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 44,119,500
Licenses and permits	11,304,450	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,304,450
Intergovernmental	32,965,278	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,965,278
Charges for services	8,285,088	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,285,088
Fines and forfeitures	421,363	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	421,363
Interest	(153,069)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(153,069)
Miscellaneous	1,305,530	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,305,530
Total revenues	98,248,140	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	98,248,140
EXPENDITURES											
Current Expenditures											
General government	12,111,263	778,192	-	26,234	-	5,201,571	(5,198,922)	130,729	(146,751)	-	12,902,316
Public safety	28,161,289	2,449,337	-	139,767	-	16,316,862	(16,308,551)	-	-	-	30,758,704
Physical environment	5,688,028	-	-	67,904	-	466,192	(465,955)	-	-	-	5,756,169
Transportation	8,957,748	8,449,802	-	(9,624)	(14,755)	1,699,557	(1,698,691)	-	-	-	17,384,037
Economic environment	2,413,487	23,952	-	2,537	-	297,588	(297,437)	-	-	-	2,440,127
Human services	5,097,904	76,586	-	-	-	20,641	(20,630)	-	-	-	5,174,501
Culture/recreation	2,421,766	384,628	-	9,088	-	626,636	(626,317)	-	-	-	2,815,801
Court related	2,505,864	-	-	-	-	855,711	(855,274)	-	-	-	2,506,301
Capital outlay											
General government	289,109	(289,109)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	6,937,642	(6,937,642)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Physical environment	1,040,672	(1,040,672)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	3,318,817	(3,318,817)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic environment	244,845	(244,845)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Human services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture/recreation	107,108	(107,108)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Court related	1,755	(1,755)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service											
Principal	1,891,612	-	(1,891,612)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	300,933	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	300,933
Total expenditures	81,489,842	222,549	(1,891,612)	235,906	(14,755)	25,484,758	(25,471,777)	130,729	(146,751)	-	80,038,889
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	16,758,298	(222,549)	1,891,612	(235,906)	14,755	(25,484,758)	25,471,777	(130,729)	146,751	-	18,209,251
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Gain/loss on disposition of fixed assets	116,219	(1,042,669)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(926,450)
Leases	25,234	-	(25,234)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	42,366,662	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(42,366,662)	-
Transfers out	(43,017,532)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42,366,662	(650,870)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(509,417)	(1,042,669)	(25,234)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,577,320)
Net change in fund balances	16,248,881	(1,265,218)	1,866,378	(235,906)	14,755	(25,484,758)	25,471,777	(130,729)	146,751	-	16,631,931
Fund balances at beginning of year	55,866,481	130,808,004	(12,827,197)	(2,797,311)	(89,361)	(14,729,830)	(18,644,186)	44,110	(349,051)	-	137,281,659
Prior period adjustment	-	1,491,329	(1,520,382)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(29,053)
Fund balances/net position at end of year	\$ 72,115,362	\$ 131,034,115	\$ (12,481,201)	\$ (3,033,217)	\$ (74,606)	\$ (40,214,588)	\$ 6,827,591	\$ (86,619)	\$ (202,300)	\$ -	\$ 153,884,537

NOTE 3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The County uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

1. Prior to September 15, the County Manager serving as Budget Officer submits to the Board of County Commissioners a tentative budget for the fiscal year commencing October 1.
2. Public hearings are conducted by the Board of County Commissioners to obtain taxpayer comments.
3. Prior to September 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board of County Commissioners.
4. The Constitutional Officers submit, at various times, to the Board and to certain divisions within the Department of Revenue, State of Florida, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, as set forth in Chapter 129 of the *Florida Statutes*.
5. The Department of Revenue, State of Florida, has the final authority on the operating budgets for the Tax Collector and the Property Appraiser, which are classified as separate special revenue funds.
6. The Board of County Commissioners is authorized to amend fixed appropriations by motion to the extent that appropriations do not exceed the total approved budget of the fund; or appropriate for the special purpose intended, reserves or unanticipated receipts. Appropriations lapse at year end. No supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year. Various such amendments were made during the year.
7. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device in all governmental and enterprise funds.
8. Governmental fund budgets are initially adopted on the modified accrual basis. The legally amended budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022, are shown on this basis of accounting. Therefore, the actual and budgetary data are on a comparable basis.
9. The Enterprise Funds budgets are adopted on the accrual basis except for depreciation which is not budgeted.
10. Legal control of the budget is exercised pursuant to applicable provisions of *Florida Statutes*.
11. Appropriations for the County lapse at the close of the fiscal year.
12. The following is a comparison of the appropriations to total expenses for the proprietary funds for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

	Appropriations	Expenses and Asset Acquisitions	Variance Positive (Negative)
Enterprise funds			
Landfill enterprise			
Expenses	\$ 3,356,873	\$ 3,838,472	\$ (481,599)
Fixed asset acquisition	958,909	314,368	644,541
	<u>\$ 4,315,782</u>	<u>\$ 4,152,840</u>	<u>\$ 162,942</u>
Utilities			
Expenses	\$ 1,327,343	\$ 973,356	\$ 353,987
Fixed asset acquisition	10,687,104	1,661,737	9,025,367
	<u>\$ 12,014,447</u>	<u>\$ 2,446,858</u>	<u>\$ 9,379,354</u>

NOTE 4. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

The County maintains a cash pool that is available for use by all funds except those whose cash and investments must be segregated due to bond covenants or other legal restrictions.

1. Deposits

At September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the County's cash deposits was \$ 68,680,545. All cash deposits with financial institutions were 100% insured by federal depository insurance or by collateral provided by qualified public depositories to the State Treasurer pursuant to the Public Depository Security Act of the State of Florida. The Act established a Trust Fund, maintained by the State Treasurer, which is a multiple financial institution pool with the ability to assess its member financial institutions for collateral shortfalls if a member fails.

2. Investments

As of September 30, 2022, the County had the following investments:

Investment	Weighted Average Maturity	Value	Percent	Category
U.S. Treasuries	2.95 Years	\$ 20,677,723	75.54%	N/A
Certificates of Deposit, Money Market	Daily - 3 Years	6,383,093	23.32%	N/A
State Board of Administration Local Government				
Local Government Surplus Trust Fund Florida PRIME	.06 Years	40,124	0.14%	AAAm
Florida Local Government Day to Day Fund	.08 Years	272,392	1.00%	AAAm
Total Investments		\$ 27,373,332	<u>100.00%</u>	

Fair Value Measurement

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of assets, as determined by the County's investment advisors. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The County's fair value measurements for U.S. Treasuries is categorized as Level 2 and are valued by the County's

custodian agency using independent pricing services. The pricing services may use valuation models or matrix pricing, which consider benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, benchmark securities, bids or offers, and reference data. Florida PRIME is valued at amortized cost. There are no restrictions or limitations on withdrawals, however, Florida PRIME may, on the occurrence of an event that has material impact on liquidity or operations, impose restrictions on withdrawals for up to 48 hours. The County's investment in the Florida Trust Day to Day Fund, an external local government investment pool, organized under the laws of the State of Florida, is presented at Net Asset Value (NAV), which reflects fair value. The objectives of the Florida Trust are to generate investment income while maintaining safety and liquidity. There were no unfunded commitments as of September 30, 2022. Investments may be redeemed weekly/daily based on similar investments of other clients.

Credit Risk

The County mitigates credit risk, which is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Florida Statutes, and various bond covenants authorize investments in certificates of deposit, money market accounts, and savings accounts provided that any such deposits are secured by the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, Chapter 280 Florida Statutes; repurchase agreements guaranteed by the United States Government; the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, obligations by the Florida State Board of Administration, Florida Local Government Investment Trust Fund, obligations of the U.S. Government, obligations of government agencies unconditionally guaranteed by the U.S. Government, obligations of the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, including Federal Home Mortgage Corporation participation certificates, obligations of the Federal Home Loan Bank, obligations of the Government National Mortgage Association, obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association and Securities of any management type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, 15 U.S.C. ss. 80a-1 et seq., provided the portfolio is limited to U.S. Government obligations and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by U.S. Government obligations. The Board invested only in these types of instruments during the fiscal year.

Custodial Credit Risk of Deposits

There is a risk that in the event of failure of the depository financial institution, the government will not be able to recover the deposits. All cash resources of the County are placed in banks which are qualified public depositories, as required by the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. Every qualified public depository is required by this law to deposit with the State Treasurer eligible collateral equal to, or in excess of, an amount to be determined by the State Treasurer. The State Treasurer is required to ensure that the County's funds are entirely collateralized throughout the fiscal year. In the event of failure by a qualified public depository, losses in excess of federal depository insurance and proceed from the sale of securities pledged by the defaulting depository are assessed against the other qualified public depositories of the same type as the depository in default. When other qualified public depositories are assessed additional amounts, they are assessed on a pro-rata basis. The Board's investment policy pursuant to Section 218.415 (18), Florida Statutes requires securities to be registered and shall be held with a third party custodian and all securities purchased by, and all collateral obtained by, the Board shall be held in the name of the Board. The securities must be held in an account separate and apart from the assets of the financial institution. As of September 30, 2022, the Board's investment portfolio in U.S. Treasuries,

was held by Ramond James, money market funds were held by Millennium Bank and the Florida Trust Day to Day Fund was held by UMB Bank.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County's investment policy to minimize interest rate risk is by structuring the investment portfolio so that sufficient investments are readily convertible to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity.

Foreign Currency Risk: Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment on a deposit. The County does not hold foreign or foreign currency investments and therefore is not subject to foreign currency risk.

Concentrations of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 40 requires the disclosure of investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total investments. The County invested funds only in the United States Treasuries and in deposits with banks that pledged sufficient collateral with the State of Florida.

NOTE 5. PROPERTY TAX REVENUES

Taxable values for all property are established as of January 1, which is the date of lien, for the fiscal year starting October 1. Property tax revenues recognized for the 2021-2022 fiscal year were levied in October 2021. All taxes are due and payable on November 1 or as soon as the assessment roll is certified and delivered to the Tax Collector. Discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in November, 3% in December, 2% in January, and 1% in February. Taxes paid in March are without discount. All unpaid taxes become delinquent as of April 1. Virtually all unpaid taxes are collected via the sale of tax certificates on or prior to June 1; therefore, there were no material taxes receivable at fiscal year end.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Prior period Adjustment	Contributions	Additions	Reclassifications/ Adjustments	Deletions	Balance
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 13,125,125	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 371,730	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,496,855
Land Interests	1,519,600	-	-	-	-	-	1,519,600
Construction in progress	22,891,483	-	-	9,103,691	(22,052,107)	-	9,943,067
Total capital assets not being depreciated	37,536,208	-	-	9,475,421	(22,052,107)	-	24,959,522
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings	50,170,962	-	-	18,581,535	-	-	68,752,497
Improvements other than buildings	14,956,987	-	-	1,993,310	-	-	16,950,297
Road Improvements	188,438,087	-	-	1,996,386	(775,287)	-	189,659,186
Equipment	22,710,274	-	(25,715)	1,229,732	-	(133,590)	23,780,701
Sheriff capital assets	10,348,051	-	-	663,630	(199,232)	-	10,812,449
Total capital assets being depreciated	286,624,361	-	(25,715)	24,464,593	(974,519)	(133,590)	309,955,130
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Accumulated depreciation							
Board of County Commissioners	(185,233,250)	-	19,286	(11,131,674)	-	133,589	(196,212,049)
Accumulated depreciation Sheriff	(8,119,315)	-	-	(1,030,823)	-	207,590	(8,942,548)
Total accumulated depreciation	(193,352,565)	-	19,286	(12,162,497)	-	341,179	(205,154,597)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	93,271,796	-	(6,429)	12,302,096	(974,519)	207,589	104,800,533

	Beginning Balance	Prior period Adjustment	Contributions	Additions	Reclassifications/ Adjustments	Deletions	Balance
Lease assets, being amortized:							
Buildings	\$ -	\$ 1,412,315	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,412,315
Equipment	-	320,724	-	14,865	-	-	335,589
Sheriff equipment	-	171,655	-	10,400	-	-	182,055
Less accumulated amortization for lease assets	-	(413,365)	-	(242,534)	-	-	(655,899)
Total lease assets, being amortized, net	-	1,491,329	-	(217,269)	-	-	1,274,060
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 130,808,004	\$ 1,491,329	\$ (6,429)	\$ 21,560,248	\$ (23,026,626)	\$ 207,589	\$ 131,034,115
Business-type activities:							
Land	\$ 2,087,118	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,087,118
Equipment	5,069,516	-	25,715	373,209	(645,488)	-	4,822,952
Buildings	639,714	-	-	-	-	-	639,714
Improvements	17,931,331	-	-	55,745	-	-	17,987,076
Construction in progress	1,863,281	-	-	619,783	-	-	2,483,064
Total capital assets	27,590,960	-	25,715	1,048,737	(645,488)	-	28,019,924
Less accumulated depreciation	(14,606,429)	-	(19,285)	(976,588)	645,488	-	(14,956,814)
	12,984,531	-	6,430	72,149	-	-	13,063,110
Lease assets, being amortized:							
Equipment	-	8,592	-	-	-	-	8,592
Less accumulated amortization for lease assets	-	(3,073)	-	(1,718)	-	-	(4,791)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 12,984,531	\$ 5,519	\$ 6,430	\$ 70,431	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,066,911

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the Board as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 778,192
Public safety	2,449,337
Transportation	8,449,802
Economic environment	23,952
Human services	76,586
Culture/recreation	384,628
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 12,162,497
Business -type activities:	
Landfill enterprise	\$ 692,856
Utilities enterprise	285,450
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 978,306

NOTE 7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided and reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between funds are made.

	<u>Interfund Receivables</u>	<u>Interfund Payables</u>
General fund	\$ 7,603,907	\$ 1,750
Special revenue funds:		
Municipal services benefit unit	482,839	-
Economic Development	-	1,536,673
American Rescue Plan	-	3,037,918
Court Service	1,750	-
Sheriff:		
Operating	3,416	667,251
Sheriff Inmate Welfare	44,081	.
Clerk of Courts:		
Operating	181,971	190,371
Public records modernization	10,160	-
Teen court	1,818	-
Property Appraiser operating	-	159,174
Supervisor of Elections operating	-	64,644
Tax Collector operating	37,892	235,303
Capital projects funds:		
Paving Assessments	1	-
Custodial funds:		
Clerk of Circuit Court		
Trust	-	195,118
Domestic relations	-	434
Public Defender Occupancy Trust	1,602	-
Sheriff		
Inmate trust	-	47,497
Tax Collector		
Ad valorem tax	-	37,892
Enterprise Fund:		
Utilities	-	2,195,412
Totals	<u>\$ 8,369,437</u>	<u>\$ 8,369,437</u>

The amounts payable to the General Fund include working capital loans to the Utilities Fund of \$1,712,573. None of the balance is scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTE 8. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund that state law requires to collect them to the fund that state law requires to expend them, 2) provide matching funds for grants, 3) use unrestricted general fund revenues to finance transportation activities which must be accounted for in another fund, and 4) fund Constitutional Officer operations.

Transfers from General Fund to:	
Clerk of Courts Operating Fund	\$ 484,769
Property Appraiser Operating Fund	1,705,582
Supervisor of Elections Operating Fund	1,170,843
Tax Collector Operating Fund	135,000
Sheriff Operating	16,954,813
Sheriff Construction	2,100,007
Road Improvement Fund	5,500,000
Library Enhancement	8,269
Tourist Development	720,713
Economic Development	850,000
Landfill Fund	17,926
Transfers from the American Recovery Act Fund to:	
General Fund	10,000,000
Utilities Fund	331,694
Transfers from the Cares Act Fund to:	
General Fund	2,010,187
Transfer from Tourist Development Operating Fund to:	
General Fund	310,000
Transfer from Municipal Services Fund to:	
General Fund	113,532
Transfer from Economic Development Debt Service Fund to:	
Utilities Fund	301,250
Transfers from the Paving Assessments Fund to:	
County Transportation Trust Fund	3,000
Transfers from the Tax Collector Operating Fund to:	
General Fund	235,303
Transfers from the Supervisor of Elections Operating Fund to:	
General Fund	64,644
Total transfers	<u><u>\$ 43,017,532</u></u>

NOTE 9. RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE BALANCES**Accounts Receivable and Due from Other Governmental Units**

Receivables for accounts and from other governmental units, at September 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Accounts	Due from Other Governmental Units	Total Receivables
Governmental activities:			
General	\$ -	\$ 1,785,586	\$ 1,785,586
County transportation trust	-	322,854	322,854
Municipal services	28,672	1,133	29,805
Economic development	-	10,277	10,277
Sheriff operating	-	69,657	69,657
Jail construction	-	3,000	3,000
Road improvements	-	271,420	271,420
Other governmental	39,970	1,649,288	1,689,258
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 68,642</u>	<u>\$ 4,113,215</u>	<u>\$ 4,181,857</u>
Business-type activities:			
Landfill enterprise, net	\$ 566,923	\$ 16,340	\$ 583,263
Utilities	42,721	3,000	45,721
Landfill enterprise	<u>\$ 609,644</u>	<u>\$ 19,340</u>	<u>\$ 628,984</u>

The Board, upon past collection experience, considers all of the receivables of governmental activities to be fully collectible and has not recorded an allowance for doubtful accounts.

Payables at September 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Vendors	Due to Other Governmental Units	Total Payables
Governmental activities:			
General	\$ 153,866	\$ -	\$ 153,866
County transportation trust	131,598	-	131,598
Municipal services	130,651	5,802	136,453
Sheriff operating	79,073	-	79,073
Jail construction	36,794	-	36,794
Road improvement	22,275	-	22,275
Other governmental	101,824	515,047	616,871
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 656,081</u>	<u>\$ 520,849</u>	<u>\$ 1,176,930</u>
Business-type activities:			
Landfill enterprise	\$ 53,132	\$ -	\$ 53,132
Utilities	5,348	-	5,348
	<u>\$ 58,480</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 58,480</u>

NOTE 10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Governmental Activities

Revenue Notes

- A. On July 12, 2016 the County closed on a Gas Tax Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2016, totaling \$6,000,000 with Hancock Bank. The purpose of this issuance was to refund debt and to finance certain additional transportation improvements. The first two cents of the County’s local option gas tax imposed pursuant to Section 336.025, Florida Statutes, was pledged to secure payment of the principal and interest and is the source of repayment. The note is being repaid over ten years with and interest rate of 1.50%. If default occurred on this note, the pledged collateral would be accessed for repayment. The following is a schedule of future principal and interest to be paid on the note:

Year Ending September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 614,000	\$ 31,879	\$ 645,879
2024	624,000	22,602	646,602
2025	634,000	13,182	647,182
2026	483,000	3,620	486,620
Total	<u>\$ 2,355,000</u>	<u>\$ 71,283</u>	<u>\$ 2,426,283</u>

- B. On June 8, 2016 the County closed on a Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2016, totaling \$3,515,370 with First Federal Bank. The purpose of this issuance was to refund the County’s Revenue Bond Series 2008A. The County’s Sales Tax Revenue is pledged to secure the note and is the source of repayment. If default occurred on this note, the pledged collateral would be accessed for repayment. The note is being repaid over ten years with and interest rate of 1.749%. The following is a schedule of future principal and interest to be paid on the note:

Year Ending September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 318,317	\$ 22,542	\$ 340,859
2024	323,871	17,015	340,886
2025	329,623	11,391	341,014
2026	335,426	5,668	341,094
2027	118,376	730	119,106
Total	<u>\$ 1,425,613</u>	<u>\$ 57,346</u>	<u>\$ 1,482,959</u>

- C. On December 15, 2017 the County closed on a Capital Improvement Revenue Note, totaling \$8,060,000 with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. The purpose of this issuance was to finance the cost of capital improvements within the County. The County’s Communication

Services Tax revenues are pledged to secure the note and are the source of repayment. If default occurred on this note, the pledged collateral would be accessed for repayment. The is being repaid over fifteen years with and interest rate of 2.28%. The balance owed on the note at year end was \$5,917,520. The following is a schedule of future principal and interest to be paid on the note:

Year Ending September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 504,855	\$ 132,059	\$ 636,914
2024	516,431	120,483	636,914
2025	528,273	108,641	636,914
2026	540,387	96,527	636,914
2027	552,778	84,136	636,914
2028	565,453	71,461	636,914
2029	578,419	58,495	636,914
2030	591,682	45,232	636,914
2031	605,249	31,665	636,914
2032	619,127	17,787	636,914
2033	314,866	3,589	318,455
Total	<u>\$ 5,917,520</u>	<u>\$ 770,075</u>	<u>\$ 6,687,595</u>

Capital Leases

The County has the following installment payment agreements for equipment purchases:

- A. Purchase of four motor graders costing \$913,240. The terms of the agreement call for five annual payments of \$105,020, beginning August 6, 2018, with a concluding payment of \$494,000 on August 6, 2023. These payments include interest of 3.28%.
- B. Purchase of three motor graders costing \$616,136. The terms of the agreement call for five annual payments of \$77,707, beginning August 9, 2018, with a concluding payment of \$376,725 on August 9, 2023. These payments include interest of 2.90%.
- C. Purchase of four motor grader costing \$922,361. The terms of the agreement call for five annual payment of \$115,218, beginning August 6, 2019. These payments include interest of 3.5%.

These agreements are collateralized by the related equipment. Equipment purchased with these leases totaled \$2,529,444. Accumulated depreciation on the equipment at September 30, 2022 was \$895,902.

The following is a schedule of the future total minimum lease payments under these capital leases, and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at September 30, 2022:

Year Ending September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 937,600	\$ 48,343	\$ 985,943
2024	96,422	18,795	115,217
2025	440,581	15,420	456,001
Total	\$ 1,474,603	\$ 82,558	\$ 1,557,161

B. Business-type Activities

Loan Payable

FDEP - On July 14, 2004, the County entered into a loan agreement , number WW 74202P, with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) for State Revolving Fund financial assistance for a wastewater treatment system at the I-75 exit 80 area (Ellisville). The terms of this agreement call for a total loan amount of \$755,809 and was \$536,867 when fully disbursed. The loan is payable in one initial payment of \$24,345 and thirty-nine subsequent semi-annual payments of \$17,906 including interest at 1.045%, beginning July 15, 2011. At September 30, 2022, the loan balance was \$277,821.

Also, in conjunction with the project, the County entered into an additional loan with the FDEP (loan number DW 120101 in the amount of \$906,797. This loan is payable in forty semi-annual payments of \$43,070 including interest at 2.65%, beginning on January 15, 2011. At September 30, 2022, the balance of the loan was \$202,567.

In the 2011 fiscal year, the County received an additional loan from FDEP (loan number DW 120400) in the amount of \$1,360,903, of which \$1,156,768 in principal was forgiven. This loan is payable in forty semi-annual payments of \$6,784 including interest at 2.71%, beginning August 15, 2011. At September 30, 2022, the balance of the loan was \$102,102.

The following is a schedule of the balances due on these loans at September 30, 2022:

Year Ending September 30	DEP DW120400	DEP WW74202	DEP DW12101	INTEREST	TOTAL
2023	\$ 10,835	\$ 30,217	\$ 22,979	\$ 10,780	\$ 74,811
2024	11,131	30,846	23,638	9,511	75,126
2025	11,435	31,488	24,271	8,252	75,446
2026	11,746	32,143	24,922	6,961	75,772
2027	12,067	32,812	25,590	5,638	76,107
THEREAFTER	44,888	120,315	81,167	8,815	255,185
Total	\$ 102,102	\$ 277,821	\$ 202,567	\$ 49,956	\$ 632,446

All of these loans are subject to future amendments as to principal amounts, and semi-annual payment amounts, and payment dates. The following is a schedule of loan payments required under the agreements. Payments are made from associated fund revenue.

The loans are secured by the revenues generated by the projects. In the event of default, the State may by action or suit require a full accounting, apply to a court of competent jurisdiction to appoint a receiver, sue for payment of amounts due, intercept the delinquent amount plus a penalty from unobligated funds due to the County under any revenue or tax sharing fund (except as provided by the State Constitution), and impose a penalty, accelerate repayment or increase the financing rate.

D. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Prior Year Balance	Prior Period Adjustment	Additions	Deletions	Current Year Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	Accrued Interest Payable
Governmental activities:							
<i>Direct borrowings:</i>							
Hancock Bank Gas tax revenue note series 2016	\$ 2,961,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (606,000)	\$ 2,355,000	\$ 614,000	\$ -
First Federal Bank revenue note series 2016	1,738,810	-	-	(313,197)	1,425,613	318,317	-
Chase Bank revenue note	6,411,058	-	-	(493,538)	5,917,520	504,855	44,928
	<u>11,110,868</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,412,735)</u>	<u>9,698,133</u>	<u>1,437,172</u>	<u>44,928</u>
<i>Capital Leases Payable:</i>							
Ring Investments Y9C00254	180,044	-	-	(22,503)	157,541	23,290	4,825
Ring Investments Y9C00263	180,044	-	-	(22,503)	157,540	23,290	4,825
Ring Investments Y9C00264	180,044	-	-	(22,503)	157,541	23,290	4,825
Ring Investments Y9C00265	180,044	-	-	(22,503)	157,541	23,290	4,825
Beard Equipment Co. 620GXT84071	143,775	-	-	(21,736)	122,039	122,039	2,430
Beard Equipment Co. 620GXT84108	143,775	-	-	(21,736)	122,039	122,039	2,430
Beard Equipment Co. 620GXT84116	143,775	-	-	(21,736)	122,039	122,039	2,430
John Deere Financial 620G 689381	141,208	-	-	(21,627)	119,581	119,581	772
John Deere Financial 620G 689588	141,207	-	-	(21,627)	119,580	119,580	772
John Deere Financial 620G 689278	141,207	-	-	(21,626)	119,581	119,581	772
John Deere Financial 620G 689383	141,207	-	-	(21,626)	119,581	119,581	772
	<u>1,716,329</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(241,726)</u>	<u>1,474,603</u>	<u>937,600</u>	<u>29,678</u>
Lease liability	-	1,520,382	25,234	(237,151)	1,308,465	242,558	-
<i>Other liabilities:</i>							
Compensated absences	2,797,311	-	235,906	-	3,033,217	454,983	-
Net pension liability	14,729,830	-	25,484,758	-	40,214,588	6,199,767	-
OPEB liability	349,051	-	-	(146,751)	202,300	17,668	-
	<u>\$ 30,703,389</u>	<u>\$ 1,520,382</u>	<u>\$ 25,745,898</u>	<u>\$ (2,038,363)</u>	<u>\$ 55,931,306</u>	<u>\$ 9,289,748</u>	<u>\$ 74,606</u>
BUSINESS ACTIVITIES							
<i>Direct borrowings:</i>							
<i>Loan agreements payable</i>							
Department of Environmental Regulation	\$ 645,091	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (62,601)	\$ 582,490	\$ 64,031	\$ 2,251
<i>Other liabilities</i>							
Leases	-	5,651	-	(1,705)	3,946	1,765	-
Compensated absences	90,947	-	21,378	-	112,325	16,849	-
Landfill closure liability	10,298,435	-	923,986	-	10,968,694	670,258	-
Net pension liability	206,852	-	485,313	-	692,165	126,526	-
	<u>10,596,234</u>	<u>5,651</u>	<u>1,430,677</u>	<u>(1,705)</u>	<u>11,777,130</u>	<u>815,398</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 11,241,325</u>	<u>\$ 5,651</u>	<u>\$ 1,430,677</u>	<u>\$ (64,306)</u>	<u>\$ 12,359,620</u>	<u>\$ 879,429</u>	<u>\$ 2,251</u>

NOTE 11. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE COSTS

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure.

Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date.

\$10,968,694 is reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at September 30, 2022, represents the cumulative amount reported to date for landfills with remaining lives of 8 to 15 years. The post closure liability is based upon estimated useage and capacity of the landfill. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and annual postclosure care in 2022. Actual cost may be higher because of inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to an escrow account to finance closure. The County is in compliance with these requirements, and at September 30, 2022, restricted cash and investments of \$14,474,032 are held for its purpose. The County expects future inflation costs to be paid from interest earnings on these annual contributions. However, if interest earnings are inadequate or additional postclosure care requirements are determined (because of changes in technology or applicable laws and regulations, for example), these costs may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users or from other future revenues of the County.

NOTE 12. OPERATING LEASES

The County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases in the current year. The County leases office space and equipment under various long-term operating lease commitments that qualify as long-term lease agreements. These agreements qualify as intangible, right-to-use assets and not financed purchases, as the County and Officers of the County will not own the assets at the end of the contract term and the noncancelable term of the agreements surpass one year. A summary of the nature of the assets, length of terms, and the value of the assets acquired at September 30, follows:

Asset Type	Lease Term	Initial Lease Liability and Right of Use Asset	Accumulated Amortization	Right of Use Asset, Net
Building	120 months	\$ 1,412,315	\$ 353,029	\$ 1,059,286
Equipment	48-72 months	526,236	307,661	218,575
		\$ 1,938,551	\$ 660,690	\$ 1,277,861

The net present value of future minimum payments required by the lease agreements as of September 30, 2023 was as follows:

Year Ending September 30	Interest	Principal
2023	\$ 26,122	\$ 244,323
2024	18,678	221,536
2025	13,049	172,649
2026	9,809	151,565
2027	7,331	147,682
2028	4,943	148,057
2029	2,541	150,459
2030	358	76,140
	\$ 82,831	\$ 1,312,411

NOTE 13. RETIREMENT PLANS

Florida Retirement System:

General Information - All of the County's employees participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS). As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the FRS provides two cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, including the FRS Pension Plan ("Pension Plan") and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS Plan"). Under Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, the FRS also provides a defined contribution plan ("Investment Plan") alternative to the FRS Pension Plan, which is administered by the State Board of Administration ("SBA"). As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, county government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the State of Florida. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code. Amendments to the law can be made only by an act of the Florida State Legislature.

The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or from the Web site: www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce_operations/retirement/publications.

Pension Plan

Plan Description - The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") for eligible employees.

Benefits Provided - Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011, Regular class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Vested members with less than 30 years of service may retire before age 62 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Special Risk Administrative Support class members who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service or 25 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Special Risk class members (sworn law enforcement officers, firefighters, and correctional officers) who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service, or with 25 years of service regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Senior Management Service class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 2.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Elected Officers' class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% (3.33% for judges and justices) of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service.

For Plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of credited service for all these members and increasing normal retirement to age 65 or 33

years of service regardless of age for Regular, Senior Management Service, and Elected Officers' class members, and to age 60 or 30 years of service regardless of age for Special Risk and Special Risk Administrative Support class members. Also, the final average compensation for all these members will be based on the eight highest years of salary.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is three percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of three percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by three percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement. In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants

Contributions – Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute three percent of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year. The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and from July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022, respectively were as follows:

Class	July 1, 2022 - September 30, 2022	October 1, 2021 - June 30, 2022
Regular Class	10.82%	11.91%
Special Risk Class	25.89%	27.83%
Special Risk Administrative Support Class	37.76%	38.65%
Elected County Officers Class	51.42%	57.00%
Senior Management Service Class	29.01%	31.57%
Deferred Retirement Option Program	18.34%	18.60%

These employer contribution rates include 1.66% and 1.66% HIS Plan subsidy for the periods October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and from July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022, respectively.

The County's contributions to the Pension Plan totaled \$4,484,492 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At September 30, 2022, the County reported a liability of \$33,813,268 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022. The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the County's 2021-22 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2020-21 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2022, the County's proportionate share was 0.090876250%, which was a decrease of 0.0001806913% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the County recognized pension expense of \$4,226,622. In addition the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,605,935	\$ -
Changes in assumptions	4,164,245	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Pension Plan investments	2,232,686	-
Changes in proportion and differences between County Pension Plan contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,030,930	(2,846,622)
County Pension Plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,156,765	-
Total	\$ 10,190,561	\$ (2,846,622)

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plan, totaling \$1,156,765 resulting from County contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
September 30	
2023	\$ 1,496,271
2024	564,614
2025	(505,297)
2026	4,396,488
2027	235,098
Thereafter	-
	\$ 6,187,174

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation and Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates for a given plan year are calculated in the valuation conducted as of the beginning of the preceding plan year (e.g., rates for the 2023-2024 plan year are calculated in the 7/2022 actuarial valuation).
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age
Amortization Method	
Level percent of level dollar	Level percent
Closed, open, or layered periods	Closed, layered
Amortization period	Effective July 1, 2021: New bases are amortized over 20 years Bases established prior to July 1, 2021: amortized over 20 years
2019 actuarial cost method change	Amortized over 30 years as level percentage of Tier I pay
Payroll growth rate	3.25%
Asset Valuation Method	
Smoothing period	5 years
Recognition period	Asymptotic
Corridor	80% - 120% of fair market value
Inflation	2.40%
Salary Increases	Varies by membership class and length of service; detail in funding actuarial valuation report
Investment Rate of Return	6.70%
Cost of Living Adjustments	3% for pre-July 2011 benefit service; details in funding actuarial valuation report
Cost of Living Adjustments	3% for pre-July 2011 benefit service; 0% thereafter
Retirement Age	Varies by tier, membership class, and sex; details in funding actuarial valuation report
Turnover	Varies by membership class, length of service, age, and sex; details in funding actuarial valuation report
Mortality	PUB-2010 base table varies by member category and sex, projected generally with Scale MP-2018, details in funding actuarial valuation report

Other Key Actuarial Assumptions:

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2018 experience observation period.

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2022</u>
Discount Rate	6.80%	6.70%
Long-term expected rate of return net of investment expense	6.80%	6.70%
Municipal bond rates	NA	NA
Valuation Date	July 1, 2021	July 1, 2022
Measurement date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
Inflation	2.40%	2.40%
Salary increases including inflation	3.25%	3.25%
Mortality	PUB-2010 base table varies by member category and sex, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018	PUB-2010 base table varies by member category and sex, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018
Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age

The following change in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2022:

FRS: The long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 6.80% to 6.70%.

The table below contains a summary of return assumptions for various asset classes based on the long-term target asset allocation. The six specific asset classes displayed are per system request and are summarized results of a more detailed market outlook model with additional asset classes. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying real return assumptions and includes an adjustment for the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference's 2.4% inflation assumption. The assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

Asset Class	Policy Allocation*	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Annual Standard Deviation
Cash equivalents	1.0%	2.6%	2.6%	1.1%
Fixed income	19.8%	4.4%	4.4%	3.2%
Global equity	54.0%	8.8%	7.3%	17.8%
Real estate	10.3%	7.4%	6.3%	15.7%
Private equity	11.1%	12.0%	8.9%	26.3%
Strategic investments	3.8%	6.2%	5.9%	7.8%
	<u>100.0%</u>			
Assumed inflation-mean			2.4%	1.3%

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.70%. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculation the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following represents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.70%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.70%) or one percentage point higher (7.70%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.70%)	Current Discount Rate (6.70%)	1% Increase (7.70%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 58,477,722	\$ 33,813,268	\$ 13,190,850

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information regarding the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan - At September 30, 2022, the County reported a payable in the amount of \$87,509 for outstanding contributions to the Pension Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

HIS Plan

Plan Description - The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided – For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions – The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the HIS contribution for the period October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and from July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022 was 1.66% and 1.66%, respectively. The County contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

The County's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$468,636 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At September 30, 2022, the County reported a liability of \$7,093,484 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the County's 2021-22 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2020-21 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2021, the County's proportionate share was 0.066972752%, which was an increase of 0.0000105615% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the County recognized HIS pension expense of \$370,546. In addition the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred in flows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 215,304	\$ (31,212)
Changes in assumptions	406,603	(1,097,357)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIS Plan investments	10,270	-
Changes in proportion and differences between County HIS Plan contributions and proportionate share of contributions	371,084	(388,742)
County HIS Plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date	115,217	-
Total	<u><u>\$ 1,118,478</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (1,517,311)</u></u>

The deferred outflows of resources related to the HIS Plan, totaling \$115,217 resulting from County contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30	
2023	\$ (123,107)
2024	(66,385)
2025	(30,353)
2026	(67,187)
2027	(155,949)
Thereafter	(71,069)
	<u><u>\$ (514,050)</u></u>

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability in the July 1, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 %
Salary increases	3.25%, average, including inflation
Municipal bond rate	3.54% Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index

Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 base table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed in 2019, for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

The following changes to assumptions occurred in the 2022 fiscal year:

HIS: The demographic assumptions for the Special Risk class were updated to reflect plan changes due HB007, HB689, and SB838.

HIS: The election assumption for vested terminated members was updated from 20% to 50% to reflect recent experience.

HIS: The municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability was increased from 2.16% to 3.54%.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.54%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following represents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.54%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.54%) or one percentage point higher (4.54%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 2.54%	Current Discount Rate 3.54%	1% Increase 4.54%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 8,115,528	\$ 7,093,484	\$ 6,247,764

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information regarding the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan - At September 30, 2022, the County reported a payable in the amount of \$9,144 for outstanding contributions to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Investment Plan

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan. The investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. County employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members. Allocations to the investment member's accounts during the 2021-22 fiscal year, as established by Section 121.72, Florida Statutes, are based on a percentage of gross compensation, by class, as follows: Regular class 6.30%, Special Risk Administrative Support class 7.95%, Special Risk class 14.00%, Senior Management Service class 7.67%, and County Elected Officers class 11.34%. Each of these members classes pay 3% of the contribution.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the County.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The County had no pension expense for the Investment Plan for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

NOTE 14. FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As of September 30, 2022, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, charter requirements, or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of County Commissioners (BCC). The BCC is the highest level of decision making authority for the County. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the BCC.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under current practices, the assignment of amounts for specific purposes is approved by the Board of County Commissioners.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Fund balances designations are as follows:

	Committed	Assigned	Restricted	Nonspendable	Unassigned
General Fund:					
Judges Fund Reserve	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
SRWMD Mitigation Reserve	-	-	-	-	-
Southside Recreation Center	-	270,022	-	-	-
Utilities Fund Advance	-	-	-	1,715,573	-
Vessel Registration Fees	-	-	147,236	-	-
Undesignated	-	-	-	-	223,093,947
Other governmental funds:					
Board of County Commissioners					
American Rescue Plan Act	-	-	13,630	-	-
Capital Projects - County Facilities	-	652,202	-	-	-
Community Development Block Grant	-	-	(6,667)	-	-
County Transportation Trust	-	-	11,883,505	318,309	-
Court Reporters	-	-	139,893	-	-
Court Services	-	-	821,645	-	-
Economic Development	-	2,711,648	-	-	-
Impact Fees	-	-	320,093	-	-
Law Enforcement Special	-	-	24,772	-	-
Library Enhancement Grant	-	-	1,810,215	-	-
Municipal Services Benefit Unit	-	-	6,483,444	-	-
Jail Construction	-	828,847	-	-	-
Paving Assessments	-	-	212,472	-	-
Road Improvement	-	11,526,724	-	-	-
Jail Debt Service	-	-	807,366	-	-
Road Improvement Debt Service	-	-	438,002	-	-
Sheriff EAC	-	-	51,247	-	-
SHIP	-	-	835,546	-	-
Tourist Development Tax	-	-	3,334,667	-	-
Clerk of Courts					
Public Records Modernization Trust	-	-	433,993	-	-
Teen Court	-	-	27,444	-	-
Sheriff					
Work Program	-	-	12,894	-	-
Forfeiture	-	-	79,802	-	-
Inmate Welfare	-	-	1,053,372	-	-
Minimum Standards School	-	-	19,436	-	-
Construction	-	-	2,054,083	-	-
Total	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 15,989,443</u>	<u>\$ 30,998,090</u>	<u>\$ 2,033,882</u>	<u>\$ 223,093,947</u>

Fund Balance Policy

The County has adopted a fund balance policy to maintain targeted levels of fund balance for all governmental funds. For the General Fund, the County's policy is to maintain a minimum level of unrestricted fund balance (the sum of the assigned and unassigned components of fund balance). The target level is no less than 25% and no more than 30% of General Fund annual expenditures.

For special revenue funds, there are typically no requirements for a specific reservation of fund balance but the County uses several special revenue funds as special operating funds for specific programs such as the Transportation Trust Fund and Municipal Services Fund. For these special revenue operating funds, the County has established a minimum level of fund balance. Such funds should maintain no less than 20% and no more than 30% of the fund specific annual expenditures.

In addition to minimum fund balance levels for the General Fund and major special revenue operating funds, the County also established a minimum level of fund balance for all other funds (including enterprise funds) similar to the above requirements.

Replenishment of Fund Balance Deficits

Each year during the budget process, fund balance levels are reviewed and compared to the targeted levels established in the fund balance policy. In the event fund balance levels fall below the targeted levels or, have not been met, a designated amount shall be set aside each year to fund balance so that the targeted amounts will be restored.

Utilization of Fund Balance

The County may approve, in its annual budgeting process, the use of fund balance either for specifically identified needs or as a designated reserve. The Board must always approve the use of designated reserves. In the event that targeted fund balance levels are met, the Board may approve the use of any excess for any lawful purpose. The Board may also establish additional reserves or designations of fund balance as may be needed such as a disaster contingency reserve.

NOTE 15. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Grants – Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the state and federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds.

Litigation – The County is defendant in various pending or threatened litigation. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

COVID - In March 2020, the World Health Organization made the assessment that the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) was characterized as a pandemic. As a result, uncertainties have arisen that may have a significant negative impact on the operating activities and results of the County. The occurrence and extent of such an impact will depend on future developments, including (i) the duration and spread of the virus, (ii) government quarantine measures, (iii) voluntary and precautionary restrictions on travel and meeting, (iv) the effects on the financial markets, and (v) the effects on the economy overall, all of which are uncertain.

NOTE 16. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County participates in various public entity risk pools for certain of its insurance coverages. Under these insurance risk pools, the County's entity risk pool pays annual premiums to the pools for its insurance coverages. The agreements for formation of the pools provide that the pools will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of specific amounts.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The pooling agreements allow for the pools to make additional assessments to make the pools self-sustaining. It is not possible to estimate either the amount of such additional assessments, which might have to be paid by the County or the losses which might have to be borne by the County.

The Sheriff is a member of the Florida Sheriffs' Self-Insurance Fund, which administers insurance activities relating to property and general liability; the Florida Sheriffs' Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund, which administers workers' compensation insurance; and Sheriffs' .Automobile Risk Program which administers automobile liability and physical damage insurance. Those funds and programs absorb losses up to a specified amount annually and purchase excess coverage from third-party carriers. Each member is assessed his/her pro rata share of the estimated amount required to meet current year losses and operation expenses. Losses, if any, in excess of the fund's or program's ability to assess its members, would revert back to the member that incurred the loss.

The Sheriff is a member of the Florida Sheriffs Multiple Employers Trust Consortium, which is a self-funded healthcare pool. The funds contributed in the form of premiums, are used to absorb losses up to a specified amount annually. Any needed excess coverage is purchased from third-party carriers. Each member is assessed his/her pro rata share of the estimated amount required to meet current year losses and operation expenses. Losses, if any, in excess of the fund or program ability to assess its members, would revert back to the member that incurred the loss.

NOTE 17. TAX ABATEMENT

Pursuant to section 196.995(5) Florida Statutes, the County enters into ad valorem property tax abatement agreements with local businesses for the purpose of economic development in the County. In order to be eligible, the recipient must provide a positive economic impact on the County by job creation, property development, or other benefit as determined by the County. Tax rebates are given to the recipients only upon performance of the agreement terms by the recipients. The amounts of the rebates are defined in the agreements. In the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, \$250,229 was rebated to recipients that provided property development in the County.

NOTE 18. CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

During the year, the County had in progress several construction projects including road improvements and facilities renovations. At year end, the significant portion of these related construction commitments were completed and existing funds have been earmarked for any incomplete projects.

NOTE 19. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

In the current year, the County implemented GASB Statement 87 Leases. The statement requires the recognition of a right of use asset and a corresponding lease liability. The statement also requires the amortization of the right of use asset and the amortization of the net present value of the lease payable in interest and principal components. The retrospective application of the statement has resulted in a prior period adjustment as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities
Prior year amortized balance of the right of use leased property	\$ 1,491,329	\$ 5,519
Prior year lease liability	(1,520,382)	(5,651)
Prior period adjustment to net position	<u>\$ (29,053)</u>	<u>\$ (132)</u>

NOTE 20. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The County is legally required to include any retirees for whom it provides health insurance coverage in the same insurance pool as its active employees, whether the premiums are paid by the County or the retiree. Participating retirees are considered to receive a secondary benefit known as an “implicit rate subsidy.” This benefit relates to the assumption that the retirees are receiving a more favorable premium rate than they would otherwise be able to obtain if purchasing insurance on their own, due to being included in the same pool with the county younger and statistically healthier active employees. GASB Statement 45 requires governments to report this cost and related liability in its financial statements.

PLAN PROVISIONS

Columbia County, Florida administers its own post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan for medical benefits that are provided to Columbia County retirees. All full-time employees of Columbia County who satisfy the Disability, Early, or Normal Retirement provisions of their retirement plan may be eligible for certain post-employment benefits.

- General employees must meet the eligibility requirements for retirement under the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan – Regular Class.
- Fire employees must meet the eligibility requirements for retirement under the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan – Special Risk Class.

Participants are allowed access to the plan if the employee retires with an immediate benefit from the Florida Retirement System.

Surviving spouses and dependents are allowed access to the plan until they reach age 65.

All participants must pay 100% of their premium (implicit subsidy only).

The County has not set up a trust to prefund benefits. The County will pay benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The following table summarizes the counts, ages, and coverage as of October 1, 2022 for those currently enrolled in the plan.

(1)	Number of Participants	
	(a) Active employees	215
	(b) Retirees (pre-Medicare)	4
(2)	Active Statistics	
	(a) Average age	44.98
	(b) Average service	8.99
(3)	Inactive Statistics	
	(a) Average age (pre-Medicare)	64.47

SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS USED TO MEASURE THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

The total OPEB liability is based on October 1, 2022 valuation data. The methods, assumptions, participant data, and plan provisions are as detailed in the September 30, 2022 actuarial valuation report dated January 17, 2023.

ECONOMIC ASSUMPTIONS

The medical trend assumption was developed using the Society of Actuaries (SOA) Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model baseline assumptions. The SOA Model 2022 which was used in the current year valuation used the following assumptions:

Rate of inflation	2.5%
Rate of Growth in Real Income / GDP per capita	1.4%
Extra Trend due to Technology and other factors	1.0%
Expected Health Share of GDP in 2031	19.0%
Health Share of GDP Resistance Point	20.0%
Year for Limiting Cost Growth to GNP Growth	2075

DEMOGRAPHIC ASSUMPTIONS

General employees participate in either the Tier 1 or Tier 2 Regular Class Employees under the Florida State Retirement System Pension Plan. Fire employees participate in the Special Risk Class Employees under the Florida State Retirement System Pension Plan. Demographic assumptions mirror those used in the FRS Pension Plan.

DISCOUNT RATE ASSUMPTION

The discount rate used to determine the liabilities under GASB 75 depends upon the County’s funding policy. The discount rate for governments that do not prefund benefits is based on 20-year general obligation bonds(GO bond) rates. The discount rate assumption for disclosure purposes for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 is 4.40%, the 20-year GO bond index for September 30, 2022.

VALUATION METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Cost Method:

The valuation uses the entry age normal funding method calculated on an individual basis with level percentage of pay.

Election Rate:

20% of eligible participants are assumed to continue coverage upon decrement.

Interest Rate Assumption:

The interest rate is based on the 20-year GO Bond index of 4.40% as of September 30, 2022.

Coverage Status and Age of Spouse:

Actual coverage status is used; females assumed 3 years younger than male spouse.

TREND ASSUMPTION

All plan premiums and benefit costs are assumed to increase annually at the following rates:

<u>TREND ASSUMPTIONS</u>	<u>Plan premium and Benefit Costs</u>	
	<u>Year</u>	<u>Increase Rate</u>
	2022	6.00%
	2023	5.80%
	2030	5.01%
	2040	4.81%
	2050	4.64%
	2060	4.54%
	2070	4.20%
	2075+	3.94%

DECREMENT ASSUMPTIONS

Below is a summary of decrements used in the valuation.

Mortality Decrements

- (1) **Healthy Active**
 - Regular, male and female: Pub-2010 General Employees Headcount-Weighted Mortality Projected with Fully Generational MP2020 Mortality Improvement Scale
 - Special Risk, male and female : Pub-2010 Safety Employees Headcount-Weighted Mortality Projected with Fully Generational MP2020 Mortality Improvement Scale
- (2) **Healthy Inactive**
 - Regular, male and female: Pub-2010 General Retirees Headcount-Weighted Mortality Projected with Fully Generational MP2020 Mortality Improvement Scale
 - Special Risk, male and female : Pub-2010 Safety Retirees Headcount-Weighted Mortality Projected with Fully Generational MP2020 Mortality Improvement Scale
- (2) **Disabled**
 - Regular, male and female: Pub-2010 General Disabled Headcount-Weighted Mortality Projected with Fully Generational MP2020 Mortality Improvement Scale
 - Special Risk, male and female : Pub-2010 Safety Disabled Headcount-Weighted Mortality Projected with Fully Generational MP2020 Mortality Improvement Scale

CLAIMS ASSUMPTION

The plan is fully insured. To determine the assumed cost and the retiree contributions, 2022 premium rates were weighted by the enrollment at September 30, 2022.

Gross claims are equal to the age adjusted assumed cost. The cost for participants with dependent coverage is assumed to be 181% of the cost of individual coverage. The following chart shows the total costs including both, medical and prescription drug as well as the assumed costs:

ASSUMED CLAIMS COSTS

1 Total Costs		
a. Under 50		\$8,218
b. Age 50-54		\$10,183
c. Age 50-59		\$12,428
d. Age 60-64		\$15,263
e. Age 65-Older		N/A
2 Assumed Costs		
Pre-Medicare	\$	9,209
Medicare Age		N/A

CHANGE IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

	Total OPEB Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability
Balance as of September 30, 2021	\$ 349,051	\$ -	\$ 349,051
Change for the Year			
Service Cost	28,948	-	28,948
Interest	7,220	-	7,220
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-
Experience Losses/Gains	(102,767)	-	(102,767)
Trust Contribution - Employer	-	38,741	(38,741)
Net Investment Income	-	-	-
Changes in Assumptions	(41,411)	-	(41,411)
Benefit Payments (Net of Retiree Contributions)	(38,741)	(38,741)	-
Administrative Expense	-	-	-
Net Changes	(146,751)	-	(146,751)
Balance as of September 30, 2022	\$ 202,300	\$ -	\$ 202,300

Funded status

0.00%

OPEB EXPENSE

1.	Service Cost	\$ 28,948
2.	Interest	7,220
3.	Projected Earnings on OPEB Trust	-
4.	OPEB Administrative Expense	-
5.	Changes in Benefit Terms	-
6.	Differences Between Expected and Actual Earnings	
	In Current Fiscal Year Recognized in Current Year	-
	From Past Years Recognized in Current Year	-
	Total	-
7.	Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	
	In Current Fiscal Year Recognized in Current Year	(17,128)
	From Past Years Recognized in Current Year	12,318
	Total	(4,810)
8.	Changes in Assumptions	
	In Current Fiscal Year Recognized in Current Year	(6,902)
	From Past Years Recognized in Current Year	(1,737)
	Total	(8,639)
<hr/>		
9.	Total OPEB Expense	\$ 22,719

The following table presents Columbia County, Florida's Total and Net OPEB liability. It also shows the net liability if it is calculated using a discount rate that is 1% higher or 1% lower.

Discount Rate	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	3.40%	4.40%	5.40%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 218,926	\$ 202,300	\$ 186,382
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 218,926	\$ 202,300	\$ 186,382

Also presented is the Total and Net OPEB liability if it is calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher.

Ultimate Trend	1% Decrease	Medical Trend	1% Increase
	2.94%	3.94%	4.94%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 174,118	\$ 202,300	\$ 236,787
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 174,118	\$ 202,300	\$ 236,787

DEFERRED INFLOWS/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the County recognized an OPEB expense of \$22,719. At September 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 36,952	\$ 85,639
Changes in assumptions	13,177	51,109
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	-
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date	N/A	-
Total	<u>\$ 50,129</u>	<u>\$ 136,748</u>

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan will be recognized in expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended September 30:	<u>Net inflows</u>
2023	\$ (13,449)
2024	(13,450)
2025	(12,537)
2026	(23,155)
2027	(24,028)
Thereafter	-
	<u>\$ (86,619)</u>

Changes in Assumptions :

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 changes in assumptions were:

	Fiscal Year Ended	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Economic Assumptions:		
Rate of Growth in Real Income / GDP per capita	1.4%	1.5%
Extra Trend due to Technology and other factors	1.0%	1.1%
Expected Health Share of GDP in 2031	19.0%	20%
Health Share of GDP Resistance Point	20.0%	25%
Discount Rate Assumptions:	2.19%	4.40%
Interest Rate Assumption;	2.41%	4.40%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final
				Budget
				Positive
				(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 29,674,274	\$ 29,674,294	\$ 31,087,920	\$ 1,413,626
Licenses, permits, special assessments	20,000	20,000	59,298	39,298
Intergovernmental	5,364,265	5,364,265	7,957,298	2,593,033
Charges for services	1,502,167	1,502,167	3,100,853	1,598,686
Fines and forfeitures	211,000	211,000	76,420	(134,580)
Interest	100,000	100,000	(40,658)	(140,658)
Miscellaneous	88,000	88,000	529,465	441,465
Total revenues	36,959,706	36,959,726	42,770,596	5,810,870
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating:				
General government	5,200,609	6,464,908	6,124,482	340,426
Public safety	4,109,771	4,638,320	3,944,878	693,442
Physical environment	1,866,871	1,963,486	1,582,190	381,296
Economic environment	239,935	244,935	195,027	49,908
Human services	3,107,739	6,566,716	5,097,904	1,468,812
Culture/recreation	745,702	861,196	819,454	41,742
Capital outlay:				
General government	799,095	770,443	257,500	512,943
Public safety	-	977,734	663,048	314,686
Physical environment	56,100	141,100	100,839	40,261
Culture/recreation	453,400	1,287,391	74,943	1,212,448
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	143,003	(143,003)
Interest	-	-	19,436	(19,436)
Total expenditures	16,579,222	23,916,229	19,022,704	4,893,525
Excess of revenues over expenditures	20,380,484	13,043,497	23,747,892	10,704,395
Other financing sources (uses)				
Sale of fixed assets	-	-	112,619	112,619
Leases financings	-	-	7,450	7,450
Transfers in	1,575,102	1,575,102	12,733,666	11,158,564
Transfers out	(26,980,489)	(32,500,962)	(29,647,922)	2,853,040
Total other financing sources (uses)	(25,405,387)	(30,925,860)	(16,794,187)	14,131,673
Net change in fund balance	(5,024,903)	(17,882,363)	6,953,705	24,836,068
Fund balance at beginning of year	18,273,073	18,273,073	18,273,073	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 13,248,170	\$ 390,710	\$ 25,226,778	\$ 24,836,068

See notes to required supplementary information.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
COUNTY TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 5,710,000	\$ 5,710,000	\$ 5,865,510	\$ 155,510
Intergovernmental	4,857,500	4,857,500	4,902,391	44,891
Charges for services	143,651	143,651	3,400	(140,251)
Interest	25,000	25,000	(90,459)	(115,459)
Miscellaneous	26,500	26,500	331,557	305,057
Total revenues	10,762,651	10,762,651	11,012,399	249,748
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating:				
Transportation	9,018,078	9,993,381	7,380,222	2,613,159
Capital outlay:				
Transportation	1,100,357	1,447,774	291,644	1,156,130
Debt service:				
Principal	-	143,003	242,853	(99,850)
Interest	-	19,436	56,496	(37,060)
Total expenditures	10,118,435	11,603,594	7,971,215	3,632,379
Excess of revenues over expenditures	644,216	(840,943)	3,041,184	3,882,127
Other Financing Sources				
Sale of surplus equipment	-	-	3,600	3,600
Transfers in	-	-	3,000	3,000
Total other financing sources	-	-	6,600	6,600
Net change in fund balance	644,216	(840,943)	3,047,784	3,888,727
Fund balance at beginning of year	9,154,030	9,154,030	9,154,030	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 9,798,246	\$ 8,313,087	\$ 12,201,814	\$ 3,888,727

See notes to required supplementary information.

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
MUNICIPAL SERVICES FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL**

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,468,000	\$ 1,468,000	\$ 1,357,250	\$ (110,750)
Licenses, permits and assessments	11,286,000	11,286,000	11,239,902	(46,098)
Intergovernmental	256,250	256,250	261,814	5,564
Charges for services	10,000	10,000	299,937	289,937
Interest	11,000	11,000	27,416	16,416
Miscellaneous	20,300	20,300	66,105	45,805
Total revenues	13,051,550	13,051,550	13,252,424	200,874
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating:				
General government	62,185	32,185	26,185	6,000
Public safety	6,984,151	7,433,179	7,114,263	318,916
Physical environment	3,826,690	4,105,890	4,105,838	52
Economic environment	18,975	19,775	16,255	3,520
Capital outlay:				
Public safety	552,000	439,830	358,261	81,569
Debt service:				
Principal	312,810	313,210	316,626	(3,416)
Interest	27,974	27,974	28,298	(324)
Total expenditures	11,784,785	12,372,043	11,965,726	406,317
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,266,765	679,507	1,286,698	607,191
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of fixed assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(291,783)	(405,315)	(113,532)	291,783
Total other financing sources (uses)	(291,783)	(405,315)	(113,532)	291,783
Net change in fund balance	974,982	274,192	1,173,166	898,974
Fund balance, beginning of year	5,310,278	5,310,278	5,310,278	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 6,285,260	\$ 5,584,470	\$ 6,483,444	\$ 898,974

See notes to required supplementary information.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,425,000	\$ 1,425,000	\$ 1,581,464	\$ 156,464
Interest	500	500	11,834	11,334
Miscellaneous	-	-	14,300	14,300
Total revenues	1,425,500	1,425,500	1,607,598	182,098
EXPENDITURES				
Current expenditures:				
Economic environment	665,169	926,951	585,930	341,021
Capital outlay:				
Economic environment	750,000	244,845	244,845	-
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	705	(705)
Interest	-	-	7	(7)
Total expenditures	1,415,169	1,171,796	831,487	340,309
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	10,331	253,704	776,111	522,407
Other financing sources (uses)				
Interfund transfers in	825,000	825,000	850,000	25,000
Interfund transfers out	(300,000)	(301,250)	(301,250)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	525,000	523,750	548,750	25,000
Net change in fund balance	535,331	777,454	1,324,861	547,407
Fund balance beginning of year	1,386,787	1,386,787	1,386,787	-
Fund balance end of year	\$ 1,922,118	\$ 2,164,241	\$ 2,711,648	\$ 547,407

See notes to required supplementary information.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental	\$ 13,924,165	\$ 10,331,694	\$ (3,592,471)
Interest	-	10,857	10,857
Total revenues	<u>13,924,165</u>	<u>10,342,551</u>	<u>(3,581,614)</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Capital outlay:			
Physical Environment	3,924,165	-	3,924,165
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>10,000,000</u>	<u>10,342,551</u>	<u>342,551</u>
Other financing sources (uses)			
Interfund transfers out	(10,000,000)	(10,331,694)	(331,694)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(10,000,000)</u>	<u>(10,331,694)</u>	<u>(331,694)</u>
Net change in fund balances	-	10,857	10,857
Fund balances at beginning of year	2,773	2,773	-
Fund balances at end of year	<u>\$ 2,773</u>	<u>\$ 13,630</u>	<u>\$ 10,857</u>

See notes to required supplementary information.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SHERIFF OPERATING FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,046	\$ 50,046
Charges for services	-	-	308,977	308,977
Interest	-	-	5,016	5,016
Miscellaneous	-	-	252,815	252,815
Total revenues	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>616,854</u>	<u>616,854</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating:				
Public safety	16,767,659	16,988,505	16,899,297	89,208
Capital outlay:				
Public safety	510,000	608,499	637,957	(29,458)
Debt service:				
Principal	-	19,350	37,837	(18,487)
Interest	-	5,710	6,976	(1,266)
Total expenditures	<u>17,277,659</u>	<u>17,622,064</u>	<u>17,582,067</u>	<u>39,997</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>(17,277,659)</u>	<u>(17,622,064)</u>	<u>(16,965,213)</u>	<u>656,851</u>
Other Financing Sources				
Lease financings	-	-	10,400	10,400
Transfers in	17,277,659	17,622,064	16,954,813	(667,251)
Total other financing sources	<u>17,277,659</u>	<u>17,622,064</u>	<u>16,965,213</u>	<u>(656,851)</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance at beginning of year	-	-	-	-
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

See notes to required supplementary information.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS
September 30, 2022

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability									
Retirement	0.090876%	0.090696%	0.097095%	.1012%	0.1020%	0.1011%	0.1031%	0.0980%	0.0918%
Health insurance subsidy	0.066973%	0.065917%	0.066285%	.0680%	0.0681%	0.0675%	0.0675%	0.0672%	0.0675%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability									
Retirement	\$ 33,813,268	\$ 6,851,019	\$ 42,082,500	\$ 34,851,421	\$ 30,727,794	\$ 29,895,132	\$ 26,020,964	\$ 12,652,261	\$ 6,073,497
Health insurance subsidy	7,093,484	8,085,663	8,093,297	7,612,524	7,203,408	7,214,936	7,861,195	6,853,010	5,603,796
Total	<u>\$ 40,906,752</u>	<u>\$ 14,936,682</u>	<u>\$ 50,175,797</u>	<u>\$ 42,463,945</u>	<u>\$ 37,931,202</u>	<u>\$ 37,110,068</u>	<u>\$ 33,882,159</u>	<u>\$ 19,505,271</u>	<u>\$ 11,677,293</u>
County's covered payroll	\$ 25,856,199	\$ 24,376,999	\$ 23,749,810	\$ 23,136,187	\$ 22,508,514	\$ 22,085,094	\$ 21,502,670	\$ 21,254,324	\$ 20,866,802
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	158.21%	61.27%	211.27%	183.54%	168.52%	168.03%	157.57%	91.77%	55.96%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability									
Retirement	82.89%	96.40%	78.85%	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%
Health insurance subsidy	4.81%	3.56%	3.00%	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. Until a full 10 year trend has been compiled, only those years for which information is available has been presented.

See notes to required supplementary information.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS
FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS
September 30, 2022

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contributions									
Pension plan	\$ 4,484,492	\$ 3,830,953	\$ 3,598,494	\$ 3,459,629	\$ 3,233,603	\$ 2,933,891	\$ 3,081,793	\$ 2,603,392	\$ 2,366,976
Health insurance subsidy	468,636	429,606	426,068	416,533	369,084	357,107	345,742	340,622	301,780
	<u>\$ 4,953,128</u>	<u>\$ 4,260,559</u>	<u>\$ 4,024,562</u>	<u>\$ 3,876,162</u>	<u>\$ 3,602,687</u>	<u>\$ 3,290,998</u>	<u>\$ 3,427,535</u>	<u>\$ 2,944,014</u>	<u>\$ 2,668,756</u>
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	\$ 4,953,128	\$ 4,260,559	\$ 4,024,563	\$ 3,876,162	\$ 3,602,687	\$ 3,290,998	\$ 3,427,535	\$ 2,944,014	\$ 2,608,294
Contribution deficiency	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's covered employee payroll	\$ 25,856,199	\$ 24,376,999	\$ 23,749,810	\$ 23,136,187	\$ 22,508,514	\$ 22,085,094	\$ 21,502,670	\$ 21,254,324	\$ 20,866,802
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll									
Pension plan	17.34%	15.72%	15.15%	14.95%	14.37%	13.28%	14.35%	12.25%	11.34%
Health insurance subsidy	1.81%	1.76%	1.79%	1.80%	1.64%	1.62%	1.61%	1.60%	1.45%

GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. Until a full 10 year trend has been compiled, only those years for which information is available has been presented.

See notes to required supplementary information.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES TO THE OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
September 30, 2022

CHANGE IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability:					
Balance at Beginning of Fiscal Year	\$ 349,051	\$ 344,293	\$ 290,352	\$ 259,760	\$ 258,636
Change for the Year					
Service Cost	28,948	27,000	23,928	19,683	19,860
Interest	7,220	7,871	7,682	9,543	8,684
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-	-	-
Experience Losses/Gains	(102,767)	-	73,906	-	-
Changes in Assumptions	(41,411)	5,255	(29,528)	22,574	(6,420)
Benefit Payments (Net of Retiree Contributions)	(38,741)	(35,368)	(22,047)	(21,208)	(21,000)
Net change in the OPEB Liability	(146,751)	4,758	53,941	30,592	1,124
Balance as of September 30	\$ 202,300	\$ 349,051	\$ 344,293	\$ 290,352	\$ 259,760
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Balance at Beginning of Fiscal Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions - Employer	38,741	35,368	22,047	21,208	21,000
Benefit Payments	(38,741)	(35,368)	(22,047)	(21,208)	(21,000)
Net Change in the Plan	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as of September 30	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's Net OPEB Liability Ending	\$ 202,300	\$ 349,051	\$ 344,293	\$ 290,352	\$ 259,760

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Covered Payroll*	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Employee Payroll*	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Expected Average Remaining Service of all Participants	8	6	6	7	7
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Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes : None

Changes in assumptions: The discount rate was changed as follows:

The discount rate changes year to year	4.40%	2.19%	2.41%	2.75%	3.83%
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* Because the Plan does not depend on salary, there is no salary information.

Note: GASB 74 was implemented in fiscal year 2018. Until a full 10 year trend has been compiled, only those years for which information is available has been presented. See notes to required supplementary information.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS
September 30, 2022

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Actuarially Determined Contributions	\$ 38,741	\$ 35,368	\$ 22,047	\$ 21,208	\$ 20,108
Contributions In Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ (38,741)	\$ (35,368)	\$ (22,047)	\$ 21,208	\$ 20,108
Contributions Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Note: GASB 74 was implemented in fiscal year 2018. Until a full 10 year trend has been compiled, only those years for which information is available has been presented. See notes to required supplementary information.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
OPEB DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES ARISING FROM DIFFERENCES
BETWEEN EXPECTED AND ACTUAL EXPERIENCE
September 30, 2022

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Experience Losses</u>	<u>Experience Gains</u>	<u>Amounts Recognized in OPEB Expense Through September 30, 2022</u>	<u>Balances at September 30, 2022</u>	
				<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
2018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2019	-	-	-	-	-
2020	73,906	-	36,954	36,952	-
2021	-	-	-	-	-
2022	-	102,767	17,128		85,639
				<u>\$ 36,952</u>	<u>\$ 85,639</u>

See notes to required supplementary information.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
OPEB DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS ARISING FROM CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS
September 30, 2022

Fiscal Year	Increase in the Total OPEB Liability	Decreases in the Total OPEB Liability	Amounts Recognized in OPEB Expense Through September 30, 2022	Balances at September, 2022	
				Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
2018	\$ -	\$ 6,420	\$ 4,585	\$ -	\$ 1,835
2019	22,574	-	12,900	9,674	-
2020	-	29,528	14,763	-	14,765
2021	5,255	-	1,752	3,503	-
2022	-	41,411	6,902	-	34,509
				<u>\$ 13,177</u>	<u>\$ 51,109</u>

See notes to required supplementary information.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

NOTE 1. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

An annual budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the governmental and enterprise funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The County generally follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data for the governmental and enterprise funds as reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to September 15, the County Manager, serving as Budget Officer, submits to the Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) a tentative budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. Public hearings are conducted by the BOCC to obtain taxpayer comments.
3. Prior to September 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the BOCC.
4. The Constitutional Officers submit, at various times prior to September 30, to the BOCC and to certain divisions within the Department of Revenue, State of Florida, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, as set forth in Chapter 129 of the *Florida Statutes*.
5. The Department of Revenue, State of Florida, has the final authority on the operating budgets for the Tax Collector and Property Appraiser, which are classified as separate special revenue funds.
6. The BOCC is authorized to amend fixed appropriations by motion to the extent that appropriations do not exceed the total approved budget of the fund, or appropriate for special purpose intended, reserves or unanticipated receipts. Appropriations lapse at year end. No supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year. Various such amendments were made during the year.
7. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device in all governmental and enterprise funds.
8. Governmental fund budgets are initially adopted on the modified accrual basis. The legally amended budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022 are shown on this basis of accounting. Therefore, the actual and budgetary data are on a comparable basis.
9. Enterprise fund budgets are adopted on the accrual basis except that depreciation is not budgeted.
10. Legal control of the budget is exercised pursuant to applicable provisions of the *Florida Statutes*.
11. Appropriations for the County lapse at the close of the fiscal year.

The following is a comparison of the appropriations to total expenses for the proprietary funds for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

	<u>Appropriations</u>	<u>Expenses and Asset Acquisitions</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
Enterprise funds			
Landfill enterprise			
Expenditures	\$ 3,356,873	\$ 3,838,472	\$ (481,599)
Fixed asset acquisition	958,909	314,368	644,541
	<u>\$ 4,315,782</u>	<u>\$ 4,152,840</u>	<u>\$ 162,942</u>
Utilities			
Expenditures	\$ 1,327,343	\$ 973,356	\$ 353,987
Fixed asset acquisition	10,687,104	1,661,737	9,025,367
	<u>\$ 12,014,447</u>	<u>\$ 2,446,858</u>	<u>\$ 9,379,354</u>

NOTE 2. PENSION PLAN

Net Pension Liability

The components of the collective net pension liability of the participating employers for each defined benefit plan for the measurement date of September 30, 2022, are shown below:

	<u>FRS</u>	<u>HIS</u>
Total pension liability	\$ 217,434,441,000	\$ 11,126,965,688
Plan fiduciary net position	(180,226,404,807)	(535,368,479)
Net pension liability	<u>\$ 37,208,036,193</u>	<u>\$ 10,591,597,209</u>

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability

82.89%

4.81%

The total pension liability for each plan was determined by the plans' actuary and reported in the plans GASB 67 valuation as of June 30, 2022. The fiduciary net position used by the actuary to determine the net pension liability (as shown above) was determined on the same basis used by the plan. The fiduciary net position is reported in the financial statements and the net pension liability is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Update procedures were not used.

The total pension liability for the HIS was determined by the plan's actuary and reported in the plan's GASB 67 valuation as of June 30, 2022. The fiduciary net position used by the actuary to determine the net pension liability (as shown above) was determined on the same basis used by the plan. The fiduciary net position is reported in the financial statements and the net pension liability is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Basis for Allocation

The employer's proportionate share reported in the pension allocation schedules was calculated using accrued retirement contributions related to the reporting periods included in the System's fiscal years ending June 30, 2013 through June 30, 2022, for employers that were members of the

FRS and HIS during those fiscal years. For fiscal years June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2022, in addition to contributions from employers the required accrued contributions for the Division (paid on behalf of the Division's employees who administer the Plans) were allocated to each employer on a proportionate basis. The Division administers the Plans, and therefore, cannot allocate a portion of the liability to itself. Although GASB 68 encourages the use of the employers' projected long-term contribution effort to the retirement plan, allocating on the basis of historical employer contributions is acceptable. The aggregate employer contribution amounts for each fiscal year agree to the employer contribution amounts reported in the system's ACFR for that fiscal year.

The proportion calculated based on contributions for each of the fiscal years presented in the pension allocation schedules was applied to the net pension liability and other pension amounts applicable for that fiscal year to determine each employer's proportionate share of the liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflow of resources and associated pension expense.

For the purposes of the pension allocation schedules, pension amounts are allocated to reporting employers. The pension amounts of participating employers whose payrolls are reported and contributions are remitted by another entity are included in the reporting employer's amounts and will be allocated to the participating employer by the reporting employer.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Actuarial Assumption Conference is responsible for setting the assumptions used in the funding valuations of the defined benefit pension plan pursuant to section 216.136(10), Florida Statutes. The division determines the assumptions in the valuations for GASB 67 reporting purposes. The FRS Pension Plan's GASB 67 is performed annually. The HIS Program has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan was completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018. Because the HIS Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed for that program. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Program were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan.

The total pension liability for each cost-sharing defined benefit plan was determined using the individual entry age actuarial cost method. Inflation increases for both Plans is assumed at 2.40%. Payroll growth, including inflation, for both Plans is assumed at 3.25%. Both the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return used for the FRS Pension Plan is 6.70%. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Because the HIS Program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 2.16% was used to determine the total pension liability for the program (Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index). Mortality assumptions for both Plans were based on the PUB-2010 base table.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2022:

- FRS: The long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 6.80% to 6.70%.
- HIS: The demographic assumptions for the Special Risk class were updated to reflect plan changes due HB007, HB689, and SB838.

- HIS: The election assumption for vested terminated members was updated from 20% to 50% to reflect recent experience.
- HIS: The municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability was increased from 2.16% to 3.54%.
- HIS: The municipal bonds rate used to determine total pension liability was decreased from 2.21% to 2.16%.

SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis show the impact to the collective net pension liability of the participating employers if the discount rate was 1.00% higher or 1.00% lower than the current discount rate at June 30, 2022:

FRS NET PENSION LIABILITY		
1% Decrease (5.70%)	Current Discount Rate (6.70%)	1% Increase (7.70%)
\$ 64,348,740,193	\$ 37,208,036,193	\$ 14,515,178,193

HIS NET PENSION LIABILITY		
1% Decrease (2.54%)	Current Discount Rate (3.54%)	1% Increase (4.54%)
\$ 12,117,656,828	\$ 10,591,597,209	\$ 9,328,814,334

PENSION EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS / INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In accordance with GASB 68, paragraphs 54 and 71, changes in the net pension liability are recognized in pension expense in the current measurement period, except as indicated below. For each of the following, a portion is recognized in pension expense in the current reporting period, and the balance is amortized as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources using a systematic and rational method over a closed period, as defined below:

- Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees)

- Changes of assumptions or other inputs are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees)
- Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees)
- Differences between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments – amortized over five years

Employer contributions to the pension plans from employers are not included in collective pension expense; however, employee contributions are used to reduce pension expense.

The average expected remaining service life of all employees provided with pensions through the pension plans at June 30, 2022, was 5.5 years for FRS and 6.4 years for HIS. The components of collective pension expense reported in the pension allocation schedules for the fiscal year ended June 30, are presented below for each plan.

FRS			
Description	Recognized in Expense Reporting Period Ended 2022	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Service Cost	\$ 2,635,672,488	\$ -	\$ -
Interest Cost	14,012,135,121	-	-
Effect of plan changes	99,285,000	-	-
Effect of economic, demographic, gains of losses (difference between expected and actual experience)	770,756,657	1,767,166,815	-
Effects of assumptions changes or inputs	3,024,039,521	4,582,325,338	-
Member contributions	(769,227,774)	-	-
Projected investment earnings	(13,486,916,285)	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Pension Plan contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	1,518,682,253	(1,518,682,253)
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	(1,083,277,220)	2,456,841,704	-
Administrative expenses	22,494,571	-	-
Total	\$ 5,224,962,079	\$ 10,325,016,110	\$ (1,518,682,253)

HIS			
Description	Recognized in Expense Reporting Period Ended 2022	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Service Cost	\$ 290,824,676	\$ -	\$ -
Interest Cost	275,385,816	-	-
Effect of plan changes	5,215,372	-	-
Effect of economic, demographic, gains of losses (difference between expected and actual experience)	76,234,960	321,479,995	(46,603,942)
Effects of assumptions changes or inputs	(95,499,894)	607,117,164	(1,638,513,312)
Member contributions	(48,424)	-	-
Projected investment earnings	(10,646,011)	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Pension Plan contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	483,666,109	(483,666,109)
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	6,287,188	15,334,367	-
Administrative expenses	189,390	-	-
Total	\$ 547,943,073	\$ 1,427,597,635	\$ (2,168,783,363)

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent reporting period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension expense will be recognized as follows:

FRS	HIS
\$ 2,129,674,028	\$ (177,501,199)
803,626,645	(95,717,591)
(719,200,160)	(43,764,688)
6,257,613,685	(96,873,244)
334,619,659	(224,855,455)
-	(102,473,561)
<u>\$ 8,806,333,857</u>	<u>\$ (741,185,738)</u>

NOTE 3. OPEB PLAN

The OPEB schedules are intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes in Assumptions :

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 changes in assumptions were:

	Fiscal Year Ended	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Economic Assumptions:		
Rate of Growth in Real Income / GDP per capita	1.4%	1.5%
Extra Trend due to Technology and other factors	1.0%	1.1%
Expected Health Share of GDP in 2031	19.0%	20.0%
Health Share of GDP Resistance Point	20.0%	25.0%
Discount Rate Assumptions:	2.19%	4.40%
Interest Rate Assumption;	2.41%	4.40%

**OTHER INFORMATION
FUND COMBINING STATEMENTS**

**COLUMBIA COUNTY FLORIDA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
September 30, 2022**

	Special Revenue Funds												
	Clerk of Courts			Property Appraiser	Sheriff				Supervisor of Elections	Tax Collector	Board of County Commissioners		
	Public Records Modernization		Teen Court	Operating	Minimum Standards School	Forfeiture	Inmate Welfare	Work Program	Operating	Operating	Court Reporters	Sheriff ESAC	CARES
	Operating	Trust											
ASSETS													
Current assets													
Cash	\$ 646,989	\$ 423,833	\$ 25,626	\$ 162,905	\$ 20,081	\$ 76,627	\$ 1,005,265	\$ 12,894	\$ 73,369	\$ 254,209	\$ 143,421	\$ 51,247	\$ -
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,868	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	181,971	10,160	1,818	-	-	-	44,081	-	-	37,892	-	-	-
Due from other governmental units	49,792	-	-	-	-	3,175	-	-	8,411	-	-	-	-
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	\$ 878,752	\$ 433,993	\$ 27,444	\$ 162,905	\$ 20,081	\$ 79,802	\$ 1,089,214	\$ 12,894	\$ 81,780	\$ 292,101	\$ 143,421	\$ 51,247	\$ -
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
LIABILITIES													
Current liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$ 3,771	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 645	\$ -	\$ 35,842	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,528	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued wages	28,265	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accrued payroll liabilities	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,136	49,744	-	-	-
Due to other funds	190,371	-	-	159,174	-	-	-	-	64,644	235,303	-	-	-
Due to other governmental units	504,262	-	-	3,731	-	-	-	-	-	7,054	-	-	-
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other current liabilities	26,268	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unearned revenues	125,773	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	878,752	-	-	162,905	645	-	35,842	-	81,780	292,101	3,528	-	-
FUND BALANCES													
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	433,993	27,444	-	19,436	79,802	1,053,372	12,894	-	-	139,893	51,247	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances	-	433,993	27,444	-	19,436	79,802	1,053,372	12,894	-	-	139,893	51,247	-
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 878,752	\$ 433,993	\$ 27,444	\$ 162,905	\$ 20,081	\$ 79,802	\$ 1,089,214	\$ 12,894	\$ 81,780	\$ 292,101	\$ 143,421	\$ 51,247	\$ -

(continued)

**COLUMBIA COUNTY FLORIDA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
September 30, 2022**

	Special Revenue Funds						Debt Service Fund			Capital Projects			Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
	Board of County Commissioners												
	CDBG	Court Service	Impact Fees	Law Enforcement Special	Library Enhancement Grant	SHIP	Tourist Development Tax	Jail Debt Service	Road Improvement Debt Service	Paving Assess- ments	County Facilities	Sheriff Construction	
ASSETS													
Cash	\$ (6,667)	\$ 289,582	\$ 46,892	\$ 23,231	\$ 1,751,181	\$ 879,084	\$ 2,108,802	\$ 807,366	\$ 373,266	\$ 212,471	\$ (586,424)	\$ 2,054,083	\$ 10,849,333
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	102	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,970
Due from other funds	-	1,750	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	277,673
Due from other governmental units	-	15,076	-	-	103,718	-	123,079	-	64,736	-	1,281,301	-	1,649,288
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	-	519,625	273,201	1,541	-	-	1,124,919	-	-	-	-	-	1,919,286
Total assets	\$ (6,667)	\$ 826,033	\$ 320,093	\$ 24,772	\$ 1,855,001	\$ 879,084	\$ 3,356,800	\$ 807,366	\$ 438,002	\$ 212,472	\$ 694,877	\$ 2,054,083	\$ 14,735,550
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
LIABILITIES													
Current liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 4,388	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,791	\$ -	\$ 12,824	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 35,035	\$ -	\$ 101,824
Accrued wages payable	-	-	-	-	38,995	-	9,309	-	-	-	-	-	76,569
Accrued payroll liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66,922
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	649,492
Due to other governmental units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	515,047
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,640	-	7,640
Other current liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,268
Unearned revenues	-	-	-	-	-	43,538	-	-	-	-	-	-	169,311
Total liabilities	-	4,388	-	-	44,786	43,538	22,133	-	-	-	42,675	-	1,613,073
FUND BALANCES													
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	(6,667)	821,645	320,093	24,772	1,810,215	835,546	3,334,667	807,366	438,002	212,472	-	2,054,083	12,470,275
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	652,202	-	652,202
Total fund balances	(6,667)	821,645	320,093	24,772	1,810,215	835,546	3,334,667	807,366	438,002	212,472	652,202	2,054,083	13,122,477
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ (6,667)	\$ 826,033	\$ 320,093	\$ 24,772	\$ 1,855,001	\$ 879,084	\$ 3,356,800	\$ 807,366	\$ 438,002	\$ 212,472	\$ 694,877	\$ 2,054,083	\$ 14,735,550

See notes to financial statements.

**COLUMBIA COUNTY FLORIDA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
For the Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2022**

	Special Revenue Funds												
	Clerk of Courts			Property Appraiser	Sheriff			Supervisor of Elections	Tax Collector	Board of County Commissioners			
	Clerk of Courts Operating	Public Records Modernization Trust	Teen Court	Operating	Minimum Standards School	Forfeiture	Inmate Welfare	Work Program	Operating	Operating	Court Reporters	Sheriff ESAC	CARES
REVENUES													
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses, permits, assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenue	430,689	-	-	-	-	15,132	-	-	108,719	-	162,426	-	-
Charges for services	1,650,825	198,693	20,350	39,782	-	-	317,505	-	-	2,121,076	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	278,262	-	-	-	10,556	6,888	-	-	-	-	-	37,149	-
Interest income	-	-	-	41	37	146	101	1	33	1,352	-	35	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	808	(10,313)	620	30,180	-	19,005	210	-	-	-
Total revenues	2,359,776	198,693	20,350	40,631	280	22,786	347,786	1	127,757	2,122,638	162,426	37,184	-
EXPENDITURES													
Current Expenditures:													
General government	1,006,367	6,861	-	1,723,395	-	-	-	-	1,195,618	2,012,642	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	11,100	136,058	-	-	-	-	-	-
Physical environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Human services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture/recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Court - related	1,834,282	31,290	9,481	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	159,158	-	-
Capital outlay:													
General government	7,384	-	-	17,331	-	-	-	-	6,894	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,122	-	-	-	-	-	-
Physical environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture/recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Court - related	-	1,755	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:													
Principal	3,498	-	-	4,928	-	-	2,436	-	27,591	8,704	-	-	-
Interest	398	-	-	559	-	-	338	-	3,853	989	-	-	-
Total expenditures	2,851,929	39,906	9,481	1,746,213	-	11,100	154,954	-	1,233,956	2,022,335	159,158	-	-
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(492,153)	158,787	10,869	(1,705,582)	280	11,686	192,832	1	(1,106,199)	100,303	3,268	37,184	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Sale of fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease financings	7,384	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interfund transfers in	484,769	-	-	1,705,582	-	-	-	-	1,170,843	135,000	-	-	-
Interfund transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(64,644)	(235,303)	-	-	(2,010,187)
Total other financing sources (uses)	492,153	-	-	1,705,582	-	-	-	-	1,106,199	(100,303)	-	-	(2,010,187)
Net change in fund balances	-	158,787	10,869	-	280	11,686	192,832	1	-	-	3,268	37,184	(2,010,187)
Fund balances at beginning of year	-	275,206	16,575	-	19,156	68,116	860,540	12,893	-	-	136,625	14,063	2,010,187
Fund balances at end of year	\$ -	\$ 433,993	\$ 27,444	\$ -	\$ 19,436	\$ 79,802	\$ 1,053,372	\$ 12,894	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 139,893	\$ 51,247	\$ -

(Continued)

**COLUMBIA COUNTY FLORIDA
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
For the Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2022**

	Special Revenue Funds						Debt Service Funds		Capital Projects Funds			Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
	Board of County Commissioners						Jail Debt Service	Road Improvement Debt Service	Paving Asses- ments	County Facilities	Sheriff Construction Fund		
	CDBG	Court Service	Impact Fees	Law Enforcement Special	Library Enhancement Grant	SHIP							Tourist Development Tax
REVENUES													
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 350,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,117,761	\$ -	\$ 2,026,418	\$ -	\$ 721,998	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,216,177
Licenses, permits, assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,250	-	-	5,250
Intergovernmental revenue	5,000	-	-	-	688,381	685,761	-	640,000	-	-	1,906,066	-	4,642,174
Charges for services	-	181,494	-	-	6,821	-	-	-	-	-	35,375	-	4,571,921
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	12,088	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	344,943
Interest income	-	(22,964)	600	(46)	3,836	1,132	(28,821)	1,026	403	226	-	139	(42,723)
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	12,034	46,838	11,906	-	-	-	-	-	111,288
Total revenues	5,000	508,530	600	(46)	1,840,921	733,731	2,009,503	641,026	722,401	5,476	1,941,441	139	13,849,030
EXPENDITURES													
Current Expenditures:													
General government	-	13,963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,750	-	-	5,960,596
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	147,158
Physical environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	163	-	-	163
Economic environment	11,667	-	-	-	-	399,585	1,205,023	-	-	-	-	-	1,616,275
Human services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture/recreation	-	-	-	-	1,581,656	-	-	-	-	-	20,656	-	1,602,312
Court - related	-	471,653	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,505,864
Capital outlay:													
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,609
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	140,000	46,063	202,185
Physical environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	939,833	-	939,833
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	344,340	-	344,340
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture/recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,165	-	32,165
Court - related	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,755
Debt service:													
Principal	-	-	-	-	2,626	-	1,267	493,538	606,000	-	-	-	1,150,588
Interest	-	-	-	-	169	-	104	142,295	41,015	-	-	-	189,720
Total expenditures	11,667	485,616	-	-	1,584,451	399,585	1,206,394	635,833	647,015	1,913	1,476,994	46,063	14,724,563
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(6,667)	22,914	600	(46)	256,470	334,146	803,109	5,193	75,386	3,563	464,447	(45,924)	(875,533)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Sale of fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease financings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,384
Interfund transfers in	-	-	-	-	8,269	-	720,713	-	-	-	-	2,100,007	6,325,183
Interfund transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-	(310,000)	-	-	(3,000)	-	-	(2,623,134)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	-	-	8,269	-	410,713	-	-	(3,000)	-	2,100,007	3,709,433
Net change in fund balances	(6,667)	22,914	600	(46)	264,739	334,146	1,213,822	5,193	75,386	563	464,447	2,054,083	2,833,900
Fund balances at beginning of year	-	798,731	319,493	24,818	1,545,476	501,400	2,120,845	802,173	362,616	211,909	187,755	-	10,288,577
Fund balances at end of year	\$ (6,667)	\$ 821,645	\$ 320,093	\$ 24,772	\$ 1,810,215	\$ 835,546	\$ 3,334,667	\$ 807,366	\$ 438,002	\$ 212,472	\$ 652,202	\$ 2,054,083	\$ 13,122,477

See notes to financial statements.

COLUMBIA COUNTY FLORIDA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
CUSTODIAL FUNDS
September 30, 2022

	Clerk of Courts					Sheriff				Tax Collector		Total Custodial Funds
	Clerk's Trust	Employee Sunshine	Domestic Relations	Jury Witness	Public Defender Occupancy Trust	Individual Depositors	Inmate Trust	Donation Trust	Evidence Trust	Tag Agency	Ad Valorem Tax Agency	
ASSETS												
Cash	\$ 2,283,748	\$ 2,164	\$ 1,065	\$ 1,331	\$ 11,013	\$ 6,580	\$ 380,856	\$ 13,171	\$ 130,229	\$ 86,462	\$ 1,656,155	\$ 4,572,774
Accounts receivable	12,414	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	684	-	13,098
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	1,602	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,602
Total assets	\$ 2,296,162	\$ 2,164	\$ 1,065	\$ 1,331	\$ 12,615	\$ 6,580	\$ 380,856	\$ 13,171	\$ 130,229	\$ 87,146	\$ 1,656,155	\$ 4,587,474
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$ 100	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100
Court fees payable	609,728	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	609,728
Due to other funds	195,118	-	434	-	-	-	47,497	-	-	-	37,892	280,941
Due to other governmental units	580,958	-	631	-	-	6,580	-	-	-	71,559	1,428,280	2,088,008
Total liabilities	1,385,904	-	1,065	-	-	6,580	47,497	-	-	71,559	1,466,172	2,978,777
Total net position	\$ 910,258	\$ 2,164	\$ -	\$ 1,331	\$ 12,615	\$ -	\$ 333,359	\$ 13,171	\$ 130,229	\$ 15,587	\$ 189,983	\$ 1,608,697

See notes to financial statements.

COLUMBIA COUNTY FLORIDA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
CUSTODIAL FUNDS
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Clerk of Courts				Sheriff				Tax Collector		Total Custodial Funds	
	Clerk's Trust	Employee Sunshine	Domestic Relations	Jury Witness	Public Defender Occupancy Trust	Individual Depositors	Inmate Trust	Donation Trust	Evidence Trust	Tag Agency		Ad Valorem Tax Agency
ADDITIONS												
Funds held for others	\$ 1,253,813	\$ 1,205	\$ -	\$ 3,731	\$ 77,064	\$ -	\$ 610,601	\$ 37,441	\$ 54,328	\$ 243,957	\$ 4,280,173	\$ 6,562,313
Cash bonds	337,888	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	337,888
Taxes and fees collected for other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63,182,701	63,182,701
Tax Collector licenses and fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,673,502	-	7,673,502
Sheriff civil fees	-	-	-	-	-	114,178	-	-	-	-	-	114,178
Fines, fees and court costs	11,040,296	-	3,212	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,043,508
Total additions	12,631,997	1,205	3,212	3,731	77,064	114,178	610,601	37,441	54,328	7,917,459	67,462,874	88,914,090
DEDUCTIONS												
Funds held for others	1,243,560	651	3,212	7,472	79,218	-	625,819	37,343	61,490	246,821	4,351,729	6,657,315
Cash bonds	154,655	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	154,655
Fines, fees and court costs	10,767,203	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,767,203
Taxes and paid to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63,182,701	63,182,701
Sheriff civil fees	-	-	-	-	-	114,178	-	-	-	-	-	114,178
Licenses and fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,673,502	-	7,673,502
Total deductions	12,165,418	651	3,212	7,472	79,218	114,178	625,819	37,343	61,490	7,920,323	67,534,430	88,549,554
Change in net position	466,579	554	-	(3,741)	(2,154)	-	(15,218)	98	(7,162)	(2,864)	(71,556)	364,536
Net position at beginning of year	443,679	1,610	-	5,072	14,769	-	348,577	13,073	137,391	18,451	261,539	1,244,161
Net position at end of year	\$ 910,258	\$ 2,164	\$ -	\$ 1,331	\$ 12,615	\$ -	\$ 333,359	\$ 13,171	\$ 130,229	\$ 15,587	\$ 189,983	\$ 1,608,697

See notes to financial statements.

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM
AND MAJOR STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE
UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550 RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL**

Honorable Board of County Commissioners
and Constitutional Officers
Columbia County, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited Columbia County, Florida's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Columbia County, Florida's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022. Columbia County, Florida's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Columbia County, Florida complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Columbia County, Florida and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Columbia County, Florida's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Columbia County, Florida's federal programs and state projects.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Columbia County, Florida's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Columbia County, Florida's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Columbia County, Florida's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Columbia County, Florida's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia County, Florida's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies

and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

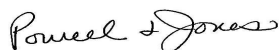
A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550 Rules of the Auditor General. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Powell and Jones CPA



Lake City, Florida
May 15, 2023

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting	
● Material weakness identified?	No
● Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be a material weakness?	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements	No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:	
● Material weakness identified?	No
● Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
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Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200	No
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Identification of major programs:	
FAIN Number	Name of Federal Program
21.027	U.S. Department of Treasury Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
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Auditee qualified as low risk auditee?	No
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Financial Statement Findings
None

(Continued)

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

State Financial Assistance

Internal control over major projects:

- Material weakness identified? No
- Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses? None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major projects: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Rule 10.656, *Rules of the Auditor General*? No

Identification of Major Programs:

<u>CSFA Number</u>	<u>Name of State Programs</u>
55.016	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Small County Road Assistance Program
40.042	DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY Rural Infrastructure Fund
40.901	FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION State Housing Initiatives Program
45.030	DEPARTMENT OF STATE State Aid to Libraries

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Financial Statement Findings

None

Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

None

State Financial Assistance Findings and Questioned Costs

None

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

FEDERAL OR STATE GRANTOR / PASS THROUGH GRANTOR / PROGRAM TITLE	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Grant Number	PROGRAM OR AWARD AMOUNT	REPORTED IN PRIOR YEARS	REVENUES RECOGNIZED	EXPENDITURES	RESTRICTED / (UNEARNED) 9/30/22
FEDERAL AWARDS							
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development passed through the State of Florida Department of Economic Opportunity							
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	22DB-OP-33-22-01-H04	\$ 750,000	\$ -	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ -
U.S. Department of the Interior							
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	15.226	FY 2022	229,787	-	250,360	250,360	-
U.S. Forestry Service							
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	15.226	FY 2022	112,851	-	112,851	112,851	-
U.S. Department of Justice							
passed through Bureau of Justice Assistance/Office of Criminal Justice Grants							
Bulletproof Vest Grant Partnership Program	16.607	FY2020	5,780	2,100	3,680	3,680	-
Bulletproof Vest Grant Partnership Program	16.607	FY2021	6,300	-	1,119	1,119	-
Total U.S. Department of Justice			12,080	2,100	4,799	4,799	-
U.S. Department of Transportation							
passed through State of Florida, Department of Transportation							
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	GIU83	406,000	-	322,107	322,107	-
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	GOL81	5,000	512	2,711	2,711	-
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			411,000	512	324,818	324,818	-
U.S. Department of Treasury							
passed through State of Florida, Division of Emergency Management							
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	1505-0271	13,924,166	-	10,331,694	10,331,694	3,592,472
U.S. Elections Assistance Commission							
passed through the Florida Department of State Division of Elections							
Federal Elections Security Grant	90.401	20.e.es.000.052	72,748	-	72,748	72,748	-
Federal Elections Security Grant - ESF4	90.401	20.e.es.300.012	44,491	-	44,491	44,491	-
Total U.S. Elections Assistance Commission			117,239	-	117,239	117,239	-
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services							
passed through the Florida Department of Revenue							
Title IV-D Funds	93.563		71,794	-	71,794	71,794	-
U.S. Department of Homeland Security							
Federal Emergency Management Agency							
Homeland Security Grant Program Crime Analyst FY20	97.067	EMW-2020-SS-0035-S01 R0288	58,000	31,995	7,100	7,100	-
Homeland Security Grant Program Crime Analyst FY19	97.067	EMW-2021-SS-0056-S01	58,000	-	34,347	34,347	-
Passed through the State of Florida Executive Office of the Governor							
Emergency Management Performance (EMPG) grant 592	97.042	G0228	53,056	-	30,180	30,180	-
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			169,056	31,995	71,627	71,627	-
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			15,797,973	34,607	11,290,182	11,290,182	3,592,472

See notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

FEDERAL OR STATE GRANTOR / PASS THROUGH GRANTOR / PROGRAM TITLE	CFSA Number	Grant Number	PROGRAM OR AWARD AMOUNT	REPORTED IN PRIOR YEARS	REVENUES RECOGNIZED	EXPENDITURES	RESTRICTED / (UNEARNED) 9/30/22
STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE							
Department of Emergency Management							
Emergency Management Preparedness and Assistance Grant	31.063	A0195	\$ 105,806	\$ 95,610	\$ 10,969	\$ 10,969	\$ -
Division of Emergency Management							
Local Emergency Management and Mitigation Initiatives	31.064	F0021	200,000	30,000	170,000	170,000	-
Florida Department of Environmental Protection							
Small County Solid Waste Grant Agreement	37.012	SC204	93,750	-	69,954	69,954	-
Stormwater DEP grant / Clayhole Creek	37.052	LP6103A	2,260,000	992,375	1,275,301	1,275,301	-
Total Florida Department of Environmental Protection			2,353,750	992,375	1,345,255	1,345,255	-
Florida Department of Economic Opportunity							
Rural Infrastructure Fund	40.042	D0145	500,000	-	460,765	460,765	-
Economic Development Tax Refund, Tax Credit, and Grant Program	40.043	G00029	3,135,600	2,991,594	144,006	144,006	-
Total Florida Department of Economic Opportunity			3,635,600	2,991,594	604,771	604,771	-
Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services							
Anthropod Mosquito Control State Aid	42.003	28438	33,403	-	28,519	28,519	-
Florida Department of State							
State Aid to Libraries Grant	45.030	22-ST-09	538,381	-	538,381	538,381	-
Florida Housing Finance Corporation							
State Housing Initiatives Program							
SHIP Grant Program YR 21/22	40.901	FY21-22	496,459	15,001	16,931	320,053	171,732
SHIP Grant Program YR 22/23	40.901	FY22-23	668,830	-	668,830	5,016	663,814
SHIP Program Income	40.901	FY22-23	-	-	46,838	46,838	-
Total Florida Housing Finance Corporation			668,830	15,001	732,599	399,585	835,546
Florida Department of Transportation							
Small County Road Assistance Program - CR 242W	55.016	G1343	1,300,000	2,080	1,067,263	1,067,263	-
Small County Road Assistance Program - CR242A	55.016	G1F08	500,000	17,823	475,744	475,744	-
Total Florida Department of Transportation			1,800,000	19,903	1,543,007	1,543,007	-
Florida Department of Law Enforcement							
Law Enforcement Salary Assistance for Fiscally Constrained Counties	71.067	7G018	1,047,014	-	261,753	261,753	-
Florida E-911 Board							
Spring 2022 Rural Grant	72.001	22-04-02	100,336	-	100,336	100,336	-
TOTAL STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 10,483,120	\$ 4,144,483	\$ 5,335,590	\$ 5,002,576	\$ 835,546

See notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance includes the federal and state award activity of Columbia County, Florida and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity consists of Columbia County, the primary government, and each of its component units. The County includes a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance in the Compliance Section

B. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting related to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus.

The accrual basis of accounting is followed in the Schedule of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become earned. Expenses generally are recorded when a liability is incurred.

D. Subrecipients

The Schedule of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance is required to identify amounts that are passed through to subrecipient of grant funding. The County did not have any subrecipients in the current year.

NOTE 2. Indirect Cost Rate

The County did not elect to use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

COMPLIANCE SECTION

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Honorable Board of County Commissioners
and Constitutional Officers
Columbia County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Columbia County, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Columbia County, Florida's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 15, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Columbia County, Florida's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia County, Florida's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia County, Florida's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

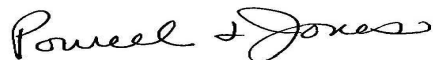
Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Columbia County, Florida's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Powell & Jones".

POWELL & JONES
Certified Public Accountants
May 15, 2023

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Board of
County Commissioners
and Constitutional Officers
Columbia County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of Columbia County, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated May 15, 2023.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements that Could have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major State Project and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with Chapter 10.550 *Rules of the Auditor General*, and Schedule of Findings. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated May 15, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter. Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida and require that the following items be addressed in this letter.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the prior year.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the current year.

CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the prior year.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the current year.

PROPERTY APPRAISER

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the prior year.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the current year.

SHERIFF

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the prior year.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the current year.

SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the prior year.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the current year.

TAX COLLECTOR

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the prior year.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the current year.

AUDITOR GENERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Financial Emergency Status - We determined that the County had not met any of conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*, that might result in a financial emergency.

Financial Condition Assessment - As required by the *Rules of the Auditor General*, Sections 10.544(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the entity's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information they provided.

Our audit did not disclose any further items that would be required to be reported under the *Rules of the Auditor General*, Chapter 10.550.

CONCLUSION - We have reviewed information regarding our audit with appropriate County officials and management and have provided them with appropriate documentation as requested. We very much enjoyed the challenges and experiences associated with this audit of the County. We look forward to a long and mutually beneficial relationship with the Board of County Commissioners and other County Officials and employees. We also appreciate the helpful assistance and courtesy afforded us by all County employees.

Powell & Jones

POWELL & JONES
Certified Public Accountants
May 15, 2023

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

To the Board of County Commissioners
Columbia County, Florida

We have examined the Columbia County, Florida's (the County) compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2022. We have also examined the Clerk of the Circuit Court's (Clerk's) compliance with Section 61.181, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the Clerk's alimony and child support payments and Sections 28.35 and 28.36; *Florida Statutes* as to the following during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022:

- a. The budget and performance standards developed and certified by the Florida Clerk of Courts Operations Corporation and Sections 28.35 and 28.36 *Florida Statutes*.

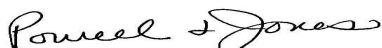
We also examined the County's compliance with Section 365.172(10) and 365.173(2)(d) *Florida Statutes* and requirements specified by the E911 board grant and special disbursement programs. These laws require that E911 fee revenues, interest and E911 grant funding be used to pay for authorized expenditures as specified in the *Statutes*.

Management is responsible for the County's and Clerk's respective compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's and the Clerk's compliance based on our examinations.

Our examinations were conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's and the Clerk's compliance with those respective requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examinations provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examinations do not provide a legal determination on the County's and the Clerk's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, Columbia County, Florida and the Columbia County Clerk of the Circuit Court complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Columbia County, Florida, the Clerk, and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

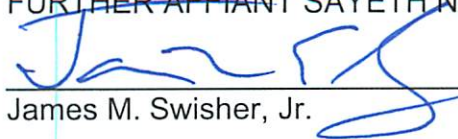


POWELL & JONES
Certified Public Accountants
May 15, 2023

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared James M. Swisher, Jr. , who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

1. I am the Chief Financial Officer of Columbia County Board of County Commissioners which is a local governmental entity of the State of Florida.
2. Columbia County Board of County Commissioners adopted Ordinance No. 2007-41 implementing an impact fee; and
3. Columbia County Board of County Commissioners has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

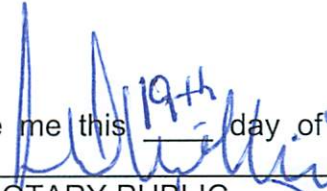
FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.


James M. Swisher, Jr.

Columbia County Clerk of Courts and Comptroller

STATE OF FLORIDA
COUNTY OF COLUMBIA COUNTY

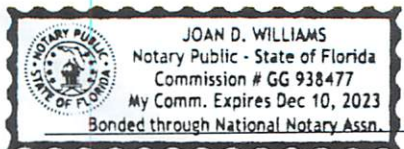
SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this 19th day of June,
2023.


NOTARY PUBLIC
Print Name Joan D Williams

Personally known or produced identification _____

Type of identification produced: NIA

My Commission Expires:



CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022**

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Powell and Jones CPA

1359 S.W. Main Blvd.
Lake City, FL 32025
Phone 386.755.4200
Fax 386.719.5504

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Clerk of the Circuit Court, James M Swisher, Jr.
Columbia County, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the major funds and aggregate remaining fund information of Columbia County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court (the "Clerk of the Court"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk of the Court's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the major funds and aggregate remaining fund information of the Clerk of the Court, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Columbia County Clerk of the Court and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(8), Florida Statutes, and Rule 10.557(5) of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits*. As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Tax Collector is part of the reporting for Columbia County, Florida. Accordingly, these financial statements are not a complete presentation of the reporting entity's basic financial statements.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Clerk of the Court's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk of the Court's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Clerk of the Court's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

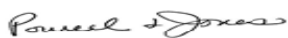
Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Columbia County Clerk of the Court's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report April 7, 2023, on our consideration of the Clerk of the Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk of the Court's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in the Clerk of the Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Powell and Jones CPA
Lake City, FL
April 7, 2023

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
BALANCE SHEET
September 30, 2022

	<u>Governmental Funds</u>			<u>Totals</u>
	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Public Records Modernization Trust Funds</u>	<u>Teen Court Funds</u>	
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash	\$ 646,989	\$ 423,833	\$ 25,627	\$ 1,096,449
Due from other funds	181,970	\$ 10,162	1,818	193,950
Due from other governmental units	49,234	-	-	49,234
Total assets	\$ 878,193	\$ 433,995	\$ 27,445	\$ 1,339,633
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 3,771	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,771
Due to Board of County Commissioners	189,211	-	-	189,211
Due to other governmental units	505,421	-	-	505,421
Accrued wages and payroll liabilities	28,307	-	-	28,307
Unearned revenue	125,773	-	-	125,773
Other current liabilities	25,710	-	-	25,710
Total liabilities	878,193	-	-	878,193
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted	-	433,995	27,445	461,440
Total fund balances	-	433,995	27,445	461,440
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 878,193	\$ 433,995	\$ 27,445	\$ 1,339,633

See notes to financial statements.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	General Fund	Public Records Modernization Trust	Teen Court	Totals
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 368,032	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 368,032
Charges for services	1,715,398	198,693	19,912	1,934,003
Fines and forfeitures	208,438	-	-	208,438
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	2,291,868	198,693	19,912	2,510,473
EXPENDITURES				
Current expenditures				
General government	963,197	8,615	-	971,812
Court related	1,814,792	31,290	9,042	1,855,124
Debt Service				
Principal	3,499	-	-	3,499
Interest	399	-	-	399
Total expenditures	2,781,887	39,905	9,042	2,830,834
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(490,019)	158,788	10,870	(320,361)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers from the Board of County Commissioners	490,019	-	-	490,019
Transfers to other governmental units	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources	490,019	-	-	490,019
Net change in fund balance	-	158,788	10,870	169,658
Fund balance at beginning of year	-	291,782	16,575	291,782
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ 450,570	\$ 27,445	\$ 461,440

See notes to financial statements.

**CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT
 FIDUCIARY FUNDS
 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
 September 30, 2022**

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 2,299,321
Accounts receivable	12,414
Due from other funds	1,602
Total assets	\$ 2,313,337
 LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 100
Court fees payable	609,728
Due to other funds	195,552
Due to other governmental units	581,589
Total liabilities	1,386,969
 Total net position	 \$ 926,368

See notes to financial statements.

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION
September 30, 2022**

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	
Funds held for others	\$ 1,335,813
Cash bonds	337,888
Fines, fees and court costs	11,043,508
Total additions	12,717,209
 DEDUCTIONS	
Funds held for others	1,334,113
Cash bonds	154,655
Fines, fees and court costs	10,767,203
Total deductions	12,255,971
 Change in net position	 461,238
Net position at beginning of year	465,130
Net position at end of year	\$ 926,368

See notes to financial statements.

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
September 30, 2022**

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies of the Columbia County Clerk of the Circuit Court (the "Clerk").

A. Reporting Entity - The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units an Amendment of GASB Statement 14," establishes standards for defining the financial reporting entity. In developing these standards, the GASB assumed that all governmental organizations are responsible to elected officials at the federal, state, or local level. Financial reporting by a state or local government should report the elected officials' accountability for those organizations.

The Clerk, as established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida, is an elected official of Columbia County, Florida (the "County"). Although the Clerk's Office is operationally autonomous from the Board of County Commissioners, it does not hold sufficient corporate powers of its own to be considered a legally separate entity for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, the Clerk is reported as a part of the primary government of Columbia County, Florida. The Clerk's financial statements do not purport to reflect the financial position or the results of operations of Columbia County, Florida, taken as a whole.

These special purpose financial statements of the Clerk are issued separately to comply with Section 10.557(4), *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*, pursuant to Section 11.45(3), *Florida Statutes*.

B. Fund Accounting - Accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund entity, revenues and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The funds and account group utilized by the Clerk are as follows:

(i) **Governmental Funds**

General Fund - The General Fund of the Clerk is used to account for all financial resources, which are generated from operations of the office or any other resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. As of September 30, 2022, the Clerk maintained the following:

Special Revenue Funds:

Public Records Modernization Trust Fund
Teen Court Fund

(ii) **Fiduciary Funds**

Custodial Funds – Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the Clerk as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The following Custodial Funds are maintained by the Clerk.

Trust
Employee Sunshine Fund
Domestic Relations
Jury and Witness
Public Defender Occupancy Trust

C. Basis of Accounting - The "Basis of Accounting" refers to when revenues and expenditures and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounting records and reported in the financial statements. The Clerk currently maintains his accounting records for all funds on the cash basis. However, for financial statement purposes, appropriate adjustments are made to report governmental and fiduciary fund types using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are generally recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Expenditures are reported when incurred with the exception of prepaid expenses and principal and interest on general long-term obligations.

D. Budget - Chapter 129, *Florida Statutes*, requires that budgets be adopted for all funds as may be required by law, sound financial practices, and generally accepted accounting principles and that budgets be adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Pursuant to this requirement, the County adopts an annual comprehensive appropriations budget, which includes the appropriations to the General Fund of the Clerk. The Clerk also initially prepares and appropriately amends internally the Clerk's General Fund budget.

In the budget comparisons included in these financial statements, both the amounts budgeted and the actual amounts reported are presented on the GAAP basis. Budgetary comparisons present the appropriations budget of the Clerk.

E. Cash and Investments - Deposits are carried at cost which approximates market value. The carrying amount of deposits is separately displayed on the balance sheet as "Cash." At September 30, 2022, the book balance of the Clerk's deposits was \$2,299,321. The bank balance was \$3,327,554. This bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance and pledged collateral held at various qualified public depositories. Chapter 280, *Florida Statutes*, defines the eligible collateral for these qualified public depositories.

The collateral for the Clerk's deposits is categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Clerk at year end. Category 1 includes deposits that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Clerk or his agent in the Clerk's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered deposits for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the Clerk's name. Category 3 includes uninsured or unregistered deposits for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the Clerk's name. All of the collateral covering the Clerk's deposits was Category 1.

F. Inventories - It is the policy of the Clerk to record the acquisition of supplies as expenditures at the time of purchase. The amount of supplies on hand at any one time would be a nominal amount and considered to be immaterial.

G. Fixed Assets - Fixed assets used in governmental fund type operations are accounted for in the General Capital Assets Accounts. All fixed assets acquired by purchase are recorded at historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date donated. Depreciation expense has been recorded on the County's general fixed assets. Assets purchased by the Clerk are reported in the County's Governmental Capital Assets Accounts.

H. Compensated Absences - The Clerk follows generally accepted accounting principles in accounting for accrued compensated absences. Since the annual and sick leave liability is considered long-term, it is recorded in the government-wide financial statements of the County. Compensated absences are expected to be paid by the Clerk and this practice is expected to continue in the future. The Clerk maintained compensated absence records for the hours earned, used and available. As of September 30, 2022, the balance of compensated absences is \$128,096.

I. Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. Risk Management - The Clerk is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees and the public; or damage to property of others. The Clerk directly purchases insurance and participates in the risk management program through the Columbia County Board of County Commissioners which uses commercial insurance and a public entity risk pool to cover certain risks from loss.

NOTE 3. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The Clerk contributes to the Florida Retirement System ("System"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement. The System provides retirement, disability or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Florida Retirement System, 2639 North Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida, or by calling (850) 488-5706.

Funding Policy - The System is employee non-contributory through June 30, 2011. Effective July 1, 2011, employees must contribute 3% of their gross wages. The Supervisor of Elections is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rates from October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and from July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022, were as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>July 1, 2022 - September 30, 2022</u>	<u>October 1, 2021 - June 30, 2022</u>
Regular Class	10.82%	11.91%
Special Risk Class	25.89%	27.83%
Special Risk Administrative Support	37.76%	38.65%
County Elected Officers Class	51.42%	57.00%
Senior Management Class	29.01%	31.57%
Deferred Retirement Option Program (Drop)	18.34%	18.60%

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Clerk are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Clerk's contributions to the System for the years ending September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 were \$235,773, \$200,658, and \$182,684, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 4. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Balances at September 30, were:

	<u>Interfund Receivables</u>	<u>Interfund Payables</u>
General Fund	\$ 181,970	\$ -
Public Records Modernization Trust	10,162	-
Teen Court Trust	1,818	-
Trust	-	195,118
Domestic Relations	-	434
Public Defender Occupancy Trust	1,602	-
	<u>\$ 195,552</u>	<u>\$ 195,552</u>

NOTE 5. LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Clerk has various leases for office equipment with remaining terms of one to five years at various monthly rates. The Clerk reports leases with terms of one year or less as rent expenditures which totaled \$1,644 for the year ending September 30, 2022. Long term leases were reported as debt service principal and interest of \$3,499 and \$399 in the governmental fund financial statements as of September 30, 2022. Leases held by the Clerk are reported as a right of use asset and lease liability in the government-wide financial statements of the County, in accordance with SGAS No. 87. The schedule below shows the annual interest expense and lease principal payments to maturity as of September 30, 2022:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Payment</u>
2023	4,770	463	5,233
2024	4,927	306	5,233
2025	3,877	148	4,025
2026	2,848	90	2,938
	<u>\$ 16,422</u>	<u>\$ 1,007</u>	<u>\$ 17,429</u>

NOTE 6. FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As of September 30, 2022, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, charter requirements or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing body. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the governing body.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under current practices, the assignment of amounts for specific purposes is approved by the Clerk.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Fund balances with restrictions are as follows at September 30, 2022:

	Classification					Total
	Nonspendable	Restricted	Committed	Assigned	Unassigned	
Public Records						
Modernization Trust	\$ -	\$ 433,995	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 433,995
Teen Court	-	27,445	-	-	-	27,445
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 461,440</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 461,440</u>

NOTE 7. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the State of Florida and Federal governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Clerk expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022**

	Original budget	Final Budget	General Fund	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 368,032	\$ 368,032
Charges for services	1,593,107	1,593,107	1,715,398	122,291
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	208,438	208,438
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	1,593,107	1,593,107	2,291,868	698,761
EXPENDITURES				
Current expenditures				
General government	475,379	475,379	963,197	(487,818)
Court related	1,593,107	1,593,107	1,814,792	(221,685)
Debt Service				
Principal	-	-	3,499	-
Interest	-	-	399	(399)
Total expenditures	2,068,486	2,068,486	2,781,887	(709,902)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(475,379)	(475,379)	(490,019)	(14,640)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers from the Board of County Commissioners	475,379	475,379	490,019	14,640
Transfers to other governmental units	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources	475,379	475,379	490,019	14,640
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance at beginning of year	-	-	-	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

See notes to financial statements.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
September 30, 2022**

	Clerk's Trust	Employee Sunshine	Domestic Relations	Jury Witness	Public Defender Occupancy Trust	Total Custodial Funds
ASSETS						
Cash	2,283,748	2,164	1,065	1,331	11,013	\$ 2,299,321
Accounts receivable	12,414	-	-	-	-	12,414
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	1,602	1,602
Total assets	\$ 2,296,162	\$ 2,164	\$ 1,065	\$ 1,331	\$ 12,615	\$ 2,313,337
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 100	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100
Court fees payable	609,728	-	-	-	-	609,728
Due to other funds	195,118	-	434	-	-	195,552
Due to other governmental units	580,958	-	631	-	-	581,589
Total liabilities	1,385,904	-	1,065	-	-	1,386,969
Total net position	\$ 910,258	\$ 2,164	\$ -	\$ 1,331	\$ 12,615	\$ 926,368

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
September 30, 2022**

	Clerk's Trust	Employee Sunshine	Domestic Relations	Jury Witness	Public Defender Occupancy Trust	Totals
ADDITIONS						
Funds held for others	\$ 1,253,813	\$ 1,205	\$ -	\$ 3,731	\$ 77,064	\$ 1,335,813
Cash bonds	337,888	-	-	-	-	337,888
Fines, fees and court costs	11,040,296	-	3,212	-	-	11,043,508
Total additions	12,631,997	1,205	3,212	3,731	77,064	12,717,209
DEDUCTIONS						
Funds held for others	1,243,560	651	3,212	7,472	79,218	1,334,113
Cash bonds	154,655	-	-	-	-	154,655
Fines, fees and court costs	10,767,203	-	-	-	-	10,767,203
Total deductions	12,165,418	651	3,212	7,472	79,218	12,255,971
Change in net position	466,579	554	-	(3,741)	(2,154)	461,238
Net position - beginning of year	443,679	1,610	-	5,072	14,769	465,130
Net position - end of year	\$ 910,258	\$ 2,164	\$ -	\$ 1,331	\$ 12,615	\$ 926,368

See notes to financial statements.

COMPLIANCE SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Clerk of the Circuit Court, James M Swisher, Jr.
Columbia County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Columbia County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court (the “Clerk”) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk’s basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 7, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Clerk’s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk’s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk’s internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity’s financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk’s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we

do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Powell & Jones". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Powell and Jones CPA
Lake City, FL
April 7, 2023

**MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550,
RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL**

Honorable Clerk of the Circuit Court, James M Swisher, Jr.
Columbia County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the Columbia County, Florida the Clerk of the Circuit Court (the "Clerk"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated April 7, 2023. We have also issued our report on compliance and on internal control over financial reporting. That report should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida and require that certain items be addressed in this letter.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the prior year.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the current year.

AUDITOR GENERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Financial Emergency Status – We have determined that the Clerk did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*, that might result in a financial emergency.

Financial Condition Assessment – As required by the *Rules of the Auditor General* (Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8)), we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the entity's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information they provided.

Our audit did not disclose any further items that would be required to be reported under the *Rules of the Auditor General*, Chapter 10.554(1)(f).

Financial Management – Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General* requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters – Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Our audit did not disclose any further items that would be required to be reported under the *Rules of the Auditor General*, Chapter 10.550.

CONCLUSION

We have reviewed information regarding our audit with the Clerk and have provided the appropriate documentation as requested. We very much enjoyed the challenges and experiences associated with this audit of the Office. We appreciate the overall high quality of the financial records and personnel in the Clerk's Office. We also appreciate the helpful assistance and courtesy afforded us by these employees.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Powell & Jones".

Powell and Jones CPA
Lake City, FL
April 7, 2023

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

Honorable Clerk of the Circuit Court, James M Swisher, Jr.
Columbia County, Florida

We have examined the Columbia County, Florida's Clerk of the Circuit Court's (the "Clerk's") compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2022. We have also examined the Clerk's compliance with Section 61.181 *Florida Statutes*, regarding the Clerk's alimony and child support payments and Sections 28.35 and 28.36; *Florida Statutes* as to the following during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022:

- a. The budget and performance standards developed and certified by the Florida Clerk of the Courts Operations Corporation and Section 28.35 and 28.36 Florida Statutes.

Management is responsible for the Clerk's respective compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Clerk's compliance based on our examinations.

Our examinations were conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Clerk's compliance with those respective requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examinations provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examinations do not provide a legal determination on the Clerk's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Columbia County, Florida, the Clerk, and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Powell and Jones CPA
Lake City, FL
April 7, 2023

PROPERTY APPRAISER

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
PROPERTY APPRAISER
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022
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Powell and Jones CPA

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Lake City, FL 32025
Phone 386.755.4200
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Jeff Hampton, Property Appraiser
Columbia County, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the major fund of Columbia County, Florida Property Appraiser (the "Property Appraiser"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Property Appraiser's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the major fund of the Property Appraiser, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Columbia County Property Appraiser and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(8), Florida Statutes, and Rule 10.557(5) of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits*. As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Tax Collector is part of the reporting for Columbia County, Florida. Accordingly, these financial statements are not a complete presentation of the reporting entity's basic financial statements.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Property Appraiser's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Property Appraiser's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

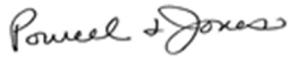
Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during

our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 15, 2023, on our consideration of the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Powell & Jones".

Powell and Jones CPA
Lake City, FL
March 15, 2023

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
PROPERTY APPRAISER
GENERAL FUND
BALANCE SHEET
September 30, 2022**

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 163,012
Total assets	<u>163,012</u>

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE

LIABILITIES

Current liabilities

Accrued payroll liabilities	108
Due to Board of County Commissioners	159,174
Due to other governmental units	<u>3,730</u>
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 163,012</u>

See notes to financial statements.

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022**

REVENUES

Charges for services	
General government	
County officer fees	
Suwannee River Water	
Management District	\$ 39,782
Total charges for services	<u>39,782</u>
Miscellaneous	
Interest earnings	41
Other miscellaneous	808
Total miscellaneous	<u>849</u>
Total revenues	<u>40,631</u>

EXPENDITURES

General government	
Financial and administrative	
Personnel services	1,513,076
Operating expenses	210,319
Capital outlay	17,331
Debt Service	
Principal	5,104
Interest	383
Total expenditures	<u>1,746,213</u>

Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,705,582)
---	--------------------

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES

Transfers from Board of County Commissioners	<u>1,705,582</u>
---	-------------------------

Net change in fund balance	-
Fund balance at beginning of year	-
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$ -</u>

See notes to financial statements.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
PROPERTY APPRAISER
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
September 30, 2022

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies of the Columbia County, Florida Property Appraiser (the "Property Appraiser").

A. Reporting Entity - The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units an Amendment of GASB Statement 14," establishes standards for defining the financial reporting entity. In developing these standards, the GASB assumed that all governmental organizations are responsible to elected officials at the federal, state, or local level. Financial reporting by a state or local government should report the elected officials' accountability for those organizations.

The Property Appraiser, as established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida, is an elected official of Columbia County, Florida (the "County"). Although the Property Appraiser's Office is operationally autonomous from the County, it does not hold sufficient corporate powers of its own to be considered a legally separate entity for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, the Property Appraiser is reported as a part of the primary government of the County. The Property Appraiser's financial statements do not purport to reflect the financial position or the results of operations of the County, taken as a whole.

The financial statements of the Property Appraiser are issued separately to comply with Section 10.557(4), *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*, pursuant to Section 11.45(3), *Florida Statutes*.

B. Fund Accounting - Accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund entity, revenues and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The funds and account group utilized by the Property Appraiser are as follows:

(i) **Governmental Fund**

General Fund - The General Fund of the Property Appraiser is used to account for all financial resources, which are generated from operations of the office or any other resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

C. Basis of Accounting - The "Basis of Accounting" refers to when revenues and expenditures and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounting records and reported in the financial statements. The Property Appraiser currently maintains its accounting records on the cash basis. However, for financial statement purposes appropriate adjustments are made to report the governmental fund type using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are generally recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Expenditures are reported when incurred with the exception of prepaid expenses and principal and interest on general long-term obligations. Encumbrance accounting is not utilized by the Property Appraiser.

D. Budget - Chapter 129, *Florida Statutes*, requires that budgets be adopted for all funds as may be required by law, sound financial practices, and generally accepted accounting principles and that budgets be adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Pursuant to this requirement, the County adopts an annual comprehensive appropriations budget, which includes the operating budget of the Property Appraiser. The Property Appraiser's budget is also subject to approval by the Florida Department of Revenue.

In the budget comparisons included in these financial statements, both the amounts budgeted and the actual amounts reported are presented on the GAAP basis. Budgetary comparisons present the appropriated budget of the Property Appraiser, which was amended during the year.

E. Cash and Investments - Deposits are carried at cost which approximates market value. The carrying amount of deposits is separately displayed on the balance sheet as "Cash." At September 30, 2022, the book balance of the Property Appraiser's deposits was \$163,012. The total bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

F. Inventories - It is the policy of the Property Appraiser to record the acquisition of supplies as expenditures at the time of purchase. The amount of supplies on hand at any one time would be a nominal amount and considered to be immaterial.

G. Fixed Assets - Fixed assets used in the Property Appraiser's operations are accounted for in the County's general fixed assets accounts. All fixed assets acquired by purchase are recorded at historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date donated. Depreciation on equipment is provided on the straight-line basis over useful lives of three to twelve years.

H. Compensated Absences - The Property Appraiser follows generally accepted accounting principles in accounting for accrued compensated absences. Since the annual and sick leave liability is considered long-term, it is recorded in the government-wide financial statements of the County. Compensated absences are expected to be paid by the Property Appraiser and this practice is expected to continue in the future. The Property Appraiser maintained compensated absence records for the hours earned, used and available. As of September 30, 2022, the balance of compensated absences is \$94,335.

I. Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. Risk Management - The Property Appraiser is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees and the public; or damage to property of others.

The Property Appraiser directly purchases insurance and participates in the risk management program through the County, which uses commercial insurance and a public entity risk pool to cover certain risks from loss.

K. Leases - The Property Appraiser has various leases for office equipment with remaining terms of one to five years at various monthly rates. The Property Appraiser reports leases as expenditures which totaled \$5,487 for the year ending September 30, 2022. Leases held by the Property Appraiser are reported as a right of use asset and lease liability in the government-wide financial statements of the County, in accordance with SGAS No. 87. The schedule below shows the annual interest expense and lease principal payments to maturity as of September 30, 2022:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Payment</u>
2023	5,104	383	5,487
2024	4,568	212	4,780
2025	4,099	67	4,166
	<u>\$ 13,772</u>	<u>\$ 662</u>	<u>\$ 14,433</u>

NOTE 3. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The Property Appraiser contributes to the Florida Retirement System ("System"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement. The System provides retirement, disability or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Florida Retirement System, 2639 North Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida, or by calling (850) 488-5706.

Funding Policy - The System is employee non-contributory through June 30, 2011. Effective July 1, 2011, employees are required to contribute 3% of their gross wages. The employer rates at September 30, 2022 were as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>July 1, 2022 - September 30, 2022</u>	<u>October 1, 2021 - June 30, 2022</u>
Regular Class	10.82%	11.91%
Special Risk Class	25.89%	27.83%
Special Risk Administrative Support	37.76%	38.65%
County Elected Officers Class	51.42%	57.00%
Senior Management Class	29.01%	31.57%
Deferred Retirement Option Program (Drop)	18.34%	18.60%

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Property Appraiser are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Property Appraiser's contributions to the System for the years ending September 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$217,839, \$188,259, and \$176,275 respectively equal to the required contributions for each year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
PROPERTY APPRAISER
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Charges for services				
General government				
County officer fees				
Suwannee River Water				
Management District	\$ 39,782	\$ 39,782	\$ 39,782	\$ -
Total charges for services	39,782	39,782	39,782	-
Miscellaneous				
Interest earnings	-	-	41	41
Other miscellaneous	-	-	808	808
Total miscellaneous	-	-	849	849
Total revenues	39,782	39,782	40,631	849
EXPENDITURES				
General government				
Financial and administrative				
Personnel services	1,509,786	1,591,818	1,513,076	78,742
Operating expenses	239,530	239,530	215,806	23,724
Non-operating expenses	54,643	54,643	-	54,643
Capital outlay	14,129	22,278	17,331	4,947
Total expenditures	1,818,088	1,908,269	1,746,213	162,056
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,778,306)	(1,868,487)	(1,705,582)	162,905
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers from Board of County Commissioners	1,778,306	1,868,487	1,705,582	(162,905)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance at beginning of year	-	-	-	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Property Appraiser, Jeff Hampton
Columbia County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the of the Columbia County, Florida Property Appraiser (the “Property Appraiser”), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Property Appraiser’s basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 15, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Property Appraiser’s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser’s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser’s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity’s financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

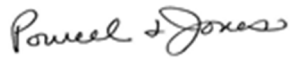
Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Property Appraiser’s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



POWELL & JONES
Certified Public Accountants
March 15, 2023

**MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550,
RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL**

Honorable Property Appraiser, Jeff Hampton
Columbia County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the Columbia County, Florida Property Appraiser (the "Property Appraiser"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated March 15, 2023.

We have issued our Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* dated March 15, 2023. Disclosures in that report should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida and require that certain items be addressed in this letter.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the prior year.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the current year.

FINANCIAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Financial Emergency Status – We have determined that the Property Appraiser did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*, that might result in a financial emergency.

Financial Condition Assessment – As required by the *Rules of the Auditor General* (Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8)), we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the entity's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information they provided.

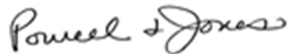
Our audit did not disclose any further items that would be required to be reported under the *Rules of the Auditor General*, Chapter 10.554(1)(f).

Financial Management – Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General* requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters - Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

CONCLUSION

We have reviewed information regarding our audit with the Property Appraiser and have provided him with appropriate documentation as requested. We very much enjoyed the challenges and experiences associated with this audit of the Office. We appreciate the overall high quality of the financial records and personnel in the Property Appraiser's Office. We also appreciate the helpful assistance and courtesy afforded us by these employees.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Powell & Jones".

POWELL & JONES
Certified Public Accountants
March 15, 2023

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

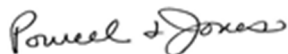
To The Property Appraiser, Jeff Hampton
Columbia County, Florida

We have examined the Columbia County, Florida Property Appraiser's (the "Property Appraiser") compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the Property Appraiser's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Property Appraiser's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Property Appraiser's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Property Appraiser's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Property Appraiser complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Columbia County, Florida Property Appraiser, and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Powell and Jones CPA
Lake City, FL
March 15, 2023

SHERIFF

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

SHERIFF

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

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COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

SHERIFF

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

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Powell and Jones CPA

1359 S.W. Main Blvd.
Lake City, FL 32025
Phone 386.755.4200
Fax 386.719.5504

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mark Hunter
The Sheriff of Columbia County, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying fund financial statements of the major funds and aggregate remaining fund information of the Columbia County, Florida Sheriff (the "Sheriff") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the major funds and aggregate remaining fund information of the Sheriff, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Sheriff and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes, and Rule 10.557(4)(a) of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits. As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Sheriff is part of the reporting for Columbia County, Florida. Accordingly, these financial statements are not a complete presentation of the reporting entity's basic financial statements.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Sheriff's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether these financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Sheriff's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historic context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the

information for consistency with management's response to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during the audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Sheriff's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements, the combining fiduciary financial statements, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements, the combining fiduciary financial statements, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 24, 2023, on our consideration of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Powell & Jones".

Powell and Jones CPA
Lake City Florida
February 24, 2023

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SHERIFF
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
BALANCE SHEET
September 30, 2022**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Construction Fund</u>	<u>Inmate Welfare Fund</u>	<u>Nonmajor Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Totals</u>
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash	\$ 1,604,085	\$ 2,054,083	\$ 1,005,265	\$ 109,603	\$ 4,773,036
Accounts receivable	20,775	-	-	-	20,775
Commissions receivable	-	-	39,868	-	39,868
Due from other funds	3,416	-	44,081	-	47,497
Due from other governmental units	69,657	-	-	3,175	72,832
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,697,933</u>	<u>\$ 2,054,083</u>	<u>\$ 1,089,214</u>	<u>\$ 112,778</u>	<u>\$ 4,954,008</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 79,073	\$ -	\$ 35,841	\$ 645	\$ 115,559
Accrued liabilities	951,609	-	-	-	951,609
Due to Board of County Commissioners	667,251	-	-	-	667,251
Total current liabilities	<u>1,697,933</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>35,841</u>	<u>645</u>	<u>1,734,419</u>
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted	-	2,054,083	1,053,373	112,133	3,219,589
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 1,697,933</u>	<u>\$ 2,054,083</u>	<u>\$ 1,089,214</u>	<u>\$ 112,778</u>	<u>\$ 4,954,008</u>

See notes to financial statements.

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SHERIFF
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Construction Fund</u>	<u>Inmate Welfare Fund</u>	<u>Nonmajor Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Totals</u>
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ 46,247	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 46,247
Charges for services	312,776	-	-	15,752	328,528
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	17,444	17,444
Miscellaneous	257,831	-	347,786	185	605,802
Total revenues	<u>616,854</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>347,786</u>	<u>33,381</u>	<u>998,021</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Current expenditures					
Public safety	16,944,111	-	138,831	21,413	17,104,355
Capital outlay					
Public safety	627,557	46,063	16,122	-	689,742
Total expenditures	<u>17,571,668</u>	<u>46,063</u>	<u>154,953</u>	<u>21,413</u>	<u>17,794,097</u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(16,954,814)</u>	<u>(46,063)</u>	<u>192,833</u>	<u>11,968</u>	<u>(16,796,076)</u>
Other Financing Sources/Uses					
Transfers from Board of County Commissioners	16,954,814	2,100,146	-	-	19,054,960
Net change in fund balances	-	2,054,083	192,833	11,968	2,258,884
Fund balances at beginning of year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>860,540</u>	<u>100,165</u>	<u>960,705</u>
Fund balances at end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,054,083</u>	<u>\$ 1,053,373</u>	<u>\$ 112,133</u>	<u>\$ 3,219,589</u>

See notes to financial statements

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SHERIFF
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
September 30, 2022**

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash	\$ 530,836
Total current assets	\$ 530,836
LIABILITIES	
Due to Board of County Commissioners	\$ 6,580
Due to other funds	47,497
Total liabilities	54,077
Total net position	476,759
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 530,836

See notes to financial statements.

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SHERIFF
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION**

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	
Funds held for others	\$ 702,370
Sheriff civil fees	114,178
Total additions	816,548
 DEDUCTIONS	
Funds held for others	724,652
Sheriff civil fees	114,178
Total deductions	838,830
 Change in net position	 (22,282)
Net position - beginning of year	499,041
Net position - end of year	\$ 476,759

See notes to financial statements.

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SHERIFF
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
September 30, 2022**

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity - The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units an Amendment of GASB Statement 14," establishes standards for defining the financial reporting entity. In developing these standards, the GASB assumed that all governmental organizations are responsible to elected officials at the federal, state, or local level. Financial reporting by a state or local government should report the elected officials' accountability for those organizations.

The Columbia County, Florida, Sheriff (the "Sheriff"), as established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida, is an elected official of the County. Although the Sheriff is operationally autonomous from the Board of County Commissioners, it does not hold sufficient corporate powers of its own to be considered a legally separate entity for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, the Sheriff is reported as a part of the primary government of Columbia County, Florida. The Sheriff's financial statements do not purport to reflect the financial position or the results of operations of Columbia County, Florida, taken as a whole.

The financial statements of the Sheriff are issued separately to comply with Section 10.557(4)(a), *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*, pursuant to Section 11.45(3), *Florida Statutes*.

B. Fund Accounting - Accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund entity, revenues and expenditures. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The funds and account group utilized by the Sheriff are as follows:

(i) Governmental Funds

General Fund - The General Fund of the Sheriff is used to account for all financial resources, which are generated from operations of the office or any other resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Construction Fund - The Construction Fund is used to account for proceeds from the Board of County Commissioners which are restricted to expenditures for the purpose of constructing a new building for the use of the Sheriff.

Inmate Welfare Fund - The Inmate Welfare Fund is used to account for proceeds restricted to the use of inmate care and welfare at locations managed by the Sheriff.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds – The Nonmajor Governmental Funds are all special revenue funds, used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. As of September 30, 2022, the Sheriff maintained the following nonmajor special revenue funds:

Minimum Standards School
Forfeiture
Work Program

(ii) **Fiduciary Funds**

Custodial Funds - Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the Sheriff as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The following Custodial Funds are maintained by the Sheriff:

Inmate Trust
Individual Depositors Trust
Evidence Trust
Donations Trust

C. Basis of Accounting - The "Basis of Accounting" refers to when revenues and expenditures, and the related assets and liabilities, are recognized in the accounting records and reported in the financial statements. The Sheriff currently maintains his accounting records for all funds on the cash basis. However, for financial statement purposes appropriate adjustments are made to report governmental and fiduciary fund types using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are generally recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Expenditures are reported when incurred with the exception of prepaid expenses and principal and interest on general long-term obligations.

D. Budget - Chapter 129, *Florida Statutes*, requires that budgets be adopted for all funds as may be required by law, sound financial practices, and generally accepted accounting principles and that budgets be adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Pursuant to this requirement, the County adopts an annual comprehensive appropriations budget.

In the budget comparisons included in these financial statements, both the amounts budgeted and the actual amounts reported are presented on the GAAP basis. Budgetary comparisons present the appropriated budget of the Sheriff.

E. Cash and Investments - Deposits are carried at cost which approximates market value. The carrying amount of deposits is separately displayed on the balance sheet as "Cash."

At September 30, 2022, the book balance of the Sheriff's deposits was \$5,303,296. The bank balances were \$5,543,226. These balances were covered by federal depository insurance and collateral held at various qualified public depositories. Chapter 280, *Florida Statutes*, defines the eligible collateral for these qualified public depositories.

The collateral for the Sheriff's deposits is categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Sheriff at year end. Category 1 includes deposits that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Sheriff or his agent in the Sheriff's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered deposits for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the Sheriff's name. Category 3 includes uninsured or unregistered deposits for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the Sheriff's name.

Bank Deposit Covered by	Category			Bank Balance
	1	2	3	
Eligible collateral	\$ -	\$4,796,716	\$ -	\$4,796,716
FDIC Insurance	506,580	-	-	506,580
Total deposits	<u>\$ 506,580</u>	<u>\$4,796,716</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$5,303,296</u>

F. Inventories - It is the policy of the Sheriff to record the acquisition of supplies as expenditures at the time of purchase. The amount of supplies on hand at any one time would be a nominal amount and considered to be immaterial.

G. Fixed Assets - Fixed assets used in governmental fund type operations are accounted for in the general fixed assets accounts. All fixed assets acquired by purchase are recorded at historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date donated.

H. Compensated Absences - The Sheriff follows generally accepted accounting principles in accounting for accrued compensated absences. Since the annual and sick leave liability is considered long-term, it is recorded in the government-wide financial statements of the County. Compensated absences are expected to be paid out of the General Fund of the Sheriff and this practice is expected to continue in the future. The Sheriff maintained compensated absence records for the hours earned, used and available as of September 30, 2022. The balance of compensated absences is \$1,277,766.

I. Leases - The Sheriff has various leases for various equipment with remaining terms of one to five years at various monthly rates. The Sheriff reports leases as expenditures which totaled \$44,814 for the year ending September 30, 2022. Leases held by the Sheriff are reported as a right of use asset and lease liability in the government-wide financial statements of the County, in accordance with SGAS No. 87. The schedule below shows the annual interest expense and lease principal payments to maturity as of September 30, 2022:

Year Ending September 30	Minimum Lease Payment
2023	\$ 45,921
2024	45,921
2025	22,651
2026	8,430
	<u>\$ 122,923</u>

J. Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

	Balance 10/01/2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance 09/30/2022
Equipment	<u>\$ 10,348,051</u>	<u>\$ 689,742</u>	<u>\$ (199,232)</u>	<u>\$ 10,838,561</u>

NOTE 3. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The Sheriff contributes to the Florida Retirement System ("System"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement. The System provides retirement, disability or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Florida Retirement System, 2639 North Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida, or by calling (850) 488-5706.

Funding Policy - The System was employee noncontributory through June 30, 2011. Effective July 1, 2011, employees are required to contribute 3% of their gross wages. The Sheriff is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rates from October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and from July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022, were as follows:

Class	October 1, 2021 - June 30, 2022	July 1, 2022 - September 30, 2022
Regular Class	10.82%	11.91%
Special Risk Class	25.89%	27.83%
Special Risk Administrative Support	37.76%	38.65%
County Elected Officers	51.42%	57.00%
Senior Management Class	29.01%	31.57%
Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)	18.34%	18.60%

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Sheriff are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Sheriff's contributions to the System for the years ending September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 were \$1,952,934, \$1,820,522, and \$1,799,231, respectively, which are equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 4. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the State and Federal governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Sheriff and Board of County Commissioners expect such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The Sheriff is a defendant in various pending or threatened litigation. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Sheriff's counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Sheriff.

NOTE 5. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Sheriff is exposed to risk or loss for claims and judgments for public liability, worker's compensation, and other special risks. Public liability and special risks are covered by commercial insurance policies which are accounted for in the Sheriff's general fund. The Sheriff bears no risk of loss under this type of coverage. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year. Insurance coverage has been sufficient to cover all claims made in the prior three fiscal years.

The Sheriff is a member of Florida Sheriffs' Self-Insurance Fund, which administers insurance activities relating to property and general liability; Florida Sheriffs' Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund, which administers workers' compensation insurance; and Sheriffs' Automobile Risk Program which administers automobile liability and physical damage insurance. Those funds and program absorb losses up to a specified amount annually and purchase excess coverage from third-party carriers. Each member is assessed his/her pro rata share of the estimated amount required to meet current year losses and operation expenses. Losses, if any, in excess of the fund or program ability to assess its members, would revert back to the member that incurred the loss.

The Sheriff is a member of the Florida Sheriffs' Multiple Employers Trust Consortium, which is a self-funded healthcare pool. The funds contributed in the form of premiums and that of the program absorb losses up to a specified amount annually and purchases excess coverage from third-party carriers. Each member is assessed his/her pro rata share of the estimated amount required to meet current year losses and operation expenses. Losses, if any, in excess of the fund or program ability to assess its members, would revert back to the member that incurred the loss.

The Sheriff utilizes a pooled, self-funded health plan to provide comprehensive medical benefits to the employees, retirees and their dependents. It is funded by contributions from the Sheriff and its employees. In compliance with *Florida Statute* Section 112.08, an actuarial review of the Plan demonstrates the current rate structure of the Plan plus the current net assets available for benefits appears adequate to support current outstanding claims as well as those projected claims and expenses for the next Plan year.

NOTE 6. UNEARNED REVENUE

The Sheriff reports unearned revenue, if applicable, on the combined balance sheet. Unearned revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the government before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

NOTE 7. FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As of September 30, 2022, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, charter requirements or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing body. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the governing body.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under current practices, the assignment of amounts for specific purposes is approved by the Sheriff.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Fund balances with restrictions are as follows at September 30, 2022:

	Classification					Total
	Nonspendable	Restricted	Committed	Assigned	Unassigned	
Special Revenue Funds						
Minimum Standards School	\$ -	\$ 19,436	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,436
Forfeiture	-	79,802	-	-	-	79,802
Inmate Welfare	-	1,053,373	-	-	-	1,053,373
Construction Fund	-	2,054,083	-	-	-	2,054,083
Work Program	-	12,895	-	-	-	12,895
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,219,589</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,219,589</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SHERIFF
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental revenue				
Federal grants				
US Department of Justice	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 46,247	\$ 46,247
Charges for Services				
Public safety				
Police services	-	-	312,776	312,776
Miscellaneous				
Interest	-	-	5,016	5,016
Other	-	-	252,815	252,815
Total revenue	-	-	616,854	616,854
EXPENDITURES				
Administration				
Personnel services	1,234,270	1,201,527	1,197,480	4,047
Operating expenses	219,000	274,525	274,010	515
Total administration	1,453,270	1,476,052	1,471,490	4,562
Road Patrol				
Personnel services	3,627,540	3,695,608	3,827,496	(131,888)
Operating expenses	626,800	711,900	711,185	715
Capital outlay	400,000	411,348	430,457	(19,109)
Total road patrol	4,654,340	4,818,856	4,969,138	(150,282)
Detective				
Personnel services	1,219,639	1,090,630	1,073,615	17,015
Operating expenses	126,300	156,900	149,328	7,572
Total detective	1,345,939	1,247,530	1,222,943	24,587
Civil				
Personnel services	413,853	430,601	428,872	1,729
Operating expenses	44,250	50,900	49,705	1,195
Total civil	458,103	481,501	478,577	2,924
Records Evidence				
Personnel services	355,748	399,648	398,902	746
Operating expenses	26,200	29,600	27,854	1,746
Total records evidence	\$ 381,948	\$ 429,248	\$ 426,756	\$ 2,492

(Continued)

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SHERIFF
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Communications				
Personnel services	\$ 52,553	\$ 53,503	\$ 53,056	\$ 447
Operating expenses	13,000	12,500	12,434	66
Total corrections	65,553	66,003	65,490	513
Corrections				
Personnel services	4,125,803	4,035,796	3,746,630	289,166
Operating expenses	1,181,500	1,348,650	1,333,464	15,186
Capital outlay	10,000	14,000	13,957	43
Total corrections	5,317,303	5,398,446	5,094,051	304,395
Sheriff Task Force				
Personnel services	424,354	405,906	477,933	(72,027)
Operating expenses	50,200	64,650	97,392	(32,742)
Total Sheriff Task Force	474,554	470,556	575,325	(104,769)
School Resources				
Personnel services	1,464,164	1,542,475	1,541,218	1,257
Operating expenses	145,000	134,800	133,760	1,040
Total community affairs	1,609,164	1,677,275	1,674,978	2,297
Bullet Proof Vest				
Operating expenses	-	-	4,800	(4,800)
Information Technology				
Operating expenses	261,500	281,475	280,691	784
Capital outlay	100,000	183,151	183,143	8
Total Information Technology	361,500	464,626	463,834	792
Community Services				
Personnel services	156,586	158,574	157,879	695
Operating expenses	42,850	53,110	52,357	753
Total Community services	199,436	211,684	210,236	1,448
Courts Judicial				
Personnel services	733,097	658,085	654,185	3,900
Operating expenses	67,000	63,350	60,618	2,732
Total court judicial	800,097	721,435	714,803	6,632

(Continued)

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SHERIFF
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Warrants				
Personnel services	\$ 150,852	\$ 155,352	\$ 154,907	\$ 445
Operating expenses	5,600	3,500	2,893	607
Total warrants	<u>156,452</u>	<u>158,852</u>	<u>157,800</u>	<u>1,052</u>
Crime Analyst Grant				
Personnel services	-	-	41,447	(41,447)
Total crime analyst grant	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>41,447</u>	<u>(41,447)</u>
Total expenditures	<u>17,277,659</u>	<u>17,622,064</u>	<u>17,571,668</u>	<u>50,396</u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(17,277,659)	(17,622,064)	(16,954,814)	667,250
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers from the Board of County Commissioners	17,277,659	17,622,064	16,954,814	(667,250)
Total other financing sources	<u>17,277,659</u>	<u>17,622,064</u>	<u>16,954,814</u>	<u>(667,250)</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance beginning of year	-	-	-	-
Fund balance end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

See notes to financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SHERIFF
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
September 30, 2022**

	Minimum Standards School	Forfeiture	Work Program	Totals
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash	\$ 20,081	\$ 76,627	\$ 12,895	\$ 109,603
Due from state	-	3,175	-	3,175
Total current assets	\$ 20,081	\$ 79,802	\$ 12,895	\$ 112,778
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 645	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 645
Total liabilities	645	-	-	645
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted	19,436	79,802	12,895	112,133
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 20,081	\$ 79,802	\$ 12,895	\$ 112,778

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SHERIFF
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENT FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022**

	Minimum Standards School	Forfeiture	Work Program	Totals
REVENUES				
Charges for services				
Public Safety				
Other public safety charges	\$ -	\$ 15,752	\$ -	\$ 15,752
Fines and forfeitures				
Court cases				
Confiscated property and restitution	-	6,888	-	6,888
Law enforcement education	10,556	-	-	10,556
Total fines and forfeitures	10,556	6,888	-	17,444
Miscellaneous				
Interest	37	146	2	185
Total miscellaneous	37	146	2	185
Total revenues	10,593	22,786	2	33,381

(Continued)

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SHERIFF
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022**

	Minimum Standards School	Forfeiture	Work Program	Totals
EXPENDITURES				
Public Safety				
Law enforcement				
Operating expenses	\$ 10,313	\$ 11,100	\$ -	\$ 21,413
Total law enforcement	10,313	11,100	-	21,413
Total expenditures	10,313	11,100	-	21,413
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	280	11,686	2	11,968
Net change in fund balances	280	11,686	2	11,968
Fund balances beginning of year	19,156	68,116	12,893	100,165
Fund balances end of year	\$ 19,436	\$ 79,802	\$ 12,895	\$ 112,133

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SHERIFF
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022**

	<u>Inmate Trust</u>	<u>Individual Depositors</u>	<u>Evidence Trust</u>	<u>Donations Trust</u>	<u>Total Custodial Funds</u>
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash	\$ 380,856	\$ 6,580	\$ 130,229	\$ 13,171	\$ 530,836
Total current assets	<u>\$ 380,856</u>	<u>\$ 6,580</u>	<u>\$ 130,229</u>	<u>\$ 13,171</u>	<u>\$ 530,836</u>
LIABILITIES					
Due to Board of County Commissioners	\$ -	\$ 6,580	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,580
Due to other funds	47,497	-	-	-	47,497
Total liabilities	<u>47,497</u>	<u>6,580</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>54,077</u>
Total net position	<u>333,359</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>130,229</u>	<u>13,171</u>	<u>476,759</u>
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$ 380,856</u>	<u>\$ 6,580</u>	<u>\$ 130,229</u>	<u>\$ 13,171</u>	<u>\$ 530,836</u>

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SHERIFF
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Inmate Trust	Individual Depositors	Evidence Trust	Donations Trust	Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS					
Funds held for others	\$ 610,601	\$ -	\$ 54,328	\$ 37,441	\$ 702,371
Sheriff civil fees	-	114,178	-	-	114,178
Total additions	610,601	114,178	54,328	37,441	816,549
DEDUCTIONS					
Funds held for others	625,819	-	61,490	37,344	724,652
Sheriff civil fees	-	114,178	-	-	114,178
Total deductions	625,819	114,178	61,490	37,344	838,830
Change in net position	(15,218)	-	(7,161)	98	(22,281)
Net position - beginning of year	348,577	-	137,391	13,073	499,041
Net position - end of year	<u>\$ 333,359</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 130,229</u>	<u>\$ 13,171</u>	<u>\$ 476,759</u>

See notes to financial statements.

COMPLIANCE SECTION

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SHERIFF
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022**

Federal and State Grantor/Pass Through Grantor Program Title	CFDA#	GRANT #	PROGRAM OR AWARD AMOUNT	REPORTED IN PRIOR YEARS	(ACCRUED) / UNEARNED IN PRIOR YEAR	REVENUES RECOGNIZED	EXPENDITURES	ACCRUED / (UNEARNED) 9/30/2022
FEDERAL AWARDS								
<i>U.S. Department of Justice</i>								
<i>Bureau of Justice Assistance/Office of Criminal Justice Grants</i>								
Bulletproof Vest Grant	16.607	FY2020	\$ 5,780	\$ 2,100	\$ -	\$ 3,680	\$ 3,680	\$ -
Bulletproof Vest Grant	16.607	FY2021	6,300	-	-	1,119	1,119	-
Total U.S. Department of Justice			<u>12,080</u>	<u>2,100</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,799</u>	<u>4,799</u>	<u>-</u>
<i>U.S. Department of Homeland Security</i>								
<i>passed through State of Florida Division of Emergency Management</i>								
Homeland Security Grant Program - Crime Analyst Grant	97.067	R0288	58,000	31,994	7,100	7,100	7,100	-
Homeland Security Grant Program - Crime Analyst Grant	97.067	R0298	58,000	-	-	34,347	34,347	12,973
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			<u>116,000</u>	<u>31,994</u>	<u>7,100</u>	<u>41,447</u>	<u>41,447</u>	<u>12,973</u>
Total Federal Awards			<u>\$ 128,080</u>	<u>\$ 34,094</u>	<u>\$ 7,100</u>	<u>\$ 46,246</u>	<u>\$ 46,246</u>	<u>\$ 12,973</u>

See notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SHERIFF**

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies and presentation of the financial statements of the Columbia County, Florida Sheriff (the "Sheriff") have been designed to conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units, including the reporting and compliance requirements of the Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and Office of Management and Budget *Uniform Guidance*.

A. Reporting Entity

The Sheriff, as established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida, is an elected official of the County. Although the Sheriff's Office is operationally autonomous from the Board of County Commissioners, it does not hold sufficient corporate powers of its own to be considered a legally separate entity for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, the Sheriff is reported as a part of the primary government of Columbia County, Florida. The Sheriff's financial statements do not purport to reflect the financial position or the results of operations of Columbia County, Florida, taken as a whole.

These financial statements of the Sheriff are issued separately to comply with Section 10.557(4), *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*, pursuant to Section 11.45(3), *Florida Statutes*.

B. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting related to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Sheriff considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mark Hunter
The Sheriff of Columbia County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Columbia County, Florida Sheriff (the “Sheriff”) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff’s financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 24, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Sheriff’s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff’s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff’s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity’s financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Sheriff’s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Powell & Jones".

Powell and Jones CPA
Lake City, Florida
February 24, 2023

**MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550,
RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL**

To the Honorable Mark Hunter
The Sheriff of Columbia County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the Columbia County Sheriff, Florida (the "Sheriff"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated February 24, 2023.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General*.

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in this report which is dated February 24, 2023 should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with the Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida. The Letter includes the following information, which is not included in the aforementioned auditor's reports or schedule:

Section 10.554(l)(i)l., Rules of the Auditor General, require that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no prior findings or recommendations.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the prior year.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the current year.

AUDITOR GENERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Financial Emergency Status – We determined that the Sheriff had not met any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*, that might result in a financial emergency.

Financial Condition Assessment – As required by the *Rules of the Auditor General* (Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8)), we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the entity's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information they provided.

Our audit did not disclose any further items that would be required to be reported under the *Rules of the Auditor General*, Chapter 10.554(1)(f).

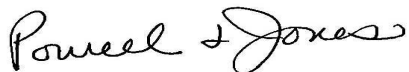
Financial Management – Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters – Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Our audit did not disclose any further items that would be required to be reported under the *Rules of the Auditor General*, Chapter 10.550.

CONCLUSION

We have reviewed information regarding our audit with the Sheriff and have provided him with appropriate documentation as requested. We very much enjoyed the challenges and experiences associated with this audit of the Sheriff. We appreciate the overall high quality of the financial records and personnel of the Sheriff. We also appreciate the helpful assistance, professionalism and courtesy afforded us by these employees.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Powell & Jones".

Powell and Jones CPA
Lake City, Florida
February 24, 2023

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

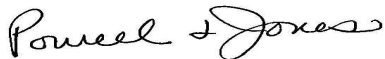
To the Honorable Mark Hunter
The Sheriff of Columbia County, Florida

We have examined the Columbia County, Florida Sheriff's (the "Sheriff") compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the Sheriff's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Sheriff's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Sheriff's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Sheriff's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Sheriff, and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Powell and Jones CPA
Lake City, Florida
February 24, 2023

SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022
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Powell and Jones CPA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Tomi S. Brown, Supervisor of Elections
Columbia County, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the major fund of Columbia County, Florida Supervisor of Election (the "Supervisor of Election"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Supervisor of Election's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the major fund of the Supervisor of Election, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Supervisor of Election and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(8), Florida Statutes, and Rule 10.557(5) of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General - Local Governmental Entity Audits*. As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Supervisor of Election is part of the reporting for Columbia County, Florida. Accordingly, these financial statements are not a complete presentation of the reporting entity's basic financial statements.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Supervisor of Election's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the

financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Election's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Supervisor of Election's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance

on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 11, 2023, on our consideration of the Supervisor of Election's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia County Supervisor of Election's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in Columbia County Supervisor of Election's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Powell & Jones".

Powell and Jones CPA
Lake City, FL
April 11, 2023

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
GENERAL FUND
BALANCE SHEET
September 30, 2022**

	General Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash	\$ 73,369
Due from other governmental units	8,411
Total assets	\$ 81,780
 LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accrued payroll liabilities	17,136
Due to other funds	64,644
Total liabilities	81,780
FUND BALANCE	
Restricted	-
Total fund balances	-
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 81,780

See notes to financial statements.

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022**

REVENUES	
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 108,718
Interest income	33
Miscellaneous	19,005
Total revenues	<u>127,756</u>
EXPENDITURES	
Current expenditures	
General government	
Personnel services	726,779
Operating expenses	469,026
Capital outlay	6,894
Debt service	
Principal	24,828
Interest	6,428
Total expenditures	<u>1,233,955</u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(1,106,199)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Interfund transfers from Board of County Commissioners	1,170,843
Interfund transfers to the Board of County Commissioners	(64,644)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>1,106,199</u>
Net change in fund balances	-
Fund balance beginning of year	-
Fund balance end of year	<u>\$ -</u>

See notes to financial statements.

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
September 30, 2022**

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies of the Columbia County Supervisor of Elections (Supervisor of Elections).

A. Reporting Entity - The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units an Amendment of GASB Statement 14," establishes standards for defining the financial reporting entity. In developing these standards, the GASB assumed that all governmental organizations are responsible to elected officials at the federal, state, or local level. Financial reporting by a state or local government should report the elected officials' accountability for those organizations.

The Supervisor of Elections, as established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida, is an elected official of the County. Although the Supervisor of Elections' Office is operationally autonomous from the Board of County Commissioners, it does not hold sufficient corporate powers of its own to be considered a legally separate entity for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, the Supervisor of Elections is reported as a part of the primary government of Columbia County, Florida. The Supervisor of Elections' financial statements do not purport to reflect the financial position or the results of operations of Columbia County, Florida, taken as a whole.

The financial statements of the Supervisor of Elections are issued separately to comply with Section 10.557(4), *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*, pursuant to Section 11.45(3), *Florida Statutes*.

B. Fund Accounting - Accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund entity, revenues and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The funds utilized by the Supervisor of Elections are as follows:

(i) **Governmental Fund**

General Fund - The General Fund of the Supervisor of Elections is used to account for all financial resources, which are generated from operations of the office or any other resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

C. Basis of Accounting - "Basis of Accounting" refers to when revenues and expenditures and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounting records and reported in the financial statements. The Supervisor of Elections currently maintains accounting records for all funds on the cash basis. However, for financial statement purposes appropriate adjustments are made to report governmental and fiduciary fund types using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are generally recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Expenditures are reported when incurred with the exception of prepaid expenses and principal and interest on general long-term obligations.

The Supervisor of Elections reports unearned revenue, if applicable, on its combined balance sheet. Unearned revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the “measurable” and “available” criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the government before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

D. Budget - Chapter 129, *Florida Statutes*, requires that budgets be adopted for all funds as may be required by law, sound financial practices, and generally accepted accounting principles and that budgets be adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Pursuant to this requirement, the County adopts an annual comprehensive appropriations budget, which includes the operating budget of the Supervisor of Elections.

In the budget comparisons included in these financial statements, both the amounts budgeted and the actual amounts reported are presented on the GAAP basis. Budgetary comparisons present the appropriated budget of the Supervisor of Elections.

E. Cash and Investments - Deposits are carried at cost which approximates market value. The carrying amount of deposits is separately displayed on the balance sheet as "Cash." At September 30, 2022, the book balance of the Supervisor of Elections' deposits was \$73,369. The total balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

F. Inventories - It is the policy of the Supervisor of Elections to record the acquisition of supplies as expenditures at the time of purchase. The amount of supplies on hand at any one time would be a nominal amount and considered to be immaterial.

G. Capital Assets - Capital assets used in governmental fund type operations are accounted for in the Board of County Commissioners' general fixed assets accounts. All fixed assets acquired by purchase are recorded at historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date donated. Equipment of the Board is depreciated using the straight-line method over useful lives of three to twelve years.

H. Compensated Absences - The Supervisor of Elections follows generally accepted accounting principles in accounting for accrued compensated absences. Since the annual and sick leave liability is considered long-term, it is recorded in the government-wide financial statements of the County. Compensated absences are expected to be paid out of the Supervisor of Elections and this practice is expected to continue in the future. The Supervisor of Elections maintained compensated absence records for the hours earned, used and available. As of September 30, 2022, the balance of compensated absences is \$24,554.

I. Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. Risk Management - The Supervisor of Elections is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction to property of others. The Supervisor of Elections directly purchases insurance and participates in the risk management program through the Columbia County Board of County Commissioners which uses commercial insurance and a public entity risk pool to cover certain risks from loss.

NOTE 2. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The Supervisor of Elections contributes to the Florida Retirement System ("System"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement. The System provides retirement, disability or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Florida Retirement System, 2639 North Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida, or by calling (850) 488-5706.

Funding Policy - The System was employee non-contributory through June 30, 2011. Effective July 1, 2011, employees must contribute 3% of their gross wages. The Supervisor of Elections is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rates for the year ended September 30, 2022, were as follows:

Class	October 1, 2021 - June 30, 2022	July 1, 2022 - September 2022
Regular Class	10.82%	11.91%
Special Risk Class	25.89%	27.83%
Special Risk Class Administrative Support	37.76%	38.65%
County Elected Officers	51.42%	57.00%
Senior Management class	29.01%	31.57%
Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)	18.34%	18.60%

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Supervisor of Elections are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Supervisor of Elections' contributions to the System for the years ending September 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$102,437, \$82,790, and \$86,497, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 3. OPERATING LEASE PAYABLE

The Supervisor of Elections has various leases for office equipment with remaining terms of one to five years at various monthly rates. The Supervisor of Elections reports leases as expenditures which totaled \$31,256 for the year ending September 30, 2022. Long term leases were reported as debt service principal and interest of \$24,828 and \$6,428 in the governmental fund financial statements as of September 30, 2022. Leases held by the Supervisor of Elections are reported as a right of use asset and lease liability in the government-wide financial statements of the County, in accordance with SGAS No. 87. The schedule below shows the annual interest expense and lease principal payments to maturity as of September 30, 2022:

Year Ending	Payment	Interest	Principal
2023	\$ 31,253	\$ 4,749	\$ 26,505
2024	30,045	2,960	27,085
2025	24,004	1,286	22,718
2026	7,690	267	7,423
	\$ 92,993	\$ 9,262	\$ 83,731

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 108,718	\$ 108,718
Interest Income	-	-	33	33
Miscellaneous	-	-	19,005	19,005
Total revenues	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>127,756</u>	<u>127,756</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current expenditures				
General government				
Personnel services	708,628	708,628	726,779	(18,151)
Operating expenses	421,219	421,219	469,026	(47,807)
Capital outlay	-	-	6,894	(6,894)
Debt service				
Principal	-	-	24,828	(24,828)
Interest	-	-	6,428	(6,428)
Total expenditures	<u>1,129,847</u>	<u>1,129,847</u>	<u>1,233,955</u>	<u>(104,108)</u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(1,129,847)</u>	<u>(1,129,847)</u>	<u>(1,106,199)</u>	<u>23,648</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Interfund transfers from Board of County Commissioners	1,129,847	1,129,847	1,170,843	40,996
Interfund transfers to the Board of County Commissioners	-	-	(64,644)	(64,644)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>1,129,847</u>	<u>1,129,847</u>	<u>1,106,199</u>	<u>(23,648)</u>
Net change in fund balances	-	-	-	-
Fund balance beginning of year	-	-	-	-
Fund balance end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

See notes to financial statements.

COMPLIANCE SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To Tomi S. Brown, Supervisor of Elections
Columbia County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental fund of the Columbia County, Florida Supervisor of Elections (the “Supervisor of Elections”), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Supervisor of Elections’ basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 11, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Supervisor of Elections’ internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia County Supervisor of Election’s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections’ internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity’s financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Supervisor of Elections’ financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Powell & Jones".**Powell and Jones CPA**

Lake City, FL

April 11, 2023

**MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550,
RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL**

Honorable Tomi S. Brown, Supervisor of Elections
Columbia County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the Columbia County, Florida Supervisor of Elections (the "Supervisor of Elections"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated April 11, 2023.

We have issued our Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* dated April 11, 2023. Disclosures in that report should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida and require that certain items be addressed in this letter.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the prior year.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

There were no findings in the current year.

FINANCIAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Financial Emergency Status – We have determined that the Supervisor of Elections did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*, that might result in a financial emergency.

Financial Condition Assessment – As required by the *Rules of the Auditor General* (Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8)), we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the entity's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information they provided.

Our audit did not disclose any further items that would be required to be reported under the *Rules of the Auditor General*, Chapter 10.554(1)(f).

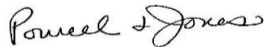
Financial Management – Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General* requires that we

communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters - Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

CONCLUSION

We have reviewed information regarding our audit with the Supervisor of Elections and have provided him with appropriate documentation as requested. We very much enjoyed the challenges and experiences associated with this audit of the Office. We appreciate the overall high quality of the financial records and personnel in the Supervisor of Elections' Office. We also appreciate the helpful assistance and courtesy afforded us by these employees.



Powell and Jones CPA
Lake City, FL
April 11, 2023

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

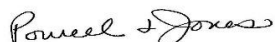
To the Honorable Tomi S. Brown, Supervisor of Elections
Columbia County, Florida

We have examined the Columbia County, Florida Supervisor of Elections' (the "Supervisor of Elections") compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the Supervisor's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Supervisor's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Supervisor of Elections compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Supervisor of Elections compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Supervisor of Elections complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Columbia County, Florida Supervisor of Elections, and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Powell and Jones CPA
Lake City, FL
April 11, 2023

TAX COLLECTOR

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

TAX COLLECTOR

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

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Powell and Jones CPA

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Lake City, FL 32025
Phone 386.755.4200
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Kyle Keen
Tax Collector of Columbia County, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the major fund and aggregate remaining fund information of Columbia County Tax Collector, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Columbia County Tax Collector's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Columbia County Tax Collector, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Columbia County Tax Collector and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(8), Florida Statutes, and Rule 10.557(5) of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits*. As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Tax Collector is part of the reporting for Columbia County, Florida. Accordingly, these financial statements are not a complete presentation of the reporting entity's basic financial statements.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Columbia County Tax Collector's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial

statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia County Tax Collector's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Columbia County Tax Collector's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance

on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Columbia County Tax Collector's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 7th, 2023, on our consideration of Columbia County Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia County Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in Columbia County Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Powell & Jones".

Powell and Jones CPA
February 7, 2023

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
TAX COLLECTOR
GOVERNMENTAL FUND
BALANCE SHEET
September 30, 2022**

	<u>General Fund</u>
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash	\$ 254,209
Due from other funds	<u> 38,038</u>
Total assets	<u><u> \$ 292,247</u></u>
 LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Due to Board of County Commissioners	\$ 242,357
Accrued payroll deductions and matching	<u> 49,890</u>
Total liabilities	<u><u> \$ 292,247</u></u>

See notes to financial statements.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
TAX COLLECTOR
GOVERNMENTAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

REVENUES	<u>General Fund</u>
Charges for services	
County Officer commissions and fees:	
Professional and occupational licenses	\$ 16,821
Motor vehicle fees	392,573
Drivers license fees	201,922
Concealed weapons fee	21,656
Other licenses and permits	4,352
State commissions	1,530
County commissions	911,297
Tax commissions	
Suwannee Water Management	
District	23,108
Delinquent tax commissions	181,071
Special assessment commissions	239,162
Special assessment administrative fees	132,205
Total charges for services	<u>2,125,697</u>
Miscellaneous	
Interest earnings	1,352
BCC grant	135,000
Other miscellaneous	2,644
Total miscellaneous	<u>138,996</u>
Total revenues	<u>2,264,693</u>
EXPENDITURES	
General government	
Personnel services	1,685,249
Operating expenses	337,087
Total expenditures	<u>2,022,336</u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	242,357
Other financing sources	
Transfers to Board of County Commissioners	(242,357)
Fund balance at beginning of year	-
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$ -</u>

See notes to financial statements.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
TAX COLLECTOR
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
September 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 1,742,617
Accounts receivable	684
Total assets	\$ 1,743,301
 LIABILITIES	
Due to other funds	\$ 38,038
Due to other governmental units	1,499,693
Total liabilities	1,537,731
 NET POSITION	\$ 205,570

See notes to financial statements.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

TAX COLLECTOR

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	
Funds held for others	\$ 4,524,130
Property Taxes collected for other governments	63,182,701
Tax Collector licenses and fees	7,673,502
Total additions	75,380,333
DEDUCTIONS	
Funds held for others	4,598,550
Taxes and fees payable	63,182,701
Licenses and fees	7,673,502
Total deductions	75,454,753
Change in net position	(74,420)
Restricted net position - beginning of year	279,990
Restricted net position - end of year	\$ 205,570

See notes to financial statements.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

TAX COLLECTOR

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2022

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies of the Columbia County Tax Collector (Tax Collector).

A. Reporting Entity - The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units an Amendment of GASB Statement 14," establishes standards for defining the financial reporting entity. In developing these standards, the GASB assumed that all governmental organizations are responsible to elected officials at the federal, state, or local level. Financial reporting by a state or local government should report the elected officials' accountability for those organizations.

The Tax Collector, as established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida, is an elected official of the County. Although the Tax Collector's Office is operationally autonomous from the Board of County Commissioners, it does not hold sufficient corporate powers of its own to be considered a legally separate entity for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, the Tax Collector is reported as a part of the primary government of Columbia County, Florida. The Tax Collector's financial statements do not purport to reflect the financial position or the results of operations of Columbia County, Florida, taken as a whole.

The financial statements of the Tax Collector are issued separately to comply with Section 10.557(4), *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*, pursuant to Section 11.45(3), *Florida Statutes*.

B. Fund Accounting - Accounts are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund entity, revenues and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The funds and account group utilized by the Tax Collector are as follows:

(i) **Governmental Fund**

General Fund - The General Fund of the Tax Collector is used to account for all financial resources, which are generated from operations of the office or any other resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

(ii) **Fiduciary Funds**

Custodial Funds - Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the Tax Collector as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The following Custodial Funds are maintained by the Tax

Collector:

Ad Valorem Tax Fund
Tag Fund

C. Basis of Accounting - The "Basis of Accounting" refers to when revenues and expenditures and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounting records and reported in the financial statements. The Tax Collector currently maintains his accounting records for all funds on the cash basis. However, for financial statement purposes appropriate adjustments are made to report governmental and fiduciary fund types using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are generally recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Expenditures are reported when incurred with the exception of prepaid expenses and principal and interest on general long-term obligations. Encumbrance accounting is not utilized by the Tax Collector.

D. Budget - Chapter 129, *Florida Statutes*, requires that budgets be adopted for all funds as may be required by law, sound financial practices, and generally accepted accounting principles and that budgets be adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Pursuant to this requirement, the County adopts an annual comprehensive appropriated budget, which includes its funding of the operations of the Tax Collector. The operating budget of the Tax Collector is approved by the Florida Department of Revenue.

In the budget comparisons included in these financial statements, both the amounts budgeted and the actual amounts reported are presented on the GAAP basis. Budgetary comparisons present the appropriated budget of the Tax Collector, as amended during the year.

E. Cash - Deposits are carried at cost which approximates market value. The carrying amount of deposits is separately displayed on the balance sheet as "Cash". At September 30, 2022, the book balance of the Tax Collector's cash was \$1,996,305. The total bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance and pledged collateral.

The collateral for the Tax Collector's deposits is categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Tax Collector at year end. Category 1 includes deposits that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Tax Collector or his agent in the Tax Collector's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered deposits for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the Tax Collector's name. Category 3 includes uninsured or unregistered deposits for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the Tax Collector's name. At year end, all of the Tax Collector's deposits were in Category 1.

F. Inventories - It is the policy of the Tax Collector to record the acquisition of supplies as expenditures at the time of purchase. The amount of supplies on hand at any one time would be a nominal amount and considered to be immaterial.

G. Fixed Assets - Fixed assets used in governmental fund type operations are accounted for in the General Fixed Assets Accounts. All fixed assets acquired by purchase are recorded at historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date donated. Depreciation has been provided on the County's equipment on the straight-line basis over three to twelve years. Assets purchased by the Tax Collector are reported in the Board of County Commissioners' General Fixed Assets Accounts.

H. Compensated Absences - The Tax Collector follows generally accepted accounting principles in accounting for accrued compensated absences. Since the annual and sick leave liability is considered long-term, it is recorded in the government-wide financial statements of the County. Compensated absences are expected to be paid out of Tax Collector and this practice is expected to continue in the future. The Tax Collector maintained compensated absence records for the hours earned, used and available. As of September 30, 2022, the balance of compensated absences is \$225,297.

I. Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. Risk Management - The Tax Collector is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees and the public; or damage to property of others. The Tax Collector directly purchases insurance and participates in the risk management program through the Columbia County Board of County Commissioners which uses commercial insurance and a public entity risk pool to cover certain risks from loss.

K. Restricted Net Position - In the accompanying statement of net position, restricted net position, if any, is subject to restrictions beyond the Tax Collector's control. The restriction is either externally imposed (for instance, by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws/regulations of other governments) or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The entire balance of restricted net position reflects amounts held for individuals.

L. Leases - The Tax Collector has various leases for office equipment with remaining terms of one to five years at various monthly rates. The Tax Collector reports leases as expenditures which totaled \$9,693 for the year ending September 30, 2022. Leases held by the Tax Collector are reported as a right of use asset and lease liability in the government-wide financial statements of the County, in accordance with SGAS No. 87. The schedule below shows the annual interest expense and lease principal payments to maturity as of September 30, 2022:

Year	Payment	Interest	Principal
2022	\$ 9,693	\$ 989	\$ 8,704
2023	9,693	562	9,132
2024	4,725	204	4,521
2025	3,068	94	2,975
2026	1,279	10	1,268
	\$ 28,459	\$ 1,859	\$ 26,599

NOTE 2. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The Tax Collector contributes to the Florida Retirement System ("System"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement. The System provides retirement, disability or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the

Florida Retirement System, 2639 North Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida, or by calling (850) 488-5706.

Funding Policy - The System is employee noncontributory through June 30, 2011. Effective July 1, 2011, employees are required to contribute 3% of their gross wages. The Tax Collector is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rates from October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and from July 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022, were as follows:

Class	July 1, 2022 - September 30, 2022	October 1, 2021 - June 30, 2022
Regular Class	10.82%	11.91%
Special Risk Class	25.89%	27.83%
Special Risk Administrative Support	37.76%	38.65%
County Elected Officers Class	51.42%	57.00%
Senior Management Class	29.01%	31.57%
Deferred Retirement Option Program (Drop)	18.34%	18.60%

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Tax Collector are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Tax Collector's contributions to the System for the years ending September 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$247,513, \$213,460, and \$145,792, equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Balances at September 30, 2022, were:

	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
General Fund	\$ 38,038	\$ -
Ad Valorem Tax Fund	-	38,038
	\$ 38,038	\$ 38,038

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
TAX COLLECTOR
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022**

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Charges for services				
County Officer commissions and fees				
Professional and occupational licenses	\$ 17,000	\$ 17,000	\$ 16,821	\$ (179)
Motor vehicle fees	370,000	370,000	392,573	22,573
Drivers license fees	165,000	165,000	201,922	36,922
Concealed weapons fee	29,000	29,000	21,656	(7,344)
Other licenses and permits	4,900	4,900	4,352	(548)
State commissions	1,560	1,560	1,530	(30)
County commissions	905,000	905,000	911,297	-
Tax commissions				
Suwannee Water Management District				
District	20,000	20,000	23,108	-
Delinquent tax commissions	115,000	115,000	181,071	66,071
Special assessment commissions	187,000	187,000	239,162	52,162
Special assessment administrative fees	166,000	166,000	132,205	(33,795)
Total charges for services	1,980,460	1,980,460	2,125,697	135,832
Miscellaneous				
Interest earnings	-	-	1,352	1,352
BCC grant	-	-	135,000	135,000
Other miscellaneous	-	-	2,644	2,644
Total miscellaneous	-	-	138,996	138,996
Total revenues	1,980,460	1,980,460	2,264,693	274,828
EXPENDITURES				
General government				
Personnel services	1,694,594	1,768,064	1,685,249	82,815
Operating expenses	283,356	283,356	337,087	(53,731)
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	1,977,950	2,051,420	2,022,336	29,084
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	2,510	(70,960)	242,357	313,317
Other financing sources				
Transfers to Board of County Commissioners	(2,510)	70,960	(242,357)	(313,317)
Fund balance at beginning of year	-	-	-	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

See notes to financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**COLUMBIA COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR
CUSTODIAL FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION**

September 30, 2022

	<u>Tag Fund</u>	<u>Ad Valorem Tax Fund</u>	<u>Totals</u>
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 86,462	\$ 1,656,155	\$ 1,742,617
Accounts receivable	<u>684</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>684</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 87,146</u>	<u>\$ 1,656,155</u>	<u>\$ 1,743,301</u>
LIABILITIES			
Due to other funds	\$ -	\$ 38,038	\$ 38,038
Due to other governmental units	<u>71,559</u>	<u>1,428,134</u>	<u>1,499,693</u>
Total liabilities	<u>71,559</u>	<u>1,466,172</u>	<u>1,537,731</u>
NET POSITION	<u>\$ 15,587</u>	<u>\$ 189,983</u>	<u>\$ 205,570</u>

See notes to financial statements.

**COLUMBIA COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR
CUSTODIAL FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022**

	Tag Fund	Ad Valorem Tax Fund	Totals
ADDITIONS			
Funds held for others	\$ 243,957	\$ 4,280,173	\$ 4,524,130
Property Taxes collected for other governments	-	63,182,701	63,182,701
Tax Collector licenses and fees	7,673,502	-	7,673,502
Total additions	7,917,459	67,462,874	75,380,333
DEDUCTIONS			
Funds held for others	246,821	4,351,729	4,598,550
Taxes and fees payable	-	63,182,701	63,182,701
Licenses and fees	7,673,502	-	7,673,502
Total deductions	7,920,323	67,534,430	75,454,753
Change in net position	(2,864)	(71,556)	(74,420)
Restricted net position - beginning of year	18,451	261,539	279,990
Restricted net position - end of year	\$ 15,587	\$ 189,983	\$ 205,570

See notes to financial statements.

COMPLIANCE SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Kyle Keen
Tax Collector of Columbia County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Columbia County Tax Collector, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Columbia County Tax Collector’s basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 7, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Columbia County Tax Collector’s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Columbia County Tax Collector’s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia County Tax Collector’s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity’s financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Columbia County Tax Collector’s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Powell & Jones".

Powell and Jones CPA
February 7, 2023

**MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550,
RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL**

Honorable Tax Collector
Columbia County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the Columbia County Tax Collector, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated February 7, 2023.

We have issued our Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* dated February 7, 2023. Disclosures in that report, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Additionally our audit was conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida and require that the following be addressed in this letter.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the prior year.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings during the current year.

FINANCIAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Financial Emergency Status – We have determined that the Tax Collector did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*, that might result in a financial emergency.

Financial Condition Assessment – As required by the *Rules of the Auditor General* (Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8)), we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management’s responsibility to monitor the entity’s financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information they provided.

Our audit did not disclose any further items that would be required to be reported under the *Rules of the Auditor General*, Chapter 10.554(1)(f).

Financial Management – Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General* requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters – Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

CONCLUSION

We have reviewed information regarding our audit with the Tax Collector and have provided him with appropriate documentation as requested. We very much enjoyed the challenges and experiences associated with our audit of the Tax Collector. We appreciate the helpful assistance of the Tax Collector Staff in completing our audit and also the generally high quality of the Tax Collector's financial records and internal controls. We also appreciate the helpful assistance and courtesy afforded us by these employees.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Powell & Jones".

Powell and Jones CPA
February 7, 2023

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

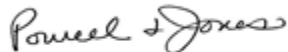
To The Tax Collector
Columbia County, Florida

We have examined the Columbia County, Florida's Tax Collector's (the Tax Collector) compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the Tax Collector's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Tax Collector's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Tax Collector's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Tax Collector's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Tax Collector complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Columbia County, Florida, the Tax Collector and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Powell and Jones CPA
February 7, 2023