GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA TABLE OF CONTENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Independent Auditors' Report	3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	1
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	2
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements)
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	1
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position 1	
)
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	_
Balances – Governmental Funds	0
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	7
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	/
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	8
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	
Notes to Financial Statements	/
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	^
General Fund	
Coronavirus Recovery Fund	
EMS	
Solid Waste	
Capital Projects	
Clerk Fines and Forfeitures	
Note to Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual 4	
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	0
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability – FRS/HIS	-/
Schedule of Contributions – FRS/HIS	8
C	
Supplemental Information	
Combining Balance Sheet – Board and Officer General Funds	U
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Board and Officer General Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	3
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	5
Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	6
Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	7
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance	9
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance	0

Other Reports and Schedule	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	63
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rul	d
of the Auditor General64 -	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards67 -	. 68
Independent Auditors, Management Letter Required by Chapter 10.550,	
Rules of the State of Florida Office of the Auditor General69 -	. 71
Independent Accountants' Examination Report	. 72
Impact Fee Affidavit	. 73
Summary of Prior Audit Findings	
Management's Response to Current Year Findings	



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners, Gilchrist County, Florida:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Gilchrist County, Florida (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and Section 215.97, Florida Statutes, *Florida Single Audit Act*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 18, 2023, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James Maore : Co., P.L.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023

Gilchrist County, Florida's (the "County") discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the County's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the County's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the County's financial statements which follow this discussion.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2022, by \$34,044,594 (net position). Of this amount unrestricted net position amounted to \$9,567,383 due to the County recording its proportionate share of the Florida Retirement System's net pension liability of \$14,640,714.
- The County's long-term debt obligations decreased by \$301,319 due to regular scheduled loan payments. Additional debt issuance for \$50,000 were contracted for jail construction.
- As of September 30, 2022, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$24,986,753. Fund balances saw an increase of \$6,660,754 when compared to the prior year.
- The County purchased capital assets of buildings, improvements, infrastructure, and equipment in the amount of \$1,430,588.

Using This Annual Report

The financial statement's focus is on both the County as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year to year or government to government) and enhance the County's accountability.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The focus is on "activities", rather than "fund types".

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The focus of the Statement of Net Position is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the County and its governmental activities. This statement combines and consolidates governmental fund current resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations. Over time, the increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year, focusing on both the gross and net costs of various activities that are supported by the government's general tax and other revenues. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various governmental services.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions. The

governmental activities of the County include general government, court system, law enforcement, county jail, emergency medical services, emergency management functions, solid waste services, road and street improvements and recreation projects.

The government-wide financial statements include only Gilchrist County, Florida, which is known as the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found following this discussion.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over the resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the fund financial statements presentation more familiar.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spending resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the major funds. Information is presented for the non-major funds in the Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its governmental funds, as required by state law. The County has three major governmental funds. A listing and description of the major funds is provided in the notes to financial statements. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the major funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget. In addition, the financial statements provide budget to actual comparisons for the non-major funds.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for governmental funds. The County's main fiduciary activity is the accounting for agency funds. The County collects monies for property taxes, traffic fines and other monies to be remitted to other governmental agencies.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. They can be found following this discussion.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position for the current year as compared to the prior year. For more detailed information see the Statement of Net Position.

		2022	2021			
	Governmental Activities					
Current and other assets	\$	26,163,102	\$	21,185,565		
Capital assets, net		23,121,636		24,003,708		
Total assets		49,284,738		45,189,273		
Deferred outflows		4,559,276		4,061,568		
Other liabilities		1,176,349		2 950 566		
		1,170,349		2,859,566		
Long-term liabilities		10,090,300		7,865,516		
Total liabilities		18,074,909		10,725,082		
Deferred inflows		1,724,511		10,241,263		
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		21,885,185		22,516,238		
Restricted		2,592,026		2,336,597		
Unrestricted		9,567,383		3,431,661		
Omesticue		7,501,505		J,7J1,001		
Total net position	\$	34,044,594	\$	28,284,496		

The majority of the County's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, improvements, infrastructure and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Of the remaining balances, \$9,567,383 is unrestricted net position and \$2,592,026 is restricted net position that is constrained by grant agreements, Florida Statutes or enabling legislation.

Significant increases in net pension liabilities shown above are the result of recording the County's proportionate share of the Florida Retirement System's net pension liability.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

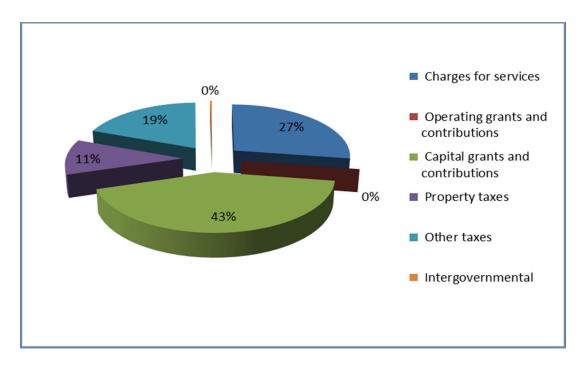
Statement of Activities

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Activities for the current year as compared to the prior year. For more detailed information see the Statement of Activities.

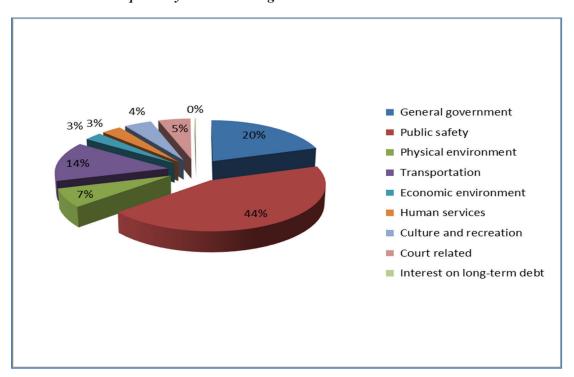
	2022	2021				
	Governmental Activities					
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 5,756,044	\$ 5,386,610				
Operating grants and contributions	6,126,890	3,360,400				
Capital grants and contributions	-	-				
General revenues:						
Property taxes	9,497,512	8,743,731				
Other taxes	2,404,047	2,133,613				
Intergovernmental	4,204,836	3,730,658				
Other revenues	58,734	193,042				
Total revenues	28,048,063	23,548,054				
Expenses:						
General government	4,473,945	4,563,974				
Public safety	9,764,342	8,489,519				
Physical environment	1,497,170	1,309,994				
Transportation	3,103,860	2,962,243				
Economic environment	622,600	182,259				
Human services	695,557	687,370				
Culture and recreation	967,535	763,655				
Court related	1,121,673	871,290				
Interest on long-term debt	41,283	48,977				
Total expenses	22,287,965	19,879,281				
Change in net position	5,760,098	3,668,773				
Net position - beginning of year	28,284,496	24,615,723				
Net position - end of year	\$ 34,044,594	\$ 28,284,496				

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Revenue by Source – Governmental Activities



Expense by Function/Program - Governmental Activities



Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements.

As of September 30, 2022, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$24,986,753, an increase of \$6,660,754 in comparison with the prior year. Of the ending fund balance, \$13,524,893 is considered unassigned and can be spent at the discretion of the Board and \$2,592,026 is considered restricted, which represents the ending fund balances of the County's special revenue funds and court related funds.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At September 30, 2022, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$13,524,893. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 97.8% of total General Fund expenditures. The General Fund received a transfer of State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds from the Coronavirus Recovery Funds in the amount of \$3,609,336. The transfer was a reimbursement of Public Safety and General Government Personal Service Expenditures. As of September 30, 2022, the fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$2,898,052 when compared to the prior fiscal year ending fund balance due to transfers .

The Coronavirus Recovery Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to federal grant funds received from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds. During the current fiscal year, the fund balance increased by \$9,455. The increase came from recognizing \$3,609,336 ARPA funds received. The ending fund balance of the Coronavirus Recovery Fund was \$10,424. The funds were transferred to the General Fund amounting in \$3,609,336 which were reimbursements for Public Safety and General Government Personal Service salaries and benefits.

The EMS Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the Emergency Medical Services Department. As of September 30, 2022, the EMS Fund balance was \$1,410,136. Revenues primarily are from ambulance fees for emergency transport and medical services rendered. The Fund also receives Municipal Services Taxing Unit ad valorem taxes. During the current fiscal year, the fund balance increased by \$16,500. Ambulance Fees of \$1,074,077 were received during the current fiscal year. Taxpayers provided \$981,043 in ad valorem tax payments for this service.

The Solid Waste Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for the County waste collection and transfer station. The fund balance decreased by \$114,963 during the fiscal year, providing for a balance of \$133,004 on September 30, 2022. Primary revenues are from Permits, Fees and Special Assessments. Additional revenues are from charges for services. During the year, \$628,494 in Special Assessments were received.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the revenues, expenditures and debt proceeds received for County major capital projects, such as the construction of the new jail. The Capital Projects Fund Balance on September 30, 2022 was \$3,658,841. This was a fiscal year increase of \$3,621,346. The General Fund transferred \$4,000,000 for jail construction funding. The project was also supplemented with debt financing.

The Clerk Fine and Forfeiture Fund is used to account for court-related activities funded by general appropriations from the State Clerk of Court Corporation (CCOC) and the collection of court-related fees.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds (continued)

As of September 30, 2022, the fund balance was \$49,460, a decrease of \$13,595 from prior year. The CCOC provided by \$329,339 in intergovernmental revenues. Charges for Services and Fines & Forfeitures were \$208,598 and \$102,278, respectively.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Significant variations between original and final budget amounts were due to revenues received that were unanticipated in the original budget and the associated expenditures.

Actual expenditures in the general fund were \$14,054,199 less than final budget amounts. The main reason for this is conservative spending.

Capital Assets

The County's balance in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of September 30, 2022, amounted to \$23,121,636 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure and equipment.

Major capital assets added during the current fiscal year included the following:

• Most notable increase is Construction in Progress as new jail construction has commenced.

The following is a summary of the County's capital assets:

	Governmental Activities					
	2022	2	2021			
Land	\$ 1,30	1,695 \$	1,301,695			
Buildings, net	6,85	7,726	7,124,551			
Infrastructure, net	9,79	4,037	10,894,486			
Improvements, net	2,04	0,748	2,225,375			
Equipment, net	2,64	7,989	2,457,601			
Construction in Progress	47	9,441				
		_				
Total	\$ 23,12	1,636 \$	24,003,708			

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds (concluded)

Long-Term Debt

A summary of long-term liabilities, including debt obligations of the County and other long-term liabilities follows:

	Governmental Activities					
	2022	2021				
Notes payable	\$ 1,236,451	\$ 1,479,960				
Capital leases	-	7,510				
Landfill post-closure care	44,463	42,712				
Compensated absences	761,110	918,837				
Net pension liability	14,640,714	5,248,614				
Total OPEB liability	215,822	167,883				
	_					
Total	\$ 16,898,560	\$ 7,865,516				

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements in this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

There are many challenges facing local governments today. The County continues to see increases in state mandated expenditures without increases in state revenue. Unfortunately, this trend is expected to continue. Conversely, mandated expenditures, such as retirement expense, have, and are expected to continue to increase.

Conditions of Future Significance

The County began construction of a Jail Facility during the upcoming fiscal year. The estimated cost of this project is \$10.6 million dollars. The County secured a 20 year fixed rate loan at 3.66% interest in the amount of \$4,000,000.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Gilchrist County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Gilchrist County Clerk of Court, Finance Department. P. O. Box 37, Trenton, Florida 32693.

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	Ф. 21.21 С 00.4
Cash and equivalents	\$ 21,216,094
Investments	3,205,218
Accounts receivable, net	224,977
Due from other governments Due from fiduciary funds	1,417,854 57,075
Inventory	41,884
Capital assets:	71,007
Non-depreciable	1,781,136
Depreciable, net	21,340,500
Total assets	\$ 49,284,738
	+ 12,1201,100
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	\$ 4,422,191
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	137,085
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 4,559,276
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 960,522
Due to other governments	213,524
Due to fiduciary funds	1,997
Unearned revenue	306
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	568,892
Due in more than one year	1,473,132
Total OPEB liability	215,822
Net pension liability	14,640,714
Total liabilities	\$ 18,074,909
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	\$ 1,685,529
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	38,982
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 1,724,511
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 21,885,185
Restricted for:	
Law enforcement	452,087
Fire and EMS	770,033
Solid waste	133,004
Roads and transportation	82,369
Economic environment	497,205
Court related	655,747
Capital improvements	1,581
Unrestricted	9,567,383
Total net position	\$ 34,044,594

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

			Prograi				
Even add and / Dura arrange	E	C	harges for	(Operating Grants and	Total	
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services		ontributions	<u>Total</u>	_
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 4,473,945	\$	526,490	\$	3,609,336	\$ (338,119))
Public safety	9,764,342		2,923,918		531,109	(6,309,315	5)
Physical environment	1,497,170		878,385		339,557	(279,228	3)
Transportation	3,103,860		280,678		702,157	(2,121,025	5)
Economic environment	622,600		107,033		461,272	(54,295	5)
Human services	695,557		-		-	(695,557	1)
Culture and recreation	967,535		661,707		62,141	(243,687	1)
Court related	1,121,673		377,833		421,318	(322,522	2)
Interest on long-term debt	41,283		-		-	(41,283	5)
Total	22,287,965		5,756,044		6,126,890	(10,405,031	.)
Total primary government	\$ 22,287,965	\$	5,756,044	\$	6,126,890	(10,405,031	.)
	General revenue	es:					
	Property taxes	S				9,497,512	2
	Sales taxes					1,651,901	l
	Gas taxes					525,501	Į
	Tourist develo	opmei	nt tax			152,542)
	Communication	ons se	ervice tax			74,103	3
	Intergovernme	ental				4,204,836	,
	Investment in	come				(46,561)
	Miscellaneous	S				105,295	;
	Total genera	al reve	enues			16,165,129)
	Change in net p	ositio	on			5,760,098	}
	Net position - b	eginn	ing of year			28,284,496)
	Net position - e	nd of	year			\$ 34,044,594	-

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General Fund	Re	onavirus ecovery Fund		EMS	So	olid Waste		Capital Projects		Clerk Fines and orfeitures	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS	0.40.446.000		0.456	_	4.450.000		404.000	_	2 (10 021		****		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,116,870	\$	8,456	\$	-,-,-,	\$	121,832	\$		\$	270,887	\$ 2,869,713	\$ 21,216,094
Investments	2,667,913		1.000		77,609		259,160		37,688		-	162,848	3,205,218
Accounts receivable	23,412		1,968		196,591		1,671		-		380	955	224,977
Due from other governments	960,213		-		102,861		7,735		-		-	347,045	1,417,854
Inventory	41,884		-				-		-			-	41,884
Due from other funds	294,123	_	-	_	14	_	436	_			1,517	10,238	306,328
Total Assets	\$ 17,104,415	\$	10,424	\$	1,556,377	\$	390,834	\$	3,686,722	\$	272,784	\$ 3,390,799	\$ 26,412,355
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, A	AND FUND BALA	NCES											
Liabilities													
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 624,315	\$	-	\$	146,241	\$	33,643	\$	27,881	\$	26,146	\$ 102,296	\$ 960,522
Due to other governments	16,057		-		-		-		-		194,067	3,400	213,524
Unearned revenue	-		-		-		-		-		-	306	306
Due to other funds	14,202		-		-		224,187		-		3,111	9,750	251,250
Total liabilities	654,574		-		146,241		257,830	Ξ	27,881		223,324	115,752	1,425,602
Fund balances													
Nonspendable:													
Inventory	41,884		_		_		_		_		_	_	41,884
Restricted for:	,												, in the second
Law enforcement	_		-		_		_		_		_	452,087	452,087
Fire and EMS	_		-		_		_		_		_	770,033	770,033
Physical environment	_		-		_		133,004		_		_	-	133,004
Roads and transportation	_		_		_		-		_		_	82,369	82,369
Economic environment	_		_		_		_		_		_	497,205	497,205
Court related	_		_		_		_		_		49,460	606,287	655,747
Capital improvements	_		-		_		-		_		-	1,581	1,581
Assigned to:												-,	-,
Fire and EMS	_		-		1,410,136		-		_		_	_	1,410,136
Roads and transportation	_		_		_		_		_		_	865,485	865,485
Capital improvements	_		10,424		_		_		3,658,841		_	-	3,669,265
Subsequent year's budget	2,883,064		-		_		-		-		_	_	2,883,064
Unassigned	13,524,893		-		_		-		_		_	_	13,524,893
Total fund balances	16,449,841		10,424	_	1,410,136		133,004	_	3,658,841	_	49,460	3,275,047	24,986,753
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$ 17,104,415	<u> </u>	10.424	\$	1,556,377	\$	390.834		3,686,722	<u> </u>	272,784	\$ 3,390,799	\$ 26,412,355

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 24,986,753
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Total governmental capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation	57,389,747 (34,268,111)	23,121,636
On the governmental fund statements, a net pension liability is not recorded until an amount is due and payable and the pension plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficie for payment of those benefits (no such liability exists at the end of the current fiscal year). On the statement of net position, the net pension liability of the defined benefit pension plans is reported as a noncurrent liability. Additionally, deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions are also reported. Net pension liability Deferred outflows related to pensions	(14,640,714) 4,422,191	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(1,685,529)	(11,904,052)
On the governmental fund statements, total OPEB liability is not recorded unless an amount is due and payable (no such liability exists at the end of the current fiscal year). On the Statement of Net Position, the County's total OPEB liability is reported as a noncurrent liability. Additionally, deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB are also reported. Total OPEB liability Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(215,822) 137,085 (38,982)	(117,719)
Because some property taxes and other revenues will not be collected for several months after the close of the County's fiscal year end, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds, and therefore, reported as deferred inflows of unavailable revenues. In the statement of net position, which is presented on an accrual basis, no deferral is reported since the revenue is fully recognized in the statement of activities.		-
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and notes payable, are not due and payal in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These liabilities, deferred outflows, and other debt-related deferred charges consist of the following: Notes payable	(1,236,451)	
Landfill closure liability	(44,463)	
Compensated absences	(761,110)	(2,042,024)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 34,044,594

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General Fund	Coronavirus Recovery Fund	EMS	Solid Waste	Capital Projects	Clerk Fines and Forfeitures	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ 10,395,015	\$ -	\$ 981,043	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 525,501	\$ 11,901,559
Permit, fees, and special assessments	404,799	-	-	628,494	-	-	699,805	1,733,098
Intergovernmental	4,697,561	3,609,336	225,308	95,425	-	329,339	1,447,477	10,404,446
Charges for services	1,578,353	-	1,074,077	249,891	-	208,598	333,870	3,444,789
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	102,278	4,360	106,638
Miscellaneous revenues	392,165	9,455	602	(8,867)	8,162	12,339	116,089	529,945
Total revenues	17,467,893	3,618,791	2,281,030	964,943	8,162	652,554	3,127,102	28,120,475
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government	4,093,091	-	-	-	25,099	-	68,603	4,186,793
Public safety	6,255,475	-	2,139,501	-	-	-	634,048	9,029,024
Physical environment	479,923	-	-	988,206	-	-	-	1,468,129
Transportation	244,732	-	-	-	-	-	1,614,630	1,859,362
Economic environment	146,674	-	-	-	-	-	464,184	610,858
Human services	673,761	-	-	-	-	-	-	673,761
Culture and recreation	795,001	-	-	-	-	-	-	795,001
Court related	385,017	-	-	-	-	507,692	61,618	954,327
Capital outlay	703,643	-	83,323	91,700	411,717	-	140,205	1,430,588
Debt service:								
Principal	44,285	-	38,167	-	-	-	218,567	301,019
Interest	8,693	-	3,539	-	-	-	29,051	41,283
Total expenditures	13,830,295	-	2,264,530	1,079,906	436,816	507,692	3,230,906	21,350,145
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures	3,637,598	3,618,791	16,500	(114,963)	(428,654)	144,862	(103,804)	6,770,330
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	3,633,187	-	-	-	4,000,000	-	371,614	8,004,801
Transfers out	(4,371,614)	(3,609,336)	-	-	-	-	(23,851)	(8,004,801)
Article V reversion	(1,119)	-	-	-	-	(158,457)	- 1	(159,576)
Loan proceeds	-	-	-	-	50,000	- 1	-	50,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(739,546)	(3,609,336)	-	-	4,050,000	(158,457)	347,763	(109,576)
Net change in fund balance	2,898,052	9,455	16,500	(114,963)	3,621,346	(13,595)	243,959	6,660,754
Fund balance, beginning of year	13,551,789	969	1,393,636	247,967	37,495	63,055	3,031,088	18,325,999
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 16,449,841	\$ 10,424	\$ 1,410,136	\$ 133,004	\$ 3,658,841	\$ 49,460	\$ 3,275,047	\$ 24,986,753

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 6,660,754
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current period. Capital outlay	1,430,588
Depreciation expense	(2,312,660)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Repayment of principal of long-term debt Issuance of long-term debt	301,019 (50,000)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Changes in: Compensated absences Total OPEB liability and related items Net pension liability and related items Landfill long-term care costs	157,727 (225,138) (200,441) (1,751)

\$ 5,760,098

Change in net position of governmental activities

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	(Custodial Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and equivalents	\$	883,642
Due from other funds		1,997
Total assets	\$	885,639
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	18,303
Due to individuals		18,087
Due to other funds		57,075
Due to other governments		540,778
Total liabilities	\$	634,243
NET POSITION	\$	251,396

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds
Additions	
Taxes	\$ 17,414,679
Charges for services	101,451
Permits, fees, and special assessments	187,306
Court related	4,497,887
Total additions	22,201,323
Deductions	
Court related payments	4,549,630
Payments to individuals	750,950
Payments to other governments	6,313,095
Payments to BOCC	10,639,391
Total deductions	22,253,066
Net change in fiduciary net position	(51,743)
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	303,139
Net position, end of year	\$ 251,396

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

The financial statements of Gilchrist County, Florida (the County), have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted body for promulgating governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the County's significant accounting policies:

(a) **Reporting entity**—The Board of County Commissioners (the Board) is the legislative and governing body of the County. It operates under a non-charter form of government pursuant to the authority provided in the Constitution of the State of Florida and consists of five elected officials. The County was established by the Laws of Florida in 1845. The Clerk of the Circuit Court serves as Clerk to the Board pursuant to Section 125.17, Florida Statutes.

The Board of County Commissioners and the offices of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, Sheriff, Tax Collector, Property Appraiser, and Supervisor of Elections are operated as separate County agencies in accordance with applicable provisions of Florida Statutes. The offices of the Sheriff, Property Appraiser, and Supervisor of Elections operate on a budget system, whereby County-appropriated funds are received from the Board of County Commissioners, and any unexpended appropriations are required to be returned to the Board of County Commissioners at the end of the fiscal year. The Clerk's duties as Clerk to the Board, Clerk of the County Court, and Chief Financial Officer for the County are budgeted functions, funded by the Board. The Clerk's duties as Clerk of the Circuit Court are funded by fees collected by that office. The Tax Collector's salary and benefits are funded by the Board; all other expenditures are funded by fees collected by that office. Excess fees of the Tax Collector are returned to the Board at the end of the fiscal year.

(b) **Jointly-governed organizations**—The governments of Lafayette, Dixie, Taylor and Gilchrist Counties established the Three Rivers Regional Library System (the Library) through an interlocal agreement. The Library is an organization established for the purpose of providing a regional approach to library services without regard to political or governmental boundaries. The Library is governed by a governing board made up of a commissioner from each participating County.

The County does not have an ongoing financial interest in the Library. However, the County does have an ongoing financial responsibility to the Library in that the Library's continued existence depends on the County's continuing participation. A copy of the Library's separate financial statements may be obtained from its offices in Mayo, Florida.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

(c) **Government-wide and fund financial statements**—The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) concentrate on the County as a whole. In addition, they report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses, of a given function or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The nonmajor funds are combined in one column in the fund financial statements.

(d) Measurement focus and basis of accounting—The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for in, individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and the basis of accounting. The basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities).

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers property tax and EMS revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period except for grant revenues which are considered earned when expenditures are incurred.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Property taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, certain expenditures relating to future periods, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Additionally, the general fund also accounts for activities related to the general fund of each constitutional officer.

Coronavirus Recovery Fund – The Coronavirus Recovery fund is used for necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19).

EMS – The EMS fund is used to account for ambulance and emergency medical assistance to County residents.

Solid Waste – The Solid Waste fund is used to account for the operations of the County's waste activity.

Capital Projects – The Capital Projects fund is used to account for the financial resources used to acquire and/or construct capital assets.

Clerk Fines and Forfeitures – The Clerk Fines and Forfeiture fund is used to account for court-related activities funded by general appropriations from the State and court-related fees.

The County reports the following other fund type:

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the receipt and expenditure of activities with inflows that are either restricted or committed.

Capital Project Funds – Capital project funds are used to account for the underlying activities of major capital projects.

Custodial Funds – Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a custodial or trustee capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- (e) Cash and investments—The institutions in which the County's monies are deposited are certified as a "Qualified Public Depository," as required under the Florida Public Deposits Act. This law requires every qualified public depository to deposit with the State Treasurer eligible collateral equal to or in excess of an amount to be determined by the State Treasurer and requires the State Treasurer to ensure that funds are entirely collateralized throughout the fiscal year. Therefore, the County's total deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation and the Bureau of Collateral Securities, Division of Treasury, State Department of Insurance.
- (f) **Receivables**—Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" and are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements. All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, which is based upon management's analysis of historical trends.
- (g) Capital assets—Capital assets include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets. The terms general capital assets and general infrastructure assets relate only to the assets associated with governmental activities, whereas the terms capital assets and infrastructure assets relate to all such assets belonging to the County. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial individual cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one-year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are only capitalized if they meet the dollar threshold above for capitalization. Maintenance and repairs of capital assets are charged to operating expenses.

Depreciation is reported for the primary government using the straight-line method calculated on a service-life basis to amortize the cost of the asset over their estimated economic useful lives, which are as follows:

Assets	Years
Buildings	30-50 years
Improvements	20-25 years
Infrastructure	25-50 years
Machinery and Equipment	4-20 years

- (h) Compensated absences—The various County agencies maintain policies that permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits that will be paid to employees upon separation of service if certain criteria are met. These benefits, plus their related tax and retirement costs, are classified as compensated absences. The policies of the various County agencies vary as to the amount and the vesting of employee vacation leave time and in some instances sick time. The amount of vacation time is determined by the period of employment. The compensated absences liability is primarily liquidated by the general fund.
- (i) **Long-term obligations**—In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. The compensated absences and net pension liabilities have been liquidated in the past by the reporting units of the underlying employees, including primarily the general fund, with some smaller amounts paid by other governmental funds.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

(j) **Deferred outflows/inflows of resources**—In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will, if required, report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Currently, the only items in this category consist of deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB, as discussed further in Notes (8) and (9), respectively.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of financial position or fund balance that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Currently, the only items in this category consist of deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB, as discussed further in Notes (8) and (9), respectively.

(k) **Fund equity**—Fund balance for governmental funds report classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds may be spent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of applicable spending constraints:

Nonspendable – amounts not available to be spent or not in spendable form, such as inventory and prepaid items.

Restricted – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation.

Committed – amounts the County intends to use for a specific purpose as expressed at the highest level of decision-making authority by the Board of County Commissioners.

Assigned – amounts the County intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by Board of County Commissioners or by an official or body which the Board delegates authority.

Unassigned – amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available; the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally, unassigned funds, as needed.

(l) **Property taxes**— Property tax revenues are recognized when levied, to the extent that they result in current receivables. Details of the property tax calendar are presented below:

Lien date January 1 Levy date October 1

Discount periods November – February

No discount period March Delinquent date April 1

(m) **Budgets and budgetary accounting**—Annual budgets are legally adopted by the Board of County Commissioners, on a basis consistent with generally accepted principles for the General Fund and special revenue funds. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all governmental funds.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

The annual budget is prepared at the fund, department, and division level. The department directors submit requests for appropriations to the Clerk of Courts. The Clerk submits a recommended budget to the Board of County Commissioners. Public hearings on the proposed budget are held in September. On or before October 1, the budget is adopted by the Board of County Commissioners. Transfers between funds and additional appropriations require Board approval. Appropriations in all funds lapse at the close of the fiscal year to the extent that it has not been re-budgeted in the following fiscal year. The fund is the legal level of budgetary control.

(n) Use of estimates—Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenue and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates assumed in preparing the financial statements.

(2) Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

- (a) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position—Following the governmental fund balance sheet is a reconciliation between fund balance total governmental funds and net position governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A detailed explanation of these differences is provided in this reconciliation.
- (b) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities—Following the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, there is a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. A detailed explanation of these differences is provided in this reconciliation.

(3) Deposits and Investments:

Florida Statutes authorize the County to invest in bonds, notes or other obligations of the U.S. Government, certificates of deposits, repurchase agreements, certain bonds of any State or local government unit and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. As of September 30, 2022, all County deposits were covered by private bank acquired insurance, Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) insurance, private broker/dealer acquired insurance, Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance, and/or the State of Florida collateral pool established under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act (the Act). The Act established guidelines for qualification and participation by banks and savings associations, procedures for administration of the collateral requirements and characteristics of eligible collateral. Under the Act, the qualified depository must pledge at least 50% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance. Additional collateral, up to 125% may be required if deemed necessary.

(3) **Deposits and Investments:** (Continued)

The Florida Local Government Investment Trust (FLGIT) is a local government investment pool created by the Florida Association of Court Clerks and the Florida Association of Counties for the purpose of providing public entities with an investment program that focuses on longer term securities with the highest credit ratings. The effective maturity of the underlying investment is five years or less. At year end, the FLGIT was invested in money markets, treasury notes, asset-backed securities and Federal agency obligations. The investment type is subject to some market risk due to fluctuating prices and liquidity risk due to advance redemption notification requirements. However, it has a professional investment advisor and an investment advisory board. The FLGIT maintains a credit rating of AAAm by Fitch's and the weighted average maturity of the funds was 29 days. A copy of FLGIT's most recent financial statements can be found at http://floridatrustonline.com. At September 30, 2022, the County had \$3,004,219 invested with FLGIT.

The State Board of Administration PRIME pool (Florida PRIME) is an external investment pool that meets all of the necessary criteria to elect to measure all of the investments in Florida PRIME at amortized cost. Therefore, the County's investment in Florida PRIME is reported at amortized cost. The fair value of the position in the pool is equal to the value of the pool shares. As of September 30, 2022, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100% of their account value. Florida PRIME maintains a credit rating of AAAm by S&P and the weighted average maturity of the fund was 21 days. At September 30, 2022, the County had \$200,999 invested with Florida PRIME.

Interest Rate Risk. The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The County places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

(4) <u>Interfund Balances and Transfers:</u>

The County makes routine transfers between it funds in the course of the fiscal year. The principle purposes of these transfers are to allocate resources for debt service, construction or other capital projects, and to provide operating subsidies. These transfers are consistent with the activities of the funds involved. Transfers of resources from a fund receiving revenue to the fund through which the resources are to be expended are recorded as transfers and are reported as other financing sources (uses) in the Governmental Funds.

As of September 30, 2022, interfund balances consisted of:

	Due from Other Funds														
			Coro	navirus					Ca	pital	N	onmajor	Fi	duciary	
Due to Other Funds	Ger	neral Fund	Recow	ery Fund		EMS	Solie	l Waste	Proje	cts Fund	Gov	ernmental	1	Funds	Total
			·												
Governmental Funds															
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14	\$	436	\$	-	\$	11,755	\$	1,997	\$ 14,202
Solid Waste		224,187		-		-		-		-		-		-	224,187
Nonmajor Governmental		12,861		-		-		-		-		-		-	12,861
Fiduciary Funds		57,075		-		_		-							 57,075
Total	\$	294,123	\$	-	\$	14	\$	436	\$	-	\$	11,755	\$	1,997	\$ 308,325

Transfers from/to other funds for the year ended September 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Transfers In											
			Coro	navirus					Capital	N	lonmajor	
Transfers Out	Gener	d Fund	Recove	ry Fund		EMS	Solic	l Waste	Projects Fund	Go	vernmental	 Total
Governmental Funds												
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,000,000	\$	371,614	\$ 4,371,614
Coronavirus Recovery Fund	3,6	09,336		-		-		-	-		-	3,609,336
Nonmajor Governmental		23,851		-		-		-	-		-	23,851
Total	\$ 3,6	33,187	\$		\$	-	\$		\$ 4,000,000	\$	371,614	\$ 8,004,801

The transfers from the General Fund to other funds were primarily to support operations of other funds and/or to allocate funds for future capital projects.

(5) **Capital Assets:**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Balance			Balance
	09/30/21	Increases	Decreases	09/30/22
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,301,695	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,301,695
Construction in progress		479,441		479,441
Total assets not being depreciated	1,301,695	479,441		1,781,136
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	12,502,922	-	-	12,502,922
Infrastructure	24,340,052	-	-	24,340,052
Machinery and Equipment	14,187,051	951,147	(53,048)	15,085,150
Improvements	3,680,487			3,680,487
Total assets being depreciated	54,710,512	951,147	(53,048)	55,608,611
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	(5,378,371)	(266,825)	-	(5,645,196)
Infrastructure	(13,445,566)	(1,100,449)	-	(14,546,015)
Machinery and Equipment	(11,729,450)	(760,759)	53,048	(12,437,161)
Improvements	(1,455,112)	(184,627)		(1,639,739)
Less: accumulated depreciation	(32,008,499)	(2,312,660)	53,048	(34,268,111)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	22,702,013	(1,361,513)		21,340,500
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 24,003,708	\$ (882,072)	\$ -	\$ 23,121,636

Depreciation expense was charged to programs for the County as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 239,097
Public safety	590,838
Physical environment	50,059
Transportation	1,234,806
Economic environment	9,948
Human services	20,820
Culture and recreation	167,092
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 2,312,660

(6) <u>Long-Term Liabilities:</u>

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt activity of the County for the year ended September 30, 2022:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:										
Notes payable	\$	1,479,960	\$	50,000	\$	293,509	\$	1,236,451	\$	325,723
Leases payable		7,510		-		7,510		-		-
Landfill post-closure care		42,712		1,751		-		44,463		-
Compensated absences		918,837		747,154		904,881		761,110		243,169
Governmental activities – Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	2,449,019	\$	798,905	\$	1,205,900	\$	2,042,024	\$	568,892

Notes Payable

The County is obligated under various long-term note agreements at interest rates ranging from approximately 2.0% to 5.0%.

The notes are expected to be repaid from various sources, including Transportation Trust Fund resources, EMS Fund fees, Solid Waste Fund fees, Fire Districts Fund resources, and General Fund shared revenues and racing tax commissions. The approximate total amount of the pledges is equal to the remaining principal and interest outstanding.

The following schedule provides future debt service requirements of the notes payable:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal		Interest	Total		
2023	\$	325,723	\$ 84,987	\$	410,710	
2024		224,717	28,868		253,585	
2025		165,622	22,057		187,679	
2026		134,680	17,951		152,631	
2027		85,771	12,969		98,740	
2028 - 2032		277,618	24,831		302,449	
2033 - 2037		22,320	1,664		23,984	
Total	\$	1,236,451	\$ 193,327	\$	1,429,778	

Landfill Post-closure care

The Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) requires landfill owners to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill sites for twenty years after closure. The County was previously released by the DEP from these requirements on its Central Landfill which closed in 1993. The County has accrued \$44,463 for closure costs for its Materials Recovery facility.

DEP also requires the County to deposit in an escrow account, by the end of each fiscal year, funds sufficient to cover closure costs. The County has set aside approximately \$87,000 for that requirement.

(7) <u>Commitments and Contingencies:</u>

Various suits and claims arising in the ordinary course of the County's operations, some of which involve substantial amounts, are pending against the County.

The ultimate effect of such litigation cannot be ascertained at this time. However, in the opinion of counsel for the County, the liabilities which may arise from such action would not result in losses which would materially affect the financial position of the County or the results of its operations, nor is it anticipated that any material amount will be paid for claims and judgments in the next fiscal year.

(8) **Employees' Retirement Plans:**

Florida Retirement System and Health Insurance Subsidy

Plan Description and Administration

The entity participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined public employee retirement system which covers all of the entity's full-time employees. The System is administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement to provide retirement and survivor benefits to participating public employees. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans and other nonintegrated programs. These include a defined-benefit pension plan (Plan), with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), and a defined-contribution plan, referred to as the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan).

In addition, all regular employees of the entity are eligible to enroll as members of the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program. The HIS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. Eligible retirees and beneficiaries receive a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

(8) **Employees' Retirement Plans:** (Continued)

Benefits Provided and Employees Covered

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Members of both Plans may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest.

Employees may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined-benefit plan. Employer and employee contributions are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. The Investment Plan is funded by employer and employee contributions that are based on salary and membership class (Regular, DROP, etc.). Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Employees in the Investment Plan vest at one year of service.

Financial Statements

Financial statements and other supplementary information of the FRS are included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which is available from the Florida Department of Financial Services, Bureau of Financial Reporting Statewide Financial Reporting Section by mail at 200 E. Gaines Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0364; by telephone at (850) 413-5511; or at the Department's Web site (www.myfloridacfo.com). An annual report on the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from:

Florida Department of Management Services Division of Retirement P.O. Box 9000 Tallahassee, FL 32315-9000 850-488-5706 or toll free at 877-377-1737

(8) **Employees' Retirement Plans:** (Continued)

Contributions

The entity participates in certain classes of FRS membership. Each class had descriptions and contribution rates in effect during the year ended September 30, 2022, as follows (contribution rates are in agreement with the actuarially determined rates):

FRS Membership Plan & Class	Through June 30, 2022	After June 30, 2022
Regular Class	10.82%	11.91%
Senior Management (SMSC)	29.01%	31.57%
Special Risk	25.89%	27.83%
Elected Official Class	51.42%	57.00%
DROP	10.82%	11.11%

Current-year employer HIS contributions were made at a rate of 1.66% of covered payroll, which are included in the above rates.

For the plan year ended June 30, 2022, actual contributions made for employees participating in FRS and HIS were as follows:

Entity Contributions – FRS	\$ 1,409,770
Entity Contributions – HIS	134,145
Employee Contributions – FRS	242,430

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2022, the entity reported a liability related to FRS and HIS as follows:

	I	Net Pension
Plan		Liability
FRS	\$	12,292,599
HIS		2,348,115
Total	\$	14,640,714

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The entity's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governmental entities, as actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, the entity's proportionate share of the FRS and HIS net pension liabilities were as follows:

Plan	2022	2021
FRS	0.033037484%	0.033933315%
HIS	0.022169602%	0.021891630%

(8) **Employees' Retirement Plans:** (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, pension expense was recognized related to the FRS and HIS plans as follows:

	Pension			
Plan	Expense			
FRS	\$	1,674,963		
HIS		140,115		
Total	\$	1,815,078		

Deferred outflows/inflows related to pensions:

At September 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	FRS			HIS				
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	583,827	\$	-	\$	71,271	\$	(10,332)
Changes of assumptions		1,513,885		-		134,595		(363,252)
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		811,679		-		3,400		-
Change in proportionate share		635,170	(1,152,809)		230,290		(159, 136)
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		403,251		-		34,823		-
-	\$	3,947,812	\$ (1,152,809)	\$	474,379	\$	(532,720)

The above amounts for deferred outflows of resources for contributions related to pensions resulting from entity contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions being amortized for a period of greater than one year will be recognized in pension expense in succeeding years as follows:

	FRS	HIS	Total	
2023	\$ 628,659	\$ (11,998)	\$	616,661
2024	171,719	4,538		176,257
2025	(397,958)	9,452		(388,506)
2026	1,901,132	(25,960)		1,875,172
2027	88,200	(48,456)		39,744
Thereafter		 (20,740)		(20,740)
Total	\$ 2,391,752	\$ (93,164)	\$	2,298,588

Actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial assumptions for both defined benefit plans are reviewed annually by the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumptions Conference. The FRS has a valuation performed annually. The HIS Program has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the FRS was completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018. Because HIS is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed.

(8) **Employees' Retirement Plans:** (Continued)

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was determined by an actuarial valuation, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.40%. Payroll growth, including inflation, for both plans is assumed at 3.25%. Both the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return used for FRS investments is 6.70%. This rate decreased from the prior year rate of 6.80%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. Because HIS Program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 3.54% was used to determine the total pension for the program. This rate increased from the prior year rate, which was 2.16%. Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the PUB-2010 base table varies by member category and sex, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

Long-term expected rate of return:

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in October 2022, the FRS Actuarial Assumptions Conference reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and by a capital market assumptions team from Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting, which consults to the Florida State Board of Administration. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the long-term target asset allocation. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

Target Allocation	Annual Arithmetic Expected Rate of Return
1.0%	2.6%
19.8%	4.4%
54.0%	8.8%
10.3%	7.4%
11.1%	12.0%
3.8%	6.2%
100.0%	
	1.0% 19.8% 54.0% 10.3% 11.1% 3.8%

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the proportionate shares of the FRS and HIS net pension liability of the entity calculated using the current discount rates, as well as what the entity's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

Plan	Current Plan Discount Rate		NPL at Current Discount Rate	NPL with 1% Increase
FRS	6.70%	\$ 21,259,205	\$ 12,292,599	\$ 4,795,450
HIS	3.54%	2,686,436	2,348,115	2,068,161

(9) Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB):

Plan Description and Benefits Provided—The Board of County Commissioners' Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plan is a single-employer benefit plan administered by the County. Retirees are charged whatever the insurance company charges for the type of coverage elected, however, the premiums charged by the insurance company are based on a blending of the experience among younger active employees and older retired employees. The older retirees actually have a higher cost which means the County is actually subsidizing the cost of the retiree coverage because it pays all or a significant portion of the premium on behalf of the active employee. GASB No. 75 calls this the "implicit rate subsidy." This conforms to the minimum required of Florida governmental employers per Chapter 112.08, Florida Statutes. The Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan does not issue a stand-alone report.

Plan Membership—At October 1, 2021, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, plan participation consisted of the following:

Active Employees	161
Inactive Employees	3
	163

Total OPEB Liability—The County's total OPEB liability of \$215,822 was measured as of September 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation at October 1, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs—The total OPEB liability at the September 30, 2022 measurement date was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.00%
Salary increases	3.00%
Discount rate	2.39%
Healthcare cost trend rate	6.5% reduced 0.5% each year until reaching ultimate trend rate of 5.0%

The County does not a have a dedicated Trust to pay retiree healthcare benefits. The discount rate was based on the 20-year municipal bond index (SAPIGH) as of September 30, 2022.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table with 10 year Scale AA projection.

Changes in the OPEB liability for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, were as follows:

 Liability
\$ 167,883
15,683
3,684
(32,482)
53,581
7,473
47,939
\$ 215,822
\$

(9) Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County calculated using the discount rate of 2.39%, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (1.39%) or 1% higher (3.39%) than the current rate:

	1%	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	229,567	\$	215,822	\$	200,864	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower (5.5%) or 1% higher (7.5%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates (6.5%):

	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rates		1% Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	204,290	\$	215,822	\$	222,483

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$65,578. At September 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	Def	Ferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 74,465 62,620	\$	(38,982)
Total	\$ 137,085	\$	(38,982)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:	Amo	Amortization		
2023	\$	36,429		
2024		36,876		
2025		21,043		
2026		3,067		
2027		688		
Total	\$	98,103		

(10) Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several pronouncements that have effective dates that may impact future financial statements. Listed below are pronouncements with required implementation dates effective for subsequent fiscal years that have not yet been implemented. Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following will have on the County's financial statements:

- (a) GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, in May 2020. provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The provisions in GASB 96 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022.
- (b) GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, in June 2022. GASB Statement No. 101 amends the existing guidance related to the calculation and disclosures surrounding the liability for compensated absences. The provisions for GASB 101 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

				Variance with Final Budget -
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 10,022,218	\$ 10,022,218	\$ 10,395,015	\$ 372,797
Permit, fees, and special assessments	246,400	246,400	404,799	158,399
Intergovernmental	14,544,115	14,696,239	4,697,561	(9,998,678)
Charges for services	1,360,197	1,384,069	1,578,353	194,284
Fines and forfeitures	500	500	-	(500)
Miscellaneous revenues	397,326	421,601	392,165	(29,436)
Total revenues	26,570,756	26,771,027	17,467,893	(9,303,134)
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	7,383,092	7,229,684	4,093,091	3,136,593
Public safety	6,827,308	6,771,508	6,255,475	516,033
Physical environment	490,616	490,616	479,923	10,693
Transportation	10,700,000	10,700,000	244,732	10,455,268
Economic environment	272,975	272,975	146,674	126,301
Human services	753,996	753,996	673,761	80,235
Culture and recreation	941,372	941,372	795,001	146,371
Court related	502,183	502,183	385,017	117,166
Capital outlay	171,226	172,084	703,643	(531,559)
Debt service:				
Principal	40,205	40,205	44,285	(4,080)
Interest	9,871	9,871	8,693	1,178
Total expenditures	28,092,844	27,884,494	13,830,295	14,054,199
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(1,522,088)	(1,113,467)	3,637,598	4,751,065
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	68,500	68,500	3,633,187	3,564,687
Transfers out	(4,371,614)	(4,371,614)	(4,371,614)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,303,114)	(4,303,114)	(739,546)	3,563,568
Net change in fund balance	(5,825,202)	(5,416,581)	2,898,052	8,314,633
Fund balance, beginning of year	13,551,789	13,551,789	13,551,789	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 7,726,587	\$ 8,135,208	\$ 16,449,841	\$ 8,314,633

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CORONAVIRUS RECOVERY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,804,668	\$ 3,609,336	\$ 3,609,336	\$ -	
Miscellaneous revenues	2,000	4,021	9,455	5,434	
Total revenues	1,806,668	3,613,357	3,618,791	5,434	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Human services	1,806,668				
Total expenditures	1,806,668	-	-	-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		3,613,357	3,618,791	5,434	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers out		(3,613,357)	(3,609,336)	4,021	
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(3,613,357)	(3,609,336)	4,021	
Net change in fund balance	-	-	9,455	9,455	
Fund balance, beginning of year	969	969	969	-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 969	\$ 969	\$ 10,424	\$ 9,455	

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - EMS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

				Variance with Final Budget -	
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 1,006,076	\$ 1,006,076	\$ 981,043	\$ (25,033)	
Intergovernmental	59,600	232,228	225,308	(6,920)	
Charges for services	907,000	907,000	1,074,077	167,077	
Miscellaneous revenues	490	490	602	112	
Total revenues	1,973,166	2,145,794	2,281,030	135,236	
Expenditures Current:					
General government	228,963	154,375		154,375	
Public safety	1,803,602	2,139,818	2,139,501	317	
Capital outlay	195,000	106,000	83,323	22,677	
Debt service:	173,000	100,000	05,525	22,077	
Principal	39,312	39,312	38,167	1,145	
Interest	2,394	2,394	3,539	(1,145)	
Total expenditures	2,269,271	2,441,899	2,264,530	177,369	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(296,105)	(296,105)	16,500	312,605	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Issuance of debt	195,000	195,000	-	(195,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	195,000	195,000	-	(195,000)	
Net change in fund balance	(101,105)	(101,105)	16,500	117,605	
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,393,636	1,393,636	1,393,636	-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,292,531	\$ 1,292,531	\$ 1,410,136	\$ 117,605	

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SOLID WASTE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Permit, fees, and special assessments	\$ 617,701	\$ 617,701	\$ 628,494	\$ 10,793
Intergovernmental	95,750	95,750	95,425	(325)
Charges for services	180,100	180,100	249,891	69,791
Miscellaneous revenues	13,000	13,000	(8,867)	(21,867)
Total revenues	906,551	906,551	964,943	58,392
Expenditures				
Current:	100.004	10.204		10.204
General government	100,984	18,284	-	18,284
Physical environment	979,842	1,000,842	988,206	12,636
Capital outlay	30,000	91,700	91,700	-
Total expenditures	1,110,826	1,110,826	1,079,906	30,920
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(204,275)	(204,275)	(114,963)	89,312
Other financing sources (uses)				
Issuance of debt	30,000	30,000		(30,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	30,000	30,000	-	(30,000)
Net change in fund balance	(174,275)	(174,275)	(114,963)	59,312
Fund balance, beginning of year	247,967	247,967	247,967	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 73,692	\$ 73,692	\$ 133,004	\$ 59,312

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Fina	riance with al Budget - Positive
		ginal		Final	I	Actual	(1	Negative)
Revenues								
Miscellaneous revenues	\$	150	\$	150	\$	8,162	\$	8,012
Total revenues		150		150		8,162		8,012
Expenditures								
Current:	2.0	20.504	•			25.000		2 004 607
General government		29,704		2,029,704		25,099		2,004,605
Capital outlay		08,000		2,008,000		411,717		1,596,283
Total expenditures	4,0	37,704	4	,037,704		436,816		3,600,888
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,0	37,554)	(4	,037,554)		(428,654)		3,608,900
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	4,0	00,000	4	,000,000	4	1,000,000		_
Issuance of debt	ĺ	_		-		50,000		50,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,0	00,000	4	,000,000	4	1,050,000		50,000
Net change in fund balance	(37,554)		(37,554)	3	3,621,346		3,658,900
Fund balance, beginning of year		37,495		37,495		37,495		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	(59)	\$	(59)	\$ 3	3,658,841	\$	3,658,900

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CLERK FINES AND FORFEITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

	 Budgeted	Amo			Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive
	 Original		Final	 Actual	<u>(</u> 1	Vegative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$ 336,304	\$	336,304	\$ 329,339	\$	(6,965)
Charges for services	149,105		149,105	208,598		59,493
Fines and forfeitures	63,970		63,970	102,278		38,308
Miscellaneous revenues	9,552		9,552	12,339		2,787
Total revenues	558,931		558,931	652,554		93,623
Expenditures Current:						
Court related	567,931		567,931	507,692		60,239
Total expenditures	567,931		567,931	507,692		60,239
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(9,000)		(9,000)	144,862		153,862
Other financing sources (uses) Article V reversion				(158,457)		(158,457)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		-	(158,457)		(158,457)
Net change in fund balance	(9,000)		(9,000)	(13,595)		(4,595)
Fund balance, beginning of year	63,055		63,055	63,055		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 54,055	\$	54,055	\$ 49,460	\$	(4,595)

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTE TO SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Note to Budgetary Comparison Schedules:

The preparation, adoption and amendment of the budgets are governed by Florida Statutes. The fund is the legal level of control. Budgets are prepared on a basis that does not differ materially from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Appropriations lapse at year-end. Budgeted excess expenditures over revenues are funded through transfers in and use of fund balance reserves.

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Reporting period ended Measurement date ended	 2022 2021	 2021 2020	 2020 2019	 2019 2018
Total OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$ 15,683	\$ 10,260	\$ 7,512	\$ 8,003
Interest	3,684	5,226	5,572	5,204
Difference between expected and actual experience	(32,482)	(13,511)	82,113	81,710
Changes of assumptions	53,581	18,582	15,306	(4,947)
Benefit payments - implicit rate subsidy	7,473	7,350	(122,060)	(96,865)
Other changes	´-	´-	-	-
Net change in total OPEB liability	 47,939	 27,907	 (11,557)	 (6,895)
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year	167,883	139,976	151,533	158,428
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$ 215,822	\$ 167,883	\$ 139,976	\$ 151,533
September 30, covered-employee	\$ 8,504,469	\$ 7,651,920	\$ 7,874,524	\$ 7,130,016
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	2.54%	2.19%	1.78%	2.13%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other changes reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Discount rate 2.39% 2.14% 3.68% 3.74%

No assets are being accumulated in a trust to pay for OPEB benefits. Therefore, the County only reports a total OPEB liability.

^{*10} years of data will be presented as it becomes available.

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

As of the Plan Year Ended June 30, 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 Florida Retirement System (FRS) Proportion of the net pension liability 0.033037484% 0.033933315% 0.037099334% 0.036662746% 0.033407453% 0.033119964% 0.031670351% 0.031370689% Proportionate share of the net pension liability \$ 12,292,599 \$ 2,563,276 \$ 16,079,398 \$ 12,626,139 \$ 10,062,498 \$ 9,796,663 \$ 7,996,789 \$ 4,051,945 Covered payroll 8,081,010 7,751,758 7,654,967 7,651,920 6,683,209 6,729,932 6,178,688 6,277,264 Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered 145.57% 152.12% 33.07% 210.05% 165.01% 150.56% 129.43% 64.55% Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 82.89% 78.85% 82.61% 84.26% 83.89% 84.88% 92.00% 96.40% Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS) Proportion of the net pension liability 0.022169602% 0.021891630% 0.022051500% 0.022874858% 0.020947643% 0.020442731% 0.020106105% 0.020906499% Proportionate share of the net pension liability 2,348,115 \$ 2,685,338 \$ 2,692,452 2,559,468 \$ 2,217,123 \$ 2,185,831 \$ 2,343,283 \$ 2,132,135 Covered payroll 8,081,010 6,683,209 6,729,932 6,277,264 7,751,758 7,654,967 7,651,920 6,178,688 Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered 29.06% 34.64% 35.17% 33.45% 33.17% 32.48% 37.93% 33.97% payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 4.81% 3.56% 3.00% 2.63% 2.15% 1.64% 0.97% 0.50%

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for only those years for which information is available.

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 Florida Retirement System (FRS) Contractually required contribution \$ 1,477,273 \$ 1,308,064 \$ 1,232,646 \$ 1,136,810 \$ 952,086 \$ 862,194 \$ 810,666 \$ 1,942,425 Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution (1,477,273)(1,308,064)(1,232,646)(1,136,810)(952,086)(862,194)(810,666)(1,942,425)Contribution deficiency (excess) Covered payroll \$ 7,654,967 \$ 7,651,920 \$ 6,683,209 \$ 6,729,932 \$ 6,178,688 \$ 8,275,029 \$ 7,719,443 \$ 6,277,264 Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll 17.85% 16.95% 16.10% 14.86% 14.25% 12.81% 13.12% 30.94% Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS) Contractually required contribution 137,365 \$ 128,143 \$ 127,072 \$ 127,022 \$ 110,941 \$ 111,717 102,566 79,094 Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution (137, 365)(128,143)(127,072)(127,022)(110,941)(111,717)(102,566)(79,094)Contribution deficiency (excess) Covered payroll \$ 8,275,029 \$ 7,719,443 \$ 7,654,967 \$ 7,651,920 \$ 6,683,209 \$ 6,729,932 \$ 6,178,688 \$ 6,277,264 Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll 1.66% 1.66% 1.66% 1.66% 1.66% 1.66% 1.66% 1.26%

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for only those years for which information is available

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET BOARD AND OFFICER GENERAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Board of County Commissioners	Clerk f Circuit Court	Sheriff	(Tax Collector	roperty ppraiser	ipervisor Elections	Subtotals	_	Interfund iminations	Totals
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,501,767	\$ 48,821	\$ 448,577	\$	16,425	\$ 55,397	\$ 45,883	\$ 13,116,870	\$	-	\$ 13,116,870
Investments	2,667,913	-	-		-	-	-	2,667,913		-	2,667,913
Accounts receivable	14,946	8,017	-		-	449	-	23,412		-	23,412
Due from other governments	960,213	-	-		-	-	-	960,213		-	960,213
Inventory	41,884	-	-		-	-	-	41,884		-	41,884
Due from constitutional officers	433,239	-	-		-	-	-	433,239		(433,239)	-
Due from other funds	233,937	374	-		-	-	-	234,311		59,812	294,123
Total assets	\$ 16,853,899	\$ 57,212	\$ 448,577	\$	16,425	\$ 55,846	\$ 45,883	\$ 17,477,842	\$	(373,427)	\$ 17,104,415
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	ES										
Liabilities											
Accounts payable and accrued expense	es \$ 389,210	\$ 32,345	\$ 189,318	\$	-	\$ 2,382	\$ 11,060	\$ 624,315	\$	-	\$ 624,315
Due to other governments	14,848	-	-		-	1,119	90	16,057		-	16,057
Due to Board of County Commissione	er -	23,020	259,259		16,425	52,345	34,733	385,782		(385,782)	-
Due to other funds	-	1,847	-		-	-	-	1,847		12,355	14,202
Total liabilities	404,058	57,212	448,577		16,425	55,846	45,883	1,028,001		(373,427)	654,574
Fund Balances Nonspendable:											
Inventory	41,884	-	-		-	-	-	41,884		-	41,884
Assigned to:											
Subsequent year's budget	2,883,064	-	-		-	-	-	2,883,064		-	2,883,064
Unassigned	13,524,893	-	-		-	-	-	13,524,893		-	13,524,893
Total fund balances	16,449,841	-	-		-	-	 -	16,449,841		-	16,449,841
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 16,853,899	\$ 57,212	\$ 448,577	\$	16,425	\$ 55,846	\$ 45,883	\$ 17,477,842	\$	(373,427)	\$ 17,104,415

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BOARD AND OFFICER GENERAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Board of County Commissioners	Clerk of Circuit Court	Sheriff	Tax Collector	Property Appraiser	Supervisor of Elections	Subtotals	Totals
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ 10,395,015	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,395,015	\$ 10,395,015
Permit, fees, and special assessments	404,799	-	-	-	-	-	404,799	404,799
Intergovernmental	4,670,221	-	11,236	-	16,104	-	4,697,561	4,697,561
Charges for services	1,416,830	158,749	-	-	2,405	369	1,578,353	1,578,353
Miscellaneous revenues	368,371	23,260			40	494	392,165	392,165
Total revenues	17,255,236	182,009	11,236		18,549	863	17,467,893	17,467,893
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government	1,887,680	553,542	-	643,049	628,625	380,195	4,093,091	4,093,091
Public safety	1,138,129	-	5,117,346	-	-	-	6,255,475	6,255,475
Physical environment	479,923	-	· -	_	-	-	479,923	479,923
Transportation	244,732	-	-	_	-	-	244,732	244,732
Economic environment	146,674	-	-	-	-	-	146,674	146,674
Human services	673,761	_	_	_	-	_	673,761	673,761
Culture and recreation	795,001	-	-	-	-	-	795,001	795,001
Court related	88,927	_	296,090	_	-	_	385,017	385,017
Capital outlay	97,039	-	513,168	3,250	87,475	2,711	703,643	703,643
Debt service:	,		,	,	, in the second	,	,	,
Principal	44,285	_	_	_	_	_	44,285	44,285
Interest	8,693	_	_	_	_	_	8,693	8,693
Total expenditures	5,604,844	553,542	5,926,604	646,299	716,100	382,906	13,830,295	13,830,295
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures	11,650,392	(371,533)	(5,915,368)	(646,299)	(697,551)	(382,043)	3,637,598	3,637,598
04								
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	3,609,336	22.051					3,633,187	3,633,187
		23,851	-	-	-	-	, ,	, ,
Transfers out	(4,371,614)	270.024	- (1 (0 0 1 7	-	750.070	415.000	(4,371,614)	(4,371,614)
Appropriations to constitutional officers Article V reversion	(8,360,096)	370,034	6,160,917	662,600	750,879	415,666	(1.110)	(1.110)
	270.024	(22.252)	(245.540)	(1 (201)	(1,119)	(22 (22)	(1,119)	(1,119)
Reversions from constitutional officers	370,034	(22,352)	(245,549)	(16,301)	(52,209)	(33,623)	(720.546)	(720.546)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(8,752,340)	371,533	5,915,368	646,299	697,551	382,043	(739,546)	(739,546)
Net change in fund balances	2,898,052	-	-	-	-	-	2,898,052	2,898,052
Fund balances, beginning of year	13,551,789	-	-	-	-	-	13,551,789	13,551,789
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 16,449,841	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,449,841	\$ 16,449,841

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)

															Spec	cial Revenue								
	Er	Law nforcement Trust		Federal orfeiture		Fire District		Court Facility	Tra	nsportation		nsportation Impact		te Attorney lic Defender		CDBG		SHIP		E911		Capital urcharge		Law forcement ducation
ASSETS																								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	32,013	\$	10,636	\$	595,586	\$	136,589	\$	776,912	\$	82,459	\$	228,320	\$	-	\$	495,294	\$	236,476	\$	42,009	\$	18,567
Investments		-		-		85,353		36,633		13,749		-		-		-		-		24,720		2,393		-
Accounts receivable		-		-		324		79		423		-		-		-		-		129		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		124,948		-		108,475		-		-		23,610		-		69,657		-		-
Due from other funds						360		3,805	_	-				1,644								1,081		235
Total assets	\$	32,013	\$	10,636	\$	806,571	\$	177,106	\$	899,559	\$	82,459	\$	229,964	\$	23,610	\$	495,294	\$	330,982	\$	45,483	\$	18,802
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																								
Liabilities																								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36,538	\$	17,330	\$	34,074	\$	90	\$	-	\$	8,252	\$	-	\$	4,100	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other governments		-		-		-		_		-		-		-		3,400		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		306		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		9		-		-		-		-		-		9,741		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		-		9		36,538		17,330		34,074		90		-		21,393		306		4,100		-		-
Fund balances																								
Restricted for:																								
Law enforcement		32,013		10,627		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		326,882		45,483		18,802
Fire and EMS		-		-		770,033		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Roads and transportation		-		-		-		-		-		82,369		-		-		-		-		-		-
Economic environment		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,217		494,988		-		-		-
Court related		-		-		-		159,776		-		-		229,964		-		-		-		-		-
Capital improvements		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned to:																								
Roads and transportation				-		-				865,485		-						-		-		-		
Total fund balances		32,013		10,627		770,033		159,776		865,485		82,369		229,964		2,217		494,988		326,882		45,483		18,802
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	•	32,013	•	10,636	•	806,571	-\$	177,106	•	899,559	-\$	82,459	_	229,964	\$	23,610		495,294	•	330,982	\$	45,483	•	18,802
- van Zadoniues and I und Dandiees	Ф	32,013	Ф	10,030	Ф	300,571	Φ	1//,100	Ф	077,339	Ф	04,439	Ф	229,904	Ф	45,010	Ф	+73,474	Φ	330,962	Φ	43,403	Ф	10,004

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)

	I	Clerk Records Iernization		Clerk Title IV-D		Sheriff Inmate Welfare		tal Projects Capital Impact		Total
ASSETS	\$	90,515	\$	104,476	\$	18,280	\$	1,581	\$	2,869,713
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	3	90,313	Э	104,476	Э	18,280	3	1,381	Э	162,848
Accounts receivable										955
Due from other governments		_		20,355		_		_		347,045
Due from other funds		3,111		2		_		-		10,238
Total assets	\$	93,626	\$	124,833	\$	18,280	\$	1,581	\$	3,390,799
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	-	\$	1,912	\$	-	\$	-	\$	102,296
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-		3,400
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		306
Due to other funds				-		-		-		9,750
Total liabilities			_	1,912		-		-	_	115,752
Fund balances										
Restricted for:										
Law enforcement		-		-		18,280		-		452,087
Fire and EMS		-		-		-		-		770,033
Roads and transportation Economic environment		-		-		-		-		82,369 497,205
Court related		93,626		122,921		-		-		606,287
Capital improvements		93,020		122,921		-		1.581		1,581
Assigned to:		-		-		-		1,501		1,501
Roads and transportation		_		_		_		_		865,485
Total fund balances		93,626	_	122,921		18,280		1,581		3,275,047
Total I inhilition and Famil Dale			_			10.00		1.500	_	2 200 55
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	93,626	\$	124,833	\$	18,280	\$	1,581	\$	3,390,79

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)

								Special Revenue				
	Law Enforcement Trust	Federal Forfeiture	Fire District	Court Facility	Transportation	Transportation Impact	State Attorney Public Defender	CDBG	SHIP	E911	Capital Surcharge	Law Enforcement Education
Revenues												
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 525,501	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Permit, fees, and special assessments	-	-	648,527	-	51,278	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	126,292	-	705,570	-	-	111,272	350,000	65,065	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	43,843	6,636	-	21,620	-	-	184,802	12,106	-
Fines and forfeitures	1,400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,960
Miscellaneous revenues	92	17	(887)	(650)	7,709	230	345	-	108,312	548	80	26
Total revenues	1,492	17	773,932	43,193	1,296,694	230	21,965	111,272	458,312	250,415	12,186	2,986
Expenditures Current:												
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	716	-	495,413	-	893	-	-	-	-	123,035	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-	1,614,630	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38,409	425,775	-	-	-
Court related	-	-	-	17,250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	22,437	-	24,750	23,850	-	69,168	-	-	-	-
Debt service:												
Principal	-	-	71,523	-	147,044	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest			6,554		22,497							
Total expenditures	716	-	595,927	17,250	1,809,814	23,850	-	107,577	425,775	123,035	-	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over												
expenditures	776	17	178,005	25,943	(513,120)	(23,620)	21,965	3,695	32,537	127,380	12,186	2,986
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	-	-	-	-	371,614	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	-	-	371,614	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net change in fund balance	776	17	178,005	25,943	(141,506)	(23,620)	21,965	3,695	32,537	127,380	12,186	2,986
Fund balance, beginning of year	31,237	10,610	592,028	133,833	1,006,991	105,989	207,999	(1,478)	462,451	199,502	33,297	15,816
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 32,013	\$ 10,627	\$ 770,033	\$ 159,776	\$ 865,485	\$ 82,369	\$ 229,964	\$ 2,217	\$ 494,988	\$ 326,882	\$ 45,483	\$ 18,802

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)

						Capit	al Projects	
		Clerk ecords	Clerk Title		Sheriff Inmate		Capital	
	Mode	rnization	 IV-D	V	Velfare	I	mpact	Total
Revenues	_							
Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 525,501
Permit, fees, and special assessments		-	-		-		-	699,805
Intergovernmental		-	89,278		-		-	1,447,477
Charges for services		44,547	-		20,316		-	333,870
Fines and forfeitures		-	-		-		-	4,360
Miscellaneous revenues		215	-		47		5	116,089
Total revenues		44,762	 89,278		20,363		5	3,127,102
Expenditures Current:								
General government		6,500	62,103					68,603
		0,500	02,103		13,991		-	634,048
Public safety Transportation		-	-		13,991		-	1,614,630
Economic environment		-	-		-		-	
		44.260	-		-		-	464,184
Court related		44,368	-		-		-	61,618
Capital outlay		-	-		-		-	140,205
Debt service:								210.565
Principal		-	-		-		-	218,567
Interest		-	 -		-			29,051
Total expenditures		50,868	62,103		13,991		-	3,230,906
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(6,106)	27,175		6,372		5	(103,804)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		-	-		-		-	371,614
Transfers out		-	(23,851)		-		-	(23,851)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	(23,851)		-		-	347,763
Net change in fund balance		(6,106)	 3,324		6,372		5	243,959
Fund balance, beginning of year		99,732	119,597		11,908		1,576	3,031,088
Fund balance, end of year	\$	93,626	\$ 122,921	\$	18,280	\$	1,581	\$ 3,275,047

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Clerk of Circuit Court	Sheriff	(Tax Collector	(Total Custodial Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and equivalents	\$ 414,380	\$ 105,969	\$	363,293	\$	883,642
Due from other funds	1,997	-		-		1,997
Total assets	\$ 416,377	\$ 105,969	\$	363,293	\$	885,639
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 363	\$ -	\$	17,940	\$	18,303
Due to individuals	-	18,087		-		18,087
Due to other funds	10,952	31,304		14,819		57,075
Due to other governments	210,244	-		330,534		540,778
Total liabilities	\$ 221,559	\$ 49,391	\$	363,293	\$	634,243
NET POSITION	\$ 194,818	\$ 56,578	\$		\$	251,396

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Clerk of		_	Total
	Circuit	Cl: 66	Tax	Custodial
Additions	Court	Sheriff	Collector	Funds
Additions	C	¢	¢ 17 414 670	¢ 17 414 670
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,414,679	\$ 17,414,679
Charges for services	-	42,639	58,812	101,451
Permits, fees, and special assessments	-	-	187,306	187,306
Court related	4,280,795	217,092		4,497,887
Total additions	4,280,795	259,731	17,660,797	22,201,323
Deductions				
Court related payments	4,371,552	178,078	-	4,549,630
Payments to individuals	· -	42,639	708,311	750,950
Payments to other governments	-	=	6,313,095	6,313,095
Payments to BOCC	_	-	10,639,391	10,639,391
Total deductions	4,371,552	220,717	17,660,797	22,253,066
Net change in fiduciary net position	(90,757)	39,014	-	(51,743)
Net position, beginning of year	285,575	17,564	-	303,139
Net position, end of year	\$ 194,818	\$ 56,578	\$ -	\$ 251,396

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Federal/State Grantor / Pass Through Grantor / Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Contract Number	Expenditures	Amounts Provided to Subrecipients
FEDERAL AGENCY				
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Direct: Community Development Block Grant/State's Program Total Department of Housing and Urban Development	14.228	19DB-ON-03-31-01-H12	\$ 107,789 107,789	\$ - -
Department of the Treasury Direct:				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	SLT-1747	3,609,336	-
Passed through Town of Bell, Florida: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Y5020	249,325	-
Total Department of the Treasury			3,858,661	
Department of Health and Human Services Passed through Florida Department of Revenue: Child Support Enforcement Title IV-D Total Department of Health and Human Services	93.563	COC21	89,278 89,278	
Department of Homeland Security Passed through Florida Dvision of Emergency Management: Emergency Management Performance Grant COVID-19 - Emergency Management Performance Grant - ARPA Total Department of Homeland Security	97.042 97.042	G0324 G0337	43,276 13,926 57,202	- - -
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 4,112,930	\$ -

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)

Federal/State Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	CSFA Number	Contract Number	Expenditures	Amounts Provided to Subrecipients
STATE AGENCY				
Executive Office of the Governor Direct:				
Emergency Management Programs Total Executive Office of the Governor	31.063	A0223	\$ 94,978 94,978	\$ - -
Florida Department of Environmental Protection Direct:				
Small County Consolidated Grants Total Florida Department of Environmental Protection	37.012	SC209	93,750 93,750	
Florida Housing Finance Corporation Direct:				
State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program Total Florida Housing Finance Corporation	40.901	2021-2022	425,775 425,775	177,275 177,275
Department of State, Secretary of State Direct: State Aid to Libraries	45.030	22-ST-86	44,170	
Total Department of State	45.050	22-31-00	44,170	
Florida Department of Transportation Direct:				
Small County Outreach Program Total Florida Department of Transportation	55.009	G2122	244,732 244,732	-
Florida Department of Health Direct:				
Emergency Medical Services Matching Awards Total Florida Department of Health	64.003	M9054	48,128 48,128	
Florida Department of of Law Enforcement Direct:				
Law Enforcement Salary Assistance for Fiscally Constrained Counties Total Department of Law Enforcement	71.067	7G023	81,759 81,759	
Florida Department of Management Services Direct:				
Wireless 911 Emergency Telephone System Rural County Grant Program Wireless 911 Emergency Telephone System Rural County Grant Program	72.001 72.001	21-04-07 21-10-05	30,000 31,465	-
Direct: Prepaid Next Generation 911 (NG911) State Grant Program	72.003	S18-21-05-02	3,600	-
Total Department of Management Services			65,065	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 1,098,357	\$ 177,275

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(1) **Basis of Presentation:**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance includes the state grant activity of Gilchrist County, Florida (the County), and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and Section 215.97, Florida Statutes, *Florida Single Audit Act.* Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County.

(2) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and Section 215, Florida Statutes, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) <u>De Minimis Indirect Cost Rate Election:</u>

The County has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.

(4) **Subrecipients:**

During the year ended September 30, 2022, the County provided no federal awards and \$177,275 of state financial assistance to subrecipients.

(5) **Contingency:**

Project expenditures are subject to audit and adjustment. If any expenditures were to be disallowed by the grantor agency as a result of such an audit, any claim for reimbursement to the grantor agency would become a liability of the County. In the opinion of management, all project expenditures included on the accompanying schedule are in compliance with the terms of the project agreements and applicable federal and state laws and regulations.

OTHER REPORTS AND SCHEDULE

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

A. Summary of Auditors' Results:

Financial Statements:			
Type of audit report issued on the financial statements:		Unmodifie	ed
Internal control over	financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	X no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes	X none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		yes	X no
Federal Awards:			
Internal control over	major Federal programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	X no
Significant defic	ciency(ies) identified?	X yes	none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major Federal programs:		Unmodifie	ed
	ngs disclosed that are required to be rdance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	X yes	none reported
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?		_X_ yes	no
Dollar threshold use B programs:	d to distinguish between type A and type		<u>\$750,000</u>
Identification of maj	jor Federal programs:		
AL Number	Program Na	Program Name	
21.027	COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Loc	al Fiscal Reco	overy Funds
State Financial Assistanc	ce:		
Internal control over	major State projects:		
Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	X no
Significant defic	ciency(ies) identified?	yes	X none reported
Type of auditors' rep State projects:	port issued on compliance for major	Unmodifie	ed

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported for state financial assistance projects in accordance with Chapter 10.550?

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:

\$329,507

Identification of major State programs:

CSFA Number	Program Name
40.901	State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program (SHIP)
55.009	Small County Outreach Program (SCOP)

- B. Financial Statement Findings: None.
- C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs:

2022-001 – 21.207 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds – Reporting

Criteria: The County is a recipient of Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (CSLFRF) funds from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). As a recipient, the County is required to complete annual reporting indicating the usage of CSLFRF funds.

Condition and Context: During review of the annual reporting impacting the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 (inclusive of project reports for the periods ending March 31, 2022 and 2023), there was no indication of specific projects or actual expenditures reported, despite internals plans and assertions related to the full award having been used in accordance with the standard allowance for revenue replacement and expended for the provision of general government services.

Known Questioned Costs: None; compliance reporting requirement not met.

Cause: The error was not detected by internal review processes.

Effect: Continued reporting of no activity could have resulted in no projects or expenditures being reported by the end of the applicable period of performance (12/31/2024). Incorrect reporting could have resulted in excess funds being returned to the federal government.

Recommendation: The County should consider amending the 2022 and/or 2023 report to indicate the applicable projects and expenditures to be reported, or otherwise ensure that actual expenditures are reported within the period of performance.

- D. State Project Findings and Questioned Costs: None.
- E. **Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings:** See Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings, as listed in the table of contents.
- F. Corrective Action Plan: See management's response to current year findings as referenced in the table of contents.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners, Gilchrist County, Florida:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited Gilchrist County, Florida (the County)'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Compliance Supplement and the requirements described in the Florida Department of Financial Services State Projects Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2022. The County's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Gilchrist County, Florida complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs and state projects.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program and state project as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter
 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or as combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with the type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001 to be significant deficiencies.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed. *Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the County's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Meore : Co., P.L.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners, Gilchrist County, Florida:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Gilchrist County, Florida (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 18, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Maore : 6., P.L.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners, Gilchrist County, Florida:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Gilchrist County, Florida (the County), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated May 18, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with Chapter 10.550 Rules of the Florida Auditor General; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated May 18, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note 1 to the financial statements for the relevant disclosure.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the County has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the County did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the County's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we had the following recommendation:

2022-002 - Reconciliation of Account Balances and Audit Adjustments

During our audit, several unadjusted errors were discovered in significant account balances. Audit adjustments were made to correct the balances and avoid possible material balance misstatements. The County's internal control procedures should be designed to provide a reasonable assurance that material misstatements can be identified and corrected on a timely basis. We recommend the County tighten controls over the review of significant balances at year end.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units; therefore, we did not note any such component units that failed to provide the necessary information, nor is any specific special district information required to be reported.

Specific Special District Information – Gilchrist County Industrial Development Authority

The following items have been provided to us to comply with state reporting requirements and have not been audited by us. We did not audit the following information within this section, nor were we required to perform any procedures to verify the accuracy or the completeness of the information provided by management. We do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any form of assurance on this data.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the Gilchrist County Industrial Development Authority reported the following unaudited data:

- a) The total number of district employees compensated in the last pay period of the district's fiscal year: 0.
- b) The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the district's fiscal year: 0.
- c) All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency: \$0.

- d) All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency: \$0.
- e) Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the district that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported, together with the total expenditures for such project as:
 - a. No such projects noted
- f) A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the district amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as follows: there were no amendments between the original and final total district expenditure budget.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Management's Response to Findings

The County's response to the findings identified in our audit is outlined as listed in the table of contents. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and State grant agencies, the Board of County Commissioners, management, and others within the County and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James Maore : Co., P.L.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023



James Maore : Co., P.L.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' EXAMINATION REPORT

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners, Gilchrist County, Florida

We have examined the compliance of Gilchrist County, Florida (the County) with Section 365.172, Florida Statutes, *Emergency Communications Number* "E911", Section 365.173, Florida Statutes, *Communications Number E911 System Fund*, and Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies* (the Statutes), for the year ended September 30, 2022. The County's management is responsible for the compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to obtain reasonable assurance by evaluating against the aforementioned statutes and performing other procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion that conveys the results of our evaluation based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with the attestation standards for a direct examination engagement established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we obtain reasonable assurance by evaluating against the aforementioned statutes and performing other procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion that conveys the results of our measurement or evaluation of County's compliance. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks that were not in accordance with those requirements in all material respects, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent of the County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our examination engagement.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the Statutes for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023

Gilchrist County Board of County Commissioners

P.O. Box 37 112 South Main Street

Trenton, FL 32693

Phone: 352-463-4605 Fax: 352-463-4050

District I Sharon A. Langford District II Bill Martin District III Darrell Smith District IV Tommy Langford District V Kenrick Thomas

David "Duke" Lang, Jr. County Attorney 352-463-7800 Bobby Crosby County Administrator 352-463-3198 Todd Newton Clerk of Court 352-463-3170

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Todd Newton, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

- I am the Clerk of Court and Comptroller of Gilchrist County which is a local governmental entity
 of the State of Florida;
- Gilchrist County adopted Ordinance 99-10, as amended by Ordinance 05-14 for Capital Facilities and Ordinance 99-09, as amended by Ordinance 05-16 for Roads implementing impact fees. Gilchrist County adopted Ordinance 2012-02 suspending the collection of all impact fees; and
- Gilchrist County has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

Todd Newton

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF GILCHRIST

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this 14th day of April , 2023

1000	KACI MCCAGH
	MY COMMISSION # HH 003056
100	EXPIRES: May 25, 2024
1,00 E	Bonded Thru Notary Public Underwriters

NOTARY PUBLIC
Print Name LOCI MCMAh

Personally known 🔼 or produced identification _____

Type of identification produced:

My Commission Expires:

May 25, 2024

GILCHRIST COUNTY, FLORIDA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

<u>2021-001 – EMS Billing:</u> Corrective action taken.

Gilchrist County Board of County Commissioners

P.O. Box 37
South Main Stu

112 South Main Street Trenton, FL 32693

Phone: 352-463-4605

Fax: 352-463-4050

District I Sharon A. Langford District II Bill Martin District III Darrell Smith

District IV Tommy Langford District V Kenrick Thomas

David "Duke" Lang, Jr. County Attorney 352-463-7800 Bobby Crosby County Administrator 352-463-3198 Todd Newton Clerk of Court 352-463-3170

May 18, 2023

Office of the Auditor General Local Government Audits/342 Claude Pepper Building, Room 401 111 West Madison Street Tallahassee, Florida 32302-1450

RE: 2021-2022 Annual Audit for Gilchrist County Board of County Commissioners

In response to the finding in the current 2021-2022 audit, the following information is provided.

Findings:

2022-001

Criteria – The County is a recipient of Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (CSLFRF) funds from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). As a recipient the County is required to complete annual reporting indicating the usage of CSLFRF funds.

Condition and Context – During review of the annual reporting impacting the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 (inclusive of project reports for the periods ending March 31, 2022 and 2023), there was no indication of specific projects or actual expenditures reported, despite internal plans and assertions related to the full award having been used in accordance with the standard allowance for revenue replacement and expended for the provision of general government services.

Known Questioned Costs: None, compliance reporting requirement not met.

Cause – The error was not detected by internal review processes.

Effect – Continued reporting of no activity could have resulted in no projects or expenditures being reported by the end of the applicable period of performance (12/31/2024). Incorrect reporting could have resulted in excess funds being returned to the federal government.

Recommendation – The County should consider amending the 2022 and/or 2023 report to indicate the applicable projects and expenditures to be reported, or otherwise ensure that actual expenditures are reported within the period of performance.

Response – The County accepts the recommendation and will correct the 2022 and 2023 reports to indicate actual expenditures have been incurred for the relevant CSLFRF funds.

2020-002

Finding – During our audit, several unadjusted errors were discovered in significant account balances. Audit adjustments were made to correct the balances and avoid possible material balance misstatements. The County's internal control procedures should be designed to provide a reasonable assurance that material misstatements can be identified and corrected on a timely basis.

Recommendation – We recommend the County tighten controls over the review of significant balances at year end.

Response – The County will review year-end procedures and develop more enhanced review methods to analyze significant account balances to identify possible misstatements and make corrections if necessary. As a result of our review of procedures, improvements will be made of processes or additional personnel will be added for assistance.

If additional information is needed, please contact us.

Respectfully,

Todd Newton

Lorde Menton

Clerk of Court, Gilchrist County

Ruh & a Romans

Richard A. Romans

Finance Director

GILCHRIST COUNTY SHERIFF

SPECIAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

GILCHRIST COUNTY SHERIFF

SPECIAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 3
Special-Purpose Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Fun	ds 5
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Funds	6
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Funds	7
Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements	8 – 11
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund - Budget and Actual	13
Note to Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund - Budget and Actual	14
Supplementary Information:	
Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Net Position	16
Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	17
Additional Elements Required by the Rules of the Auditor General:	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Special-Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	19 – 20
Independent Auditors' Management Letter Required by Chapter 10.550, Rules of the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General	21 – 22
Independent Accountants' Examination Report	23
Management's Response	24



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Robert D. Schultz, Sheriff, Gilchrist County, Florida:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Gilchrist County Sheriff (the Office), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Gilchrist County Sheriff's financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Office as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Office, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information only for that portion of the major funds and aggregate remaining fund information of Gilchrist County, Florida, that is attributable to the Office. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Gilchrist County, Florida as of September 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Office's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Office's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the special-purpose financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the special-purpose financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the special-purpose financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the special-purpose financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the special-purpose financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Office's financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the special-purpose financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the special-purpose financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the special-purpose financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the special-purpose financial statements or to the special-purpose financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the special-purpose financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 18, 2023, on our consideration of the Office's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Office's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023 James Maore : Co., P.L.

GILCHRIST COUNTY SHERIFF BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

			Special Revenue							Total		
	General Fund		General FLETF Inmate			nmate	Vol	unteers	Governmental			
			I	Fund Welfare Fund		fare Fund	F	und	Funds			
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	448,577	\$	_	\$	18,280	\$	-	\$	466,857		
Total assets	\$	448,577	\$	-	\$	18,280	\$	-	\$	466,857		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$	189,318	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	189,318		
Due to Board of County Commissioners		259,259		-				-		259,259		
Total Liabilities		448,577		-				-		448,577		
Fund Balances												
Restricted for:												
Law enforcement		-		-		18,280		-		18,280		
Total Fund Balances		-		-		18,280		-		18,280		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	448,577	\$	-	\$	18,280	\$	-	\$	466,857		

GILCHRIST COUNTY SHERIFF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

						Total				
	General Fund		FLETF Fund		Inmate		Volunteers		Gov	ernmental
					Wel	fare Fund	F	und		Funds
Revenues										
Intergovernmental	\$	11,236	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,236
Charges for services		-		-		20,316		-		20,316
Miscellaneous revenue				-		47		-		47
Total revenues		11,236	-	-		20,363		-		31,599
Expenditures										
Current:										
Public safety	5,	117,346		-		13,991		-		5,131,337
Court-related		296,090		-		-		-		296,090
Capital outlay		513,168		-		-		-		513,168
Total expenditures	5,	926,604		-		13,991		-		5,940,595
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(5,	915,368)		-		6,372		-	(5,908,996)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Appropriations from board of county commissioners	6,	160,917		-		-		-		6,160,917
Reversion to board of county commissioners	(245,549)		-		-		-		(245,549)
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,	915,368		-		-		-		5,915,368
Net change in fund balance		-		-		6,372		-		6,372
Fund balances, beginning of year		-		-		11,908		-		11,908
Fund balances, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,280	\$	-	\$	18,280

GILCHRIST COUNTY SHERIFF STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 105,969
Total Assets	\$ 105,969
Liabilities	
Due to individuals	\$ 18,087
Total liabilities	\$ 49,391
Net Position	
Restricted for:	
Other individuals and organizations	\$ 56,578
Total net position	\$ 56,578

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

GILCHRIST COUNTY SHERIFF STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	_	Custodial Funds
Additions		
Charges for services	\$	42,639
Court related		217,092
Total additions		259,731
Deductions Court Related Payments to individuals Total deductions		178,078 42,639 220,717
Net change in fiduciary net position		39,014
Net position, beginning of year		17,564
Net position, end of year	\$	56,578

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

The accounting policies of the Gilchrist County Sheriff (the Office) conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

- (a) **Reporting entity** The Sheriff is an elected constitutional officer, whose office is established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida and is governed by various provisions of state law. The Office is an integral part of Gilchrist County, Florida (the County), the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes. The Office's General Fund is combined with the Board of County Commissioners in the County's financial statements to properly reflect the county-wide General Fund.
- (b) Basis of presentation—The Office's financial statements are special-purpose financial statements that have been prepared for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida (the Rules). In conformity with the Rules, the Office has not presented the government-wide financial statements, the reconciliations to the government-wide statements or management's discussion and analysis.
- (c) **Fund accounting**—Accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures, as appropriate for each fund type. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for in, individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The Office reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The principal operating fund of the office. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds – The Inmate Welfare Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the funds that are generated by phone commissions. The profits can only be spent for the benefit of the inmates. The Federal Forfeiture Fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditures of federal forfeitures received. The Volunteers Fund is used to track all donation revenues.

Additionally, the Sheriff reports the following fiduciary fund type:

Custodial Fund – Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the Office in a trustee capacity, or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

(d) Measurement focus/basis of accounting—All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources". Their operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets and, accordingly, are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. The Office considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt are recognized when due.

- (e) Cash—The Office's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.
- (f) Capital assets and long-term liabilities—Capital assets used by the Office are capitalized (recorded and accounted for) by the Gilchrist County Board of County Commissioners.

Depreciation is reported for the primary government using the straight-line method calculated on a service-life basis to amortize the cost of the asset over their estimated economic useful lives, which are as follows:

Assets	Years
Vehicles	4-6 years
Building and improvements	20 years
Computer software	3-10 years
Machinery and equipment	3-20 years

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types is limited to exclude amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities. They are instead reported as liabilities in the financial statements of the County.

- (g) **Accounts payable**—Accounts payable balances in the general fund are primarily payable to third-party vendors for goods provided and services rendered.
- (h) Compensated absences—The Office follows generally accepted accounting principles in accounting for accrued compensated absences. The Office allows limited vesting of unused employee leave time. Since the annual and sick leave liability is considered long-term, it is recorded in the government-wide financial statements of the County. Compensated absences are expected to be paid out of the General Fund of the Office and this practice is expected to continue in the future. The Office maintained compensated absence records for the hours earned, used and available.
- (i) **Fund balance**—Fund balance for governmental funds report classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds may be spent. In as much as the Sheriff is a county constitutional officer, any funds remaining at the end of the fiscal year are returned to the Board of County Commissioners. Unassigned fund balance represents funds available for spending at the government's discretion.

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:** (Continued)

The Office does not have a formal written policy regarding whether restricted or unrestricted amounts are considered to be spent when an expenditure for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. However, it has been the Office's general practice when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Office considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the Office considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and lastly unassigned funds, as needed.

(j) Use of estimates—The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make various estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:**

Governmental fund revenues and expenditures accounted for in budgetary funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with the Florida Statutes. An annual budget was adopted for the General Fund. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying special-purpose financial statements have been adjusted for legally authorized amendments of the annual budget for the year. The annual budget is monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, for purposes of budgetary control, expenditures cannot legally exceed the total budget appropriations at the individual fund level. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

(3) Investments:

Florida Statutes authorize the Office to invest in bonds, notes or other obligations of the U.S. Government, certificates of deposits, repurchase agreements, certain bonds of any State or local government unit and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Interest Rate Risk. The Office does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Office places no limit on the amount the Office may invest in any one issuer. The Office maintained 100-percent of excess deposits in a checking account with a local financial institution subject to Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance, and/or the State of Florida collateral pool established under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act (the Act).

(4) Risk Management:

The County purchased commercial insurance to limit the exposure of the following risks of loss: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; natural disasters and injuries to employees. Commercial insurance has been purchased by the Office to cover the risks of loss due to employee errors or omissions and health insurance. Settled claims resulting from all risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

(5) <u>Capital Assets:</u>

Capital asset activity of the Office is incorporated in the County-wide financial statements. All applicable depreciation expense is recorded under the public safety function.

(6) Long-term Liabilities:

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the Office for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, follows:

	eginning Balance	A	dditions	R	eductions	Ending Balance	e Within ne Year
Compensated absences	\$ 438,417	\$	277,915	\$	(532,785)	\$ 183,547	\$ 62,960

(7) **Pension Plan:**

The Office participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a multiple-employer, cost sharing defined public employee retirement system which covers all of the Office's full-time employees. The System is administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement to provide retirement and survivor benefits to participating public employees. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans and other nonintegrated programs. These include a defined-benefit pension plan (Plan), with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), and a defined-contribution plan, referred to as the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan).

In addition, all regular employees of the entity are eligible to enroll as members of the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program. The HIS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

For financial reporting purposes, the Office is deemed to be part of the primary government of the County. A liability related to the Office's proportionate share of FRS retirement benefits, along with a detailed plan description, is reported in the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GILCHRIST COUNTY SHERIFF SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Ori	ginal	F	inal		Actual		Negative)
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$		\$	11,236	\$	11,236
Total revenues		-		-		11,236		11,236
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public safety	5,6	10,442	5,	554,642	4	5,117,346		437,296
Court-related	2	92,680		292,680		296,090		(3,410)
Capital outlay		-		-		513,168		(513,168)
Total expenditures	5,9	03,122	5,	847,322		5,926,604		(79,282)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(5,9	03,122)	(5,	847,322)	(5	5,915,368)		(68,046)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Appropriations from board of county commissioners	5,9	03,122	5,	847,322	(5,160,917		313,595
Reversion to board of county commissioners		-				(245,549)		(245,549)
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,9	03,122	5,	847,322	2	5,915,368		68,046
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balances, beginning of year		-		-		-		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-

GILCHRIST COUNTY SHERIFF NOTE TO SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(1) **Budgetary Information:**

An annual budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. A formal budget is not adopted for the federal forfeiture, inmate welfare, or volunteers funds, and therefore budgetary comparison schedules are not presented for these funds.

The Office follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) The preparation, adoption and amendment of the budgets are governed by Florida Statutes. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- b) Budget excess expenditures over revenues are funded through appropriations from the Board of County Commissioners.
- c) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.
- d) The budgets for the funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GILCHRIST COUNTY SHERIFF COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Inmate Trust Fund		Individual/ Suspense Fund		Bonds/Fines Fund		Evidence Trust Fund		0	Total ustodial Funds
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents Total Assets	\$	49,391 49,391	\$ \$	36,240 36,240	\$	9,750 9,750	\$	10,588 10,588	\$	105,969 105,969
Liabilities										
Due to individuals	\$	18,087	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,087
Due to other County agencies		31,304		-		-		-		31,304
Total liabilities	\$	49,391	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	49,391
Net Position										
Restricted for:										
Other individuals and organizations	\$	-	\$	36,240	\$	9,750	\$	10,588	\$	56,578
Total net position	\$	-	\$	36,240	\$	9,750	\$	10,588	\$	56,578

GILCHRIST COUNTY SHERIFF COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Inmate Trus Fund	Individual Suspense Fund		Evidence Trust Fund	Total Custodial Funds
Additions					
Charges for services	\$ 42,639	9 \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 42,639
Court related	-	189,09	96 25,032	2,964	217,092
Total additions	42,639	189,09	25,032	2,964	259,731
Deductions					
Court related	_	157,15	58 18,057	2,863	178,078
Payments to individuals	42,639) -	· -	- -	42,639
Total deductions	42,639	157,15	18,057	2,863	220,717
Net change in fiduciary net position	-	31,93	6,975	101	39,014
Net position, beginning of year	-	4,30	2,775	10,487	17,564
Net position, end of year	\$ -	\$ 36,24	\$ 9,750	\$ 10,588	\$ 56,578

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF SPECIAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Robert D. Schultz, Sheriff, Gilchrist County, Florida:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Gilchrist County Sheriff (the Office) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Gilchrist County Sheriff's special-purpose financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 18, 2023, which was modified to refer to a basis of accounting required for compliance with state filing requirements, and for other reasons.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the special-purpose financial statements, we considered the Office's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the special-purpose financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the following paragraph as item 2022-001, that we consider to be a material weakness:

2022-001 - Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

During the course of the audit, several adjustments were noted with respect to account reconciliation and the presentation of accounts in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). As the Office maintains their cash accounts on the cash basis of accounting, several material entries were required to record the accounts in accordance with GAAP. This included an adjustment of approximately \$203,000 to properly accrue for amounts which had not been accrued in the corresponding period. We recommend the Office utilize accrual features within the accounting software or obtain a software that can properly accrue for items at year-end.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Gilchrist County Sheriff's special-purpose financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Management's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Office's responses to the findings identified in our audit, as listed in the table of contents. The Office's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Maore ; Co., P.L.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA, OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

The Honorable Robert D. Schultz, Sheriff, Gilchrist County, Florida:

We have audited the financial statements of the Gilchrist County Sheriff (the Office), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated May 18, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Special-Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated May 18, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Comment 2022-002 remains uncorrected from the second preceding audit report. The following is a summary of all findings and recommendations reported in the preceding annual financial audit report:

2021-001 – Capital Assets: Corrective action not taken. See repeat comment 2022-002.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Gilchrist County Sheriff is an elected constitutional officer, whose office is established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida and is governed by various provisions of state law. Gilchrist County, including the Office of the Sheriff, was established by Chapter 8516, Laws of Florida in 1921. There are no component units of the Gilchrist County Sheriff to be disclosed as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we had the following recommendations.

<u>2022-002 – Capital Assets</u>

During our audit, we noticed several opportunities to improve the process for tracking and valuation of the Office's capital assets. Specifically, fixed asset records should include the following data: description of the asset; cost, voucher number, and vendor name; date placed in service; estimated useful life; depreciation method; depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation for the year; and date asset retired and selling price if applicable. Complete information, such as the preceding, on all capital assets would improve financial reporting as well as aid in the safeguarding of these assets.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Management's Response to Finding

The Office's responses to the finding identified in our audit is described in the letter titled Management's Response, as listed in the table of contents. The Office's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Gilchrist County Sheriff, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James Maore & Co., P.L.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023



James Moore & Co., P.L.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' EXAMINATION REPORT

The Honorable Robert D. Schultz, Sheriff, Gilchrist County, Florida:

We have examined the Gilchrist County Sheriff's (the Office) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies* (the Statute), for the year ended September 30, 2022. The Office's management is responsible for the compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to obtain reasonable assurance by evaluating against the aforementioned statutes and performing other procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion that conveys the results of our evaluation based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with the attestation standards for a direct examination engagement established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we obtain reasonable assurance by evaluating against the aforementioned statutes and performing other procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion that conveys the results of our measurement or evaluation of County's compliance. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks that were not in accordance with those requirements in all material respects, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent of the Office, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our examination engagement.

In our opinion, the Office complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023



Gilchrist County Sheriff's Office Sheriff Robert D. Schultz, III 9239 South US Highway 129 Trenton, FL 32693

May 18, 2023

State of Florida Auditor General's Office Claude Pepper Building Suite G74 111 West Madison Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1450

RE: Written Explanation or Rebuttal

Gilchrist County Sheriff's Office Audit Report Ending September 30, 2022

To Whom It May Concern:

Please accept this letter of written explanation regarding the schedule of findings. I have been informed of our Auditor's findings and the recommendations that they have outlined in their annual audit report.

I understand that the auditors have met with my staff regarding their findings. I will take the appropriate steps to change the procedures to resolve these findings.

2022-001 Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

12/1000

We have taken steps to improve our control in utilizing the accrual features in our current accounting software. We are actively looking at new accounting software currently.

2022-002 Capital Assets

We have implemented a reconciliation process at year end to ensure that only those assets meeting the capitalization threshold are capitalized and that assets are tracked and depreciated as appropriate.

I appreciate the manner in which the auditors conducted the audit and feel that they were helpful, courteous and professional.

Sincerely,

Robert D. Schultz, III, Sheriff

GILCHRIST COUNTY PROPERTY APPRAISER

SPECIAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

GILCHRIST COUNTY PROPERTY APPRAISER

SPECIAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 3
Special-Purpose Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund	. 5
Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements	6 – 9
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	11
Note to Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	12
Additional Elements Required by the Rules of the Auditor General:	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Special-Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	14 – 15
Independent Auditors' Management Letter Required by Chapter 10.550, Rules of the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General	16 – 17
Independent Accountants' Examination Report	18



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Damon Leggett, Property Appraiser, Gilchrist County, Florida:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the special-purpose financial statements of the general fund of the Gilchrist County Property Appraiser (the Office), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the special-purpose financial statements, which collectively comprise the Gilchrist County Property Appraiser's special-purpose financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying special-purpose financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position thereof each major fund of the Office as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Office, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, only for that portion of the major funds, of Gilchrist County, Florida, that is attributable to the Office. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Gilchrist County, Florida as of September 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Office's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Office's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the specialpurpose financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the special-purpose financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the special-purpose financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the special-purpose financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the special-purpose financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 18, 2023, on our consideration of the Office's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Office's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James Meore ; Co., P.L.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023

GILCHRIST COUNTY PROPERTY APPRAISER BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General Fund				
ASSETS					
Cash and equivalents	\$	55,397			
Accounts receivable		449			
Total Assets	\$	55,846			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$	2,382			
Due to other governments		1,119			
Due to Board of County Commissioners		52,345			
Total Liabilities		55,846			
Fund Balance:					
Unassigned		-			
Total Fund Balance	_				
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	55,846			

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

GILCHRIST COUNTY PROPERTY APPRAISER STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General Fund		
Revenues	<u>'</u>		
Charges for services	\$	2,405	
Intergovernmental revenue		16,104	
Miscellaneous revenue		40	
Total revenues		18,549	
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government		628,625	
Capital outlay		87,475	
Total expenditures		716,100	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(697,551)	
Other financing sources (uses)			
Appropriations from Board of County Commissioners		750,879	
Reversion to Board of County Commissioners		(52,209)	
Other external reversion		(1,119)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		697,551	
Net change in fund balance		-	
Fund balance, beginning of year		-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

The accounting policies of the Gilchrist County Property Appraiser (the "Office") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

- (a) **Reporting entity**—The Property Appraiser is an elected constitutional officer, whose office is established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida and is governed by various provisions of state law. The Office is an integral part of Gilchrist County, Florida (the County), the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes. The Office's General Fund is combined with the Board of County Commissioners in the County's financial statements to properly reflect the county-wide General Fund.
- (b) Basis of presentation—The Office's financial statements are special-purpose financial statements that have been prepared for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida (the Rules). In conformity with the Rules, the Office has not presented the government-wide financial statements, the reconciliations to the government-wide statements or management's discussion and analysis.
- (c) **Fund accounting**—Accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures, as appropriate for each fund type. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for in, individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The Office reports the following major governmental fund; there are no non-major governmental funds:

General Fund – The principal operating fund of the Office. It is used to account for all financial resources.

(d) Measurement focus/basis of accounting—All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources". Their operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets and, accordingly, are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Except for grants, which are recorded on a matching basis, the Office considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt are recognized when due.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- (e) Cash—The Office's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.
- (f) **Receivables**—Activity between officers that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other governments."
- (g) Capital assets and long-term liabilities—Capital assets used by the Office are capitalized (recorded and accounted for) by the Gilchrist County Board of County Commissioners.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types is limited to exclude amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities. They are instead reported as liabilities in the financial statements of the County.

- (h) **Accounts payable**—Accounts payable balances in the general fund are primarily payable to third-party vendors for goods provided and services rendered.
- (i) Compensated absences—The Office follows generally accepted accounting principles in accounting for accrued compensated absences. The Office allows limited vesting of unused employee leave time. Since the annual and sick leave liability is considered long-term, it is recorded in the government-wide financial statements of the County. Compensated absences are expected to be paid out of the General Fund of the Office and this practice is expected to continue in the future. The Office maintained compensated absence records for the hours earned, used and available.
- (j) **Fund balance**—Fund balance for governmental funds report classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds may be spent. In as much as the Property Appraiser is a county constitutional officer, any funds remaining at the end of the fiscal year are returned to the Board of County Commissioners. Unassigned fund balance represents funds available for spending at the government's discretion.

The Office does not have a formal written policy regarding whether restricted or unrestricted amounts are considered to be spent when an expenditure for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. However, it has been the Office's general practice when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available; the Office considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the Office considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and lastly unassigned funds, as needed.

(k) Use of estimates—The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make various estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:**

Governmental fund revenues and expenditures accounted for in budgetary funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with the Florida Statutes. An annual budget was adopted for the General Fund. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying special-purpose financial statements have been adjusted for legally authorized amendments of the annual budget for the year. The annual budget is monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, for purposes of budgetary control, expenditures cannot legally exceed the total budget appropriations at the individual fund level. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

(3) **Investments:**

Florida Statutes authorize the Office to invest in bonds, notes or other obligations of the U.S. Government, certificates of deposits, repurchase agreements, certain bonds of any State or local government unit and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Interest Rate Risk. The Office does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Office places no limit on the amount the Office may invest in any one issuer. The Office maintained 100-percent of excess deposits in a checking account with a local financial institution subject to Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance, and/or the State of Florida collateral pool established under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act (the Act).

(4) Risk Management:

The County purchased commercial insurance to limit the exposure of the following risks of loss: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; natural disasters and injuries to employees. Commercial insurance has been purchased by the Office to cover the risks of loss due to employee errors or omissions and health insurance. Settled claims resulting from all risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

(5) Long-term Liabilities:

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, follows:

		Beginning Balance Additions			Reductions			Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Compensated absences	\$	10,274	\$	17,071	\$	(16,398)	\$	10,947	\$	3,755	

(6) **Pension Plan:**

The Office participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined public employee retirement system which covers all of the Office's full-time employees. The System is administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement to provide retirement and survivor benefits to participating public employees. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans and other nonintegrated programs. These include a defined-benefit pension plan (Plan), with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), and a defined-contribution plan, referred to as the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan).

In addition, all regular employees of the entity are eligible to enroll as members of the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program. The HIS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

For financial reporting purposes, the Office is deemed to be part of the primary government of the County. A liability related to the Office's proportionate share of FRS retirement benefits, along with a detailed plan description, is reported in the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GILCHRIST COUNTY PROPERTY APPRAISER SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original			Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues							(1.eg.e./c)	
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,405	\$	2,405
Intergovernmental revenue		-		-		16,104		16,104
Miscellaneous revenue		-		-		40		40
Total revenues		-		-		18,549		18,549
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		677,711		677,711		628,625		49,086
Capital outlay		87,475		87,475		87,475		-
Total expenditures		765,186		765,186		716,100		49,086
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(765,186)		(765,186)		(697,551)		67,635
Other financing sources (uses)								
Appropriations from Board of County Commissioners		765,186		765,186		750,879		(14,307)
Reversion to Board of County Commissioners		-		-		(52,209)		(52,209)
Other external reversion		-		-		(1,119)		(1,119)
Total other financing sources (uses)		765,186		765,186		697,551		(67,635)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance, beginning of year		-		-		-		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

The accompanying note to schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget to actual - governmental funds is an integral part of this schedule.

GILCHRIST COUNTY PROPERTY APPRAISER NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(1) **Budgetary Information:**

An annual budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The Office follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) The preparation, adoption and amendment of the budgets are governed by Florida Statutes. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- b) Budget excess expenditures over revenues are funded through appropriations from the Board of County Commissioners.
- c) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.
- d) The budgets for the funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF SPECIAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Damon Leggett, Property Appraiser, Gilchrist County, Florida:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the general fund of the Gilchrist County Property Appraiser (the Office) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Gilchrist County Property Appraiser's special-purpose financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 18, 2023, which was modified to refer to a basis of accounting required for compliance with state filing requirements, and for other reasons.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the special-purpose financial statements, we considered the Office's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the special-purpose financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Office's special-purpose financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no such instance of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

May 18, 2023

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gainesville, Florida



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA, OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

The Honorable Damon Leggett, Property Appraiser, Gilchrist County, Florida:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Gilchrist County Property Appraiser (the Office), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated May 18, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Special-Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated May 18, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address all findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report, if applicable.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Gilchrist County Property Appraiser is an elected constitutional officer, whose office is established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida and is governed by various provisions of state law. Gilchrist County, including the Property Appraiser, was established by Chapter 8516, Laws of Florida in 1921. There are no component units of the Gilchrist County Property Appraiser to be disclosed as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Gilchrist County Property Appraiser, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James Maore : Co., P.L.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023



James Maore : 6., P.L.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' EXAMINATION REPORT

The Honorable Damon Leggett, Property Appraiser, Gilchrist County, Florida:

We have examined the Gilchrist County Property Appraiser's (the Office) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies* (the Statute), for the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the Office's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to obtain reasonable assurance by evaluating against aforementioned statutes and performing other procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion that conveys the results of our evaluation based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with the attestation standards for a direct examination engagement established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we obtain reasonable assurance by evaluating against the aforementioned statutes and performing other procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion that conveys the results of our measurement or evaluation of Office's compliance. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks that were not in accordance with those requirements in all material respects, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent of the Office, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our examination engagement.

In our opinion, the Office complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements in all for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023

GILCHRIST COUNTY SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS

SPECIAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

GILCHRIST COUNTY SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS

SPECIAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 3
Special-Purpose Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund	5
Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements	6 – 9
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	11
Note to Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	12
Additional Elements Required by the Rules of the Auditor General:	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Special-Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	14 – 15
Independent Auditors' Management Letter Required by Chapter 10.550, Rules of the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General	16 – 17
Independent Accountants' Examination Report	18



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Connie Sanchez, Supervisor of Elections, Gilchrist County, Florida:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the special-purpose financial statements of the general fund of the Gilchrist County Supervisor of Elections (the Office), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the special-purpose financial statements, which collectively comprise the Office's special-purpose financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying special-purpose financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position thereof each major fund of the Office as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Office, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, only for that portion of the major funds, of Gilchrist County, Florida, that is attributable to the Gilchrist County Supervisor of Elections. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Gilchrist County, Florida as of September 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Office's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Office's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the specialpurpose financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the special-purpose financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the special-purpose financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the special-purpose financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the special-purpose financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 18, 2023, on our consideration of the Office's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Office's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James Meore ; Co., P.L.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023

GILCHRIST COUNTY SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General Fund		
ASSETS			
Cash and equivalents	\$	45,883	
Total Assets	\$	45,883	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$	11,060	
Due to other governments		90	
Due to Board of County Commissioners		34,733	
Total Liabilities		45,883	
Fund Balance:			
Unassigned		-	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	45,883	

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

GILCHRIST COUNTY SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General Fund				
Revenues					
Charges for services	\$	369			
Miscellaneous		494			
Total revenues		863			
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		380,195			
Capital outlay		2,711			
Total expenditures		382,906			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(382,043)			
Other financing sources (uses)					
Appropriations from Board of County Commissioners		415,666			
Reversion to Board of County Commissioners		(33,623)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		382,043			
Net change in fund balance		-			
Fund balance, beginning of year		-			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-			

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

The accounting policies of the Gilchrist County Supervisor of Elections (the "Office") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

- (a) **Reporting entity**—The Supervisor of Elections is an elected constitutional officer, whose office is established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida and is governed by various provisions of state law. The Office is an integral part of Gilchrist County, Florida (the County), the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes. The Office's General Fund is combined with the Board of County Commissioners in the County's financial statements to properly reflect the county-wide General Fund.
- (b) **Basis of presentation**—The Office's financial statements are special-purpose financial statements that have been prepared for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida (the Rules). In conformity with the Rules, the Office has not presented the government-wide financial statements, the reconciliations to the government-wide statements or management's discussion and analysis.
- (c) Fund accounting—Accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures, as appropriate for each fund type. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for in, individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The Office reports the following major governmental fund; there are no non-major governmental funds:

General Fund – The principal operating fund of the Office. It is used to account for all financial resources.

(d) Measurement focus/basis of accounting—All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources". Their operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets and, accordingly, are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. The Office considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt are recognized when due.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- (e) Cash—The Office's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.
- (f) **Receivables**—Activity between officers that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other governments."
- (g) Capital assets and long-term liabilities—Capital assets used by the Office are capitalized (recorded and accounted for) by the Gilchrist County Board of County Commissioners.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types is limited to exclude amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities. They are instead reported as liabilities in the financial statements of the County.

- (h) **Accounts payable**—Accounts payable balances in the general fund are primarily payable to third-party vendors for goods provided and services rendered.
- (i) Compensated absences—The Office follows generally accepted accounting principles in accounting for accrued compensated absences. The Office allows limited vesting of unused employee leave time. Since the annual and sick leave liability is considered long-term, it is recorded in the government-wide financial statements of the County. Compensated absences are expected to be paid out of the General Fund of the Office and this practice is expected to continue in the future. The Office maintained compensated absence records for the hours earned, used and available.
- (j) **Fund balance**—Fund balance for governmental funds report classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds may be spent. In as much as the Supervisor of Elections is a county constitutional officer, any funds remaining at the end of the fiscal year are returned to the Board of County Commissioners. Unassigned fund balance represents funds available for spending at the government's discretion.

The Office does not have a formal written policy regarding whether restricted or unrestricted amounts are considered to be spent when an expenditure for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. However, it has been the Office's general practice when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available; the Office considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the Office considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and lastly unassigned funds, as needed.

(k) Use of estimates—The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make various estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:**

Governmental fund revenues and expenditures accounted for in budgetary funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with the Florida Statutes. An annual budget was adopted for the General Fund. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying special-purpose financial statements have been adjusted for legally authorized amendments of the annual budget for the year. The annual budget is monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, for purposes of budgetary control, expenditures cannot legally exceed the total budget appropriations at the individual fund level. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

(3) **Investments:**

Florida Statutes authorize the Office to invest in bonds, notes or other obligations of the U.S. Government, certificates of deposits, repurchase agreements, certain bonds of any State or local government unit and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Interest Rate Risk. The Office does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Office places no limit on the amount the Office may invest in any one issuer. The Office maintained 100-percent of excess deposits in a checking account with a local financial institution subject to Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance, and/or the State of Florida collateral pool established under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act (the Act).

(4) Risk Management:

The County purchased commercial insurance to limit the exposure of the following risks of loss: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; natural disasters and injuries to employees. Commercial insurance has been purchased by the Office to cover the risks of loss due to employee errors or omissions and health insurance. Settled claims resulting from all risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

(5) <u>Long-term Liabilities:</u>

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, follows:

	Beginning Balance Additions			Re	ductions	Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Compensated absences	\$ 2,878	\$	6,318	\$	(4,763)	\$	4,433	\$	1,478

(6) **Pension Plan:**

The Office participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined public employee retirement system which covers all of the Office's full-time employees. The System is administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement to provide retirement and survivor benefits to participating public employees. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans and other nonintegrated programs. These include a defined-benefit pension plan (Plan), with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), and a defined-contribution plan, referred to as the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan).

In addition, all regular employees of the entity are eligible to enroll as members of the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program. The HIS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

For financial reporting purposes, the Office is deemed to be part of the primary government of the County. A liability related to the Office's proportionate share of FRS retirement benefits, along with a detailed plan description, is reported in the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GILCHRIST COUNTY SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	Oı	riginal	Final		Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues			-						
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	369	\$	369	
Miscellaneous						494		494	
Total revenues			-	-	-	863		863	
Expenditures									
Current:		412 (((412 (((200 105		22 471	
General government Capital outlay		412,666 3,000		412,666 3,000		380,195 2,711		32,471 289	
Total expenditures		415,666		415,666		382,906		32,760	
Total expenditures		413,000		413,000		382,900		32,700	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(415,666)		(415,666)		(382,043)		33,623	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Appropriations from Board of County Commissioners		415,666		415,666		415,666		-	
Reversion to Board of County Commissioners		-		-		(33,623)		(33,623)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		415,666		415,666		382,043		(33,623)	
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-	
Fund balance, beginning of year		-		-		-		-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	

GILCHRIST COUNTY SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(1) **Budgetary Information:**

An annual budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The Office follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) The preparation, adoption and amendment of the budgets are governed by Florida Statutes. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- b) Budget excess expenditures over revenues are funded through appropriations from the Board of County Commissioners.
- c) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.
- d) The budgets for the funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF SPECIAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Connie Sanchez, Supervisor of Elections, Gilchrist County, Florida:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the general fund of the Gilchrist County Supervisor of Elections (the Office) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Gilchrist County Supervisor of Elections' special-purpose financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 18, 2023, which was modified to refer to a basis of accounting required for compliance with state filing requirements, and for other reasons.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the special-purpose financial statements, we considered the Office's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the special-purpose financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Office's special-purpose financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Maore : 6., P.L.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA, OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

The Honorable Connie Sanchez, Supervisor of Elections, Gilchrist County, Florida:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Gilchrist County Supervisor of Elections (the Office), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated May 18, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Special-Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and Independent Accountans' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated May 18, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address all findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report, if applicable.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Gilchrist County Supervisor of Elections is an elected constitutional officer, whose office is established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida and is governed by various provisions of state law. Gilchrist County, including the Supervisor of Elections, was established by Chapter 8516, Laws of Florida in 1921. There are no component units of the Office to be disclosed as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Gilchrist County Supervisor of Elections, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James Maore : Co., P.L.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023



James Maore : 6., P.L.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' EXAMINATION REPORT

The Honorable Connie Sanchez, Supervisor of Elections, Gilchrist County, Florida:

We have examined the Gilchrist County Supervisor of Elections' (the Office) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies* (the Statute), for the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the Office's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to obtain reasonable assurance by evaluating against aforementioned statutes and performing other procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion that conveys the results of our evaluation based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with the attestation standards for a direct examination engagement established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we obtain reasonable assurance by evaluating against the aforementioned statutes and performing other procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion that conveys the results of our measurement or evaluation of Office's compliance. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks that were not in accordance with those requirements in all material respects, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent of the Office, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our examination engagement.

In our opinion, the Office complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023

GILCHRIST COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR

SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

GILCHRIST COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR

SPECIAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 3
Special-Purpose Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund	5
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Fund	6
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Fund	7
Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements	8 – 11
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	13
Note to Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	14
Supplementary Information:	
Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Net Position	16
Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	17
Additional Elements Required by the Rules of the Auditor General:	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Special-Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	19 – 20
Independent Auditors' Management Letter Required by Chapter 10.550, Rules of the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General	21 – 22
Independent Accountants' Examination Report	23



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Michael McElroy, Tax Collector, Gilchrist County, Florida:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the special-purpose financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Gilchrist County Tax Collector (the Office), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the special-purpose financial statements, which collectively comprise the Gilchrist County Tax Collector's special-purpose financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Office as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Office, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major funds and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Gilchrist County, Florida, that is attributable to the Office. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Gilchrist County, Florida as of September 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Office's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Office's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the special-purpose financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the special-purpose financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the special-purpose financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the special-purpose financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the special-purpose financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Office's special-purpose financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining schedule of fiduciary net position is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 18, 2023, on our consideration of the Office's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Office's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023 James Maore ; Co., P.L.

GILCHRIST COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General Fund		
Assets Cash and equivalents	\$	16,425	
Liabilities and Fund Balance			
Liabilities Due to Board of County Commissioners	\$	16,425	
Fund balance Unassigned		-	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	16,425	

GILCHRIST COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Ger	neral Fund
Revenues		
Miscellaneous revenue	\$	-
Total revenues		-
Expenditures		
Current:		
General government		643,049
Capital outlay		3,250
Total expenditures		646,299
Every (deficiency) of very every every every distance		(646,200)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(646,299)
Other financing sources (uses)		
Appropriations from Board of County Commissioners		662,600
Reversion to Board of County Commissioners		(16,301)
Total other financing sources (uses)		646,299
Net change in fund balance		-
Fund balance, beginning of year		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-

GILCHRIST COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	 Custodial Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Total Assets	\$ 363,293 363,293
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to other governments Total Liabilities	\$ 17,940 330,534 363,293

GILCHRIST COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds
Additions	
Taxes	\$ 17,414,679
Charges for services	58,812
Permits, fees, and special assessments	187,306
Total additions	17,660,797
Deductions Payments to individuals Payments to other governments Payments to BOCC Total deductions	708,311 6,313,095 10,639,391 17,660,797
Net change in fiduciary net position	-
Net position, beginning of year	-
Net position, end of year	\$ -

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

The accounting policies of the Gilchrist County Tax Collector (the "Office") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

- (a) **Reporting entity**—The Tax Collector is an elected constitutional officer, whose office is established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida and is governed by various provisions of state law. The Office is an integral part of Gilchrist County, Florida (the County), the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes. The Office's General Fund is combined with the Board of County Commissioners in the County's financial statements to properly reflect the county-wide General Fund.
- (b) **Basis of presentation**—The Office's financial statements are special-purpose financial statements that have been prepared for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida (the Rules). In conformity with the Rules, the Office has not presented the government-wide financial statements, the reconciliations to the government-wide statements or management's discussion and analysis.
- (c) **Fund accounting**—Accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures, as appropriate for each fund type. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for in, individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The Office reports the following major governmental fund; there are no non-major governmental funds:

General Fund - The principal operating fund of the office. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the Office reports the following fiduciary fund type:

Custodial Fund - Used to account for assets held by the Office as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Custodial funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Tax Collector's Custodial Fund is used to account for the collection and distribution of property taxes, sales tax, vehicle tags and titles, boat registrations and titles, concealed weapons licenses, and driver and fishing licenses.

(d) Measurement focus/basis of accounting—All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources". Their operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets and, accordingly, are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Except for grants, which are recognized when the related expenditures are incurred, the Office considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt are recognized when due.

- (e) Cash—The Office's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.
- (f) Capital assets and long-term liabilities—Capital assets used by the Office are capitalized (recorded and accounted for) by the Gilchrist County Board of County Commissioners.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types is limited to exclude amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities. They are instead reported as liabilities in the financial statements of the County.

- (g) **Accounts payable**—Accounts payable balances in the general fund are primarily payable to third-party vendors for goods provided and services rendered.
- (h) **Compensated absences**—The Office follows generally accepted accounting principles in accounting for accrued compensated absences. The Office allows limited vesting of unused employee leave time. Since the annual and sick leave liability is considered long-term, it is recorded in the government-wide financial statements of the County. Compensated absences are expected to be paid out of the General Fund of the Office and this practice is expected to continue in the future. The Office maintained compensated absence records for the hours earned, used and available.
- (i) **Fund balance**—Fund balance for governmental funds report classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds may be spent. In as much as the Tax Collector is a county constitutional officer, any funds remaining at the end of the fiscal year are returned to the Board of County Commissioners. Unassigned fund balance represents funds available for spending at the government's discretion.

The Office does not have a formal written policy regarding whether restricted or unrestricted amounts are considered to be spent when an expenditure for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. However, it has been the Office's general practice when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available; the Office considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the Office considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and lastly unassigned funds, as needed.

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:** (Continued)

(j) Use of estimates—The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make various estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:**

Governmental fund revenues and expenditures accounted for in budgetary funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with the Florida Statutes. An annual budget was adopted for the General Fund. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying special-purpose financial statements have been adjusted for legally authorized amendments of the annual budget for the year. The annual budget is monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, for purposes of budgetary control, expenditures cannot legally exceed the total budget appropriations at the individual fund level. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

(3) **Investments:**

Florida Statutes authorize the Office to invest in bonds, notes or other obligations of the U.S. Government, certificates of deposits, repurchase agreements, certain bonds of any State or local government unit and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Interest Rate Risk. The Office does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Office places no limit on the amount the Office may invest in any one issuer. The Office maintained 100-percent of excess deposits in a checking account with a local financial institution subject to Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance, and/or the State of Florida collateral pool established under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act (the Act).

(4) Risk Management:

The County purchased commercial insurance to limit the exposure of the following risks of loss: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; natural disasters and injuries to employees. Commercial insurance has been purchased by the Office to cover the risks of loss due to employee errors or omissions and health insurance. Settled claims resulting from all risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

(5) <u>Long-term Liabilities:</u>

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Compensated absences	\$ 20,584	\$	17,775	\$	(14,610)	\$	23,749	\$	7,047	

(6) **Pension Plan:**

The Office participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined public employee retirement system which covers all of the Office's full-time employees. The System is administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement to provide retirement and survivor benefits to participating public employees. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans and other nonintegrated programs. These include a defined-benefit pension plan (Plan), with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), and a defined-contribution plan, referred to as the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan).

In addition, all regular employees of the entity are eligible to enroll as members of the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program. The HIS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

For financial reporting purposes, the Office is deemed to be part of the primary government of the County. A liability related to the Office's proportionate share of FRS retirement benefits, along with a detailed plan description, is reported in the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GILCHRIST COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Miscellaneous revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Total revenues		-			
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	718,050	718,050	643,049	75,001	
Capital outlay	3,250	3,250	3,250		
Total expenditures	721,300	721,300	646,299	75,001	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(721,300)	(721,300)	(646,299)	75,001	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Appropriations from Board of County Commissioners	721,300	721,300	662,600	(58,700)	
Reversion to Board of County Commissioners			(16,301)	(16,301)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	721,300	721,300	646,299	(75,001)	
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-	
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	-	-	-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

The accompanying note to schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget to actual - governmental funds is an integral part of this schedule.

GILCHRIST COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(1) **Budgetary Information:**

An annual budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The Office follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) The preparation, adoption and amendment of the budgets are governed by Florida Statutes. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- b) Budget excess expenditures over revenues are funded through appropriations from the Board of County Commissioners.
- c) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.
- d) The budgets for the funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GILCHRIST COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Т	ag Fund	Tr	ust Fund	(Total Custodial Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	343,699	\$	19,594	\$	363,293
Total Assets	\$	343,699	\$	19,594	\$	363,293
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	-	\$	17,940	\$	17,940
Due to other governments		330,250		284		330,534
Due to other County agencies		13,449		1,370		14,819
Total Liabilities	\$	343,699	\$	19,594	\$	363,293
Net Position	\$	-	\$		\$	-

GILCHRIST COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

				Total
	Tag Fund	Tr	ust Fund	Custodial Funds
Additions				
Taxes	\$ 16,713,717	\$	700,962	\$ 17,414,679
Charges for services	-		58,812	58,812
Permits, fees, and special assessments	187,306		-	187,306
Total additions	16,901,023		759,774	17,660,797
Deductions				
Payments to individuals	-		708,311	708,311
Payments to other governments	6,303,339		9,756	6,313,095
Payments to BOCC	10,597,684		41,707	10,639,391
Total deductions	16,901,023		759,774	17,660,797
Net change in fiduciary net position	-		-	
Net position, beginning of year	-		-	-
Net position, end of year	\$ -	\$	_	\$ -

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF SPECIAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Michael McElroy, Tax Collector, Gilchrist County, Florida:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Gilchrist County Tax Collector (the Office) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Office's special-purpose financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 18, 2023, which was modified to refer to a basis of accounting required for compliance with state filing requirements, and for other reasons.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the special-purpose financial statements, we considered the Office's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the special-purpose financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Office's special-purpose financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Maore ; Co., P.L.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA, OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

The Honorable Michael McElroy, Tax Collector, Gilchrist County, Florida:

We have audited the financial statements of the Gilchrist County Tax Collector (the Office), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated May 18, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Special-Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated May 18, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address all findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report, if applicable.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Office is an elected constitutional officer, whose office is established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida and is governed by various provisions of state law. Gilchrist County, including the Office of the Tax Collector, was established by Chapter 8516, Laws of Florida in 1921. There are no component units of the Office to be disclosed as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Office, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James Meore & Co., P.L.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023



James Meore : 6., P.L.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' EXAMINATION REPORT

The Honorable Michael McElroy, Tax Collector, Gilchrist County, Florida:

We have examined the Gilchrist County Tax Collector's (the Office) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies (the Statute), for the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the Office's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to obtain reasonable assurance by evaluating against aforementioned statutes and performing other procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion that conveys the results of our measurement evaluation based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with the attestation standards for a direct examination engagement established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we obtain reasonable assurance by evaluating against the aforementioned statutes and performing other procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion that conveys the results of our measurement or evaluation of Office's compliance. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks that were not in accordance with those requirements in all material respects, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent of the Office, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our examination engagement.

In our opinion, the Office complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023

- 23 -

GILCHRIST COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT

SPECIAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

GILCHRIST COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT

SPECIAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 3
Special-Purpose Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund	ls 5
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Funds	6
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Fund	7
Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements	8 – 11
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund - Budget and Actual	13
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Fine and Forfeiture Fund - Budget and Actual	14
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Record Modernization Trust Fund - Budget and Actual	15
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Title IV-D Fund - Budget and Actual	16
Note to Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - Budget and Actual	17
Supplementary Information:	
Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Net Position	19
Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	20
Additional Elements Required by the Rules of the Auditor General:	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Special-Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	22 – 23
Independent Auditors' Management Letter Required by Chapter 10.550, Rules of the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General	24 – 25
Independent Accountants' Examination Report	26



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Todd Newton, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Gilchrist County, Florida:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Gilchrist County Clerk of the Circuit Court (the Office), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Office's financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Office as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Office, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major funds and aggregate remaining fund information, of Gilchrist County, Florida (the County), that is attributable to the Gilchrist County Clerk of the Circuit Court. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Gilchrist County, Florida as of September 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Office's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Office's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the special-purpose financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the special-purpose financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the special-purpose financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the special-purpose financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the special-purpose financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Office's special-purpose financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the special-purpose financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the special-purpose financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the special-purpose financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the special-purpose financial statements or to the special-purpose financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 18, 2023, on our consideration of the Office's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Office's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023 James Meore : 6., P.L.

GILCHRIST COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		General Fund	_	Fine and Forfeiture Fund	Mod	Records lernization rust Fund	Title	IV-D Fund	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Due from other governments Due from other funds Total Assets	\$	48,821 8,017 - 374 57,212	\$	270,887 380 - 1,517 272,784	\$	90,515 - - 3,111 93,626	\$	104,476 - 20,355 2 124,833	\$	514,699 8,397 20,355 5,004 548,455
Liabilities and Fund Balances	-								-	
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to other governments Due to other funds Due to Board of County Commissioners Total liabilities	\$	32,345 - 1,847 23,020 57,212	\$	26,146 194,067 3,111 - 223,324	\$	- - - - -	\$	1,912 - - - - 1,912	\$	60,403 194,067 4,958 23,020 282,448
Fund Balances Restricted for court costs		-		49,460		93,626		122,921		266,007
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	57,212	\$	272,784	\$	93,626	\$	124,833	\$	548,455

GILCHRIST COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General Fund	Fine and Forfeiture Fund	Records Modernization Trust Fund	Title IV-D Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	¢.	e 220.220	¢.	e 00.370	¢ 410.617
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 329,339	\$ -	\$ 89,278	\$ 418,617
Charges for services	158,749	208,598	44,547	-	411,894
Fines and forfeitures	-	102,278	-	-	102,278
Miscellaneous	23,260	12,339	215	-	35,814
Total revenues	182,009	652,554	44,762	89,278	968,603
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	553,542	-	6,500	62,103	622,145
Court related	-	507,692	44,368	-	552,060
Total expenditures	553,542	507,692	50,868	62,103	1,174,205
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(371,533)	144,862	(6,106)	27,175	(205,602)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	23,851	-	-	-	23,851
Transfers out	-	-	-	(23,851)	(23,851)
Appropriations from Board of County Commissioners	370,034	_	-	-	370,034
Reversion to Board of County Commissioners	(22,352)	_	-	-	(22,352)
Article V Reversion	-	(158,457)	-	-	(158,457)
Total other financing sources (uses)	371,533	(158,457)	-	(23,851)	189,225
Net change in fund balance	-	(13,595)	(6,106)	3,324	(16,377)
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	63,055	99,732	119,597	282,384
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ 49,460	\$ 93,626	\$ 122,921	\$ 266,007

GILCHRIST COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds	
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	414,380
Due from other funds		1,997
Total Assets	\$	416,377
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to other governments Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	363 210,244 2,043 221,559
Net Position Restricted for:		
Other individuals and organizations Total net position	\$ \$	194,818 194,818

GILCHRIST COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds
Additions Court related Total additions	\$ 4,280,795 4,280,795
Deductions Court related Total deductions	4,371,552 4,371,552
Net change in fiduciary net position	(90,757)
Net Position, beginning of year	285,575
Net Position, end of year	\$ 194,818

GILCHRIST COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT NOTES TO SPECIAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

The accounting policies of the Gilchrist County Clerk of the Circuit Court (the "Office") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

- (a) **Reporting entity**—The Clerk is an elected constitutional officer, whose office is established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida and is governed by various provisions of state law. The Office is an integral part of Gilchrist County, Florida (the County), the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes. The Office's General Fund is combined with the Board of County Commissioners in the County's financial statements to properly reflect the county-wide General Fund.
- (b) **Basis of presentation**—The Office's financial statements are special-purpose financial statements that have been prepared for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida (the Rules). In conformity with the Rules, the Office has not presented the government-wide financial statements, the reconciliations to the government-wide statements or management's discussion and analysis.
- (c) **Fund accounting**—Accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures, as appropriate for each fund type. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for in, individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The Office reports the following major governmental funds; there are no non-major governmental funds:

General Fund – The principal operating fund of the office. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Office reports the following Special Revenue funds:

Fine and Forfeiture Fund – This fund is used to account for court-related activities funded by general appropriations from the State and court-related fees.

Records Modernization Trust Fund – Used to account for additional recording fees, which are collected by the Clerk's office and are earmarked for the modernization of recording service operations.

Title IV D Fund – This fund is used to account for the expenditures associated with administering Title IV D cases and associated federal reimbursement.

Additionally, the Office reports the following fiduciary fund type:

Custodial Funds - Used to account for assets held by the Office as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Custodial funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

GILCHRIST COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT NOTES TO SPECIAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

(d) Measurement focus/basis of accounting—All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources". Their operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets and, accordingly, are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. The Office considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt are recognized when due.

- (e) Cash—The Office's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.
- (f) Capital assets and long-term liabilities—Capital assets used by the Office are capitalized (recorded and accounted for) by the Gilchrist County Board of County Commissioners.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types is limited to exclude amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities. They are instead reported as liabilities in the financial statements of the County.

- (g) **Accounts payable**—Accounts payable balances in the general fund are primarily payable to third-party vendors for goods provided and services rendered.
- (h) Compensated absences—The Office follows generally accepted accounting principles in accounting for accrued compensated absences. The Office allows limited vesting of unused employee leave time. Since the annual and sick leave liability is considered long-term, it is recorded in the government-wide financial statements of the County. Compensated absences are expected to be paid out of the General Fund of the Office and this practice is expected to continue in the future. The Office maintained compensated absence records for the hours earned, used and available.

GILCHRIST COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT NOTES TO SPECIAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

(i) Fund balance—Fund balance for governmental funds report classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds may be spent. In as much as the Office is a county constitutional officer, any funds remaining at the end of the fiscal year are returned to the Board of County Commissioners. Unassigned fund balance represents funds available for spending at the government's discretion.

The Office does not have a formal written policy regarding whether restricted or unrestricted amounts are considered to be spent when an expenditure for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. However, it has been the Office's general practice when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Office considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the Office considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and lastly unassigned funds, as needed.

(j) Use of estimates—The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make various estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

Governmental fund revenues and expenditures accounted for in budgetary funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with the Florida Statutes. An annual budget was adopted for the General Fund and other special revenue funds. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying special-purpose financial statements have been adjusted for legally authorized amendments of the annual budget for the year. The annual budget is monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, for purposes of budgetary control, expenditures cannot legally exceed the total budget appropriations at the individual fund level. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

(3) **Investments:**

Florida Statutes authorize the Office to invest in bonds, notes or other obligations of the U.S. Government, certificates of deposits, repurchase agreements, certain bonds of any State or local government unit and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Interest Rate Risk. The Office does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Office places no limit on the amount the Office may invest in any one issuer. The Office maintained 100-percent of excess deposits in a checking account with a local financial institution subject to Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance, and/or the State of Florida collateral pool established under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act (the Act).

GILCHRIST COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT NOTES TO SPECIAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(4) Risk Management:

The County purchased commercial insurance to limit the exposure of the following risks of loss: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; natural disasters and injuries to employees. Commercial insurance has been purchased by the Office to cover the risks of loss due to employee errors or omissions and health insurance. Settled claims resulting from all risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

(5) Long-term Liabilities:

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the Office for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, follows:

	ginning alance	Additions		ditions Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Compensated absences	\$ 88,726	\$	50,415	\$	(25,949)	\$	113,192	\$	57,739

(6) **Pension Plan:**

The Office participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined public employee retirement system which covers all of the Office's full-time employees. The System is administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement to provide retirement and survivor benefits to participating public employees. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans and other nonintegrated programs. These include a defined-benefit pension plan (Plan), with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), and a defined-contribution plan, referred to as the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan).

In addition, all regular employees of the entity are eligible to enroll as members of the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program. The HIS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

For financial reporting purposes, the Office is deemed to be part of the primary government of the County. A liability related to the Office's proportionate share of FRS retirement benefits, along with a detailed plan description, is reported in the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GILCHRIST COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts						Fina	ance with I Budget -
		Original		Final	Actual			ositive egative)
Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	145,083	\$	145,083	\$	158,749	\$	13,666
Miscellaneous		7,345		7,345		23,260		15,915
Total revenues		152,428		152,428		182,009		29,581
Expenditures								
Ĉurrent:								
General government		590,962		590,962		553,542		37,420
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(438,534)		(438,534)		(371,533)		67,001
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		68,500		68,500		23,851		(44,649)
Appropriations from Board of County Commissioners		370,034		370,034		370,034		_
Reversion to Board of County Commissioners		-		-		(22,352)		(22,352)
Total other financing sources (uses)		438,534		438,534		371,533		(67,001)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance, beginning of year		-		-		-		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

GILCHRIST COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FINE AND FORFEITURE FUND - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts						Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive
	Original		inal Final		Actual		_	legative)
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	336,304	\$	336,304	\$	329,339	\$	(6,965)
Charges for services		149,105		149,105		208,598		59,493
Fines and forfeitures		63,970		63,970		102,278		38,308
Miscellaneous		9,552		9,552		12,339		2,787
Total revenues		558,931		558,931		652,554		93,623
Expenditures								
Current:								
Court related		567,931		567,931		507,692		60,239
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(9,000)		(9,000)		144,862		153,862
Other financing sources (uses)								
Article V Reversion		-		-		(158,457)		(158,457)
Net change in fund balance		(9,000)		(9,000)		(13,595)		(4,595)
Fund balance, beginning of year		63,055		63,055		63,055		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	54,055	\$	54,055	\$	49,460	\$	(4,595)

GILCHRIST COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES RECORDS MODERNIZATION TRUST FUND - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budge	ted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 39,000		\$ 44,547	\$ 5,547
Miscellaneous	100	_	215	115
Total revenues	39,100	39,100	44,762	5,662
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	47,100	47,100	6,500	40,600
Court related	97,500	97,500	44,368	53,132
Total expenditures	144,600	144,600	50,868	93,732
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(105,500	(105,500)	(6,106)	99,394
Net change in fund balance	(105,500	(105,500)	(6,106)	99,394
Fund balance, beginning of year	99,732	99,732	99,732	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ (5,768	\$ (5,768)	\$ 93,626	\$ 99,394

GILCHRIST COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TITLE IV-D FUND - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts						Fina	iance with Il Budget - Positive	
	(Original	Final			Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$	89,278	\$	(722)	
Total revenues		90,000		90,000		89,278		(722)	
Expenditures Current: General government		157 500		157 500		62 102		05 207	
General government		157,500		157,500		62,103		95,397	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	(67,500)		(67,500)		27,175		94,675	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out		(68,500)		(68,500)		(23,851)		44,649	
Net change in fund balance		(136,000)		(136,000)		3,324		139,324	
Fund balance, beginning of year		119,597		119,597		119,597		-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	(16,403)	\$	(16,403)	\$	122,921	\$	139,324	

GILCHRIST COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT NOTE TO SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(1) **Budgetary Information:**

An annual budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general fund and the records modernization trust fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The Office follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) The preparation, adoption and amendment of the budgets are governed by Florida Statutes. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- b) Budget excess expenditures over revenues are funded through appropriations from the Board of County Commissioners.
- c) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.
- d) The budgets for the funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GILCHRIST COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Domestic Relations Fund		Registry f Court Fund	1	General Trust Fund	Total Custodial Funds	
Assets			-			•	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	737	\$ 93,397	\$	320,246	\$	414,380
Due from other funds		170			1,827		1,997
Total Assets	\$	907	\$ 93,397	\$	322,073	\$	416,377
Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	363	\$ -	\$	-	\$	363
Due to other governments		-	-		210,244		210,244
Due to other funds		544	-		1,499		2,043
Due to other County agencies		-	-		8,909		8,909
Total liabilities	\$	907	\$ -	\$	220,652	\$	221,559
Net Position Restricted for:							
Other individuals and organizations	\$	-	\$ 93,397	\$	101,421	\$	194,818
Total net position	\$	-	\$ 93,397	\$	101,421	\$	194,818

GILCHRIST COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Domestic Relations Fund		Registry of Court Fund		General Trust Fund			Total Custodial Funds
Additions Court related	\$ 4,746 \$ 274,600 \$ 4,001,449		4,001,449	\$	4,280,795			
Total additions		4,746		274,600		4,001,449	—	4,280,795
Deductions Court related Total deductions		4,746 4,746		296,137 296,137		4,070,669 4,070,669		4,371,552 4,371,552
Net change in fiduciary net position		-		(21,537)		(69,220)		(90,757)
Net position, beginning of year		-		114,934		170,641		285,575
Net Position, end of year	\$		\$	93,397	\$	101,421	\$	194,818

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF SPECIAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Todd Newton, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Gilchrist County, Florida:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Gilchrist County Clerk of the Circuit Court (the Office) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Gilchrist County Clerk of the Circuit Court's special-purpose financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 18, 2023, which was modified to refer to a basis of accounting required for compliance with state filing requirements, and for other reasons.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the special-purpose financial statements, we considered the Office's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the special-purpose financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Office's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Office's special-purpose financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

inesville Florida

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA, OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

The Honorable Todd Newton, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Gilchrist County, Florida:

We have audited the financial statements of the Gilchrist County Clerk of the Circuit Court (the Office), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated May 18, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Special-Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated May 18, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address all findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report, if applicable.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Gilchrist County Clerk of the Circuit Court is an elected constitutional officer, whose office is established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida and is governed by various provisions of state law. Gilchrist County, including the Office of the Clerk, was established by Chapter 8516, Laws of Florida in 1921. There are no component units of the Gilchrist County Clerk of the Circuit Court to be disclosed as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Gilchrist County Clerk of the Circuit Court, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James Meore : 6., P.L.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023



James Moore & Co., P.L.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' EXAMINATION REPORT

The Honorable Todd Newton, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Gilchrist County, Florida:

We have examined the Gilchrist County Clerk of the Circuit Court's (the Office) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, Section 28.35, Florida Statutes, *Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation*, Section 28.36, Florida Statutes, *Budget Procedure*, and Section 61.181, Florida Statutes, *Depository for Alimony Transactions, Support, Maintenance, and Support Payments; Fees* (collectively, "the Statutes"), for the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the Office's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to obtain reasonable assurance by evaluating against the aforementioned statutes and performing other procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion that conveys the results of our evaluation based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with the attestation standards for a direct examination engagement established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we obtain reasonable assurance by evaluating against the aforementioned statutes and performing other procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion that conveys the results of our measurement or evaluation of Office's compliance. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks that were not in accordance with those requirements in all material respects, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent of the Office, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our examination engagement.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Gainesville, Florida May 18, 2023