FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

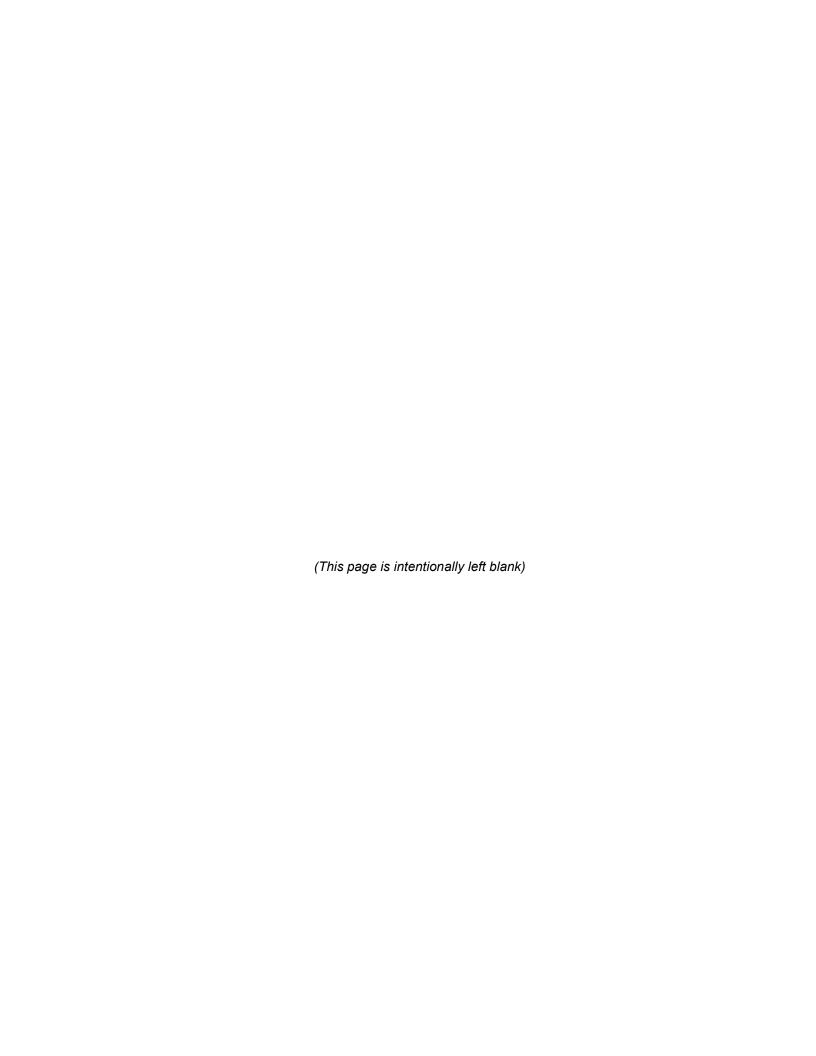
And Reports of Independent Auditor

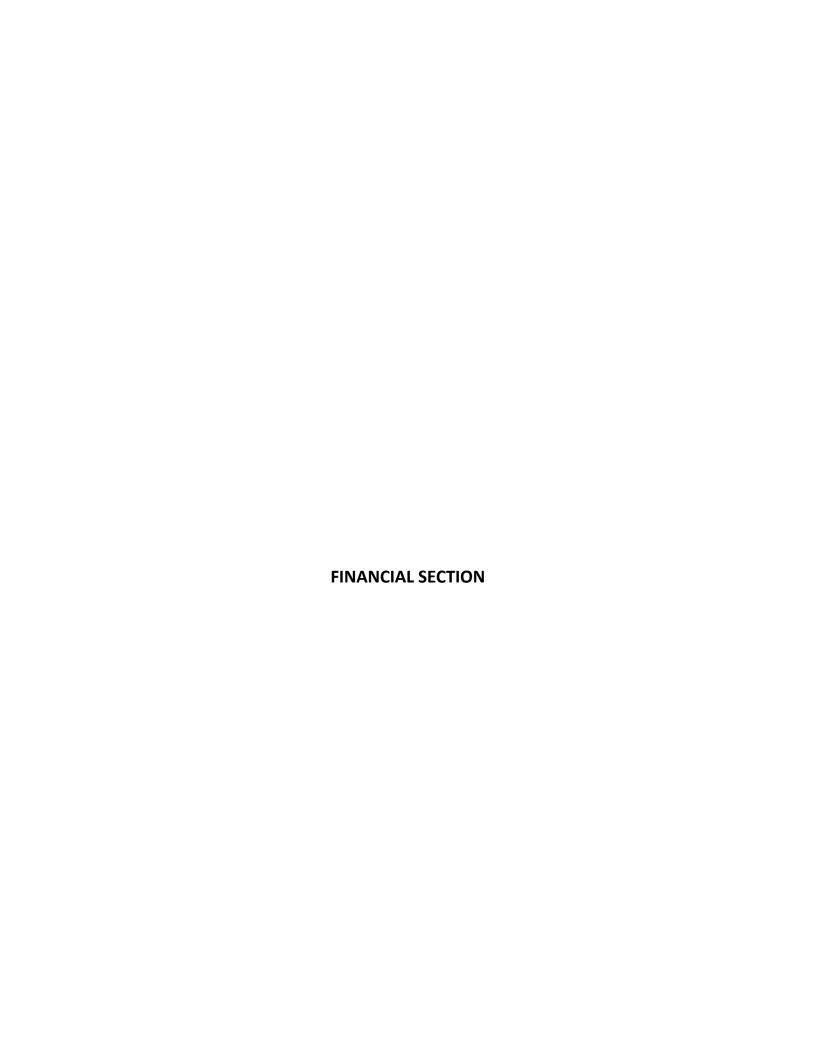




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## **Report of Independent Auditor**

To the Honorable Members of the School Board District School Board of St. Lucie County Port St. Lucie, Florida

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District School Board of St. Lucie County, Florida (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statement of the School internal funds, which represents 6.74 percent of the assets and 58.35 percent of the liabilities of the aggregate remaining fund information. In addition, we did not audit the financial statements of Renaissance Charter School of St. Lucie, Renaissance Charter School at Tradition, Somerset College Prepartory Academy, Somerset Academy St. Lucie, and the St. Lucie County Education Foundation, Inc., which represent 100 percent of the assets, liabilities, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the aggregate discretely presented component units, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and the other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit and the procedures performed as described above, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## **Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards**

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 26, 2021 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Orlando, Florida February 26, 2021

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## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The management of the District School Board of St. Lucie County, Florida (the District) has prepared the following discussion and analysis to provide an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

The information contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to highlight significant transactions, events, and conditions and should be considered in conjunction with the District's financial statements and notes to the financial statements found immediately following the MD&A.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2019-20 fiscal year are as follows:

- Net position of the District increased \$1,882,568, in comparison to an increase of \$7,591,658 in the 2018-19 fiscal year.
- General revenues total \$465,633,064 or 95.32 percent of all revenues as compared to \$426,265,305 or 94.18 percent in fiscal 2019. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions total \$22,843,210, or 4.68 percent of all revenues, as compared to \$26,352,125 or 5.82 percent in fiscal 2019.
- Expenses total \$486,593,706 as compared to \$445,025,772 in fiscal 2019. Only \$22,843,210 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges, with the remainder paid from general revenues. Total revenues exceeded total expenses by \$1,882,568 as compared to \$7,591,658 in fiscal 2019.
- The assigned fund balance for the general fund was \$6,657,896, and the unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$18,802,637. The sum of the assigned and unassigned fund balances of the general fund, representing the net current financial resources available for general appropriation by the School Board, totaled \$25,460,533 at June 30, 2020, or 7.01 percent of general fund expenditures. The prior year sum of the assigned and unassigned fund balances in the general fund was \$20,068,723, or 6.11 percent of total general fund expenditures.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements consist of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the financial statements

The report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional details to support the basic financial statements.

## **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial condition in a manner similar to those of a private-sector business. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities that are designed to provide consolidated financial information about the governmental activities of the primary government presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The statement of net position provides information about the District's financial position, its assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, using an economic resources measurement focus. Assets plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, equals net position, which is a measure of the District's financial health.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

The statement of activities presents information about the change in the District's net position, and the results of operations during the fiscal year. An increase or decrease in net position is an indication of whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating.

The government-wide statements present the District's activities in the following categories:

- Governmental activities This represents most of the District's services, including its educational programs such as basic, vocational, adult, and exceptional education. Support functions such as transportation and administration are also included. Local property taxes and the state's education finance program provide most of the resources that support these activities.
- Component units The District presents the St. Lucie County Education Foundation, Inc., Renaissance Charter School at St. Lucie, Renaissance Charter School at Tradition, Somerset College Preparatory Academy of the Treasure Coast, and Somerset St. Lucie as discretely presented component units. Although legally separate organizations, these component units are included in this report because they meet the criteria for inclusion provided by generally accepted accounting principles. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

The St. Lucie School Board Leasing Corporation (Corporation), although also a legally separate entity, was formed to facilitate financing for the acquisition of facilities and equipment for the District. Due to the substantive economic relationship between the District and the Corporation, the Corporation has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements are one of the components of the basic financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements and prudent fiscal management. Certain funds are established by law while others are created by legal agreements, such as bond covenants. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's financial activities, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds rather than fund types. This is in contrast to the entity-wide perspective contained in the government-wide statements. All of the District's funds may be classified within one of the following broad categories:

<u>Governmental Funds</u>: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

The governmental funds balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide detailed information about the District's most significant funds. The District's major funds are the General Fund, Other Federal Programs Fund, Sections 1011.14 & 1011.15, F.S., Loans Fund and Other Capital Projects Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General and major Special Revenue Funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

<u>Fiduciary Funds:</u> Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or fiduciary capacity for the benefit of external parties, such as student activity funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources are not available to support the District's own programs. In its fiduciary capacity, the District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes.

The District uses agency funds to account for school internal funds which are used to account for moneys collected at the schools in connection with school, student athletic, class, and club activities.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the District's net pension liability and changes to its other postemployment benefits liability.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

## **Net Position**

The following is a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2020, compared to net position as of June 30, 2019:

## **Net Position, End of Year**

itet i obition, zina or rear		
	2020	2019
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 130,432,328	\$ 128,602,307
Capital assets	603,350,804	606,276,267
Total Assets	733,783,132	734,878,574
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Pensions	76,850,410	82,101,600
Other postemployment benefits	1,187,813	1,169,384
Net carrying amount of debt refundings	7,227,548	8,009,267
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	85,265,771	91,280,251
Liabilities		
Other liabilities	32,388,571	44,910,323
Long term liabilities	469,030,952	462,415,071
Total Liabilities	469,030,952	462,415,071
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pensions	18,825,084	21,674,502
Other postemployment benefits	2,010,699	2,247,900
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	20,835,783	23,922,402
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	373,428,545	366,882,810
Restricted	81,721,431	67,877,849
Unrestricted	(158,356,379)	(139,849,630)
Total Net Position	\$ 296,793,597	\$ 294,911,029

The largest portion of the District's net position is investment in capital assets (e.g., land; buildings; furniture, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources used to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The deficit unrestricted net position was the result, in part, of accruing \$220,508,030 in net pension liability.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)**

The key elements of the changes in the District's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, are as follows:

## Operating Results for the Year

Governmental Activities           Program Revenues:         June 30, 2020         June 30, 2019           Charges for services         \$ 3,560,721         \$ 4,481,928           Operating grants and contributions         17,108,588         19,735,368           Capital grants and contributions         2,173,901         2,134,829           General Revenues:         Property taxes, levied for operations purposes         135,863,389         108,197,308           Property taxes, levied for capital projects         36,252,782         33,583,340           Local sales taxes         19,243,942         19,678,466           Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs         234,637,363         226,491,541           Unrestricted investment earnings         2,045,198         2,714,514           Miscellaneous         37,590,390         35,600,136           Total Revenues         488,476,274         452,617,430           Program Expenses:         1,046,44,44,329         1,046,44,43,299           Instructional media services         4,881,006         4,443,329           Instruction and coursing them development againeds         4,881,006         4,443,329	Operating hesuits for the real				
Program Revenues:         Saction (Charges for services)         \$ 3,560,721         \$ 4,481,928           Operating grants and contributions         17,108,588         19,735,368           Capital grants and contributions         2,173,901         2,134,829           General Revenues:         Property taxes, levied for operations purposes         135,863,389         108,197,308           Property taxes, levied for capital projects         36,252,782         33,583,340           Local sales taxes         19,243,942         19,678,466           Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs         234,637,363         226,491,541           Unrestricted investment earnings         2,045,198         2,7714,514           Miscellaneous         37,590,390         35,600,136           Total Revenues         488,476,274         452,617,430           Program Expenses:         Instruction         252,300,562         222,435,018           Pupil personnel services         20,869,195         16,861,560           Instructional media services         4,881,006         4,443,329					
Charges for services         \$ 3,560,721         \$ 4,481,928           Operating grants and contributions         17,108,588         19,735,368           Capital grants and contributions         2,173,901         2,134,829           General Revenues:         Property taxes, levied for operations purposes         135,863,389         108,197,308           Property taxes, levied for capital projects         36,252,782         33,583,340           Local sales taxes         19,243,942         19,678,466           Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs         234,637,363         226,491,541           Unrestricted investment earnings         2,045,198         2,714,514           Miscellaneous         37,590,390         35,600,136           Total Revenues         488,476,274         452,617,430           Program Expenses:         252,300,562         222,435,018           Pupil personnel services         20,869,195         16,861,560           Instructional media services         4,881,006         4,443,329			June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019
Operating grants and contributions         17,108,588         19,735,368           Capital grants and contributions         2,173,901         2,134,829           General Revenues:         Property taxes, levied for operations purposes         135,863,389         108,197,308           Property taxes, levied for capital projects         36,252,782         33,583,340           Local sales taxes         19,243,942         19,678,466           Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs         234,637,363         226,491,541           Unrestricted investment earnings         2,045,198         2,714,514           Miscellaneous         37,590,390         35,600,136           Total Revenues         488,476,274         452,617,430           Program Expenses:         252,300,562         222,435,018           Pupil personnel services         20,869,195         16,861,560           Instructional media services         4,881,006         4,443,329	=				
Capital grants and contributions       2,173,901       2,134,829         General Revenues:       Property taxes, levied for operations purposes       135,863,389       108,197,308         Property taxes, levied for capital projects       36,252,782       33,583,340         Local sales taxes       19,243,942       19,678,466         Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs       234,637,363       226,491,541         Unrestricted investment earnings       2,045,198       2,714,514         Miscellaneous       37,590,390       35,600,136         Program Expenses:         Instruction       252,300,562       222,435,018         Pupil personnel services       20,869,195       16,861,560         Instructional media services       4,881,006       4,443,329	<del>-</del>	\$		\$	
General Revenues:         Property taxes, levied for operations purposes       135,863,389       108,197,308         Property taxes, levied for capital projects       36,252,782       33,583,340         Local sales taxes       19,243,942       19,678,466         Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs       234,637,363       226,491,541         Unrestricted investment earnings       2,045,198       2,714,514         Miscellaneous       37,590,390       35,600,136         Total Revenues       488,476,274       452,617,430         Program Expenses:       Instruction       252,300,562       222,435,018         Pupil personnel services       20,869,195       16,861,560         Instructional media services       4,881,006       4,443,329					
Property taxes, levied for operations purposes       135,863,389       108,197,308         Property taxes, levied for capital projects       36,252,782       33,583,340         Local sales taxes       19,243,942       19,678,466         Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs       234,637,363       226,491,541         Unrestricted investment earnings       2,045,198       2,714,514         Miscellaneous       37,590,390       35,600,136         Total Revenues       488,476,274       452,617,430         Program Expenses:       10,861,560         Instruction       252,300,562       222,435,018         Pupil personnel services       20,869,195       16,861,560         Instructional media services       4,881,006       4,443,329	. •		2,173,901		2,134,829
Property taxes, levied for capital projects       36,252,782       33,583,340         Local sales taxes       19,243,942       19,678,466         Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs       234,637,363       226,491,541         Unrestricted investment earnings       2,045,198       2,714,514         Miscellaneous       37,590,390       35,600,136         Total Revenues       488,476,274       452,617,430         Program Expenses:       1         Instruction       252,300,562       222,435,018         Pupil personnel services       20,869,195       16,861,560         Instructional media services       4,881,006       4,443,329					
Local sales taxes       19,243,942       19,678,466         Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs       234,637,363       226,491,541         Unrestricted investment earnings       2,045,198       2,714,514         Miscellaneous       37,590,390       35,600,136         Total Revenues       488,476,274       452,617,430         Program Expenses:       Instruction       252,300,562       222,435,018         Pupil personnel services       20,869,195       16,861,560         Instructional media services       4,881,006       4,443,329					
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs       234,637,363       226,491,541         Unrestricted investment earnings       2,045,198       2,714,514         Miscellaneous       37,590,390       35,600,136         Total Revenues       488,476,274       452,617,430         Program Expenses:       Instruction       252,300,562       222,435,018         Pupil personnel services       20,869,195       16,861,560         Instructional media services       4,881,006       4,443,329					
Unrestricted investment earnings         2,045,198         2,714,514           Miscellaneous         37,590,390         35,600,136           Total Revenues         488,476,274         452,617,430           Program Expenses:         Instruction         252,300,562         222,435,018           Pupil personnel services         20,869,195         16,861,560           Instructional media services         4,881,006         4,443,329	Local sales taxes		19,243,942		19,678,466
Miscellaneous         37,590,390         35,600,136           Total Revenues         488,476,274         452,617,430           Program Expenses:           Instruction         252,300,562         222,435,018           Pupil personnel services         20,869,195         16,861,560           Instructional media services         4,881,006         4,443,329	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs		234,637,363		226,491,541
Total Revenues         488,476,274         452,617,430           Program Expenses:         Instruction         252,300,562         222,435,018           Pupil personnel services         20,869,195         16,861,560           Instructional media services         4,881,006         4,443,329	Unrestricted investment earnings		2,045,198		2,714,514
Program Expenses:         1nstruction         252,300,562         222,435,018           Pupil personnel services         20,869,195         16,861,560           Instructional media services         4,881,006         4,443,329	Miscellaneous		37,590,390		35,600,136
Instruction         252,300,562         222,435,018           Pupil personnel services         20,869,195         16,861,560           Instructional media services         4,881,006         4,443,329	Total Revenues		488,476,274		452,617,430
Pupil personnel services         20,869,195         16,861,560           Instructional media services         4,881,006         4,443,329	Program Expenses:				
Instructional media services 4,881,006 4,443,329	Instruction		252,300,562		222,435,018
	Pupil personnel services		20,869,195		16,861,560
Instruction and curriculum development convices 10.462.449 9.740.393	Instructional media services		4,881,006		4,443,329
instruction and curriculum development services 10,405,446 0,740,505	Instruction and curriculum development services		10,463,448		8,740,383
Instructional staff training services 7,536,057 7,191,849	Instructional staff training services		7,536,057		7,191,849
Instruction related technology 330,807 316,924	Instruction related technology		330,807		316,924
Board of education 748,709 1,239,353	Board of education		748,709		1,239,353
General administration 5,253,200 4,589,533	General administration		5,253,200		4,589,533
School administration 27,136,016 25,175,376	School administration		27,136,016		25,175,376
Facilities acquisition and construction 15,498,090 15,861,863	Facilities acquisition and construction		15,498,090		15,861,863
Fiscal services 2,592,394 2,402,286	Fiscal services		2,592,394		2,402,286
Food services 22,830,601 26,315,941	Food services		22,830,601		26,315,941
Central services 6,476,777 5,760,492	Central services		6,476,777		5,760,492
Pupil transportation services 24,805,711 25,265,069	Pupil transportation services		24,805,711		25,265,069
Operation of plant 34,319,909 27,158,378	Operation of plant		34,319,909		27,158,378
Maintenance of plant 8,086,187 7,836,056	Maintenance of plant		8,086,187		7,836,056
Administrative technology services 4,108,664 4,337,394	Administrative technology services		4,108,664		4,337,394
Community services 1,294,430 1,007,938	<del></del>		1,294,430		1,007,938
Interest on long-term debt 9,375,688 10,187,144	•		9,375,688		10,187,144
Unallocated depreciation/amortization expense 27,686,255 27,899,886			27,686,255		27,899,886
Total Functions/Program Expense         486,593,706         445,025,772	Total Functions/Program Expense		486,593,706		445,025,772
Increase in Net Position 1,882,568 7,591,658	Increase in Net Position		1,882,568		7,591,658
Net Position, Beginning 294,911,029 287,319,371	Net Position, Beginning		294,911,029		287,319,371
Net Position, Ending         \$ 296,793,597         \$ 294,911,029	Net Position, Ending	\$	296,793,597	\$	294,911,029

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)**

Significant revenue sources included property and sales taxes, representing 39.17 percent of total revenues, and revenues for grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs, representing 48.03 percent of total government-wide revenues. Revenues from grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs are predominantly made up of state allocations such as Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) and class size reduction. The state funding allocation utilizes student enrollment data, and is designed to maintain equity in funding across all Florida school districts, taking into consideration the District's funding ability based on the local property tax base. Other State revenues are primarily for acquisition, construction, and maintenance of education facilities.

Instruction expense continued to be the major component of District outlays, representing 51.85 percent of total expenses. Total expenses increased \$41.6 million from the 2018-19 fiscal year. This is primarily related to an increase in the number of employees, base pay for instructors, raises and salary supplements, as well as an increase in FRS pension expense of \$13.8 million.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

## **Major Governmental Funds**

The General Fund is the District's chief operating fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance increased \$2,774,184 to \$18,802,637, while the total fund balance increased \$6,510,745 to \$30,408,596. The increase is the result of increased ad valorem tax revenue and state funding allocations, offset by increases in salary expenditures and a new payment to the St. Lucie County Sherriff's department for 25 percent of the 1.0 mil ad valorem tax levy in accordance with a referendum passed in 2019.

The Other Federal Programs Fund accounts for federal grant expenditures and reimbursement. Since grant revenues are earned upon incurrence of eligible expenditures, this fund maintains a consistent \$0 fund balance. Revenues and expenditures in this fund did not change significantly from the prior year.

The Sections 1011.14 & 1011.15, FS, Loans Fund has a negative unassigned fund balance of \$11,259,545, which decreased from the prior year negative fund balance of \$7,298,862. In 2018-19 the District issued a 2018 Revenue Anticipation Note for \$15 million. As of the end of the current fiscal year \$12.4 million is still owed on the note, while expenditures of the proceeds are nearly complete.

The Other Capital Projects Fund has total fund balance of \$42,440,597, of which \$1,817,231 has been encumbered for specific projects. The fund balance increased \$12,931,165 during the fiscal year, primarily due to an excess of revenues over capital outlay expenditures.

### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the 2019-20 fiscal year, the District amended its General Fund budget several times, which resulted in a decrease in total budgeted revenues of \$2,861,301 (.79 percent), a decrease in total budgeted expenditures of \$4,522,475 (1.23 percent), and an increase in net other financing sources (uses) of \$7,487,798 (206.03 percent). Final appropriations are more than the original budgeted amounts by \$9,139,972. Budget amendments were generally due to three factors: supplemental appropriations and amendments approved after the beginning of the fiscal year to reflect new grants; changes to existing grants and revenue sources and changes in revenue estimates for the FEFP; and approval of transfers between expenditures. The District maintained its ongoing practice of conservative budgeting and monitoring of expenditures in order to increase fund balance for emergencies.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT**

### **Capital Assets**

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2020 is \$603,350,804 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land; land improvements; improvements other than buildings; buildings and fixed equipment; furniture, fixtures, and equipment; motor vehicles; construction in progress; and audio visual materials and computer software. The total decrease in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for the current fiscal year was \$2,925,463. The District had one major capital asset event during the year, where the District's new administration building was placed into service.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

### **Long-Term Debt**

At June 30, 2020, the District had total long-term debt outstanding of \$222,083,246, a decrease of \$18,517,421. The District's debt is composed of certificates of participation and bonds payable and is secured by specific revenue sources or the underlying assets.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 to the financial statements.

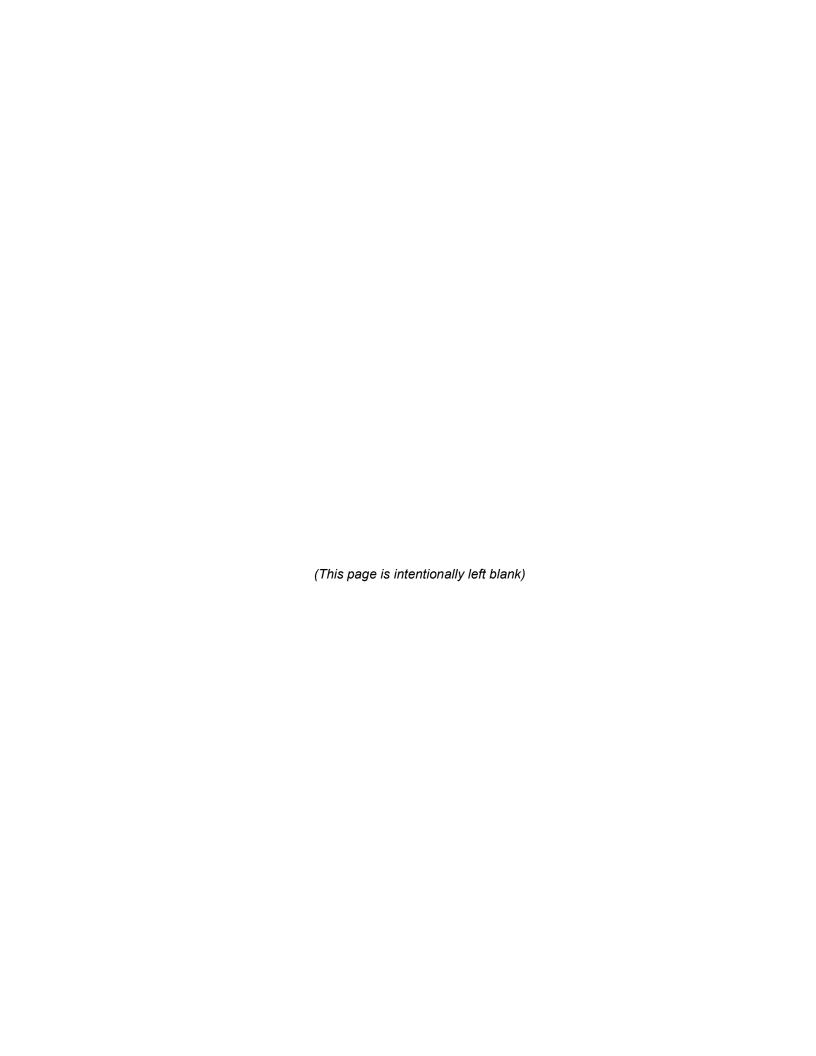
#### OTHER MATTERS OF SIGNIFICANCE

As previously noted, nearly 48.03 percent of the District's revenues came from the state of Florida, and 39.17 percent came from property and sales taxes. The state's primary sources of revenue are sales taxes, which are dependent on consumer spending by residents and tourists, and property taxes, which are dependent on assessed property values and the arrival of new residents into Florida and into St. Lucie County. Changes in these factors can significantly impact our expected revenues in any given fiscal year.

During 2020 an outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) emerged globally. As a result of the spread of COVID-19, economic uncertainties have arisen that could negatively impact the District's revenue and operations for an indeterminable time period. Other financial impacts could occur that are unknown at this time.

## REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the St. Lucie County District School Board's finances. Questions concerning information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, 9461 Brandywine Lane, Port St. Lucie, Florida 34986.



**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Component Units	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 84,722,259	\$ 1,787,259	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	4,881,970	-	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents with fiscal service agents	22,602,111	-	
Investments	3,354	1,056,000	
Accounts receivable, net	4,616,927	934,828	
Taxes receivable	64,983	-	
Due from other agencies	11,450,564	426,566	
Deposits receivable	-	20,765	
Inventory	2,023,775	-	
Prepaid items and other assets	66,385	177,250	
Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable capital assets	62,786,235	_	
Depreciable capital assets, net	540,564,569	29,067,957	
Total assets	\$ 733,783,132	\$ 33,470,625	
10100	Ψ 100,100,102	Ψ σσ, π σ,σ2σ	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pensions	\$ 76,850,410	\$ -	
Other postemployment benefits	1,187,813	-	
Deferred loss on refunding debt	7,227,548	_	
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 85,265,771	\$ -	
LIABILITIES			
Salaries, benefits and payroll taxes payable	\$ 10,807,105	\$ 951,990	
Accrued interest	3,598,005	-	
Accounts payable, due to other agencies and deposits payable	3,504,638	658,844	
Notes payable	12,240,000	-	
Unearned revenue	2,238,823	_	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Portion due within one year:			
Notes payable	-	592,515	
Bonds payable	7,958,001	, <u> </u>	
Certificates of participation payable	9,974,608	<u>-</u>	
Obligations under capital leases	1,124,317	645,000	
Liability for compensated absences	2,344,397	77,505	
Net other postemployment benefits liability	475,821	-	
Net pension liability	1,196,981	_	
Portion due after one year:	1, 130,301		
-		1,532,825	
Notes payable	- FF 110 944	1,532,625	
Bonds payable	55,110,844	-	
Certificates of participation payable	149,039,793	-	
Obligations under capital leases	2,617,903	29,489,191	
Liability for compensated absences	11,212,258	25,835	
Net other postemployment benefits liability	8,664,980	-	
Net pension liability	219,311,049		
Total liabilities	\$ 501,419,523	\$ 33,973,705	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pensions	¢ 40.005.004	\$ -	
	\$ 18,825,084	<b>-</b>	
Other postemployment benefits	2,010,699	<u> </u>	
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 20,835,783	\$ -	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets (deficit)	\$ 373,428,545	\$ (2,965,859)	
Restricted for:		, , , ,	
Categorical carryover programs	1,458,607	_	
Food service	471,890	_	
Debt service	22,806,287	-	
	54,464,476	-	
Capital projects		140.070	
Other purposes	2,520,171	149,678	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(158,356,379)	2,313,101	
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 296,793,597	\$ (503,080)	

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

					Droo	ram Revenues			Net	(Expense) Revenue Position	and Changes in Net
					FIUE	iaiii keveilues			Drim	ary Government	)II
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses	Charg	es for Services		erating Grants Contributions		al Grants and		nmental Activities	Component Units
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	-	Ехрепзез	Charg	co for services		COTTAINDUCTORIS		ii cii bu ciono		micrital Activities	Component onto
Governmental activities:											
Instruction	\$	252.300.562	\$	166.440	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(252,134,122)	\$ -
Student personnel services	•	20,869,195	•	-	•	_	*	_	•	(20,869,195)	-
Instructional media services		4,881,006		_		_		_		(4,881,006)	-
Instruction and curriculum development services		10,463,448		_		_		_		(10,463,448)	_
Instructional staff training services		7,536,057		_		-		_		(7,536,057)	_
Instruction related technology		330,807		_		_		_		(330,807)	-
Board		748,709		_		-		_		(748,709)	-
General administration		5,253,200		_		-		_		(5,253,200)	-
School administration		27,136,016		_		-		_		(27,136,016)	-
Facilities acquisition and construction		15,498,090		_		-		2,108,207		(13,389,883)	-
Fiscal services		2,592,394		_		-		· · ·		(2,592,394)	-
Food services		22,830,601		2,889,354		17,108,588		_		(2,832,659)	-
Central services		6,476,777		_		-		-		(6,476,777)	-
Student transportation services		24,805,711		504,927		-		-		(24,300,784)	-
Operation of plant		34,319,909		-		-		-		(34,319,909)	-
Maintenance of plant		8,086,187		_		-		-		(8,086,187)	-
Administrative technology services		4,108,664		_		-		-		(4,108,664)	-
Community services		1,294,430		-		-		-		(1,294,430)	-
Interest and fees on long-term debt		9,375,688		-		-		65,694		(9,309,994)	-
Unallocated depreciation/amortization		27,686,255		-		-		_		(27,686,255)	-
OTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	486,593,706	\$	3,560,721	\$	17,108,588	\$	2,173,901		(463,750,496)	
COMPONENT UNITS:											
Charter schools/Foundation	\$	32,262,480	\$	694,274	\$	1,281,804	\$	2,165,476			(28,120,926)
	GENERA	L REVENUES:									
	Prop	erty taxes, levied f	or oper	ational purpose						135,863,389	-
	Prop	erty taxes, levied f	or capit	al purpose						36,252,782	-
	Loca	l sales taxes								19,243,942	-
	Gran	ts and contribution	ns not re	estricted to speci	fic proc	ırams				234,637,363	27,195,027
	Inves	tment earnings								2,045,198	88,699
	Misc	ellaneous								37,590,390	681,060
	To	otal general reveni	ues and	transfers						465,633,064	27,964,786
	С	hange in net posit	ion							1,882,568	(156,140)
	NET POS	SITION - BEGINNII	NG							294,911,029	(346,940)
	NET POS	STION ENDING							\$	296,793,597	\$ (503,080)

## BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENT FUNDS

	General Fund	Other F	ederal Programs
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 29,694,055	\$	-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-		-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents with fiscal service agents	-		-
Investments	-		-
Taxes receivable	64,983		-
Accounts receivables, net	2,456,537		5,830
Due from other agencies	1,596,185		6,839,619
Due from other funds	6,318,670		-
Prepaid items	-		11,385
Inventories	 969,285		
Total assets	\$ 41,099,715	\$	6,856,834
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,			
AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accrued salaries and benefits	\$ 5,911,810	\$	957,878
Payroll deductions and withholdings	3,168,362		236,905
Accounts payable	1,008,823		385,838
Construction contracts and retainage payable	-		-
Due to other funds	-		5,251,167
Due to other agencies	14,079		198
Notes payable	-		-
Unearned revenue	 		24,848
Total liabilities	 10,103,074		6,856,834
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Unavailable revenues	 588,045		
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable	969,285		11,385
Restricted	3,978,778		-
Assigned	6,657,896		-
Unassigned	 18,802,637		(11,385)
Total Fund Balances	30,408,596		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			
Resources, and Fund balances	\$ 41,099,715	\$	6,856,834

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENT FUNDS

	ons 1011.14 & 15, F.S., Loans		other Capital rojects Fund	 Other Governmental Funds	G	Total lovernmental Funds
\$	_	\$	42,753,975	12,274,229	\$	84,722,259
•	1,138,143	•	-	3,743,827	•	4,881,970
	-		-	22,602,111		22,602,111
	-		-	3,354		3,354
	-		-	· -		64,983
	3,097		2,049,478	101,985		4,616,927
	-		1,900,796	1,113,964		11,450,564
	-		-	· · · · · -		6,318,670
	-		-	55,000		66,385
	-		-	1,054,490		2,023,775
\$	1,141,240	\$	46,704,249	\$ 40,948,960	\$	136,750,998
\$	- 137,641 23,144 - - 12,240,000	\$	- 624,965 244,152 - 553,651 - 2,212,080	\$ 385,459 146,691 502,634 9,513 1,067,503 - - 1,895	\$	7,255,147 3,551,958 2,659,901 276,809 6,318,670 567,928 12,240,000 2,238,823
	12,400,785		3,634,848	2,113,695		35,109,236
	-		628,804	-		1,216,849
	-		-	_		969,285
	-		42,440,597	38,835,265		85,254,640
	-		-	_		6,657,896
	(11,259,545)		-	-		7,543,092
	(11,259,545)		42,440,597	 38,835,265		100,424,913
\$	1,141,240	\$	46,704,249	\$ 40,948,960_	\$	136,750,998



## RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds			\$ 100,424,913
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are	nt because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental act resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	ivities a	re not financial	603,350,804
Revenues not available to liquidate liabilities in the governmental funds are recowide statements when earned.	rded in	the government-	1,216,849
The difference between the acquisition price and the net carrying amount of reas a deferred outflow of resources in the government-wide statements, but governmental funds.		•	7,227,548
Interest on long-term debt is accrued as a liability in the government-wide recognized in the governmental funds until due.	e statem	nents but is not	(3,598,005)
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, theref liabilities in the governmental funds. Long term liabilities at year-end consist of:	ore, are	not reported as	
Certificates of Participation Payable	\$	(159,014,401)	
Bonds Payable		(63,068,845)	
Capital Lease Obligations		(3,742,220)	
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability		(9,140,801)	
Compensated Absences Payable		(13,556,655)	
Net Pension Liability		(220,508,030)	(469,030,952)
The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	to pensi	ons are applied	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	\$	76,850,410	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	Ψ	(18,825,084)	58,025,326
		(10,020,001)	00,020,020
The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	to OPEI	3 are applied to	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB	\$	1,187,813	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB	•	(2,010,699)	(822,886)
Net Position - Governmental Activities			\$ 296,793,597

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENT FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund	Other Federal Programs
REVENUES		
Federal direct	\$ 396,211	\$ 3,228,886
Federal through state	1,296,516	27,532,770
State sources	197,861,988	275,253
Local sources	158,834,243	6,901
Total revenues	358,388,958	31,043,810
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
Instruction	221,533,233	16,944,264
Pupil personnel services	18,562,189	894,268
Instructional media services	4,541,788	-
Instruction and curriculum development services	5,491,309	4,217,799
Instructional staff training services	1,773,654	5,343,342
Instructional related technologies	307,456	-
Board	663,957	-
General administration	3,573,950	1,274,611
School administration	24,927,709	253,831
Facilities acquisition and construction	3,124,697	130,988
Fiscal services	2,293,865	111,120
Food services	· · ·	-
Central services	6,096,861	31,180
Pupil transportation services	22,527,524	913,887
Operation of plant	33,346,096	59
Maintenance of plant	7,734,692	-
Administrative technology services	3,842,026	_
Community services	1,020,846	191,152
Capital outlay:	.,020,0.0	101,102
Facilities acquisition and construction	272,132	198,927
Other capital outlay	237,264	538,382
Debt service:		333,332
Principal	_	_
Interest	1,115,805	_
Dues and fees	-	_
Total expenditures	362,987,053	31,043,810
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(4,598,095)	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Loans issued	817,200	-
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	40,002	_
Proceeds from lease-purchase agreements	-	_
Loss recoveries	70,114	_
Transfers in	11,608,836	_
Transfers out	(1,427,312)	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	11,108,840	
Net change in fund balances	6,510,745	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	23,897,851	-
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 30,408,596	\$ -
- "	, 23, 32,000	•

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENT FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Sections 1011.14 & Other Capital Projects 1011.15, F.S., Loans Fund			G	Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	_	\$	_	\$	986,083	\$	4,611,180
•	_	·	_	•	16,853,743	·	45,683,029
	_		813,448		4,046,149		202,996,838
	90,949		34,950,767		39,998,225		233,881,085
	90,949	-	35,764,215		61,884,200		487,172,132
			,,				,,
	-		-		-		238,477,497
	-		-		-		19,456,457
	-		-		-		4,541,788
	-		-		-		9,709,108
	-		-		-		7,116,996
	-		-		-		307,456
	-		-		-		663,957
	-		-		-		4,848,561
	-		-		-		25,181,540
	425,221		2,535,969		9,259,167		15,476,042
	-		-		-		2,404,985
	_		_		22,084,013		22,084,013
	_		_		,,		6,128,041
	_		_		_		23,441,411
	_		_		_		33,346,155
	_		_		_		7,734,692
							3,842,026
	-		-		-		1,211,998
	_		_		_		
	,981,954		9,961,029		1,803,207		15,217,249
3	,399,144		5,046,185		829,339		10,050,314
	-		1,050,000		16,913,480		17,963,480
	-		-		10,215,800		11,331,605
	5,313		- 10 500 100		32,954		38,267
	,811,632		18,593,183		61,137,960		480,573,638
(6	,720,683)		17,171,032		746,240		6,598,494
	-		-		-		817,200
	-		-		-		40,002
	-		3,927,000		983,700		4,910,700
	-		1,001,133		258,254		1,329,501
2	,760,000		-		25,826,517		40,195,353
			(9,168,000)		(29,600,041)		(40,195,353)
2	,760,000		(4,239,867)		(2,531,570)		7,097,403
(3	,960,683)		12,931,165		(1,785,330)		13,695,897
•	,298,862)		29,509,432		40,620,595		86,729,016
\$ (11	,259,545)	\$	42,440,597	\$	38,835,265	\$	100,424,913

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 13,695,897
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of depreciation expense in excess of capital outlays in the current period.	
Capital outlay - capitalized \$ 25,267,563  Less: Depreciation expense (27,708,072)	(2,440,509)
The statement of activities reflects only the gain/loss on the disposal of assets, whereas the governmental funds include all proceeds from these sales. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the carrying value of assets sold or otherwise disposed of.	(484,954)
Revenue not available to liquidate liabilities in the governmental funds is reported as deferred inflow until amounts are available, but is accrued in the government-wide statements when earned.	419,593
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount of the repayment of debt principal in the current period.	17,963,480
Bond and lease proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. These are the amounts attributable to new leases in the current period.	(4,910,700)
Premiums, discounts and deferred losses on debt refundings are reported in the governmental funds in the year debt is issued, but are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt in the government wide statements. This is the net amount attributable to the amortization of premiums and discounts and deferred refunding in the current fiscal year.	
Premium/discount amortization \$ 1,722,421	
Change in deferred loss on refunding debt (781,719)	940,702
Interest on long-term debt is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when due, but is recognized as an expense when interest accrues in the statement of activities. This is the amount of change in accrued interest at year-end.	236,283
In the statement of activities, the cost of compensated absences is measured by the amounts earned during the year, while in the government funds expenditures are recognized based on the amounts actually paid for compensated absences. This is the net amount of compensated absences earned in excess of the amount paid	
in the current period.	(1,482,648)
Governmental funds report District OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned, net of employee contributions, as determined through an actuarial valuation, is reported as OPEB expense.	
OPEB contributions \$ 564,535	
OPEB expense(594,916)	(30,381)
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not utilize current financial resourses and are not reported as expenses in the funds.	
FRS pension contributions \$ 15,471,341	
HIS pension contributions 3,895,575	
FRS pension expense (35,989,522)	
HIS pension expense (5,401,589)	(22,024,195)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,882,568

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUND

	Agency Fund
	Internal
	Accounts
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,887,845
Accounts receivable	42,988
Inventory	30,361
Total Assets	\$ 2,961,194
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 2,961,194
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,961,194

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## Note 1 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## A. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. The primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function. Depreciation expense associated with the District's transportation department is allocated to the student transportation services function, while remaining depreciation expense is not readily associated with a particular function and is reported as unallocated.

### **B.** Reporting Entity

The District has direct responsibility for operation, control, and supervision of District schools and is considered a primary government for financial reporting. The District is considered part of the Florida system of public education, operates under the general direction of the Florida Department of Education (FDOE), and is governed by State law and State Board of Education (SBE) rules. The governing body of the District is composed of five elected members. The appointed Superintendent of Schools is the executive officer of the District. Geographic boundaries of the District correspond with those of St. Lucie County.

Criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units that should be reported within the District's basic financial statements are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Sections 2100 and 2600. The application of these criteria provides for identification of any legally separate entities for which the District is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's basic financial statements to be misleading.

Based on the application of these criteria, the following component units are included within the District's reporting entity:

<u>Blended Component Unit</u> – Blended component units, are in substance, part of the primary District's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the District. The St. Lucie County School Board Leasing Corporation (Leasing Corporation) was formed to facilitate financing for the acquisition of facilities and equipment, as further discussed in Note 6. Due to the substantive economic relationship between the District and the Leasing Corporation, the financial activities of the Leasing Corporation are included in the accompanying basic financial statements. Separate financial statements for the Leasing Corporation are not published.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u> – The component units' column in the government-wide financial statements include the financial data of the District's other component units. A separate column is used to emphasize that they are legally separate from the District.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## Note 1 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The St. Lucie County Education Foundation, Inc. (Foundation), is a separate not-for-profit corporation organized and operated as a direct-support organization to receive, hold, invest, and administer property and to make expenditures to and for the benefit of the District. Because of the nature and significance of its relationship with the District, the Foundation is considered a component unit.

The Renaissance Charter School at St. Lucie, a department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc.; Renaissance Charter School at Tradition, a department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc.; Somerset College Preparatory Academy of the Treasure Coast and Somerset St. Lucie, divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc. are not-for-profit corporations organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not For Profit Corporation Act, and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The charter schools operate under charters approved by their sponsor, the St. Lucie County District School Board. The charter schools are considered to be component units of the District, as they are considered misleading to exclude because of their financial relationship to the District and the District's oversight responsibility.

The financial data reported on the accompanying statements was derived from the audited financial statements of each discretely presented component unit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Audit reports are filed in the District's administrative offices at 9461 Brandywine Lane., Port St. Lucie, Florida 34986.

#### C. Basis of Presentation: Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and the internal service fund. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The effects of inter-fund activity have been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements except for inter-fund services provided and used.

#### D. Basis of Presentation: Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including the fiduciary funds and blended component unit. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund and for certain revenues from the state that are legally restricted to be expended for specific current operating purposes.

Other Federal Programs Fund – to account for program revenues and expenditures for federal awards that are not federal economic stimulus programs administered through the Florida Department of Education.

<u>Sections 1011.14 & 1011.15 F.S., Loans</u> – to account for the cost relating to various educational facility capital improvements within the school district

Other Capital Projects Fund – to account for various financial resources generated by certificates of participation, sales tax revenue bonds, and other debt; impact fees to be used for educational capital outlay needs, including new construction, and remodeling and renovation projects; and repair and remediation of damage caused by hurricanes and tropical storms, along with associated insurance loss recoveries.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## Note 1 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Additionally, the District reports the following fiduciary fund type:

<u>Agency Fund</u> – to account for resources of the school internal funds, which are used to administer moneys collected at several schools in connection with school, student athletic, class, and club activities.

During the course of operations the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at fiscal year-end are reported as due from/to other funds. Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in and out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

#### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, except for certain grant revenues, are recognized when they become measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year, with the exception of insurance loss recoveries, which the District considers to be available if collection is expected. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of resources is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant resources, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, claims and judgments, pension benefits, other postemployment benefits (OPEB), and compensated absences, are only recorded when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

The agency funds have no measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting assets and liabilities.

The Foundation and the charter schools are accounted for as governmental organizations and follow the same accounting model as the District's governmental activities.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## Note 1 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> – The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Investments classified as cash equivalents include amounts placed with the State Board of Administration (SBA) in Florida PRIME, as well as those held by trustees for debt service payments.

The District's investments in Florida PRIME, which the SBA indicates is a qualified external investment pool, are similar to money market funds in which shares are owned in the fund rather than the underlying investments. These investments are reported at amortized cost.

Cash deposits are held by banks qualified as public depositories under Florida law. All deposits are insured by Federal depository insurance, up to specified limits, or collateralized with securities held in Florida's multiple financial institution collateral pool as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

<u>Investments</u> – Investments are presented at fair value or amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Types and amounts of investments held at fiscal year-end are described in a subsequent note.

<u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u> – Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption in the course of District operations. Maintenance inventories are stated at cost on the weighted moving average basis. Transportation inventories are stated at last invoice cost, which approximates the first-in, first-out basis. United States Department of Agriculture donated foods are stated at their acquisition value as determined at the time of donation to the District's food service program by the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Bureau of Food Distribution. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when used rather than purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Expenditures for capital assets acquired or constructed for general District purposes are reported in the governmental fund that financed the acquisition or construction. The capital assets so acquired are reported at cost in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as those costing more than \$1,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if, purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Useful Lives
Improvements other than buildings	8 - 40 years
Buildings and fixed equipment	10 - 50 years
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	3 - 15 years
Motor vehicles	5 - 10 years
Audio visual materials and computer software	3 - 5 years

Current year information relative to changes in capital assets is described in a subsequent note.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## Note 1 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Pensions</u> – In the government-wide statement of net position, liabilities are recognized for the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's net pension liability. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) defined benefit plan and additions to/deductions from the FRS and the HIS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS and the HIS plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The District's retirement plans and related amounts are described in a subsequent note.

<u>Long-Term Liabilities</u> – Long-term obligations that will be financed from resources to be received in the future by governmental funds are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statement of net position. Bonds and certificates of participation premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds and certificates of participation payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bonds and other long-term obligations are not recognized as liabilities until due.

Changes in long-term liabilities for the current year are reported in a subsequent note.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u> – In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are discussed in subsequent notes. The deferred amount on debt refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting as deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements. The deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are discussed in subsequent notes. The District has one type of item, unavailable revenue, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Net Position Flow Assumption – The District occasionally funds outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. To calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. Consequently, it is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## Note 1 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Fund Balance Flow Assumption</u> – The District may fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). To calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

<u>Fund Balance Policies</u> – Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation. The District reported no committed fund balances at June 30, 2020.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board assigns fund balance based on actions of the Superintendent or his designee. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

#### G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

<u>Program Revenues</u> – Amounts reported as program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

<u>State Revenue Sources</u> – Significant revenues from state sources for current operations include the Florida Education Finance Program administered by the FDOE under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes. In accordance with this law, the District determines and reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the FDOE. The FDOE performs certain edit checks on the reported number of FTE and related data and calculates the allocation of funds to the District. The District is permitted to amend its original reporting during specified time periods following the date of the original reporting. The FDOE may also adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations based upon an audit of the District's compliance in determining and reporting FTE and related data. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue in the fiscal year when the adjustments are made.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## Note 1 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The State provides financial assistance to administer certain educational programs. SBE rules require that revenue earmarked for certain programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided, and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following fiscal year to be expended for the same educational programs. The FDOE generally requires that these educational program revenues be accounted for in the General Fund. A portion of the fund balance of the General Fund is restricted in the governmental fund financial statements for the balance of categorical and earmarked educational program resources.

The State allocates gross receipts taxes, generally known as Public Education Capital Outlay money and School Hardening grants, to the District on an annual basis. The District is authorized to expend these funds only upon applying for and receiving an encumbrance authorization from the FDOE.

A schedule of revenue from State sources for the current year is presented in a subsequent note.

<u>District Property Tax</u> – The Board is authorized by state law to levy property taxes for district school operations, capital improvements, and debt service.

Property taxes consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. Property values are determined by the St. Lucie County Property Appraiser, and property taxes are collected by the St. Lucie County Tax Collector.

The Board adopted the 2019 tax levy on September 10, 2019. Tax bills are mailed in October and taxes are payable between November 1 of the year assessed and March 31 of the following year at discounts of up to 4 percent for early payment.

Taxes become a lien on the property on January 1, and are delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. State law provides for enforcement of collection of personal property taxes by seizure of the property to satisfy unpaid taxes, and for enforcement of collection of real property taxes by the sale of interest-bearing tax certificates to satisfy unpaid taxes. The procedures result in the collection of essentially all taxes prior to June 30 of the year following the year of assessment.

Property tax revenues are recognized in the government-wide financial statements when the Board adopts the tax levy. Property tax revenues are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements when taxes are received by the District, except that revenue is accrued for taxes collected by the St. Lucie County Tax Collector at fiscal year-end but not yet remitted to the District. Because any delinquent taxes after June 30 would not be material, delinquent taxes receivable are not accrued and no delinquent tax revenue deferral is recorded.

Millage rates and taxes levied for the current year are presented in a subsequent note.

<u>Capital Outlay Surtax</u> – In October 2005, the voters of St. Lucie County approved a one-half cent school capital outlay surtax on sales in the County for 20 years, effective January 1, 2006, to pay construction costs of certain school facilities and related costs in accordance with Section 212.055(6), Florida Statutes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## Note 1 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Educational Impact Fees – St. Lucie County imposes an educational impact fee based on an ordinance adopted by the County Commission. This ordinance was most recently amended in April 2017 when Ordinance 2017-A17 established, in part, revised fees to be collected. The educational impact fee is collected for most new residential construction. The fees are collected by the County and each municipality within the County based on an inter-local agreement. The fees are to be used solely for the purpose of providing capital improvements to the public educational system necessitated by new residential development and are not to be used for any expenditure that would be classified as a maintenance or repair expense. The authorized uses include, but are not limited to, land acquisition; facility design and construction costs; furniture and equipment; and payment of principal, interest, and related costs of indebtedness necessitated by new residential development.

<u>Federal Revenue Sources</u> – The District receives federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to, and approved by, various granting agencies. For federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – In the government-wide financial statements, compensated absences (i.e., paid absences for employee vacation leave and sick leave) are accrued as liabilities to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental fund financial statements only if it has matured, such as for occurrences of employee resignations and retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

## Note 2 — Budgetary Compliance and Accountability

## A. Budgetary Information

The Board follows procedures established by State statutes and State Board of Education rules in establishing budget balances for governmental funds, as described below:

Budgets are prepared, public hearings are held, and original budgets are adopted annually for all governmental fund types in accordance with procedures and time intervals prescribed by law and State Board of Education rules.

Appropriations are controlled at the object level (e.g., salaries, purchased services, and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g., instruction, student personnel services, and school administration) and may be amended by resolution at any School Board meeting prior to the due date for the annual financial report.

Budgetary information is integrated into the accounting system and, to facilitate budget control, budget balances are encumbered when purchase orders are issued. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and encumbrances outstanding are honored from the subsequent year's appropriations.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 3 — Deposited Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the District had the following investments:

Investments reported at amortized cost		Inve	estments	 sh and Cash Equivalents
SBA:	_			_
Florida PRIME (1)	53 Day Average	\$	-	\$ 71,317,659
Debt Service Accounts	6 Months		3,354	
First American Government Obligations Fund Class Z (2)	42 Day Average			11,041,760
Total investments, primary government		\$	3,354	
Investments reported as cash and cash equivalents				82,359,419
Cash deposits (3)				29,846,921
Total cash and cash equivalents				\$ 112,206,340

#### Notes:

- (1) Florida PRIME is a qualifying external investment pool presented at amortized cost. There are no restrictions or limitations on withdrawals; however, Florida PRIME may, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations, impose restrictions on withdrawals for up to 48 hours.
- (2) Comprised of funds held in trust in connection with Certificates of Participation, Series 2004-QZAB, Series 2011A, Series 2011B, Series 2013A, Series 2015A and Series 2017.
- (3) Includes \$11,560,351 of funds held in trust in connection with Certificates of Participation, Series 2010B-QSCB and 2010C-QSCB.

<u>Fair Value Measurement</u> – The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investments in SBA debt service accounts are valued using Level 1 inputs.

Investments in Florida PRIME are measured at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. The District investments in Florida PRIME to obtain competitive market returns while ensuring the safety and liquidity of the portfolio. Investments in Florida PRIME may be redeemed without advance notice and there are no unfunded commitments for further investment. There are currently no limitations as to the frequency of redemptions; however, Florida PRIME has the ability to impose restrictions on withdrawals should a material event occur. Detailed information on the withdrawal restrictions that may be imposed and Florida PRIME's responsibilities should such an event occur is decribed in Section 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District's investment policy encourages investment maturities that match known cash flow needs and anticipated cash flow requirements as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates. Investment of current operating funds shall have maturities no longer than two years. Investment of bond reserves, construction funds, and other non-operating funds shall have a term appropriate to the need for funds and in accordance with debt covenants, but shall not exceed five years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 3 — Deposited Investments (continued)

The District's First American Government Obligations Fund Class Z money market investment had a weighted average days to maturity (WAM) ranging from daily liquidity to 42 days at June 30, 2020. Florida PRIME had a WAM of 53 days. A portfolio's WAM reflects the average maturity in days based on final maturity or reset date, in the case of floating rate instruments. WAM measures the sensitivity of the portfolio to interest rate changes.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Section 218.415(17), Florida Statutes, limits investments to the SBA's Florida PRIME, or any other intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Inter-local Cooperation Act as provided in Section 163.01, Florida Statutes; United States Treasury securities, obligations of United States Government Agencies and Instrumentalities, SEC registered money market funds with an average weighted maturity of 90 days or less; certain repurchase agreements, commercial papers; bankers' acceptances, and state or local government taxable or tax-exempt debt, subject to various limitations.

The District's investments in SBA Debt Service accounts are to provide for debt service payments on bond debt issued by the State Board of Education for the benefit of the District. The District relies on policies developed by SBA for managing interest rate risk and credit risk for this account.

As of June 30, 2020, the District's investment in Florida PRIME, and First American Treasury Obligations Fund Class Z, are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the District will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District investment policy addresses custodial credit risk in that all securities are held with a third party custodian; and all securities purchased by and all collateral obtained by the District should be properly designated as an asset of the District. The securities must be held in an account separate and apart from the assets of the financial institution.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer. The District's investment policy limits the amounts that may be invested in any one issuer ranging from 25 to 100 percent depending on investment type.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u> – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. All bank balances of the District are fully insured or collateralized as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## Note 4 — Changes in Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets are presented in the table below:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 42,770,324	\$ 606,920	\$ -	\$ 43,377,244
Land improvements	4,233,872	1,275,055	-	5,508,927
Construction in progress	24,735,387	12,823,825	23,659,148	13,900,064
Total capital assets not being depreciated	71,739,583	14,705,800	23,659,148	62,786,235
Capital assets being depreciated				
Improvements other than buildings	16,699,960	278,213	139,304	16,838,869
Buildings and fixed equipment	997,433,663	23,816,615	-	1,021,250,278
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	51,690,556	5,819,320	1,535,063	55,974,813
Motor vehicles	39,490,665	4,266,108	2,952,765	40,804,008
Audio visual materials and computer software	18,894,950	40,655	609,938	18,325,667
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,124,209,794	34,220,911	5,237,070	1,153,193,635
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements other than buildings	10,875,858	477,542	93,310	11,260,090
Buildings and fixed equipment	489,929,128	21,240,984	-	511,170,112
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	42,685,104	4,046,600	1,160,317	45,571,387
Motor vehicles	28,995,043	1,794,802	2,888,552	27,901,293
Audio visual material and computer software	17,187,977	148,144	609,937	16,726,184
Total accumulated depreciation	589,673,110	27,708,072	4,752,116	612,629,066
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	534,536,684	6,512,839	484,954	540,564,569
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 606,276,267	\$ 21,218,639	\$ 24,144,102	\$ 603,350,804

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Function	Amount
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
Student transportation services	\$ 21,817
Unallocated	27,686,255
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$27,708,072

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 5 — Changes in Short-Term Debt

The following is a schedule of changes in short-term debt:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance
Tax anticipation note	\$ -	\$ 24,000,000	\$ 24,000,000	\$ -
Revenue anticipation note	15,000,000		2,760,000	12,240,000
Total governmental activities	\$ 15,000,000	\$ 24,000,000	\$ 26,760,000	\$ 12,240,000

The Tax Anticipation Note, Series 2019, with an interest rate of 8 percent, was issued on July 23, 2019, for \$24,000,000, and matured on June 30, 2020. Proceeds from the tax anticipation note were used as working capital reserves in the General Fund as permitted under state and federal tax laws.

During fiscal year 2019, the District entered a financing arrangement under the provisions of Section 1011.14, Florida Statutes, which authorizes district school boards to create obligations for a period of one year, in anticipation of budgeted revenues accruing on a current basis, without pledging the credit of the District or requiring future levy of taxes for certain purposes. These obligations may be extended from year to year, with the consent of the lender, for a period not to exceed four years, for a total of five years, including the initial year of the loan. The Revenue Anticipation Note (RAN), in the amount of \$15,000,000 with a final maturity date of December 1, 2023, is to be used for capital improvements to educational and related facilities. If the District fails to provide the principal and interest payments through to term, the noteholders may accelerate the outstanding principal and interest accrued thereon to be due and payable immediately or make any other remedy available by law.

Amounts payable for the planned extended repayment of the RAN is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	 Total	Principal		Interest
2021	\$ 3,239,243	\$ 2,930,000	\$	309,243
2022	3,238,931	3,015,000		223,931
2023	3,241,110	3,105,000		136,110
2024	 3,235,776	 3,190,000		45,776
Total note payable	\$ 12,955,060	\$ 12,240,000	\$	715,060

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 6 — Certificates of Participation and Bonds Payable

#### A. Certificates of Participation

Certificates of participation at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

		Interest	Lease	
	Amount	Rates	Term	Original
Series	 Outstanding	(Percentage)	Maturity	Amount
COPs from Direct Borrowings	_			
2010B-QSCB	\$ 12,232,000	0.47 (1)	2027	12,232,000
2010C-QSCB	8,000,000	0.39 (1)	2028	8,000,000
Total COPs from Direct Borrowings	20,232,000			
Other COP Issuances				
2011A, Refunding	12,215,000	4.00	2021	54,850,000
2011B, Refunding	12,725,000	3.60 - 5.00	2023	12,725,000
2013A, Refunding	73,855,000	2.00 - 3.50	2030	77,255,000
2015A, Refunding	20,820,000	3.00 - 5.00	2031	26,080,000
2017A, Refunding	14,360,000	3.00 - 5.00	2033	16,660,000
Total Other COP Issuances	133,975,000			
Total Certificates of Participation	\$ 154,207,000			

Notes: (1) Series 2010B and Series 2010C are designated as "qualified school construction bonds" as defined in Section 54F of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC), and pursuant to Section 6431 of the IRC, the Board has elected to receive federal subsidy payments on each interest payment date for the certificates in an amount equal to the lesser of the amount of interest payable with respect to the certificates on such date or the amount of interest which would have been payable with respect to the certificates if the interest were determined at the applicable tax credit rate for the certificates pursuant to Section 54A(3)(b) of the IRC. The interest rate for Series 2010B Certificates is 5.87%, with an allowed federal subsidy of 5.40%. The interest rate for Series 2010C Certificates is 5.24%, with allowed Federal subsidy of 4.85%. For Series 2010B and Series 2010C Certificates, payments of \$719,529 and \$470,588, respectively, are deposited into a sinking fund annually. The accumulated amount in this fund is to be used to repay the principal amount of these certificates upon maturity.

Series 2010B-QSCB Certificates - The District entered into a financing arrangement with the Leasing Corporation on June 29, 2010, which was characterized as a lease-purchase agreement, whereby the District secured financing of \$12,232,000 for various educational facilities. The Series 2010B Certificates were to be repaid from the proceeds of rents paid by the District.

As a condition of the financing arrangement, the District has given a ground lease on District property to the Leasing Corporation, with a rental fee of \$10 per year. The initial term of the lease is 17 years commencing on June 29, 2010. The properties covered by the ground lease are, together with the improvements constructed thereon from the financing proceeds, leased back to the District. If the District fails to renew the lease and to provide for the rent payments through to term, and a resulting event of termination takes place, the trustee, upon the written request of a majority of the owners of the certificates, may accelerate the outstanding principal to be due and payable immediately, take title to and sell or otherwise dispose of the financed projects, or make any other remedy available by law, for the benefit of the owners of the certificates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 6 — Certificates of Participation and Bonds Payable (continued)

<u>Series 2010C-QSCB Certificates</u> – The District entered into a financing arrangement with the Leasing Corporation on September 30, 2010, which was characterized as a lease purchase agreement, whereby the District secured financing of \$8,000,000 for various educational facilities. The Series 2010C Certificates were to be repaid from the proceeds of rents paid by the District.

As a condition of the financing arrangement, the District has given a ground lease on District property to the Leasing Corporation, with a rental fee of \$10 per year. The initial term of the lease is 17 years, commencing on October 1, 2010. The properties covered by the ground lease are, together with the improvements constructed thereon from the financing proceeds, leased back to the District. If the District fails to renew the lease and to provide for the rent payments through to term, and a resulting event of termination takes place, the trustee, upon the written request of a majority of the owners of the certificates, may accelerate the outstanding principal to be due and payable immediately, take title to and sell or otherwise dispose of the financed projects, or make any other remedy available by law, for the benefit of the owners of the certificates.

<u>Series 2011A Refunding Certificates</u> – The District entered into a financing arrangement with the Leasing Corporation on May 3, 2011, which was characterized as a lease-purchase agreement, whereby the District secured financing of \$54,850,000 to refund a portion of Certificates of Participation, Series 2001A, B, C, and 2003A. Series 2011A Refunding Certificates were to be repaid from the proceeds of rents paid by the District.

As a condition of the financing arrangement, the District has given a ground lease on District property to the Leasing Corporation, with a rental fee of \$10 per year. The initial term of the lease is 22 years commencing on May 3, 2011. The properties covered by the ground lease are, together with the improvements constructed thereon from the financing proceeds, leased back to the District. If the District fails to renew the lease and to provide for the rent payments through to term, and a resulting event of termination takes place, the trustee, upon the written request of a majority of the owners of the certificates, may accelerate the outstanding principal to be due and payable immediately, take title to and sell or otherwise dispose of the financed projects, or make any other remedy available by law, for the benefit of the owners of the certificates.

<u>Series 2011B Refunding Certificates</u> – The District entered into a financing arrangement with the Leasing Corporation on January 5, 2012, which was characterized as a lease-purchase agreement, whereby the District secured financing of \$12,725,000 to refund a portion of Certificates of Participation, Series 2001A, B, C, and 2003A. The Series 2011B Refunding Certificates were to be repaid from the proceeds of rents paid by the District.

As a condition of the financing arrangement, the District has given a ground lease on District property to the Leasing Corporation, with a rental fee of \$10 per year. The initial term of the lease is 11 years commencing on January 5, 2012. The properties covered by the ground lease are, together with the improvements constructed thereon from the financing proceeds, leased back to the District. If the District fails to renew the lease and to provide for the rent payments through to term, and a resulting event of termination takes place, the trustee, upon the written request of a majority of the owners of the certificates, may accelerate the outstanding principal to be due and payable immediately, take title to and sell or otherwise dispose of the financed projects, or make any other remedy available by law, for the benefit of the owners of the certificates.

<u>Series 2013A Refunding Certificates</u> – The District entered into a financing arrangement with the Leasing Corporation on March 20, 2013, which was characterized as a lease-purchase agreement, whereby the District secured financing of \$77,255,000 to refund a portion of Certificates of Participation, Series 2003A and 2004A. The Series 2013A Refunding Certificates are to be repaid from the proceeds of rents paid by the District.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 6 — Certificates of Participation and Bonds Payable (continued)

As a condition of the financing arrangement, the District has given a ground lease on District property to the Leasing Corporation, with a rental fee of \$10 per year. The initial term of the lease is 17 years commencing on March 20, 2013. The properties covered by the ground lease are, together with the improvements constructed thereon from the financing proceeds, leased back to the District. If the District fails to renew the lease and to provide for the rent payments through to term, and a resulting event of termination takes place, the trustee, upon the written request of a majority of the owners of the certificates, may accelerate the outstanding principal to be due and payable immediately, take title to and sell or otherwise dispose of the financed projects, or make any other remedy available by law, for the benefit of the owners of the certificates.

<u>Series 2015A Refunding Certificates</u> – The District entered into a financing arrangement with the Leasing Corporation on December 3, 2014, which was characterized as a lease-purchase agreement, whereby the District secured financing of \$26,080,000 to refund Certificates of Participation, Series 2005A. The Series 2015A Refunding Certificates are to be repaid from the proceeds of rents paid by the District.

As a condition of the financing arrangement, the District has given a ground lease on District property to the Leasing Corporation, with a rental fee of \$10 per year. The initial term of the lease is 15 years commencing on December 3, 2014. The properties covered by the ground lease are, together with the improvements constructed thereon from the financing proceeds, leased back to the District. If the District fails to renew the lease and to provide for the rent payments through to term, and a resulting event of termination takes place, the trustee, upon the written request of a majority of the owners of the certificates, may accelerate the outstanding principal to be due and payable immediately, take title to and sell or otherwise dispose of the financed projects, or make any other remedy available by law, for the benefit of the owners of the certificates.

<u>Series 2017A Refunding Certificates</u> – The District entered into a financing arrangement with the Leasing Corporation on January 11, 2017, which was characterized as a lease-purchase agreement, whereby the District secured financing of \$16,660,000 to refund Certificates of Participation, Series 2007, which was used for the planning and construction of the Treasure Coast University Charter School (now called Palm Pointe Educational Research School at Tradition). Series 2017A Refunding certificates were to be repaid from the proceeds of rents paid to the District.

As a condition of the financing arrangement, the District has given a ground lease on District property to the Leasing Corporation, with a rental fee of \$10 per year. The initial term of the lease is 25 years commencing on January 11, 2017. The properties covered by the ground lease are, together with the improvements constructed thereon from the financing proceeds, leased back to the District. If the District fails to renew the lease and to provide for the rent payments through to term, and a resulting event of termination takes place, the trustee, upon the written request of a majority of the owners of the certificates, may accelerate the outstanding principal to be due and payable immediately, take title to and sell or otherwise dispose of the financed projects, or make any other remedy available by law, for the benefit of the owners of the certificates.

In connection with this financing arrangement, the District entered into an Education Facilities Lease Purchase Agreement with the FAU-Treasure Coast University Schools, Inc. (TCUS), a Florida not for-profit corporation authorized and created by Florida Atlantic University, for the purpose of facilitating the acquisition, construction, and operation of TCUS, as sub-lessee. The term of the sublease commenced on January 11, 2017, and extends through August 15, 2032, In accordance with the sublease, TCUS will remit charter school capital funds to the Trustee for deposit to the TCUS Fund.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 6 — Certificates of Participation and Bonds Payable (continued)

The District properties included in the various ground leases under these arrangements include:

Certificates	Description of Properties
Series 2010B-QSCB	Lincoln Park Academy Additions and Renovations
Series 2010C-QSCB	Lincoln Park Academy Additions and Renovations
Series 2011A & 2011B	District Administration Building
	Farlawn Elementary School
	Frances K. Sweet Elementary School
	Dan McCarty Middle School
	Ft. Pierce Magnet School of the Arts
Series 2013A	Rivers Edge Elementary School
	Savanna Ridge Elementary School
	Southern Oaks Middle School
	Dan McCarty Middle School Addition
	St. Lucie Elementary School Addition
	Lincoln Park Academy Additions and Renovations
	Oak Hammock K-8 School
	Treasure Coast High School
Series 2015A	Westgate K-8 School
	Treasure Coast High School Improvements
Series 2017A	Palm Pointe Educational Research School at Tradition

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under the lease agreement, together with the present value of minimum lease payments as of June 30:

						С	ertificates of Pa	articip	oation from
			Other Certificate	s of F	Participation		Direct Bo	rrow	ings
Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Total		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2021	\$ 15,853,1	31	\$ 9,405,000	\$	5,314,141	\$	-	\$	1,133,990
2022	15,712,2	13	9,690,000		4,888,223		-		1,133,990
2023	15,872,0	62	10,325,000		4,413,072		-		1,133,990
2024	15,879,3	08	10,820,000		3,925,318		-		1,133,990
2025	16,099,9	28	11,510,000		3,455,938		-		1,133,990
2026-2030	97,474,1	36	65,035,000		9,729,606		20,232,000		2,477,580
2031-2033	17,719,8	38	17,190,000		529,838				-
Total minimum lease payments	194,610,6	66	133,975,000		32,256,136		20,232,000		8,147,530
Plus: net unamortized premium	4,807,4	01	4,807,401		-				-
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 199,418,0	67	\$ 138,782,401	\$	32,256,136	\$	20,232,000	\$	8,147,530

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 6 — Certificates of Participation and Bonds Payable (continued)

#### B. Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Bond Type	Amount utstanding	Interest Rates (Percent)	Annual Maturity To
State School Bonds:			
Series 2011A, Refunding	\$ 180,000	3.0 - 5.0	2023
District Revenue Bonds:			
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2001	1,830,000	5	2031
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, Refunding	 53,935,000	5	2027
Total Bonds Payable	\$ 55,945,000		

The various bonds were issued to finance capital outlay projects of the District. The following is a description of the bonded debt issues:

<u>State School Bonds</u> – These bonds are issued by the State Board of Education (SBE) on behalf of the District. The bonds mature serially, and are secured by a pledge of the District's portion of the State-assessed motor vehicle license tax. The State's full faith and credit is also pledged as security for these bonds. Principal and interest payments, investment of debt service fund resources, and compliance with reserve requirements are administered by the SBE and the SBA.

#### Sales Tax Revenue Bonds

<u>Series 2001</u> – These bonds are authorized by Chapters 67-1996 and 76-480, Laws of Florida, Section 212.20, Florida Statutes, Chapters 230, 235, 236, and 550, and a resolution adopted by the St. Lucie County District School Board on June 12, 2001. These bonds are secured by pari-mutuel replacement revenues distributed annually to St. Lucie County from the State pursuant to Section 212.20(6)(d)7a., Florida Statutes, as a replacement for moneys distributed under Section 550.135, Florida Statutes, prior to July 1, 2000.

<u>Series 2015, Refunding</u> – The School Board issued Sales Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, in the amount of \$79,880,000 on May 15, 2015. These bonds are authorized by Chapter 1001, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 212, Florida Statutes, and a resolution of the Board adopted on March 24, 2015. Proceeds from the bonds were used refund Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2006.

These bonds are secured by a pledge of proceeds received by the District from the levy and collection of a one-half cent discretionary sales surtax (sales tax revenues) pursuant to Section 212.055(6), Florida Statutes. The pledged sales tax revenues, amounting to \$63,898,375 as of June 30, 2020, are committed until final maturity of the debt, or October 1, 2026. During the 2019-2020 fiscal year, the District recognized sales tax revenues totaling \$19,243,942 and expended \$9,164,500 (47.6 percent) of these revenues for debt service directly collateralized by these revenues. Assuming a nominal growth rate in the collection of sales tax revenue, which are levied, unless extended, through December 31, 2026, approximately 48 percent of this revenue stream has been pledged in connection with debt service on the revenue bonds.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 6 — Certificates of Participation and Bonds Payable (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Total	Principal	Interest	
State School Bonds:				
2021	\$ 61,500	\$ 55,000	\$ 6,500	
2020	63,750	60,000	3,750	
2023	66,950	65,000	1,950	
Total State School Bonds	192,200	180,000	12,200	
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds:				
2021	9,377,625	6,755,000	2,622,625	
2022	9,366,625	7,090,000	2,276,625	
2023	9,358,375	7,445,000	1,913,375	
2024	9,352,000	7,820,000	1,532,000	
2025	9,336,500	8,205,000	1,131,500	
2026-2030	19,310,250	18,240,000	1,070,250	
2031	220,500	210,000	10,500	
Total District Revenue Bonds	66,321,875	55,765,000	10,556,875	
Total Bonds Payable	66,514,075	55,945,000	10,569,075	
Plus: Net Unamortized Premium	7,123,845	7,123,845		
Total Bonds Payable, Net	\$ 73,637,920	\$63,068,845	\$10,569,075	

#### Note 7 — Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities:

Description	Beginning Balance			Ending Balance	Due In One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Certificates of participation payable	\$ 164,509,000	\$ -	\$ 10,302,000	\$ 154,207,000	\$ 9,405,000
Unamortized premiums/discounts	5,377,009	-	569,608	4,807,401	569,608
Certificates of participation payable, net	169,886,009	-	10,871,608	159,014,401	9,974,608
Bonds payable	62,438,000	-	6,493,000	55,945,000	6,810,000
Unamortized premium	8,276,658		1,152,813	7,123,845	1,148,001
Bonds payable, net	70,714,658	-	7,645,813	63,068,845	7,958,001
Capital lease obligation	-	4,910,700	1,168,480	3,742,220	1,124,317
Net OPEB liability	8,854,790	888,077	602,066	9,140,801	475,821
Compensated absences payable	12,074,008	3,827,043	2,344,396	13,556,655	2,344,397
Net pension liability	200,885,606	46,543,748	26,921,324	220,508,030	1,196,981
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 462,415,071	\$ 56,169,568	\$ 49,553,687	\$ 469,030,952	\$23,074,125

For governmental activities, compensated absences, pensions, and other postemployment benefits are generally liquidated with resources of the general fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 8 — Inter-fund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

#### A. Inter-fund Receivables/Payables

The following is a summary of inter-fund receivables and payables reported in the fund financial statements:

	Interfund						
Funds	Receivables	Payables					
Major:							
General Fund	\$ 6,318,670	\$ -					
Other Federal Projects Fund	-	5,251,167					
Non-major Governmental Funds		1,067,503					
Total	\$ 6,318,670	\$ 6,318,670					

Interfund receivables and payables were temporary in nature and were to facilitate federal cash flows, to cover maintenance expenditures, to provide payments to charter schools for capital outlay, and to provide debt service obligations as permitted by law.

#### **B.** Inter-fund Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transfers reported in the fund financial statements:

	Inter	Interfund			
Funds	Transfer In	Transfer Out			
Major:					
General Fund	\$ 11,608,836	\$ 1,427,312			
Sections 1011.14 & 1011.15, F.S., Loans Fund	2,760,000	-			
Other Capital Projects Fund	-	9,168,000			
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	25,826,517	29,600,041			
Total	\$ 40,195,353	\$ 40,195,353			

Interfund transfers are generally intended to cover maintenance expenditures, to provide payments to charter schools for capital outlay, and debt service obligations as permitted by law.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 9 — Fund Balance Reporting

The following is a schedule of fund balances by category at June 30, 2020:

	Major Funds					
	General Fund	Other Federal Programs	Sections 1011.14 & 1011.15, F.S., Loans	Other Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable:						
Inventories	\$ 969,285	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 969,285
Prepaid expenses	-	11,385	-	-	-	11,385
Restricted:						
State required carryover	1,458,607	-	-	-	-	1,458,607
Debt service	-	-	-	-	26,404,292	26,404,292
Capital projects	-	-	-	42,440,597	11,959,083	54,399,680
FAU lab charter school	2,520,171	-	-	-	-	2,520,171
Food service	-	-	-	-	471,890	471,890
Assigned:						
Outstanding purchase orders Voluntary pre-kindergarten and	1,460,220	-	-	-	-	1,460,220
other local programs	5,197,676	-	-	-	-	5,197,676
Unassigned	18,802,637	(11,385)	(11,259,545)			7,531,707
Total Fund Balances	\$30,408,596	\$ -	\$ (11,259,545)	\$ 42,440,597	\$38,835,265	\$ 100,424,913

#### Fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Non-spendable Fund Balance</u> – Non-spendable fund balance is the net current financial resources that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Generally, not in spendable form means that an item is not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted Fund Balance – Restricted fund balance is the portion of fund balance on which constraints have been placed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance places the most binding level of constraint on the use of fund balance.

Assigned Fund Balance – Assigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that is intended to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Assigned amounts include those that have been set aside for a specific purpose by an authorized government body of official, but the constraint imposed does not satisfy the criteria to be classified to be classified as restricted or committed. This category includes any remaining positive amounts, for governmental funds other than the General Fund, not classified as non-spendable, restricted, or committed. The District also classifies amounts as assigned that are constrained to be used for specific purposes based on actions of the Superintendent or his designee as necessary, and not included in other categories.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – The unassigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that is the residual classification for the General Fund. This balance represents amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 10 — Schedule of State Revenue Sources

The following is a schedule of the District's State revenue sources for the 2019-2020 fiscal year:

Source	Amount
Florida Education Finance Program	\$151,783,514
Categorical Educational Program - Class Size Reduction	44,024,498
Florida School Recognition Funds	962,280
Sales Tax Distribution (s. 212.20(6)(d)6.a.,F.S.)	223,250
CO&DS Distribution	1,434,722
Interest on Undistributed CO&DS	44,681
CO&DS Withheld for SBE/COBI Bonds	65,602
SBE/COBI Bond Interest	92
Voluntary Prekindergarten Program	819,066
Charter School Capital Outlay	2,022,957
Food Service Supplement	254,845
State License Tax	208,000
Discretionary Lottery	41,783
Miscellaneous	1,111,548
Total	\$202,996,838

Accounting policies relating to certain State revenue sources are described in Note 1.

### Note 11 — Property Taxes

The following is a summary of millage rates and taxes levied on the 2019 tax roll for the 2019-20 fiscal year:

General Fund	Millages	Taxes Levied
Nonvoted School Tax:		
Required Local Effort	4.874	\$ 122,121,341
Basic Discretionary Local Effort	0.748	18,741,642
Capital Projects - Local Capital Improvement Fund		
Nonvoted Tax:		
Local Capital Improvements	1.500	37,583,506
Total	7.122	\$ 178,446,489

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 12 — Florida Retirement System

#### A. Florida Retirement System (FRS) - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

General Information about the FRS

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree HIS Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the District are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The District's FRS and HIS pension expense totaled \$41,391,111 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

#### FRS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer-defined benefit pension plan, with a DROP for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

Regular Class – Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.

Elected County Officers Class - Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.

Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) – Members in senior management level positions.

Special Risk Class – Members who are employed as law enforcement officers and meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 12 — Florida Retirement System (continued)

The DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided – Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following table shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service	Percent Value
Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 years of service	1.68
Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 years of service	1.68
Elected County Officers	3.00
Senior Management Service Class	2.00
Special Risk	3.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member was initially enrolled in the Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member was initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 12 — Florida Retirement System (continued)

<u>Contributions</u> – The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2019 - 20 fiscal year were as follows:

	Percentage of	of Gross Salary
Class	Employee	Employer (1)
FRS, regular	3.00	6.54
FRS, elected county officers	3.00	46.98
FRS, senior management service	3.00	22.34
FRS, special risk regular	3.00	22.78
DROP - applicable to		
members from all of the above classes	0.00	12.37
FRS, reemployed retiree	(2)	(2)

Notes:

- (1) Employer rates include 1.66 percent for the postemployment health insurance subsidy. Also, employer rates, other than for DROP participants, include 0.06 percent for administrative costs on the Investment Plan.
- (2) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed.

The District's contributions to the Pension Plan totaled \$15,471,341 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$149,960,991 for its proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's 2018-19 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2018-19 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportionate share was 0.435444406 percent, which was a decrease of 0.008473498 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized the Plan pension expense of \$35,989,522. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	8,894,615	\$	93,064
Change of assumptions		38,516,437		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on FRS pension plan investments		-		8,296,625
Changes in proportion and differences between				
District FRS contributions and proportionate				
share of FRS contributions		261,727		3,250,294
District FRS contributions subsequent to				
the measurement date		15,471,341		_
Total	\$	63,144,120	\$	11,639,983

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 12 — Florida Retirement System (continued)

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, totaling \$15,471,341, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Amount
2021	\$ 13,274,879
2022	3,370,052
2023	9,739,073
2024	7,498,836
2025	1,757,764
Thereafter	392,192
Total	\$ 36,032,796

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60 percent

Salary increases 3.25 percent, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.90 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality PUB2010 base table varied by member category and sex, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 12 — Florida Retirement System (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead was based on forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table.

Asset Class	Target Allocation (1)	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1%	3.30%	3.30%	1.20%
Fixed income	18%	4.10%	4.10%	3.50%
Global equity	54%	8.00%	6.80%	16.50%
Real estate (property)	11%	6.70%	6.10%	11.70%
Private equity	10%	11.20%	8.40%	25.80%
Strategic investments	6%	5.90%	5.70%	6.70%
Total	100%			
Assumed inflation - Mean			2.60%	1.70%

Note: (1) As outlined in the Plan's investment policy.

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The discount rate used in the 2019 valuation was updated from 7.00 percent to 6.90 percent.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.90 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease (5.90%)	Discount Rate (6.90%)	Increase (7.90%)
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 259,232,617	\$149,960,991	\$ 58,700,701

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

<u>Payable to the Pension Plan at June 30, 2020</u> – The District reported a payable of \$1,845,491 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the Plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 12 — Florida Retirement System (continued)

HIS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services. Division of Retirement.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> – For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Federal Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u> – The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The District contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding 3 years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The District's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$3,895,575 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2020, the District reported a net pension liability of \$70,547,039 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The current portion of the net pension liability is the District's proportionate share of benefit payments expected to be paid within 1 year, net of the District's proportionate share of the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position available to pay that amount. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's 2018-19 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2018-19 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportionate share was 0.630503560 percent, which was a decrease of 0.004176331 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 12 — Florida Retirement System (continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized the HIS Plan pension expense of \$5,401,589. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defe	erred Outflows	Def	erred Inflows
Description	tion of Resources		of Resources	
Differences between expected and				_
actual experience	\$	856,873	\$	86,383
Change of assumptions		8,168,681		5,765,940
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on HIS plan investments		45,523		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
District HIS contributions and proportionate				
share of HIS contributions		739,638		1,332,778
District HIS contributions subsequent to				
the measurement date		3,895,575		-
Total	\$	13,706,290	\$	7,185,101

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, totaling \$3,895,575, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 1,362,568
2021	1,033,842
2022	513,274
2023	(684,031)
2024	(31,829)
Thereafter	431,790
Total	\$ 2,625,614

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60 percent
Salary increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Municipal bond rate	3.50 percent
Mortality	Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB

While an experience study had not been completed for the HIS Plan, the actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Plan.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 12 — Florida Retirement System (continued)

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.50 percent. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index. The discount rate changed from 3.87 percent to 3.50 percent.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.50 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.50 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease (2.50%)	Discount Rate (3.50%)	Increase (4.50%)
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 80,533,061	\$ 70,547,039	\$ 62,229,813

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> – At June 30, 2020, the District reported a payable of \$578,134 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 12 — Florida Retirement System (continued)

#### B. FRS - Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. District employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. Allocations to the Investment Plan member accounts during the 2019-20 fiscal year were as follows:

	Percentage of
	Gross
Class	_Compensation_
FRS, regular	6.30
FRS, elected county officers	11.34
FRS, senior management service	7.67

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings, regardless of membership class. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the District.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided in which the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The District's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$4,125,474 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 13 — Other Postemployment Benefits Obligations

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District that provides OPEB for all employees who satisfy the District's retirement eligibility provisions. Pursuant to Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, former employees who retire from the District are eligible to participate in the District's health and hospitalization plan for medical, prescription drug, and life insurance coverage. Retirees and their eligible dependents shall be offered the same health and hospitalization insurance coverage as is offered to active employees at a premium cost of no more than the premium cost applicable to active employees. The District subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the OPEB Plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because retiree healthcare costs are generally greater than active employee healthcare costs. The OPEB Plan contribution requirements and benefit terms of the District and the OPEB Plan members are established and may be amended through recommendations of the Insurance Committee and action from the Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No.75.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> – The OPEB Plan provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The OPEB Plan only provides an implicit subsidy as described above.

<u>Employees Covered by Benefit Terms</u> – At June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	404
Active employees	4,187
Total	4,591

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u> – The District's total OPEB liability of \$9,140,801 was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. Update procedures were used to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 13 — Other Postemployment Benefits Obligations (continued)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs</u> – The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary Increases Salary increase rates used in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation of

the FRS for Regular Class members; 3.6 percent - 8.0 percent,

including inflation.

Discount Rate 3.13 percent

Retirement Age Retirement rates used in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation of the

FRS for Regular K-12 Instructional Regular Class members. They are based on results of a Statewide experience study covering the

period 2013 - 2018.

Mortality Mortality rates are the same as used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial

valuation of the FRS for Regular K-12 Instructional Regular Class members. These rates were taken from adjusted Pub-2010 mortality tables published by SOA with generational mortality improvements using scale MP-2018. Adjustments to reference tables are based on the results of a statewide experience study covering the period

2013 - 2018.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Based on the Getzen Model, with trend of 9.5% for 2019 (to reflect

actual premiums), 6.50% for 2020, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.24% plus 0.41% increase for excise tax

beginning in 2026.

Aging Factors Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs – From Birth to

Death."

Expenses Administrative expenses are included in the per capita health costs.

For plans that do not have formal assets, the discount rate should equal the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date. For the purpose of the actuarial valuation, the municipal bond rate of 3.13 percent was based on the daily rate of Fidelity's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" closest to but not later than the measurement date.

Demographic assumptions employed in the actuarial valuation were the same as those employed in the July 1, 2018, actuarial valuation of the FRS Pension Plan. These demographic assumptions were developed by FRS from an actuarial experience study, and therefore are appropriate for use in the OPEB Plan actuarial valuation. These include assumed rates of future termination, mortality, disability, and retirement. In addition, salary increase assumptions (for development of the pattern of the normal cost increases) were the same as those used in the July 1, 2017 actuarial valuation of the FRS Pension Plan Assumptions used in the valuation of benefits for participants of the FRS Investment Plan are the same as for similarly situated participants of the FRS Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 13 — Other Postemployment Benefits Obligations (continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability -

	 Amount
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 8,854,790
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	436,389
Interest	325,443
Changes in assumptions or	
other inputs	126,245
Benefit Payments	 (602,066)
Net Changes	 286,011
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 9,140,801

Changes of assumptions or other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.62 percent in 2018 to 3.13 percent in 2019 and changes in demographic assumptions to match those developed by the Florida Retirement System and adopted for its July 1, 2019 valuation.

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> – The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.13 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.13 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(2.13%)	(3.13%)	(4.13%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 10,116,187	\$ 9,140,801	\$ 8,297,584

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u> – The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%		Current		1%	
	 Decrease	Dis	scount Rate		Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 8,085,055	\$	9,140,801	\$	10,445,311	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 13 — Other Postemployment Benefits Obligations (continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$594,916. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	508,832	\$	-
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		114,446		2,010,699
Benefits paid after the measurement date		564,535		
Total	\$	1,187,813	\$	2,010,699

The total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, totaling \$564,535, resulting from benefits paid subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal year ending June 30	Amount
2021	\$ (166,916)
2022	(166,916)
2023	(166,916)
2024	(166,916)
2025	(166,916)
Thereafter	(552,841)
Total	\$ (1,387,421)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 14 — Construction and Other Significant Commitments

#### Encumbrances

Appropriations in governmental funds are encumbered upon issuance of purchase orders for goods and services. Even though appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, unfilled purchase orders of the current year are carried forward and the next fiscal year's appropriations are likewise encumbered.

The following is a schedule of encumbrances at June 30, 2020:

		Major Funds			
	Other	Sections 1011.14 &	Other		Total
General Fund	Federal Programs	1011.15, F.S., Loans	Capital Projects Fund	Non Major Funds	Governmental Funds
\$1,481,849	\$ 411,969	\$ 136,068	\$ 1,817,231	\$5,492,937	\$ 9,340,054

#### Construction Contracts

The District had the following major construction contract commitments as of fiscal year-end:

Project	Cont	Contract Amount		Completed to Date		ce Committed
Southport Middle Air Handler Replace	\$	4,259,098	\$	3,392,623	\$	1,496,882
District Administration Building		20,354,941		20,182,739		216,209
Ft. Pierce Magnent School of the Arts		6,475,186		6,338,905		18,968
Total	\$	31,089,225	\$	29,914,267	\$	1,732,059

#### Note 15 — Joint Activities

By a resolution adopted on October 24, 1989, the District entered into a joint project with the St. Lucie County Board of County Commissioners ("County") to build a library adjacent to the middle school located on Morningside Boulevard in St. Lucie County, leased by the County to the District. The County will operate and maintain the facility. The lease is for a 40-year period and provides that the school has priority use over the general public. The library is to be used for educational purposes and for extracurricular activities as part of the normal school programs of the District.

By inter-local agreement adopted on November 23, 1999, the Board entered into a joint project with the County to build the South County Regional Stadium. The County will operate and maintain the facility. The District funded a portion of the construction costs by reimbursing the County for its portion of the payment on the County's Improvement Revenue Notes, Series 2000A. The inter-local agreement provides that the District has priority use over the general public. The stadium is to be used for high school football and soccer events.

By an inter-local agreement adopted on January 12, 1999, the District entered into a joint project with the County to purchase, construct, and maintain an 800 Megahertz radio system. The District agreed to fund a portion of the radio system's cost by reimbursing the County for 15.95 percent of payments for the County's Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2000A, that were issued to finance the project.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 16 — Risk Management Programs

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; third party injuries and/or property damage; and natural disasters. The District is a member of the South Central Educational Risk Management Program (SCERMP) a consortium under which seven district school boards have established a public entity risk sharing pool for property, general liability, automobile liability, workers' compensation, governmental crime, and other coverage deemed necessary by the members of the SCERMP. Section 1001.42(12)(k), Florida Statutes, provides the authority for the District to enter into such a risk management program. The interlocal agreement and bylaws of SCERMP provide that risk of loss is transferred to the consortium. SCERMP is self-sustaining through member contributions (premiums), and purchases insurance coverage through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts. Member school boards are also subject to supplemental contributions in the event of a deficiency, except to the extent that the deficiency results from a specific claim against a member school board in excess of the coverage available, then such deficiency is solely the responsibility of that member school board.

The Board of Directors for SCERMP is composed of superintendents, finance directors, or an authorized representative of all participating districts. Employers Mutual, Inc. D/B/A Relation Insurance Inc. serves as the third-party administrator, insurance broker, and fiscal agent for SCERMP.

Property damage coverage is managed by SCERMP by purchase of excess property coverage through commercial insurance carriers for property loss claims in excess of \$100,000 (except wind, hail, and flood). The named wind/hail/hurricane deductible is 5 percent of replacement cost value with a minimum of \$100,000 per occurrence and a maximum of \$25 million per occurrence. The deductibles for all other wind events are \$100,000. Special hazard flood area deductibles are \$500,000 per building and \$500,000 contents plus \$100,000 time element per occurrence. The flood deductible outside a special flood hazard area is \$100,000. SCERMP's purchased excess property loss limit during the 2018-19 fiscal year was \$125 million.

Workers' compensation claims are limited based on a per claim self-insured retention. The self-insured retention for the 2018-19 fiscal year was \$1 million. SCERMP purchases excess liability coverage through a commercial insurance carrier, which covers workers' compensation losses in excess of the self-insurance retention. Employers' liability is included, subject to \$2 million per occurrence.

The District is protected by Section 768.28 Florida Statutes, under the Doctrine of Sovereign Immunity, as it is now written, as it may be amended by the Legislature at future dates, which effectively limits the amount of liability of governmental entities for tort claims to \$200,000 per claim and \$300,000 per occurrence.

There was one settlement amounting to \$1.5 million that exceeded insurance coverage recorded in fiscal year 2018. There were no other settlements exceeding coverage in the last three years.

#### Note 17 — Litigation

The District is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the District's management, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the District.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **Note 18 — Other Contingencies**

During 2020 an outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus ("COVID-19") emerged globally. As a result of the spread of COVID-19, economic uncertainties have arisen that could negatively impact the District's revenue and operations for an indeterminable time period. Other financial impacts could occur that are unknown at this time.

#### Note 19 — Subsequent Events

On August 11, 2020, the District authorized the issuance of a tax anticipation note in the amount of \$20,000,000. The note proceeds will be used for operating expenses for the 2019-20 fiscal year in anticipation of the receipt of ad valorem taxes levied and collected for the same year. The note has an interest rate of 2 percent and a maturity date of June 1, 2021.



# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Revenues Intergovernmental: Federal direct Federal through state and local State sources Local sources: Property taxes	Original Budget \$ 328,372 1,637,690 203,111,522	Final Budget \$ 396,211 1,296,516	Actual 200 244	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental: Federal direct Federal through state and local State sources Local sources: Property taxes	\$ 328,372 1,637,690	\$ 396,211	Ф 200.044	
Federal direct Federal through state and local State sources Local sources: Property taxes	1,637,690		Ф 200.044	
Federal direct Federal through state and local State sources Local sources: Property taxes	1,637,690		e 000.011	
State sources Local sources: Property taxes		1.296.516	\$ 396,211	\$ -
State sources Local sources: Property taxes	203,111,522		1,296,516	· =
Property taxes		197,861,988	197,861,988	-
	135,318,806	135,863,389	135,863,389	=
Miscellaneous	20,853,869	22,970,854	22,970,854	=
Total Local Revenues	156,172,675	158,834,243	158,834,243	-
Total Revenues	361,250,259	358,388,958	358,388,958	-
Expenditures				
Current - Education:				
Instruction	230,400,357	221,533,233	221,533,233	-
Pupil personnel services	17,386,889	18,562,189	18,562,189	-
Instructional media services	4,474,290	4,541,788	4,541,788	-
Instruction and curriculum development services	4,597,070	5,491,309	5,491,309	-
Instructional staff training services	1,494,831	1,773,654	1,773,654	-
Instructional - related technologies	332,895	307,456	307,456	-
Board	839,401	663,957	663,957	-
General administration	3,345,747	3,573,950	3,573,950	-
School administration	24,800,829	24,927,709	24,927,709	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	2,897,056	3,124,697	3,124,697	-
Fiscal services	2,221,408	2,293,865	2,293,865	-
Central services	6,547,153	6,096,861	6,096,861	-
Pupil transportation services	23,682,401	22,527,524	22,527,524	-
Operation of plant	31,605,993	33,346,096	33,346,096	<u>-</u>
Maintenance of plant	7,946,547	7,734,692	7,734,692	-
Administrative technology services	4,321,755	3,842,026	3,842,026	_
Community services	614,906	1,020,846	1,020,846	<u>-</u>
Fixed Capital Outlay:	011,000	1,020,010	1,020,010	
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	272,132	272,132	-
Other capital outlay	_	237,264	237,264	
Debt Service:		201,201	201,201	
Interest	<u> </u>	1,115,805	1,115,805	
Total Expenditures	367,509,528	362,987,053	362,987,053	-
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(6,259,269)	(4,598,095)	(4,598,095)	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			<u>-</u>	
Transfers in	4,830,379	11,608,836	11,608,836	-
Loans issued	195,200	817,200	817,200	=
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	33,031	40,002	40,002	=
Loss recoveries	3,920	70,114	70,114	=
Transfer out	(1,432,488)	(1,427,312)	(1,427,312)	
Total Other Financing Sources	3,630,042	11,108,840	11,108,840	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,629,227)	6,510,745	6,510,745	-
Fund Balances, Beginning	23,897,851	23,897,851	23,897,851	-
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 21,268,624	\$ 30,408,596	\$ 30,408,596	\$ -

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – OTHER FEDERAL PROGRAMS FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Other Federal Programs								
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues						_			
Intergovernmental:									
Federal direct	\$	3,472,167	\$	3,228,886	\$	3,228,886	\$	-	
Federal through state and local		38,852,352		27,532,770		27,532,770		-	
State sources		1,005,925		969,288		275,253		(694,035)	
Local sources:									
Miscellaneous		<u>-</u>		6,901		6,901		-	
Total Local Revenues		_		6,901		6,901		-	
Total Revenues		43,330,444		31,737,845		31,043,810		(694,035)	
Expenditures									
Current - Education:									
Instruction		22,315,919		16,944,264		16,944,264		-	
Pupil personnel services		1,925,636		894,268		894,268		-	
Instruction and curriculum development services		5,472,923		4,217,799		4,217,799		-	
Instructional staff training services		8,754,096		5,343,342		5,343,342		-	
General administration		1,588,162		1,274,611		1,274,611		-	
School administration		235,722		253,831		253,831		-	
Facilities acquisition and construction		831,576		825,023		130,988		694,035	
Fiscal services		1,473		111,120		111,120		-	
Central services		79,724		31,180		31,180		-	
Pupil transportation services		1,429,437		913,887		913,887		-	
Operation of plant		8,914		59		59		-	
Maintenance of plant		124,446		-		-		-	
Administrative technology services		230		-		-		-	
Community services		562,186		191,152		191,152		-	
Fixed Capital Outlay:									
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		198,927		198,927		-	
Other capital outlay				538,382		538,382		-	
Total Expenditures		43,330,444		31,737,845		31,043,810		694,035	
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		-		-	
Fund Balances, Beginning								-	
Fund Balances, Ending	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (1)

Measurement Year Ended June 30,	 2019	 2018	2017	
Total OPEB Liaiblity				
Service cost	\$ 436,389	\$ 617,119	\$	596,250
Interest	325,443	359,791		300,912
Difference between expected and actual				
experience of the total OPEB liability	-	625,804		-
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	126,245	(1,971,463)		(566,590)
Benefit payments	 (602,066)	 (531,685)		(568,605)
Net change in total OPEB liability	286,011	(900,434)		(238,033)
Total OPEB liabililty - Beginning	 8,854,790	 9,755,224		9,993,257
Total OPEB liability - Ending	\$ 9,140,801	\$ 8,854,790	\$	9,755,224

<sup>(1)</sup> The amounts presented for each year were determined as of June 30. The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Information for prior years is not available.

## SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (1)(2)

						District's	
						Proportionate	FRS Plan
			District's			Share of the FRS	Fiduciary Net
	District's	Р	roportionate			Net Pension	Position as a
	Proportion of the	Sha	re of the FRS			Liability as a	Percentage of
Fiscal Year	FRS Net Pension	١	Net Pension	Dis	trict's Covered	Percentage of	Total Pension
Ending June 30,	Liability		Liability		Payroll	Covered Payroll	Liability
2019	0.435444406%	\$	149,960,991	\$	211,113,431	71.03%	82.61%
2018	0.443917904%		133,710,374		207,335,443	64.49%	84.26%
2017	0.442315535%		130,833,967		202,544,149	64.60%	83.89%
2016	0.448501208%		113,246,907		167,888,452	67.45%	84.88%
2015	0.471616682%		60,915,620		161,886,142	37.63%	92.00%
2014	0.474089874%		28,926,454		158,429,655	18.26%	96.09%
2013	0.466124380%		80,240,752		153,725,992	52.20%	88.54%

<sup>(1)</sup> The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, including a restatement as of June 30, 2014. Information for prior years is not available.

## Schedule of the District Contributions (1)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Contractually required FRS contribution			S contributions relation to the contractually required contribution	FRS contribution deficiency (excess)	Dis	strict's covered payroll	FRS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	
2020	\$	15,471,341	\$	(15,471,341)	-	\$	234,720,782	6.59%	
2019		13,501,919		(13,501,919)	-		211,113,431	6.40%	
2018		12,651,304		(12,651,304)	-		207,355,443	6.10%	
2017		11,514,562		(11,514,562)	-		202,544,149	5.68%	
2016		10,937,417		(10,937,417)	-		201,141,768	5.44%	
2015		11,498,415		(11,498,415)	-		193,145,356	5.95%	
2014		10,384,580		(10,384,580)	-		188,719,016	5.50%	

<sup>(1)</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

<sup>(2)</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

## SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS – HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (1)(2)

						Proportionate	HIS Plan
			District's			Share of the HIS	Fiduciary Net
	District's	Ρ	roportionate			Net Pension	Position as a
	Proportion of the	Sha	are of the HIS			Liability as a	Percentage of
Fiscal Year	HIS Net Pension	١	let Pension	Dis	trict's Covered	Percentage of	Total Pension
Ending June 30,	Liability		Liability	iability		Covered Payroll	Liability
2019	0.630503560%	\$	70,547,039	\$	211,113,431	33.42%	2.63%
2018	0.634679891%		67,175,232		207,335,443	32.40%	2.15%
2017	0.635172458%		67,915,570		202,544,149	33.53%	1.64%
2016	0.651252749%		75,900,810		201,141,768	37.73%	0.97%
2015	0.636159430%		64,878,255		193,145,356	33.59%	0.50%
2014	0.635162690%		59,389,261		188,719,016	31.47%	0.99%
2013	0.629493939%		54,805,724		182,872,212	29.97%	1.78%

<sup>(1)</sup> The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, including a restatement as of June 30, 2014. Information for prior years is not available.

## Schedule of the District Contributions (1)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Contractually required HIS contribution		HIS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		HIS contribution deficiency (excess)		District's covered payroll		HIS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	
2020	\$	3,895,575	\$	(3,895,575)	\$	-	\$	234,720,782	1.66%	
2019		3,501,125		(3,501,125)		-		211,113,431	1.66%	
2018		3,441,885		(3,441,885)		-		207,355,443	1.66%	
2017		3,361,516		(3,361,516)		-		202,544,149	1.66%	
2016		3,338,085		(3,338,085)		-		201,141,768	1.66%	
2015		2,431,797		(2,431,797)		-		193,145,356	1.26%	
2014		2,175,854		(2,175,854)		-		188,719,016	1.15%	

<sup>(1)</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

<sup>(2)</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

#### NOTES TO OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 1 — Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The District follows procedures established by State statutes and State Board of Education (SBE) rules in establishing budget balances for governmental funds, as described below:

- Budgets are prepared, public hearings are held, and original budgets are adopted annually for all governmental fund types in accordance with procedures and time intervales prescribed by law and SBE rules.
- Appropriations are controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries, purchased services, and capital outlay)
  within each activity (e.g. instruction, student transportation services, and school administration) and may
  be amended by resolution at any board meeting prior to the due date for the annual financial report.
- Budgets are prepared using the same modified accrual basis as is used to account for governmental funds.
- Budgetary information is integrated into the accounting system and, to facilitate budget control, budget balances are encumbered when purchase orders are issued. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and encumberes outstanding are honored from subsequent year's appropriations.

## Note 2 — Schedule of Changes in the District's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios

#### Changes of Assumptions

Changes of assumptions or other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.62 percent in 2018 to 3.13 percent in 2019 and changes in demographic assumptions to match those developed by the Florida Retirement System and adopted for its July 1, 2019 valuation.

## Note 3 — Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

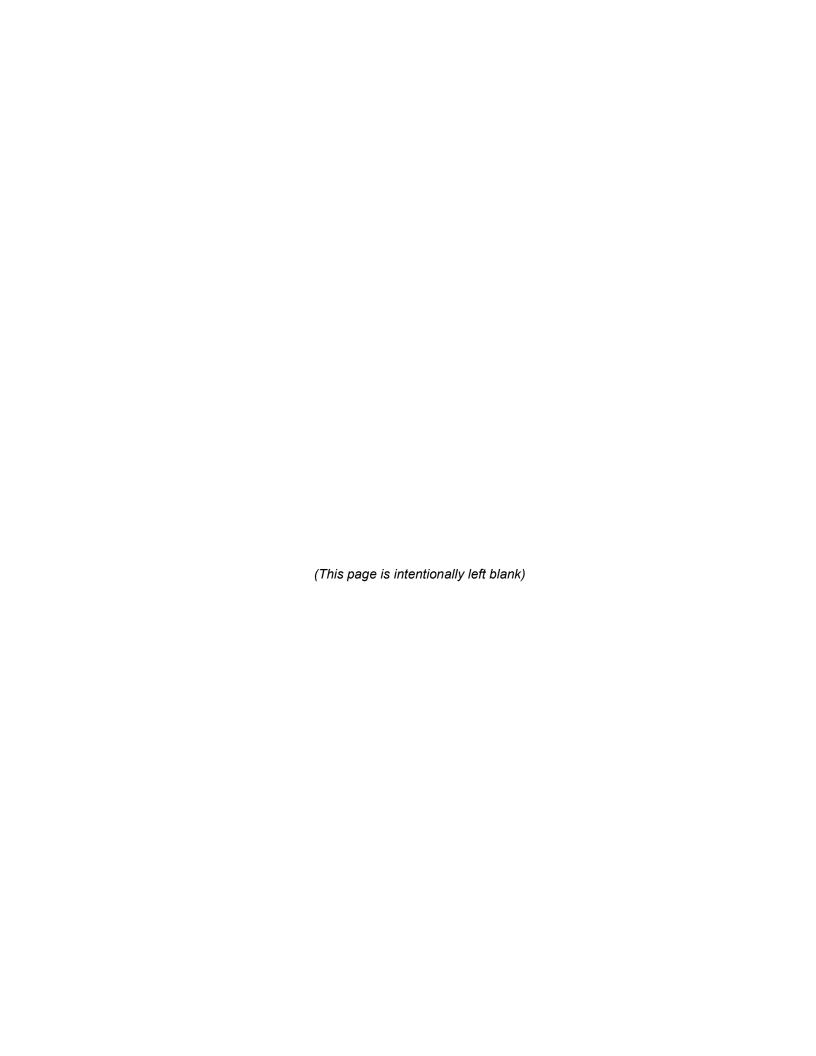
#### Changes of Assumptions

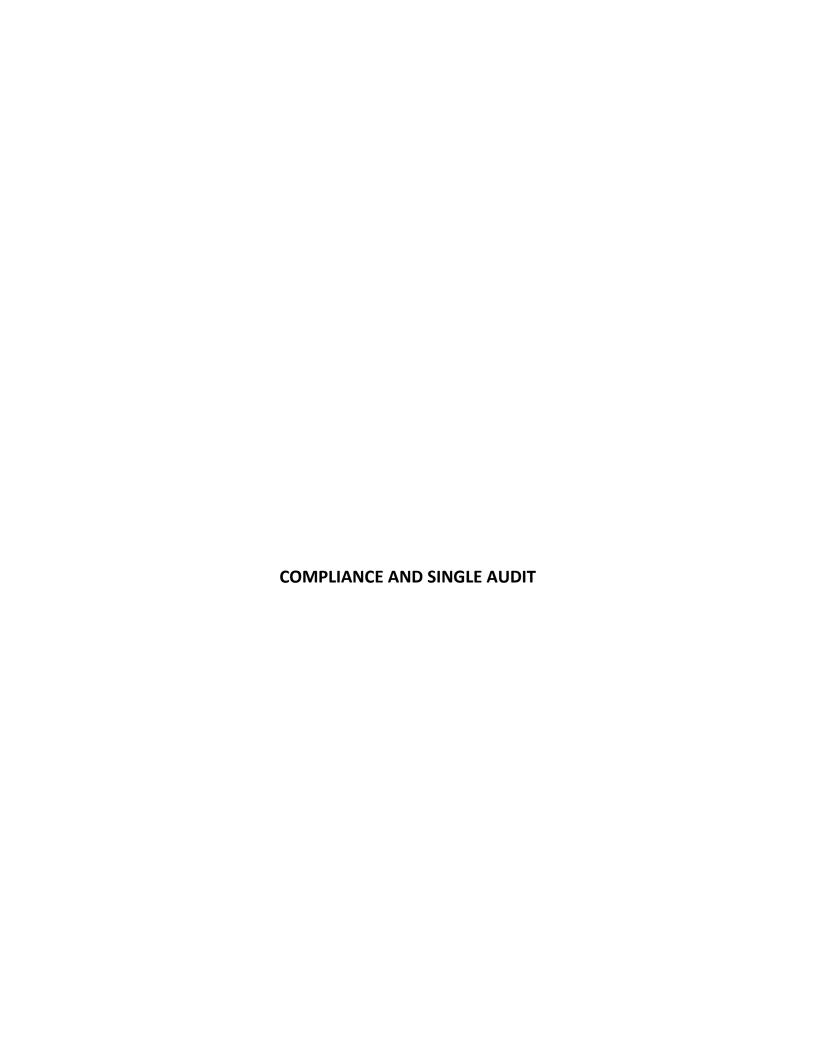
The long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 7.00 percent to 6.90 percent and the mortality table was changed from the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB to the PUB2010 base table varied by member category and sex projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

## Note 4 — Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Plan

#### Changes of Assumptions

The municipal bond rate used to determine the total pension liability decreased from 3.87 percent to 3.50 percent.







# Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the School Board District School Board of St. Lucie County Port St. Lucie. Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District School Board of St. Lucie County, Florida (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 26, 2021. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of certain discretely presented component units and school internal accounts agency fund, as described in our report on the District's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

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The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Orlando, Florida February 26, 2021



#### Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the School Board District School Board of St. Lucie County Port St. Lucie, Florida

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the District School Board of St. Lucie County, Florida's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulation* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Orlando, Florida February 26, 2021

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#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number	Pass-through Grantor Number	Amount of Expenditures (1)	Amount Provided to Subrecipients
United States Department of Agriculture:  Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:  Child Nutrition Cluster:				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	19002, 20002	\$ 3,047,995	\$ -
National School Lunch Program	10.555 (2)	19001, 19003, 20001, 20003	10,928,027	-
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	19006, 19007, 20006, 20007	774,116	-
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		20000, 20007	14,750,138	
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	19004, 20004	254,242	-
Florida Department of Health: Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	302	1,823,670	
Total United States Department of Agriculture			16,828,050	-
United States Department of Education Florida Department of Education: Special Education Cluster: Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.027A 84.173A	262, 263 266, 267	8,565,586 241,458	<u>-</u>
Total Special Education Cluster			8,807,044	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies School Improvement Grants Migrant Education - State Grant Program Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States Education for Homeless Children and Youth Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers English Language Acquisition Grants Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Aid to Restart School Operations Total Florida Department of Education  Arts in Education Magnet Schools Assistance Program Communities National Program  Total United States Department of Education  United States Department of Defense	84.010A 84.377A 84.011A 84.048A 84.196A 84.287C 84.365A 84.367A 84.424A 84.938B 84.351C 84.165A 84.184X	212, 223, 226 212, 223, 226 217 161 127 244 102 224 241 105 N/A N/A	12,507,402 714,076 133,473 414,306 21,373 607,466 537,738 1,411,595 1,014,528 353,991 26,522,992 241,978 2,789,972 198,779 29,753,721	16,000
Army Junior Reserve Officers Training Corps	12.U01	N/A	396,211	
Total United States Department of Defense			396,211	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 46,977,982	\$ 16,000

- Notes: (1) Basis of Presentation: The schedule of expenditures of federal awards represents amounts expended from Federal programs during the fiscal year as determined based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The amounts reported on this schedule have been reconciled to and are in material agreement with amounts recorded in the District's accounting records from which the basic financial statements have been
  - (2) Noncash Assistance National School Lunch Program: Includes \$1,675,923 of donated food received during the fiscal year. Donated foods are valued at fair value as determined at the time of donation by the Florida Department of Agribulture and Consumer Services, Bureau of Food
  - (3) Indirect Costs: The District did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as permitted by 2 CFR 200.414 (f).

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAMS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Part I - Summary of Auditor's Results			
Financial Statement Section			
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	x no	
Signficant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	x_ none reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	x no	
Federal Awards Section			
Internal control over major programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>x</u> no	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	x_ none reported	
Type of auditor's report on complaince for major federal programs:	Unmodified		
An audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)	yes	<u>x</u> no	
Identification of major federal programs:			
Name of Program or Cluster	CFDA Numbers		
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558		
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010		
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367		
Dollar threshold used to determine Type A programs:			
Federal	\$ 1,409,339		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee for federal purposes?	x yes no		

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAMS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Part II - Schedule of Financial Statement Findings

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, fraud, illegal acts, violations of provisions of contracts and grant agreements, and abuse related to the financial statements that are required to best reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

There were no financial statement findings required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Part III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and material instances of noncompliance, including questioned costs, as well as any material abuse findings, related to the audit of major programs, as required to be reported by 2 CFR 200.516(a).

There were no findings required to be reported by 2 CFR 200.516(a).

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **Prior Year Findings**

There were no findings in the prior year.







#### **Independent Auditor's Management Letter**

To the Honorable Members of the School Board District School Board of St. Lucie County Port St. Lucie, Florida

#### **Report of the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District School Board of St. Lucie County, Florida (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 26, 2021. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of certain discretely presented component units and school internal accounts agency fund, as described in our report on the District's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"); and Chapter 10.800, Rules of the Auditor General.

#### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards, Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance, Report of Independent Accountant on Compliance with Local Government Investment Policies, and the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated February 26, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.804(1)(f)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings in the preceding annual financial audit report.

#### **Financial Condition and Management**

Section 10.804(1)(f)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate whether or not the District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.804(1)(f)5.a. and 10.805(7), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.804(1)(f)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

#### **Transparency**

Section 10.804(1)(f)6., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate the results of our determination as to whether the District maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1011.035, Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1011.035, Florida Statutes.

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.804(1)(f)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that has occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that has an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

#### **Purpose of this Letter**

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The purpose of this management letter is to communicate certain matters prescribed by Chapter 10.800, Rules of the Auditor General. Accordingly, this management letter is not suitable for any other purpose.

Orlando, Florida February 26, 2021



# Report of Independent Accountant on Compliance with Local Government Investment Policies

To the Honorable Members of the School Board District School Board of St. Lucie County Port St. Lucie, Florida

Chang Bahart Let

We have examined the District School Board of St. Lucie County, Florida's (the "District") compliance with the local government investment policy requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the year ended June 30, 2020. Management of the District is responsible for the District's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the District complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the District complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgement, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the local investment policy requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the year ended June 30, 2020.

The purpose of this report is to comply with the audit requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, and Rules of the Auditor General.

Orlando, Florida February 26, 2021