COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE TOWN OF JUPITER, FLORIDA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018



Prepared By: Finance Department

Michael Villella, C.P.A. Finance Director

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Letter of Transmittal	i
Certificate of Achievement for	
Excellence in Financial Reporting	vii
List of Principal Officials	viii
Organizational Chart	ix
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	13
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	
to the Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	10
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	
Statement of Net Position – Enterprise Funds	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	21
Net Position – Enterprise Funds	
Statement of Cash Flows - Enterprise Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Fund	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Fund	
Notes to Financial Statements	26
Supplementary Financial Information	
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	
General Fund	70
Special Revenue Fund	
Community Redevelopment Fund	
Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules	75
Pension Funds	
Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Trust	
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	
Schedule of Town Contributions	
Schedule of Money-Weighted Rate of Return	80

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

FINANCIAL SECTION (continued)

Supplementary Financial Information (continued)	
Required Supplementary Information	
Pension Funds	
Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan and Florida Retiree Health	
Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Trust Fund	
Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the FRS Net Pension Liability	81
Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the HIS Net Pension Liability	
Schedule of Town Contributions	85
Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan	
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	87
Combining Fund Financial Statements and Individual Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedules	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	90
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	
Debt Service Funds	
Sales Tax Revenue Bond Debt Service Fund	
Community Center Debt Service Fund	93
Capital Projects Fund	0.4
Capital Improvements Fund	94
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Financial Trends	
Net Position by Component	96
Changes in Net Position	98
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
Governmental Funds Tax Revenues by Source	
Total General Governmental Revenues by Source	
Assessed Value of Taxable Property	110
Revenue Capacity	
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments	
Principal Property Taxpayers	
Property Tax Levies and Collections	115

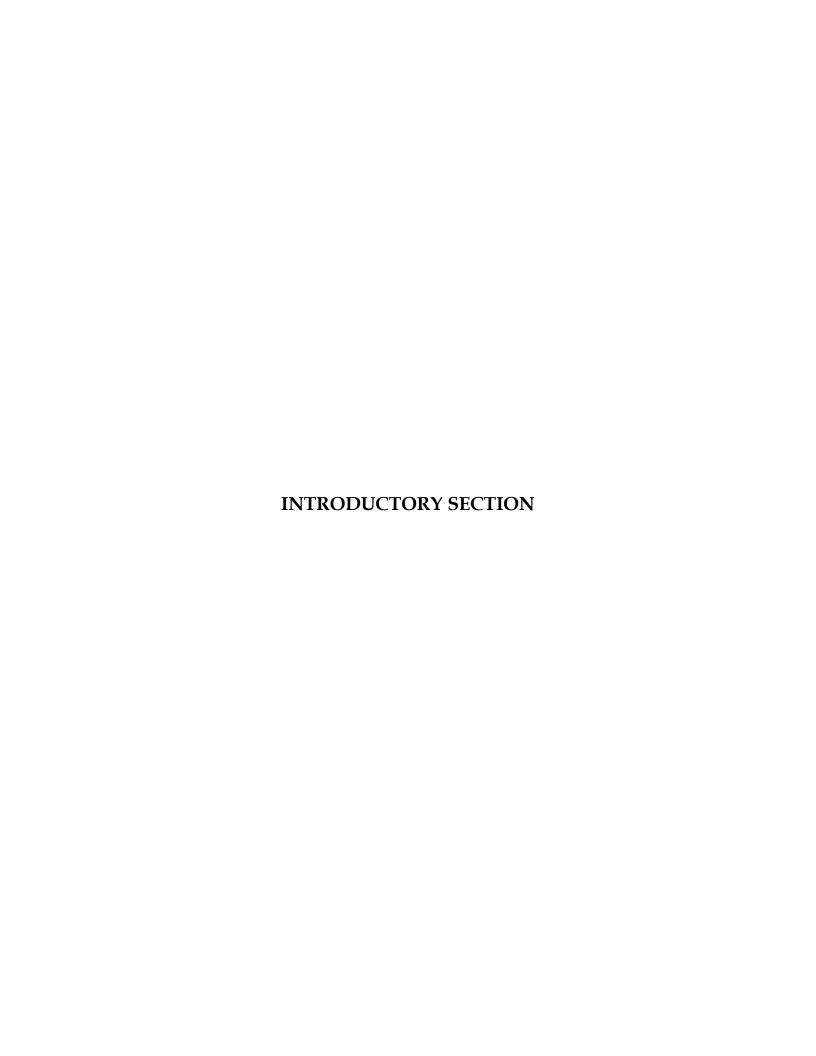
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

STATISTICAL SECTION (continued)

Debt Capacity	
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	
and Outstanding Debt by Type	117
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	119
Legal Debt Margin Information	120
Pledged Revenue Coverage	
Demographic and Economic Information	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	123
Principal Employers	124
Operating Information	
Full-time Equivalent Town Employees by Function/Program	125
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	126
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	127
Schedule of Insurance in Force	
Salaries of Principal Officials	129
COMPLIANCE REPORTS AND MANAGEMENT LETTER	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial	
Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	133
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program	124
and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs - Federal Award Programs	136
Management Letter Required by the Rules of the Auditor General	100
for the State of Florida	138
Independent Accountant's Report on Investment Compliance in Accordance	4.40
with the Rules of the Auditor General for the State of Florida	140





TOWN OF JUPITER

March 6, 2019

The Honorable Mayor, Members of the Town Council and Citizens Town of Jupiter, Florida

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Town of Jupiter, Florida, (the "Town") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Town. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material aspects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Town. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Town's financial activities have been included.

Management of the Town is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Town's financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The Town's internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and, (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The Town's financial statements are audited by an independent certified public accounting firm. The objective of the audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatements.

As part of the Town's annual audit, a review is made of internal controls and tests are performed to determine that the Town has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the Town's audit for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 identified no instances of material weaknesses in internal controls or material violations of applicable laws and regulations.

The Town is required to provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town's MD&A can be found beginning on page 4 of this report.

GOVERNMENT PROFILE

Government Entity: The Town of Jupiter was incorporated in 1925 as a political subdivision of the State of Florida. Since that time the Town's geographic size has increased from approximately 8.5 square miles to just over 23 square miles. Located on the Atlantic Ocean in northern Palm Beach County, Jupiter is a vibrant coastal community of more than 60,000 year-round residents, having grown from a sleepy, seaside community with less than 10,000 residents in 1980. During the "season," which runs from Thanksgiving to Easter, an additional 12,000-15,000 residents call Jupiter "home".

The Town has operated under the Council-Manager form of government since the early 1970's. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the Town Council. The Council consists of the Mayor and four other Councilors. The Town Manager is appointed by the Town Council and is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances established and approved by the Town Council and managing the day-to-day activities of the Town government. The Town provides a variety of services including public safety, public works, culture and recreation, protective inspections, water and stormwater utilities as well as general administrative services.

Reporting Entity: The management of the Town has considered whether there are potential component units that should be included in the Town's financial statements, by applying the criteria set forth by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Based upon the application of these criteria, the only entity to consider was the Jupiter Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA"); a dependent special district established by the Town, under authority granted by Florida Statute 163, Section III. The CRA is included in the Town's financial reporting entity as a blended component unit reported in a governmental (special revenue) fund, the *Community Redevelopment Fund*.

<u>Budgetary Control:</u> The Town adopts an annual operating budget which serves as the foundation for the Town's financial planning and control. The Town Council is required by state statute to hold two public hearings and adopt a final budget by no later than the beginning of the fiscal year (October 1st). The operating budget is prepared by fund, function and department. Directors, with the Town Manager's approval, may make budget transfers within a department. Transfers between departments require the approval of the Town Council. In addition to the operating budget, the Town Council also updates and approves the Town's five-year Community Investment Program annually.

FINANCIAL CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

<u>Local Economy</u>: Palm Beach County is the 3rd most populous county in the State of Florida. The latest population estimate prepared by the US Census Bureau indicates that the current population of the Town exceeds 60,000 and the County is approximately 1.4 million. Projections show the County population growing at an estimated rate of 15 percent over the next 15 years, with corresponding increases in service businesses and light industry. The County's median family income is \$74,300 and the October 2018 unemployment rate was 3.1%.

The Town's major challenges are to provide the infrastructure and services required to maintain the quality of life to which Jupiter's residents and visitors have grown accustomed, to create future economic growth opportunities for the community and to position Jupiter to be ready to capitalize on those opportunities as the local and state economies remain stable.

<u>Major Industries</u>: As the strength of the local and national economy remains strong, the Town's primary focus in relation to future job creation is on the targeted industries of biotechnical science and aerospace engineering. Since 2007, the Town has utilized the resources of its Economic Development Fund, in conjunction with its strategic partners, to provide financial assistance to growing biotech businesses which allowed them to develop new technologies and create jobs in our community. Often times, these new technologies are discovered or nurtured at The Scripps Research Institute and Max Planck Florida

Institute for Neuroscience, both located in Jupiter at the Florida Atlantic University campus. Since the inception of the Economic Development Fund and Jupiter's proactive approach to industry recruitment and expansion, in excess of 1,000 high skill, high wage positions have been created by the targeted industries in the Town. Jupiter's efforts to create a diversified economy in relation to its current economic base, which has traditionally centered on tourism, healthcare, retail and housing activities, has shown positive growth over the last year and provides the Town with a realistic opportunity to grow the local economy in the coming years.

<u>Future Outlook</u>: The future outlook for Jupiter, the surrounding area and the state as a whole, however, still indicates minimal growth in job creation and economic activity well into 2018. However, unlike many jurisdictions around the country, the Town took a proactive approach in dealing with the realities of the recession and positioned itself for financial stability during the economic downturn. With slow growth returning, the Town saw growth in its tax base from home valuations and sales taxes and expects this trend to continue. The town continues to realigns its priorities, institute training to encourage process improvement initiatives and focuses efforts on quality service delivery and cost savings. Capital improvements that were deferred during the economic downturn are now being addressed as tax revenues are capable of supporting those critical needs. The Town and private investment in the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) have had a positive impact on the Town and assisted in the slow recovery of its tax base to prerecession levels.

<u>Future Outlook</u>: The future outlook for Jupiter, the surrounding area and the state as a whole, indicates stable growth in job creation and economic activity well into 2019 and beyond. With the stabilization of home valuations and sales tax income over the past five years, the Town is positioned to take on the challenges of infrastructure improvements and revitalization. Recognizing the Town is now near buildout over the next few years, the challenges that face the Town come in the form of transitioning from a growth based economy to an economy based on rehabilitation of commercial structures and tourism. The Town with its focus on the bioscience and aerospace engineering industries will continue to create high skill/high wage positions within the community and foster opportunities for prosperity and business growth well into the near future based on sound economic development practices.

Relevant Financial Policies: The Town has an "informal" policy supported by the Town Council in each year's annual operating budget that provides for the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund to equal or exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the subsequent year's operating budget. Historically speaking, the Town has always maintained a fund balance targeted to protect its interest and provide needed financial resources to restore services and provide clean up in the event of natural disasters such as major hurricanes, to provide loans to other funds, and to ensure that large projects that have required the use of fund balance are completed successfully. In order to maintain this balance and allow the Town to continue its obligation to its residents as a first responder in the face of natural disasters and other unforeseen circumstances, the Town has implemented the following cost strategies to reduce operating cost and allow for an appropriately sized unassigned fund balance:

- Reduce the size of government based on community needs.
- Aggressively seek affordable healthcare options to allow for sustained viability of the overall health plan while working to reduce the Town's operating costs.
- Restructure pay for performance and review the size to the organizations workforce based on the needs of the community.
- Realign capital investments to better align with the strategic goals of the Town.

<u>Major Initiatives:</u> The Town has devoted significant amounts of time, energy and resources over the years to the continued growth and development that has occurred and the many challenges that strong growth has brought with it. Even during recessionary times the Town continued to reinvest in itself to assure that when the recession ended the Town continued to prosper and meet expectations of its business community and residents.

During the budget planning process, the Town introduces or continues various initiatives/capital programs, each of which integrates the current activity of the Town into a five year forward looking Community Investment Program.

The Town, through its five year Community Investment Program, will be devoting financial resources to a number of projects that will improve our infrastructure and recreational amenities so as to maintain the exceptional quality of life enjoyed by our residents while working to maintain that "small town" feel which makes Jupiter such a unique and desirable community.

The following initiatives, some new and some on-going, are briefly outlined to illustrate the commitment by the Town and the challenges it faces in meeting current and future service delivery expectations.

- Street Resurfacing The Town has over 116 miles of neighborhood streets and roads that fall within its jurisdiction of responsibility for repair and maintenance. In order for the Town to remain a desirable place to live, it will be investing through its neighborhood repaving program approximately \$4.4 million over the next five years.
- Neighborhood Improvement Program The Neighborhood Improvement Program is designed
 to address the aesthetics and exterior appearance of homes in neighborhoods as well as the
 upkeep of common, highly visible areas which is directly related to the desirability and market
 value of Jupiter neighborhoods.
- Indiantown Rd Western Corridor Improvements This project will provide safety and congestion improvements by providing additional lanes for traffic on eastbound and westbound Indiantown road from Central Boulevard through the southbound I-95 off ramp. This project is being funded with a blend of FDOT, road impact fees and general revenues.
- New Police Department/Data Center This Council priority is to replace the police station and assure continuity of operations during storm events for the Town's information technology needs with the a new hardened data center and the incorporation of a new emergency operations center. This project has entered the design stage and will be constructed over the next few years adjacent to Town Hall. The project is currently estimated to cost approximately \$20 million and is to be funded through a blend of infrastructure sales tax funds, sales tax debt service and enterprise fund contributions.
- Indiantown Road East of US1 This project is to make road improvements to Indiantown Rd from US1 to the beach road. This area is a gateway to the beaches and the CRA's Inlet Village. The improvements will consist of lower road speeds, bike and pedestrian facilities including crosswalks, signage, lighting, median landscaping/irrigation and street trees as appropriate. Funding for this \$4.6 million project will come from infrastructure surtax, CRA funds and FDOT grant funds.
- Water Utilities The Utilities department will continue their work on expanding the water distribution systems to provide potable drinking water to neighborhoods within the Town's service delivery area that have yet to obtain services.
- Economic Development With The Scripps Research Institute and the Max Planck Florida Institute for Neuroscience located in Jupiter, the Town, in cooperation with the State of Florida, Palm Beach County and neighboring municipalities, is actively promoting economic development of the bio-science industry in northern Palm Beach County to promote job creation, diversification of the local economy and an increased tax base.

Infrastructure Sales Surtax

On November 8, 2016 the voters of Palm Beach County approved a referendum to levy a one-cent sales tax to assist in funding infrastructure improvements for the Palm Beach County School District, Palm Beach County and the Municipalities.

The intent of the funds collected from the surtax is to promote safe, efficient, and essential public services provided by the County, the Municipalities, and the School Board, including but not limited to safe and efficient transportation infrastructure, public safety, parks and recreational facilities, governmental facilities, better water quality through improved stormwater management, and quality public education.

The funds are paid by the State Department of Revenue monthly starting this past January 2017. Over the life of the adopted 10 year referendum, the collections are estimated to be approximately \$40,000,000

Workforce Housing Initiative

In 2015 the Town adopted land development regulations that supported the Comprehensive Plan (which was previously adopted in 2008) to create a workforce housing program and a workforce housing trust fund. The program is intended to address the need for owner-occupied and rental workforce housing as identified in the Housing Element of the Comprehensive Plan. The workforce housing program is designed to provide housing throughout the Town and future annexation areas that is available to low, moderate-low, moderate-high and middle income households.

The intent of the workforce housing program is to provide for the creation of a variety of housing options for the existing and anticipated workforce in necessary occupational fields such as, but not limited to, education, government, health care and retail services. The workforce housing program also provides access to funds from a housing trust fund, or other housing funds so that lower income residents and those residents who are no longer in the workforce, or living on fixed incomes, can remain in the Town.

In FY2017 the initial funding of the Workforce Housing Trust came from accumulated non-residential development linkage fees and in-lieu payments from developers and funds held in reserve by the Town for the purpose of workforce housing.

OTHER INFORMATION

<u>Independent Audit</u>: Florida Statutes Chapter 11.45 requires an annual financial and compliance audit by an independent certified public accountant. The auditor's report on the financial statements is included in the Financial Section of this report. The auditor's report related specifically to compliance with *Government Auditing Standards* is included in the Compliance Reports Section.

<u>Awards</u>: The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, the twenty-ninth consecutive year the Town has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Town published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

<u>Acknowledgments</u>: The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

We believe this report reflects the continued excellent financial position of the Town of Jupiter. We would like to thank the Mayor, the Town Council and the residents of the Town for your interest and support toward the planning and administration of the financial operations of the Town in a responsible and progressive manner. With this support, we have been able to maintain a high degree of fiscal health and responsibility for the Town of Jupiter.

Respectfully Submitted,

Matt Benoit Town Manager Michael Villella, C.P.A. Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Jupiter Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

TOWN OF JUPITER LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Mayor Todd R. Wodraska

Vice-mayor Ron Delaney

Councilor Ilan G. Kaufer

Councilor Jim Kuretski

Councilor Wayne R. Posner

Town Manager Matt Benoit

Town Attorney Thomas J. Baird

Town Clerk Sally M. Boylan

Finance Director Michael Villella, C.P.A.

Community Relations Director Kate Moretto

Chief of Police Daniel J. Kerr

Utilities Director David L. Brown

Engineering, Parks and Public Works Director Thomas V. Driscoll

Planning and Zoning Director John R. Sickler, Jr.

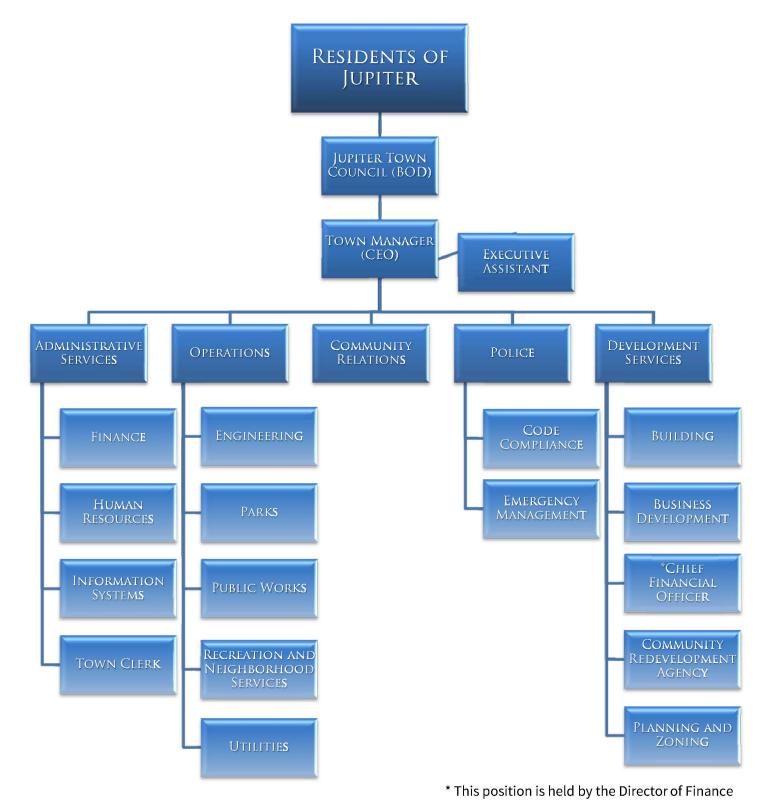
Information Systems Director Karl Craig

Building Department Director Roger D. Held

Recreation Director Kristin Fitzgerald George

Human Resources Director Nikki Carpenito

TOWN OF JUPITER ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





WILLIAM K CALER, JR, CPA LAURA E CLARK, CPA LOUIS M COHEN, CPA JOHN C COURTNEY, CPA, JD DAVID S DONTEN, CPA JAMES B HUTCHISON, CPA JOEL H LEVINE, CPA JAMES F MULLEN, IV, CPA MICHAEL J NALEZYTY, CPA THOMAS A PENCE, JR, CPA SCOTT L PORTER, CPA MARK D VEIL, CPA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

505 SOUTH FLAGLER DRIVE, SUITE 900 WEST PALM BEACH, FL 33401-5948 TELEPHONE: (561) 832-9292

850 NW FEDERAL HIGHWAY, SUITE 121 STUART, FL 34994-1019 TELEPHONE: (772) 872-2123

info@cdlcpa com

MEMBERS
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

FLORIDA INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Jupiter, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Jupiter, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund, the fiduciary fund of the Town, which represents 83%, 83% and 42%, respectively, of the assets, net position/fund balances and revenues/additions of the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town. Those financial statements were audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund, is based solely on the report of the other auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of

the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditor, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Jupiter, Florida, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Accounting Change

As discussed in Note A to the financial statements, the Town adopted the recognition and disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, during the year ended September 30, 2018. The respective net position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and enterprise funds at October 1, 2017, has been restated for this change in accounting. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 11, the budgetary comparison schedules on pages 70 to 75, the pension information on pages 76 to 86 and the other postemployment benefits information on page 87 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditor have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the combining fund financial statements and individual fund budgetary comparison schedules, and the statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining fund financial statements, individual fund budgetary comparison schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements, individual fund budgetary comparison schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 25, 2019, on our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting of the Town of Jupiter, Florida, and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Calcu, Dowten, Levine, Cohen, Perter & Viil, P.A.

West Palm Beach, Florida February 25, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Acting in our capacity as the management of the Town of Jupiter, Florida, we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Jupiter, Florida, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$437,208,422 (*total net position*). Of this amount, \$121,657,409 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Town's operations increased net position by \$23,995,600. Approximately 51% of this increase is attributable to governmental activities and 49% is attributable to business-type activities.
- As of the close of the fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$67,014,235, an increase of \$9,299,862 from the prior year fund balance. Approximately 43% of the total fund balance amount is *available for spending* at the Town's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$33,412,574, or 69% of total General Fund expenditures for the current fiscal year.
- The Town's total debt, excluding the tax increment incentive, compensated absences, other postemployment benefits and pension liabilities, decreased by approximately \$5,388,000 (14%) during the current fiscal year. The decrease was attributable to scheduled principal payments on the debt.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements of the Town comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Town's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flow. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, engineering and public works, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the Town include the Water System, Stormwater Utility and Building Department.

The Jupiter Community Redevelopment Agency, although a legally separate entity, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the Town, and therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government (a blended component unit). The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12-14 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town maintains thirteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Community Redevelopment Fund and Capital Improvements Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Aggregated data from the remaining nonmajor governmental funds is also presented. The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 15-18 of this report.

Enterprise funds. The *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses three enterprise funds to account for the separate operations of its Water System, Stormwater Utility and Building Fund. The basic enterprise fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-23 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for the enterprise funds. The Town's only fiduciary fund is the Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund (MPORT), which is used to account for the assets held in a trustee capacity for the retirement pensions of the Town's police officers. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-25 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 26-69 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*. The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund and Community Redevelopment Fund. Budgetary comparison schedules and accompanying notes for both funds are included as *required supplementary information* on pages 70-75 to demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget. The Town also presents required supplementary information related to its defined benefit retirement plans and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) plan on pages 76-87.

The Town also adopts an annual budget for the Capital Improvements Fund and debt service funds. Budgetary comparison schedules for these funds are included as supplementary information with the combining fund financial statements. The combining fund financial statements and individual fund budgetary comparison schedules are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pages 88-94.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net Position. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$437,208,422 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The Town's net position at September 30, 2018 and 2017 is summarized as follows:

Net Position (Amounts in Thousands)

	Govern	nmental	Busine	ss-type			
	Acti	vities	Acti	vities	To	otal	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Assets							
Current and other assets	\$ 76,322	\$ 67,142	\$ 109,095	\$ 100,769	\$ 185,417	\$ 167,911	
Capital assets	109,454	108,186	217,641	217,435	327,095	325,621	
Total assets	185,776	175,328	326,736	318,204	512,512	493,532	
Deferred Outflows of							
Resources	<u>7,571</u>	8,548	2,986	3,182	10,557	11,730	
Liabilities Long-term liabilities							
outstanding	38,843	39,372	28,862	31,271	67,705	70,643	
Other liabilities	8,716	9,056	4,840	6,019	<u>13,556</u>	15,075	
Total liabilities	47,559	48,428	33,702	37,290	81,261	85,718	
Deferred Inflows of							
Resources	3,935	3,279	665	352	4,600	3,631	
Net Position Net investment in capital							
assets	98,252	94,709	197,011	194,047	295,263	288,756	
Restricted	16,121	11,096	4,167	6,894	20,288	17,990	
Unrestricted	27,480	26,364	94,177	82,803	121,657	109,167	
Total net position	<u>\$ 141,853</u>	<u>\$ 132,169</u>	<u>\$ 295,355</u>	\$ 283,744	<u>\$ 437,208</u>	<u>\$ 415,913</u>	

The largest portion of the Town's net position (68%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Town's net position (5%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$121.7 million) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Changes in Net Position. The Town's net position increased by approximately \$24.0 million during 2018. Approximately 68% of this increase represents the degree to which increases in ongoing revenues have outpaced similar increases in ongoing expenses. The remainder is attributable to capital contributions, utility connection charges and repair and replacement fund deposits from developers.

The changes in the Town's net position for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 are summarized as follows:

Changes in Net Position (Amounts in Thousands)

		`				,						
		Govern			Business-type							
_		Activ	vitie		Activities				Total			
		2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017
Revenues												
Program revenues												
Charges for services	\$	9,214	\$	8,736	\$	34,629	\$	33,221	\$	43,843	\$	41,957
Operating contributions												
and grants		2,251		1,960		247		435		2,498		2,395
Capital contributions												
and grants		3,386		1,191		4,344		2,695		7,730		3,886
General revenues												
Property taxes		27,999		26,376		-		-		27,999		26,376
Other taxes		22,988		20,315		-		-		22,988		20,315
Intergovernmental												
not restricted to												
specific programs		1,964		1,862		_		-		1,964		1,862
Investment earnings and												
other income	_	1,029		853		969		498		1,998		1,351
Total revenues		68,831		61,293		40,189		36,849		109,020		98,142
Expenses												
General governmental		19,391		19,565		_		-		19,391		19,565
Public safety		23,181		22,658		_		-		23,181		22,658
Engineering and												
public works		9,478		9,117		_		-		9,478		9,117
Culture and recreation		4,042		4,257		_		-		4,042		4,257
Interest on debt		762		861		_		-		762		861
Water System		-		-		22,049		21,635		22,049		21,635
Stormwater		-		-		2,371		2,399		2,371		2,399
Building		_		=		3,751		3,459		3,751		3,459
Total expenses		56,854		56,458		28,171		27,493		85,025		83,951
Increase in net position												
before transfers		11,977		4,835		12,018		9,356		23,995		14,191
Transfers		157		_		(157)		=		_		_
		_				•						
Increase in net position		12,134		4,835		11,861		9,356		23,995		14,191
Net position - beginning		132,169		127,334		283,744		274,388		415,913		401,722
Restatement for imple-												
mentation of GASB												
Statements		(2,450)		_		(250)		<u>-</u>		(2,700)		
Net position –		, ,				,				, ,		
beginning, as restated	_	129,719	_	127,334	_	283,494		274,388	_	413,213	_	401,722
Net position – end of		•				-						
year	\$	141,853	\$	132,169	\$	295,355	\$	283,744	\$	437,208	\$	415,913
•								<u> </u>				-

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$9,684,558 (net of the OPEB restatement), thereby accounting for 45% of the total growth in the net position of the Town. Revenues were approximately \$7,538,000 more than the prior year. The key elements of this increase were due to 1) a \$1,623,000 increase in property taxes due to increased property valuations and new construction activity; 2) an increase of \$2,673,000 in other taxes due primarily to the new local infrastructure sales surtax; 3) an increase of \$478,000 in charges for services; and 4) an increase of \$2,486,000 in revenue from operating and capital grants and contributions.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the Town's net position by \$11,610,762 (net of the OPEB restatement), thereby accounting for 55% of the total growth in the government's net position. Key elements of this change were as follows:

- The Water System change in net position was approximately \$1,062,000 lower than the prior year due to a \$521,000 decrease in operating income, a decrease in nonoperating revenues of approximately \$149,000, a decrease of \$227,000 in capital contributions and transfers and a one-time expense for OPEB of \$165,000.
- The Stormwater Utility change in net position was approximately \$2,428,000 higher than the prior year due primarily to an increase in operating income of \$354,000, an increase in nonoperating revenues of approximately \$197,000, an increase of \$1,919,000 in capital contributions and transfers and a one-time expense for OPEB of \$42,000.
- The Building department change in net position was approximately \$889,000 higher than the prior year due to an increase in operating income of approximately \$995,000 related to permit fees collected for projects now under construction, an increase in nonoperating revenues of approximately \$136,000, an increase of \$199,000 in transfers out and a one-time expense for OPEB of \$43,000.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The significant financial activities of the Town's funds are described below.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$67,014,235, an increase of \$9,299,862 from the prior year. Approximately 43% of the total fund balance at September 30, 2018 (\$28,692,288) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the Town's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is not available for new spending and is broken down into the following categories:

Nonspendable	\$ 5,164,120	8%
Restricted	16,621,515	25%
Assigned	16,536,312	24%

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$33,412,574, while total fund balance was \$40,316,665. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 69% of total General Fund expenditures for 2018, while total fund balance represents 83% of that same amount. The fund balance of the Town's General Fund increased by \$2,177,007 during the current fiscal year as compared to a decrease of \$1,595,545 for the prior year. The key factors contributing to the change were an: increase in taxes of \$1,488,000, increase in franchise fees of \$225,000, increase in intergovernmental revenues of \$274,000, increase in charges for services of \$482,000, and increase in the remaining revenue categories totaling \$199,000. These increases were offset by increases in expenditures related to general government (\$95,000), public safety (\$1,105,000), engineering and public works (\$544,000) and culture and recreation (\$164,000) and a decrease in capital outlay (\$2,475,000).

The Community Redevelopment Fund (CRA) had a fund balance deficit of \$4,720,286, substantially all of which is attributable to a liability to the General Fund for advances to fund various construction projects and land acquisitions by the CRA. The General Fund advances will be repaid from future tax increment funds received by the CRA as commercial and redevelopment projects increase taxable property values in the CRA district. The CRA had a decrease in the fund balance deficit during 2018 of \$1,043,517 as compared to \$390,857 for the prior year. The key factors contributing to the change were a small increase in tax increment revenues (\$87,000), a small decrease in general government expenditures (\$153,000) and an increase in net transfers in (\$338,000).

The Capital Improvements Fund has a total fund balance of \$16,307,489 which is intended for the Town's current and future capital projects. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the Capital Improvements Fund was \$502,433 as compared to \$145,782 for the prior year. The key factors contributing to the increase were decreases in general government and capital outlay expenditures

Enterprise funds. The Town's enterprise fund financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water System Fund, Stormwater Fund and Building Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$69,142,988; \$6,627,523; and, \$18,406,358; respectively. The total growth in net position of the Water System Fund, Stormwater Fund and Building Fund was \$7,157,417; \$2,930,859; and, \$1,522,486; respectively, net of the one-time OPEB expense related to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 75. Other factors concerning the finances have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town's business-type activities.

Budgetary Highlights

General Fund. Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget resulted in a net increase of approximately \$1,926,000 in appropriations for 2018 and were generally attributable to the re-appropriation of open contracts from the previous fiscal year and appropriated revenues received but not originally budgeted. The increases in appropriations are summarized as follows:

- Approximately \$229,000 was approved for body worn cameras from federal forfeiture funds.
- \$568,000 was appropriated for hurricane related debris costs.
- \$180,000 was appropriated for FEC railroad crossing maintenance costs.
- \$203,000 in additional solid waste fees were appropriated at year-end

During the year, actual revenues were approximately \$1,486,000 more than budgetary estimates due primarily to increased collections for ad-valorem taxes (\$235,000), licenses and permits (\$187,000), state shared revenues (\$361,000), charges for services (\$308,000), fines and forfeitures (\$128,000), investment earnings (\$126,000) and miscellaneous (\$260,000), which were offset by lower than budgeted collections from franchise fees (\$119,000). Actual expenditures and other financing uses were under budget by approximately \$2,781,000 due to savings in various departments as follows: general government (\$1,626,000), public safety (\$303,000), engineering and public works (\$585,000) and culture and recreation (\$267,000).

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2018, amounts to \$327,095,076 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, easements, roads, highways and bridges, water plant facilities, water meters and transmission lines. The total increase in the Town's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was approximately \$1,475,000 or 0.4% (89% of which came from governmental activities).

The Town's capital assets at September 30, 2018 and 2017 are summarized as follows:

Capital Assets (Amounts in Thousands, net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					Business-type Activities				Total			
		2018		2017		2018 2017		2017	2018		2017		
Land	\$	45,054	\$	44,778	\$	569	\$	569	\$	45,623	\$	45,347	
Construction in progress		-		-		3,116		2,919		3,116		2,919	
Buildings		6,699		7,205		67,603		70,344		74,302		77,549	
Improvements		28,692		28,826		136,928		133,871		165,620		162,697	
Machinery and													
Equipment		3,241		2,926		9,425		9,732		12,666		12,658	
Infrastructure		25,768		24,451						25,768		24,451	
Total assets	\$	109,454	\$	108,186	\$	217,641	\$	217,435	\$	327,095	\$	325,621	

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- A variety of roadway and landscape improvements throughout the Town.
- Improvements to various Town parks.
- Improvements to the water distribution system in targeted neighborhoods.
- Improvements to the water transmission systems.
- A continuing well rehabilitation program in the water utility.
- Continuation of an ongoing swale rehabilitation program to improve the quality of stormwater runoff.
- On-going investment in the police vehicle replacement program.
- A continuing reinvestment in the Town's sidewalk infrastructure.

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note F on pages 43-45 of this report.

Outstanding debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had total bonded debt and loans outstanding of approximately \$32,636,000. Of this amount, \$9,815,000 is general obligation bonded debt and \$1,936,141 is revenue bonded debt for which the Town has pledged sales taxes. The remainder of the Town's debt of \$20,885,000 represents bonds and loans secured solely by the net revenues of the Enterprise Funds. The Town's total debt decreased by approximately \$5,388,000 or 14% during the current fiscal year, due to the retirement of maturing debt. The Town's outstanding debt at September 30, 2018 and 2017 is summarized as follows:

Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds / Note (Amounts in Thousands)

	Governmental					Business-type						
	Activities					Activities				Total		
		2018 2017			2018 2017			2018		2017		
General obligation bonds	\$	9,815	\$	11,445	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,815	\$	11,445
Sales tax revenue bonds		1,936		2,869		-		-		1,936		2,869
Water System revenue												
bonds/note						20,885		23,710		20,885		23,710
Total debt	\$	11,751	\$	14,314	\$	20,885	\$	23,710	\$	32,636	\$	38,024

The Town and its Water System both have a "AAA" rating from Standard & Poor's and Fitch and a "Aaa" rating from Moody's on their outstanding bonded debt. Town ordinances limit the amount of general obligation debt the Town may issue to 15% of the total assessed valuations of property located in the Town. The current debt

limitation for the Town is approximately \$1.87 billion, which is significantly in excess of the Town's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note G on pages 45-50 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Town's 2019 General Fund budget is approximately \$52,807,000, or an increase of approximately \$2,884,000 over the original budget adopted for 2018. During the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$3,735,772 to \$33,412,574. The following factors were considered in preparing the Town's budget for the 2019 fiscal year.

- Increases in property values and the overall stable market will continue to have a positive impact on advalorem tax revenues.
- Sales tax revenues and franchise fees will continue to strengthen and are expected to continue a consistent pattern of growth in the near future.
- Increased funding used for investment in personnel and infrastructure that supports the communities growth.

Water System revenues are expected to remain stable and increase slightly depending upon weather conditions in the coming year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director at 210 Military Trail, Jupiter, Florida 33458.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 26,506,535	\$ 44,515,920	\$ 71,022,455
Investments	46,338,998	54,025,205	100,364,203
Accounts receivable, net	1,515,266	1,449,148	2,964,414
Grants receivable	54,607	125,500	180,107
Interest receivable	118,057	66,444	184,501
Inventory	29,760	577,610	607,370
Prepaid expenses	13,991	28,897	42,888
Restricted assets	,	,	,
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	_	1,177,072	1,177,072
Restricted investments	1,540,346	3,067,756	4,608,102
Notes receivable	204,460	-	204,460
Noncurrent receivables	-	4,061,066	4,061,066
Capital assets, not being depreciated		_,	_, ,
Land	45,053,753	569,123	45,622,876
Construction in progress		3,115,858	3,115,858
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		0,110,000	3/113/030
Buildings and plant	6,698,739	67,602,997	74,301,736
Improvements	28,692,184	136,928,407	165,620,591
Machinery and equipment	3,241,255	9,424,673	12,665,928
Infrastructure	25,768,087	-	25,768,087
Total Assets	185,776,038	326,735,676	512,511,714
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	100)0)000	020).00)0.0	012/011/11
Deferred charges on refundings	_	254,598	254,598
Deferred amount related to pensions	7,570,685	2,732,134	10,302,819
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	7,570,685	2,986,732	10,557,417
LIABILITIES	.,,,,,,,,,,		
Accounts payable	1,890,313	1,309,837	3,200,150
Accrued expenses	1,220,690	268,108	1,488,798
Deposits	5,288,496	1,627,163	6,915,659
Unearned revenue	316,087	1,557,798	1,873,885
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	-	77,186	77,186
Noncurrent liabilities		77,200	77,100
Due within one year			
Compensated absences	200,000	99,000	299,000
Bonds and notes	2,666,210	-	2,666,210
Due in more than one year	2,000,210		2,000,210
Tax increment incentive	704,510	_	704,510
Compensated absences	3,287,047	880,995	4,168,042
Bonds and notes	9,036,608	20,885,000	29,921,608
Other postemployment benefits obligation	2,755,592	344,693	3,100,285
Net pension liability	20,193,147	6,652,771	26,845,918
Total Liabilities	47,558,700	33,702,551	81,261,251
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	47,000,700	33,702,331	01,201,231
Deferred amount related to other postemployment benefits obligation	169,963	21,260	191,223
Deferred amount related to pensions	3,764,805	643,430	4,408,235
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,934,768	664,690	4,599,458
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	98,251,923	197,010,656	295,262,579
Restricted for:		,,	_,,_,,,,,,
Debt retirement	2,002,353	256,792	2,259,145
Capital projects	12,462,079	3,910,850	16,372,929
Law enforcement	616,737	-	616,737
Economic development	1,039,623	- -	1,039,623
Unrestricted	27,480,540	94,176,869	121,657,409
Onesticitu	21,400,040	74,170,009	121,007,409
Total Net Position	\$ 141,853,255	\$ 295,355,167	\$ 437,208,422

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Program Revenues									
			Operating	Capital							
		Charges for	Contributions	Contributions							
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	and Grants	and Grants							
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES											
General government	\$ 19,391,006	\$ 2,610,230	\$ 1,194,767	\$ 2,916,987							
Public safety	23,181,411	541,365	818,723	23,783							
Engineering and public works	9,478,260	4,796,872	233,032	313,648							
Culture and recreation	4,041,480	1,265,177	4,943	132,179							
Interest on long-term debt	761,846										
Total Governmental Activities	56,854,003	9,213,644	2,251,465	3,386,597							
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES											
Water system	22,048,888	26,359,138	49,823	2,142,384							
Stormwater	2,370,650	2,940,150	197,383	2,202,305							
Building	3,751,616	5,329,430	-	-							
Total Business-type Activities	28,171,154	34,628,718	247,206	4,344,689							
Total	\$ 85,025,157	\$ 43,842,362	\$ 2,498,671	\$ 7,731,286							

General revenues

Taxes

Property taxes

Franchise fees

Public service taxes

Communications services taxes

Sales taxes

Gas taxes

 $Intergovernmental\ not\ restricted\ to\ specific\ programs$

Investment earnings

Gain on disposal of capital assets

Transfers

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position at beginning of year, as originally reported Restatement for implementation of GASB Statement 75 Net position at beginning of year, as restated

Net position at end of year

Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position

G	Governmental Activities		<i>7</i> 1					
\$	(12,669,022) (21,797,540) (4,134,708) (2,639,181) (761,846) (42,002,297)	\$	- - - - -	\$	(12,669,022) (21,797,540) (4,134,708) (2,639,181) (761,846) (42,002,297)			
	- - - -		6,502,457 2,969,188 1,577,814 11,049,459		6,502,457 2,969,188 1,577,814 11,049,459			
	(42,002,297)		11,049,459		(30,952,838)			
	27,999,283		-		27,999,283			
	4,780,075 4,963,194 2,627,795		-		4,780,075 4,963,194 2,627,795			
	9,231,139 1,385,729		- -		9,231,139 1,385,729			
	1,963,607 1,028,793		964,703 4,120		1,963,607 1,993,496 4,120			
	157,168 54,136,783		(157,168) 811,655		54,948,438			
	12,134,486		11,861,114		23,995,600			
	132,168,697 (2,449,928)		283,744,405 (250,352)		415,913,102 (2,700,280)			
	129,718,769		283,494,053		413,212,822			
\$	141,853,255	\$	295,355,167	\$	437,208,422			

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2018

		Mai	or Go	vernmental Fi	;						
		General Fund		ommunity development Fund		Capital Improvements Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS		runa		runa		runa	_	runus		runus	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,155,219	\$	2,552,616	\$	1,636,814	\$	14,161,886	\$	26,506,535	
Investments	7	28,279,036	7	-,,	_	17,098,841	_	961,121	_	46,338,998	
Accounts receivable, net		1,515,266		-		-		, -		1,515,266	
Grants receivable		46,157		-		8,450		_		54,607	
Interest receivable		115,224		-		2,833		_		118,057	
Due from other funds		5,009,196		75,000		1,491,440		_		6,575,636	
Inventory		29,760		, <u>-</u>		-		_		29,760	
Prepaid items		13,991		_		_		_		13,991	
Restricted investments		1,039,623		_		500,723		_		1,540,346	
Notes receivable	_	111,173		93,287		<u>-</u>				204,460	
Total Assets	\$	44,314,645	\$	2,720,903	\$	20,739,101	\$	15,123,007	\$	82,897,656	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$	1,430,904	\$	22,518	\$	424,251	\$	12,640	\$	1,890,313	
Accrued liabilities	-	1,108,379	7	704,510	_		_	,	_	1,812,889	
Due to other funds		75,000		6,500,636		_		_		6,575,636	
Deposits		1,160,897		120,238		4,007,361		_		5,288,496	
Total Liabilities		3,775,180		7,347,902		4,431,612		12,640		15,567,334	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Unavailable revenues		222,800		93,287						316,087	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Nonspendable:											
Inventory		29,760		_		_		_		29,760	
Prepaid items		13,991		_		_		_		13,991	
Advance due from other fund		5,009,196		_		_		_		5,009,196	
Notes receivable		111,173		-		-		_		111,173	
Restricted for:											
Debt service		_		-		-		2,002,353		2,002,353	
Capital projects		_		-		_		12,962,802		12,962,802	
Law enforcement		471,525		-		-		145,212		616,737	
Economic development		1,039,623		-		-		_		1,039,623	
Assigned to:											
Capital projects		-		-		16,307,489		-		16,307,489	
Subsequent year's budget		228,823		-		-		-		228,823	
Unassigned:											
General Fund		33,412,574		-		-		-		33,412,574	
Special Revenue Fund deficit		-		(4,720,286)		-		-		(4,720,286)	
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		40,316,665		(4,720,286)		16,307,489		15,110,367		67,014,235	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	φ	44 214 445	¢	2 720 002	φ	20 720 101	φ	1E 102 007	ሰ	92 907 (E(
Resources and Fund Balances (Deficit)	\$	44,314,645	Ф	2,720,903	\$	20,739,101	\$	15,123,007	\$	82,897,656	

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2018

Total governmental fund balances	\$	67,014,235
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		109,454,018
Discounts on the issuance of long-term debt are reported as "Other Financing Sources and Uses" in the governmental funds. Discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt in the government-wide statements.		48,323
amortized over the life of the dept in the government-wide statements.		40,323
Accrued interest on bonds payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.		(112,311)
Deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions for defined benefit pension plans and other postemployment benefits are reported in the statement of net position but are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits obligation	7,570,685 (169,963)	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(3,764,805)	3,635,917
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences	(3,487,047)	
Bonds and note payable	(11,751,141)	
Other postemployment benefits obligation	(2,755,592)	
Net pension liability	(20,193,147)	
	_	(38,186,927)
Total net position	\$	141,853,255

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Major Governmental Funds Total Community Capital Nonmajor General Redevelopment Improvements Governmental Governmental Fund Fund Fund Funds Funds **REVENUES** Taxes 29,850,650 \$ 1,273,965 3,678,872 2,172,514 36,976,001 Franchise fees 4,780,075 4,780,075 Licenses and permits 797,535 383,397 1,180,932 Intergovernmental 3,012,564 64,756 9,231,694 12,309,014 Charges for services 8,006,956 91,536 8,098,492 Fines and forfeitures 317,617 317,617 Investment earnings 685,407 9,664 315,468 18,254 1,028,793 Donations 108,014 23,106 84,908 Miscellaneous 458,952 21,250 129,538 569,662 1,179,402 **Total Revenues** 47,932,862 1,396,415 4,273,542 12,375,521 65,978,340 **EXPENDITURES** Current General government 15,853,527 777,896 289,824 2,000 16,923,247 Public safety 22,207,682 70,514 22,278,196 Engineering and public works 7,391,767 979,778 8,371,545 Culture and recreation 2,506,076 511,839 3,017,915 Capital outlay 684,408 29,581 2,166,263 71,835 2,952,087 Debt service Principal 2,562,727 2,562,727 202,707 Interest 572,113 774,820 **Total Expenditures** 48,643,460 1,010,184 3,947,704 3,279,189 56,880,537 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 9,096,332 (710,598)386,231 325,838 9,097,803 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 44,891 44,891 Transfers in 657,286 218,365 3,500,000 4,375,651 Transfers out (657,286)(41,770)(3,519,427)(4,218,483)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 657,286 176,595 202,059 2,887,605 (3,519,427)Net Change in Fund Balances 9,299,862 2,177,007 1,043,517 502,433 5,576,905 Fund balances (deficit) 15,805,056 9,533,462 at beginning of year 38,139,658 (5,763,803)57,714,373 Fund balances (deficit) at end of year 40,316,665 (4,720,286)16,307,489 15,110,367 67,014,235

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 9,299,862
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays and depreciation expense were as follows in the current period.	
Capital outlay	2,952,087
Depreciation expense	(4,517,607)
Some revenues reported in the statement of activities do not generate current financial resources and are therefore not reported as revenue by the funds.	
Developer contributions of capital assets	2,852,981
In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. The change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the net book value of the assets disposed.	(19,315)
Payment of accrued interest is an expenditure in the Governmental funds, but is a reduction of accrued liabilities in the statement of net position.	20,134
The repayment of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. However, these transactions do not have any effect on net position of the governmental activities. Governmental funds report the effect of debt discount when debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Debt retirement - principal paid Amortization of debt discount	2,562,727 (7,160)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities are not reported in the funds because they have no effect on current financial resources.	
Compensated absences	(90,764)
Other postemployment benefits obligation	(127,304)
Pension expense	 (791,155)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 12,134,486

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

September 30, 2018

	Major Enterprise Funds					
		Water		•		Total
		System	S	tormwater	Building	Enterprise
		Fund		Fund	 Fund	 Funds
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	28,917,922	\$	5,695,699	\$ 9,902,299	\$ 44,515,920
Investments		42,424,207		1,404,542	10,196,456	54,025,205
Accounts receivable, net		1,213,140		234,365	1,643	1,449,148
Grants receivable		-		125,500	-	125,500
Interest receivable		46,790		9,454	10,200	66,444
Inventory		577,610		-	-	577,610
Prepaid expenses		22,945		5,187	765	28,897
Restricted assets						
Cash and cash equivalents		1,177,072		-	-	1,177,072
Investments		3,067,756				 3,067,756
Total Current Assets		77,447,442		7,474,747	20,111,363	105,033,552
NONCURRENT ASSETS						
Noncurrent receivables		4,061,066		_	_	4,061,066
Capital assets		2,002,000				2,002,000
Land and improvements		458,616		110,507	_	569,123
Construction in progress		2,115,544		1,000,314	-	3,115,858
Water treatment systems		96,993,581		-	-	96,993,581
Buildings and improvements		8,308,397		55,570,452	_	63,878,849
Water distribution systems		143,679,550		-	-	143,679,550
Wells		28,629,103		_	_	28,629,103
Equipment and pumps		10,692,534		627,418	689,800	12,009,752
Meters		18,326,561		· -	-	18,326,561
		309,203,886		57,308,691	 689,800	367,202,377
Less accumulated depreciation		(131,821,332)		(17,240,169)	(499,818)	(149,561,319)
Total Capital Assets, net		177,382,554		40,068,522	189,982	 217,641,058
Total Noncurrent Assets		181,443,620		40,068,522	189,982	221,702,124
Total Assets		258,891,062		47,543,269	 20,301,345	 326,735,676
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred charges on refundings		254,598		_	-	254,598
Deferred amount related to pensions		1,789,965		191,894	750,275	2,732,134
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		2,044,563		191,894	750,275	2,986,732

	Major Enterprise Funds				
	Water System Fund	Stormwater Fund	Building Fund	Total Enterprise Funds	
LIABILITIES					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 960,934	\$ 300,445	\$ 48,458	\$ 1,309,837	
Accrued expenses	180,731	21,503	65,874	268,108	
Compensated absences payable	63,889	13,140	21,971	99,000	
	1,205,554	335,088	136,303	1,676,945	
CURRENT LIABILITIES PAYABLE					
FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS					
Accounts and contracts payable	77,186	-	-	77,186	
Total Current Liabilities	1,282,740	335,088	136,303	1,754,131	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
Customer deposits	1,551,306	_	_	1,551,306	
Other deposits	9,810	23,479	42,568	75,857	
Unearned revenue	1,557,798		-	1,557,798	
Compensated absences payable,	, ,			, ,	
net of current portion	568,540	116,933	195,522	880,995	
Revenue bonds payable	20,885,000	-	-	20,885,000	
Other postemployment benefits obligation	223,725	48,190	72,778	344,693	
Net pension liability	4,358,580	467,264	1,826,927	6,652,771	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	29,154,759	655,866	2,137,795	31,948,420	
Total Liabilities	30,437,499	990,954	2,274,098	33,702,551	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amount related to other					
postemployment benefits obligation	13,799	2,972	4,489	21,260	
Deferred amount related to pensions	421,545	45,192	176,693	643,430	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	435,344	48,164	181,182	664,690	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	156,752,152	40,068,522	189,982	197,010,656	
Debt retirement	256,792	-	-	256,792	
Capital projects	3,910,850	-	-	3,910,850	
Unrestricted	69,142,988	6,627,523	18,406,358	94,176,869	
Total Net Position	\$ 230,062,782	\$ 46,696,045	\$ 18,596,340	\$ 295,355,167	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	M			
	Water	· ·		Total
	System	Stormwater	Building	Enterprise
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 25,960,009	\$ 2,916,767	\$ -	\$ 28,876,776
Licenses and permits	-	-	5,328,329	5,328,329
Other fees and charges	393,763	23,383	1,101	418,247
Total Operating Revenues	26,353,772	2,940,150	5,329,430	34,623,352
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personal services	6,143,134	805,103	2,504,649	9,452,886
General operating expenses	8,849,749	764,559	1,173,889	10,788,197
Depreciation	6,410,331	800,988	73,078	7,284,397
Total Operating Expenses	21,403,214	2,370,650	3,751,616	27,525,480
Operating Income	4,950,558	569,500	1,577,814	7,097,872
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Intergovernmental	49,823	197,383	-	247,206
Investment earnings	920,709	29,434	206,658	1,156,801
Miscellaneous revenues	5,366	- (10.170)	- ((0)	5,366
Net change in fair value of investments	(151,572)	(18,158)	(22,368)	(192,098)
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	(2,023)	1,764	2,356	2,097
Interest expense	(575,428)	-	-	(575,428)
Amortization expense	(68,223)		-	(68,223)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	178,652	210,423	186,646	575,721
Income Before Capital Contributions	5,129,210	779,923	1,764,460	7,673,593
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	2,142,384	2,202,305	-	4,344,689
TRANSFERS	51,250	(9,480)	(198,938)	(157,168)
Change in Net Position	7,322,844	2,972,748	1,565,522	11,861,114
Net position at beginning of year,				
as originally reported	222,905,365	43,765,186	17,073,854	283,744,405
Restatement for implementation				
of GASB Statement 75	(165,427)	(41,889)	(43,036)	(250,352)
Net position at beginning of year, as restated	222,739,938	43,723,297	17,030,818	283,494,053
Net position at end of year	\$ 230,062,782	\$ 46,696,045	\$ 18,596,340	\$ 295,355,167

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Major Enterprise Funds							
	Water System Fund		Stormwater Fund		Building Fund			Total Enterprise Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers and contractors Cash paid to employees Cash received from others Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	26,353,595 (9,304,398) (5,801,361) 399,129 11,646,965	\$	2,847,302 (570,241) (742,587) 23,383	\$	5,358,703 (1,174,162) (2,302,744) 1,101 1,882,898	\$	34,559,600 (11,048,801) (8,846,692) 423,613
•		11,040,900		1,337,837		1,002,090		15,087,720
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Operating grants received Transfers Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Noncapital Financing Activities		49,823 51,250 101,073	_	197,383 (9,480) 187,903		(198,938) (198,938)		247,206 (157,168) 90,038
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital contributions Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from disposal of capital assets Principal paid on revenue bonds Interest and other debt service charges Net Cash Used In Capital and Related Financing Activities		1,258,065 (3,778,238) 7,432 (2,825,000) (575,428) (5,913,169)		(846,115) 1,765 - - (844,350)		(72,597) 2,356 - - (70,241)		1,258,065 (4,696,950) 11,553 (2,825,000) (575,428) (6,827,760)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of investments Interest received Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Investing Activities Net Increase (Decrease) in		(18,015,199) 921,132 (17,094,067)		(7,593) 29,494 21,901		(1,181,549) 206,775 (974,774)		(19,204,341) 1,157,401 (18,046,940)
Cash and Cash Equivalents		(11,259,198)		923,311		638,945		(9,696,942)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		41,354,192		4,772,388		9,263,354		55,389,934
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	30,094,994	\$	5,695,699	\$	9,902,299	\$	45,692,992
Cash and Cash Equivalents Reconciliation								
Unrestricted Restricted	\$	28,917,922 1,177,072	\$	5,695,699 -	\$	9,902,299 -	\$	44,515,920 1,177,072
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	30,094,994	\$	5,695,699	\$	9,902,299	\$	45,692,992

		M						
	Water System Fund		St	tormwater Fund	Building Fund]	Total Enterprise Funds
NONCASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Capital contributions	\$	699,308	\$	2,202,305	\$	-	\$	2,901,613
Change in fair value of investments	\$	(151,572)	\$	(18,158)	\$	(22,368)	\$	(192,098)
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	\$	68,223	\$	-	\$	-	\$	68,223
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities	\$	4,950,558	\$	569,500	\$	1,577,814	\$	7,097,872
Depreciation		6,410,331		800,988		73,078		7,284,397
Provision for doubtful accounts		2,656		(2,167)		-		489
Miscellaneous revenues		5,366		` -		-		5,366
Changes in operating assets and liabilities								
Accounts receivable		522,383		(67,298)		(1,643)		453,442
Inventory		180,607		-		-		180,607
Prepaid expenses		(1,803)		-		(515)		(2,318)
Deferred outflows related to pensions		97,234		17,142		12,832		127,208
Accounts payable		(633,453)		194,318		242		(438,893)
Accrued expenses		3,329		(5,202)		1,792		(81)
Compensated absences		(34,251)		35,999		5,982		7,730
Deposits Unearned revenue		(124,201) (7,252)		-		32,017		(92,184)
OPEB obligation		(3,463)		(746)		(1,127)		(7,252) (5,336)
Net pension liability		75,844		(7,114)		95,162		163,892
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		13,799		2,972		4,489		21,260
Deferred inflows related to pensions		189,281		19,465		82,775		291,521
Net Cash Provided By						<u> </u>		
Operating Activities	\$	11,646,965	\$	1,557,857	\$	1,882,898	\$	15,087,720

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUND

September 30, 2018

ACCETEC		Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund
ASSETS		
Investments		ф 1 OFO 210
Money market mutual funds		\$ 1,959,218
Certificates of deposit U.S. Government securities		1,034,230
		3,363,257
U.S. Government Agency securities		6,717,712
Corporate obligations Asset-backed bonds		7,335,052
		3,026,999
Foreign bonds		82,844
Equity securities Preferred stock		8,357,535
		350,313
Equity mutual funds		21,982,849
Real estate investment trust index funds		3,123,689 3,580,552
Commingled real estate funds International equity mutual funds		13,595,872
Total Investments		74,510,122
Total investments		74,310,122
Receivables		
Employee contributions		34,438
State contributions		743,715
Accrued investment income		160,972
Pending trades receivable		113,129
Other receivables		600
Total Receivables		1,052,854
	Total Assets	75,562,976
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		36,645
Pending trades payable		169,324
1 chang traces payable	Total Liabilities	205,969
	Total Liabilities	203,909
NET POSITION		
Restricted for pension benefits		\$ 75,357,007
-		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Contributions	ADDITIONS			Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund
Town \$ 2,476,765 State 743,715 Employee 991,404 4,211,884 Investment earnings 3,078,574 Net appreciation in fair value of investments 2,098,149 Interest and dividends 2,098,149 5,176,723 224,616 Net investment expenses (244,616) Net investment earnings 4,932,107 Other income 1,691 Total Additions 9,145,682 DEDUCTIONS 506,863 Pension benefits 2,744,539 DROP distributions 506,863 Administrative expenses 142,815 Total Deductions 3,394,217 Change in Net Position 5,751,465 NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS 69,605,542				
State 743,715 Employee 991,404 4,211,884 Investment earnings 4,211,884 Net appreciation in fair value of investments 3,078,574 Interest and dividends 2,098,149 Less investment expenses (244,616) Net investment earnings 4,932,107 Other income 1,691 DEDUCTIONS Total Additions 9,145,682 DEDUCTIONS 506,863 Administrative expenses 142,815 Administrative expenses Total Deductions 3,394,217 Change in Net Position 5,751,465 NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS 8 Beginning of year 69,605,542			\$	2 476 765
Employee 991,404 Investment earnings 4,211,884 Investment earnings 3,078,574 Net appreciation in fair value of investments 2,098,149 Interest and dividends 5,176,723 Less investment expenses (244,616) Net investment earnings 4,932,107 Other income 1,691 DEDUCTIONS Total Additions Pension benefits 2,744,539 DROP distributions 506,863 Administrative expenses 142,815 Total Deductions 3,394,217 Change in Net Position 5,751,465 NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS 69,605,542			Ψ	
Investment earnings				
Investment earnings 3,078,574 Interest and dividends 2,098,149	Employee		-	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments 3,078,574 Interest and dividends 2,098,149 5,176,723 5,176,723 Less investment expenses (244,616) Net investment earnings 4,932,107 Other income 1,691 Total Additions 9,145,682 DEDUCTIONS Pension benefits 2,744,539 DROP distributions 506,863 Administrative expenses 142,815 Total Deductions 3,394,217 Change in Net Position 5,751,465 NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS 69,605,542	Investment earnings			1,211,001
Interest and dividends 2,098,149 5,176,723 5,176,723 Less investment expenses (244,616) Net investment earnings 4,932,107 Other income Total Additions 9,145,682 DEDUCTIONS Pension benefits 2,744,539 DROP distributions 506,863 Administrative expenses 142,815 Total Deductions 3,394,217 Change in Net Position 5,751,465 NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS 69,605,542				3.078.574
Less investment expenses (244,616) Net investment earnings 4,932,107 Other income 1,691 Total Additions 9,145,682 DEDUCTIONS 2,744,539 Pension benefits 2,744,539 DROP distributions 506,863 Administrative expenses 142,815 Total Deductions 3,394,217 Change in Net Position 5,751,465 NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS 69,605,542				
Less investment expenses (244,616) Net investment earnings 4,932,107 Other income 1,691 Total Additions 9,145,682 DEDUCTIONS 2,744,539 Pension benefits 2,744,539 DROP distributions 506,863 Administrative expenses 142,815 Total Deductions 3,394,217 Change in Net Position 5,751,465 NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS 69,605,542				
Net investment earnings 4,932,107 Other income 1,691 Total Additions 9,145,682 DEDUCTIONS	Less investment expenses			
Other income Total Additions 9,145,682 DEDUCTIONS Pension benefits DROP distributions Administrative expenses Total Deductions Total Deductions Total Deductions Total Deductions Total Deductions 7,744,539 Total Deductions 3,394,217 Change in Net Position Total Deductions 5,751,465 NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS Beginning of year 69,605,542	•			
DEDUCTIONS Pension benefits DROP distributions Administrative expenses Total Additions 2,744,539 506,863 Administrative expenses Total Deductions 7,744,539 7,744,539 7,742,815 7,751,465 NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS Beginning of year 69,605,542	O			, ,
DEDUCTIONS Pension benefits 2,744,539 DROP distributions 506,863 Administrative expenses Total Deductions 3,394,217 Change in Net Position 5,751,465 NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS Beginning of year 69,605,542	Other income			1,691
DEDUCTIONS Pension benefits 2,744,539 DROP distributions 506,863 Administrative expenses Total Deductions 3,394,217 Change in Net Position 5,751,465 NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS Beginning of year 69,605,542				·
Pension benefits DROP distributions Administrative expenses Total Deductions Total Deductions Total Deductions Total Position Total Position Total Position Total Position Total Position 5,751,465 NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS Beginning of year 69,605,542		Total Additions		9,145,682
Pension benefits DROP distributions Administrative expenses Total Deductions Total Deductions Total Deductions Total Position Total Position Total Position Total Position Total Deductions 5,751,465 NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS Beginning of year 69,605,542				
DROP distributions Administrative expenses Total Deductions 3,394,217 Change in Net Position NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS Beginning of year 506,863 142,815 Change in Net Position 5,751,465	DEDUCTIONS			
Administrative expenses Total Deductions Change in Net Position 7,751,465 NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS Beginning of year 69,605,542	Pension benefits			2,744,539
Total Deductions 3,394,217 Change in Net Position 5,751,465 NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS Beginning of year 69,605,542	DROP distributions			506,863
Change in Net Position 5,751,465 NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS Beginning of year 69,605,542	Administrative expenses			142,815
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS Beginning of year 69,605,542		Total Deductions		3,394,217
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS Beginning of year 69,605,542		Change in Net Position		5 751 465
Beginning of year 69,605,542		Change in Net i osition		3,731,403
Beginning of year 69,605,542	NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS			
<u></u>				69 605 542
End of Year \$ 75,357,007	beginning or year			07,000,042
		End of Year	\$	75,357,007

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity: The Town of Jupiter, Florida (the "Town"), is a political subdivision of the State of Florida incorporated on February 9, 1925, under the authority of Chapter 165, Florida Statutes, and was established by House Bill 698, Laws of Florida, 1925. The Town is governed by five Councilors elected by residents of the Town. The accompanying financial statements present the Town and its blended component unit, a legally separate entity for which the Town is considered financially accountable.

As defined by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Blended Component Unit: The Jupiter Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA") is a dependent special district established by the Town of Jupiter, Florida, under authority granted by Florida Statute 163, Section III. The CRA is included in the Town's financial reporting entity as a blended component unit reported in a governmental (special revenue) fund, the *Community Redevelopment Fund*. The purpose of the CRA is to promote and guide the physical and economic development of approximately 400 acres along the Intracoastal Waterway in the Town of Jupiter. The CRA is a legally separate entity established by Ordinance number 60-01 of the Jupiter Town Council in December 2001. The governing body of the CRA consists of the Town Council and the Town handles the management and administration of the CRA's financial matters. Separate financial statements for the CRA are not prepared.

Related Organization: The Northern Riverwalk Community Development District (the "NRCDD") was created on May 19, 2009 by Ordinance 1-09 of the Town of Jupiter, Florida, pursuant to the Florida Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980. The NRCDD was established for the purposes of financing and managing the acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of a portion of the infrastructure necessary for development within the NRCDD. The NRCDD is governed by a Board of Supervisors (the "Board"), which is composed of five members elected by the owners of the property within the NRCDD. The Town does not approve budgets, retain any financial interest or have any obligation for debt and cannot impose its will on the NRCDD. Accordingly, the NRCDD is not included in the Town's financial reporting entity.

Government-wide Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the Town and its component unit. These financial statements include separate columns for the *governmental activities*, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, and *business-type activities*, which rely primarily on fees and charges for support. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Town's enterprise funds operations and various other functions of the Town. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

for the various functions concerned. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated, except those representing balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the Total Column. In the Statement of Activities, all interfund transactions have been eliminated, except for charges between the Town's governmental activities and business-type activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or identifiable activity is offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or identifiable activity. *Program revenue* includes three categories of transactions: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; (2) operating grants and contributions; and, (3) capital grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not meeting the definition of program revenue are reported as *general revenue*. The Town does not allocate indirect costs, however, an administrative service fee is charged by the General Fund to recover the direct costs of General Fund services provided (such as finance, legal, human resources, information systems, etc.).

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u>: The underlying accounting system of the Town is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate.

Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The funds used by the Town are classified into three categories: *governmental*, *proprietary* and *fiduciary*. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The Town's major governmental funds and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental Fund Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements, to the net position and changes in net position presented in the government-wide financial statements. The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Community Redevelopment Fund accounts for the economic development activities of the Jupiter Community Redevelopment Agency, whose primary revenue source is from tax increment revenue.

The *Capital Improvements Fund* accounts for the purchase and construction of major capital facilities and projects included in the Town's adopted five year Community Investment Program which is funded primarily by ad valorem property tax revenue.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements – Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water System Fund accounts for operations of the Town's water utility system.

The *Stormwater Fund* accounts for operations the Town's stormwater collection, treatment and disposal system.

The *Building Fund* accounts for the plan review, permitting and inspection operations the Town's Building Department.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The Town's only Fiduciary Fund is a *pension trust fund*. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of third parties (pension participants) and cannot be used to finance activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The only Fiduciary Fund of the Town is as follows:

The *Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund* (MPORT) is used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for the retirement pensions of all permanent, full-time Town police officers.

<u>Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting</u>: Financial reporting is based upon all pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all purpose restrictions imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement* focus and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue is recognized in the period in which it becomes both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Town considers revenue to be available if it is collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due. Intergovernmental revenue, franchise fees, charges for services and investment income are all considered susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal year. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when received in cash by the Town.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Proprietary fund financial statements distinguish *operating* revenue and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The proprietary funds also recognize as operating revenue the portion of connection fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water system. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town's defined benefit pension plan and Florida Retirement System and the additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Town's defined benefit pension plan and the Florida Retirement System. Pension benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) and OPEB benefit payments for the Town's OPEB plan are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

<u>Property Taxes</u>: Ad valorem property taxes are assessed on property valuations as of January 1st and levied the following October 1st. Taxes are due by March 31st and become delinquent on April 1st, when liens are filed against the subject property. Ad valorem taxes are assessed by the Palm Beach County Property Appraiser and collected by the Palm Beach County Tax Collector, which remits the taxes to the Town. Revenue is recognized at the time the taxes are received from Palm Beach County. Pursuant to Florida law, the Palm Beach County Tax Collector advertises and sells tax certificates on all real property for which there are unpaid, delinquent taxes. Accordingly, the Town has no property taxes receivable at September 30, 2018.

Tax revenues are generated by a millage rate set annually by the Town Council with a legal limit of 10 mills (\$10.00 per \$1,000 of taxable property value). The Town contracts fire rescue services to Palm Beach County Fire Rescue MSTU (municipal services taxing unit), which levies a separate tax on Town property owners of 2.0038 mills. The Palm Beach County Fire Rescue MSTU millage rate is deducted from the Town's legal millage rate cap of 10 mills, thereby reducing the Town's millage rate cap to 7.9962.

During 2007, the Florida Legislature passed property tax reform legislation limiting the property tax levies of local governments in the State of Florida. Local governments that adopt a property tax levy in excess of the limit under State law will lose their Half-Cent Sales Tax distribution from the State for the succeeding twelve months. The State law allows local governments to adopt a millage rate based on the following approval of the governing body: (1) a majority vote to adopt a rate equal to the adjusted current year rolled-back millage rate plus an adjustment for growth in per capita Florida personal income; (2) a two-thirds vote to adopt a rate equal to the adjusted current year roll back millage rate plus 10%; or (3) any millage rate approved by unanimous vote or referendum. For the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018, the Town adopted a total millage rate of 2.4633, which was less than the maximum tax rate permitted. This millage rate resulted in a total tax levy, including the CRA, of \$25,441,725 for 2018, representing a 6.36% increase over the property tax levy for 2017. Future property tax growth is limited to the annual growth rate of per capita personal income plus the value of new construction.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: Cash and cash equivalents consist of petty cash, deposits with financial institutions in interest and non-interest bearing checking accounts and money market accounts and money market mutual funds. For purposes of the statement of cash flows and financial statement disclosures, cash equivalents also include short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of ninety days or less when purchased. Money market mutual funds held by MPORT are considered part of the long-term investment portfolio.

<u>Investments</u>: The Town's investments consist of U.S. Government Agency securities, tax-exempt state and local debt securities, corporate obligations and asset-backed bonds reported at fair value, investments in Florida Prime and FLCLASS (2a7-like external investment pools) reported at amortized cost, certificates of deposits reported at cost, and Pension Fund investments including negotiable certificates of deposit, money market mutual funds, U.S. Government and Agency securities, corporate obligations, asset-backed bonds, domestic and foreign equity and debt securities, equity mutual funds, REIT index funds and commingled real estate funds reported at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

Accounts Receivable: General government accounts receivable include State shared revenues and charges for miscellaneous services. Accounts receivable reported in the Proprietary Funds represent amounts due for water and stormwater services from utility customers and building related fees due from developers and individuals, generally all of whom are local businesses and residents. Noncurrent receivables in the Water System Fund include amounts due from developers for connection fees and guaranteed revenues that are payable when connections are made to the utility system. Utility customers pay a cash deposit to the Town as collateral for future charges for services. The Town does not require collateral for other accounts receivable. Accounts receivable are reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts determined based on the age of the individual receivable, with age categories ranging from 30 days past due to several years past due. Generally, the allowance includes accounts over 120 days past due. Accounts receivable are written off on an individual basis in the year the Town deems them uncollectible.

<u>Internal Balances</u>: Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the government-wide governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for any residual amount, which is presented as internal balances.

<u>Inventories</u>: Inventories recorded in the General Fund represent fuel and oil and inventories in the Water System Fund represent parts, materials and supplies in storage at year end. Inventories are valued at cost (first-in/first-out) which approximates fair value and are recorded under the consumption method which records inventories as expenditures when used. Reported amounts in governmental funds are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

<u>Prepaid Items/Expenses</u>: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items/expenses under the consumption method. Reported amounts in governmental funds are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Restricted Assets</u>: Certain cash equivalents and investments of the General Fund, Capital Improvements Fund and Enterprise Funds are restricted by debt covenants for land acquisition, construction, and other amounts legally required to be set aside for debt service, operations, renewal and replacement and capital improvements. Restricted resources are used first to fund expenses incurred for restricted purposes.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: The Town reports all capital assets, including infrastructure assets (roads, sidewalks and similar items), in the government-wide statement of net position. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year and an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000, or software with an individual cost of more than \$25,000. Capital assets are recorded at cost or, if donated, at acquisition value at the date of donation. Expenses which materially extend the useful life of existing assets are capitalized. Costs for professional services associated with the acquisition and construction of enterprise fund capital assets are capitalized. The cost of capital assets sold or retired is removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the change in net position. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of all reported capital assets, except land. Estimated useful lives assigned to categories of assets are as follows:

Buildings and plant	5-70 years
Improvements	15-70 years
Equipment and vehicles	5-20 years
Infrastructure	7-25 years

<u>Unearned/Unavailable Revenues</u>: Unearned revenue in the governmental activities and unavailable revenues (a deferred inflow of resources) in the governmental funds include amounts received in advance of the related services being provided by the Town and earned interest income that is not currently due. Unearned revenue in the business-type activities and enterprise funds includes utility payments from customers and other amounts received in advance of the related services being provided by the Town.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: The Town records accumulated, unpaid vacation, sick and compensatory pay in the enterprise funds as a fund liability. The liability for compensated absences attributable to the Town's governmental funds is recorded only in the government-wide financial statements. The liability for compensated absences of both the governmental and enterprise funds includes related payroll taxes and benefits. Employees may accumulate up to forty days' vacation leave. Employees accrue sick leave at the rate of eight hours per month until retirement or termination, at which time they are paid for up to 50% of their unused sick leave, based on their length of service with the Town. Accordingly, the Town accrues up to 50% of eligible, unused sick leave and related payroll taxes and benefits in the year earned. The Town records compensatory time and related payroll taxes and benefits in the year earned.

Noncurrent Obligations: In the government-wide financial statements and enterprise fund financial statements, long-term debt and other noncurrent obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or enterprise fund statement of net position. Long-term debt is reported net of applicable premium or discount. Debt discount and premium in the government-wide financial statements and enterprise funds are amortized using the straight-line method, which approximates the interest method, and are charged against operations over the term of the debt issues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Unamortized debt discount and premium is presented as a reduction of or addition to long-term debt payable. Issuance costs of debt are reported as current period expenses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize debt premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>: In addition to assets and liabilities, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the governmental funds Balance Sheet report a separate section for deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The Town reports deferred charges on refundings as deferred outflows of resources on the government-wide and enterprise funds Statement of Net Position. The deferred charges on refundings were losses resulting from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amounts are deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pensions results from differences between expected and actual experience and investment earnings, changes in assumptions, Town pension contributions after the pension plan measurement date but prior to the Town's year end or other inputs. The amounts are deferred and amortized to pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan, including inactive employees.

The separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The Town's deferred inflows reported on the government-wide and enterprise funds Statement of Net Position are related to its pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) obligations. The deferred inflow of resources related to pensions and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience and investment earnings, changes in assumptions, changes in proportion and differences between Town contributions and proportionate share of contributions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and amortized to pension and OPEB expense in the same manner as deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB, respectively. The Town also has one item, unavailable revenues, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported as a deferred inflow of resources on the governmental funds Balance Sheet. The unavailable revenues result from amounts received in advance for business licenses and earned interest income that is not currently due in the General Fund and a note receivable in the Community Redevelopment Fund that will be earned in future years as services are provided. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the year that the amounts become available.

<u>Net Position/Fund Balance</u>: The government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

outstanding balance of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of *Net Investment in Capital Assets*. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

Restricted – This component of net position consists of constraints placed on the use of net position by external restrictions imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of *Net Investment in Capital Assets* or *Restricted Net Position*.

Fund Balance - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is legally bound to honor the specific purposes for which amounts in fund balance may be spent. The fund balance classifications are summarized as follows:

Nonspendable - Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (1) not in spendable form; or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Restricted fund balances include amounts that are restricted to specific purposes either by (1) constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - Committed fund balances include amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the Town Council through an ordinance or resolution. The Town had no committed fund balances.

Assigned - Assigned fund balances include amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance are made by the Town Manager or Finance Director based upon authority provided in a Resolution adopted by the Town Council or in the Town's annual budget.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance includes General Fund amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

The Town considers restricted fund balances to be spent when an expenditure is incurred for the restricted purpose. The Town considers committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances to be spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those fund balance classifications could be used.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy - The Town Council has not adopted a formal minimum fund balance policy. Generally, the Town strives to maintain sufficient General Fund fund balance to provide liquidity in the event of a budget shortfall or natural disaster.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

On-behalf Payments: In accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, on-behalf payments of \$743,715 received by the Town from the State of Florida for the benefit of the Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund (MPORT) for the year ended September 30, 2018, have been recognized as intergovernmental revenue in the General Fund. The expenditure for the MPORT pension was recorded in the General Fund as Police Department personal services.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u>: Transactions between funds during the year consist of loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as *Due from Other Funds* and *Due to Other Funds* and are subject to elimination in the government-wide financial statements. Services, deemed to be reasonably equivalent in value, are treated as revenue and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are presented as transfers. Transfers between the governmental and business-type activities are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Implementation of GASB Statements</u>: The following GASB Statements were effective for the Town for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018:

- GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for governments whose employees are provided with other postemployment benefits (OPEB), as well as certain nonemployer governments that have a legal obligation to provide financial support for OPEB provided to employees of other entities.
- GASB Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*, provides accounting and financial reporting guidance for irrevocable split-interest agreements in which a government is a beneficiary and requires that a government recognize assets representing the beneficial interest in the irrevocable split-interest agreement administered by a third party if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests.
- GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*, addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements including topics related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits.
- GASB Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, provides consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which only existing resources, other than the proceeds of refunding debt, are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in-substance.

In addition, the Town early adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, which requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Restatement for Implementation of GASB Statement 75 – The implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 resulted in a restatement that decreased the beginning net position of the governmental activities and business-type activities of the Town's government-wide financial statements by \$2,449,928 and \$250,352, respectively, and decreased the beginning net position of Enterprise Funds financial statements by \$250,352, to record the total OPEB liability for the Town's defined benefit OPEB plan at October 1, 2017. The implementation of other GASB Statements effective for the year ended September 30, 2018 had no effect on the previously reported amounts in the Town's financial statements.

<u>Recent GASB Pronouncements</u>: The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has also issued new Statements effective in future years. Management has not completed its analysis of the effects, if any, of the following GASB Statements on the financial statements of the Town:

- GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). Statement No. 83 establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. Statement No. 83 also requires disclosure of information about the government's AROs, including the methods and assumptions used for estimating liabilities and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. The requirements of this statement will be effective for the Town for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019.
- GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity, and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefits arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The requirements of this statement will be effective for the Town for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020.
- GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, addresses accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The requirements of this statement will be effective for the Town for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021.
- GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, addresses the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. The Statement requires additional note disclosures regarding debt, including unused lines of credit, assets pledged as collateral for debt, and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance related consequences, significant termination events with finance related consequences and significant acceleration provisions. The requirements of this statement will be effective for the Town for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019.
- GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, defines a majority equity interest and specifies the basis for measurement of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization. The requirements of this statement will be effective for the Town for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Grants</u>: Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by those agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already received in prior years, may constitute a liability of the Town for the return of those funds.

<u>Estimates</u>: Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenditures. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

NOTE B - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents: At September 30, 2018, the Town's cash and cash equivalents included petty cash of \$9,989, deposits in demand deposit accounts of \$66,829,702, and a depository cash account with a securities broker of \$5,359,836. The demand deposit accounts of \$66,829,702 are held by financial institutions that comply with the requirements of Florida Statutes and have been designated as a qualified public depository by the State Treasurer of Florida. Qualified public depositories are required to pledge collateral to the State Treasurer with a fair value equal to a percentage of the average daily balance of all government deposits in excess of any federal deposit insurance. In the event of a default by a qualified public depository, all claims for government deposits would be satisfied by the State Treasurer from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the public depository in default and, if necessary, a pro rata assessment to the other qualified public depositories in the collateral pool. Accordingly, all deposits with qualified public depositories are considered fully insured in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statements.

The Town's depository cash account of \$5,359,836 and the MPORT's money market mutual fund of \$1,959,218, were held by the counterparty (securities brokers) in the name of the Town or MPORT, as applicable, but were not otherwise collateralized or secured. The money market mutual funds are reported at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

<u>Investments</u>: Town ordinances authorize the Town to invest in the Florida Prime external investment pool administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA); governmental investment pools authorized under Florida Statutes Section 163; direct obligations of or obligations unconditionally guaranteed by the U.S. Government; obligations of U.S. Government Agencies and Instrumentalities; interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts in State qualified public depositories; obligations of the Federal Farm Credit Banks, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal Home Loan Bank, or obligations guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association; obligations of Fannie Mae; the Florida Municipal Investment Trust; state and local tax-exempt debt securities; floating rate securities, money market mutual funds and repurchase agreements invested exclusively in obligations of the U.S. Government and its Agencies and Instrumentalities; and, investments specifically authorized by Town ordinance or resolution. The Town's investment policy prohibits investing in equity securities, derivative investments and cash accounts not held by a qualified public depository.

The Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund (MPORT) is authorized to invest in the same investments as the Town, bonds issued by the State of Israel and bonds, stocks or other evidence of equity

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE B - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

or indebtedness issued or guaranteed by a corporation organized under the laws of the United States or organized territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia, provided that the corporation is listed on any one or more of the recognized national stock exchanges and, in the case of bonds only, holds an investment grade rating by a major rating service at the time of purchase. Additionally, the MPORT Board of Trustees may not invest more than twenty-five percent of MPORT assets in foreign securities, nor more than five percent of its assets in the common stock or capital stock of any one issuing company, nor shall the aggregate investment in any one issuing company exceed five percent of the outstanding capital stock of that company, nor shall the aggregate of these investments exceed seventy percent of the fund's assets. The investments of the Town and MPORT at September 30, 2018 are summarized as follows:

	Primary	Fiduciary Fund	
	Government	Pension Trust	Total
Florida Prime	\$ 61,457,815	\$ -	\$ 61,457,815
Certificates of deposit (\$1,039,623 pledged - Note N)	2,337,938	1,034,230	3,372,168
Money market mutual funds	-	1,959,218	1,959,218
Florida intergovernmental investment pool	10,559,965	-	10,559,965
U.S. Government securities	-	3,363,257	3,363,257
U.S. Government Agency securities	19,173,070	6,717,712	25,890,782
Tax-exempt state and local debt securities	7,512,748	-	7,512,748
Corporate obligations	3,920,098	7,335,052	11,255,150
Asset-backed bonds	10,671	3,026,999	3,037,670
Foreign bonds	-	82,844	82,844
Equity securities	-	8,357,535	8,357,535
Preferred stock	-	350,313	350,313
Equity mutual funds	-	21,982,849	21,982,849
REIT index funds	-	3,123,689	3,123,689
Commingled real estate funds	-	3,580,552	3,580,552
International equity mutual funds		13,595,872	13,595,872
Total investments	\$ 104,972,305	\$ 74,510,122	\$ 179,482,427

The total cash and cash equivalents and investments of the Town and MPORT are reported as follows:

		Primary Government		Fiduciary Fund Pension Trust	_	Total
Reported in the financial statements as:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	71,022,455	\$	-	\$	5 71,022,455
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		1,177,072	_	<u>-</u>	_	1,177,072
Total cash and cash equivalents		72,199,527		-		72,199,527
Investments		100,364,203		74,510,122		174,874,325
Restricted investments		4,608,102	_		_	4,608,102
Total investments	_	104,972,305	_	74,510,122	_	179,482,427
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	177,171,832	\$	74,510,122	<u>\$</u>	<u>251,681,954</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE B - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The Town's investment securities are held by the counterparty (securities broker) in the Town's name but are not otherwise collateralized or insured. The MPORT investment securities are held in custodial safekeeping accounts.

Florida Prime consists of equity in an external investment pool administered by the State of Florida pursuant to statutory requirements and operated in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Rule 2a7 allows SEC registered mutual funds to use amortized cost, rather than fair value, to report net position used to compute share prices if certain conditions are met. Those conditions include restrictions on the types of investments held, restrictions on the term-to-maturity of individual investments and the dollar-weighted average of the portfolio, requirements for portfolio diversification, and requirements for divestiture considerations in the event of security downgrades and defaults, and required actions if the fair value of the portfolio deviates from amortized cost by a specified amount. The fair value of the position in the pool is considered to be the same as the Town's account balance (amortized cost) in the pool. The Town may withdraw funds from Florida Prime on an overnight basis, generally without limitation or imposition of fees.

The Florida intergovernmental investment pool consists of Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (FLCLASS). FLCLASS is organized under Florida Statutes Section 163, the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act, by Florida public agencies for the purpose of operating an independent investment pool for local governments in Florida and is administered by a Board of Trustees elected by the participants in the pool. FLCLASS is operated in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The fair value of the position in FLCLASS is considered to be the same as the Town's account balance (amortized cost) in the pool. The Town may withdraw funds from FLCLASS on an overnight basis, generally without limitation or imposition of fees.

<u>Fair Value of Investments</u>: The Town follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which establishes a framework for measuring the fair value of investments in a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are described below:

<u>Level 1</u>: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets in active markets that the Town has the ability to access at the measurement date.

<u>Level 2</u>: Inputs to the valuation methodology include the following:

- Quoted prices for similar assets in active markets.
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets in inactive markets.
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets.
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset has a specified contractual term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE B - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

<u>Level 3</u>: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. These unobservable inputs reflect the Town's own estimates for assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Valuation techniques would typically include discounted cash flow models and similar techniques, but may also include the use of market prices of assets that are not directly comparable to the subject asset.

The fair value measurement of an asset within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The categorization of an investment within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the investment and does not necessarily correspond to the Town's perceived risk of that investment.

Valuation Methodologies: The following valuation methods and assumptions were used by the Town and MPORT in estimating the fair value of financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis under GASB Statement No. 72:

Equity securities and REIT index funds: Valued at the closing price reported on the active exchange on which the individual securities are traded.

Equity mutual funds: Valued at the net asset value reported on the active exchange on which the funds are traded.

U.S. Government and U.S. Government Agency securities, negotiable certificates of deposit, tax-exempt state and local debt securities, corporate obligations, asset-backed bonds, foreign bonds and preferred stock: Valued at the closing price reported on the national exchange on which the individual securities are actively traded. Securities that are not actively traded are valued by the investment custodian using a matrix pricing technique based on the securities' relationship to quoted benchmark prices.

Investments measured at net asset value (NAV): The commingled real estate funds are valued at the unadjusted NAV per share, calculated at September 30, 2018 in a manner consistent with the Financial Accounting Standard Board's measurement principles for investment companies based on the fair value of the underlying fund investments, as determined by the fund manager. Real estate values may be based upon independent appraisals performed for assets held by the fund or may be estimated by the fund manager. The fair value of real estate is the price that would be received if the asset was sold to a market participant assuming the highest and best use of each asset at September 30, 2018. The commingled real estate funds had no unfunded commitments. Redemptions from the funds may be made at the end of a calendar quarter with ten days advance notice.

The methods and assumptions described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the Town and MPORT believe their valuation methodologies are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date. There were no changes in the methods and assumptions used for the year ended September 30, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE B - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Fair Value of Investments: The financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis include the Town's investments. There were no liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2018. The fair value of the Town's investments at September 30, 2018 is summarized as follows:

	 Level 1		Level 2	L	evel 3	_	 Total
Debt investments							
U.S. Government securities	\$ 3,363,257	\$	-	\$		-	\$ 3,363,257
U.S. Government Agencies	-		25,890,782			-	25,890,782
Negotiable certificates of deposit	1,034,230		-			_	1,034,230
Tax-exempt state and local debt	-		7,512,748			-	7,512,748
Corporate obligations	_		11,255,150			-	11,255,150
Asset-backed bonds	-		3,037,670			-	3,037,670
Foreign bonds	-		82,844			-	82,844
Total debt securities	4,397,487		47,779,194			-	52,176,681
Equity investments							
Equity securities	8,357,535		-			-	8,357,535
Preferred stock	350,313		350,313			-	350,313
Equity mutual funds	21,982,849		-			-	21,982,849
REIT index funds	3,123,689		-			-	3,123,689
International equity mutual funds	13,595,872		-			-	13,595,872
Total equity securities	47,059,945	_	350,313			=	 47,410,258
Total investments by level	\$ 51,457,432	\$	48,129,507	\$		=	99,586,939
Investments measured at NAV							
Commingled real estate funds							3,580,552
Investments measured at amortized cost							
Florida Prime Florida intergovernmental							61,457,815
investment pool (FLCLASS)							10,559,965
Certificates of deposit							2,337,938
Money market mutual funds							 1,959,218
Total fair value							\$ 179,482,427

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>: Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that the Town may not recover cash and investments held by another party in the event of a financial failure. The Town's investment policy requires investments to be fully insured or collateralized, or held in third party custodial safekeeping accounts in the name of the Town. At September 30, 2018, all Town investments were held in custodial safekeeping accounts in the name of the Town or MPORT. Florida Prime, FLCLASS and money market mutual funds are considered *unclassified* pursuant to GASB Statement No. 3.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE B - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

<u>Foreign Currency Risk</u>: Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. MPORT had \$82,844 of foreign currency denominated bonds and \$13,595,872 invested in international equity mutual funds at September 30, 2018.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment in debt securities. Generally, the longer the time to maturity, the greater the exposure to interest rate risk. Town policy requires at least 30% of the investment portfolio to mature within one year; no more than 10% may mature in more than five years; and, no investment may have a maturity of more than 15 years. The MPORT investment policy does not limit investment maturities. At September 30, 2018, Florida Prime had a weighted average maturity of 51 days, FLCLASS had a weighted average maturity of 49 days and the money market mutual funds had a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days. The following table summarizes the scheduled maturities of debt securities of the Town and MPORT at September 30, 2018.

	Fair Value of Investment Maturities									
		Less Than		One to		Six to	M	lore Than		
	_	One Year	_ <u>I</u>	Five Years	1	en Years	<u>T</u>	en Years		
U.S. Government securities	\$	-	\$	436,026	\$	2,012,869	\$	914,362		
U.S. Government Agency securities		1,994,500		18,118,600		3,157,397		2,620,285		
Negotiable certificates of deposit		-		1,034,230		-		-		
Tax-exempt state and local debt		-		7,512,748		-		-		
Corporate obligations		4,060,165		3,375,862		2,247,058		1,572,065		
Asset-backed bonds		40,702		1,514,991		196,231		1,285,746		
Foreign bonds		20,842		51,049		10,953				
	\$	6,116,209	\$	32,043,506	\$	7,624,508	\$	6,392,458		

<u>Credit Risk</u>: Credit risk is the risk that a debt issuer will not fulfill its obligations. The Town's investment policy requires that investments in debt securities, Florida Prime and money market mutual funds be rated in one of the top two investment grades by a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSRO) and the MPORT requires an investment grade rating (BBB or higher) by an NRSRO when purchased. The MPORT utilizes ratings from Standard and Poor's and Moody's Investor Services for investments. Florida Prime, FLCLASS and the money market mutual funds owned by the Town and MPORT are rated AAAm. The NRSRO ratings for the investment securities of the Town and MPORT at September 30, 2018, are summarized as follows:

	NRSRO Rating	<u>t</u>	fair Value
U.S. Government securities	AA	\$	3,363,257
U.S. Government Agency securities	AA		25,890,782
Negotiable certificates of deposit	AA		1,034,230
Tax-exempt state and local debt	AA		7,512,748
Corporate obligations	AAA - CCC		11,255,150
Asset-backed bonds	AAA - BB		3,037,670
Foreign bonds	BBB – B		82,844

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE B - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>: Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The Town's investment policy limits investments held by any single financial institution to a maximum of 50% of the total cost of the investment portfolio, excluding securities held under a third party safekeeping agreement. In the MPORT, securities of a single issuer are limited to no more than 5% of the net position of the pension fund invested in common stocks and debt securities. Investments in mutual funds and money market accounts are excluded from the concentration of credit risk disclosure requirement.

Risks and Uncertainties: The investments of the Town and MPORT include securities, mutual funds and other investments which are exposed to various risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investments, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements. The value, liquidity, and related income of certain securities with contractual cash flows, such as asset-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations, commercial mortgage-backed securities and real estate funds or pooled funds investing in these securities or entities, are particularly sensitive to changes in economic conditions, including real estate value, delinquencies or defaults, or both, and may be adversely affected by shifts in the market's perception of the issuers and changes in interest rates.

NOTE C - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable and allowance for doubtful accounts at September 30, 2018 consist of the following:

	 Gross Accounts Receivable]	Allowance For Doubtful Accounts		Net Receivable
Governmental Activities / Funds					
General Fund - Accounts	\$ 1,135,875	\$	(15,148)	\$	1,120,727
General Fund - Intergovernmental	 394,539		<u> </u>		394,539
Total Governmental Activities / Funds	1,530,414		(15,148)		1,515,266
Business-type Activities / Enterprise Funds					
Water System Fund - Utility accounts	1,279,301		(66,161)		1,213,140
Stormwater Fund - Utility accounts	239,947		(5,582)		234,365
Building Fund	1,643			_	1,643
Total Business-type Activities /					
Enterprise Funds	 1,520,891		(71,743)		1,449,148
	\$ 3,051,305	\$	(86,891)	\$	2,964,414

Noncurrent receivables in the Proprietary Funds of \$4,061,066 have no allowance for doubtful accounts at September 30, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE D - NOTES RECEIVABLE

The Town had the following notes receivable at September 30, 2018:

General Fund – Economic Development	\$ 111,173	
Community Redevelopment Fund - Lar	93,287	
•		
	Total notes receivable	\$ 204,460

Economic Development Loan: The Town provided a loan of \$300,000 to a private company as part of the Town's economic development initiative. The company defaulted on the loan in 2013. The loan was collateralized by a pledged certificate of deposit for \$300,000 which the bank applied to the outstanding loan. The Town recorded the \$300,000 due from the company as a loan receivable in the General Fund. At September 30, 2018, the outstanding balance on the loan was \$111,173. Town management is attempting to negotiate a workable repayment plan with the company and Town management expects this receivable will be fully collectible.

<u>Land Sale</u>: During 2013, the Town closed on the sale of a parcel of land to a private owner and received a note receivable for a portion of the sales price. The note is non-interest bearing and is due in 177 monthly installments of \$800 until fully paid. In lieu of cash payments on the note, the Town and the private owner agreed that the owner shall pay all ongoing costs associated with the operation and maintenance of a public restroom facility located on the property sold by the Town and the owner will receive a monthly credit of \$800 against the promissory note. The note receivable balance was \$93,287 at September 30, 2018.

NOTE E - GENERAL FUND ADVANCES DUE FROM CRA

The Town's General Fund has advanced funds to the Jupiter Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) for the purchase of property, construction of public improvements and redevelopment activities within the boundaries of the CRA. The Town and the CRA have entered into an interlocal agreement for the repayment of these advances to the General Fund by the CRA, with interest at 3.0%, through the year ending September 30, 2027. The repayment of the advances ranges from approximately \$659,000 in 2018 to \$1.1 million in 2027, and generally increase each year commensurate with the expected increases in the CRA's tax increment revenues resulting from the redevelopment activities. The outstanding advances totaled \$5,009,196 at September 30, 2018 and are considered to be noncurrent because the repayments are not expected to be available under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS

The Town's capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018 is summarized as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Governmental Activities		alance at ginning of Year		Increases		Decreases		Balance at End of Year
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$	44,777,745	ф	276 009	ď		ď	4E 0E2 7E2
Depreciable capital assets	Ф	44,///,/43	\$	276,008	\$	-	\$	45,053,753
Buildings		22,460,892		_		_		22,460,892
Improvements		50,266,181		1,420,522		-		51,686,703
Machinery and equipment		10,509,070		1,233,240		(451,654)		11,290,656
Infrastructure		43,326,993		2,875,298		-		46,202,291
Total depreciable capital assets	1	126,563,136		5,529,060		(451,654)		131,640,542
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings	((15,256,106)		(506,047)		-		(15,762,153)
Improvements		(21,439,735)		(1,554,784)		-		(22,994,519)
Machinery and equipment		(7,582,701)		(899,039)		432,339		(8,049,401)
Infrastructure		(18,876,467)		(1,557,737)		<u>-</u>		(20,434,204)
Total accumulated depreciation		<u>(63,155,009</u>)	_	(4,517,607)	_	432,339	_	(67,240,277)
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		63,408,127		1,011,453		(19,315)		64,400,265
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1</u>	108,185,872	<u>\$</u>	1,287,461	\$	(19,315)	\$	109,454,018
Business-Type Activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	569,123	\$	-	\$	-	\$	569,123
Construction in progress		2,919,158		1,299,899		(1,103,199)	_	3,115,858
Total capital assets not								
being depreciated		3,488,281		1,299,899		(1,103,199)		3,684,981
Depreciable capital assets								
Buildings and plant		103,522,881		279,660		-		103,802,541
Improvements	2	223,352,706		6,025,836		- (404.0 25)		229,378,542
Machinery and equipment		29,820,054	_	998,186	_	(481,927)	_	30,336,313
Total depreciable capital assets	Ć	356,695,641		7,303,682		(481,927)		363,517,396
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings and plant		(33,179,271)		(3,020,273)		-		(36,199,544)
Improvements	((89,482,152)		(2,967,983)		-		(92,450,135)
Machinery and equipment		(20,087,970)		(1,296,141)		472,471	_	(20,911,640)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1	142,749,393)		(7,284,397)		472,471		(149,561,319)
Depreciable capital assets, net of								
accumulated depreciation		213,946,248	_	19,285		(9,456)		213,956,077
Total capital assets, net	\$ 2	217,434,529	\$	1,319,184	\$	(1,112,655)	\$	217,641,058

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense charged to governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2018 was as follows:

General government	\$ 2,336,154
Public safety	187,601
Engineering and public works	1,016,836
Culture and recreation	 977,016
Total Governmental Activities	
Depreciation Expense	\$ 4,517,607

NOTE G - NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

Governmental Activities

Changes in governmental activities noncurrent liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2018 are summarized as follows:

	В	alance at					Balance at			Amounts	
	Be	ginning of						End of	D	ue Within	
		Year	A	dditions	Re	etirements		Year	(One Year	
General Obligation Bonds											
Series 2001	\$	3,200,000	\$	-	\$	735,000	\$	2,465,000	\$	780,000	
Series 2005		8,245,000		-		895,000		7,350,000		930,000	
Sales Tax Revenue											
Refunding Notes											
Series 2008		540,000		-		170,000		370,000		180,000	
Series 2013		2,328,868		-		762,727		1,566,141		776,210	
Tax increment incentive		503,755		200,755		-		704,510		-	
Compensated absences		3,396,283		303,828		213,064		3,487,047		200,000	
Total long-term debt		18,213,906	\$	504,583	\$	2,775,791		15,942,698	\$	2,866,210	
Current maturities		(2,762,727)						(2,866,210)			
Unamortized bond discount		(55,483)						(48,323)			
Net long-term debt	\$	<u>15,395,696</u>					\$	13,028,165			

The debt service for the General Obligation Bonds is payable from ad valorem taxes. Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Notes are payable from pledged sales tax revenues. Compensated absences, pension obligations and other postemployment benefits obligations are generally liquidated by the General Fund from available non-ad valorem revenues. The tax increment incentive is payable by the CRA from taxes.

<u>General Obligation Bonds - Series 2001</u>: In July 2001, the Town issued \$11,330,000 in General Obligation Bonds - Series 2001 to finance the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, relocation and equipping of the Town's community center and associated recreational facilities, including incidental costs and bond

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE G - NONCURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

issuance costs. Interest rates on the general obligation bonds range from 3.50% to 5.50% per annum. Principal and interest are payable January 1 and July 1 with a final maturity on July 1, 2021. The Town has pledged the proceeds of ad valorem tax revenue to secure payment of principal and interest. The debt service requirements of the General Obligation Bonds - Series 2001 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	Principal]	Interest	 Total
2019	\$	780,000	\$	135,575	\$ 915,575
2020		820,000		92,675	912,675
2021		865,000		47,575	 912,575
	\$	2,465,000	\$	275,825	\$ 2,740,825

General Obligation Bonds - Series 2005: In July 2005, the Town issued \$17,000,000 in General Obligation Bonds - Series 2005 to finance the acquisition of environmentally sensitive lands, lands for open spaces and traffic mitigation, clearing exotic vegetation and creating public access to the lands acquired, including incidental costs and bond issuance costs. Interest rates on the general obligation bonds range from 3.00% to 4.25% per annum. Principal and interest are payable July 1 with a final maturity on July 1, 2025. The debt service requirements of the General Obligation Bonds - Series 2005 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	<u>Principal</u>			Interest	Total			
2019	\$	930,000	\$	301,150	\$	1,231,150		
2020		965,000		263,950		1,228,950		
2021		1,005,000		225,350		1,230,350		
2022		1,045,000		185,150		1,230,150		
2023		1,090,000		143,350		1,233,350		
2024-2025		2,315,000		148,538		2,463,538		
	<u>\$</u>	7,350,000	<u>\$</u>	1,267,488	<u>\$</u>	8,617,488		

<u>Bond Ratings</u>: Standard & Poor's Rating Services rates the Town's outstanding general obligation bonds as AAA. Moody's Investor Service rates the Town's outstanding general obligation bonds as Aaa.

Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Note - Series 2008: In October 2008, the Town issued a \$1,770,000 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Note - Series 2008 (the "Series 2008 Note") to currently refund the outstanding principal balance of \$1,760,000 for the Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 1997. The refunding resulted in an economic gain (the difference between the present value of the debt service payments of the refunded and refunding bonds) of \$155,596 and reduced the total debt service payment by \$185,966. Interest on the Series 2008 Note is payable at 3.62%. Principal and interest are payable March 1 and September 1 with a final maturity on September 1, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE G - NONCURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

The debt service requirements of the Series 2008 Note are as follows:

Year Ending							
September 30	<u>F</u>	Principal		nterest	Total		
2019	\$	180,000	\$	13,394	\$	193,394	
2020		190,000		6,878		196,878	
	\$	370,000	\$	20,272	\$	390,272	

Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Note - Series 2013: On November 21, 2013, the Town issued a \$5,270,000 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2013 (the "Series 2013 Note") to fully pay the outstanding principal balance of \$5,240,000 on the Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2002 (the "Series 2002 Bonds"). Principal and accrued interest of \$5,240,000 and \$79,832, respectively, was paid to redeem and retire the Series 2002 Bonds on December 23, 2013. The refunding resulted in an economic gain (the difference between the present value of the debt service payments of the refunded and refunding bonds) of \$676,548 and reduced the total debt service payments by \$725,251. The Series 2013 Note is payable from and secured by the proceeds of Local Government Half-Cent Sales Tax distributed to the Town from the State of Florida Half-Cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund (as defined in the note agreement). Principal and interest on the Series 2013 Note are payable on March 1 and September 1 through September 1, 2020. The interest rate on the Note is 1.76%. The debt service requirements of the Series 2013 Note are as follows:

Year Ending							
September 30	Principal		I	nterest	Total		
2019 2020	\$	776,210 789,931	\$	24,164 10,442	\$	800,374 800,373	
	\$	1,566,141	\$	34,606	\$	1,600,747	

<u>Pledged Governmental Revenues</u>: The Town has pledged proceeds of the Local Government Half-Cent Sales Tax distributed to the Town from the State of Florida to secure the payment of principal and interest on the Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Notes. The Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Notes are payable through the year 2020, solely from the sales tax revenues received by the Town. Annual principal and interest payments on the Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Notes are expected to require less than 25 percent of the Town's sales tax revenues. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Notes is \$1,991,019 at September 30, 2018. Principal and interest paid and sales tax revenues received for 2018 were \$992,760 and \$4,898,846, respectively.

<u>Tax Increment Incentive</u>: The Town's CRA entered into an agreement with the Harbourside developer to provide a rebate of certain tax increment funds. The amount due at September 30, 2018 has been accrued, however, the date of payment is uncertain due to current litigation between the Town and the developer (see Note N – Commitments and Contingencies).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE G - NONCURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Business-type Activities

Changes in business-type activities noncurrent liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2018 are summarized as follows:

	Begi	ance at nning of Year	Ado	ditions_	Re	etirements	B	alance at End of Year	Dı	Amounts ue Within One Year
Water Revenue Bonds/Note										
Series 2010	\$ 4	1,080,000	\$	-	\$	875,000	\$	3,205,000	\$	-
Series 2013	19	,630,000		-		1,950,000		17,680,000		-
Compensated absences		972,265		48,310		40,580		979,995		99,000
Total long-term debt	24	1,682,265	\$	48,310	\$	2,865,580		21,864,995	\$	99,000
Current maturities		(90,000)						(99,000)		
Net long-term debt	\$ 24	<u>1,592,265</u>					\$	<u>21,765,995</u>		

<u>Water Revenue Refunding Note - Series 2010</u>: On January 20, 2010, the Town issued a \$9,770,000 Water Revenue Refunding Note - Series 2010 (the "Series 2010 Note") to a financial institution to currently refund the outstanding principal balance of \$9,770,000 on the Water Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 1998. The refunding resulted in an economic gain (the difference between the present value of the debt service payments of the refunded and refunding bonds) of \$1,090,755 and reduced the total debt service payments by \$1,307,226. The Series 2010 Note is payable from and collateralized by the proceeds from pledged net revenues of the water system (as defined in the note agreement) and connection charges.

Interest on the Series 2010 Note is payable at 3.105% on each April 1 and October 1 and principal payments are due on October 1 through maturity on October 1, 2023. The debt service requirements of the Series 2010 Note are as follows:

Year Ending					
September 30	 Principal	 Interest	 Total		
2019 (*)	\$ -	\$ 50,310	\$ 50,310		
2020	580,000	92,019	672,019		
2021	610,000	73,063	683,063		
2022	640,000	53,388	693,388		
2023	670,000	32,769	702,769		
2024	 705,000	 11,128	 716,128		
	\$ 3,205,000	\$ 312,677	\$ 3,517,677		

^(*) Payment made in September 2018 for principal and interest due on October 1, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE G - NONCURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>Water Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2013</u>: On August 9, 2013, the Town issued \$28,130,000 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2013 (the "Series 2013 Bonds") to a financial institution to currently refund the outstanding principal balance of \$6,155,000 on the Water Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2002 and \$21,930,000 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2003. The refunding resulted in an economic gain (the difference between the present value of the debt service payments of the refunded and refunding bonds) of \$2,245,124 and reduced the total debt service payments by \$8,481,910. The Series 2013 Bonds are payable from and collateralized by the proceeds from pledged net revenues of the water system (as defined in the note agreement) and connection charges.

Interest on the Series 2013 Bonds is payable at 2.336% on each April 1 and October 1 and principal payments are due each October 1 through maturity on October 1, 2029. The debt service requirements of the Series 2013 Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2019 (*)	\$ -	\$ 206,482	\$ 206,482
2020	1,732,500	392,731	2,125,231
2021	1,557,000	354,313	1,911,313
2022	1,629,000	317,104	1,946,104
2023	1,623,500	279,119	1,902,619
2024 - 2028	8,135,500	827,044	8,962,544
2029 - 2030	 3,002,500	 66,786	 3,069,286
	\$ 17,680,000	\$ 2,443,579	\$ 20,123,579

^(*) Payment made in September 2018 for principal and interest due on October 1, 2018.

<u>Pledged Utility Revenues</u>: The Town has pledged the future net revenues (as defined in the bond resolutions and loan agreement, but generally customer revenues and connection charges, net of specified operating expenses) of the water utility system (the "System") to repay the outstanding revenue bonds and note issued to finance improvements to the System. The water revenue bonds and note are payable solely from the net revenues of the System through 2030. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds and note are expected to require less than 30 percent of the System net revenues. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the water revenue bonds and note is \$23,641,256 at September 30, 2018. Principal and interest paid on the water revenue bonds and net revenues of the System for 2018 were \$3,400,428 and \$12,336,787, respectively.

<u>Defeased Bonds</u>: At September 30, 2018, \$1,650,000 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds - Series 1992; \$3,205,000 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 1994; \$370,000 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds - Series 1997; \$3,205,000 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 1998; \$1,680,000 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2002; and \$17,635,000 Water Revenue Bonds - Series 2003 were outstanding and considered defeased.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE G - NONCURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>Capitalized Interest</u>: The Town early adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period*, which requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred. During the year ended September 30, 2018, the Town's Enterprise Funds incurred total interest charges of \$575,428, all of which was expensed.

<u>Annual Maturities</u>: The aggregate maturities for all long-term debt of the Town at September 30, 2018 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30		Principal		Interest		Total		
ocptember 50	-	1 IIICIpai	-	IIICICSt	-			
2019	\$	2,666,210	\$	731,075	\$	3,397,285		
2020		5,077,431		858,695		5,936,126		
2021		4,037,000		700,301		4,737,301		
2022		3,314,000		555,642		3,869,642		
2023		3,383,500		455,238		3,838,738		
2024 - 2028		11,155,500		986,710		12,142,210		
2029 - 2030		3,002,500		66,786		3,069,286		
	\$	32,636,141	\$	4,354,447	\$	36,990,558		

NOTE H - RESTRICTED ASSETS

Cash and investments held by the Town that are subject to externally imposed restrictions on their withdrawal and use for other than current operations are reported as restricted assets. Net position is restricted to the extent that restricted assets exceed the respective liabilities payable from restricted assets and any unspent bond proceeds.

Restricted investments and the related liabilities and restricted net position/fund balance of the governmental activities and governmental funds at September 30, 2018 are summarized as follows:

			Liabilities	т	T	D	
			yable From	Ĺ	Jnspent		estricted
	R	estricted	Restricted		Debt	Ne	t Position/
Governmental Activities / Funds	In	vestments	 Assets	<u> </u>	roceeds	Fui	nd Balance
Restricted for:							
Environmental land acquisition	\$	500,723	\$ -	\$	500,723	\$	_
Economic development		1,039,623	 		<u>-</u>		1,039,623
Total Governmental Funds	\$	1,540,346	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	500,723	\$	1,039,623

Restricted investments, cash and cash equivalents and the related liabilities and restricted net position of the business-type activities and enterprise funds at September 30, 2018 are summarized as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE H - RESTRICTED ASSETS (Continued)

	I	Restricted						
	In	vestments,	Lia	abilities				
	(Cash and	Paya	ble From	U	nspent	F	Restricted
Business-type Activities/		Cash	Re	estricted		Debt		Net
Enterprise Funds	Ec	<u>quivalents</u>		Assets	P	roceeds		Position
Debt Service Reserve Account	\$	256,792	\$	-	\$	-	\$	256,792
Construction Account		3,988,036		77,186		<u>-</u>	_	3,910,850
Total Enterprise Funds	\$	4,244,828	\$	77,186	\$	<u> </u>	\$	4,167,642

NOTE I - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2018 are summarized as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Community Redevelopment Fund	\$ 5,009,196
Community Redevelopment Fund	General Fund	75,000
Capital Improvements Fund	Community Redevelopment Fund	 1,491,440
		\$ 6,575,636

The outstanding balances between funds generally result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. The amount payable by the Community Redevelopment Fund is for initial working capital and property received from the General Fund and approximately \$565,000 of the balance is scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year. Interfund transfer activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, is summarized as follows:

Transfer To	Transfer From		Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	3,500,000
Community Redevelopment Fund	General Fund		657,286
Capital Improvements Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		19,427
Capital Improvements Fund	Building Fund		198,938
Water System Fund	Stormwater Fund		16,400
Water System Fund	Capital Improvements Fund		34,850
Stormwater Fund	Capital Improvements Fund		6,920
		<u>\$</u>	4,433,821

Transfers were used to: (1) move revenue from the fund that is required to collect it to the fund that is required or allowed to expend it; and, (2) use excess revenue collected in certain funds to finance various programs and projects accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE J - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

The Town of Jupiter administers one single-employer, defined benefit pension plan, the Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Trust (MPORT), which covers all sworn police officers. The Town also participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Trust Fund, both of which are multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit public employee retirement plans administered by the State of Florida. FRS and HIS cover all Town employees, excluding sworn police officers covered by MPORT. The net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions (net of Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date) and pension expense related to these retirement plans are summarized as follows at September 30, 2018:

		MPORT	 FRS	 HIS	 Total
Net pension liability	<u>\$</u>	7,695,744	\$ 13,696,418	\$ 5,453,756	\$ 26,845,818
Deferred outflows/inflows Deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$</u>	2,438,299	\$ 6,662,426	\$ 1,202,094	\$ 10,302,819
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	2,556,105	\$ 1,102,047	\$ 750,083	\$ 4,408,235
Pension Expense	\$	3,145,973	\$ 2,575,549	\$ 467,094	\$ 6,188,616

Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Trust (MPORT)

The Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Trust (MPORT) is a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan. The plan is administered by the MPORT pension board consisting of five members, two of which are Town residents appointed by the Town Council; two of which are police officers elected by members of the MPORT; and, one person selected by a majority of the other four members and appointed by the Town Council. The Board has the ability to make recommendations on establishing and amending pension plan provisions which can only be authorized by the Town Council. When the Town Council adopted Ordinance 9-95 on March 21, 1995, participation in the plan became mandatory for all full-time police officers entering employment on or after April 1, 1995.

The MPORT issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report. The MPORT financial report may be obtained by writing to the Finance Department, Town of Jupiter, 210 Military Trail, Jupiter, Florida 33458 or by calling (561) 746-5134. Membership in the MPORT was comprised of the following at October 1, 2018, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Active participants		96
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits		56
DROP participants		19
Terminated vested employees not receiving benefits		3
	Total	174

The Town is required to contribute an actuarially determined amount necessary to pay the annual normal cost of the plan plus the additional amount needed to amortize any unfunded accrued liability. Members hired prior to March 6, 2012, are referred to as "Tier One" employees and members hired on or after March 6, 2012, are referred to as "Tier Two" employees. Contributions by Plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by Town ordinance. Tier One employees, are required to contribute

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE J - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

8.78% of salary effective October 1, 2012; 9.25% of salary effective October 1, 2014; and, 10.00% of salary effective October 1, 2015. Tier Two employees are required to contribute 10.00% of salary. Pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 185, the State collects a tax on insurance premiums for property and casualty coverage and annually remits a contribution to the MPORT. Administrative costs of the MPORT are financed through investment earnings.

Retirement and Other Benefits

The MPORT provides retirement, death, and disability benefits for its members. Tier One employees may retire with normal benefits after the earlier of: (1) age 60; (2) age 55 with 10 years of credited service; or (3) when the total of the member's age, computed in terms of full months, plus the member's credited service, computed in terms of full months, equals 780 months. Tier Two employees may retire with normal benefits after the earlier of: (1) age 55 with 10 years of credited service; or (2) when the total of the member's age, computed in terms of full months, plus the member's credited service, computed in terms of full months, equals 840 months and the member has 25 years of credited service.

Normal retirement benefits are 3.0% (2.75% for Tier Two employees) of the member's average monthly salary multiplied by years of credited service at the normal retirement date (limited to 25 years for Tier Two employees). Average monthly salary for purposes of calculating benefits is the average of covered salary over the highest three years out of the last ten years of credited service. Reduced early retirement benefits are available once a member reaches age 50 and accumulates 10 years of credited service.

The early retirement benefit for Tier One employees is equal to the accrued benefit reduced by 3.0%, multiplied by the number of years by which the starting date of the benefit precedes age 55. For Tier Two employees, the early retirement benefit is equal to the accrued benefit reduced by 3.0% for every 24 months by which the starting date of the benefit precedes 840 months. The accrued benefit is that portion of a member's normal retirement benefit earned at any point in time. A supplemental benefit of \$100 per month is available for members, plus for members who retire on or after October 1, 2001, a monthly benefit equal to the lesser of (1) \$150 or (2) the greater of (a) \$30 or (b) \$5 multiplied by credited service. The supplemental benefit is reduced for early retirement. Members in DROP are not eligible to receive supplemental benefits until their DROP participation ends.

Eligibility for disability benefits begins from the member's date of hire. The amount of the monthly benefit due to a total and permanent disability is: (1) the greater of (a) 60% of the covered salary at the time of the member's disability or (b) the monthly income payable for ten years certain that can be provided by the single sum value of his/her accrued benefit; plus (2) the supplemental benefit. This benefit is payable until the member's death or recovery. Effective March 6, 2012, members with a disability not incurred in the line of duty are eligible for Disability Retirement benefits after completion of 10 years of service.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP)

Tier One Members are eligible to enter DROP at the Tier One Normal Retirement Date. Tier Two Members are eligible to enter DROP the first of the month coincident with or next following the earlier of: (1) the Tier Two Normal Retirement Date, or, (2) 22 years of Credited Service regardless of age with no reduction in the Tier Two Accrued Benefit for DROP entry prior to the Tier Two Normal Retirement Date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE J - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

The Accrued Benefit is frozen at DROP entry and accumulates in DROP. Participants in DROP are not eligible for death or disability benefits. The Supplemental Benefit is not payable while a Member is in DROP. The maximum DROP participation duration was extended from 5 years to 8 years effective March 6, 2012. Members in the DROP on March 6, 2012 were allowed to elect the 8 year DROP by agreeing to pay contributions at the employee contribution rate in effect at DROP entry for the remainder of the initial 5 years of DROP participation with 1/3 of these contributions credited to the members' DROP account. None of the members in DROP on March 6, 2012 exercised this option.

For Tier One members who enter DROP after March 6, 2012, employee contributions continue at the rate in effect on the date of entry into DROP for the first four years of DROP participation with 1/3 of these contributions credited to the members' DROP account. For Tier Two DROP entrants, employee contributions continue for all years of DROP participation with 1/4 of these contributions credited to the members' DROP account. Tier Two maximum DROP participation is based on creditable years of service.

The balance of amounts held under DROP was \$5,288,337 at September 30, 2018.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the MPORT are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Other expenses are recognized when the corresponding liabilities are incurred. Investment income is recognized as revenue when earned. Investments are reported at fair value. Money market mutual funds are reported at amortized cost, which approximates fair value, and are classified as investments in the financial statements. Investment securities are valued at the closing price reported on the national exchange on which the individual securities are actively traded. Securities that are not actively traded are valued using a matrix pricing technique based on the securities' relationship to quoted benchmark prices. Net asset values of commingled real estate funds are determined by the fund managers using the fair values of the underlying investments of the fund. Net appreciation or depreciation in the fair value of investments includes the difference between the fair value and cost of the investments held, as well as the net realized and unrealized gains and losses for securities sold during the period. Interest and dividend income are recognized on the accrual basis when earned. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded on a trade date basis. Investment earnings are reduced for investment related expenses, such as management fees, portfolio evaluation and custodial services. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Investments

<u>Investment Policy</u>: The policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by a majority vote of the Board of MPORT. It is the policy of the MPORT Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the investment portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The investment policy of MPORT discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE J - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

allocations over short time spans. There were no changes in the investment policy of MPORT for the year ended September 30, 2018.

The asset allocation policy adopted by the MPORT Board at September 30, 2018 was as follows:

Asset Class		
Domestic equity		32%
International equity		15
Bonds		24
Treasury inflation-protected securities (TIPS)		5
Convertible securities		8
Private real estate		5
Infrastructure		5
Real estate investment trusts (REITs)		5
Cash		1
	Total	100%

Rate of Return: For the year ended September 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on MPORT's investments, net of investment expenses, was 7.5%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expenses, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability for MPORT for the most recent actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2018, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$	83,052,751
Plan fiduciary net position		(75,357,007)
Net pension liability	<u>\$</u>	7,695,744
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		
of the total pension liability	<u></u>	90.7%

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The net pension liability of the MPORT was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2018, using the following significant actuarial assumptions:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE J - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percent of Pay - Closed Amortization
Amortization period	20 years
Asset valuation method	5 year smoothed market value
Investment rate of return (net of expenses,	
with inflation)	7.4%
Payroll growth	0.0%
Projected salary increases attributable to:	
Salary increases, including inflation	5.00% - 12.27%
Inflation	2.75%
Cost of living adjustments	3.0%
Mortality rates	Florida Retirement System
	Special Risk Employees' tables

<u>Changes in Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The actuarial assumptions used in the October 1, 2018 actuarial valuation of the Plan were changed from the prior actuarial valuation for: 1) the investment rate of return (discount rate) was decreased to 7.4% from 7.5%; 2) payroll growth was was decreased to 0.0% from 1.4%; and, 3) the assumption for line-of-duty death was reduced to 25% from 75%. Florida Statutes Section 112.64(5)(a) requires the payroll growth assumption not to exceed the average payroll growth for the prior ten years. The revised assumption for line-of-duty death was made to correspond to the FRS assumption.

The long-term expected rate of return on investments of the pension plans was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce a long-term expected rate of return of 7.4% by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target allocation as of September 30, 2018 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class

Domestic equity	8.12%
International equity	3.38
Bonds	3.55
Treasury inflation-protected securities (TIPS)	2.72
Convertible securities	6.68
Private real estate	4.87
Infrastructure	6.30
Real estate investment trusts (REITs)	6.79
Cash	.69

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.4% and was based on the expected rate of return on investments of the plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE J - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, MPORT's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments of the pension plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the projected total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The changes in the MPORT net pension liability were as follows for the year ended September 30, 2018:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Plan Net				Net	
		Pension	I	iduciary		Pension
		Liability	_N	et Position		Liability
Balances at October 1, 2017	\$	77,908,140	\$	69,605,542	\$	8,302,598
Changes for the Current Year						
Service cost		2,521,070		-		2,521,070
Interest		5,878,440		-		5,878,440
Benefit change		132,470		-		132,470
Difference between actual and						
expected experience		(986,328)		-		(986,328)
Assumption changes		850,361		-		850,361
Contributions – Town		-		2,476,765		(2,476,765)
Contributions - State of Florida		-		743,715		(743,715)
Contributions – employee		-		991,404		(991,404)
Net investment income		-		4,933,798		(4,933,798)
Benefit payments, including refunds						,
of employee contributions		(3,251,402)		(3,251,402)		-
Administrative expenses				(142,815)		142,815
Net Changes		5,144,611		5,751,465	_	(606,854)
Balances at September 30, 2018	\$	83,052,751	\$	75,357,007	\$	7,695,744

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following table presents the net pension liability of MPORT, calculated using the discount rate of 7.4%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.4%) or one percentage point higher (8.4%) than the current rate:

1.0%	Current			1.0%				
Decrease Discoun		Discount		Discount		Discount		ncrease
 (6.4%)	Rate (7.4%)			(8.4%)				
\$ 16,871,806	\$	7,695,744	\$	85,965				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE J - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the Town recognized pension expense of \$3,145,973 for MPORT. At September 30, 2018, the Town reported deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to MPORT pensions from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows	_	Deferred Inflows
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual investment	\$ 441,332 680,892	\$	1,430,270 29,906
earnings on pension plan investments	 1,316,075	_	1,095,929
Total	\$ 2,438,299	\$	2,556,105

Amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30,	 Amount
2019	\$ 764,000
2020	(581,260)
2021	(346,062)
2022	45,516

State of Florida Pension Plans

All regular, full-time employees of the Town, except police officers, are required to participate in the Florida Retirement System ("FRS") Pension Plan and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS") Trust Fund administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. FRS and HIS are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans with approximately 1,000 participating employers. FRS and HIS were established and are administered in accordance with Chapter 121 and Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, respectively.

FRS includes a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) available for eligible employees. Retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options. FRS membership is compulsory for employees filling regularly established positions in a state agency, county agency, state university, state community college, or district school board, unless restricted from FRS membership under sections 121.053 and 121.122, Florida Statutes, or allowed to participate in a defined contribution plan in lieu of FRS membership. Participation is optional for cities, municipalities, special districts, charter schools and metropolitan planning organizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE J - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

HIS membership is optional and available to all retirees under the state-administered retirement system, provided the retiree provides proof of health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare. Participation is compulsory for cities, municipalities, special districts, charter schools and metropolitan planning organizations that participate in FRS.

Benefits Provided: FRS provides retirement, survivor and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Pension benefits of FRS are established by Florida Statutes, Chapter 121, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. Retirement benefits are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation and service credit. Members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2001, through June 30, 2011, vest after six years of creditable service. Members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, vest after eight years of creditable service. HIS provides retirees and beneficiaries a monthly benefit equal to the number of years of creditable service completed at the time of retirement multiplied by \$5. The monthly benefit payment is established by Section 112.363, Florida Statutes and is at least \$30, but not more than \$150.

Town Contributions: FRS members are required to contribute 3.0% and no contribution is required for HIS members. Participating governments, including the Town, contribute to FRS at actuarially determined rates for various classes of employees, which are presently 6.60% of annual covered payroll for employees covered in the regular class, 22.40% for senior management class, 22.84% for special risk class, 47.04% for elected officials and 12.37% for employees covered in the FRS DROP program. Participating governments, including the Town, also contribute to HIS based on a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members, which is presently 1.66%. The Town's contributions to FRS and HIS for the year ended September 30, 2018 were \$1,598,982, which was equal to 100% of the required contributions for the year.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: FRS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due based upon plan assumptions. HIS uses a pay-as-you-go funding policy based on monthly employer contributions at a flat percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. Employer and employee contribution rates are established by State law as a level percentage of payroll. Employer contribution rates are determined using the entry-age actuarial cost method. The consulting actuary recommends rates based on the annual valuation, but actual contribution rates are established by the Florida Legislature.

<u>Publicly Available Financial Report</u>: The State of Florida issues a publicly available financial report for FRS and HIS that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The complete financial report is available on the Publications page of the Division of Retirement's website at www.frs.myflorida.com or by writing to the Research and Education Section at P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida, 32315-9000 or by calling toll free 877-377-1737 or 850-488-5706.

<u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>: The financial statements of FRS and HIS are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employee contributions are recognized in the period of time for which the contributions are assessed. Employer contributions are recognized in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefit payments,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE J - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of FRS and HIS. Other expenses are recognized when the corresponding liabilities are incurred. Investment income is recognized as revenue when earned. Investments are reported at fair value and are managed by external investment managers.

The independent investment custodian for FRS and HIS determines the fair value of securities using various third party pricing sources. For private market investments, where no readily ascertainable market value exists, fair values are based on net asset value (capital account balance) provided by investment managers at the closest available reporting period and adjusted for subsequent contributions and distributions. The net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments is recorded as an increase (decrease) to investment income based on the valuation of investments. Investment earnings are net of investment related expenses, such as management fees, portfolio evaluation and custodial services. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of FRS and HIS and the additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FRS and HIS.

<u>Payables to FRS and HIS</u>: There were no amounts payable to FRS or HIS by the Town at September 30, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources Related to FRS and HIS Pensions

At September 30, 2018, the Town reported a liability of \$13,696,418 and \$5,453,756 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of FRS and HIS, respectively. The net pension liability of each plan was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018 for FRS and July 1, 2018 for HIS. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governments, as actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the Town's FRS proportion was 0.045472054 percent, which was a decrease of 0.000011423 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017 and the HIS proportion was 0.051527758 percent, which was a decrease of 0.000823222 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the Town recognized pension expense of \$3,042,643 for FRS and HIS. At September 30, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to FRS pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE J - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

	 Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$ 1,160,293 4,475,323	\$	42,113
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	-		1,058,215
Changes in proportion and differences between Town contributions and proportionate share of contributions	647,518		1,719
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 315,015	_	
Total	\$ 6,598,149	\$	1,102,047

At September 30, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to HIS pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	83,495	\$	9,266
Changes in assumptions		606,525		576,617
Net difference between projected and actual investment				
earnings on pension plan investments		3,292		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Town				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		508,782		164,200
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	64,281	_	-
Total	\$	1,266,375	\$	750,083

Deferred outflows of resources related to FRS and HIS pensions of \$379,296 resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending <u>September 30,</u>	 FRS Amount	 HIS Amount
2019	\$ 1,864,794	\$ 132,461
2020	1,306,822	132,183
2021	274,835	109,800
2022	906,136	69,192
2023	641,559	(15,583)
Thereafter	186,941	23,958

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE J - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The total pension liability for FRS and HIS was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	FRS	HIS
Valuation date	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2018
Measurement date	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age
Amortization method	Level percent of pay, closed	Level percent of pay, closed
Equivalent single amortization period	30 years	30 years
Asset valuation method	5 year smoothed	Market value
Discount rate	7.00%	3.87%
Inflation	2.60%	2.60%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.25%	3.25%
Long-term expected rate of return, net of		
investment expenses	7.00%	N/A
Municipal bond rate	N/A	3.87%
Cost of living adjustments	3% pre-July 2011,	N/A
	0% thereafter	
Mortality rates	Mortality rates Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB	Mortality rates Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation of FRS were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2013. As a result of the actuarial experience study, the expectation of life after disability was adjusted in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation to more closely reflect actual experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on FRS investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are as follows:

<u>Changes in Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The discount rate for FRS changed from 7.10% for 2017 to 7.00% for 2018. The discount rate for HIS changed from 3.58% for 2017 to 3.87% for 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE J - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

	Long-Term Expected
	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	
Cash	2.9%
Fixed income	4.3
Global equity	6.3
Private equity	7.8
Strategic investments	5.7
Real estate (property)	6.0

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of FRS at June 30, 2018 was 7.0% for FRS and 3.87% for HIS. The FRS discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on FRS investments. The HIS discount rate was based on the municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that member contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position of FRS was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments of FRS was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the projected total pension liability. Because HIS uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 3.87% was used to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following table presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability of FRS and HIS at June 30, 2018, calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	FRS				HIS	
1.0%	Current	1.0%		1.0%	Current	1.0%
Decrease	Discount	Increase		Decrease	Discount	Increase
(6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	(8.00%)		(2.87%)	Rate (3.87%)	(4.87%)
\$ 24,996,538	\$ 13,696,418	<u>\$ 4,311,001</u>	<u>(</u>	\$ 6,211,508	<u>\$ 5,453,756</u>	<u>\$ 4,822,125</u>

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: Detailed information about the fiduciary net position of FRS is available in the separately issued FRS financial report, which is available on the Publications page of the Division of Retirement's website at www.frs.myflorida.com.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE K - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

Description of the Plan

The Town administers a single-employer defined benefit health care plan (the "Plan") that provides health care benefits to eligible retired employees and their beneficiaries. The Town Council has the authority to establish and amend the premiums for and the benefit provisions of the Plan. The Plan is financed on a "pay-as-you-go" basis and is not administered as a formal qualifying trust. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

The Town is required by Florida Statute 112.0801 to allow retirees to buy healthcare coverage at the same group insurance rates that current employees are charged, resulting in an *implicit* healthcare benefit. The State of Florida prohibits the Plan from separately rating retirees and active employees. The Plan therefore charges both groups an equal, blended rate premium. Although both groups are charged the same blended rate premium, GAAP requires the actuarial figures to be calculated using age adjusted premiums approximating claim costs for retirees separate from active employees. The use of age adjusted premiums results in the addition of the implicit rate subsidy into the actuarial accrued liability. Plan members receiving benefits contribute 100% of the monthly premium ranging from a minimum of \$305 for single coverage to a maximum of \$703 for single plus spousal coverage.

Plan Membership

Membership in the Plan was comprised of the following at September 30, 2018, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Active employees		372
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits		17
Inactive employees		0
	Total	389

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$3,100,285 was measured as of September 30, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial Methods and Significant Assumptions</u>: The actuarial methods and significant assumptions used to determine the Town's total OPEB liability for the current year are summarized as follows:

Valuation date September 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Post-retirement benefit increases None

Health care cost trend rates 7.0% per year initially, reduced annually by .5% to an ultimate rate of 4.5%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE K - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

Amortization method	Level Percent of Projected Salary - Closed
Remaining amortization period	10.5 years
Asset valuation method	$N/A^{(1)}$
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate - beginning of year	3.63%(2)
– end of year	$4.24\%^{(2)}$
Projected salary increases*	3.5%
* Includes inflation rate	2.0%

Mortality rates

RP-2014 generational table using scale MP-18 applied on a gender specific basis

- (1) The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is not administered as a formal qualifying trust. There were no plan assets as of September 30, 2018, the date of the most recent valuation.
- (2) Since there are currently no invested plan assets held in trust to finance the OPEB obligation, the discount rate is the long-term expected rate of return on tax-exempt, high quality municipal bonds based on the *Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index*.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The changes in the total OPEB liability were as follows for the year ended September 30, 2018:

Total OPEB liability at October 1, 2017	\$ 3,148,280
Changes for the Current Year	
Service cost	167,430
Interest	118,110
Changes in assumptions and other inputs	(209,355)
Benefit payments	(124,180)
Net Changes	(47,995)
Total OPEB liability at September 30, 2018	\$ 3,100,285

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect the change in the discount rate from 3.63% to 4.24% for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the Town calculated using the current discount rate of 4.24%, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.24%) or one percentage point higher (5.24%) than the current rate:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE K - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

1.0%		Current	1.0%
Decrease	I	Discount	Increase
 (3.24%)	Ra	ate (4.24%)	 (5.24%)
\$ 3,454,000	\$	3,100,285	\$ 2,795,000

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate: The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the Town calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rate of 7.0%, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower (6.0%) or one percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

1.0%		Current	1.0%
Decrease		Trend	Increase
 (6.0%)	Rate (7.0%)		 (8.0%)
\$ 2,572,000	\$	3,100,285	\$ 3,764,000

OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$267,407. At September 30, 2018, the Town reported deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferre	d	Deferred
	Outflov	vs	Inflows
Changes in assumptions and other inputs	\$		<u>\$ 191,223</u>

Amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending					
September 30,	<i>P</i>	Amount			
2019	\$	(18,132)			
2020		(18,132)			
2021		(18,132)			
2022		(18,132)			
2023		(18,132)			
Thereafter		(100,563)			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE L - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town is also subject to risk of loss arising in the ordinary course of business, including, but not limited to, claims for damages for personal injuries, employment-related claims, and breach of contract. Commercial insurance is purchased for certain specialized insurance coverages, including, but not limited to property, equipment, general liability, automobile, professional liability, and workers compensation. The Town uses the General Fund to account for all commercial insurance and retained risks of loss.

On January 1, 2015, the Town entered into a partially self-insured health plan with Cigna Health and Life Insurance Company as the third-party administrator. The Town is self-insured up to a stop loss of \$100,000 per claim and has purchased excess insurance for claims exceeding the stop loss for individual and aggregate claims from Cigna Health and Life Insurance Company.

The Town has recorded a claims liability of \$93,751 (all current) at September 30, 2018. This claims liability reflects claims development for group health insurance. The liability falls within the actuarially determined range, from a valuation for all claims based upon the date the loss was incurred and includes a provision for claims incurred but not yet reported (IBNR).

The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated annually to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of payouts), and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, such as those from subrogation, are also considered in the claims liability estimate. The following summarizes the claims liability activity for 2018 and 2017:

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	,	ginning of iscal Year	 Claims Expense				End of scal Year
2017 2018	\$	152,408 211,810	\$ 4,074,762 4,227,468	\$	6 (4,015,360) (4,345,527)	\$	211,810 93,751

For each of the past three years, there have been no settlements that have exceeded the Town's insurance coverage. The claims liability at September 30, 2018 was all current.

As a political subdivision of the State of Florida, the Town has sovereign immunity under the Florida Constitution for tort actions. Therefore, in accordance with Chapter 768.28 Laws of Florida, the Town is not liable to pay a claim or judgment, or any portions thereof, which when totaled with all other claims or judgments paid by the State or its agencies or subdivisions arising out of the same incident or occurrence, exceeds the aggregate sum of \$300,000. Chapter 768.28 also provides that judgments may be claimed or rendered in excess of these limits; however, these amounts must be reported to and approved by the Florida Legislature.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE M - FUND DEFICIT

The Community Redevelopment Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$4,720,286 at September 30, 2018. The majority of this amount represents a loan from the General Fund used to fund expenditures for property acquired in the CRA district. The loan will be paid from future tax increment revenues. In the event the future tax increment revenues are not sufficient, the Town plans to transfer funds from the General Fund to cover the deficit.

NOTE N - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

<u>Contract Commitments</u>: The Town has uncompleted construction contracts for improvements to the water system, stormwater system, infrastructure and other improvements. The water system and stormwater system construction is funded primarily from capital contributions. General revenues and impact fees fund the infrastructure and other improvements. At September 30, 2018, the remaining commitments on all uncompleted contracts were \$1,996,116. The outstanding contract commitments at September 30, 2018, are summarized as follows:

-		Contract				etainage	Remaining Contract	
	Amount Payments		Payments	P	ayable	Commitment		
Capital Improvements Fund	\$	2,465,600	\$	2,236,044	\$	120,937	\$	108,619
Water System Fund		2,054,227		834,035		77,186		1,143,006
Stormwater Fund		920,866		188,082		18,293		714,491
	\$	5,440,693	\$	3,258,161	\$	216,416	\$	1,996,116

In addition to the above contract commitments, the Town awarded a construction contract in July 2018 for upgrades to the Town's municipal complex, including the construction of a new Police Department facility and Data Center for the Town's information technology infrastructure. Final approval of the construction phase of the contract is subject to the contractor providing a guaranteed maximum price for the project that is acceptable to the Town Council. The project is currently in the design phase and approval is expected in early 2019. The Town has budgeted approximately \$35 million for the proposed project that is expected to be completed in phases through the year 2022.

Harbourside Tax Increment Incentive Agreement The Harbourside Development ("Harbourside") is a \$150 million, Town Center project completed in 2014 and located on approximately 10 acres of waterfront property along the Intracoastal Waterway within the boundaries of the Town's Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA). Pursuant to State statutory authority for public-private partnerships to rehabilitate and develop properties within a Community Development Area, the Town's CRA entered into a tax incentive agreement with the Harbourside developer to provide a rebate of the tax increment funds received by the CRA in future years equal to 50% of the tax increment revenue from the economic development of the Harbourside property, up to \$350,000 annually, for a period of 15 years following completion. The third annual rebate of tax increment funds to the developer was calculated to be \$240,661 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. The total liability of \$704,510, which includes the annual rebate for all years through September 30, 2018, was accrued in the Community Redevelopment Fund at September 30, 2018, but was not paid by the CRA due to current litigation between the Town and the developer.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

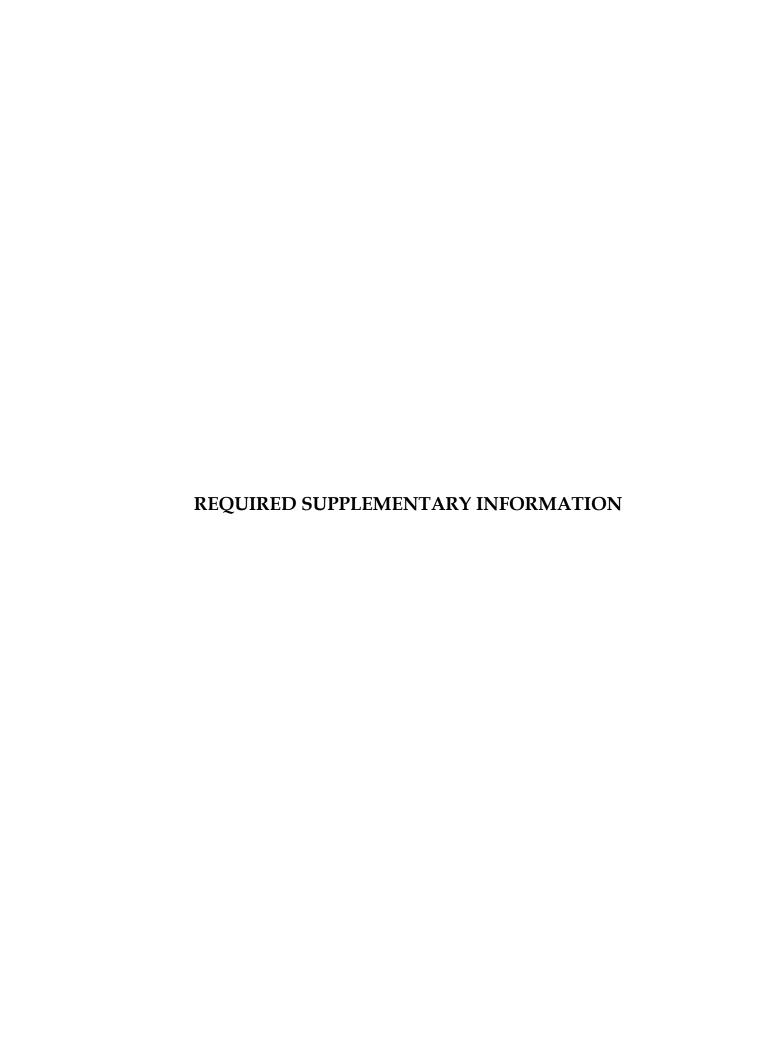
NOTE N - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

Cost Sharing Agreement: The Town entered into an agreement with the City of Palm Beach Gardens, Florida, ("PBG") and the Town of Juno Beach, Florida, ("Juno") to share costs related to public safety dispatch services. The agreement is for a five-year period ending September 30, 2021. The Dispatch Services are provided by PBG which operates the dispatch center. Each municipality's share of the operating costs are based upon the percentage of each municipality's population as compared to the total population of all the contracting municipalities being served. The Town's costs related to the agreement were approximately \$1,893,000 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Economic Development Loan Guarantees: In 2006, the Town established a \$3 million economic development initiative to assist biotechnology businesses in relocating to or expanding in northern Palm Beach County and generating jobs for north county residents. The Town's program provides direct loans and loan guarantees to qualifying companies. Generally, the companies negotiate financing for their proposed project with a participating local financial institution and the Town provides a loan guarantee in the form of a certificate of deposit pledged by the Town to the financial institution. The lender has the right to immediately draw against the pledged certificate of deposit in the event of a default by the borrower with the covenants and obligations of the loan. At September 30, 2018, the Town had pledged certificates of deposit totaling approximately \$1,040,000 to a financial institution as collateral for outstanding loan guarantees of approximately \$952,000 under the economic development program. The outstanding loan guarantees expire through 2020, at which time the pledged certificates of deposit mature and the funds will be released to the Town.

<u>Infrastructure Equity</u>: Beginning in 2012, the Town entered into agreements with various homeowner associations (HOA) for the maintenance of certain rights of way including streets, sidewalks and storm drainage infrastructure items within the HOA developments. The HOAs transferred title of these infrastructure right of way assets to the Town, which were recognized as contributed capital and capital assets. The HOAs agreed to make payments to the Town annually over a period of 4 to 10 years, in amounts ranging from \$2,465 to \$33,025 to compensate the Town for the cost of maintaining the right of way assets.

<u>Litigation</u>: The Town is a defendant in lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of normal operations. Although the ultimate outcome of these lawsuits cannot be determined at the present time, it is the opinion of management based upon consultation with legal counsel, that the outcome of these actions will not materially affect the financial position of the Town.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -GENERAL FUND - GAAP BASIS

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 29,615,729	\$ 29,615,729	\$ 29,850,650	\$ 234,921	
Franchise fees	4,899,000	4,899,000	4,780,075	(118,925)	
Licenses and permits	611,000	611,000	797,535	186,535	
Intergovernmental revenue	2,652,045	2,652,045	3,012,564	360,519	
Charges for services	5,797,735	6,051,863	6,359,823	307,960	
Cost allocation	1,647,133	1,647,133	1,647,133	-	
Fines and forfeitures	189,500	189,500	317,617	128,117	
Investment earnings	559,767	559,767	685,407	125,640	
Donations	15,000	15,000	23,106	8,106	
Miscellaneous	136,000	206,224	458,952	252,728	
Total Revenues	46,122,909	46,447,261	47,932,862	1,485,601	
Other Financing Sources			44.004	44.004	
Sale of capital assets Appropriated fund balance	-	- 1,601,366	44,891	44,891 (1,601,366)	
Transfers	3,800,000	3,800,000	3,500,000	(300,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources	3,800,000	5,401,366	3,544,891	(1,856,475)	
Total Revenues and					
Other Financing Sources	\$ 49,922,909	\$ 51,848,627	\$ 51,477,753	\$ (370,874)	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND - GAAP BASIS (Continued)

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
Town Council					
Personal services	\$ 62,504	\$ 62,504	\$ 59,574	\$ 2,930	
Operating expenditures	166,861	164,861	164,990	(129)	
Donations	40,000	47,000	46,500	500	
	269,365	274,365	271,064	3,301	
Town Manager					
Personal services	642,220	627,639	529,033	98,606	
Operating expenditures	35,300	50,381	41,808	8,573	
	677,520	678,020	570,841	107,179	
Town Clerk					
Personal services	488,389	488,389	489,044	(655)	
Operating expenditures	78,612	78,612	46,727	31,885	
	567,001	567,001	535,771	31,230	
Neighborhood					
Personal services	282,477	282,477	278,820	3,657	
Operating expenditures	88,580	126,956	53,346	73,610	
1 0 1	371,057	409,433	332,166	77,267	
External Affairs					
Personal services	611,311	611,311	604,325	6,986	
Operating expenditures	180,486	180,486	164,836	15,650	
of the second	791,797	791,797	769,161	22,636	
Finance					
Personal services	870,567	870,567	873,252	(2,685)	
Operating expenditures	39,643	39,643	28,040	11,603	
o permitting emperitation	910,210	910,210	901,292	8,918	
Business Development					
Personal services	323,504	323,504	298,439	25,065	
Operating expenditures	17,948	37,517	14,794	22,723	
operating experientares	341,452	361,021	313,233	47,788	
Town Attorney					
Operating expenditures	350,320	350,320	288,676	61,644	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND - GAAP BASIS (Continued)

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Information Systems				
Personal services	\$ 1,317,185	\$ 1,317,185	\$ 1,099,241	\$ 217,944
Operating expenditures	1,418,053	1,460,707	1,268,125	192,582
Capital outlay	69,978	99,761	70,917	28,844
	2,805,216	2,877,653	2,438,283	439,370
Human Resources				
Personal services	556,928	556,928	495,204	61,724
Operating expenditures	221,385	236,909	136,586	100,323
	778,313	793,837	631,790	162,047
Planning and Zoning				
Personal services	1,594,664	1,594,664	1,512,736	81,928
Operating expenditures	317,676	317,676	262,829	54,847
	1,912,340	1,912,340	1,775,565	136,775
Other General Government				
Personal services	10,000	10,000	2,348	7,652
Operating expenditures	7,011,067	7,558,448	7,038,111	520,337
	7,021,067	7,568,448	7,040,459	527,989
Total General Government	16,795,658	17,494,445	15,868,301	1,626,144
PUBLIC SAFETY				
Code Compliance				
Personal services	589,171	589,171	548,708	40,463
Operating expenditures	107,126	112,347	72,666	39,681
Capital outlay	23,353	66,361	66,171	190
	719,650	767,879	687,545	80,334
Police				
Personal services	17,584,097	17,539,097	17,585,951	(46,854)
Operating expenditures	3,596,397	4,096,207	3,874,035	222,172
Capital outlay	15,000	255,035	207,805	47,230
	21,195,494	21,890,339	21,667,791	222,548
Total Public Safety	21,915,144	22,658,218	22,355,336	302,882

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND - GAAP BASIS (Continued)

		l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
ENGINEERING AND PUBLIC WORKS				
Engineering	ф 1 007 707	ф 1 007 707	ф 1 2 00 020	Ф 27.700
Personal services	\$ 1,327,727 69,720	\$ 1,327,727 259,865	\$ 1,299,938	\$ 27,789
Operating expenditures Capital outlay	33,000	22,650	205,019	54,846
Capital outlay	1,430,447	1,610,242	22,606 1,527,563	82,679
	1,430,447	1,010,242	1,527,505	02,079
Public Works				
Personal services	3,228,424	3,228,424	3,230,367	(1,943)
Operating expenditures	2,864,480	2,903,923	2,616,675	287,248
Capital outlay	73,900	261,853	44,737	217,116
	6,166,804	6,394,200	5,891,779	502,421
Total Engineering and Public Works	7,597,251	8,004,442	7,419,342	585,100
CULTURE AND RECREATION				
Parks and Recreation				
Personal services	1,664,646	1,708,708	1,582,558	126,150
Operating expenditures	1,057,627	1,051,822	911,821	140,001
Capital outlay	234,000	272,409	272,172	237
Total Culture and Recreation	2,956,273	3,032,939	2,766,551	266,388
				<u> </u>
Total Expenditures	49,264,326	51,190,044	48,409,530	2,780,514
Other Financing Uses				
Transfers out	658,583	658,583	657,286	1,297
	658,583	658,583	657,286	1,297
Total Expenditures and				
Other Financing Uses	49,922,909	51,848,627	49,066,816	2,781,811
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	2,410,937	\$ 2,410,937
Reconciliation to GAAP basis statements: Insurance expenditures over reimbursements			(233,930)	
Net change in fund balance - GAAP basis			\$ 2,177,007	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT FUND - GAAP BASIS

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original	Final		Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	1,936,957	\$	1,936,957	\$ 1,273,965	\$	(662,992)
Intergovernmental		-		225,000	-		(225,000)
Charges for services		92,036		92,036	91,536		(500)
Investment earnings		1,000		1,000	9,664		8,664
Donations		610,000		610,000	-		(610,000)
Miscellaneous	_				 21,250		21,250
Total Revenues		2,639,993		2,864,993	 1,396,415		(1,468,578)
EXPENDITURES							
General government							
Personal services		215,765		215,765	135,916		79,849
Operating expenditures		1,017,505		1,029,740	641,980		387,760
Capital outlay		2,212,364		1,297,680	29,581		1,268,099
Interest and fiscal charges		205,752		205,752	 202,707		3,045
Total Expenditures		3,651,386		2,748,937	 1,010,184		1,738,753
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,011,393)		116,056	386,231		270,175
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		-		-	657,286		657,286
Transfers out		(403,515)		(403,515)	-		403,515
Appropriated fund balance		1,414,908		287,459			(287,459)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,011,393		(116,056)	 657,286		773,342
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	_	\$		\$ 1,043,517	\$	1,043,517

NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE A - BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Annual budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund, Community Redevelopment Fund, all debt service funds and the Capital Improvements Fund. The budgets represent departmental appropriations as authorized by Town ordinance. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level. The Town Manager has the authority to approve all budget transfers within a department. Budget transfers between departments and transfers involving appropriation of additional revenues require the approval of the Town Council. Accordingly, the Town's legal level of budgetary control is at the department level.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, supplemental budget appropriations of \$1,925,718 for the General Fund and budget reductions of \$902,449 for the Community Redevelopment Fund were approved by the Town Council during the year. Total expenditures may not legally exceed total fund appropriations including any budgeted fund balance from prior years. All annual appropriations lapse at year end. The budget amounts presented reflect the original budget and the amended budget based on legally authorized revisions to the original budget during the year.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary control in the General Fund. Encumbrances lapse at year end and become obligations of the subsequent year's budget. At September 30, 2018, the Town had commitments related to unperformed contracts, which have been re-appropriated in the 2018-2019 annual budget. These amounts are not included in the current year's expenditures as reported in the budgetary comparison schedules.

NOTE B - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISONS

The budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund is prepared under the GAAP basis of accounting used in preparing the appropriated budget, except that the Town's self-insurance operations accounted for in the GAAP basis General Fund financial statements are not budgeted in the General Fund. As a result, the expenditures reported in the General Fund budgetary comparison schedule differ from that reported on the GAAP basis by the amount that insurance expenditures exceeded related insurance reimbursements.

The budgetary comparison schedule for the Community Redevelopment Fund is prepared under the GAAP basis of accounting used in preparing the appropriated budget. As a result, the revenue and expenditures reported in the budgetary comparison schedule for the Community Redevelopment Fund agree with that reported on the GAAP basis.

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Trust

Last Five Fiscal Years

	M	Measurement Date September 30,		
		2018		2017
Total Pension Liability				
Service cost	\$	2,521,070	\$	2,582,297
Interest		5,878,440		5,599,862
Changes of benefit terms		132,470		20,996
Differences between expected and actual experience		(986,328)		(1,242,300)
Changes of assumptions		850,361		44,485
Benefit payments, including refunds		(3,251,402)		(3,201,705)
Net change in total pension liability		5,144,611		3,803,635
Total pension liability, beginning of fiscal year		77,908,140		74,104,505
Total pension liability, end of fiscal year (a)	\$	83,052,751	\$	77,908,140
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions				
Employer	\$	2,476,765	\$	2,211,161
State of Florida		743,715		632,241
Plan members		991,404		975,895
Net investment income (loss)		4,933,798		6,163,642
Benefit payments, including refunds		(3,251,402)		(3,201,705)
Administration expense		(142,815)		(133,665)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		5,751,465	·	6,647,569
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of fiscal year		69,605,542		62,957,973
Plan fiduciary net position, end of fiscal year (b)	\$	75,357,007	\$	69,605,542
Net Pension Liability, end of fiscal year [(a)-(b)]	\$	7,695,744	\$	8,302,598
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage				
of Total Pension Liability		90.7%		89.3%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	9,612,905	\$	9,725,993
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage				
of Covered Employee Payroll		80.1%		85.4%

Notes to Schedule:

Information prior to adoption of GASB Statement No. 67 in fiscal year 2014 is not available.

Effective with the October 1, 2015 actuarial valuation, the mortality table was revised to the mortality assumption used for special risk employees of the Florida Retirement System.

Payroll growth rate changed from 1.8% to 1.4% effective with the October 1, 2017 actuarial valuation and to zero with the October 1, 2018 actuarial valuation.

The investment rate of return changed from 7.5% to 7.4% effective with the October 1, 2018 actuarial valuation.

Measurement Date September 30,

	2016		2015		2014
\$	2,364,103	\$	2,342,424	\$	2,331,725
Ψ	5,122,104	Ψ	4,813,173	Ψ	4,566,837
	119,360		4,013,173		4,500,057
	1,544,666		(51,881)		(1,448,507)
	-		(428,678)		53,064
	(2,712,827)		(2,334,850)		(2,013,388)
	6,437,406		4,340,188		3,489,731
	67,667,099		63,326,911		59,837,180
\$	74,104,505	\$	67,667,099	\$	63,326,911
Ψ	7 1,10 1,505	Ψ	07,007,055	Ψ	00,020,711
\$	2,251,726	\$	2,374,127	\$	2,431,252
·	730,605		559,470	•	527,943
	903,805		783,141		666,691
	4,860,116		(1,126,145)		4,769,815
	(2,712,827)		(2,334,850)		(2,013,388)
	(143,660)		(130,608)		(124,608)
	5,889,765		125,135		6,257,705
	57,068,208		56,943,073		50,685,368
\$	62,957,973	\$	57,068,208	\$	56,943,073
_		_			
\$	11,146,532	\$	10,598,891	\$	6,383,838
	85.0%		84.3%		89.9%
				_	
\$	9,049,623	\$	7,983,304	\$	7,557,207
	123.2%		132.8%		84.5%

Schedule of Town Contributions - Municipal Police Officrs' Retirement Trust

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,

					,		
	2018		2017		2016		 2015
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to actuarially	\$	2,476,765	\$	2,159,386	\$	2,168,424	\$ 2,297,194
determined contribution		2,476,765		2,211,161		2,251,726	2,374,127
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	(51,775)	\$	(83,302)	\$ (76,933)
Covered employee payroll	\$	9,612,905	\$	9,725,993	\$	9,049,623	\$ 7,983,304
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		25.8%		22.7%		24.9%	29.7%

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarial valuation date: 10/1/2018

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated at October 1st, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are paid.

Methods and asumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percent of Payroll, Closed
Amortization period:	
Gains and losses	20 years
Assumption, method and plan changes	20 years
Asset valuation method	5 Year Smoothed Market
Inflation, per year	2.75%
Salary increases (with inflation), per year	5% - 12.27%
Investment rate of return (net of expenses, with inflation), per year	7.4%
Payroll growth	0.0%
Cost of living adjustments	3.0%
Retirement age - Tier One unisex rates	
Each year member is eligible for early retirement	5%
Year in which member attains normal retirement	80%
Each of the fours years following normal retirement date	40%
Fifth year following normal retirement date	100%

Retirement age - Tier Two members are assumed to retire at a rate of 100% upon reaching unreduced benefit eligibility (the earlier of (1) age 55 with 10 years of service, (2) rule of 70, but not earlier than age 50, or (3) at 22 years of service for DROP entry.

Mortality Florida Retirement System Special Risk employees' tables

Benefit changes: None after 2014

Changes in actuarial assumptions:

Effective with the October 1, 2015 actuarial valuation, the mortality assumption was changed from RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Scale AA to the mortality assumptions used by the Florida Retirement System Special Risk employees.

Effective with the October 1, 2017 actuarial valuation the payroll growth rate changed from 1.8% to 1.4%. Effective with the October 1, 2018 actuarial valuation: 1) the investment rate of return changed from 7.5% to 7.4%; 2) the payroll growth rate changed from 1.4% to 0.0%; and 3) the assumption for line-of-duty death was reduced from 75% to 25%.

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,

2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
\$ 2,426,404	\$ 2,473,921	\$ 2,082,682	\$ 3,141,755	\$ 2,945,799	\$ 2,932,853
 2,431,252	 2,473,921	 2,082,682	 3,176,637	2,945,801	 2,932,853
\$ (4,848)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (34,882)	\$ (2)	\$ -
\$ 7,557,207	\$ 7,340,693	\$ 7,371,364	\$ 8,317,710	\$ 8,291,082	\$ 7,928,291
 32.2%	 33.7%	 28.3%	 38.2%	 35.5%	 37.0%

Schedule of Money-Weighted Rate of Return -Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Trust

Last Nine Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Money- Weighted Rate of <u>Return</u>
2018	7.5%
2017	10.2%
2016	8.9%
2015	(1.5)%
2014	9.9%
2013	12.4%
2012	17.5%
2011	0.2%
2010	8.5%

Notes to Schedule:

The money-weighted rate of return considers the changing amounts estimated as invested during a period and weights the amount of pension plan investments by the proportion of time they are available to earn a return during that period. Cash flows are estimated on a monthly basis and are assumed to occur at the beginning of each month. Cash inflows are netted with cash outflows, resulting in a net cash flow in each month. The money-weighted rate of return is calculated net of investment expenses.

Information prior to 2010 is not available.

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan

Last Five Fiscal Years

	M	easuremei	nt Date	nt Date June 30,		
	2	2018		2017		
Town's proportion of the net pension liability	0.04	5472054%	0.	.045483477%		
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 13	3,696,418	\$	13,453,707		
Town covered payroll	\$ 10	6,833,609	\$	16,715,630		
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of Town covered payroll		81.36%		80.49%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		84.3%		83.9%		
Notes to Schedule:						
Actuarial valuation date Actuarial measurement date				/1/2018 30/2018		
Actuarial methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates: Discount rate - 2018				7.00%		
Discount rate - 2017				7.10%		
Discount rate - 2017 Discount rate - 2016				7.60%		
Discount rate - 2014 to 2015				7.65%		
Actuarial cost method				ual Entry Age		
Amortization method			Leve	l Percent of oll, Closed		
Amortization period:			1 ayı	on, Closed		
Gains and losses			3	0 years		
Assumption, method and plan changes			3	0 years		
Asset valuation method				larket Value		
T (1 a)			,	r smoothed		
Inflation, per year				2.60%		
Salary increases (with inflation), per year				3.25% 7.00%		
Investment rate of return (net of expenses, with inflation), per year				3.25%		
Payroll growth Cost of living adjustments				ore-July 2011		
cost of fiving adjustments			_	thereafter		
Retirement age				ies by tier		
				ember class		
Mortality				RP 2000		
,				ality Table		
				cale BB		

Information prior to adoption of GASB Statement No. 67 by the Florida Retirement System in fiscal year 2014 is not available.

Measurement Date June 30,

2016	2016 2015			
0.042422942%	0.039923440%	0.039630951%		
\$ 10,711,826	\$ 5,156,648	\$ 2,418,071		
\$ 15,116,119	\$ 13,301,876	\$ 13,496,363		
70.86%	38.77%	17.92%		
84.9%	92.0%	96.1%		

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Florida Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Trust Fund

Last Five Fiscal Years

	Measurement	Date June 30,
	2018	2017
Town's proportion of the net pension liability	0.051527758%	0.052350980%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,453,756	\$ 5,597,608
Town covered payroll	\$ 16,833,609	\$ 16,715,630
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of Town covered payroll	32.40%	33.49%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	2.2%	1.6%
Notes to Schedule:		
Actuarial valuation date Actuarial measurement date		7/1/2018 6/30/2018
Actuarial methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates: Discount rate - 2018		3.87%
Discount rate - 2017		3.58%
Discount rate - 2016		2.85%
Discount rate - 2015		3.80%
Discount rate - 2014		4.29%
Actuarial cost method	I	ndividual Entry Age
Amortization method		Level Percent of
Amortization period:		Payroll, Closed
Gains and losses		30 years
Assumption, method and plan changes		30 years
Asset valuation method		Fair Market Value
Inflation, per year		2.60%
Salary increases (with inflation), per year		3.25%
Investment rate of return (net of expenses, with inflation), per year		N/A
Payroll growth		N/A
Cost of living adjustments		N/A
Retirement age		N/A
Mortality		RP 2000
		Mortality Table
		Scale BB

Information prior to adoption of GASB Statement No. 67 by the Florida Retirement System in fiscal year 2014 is not available.

Measurement Date June 30,

2016	2015	2014				
0.048949110%	0.044077343%	0.044922742%				
\$ 5,704,816	\$ 4,495,196	\$ 4,200,386				
\$ 15,116,119	\$ 13,301,876	\$ 13,496,363				
37.74%	33.79%	31.12%				
1.0%	0.5%	1.0%				

Schedule of Town Contributions Florida Retirement System FRS and HIS Plans

Last Five Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ended September 30,			
		2018		2017
Florida Retirement System (FRS)				
Contractually required Town contribution	\$	1,319,143	\$	1,160,342
Contributions in relation to the contractually required Town contribution		1,319,143		1,160,342
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	
Town covered payroll	\$	16,861,444	\$	16,392,069
Contributions as a percentage of Town covered payroll		7.82%		7.08%
Florida Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS)				
Contractually required Town contribution	\$	279,839	\$	271,789
Contributions in relation to the contractually required Town contribution		279,839		271,789
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	
Town covered payroll	\$	16,861,444	\$	16,392,069
Contributions as a percentage of Town covered payroll		1.66%		1.66%

Note to Schedule:

Information prior to adoption of GASB Statement No. 67 by the Florida Retirement System in fiscal year 2014 is not available.

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,

2016		2015	2014
\$ 1,082,756	\$	997,371	\$ 868,086
1,082,756		997,371	 868,086
\$ -	\$		\$ -
\$ 15,373,489	\$	13,944,152	\$ 13,121,419
 7.04%	_	7.15%	 6.62%
\$ 255,186	\$	191,501	\$ 153,890
255,186		191,501	 153,890
\$ _	\$	-	\$ -
\$ 15,373,489	\$	13,944,152	\$ 13,121,419
1.66%		1.37%	1.17%

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Current Fiscal Year

		Date eptember 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$	167,430
Interest		118,110
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		(209,355)
Benefit payments		(124,180)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(47,995)
Total OPEB liability, beginning of fiscal year		3,148,280
Total OPEB liability, en	nd of fiscal year \$	3,100,285
Town Covered Employee Payroll	\$	27,676,807
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage		
of Town Covered Employee Payroll		11.2%

Notes to Schedule:

Information prior to adoption of GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2018 is not available.

The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is not administered as a formal qualifying trust. There were no plan assets as of the date of the most recent valuation. Since there are currently no invested plan assets held in trust to finance the OPEB obligation, the discount rate is the long-term expected rate of return on tax-exempt, high quality municipal bonds based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index.

Changes in actuarial assumptions:

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each year. The following are the discount rates used for each fiscal year:

2018	4.24%
2017	3 63%

COMBINING FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AN INDIVIDUAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEI	

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action.

Road Impact Fee Fund – This fund accounts for all road impact fees collected, investment earnings and the expenditure of these funds, which are used solely for the purpose of constructing or improving roads, streets, highways and bridges in the Jupiter road network system.

Recreation Impact Fee Fund – This fund accounts for recreation impact fees collected, investment earnings and the expenditure of these funds, which are used solely for capital facility costs for parks and recreation facilities to serve new development.

Police Impact Fee Fund – This fund accounts for police impact fees collected, investment earnings and the expenditure of these funds, which are used solely for new police related capital improvement costs that add capacity to serve new development.

Juvenile First Offender Fund – This fund accounts for all donations, investment earnings and the expenditure of these funds, which are used solely for the Town's Juvenile First Offender Program.

Law Enforcement Grant Fund – This fund accounts for Local Law Enforcement Block Grant funds, the related investment earnings and the expenditure of these funds, which are used solely for projects to reduce crime and improve public safety.

Law Enforcement Fund – This fund accounts for revenue received from confiscated and forfeited properties from cases involving the Town's police department. Expenditures from this fund are generally for police education and training programs and equipment.

Infrastructure Surtax Fund – This fund accounts for the distributions received from the State of Florida for the Local Infrastructure Sales Surtax that are to be used for infrastructure capital improvement projects.

Workforce Housing Trust Fund – This fund accounts for fees and expenditures relating to the Town's workforce housing program.

Debt Service Funds - Debt Service Funds are used to account for assets held for the repayment of principal and interest on debt reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

Sales Tax Revenue Bond Debt Service Fund – This fund accounts for distributions received from the State of Florida for the Local Government Half-Cent Sales Tax that are pledged for payment of principal, interest and related fiscal charges on the \$1,770,000 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2008 and \$5,270,000 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2013.

Community Center Debt Service Fund – This fund accounts for dedicated property tax revenues and the related interest earnings that are used for payments of principal, interest and related fiscal charges on the \$11,330,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2001 used to finance the Town's Community Center and the \$17,000,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005 used to finance the acquisition of environmentally sensitive lands.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2018

		Special Revenue					
		Road Impact Fee Fund	Recreation Impact Fee Fund	Police Impact Fee Fund	Juvenile First Offender Fund		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 3,017,975	\$ 556,828	\$ 66,851	\$ 3,339		
Investments		762,426	178,378	20,317			
	Total Assets	\$ 3,780,401	\$ 735,206	\$ 87,168	\$ 3,339		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts payable	Total Liabilities	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 12,640 12,640	\$ - -		
FUND BALANCES Restricted for:							
Debt service		2 700 401	725 206	-	-		
Capital projects Law enforcement		3,780,401	735,206	74 520	2 220		
Law emorcement	Total Fund Balances	3,780,401	735,206	74,528 74,528	3,339		
	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 3,780,401	\$ 735,206	\$ 87,168	\$ 3,339		
	ruilu Dalalices	φ 3,760,401	φ 733,200	ψ 67,100	$\varphi = 3,339$		

Special Revenue					Debt Service						
				Workforce		Sales Tax		Co	mmunity	Total	
	Law	In	frastructure		Housing	Revenue Bond Center		Nonmajor			
Enf	forcement		Surtax		Trust	Debt Service Debt Service		bt Service	Governmental		
	Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds
\$	67,345	\$	6,639,989	\$	1,807,206	\$	1,557,083	\$	445,270	\$	14,161,886
							-				961,121
\$	67,345	\$	6,639,989	\$	1,807,206	\$	1,557,083	\$	445,270	\$	15,123,007
\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	12,640 12,640
	67,345 67,345	_	- 6,639,989 - 6,639,989	_	1,807,206 - 1,807,206		1,557,083 - - 1,557,083		445,270 - - 445,270	_	2,002,353 12,962,802 145,212 15,110,367
\$	67,345	\$	6,639,989	\$	1,807,206	\$	1,557,083	\$	445,270	\$	15,123,007

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue											
	Road Impact Fee Fund	Recreation Impact Fee Fund	Police Impact Fee Fund	Juvenile First Offender Fund	Law Enforcement Grant Fund							
REVENUES												
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -							
Impact fees	227,990	132,179	23,228	-	-							
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	555							
Investment earnings	14,346	3,357	381	-	-							
Miscellaneous												
Total Revenues	242,336	135,536	23,609		555							
EXPENDITURES												
Current												
General government	-	_	_	_	_							
Public safety	_	_	34,937	_	555							
Capital outlay	-	-	41,682	-	-							
Debt service												
Principal	-	-	-	-	-							
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-							
Total Expenditures			76,619	-	555							
Revenues Over (Under)												
Expenditures	242,336	135,536	(53,010)	-	-							
OTHER FINANCING USES SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers out	(17,069)	(2,358)	-	-	-							
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(17,069)	(2,358)										
Net Change in Fund Balances	225,267	133,178	(53,010)	-	-							
Fund balances at beginning of year	3,555,134	602,028	127,538	3,339								
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 3,780,401	\$ 735,206	\$ 74,528	\$ 3,339	\$ -							

		Special	Revenue			Debt 9				
Law Enforcement Fund			ructure rtax ınd	Workforce Housing Trust Fund		Sales Tax venue Bond ebt Service Fund	ommunity Center ebt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 2,172,514	\$	2,172,514	
	-		-	-		-	-		383,397	
	-	4,3	332,293	-		4,898,846	-		9,231,694	
	-		-			-	170		18,254	
	3,885		-	 565,777		<u> </u>	 		569,662	
-	3,885	4,0	332,293	565,777		4,898,846	2,172,684		12,375,521	
	-		-	2,000		-	-		2,000	
	35,022		-	-		-	-		70,514	
	30,153		-	-		-	-		71,835	
	-		-	-		932,727	1,630,000		2,562,727	
						60,033	512,080		572,113	
	65,175			2,000		992,760	2,142,080		3,279,189	
	(61,290)	4,3	332,293	563,777		3,906,086	30,604		9,096,332	
	-		-	_		(3,500,000)	-		(3,519,427)	
	-		-	-		(3,500,000)	-		(3,519,427)	
	(61,290)	4,3	332,293	563,777		406,086	30,604		5,576,905	
	128,635	2,3	307,696	1,243,429		1,150,997	414,666		9,533,462	
\$	67,345	\$ 6,6	639,989	\$ 1,807,206	\$	1,557,083	\$ 445,270	\$	15,110,367	



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - SALES TAX REVENUE BOND DEBT SERVICE FUND

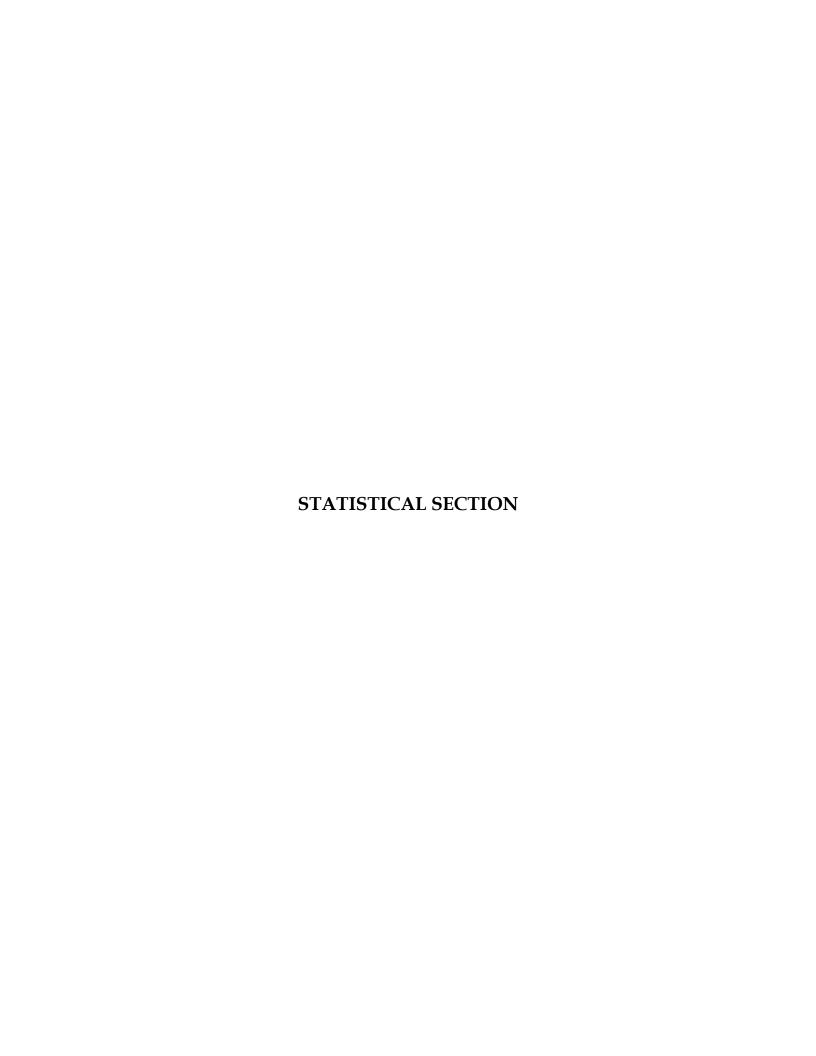
	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Interropper montal	\$ 4,600,000	\$ 4,600,000	\$ 4,898,846	\$ 298,846	
Intergovernmental Investment earnings	7,000	7,000	р 4,090,040 -	(7,000)	
Total Revenues	4,607,000	4,607,000	4,898,846	291,846	
EXPENDITURES					
Principal retirement	932,727	932,727	932,727	-	
9	*	•	60,033	- 114 240	
Contingency	115,078	114,240	<u>-</u>	114,240	
Total Expenditures	1,107,000	1,107,000	992,760	114,240	
Revenues Over Expenditures	3,500,000	3,500,000	3,906,086	406,086	
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out	(3,500,000)	(3,500,000)	(3,500,000)		
	(3,500,000)	(3,500,000)	(3,500,000)		
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 406.086	\$ 406,086	
Interest and fiscal charges Contingency Total Expenditures Revenues Over Expenditures OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	59,195 115,078 1,107,000 3,500,000	60,033 114,240 1,107,000 3,500,000	992,760	114 406	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - COMMUNITY CENTER DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 2,140,955	\$ 2,140,955	\$ 2,172,514	\$ 31,559
Investment earnings	1,258	1,258	170	(1,088)
Total Revenues	2,142,213	2,142,213	2,172,684	30,471
EXPENDITURES				
Principal retirement	1,630,000	1,630,000	1,630,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	512,213	512,213	512,080	133
Total Expenditures	2,142,213	2,142,213	2,142,080	133
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,604	\$ 30,604

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

	Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES			- Timo dina	(reguire)	
Taxes	\$ 3,526,658	\$ 3,526,658	\$ 3,678,872	\$ 152,214	
Intergovernmental	2,389,166	1,308,927	64,756	(1,244,171)	
Charges for services	322,000	322,000	, -	(322,000)	
Investment earnings	-	-	315,468	315,468	
Donations	1,985,000	2,440,000	84,908	(2,355,092)	
Miscellaneous	1,687,659	10,887,828	129,538	(10,758,290)	
Total Revenues	9,910,483	18,485,413	4,273,542	(14,211,871)	
EXPENDITURES					
General Government Town Council					
Aid to private organizations	-	14,072	-	14,072	
2	-	14,072		14,072	
Other General Government					
Operating expenditures	320,021	518,043	289,824	228,219	
Capital outlay	20,000	1,987,187	651,869	1,335,318	
1	340,021	2,505,230	941,693	1,563,537	
Engineering and Public Works					
Operating expenditures	875,000	1,659,080	979,778	679,302	
Capital outlay	3,900,000	10,715,515	263,052	10,452,463	
	4,775,000	12,374,595	1,242,830	11,131,765	
Culture and Recreation					
Operating expenditures	1,142,345	593,133	511,839	81,294	
Capital outlay	11,558,267	4,981,857	1,251,342	3,730,515	
	12,700,612	5,574,990	1,763,181	3,811,809	
Total Expenditures	17,815,633	20,468,887	3,947,704	16,521,183	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(7,905,150)	(1,983,474)	325,838	2,309,312	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	7,940,000	2,025,244	218,365	(1,806,879)	
Transfers out	(34,850)	(41,770)	(41,770)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	7,905,150	1,983,474	176,595	(1,806,879)	
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over					
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 502,433	\$ 502,433	



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Town of Jupiter's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	96
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	111
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	117
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	123
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	125
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the services the Town of Jupiter provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

TOWN OF JUPITER, FLORIDA Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years Accrual Basis of Accounting

	Fiscal Year									
		2009		2010	2011			2012		
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	55,852,845	\$	56,460,166	\$	62,008,335	\$	64,292,660		
Restricted		6,994,602		3,889,822		3,848,303		4,860,324		
Unrestricted	_	24,642,751		31,551,511	_	28,667,394		30,580,833		
Total governmental activities net position	\$	87,490,198	\$	91,901,499	\$	94,524,032	\$	99,733,817		
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	163,110,644	\$	169,056,109	\$	172,379,676	\$	176,555,586		
Restricted		8,903,665		5,034,126		3,147,578		4,624,949		
Unrestricted	_	32,584,898		34,403,274		37,763,056		39,501,057		
Total business-type activities net position	\$	204,599,207	\$	208,493,509	\$	213,290,310	\$	220,681,592		
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	218,963,489	\$	225,516,275	\$	234,388,011	\$	240,848,246		
Restricted		15,898,267		8,923,948		6,995,881		9,485,273		
Unrestricted		57,227,649		65,954,785	_	66,430,450		70,081,890		
Total primary government net position	\$	292,089,405	\$	300,395,008	\$	307,814,342	\$	320,415,409		

Fiscal Year

			1150	11 1 (ат				
2013		2014	 2015		2016	2017			2018
\$ 67,755,359 5,764,100 36,068,411	\$	74,609,024 5,108,494 38,821,882	\$ 87,178,931 6,015,406 27,416,016	\$	91,245,314 6,386,483 29,702,275	\$	94,709,390 11,095,413 26,363,894	\$	98,251,923 16,120,792 27,480,540
\$ 109,587,870	\$	118,539,400	\$ 120,610,353	\$	127,334,072	\$	132,168,697	\$	141,853,255
\$ 178,559,717 2,796,683 54,289,023	\$	184,306,940 10,582,761 54,651,166	\$ 194,307,099 9,106,898 60,253,357	\$	191,909,758 8,025,089 74,453,424	\$	194,047,350 6,894,379 82,802,676	\$	197,010,656 4,167,642 94,176,869
\$ 235,645,423	\$	249,540,867	\$ 263,667,354	\$	274,388,271	\$	283,744,405	\$	295,355,167
\$ 246,315,076 8,560,783	\$	258,915,964 15,691,255	\$ 281,486,030 15,122,304	\$	283,155,072 14,411,572	\$	288,756,740 17,989,792	\$	295,262,579 20,288,434
 90,357,434	_	93,473,048	 87,669,373	-	104,155,699	_	109,166,570		121,657,409
\$ 345,233,293	\$	368,080,267	\$ 384,277,707	\$	401,722,343	\$	415,913,102	\$	437,208,422

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years Accrual Basis of Accounting

	Fiscal Year								
		2009		2010	2011			2012	
Expenses									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	15,353,666	\$	14,371,564	\$	14,323,669	\$	16,091,515	
Public safety		18,486,726		18,954,687		19,673,761		17,729,810	
Engineering and public works		5,241,771		5,122,616		6,528,027		6,442,702	
Culture and recreation		4,821,268		4,758,188		2,652,672		3,016,009	
Interest on long-term debt		1,503,512		1,593,818		1,500,093		1,239,033	
Total governmental activities expenses		45,406,943		44,800,873		44,678,222		44,519,069	
Business-type activities:									
Water system		19,073,788		19,396,117		20,990,063		18,403,380	
Stormwater		3,508,053		2,442,584		2,098,838		1,718,311	
Building		1,595,607		1,705,144		1,813,180		1,957,962	
Total business-type activities expenses		24,177,448		23,543,845		24,902,081		22,079,653	
Total primary government expenses	\$	69,584,391	\$	68,344,718	\$	69,580,303	\$	66,598,722	
Program Revenues									
Governmental activities:									
Charges for services:									
General government	\$	1,967,052	\$	1,769,386	\$	1,809,671	\$	3,628,914	
Public safety	Ψ	495,734	Ψ	458,345	Ψ	439,169	Ψ	411,540	
Engineering and public works		3,732,945		3,757,434		3,903,793		3,834,291	
Culture and recreation		1,046,308		1,065,101		1,153,067		1,268,445	
Operating contributions and grants:		1,010,000		1,000,101		1,100,007		1,200,110	
General government		528,545		391,624		492,366		542,843	
Public safety		1,792,267		724,085		1,124,759		774,117	
Engineering and public works		66,270		1,037,859		564,822		615,530	
Culture and recreation		1,252		1,600		850		010,000	
Capital contributions and grants:		1,202		1,000		050			
General government		_		37,744		28,692		47,489	
Public safety		14,611		47,604		96,531		145,885	
Engineering and public works		211,386		252,033		407,317		315,544	
Culture and recreation		231,106		573,311		405,680		648,609	
Total governmental activities program revenues		10,087,476		10,116,126		10,426,717		12,233,207	
				, ,					
Business-type activities: Charges for services:									
Water system		10 215 220		20 522 125		21 /17 275		21 000 147	
Stormwater		19,315,320		20,523,135		21,417,375		21,000,147	
Building		2,197,749		2,690,966		2,846,776		2,312,723	
Operating contributions and grants:		2,199,206		2,228,147		2,372,383		3,489,761	
								19 670	
Water system Stormwater		-		-		-		18,679	
Capital contributions and grants:		-		-		-		-	
		2,065,213		1,631,587		1,608,599		2,029,850	
Water system Stormwater									
Total business-type activities program revenues		62,348 25,839,836		317,984 27,391,819		1,170,358 29,415,491		332,642 29,183,802	
Total primary government program revenues	\$	35,927,312	\$	37,507,945	\$	39,842,208	\$	41,417,009	

Fiscal	Vaar
FISCA	i Year

2013	2014	 2015	1 100	2016	2017	 2018
\$ 14,933,432	\$ 16,024,110	\$ 16,637,105	\$	18,477,434	\$ 19,564,860	\$ 19,391,006
18,331,070	18,887,625	18,935,949		21,699,238	22,658,014	23,181,411
7,248,818	7,093,266	6,871,853		7,956,044	9,117,025	9,478,260
3,093,620 1,485,453	3,455,019 1,122,371	3,301,828 951,755		3,450,245 901,567	4,257,500 860,839	4,041,480 761,846
45,092,393	 46,582,391	 46,698,490		52,484,528	 56,458,238	 56,854,003
 45,072,575	 40,002,071	 40,070,470		32,404,320	 30,430,230	 30,034,003
18,610,942	18,222,704	18,616,320		19,967,372	21,635,338	22,048,888
2,181,847	1,893,252	2,041,882		2,195,891	2,398,659	2,370,650
2,183,139	3,076,617	3,080,687		3,447,445	3,458,772	3,751,616
22,975,928	23,192,573	23,738,889		25,610,708	27,492,769	28,171,154
\$ 68,068,321	\$ 69,774,964	\$ 70,437,379	\$	78,095,236	\$ 83,951,007	\$ 85,025,157
\$ 1,979,330	\$ 2,019,811	\$ 2,199,978	\$	2,115,287	\$ 2,280,076	\$ 2,610,230
1,425,790	955,659	731,150		439,092	660,870	541,365
4,056,816	4,004,341	4,439,702		4,373,961	4,613,018	4,796,872
1,110,597	1,237,217	1,298,872		1,144,715	1,181,827	1,265,177
410,317	353,933	812,132		2,613,490	648,254	1,194,767
539,098	648,631	623,633		786,588	712,653	818,723
351,944	295,946	299,076		216,381	599,375	233,032
-	-	1,100		-	-	4,943
3,164,600	5,105,599	8,065,791		1,903,824	541,618	2,916,987
105,781	57,829	53,243		28,897	44,671	23,783
1,100,924	705,201	530,462		459,745	405,721	313,648
 813,965	 618,173	 311,460		234,716	199,466	 132,179
 15,059,162	 16,002,340	 19,366,599		14,316,696	 11,887,549	 14,851,706
22,440,834	22,265,341	23,755,364		25,136,478	26,589,627	26,359,138
2,271,598	2,333,048	2,778,836		2,678,185	2,613,792	2,940,150
7,059,912	5,914,206	4,579,262		3,921,256	4,017,180	5,329,430
221,108	-	-		-	435,240	49,823
-	-	-		-	-	197,383
5,071,628	4,105,092	3,781,603		2,458,583	2,421,140	2,142,384
527,300	2,161,775	 5,755,572		1,538,772	273,840	 2,202,305
 37,592,380	 36,779,462	 40,650,637		35,733,274	 36,350,819	 39,220,613
\$ 52,651,542	\$ 52,781,802	\$ 60,017,236	\$	50,049,970	\$ 48,238,368	\$ 54,072,319

Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Accrual Basis of Accounting

	Fiscal Year								
		2009		2010		2011		2012	
Net (expense)/revenue									
Governmental activities	\$	(35,319,467)	\$	(34,684,747)	\$	(34,251,505)	\$	(32,285,862)	
Business-type activities		1,662,388		3,847,974		4,513,410		7,104,149	
Total primary government net expense	\$	(33,657,079)	\$	(30,836,773)	\$	(29,738,095)	\$	(25,181,713)	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets									
Governmental activities:									
Taxes:									
Property taxes	\$	22,750,485	\$	21,458,933	\$	19,904,132	\$	19,919,566	
Franchise fees	Ψ	4,715,332	Ψ	4,479,142	Ψ	4,348,334	Ψ	4,273,931	
Public service taxes		3,337,851		3,612,409		3,678,961		3,751,163	
Communications services taxes		3,697,912		3,246,760		3,070,359		3,051,291	
Sales taxes		3,077,029		3,064,115		3,224,952		3,596,953	
Gas taxes		990,923		986,051		1,073,744		1,133,849	
Intergovernmental, unrestricted		991,315		1,023,881		1,077,577		1,157,751	
Investment earnings		31,685		706,744		429,981		469,158	
Other		-		-		27,610		41,102	
Transfers		118,250		518,013		38,388		100,883	
Total governmental activities		39,710,782		39,096,048		36,874,038		37,495,647	
Business-type activities:									
Intergovernmental, unrestricted		71,747		-		-		-	
Investment earnings		195,879		564,341		321,779		380,824	
Gain on disposal of capital assets		-		-		-		7,192	
Transfers		(118,250)		(518,013)		(38,388)		(100,883)	
Total business-type activities		149,376		46,328		283,391		287,133	
Total primary government	\$	39,860,158	\$	39,142,376	\$	37,157,429	\$	37,782,780	
Changes in Net Assets									
Governmental activities	\$	4,391,315	\$	4,411,301	\$	2,622,533	\$	5,209,785	
Business-type activities		1,811,764		3,894,302		4,796,801		7,391,282	
Total primary government	\$	6,203,079	\$	8,305,603	\$	7,419,334	\$	12,601,067	

Fiscal	Year
FISCAL	rear

	2013		2014		2015	1 10	2016		2017	2018		
_	2010		2011	_	2013	_	2010	_	2017		2010	
\$	(30,033,231)	\$	(30,580,051)	\$	(27,361,891)	\$	(38,167,832)	\$	(44,570,689)	\$	(42,002,297)	
7	14,616,452	_	13,586,889	_	16,911,748	_	10,122,569	7	8,858,050	7	11,049,459	
									<u> </u>			
\$	(15,416,779)	\$	(16,993,162)	\$	(10,450,143)	\$	(28,045,263)	\$	(35,712,639)	\$	(30,952,838)	
\$	20,150,640	\$	20,884,758	\$	22,321,359	\$	24,582,705	\$	26,376,117	\$	27,999,283	
	4,182,628		4,529,052		4,708,567		4,666,753		4,555,475		4,780,075	
	3,967,109		4,340,039		4,521,728		4,717,433		4,872,381		4,963,194	
	2,830,528		2,801,452		2,712,314		2,610,258		2,527,223		2,627,795	
	3,793,323		4,111,083		4,381,431		4,521,600		6,965,372		9,231,139	
	1,146,761		1,202,381		1,280,924		1,325,773		1,394,012		1,385,729	
	1,329,434		1,487,636		1,652,844		1,729,267	7 1,861,678			1,963,607	
	652,258		275,260		921,474		742,188 853,0		853,056		1,028,793	
	2,284,727		-		47,042		-		-		-	
	(298,952)		(100,080)		(52,500)	_	(4,426)				157,168	
	40,038,456		39,531,581		42,495,183		44,891,551		49,405,314		54,136,783	
	_		_		_		_		_		_	
	215,677		204,322		415,747		589,855		498,084		964,703	
	-		4,153		2,868		4,067		-		4,120	
	298,952		100,080		52,500		4,426		_		(157,168)	
	514,629		308,555		471,115		598,348		498,084		811,655	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-		·		·		·	
\$	40,553,085	\$	39,840,136	\$	42,966,298	\$	45,489,899	\$	49,903,398	\$	54,948,438	
φ	10 005 005	¢	9 0E1 E20	φ	1E 100 000	φ	(700 710	φ	4 924 725	ø	10 104 407	
\$	10,005,225	\$	8,951,530	\$	15,133,292	\$	6,723,719	\$	4,834,625	\$	12,134,486	
	15,131,081		13,895,444		17,382,863		10,720,917		9,356,134		11,861,114	
\$	25,136,306	\$	22,846,974	\$	32,516,155	\$	17,444,636	\$	14,190,759	\$	23,995,600	
_		_				_				_		

TABLE 3

TOWN OF JUPITER, FLORIDA Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years Accrual Basis of Accounting

Fiscal Year	 Property Taxes	 Franchise Fees	 Public Service Taxes	Communications Services Taxes	 Sales Taxes	 Gas Taxes	Total
2009	\$ 22,750,835	\$ 4,715,332	\$ 3,337,851	\$ 3,697,912	\$ 3,077,029	\$ 990,923	\$ 38,569,882
2010	21,458,933	4,479,142	3,612,409	3,246,760	3,064,115	986,051	36,847,410
2011	19,904,132	4,348,334	3,678,961	3,070,359	3,224,952	1,073,744	35,300,482
2012	19,919,566	4,273,931	3,751,163	3,051,291	3,596,953	1,133,849	35,726,753
2013	20,150,640	4,182,628	3,967,109	2,830,528	3,793,323	1,146,761	36,070,989
2014	20,884,758	4,529,052	4,340,039	2,801,452	4,111,083	1,202,381	37,868,765
2015	22,321,359	4,708,567	4,521,728	2,712,314	4,381,431	1,280,924	39,926,323
2016	24,582,705	4,666,753	4,717,433	2,610,258	4,521,600	1,325,773	42,424,522
2017	26,376,117	4,555,475	4,872,381	2,527,223	6,965,372	1,394,012	46,690,580
2018	27,999,283	4,780,075	4,963,194	2,627,795	9,231,139	1,385,729	50,987,215

TOWN OF JUPITER, FLORIDA Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

	Fiscal Year								
		2009		2010		2011	2012		
General Fund									
Reserved	\$	-	\$	8,544,901	\$	-	\$	-	
Unreserved									
Designated for subsequent year's budget		-		1,071,105		-		-	
Undesignated		14,617,020		14,582,473		-		-	
Nonspendable:									
Inventory		-		-		74,900		55,682	
Prepaid items		-		-		96,754		74,758	
Advance due from other fund		-		-		5,817,246		7,210,178	
Note receivable		_		_		350,000		4,795	
Restricted for:						,		,	
Law enforcement		_		_		95,760		102,862	
Economic development		_		_		1,685,000		1,825,000	
Assigned to:						1,000,000		1,020,000	
Subsequent year's budget		_		_		389,963		437,249	
Health insurance		_		_		-		350,000	
Unassigned		_		_		15,189,275		16,197,279	
Ollassiglica						13,107,273		10,177,277	
Total General Fund	\$	14,617,020	\$	24,198,479	\$	23,698,898	\$	26,257,803	
AV1									
All other governmental funds	Φ.	= 0.4 0 00.4	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		
Reserved	\$	7,062,834	\$	7,928,057	\$	-	\$	-	
Unreserved									
Designated for subsequent year's budget Undesignated (deficit), reported in:		114,576		-		-		-	
Special revenue funds		(179,513)		(3,968,849)		-		-	
Capital projects fund		13,273,299		15,044,109		-		-	
Debt service funds		415,208		498,007		-		-	
Nonspendable:									
Prepaid items		-		-		295		25,000	
Restricted for:									
Debt service		-		-		1,016,875		1,351,853	
Capital projects		_		_		1,674,514		2,139,789	
Law enforcement		_		_		463,404		535,206	
Special projects		_		_		4,607		-	
Assigned to:						1,007			
Capital projects		_		_		13,876,916		13,182,091	
Unassigned Special Revenue Funds (deficit)		-		_		(4,257,561)		(4,119,280)	
Total all other governmental funds	\$	20,686,404	\$	19,501,324	\$	12,779,050	\$	13,114,659	
O	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		<u>~</u>		

Note: GASB Statement No. 54 was adopted for 2011 resulting in reclassification of the Governmental Funds fund balances.

Fiscal	Var
Lincal	I Cai

	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	55,551		58,469		62,610		66,005		83,445		29,760
	106,594 6,837,333		68,699 7,005,093		16,937 7,141,327		10,997 5,957,885		22,948 5,901,436		13,991 5,009,196
	14,000		280,349		201,173		171,173		111,173		111,173
	396,824		442,379		616,188		509,748		823,659		471,525
	1,240,000		128,750		1,055,891		1,163,147		1,520,195		1,039,623
	437,249		563,478		936,613		-		-		228,823
	350,000 19,384,430		- 24,281,146		- 26,918,797		31,856,248		- 29,676,802		- 33,412,574
_		_		_		_		_		_	
\$	28,821,981	\$	32,828,363	\$	36,949,536	\$	39,735,203	\$	38,139,658	\$	40,316,665
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		480		-		-		-		-
	1,356,700		1,391,468		1,460,655		1,523,685		1,565,663		2,002,353
	3,613,705		3,897,102		3,583,629		3,939,363		7,708,287		12,962,802
	253,257 -		331,676 -		409,221 -		247,577 -		259,512 -		145,212 -
	15,282,563		14,754,007		13,615,890		13,859,274		14,157,056		16,307,489
	(3,830,602)		(5,000,627)		(5,218,611)		(4,354,660)		(4,115,803)		(4,720,286)
\$	16,675,623	\$	15,374,106	\$	13,850,784	\$	15,215,239	\$	19,574,715	\$	26,697,570

TOWN OF JUPITER, FLORIDA Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

	Fiscal Year										
	_	2009		2010		2011		2012			
Revenues											
Taxes	\$	30,777,171	\$	29,304,153	\$	27,727,196	\$	27,855,869			
Franchise fees		4,715,332		4,479,142		4,348,334		4,273,931			
Licenses and permits		789,633		1,094,680		1,134,195		1,239,148			
Intergovernmental		6,106,837		5,456,965		5,661,131		8,198,174			
Charges for services		6,041,646		6,055,850		6,240,082 269,358 429,981		6,225,043			
Fines and forfeitures		377,895		327,460				244,539			
Investment earnings		31,685		706,744				351,874			
Donations		2,875		17,539		18,232		52,539			
Miscellaneous		1,825,569		1,214,337		1,383,327		981,045			
Total revenues		50,668,643		48,656,870		47,211,836		49,422,162			
Expenditures											
General government		14,206,005		13,164,978		13,288,516		14,747,654			
Public safety		17,917,896		18,440,710		19,420,913		17,338,508			
Engineering and public works		4,239,970		4,070,093		5,311,159		5,094,941			
Culture and recreation		3,740,508		3,677,947		2,064,406		2,091,646			
Capital outlay		3,585,235		2,076,830		10,912,494		4,196,777			
Debt service											
Principal		2,041,092		2,111,705		2,037,128 1,494,706		2,023,714			
Interest		1,498,777		1,587,626				1,234,683			
Total expenditures		47,229,483		45,129,889		54,529,322		46,727,923			
Revenues over (under) expenditures		3,439,160		3,526,981		(7,317,486)		2,694,239			
Other financing sources (uses)											
Issuance of refunding debt		1,770,000		-		-		-			
Payment of refunded bonds		(1,760,000)		-		-		-			
Proceeds from sale of assets				8,174		34,323		51,969			
Insurance recoveries		11,364		37,291		22,920		47,423			
Transfers in		3,612,125		7,110,943		3,641,924		2,707,113			
Transfers out	ers out (3,493,875) (6,592,93			(6,592,930)		(3,603,536)		(2,606,230)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	139,614		563,478		95,631		200,275			
Net change in fund balances		3,578,774	\$	4,090,459	\$	(7,221,855)	\$	2,894,514			
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures		8.11%		8.59%		8.10%		7.66%			
non-capital expenditures	_	0.11 /0		0.39 /0		0.10%		7.00 %			

T .	1 3 /
Fiscal	Year

	Fiscal Year												
	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		
\$	28,095,038	\$	29,228,630	\$	30,836,325	\$	33,236,169	\$	35,169,733	\$	36,976,001		
	4,182,628		4,529,052		4,708,567		4,666,753		4,555,475		4,780,075		
	2,544,020		2,016,519		1,533,911		1,066,601		1,171,336		1,180,932		
	6,291,091		6,615,107		7,635,751		9,510,011		9,773,878		12,309,014		
	6,256,912		6,654,078		7,301,741		7,417,420		7,617,007		8,098,492		
	1,260,301		809,176		588,992		275,109		492,517		317,617		
	672,832		371,970		921,474		742,188		853,056		1,028,793		
	12,516		17,165		93,187		131,426		94,048		108,014		
	586,167		455,153		572,514		407,932		1,072,829		1,179,402		
	49,901,505		50,696,850		54,192,462		57,453,609		60,799,879		65,978,340		
	13,356,935		14,241,177		14,755,838		15,764,985		17,212,029		16,923,247		
	17,956,791		18,372,987		18,470,593		20,166,583		21,149,280		22,278,196		
	5,966,405		5,978,964		5,998,872		6,822,473		7,941,816		8,371,545		
	2,349,967		2,632,392		2,493,809		2,533,217		3,272,414		3,017,915		
	2,740,398		3,832,247		6,609,289		4,766,872		5,125,886		2,952,087		
	2,080,000		7,491,528		2,308,667		2,386,459		2,479,478		2,562,727		
	1,494,976		1,145,325		990,831		912,340		873,015		774,820		
	45,945,472		53,694,620		51,627,899		53,352,929		58,053,918		56,880,537		
	3,956,033		(2,997,770)		2,564,563		4,100,680		2,745,961		9,097,803		
	-		5,270,000		-		-		-		-		
	-				-						-		
	2,851,749		31,145		80,788		53,868		17,970		44,891		
	66,312		51,570		5,000		-		-		-		
	331,036		4,136,602		4,425,579		3,875,995		5,838,077		4,375,651		
	(3,629,988)		(4,236,682)		(4,478,079)		(3,877,421)		(5,838,077)		(4,218,483)		
_	(380,891)		5,252,635		33,288		52,442		17,970		202,059		
\$	3,575,142	\$	2,254,865	\$	2,597,851	\$	4,153,122	\$	2,763,931	\$	9,299,862		
	0.5=0:		4				- - 05:						
	8.27%		17.32%		7.33%		6.79%		6.33%		6.19%		

TABLE 6

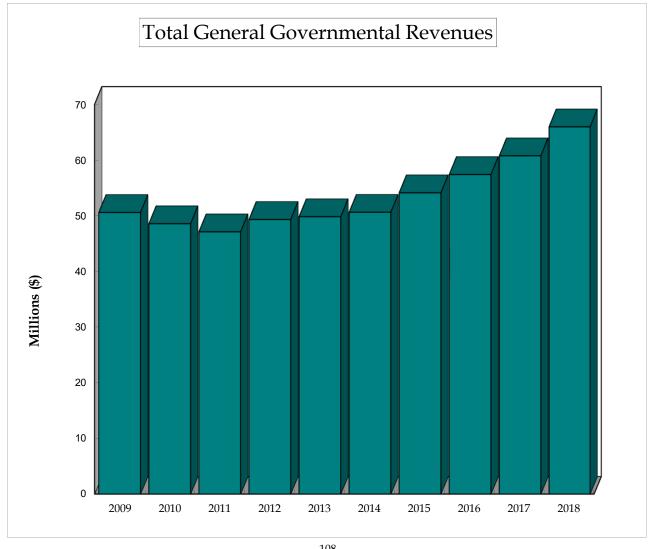
TOWN OF JUPITER, FLORIDA Governmental Funds Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

Fiscal Year	 Property Taxes (1)	 Public Service Taxes	 Communications Services Taxes	Gas Taxes	Total Taxes	 Franchise Fees	Total
2009	\$ 22,750,485	\$ 3,337,851	\$ 3,697,912	\$ 990,923	\$ 30,777,171	\$ 4,715,332	\$ 35,492,503
2010	21,458,933	3,612,409	3,246,760	986,051	29,304,153	4,479,142	33,783,295
2011	19,904,132	3,678,961	3,070,359	1,073,744	27,727,196	4,348,334	32,075,530
2012	19,919,566	3,751,163	3,051,291	1,133,849	27,855,869	4,273,931	32,129,800
2013	20,150,640	3,967,109	2,830,528	1,146,761	28,095,038	4,182,628	32,277,666
2014	20,884,758	4,340,039	2,801,452	1,202,381	29,228,630	4,529,052	33,757,682
2015	22,321,359	4,521,728	2,712,314	1,280,924	30,836,325	4,708,567	35,544,892
2016	24,582,705	4,717,433	2,610,258	1,325,773	33,236,169	4,666,753	37,902,922
2017	26,376,117	4,872,381	2,527,223	1,394,012	35,169,733	4,555,475	39,725,208
2018	27,999,283	4,963,194	2,627,795	1,385,729	36,976,001	4,780,075	41,756,076

⁽¹⁾ Includes CRA tax increment revenues from the Town and Palm Beach County.

TOWN OF JUPITER, FLORDA Total General Governmental Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

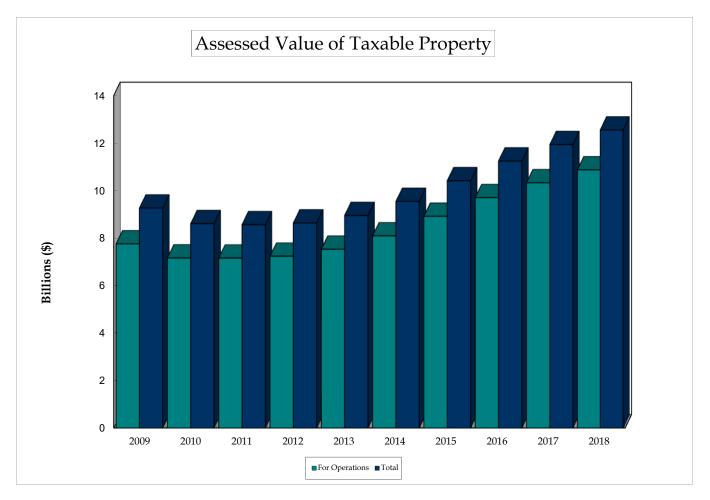
Fiscal Year			Licenses and Permits		Intergovernmental			Charges for Services		Fines and Forfeitures	_	Investment Earnings
2009	\$	35,492,503	\$	789,633	\$	6,106,837	\$	6,041,646	\$	377,895	\$	31,685
2010		33,783,295		1,094,680		5,456,965		6,055,850		327,460		706,744
2011		32,075,530		1,134,195		5,661,131		6,240,082		269,358		429,981
2012		32,129,800		1,239,148		8,198,174		6,225,043		244,539		351,874
2013		32,277,666		2,544,020		6,291,091		6,256,912		1,260,301		672,832
2014		33,757,682		2,016,519		6,615,107		6,654,078		809,176		371,970
2015		35,544,892		1,533,911		7,635,751		7,301,741		588,992		921,474
2016		37,902,922		1,066,601		9,510,011		7,417,420		275,109		742,188
2017		39,725,208		1,171,336		9,773,878		7,617,007		492,517		853,056
2018		41,756,076		1,180,932		12,309,014		8,098,492		317,617		1,028,793



Mi	scellaneous	 Total
\$	1,828,444	\$ 50,668,643
	1,231,876	48,656,870
	1,401,559	47,211,836
	1,033,584	49,422,162
	598,683	49,901,505
	472,318	50,696,850
	665,701	54,192,462
	539,358	57,453,609
	1,166,877	60,799,879
	1,287,416	65,978,340

TOWN OF JUPITER, FLORIDA Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	 Real Property	 Personal Property	Centrally Assessed Property	Exemptions	 assessed Value for Operations	Total Town Tax Rate	 Total Taxable Value (1)
2009	\$ 8,960,361,974	\$ 298,475,679	\$ 1,321,535	\$ 1,507,450,971	\$ 7,752,708,217	2.6844	\$ 9,260,159,188
2010	8,204,204,394	401,747,357	1,264,085	1,449,771,023	7,157,444,813	2.8046	8,607,215,836
2011	8,184,221,022	374,965,850	1,305,738	1,405,491,305	7,155,001,305	2.8300	8,560,492,610
2012	8,264,332,304	366,002,938	1,049,441	1,397,862,365	7,233,522,318	2.8295	8,631,384,683
2013	8,569,082,777	378,148,886	1,296,637	1,421,917,672	7,526,610,628	2.8262	8,948,528,300
2014	9,153,926,603	385,543,759	1,523,860	1,450,462,521	8,090,531,701	2.8152	9,540,994,222
2015	10,005,490,403	403,379,190	1,748,444	1,496,530,217	8,914,087,820	2.7927	10,410,618,037
2016	10,845,565,535	395,066,652	1,928,796	1,544,975,723	9,697,585,260	2.7364	11,242,560,983
2017	11,583,806,982	348,811,183	2,026,948	1,609,024,923	10,325,620,190	2.6963	11,934,645,113
2018	12,175,877,382	367,909,293	2,033,088	1,676,169,844	10,869,649,919	2.6815	12,545,819,763



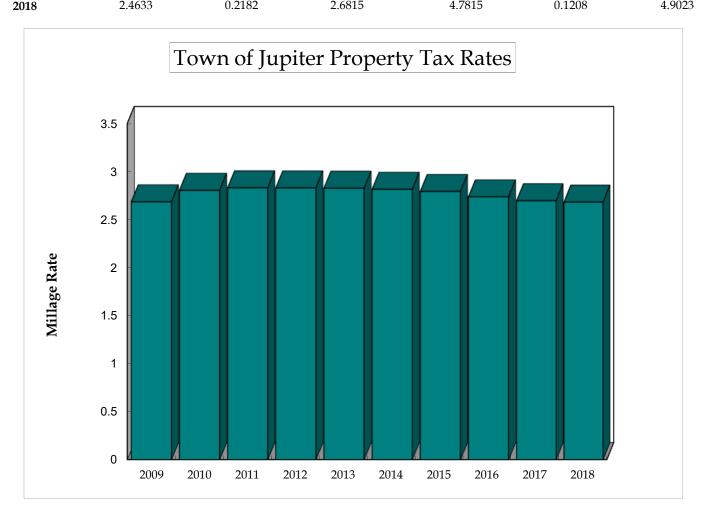
(1) Florida state law requires all property to be assessed at current fair market value.

Source: Palm Beach County Property Appraiser

TOWN OF JUPITER, FLORIDA Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

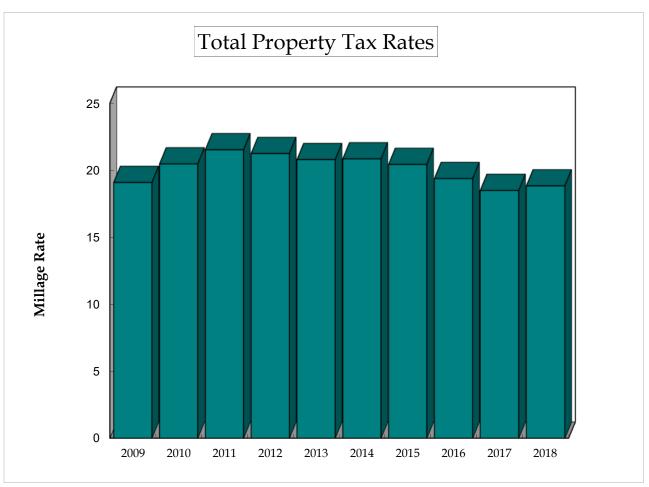
Rate per \$1,000 of Assessed Value

				Overla	pping Property Tax	Rates -				
	Town o	f Jupiter Property T	ax Rates	Palm Beach County						
	'-	General			General					
Fiscal	Operating	Obligation	Total Town	Operating	Obligation	Total County				
Year	Millage	Debt Service	Millage	Millage	Debt Service	Millage				
2009	2.4234	0.2610	2.6844	3.7811	0.1845	3.9656				
2010	2.5142	0.2904	2.8046	4.3440	0.2174	4.5614				
2011	2.5142	0.3158	2.8300	4.7500	0.2460	4.9960				
2012	2.5142	0.3153	2.8295	4.7815	0.2110	4.9925				
2013	2.5142	0.3120	2.8262	4.7815	0.2087	4.9902				
2014	2.5142	0.3010	2.8152	4.7815	0.2037	4.9852				
2015	2.5142	0.2785	2.7927	4.7815	0.1914	4.9729				
2016	2.4834	0.2530	2.7364	4.7815	0.1327	4.9142				
2017	2.4633	0.2330	2.6963	4.7815	0.1208	4.9023				
2019	2 4633	0.2182	2 6815	<i>1</i> 7815	0.1208	4 9023				



Overlapping Property Tax Rates -

	Palm Beach	Palm Beach County School District Palm Beach							
Total	County Special Districts	Total School Millage	Debt Service	Operating Millage					
19.0864	5.1854	7.251	-	7.251					
20.4696	5.1206	7.983	-	7.983					
21.5271	5.5471	8.154	-	8.154					
21.2498	5.2478	8.180	-	8.180					
20.7921	5.1977	7.778	-	7.778					
20.8470	5.4606	7.586	-	7.586					
20.4385	5.0789	7.594	-	7.594					
19.3772	4.6566	7.070	-	7.070					
18.4912	4.1236	6.769	-	6.769					
18.8364	4.4836	6.769	-	6.769					



TOWN OF JUPITER, FLORIDA Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2018	
	Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Assessed Value
	Valuation	Rank	for Operations
Florida Power & Light Co	\$ 103,413,451	1	0.95%
Hart Abacoa LLC	76,606,035	2	0.70%
207 Florida Realty Associates LLC	74,761,956	3	0.69%
Harbourside Place LLC	71,000,000	4	0.65%
Northland Floresta LLC	63,886,033	5	0.59%
KMF X Jupiter LLC	59,117,116	6	0.54%
Jupiter Resort LLC	40,476,963	7	0.37%
PRCP Abacoa Investment LLC	37,274,873	8	0.34%
Club at Admirals Cove, Inc.	29,619,318	9	0.27%
Regency Centers LP	28,443,059	10	0.26%
RBF, LLC	-	-	-
TGM Abacoa LLC	-	-	-
TGM Floresta LLC	-	-	-
IHP Investment Fund III, LP	-	-	-
Divosta Homes	-	-	-
Holiday Jupiter LLC	-	-	-
Donross Associates	-	-	-
Bears Club Founding		-	
Totals	\$ 584,598,804		5.36%

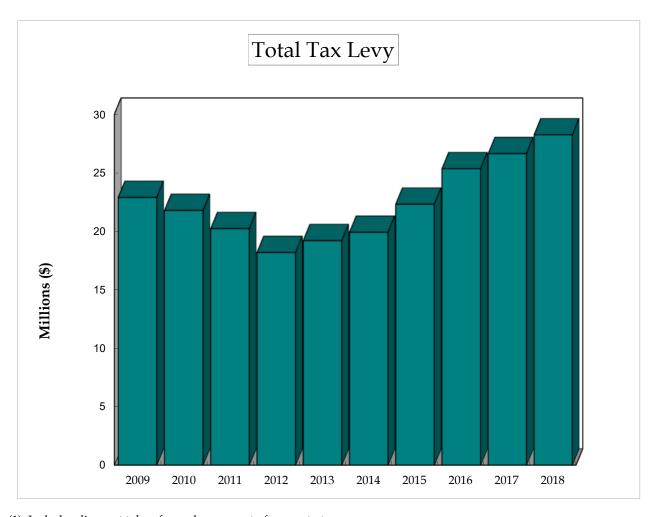
Source: Palm Beach County Property Appraiser.

•		_

Taxable	2009	Percentage of
Assessed		Assessed Value
Valuation	Rank	for Operations
v aiuatioii	Kalik	101 Operations
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
\$ 31,157,778	5	0.40%
23,122,979	7	0.30%
81,550,508	1	1.05%
57,254,757	2	0.74%
48,000,000	3	0.62%
40,845,224	4	0.53%
30,619,970	6	0.39%
22,800,000	8	0.29%
16,559,394	9	0.21%
13,266,795	10	0.17%
\$ 365,177,405		4.70%

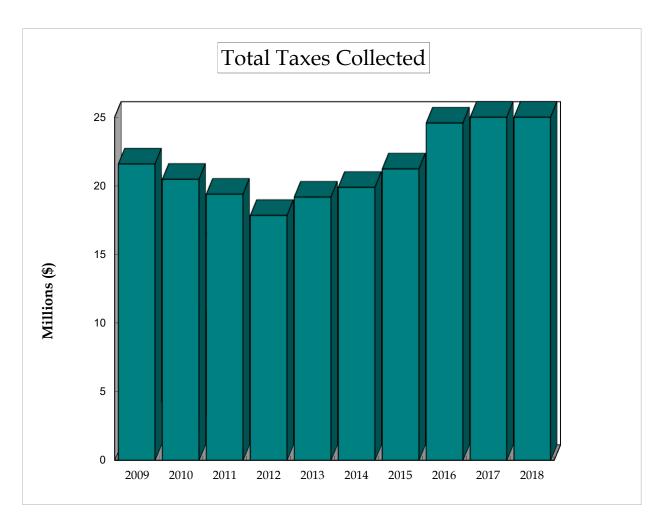
TOWN OF JUPITER, FLORIDA Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year			Cı	Amount of arrent Taxes follected (1)	Percent Total Tax l Collecte	Levy	Delii	mount of nquent Taxes Collected	Total Collected for the Year		
2009	\$	22,902,526	\$	21,433,818	93	.6 %	\$	169,481	\$	21,603,299	
2010		21,787,176		20,325,926	93	.3		163,669		20,489,595	
2011		20,240,381		19,335,797	95	.5		76,986		19,412,783	
2012		18,195,931		17,757,247	97	.6		105,575		17,862,822	
2013		19,212,570		19,155,824	99	.7		42,563		19,198,387	
2014		19,919,948		19,878,115	99	.8		28,564		19,906,679	
2015		22,321,359		21,209,368	95	.0		36,709		21,246,077	
2016		25,355,767		24,459,033	96	.5		123,672		24,582,705	
2017		26,641,448		26,338,234	98	.9		37,883		26,376,117	
2018		28,247,551		27,964,200	99	.0		35,083		27,999,283	



(1) Includes discount taken for early payment of property taxes.

Ratio of Total Taxes Collected to Current Levy	Accumulated Delinquent Taxes	Ratio of Delinquent Taxes to Current Levy
94.3 %	N/A	N/A
94.0	N/A	N/A
95.9	N/A	N/A
98.2	N/A	N/A
99.9	N/A	Ń/A
99.9	N/A	N/A
95.2	N/A	N/A
97.0	N/A	N/A
99.0	N/A	N/A
99.1	N/A	N/A



N/A - Pursuant to Florida law, the Palm Beach County Tax Collector advertises and sells tax certificates on all real property for which there are unpaid, delinquent taxes. Accordingly, the Town has no property taxes receivable at September 30th.

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding and Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Governmental Activities

	Ol	General oligation	neral Bonded Del Percentage of Total Taxable		les Tax		apital	Total			
Fiscal Year		Bonds, Net ⁽¹⁾	Value ⁽²⁾ of Property	<u>C</u>	Per Capita ⁽³⁾		Revenue Bonds		ease igations	Governmental Activities	
2009	\$	22,227	0.24 %	\$	442.11	\$	9,220	\$	403	\$	31,850
2010 2011		20,959 19,822	0.24 0.23		379.99 356.88		8,555 7,865		141 29		29,655 27,716
2012 2013		18,554 17,236	0.21 0.19		329.34 304.65		7,145 6,390		- -		25,699 23,626
2014 2015		15,863 14,435	0.17 0.14		277.02 244.21		5,548 4,675		-		21,411 19,110
2016 2017		12,947 11,390	0.12 0.10		213.59 185.54		4,675 2,869		-		17,622 14,259
2018		9,767	0.08		157.28		2,869 1,936		-		11,703

Note: Details about the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Debt is net of unamortized bond discount.

⁽²⁾ See Table 8 for property value data.

⁽³⁾ See Table 16 for personal income and population data.

N/A - Personal income information not available.

Business-type Activities

Primary Government

Water Revenue Bonds	 rmwater Loan	Total usiness- type ctivities	Total Primary vernment	Percentage of Total Taxable Value ⁽²⁾ of Property	Percentage of Personal Income ⁽³⁾	_	Per Capita ⁽³⁾
\$ 42,185	\$ 432	\$ 42,617	\$ 74,467	0.80 %	101.25 %	\$	1,481.19
40,795	378	41,173	70,828	0.82	103.52		1,284.14
38,750	324	39,074	66,790	0.78	93.50		1,202.51
35,960	270	36,230	61,929	0.72	82.07		1,099.26
33,760	216	33,976	57,602	0.64	72.40		1,018.12
31,420	162	31,582	52,993	0.56	63.49		925.43
28,960	108	29,068	48,178	0.46	50.36		815.08
26,400	54	26,454	44,076	0.39	42.43		727.15
23,710	-	23,710	37,969	0.32	N/A		618.51
20,885	-	20,885	32,588	0.26	N/A		524.77

TABLE 13

TOWN OF JUPITER, FLORIDA Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of September 30, 2018

			Debt Outstanding	Estimated ⁽¹⁾ Percentage Applicable to Town of Jupiter	Estimated ⁽¹⁾ Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Direct Debt:					
Town of Jupiter		\$	11,702,818	100.00%	\$ 11,702,818
Overlapping Debt: Debt repaid with property taxes Palm Beach County Other debt			82,850,000	6.69%	5,542,665
Palm Beach County (2)			721,270,986	6.69%	48,253,029
Palm Beach County School Boa	rd ⁽³⁾		1,365,826,000	6.69%	91,373,759
1 ami beach County School Boa	iu -		1,303,020,000	0.07/0	 71,373,737
	Total Overlapping Debt				 145,169,453
	Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				\$ 156,872,271
	Estimated Population				 62,100
	Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	per (Capita		\$ 2,526.12

⁽¹⁾ Estimates based on ratio of assessed taxable values.

Source: Finance Department, Town of Jupiter, Florida Palm Beach County Finance Department School Board of Palm Beach County

⁽²⁾ Includes Non Ad Valorem Revenue Bonds and Other Notes and Loans.

⁽³⁾ Includes Capital Outlay Bonds and Certificates of Participation.

TOWN OF JUPITER, FLORIDA Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts in Thousands)

	Assessed `	Valu	e for Legal I	Debt I	Margin]	Total Net Debt Applicable to				
Fiscal Year	Assessed Value for Operations		Exempt Real Property		Total Assessed Value	Net Deb Debt Applicab Limit ⁽¹⁾ to Limit		plicable	Legal Debt Margin		the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	
2009	\$ 7,752,708	\$	1,507,451	\$	9,260,159	\$	1,389,024	\$	22,227	\$	1,366,797	1.60
2010	7,157,445		1,449,771		8,607,216		1,291,082		20,959		1,270,123	1.62
2011	7,155,001		1,405,491		8,560,492		1,284,074		19,822		1,264,252	1.54
2012	7,233,522		1,397,862		8,631,384		1,294,708		18,554		1,276,154	1.43
2013	7,526,611		1,421,918		8,948,529		1,342,279		17,236		1,325,043	1.28
2014	8,090,532		1,450,463		9,540,995		1,431,149		15,863		1,415,286	1.11
2015	8,914,088		1,496,530		10,410,618		1,561,593		14,435		1,547,158	0.92
2016	9,697,585		1,544,976		11,242,561		1,686,384		12,947		1,673,437	0.77
2017	10,325,620		1,609,025		11,934,645		1,790,197		11,390		1,778,807	0.64
2018	10,869,650		1,676,170		12,545,820		1,881,873		9,767		1,872,106	0.52

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize (1)}}$ Debt limit is 15% of total assessed values based on Town ordinance.

TOWN OF JUPITER, FLORIDA Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Sales Tax Revenue Bonds

Fiscal Year	Sales Tax Revenue			Coverage (4)
2009	\$ 3,077,029	\$	1,103,365	2.79
2010	3,064,115		1,085,243	2.82
2011	3,224,952		1,085,243	2.97
2012	3,596,953		1,084,557	3.32
2013	3,793,323		1,088,094	3.49
2014	4,111,083		1,049,414	3.92
2015	4,381,431		987,359	4.44
2016	4,521,600		987,030	4.58
2017	4,657,676		991,249	4.70
2018	4,898,846		992,760	4.93

⁽¹⁾ Revenue excludes change in fair value of investments and gain on sale of capital assets.

⁽²⁾ Expenses exclude depreciation.

⁽³⁾ Includes principal and interest of revenue bonds only. It does not include debt defeasance transactions.

⁽⁴⁾ Required coverage is 1.10.

Water Revenue Bonds

					et Revenue Available			
Gross			Operating		for Debt Service		Debt	(1)
Revenue (1)		I	Expenses (2)				Service (3)	Coverage (4)
\$	19,759,741	\$	11,244,068	\$	8,515,673	\$	3,976,421	2.14
	21,234,416		11,414,457		9,819,959		3,309,151	2.97
	21,942,429		11,594,606		10,347,823		3,788,527	2.73
	21,236,252		11,331,352		9,904,900		4,456,810	2.22
	22,669,367		11,550,774		11,118,593		3,858,289	2.88
	22,470,142		11,865,011		10,605,131		3,126,000	3.39
	24,069,201		12,142,702		11,926,499		3,194,605	3.73
	25,544,277		13,260,368		12,283,909		3,233,251	3.80
	27,578,625		14,794,859		12,783,766		3,296,838	3.88
	27,329,670		14,992,883		12,336,787		3,400,428	3.63

TOWN OF JUPITER, FLORIDA Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Per Personal Capita				Unemploy-	
Fiscal Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	Income ⁽²⁾ (in millions)		Personal Income ⁽²⁾		ment Rate ⁽³⁾	School Enrollment ⁽⁴⁾
2009	50,275	\$	73,547	\$	57,461	11.4%	9,558
2010	55,156		68,418		51,717	11.7%	9,610
2011	55,542		71,432		53,500	10.3%	9,588
2012	56,337		75,462		55,628	8.6%	9,659
2013	56,577		79,565		57,985	6.7%	9,439
2014	57,263		83,464		59,899	5.6%	9,615
2015	59,108		95,672		68,743	5.0%	9,608
2016	60,615		103,876		71,946	3.6%	9,819
2017	61,388		109,974		74,754	3.8%	10,106
2018	62,100		N/A		N/A	3.1%	10,187

Data Sources:

N/A: Not available.

⁽¹⁾ **Source:** University of Florida, Bureau of Economic and Business Research.

⁽²⁾ **Source:** University of Florida, Bureau of Economic and Business Research. Data for Palm Beach County. Information not available for 2018.

⁽³⁾ Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data for Palm Beach County.

⁽⁴⁾ **Source:** School District of Palm Beach County.

TOWN OF JUPITER, FLORIDA Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	$2018^{(1)}$				2009 ⁽¹⁾			
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment		
Palm Beach County School District	21,200	1	N/A	21,718	1	N/A		
Tenet Healthcare Corp.	6,136	2	N/A	11,319	2	N/A		
Palm Beach County	5,928	3	N/A	4,500	3	N/A		
Florida Power & Light (Headquarters)	4,021	4	N/A	3,632	4	N/A		
Hospital Corporation of America	3,550	5	N/A	3,395	5	N/A		
Boca Raton Regional Hospital	2,800	6	N/A	2,100	9	N/A		
Florida Atlantic University	2,761	7	N/A	2,838	7	N/A		
Veterans Health Administration	2,468	8	N/A	2,207	8	-		
Bethesda Health, Inc.	2,200	9	N/A	-	-	-		
Office Depot, Inc. (Headquarters)	2,064	10	N/A	2,100	9	N/A		
Wackenhut Corporation		-		3,000	6	N/A		
Totals	53,128		N/A	56,809		N/A		

N/A: Not available.

⁽¹⁾ **Source:** Business Development Board of Palm Beach County. Data is for Palm Beach County.

TOWN OF JUPITER, FLORIDA Full-time Equivalent Town Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Government										
	3.5	3.5	3.5	2 =	3.5	3.5	2	4	1	4
Town Manager Town Clerk	6.25	3.5 6	3.5 6	3.5 5	3.5 5	3.5 5	3 5	4 5	4 5	4 5
Finance	10	9	9	9.5	8.25	8	8	8	8	8
Human Resources	6.5	6.5	6	9.5 5.5	5.75	6 5	5	o 5	o 5	5
	14	13	13	13	12	12	11	11	11	12
Information Systems Neighborhoods	2.75	2.75	3.25	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75
External Affairs	2.75	2.75	2.5	2.75	2.73	2.73	2.75 5	2.75 5	2.75 6	2.75
Special Projects	2.5	2.3	2.5 -	2.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special Flojects	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety										
Police Officers	110	110	110	110	109	109	112	116	116	118
Civilian Police	35	33.25	34	18	19	18	19	22	24	25
Engineering/Public Works										
Engineering	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	11
Public Works	25.5	24	21	21	21	20.5	22.5	20.5	20.5	19.5
Parks Maintenance	-	-	15	15	15	13	15	19	21	22
Culture and Recreation										
Parks and Recreation	35	34.5	17.75	17.75	16.75	17	17.5	17.5	18.88	18.88
Water System										
Plant	25	25	27	28	28	28	28	28	29	29
Field	13	13	14	11	15	15	17	17	17.5	17.5
Administration	25	22	20	18	16	16	16	17	18	18
Building Department										
Building	34	25	24	21.5	23	22	24	24	25	27
Planning	15.25	14.25	13.25	13.25	13	13.75	12.75	14.75	14.75	15.75
Business Registration	3	2	2	2	2.5	3	4.3	4.3	2.8	3
Code Enforcement	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	7	8	8
Stormwater System										
Field	3	3	5	4	4	4	5	5	5	5
Administration	3	3	2	4	4	3.5	3.5	3.5	4	4
Total	392.25	372.25	365.25	342.25	344.50	341.00	354.30	366.30	376.18	384.38

TOWN OF JUPITER, FLORIDA Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year 2016 2017 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2018 Function **Public Safety** Police 1,403 1,197 1,146 1,102 1,184 1,351 1,186 1,483 1,535 1,659 Physical arrests 1,347 1,655 1,299 1,241 1,164 1,409 1,041 Parking violations 1,288 1,114 1,036 Traffic violations 20,525 17,390 12,976 13,175 6,651 6,637 5,400 6,171 5,698 7,984 Code Compliance Code violations 4,022 3,455 3,738 3,516 3,591 2,069 3,447 2,352 3,316 3,257 Public Works Street resurfacing (lane miles) 1077 25 6 28 1 14 6 92 17 43 45 85 14 85 71 52 Pot holes repaired 99 25 42 58 73 40 29 Culture and Recreation Parks and Recreation Recreation programs offered 483 517 611 642 633 591 537 519 520 525 15,051 18,235 19,710 29,066 45,731 49,055 59,425 71,073 71,849 79,034 Recreation program participants 7,220 7,259 6,925 6,446 6,423 Youth athletic participants (JTAA) 7,650 6,869 6,192 6,256 6,161 Camp program participants 741 978 929 929 1,144 1,586 1,912 1,876 2,032 2,203 Athletic camp participants 1,053 917 967 967 887 927 958 960 995 1,120 22,922 Skate park participants 14,040 12,477 13,582 14,182 16,004 15,782 21,803 13,242 22,675 Water System Water customers 27,061 27,597 27,924 28,415 28,900 29,484 30,087 27,343 29,180 29,778 Permitted Capacity per day (million gallons) 29 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 Average daily water consumption (million gallons) 13 64 14 09 14 97 147414 80 14 74 15 66 15 72 16 47 15 51 **Building Department** 5,659 8,930 7,568 8,898 Building permits issued 5,317 5,442 6,199 8,222 6,297 7,646 Value of permits (in thousands) 92,896 \$ 133,352 \$ 126,173 \$ 147,459 \$ 330,520 \$ 308,242 \$ 235,345 \$ 208,708 \$ 175,709 \$ 261,372 Stormwater System

21,709

22,161

22,518

22,600

22,820

22,993

23,155

Sources: Town departments

Stormwater customers

21,175

21,224

21,625

TABLE 20

TOWN OF JUPITER, FLORIDA Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Function/Program **Public Safety** Police Stations Patrol units **Code Compliance** Vehicles **Engineering and Public Works** Centerline road miles 115.30 116.21 118.59 119.08 121.45 126.50 139.21 139.21 138.93 142.79 **Culture and Recreation** Parks and Recreation Community Center Civic Center Ballfields - lighted Basketball courts Multi-purpose fields Tennis courts Parks Parks (acres) Water System 462.3 466.7 468.0 469.8 473.5 Water mains (miles) Plants 3,356 3,596 Fire hydrants 3,414 3,428 3,502 3,542 3,621 3,717 3,711 3,646 **Building Department** Vehicles Stormwater System Stormwater sewers (miles) 86.3 93.8 93.8 92.7

Source: Town departments.

As of September 30, 2018

Type of Coverage	Coverage Amount			
Property	\$	133,370,982	(1, 10)	
Equipment Breakdown		50,000,000	(1, 10)	
Inland Marine		3,101,450	(1, 10)	
Ocean Marine		295,432	(13, 17)	
Crime/Employee Dishonesty		250,000	(1, 9)	
General Liability		2,000,000 per claim/no aggregate	(1, 6, 9)	
Law Enforcement Liability		1,000,000/1,000,000	(1, 2, 7)	
Automobile Liability		1,000,000	(1)	
Automobile Physical Damage		ACV or repair	(1, 15)	
Public Officials & Employment Practices Liability		1,000,000/1,000,000	(1, 7)	
Workers' Compensation		Statutory	(1)	
Employers' Liability Limit for Workers Compnesation		1,000,000	(1, 18)	
Environmental Insurance (Pollution)		1,000,000/1,000,000	(7, 12)	
Railroad Protective Liability		2,000,000/6,000,000	(8, 14)	
Police - Statutory Accidental Death and Dismemberment		199,000 66,000 66,000	(5, 11) (5, 11) (5, 11)	
CRA (Director & Officers including Employment Practices)		1,000,000 Aggregate	(7, 16)	
Life Insurance		200,000	(3, 19)	
AD&D Insurance		200,000	(3, 19)	
Medical - HMO		Unlimited	(4, 19)	
Medical - HSA		Unlimited	(4, 19)	
General Liability (Additional Insured Locations/Events)		1,000,000/2,000,000	(20, 21)	

- (1) Coverage is through Preferred Governmental Insurance Trust
- (2) Coverage is per person/per occurrence
- (3) Coverage is based on Class of eligible employee and salary to a maximum of \$200,000
- (4) Lifetime maximum per individual
- (5) Coverage is mandated by Florida Statute and adjusted for cost of living based upon a formula
- Coverage applicable to claims \$2,000,000 per occurrence Note No aggregate on Bodily Injury, Property Damage or Employee benefits liability
- (7) Coverage applicable to claims \$1,000,000 per occurrence, \$1,000,000 aggregate
- (8)Coverage applicable to claims \$2,000,000 per occurrence, \$6,000,000 aggregate for annual maintenance and upkeep of land in right of way of railroad
- (9) Coverage is per occurrence
- (10) Coverage is based upon property schedule
- (11) Coverage is through Ace American Insurance Company
- (12) Coverage is through Indian Harbor Insurance Company
- (13) Coverage is through Great American Insurance Company
- (14) Coverage is through Hudson Insurance Company
- (15) Actual Cash Value at the time of loss minus deductible
- (16) Coverage is through Executive Risk Indemnity, Inc
- (17) Coverage based on Ocean Marine Application
- (18) Coverage applicable to Bodily Injury by accident \$1,000,000; Bodily Injury by Disease Agreement Limit \$1,000,000; and Bodily Injury by Disease each employee \$1,000,000
- (19) Coverage through Cigna
- (20) Coverage is through Nautilus Insurance Company
- (21) Coverage applicable to claims \$1,000,000 per occurrence, \$2,000,000 aggregate

TOWN OF JUPITER, FLORIDA Salaries of Principal Officials For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Official	An	nual Salary
Mayor	\$	22,200
Council (4 members)		18,600 (per member)
Town Manager		226,986
Chief of Police		152,603
Utilities Director		152,603
Engineering and Public Works Director		145,250
Finance Director		145,250
Business Development Director		141,707
Assistant Town Manager		158,183
Planning and Zoning Director		141,707
Building Department Director		141,543
Town Clerk		129,886
Information Systems Director		112,547
Community Relations Director		119,989
Recreation Director		107,258
Human Resources Director		96,775

COMPLIANCE REPORTS AND MANAGEMENT LETTER

WILLIAM K CALER, JR, CPA LAURA E CLARK, CPA LOUIS M COHEN, CPA JOHN C COURTNEY, CPA, JD DAVID S DONTEN, CPA JAMES B HUTCHISON, CPA JOEL H LEVINE, CPA MICHAEL J NALEZYTY, CPA THOMAS A PENCE, JR, CPA SCOTT L PORTER, CPA MARK D VEIL, CPA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

505 SOUTH FLAGLER DRIVE, SUITE 900 WEST PALM BEACH, FL 33401-5948 TELEPHONE: (561) 832-9292

850 NW FEDERAL HIGHWAY, SUITE 121 STUART, FL 34994-1019 TELEPHONE: (772) 872-2123

info@cdlcpa com

MEMBERS
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

FLORIDA INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Jupiter, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Jupiter, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Jupiter, Florida, and have issued our report thereon dated February 25, 2019. Our report includes a reference to another auditor who audited the financial statements of the Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund, the fiduciary fund of the Town, as described in our report on the financial statements of the Town of Jupiter, Florida. This report does not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by that auditor.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the internal control over financial reporting (internal control) of the Town of Jupiter, Florida, to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control of the Town of Jupiter, Florida. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control of the Town of Jupiter, Florida.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any

deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Town of Jupiter, Florida, are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cales, Donten, Levine, Cohen, Parter & Veil, P.A.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Number/ Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	2018 Program Expenditures
FEDERAL AWARDS			
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct Awards			
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-15-MC-12-0059	\$ 12,467
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-16-MC-12-0059	122,236
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-17-MC-12-0059	156,980
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			291,683
U.S. Department of Justice			
Direct Award			
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	N/A	179,947
Pass-through Award from the State of Florida			
Florida Department of Law Enforcement			
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2017-JAGC-PALM-3-R3-255	555
Total U.S. Department of Justice			180,502
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Pass-through Awards from the State of Florida			
Florida Department of Transportation			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	SC-18-13-08	27,781
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	M5HVE-18-06-20	15,190
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	M2HVE-18-20-13	13,872
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			56,843
U.S. Department of the Treasury			
Direct Award			
Equitable Sharing Program	21.016	N/A	292,791
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			292,791
Department of Homeland Security - Federal Emergency			
Management Agency (FEMA)			
Pass-through Award from the State of Florida			
Florida Division of Emergency Management			
Public Assistance Program	97.036	Z0245	27,450
Total Department of Homeland Security			27,450
Total Federal Awards			\$ 849,269

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

September 30, 2018

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the Federal grant activity of the Town of Jupiter, Florida (the "Town"), under programs of the Federal government for the year ended September 30, 2018. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position, or cash flows of the Town. Expenditures of State financial assistance for the year ended September 30, 2018 did not exceed the \$750,000 threshold for a State Single Audit.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The Town has elected to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - SUBRECIPIENTS

The Town made no payments to subrecipients from Federal awards for the year ended September 30, 2018.

NOTE E - CONTINGENCY

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by those agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already received, might constitute a liability of the Town for the return of those funds. In the opinion of management, all grant expenditures were in substantial compliance with the terms of the grant agreements and applicable Federal statutes and regulations.

WILLIAM K CALER, JR, CPA
LAURA E CLARK, CPA
LOUIS M COHEN, CPA
JOHN C COURTNEY, CPA, JD
DAVID S DONTEN, CPA
JAMES B HUTCHISON, CPA
JOEL H LEVINE, CPA
MICHAEL J NALEZYTY, CPA
THOMAS A PENCE, JR, CPA
SCOTT L PORTER, CPA
MARK D VEIL, CPA

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

505 SOUTH FLAGLER DRIVE, SUITE 900 WEST PALM BEACH, FL 33401-5948 TELEPHONE: (561) 832-9292

850 NW FEDERAL HIGHWAY, SUITE 121 STUART, FL 34994-1019 TELEPHONE: (772) 872-2123

info@cdlcpa com

MEMBERS
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

FLORIDA INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Jupiter, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Jupiter, Florida's (the "Town") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town's major Federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2018. The Town's major Federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its Federal awards applicable to its Federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Town's major Federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major Federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Town of Jupiter, Florida, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Town of Jupiter, Florida, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major Federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cales, Donten, Levine, Cohen, Parter & Veil, P.A.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

<u>Financial Statements</u>	
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified Opinion
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiency (ies) identified that are not	
considered to be material weakness?	Yes <u>X</u> None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
<u>Federal Award Programs</u>	
Internal control over major Federal Award Programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiency (ies) identified that are not	
considered to be material weakness?	Yes <u>X</u> None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major	
Federal Programs	Unmodified Opinion
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be	
reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Identification of major Federal Award Programs	
Federal Award Programs	CFDA No.
U.S. Department of Justice	
Direct Award	
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922
U.S. Department of the Treasury	
Direct Award	
Equitable Sharing Program	21.016
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A	
and Type B programs:	<u>\$ 750,000</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes <u>X</u> No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None

SECTION IV - OTHER MATTERS

A Corrective Action Plan is not required because there were no audit findings reported.

A Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings is not required because there were no prior audit findings reported.

WILLIAM K CALER, JR, CPA LAURA E CLARK, CPA LOUIS M COHEN, CPA JOHN C COURTNEY, CPA, JD DAVID S DONTEN, CPA JAMES B HUTCHISON, CPA JOEL H LEVINE, CPA MICHAEL J NALEZYTY, CPA THOMAS A PENCE, JR, CPA SCOTT L PORTER, CPA MARK D VEIL, CPA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

505 SOUTH FLAGLER DRIVE, SUITE 900 WEST PALM BEACH, FL 33401-5948 TELEPHONE: (561) 832-9292

850 NW FEDERAL HIGHWAY, SUITE 121 STUART, FL 34994-1019 TELEPHONE: (772) 872-2123

info@cdlcpa com

MEMBERS
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

FLORIDA INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Management Letter

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Jupiter, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Jupiter, Florida (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated February 25, 2019. Our report included a reference to another auditor.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on Investment Compliance on our examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated February 25, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no audit findings and recommendations reported in our prior year reports.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in

this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is disclosed in Note A to the financial statements. Also, as discussed in Note A, the Town included the Jupiter Community Redevelopment Agency as a component unit of the Town.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the Town has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Town did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the Town as of September 30, 2018. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Town's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same. The results of our procedures disclosed no matters that are required to be reported.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.d., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and State grantor agencies and the Town Council and management of the Town of Jupiter, Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Caler, Donten, Levine, Cohen, Parter & Veil, P.A.

WILLIAM K CALER, JR, CPA LAURA E CLARK, CPA LOUIS M COHEN, CPA JOHN C COURTNEY, CPA, JD DAVID S DONTEN, CPA JAMES B HUTCHISON, CPA JOEL H LEVINE, CPA JAMES F MULLEN, IV, CPA MICHAEL J NALEZYTY, CPA THOMAS A PENCE, JR, CPA SCOTT L PORTER, CPA MARK D VEIL, CPA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

505 SOUTH FLAGLER DRIVE, SUITE 900 WEST PALM BEACH, FL 33401-5948 TELEPHONE: (561) 832-9292

850 NW FEDERAL HIGHWAY, SUITE 121 STUART, FL 34994-1019 TELEPHONE: (772) 872-2123

info@cdlcpa com

MEMBERS
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

FLORIDA INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Accountant's Report on Investment Compliance

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Jupiter, Florida

We have examined the Town of Jupiter's compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the year ended September 30, 2018. Management of the Town of Jupiter (the "Town") is responsible for the Town's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Town's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Town complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Town complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Town's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Town of Jupiter complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the year ended September 30, 2018.

This report is intended to describe our testing of compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, and is not suitable for any other purpose.

Calcu, Donten, Levine,

Cohen, Parter & Veil, P.A.