Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018



A coastal community which retains its charm as an old Florida fishing village









TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION Letter of Transmittal List of Principal Officials Organizational Chart GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	Page i-iv v vi vii
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4-14
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities Fund Financial Statements:	15 16
Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund	17
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	18 19 20
Fund Balance – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Notes to the Financial Statements	21 22 23-24 25 26 27-54
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	55-56
Notes to Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in The Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Police Relief and Pension Fund Schedule of Contributions – Police Relief and Pension Fund Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net OPEB liability and related ratios	57 58 59 60

TABLE OF CONTENTS Continued)

COMBINING NONMAJOR FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	61
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	62
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual –	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Grants Fund	63
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual –	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Infrastructure Surtax Fund	64
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual –	0.5
Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Police Education Fund	65
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Government-Wide Information:	
Schedule 1: Net Position by Components	66-67
Schedule 2: Changes in Net Position	68-71
Fund Information:	
Schedule 3: Fund Balances of Governmental Fund	72-73
Schedule 4: Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	74-75
Schedule 5: Net Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	76
Schedule 6: Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments	77-78
Schedule 7: Principal Property Taxpayers	79
Schedule 8: Property Tax Levies and Collections	80
Schedule 9: Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type	81
Schedule 10: Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	82
Schedule 11: Streets and Highways Note Pledged Revenue Coverage	83
Schedule 12: Water and Sewer Bonds Pledged Revenue Coverage	84
Schedule 13: Demographic and Economic Statistics	85
Schedule 14: Principal Employers	86
Schedule 15: Full-Time Equivalent Town Government Employees by Function	87
Schedule 16: Operating Indicators by Function	88-89
Schedule 17: Capital Assets by Function	90
Miscellaneous Statistics	91
Schedule of Insurance in Force	92

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	93-94
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With The Requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Required by Rule 10.566(10) of the Auditor General of the State of Florida	95
Management Letter Required by Chapter 10.550 of The Rules Of The Auditor General of The State of Florida	96-97







Town of Lantana

COUNCILMEMBERS
Philip J Aridas
Malcolm Balfour
Lynn J Moorhouse, D. D. S.
Edward Paul Shropshire



500 Greynolds Circle Lantana, FL 33462-4544 (561) 540-5000 Fax (561) 540-5009 www.lantana.org

DAVID J STEWART MAYOR

April 22, 2019

The Honorable Mayor, Members of the Town Council, and the Residents of the Town of Lantana

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Town of Lantana, Florida (the "Town") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with Town management. To the best of our knowledge, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and the results of operations of the various funds. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an adequate understanding of the Town's financial activities have been included.

The organization and content of this report is based primarily on the financial reporting standards set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and recommendations of the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA).

The Town's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure the assets of the Town are protected from loss, theft, or misuse. Furthermore, management ensures that accounting data is adequate for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition. The controls are also intended to provide assurance as to the reliability of financial statements and accountability for assets. We believe the Town of Lantana's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance as to the proper recording of financial transactions.

In accordance with Section 218.32 Florida Statutes, the Town engaged the firm of Grau & Associates, to perform an independent audit of the Town's accounts and records. They have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Town of Lantana's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2018. The Independent Auditors' Report is included in the Financial Section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A compliments this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE TOWN OF LANTANA

The Town of Lantana is less than three square miles and is located in Palm Beach County on the southeast Florida coast between West Palm Beach and Fort Lauderdale – 20 minutes south of West Palm Beach and 40 minutes north of Fort Lauderdale. Lantana derived its governmental authority from a charter granted by the State of Florida Legislature in 1921. The Town developed primarily as a residential community and maintains a strong commitment to its 11,397 residents, focusing on neighborhood programs, services, improving roadway infrastructure and redevelopment.

The Town operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The governing body of the Town is the Town Council, which formulates policies for the administration of the Town. The Town Council is comprised of a mayor and four council members elected atlarge for three-year terms. Town Council appoints the Town Manager who serves as the Town's Chief Executive Officer and is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Town and the implementation of the policies established by Town Council.

The Town provides a full range of municipal services including police, planning and zoning, parks and recreation, library, water and wastewater services, public works, marine safety, road improvements, and general administrative services. Fire/Rescue services are contracted with Palm Beach County and solid waste collection is contracted with Republic Services Inc.

The Town's water and wastewater utility incorporates one water treatment plant with a 3.84 million gallon per day permit. The customer base is 100% within the Town's limits servicing approximately 3,400 accounts. Wastewater treatment is processed by the East Central Regional Wastewater Treatment Facility through an agreement and connection with the City of Lake Worth.

The Town maintains budgetary control at the department level of expenditure. All expenditures require the Finance Director's authorization. Purchases \$10,000 and greater require the Town Manager's authorization, and any expenditure of \$15,000 or more requires a competitive bid and Town Council approval. Exceptions to the bid process can occur only in the following cases: sole source vendor; supplies listed by other governmental agencies; and/or declaration of an emergency by the Town Council or Manager. Budget transfers within departmental cost centers are handled administratively. The Town Council approves budget transfers between departments and budget amendments that increase or decrease total appropriations of a fund. The Town also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts lapse at year-end with capital outlay appropriations added into and re-appropriated as part of the subsequent year's budget.

The Town Council adopts a formal budget for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (excluding the Police Forfeiture Fund), the Internal Service Fund and the Water and Sewer Fund. A statement comparing the budgeted revenue and expenditures to actual revenues and expenditures for the General Fund and the budgeted Special Revenue Funds is presented in the financial section of this report.

LOCAL ECONOMY & FINANCIAL PLANNING

Property values continue to recover from prerecession highs almost a decade ago. This has required the use of other revenue sources along with the reduction of expenditures.

In Lantana, the economic base includes commercial ventures such as Publix, The Carlisle, and Costco Wholesale Warehouse as well as approximately 500 smaller businesses including restaurants, retail, and service and repair related businesses. These businesses are located in the general commercial corridors and in the Industrial Park properties on the north end of Town.

Over the past ten years, the Town's population has remained close to 10,000. However, recently we've seen a 10% increase. Taxable property values have ranged from pre-recession highs of \$1.1 billion to a low of \$678 million during fiscal year 2013 and finally breaking the \$1 billion mark again for fiscal year 2019. As such, we strive to manage Town finances using a conservative approach. Listed below is how the current fund balance of \$13,402,321 within the General Fund is allocated.

Non-spendable: Inventory & prepaid costs	\$ 8,261
Restricted: Building permitting activities	1,562,930
Assigned: For Council directed projects For contracts For carry-forward expenditures	3,300,000 17,738 469,341
Unassigned:	8,044,051
Total Fund Balance	\$ 13,402,321

The unassigned fund balance is equal to 70% of the adopted fiscal year 2019 General Fund budget. As a coastal community, we are prone to hurricanes and storm events that require funds be immediately available for recovery and mitigation purposes.

With the Town's full range of municipal services, we continue to pursue alternatives that will increase annual financial resources while developing and monitoring delivery of public services at minimal cost. The Town's goal of matching revenues to expenditures is on track for maintaining a sound financial condition through prudent administration and oversight. This is also accomplished through reviewing and updating our five-year capital plan in conjunction with revenue projections. However, no formal policy has been created for this review.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

- Implemented the Quiet Zone to not require locomotive train horns to be sounded along the Florida East Coast (FEC) railway corridor at the Town's five grade crossings.
- Repaired and resurfaced town roads and sidewalks.
- Bus stops Repainted and replaced garbage cans.
- Lantana Sports Park Construction of new basketball courts and lighting.
- Beach Installation of new benches, sign, painting of car stops for Decal Only parking and removing the signs, and improvements to the interior of the Marine Safety building.

- Recreation Center Repainted interior and installed new tile flooring.
- Lyman Kayak Park Completed the mangrove planters.
- Nature Preserve Removed exotic plant species.
- CDBG Project Installed new sidewalks on N. 8th St. and two traffic calming areas.
- Reconstructed the road at the southeast corner of West Lantana Road and North Broadway.
- Landscape improvements East Ocean Avenue and along South Broadway in front of the Operations Center.
- Wastewater force main and drainage improvements S. Lake Drive.
- New subaqueous water main from mainland to Island.
- Replacement of water main along South Atlantic Drive and Southeast Atlantic Drive.
- Hosted County-wide Beach Clean-ups in April & September with residents and local students.
- Implemented sports programs to include co-ed baseball, soccer and flag football.
- Hosted six (6) Enjoy Lantana! community events to include Movies at the Beach, Egg Hunt at Maddock Park, July 4th Celebration, Haunted Nature Preserve, and Winterfest.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Lantana, Florida for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of only one year. We believe our current report continues to conform to Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the dedicated service of the entire Finance Department staff members. We would like to also express our sincerely appreciation of Sharon Almeida who was instrumental in the preparation of the Town's financial statements.

We especially wish to thank the Mayor and Town Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Town in a responsible and progressive manner. With this support, the Town is able to achieve and maintain a high degree of fiscal health and responsibility.

Respectfully submitted,

Deborah S. Manzo Town Manager Stephen Kaplan Finance Director

iν

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

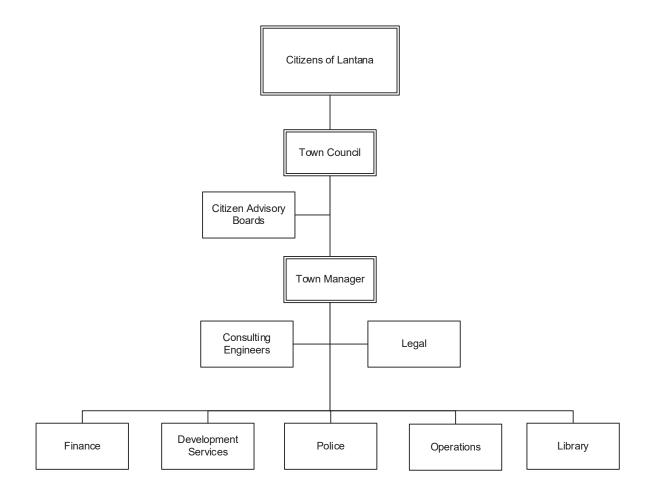
SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

TITLE	NAME
Mayor	David J. Stewart
Vice Mayor	Edward Paul Shropshire
Vice Mayor Pro-tem	Malcolm Balfour
Council Member	Philip Aridas
Council Member	Dr. Lynn J. Moorhouse
Town Manager	Deborah S. Manzo
Town Attorney	Lohman Law Group, P.A.
Town Engineers	Mathews Consulting, Inc. Kimley-Horn & Assoc., Inc. Calvin, Giordano & Assoc., Inc.
Town Independent Auditors	Grau & Associates
Town Clerk	Nicole A. Dritz
Operations Director	Linda A. Brien
Finance Director	Stephen Kaplan
Library Director	Sid Patchett
Development Services Director	David Thatcher

Sean Scheller

Police Chief

Organizational Chart





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Lantana Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2017

Executive Director/CEO

Christopher P. Morrill









951 Yamato Road • Suite 280 Boca Raton, Florida 33431 (561) 994-9299 • (800) 299-4728 Fax (561) 994-5823 www.graucpa.com

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Town Council and Town Manager Town of Lantana, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Lantana, Florida, (the "Town") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Town of Lantana Police Relief and Pension Fund, which represent all of the total assets, net position, and revenues of the fiduciary fund. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Town of Lantana Police Relief and Pension Fund is based solely on the report of the other auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the accompanying financial statements, the Town adopted the recognition and disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The net position balance of the governmental activities and business-type activities as of October 1, 2017 have been restated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net pension and OPEB liability and related ratios, and schedule of contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, non-major budgetary comparison schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and the non-major budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 22, 2019, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

We have also issued our report dated April 22, 2019, on our consideration of the Town's compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, as required by Rule 10.556(10) of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. The purpose of that report is to provide an opinion based on our examination conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Dear & association

April 22, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The purpose of financial reporting, in general, is to provide the readers of the financial statements with information that will help them make decisions and draw conclusions about an entity. As management of the Town of Lantana (Town), Florida, we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with information that we have furnished in our accompanying transmittal letter beginning on Page i, and the accompanying basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Town's net position at September 30, 2018 was \$45.9 million. Of this amount, \$18.4 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Governmental activities net position was \$27.2 million, an increase of \$1,002,913.
- Business-type activities net position was \$18.8 million, an increase of \$1,135,919.
- Total revenues from all sources were \$18.9 million, an increase of \$1,201,627.
- Total costs of all Town programs were \$16.6 million, a decrease of \$2,062,950.
- Total revenues and other financing sources in the General Fund exceeded total expenditures and other financing uses by \$1,442,286.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$8 million, or 80.5% of total General Fund expenditures.
- The Town's total recorded liability for the implicit rate subsidy of other postemployment benefits (OPEB) was \$614,508, an increase of \$28,669. Governmental and business-type activities increased \$25,717 and \$2,952, respectively.
- Due to the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", the beginning balance of the Governmental Activities' net position was restated which resulted in a reduction of \$159,156. The Business-type Activities' restatement of net position resulted in an increase of \$21,726. Further information may be found in Note 1.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The three components of the basic financial statements are: (1) Government-wide financial statements, which include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole. (2) Fund financial statements illustrate how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. (3) Notes to the financial statements.

Other information such as budgetary comparisons, statements and schedules of the non-major governmental funds, and the statistical section contains data such as financial trends, debt capacity, and demographic, economic and operating information to assist the reader in better understanding the operations of the Town. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

The financial statement focus is on both the Town as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. The following graph shows the relationship between the CAFR and the basic financial statements and Required Supplementary Information ("RSI").

Relationship Between Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) And

Basic Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

		General Information on the government structure, services and environment	Introductory Section	
	<u></u> -	Management's Discussion and Analysis		
		Government-wide Financial Statements		
Basic	!	Governmental Fund Financial Statements		CAFR
Financial statements	 	Proprietary Fund Financial Statements	Financial Section	CAFK
and RSI	!	Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements		
	<u>:</u>	Notes to the Financial Statements	ļ	
	Ĺ	Additional Required Supplementary Information		
		Information on non-major individual funds, budgetary comparisons and other supplementary information		
		+		
		Trend data and non-financial data	Statistical Section	

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A frequently asked question regarding the Town's financial health is whether the year's activities contributed positively to the overall financial well-being. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes therein. Net position, the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position is an indicator of whether the financial health is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present information about the following:

Governmental activities – All of the Town's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including general government, community development, public safety, public services, library, and recreation. Property taxes, sales taxes, utility taxes, and franchise fees finance most of these activities.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

 Proprietary activities/Business-type activities – The Town charges a fee to customers to cover all or most of the cost of the services provided. The Town's Water and Sewer Utility system is reported in this category.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, management establishes other funds to meet legal responsibilities associated with the use of certain taxes, grants, and other monies. The Town's three kinds of funds, *governmental*, *proprietary*, and *fiduciary* use different accounting approaches as explained below:

- Governmental funds Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental funds focus on how resources flow in and out, with the balances remaining at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information shows whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-20 of this report.
- Proprietary funds These fund financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position, Statement
 of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position and Statement of Cash Flows. These
 statements are prepared on the accrual basis which is the accounting basis used to prepare the
 government-wide financial statements.

The Town uses Enterprise Funds to account for business-type activities that charge fees to customers for the use of specific goods or services. These funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Internal Service Funds are used to account for services provided and billed on an internal basis. The Town uses Internal Service Funds to account for its workers compensation and general liability expenses.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-24 of this report.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting basis used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25 and 26 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town, assets plus deferred outflow of resources exceeded liabilities by \$45.9 million, which increased \$2,276,262 from the previous fiscal year before taking into account restatement of the financial statements.

The largest portion of the Town's net position (55.2%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Town of Lantana Net Position Summary

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total Activities		
	2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017
Assets:											
Current and other assets	\$ 15,868,986	\$	14,500,675	\$	12,160,943	\$	12,116,246	\$	28,029,929	\$	26,616,921
Capital assets	17,228,421		17,916,710		9,521,063		8,403,850		26,749,484		26,320,560
Total Assets	33,097,407		32,417,385		21,682,006		20,520,096		54,779,413		52,937,481
Deferred Outflow of Resources:											
Police Pension	431,662		743,857		-		_		431,662		743,857
OPEB	186,763		-		2,796		-		189,559		-
Deferred charge on refunding	-		-		103,455		142,866		103,455		142,866
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	618,425		743,857		106,251		142,866		724,676		886,723
Liabilities:											
Long term debt outstanding	4,388,498		5,226,979		1,687,292		2,520,000		6,075,790		7,746,979
Other liabilities	754,425		949,744		1,336,347		517,434		2,090,772		1,467,178
Total Liabilities	5,142,923		6,176,723		3,023,639		3,037,434		8,166,562		9,214,157
Deferred Inflows of Resources:											
Police Pension	1,184,423		810,789		_		_		1,184,423		810,789
OPEB	211,843		-		3,171		-		215,014		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,396,266		810,789		3,171		-		1,399,437		810,789
Net Position											
Net investment in											
capital assets	17,228,421		17,818,601		8,135,430		6,239,812		25,363,851		24,058,413
Restricted	2,177,200		1,425,190		-		374,456		2,177,200		1,799,646
Unrestricted	7,771,022		6,929,939		10,626,017		11,011,260		18,397,039		17,941,199
Total net position	\$ 27,176,643	\$	26,173,730	\$	18,761,447	\$	17,625,528	\$	45,938,090	\$	43,799,258

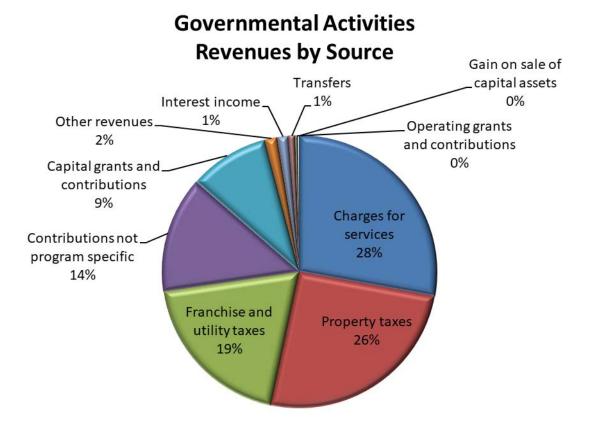
The increase in the government's net position for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, was \$2,276,262 compared to a decrease of \$988,315 for the previous fiscal year. Governmental and Business-type activities accounted for an increase of \$1,162,069 and \$1,114,193, respectively. Details of these changes are explained later in the analysis.

For both fiscal years presented, the Town was able to report positive balances in all categories of the net position for governmental and business-type activities.

Listed below is a schedule that illustrates the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Town of Lantana Changes in Net Position

		nmental ⁄ities		ss-type vities	Total Activities			
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 3,525,040	\$ 3,318,158	\$ 5,960,248	\$ 5,889,214	\$ 9,485,288	\$ 9,207,372		
Operating grants and contributions	38,499	67,762	-	-	38,499	67,762		
Capital grants and contributions	1,195,547	1,083,883	-	-	1,195,547	1,083,883		
General revenues and transfers:								
Property taxes	3,221,378	2,786,215	-	-	3,221,378	2,786,215		
Franchise and utility taxes	2,441,511	2,420,646	-	-	2,441,511	2,420,646		
Contributions not program specific	1,742,071	1,729,563			1,742,071	1,729,563		
Interest income	165,096	75,309	128,543	57,597	293,639	132,906		
Other revenues	189,691	207,857	187,117	72,181	376,808	280,038		
Gain on sale of capital assets	22,153	6,902	20	-	22,173	6,902		
Total revenues	12,540,986	11,696,295	6,275,928	6,018,992	18,816,914	17,715,287		
Expenses:								
Program expenses:								
General government	950,779	1,007,186	-	-	950,779	1,007,186		
Physical environment	3,867,004	3,273,391	-	-	3,867,004	3,273,391		
Public safety	6,062,440	8,580,598	-	-	6,062,440	8,580,598		
Culture and recreation	597,923	548,426	-	-	597,923	548,426		
Interest	771	10,026	-	-	771	10,026		
Utility - Water & Sewer	-	-	5,161,735	5,283,975	5,161,735	5,283,975		
Total expenses	11,478,917	13,419,627	5,161,735	5,283,975	16,640,652	18,703,602		
Changes in net position before transfers	1,062,069	(1,723,332)	1,114,193	735,017	2,176,262	(988,315)		
Transfers in, (out), net	100,000	-	-	-	100,000	-		
Increase (decrease) in net position	1,162,069	(1,723,332)	1,114,193	735,017	2,276,262	(988,315)		
Net position - October 1,	26,173,730	27,897,062	17,625,528	16,890,511	43,799,258	44,787,573		
Effect of GASB No. 75	(159, 156)	-	21,726	-	(137,430)	-		
Net position - October 1, as restated	26,014,574	27,897,062	17,647,254	16,890,511	43,661,828	44,787,573		
Net position - September 30	\$ 27,176,643	\$ 26,173,730	\$ 18,761,447	\$ 17,625,528	\$ 45,938,090	\$ 43,799,258		



The net position for the Town's governmental activities increased \$1,162,069 compared to a decrease of \$1,723,332 in the prior year. Significant variances from the prior year are as follows:

- Property taxes increased by \$435,163, or 15.6%. The Town's taxable value increased in addition to raising the millage rate from \$3.2395 per \$1,000 of taxable value to \$3.5.
- Capital Grant and Contributions increased by \$111,664. Additional revenue was recognized from the Infrastructure Surtax (penny tax) which began January 1, 2017, in addition to a Community Development Block Grant which improved norther portions of the town.
- Charges for Services increased by \$206,882 partially due to the new agreement with the School Board of Palm Beach County for law enforcement services at Lantana Elementary School.
- Public safety expenses decreased \$2,518,158 as a building improvement project was completed in the previous fiscal year. As a result, expenses significantly reduced.

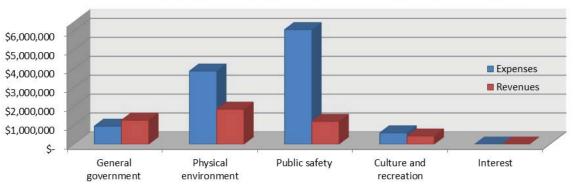
Town programs include general government, physical environment, public safety, and culture and recreational services. General government contains the following departments: legislative, executive, finance, and legal. Physical environment contains public works, utilities, road and street maintenance. Public safety contains police and development services. Culture and recreation contains library, and special events.

Each program's net cost (total cost, less revenues generated by the activities) is presented below. The net cost demonstrates the extent to which the Town's general taxes support each of the Town's programs.

Town of Lantana Governmental Activities

	Total Cos	t of Services	Program	Revenues	Net Cost of Services		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
General government	\$ 950,779	\$ 1,007,186	\$ (1,268,772)	\$ (1,132,786)	\$ (317,993)	\$ (125,600)	
Physical environment	3,867,004	3,273,391	(1,852,396)	(1,219,855)	2,014,608	2,053,536	
Public safety	6,062,440	8,580,598	(1,207,343)	(1,781,820)	4,855,097	6,798,778	
Culture and recreation	597,923	548,426	(430,575)	(335,342)	167,348	213,084	
Interest	771	10,026	-	-	771	10,026	
Total	\$11,478,917	\$ 13,419,627	\$ (4,759,086)	\$ (4,469,803)	\$ 6,719,831	\$ 8,949,824	

Expenses & Program Revenues for Governmental Activities



The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$11.5 million. As shown in the Statement of Activities, those who directly benefited from the programs paid \$4.8 million of the cost, and \$6.7 million was financed through general revenues. Ad valorem taxes contributed 25.7% of total governmental activities revenues this fiscal year as compared to 23.8% in the previous fiscal year. In fiscal year 2018, the Town adopted an increased millage rate which combined with higher property values provided additional revenue. Details are discussed later in the budget-to-actual analysis.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Business-type activities (Water and Sewer fund) increased the Town's net position by \$1,135,919 for fiscal year 2018. The net position of the proprietary fund at September 30, 2018, was \$18.8 million. The cost of providing all proprietary (business-type) activities this year decreased \$122,240 compared to last year's total cost of \$5.2 million. As shown in the Statement of Activities, amounts paid through user fees were \$5,960,248 which increased \$71,034 due to a 1.9% rate increase effective the beginning of the fiscal year. The net position's increase for 2018, was partially due to water and wastewater operating revenues increasing from the rate increase.

Expenses remained relatively flat by decreasing \$122,240, or 2.3%. The water treatment and wastewater distribution system incurred fewer repairs and maintenance costs compared to the previous year

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$14,016,591, compared to \$12,309,744 million in the prior fiscal year, an increase of \$1,706,847.

Approximately 57% or \$8,044,051 of the \$14 million combined ending fund balances (Governmental Funds) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. Of the total fund balance, \$8,261 is non-spendable, \$15,360 will be used towards education and training within the Police Department, \$1,562,930 will be used towards the building permitting process, \$489,487 will be used for infrastructure projects, and \$109,423 for police forfeiture programs. Approximately \$487,000 is assigned for planned and committed projects not completed by the fiscal year end. Further, \$3.3 million has been assigned for Council directed projects.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund for the Town. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to the total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 80% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 134% of that same amount.

The General Fund's total fund balance increased \$1,442,286 with the unassigned balance increasing from \$6,794,650 to \$8,044,051. While many variables affect the increase, the primary factor is a result of a reduction in capital outlay projects while revenue levels increased.

General Fund revenues increased \$178,953 from the previous fiscal year. Overall, some revenues increased and some decreased. However, revenue growth's main impetus was through increased property values and millage rate which recognized an additional \$435,163 in property taxes.

Expenditures within the General Fund remained relatively flat by decreasing \$25,300 on a \$10 million fund.

The Infrastructure Surtax fund was created as a Special Revenue Fund to account for the voter-approved "Penny Tax" earmarked for infrastructure projects. The projects are monitored and reported to a committee coordinated by the Palm Beach County League of Cities. This year's fund revenue included \$772,576 of sales tax. With approximately \$508,000 spent in projects, fund balance after its second year was \$489,487.

The Police Forfeiture Fund, also known as the Law Enforcement Trust Fund, remained flat with fund balance increasing \$4,125 to \$109,423.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The general fund budget was amended as follows: decrease in budgeted revenues of \$689,362, a decrease in appropriations of \$165,109, an increase in carry forward amounts of \$531,244, and an increase in transfers out of \$6,991.

Variations between adopted and revised budgets include:

- Reduce revenue budget for infrastructure surtax related projects by \$712,916. The budgets were transferred over to the newly created Infrastructure Surtax Fund mid-year.
- Increase budget to recognize donations of \$6,943.
- Increased budget for insurance proceeds of \$9,116.
- Carry-forward of capital outlay programs from the previous fiscal year of \$775,990.

The most significant variances between the final budget and actual amounts were as follows:

- Actual revenues for the 2018 fiscal year were greater as compared to the budget by \$748,736. The
 greatest variances include the following:
 - Surplus property taxes of \$35,545.
 - Surplus business tax receipts of \$42,869.
 - Surplus building permits of \$317,550.
 - Surplus metered parking of \$110,300.
 - Surplus park rental fees of \$20,018.
 - o Surplus code fines of \$60,333.
 - o Surplus interest income of \$103,133.
 - o Deficit of \$9,380 in court fines.
 - o Deficit of \$8,413 in parking fines.
- Expenditures were \$1,241,872 less than the final budget for the 2018 fiscal year. About \$18,000 or 1.4% of the difference is attributed to contract commitments where projects are in progress and funding is allocated. About \$469,000 or 38% is designated for projects and contracts that are funded but have yet to begin. Approximately \$442,000 in personnel costs were unspent due to more-than-expected staff vacancies. Legal expenses were less than expected by \$74,223.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

The capital assets of the Town are those assets that are used in the performance of Town functions. Capital assets include equipment, buildings, land, park facilities, etc. The Town previously elected to retroactively apply the capitalization requirements of GASB Statement No. 34 to major general infrastructure assets.

• The Town's net investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2018, amounts to \$25.4 million.

Major capital asset events during the fiscal year included the following:

- Voice recording for phone system \$15,000
- Sports turf bunker and field rake \$13,000
- Forty-five portable police radios \$100,000
- Sidewalks and basketball courts along North 8th Street \$402,000
- Twelve computers \$20,000
- Three vehicles 90,000
- Wastewater line camera system \$40,000
- Subaqueous intracoastal water main \$534,000

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 6 beginning on page 41 of this report

Town of Lantana Capital Assets

		nmental vities	Busine: Activ	ss-type ⁄ities	Total Activities		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Land	\$ 2,267,878	\$ 2,267,878	\$ 4,300	\$ 4,300	\$ 2,272,178	\$ 2,272,178	
Construction in progress	12,246	-	1,675,643	191,983	1,687,889	191,983	
Roads and streets	24,340,753	23,910,780	-	-	24,340,753	23,910,780	
Buildings and improvements	10,179,212	10,144,905	10,274,933	10,301,434	20,454,145	20,446,339	
Infrastructure	-	-	11,550,459	11,211,489	11,550,459	11,211,489	
Furniture, equipment & vehicles	4,319,558	4,255,587	1,521,161	1,437,114	5,840,719	5,692,701	
Intangible assets	259,788	260,593	3,246,342	3,248,806	3,506,130	3,509,399	
Total assets	\$ 41,379,435	\$ 40,839,743	\$ 28,272,838	\$ 26,395,126	\$ 69,652,273	\$ 67,234,869	
Less accumulated depreciation	(24,151,014)	(22,923,033)	(18,751,775)	(17,991,276)	(42,902,789)	(40,914,309)	
Total	\$ 17,228,421	\$ 17,916,710	\$ 9,521,063	\$ 8,403,850	\$ 26,749,484	\$ 26,320,560	

LONG-TERM DEBT

Currently, the Town uses debt financing on an as-needed basis. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had total debt of \$1.5 million, a reduction of \$915,925, or 38.1% as compared to the previous fiscal year.

No debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the government. Water and sewer revenues secure the bonds and notes. During periods where capital leases are utilized, the corresponding equipment secures the debt.

Town of Lantana Outstanding Debt

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total Activities		
	2018		2017		2018		2017	_	2018		2017
Bonds and loans payable	\$ -	\$	98,109	\$	1,489,088	\$	2,306,904	\$	1,489,088	\$	2,405,013
Total	\$ _	\$	98,109	\$	1,489,088	\$	2,306,904	\$	1,489,088	\$	2,405,013

In addition, the Town has a liability for compensated absence of \$859,023 and an OPEB liability of \$614,508. Additional information on the Town's debt can be found in Note 7 beginning on page 43 of this report.

NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND ECONOMIC FACTORS

When developing next year's budget, the primary economic factor affecting the budget was conservative growth in General Fund revenues. Property taxes are anticipated to increase with \$200,000 in additional revenue. Overall, the total fund's revenue is anticipated to increase approximately \$157,000 or 1% compared to FY 2017-18's actual revenues. This is primarily due to a reduction in building permits revenues and an increase to the solid waste assessment. Two large building projects began a coupled years ago and Lantana is built out. Assessment for solid waste significantly increased due to the cost provided by the private hauler. So, while the assessment revenue increased, so will the expense.

The taxable value of property is anticipated to continue increasing in the coming year. Increased taxable value can translate into additional revenue when maintaining or raising the millage rate. Property tax is the single largest revenue source within the General Fund accounting for 30% of the fund. The budget was crafted using an 8% increase in property values. The budget was adopted with the same millage rate of \$3.2395 per \$1,000 which is 6.31% above the roll-back rate of \$3.2923. This translates into almost \$200,000 of additional tax revenue to be recognized over the previous fiscal year.

Palm Beach County provides fire rescue services using an MSTU (municipal services taxing unit) and tax Lantana property owners \$3.4581 per \$1,000 of taxable value. This rate is deducted from the maximum allowable tax rate of 10 mills leaving 6.5419 mills available.

As the economy continues to improve, we'll continue employing a strategic plan to conservatively budget revenues and reduce expenditures wherever possible using excess reserves only when warranted and approved by our Council.

We anticipate taxable values will continue to increase above the market as the Water Tower Commons' project continues. Also, depending on the types of businesses approved at the location, increased job opportunities are anticipated.

The Town continues to retain a healthy fund balance within the General Fund. In fiscal year 2018, the unassigned fund balance is over \$8 million. When comparing this as a percentage to fiscal year 2019 budgeted expenditures, it can be used as a good indicator of the Town's fiscal health. The unassigned balance accounts for 72% of fiscal year 2019's General Fund originally adopted operating budget (doesn't include debt or capital); however, even when including the total adopted budget, it still accounts for 70%. A portion of the assigned fund balance (\$17,738) is earmarked for projects currently in progress not completed in the current fiscal year but anticipated to conclude in the following year. Approximately \$469,341 of the assigned balances will be used for projects approved, but yet to begin.

The use of the remaining fund balance changes from year to year. In some years, large capital equipment is purchased; in other years, it's the Council's direction to refrain from its use. Finally, as we continue to grow fund balance, it will assist the funding of future years' projects.

In considering the Town's budget for fiscal year 2018-2019, the Town Council and management were conservative as to the growth of revenues and expenditures.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives and spends. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town's Finance Department at the Town of Lantana, 500 Greynolds Circle, Lantana, Florida 33462 or by emailing accounting@lantana.org.





TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Primary Government				
	Gov	ernmental	Business-Type		
	A	ctivities	Activities		Total
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,989,308		\$	14,409,365
Investments		6,397,961	4,881,927		11,279,888
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents		491,703	179,371		671,074
Intergovernmental receivables		368,769	-		368,769
Assessments receivable		329,638	-		329,638
Accounts receivable, net		283,346	675,184		958,530
Prepaid costs and inventories		8,261	4,404		12,665
Total current assets		15,868,986	12,160,943		28,029,929
Noncurrent assets:					
Nondepreciable capital assets		2,280,124	1,843,446		4,123,570
Depreciable capital assets, net		14,948,297	7,677,617		22,625,914
Total noncurrent assets		17,228,421	9,521,063		26,749,484
Total assets		33,097,407	21,682,006		54,779,413
Deferred outflows of resources	-				
Police Pension		431,662	_		431,662
OPEB		186,763	2,796		189,559
Deferred charge on refunding (debit)		-	103,455		103,455
Total deferred outflows of resources		618,425	106,251		724,676
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position Liabilities: Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		362,869	481,789		844,658
Unearned revenues		391,556	-		391,556
Retainage payable		-	675,187		675,187
Customer deposits payable from restricted assets		-	179,371		179,371
Noncurrent liabilities due within one year		301,988	560,791		862,779
Total current liabilities		1,056,413	1,897,138		2,953,551
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Net OPEB liability		605,444	9,064		614,508
Net pension liability		3,113,171	-		3,113,171
Due in more than one year		367,895	1,117,437		1,485,332
Total noncurrent liabilities		4,086,510	1,126,501		5,213,011
Total liabilities		5,142,923	3,023,639		8,166,562
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Police Pension		1,184,423	_		1,184,423
OPEB		211,843	3,171		215,014
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,396,266	3,171		1,399,437
Net position:		, ,	,		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		17,228,421	8,135,430		25,363,851
Building permitting activities		1,562,930	-		1,562,930
Law enforcement		124,783	_		124,783
Infrastructure surtax fund		489,487	_		489,487
Unrestricted		7,771,022	10,626,017		18,397,039
Total net position	\$	27,176,643	\$ 18,761,447	\$	45,938,090
. otal flot position	Ψ	21,110,070	Ψ 10,101,741	Ψ	.5,555,550

See notes to the financial statement

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

			Program Revenues		Net (E	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
	ļ	Charges	Operating	Capital		Primary Government	
		for	Grants and	Grant and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Function/Program	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 620,779 \$	1,268,772	· \$	· \$	\$ 317,993	· ·	317,993
Public safety	6,062,440	1,173,143	34,200	•	(4,855,097)		(4,855,097)
Physical environment	3,867,004	656,849		1,195,547	(2,014,608)		(2,014,608)
Culture and recreation	597,923	426,276	4,299	•	(167,348)		(167,348)
Interest	771			•	(771)	•	(771)
Total government activities	11,478,917	3,525,040	38,499	1,195,547	(6,719,831)		(6,719,831)
Business-type activities: Water and sewer	5 161 735	5 960 248		,		798 513	798 513
Total business-type activities	5,161,735	5,960,248		1	1	798,513	798,513
Total primary government	16,640,652	9,485,288	38,499	1,195,547	(6,719,831)	798,513	(5,921,318)
	General revenues:						
	Property taxes				3,221,378		3,221,378
	Franchise taxes	Franchise taxes and utility taxes			2,441,511		2,441,511
	Contributions not restricted	t restricted					
	to specific pro	programs			1,742,071	•	1,742,071
	Interest income				165,096	128,543	293,639
	Other revenues				189,691	187,117	376,808
	Gain on sale of capital assets	capital assets			22, 153	20	22,173
	Transfers				100,000		100,000
	Total general	Total general revenues and transfers	sfers		7,881,900	315,680	8,197,580
	Change in net position	position			1,162,069	1,114,193	2,276,262
	Net position - beginning	ning			26,173,730	17,625,528	43,799,258
	Effect of adoption of GASB No. 75 (Note 1)	of GASB No. 75 (N	ote 1)		(159, 156)	21,726	(137,430)
	Net position - beginning, as restated	nning, as restated			26,014,574	17,647,254	43,661,828
	Net position, ending	D			\$ 27,176,643	\$ 18,761,447 \$	45,938,090

See notes to the financial statement

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Major Fund General Fund		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,239,142	\$	-	\$	7,239,142
Investments		6,397,961		-		6,397,961
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-		491,703		491,703
Receivables:						
Intergovernmental		245,692		123,077		368,769
Assessments receivable		329,638		-		329,638
Accounts receivable, net		283,346		-		283,346
Prepaid costs and inventories		8,261		-		8,261
Total assets	\$	14,504,040	\$	614,780	\$	15,118,820
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	362,359	\$	510	\$	362,869
Unearned revenues	Ψ	391,556	Ψ	-	Ψ	391,556
Total liabilities		753,915		510		754,425
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable revenue		347,804		_		347,804
Total deferred inflows of resources		347,804		-		347,804
Fund balances:						
Non-spendable for prepaid costs and inventories Restricted for:		8,261		-		8,261
Building permitting activities		1,562,930		-		1,562,930
Infrastructure		-		489,487		489,487
Law enforcement		-		124,783		124,783
Assigned for:						
Council directed projects		3,300,000		-		3,300,000
Contracts		17,738		-		17,738
Carry-forward expenditures		469,341		-		469,341
Unassigned		8,044,051		-		8,044,051
Total fund balances		13,402,321		614,270		14,016,591
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and						
fund balances	\$	14,504,040	\$	614,780	\$	15,118,820

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Fund balance - governmental funds		\$ 14,016,591
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial assets therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets, net of any accumulated depreciation, in the net position of the government as a whole.		
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	41,379,435 (24,151,014)	17,228,421
Assets that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures are unavailable in the fund statements.		347,804
The net pension liability is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements, but is reported as a liability in the government-wide financial statements.		(3,113,171)
The net OPEB liability is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements, but is reported as a liability in the government-wide financial statements.		(605,444)
Deferred outflows of resources related to the pension are recorded in the statement of net position.		431,662
Deferred inflows of resources related to the pension are recorded in the statement of net position.		(1,184,423)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are recorded in the statement of net position.		186,763
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are recorded in the statement of net position.		(211,843)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of		
net position.		750,166
Liabilities not due and payable from current available resources are not reported as liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide financial statements.		
Compensated absences		 (669,883)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 27,176,643

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	 Major Fund General Fund	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 3,221,378	\$ _	\$	3,221,378
Franchise fees and utility taxes	2,441,511	_		2,441,511
Other taxes	280,457	_		280,457
Permits and fees	708,433	-		708,433
Intergovernmental	1,767,490	772,576		2,540,066
Charges for services	589,013	_		589,013
Fines and forfeitures	244,356	20,083		264,439
Interest income	165,096	-		165,096
Grant revenue	16,613	457,171		473,784
Interlocal agreements	791,044	-		791,044
Special assessments	711,788	-		711,788
Other revenues	397,194	-		397,194
Total revenues	 11,334,373	1,249,830		12,584,203
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	915,874	-		915,874
Public safety	5,953,971	20,115		5,974,086
Physical environment	2,219,859	529,937		2,749,796
Culture and recreation	411,693	-		411,693
Capital outlay	387,741	439,286		827,027
Debt service:				
Principal	98,109	-		98,109
Interest	771	-		771
Total expenditures	 9,988,018	989,338		10,977,356
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	 1,346,355	260,492		1,606,847
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	100,000	4,069		104,069
Transfers out	 (4,069)	_		(4,069)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 95,931	4,069		100,000
Net change in fund balances	1,442,286	264,561		1,706,847
Fund balances, beginning	11,960,035	349,709		12,309,744
Fund balances, ending	\$ 13,402,321	\$ 614,270	\$	14,016,591

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	1,706,847
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital assets are reported in the governmental fund as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of certain of these assets are eliminated and capitalized as capital assets.	f	827,027
Depreciation of capital assets is not recognized in the governmental fund statement but is reported as an expense on the statement of activities.	3	(1,515,316)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are no reported as revenues in the governmental fund financial statements.	t	10,001
Certain revenues were unavailable for the governmental fund financial statements in the prior fiscal year. In the current fiscal year, these revenues were recorded in the governmental fund financial statements.		(53,218)
Repayment of long-term liabilities are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund, but such repayments reduce liabilities in the statement of net position and are eliminated from the statement of activities.		98,109
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of Insurance to individual funds The change in net position of the Internal Service Funds is reported with governmental activities.		(100,000)
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the fund financial statements. The details of the differences are as follows:		
Current change in compensated absence		(17,561)
Current change in net OPEB liability and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources		(50,797)
Current change in net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources		256,977
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	1,162,069

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities
	Water and Sewe	r Internal Service Fund
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,420,05	7 \$ 750,166
Investments	4,881,92	7 -
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	179,37	1 -
Accounts receivable, net	675,18	4 -
Prepaid costs	4,40	4 -
Total current assets	12,160,94	3 750,166
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital Assets		
Land	4,30	0 -
Construction in progress	1,675,64	-
Buildings and plant	10,274,93	-
Infrastructure	11,550,45	9 -
Property and equipment	1,521,16	1 -
Intangible assets	3,246,34	2 -
Total capital assets	28,272,83	8 -
Less accumulated depreciation	(18,751,77	5) -
Net capital assets	9,521,06	3 -
Total noncurrent assets	9,521,06	3 -
Total assets	21,682,00	6 750,166
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
OPEB	2,79	6 -
Deferred charge on refunding (debit)	103,45	
Total deferred outflows of resources	106,25	
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	481,78	9 -
Contracts and retainage payable	675,18	
Customer deposits payable	, -	
from restricted assets	179,37	1 -
Compensated absences	85,26	6 -
Revenue bonds payable	475,52	
Total current liabilities	1,897,13	
Long-Term Liabilities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Compensated absences	103,87	4 -
Net OPEB liability	9,06	
Revenue bonds payable	1,013,56	
Total long-term liabilities	1,126,50	
Total liabilities	3,023,63	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
OPEB	3,17	1
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,17	
		1 -
Net Position		•
Net investment in capital assets	8,135,43	
Unrestricted	10,626,01	
Total net position	\$ 18,761,44	7 \$ 750,166

See notes to the financial statements

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		siness-Type	Governmental		
		Activities		ivities	
	Wate	er and Sewer	Internal Service		
		Fund	F	und	
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	5,960,248	\$	432,672	
Miscellaneous revenue		187,137			
Total operating revenues		6,147,385		432,672	
Operating expenses:					
Salaries and fringe benefits		1,743,011		-	
Cost of sales and services		2,340,130		-	
General and administrative		-		432,672	
Depreciation and amortization		1,036,268		-	
Total operating expenses		5,119,409		432,672	
Operating income (loss)		1,027,976			
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Interest income		128,543		-	
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(42,326)		_	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		86,217			
Income before transfers		1,114,193			
Transfers out		-		(100,000)	
Total transfers		-		(100,000)	
Change in net position		1,114,193		(100,000)	
Net position - beginning		17,625,528		850,166	
Effect of adoption of GASB No. 75 (Note 1)		21,726			
Net position - beginning, as restated		17,647,254		850,166	
Net position - ending	\$	18,761,447	\$	750,166	

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		ness-Type Activities	Governmental Activities		
	Water and Sewer		Interr	nal Service	
		Fund		Fund	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities					
Receipts from customers and users	\$	5,894,528	\$	-	
Receipts from interfund services		-		432,672	
Payments to suppliers		(2,190,857)		(434,465)	
Payments to employees		(1,735,802)		-	
Other receipts		187,137		-	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		2,155,006		(1,793)	
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing					
Transfers to other funds		-		(100,000)	
Net cash provided by (used in)					
noncapital financing		-		(100,000)	
Cash Flows From Capital and Related					
Financing Activities					
Purchase of capital assets		(1,438,883)		-	
Interest paid on long-term debt		(42,326)		-	
Principal paid on debt		(817,816)		_	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital					
and related financing activities	-	(2,299,025)		-	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities					
Purchase of investments		(91,853)		-	
Interest received		128,543		-	
Net cash provided by (used in)					
investing activities		36,690		-	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and					
cash equivalents		(107,329)		(101,793)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning		6,706,757		851,959	
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	6,599,428	\$	750,166	
Reconciliation to the statement of net position:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,420,057	\$	750,166	
Restricted assets, cash	7	179,371	τ.	-	
<i>,</i>	\$	6,599,428	\$	750,166	
		•			

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

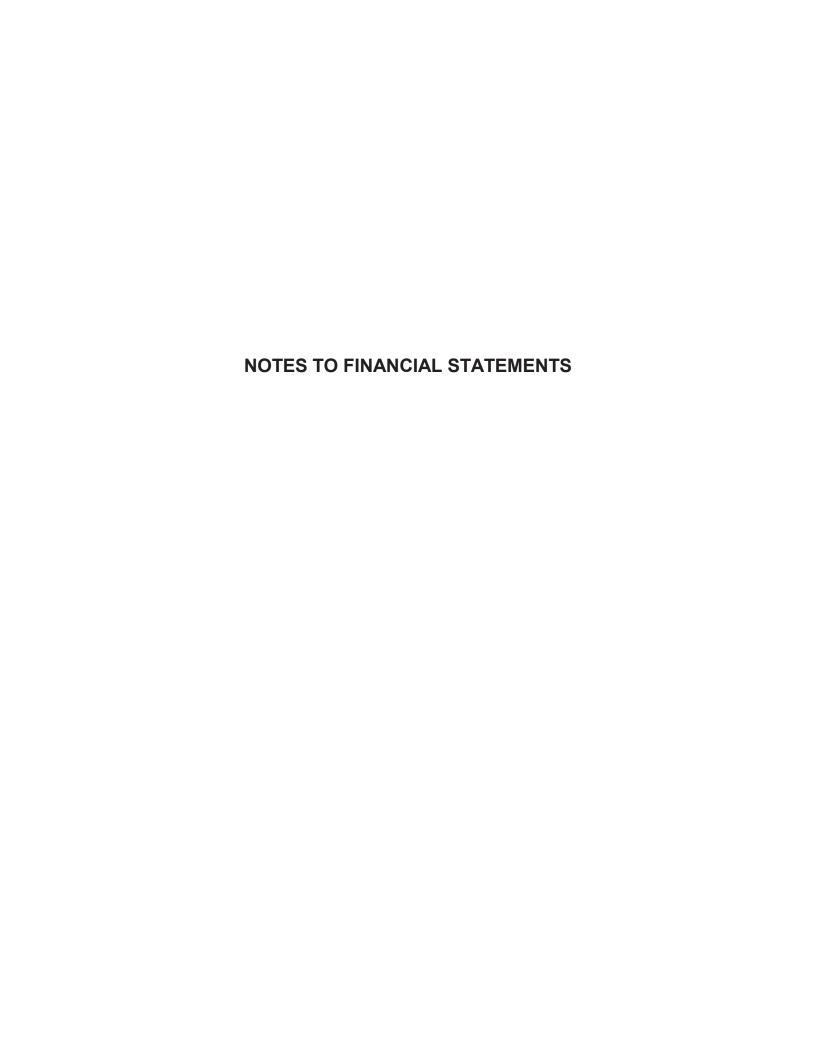
	Business-Type Activities Water and Sewer Fund			Governmental Activities	
			Inte	rnal Service Fund	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (loss) to Net Cash					
Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,027,976	\$	-	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)					
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		1,036,268		-	
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(61,264)		-	
(Increase) decrease in other assets		1,091		-	
(Increase) decrease in OPEB deferred outflow		(2,796)		-	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		148,182		(1,793)	
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities		(4,456)		_	
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		3,882		-	
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		2,952		-	
Increase (decrease) in OPEB deferred inflow		3,171		-	
Total adjustments		1,127,030		(1,793)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	2,155,006	\$	(1,793)	

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – PENSION TRUST FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Assets	
Cash	\$ 6,718
Investments, at fair value:	
U.S. Government obligations	1,318,848
Mortgage backed securities	169,237
Corporate bonds	1,156,353
Domestic fixed income investment fund	683,038
Domestic equity mutual funds	8,309,491
International equity mutual funds	2,285,841
Real estate investment funds	1,489,648
Temporary investment funds	298,773
Receivables	
Plan members receivable	5,034
Interest receivable	14,631
Broker-dealers	81,396
Prepaid costs	2,570
Total assets	15,821,578
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	13,840
Due to broker	87,474
Total liabilities	101,314
Net position restricted for pensions	\$ 15,720,264

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Additions	
Contributions:	
Town	\$ 701,427
Members	124,905
State/Other	 116,796
Total contributions	 943,128
Investment earnings:	
Net increase in value of investments	847,703
Interest and dividend income	460,395
Class action revenue	9,639
Investment expense	 (49,724)
Net investment earnings	 1,268,013
Total additions	 2,211,141
Deductions:	
Benefits	377,772
Refunds of contribution	10,762
Administrative expense	 86,349
Total deductions	 474,883
Net increase	1,736,258
Net position held in trust for pension benefits	
Beginning	 13,984,006
Ending	\$ 15,720,264





NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Lantana, Florida (the Town) was originally incorporated in 1921 pursuant to Chapter 8998, Laws of Florida. It was re-incorporated in 1931 by Chapter 15302, Laws of Florida. The Town operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The Town is governed by an elected Mayor and a four-member Town Council (the "Council"), which appoints a Town Manager. The Town provides the following services: public safety, recreation, sanitation, streets and roads, planning and zoning, water and sewer, and general administrative services.

The basic financial statements of the Town have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the Town's more significant policies:

a. Reporting Entity

Under governmental accounting and financial reporting standards, the Town's reporting entity consists of the Town, organizations for which the Town is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that exclusion would cause the Town's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Town is considered financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on that organization. The Town may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government regardless of the authority of the organization's governing board. Legally separate organizations outside of the primary government that meet the criteria for financial accountability are considered component units. Based upon the application of these criteria, there were no organizations that met the criteria described above.

b. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and, 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining non-major governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise fees, other taxes, permits, fees and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period, if available. Revenues for expenditure driven grants are recognized when the qualifying expenditures are incurred and resources are available. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town and is used to account for all financial resources applicable to the general operations of the Town government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer - The Water and Sewer Fund is used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to residents of the service area. All activities to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including administration, generation, transmission, distribution, collection, pumping, treatment, disposal and customer service.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Fund - The Internal Service Fund is used to account for insurance premiums and deductibles which are funded by other Town funds on a cost reimbursement basis.

Pension Trust Fund - The Pension Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the Police Relief and Pension Fund, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Town's utility functions and various other functions of the Town. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer Fund and the Internal Service Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the Water and Sewer Fund and the Internal Service Fund include the cost of sales and services, general and administrative expenses, depreciation and amortization. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

d. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, time and demand deposits. The Town maintains a cash pool that is available for use by all funds. Interest earned on pooled cash is allocated to each of the funds based on the fund's average equity balance on a monthly basis.

The State Board of Administration's ("SBA") Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund ("Florida PRIME") is a"2a-7 like" pool. A "2a-7 like" pool is an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, which comprises the rules governing money market funds. Thus, the pool operates essentially as a money market fund. The Town has reported its investment in Florida PRIME at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes.

The Town records all interest revenue related to investment activities in the respective funds. Investments are measured at amortized cost or reported at fair value as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Cash and cash equivalents, for purposes of the statement of cash flows, includes pooled cash and investments which are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

2. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either due to/from other funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

d. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

3. Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from other governments and others for services provided by the Town and for assessments related to the gas line project. Receivables are recorded and revenues are recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures/expenses are incurred. Allowances for uncollectible receivables are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of receivables.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Costs

Inventories consist principally of materials and supplies held for consumption and are recorded at cost using the first-in first-out method. In the governmental funds, the cost of inventories are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, while in the proprietary funds, the cost of inventories are recorded as expenses when consumed. In the governmental funds, reported inventories are offset in a non-spendable fund balance category which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid costs using the consumption method in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) and intangible assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial individual cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Purchased or constructed assets are recorded at actual cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The Town has elected to retroactively apply the capitalization requirements of GASB Statement No. 34 to major general infrastructure assets acquired since 1980. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, sidewalks, lighting and drainage systems and similar assets that are immovable and of value only to the Town.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Tangible capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Asset	Years
Buildings and improvements	25-50
Roads and streets	25
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	5-10
Water and sewer system	7-50

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

d. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Intangible capital assets consist of a right of use of the City of Lake Worth wastewater facilities, as well as computer software. These assets are being amortized using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Asset	Years
Computer software	5
Wastewater facilities rights of use	13-40

6. Refundings of Debt

For current refundings and advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is reported as a deferred outflow of resources/deferred inflow of resources and recognized ratably as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. In connection with the refunding, \$39,411 was recognized as a part of amortization expense in the current fiscal year.

7. Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future reporting period(s). For example, the Town would record deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position related to debit amounts resulting from current and advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt (i.e. when there are differences between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt).

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future reporting period(s). For example, when an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements, but the revenue is unavailable, the Town reports a deferred inflow of resources on the balance sheet until such times as the revenue becomes available.

9. Compensated Absences

It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate, within certain limits, earned but unused vacation time, sick leave, and compensatory time, which will be paid to employees upon separation from Town service. All vacation and sick leave pay and compensatory time is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for those amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

d. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

10. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the Bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable premiums or discounts. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

11. Net Position

Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position of the government-wide and proprietary funds are categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted or unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets, is that portion of net position that relates to the Town's capital assets reduced by accumulated depreciation and by any outstanding debt incurred to acquire, construct or improve those assets, excluding unexpended proceeds.

Restricted net position is that portion of net position that has been restricted for general use by external parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position consists of all net position that does not meet the definition of either of the other two components.

12. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report non-spendable and restricted fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Assignments of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

The Town's accounting and finance policies are used to interpret the nature and/or requirements of the funds and their corresponding assignment of restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. The Town has established a policy for its use of unassigned fund balance amounts.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

d. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

12. Fund Equity (Continued)

The Town can establish limitations on the use of fund balance as follows:

Committed fund balance. These amounts can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (Ordinance) of the Town Council, the Town's highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Town Council taking the same formal action (Ordinance) that imposed the constraint originally. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category.

Assigned fund balance. Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Town Council has by resolution authorized the Town Manager to assign fund balance. This balance includes (a) all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds (other than the General Fund) that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed, and (b) amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue fund are assigned for the purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type.

Assignment within the General Fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the Town itself.

Additionally, the Town would first use committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

13. Minimum Level of Unassigned Policy

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. If, after the annual audit, prior committed or assigned fund balance causes the unassigned fund balance to fall below 25% of general fund operating expenditures, the Town Manager will so advise Town Council in order for the necessary action to be taken to restore the unassigned fund balance to 25% of general fund operating expenditures. The Town shall take action necessary to restore the unassigned fund balance to acceptable levels within two years.

14. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

e. New Accounting Standards Adopted

During fiscal year 2018, the Town adopted the following new accounting standards:

GASB Statement No. 75 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

This Statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for governments whose employees are provided with OPEB, as well as for certain nonemployer governments that have a legal obligation to provide financial support for OPEB provided to the employees of other entities.

The implementation of GASB 75 had the following effect on beginning net position in fiscal year 2018:

	Governmental	Business-Type
	Activities	Activities
Net position, previously stated	\$ 26,173,730	\$ 17,625,528
Adjustment for net OPEB liability	(159,156)	21,726
Net position, restated	\$ 26,014,574	\$ 17,647,254

GASB Statement No. 81 - Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements

The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement.

GASB Statement No. 85 - Omnibus 2017

The objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements.

GASB Statement No. 86 - Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues

The primary objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

DEPOSITS

All of the Town's deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to State of Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, *Florida Security for Public Deposits Act.* Under the Act, every qualified public depository shall deposit with the Treasurer eligible collateral of the depository to be held subject to his or her order. The Treasurer, by rule, shall establish minimum required collateral pledging levels. The pledging level may range from 25% to 125% of the average monthly balance of public deposits depending upon the depository's financial condition and establishment period. All collateral must be deposited with an approved financial institution. Any potential losses to public depositors are covered by applicable deposit insurance, sale of securities pledged as collateral and, if necessary, assessments against other qualified public depositories of the same type as the depository in default.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

INVESTMENTS - TOWN

The Town has adopted an investment policy in accordance with Florida Statutes to establish guidelines for the efficient management of its cash reserves. The Town is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, its agencies and instrumentalities, certificates of deposit, the State Board of Administration investment pool, any intergovernmental investment pools authorized pursuant to Chapter 163 of the Florida Statutes, SEC registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency, and securities of any interest in any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, provided that the portfolio is limited to obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such U.S. government obligations and provided that such investment company or investment trust takes delivery of such collateral either directly or through an authorized custodian.

The Town had the following investments at September 30, 2018:

	_Am	ortized Cost	Credit Risk	Maturities
Investment in Local Government Surplus				Weighted average of the
Funds Trust Fund (Florida PRIME)	_\$_	11,279,888	S&P AAAm	fund portfolio: 33 days
Total Investments	\$	11,279,888		

Fair Value Measurement – When applicable, the Town measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established in accordance with GASB Statements. The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques.

These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, in order of highest priority, as follows:

- Level 1: Investments whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical investments in active markets that the Town has the ability to access;
- Level 2: Investments whose inputs other than quoted market prices are observable either directly or indirectly; and,
- Level 3: Investments whose inputs are unobservable.

The fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the entire fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used should maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

For external investment pools that qualify to be measured at amortized cost, the pool's participants should also measure their investments in that external investment pool at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, the Town's investments have been reported at amortized cost above.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

INVESTMENTS - TOWN (Continued)

External Investment Pool – With regard to redemption gates, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states that "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the Executive Director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the Executive Director until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days."

With regard to liquidity fees, Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

As of September 30, 2018, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100% of their account value.

Interest Rate Risk

The Town has an investment policy of structuring the investment portfolio so that the securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity and investing operating funds primarily in short-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools unless it is anticipated that long-term securities can be held to maturity without jeopardizing the liquidity requirements. The Town's investment policy limits the maturities on individual investments to no more than five years.

Credit Risk

The Town's investment policy limits investments to the highest ratings issued by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO). The Florida PRIME is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Town's investment policy states that assets shall be diversified to control the risk of loss resulting from concentration of assets to a specific maturity, instrument, issue, dealer, or bank through which these securities are bought and sold. As of September 30, 2018, the Town did not invest in securities.

INVESTMENTS - LANTANA POLICE RELIEF AND PENSION FUND (LPRPF)

The Plan's Board of Trustees recognizes that the obligations of the Plan are long-term and that its investment policy should be made with a view toward performance and return over a number of years. The general investment objective is to obtain a reasonable total rate of return defined as interest and dividend income plus realized and unrealized capital gains or losses that commensurate with the prudent investor rule and Chapter 185 of the Florida Statutes. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, high capitalization common or preferred stocks, pooled equity funds, high quality bonds or notes and fixed income funds.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

INVESTMENTS - LANTANA POLICE RELIEF AND PENSION FUND (LPRPF) (Continued)

The Plan had the following investments at September 30, 2018:

	Se	eptember 30,		
		2018	Credit Risk	Duration
U.S. Government Obligations	\$	1,318,848	N/A	N/A
Mortgage backed securities		169,237	N/A	N/A
Corporate bonds		1,156,353	S&P BBB-A	5.30 years
Domestic fixed income investment fund		683,038	S&P AA	5.50 years
Domestic equity mutual funds		8,309,491	N/A	N/A
International equity mutual funds		2,285,841	N/A	N/A
Real estate investment funds		1,489,648	N/A	N/A
Temporary Investment Funds		298,773	Not Rated	Daily
	\$	15,711,229		

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment in debt securities. Generally, the longer the time to maturity, the greater the exposure to interest rate risks. Through its investment policies, the Plan manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Plan limits the effective duration of its investment portfolio through the adoption of the Barclays Capital Intermediate Aggregate Bond Index bench mark.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a debt issuer will not fulfill its obligations. The Plan's investment policy addresses credit risk by limiting investments in bonds and preferred stocks to securities rated investment grade or above by a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization, unless specifically approved by the Board of Trustees. Securities which are unrated may be purchased, if in the judgment of the investment manager, they would carry an investment grade rating. Consistent with State law, the Plan's investment guidelines limit its fixed income investments to a quality rating of "A" or equivalent as rated by Moody's or by Standard & Poor's bond rating services at the time of purchase. Fixed income investments which are downgraded below the minimum rating must be liquidated at the earliest beneficial opportunity. The Plan's investments were in compliance with the above at September 30, 2018.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that the Plan may not recover cash and investments held by another party in the event of a financial failure. The Plan requires all securities to be held by a third party custodian in the name of the Plan. Securities transactions between the broker-dealer and the custodian involving the purchase or sale of securities must be made on a "delivery vs. payment" basis to ensure that the custodian will have the security or money, as appropriate, in hand at the conclusion of the transaction.

Investment in Foreign Markets

Investing in foreign markets may involve special risks and considerations not typically associated with investing in companies in the United States of America. These risks include revaluation of currencies, high rates of inflation, repatriation restrictions on income and capital, and future adverse political, social, and economic developments. Moreover, securities of foreign governments may be less liquid, subject to delayed settlements, taxation on realized or unrealized gains, and their prices are more volatile than those of comparable securities in U.S. companies.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

INVESTMENTS - LANTANA POLICE RELIEF AND PENSION FUND (LPRPF) (Continued)

Foreign Tax Withholdings and Reclaims

Withholding taxes on dividends from foreign securities are provided for based on rates established via treaty between the United States of America and the applicable foreign jurisdiction, or where no treaty exists at the prevailing rate established by the foreign country. Foreign tax withholdings are reflected as a reduction of dividend income in the statement of operations. Where treaties allow for a reclaim of taxes, the Plan will make a formal application for refund. Such reclaims are included as an addition to dividend income.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Plan's investment policy establishes limitations on portfolio composition by investment type and by issuer to limit its exposure to concentration of credit risk. The Board requires that Plan assets be invested with no more than 60% in stocks and convertible securities measured at cost or 70% of the Plan assets at market (fair) value. In addition, the Plan limits investment in common stock (equity investments) as follows:

- No more than five percent of the Plan's assets may be invested in the common or capital stock of any single corporation.
- The Plan's investment in the common stock of any single corporation shall not exceed three percent of such corporation's outstanding common or capital stock.

No individual investment represents a concentration of 5% or more of total investments.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Plan has investments in a variety of investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market and credit risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, and the level of uncertainty related to changes in the value of investment securities, it is a least reasonably possible that changes in risks in the near term would materially affect balances and the amounts reported in the statement of plan net position and the statement of changes in plan net position.

Investment Measurement at Fair Value

The Plan categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Plan has the following total recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2018:

- Mutual funds The rationale for inclusion in Level 1 or Level 2 points to the inputs involved in mutual fund pricing. Mutual funds do not trade using bid and ask, as with ETF's or common stock. Instead, the prices are determined by the net asset value of the underlying investments at the close of business for the next day's open. The underlying assets themselves may include a variety of Level 1 and Level 2 securities and some may be valued using matrix pricing which interpolates the price of a security based on the price of similar securities.
- Fixed income funds Valued at quoted market prices for identical assets in active markets.
- Debt securities Debt securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices
 quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value
 hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used by International Data
 Corporation and Bloomberg, L.P. to value securities based on the securities' relationship to
 benchmark quoted prices.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

INVESTMENTS - LANTANA POLICE RELIEF AND PENSION FUND (LPRPF) (Continued)

Investment Measurement at Fair Value (Continued)

Investments were measured as follows as of September 30, 2018:

		September 30			air Value Measure	ements Using		
Investments by fair value level			2018		Level 1	Level 2		
U.S. Government Obligations		\$	1,318,848	\$	1,318,848 \$	-		
Mortgage backed securities			169,237		-	169,237		
Corporate bonds			1,156,353		-	1,156,353		
Domestic fixed income investment fund			683,038		683,038	-		
Domestic equity mutual funds			8,309,491		8,309,491	-		
International equity mutual funds			2,285,841		2,285,841	-		
Temporary Investment Funds			298,773		298,773	-		
Total investments by fair value level		\$	14,221,581	\$	12,895,991 \$	1,325,590		
Investments measured at the net asset val	ue (NAV):							
Real estate investment funds			1,489,648					
Total Investments		\$	15,711,229					
				•				
	2018				Redemption	Redemption		
	Fair		Unfunded		•	Notice		
leverature and a management of NAV				4-	Frequency (if			
Investments measured at NAV	Value		Commitmen	เร	currently eligible)	Period		
Desirate in order out for de-								
Realestate investment funds:	4 400 (•		0 1 1	00.1		
ASP Allegiance Real Estate Fund	1,489,6	048	\$	-	Quarterly	60 days		

The real estate investment funds are open end, commingled private real estate portfolios. These REIT-based funds are structured as Limited partnerships. Their primary focus is to invest in well-based income producing properties within major U.S. markets. The fair values of the investments in these funds have been determined using the NAV per unit of the Trust's ownership interest in partners' capital. The investments of the fund are valued quarterly. Withdrawal requests must be made 60 days in advance and may be paid in one or more installments.

NOTE 3 - PROPERTY TAXES

Ad valorem taxes on property values are assessed as of January 1st and are levied the following October. Taxes are payable on November 1st, with discounts allowed of 1% to 4% if paid prior to March 1st of the following calendar year. All unpaid taxes on real and personal property become delinquent and subject to lien on April 1st. Real and personal property taxes are collected by Palm Beach County and remitted to the Town. State law permits Florida cities to levy a maximum of \$10 per \$1,000 (10 mills) of assessed taxable value for general government services. The Town levied taxes at a rate of 3.5000 mills, combined with Palm Beach County's Fire/Rescue rate for the Municipal Service Taxing Unit (MSTU) of 3.4581, leaving a margin of 3.0419mills under the maximum possible assessment of 10 mills.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables for the Town's individual major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts as of September 30, 2018, were as follows:

			١	Nonmajor	Water and		
Receivables		General	Go	vernmental		Sewer	
Accounts	\$	284,211	\$	-	\$	684,866	
Assessments		329,638		-		-	
Intergovernmental		245,692		123,077		262	
Gross receivables		859,541		123,077		685,128	
Less allowance for uncollectibles		(865)		-		(9,944)	
Net total receivables	\$	858,676	\$	123,077	\$	675,184	

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 were as follows:

	7	Fransfers		Transfers		
	<u>In</u>			Out		
General Fund	\$	100,000	\$	4,069		
Grants Fund		4,069		-		
Internal Service Fund		-		100,000		
	\$	104,069	\$	104,069		

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund where collection occurs to the fund where funds have been reallocated for use. In the case of the Town, transfers from the insurance fund, an internal service fund, to the general fund were used to assist with health, liability and property/casualty insurance costs. Transfers from the general fund to the grants fund were used as matching funds for a grant.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the governmental activities capital assets for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 is presented as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	 Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,267,878	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,267,878
Construction in progress	 -	12,246	-	12,246
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 2,267,878	12,246	-	2,280,124
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Roads and streets	23,910,780	429,973	-	24,340,753
Buildings and improvements	10,144,905	43,271	(8,964)	10,179,212
Machinery and equipment	4,255,587	341,537	(277,566)	4,319,558
Intangible assets - computer software	 260,593	-	(805)	259,788
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 38,571,865	814,781	(287,335)	39,099,311
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Roads and streets	(16,615,498)	(923,280)	-	(17,538,778)
Buildings and improvements	(2,704,697)	(300,586)	8,964	(2,996,319)
Machinery and equipment	(3,343,686)	(290,490)	277,566	(3,356,610)
Intangible assets - computer software	 (259,152)	(960)	805	(259,307)
Total accumulated depreciation	(22,923,033)	(1,515,316)	287,335	(24,151,014)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 15,648,832	(700,535)	-	14,948,297
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 17,916,710	\$ (688,289)	\$ -	\$ 17,228,421

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

A summary of changes in the business-type activities capital assets for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 is presented as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	eletions/ ransfers		Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 4,300	\$ -	\$ - 9	5	4,300
Intangible assets - easements	163,503	-	-		163,503
Construction in progress	191,983	2,017,448	(533,788)		1,675,643
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 359,786	2,017,448	(533,788)		1,843,446
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and plant	10,301,434	5,168	(31,669)		10,274,933
Infrastructure	11,211,489	533,788	(194,818)		11,550,459
Machinery and equipment	1,437,114	91,454	(7,407)		1,521,161
Intangible assets - computer software	5,146	-	(2,464)		2,682
Intangible assets - wastewater facilities	3,080,157	-	-		3,080,157
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 26,035,340	630,410	(236,358)		26,429,392
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and plant	(6,322,169)	(337,030)	31,669		(6,627,530)
Infrastructure	(7,839,195)	(391,652)	194,818		(8,036,029)
Machinery and equipment	(851,694)	(161,090)	7,407		(1,005,377)
Intangible assets - computer software	(5,146)	-	2,464		(2,682)
Intangible assets - wastewater facilities	(2,973,072)	(107,085)	-		(3,080,157)
Total accumulated depreciation	(17,991,276)	(996,857)	236,358		(18,751,775)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	8,044,064	(366,447)	-		7,677,617
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,403,850	\$ 1,651,001	\$ (533,788)	3	9,521,063

Depreciation expense was charged to the following function/programs as follows:

\$ 17,344
294,534
1,017,208
 186,230
\$ 1,515,316
\$ 996,857
\$

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the changes in general long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2018 for governmental activities:

		Beginning						
		Balances					ıA	mount Due
	((restated)	Additions	R	eductions	Total	With	nin One Year
Promissory Note	\$	98,109	\$ -	\$	(98,109) \$	-	\$	-
Compensated Absences		652,322	434,996		(417,435)	669,883		301,988
Net OPEB Liability*		579,727	25,717		-	605,444		_
	\$	1,330,158	\$ 460,713	\$	(515,544) \$	1,275,327	\$	301,988

^{*}Restated for GASB 75, See Note 1

For the governmental activities, compensated absences and OPEB are liquidated by the General Fund.

The following is a summary of the changes in general long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2018 for business-type activities

	Beginning Balances (restated)	Additions	R	eductions	Total	 ount Due n One Year
Revenue Bond	\$ 349,271	\$ -	\$	(349,271) \$	-	\$ _
2012 Revenue Bonds	 1,957,633	-		(468,545)	1,489,088	475,525
Total Bonds Payable	2,306,904	-		(817,816)	1,489,088	475,525
Compensated Absences	185,258	122,821		(118,939)	189,140	85,266
Net OPEB Liability *	 6,112	2,952		-	9,064	_
	\$ 2,498,274	\$ 125,773	\$	(936,755) \$	1,687,292	\$ 560,791

^{*}Restated for GASB 75, See Note 1

Bonds Payable

\$4,055,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012

During a prior fiscal year, the Town issued \$4,055,000 of Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012, for the purpose of refunding all of the Town's outstanding Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1998. The Bond was issued with an interest rate of 1.48% and matures on October 1, 2021. Payment of interest and principal are due in monthly installments of \$41,196, commencing on February 1, 2013. The Series 2012 Bonds are payable from and collateralized by net revenues derived from the operation of the water and sewer system, which have averaged \$1,953,549 annually over the last ten years. Total principal and interest remaining on the bond is \$1,524,240 payable through October 2021. For the current year, principal and interest paid and net revenues were \$494,349 and 2,192,793, respectively.

Subsequent to fiscal year 2018, effective November 1, 2018, the interest rate on the new note was increased to 1.77%. This rate increase was in accordance with the Bond indenture and was a result of the reduction in the maximum federal corporate tax rate in 2018.

NOTE 7 – LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

Bonds Payable (Continued)

\$4,055,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending		
September 30,	Principal	Interest
2019	\$ 475,525	\$ 18,821
2020	482,613	11,736
2021	489,812	4,544
2022	41,138	51
	\$ 1,489,088	\$ 35,152

Bond Covenants

The bond covenants require the Town to fix, establish and maintain rates, fees and other charges so that the revenue collected and other available funds in each fiscal year will not be less than the amount expected to be required for the payment of operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization), 110% annual debt service requirements of the Series 2012 Bonds and parity Bonds. The Bond is subject to redemption at the option of the Town prior to its maturity in the manner described in the Bond document.

At September 30, 2018, the Town was in compliance with the bond covenants.

NOTE 8 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT FUND

LANTANA POLICE RELIEF AND PENSION FUND (LPRPF)

The Town sponsors the LPRPF, a single employer defined benefit plan. The Plan is governed by a five member Board of Trustees. The Plan is reported as a pension trust fund and is included as part of the Town's reporting entity.

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Plan was established by Ordinance enacted by the Town Council to provide for the creation and operation of the LPRPF. All full time certified police department employees are covered under this plan. The LPRPF issues separate audited financial statements which can be obtained by contacting the Town's Finance Department.

The Plan provides retirement, death and disability benefits for its participants. A participant may retire with normal benefits after reaching age 50 and accumulating 10 or more years of credited service. Normal retirement benefits are based on 3% of the participant's final average salary multiplied by the number of credited service years rendered. The final average salary for purposes of calculating benefits is the participant's average salary during the highest 5 years of a participant's last 10 years of employment. Salary does not include lump sum payments for accumulated leave. Any retiree or beneficiary who begins receiving pension benefits after October 2000 is entitled to a monthly supplemental pension benefit equal to \$35 per year of service.

Effective January 8, 2001, a deferred retirement option plan (DROP) was adopted. Eligible participants may elect to participate in the DROP while continuing their active employment with the Town. Upon election, the participant becomes a retiree for all Plan purposes so that further benefits cease to accrue. Benefit payments that would have been payable to the participant as a result of retirement are accumulated and invested in individual participant accounts and are payable to the participants at the termination of employment.

NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT FUND (Continued)

LANTANA POLICE RELIEF AND PENSION FUND (LPRPF) (Continued)

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the Plan's members are recognized as revenue in the period in which the contributions are due. Contributions from the Town, as calculated by the Plan's actuary, are recognized as revenue when due and when the Town has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Expenses are recognized in the accounting period incurred, if measurable. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

METHOD USED TO VALUE INVESTMENTS

Investments in common stock and bonds traded on a national securities exchange are valued at the last reported sales price on the last business day of the year; securities traded in the over-the-counter market and listed securities for which no sale was reported on that date are valued at the mean between the past reported bid and asked prices; investments in securities not having an established market value are valued at fair value as determined by the Board of Trustees. The fair value of an investment is the amount that the Plan could reasonably expect to receive for it in a current sale between a willing buyer and a willing seller, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded on a trade date basis.

Investment income is recognized on the accrual basis as earned. Unrealized appreciation in fair value of investments includes the difference between cost and fair value of investments held. The net realized and unrealized investment appreciation or depreciation for the year is reflected in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

FUNDING POLICY

Contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Town Council. The contribution requirements are determined on the benefit structure established by the Town. For the year ended September 30, 2018 the required member contributions were 7% of their annual covered earnings. Pursuant to Chapter 185 of the Florida Statutes, a premium tax on certain casualty insurance contracts written on Lantana properties is collected by the State and is remitted to the Plan. This amount totaled \$116,796 for the year ended September 30, 2018 and is included in the general fund as a revenue and expenditure. The Town is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the benefits through periodic contributions of actuarially determined amounts. For the year ended September 30, 2018, the Town's contribution was \$701,427. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

PENSION LIABILITIES AND PENSION EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The Town's net pension liability for the LPRPF is measured as the total pension liability less the pension plans' fiduciary net position. At September 30, 2018, the Town reported a net pension liability of \$3,113,171 related to the LPRPF. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2018, using an annual actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017 rolled forward to September 30, 2018 using standard update procedures. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the Town recognized pension expense of \$561,246. The changes in the Net Pension Liability follow:

NOTE 8 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT FUND (Continued)

LANTANA POLICE RELIEF AND PENSION FUND (LPRPF) (Continued)

PENSION LIABILITIES AND PENSION EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

	Increases (Decreases)						
	Plan Fiduciary Net						
	Total F	Pension Liability		Position	Net Pension Liability		
Balance at September 30, 2017	\$	18,039,983	\$	13,984,006	\$	4,055,977	
Changes in the year:						_	
Service cost		505,944		-		505,944	
Interest on the total pension liability		1,376,374		-		1,376,374	
Differences between actual and expected							
experience in the measurement of the TPL		(700,332)		-		(700,332)	
Contributions - Employer (from Town)		-		701,427		(701,427)	
Contributions - Employer (from State)		-		116,796		(116,796)	
Contributions - Employees		-		124,905		(124,905)	
Net investment income		-		1,268,013		(1,268,013)	
Benefit payments		(377,772)		(377,772)		-	
Refunds		(10,762)		(10,762)		-	
Pension plan administrative expense		-		(86,349)		86,349	
Net changes		793,452		1,736,258		(942,806)	
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$	18,833,435	\$	15,720,264	\$	3,113,171	

At September 30, 2018 the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the LPRPF from the following sources:

Description	 ed Outflows of esources	 eferred Inflows of Resources	Ne	t Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		_		
experience	\$ 249,446	\$ 577,255	\$	(327,809)
Change in assumptions	2,763	41,864		(39,101)
Net Difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments	 179,453	565,304		(385,851)
	\$ 431,662	\$ 1,184,423	\$	(752,761)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the LPRPF will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending	Ne	Net Deferred Outflows of			
September 30		Resources			
2019	\$	(150,135)			
2020		(244,506)			
2021		(317,791)			
2022		(40,329)			
2023		-			
Thereafter		-			
Total	\$	(752,761)			

NOTE 8 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT FUND (Continued)

LANTANA POLICE RELIEF AND PENSION FUND (LPRPF) (Continued)

PLAN MEMBERSHIP

Membership of the plan consisted of the following at September 30, 2018:

	Police
	Officers
Inactive employees (or their beneficiaries)	
currently receiving benefits	19
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefits	6
Active employees	27
Total	52

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS

Significant actuarial assumptions and other inputs used to measure the total pension liability follow:

Valuation date October 1, 2017

Measurement date September 30, 2018

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount rate 7.50% Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases 6.0%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates

Mortality The healthy post retirement mortality table is the RP 2000 Mortality Table for

annuitants with future improvements in mortality projected to all future years using Scale BB. For females, the base mortality rates include a 100% white collar adjustment. For males, the base mortality rates include a 90% blue collar adjustment and a 10% white collar adjustment. The preretirement mortality table is the RP 2000 Combined Healthy Participant Mortality Table with the same white and blue collar adjustments and the same mortality improvement projection scales. For disabled retirees, the mortality table is the RP 2000 Mortality Table for disabled annuitants, setback 4 years for males and set forward 2 years for females, with no provision made for future mortality improvements. These are the same rates used for Special Risk Class members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) in their Actuarial

Valuation as of July 1, 2016.

NOTE 8 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS (Continued)

Development of Single Discount Rate

Single Discount Rate	7.50%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	7.50%
Long-Term Municipal Bond Rate*	3.83%
Last year ending September 30 in the 2018 to 2117 projection period for	
which projected benefit payments are fully funded	2117

^{*}Source:Fidelity General Obligation AA rate as of September 28, 2018. This is the rate for Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index." In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the municipal curves are constructed using option adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax exempt securities.

Target		
allocation	Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
50%	Domestic Equity	5.20%
15%	International Equity	5.00%
20%	Domestic Bonds	2.50%
5%	International Bonds	3.50%
10%	Real Estate	4.50%

A single discount rate of 7.50% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the total actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (7.50%) was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the Town's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

Net Pension Liability	\$ 5,635,203	\$ 3,113,171	\$ 1,052,424
	 6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
	 1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
		Discount Rate	
		Current Single	

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Town of Lantana General Employees' Defined Contribution Plan was established by the Town and is administered by Prudential Securities to provide benefits at retirement for all of its full-time employees except police officers. Contributions equal 7% of each general employee's salary and up to a 2% match of the employee's contribution. The Plan permits participant nondeductible voluntary contributions in the amount of 1% to 10% of the participant's salary. Participants are fully vested after five years of service. Plan revisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Town Council. The covered payroll for the plan was \$2,800,192. The Town's total payroll for the same period was \$5,876,968. Town contributions for the year ended September 30, 2018, were \$235,445 which includes a payable of \$4,796. The contributions included forfeited amounts of \$7,300. The amounts of employee contributions made for the year ended September 30, 2018 were \$2,171.

NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Town of Lantana General Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan (457 Plan) was established by the Town and is administered by Prudential Securities to provide benefits at retirement for all of its full-time personnel. Contributions are voluntary. The Town did not make any contributions to the Plan in the 2018 fiscal year. Participants are fully vested immediately. Plan revisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Town Council. The amounts of employee contributions for the year ended September 30, 2018 were \$186,377.

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS ("OPEB")

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Town provides an optional single employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan to eligible individuals. The plan allows its employees and their beneficiaries, at their own cost, to continue to obtain health, dental and other insurance benefits upon retirement. The benefits of the plan conform to Florida Statutes, which are the legal authority for the plan. The plan has no assets and does not issue a separate financial report. There are no minimum required employer contributions.

FUNDING POLICY

The Town does not directly make a contribution to the plan on behalf of retirees. Retirees and their beneficiaries pay the same group rates as are charged to the Town for active employees by its healthcare provider. However, the Town's actuaries, in their actuarial valuation, calculate an offset to the cost of these benefits as an Employer Contribution, based upon an implicit rate subsidy. This offset equals the total age-adjusted costs paid by the Town or its active employees for coverage of the retirees and their dependents for the year net of the retiree's own payments for the year.

At September 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	7
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active employees	90
	97

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS ("OPEB") (Continued)

CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Sources of changes in the net OPEB liability were as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability		Fiduciary Net Position		Net OPEB Liability
Balance as of September 30, 2017	\$	585,839	\$	-	\$ 585,839
Changes due to:					
Service cost		44,465		-	44,465
Interest on Total OPEB liability		19,510		-	19,510
Difference between expected and					
actual experience		(55,240)		-	(55,240)
Changes of assumptions and other					
inputs		98,112		-	98,112
Benefit payments*		(6,889)		-	(6,889)
Other changes		(71,289)		-	(71,289)
Balance as of September 30, 2018	\$	614,508	\$	-	\$ 614,508

^{*} Includes the Implicit Rate Subsidy.

At September 30, 2018 the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Description	Def	erred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$	-	\$ (49,484)		
Change in assumptions		189,559	(165,531)		
	\$	189,559	\$ (215,015)		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the LPRPF will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
2019	\$ 22,052	\$ (25,013)
2020	22,052	(25,013)
2021	22,052	(25,013)
2022	22,052	(25,013)
2023	22,052	(25,013)
Thereafter	 79,299	(89,950)
Total	\$ 189,559	\$ (215,015)

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS ("OPEB") (Continued)

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Significant actuarial assumptions used to calculate the total OPEB liability were as follows:

Measurement date Actuarial valuation date	September 30, 2018 October 1, 2017
Actuarial cost method Discount rate* Inflation rate Salary rate increase Funded ratio Covered payroll Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll	Entry Age Normal (AMM) 3.64% 3.00% 4.00% 0.00% \$ 4,982,533
Healthcare cost trend Initial health care cost trend rate - HMO Plan - PPO Plan Ultimate health care cost trend rate Fiscal year the ultimate rate is reached	6.90% 7.70% 5.00% 2028

^{*}The Town does not have a dedicated Trust to pay retiree healthcare benefits. Per GASB 75, the discount rate should be a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (or equivalent quality on another rating scale). A rate of 3.64% is used, which is the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High-Grade Rate Index as of

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.64%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.64%) than the current discount rate:

1%			Current	1%
	Decrease		Discount Rate	Increase
(2.64%)			(3.64%)	(4.64%)
\$	673.855	\$	614.508	\$ 560.906

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS ("OPEB") (Continued)

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY USING ALTERNATIVE HEALTHCARE COST TREND RATES

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost rend rates:

		Н	lealthcare Cost					
1%	6 Decrease		Trend Rates	1% Increase				
•	an 5.9%; PPO Plan oth decreasing to 4.0%)	•	Plan 6.9%; PPO Plan ; both decreasing to 5.0%)	(HMO Plan 7.9%; PPO Plar 8.7%; both decreasing to 6.0%)				
\$	550,539	\$	614,508	\$	687,887			

NOTE 10 - INTERLOCAL AGREEMENTS

POLICE SERVICES

The Town has entered into interlocal agreements for the provision of police services by the Town of Lantana within the Town limits of Hypoluxo and South Palm Beach. The terms of the agreements are for five years, expiring on September 30, 2019. The Town received \$613,727 and \$60,521 from Hypoluxo and South Palm Beach, respectively, during the year ended September 30, 2018.

NOTE 11 - ENCUMBRANCES

The Town issued the following purchase orders during the current fiscal year which encumbered the budget at September 30, 2018. These purchase orders were not fully liquidated at year end.

Major Fund:	
General Fund	\$ 17,738
Water and Sewer Fund	 765,600
Total Encumbrances	\$ 783,338

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

GRANTS

Grant monies received and disbursed by the Town are for specific purposes and may be subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits may result in requests for reimbursements due to disallowed expenditures or other actions by grantor agencies. The Town does not believe that such disallowances or other actions taken by the grantor agencies, if any, would have a material effect on the financial position of the Town.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Town carries commercial insurance. The Town is also covered by Florida Statutes under the Doctrine of Sovereign Immunity which effectively limits the amount of liability of municipalities to individual claims of \$200,000/\$300,000 for all claims relating to the same accident. There were no changes in insurance coverage from the prior year and there were no settlements that exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years.

NOTE 14 - PRONOUNCEMENTS ISSUED, BUT NOT YET ADOPTED

GASB Statement No. 83 - Certain Asset Retirement Obligations

This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 84 - Fiduciary Activities

The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 87 - Leases

The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. For reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

NOTE 14 - PRONOUNCEMENTS ISSUED, BUT NOT YET ADOPTED (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 88 - Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

The objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements, and to provide financial statement users with additional essential information about debt. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. This Statement applies to notes to financial statements of all periods presented. If application for prior periods presented is not practicable, the reason for not applying this Statement to prior periods presented should be disclosed.

GASB Statement No. 89 - Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period

The objectives of this Statement are (a) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (b) to simplify accounting for certain interest costs. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. Changes adopted to conform to the provisions of this Statement should be applied prospectively. For construction-in-progress, interest cost incurred after the beginning of the first reporting period to which this Statement is applied should not be capitalized.

GASB Statement No. 90 - Majority Equity Interests an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61

The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve consistency in the measurement and comparability of the financial statement presentation of majority equity interests in legally separate organizations and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. Except as discussed in paragraph 11, in the period this Statement is first applied, changes adopted to conform to the provisions of this Statement should be applied retroactively by restating financial statements, if practicable, for all periods presented. If restatement for prior periods is not practicable, the cumulative effect, if any, of applying this Statement should be reported as a restatement of beginning net position (or fund balance or fund net position, as applicable) for the earliest period restated. Also, the reason for not restating prior periods presented should be disclosed. In the first period that this Statement is applied, the notes to financial statements should disclose the nature of the restatement and its effect.

The Town's management has not yet determined the effect these Statements will have on the Town's financial statements.

NOTE 15 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to fiscal year 2018, the Town received a refund of \$96,854 from Florida Public Utilities related to the gas line project. The properties that benefited from the project were assessed a ten year special assessment beginning in fiscal year 2015. The Town will apply the refund to years nine and ten of the special assessment.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Other than MD&A)



TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Am		-	Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget- Positive	
Devenues		Original	Final			Amounts	(1	(Negative)	
Revenues:	\$	3,185,833	\$	3,185,833	\$	3,221,378	\$	35,545	
Property taxes	φ		Ф		Ф		Φ	•	
Franchise fees and utility taxes Other taxes		2,402,732		2,402,732		2,441,511		38,779	
Permits and fees		237,588		237,588		280,457		42,869	
		392,403		392,403		708,433		316,030	
Intergovernmental		2,452,577		1,739,661		1,767,490		27,829	
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures		507,911		507,911		589,013		81,102	
Interest income		201,816		201,816		244,356		42,540	
		61,963		61,963 4,281		165,096		103,133	
Grant revenue		4,281		,		16,613		12,332	
Interlocal agreements		793,950		793,950		791,044		(2,906)	
Special assessments		700,013		700,013		711,788		11,775	
Other revenues		333,932		357,486		397,194		39,708	
Total revenues		11,274,999		10,585,637		11,334,373		748,736	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General Government:									
Town Council		134,035		134,035		78,009		56,026	
Administrative		245,228		235,875		205,980		29,895	
Finance		415,808		417,333		395,070		22,263	
Legal		169,800		169,800		95,577		74,223	
Nondepartmental		233,936		255,648		141,238		114,410	
Total general government		1,198,807		1,212,691		915,874		296,817	
Public safety:									
Police		5,508,605		5,547,154		5,267,845		279,309	
Development services		767,710		770,440		686,126		84,314	
Total public safety		6,276,315		6,317,594		5,953,971		363,623	

See notes to required supplementary information

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Dodgo	المحد			Antoni	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	 Budge Original	tea A	mounts Final		Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Physical environment:	 Original		FIIIdi		Amounts	(Negative)
Public Works	2,815,417		2,351,037		2,219,859	131,178
Total physical environment	2,815,417		2,351,037		2,219,859	131,178
Culture/recreation, parks and recreation:						
Library	186,694		186,694		166,559	20,135
Sports park	358,522		212,363		200,835	11,528
Special events	45,065		45,065		44,299	766
Total culture and recreation	590,281		444,122		411,693	32,429
Capital outlay	 355,679		745,946		387,741	358,205
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	157,500		157,500		98,109	59,391
Interest	 1,000		1,000		771	229
Total debt service	158,500		158,500		98,880	59,620
Total expenditures	11,394,999		11,229,890		9,988,018	1,241,872
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	 (120,000))	(644,253)		1,346,355	1,990,608
Other financing sources (uses):						
Use of fund balance	-		531,244		-	(531,244)
Transfers in	120,000		120,000		100,000	(20,000)
Transfers out	 -		(6,991)		(4,069)	2,922
Total other financing sources (uses)	 120,000		644,253		95,931	(548,322)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$:	1,442,286 _	\$ 1,442,286
Fund balance, beginning					11,960,035	
Fund balance, ending				\$	13,402,321	

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTE 1 – BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

State of Florida Statutes requires that all municipal governments establish budgetary systems and approve balanced annual operating budgets. The Town Council annually adopts an operating budget and appropriates funds for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds, except for the Police Forfeiture Fund.

The procedures for establishing budgetary data are as follows:

By July 1st of each year, the Property Appraiser certifies the tax roll for the Town. The tax roll is used in formulating the proposed millage rate for the coming year. Thereafter, the following time table must be adhered to:

- Within 45 days the Town Manager must submit a proposed operating budget to the Council. The proposed budget includes expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Between 65-80 days from the date of certification (September 3rd September 18th), the Town must hold a tentative budget and millage hearing. This hearing cannot be held sooner than ten days following the mailing of notices by the Property Appraiser (August 24th).
- Within 15 days of the tentative budget and millage hearing (September 18th September 30th), the Town must advertise a final hearing on the budget.
- Not less than two or more than five days after the advertisement (September 20th October 8th), a final hearing adopting the budget and millage is held.
- Within three days after the receipt of final value, the Finance Director completes form DR-422 and returns it to the Property Appraiser.
- Within 30 days of final millage and budget adoption, the Town must certify compliance with Section 200.065 and 200.068, Florida Statutes, to the Department of Revenue.

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year end unless encumbered or specifically designated to be carried forward to the subsequent year. Changes or amendments to the total budgeted expenditures, except as noted above for encumbrances and carry forwards, of the Town must be approved by the Council. The legal level of control is at the departmental level. The general fund budget was amended as follows: decrease in revenues of \$689,362, increase in use of fund balance of \$531,244, decrease in appropriations related to Council amendments, encumbrances and carry forwards of \$165,109, and an increase in transfers out of \$6,991.

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LANTANA POLICE RELIEF AND PENSION FUND

Measurement Year Ended September 30,		2018		2017		2016		2015
Total Pension Liability (TPL)								
Service cost	\$,	\$	362,009	\$	343,544	\$	357,506
Interest on the total pension liability		1,376,374		1,024,448		989,489		928,071
Changes of benefit terms		-		3,021,409		-		-
Differences between actual and expected								
experience in the measurement of the TPL.		(700,332)		512,020		(298,613)		(113,373)
Changes of assumption		-		5,673		(221,282)		-
Benefit payments		(377,772)		(364,808)		(388,273)		(270,957)
Refunds		(10,762)		(930)		(31,262)		(6,834)
Other changes		-		-		27,147		9,333
Net change in total pension liability		793,452		4,559,821		420,750		903,746
Total pension liability - beginning		18,039,983		13,480,162		13,059,412		12,155,666
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	18,833,435	\$	18,039,983	\$	13,480,162	\$	13,059,412
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - Employer (from Town)	\$	701,427	\$	302,908	\$	429,970	\$	408,040
Contributions - Employer (from State)		116,796		112,686		119,700		101,886
Contributions - Employees		124,905		120,005		120,049		105,492
Net investment income		1,268,013		1,510,543		987,257		(63,982)
Benefit payments		(377,772)		(364,808)		(388,273)		(270,957)
Refunds		(10,762)		(930)		(31,262)		(6,834)
Pension plan administrative expense		(86,349)		(57,996)		(65,361)		(51,501)
Net change in fiduciary net position		1,736,258		1,622,408		1,172,080		222,144
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	13,984,006		12,361,598	_	11,189,518	_	10,967,374
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	_\$_	15,720,264	\$	13,984,006	\$	12,361,598	\$	11,189,518
	_	0.110.171	_	1.055.077	_	1 110 501	_	1 000 001
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	3,113,171	\$	4,055,977	\$	1,118,564	\$	1,869,894
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						/		/
pension liability		83.47%		77.52%		91.70%		85.68%
Covered payroll	\$	1,784,354	\$	1,714,357	\$	1,704,833	\$	1,507,029
Covered payron	Ψ	1,704,334	Ψ	1,7 14,557	Ψ	1,704,000	Ψ	1,507,029
Net Pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		174.47%		236.59%		65.61%		124.08%
Note: Information for previous years is unavailable.								

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LANTANA POLICE RELIEF AND PENSION FUND

Actuarially Contribution									Actual Contribution			
Fiscal Year Ending	De	etermined	nined Actual Deficiency Covered				Covered	as % of 0	Covered			
September 30,	Co	ntribution	C	ontribution	((Excess) Payro			Employee Payro			
2014	\$	465,226	\$	469,825	\$	(4,599)	\$	1,585,729		29.63 %		
2015		500,593		500,593		-		1,507,029		33.22 %		
2016		466,726		522,523		(55,797)		1,704,833		30.65 %		
2017		415,594		415,594		-		1,714,357		24.24 %		
2018		904,992		818,223		86,769		1,784,354		45.86 %		

Note: Information for previous years is unavailable.

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, which is two

years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

The methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates are as follows:

Valuation date October 1, 2016
Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Level Dollar, Closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Actuarial Assumptions:

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases 6.0%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates

Mortality

The healthy mortality table is the RP 2000 Mortality Table for annuitants with future improvements in mortality projected to all future years using Scale BB. For females, the base mortality rates include a 100% white collar adjustment. For males, the base mortality rates include a 90% blue collar adjustment and a 10% white collar adjustment. The preretirement mortality table is the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Participant Mortality Table with the same white and blue collar adjustments and the same mortality improvement projection scales. For disabled retirees, the mortality table is the RP-2000 Mortality Table for disabled annuitants, setback 4 years for males and set-forward 2 years for females, with no provision made for future mortality improvements. These are the same rates used for Special Risk Class members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) in their Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2016.

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	2018
Total OPEB Liability	
Service cost	\$ 44,465
Interest	19,510
Difference between expected and actual experience	(55,240)
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	98,112
Benefit payments	(6,889)
Other changes	 (71,289)
Net change in total OPEB liability	28,669
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 585,839
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 614,508
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	\$ - -
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$
Town's net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 614,508
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	0.00%
Covered payroll	\$ 4,982,533
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	12.33%

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Grants Fund — This fund is used to account for all financial resources applicable to grants awarded to the Town.

Infrastructure Surtax Fund — This fund is used to account for restricted funds designated by Florida Statutes for infrastructure expenditures.

Police Education Fund — This fund is used to account for restricted funds designated by Florida Statutes for training and education of law enforcement personnel.

Police Forfeiture Fund — This fund is used to account for restricted state and local forfeitures allocated to the Town.

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds									
			Infrastructure			Police		Police		Total
		Grants		Surtax		Education		Forfeiture	Go	overnmental
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds
Assets										
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	375	\$	366,747	\$	15,158	\$	109,423	\$	491,703
Intergovernmental receivables		-		122,875		202		-		123,077
Total assets	\$	375	\$	489,622	\$	15,360	\$	109,423	\$	614,780
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	375	\$	135	\$	-	\$	-	\$	510
Total liabilities	_	375		135		-		-		510
Fund balances:										
Restricted for:										
Infrastructure		-		489,487		-		-		489,487
Police education		-		-		15,360		-		15,360
Police forfeiture programs		-		-		-		109,423		109,423
Total fund balances		-		489,487		15,360		109,423		614,270
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	375	\$	489,622	\$	15,360	\$	109,423	\$	614,780

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds									
			Inf	rastructure		Police	Police			Total
		Grants	Surtax		Education		Forfeiture		Governmental	
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	Funds	
Revenues:										
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	772,576	\$	-	\$	-	\$	772,576
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		4,702		15,381		20,083
Grant revenue		457,171		-		-		-		457,171
Total revenues		457,171		772,576		4,702		15,381		1,249,830
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Public safety		-		-		8,859		11,256		20,115
Physical environment		34,200		495,737		-		-		529,937
Capital outlay		427,040		12,246		-		-		439,286
Total expenditures		461,240		507,983		8,859		11,256		989,338
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures		(4,069)		264,593		(4,157)		4,125		260,492
Other financing sources (uses):		,				,				
Transfers in		4,069		_		-		_		4,069
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,069		-		-		-		4,069
Net change in fund balances		-		264,593		(4,157)		4,125		264,561
Fund balances, beginning		-		224,894		19,517		105,298		349,709
Fund balances, ending	\$	-	\$	489,487	\$	15,360	\$	109,423	\$	614,270

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – GRANTS FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Grants Fund												
				Variance With									
	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Final Budget-									
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)									
Revenues:													
Grant revenue	36,900	526,336	\$ 457,171	\$ (69,165)									
Total revenues	36,900	526,336	457,171	(69,165)									
Expenditures:													
Current:													
Physical environment	36,900	36,900	34,200	2,700									
Capital outlay		510,826	427,040	83,786									
Total expenditures	36,900	547,726	461,240	86,486									
Excess (deficiency) of revenues													
over expenditures		(21,390)	(4,069)	17,321									
Other financing sources (uses):													
Transfers in	-	21,390	4,069	(17,321)									
Total other financing sources (uses)		21,390	4,069	(17,321)									
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -									
Fund balance, beginning				-									
Fund balance, ending			\$ -	=									

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

				Infrastructi	ıre	Surtax Fund		
							Varia	nce With
		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	Final	Budget-
		Original		Final		Amounts	Positive	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	712,916	\$	772,576	\$	59,660
Total revenues		-		712,916		772,576		59,660
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Physical environment		-		708,916		495,737		213,179
Capital outlay		-		248,746		12,246		236,500
Total expenditures		_		957,662		507,983		449,679
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		_		(244,746)		264,593		509,339
Other financing sources (uses):								
Use of fund balance		-		262,067		-		(262,067)
Transfers out		-		(17,321)		-		17,321
Total other financing sources (uses)	_			244,746		_		(244,746)
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-		264,593	\$	264,593
Fund balance, beginning						224,894	_	
Fund balance, ending					\$	489,487	_	

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS POLICE EDUCATION FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

				Police Ed	ducat	ion Fund		
							Varia	nce With
		Budgeted	d An	nounts	A	Actual	Final	Budget-
	0	riginal		Final	An	nounts	Positive	(Negative)
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	5,242	\$	5,242	\$	4,702	\$	(540)
Total revenues		5,242		5,242		4,702		(540)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public Safety		5,242		9,242		8,859		383
Total expenditures		5,242		9,242		8,859		383
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		-		(4,000)		(4,157)		(157)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Use of fund balance		-		4,000		-		(4,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		4,000		-		(4,000)
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$	-		(4,157)	\$	(4,157)
Fund balance, beginning						19,517	-	
Fund balance, ending					\$	15,360	=	





STATISTICAL SECTION

The Town of Lantana's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	<u>r age</u>
Net Position by Components	66-67
Changes in Net Position	68-71
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	72-73
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	74-75
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help readers assess the Town's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Net Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	76
Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments	77-78
Principal Property Taxpayers	79
Property Tax Levies and Collections	80
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help readers assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type	81
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	82
Bonds and Notes Pledged Revenue Coverage	83-84
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place.	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	85

86

Principal Employers

Operating Indicators

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the services the Town provides and the activities it performs.

Full-Time Equivalent Town Government Employees by Function	87
Operating Indicators by Function	88-89
Capital Assets by Function	90
 liscellaneous These schedules contain supplemental data and statistics.	
Miscellaneous Statistics	91
Schedule of Insurance in Force	92

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The Town implemented GASB Statement 34 for fiscal year 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.



TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2009	2010	2011
Governmental Activities			_
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 17,338,103	\$ 16,730,041	\$ 16,938,079
Restricted	80,105	66,336	11,121
Unrestricted	 10,824,045	 11,001,766	 10,412,773
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	28,242,253	 27,798,143	 27,361,973
Business-Type Activities			
Net Investment in capital assets	3,067,301	3,642,545	3,624,500
Restricted			
Unrestricted	 6,569,580	 6,879,590	 7,638,564
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	 9,636,881	 10,522,135	 11,263,064
Primary Government			
Net Investment in capital assets	20,405,404	20,372,586	20,562,579
Restricted	80,105	66,336	11,121
Unrestricted	 17,393,625	 17,881,356	 18,051,337
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 37,879,134	\$ 38,320,278	\$ 38,625,037

Note: The Town implemented GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position" for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013.

	2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
\$	18,337,815	\$	18,260,830		17,329,014		16,994,685		17,694,224		17,818,601		17,228,421
	12,680		15,476		1,019,931		19,750		685,155		1,425,190		2,177,200
	7,773,388		8,426,192		9,271,736		9,274,400		9,517,683		6,929,939		7,771,022
			_										
	26,123,883		26,702,498	_	27,620,681	_	26,288,835	_	27,897,062	_	26,173,730	_	27,176,643
	3,605,700		4,313,612		5,089,676		6,175,347		6,200,832		6,239,812		8,135,430
	543,791				363,801		363,800		363,800		374,456		-
	7,530,741		8,789,438		8,244,021		8,484,142		10,325,879		11,011,260	_	10,626,017
	44 000 000		10 100 050		40.007.400		45 000 000		10.000.511		47.005.500		10 701 117
	11,680,232		13,103,050	_	13,697,498	_	15,023,289	_	16,890,511	_	17,625,528	_	18,761,447
	21,943,515		22,574,442		22,418,690		23,170,032		23,895,056		24,058,413		25,363,851
	556,471		15,476		1,383,732		383,550		1,048,955		1,799,646		2,177,200
	15,304,129		17,215,630		17,515,757	_	17,758,542		19,843,562		17,941,199	_	18,397,039
Φ.	07.004.445	Φ.	00 005 540	•	44.040.470	Φ.	44 040 404	Φ.	44 707 570	•	40 700 050	Φ.	45,000,000
\$	37,804,115	\$	39,805,548	\$	41,318,179	\$	41,312,124	\$	44,787,573	\$	43,799,258	\$	45,938,090

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2009		2010		2011
Governmental Activities					
General government	\$ 802,674	\$	758,291	\$	805,921
Public safety	4,854,172		4,764,164		4,697,941
Physical environment	3,407,583		3,416,224		2,252,568
Transportation					933,747
Culture/recreation	406,927		363,547		375,829
Interest on long-term debt	 117,721		105,231		92,300
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	 9,589,077		9,407,457		9,158,306
Business-Type Activities					
Utility - water and sewer	 4,639,241		4,459,164		4,448,685
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	4,639,241		4,459,164		4,448,685
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 14,228,318	\$	13,866,621	\$	13,606,991
Program Revenues					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
General government	\$ 511,352	\$	526,767	\$	611,487
Public safety	798,668		715,126		844,001
Physical environment	813,309		889,306		865,703
Culture and recreation	181,142		213,303		238,470
Operating grants and contributions	491,802		587,572		573,771
Capital grants and contributions	 38,872		197,160		258,169
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	 2,835,145		3,129,234		3,391,601
Business-type activities:					
Charges for services:					
Utility - water and sewer	4,834,025		5,075,463		4,990,025
Operating grants and contributions					
Capital grants and contributions	 145,735	-	204,265	-	163,503
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	 4,979,760		5,279,728		5,153,528
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 7,814,905	\$	8,408,962	\$	8,545,129

Notes:

- The FY 11 Transportation was closed and included in the general fund per the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.
- Beginning with FY 2015, transportation will be reported in physical environment.

2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
\$ 766,789	\$	930,263		1,447,888		741,324		818,909		1,007,186		950,779
5,761,191		4,502,022		4,938,269		5,239,141		5,375,887		8,580,598		6,062,440
2,110,759		1,821,392		1,514,926		3,127,821		3,233,635		3,273,391		3,867,004
1,095,864		1,564,530		1,977,033		-		-		-		-
390,092		369,831		417,408		2,253,383		365,697		548,426		597,923
 74,110		65,694	_	50,694	_	36,584		21,458	_	10,026	_	771
 10,198,805	_	9,253,732		10,346,218		11,398,253		9,815,586		13,419,627		11,478,917
 4,635,940		4,914,189		4,677,549		4,563,238		4,572,755		5,283,975	_	5,161,735
4,635,940		4,914,189		4,677,549		4,563,238		4,572,755		5,283,975		5,161,735
\$ 14,834,745	\$	14,167,921	\$	15,023,767	\$	15,961,491	\$	14,388,341	\$	18,703,602	\$	16,640,652
\$ 788,381	\$	778,961		860,235		899,171		1,386,273		1,132,786		1,268,772
806,068		828,503		1,132,256		1,292,909		1,179,654		1,214,316		1,173,143
879,099		808,998		1,136,758		626,469		626,772		639,995		656,849
195,470		157,878		202,245		289,802		256,590		331,061		426,276
214,108 131,927		70,751 1,279,089		38,835 291,113		38,370 900,051		37,615 321,840		67,762 1,083,883		38,499 1,195,547
 101,321		1,273,003	_	231,110	_	300,031	_	321,040	_	1,000,000	_	1,133,347
 3,015,053		3,924,180	_	3,661,442	_	4,046,772		3,808,744	_	4,469,803	_	4,759,086
5,016,469 		4,972,344 		5,242,123 - -		5,607,712		5,644,050 - -		5,889,214 - -		5,960,248 - -
5,016,469		4,972,344	_	5,242,123		5,607,712		5,644,050		5,889,214		5,960,248
\$ 8,031,522	\$	8,896,524	\$	8,903,565	\$	9,654,484	\$	9,452,794	\$	10,359,017	\$	10,719,334

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		2009		2010		2011
Net (Expense) Revenue						
Governmental activities	\$	(6,753,932)	\$	(6,278,223)	\$	(5,766,705)
Business-type activities		340,519		820,564		704,843
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$	(6,413,413)	\$	(5,457,659)	\$	(5,061,862)
General Revenues and Other Changes						
in Net Position						
Governmental activities:						
Taxes: Property taxes	\$	3,166,215	\$	2,714,901	\$	2,264,606
Utility taxes	Ψ	918,889	Ψ	990,907	Ψ	981,105
Franchise fees based on gross receipts		772,731		692,934		686,830
Communications services taxes		409,214		374,061		320,074
Sales and use tax		605,504		604,394		628,516
Franchise taxes and utility taxes		-		<i>,</i> –		-
Unrestricted contributions		-		-		-
State revenue sharing - unrestricted		289,023		314,640		330,357
Investment income - unrestricted		73,451		81,164		40,045
Miscellaneous		125,749		61,112		79,002
Gain from sale of capital assets		-		-		-
Transfers		-		-		
Total Governmental Activities		6,360,776		5,834,113		5,330,535
Business-type activities:						
Miscellaneous						7,070
Investment income (loss) - unrestricted		(14,847)		64,690		29,016
Transfers		-		-		
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		-		
Total Business-Type Activities		(14,847)		64,690		36,086
Total Primary Government	\$	6,345,929	\$	5,898,803	\$	5,366,621
Change in net position:						
Governmental activities	\$	(393,156)	\$	(444,110)	\$	(436,170)
Business-type activities	Ψ	325,672	Ψ	885,254	Ψ	740,929
•	_	<u> </u>	_	· · · ·		
Total Primary Government	\$	(67,484)	\$	441,144	\$	304,759

Notes:

- The Town implemented new formatting for the year ended September 30, 2012.
- The Town split out Gain from sale of capital assets which was previously reported in miscellaneous income for the year ended September 30, 2015.

 2012	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
\$ (7,183,752) 380,529	\$ (5,329,552) 58,155	\$	(6,684,776) 564,574	\$	(7,351,481) 1,044,474	\$	(6,006,842) 1,071,295	\$	(8,949,824) 605,239	\$	(6,719,831) 798,513
\$ (6,803,223)	\$ (5,271,397)	\$	(6,120,202)	\$	(6,307,007)	\$	(4,935,547)	\$	(8,344,585)	\$	(5,921,318)
\$ 2,181,084	\$ 2,105,853		2,153,180		2,266,736		2,522,731		2,786,215		3,221,378
-	-		-		-		-		-		-
-	-		-		-		-		-		-
-	-		-		-		-		-		-
1,620,629	1,743,034		2,258,115		2,292,471		2,335,932		2,420,646		2,441,511
1,644,557	1,595,343		1,675,742		1,769,613		1,757,031		1,729,563		1,742,071
- 39,045	- 15,731		- 13,521		23,503		- 29,292		- 75,309		- 165,096
437,347	448,206		1,502,401		910,439		941,079		207,857		189,691
-	-		-		41,030		5,141		6,902		22,153
 23,000	 			_		_	23,863	_		_	100,000
 5,945,662	 5,908,167		7,602,959	_	7,303,792	_	7,615,069	_	7,226,492	_	7,881,900
05.000	4 004 004		00.747		050 004		700 400		70.404		407.447
25,282 34,357	1,384,234 12,459		20,747 9,127		256,624 21,582		798,138 21,652		72,181 57,597		187,117 128,543
(23,000)	-		5,127		-		(23,863)		-		-
 <u> </u>		_		_	3,111		,			_	20
 36,639	1,396,693	_	29,874	_	281,317	_	795,927		129,778	_	315,680
\$ 5,982,301	\$ 7,304,860	\$	7,632,833	\$	7,585,109	\$	8,410,996	\$	7,356,270	\$	8,197,580
\$ (1,238,090)	\$ 578,615	\$	918,183	\$	(47,689)	\$	1,608,227	\$	(1,723,332)	\$	1,162,069
 417,168	 1,454,848	_	594,448	_	1,325,791	_	1,867,222		735,017	_	1,114,193
\$ (820,922)	\$ 2,033,463	\$	1,512,631	\$	1,278,102	\$	3,475,449	\$	(988,315)	\$	2,276,262

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		2009	2010		2011		2012
General Fund							_
Reserved	\$	15,752	\$ 13,528	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved		9,575,698	9,919,537		-		-
Nonspendable		-	-		11,456		11,170
Restricted		-	-		-		-
Committed		-	-		-		3,300,000
Assigned		-	-		4,780,203		1,172,463
Unassigned			 	_	5,407,467	_	3,864,418
Total General Fund		9,591,450	 9,933,065		10,199,126		8,348,051
All Other Governmental Funds							
Reserved		-	-		-		-
Unreserved, reported in:							
Special revenue funds		1,132,200	986,177		-		-
Restricted		-	-		11,121		12,680
Assigned		-	-		70,596		58,545
Unassigned			 	_			(1,376,767)
Total All Other Governmental Funds		1,132,200	 986,177		81,717		(1,305,542)
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1	0,723,650	\$ 10,919,242	\$	10,280,843	\$	7,042,509

Notes:

- The Town implemented GASB Statement No. 54 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011.
- The Town implemented new formatting for the year ended September 30, 2012.

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
•						
\$	-					
	-	45.040	40.070	10.000	40.044	0.004
	12,778	15,212	12,873	10,980	13,914	8,261
	-	1,000,000	-	666,166	1,075,481	1,562,930
	3,300,000	-	-	-	-	-
	964,307	4,110,530	5,147,691	4,277,074	4,075,990	3,787,079
	4,109,878	4,536,305	3,923,144	5,768,132	6,794,650	8,044,051
	8,386,963	9,662,047	9,083,708	10,722,352	11,960,035	13,402,321
-						
	-					
	15,476	19,931	19,750	18,989	349,709	614,270
	53,245	50,767	175,812	204,038	-	-
	(103,353)	(51,674)	(51,888)	(68,113)		
	(34,632)	19,024	143,674	154,914	349,709	614,270
\$	8,352,331	\$ 9,681,071	\$ 9,227,382	\$ 10,877,266	\$ 12,309,744	\$ 14,016,591

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2009			2010		2011		2012	
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	5,571,857	\$	5,047,101	\$	4,516,833	\$	2,181,084	
Franchise fees and utility taxes		-		- -		-		1,623,757	
Other taxes		-		-		-		204,668	
Licenses and permits		389,827		403,591		421,992		360,147	
Intergovernmental		1,718,146		1,927,261		2,009,385		1,621,999	
Charges for services		1,236,270		1,337,915		1,419,612		1,269,441	
Fines and forfeitures		101,139		103,694		195,210		139,373	
Investment income		73,451		81,164		40,045		39,045	
Grant revenue		-		-		-		311,442	
Interlocal agreements		-		-		-		548,056	
Special assessments		-		-		-			
Miscellaneous		122,365		81,305		131,573		619,571	
Total Revenues		9,213,055		8,982,031		8,734,650		8,918,583	
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government		763,636		707,669		752,596		754,111	
Public safety		4,630,719		4,511,841		4,465,650		5,512,951	
Physical environment		2,385,811		2,347,078		2,145,228		1,968,766	
Transportation								165,070	
Culture and recreation		201,539		174,009		166,932		183,873	
Capital outlay		2,124,756		616,306		1,413,107		3,165,612	
Debt service:									
Principal		309,616		321,959		334,793		348,138	
Interest and fiscal charges		119,919		107,577		94,743		81,396	
Total Expenditures		10,535,996		8,786,439		9,373,049		12,179,917	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures		(1,322,941)		195,592		(638,399)		(3,261,334)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in		350,000		315,410		65,371		23,000	
Transfers out		(350,000)		(315,410)		(65,371)		-	
Bonds issued		-		-		-		-	
Refunding bonds issued		-		-		-		-	
Sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-	
Capital lease		-		-		-		-	
Payment for current refunding			_		_				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								23,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(1,322,941)	\$	195,592	\$	(638,399)	\$	(3,238,334)	
Debt Service as a Percentage									
of Non-Capital Expenditures		5.11%		5.26%		5.40%		4.77%	

Note: Beginning with FY 2015, transportation will be reported in physical environment.

 2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ 2,105,853	2,153,180	2,266,736	2,522,731	2,786,215	3,221,378
1,743,034	2,258,115	2,292,471	2,335,932	2,420,646	2,441,511
220,893	224,940	226,005	241,996	239,559	280,457
333,681	408,110	410,943	884,795	621,550	708,433
1,622,354	1,654,427	1,757,307	1,744,197	2,273,694	2,540,066
1,144,293	1,056,320	475,435	463,570	557,643	589,013
140,741	249,517	455,675	281,247	288,441	264,439
15,731	13,521	23,503	29,292	75,309	165,096
1,352,161	312,616	92,804	1,132,457	754,027	473,784
574,015	696,606	712,352	750,678	764,878	791,044
	-	681,409	681,712	694,935	711,788
 601,851	1,659,211	1,167,007	1,128,625	399,786	397,194
 9,854,607	10,686,563	10,561,647	12,197,232	11,876,683	12,584,203
866,813	1,391,794	729,286	819,152	934,999	915,874
4,243,764	4,491,973	4,950,124	5,219,001	5,302,133	5,974,086
1,678,172	1,250,285	2,122,784	2,188,156	2,204,535	2,749,796
681,965	1,023,958	-	-	-	-
170,052	208,020	179,167	197,626	358,960	411,693
474,485	562,257	2,604,441	1,778,909	1,336,000	827,027
362,017	376,450	391,457	345,891	297,552	98,109
67,517	53,086	38,077	22,476	10,026	771
 8,544,785	9,357,823	11,015,336	10,571,211	10,444,205	10,977,356
 3,011,700	0,001,020	11,010,000		10,111,200	
 1,309,822	1,328,740	(453,689)	1,626,021	1,432,478	1,606,847
_	_	_	41,024	109,735	104,069
_	_	_	(17,161)	(109,735)	(4,069)
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
 			23,863		100,000
\$ 1,309,822	\$ 1,328,740	<u>\$ (453,689)</u>	\$ 1,649,884	\$ 1,432,478	\$ 1,706,847
5.32%	4.88%	5.11%	4.19%	3.38%	0.97%

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA

NET ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	Assessed Values		Total	Total
Fiscal Year				Taxable	Direct
Ended	Tax Roll	Real	Personal	Assessed	Tax
September 30,	Year	Property Property		Value	Rate
2009	2008	961,009,605	48,340,349	1,009,349,954	3.2395
2010	2009	811,855,499	55,896,262	867,751,761	3.2395
2011	2010	666,998,679	54,057,556	721,056,235	3.2395
2012	2011	646,728,736	46,810,684	693,539,420	3.2395
2013	2012	632,656,708	45,488,892	678,145,600	3.2395
2014	2013	647,132,006	38,872,232	686,004,238	3.2395
2015	2014	683,142,716	42,129,528	725,272,244	3.2395
2016	2015	757,505,897	43,362,825	800,868,722	3.2395
2017	2016	846,039,655	43,826,976	889,866,631	3.2395
2018	2017	916,809,816	34,560,485	951,370,301	3.5000

Note: Property in the Town is re-assessed each year. Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Source: Palm Beach County Property Appraiser's Office.



TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Direct Rate	Ove	rlapping Rates	s (1)
Fiscal Year			Palm Beach		
		Town	County	Palm	Fire/
Ended	Tax Roll	General	School	Beach	Rescue
September 30,	Year	Operations (2)	District	County	MSTU (3)
2009	2008	3.2395	7.2510	3.9656	2.9500
2010	2009	3.2395	7.9830	4.5614	3.4581
2011	2010	3.2395	8.1540	4.9960	3.4581
2012	2011	3.2395	8.1800	4.9925	3.4581
2013	2012	3.2395	7.7780	4.9902	3.4581
2014	2013	3.2395	7.5860	4.9852	3.4581
2015	2014	3.2395	7.5940	4.9729	3.4581
2016	2015	3.2395	7.5120	4.9277	3.4581
2017	2016	3.2395	7.0700	4.9142	3.4581
2018	2017	3.5000	6.7690	4.9023	3.4581

Note 1: All millage rates are based on \$1 for every \$1,000 of assessed value.

Sources: Town of Lantana Finance Department and Palm Beach County Property Appraiser's Office.

- (1) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the Town of Lantana. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Town of Lantana property owners (i.e. the rates for special taxing districts apply only to the proportion of the government's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the special district).
- (2) The only component of the Town's direct rate is it's operating millage. The Town does not have a debt service component.
- (3) FY 2009 was the first year that Palm Beach County separately charged the Fire/Rescue MSTU rate for the Town of Lantana. Previously, this charge was included in the Town's Millage Rate.

Tax rate limits	Ten mills operating expense exclusive of debt service per Florida Statute 200.081. (One mill equals \$1 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation)
Scope of tax rate limits	No municipality shall levy ad valorem taxes for real and tangible personal property in excess of ten mills of the assessed value, except for special benefits and debt service on obligations issued with the approval of those taxpayers subject to ad valorem taxes.
Taxes assessed	January 1
Taxes due	March 31
Taxes delinquent	April 1
Discount allowed	4% November; 3% December; 2% January; 1% February
Penalties for delinquency	2.5% after April 1; increase .5% each ten days maximum 5%
Tax collector	Palm Beach County
Tax collector's commission	None

Overlapping Rates (1)

		South Florida		Total
Childrens	Health	Water	Water	
Services	Care	Management		Overlapping
Council	District	District	F.I.N.D.	Rates
0.6009	0.9975	0.6240	0.0345	19.6630
0.6898	1.1451	0.6240	0.0345	21.7354
0.7513	1.1450	0.6240	0.0345	22.4024
0.7475	1.1250	0.4363	0.0345	22.2134
0.7300	1.1220	0.4289	0.0345	21.7812
0.7025	1.0800	0.4110	0.0345	21.4968
0.6745	1.0800	0.3842	0.0345	21.4377
0.6677	1.0426	0.3551	0.0320	21.2347
0.6833	0.8993	0.3307	0.0320	20.6271
0.6590	0.7808	0.3100	0.0320	20.4112

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2018			2009				
				Percentage				Percentage
		Net		of Total	Net			of Total
		Assessed		Assessed	Assessed			Assessed
Taxpayer		Value	Rank	Value		Value	Rank	Value
Palm Beach FL Senior Property LLC	\$	55,130,954	1	5.79%				
Lantana Development LLC	\$	18,355,538	2	1.93%				
TRG Seaside LP	\$	17,000,000	3	1.79%				
BT Lantana, LLC	\$	16,269,645	4	1.71%				
Florida Power & Light Co	\$	15,557,110	5	1.64%				
Lantana SDC LLC	\$	12,426,475	6	1.31%				
Lantana SMI LLC	\$	10,153,004	7	1.07%				
Costco Wholesale Corp.	\$	9,326,669	8	0.98%	\$	10,330,414	4	1.16%
Hypoluxo I LP	\$	8,337,861	9	0.88%				
Lan Hill Corp.	\$	7,247,139	10	0.76%	\$	7,844,776	5	0.88%
Palm Beach Club, LLC					\$	29,000,000	1	3.26%
Ramco Lantana, LLC					\$	14,628,628	2	1.64%
Equity One (Lantana) Inc					\$	12,951,494	3	1.46%
GMC of Lantana Ltd.					\$	7,000,000	6	0.79%
Village at Ocean Walk LLC					\$	5,528,780	10	0.62%
M Six Creditvest I Business					\$	5,895,258	9	0.66%
Lantana Storage Partners LTD			-		\$	5,918,723	8	0.67%
	\$	169,804,395		17.85%	\$	99,098,073	= ;	11.14%

Source: Palm Beach County Tax Collector's Office.

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Collected within								
	Total Pro	perty						
Fiscal Year	Total Tax	of the Levy		Collected in	Tax Collec	ctions		
Ended	Levy for		Percent	Subsequent		Percent		
September 30,	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy		
2009	3,269,789	3,137,780	95.96%	17,963	3,155,743	96.51%		
2010	2,811,082	2,690,626	95.71%	7,653	2,698,279	95.99%		
2011	2,335,862	2,239,992	95.90%	9,318	2,249,310	96.29%		
2012	2,246,721	2,172,980	96.72%	13,923	2,186,902	97.34%		
2013	2,196,853	2,104,328	95.79%	4,780.77	2,109,108	96.01%		
2014	2,222,311	2,146,101	96.57%	4,339.56	2,150,440	96.77%		
2015	2,349,519	2,265,091	96.41%	(1,342.22)	2,263,749	96.35%		
2016	2,594,414	2,505,935	96.59%	6,860.44	2,512,796	96.85%		
2017	2,882,723	2,782,116	96.51%	(3,508.64)	2,778,607	96.39%		
2018	3,329,796	3,316,323	99.60%		3,316,323	99.60%		

Note: All property taxes are assessed and collected by Palm Beach County without charge to the Town, and collections are distributed as collected.

Source: Town of Lantana Finance Department and Palm Beach County Tax Collector's Office.

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Business-Type			
_	Governmenta	l Activities	Activities			
Fiscal Year				Total	Percent of	
Ended	Revenue		Revenue	Primary	Personal	Per
September 30,	Bonds	Notes	Bonds	Government	Income (1)	Capita (1)
2009	689,588	2,186,778	9,115,366	11,991,732	23.58%	1,231
2010	594,943	1,959,464	8,493,277	11,047,684	21.56%	1,138
2011	496,379	1,723,236	7,845,701	10,065,316	18.68%	966
2012	393,731	1,477,745	7,167,200	9,038,676	16.25%	858
2013	286,832	1,222,627	5,376,346	6,885,805	11.88%	651
2014	175,506	957,504	4,637,990	5,770,999	8.62%	540
2015	59,568	681,985	3,880,709	4,622,261	6.72%	432
2016		395,661	3,103,891	3,499,552	4.86%	326
2017		98,109	2,306,904	2,405,013	3.22%	223
2018			1,489,088	1,489,088	N/A	131

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

Source: Town of Lantana Finance Department

(1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data

N/A - Data is not available

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

			Percentage		Amount Applicable
			Applicable to		to the
		Net Debt	Town of	Town of	
Government Unit	Outstanding (1)		Lantana (2)	Lantana	
Palm Beach County	\$	82,850,000	0.51%	\$	420,750
Palm Beach County School District		9,853,000	0.51%		50,038
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt		92,703,000			470,788
Town of Lantana Direct Debt		-	100.00%		
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$	92,703,000		\$	470,788

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the Palm Beach County Property Appraiser. Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit

(1) General Obligation Bonds

(2) Estimated based on 2017 Ratio of Assessed Taxable Values

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the Town. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the Town of Lantana. This process recognizes that, when considering the Town's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA STREETS AND HIGHWAYS NOTE PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	Public	Local	Revenue				
Fiscal Year	Services	Option	Available	Debt Se	ervice Requirer	ments	i
Ended	Tax	Fuel	for Debt				
September 30	Revenue (1)	Tax (1)	Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2009	1,376,332	259,712	1,636,044	218,736	88,842	307,578	5.32
2010	1,387,741	255,614	1,643,355	227,314	80,264	307,578	5.34
2011	1,319,492	251,704	1,571,196	236,228	71,350	307,578	5.11
2012	1,316,599	263,960	1,580,559	245,491	62,086	307,578	5.14
2013	1,343,870	263,691	1,607,561	255,118	52,459	307,578	5.23
2014	1,407,999	270,434	1,678,433	265,123	42,455	307,578	5.46
2015	1,454,563	289,510	1,744,073	275,519	32,058	307,578	5.67
2016	1,436,154	293,802	1,729,956	286,324	21,254	307,578	5.62
2017	1,454,866	304,869	1,759,736	297,552	10,026	307,578	5.72
2018	1,473,527	298,495	1,772,021	98,109	771	98,880	17.92

Source: Town of Lantana Finance Department

⁽¹⁾ The Streets and Highways Debt is secured by a pledge of and a lien on the revenues derived and to be derived from the public services tax and the local option fuel tax

⁽²⁾ Streets and Highways Note was paid during Fiscal Year 2018.

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA 1998, 2003 AND 2012 WATER AND SEWER BONDS PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Revenue		
Fiscal Year			Available for	Total	
Ended	Gross	Operating	Debt	Debt	Current
September 30	Revenue (1)	Expenses (2)	Coverage	Service	Coverage
2009	4,819,178	3,194,599	1,624,579	1,036,023	1.57
2010	5,140,153	3,039,859	2,100,294	1,034,609	2.03
2011	5,019,042	3,087,553	1,931,489	1,019,396	1.89
2012	5,067,849	3,352,158	1,715,691	1,034,388	1.66
2013	5,007,076	3,826,500	1,180,576	1,968,617	0.60
2014	5,271,997	3,645,194	1,626,803	858,149	1.90
2015	5,889,029	3,531,730	2,357,299	857,875	2.75
2016	6,463,840	3,490,066	2,973,774	858,078	3.47
2017	6,018,990	4,186,795	1,832,195	858,000	2.14
2018	6,275,934	4,083,141	2,192,793	860,143	2.55

Source: The Town of Lantana Finance Department

- (1) Includes interest income and gain on sale of equipment. Excludes settlement proceeds.
- (2) Excludes depreciation and amortization expense
- (3) The 1998, 2003 and the 2012 Water and Sewer Bonds are secured by a pledge on the revenues derived from the operation of the water and sewer system and, accordingly, are recorded in the enterprise fund
- (4) The 2003 Water and Sewer Bond was retired in Fiscal Year 2018.

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Palm Beach		Palm Beach
		County	Town	County
	Town	Per Capita	School	Unemployment
Year	Population (1)	Income (2)	Enrollment (3)	Rate (4)
2009	9,743	50,860	1,814	11.7%
2010	9,704	51,251	2,158	11.8%
2011	10,423	53,871	1,222	10.8%
2012	10,536	55,628	2,126	8.9%
2013	10,583	57,985	2,095	7.4%
2014	10,681	66,914	3,028	6.0%
2015	10,705	68,743	2,469	5.3%
2016	10,737	71,946	2,585	5.2%
2017	10,797	74,754	2,389	3.7%
2018	11,397	N/A	2,389	3.1%

Sources:

- (1) University of Florida, Bureau of Economic and Business Research
- (2) US DOC Bureau of Economic Development
- (3) Palm Beach County School Board Budget Office
- (4) U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics and Palm Beach County Business Development Board

N/A - Statistical information not available

NOTE: Where indicated, Palm Beach County data was used as a more relevant source.

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS - PALM BEACH COUNTY (1) CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2018			2009			
	Percentage of				Percentage of		
			Total County	Palm Beach		Total County	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment	
School Board of Palm Beach County	21,466	1	3.04%	21,718	1	4.02%	
Palm Beach County	5,952	2	0.84%	11,319	2	2.09%	
Tenet Healthcare Corporation	5,939	3	0.84%	4,500	3	0.83%	
Florida Power & Light (NextEra Energy)	4,404	4	0.62%	3,632	4	0.67%	
HCA (Hospital Corporation of America)	3,550	5	0.50%	3,395	5	0.63%	
Boca Raton Regional Hospital	2,800	6	0.40%	2,100	10	0.39%	
Florida Atlantic University	2,644	7	0.37%	2,838	7	0.52%	
Veterans Health Administration	2,535	8	0.36%	2,207	8	0.41%	
Bethesda Memorial Hospital	2,282	9	0.32%				
Office Depot	3,034	10	0.43%	2,100	9	0.39%	
Wackenhut Corporation				3,000	6	0.55%	
	54,606		7.73%	56,809	= ;	10.51%	

⁽¹⁾ Source: Business Development Board of Palm Beach County. Data is for Palm Beach County, Florida. Employment information for the Town is not available.

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Number of Employees:										
General Government										
Administration	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3.5	3.5	3.5
Finance	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	10
Public Safety										
Police Personnel and Officers	38	37	35	35	35	35	36	37.5	38.1	41.1
Marine Safety	5	5	5	5	4	4.2	4.2	4.25	4.1	4.1
Development Services	7	7	7	7	6	7	7	7	7	7
Culture and Recreation										
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Library	2	2	2	2	2	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	2.4
General Maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Physical Environment										
Management	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Sanitation	10	10	10	10	3	-	-	-	-	-
Water/Sewer	9	9	9	9	8	10.2	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
Vehicle Maintenance	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Works	12	11	9	9	9	10.8	10.5	11.0	12.0	<u>11.5</u>
Total Number of Employees	100	98	94	94	84	86	87	89	91	95

Source: Town of Lantana Finance Department

Note:

During fiscal year 2009, Parks and Recreation and General Maintenance under Culture and Recreation became a part of the Operations function under Physical Environment.

During fiscal year 2014, Operations was renamed to Public Works and Sanitation employees were transferred to Public Works.



TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012
General Government:				
Town Clerk				
Council agendas prepared	27	30	32	29
Ordinances passed by Council	7	11	6	14
Resolutions passed by Council	19	10	13	14
Records destroyed cubic feet	24	102.5	70.5	58
Public record requests	27	83	90	97
Employee service awards	12	15	17	12
Finance				
Accounts payable checks issued	2,080	1,911	2,199	2.209
New fixed asset items tagged	61	55	81	63
Trailer decals processed			276	195
Beach decals processed	628	686	666	687
Information Systems	0_0	333		
Installation of new software	60	65	75	27
Installation of new hardware	50	25	20	18
Upgrades to current software	100	150	150	197
Public Safety	100	130	130	197
Police				
	38	37	35	25
Police personnel and officers	300/59	300/60	250/10	35
Survey letters sent/returned CARE visits				74
	130	107	79	74
House checks	102	24	49	21
Selective Traffic Enforcement Programs	459	456	325	232
(STEP)	40	40	10	40
Traffic enforcement operations	12	12	12	12
Development Services	715	750	495	650
Building permits issued	713	800	1,600	265
Code citations cases opened				
Business tax receipts issued	1,350	1,350	1,239	1,250
Marine Safety	400 E70	204 020	220.470	400 005
Beach attendance	183,579	201,920	220,470	182,335
Ocean rescues and assists	10	31	34	11
Culture and Recreation				
Parks and Recreation				
Youth soccer registrants	0	0	0	0
Youth baseball registrants	0	0	0	0
Library				
New borrowers' cards issued	1,081	765	633	505
Books borrowed	18,935	17,237	16,166	13,748
Hours of public internet use	13,095	12,183	11,691	10,154
Users	17,267	15,497	15,078	13,437
Attendance at Library programs	361	195	120	217
Programs	251	83	5	97
Physical Environment				
Department of Public Works				
Vehicles maintained	80	80	80	79
Pieces of equipment maintained	95	95	95	95
Sidewalks repaired/replaced	406 sq. ft.	406 sq. ft.	411 sq. ft.	5,732 sq. ft.
Solid waste and recycled material collected	5,900 tons	5,900 tons	5,900 tons	6,200 tons
Treated, pumped and dispensed water	580.5 million	642.5 million	566.9 million	442.7 million
	gallons	gallons	gallons	gallons

Source: Town of Lantana - Various Departments

Note: Public Safety discontinued the survey letters beginning with fiscal year 2012. Solid waste and recycling were outsourced towards the end of fiscal year 2013. During fiscal year 2017, the youth soccer and baseball programs resumed.

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
27	25	25	25	26	24	
27	25 12	25	25	26	24	
16		10 8	11	13	8	
16	13		17	12	12	
135.7	114.86	145.5	132.5	207	316	
124 22	153	162 12	183	228	362	
22	8	12	13	6	9	
2,218	2,215	2,263	2,208	2,253	2,219	
63	48	52	45	67	100	
115	175	177	197	183	161	
422	665	700	892	829	780	
38	36	35	25	32	85	
58	53	49	43	64	28	
73	88	90	85	143	190	
35	35 	36	37.5	38	41 	
 72	114	218	43	108	135	
91	124	37	536	2,514	2,097	
762	500	390	1031	2,514	2,097	
702	300	390	1031	950	943	
12	12	12	5	5	5	
547	651	657	668	662	869	
1,695	1443	1,406	1727	1,993	2,907	
1,306	1314	1,314	1317	1,351	1,358	
1,000	1014	1,014	1017	1,001	1,000	
159,415	211,895	170,155	157,265	127,571	144,619	
13	5	17	20	15	2	
0	0	0	0	164	244	
0	0	0	0	71	96	
Ü	· ·	Ü	Ü		00	
641	525	426	362	379	333	
13,278	17,106	15,944	17,564	11,941	13,297	
10,895	11,647	2,976	2,687	2,252	3,252	
12,528	14,185	3,364	2,993	2,479	2,342	
225	172	175	125	172	113	
83	67	49	20	23	7	
78	78	56	57	59	57	
127	128	129	129	118	118	
15,265 sq. ft.	6,103 sq. ft.		18,090 sq. ft.	5,398 sq. ft.	800 sq. ft.	
4,093 tons	0 tons	0 tons	0 tons	0 tons	0 tons	
671.5 million		686.3 million	674.9 million	776.7 million	671 million	
gallons	gallons	gallons	gallons	gallons	gallons	
94.10110	34110110	34.10.10	34110110	34	3	

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Government										
Number of general government buildings	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	7	7
Public Safety										
Police	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Marine Safety	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Physical Environment										
Transportation:										
Sidewalks repaired/replaced (sq. ft.)	406	406	411	5,732	15,265	6,103	9,782	18,090	5,398	800
Streets (miles)	30	30	30	30	68	68	68	68	68	68
Culture and recreation:										
Public Ground (acres)	31	31	31	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
Parks	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8	8	9
Soccer fields	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	2	2	2
Baseball/softball fields	6	6	6	6	6	6	0	3	3	3
Tennis courts	4	4	4	4	2	2	4	4	4	4
Playgrounds	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5
Basketball courts	2	2	2	2	3	3	1	1	0	3
Public Works/Utilities:										
Vehicles maintained	80	80	80	79	78	78	56	57	59	57
Equipment maintained	95	95	95	95	127	128	129	129	118	118
Lift stations maintained	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Fire Hydrants	374	374	374	374	374	374	374	374	374	374

Source: Town of Lantana - Various Town Departments

Town of Lantana, Florida

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS

Historical Sketch: The Town of Lantana is a coastal community in Palm Beach County, which still retains the charm of its origins as an old Florida fishing village. Although it is one of the smaller communities of Palm Beach County, it is noted as one of the oldest. The first settlers came after Congress passed the Armed Occupation Act in 1842 at the end of the Seminole Wars. One of the pioneer settlers, The Lyman family, is distinguished as the founders of the town. M. B. Lyman brought his family to Lantana in 1888 and started several enterprises. He established a store, Indian Trading Post and post office in 1889. As postmaster, Mr. Lyman named the post office Lantana Point for the wild Lantana plant, which grew in abundance in the area. The "Point" was later dropped. One of the Lyman businesses was the Lantana Fish Company. One hundred thousand-pound catches of fish were made. In the early 1900's the gathering and marketing of oysters became the leading industry. The Town of Lantana was incorporated in 1921, with 22 residents voting in the first election. At the time of incorporation, the area of Lantana was one square mile, with a population of 100 residents. Today the year round population is 11,397 with a seasonal population of approximately 13,500.

Form of Government: Town Council – Manager with a Mayor and four Council members elected for three year overlapping terms. The Town Manager is appointed by the Town Council.

Location and Area: The Town of Lantana encompasses an area of 2.79 square miles and is located about five miles south of the City of West Palm Beach. The Town's corporate limits extend just west of I-95 and eastward to the Atlantic Ocean. Four other municipalities and one unincorporated area of Palm Beach County border the Town. Palm Beach County is located on the southeast coast of Florida and extends westward to Lake Okeechobee with a total 2,230 square miles, including 46 miles of frontage on the Atlantic Ocean and about 25 miles of frontage on Lake Okeechobee.

Police Protection: The Department consists of thirty-two sworn officers and nine civilian full-time employees.

Fire Protection: Fire/rescue services are provided to the residents of the Town of Lantana by Palm Beach County through a seven-year interlocal agreement.

Recreation Facilities: The Town of Lantana's recreational facilities include an eight-acre municipal beach with 745 feet of ocean frontage, open picnic areas, an oceanfront pavilion, an open-air restaurant, showers, rest rooms, lifeguard station and a playground area. The Town has three passive parks and one preserve, which encompass approximately six acres. Some provide shaded picnic areas, playground equipment and/or rest rooms. One of the parks also has a basketball court and skate area. The Lyman Kayak Park has a kayak launch and observation dock. The Town has a recreation center with four tennis courts (two lighted), two shuffleboard courts, a barbecue pavilion with a picnic area and a playground area. The Town has a two-acre boat launching facility capable of a four-boat capacity with a parking area. The Town maintains an 11-acre sports park consisting of three baseball fields, two soccer fields, rest rooms, a concession stand, two basketball courts and a playground.

Marine Safety: One Marine Safety Officer is an Auxiliary Police Officer. All members of this department are Ocean Lifeguard EMT's that provide ocean lifeguard duties at the Town's Municipal Beach as well as marine patrol and rescue services.

Building Activity: The Town of Lantana is approximately 99% developed. During the fiscal year 2018, the Building Department issued 869 permits with fees of approximately \$646,328 for total construction of \$45.7 million. In addition, the Department issued 159 new business tax receipts and 1,199 business tax receipt renewals for total revenue of \$280,457.

Water and Wastewater System: As of September 30, 2018, the Town provided water service to over 3,450 customers. For the 2018 fiscal year, the number of gallons of finished water that passed through the master meter was 671 million.

TOWN OF LANTANA, FLORIDA

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE IN FORCE

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Company	Type of Coverage	Covered	Amount of Coverage		
ACE American Insurance Company	Accidental death and dismemberment Law enforcement officers and clerical staff		Statutory		
Public Risk Management	Employee dishonesty, theft, computer fraud	Town employees and property	\$	500,000	
Public Risk Management	Real and personal property	Town property and equipment	\$	22,933,961	
Public Risk Management	Employment related practices liability	Town employees	\$ \$6M Aç	2,000,000 ggregate	
Public Risk Management	General and automobile liability	Town employees and vehicles	\$	2,000,000	
Public Risk Management	Workers compensation liability	Town	\$	3,000,000	
Commerce & Industry	Above ground petroleum storage tanks	Town property	\$ \$2M Aç	1,000,000 ggregate	







951 Yamato Road • Suite 280 Boca Raton, Florida 33431 (561) 994-9299 • (800) 299-4728 Fax (561) 994-5823 www.graucpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council The Town of Lantana, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Lantana, Florida ("Town") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 22, 2019, which includes an emphasis of matter paragraph. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Town of Lantana Police Relief and Pension Fund ("Pension Fund") as described in our report on the Town's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

April 22, 2019

Dear & assocutes



951 Yamato Road • Suite 280 Boca Raton, Florida 33431 (561) 994-9299 • (800) 299-4728 Fax (561) 994-5823 www.graucpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES, REQUIRED BY RULE 10.556(10) OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council The Town of Lantana, Florida

We have examined the Town of Lantana, Florida's ("Town") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, in accordance with Rule 10.556(10) of the Auditor General of the State of Florida during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. Management is responsible for the Town's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Town's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Town complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced in Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Town complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Town's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, management, and the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council of the Town of Lantana, Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

April 22, 2019

Beau & Association



951 Yamato Road • Suite 280 Boca Raton, Florida 33431 (561) 994-9299 • (800) 299-4728 Fax (561) 994-5823 www.graucpa.com

MANAGEMENT LETTER PURSUANT TO THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL FOR THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Honorable Mayor and Town Council Town of Lantana, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Town of Lantana, Florida (the "Town") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated April 22, 2019, which includes an emphasis of matter paragraph.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters based on an audit of the financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated April 22, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Purpose of this Letter

The purpose of this letter is to comment on those matters required by Chapter 10.550 of the Rules of the Auditor General for the State of Florida. Accordingly, in connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Town, as described in the first paragraph, we report the following:

- I. Current year findings and recommendations.
- II. Prior year findings and recommendations.
- III. Compliance with the Provisions of the Auditor General of the State of Florida.

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, as applicable, management, and the members of the Town Council of the Town of Lantana, Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to thank the Town of Lantana, Florida and the personnel associated with it, for the opportunity to be of service to them in this endeavor as well as future engagements and the courtesies extended to us.

April 22, 2019

Dear & Association

REPORT TO MANAGEMENT

I. CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

None

II. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND CURRENT YEAR STATUS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

None

III. COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Unless otherwise required to be reported in the auditor's report on compliance and internal controls, the management letter shall include, but not be limited to the following:

1. A statement as to whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no significant findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017.

2. Any recommendations to improve the local governmental entity's financial management.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, to be reported for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

3. Noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, to be reported, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

- 4. The name or official title and legal authority of the Town are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
- 5. The Town has not met one or more of the financial emergency conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.
- 6. We applied financial condition assessment procedures and no deteriorating financial conditions were noted as of September 30, 2018. It is management's responsibility to monitor financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.



Town of Lantana 500 Greynolds Circle Lantana, FL 33462-4544 (561) 540-5000 www.lantana.org