

Florida



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

The City of Lighthouse Point, Florida

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Prepared By: Finance Department

Frank L. DiPaolo, CPA, CGMA Finance Director Cori Olympio, CPA Accountant

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



City of Lighthouse Point, Florida

www.lighthousepoint.com

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March 22, 2019

Honorable Mayor and Commissioners

Re: City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report -For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Dear Mayor and Commissioners:

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida (the "City"), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. This report has been prepared by the Finance Department with input from all City departments. Although the financial statements have been audited by independent certified public accountants, the responsibility for the accuracy, completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City staff. We believe the information, as presented here, fairly presents the City's financial position in all material respects. We have included the elements required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the State of Florida, and the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA). This report should provide readers with a clear perspective of the City's operations and financial activity.

In accordance with Section 218.32(1) (a), Florida Statutes, an audit of the books of account, financial records and transactions of all administrative departments of the City has been conducted by a firm of independent Certified Public Accountants. Keefe McCullough, independent auditors, has issued an unmodified opinion on the financial statements as presented herein. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Lighthouse Point's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

Profile of the Government

The City of Lighthouse Point was incorporated in 1956. The City operates under the Mayor/Commission form of government with the Mayor serving as the chief executive officer and a five-member Commission that sets policy, approves ordinances, adopts the City's budget, and levies taxes. The City of Lighthouse Point provides a wide range of municipal services, including law enforcement, fire protection, emergency medical services, recreation, public works, public library, building and land development regulation, refuse collection, stormwater management, and a community bus service. Water and sanitary sewer services are provided by other jurisdictions and so those revenues and costs are not included in this report.

This report includes all funds of the City in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14 entitled "The Financial Reporting Entity". Based on this pronouncement, the Entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the report to be misleading or incomplete. For the City of Lighthouse Point, the Entity is only the primary government. While there are other taxing jurisdictions which levy property taxes upon property within the corporate limits of Lighthouse Point (Broward County, the School Board, the North Broward Hospital District, and other special districts), they do not represent component units of the City of Lighthouse Point. Therefore, no financial information about those entities is included in the City's financial statements. This report does provide a schedule of overlapping debt including Broward County representing debt affecting property within the corporate limits of Lighthouse Point.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Lighthouse Point is a developed community that is bordered by Federal Highway on the west and the Intracoastal Waterway on the east. The City is comprised of 2.5 square miles in the northeast section of the County, and surrounded by the municipalities of Pompano Beach, Deerfield Beach, and Hillsboro Beach. The City's tax base is primarily residential, and although it was heavily impacted by the economic downturn of 2008-09, taxable values have recovered. Continued sustainable growth is anticipated for the foreseeable future. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, which is the focus of this financial report, the final taxable real and personal property values increased by 7.2 percent to \$ 2.24 billion, marking the seventh consecutive year of assessed value increases for the City of Lighthouse Point. The City is fully built-out, however values continue to increase at a sustainable pace, and the average market and assessed values of single family homes in the City are among the highest in the County. This is attributed to the City's large amount of waterfront property and strong residential market that continues to see redevelopment as more affluent families make the City their home. The City's building permit revenue has been strong over the past several years, due to a large number of single family home rebuilds and remodels, contributing to the sustained increases in assessed values over the past several years. The City is well positioned with a sound General Fund spendable balance as shown in the financial statements in this report. Continued stabilization of the City's tax base has allowed the City to maintain the same operating ad valorem millage rate for FY 2017/2018 and each year since FY 2011/2012. As of the publication of this report, the City is in the process of issuing \$16.5 million in General Obligation Bonds to provide for the acquisition of land and construction of a new Fire Station/Emergency Operations Center, a new Recreation Community Center, a new Public Works garage and renovation of the existing building, and renovation of the Library. Due to the economic conditions of the City and its strong financial management practices, the City received a credit rating of AA+ from Standard and Poor's (S&P), and the bond closing is scheduled for April 2019. The commercial sector continues to attract new business and retail establishments, including redevelopment of several plazas along Federal Highway.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City of Lighthouse Point has continued to maintain and rehabilitate its capital facilities and equipment, while preserving a healthy level of fund balance and minimal use of debt. The City finances its capital projects through the use of accumulated fund balance cash and intergovernmental grants, with the balance funded via various debt mechanisms. The City has a capital improvement plan that details multiyear cyclical expenditures, and is published in the City's annual budget. This plan outlines maintenance, rehabilitation, or replacement of many of the City's facilities and infrastructure, including: bridges, canals, roads, seawalls, stormwater, and parks and recreation, and includes funding sources.

The capital improvement plan serves as a guide for the City Administration in planning and executing future facility improvements.

During the past year, the City has undertaken or completed the following capital improvement plan projects:

- Drainage improvements at Frank McDonough Park, in the areas around the tennis Center
- Recreation improvements that included a new Tot Lot at Dan Witt Park and basketball goals
- Canal dredging project in approval phase
- Updates to the City's irrigation and landscaping infrastructure.

Financial Information and Relevant Policies

The City administration is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls. The City's accounting system is designed to allow for internal controls that are reasonable and provide assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that financial records are reliable to report on the City's finances and assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and the evaluation of costs and benefits requires the City administration to make estimates and judgments. All internal control evaluations occur within this framework. We believe that the City has established appropriate internal controls to reasonably assure proper recording of financial transactions and protection of assets.

Budgetary Control:

The City's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis, with the revenues being recorded when available and measurable, and expenditures being recorded when the services or goods are received and the liabilities are incurred. Although the legal level of control (the point at which expenditures and encumbrances cannot legally exceed appropriations) is by character (Personal Services, Operating Expenses, Capital Outlay), budgetary control is maintained at the object level through the encumbrance of estimated purchase amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors. Purchase orders, which result in an overrun of balances, are not released until additional appropriations are made available or sufficient resources are assured to cover the liability. Open encumbrances in excess of \$20,000 are reported as commitments of fund balance on September 30, 2018.

Financial Policies:

The City has adopted specific financial policies that have contributed to the sound financial position reflected in this report for FY 2017/2018. These include:

- A contingency policy that requires certain fund balance to be set aside for emergencies
- An investment policy that emphasizes safety and liquidity above all, with yield being of lowest importance
- Conservative budget practices that help to maintain healthy levels of fund balance

Employee Retirement System:

The City offers eight different retirement plan options to City employees depending upon their employee group, as well as the Florida Retirement System for all newly hired Firefighters and Police Officers. Four of the plans are defined contributions (401a) that cover General Employees and Management Employees as well as Firefighters and Police Officers hired prior to October 1, There is also a defined benefit plan for Firefighters and Police Officers that was 2003. implemented on October 1, 2003. The City offers a deferred compensation plan (457) and Roth IRA to all employees who wish to contribute, as well as a retirement health savings plan to certain eligible groups of employees. The defined contribution plans require fixed contributions from both the City and the participating employee based upon union contracts and City Commission resolutions. The defined benefit plan also requires City and employee contributions that are based upon the initial adoption resolution and modified by annual actuarial valuations. The FRS requires both City and employee contributions, and the Florida State Legislature determines plan structure, benefit levels, and funding. The deferred compensation, Roth IRA, and retirement health savings plans are funded exclusively through employee contributions. More information on the retirement plans is provided in the financial section of this report.

Major Initiatives

The City's major initiatives for FY 2018 included the following:

- Referendum to issue \$ 16.5 million in General Obligation Bonds, to construct and renovate much needed capital facilities; approved by over 65% of voters in the November 2018 election.
- Acquisition of land where a new Fire Station will be constructed.
- Increased Fire Assessment to replace outdated and/or obsolete Fire Rescue equipment.
- Full recovery from Hurricane Irma and submission of all recovery costs to FEMA for reimbursement.
- Entered into a three (3) year Collective Bargaining Agreement with the Broward County Police Benevolent Association (PBA) on behalf of police officers.
- Entered into a three (3) year Collective Bargaining Agreement with the International Association of Firefighters (IAFF), Local 3080, on behalf of firefighters.
- Adopted ordinances moving police officers and firefighters into the Florida Retirement System (FRS)
- Awarded new contracts for hurricane debris collection and monitoring.
- Approved an Amendment to the Agreement with Waste Management to continue solid waste and recycling collection and disposal for five (5) years.
- Entered into an Agreement with the National Resources Conversation Service (NRCS) to fund the removal of vegetation, debris, and sediment from the NE 53rd Court Waterway.
- Entered into an Agreement with Pompano Beach for the continued use and maintenance of Exchange Club Park.

- Completed installation of surveillance system at City facilities and parks.
- Implemented online registration for Recreation sports programs.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. This was the twenty-fourth consecutive year that the City has achieved this recognition. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that the current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the requirements of this peer review program and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report is the result of the combined efforts of all who contribute to the success of the City of Lighthouse Point, including its elected officials, staff and residents. Due credit and thanks is given to the Mayor and City Commission for their support and for maintaining high standards of professionalism in the oversight and administration of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

100

Frank L. DiPaolo Finance Director

D-0

John D. Lavisky City Administrator



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

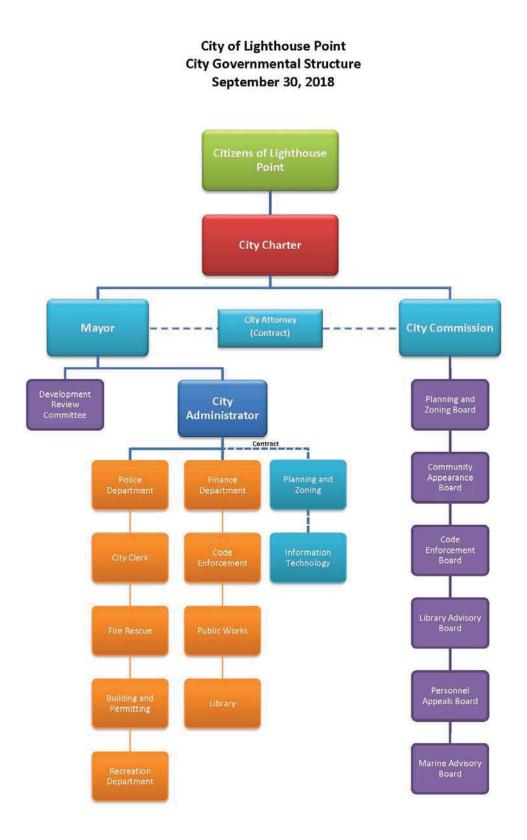
City of Lighthouse Point Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2017

Christopher P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO



Mayor	Glenn Troast
Commission President	Jason Joffe
Commission Vice President	Earl Maucker
Commissioner	Sandy Johnson
Commissioner	Michael S. Long
Commissioner	Kyle Van Buskirk
City Administrator	John D. Lavisky
City Attorney	Michael D. Cirullo, Jr.
City Clerk	Jennifer Oh
Finance Director	Frank L. DiPaolo
Fire Chief	Shawn Gilmartin
Library Director	Christy Keyes
Police Chief	Ross Licata
Public Works Director	Charles Schramm
Recreation Director	Becky Lysengen

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Lighthouse Point, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Garbage and Trash Fund - a major special revenue fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As described in Notes L and N to the financial statements, the City changed its method of accounting and financial reporting for other post-employment benefits as a result of the adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017, which resulted in the City restating net position for recognition of the City's other postemployment related activity prior to October 1, 2017. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules related to pensions and other post-employment benefits on pages 4 through 20 and 62 through 65, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, other financial information, and statistical section as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the other financial information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the other financial information are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 22, 2019, on our consideration of the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 22, 2019

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(NOT COVERED BY INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT)

As management of the City of Lighthouse Point, we offer readers this overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Lighthouse Point for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. This section of the financial report is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, changes in the City's financial position and material deviations from the approved budget; further, to identify issues and concerns within each individual fund. Readers are encouraged to review the information presented here in conjunction with the information presented throughout this report, including the letter of transmittal, financial statements, and notes to the financial statements that follow. This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The following are highlights of financial activity for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018:

- The City's total assets exceeded its liabilities by \$29,603,080 (net position). The entire amount was derived from governmental fund activities. Of this amount, \$5,778,930 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- The City's revenues for governmental activities were \$ 18,163,788, including \$ 4,910,641 for program related services. Expenditures for all governmental activities were \$ 17,993,648.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Lighthouse Point's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,812,283, a decrease of \$2,109,856. The General Fund decreased by \$1,960,292.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,845,711 including \$81,542 Nonspendable; \$1,492,589 Committed; \$2,250,000 Assigned; and \$21,580 Unassigned.
- The total value of the City's governmental cash and investments at September 30, 2018 was \$ 8,170,611. The City's balances of cash were down \$ 232,356 and invested funds were down \$ 1,960,447.

Overview of Financial Statements

The organization of the City's financial statements is guided by the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and its reporting model prescribed in Pronouncement 34. This annual report consists of four parts: 1) Introductory Section, 2) Financial Section, 3) Statistical Section, and 4) Compliance Section. The Financial Section is comprised of the Independent Auditor's Report, this Management Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, and an additional section that presents Combining Statements for nonmajor governmental and fiduciary funds.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City's financial activity. The following table summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements:

		Fund Statements					
	Government-Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds				
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the City that are not fiduciary, such as police, fire, parks, etc.	Instances in which the City is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources, such as employee retirement plans				
Required financial	• Statement of Net Position	• Balance Sheet	 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position 				
statements	 Statement of Activities 	 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance 	 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position 				
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus				
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon after; capital assets are not included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term				
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the fiscal year; expenses when goods/services have been received and payment is due, during the year or soon thereafter	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid				

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, and are designed to provide a broad overview of the City's financial position as an entity, similar to a private corporation.

The statement of net position shows the total assets and deferred outflows, and liabilities and deferred inflows for the City with the difference representing net position. The change in net position over time may be an indicator of the City's financial health. (Table 1 in the Statistical Section provides such a comparison of the growth in the City's net position.)

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenue and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Lighthouse Point that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The *governmental activities* of the City include general government (governing body, administration, records management, and finance), public safety (police, fire-rescue, land and building regulation, and code enforcement), physical environment (public works), and culture and recreation (library and park activities). The City of Lighthouse Point is the primary government and has no component units to report. These statements do not include the fiduciary funds because those resources are being held in trust for beneficiaries and cannot be used for the City's program activities.

Fund financial statements

A fund consists of a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Lighthouse Point, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the City rather than the City as a whole. The City of Lighthouse Point categorizes funds as governmental funds and fiduciary funds, since the City has no proprietary funds.

The governmental fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. Governmental funds include the functions summarized as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Lighthouse Point maintains six individual governmental funds. For the City's General Fund, Garbage and Trash Fund, and Public Safety Fund, the information is presented separately in the governmental fund financial statements, as they are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriation for the General Fund, the Garbage and Trash Fund, the Tennis Center Fund, the Stormwater Fund, and the Debt Service Fund. A budgetary comparison is provided for each of the funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found starting on page 33 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, required and other supplementary information is included in this report. The required supplementary information is comprised of schedules that demonstrate the City's progress in funding its pension and post-employment benefits obligations.

Other supplementary information includes budgetary comparison schedules for the City's General Fund, Tennis Center Fund, Stormwater Fund, and Debt Service Fund, which demonstrate compliance with the City's annual adopted budget.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds is presented as other financial information, immediately following the other supplementary information section.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Summary of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial health or position. For the City of Lighthouse Point, assets exceeded liabilities by \$ 29,603,080 at the close of the fiscal year. The table below summarizes Lighthouse Point's net position for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 compared to September 30, 2017.

oepten			
	-	2018	2017
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$	9,436,907 23,479,113	\$ 11,856,337 21,680,936
Total assets	-	32,916,020	33,537,273
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	7,208,858	4,511,160
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities outstanding	_	2,068,847 6,597,847	1,850,990 4,258,566
Total liabilities	_	8,666,694	6,109,556
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	1,855,104	2,505,937
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	_	21,228,328 2,595,822 5,778,930	18,960,079 2,951,222 7,521,639
Total net position	\$_	29,603,080	\$ 29,432,940

Net Position September 30 The overall financial position of the City increased in total by \$ 170,140 during FY 2018. This was mostly due to normal fluctuations in revenue and expenses.

Changes in net position over time are a good and useful indicator of financial position. Key elements of the reconciliation of the statements are that the Government-wide Statement of Activities reports the issuance of debt as a liability, the purchases of capital assets as assets which are then charged to expense over their useful lives through annual depreciation charges and changes in long-term liabilities as adjustments of expenses. Conversely, the governmental fund statements report the issuance of debt as an other financing source of funds, the repayment of debt and the purchase of capital assets as expenditures, and changes in long-term liabilities are not reported in the operating statements.

The majority of the City's total net position (\$ 21,228,328 or 72%) are in capital assets, such as land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure, less any related debt that was used to acquire those assets (approximately \$ 2.2 million) that is still outstanding. The City's portion of net assets invested in capital, net of related debt increased by \$ 2,268,249 due to the net effect of the acquisition of capital items and scheduled repayment of debt service, offset by the issuance of a capital lease. The City of Lighthouse Point uses its capital assets to provide services to its residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending or liquidation. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of net position (\$ 2,595,822 or 8%) represents resources that are subject to either external restrictions or City policy on how they may be used. The 2018 balance in restricted net position decreased by \$ 355,400.

The remaining balance of \$ 5,778,930 reflects unrestricted net position (20%) decreased by \$1,742,709, and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Summary of Changes in Net Position

Governmental activities:

The following schedule is a summary of the FY 2018 Statement of Activities with comparative information for FY 2017:

Change in Net Position

		For t Ended Se	he Ye ptem	
		2018		2017
Revenues:			-	
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	4,666,173	\$	4,651,042
Operating grants and contributions	-	244,468		130,980
General revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes		8,147,243		7,652,001
Other taxes		3,181,152		3,137,988
Intergovernmental revenues		1,274,422		1,297,569
Miscellaneous		650,330	_	641,053
			_	
Total revenues		18,163,788	_	17,510,633

		For the Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017		
Expenses: General government Public safety Physical environment Transportation Culture and recreation Debt service	1,823,307 10,696,943 4,046,490 48,582 1,329,199 49,127	1,781,048 10,120,375 4,380,588 44,246 1,286,251 50,790		
Total expenses	17,993,648	17,663,298		
Change in net position	170,140	(152,665)		
Net Position, Beginning of Year	29,432,940	29,544,705		
Restatement, Note N		40,900		
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 29,603,080	\$ 29,432,940		

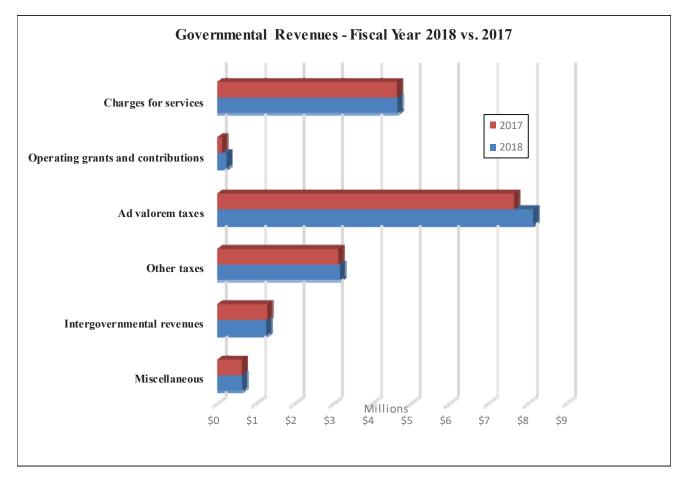
Revenues increased from prior year total by \$653,155 (3.7%), and expenses came in higher than the prior year total by \$330,350 (1.9%). Net position for the current fiscal year increased by \$170,140. The primary driver of the increase in revenue was an increase in Ad Valorem Taxes collection. Most of the functions of government experienced an increase in expenses due to higher payroll costs.

Net investment in capital assets increased by \$ 2,268,249. The City acquired or constructed a number of capital assets during the fiscal year, including a parcel of land for nearly \$ 1.8 million.

The City also reported a Net Pension Liability for fiscal year 2017/2018 in the amount of \$3,338,265. This represents an increase of approximately \$3 million from the fiscal year 2016/2017 reported liability, and was due to assumption changes and demographic experiences.

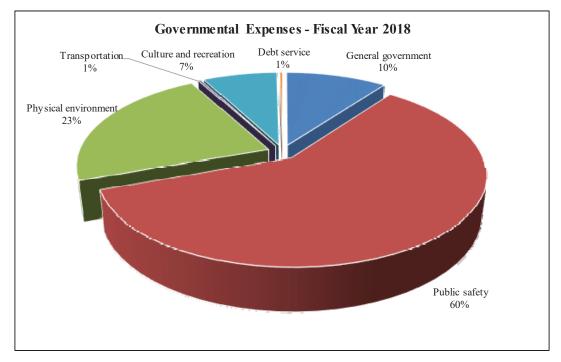
Total revenues were higher by 3.7% in fiscal year 2017/2018. Ad Valorem taxes increased due to an increase in assessed property values. Operating Grants and Contributions increased due to the Federal grant received by Fire Rescue. Other taxes, which includes Franchise Fees and Utility Service Taxes, increased slightly. Charges for Services and Miscellaneous Revenues also saw small increases, while Intergovernmental Revenue decreased slightly.

Total expenses for the year increased by 1.9%. A few of the expense categories were lower than the prior year, however the overall increase is attributable to a 5.7% increase in Public Safety expenditures.



This chart is a comparison of governmental revenues for the current and last fiscal year:

The following pie chart shows program expenses for governmental activities for fiscal year 2018:



Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Lighthouse Point utilizes fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the governmental funds is to communicate near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. The information presented, particularly the unreserved fund balance, may serve as a useful measure of the government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. At the end of the FY 2018, the City of Lighthouse Point's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 7,812,283.

Approximately 7% of the fund balance constitutes nonspendable fund balance, or \$581,542 that is not available for spending at the City's discretion, and represents prepaid insurance premiums for the next fiscal year, as well as the principal balance of the Walt and Mary Barker Library Trust Fund. The remainder is spendable but falls into four different categories:

- Restricted by external requirements (\$ 2,122,365 or 27%), comprised of Federal and State Forfeiture Funds, Garbage and Trash fund balance, and Stormwater and Debt Service fund balance;
- Committed by the City Commission (\$ 2,856,302 or 36%) for minimum contingency balance, appropriated budget surplus for the following year's budget, and use for purposes other than those restricted or nonspendable, including the balance of the special purpose funds;
- Assigned by the Mayor (\$ 2,250,000 or 29%) for emergency recovery purposes;
- Unassigned (\$ 2,074 or 1%) is available for spending with no restrictions.

The following is a summary of changes and the breakdown of fund balances as of September 30, 2018:

	General Fund	ı	Garbage and Trash Fund	Public Safety Fund	G	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Fund balances, September 30, 2017 Revenues Expenditures Other financing sources (uses)	\$ 5,806,003 15,445,535 (17,474,931) 69,104	\$	614,750 1,694,192 (1,834,072) (55,000)	\$ 1,796,681 18,358 (126,592) -	\$	1,704,705 1,071,624 (1,023,479) 105,405	\$	9,922,139 18,229,709 (20,459,074) 119,509
Fund balances, September 30, 2018		\$	419,870	\$ 1,688,447	\$	1,858,255	\$	
Fund balances are represented as follows: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned (deficit)	\$ 81,542 - 1,492,589 2,250,000 21,580	\$	26,543 393,327 - -	\$ - 1,688,447 - - -	\$	500,000 407,375 970,386 - (19,506)	\$	581,542 2,122,365 2,856,302 2,250,000 2,074
Fund balances, September 30, 2018	\$3,845,711	\$	419,870	\$ 1,688,447	\$	1,858,255	\$	7,812,283

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Lighthouse Point. At the end of FY 2018, total nonspendable and spendable fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,845,711. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both spendable fund balance and total fund expenditures. Assigned and unassigned fund balance represents 13% of the total general fund expenditures.

The following table summarizes the General Fund's revenues compared with the prior year:

		Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017		Dollar Change	Percent Change
Revenues:	-	2018	2017	-	Change	Change
Ad Valorem	\$	7,735,604	\$ 7,248,276	\$	487,328	6.7%
Franchise taxes		869,133	867,349		1,784	0.2%
Utility service taxes		2,448,572	2,397,754		50,818	2.1%
Licenses and permits		1,093,785	953,071		140,714	14.8%
Intergovernmental revenues		1,496,896	1,412,691		84,205	6.0%
Charges for services		506,348	473,914		32,434	6.8%
Non ad valorem assessments		822,756	614,897		207,859	33.8%
Fines and forfeitures		201,115	577,385		(376,270)	-65.2%
Miscellaneous		267,139	232,389		34,750	15.0%
Transfers in and other sources		229,509	530,000		(300,491)	-56.7%
	\$	15,670,857	\$ 15,307,726	\$	363,131	2.4%

General Fund operating revenue totaled \$ 15,670,857, reflecting a net increase of \$ 363,131 when compared with 2017. The main drivers of this increase were ad valorem taxes, licenses and permits, and non ad valorem assessments. The City's property tax base increased by over 7% in FY 2018 and the City Commission approved the same millage rate as the prior year, resulting in an increase in Ad Valorem revenue. Licenses and permits were higher due to an increase in both residential and commercial building permit activity. Non ad valorem assessments revenue increased, since the City Commission raised the Fire Assessment to pay for replacement Fire Rescue equipment.

Most of the other revenue categories also saw increases compared to the prior fiscal year. Intergovernmental revenue increased due to receipt of a Federal grant for Fire Rescue equipment. Utility service taxes were higher due to an increase in the underlying energy consumption and rates charged for usage. Miscellaneous revenues increased due to higher than expected interest earnings, as well as donated assets and other contributions to the City to purchase new equipment. Fines and forfeitures decreased significantly since the prior year saw receipt of a few large fines. Transfers in and other sources was also lower, as the City issued a \$ 420,000 capital lease in FY 2017. The remainder of the categories saw minimal changes from the prior fiscal year.

The following table summarizes the General F	und expenditures compared with the prior year:
	and expendical es compared man the prior year

		Fiscal Year 2018	-	Fiscal Year 2017	_	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Expenditures:							
General government	\$	3,716,724	\$	1,826,216	\$	1,890,508	103.5%
Public safety		10,633,561		10,446,815		186,746	1.8%
Physical environment		1,846,597		1,612,022		234,575	14.6%
Transportation		48,582		44,246		4,336	9.8%
Culture/recreation		988,950		837,407		151,543	18.1%
Debt service		236,330		147,684		88,646	60.0%
Transfers out	-	160,405	-	652,328	_	(491,923)	-75.4%
	\$	17,631,149	\$	15,566,718	\$	2,064,431	13.3%

General Fund expenditures were up \$ 2,064,431 from FY 2017, or about 13.3%. General Government was more than twice that of the prior year due to the purchase of land in FY 2018 for \$ 1.8 million. Physical environment was higher, as the majority of Hurricane Irma recovery costs were recorded in FY 2018. Public Safety expenditures also rose, primarily due to capital outlay spending in the Fire Department on grant-funded and other capital purchases. Recreation costs were higher as a result of increases in salary and benefit costs, as well as capital outlay expenditures for a new Tot Lot at Dan Witt Park and the recording of donated furniture to the Library. Transfers out were much lower in FY 2018 since in the prior year, the City transferred \$ 500,000 to the Infrastructure Fund for future capital improvement projects.

Changes to the City's General Fund original revenue budget are summarized as follows:

	Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Revenues:		-				
Ad Valorem \$	7,715,000	\$	7,735,290	\$	20,290	0.3%
Franchise taxes	897,400		897,400		-	0.0%
Utility service taxes	2,413,000		2,448,096		35,096	1.4%
Licenses and permits	903,600		1,023,258		119,658	11.7%
Intergovernmental revenues	1,392,000		1,495,881		103,881	6.9%
Charges for services	465,300		465,300		-	0.0%
Non ad valorem assessments	815,000		815,000		-	0.0%
Fines and forfeitures	99,350		162,262		62,912	38.8%
Miscellaneous	95,000		223,861		128,861	57.6%
Transfers in and other sources	263,015		271,521		8,506	3.1%
\$	15,058,665	\$	15,537,869	\$	479,204	3.1%

Ad valorem taxes were higher than anticipated due to the collection of delinquent tax levies. Licenses and permits were higher due to a large increase in building permit activity. Utility service taxes were amended to reflect additional collections by the City. Intergovernmental revenues were increased because of the Fire Rescue AFG grant received during FY 2018. Fines and forfeitures were higher than budget due to the receipt of additional violation fines and settlement payments. Miscellaneous revenues were also amended to reflect the receipt of insurance reimbursements used to repair City property damages, the receipt of interest on City investments that was higher than anticipated, and donations from the Community that supported Fire Rescue and Recreation capital expenditures.

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Dollar Change	Percent Change
Expenditures:	-				-		
General government	\$	1,695,514	\$	3,716,871	\$	2,021,357	119.2%
Public safety		10,543,014		10,593,035		50,021	0.5%
Physical environment		1,413,668		1,840,917		427,249	30.2%
Transportation		45,499		45,499		-	0.0%
Culture/recreation		947,192		959,335		12,143	1.3%
Debt service		253,373		236,330		(17,043)	-6.7%
Transfers out		160,405		160,405		-	0.0%
	-		•		-		
	\$	15,058,665	\$	17,552,392	\$	2,493,727	16.6%

Changes to the City's General Fund original expenditures budget are summarized as follows:

General government appropriations were increased due to costs associated with purchasing land and planning for the bond issuance. The budget for Public Safety expenditures was increased to cover costs associated with increased building permit activity, as well as grant-funded Fire Rescue equipment. Physical environment was increased due to costs associated with Hurricane Irma recovery. Culture/recreation was increased slightly to cover unanticipated property damage from Hurricane Irma. Finally, the budget for debt service was lowered as the timing of the FY 2018 capital lease resulted in lower costs.

Garbage and Trash Fund:

The Garbage and Trash Fund accounts for the activities involved with the collection and disposal of debris in the City. The City contracts for residential trash removal services with Waste Management and charges a Non-Ad Valorem Special Assessment to residential customers. Commercial customers and condominiums with dumpster service pay directly to the franchisee.

Revenues:	_	Fiscal Year 2018	_	Fiscal Year 2017	_	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Charges for services Non ad valorem assessments Miscellaneous	\$	- 1,665,015 29,177	\$	1,659 1,655,784 145,373	\$	(1,659) 9,231 (116,196)	-100.0% 0.6% -79.9%
	\$_	1,694,192	\$_	1,802,816	\$_	(108,624)	-6.0%
Expenditures: Physical environment Transfers out	\$	1,834,072 55,000	\$ _	1,536,393 55,000	\$	297,679 -	19.4% 0.0%
	\$_	1,889,072	\$_	1,591,393	\$	297,679	18.7%

The Garbage and Trash Fund currently has a healthy reserve balance, committed to continued viable operation of the City's trash disposal function, as well as keeping assessment rates as low as possible. Fund balance as of September 30, 2018 is \$ 419,870.

Miscellaneous revenues were lower than the prior year due to timing differences with the recycling revenue payments received from Waste Management. Otherwise, the fund's revenues were very close to the prior year totals.

Expenditures for physical environment were higher than the prior year. During FY 2018, the City determined that Waste Management was underbilling the City for services. Accordingly, there was an increase to the number of units and the City paid an adjustment to Waste Management. Transfers out were the same as in FY 2017.

Public Safety Fund:

The Public Safety Fund records the inflow and outflow of Federal and State forfeiture funds. Expenditures are appropriated on an as needed basis, rather than one annual appropriation like the City's other operating funds. There are external restrictions on the use of these monies, and accordingly, balances are shown in the financial statements as restricted. The funds may be utilized to supplement operational needs, including capital purchases, training and certain overtime expenditures. In FY 2018, revenues increased slightly. Total expenditures were lower in FY 2018, since in the prior year, there were significant capital expenditures to outfit new patrol units, purchase recording equipment for the detective bureau interview rooms, and purchase new rugged laptops for patrol units.

_	_	Fiscal Year 2018	_	Fiscal Year 2017	 Dollar Change	Percent Change
Revenues:						
Fines and forfeitures	\$	2,227	\$	4,836	\$ (2,609)	-53.9%
Miscellaneous	_	16,131	_	13,166	 2,965	22.5%
	\$	18,358	\$_	18,002	\$ 356	2.0%
Expenditures:						
Public safety	\$	78,179	\$	89,043	\$ (10,864)	-12.2%
Capital outlay	· _	48,413		85,282	 (36,869)	-43.2%
	\$	126,592	\$	174,325	\$ (47,733)	-27.4%

All expenditures in the Public Safety Fund were approved by the City Commission. The Public Safety Fund balance as of September 30, 2018 is \$ 1,688,447, restricted for future public safety costs and initiatives.

Tennis Center Fund:

The Tennis Center Fund accounts for the activities of the City's tennis facility. While it is considered a nonmajor fund, the Tennis Center Fund is an annually appropriated operating fund.

	_	Fiscal Year 2018	_	Fiscal Year 2017	 Dollar Change	Percent Change
Revenues: Charges for services Miscellaneous Transfers in	\$	108,613 1,000 136,405	\$	90,035 1,000 128,328	\$ 18,578 - 8,077	20.6% 0.0% 6.3%
	\$	246,018	\$_	219,363	\$ 26,655	12.2%
Expenditures: Culture/recreation	\$	236,608	\$_	237,201	\$ (593)	-0.2%
	\$	236,608	\$	237,201	\$ (593)	-0.2%

For the current fiscal year, the City increased the budgeted General Fund transfer to \$ 136,405 in order to support the increased costs of operating the Tennis Center. Revenues overall were higher than the prior year due to increased membership revenue; however, expenditures continue to rise due to contractual pay increases for employees, an increased cost of City insurance benefits, and the ongoing maintenance and rehabilitation of the clay courts. As of September 30, 2018, the Tennis Center Fund had a balance of (\$ 19,506) and is shown as unassigned fund balance in the financial statements.

Debt Service Fund:

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the repayment of long term debt issued by the City. The expenditures are based upon amortization schedules. Since the annual debt service payments do not change, and property values are on the rise, the City has been able to lower the millage rate and still meet the debt service requirements. Any residual fund balance is used to lower the millage rate millage rate whenever possible.

Decement	 Fiscal Year 2018	 Fiscal Year 2017	 Dollar Change	Percent Change
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes Interest income	\$ 411,639 207	\$ 403,725 147	\$ 7,914 60	2.0% 40.8%
	\$ 411,846	\$ 403,872	\$ 7,974	2.0%
Expenditures: Principal Interest and other	\$ 371,452 36,267	\$ 364,088 43,632	\$ 7,364 (7,365)	2.0% -16.9%
	\$ 407,719	\$ 407,720	\$ (1)	0.0%

The Debt Service Fund Balance as of September 30, 2018 is \$ 14,952, restricted for repayment of debt service obligations.

Stormwater Fund

The Stormwater Fund was established in FY 2010. The purpose of the fund is to provide resources for capital improvements and significant maintenance of the City's stormwater management infrastructure. Although much of this had been funded by grants in the past, these grant dollars have diminished over time and are now insufficient to meet the City's needs. The primary source of revenue is a non-ad valorem special assessment on the annual property tax bill. A consultant study was used to determine the benefit for individual properties of the City's stormwater management program. The stormwater management and collection system is aging, and the City continues to assess property owners each year as a way to build a fund balance for probable major stormwater improvements in the future. The Stormwater Fund Balance as of September 30, 2018 is \$ 295,519, restricted to future maintenance and capital improvement projects in the stormwater system.

	Fiscal Year 2018		Fiscal Year 2017		Dollar Change	Percent Change
Revenues:		-				
Non ad valorem						
assessments	\$ 271,093	\$	269,214	\$	1,879	0.7%
Miscellaneous	 3,438	_	2,237		1,201	53.7%
	\$ 274,531	\$_	271,451	\$	3,080	1.1%
Expenditures:						
General government	\$ 3,904	\$	9,281	\$	(5,377)	-57.9%
Physical environment	139,195		55,180		84,015	152.3%
Capital outlay	125,651		-		125,651	100.0%
Transfers out	 55,000	-	55,000	_	-	0.0%
	\$ 323,750	\$	119,461	\$	204,289	171.0%

There was no change in the assessment rate, and stormwater assessment collections were slightly higher than the prior year. Miscellaneous revenues were slightly higher due to an increase in interest earnings. There was one capital project during the current year to provide for proper groundwater drainage in the area surrounding Frank McDonough Park and the Tennis Center. Other expenditures in the current year consisted primarily of repairs to existing storm drain lines, cleaning and maintenance of storm drains, and billing fees for collection of the assessment.

Infrastructure Fund:

The Infrastructure Fund was established by the City Commission to carry out general capital improvement projects, and has been primarily funded with transfers from other City funds. The infrastructure fund balance as of September 30, 2018 is \$ 552,586, committed to future capital improvement projects.

	Fiscal Year 2018	_	Fiscal Year 2017		Dollar Change	Percent Change
Revenues:						
Miscellaneous	\$ 118,637	\$	117,617	\$	1,020	0.9%
Transfers in	 -	-	500,000	-	(500,000)	100.0%
	\$ 118,637	\$_	617,617	\$_	(498,980)	-80.8%
Expenditures:						
Physical environment	\$ 13,421	\$	978,246	\$	(964,825)	-98.6%
Capital outlay	 -	_	37,439	-	(37,439)	-100.0%
	\$ 13,421	\$	1,015,685	\$	(1,002,264)	-98.7%

The following table summarizes the fund activity for FY 2018:

Appropriations are approved typically on a project by project basis. There were no one-time transfers to the Infrastructure Fund in FY 2018, and otherwise revenues were nearly the same as in FY 2017. Current year expenditures were significantly lower, and included only one project to replace sidewalks that were damaged by trees, a good portion of which occurred as a result of Hurricane Irma.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City of Lighthouse Point's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2018 amounts to \$ 23,479,113 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment and fixtures, vehicles, and infrastructure. Major capital asset acquisitions or improvements during the fiscal year include the following:

- <u>City Hall</u> acquisition of land for new Fire Station
- <u>Fire Department</u> replaced all hand-held and mobile radios; replaced SCBA air packs and bottles with Federal grant funding; purchased a Lucas chest compression system; purchased battery-powered extrication tools; purchased new breathing air compressor; replaced ambulance cot with donated funds from a local foundation
- <u>Police Department</u> replaced two patrol vehicles and one administrative vehicle; purchased a digital speed display sign and two mobile radar units
- <u>Recreation</u> replaced Dan Witt park Tot Lot and playground turf; replaced two basketball goals
- <u>Public Works</u> completed Stormwater drainage project at Frank McDonough Park/Tennis Center; purchased a new water tank trailer with pump
- <u>Technology</u> completed installation of City-wide security surveillance system

		2018		2017
Capital assets:	-		-	
Land	\$	8,826,588	\$	7,059,360
Infrastructure		6,545,346		6,574,020
Buildings and land improvements		6,060,047		6,188,432
Vehicles		1,079,355		1,214,951
Equipment and fixtures		967,777		644,173
	_		-	
Total capital assets	\$_	23,479,113	\$_	21,680,936

Additional data about the City's capital assets can be found in Note G.

Long-Term Debt and Other Long-Term Liabilities:

At the end of the fiscal year, the City had total debt and other long-term liabilities outstanding of \$7,351,333. A General Fund pledge to appropriate supports the capital leases, while ad valorem taxes provide the revenue stream for the repayment of the notes payable. Compensated absences are paid out upon termination based upon City policy and labor agreements. See Note L for more information on the other post-employment benefit obligation liability.

	_	Beginning Balance	-	Additions	_	Reductions	-	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:								
Notes payable	\$	1,932,495	\$	-	\$	371,452	\$	1,561,043
Capital leases		777,537		119,509		222,241		674,805
Compensated absences		1,615,102		39,686		159,849		1,494,939
Net pension liability		387,347		2,950,918		-		3,338,265
Net OPEB obligation,								
as restated (Note N)	_	248,100	-	34,181	_	-	-	282,281
	\$	4,960,581	\$	3,144,294	\$	753,542	\$	7,351,333

Additional information about the City's long-term debt can be found in Note H.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The State of Florida, by constitution, does not have a personal income tax and operates primarily through funds generated from sales, gasoline, and corporate income taxes. Local governments are not permitted to levy income taxes either and rely on property tax and a limited number of other taxes on utilities and gasoline as well as local business taxes and franchise fees to support delivery of municipal services. The City of Lighthouse Point has continued to preserve fund balance by carefully using its resources and limiting non-essential expenditures where possible.

The General Fund budget for FY 2019 was approved at \$ 16,177,892 which represents a decrease of \$ 1,128,905 (approximately 6.5%) below the amended FY 2018 budget. The operating millage was adopted at 3.5893, equal to the millage rate for the prior fiscal year. Since taxable values increased, using the same millage resulted in an increase in the ad valorem levy for FY 2019.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Lighthouse Point for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided herein or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, City of Lighthouse Point, 2200 N.E. 38th Street, Lighthouse Point, Florida 33064.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		Governmental Activities
Assets: Cash, cash equivalents, and investments Accounts receivable Due from other governments Prepaids and other assets Capital assets:	Ş	8,170,611 485,082 699,672 81,542
Nondepreciable Depreciable, net		8,826,588 14,652,525
Total assets		32,916,020
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows - related to pensions		7,208,858
Total deferred outflows of resources		7,208,858
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related taxes Accrued interest payable Deposits Licenses collected in advance Unearned revenues Due within one year:		454,341 748,019 5,167 30,200 57,173 20,461
Compensated absences payable Notes and capital leases payable Due in more than one year:		132,137 621,349
Compensated absences payable Notes and capital leases payable Net pension liability Other postemployment benefit obligation liability		1,362,802 1,614,499 3,338,265 282,281
Total liabilities		8,666,694
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows - related to pensions		1,855,104
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,855,104
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		21,228,328
Debt service Law enforcement trust Stormwater improvements Walt and Mary Barker library fund:		14,952 1,688,447 295,519
Nonexpendable Expendable Unrestricted		500,000 96,904 5,778,930
Total net position	\$	29,603,080

	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position
Functions/Programs: Governmental activities: General government Public safety Physical environment Transportation Culture/recreation Interest expense Total governmental activities	<pre>\$ 1,823,307 \$ 10,696,943 4,046,490 48,582 1,329,199 49,127 \$ 17,993,648 \$</pre>	67,505 2,452,535 1,931,329 - 214,804 - 4,666,173	\$ - 219,890 - 24,578 - \$ 244,468	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ (1,755,802) (8,024,518) (2,115,161) (48,582) (1,089,817) (49,127) (13,083,007)
	General revenues: Taxes: Ad-valorem taxes Franchise taxes Utility service taxe Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	25			8,147,243 865,160 2,315,992 1,274,422 650,330
	Total general rev	/enues			13,253,147
	Change in ne	et position			170,140
	29,432,940				
	Net Position, End o	of Year			\$29,603,080

	Major Governmental			
	General Fund		Garbage and Trash Fund	
Assets:				
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and investments Due from other funds Accounts receivable Due from other governments Prepaid expenditures	\$ 5,860,599 - 418,437 699,230 81,542	\$	- 558,293 57,252 377 -	
Total assets	\$ 7,059,808	\$	615,922	
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related taxes Due to other funds Deposits Licenses collected in advance Unearned revenue	\$ 224,259 328,219 1,884,625 30,200 57,173 17,340	\$	138,893 - - - - - - -	
Total liabilities	2,541,816		138,893	
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - utility service taxes Unavailable revenue - franchise and other revenues Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental	500,281 85,055 86,945		- 57,159 -	
Total deferred inflows of resources	672,281		57,159	
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned (deficit)	81,542 - 1,492,589 2,250,000 21,580		26,543 393,327 - - -	
Total fund balances	3,845,711		419,870	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 7,059,808	\$	615,922	

Funds Public Safety Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,326,526 374,090 - 40 -	\$ 983,486 971,499 9,393 25 -	\$	8,170,611 1,903,882 485,082 699,672 81,542
\$ 1,700,656	\$ 1,964,403	\$	11,340,789
\$ 12,209 - - - - - -	\$ 78,980 4,790 19,257 - - 3,121	Ş	454,341 333,009 1,903,882 30,200 57,173 20,461
12,209	106,148		2,799,066
- - - -	- - - -		500,281 142,214 86,945 729,440
1,688,447 - - - 1,688,447	500,000 407,375 970,386 - (19,506) 1,858,255		581,542 2,122,365 2,856,302 2,250,000 2,074 7,812,283
\$ 1,700,656	\$ 1,964,403	\$	11,340,789

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 7,812,283
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
The cost of capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is	\$ 33,175,271 (9,696,158)	23,479,113
Certain revenues are considered deferred inflows of resources in the fund statements due to availability of funds; under full accrual accounting they are considered revenues.		729,440
Certain funds related to pension assets and liabilities are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Deferred outflows, related to pensions Deferred inflows, related to pensions	\$ 7,208,858 (1,855,104)	5,353,754
Long-term liabilities, including leases and bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Notes and capital leases payable Accrued payroll and related taxes Compensated absences payable Accrued interest payable Net pension liability Other postemployment benefit obligation liability	\$ (2,235,848) (415,010) (1,494,939) (5,167) (3,338,265) (282,281)	(7,771,510)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 29,603,080

	Major Governmental			
	General Fund		Garbage and Trash Fund	
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes Franchise taxes Utility service taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Non advalorem assessments Fines and forfeitures Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 7,735,604 869,133 2,448,572 1,093,785 1,496,896 506,348 822,756 201,115 267,139 15,441,348	\$	- - - 1,665,015 - 29,177 1,694,192	
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Physical environment Transportation Culture/recreation Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and other	1,759,632 10,272,170 1,837,355 48,582 853,366 2,463,309 222,241 14,089		- - 1,834,072 - - - - - - -	
Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	17,470,744 (2,029,396)		1,834,072 (139,880)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Capital lease Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	119,509 110,000 (160,405) 69,104		(55,000)	
Net change in fund balance	(1,960,292)		(194,880)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	5,806,003		614,750	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 3,845,711	\$	419,870	

	Funds Public Safety Fund		Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	-	\$	411,639	\$	8,147,243
'	-	,	-	'	869,133
	-		-		2,448,572
	-		-		1,093,785
	-		-		1,496,896
	-		108,613		614,961
	-		271,093		2,758,864
	2,227		-		203,342
	16,131		284,466		596,913
	18,358		1,075,811		18,229,709
	- 78,179 - - - 48,413 - - -		3,904 - 161,146 - 321,927 132,970 371,452 36,267		1,763,536 10,350,349 3,832,573 48,582 1,175,293 2,644,692 593,693 50,356
	126,592		1,027,666		20,459,074
	(108,234)		48,145		(2,229,365)
	- - -		 160,405 (55,000)		119,509 270,405 (270,405)
	-		105,405		119,509
	(108,234)		153,550		(2,109,856)
	1,796,681		1,704,705		9,922,139
\$	1,688,447	\$	1,858,255	\$	7,812,283

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	(2,109,856)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives:				
Expenditures for capital assets Less current year provision for depreciation	\$	2,644,692 (842,773)		1,801,919
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (trade-ins, retirements) results in a decrease of net position.				(3,742)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.				(62,179)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.				(119,509)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.				593,693
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:				
Change in accrued interest payable Change in accrued payroll and related taxes Change in compensated absences payable Change net pension liability Change in other postemployment benefit obligation	\$	1,229 (415,010) 120,163 (2,950,918)		(2 220 212)
liability Certain changes related to pension assets and liabilities are not reported in the net change in the governmental funds:	-	(34,181)	-	(3,278,717)
Change in deferred outflows Change in deferred inflows	\$ _	2,697,698 650,833	-	3,348,531
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$_	170,140

		Budgeted amounts			Actual	Variance with Final
Devenue		Original	-	Final	Amounts	Budget
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes Franchise fees Utility service taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Non ad valorem assessments Fines and forfeitures Miscellaneous Allocation of fund balance	\$	7,715,000 897,400 2,413,000 903,600 1,392,000 465,300 815,000 99,350 95,000	\$	7,735,290 897,400 2,448,096 1,023,258 1,495,881 465,300 815,000 162,262 223,861 1,768,928	\$ 7,735,604 869,133 2,448,572 1,093,785 1,496,896 506,348 822,756 201,115 267,139 -	\$ 314 (28,267) 476 70,527 1,015 41,048 7,756 38,853 43,278 (1,768,928)
Total revenues	•	14,795,650	-	17,035,276	15,441,348	(1,593,928)
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Physical environment Transportation Culture/recreation Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and other Total expenditures	-	1,670,514 10,299,299 1,413,668 45,499 785,492 430,415 236,830 16,543 14,898,260	-	1,754,245 10,207,802 1,825,620 45,499 782,362 2,540,129 222,799 13,531 17,391,987	1,759,632 10,272,170 1,837,355 48,582 853,366 2,463,309 222,241 14,089 17,470,744	(5,387) (64,368) (11,735) (3,083) (71,004) 76,820 558 (558) (78,757)
		14,898,200	-	17,391,987	17,470,744	(78,757)
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(102,610)	-	(356,711)	(2,029,396)	(1,672,685)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Capital lease issuance Transfers in Transfers out		128,015 135,000 (160,405)	-	136,521 135,000 (160,405)	119,509 110,000 (160,405)	(17,012) (25,000) -
Total other financing sources (uses)		102,610	-	111,116	69,104	(42,012)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$_	(245,595)	(1,960,292)	\$ (1,714,697)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year					5,806,003	
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$ 3,845,711	

	Budgoto	ed amounts	Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
Revenues: Non advalorem assessments:				
Solid waste fees	\$ 1,644,744	\$ 1,664,292	\$ 1,665,015	\$ 723
Miscellaneous:				
Recycling proceeds Other	60,000 10,300	60,000 10,300	2,840 16,530	(57,160) 6,230
Interest income	3,000	3,000	9,807	6,807
Total miscellaneous	73,300	73,300	29,177	(44,123)
Total revenues	1,718,044	1,737,592	1,694,192	(43,400)
Expenditures:				
Trash collection:				
Operating expenditures	1,688,970	1,834,073	1,834,072	1.00
Total expenditures	1,688,970	1,834,073	1,834,072	1.00
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers out	(55,000)	(55 <i>,</i> 000)	(55 <i>,</i> 000)	-
Budget surplus	25,926	125,555	-	125,555
Total other financing sources (uses)	(29,074)	70,555	(55,000)	125,555
Net change in fund balance	\$	\$ (25,926)	(194,880)	\$ (168,954)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			614,750	
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$ 419,870	

Assets:

Investments:	
U.S. stock funds	\$ 20,753,217
Bond funds	8,834,714
Money market funds and other deposits	7,969,109
Balanced funds	7,638,922
International stock funds	4,083,660
Core real estate funds	2,348,041
Specialty funds	516,529
Total	52,144,192
Employer contribution receivable	415,010
Participant loans receivable	281,437
Total assets	52,840,639
Liabilities:	
Net Position:	
Held in trust for pension and other benefits	\$ 52,840,639

Additions:

Contributions:		
City	\$	1,747,886
Employees		1,419,552
Total contributions		3,167,438
Investment earnings and expenses:		
Interest, dividends and investment value changes		3,972,810
Less investment expense		247,631
		247,031
Net investment earnings		3,725,179
Net investment earnings		5,725,179
Total additions		C 002 C17
Total additions		6,892,617
Deductions:		
Benefits paid		1,616,635
Refund of contributions		78,467
Total deductions		1,695,102
Change in net position		5,197,515
		, ,
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension		
and Other Employee Benefits:		
At Beginning of Year		47,643,124
		17,040,124
At End of Year	ć	52,840,639
	\$	52,040,039

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The summary of significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the basic financial statements and other data in this report. The basic financial statements of the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies relied upon for this report.

Financial Reporting entity: The City of Lighthouse Point, Florida is located in Broward County and was incorporated in 1956. The Charter of the City was approved at referendum on June 11, 1956, and the City received its State of Florida charter in 1957. The City operates under the Mayor/Commission form of government with the Mayor serving as the chief executive officer and five commissioners setting policy. The City provides the following services as authorized by its Charter: general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, and culture/recreation. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City of Lighthouse Point (the primary government).

The criteria used for including component units consist of identification of legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the City are financially accountable. This criterion also includes identification of organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based upon this review, there were no component units or related organizations of the City.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements, as well as the notes to the financial statements. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report on the government as a whole and provide a financial picture of the entire government. Fiduciary Funds of the government are not included in this presentation since these resources are not available for funding general government programs.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the City's governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities, which generally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services. The City has only governmental activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those expenses that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and fines and forfeitures and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items that are not directly related to program revenue are reported as general revenue, including all taxes levied by the City as well as those shared by the State of Florida.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The City has only governmental and fiduciary funds for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting: Measurement focus is commonly used to describe the types of transactions and events that are reported in a fund's operating statement. Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues and expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements and relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as prescribed by GASB. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this perspective, generally only current assets and liabilities are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in current assets. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Grants for capital improvements are posted when earned rather than when they are received because generally the funds are reimbursements for expenditures. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

As a result of the differences in measurement focus and basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The fund financial statements offer an emphasis upon the more significant sub funds within the governmental category and these are referred to as major funds. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the City and is used to account for all financial transactions except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

Garbage and Trash Fund - This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the collection and disposal of residential refuse as performed by a private contractor.

Public Safety Fund - This fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of Federal and State forfeitures stemming from the Police Department's participation in anti-crime task forces.

The City also reports on nonmajor funds within the governmental fund category including the Tennis Center Fund, Infrastructure Fund, Stormwater Fund, Special Purpose Fund, Walt and Mary Barker Library Fund and the Debt Service Fund. The Special Purpose Fund is comprised of locally generated resources for recreation support, environmental projects, cultural support, and other capital projects. Additionally, the City presents the Pension Trust Fund as a fiduciary fund, which accounts for the activities of the various pension plans provided to City employees.

The accrual basis of accounting is followed in the Pension Trust Fund. Under this method of accounting, additions are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and deductions are recognized in the period in which they are incurred. The Pension Trust Fund is accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fiduciary net position.

Assets, liabilities, and net position or fund balance:

- 1. <u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>: Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.
- 2. <u>Accounts receivable</u>: Accounts receivable consist of amounts due for services rendered. Management believes all accounts to be fully collectible; therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided for in the accompanying financial statements.
- 3. <u>Investments</u>: All City investments are stated at estimated fair value. Operating funds have been invested in a pooled arrangement. Interest income from pooled cash and investments is allocated on the basis of each individual fund's proportionate share of the investment pool.

4. <u>Capital assets</u>: Capital assets, which include land, buildings and land improvements, equipment and fixtures, vehicles, and infrastructure, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$ 1,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value, rather than fair market value at the date of the donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized such as landscaping or road paving. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and land improvements Equipment and fixtures	10-50 5-20
Infrastructure	10-50
Vehicles	3-10

- 5. <u>Compensated absences</u>: City employees earn vacation, sick and compensatory leave in varying amounts based upon their length of service and hours worked. Upon separation in good standing, employees receive full reimbursement for accumulated vacation and compensatory hours. Payments for sick leave vary by bargaining unit, years of service, and age in accordance with City Commission resolution and City policy. The liability due beyond one year for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statement of net position. The current portion of this obligation is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absences payable from expendable available financial resources and only if they have matured.
- 6. <u>Unearned revenue</u>: Inflows that do not meet the criteria for revenue recognition, such as occupational licenses collected in advance, are recorded as unearned revenues in the governmental funds and the government-wide financial statements.
- 7. <u>Long-term obligations</u>: In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. The long-term debt consists of notes and capital leases payable, as well as accrued compensated absences payable, net pension liability and OPEB liability. In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources. Issue costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.
- 8. <u>Deferred outflows/inflows of resources:</u> In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for *deferred outflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. As required by GASB Statement 68, the City reports deferred outflows of resources for pension-related amounts. At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of \$ 7,208,858 in the government-wide statements.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has two items that are deferred inflows of resources. The first type, unavailable revenue, arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, and is only reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from utility service taxes, franchise and other revenues and intergovernmental revenues that were earned but not received within 30 days of year-end. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred inflows of \$729,440 for this category in the fund level statements. The second type is required by GASB Statement 68 for pension related inflows. At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred inflows of \$1,855,104 in the government-wide statements.

- 9. <u>Net position</u>: Net position of the government-wide financial statements are categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted. The first category represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation and net of any outstanding debt associated with the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Restricted net position represents net position that is restricted by requirements of bond indentures of other externally imposed constraints. Unrestricted net position represents the net position of the City that is not restricted for any project or purpose.
- 10. <u>Fund equity:</u> In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance amounts in accordance with GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which was first effective with the City's fiscal year 2011 financial report. Under these guidelines, the breakdown includes nonspendable and spendable fund balances.

Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be converted to cash (such as inventories and prepaid amounts).

Spendable balances are placed into four distinct categories by GASB, including restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. For the City, the categories are presented as follows:

<u>Nonspendable:</u> For the City, nonspendable for the reported fiscal year is comprised exclusively of prepaid items and the principal balance of the Walt and Mary Barker Library Trust fund, which is restricted to provide for the educational enjoyment of the library by the citizens of Lighthouse Point.

<u>Restricted:</u> Includes fund balances of general obligation debt service, public safety fund, which is comprised of federal and state fines and forfeitures, the special assessment of the garbage and trash fund, the stormwater fund, and any spendable portion of the Walt and Mary Barker library fund.

<u>Committed:</u> Includes all amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by City Commission motion, including all encumbrances (except those in restricted funds), minimum contingency amounts established by City Commission policy, fund balance designated for the following fiscal year's budget as part of next year's budget adoption passed prior to the close to the current fiscal year end, and all other non-general fund balances (except for restricted balances as discussed earlier).

Within the committed fund balance of \$ 2,856,302 there is an amount of \$ 1,408,895 set aside for operational contingencies. This amount is established through resolution by City Commission and is adjusted annually based on the following year's adopted expenditure budgeted amounts It can be used upon approval of the City Commission.

<u>Assigned:</u> This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Mayor or his designee. The City Commission has delegated this authority to the Mayor by resolution and includes \$ 2.25 million for emergency disaster recovery within the City.

<u>Unassigned:</u> This category includes any fund balance remaining after calculating the previous reporting categories for the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those specific purposes.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Other policies:

- 1. <u>Use of estimates</u>: The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.
- 2. <u>Encumbrances</u>: Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds for which an annual budget is adopted. However, encumbrances are also utilized in other funds, where appropriations are approved by the City Commission on an as needed basis, to formally recognize commitments of City resources. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as committed fund balance and they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. At September 30, 2018, encumbrances outstanding are as follows:

General Fund Infrastructure Fund Special Purpose Fund	\$ 24,494 45,000 255,000
Total	\$ 324,494

<u>Subsequent events</u>: These include events have been evaluated by management through March 22, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note B - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgets and budgetary accounting: The City uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. During April, each City department prepares their budget requests for the upcoming fiscal year and reviews the status of their budget for the current fiscal year.
- After June 1st, when the assessed values have been released by the Property Appraiser, the Mayor, as the City's Chief Executive Officer, submits his proposed budget to the City Commission for consideration. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the estimated sources of financing.
- 3. Traditionally, the Commission conducts a budget workshop in June and in accordance with State Statute approves a preliminary property tax millage in July for notification to all taxpayers in August. Two public hearings are required in September before adoption of the tax rate and budget appropriations for the fiscal year beginning October 1. The budget is adopted by ordinance. Property taxes are payable from November 1 to March 31 and become delinquent on April 1.
- 4. Appropriations which are neither expended, encumbered nor specifically designated to be carried over lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Remaining appropriated balances in infrastructure accounts in the General Fund are transferred to the Infrastructure Fund for future investment in infrastructure per City policy.
- 5. The City prepares and adopts annual operating budgets for the General Fund, Garbage and Trash Fund, Tennis Center Fund, Stormwater Fund and Debt Service Fund. The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Commission or the Mayor. Legislative amendments are for any changes that exceed \$1,000 within each character of expenditure (personal services, operating expenditures, capital outlay, debt service, and transfers). Amendments are required when projected expenditures are anticipated to exceed budgeted appropriations at the character level. The original General Fund budget was amended during the year to provide for \$ 2,493,727 of supplemental appropriations, which includes the \$ 272,584 in encumbrances automatically added to the FY 2017/2018 appropriations. A significant portion of the budget increase was to reflect the \$ 1.75 million purchase of property, where the City's new Fire Station/Emergency Operations Center will be constructed. This purchase will be refunded once the City's bonds are issued in April 2019. The budget was also increased to provide for costs associated with the building division, the purchase of SCBA air packs for the Fire Department with grant proceeds, overtime and other costs related to recovering from Hurricane Irma, repairs to property and equipment paid for by insurance proceeds, and other unforeseen expenditures. Funding for the increased expenditures came from additional ad valorem receipts, communications services taxes, licenses and permits, Federal grants, miscellaneous revenues, lease purchase proceeds, and surplus carryover (fund balance).

Note C - Property Tax

Assessed property values are established by the Broward County Property Appraiser at just values, and the valuation date is January 1st preceding the start of the fiscal year. Property taxes are adopted as part of the budget process in September for the upcoming fiscal year. Payments are due November 1 with discounts of one to four percent if paid prior to March 1 of the following calendar year. All unpaid taxes on real and personal property become delinquent on April 1 and bear interest of eighteen percent from this date. Property is liened for unpaid taxes on June 1 of the year following the year in which the taxes were levied, and continues to accrue interest until a tax sale certificate is sold at auction.

The assessed value of property at January 1, 2017, upon which the 2017-2018 levy was based, was approximately \$ 2,244,395,000. The Broward County Revenue Collector bills and collects all property taxes for the City.

The City is permitted by Article 7, Section 8 of the Florida Constitution to levy taxes up to \$ 10 per \$ 1,000 of assessed valuation (10 mills) for general governmental services. In addition, unlimited amounts may be levied for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds if approved by the voters. The operating tax rate to finance general government services for the year ended September 30, 2018 was \$ 3.5893 per \$ 1,000 and \$ 0.1910 per \$ 1,000 for debt service.

Note D - Deposits and Investments

Governmental Funds

Deposits: The City's deposits must be placed with financial institutions that are qualified as public depositories in compliance with Florida Statutes Chapter 280. As of September 30, 2018, all non-interest bearing deposits are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and interest bearing deposits are insured up to \$ 250,000. Monies deposited in amounts greater than the insurance coverage are covered by the participation of the bank in the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses. Accordingly, all amounts reported as deposits are insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or its agent in the entity's name.

At September 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$1,737,439 and the combined bank balances totaled \$1,800,044.

Investments: The City's investment policy (Ordinance 782) permits investment or reinvestment of the City's funds, in excess of those required to meet current expenses to be paid within sixty days, primarily in: 1) the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund; 2) Money market and mutual funds; 3) Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories as defined in F.S. 280.02; 4) United States Treasury obligations; 5) Federal agencies and instrumentalities; 6) Repurchase agreements; 7) Commercial paper; and 8) Investment-grade bonds. Additionally, the City has established a maximum maturity of five years on any investment instruments.

As of September 30, 2018, the City had the following governmental investments:

Investment Type	_	Fair Value
State Board of Administration - Florida PRIME Money market funds Certificates of deposit U.S. Government sponsored	\$	7,652 4,059,010 784,413
agencies Mutual funds		992,191 589,906
	\$	6,433,172

Interest rate risk: The City designed its formal investment policy to minimize the risk that the fair value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in general interest rates. The City currently has interest rate risk exposure with its government agency securities. However, given that the amounts held in such investments comprise a small portion of the total investment portfolio, the City will hold these investments to maturity, thereby mitigating any potential interest rate risk. The remainder of the City's portfolio is invested in money market accounts and certificates of deposit with no inherent interest rate risk.

Credit risk: The City's investment policy specifically sets parameters to minimize the City's credit risk by limiting investments to the safest types of securities, pre-qualifying the financial institutions and broker/dealers with which the City will do business, and diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. The City's money market accounts and certificates of deposits are held exclusively with qualified public depositories, and the accounts are guaranteed by the State of Florida's depository program. The government agency securities have a Moody's rating of Aaa, which are considered to be the highest quality and subject to the lowest level of credit risk.

Disclosure by Investment Type:

The table below summarizes the City's Governmental Investment Funds scheduled maturities (in years) for investments held as of September 30, 2018:

		Inve	estmer	nt Maturities (in year	s)
Investment Type	 Fair Value	Less than 1	-	1 to 5		6 to 10
Money market funds	\$ 4,059,010	\$ 4,059,010	\$	-	\$	-
Certificates of deposit	784,413	784,413		-		-
U.S. Government sponsored						
agencies	992,191	992,191		-		-
Mutual funds	589,906	589,906	-	-		-
Total	\$ 6,425,520	\$ 6,425,520	\$	-	\$	-

The City invests surplus funds in an external investment pool, the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund ("Florida PRIME"). Florida PRIME is administered by the Florida State Board of Administration ("SBA"), who provides regulatory oversight.

The Florida PRIME has adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirement for a 2a7 pool. The City's investment in the Florida PRIME is reported at amortized cost. The fair value of the position in the pool is equal to the value of the pool shares. As of September 30, 2018, the City's fair value of its investment in Florida PRIME was \$ 7,562.

At September 30, 2018, the City had invested in a certificate of deposit (CD) and a public depository money market account with BankUnited. The CD amount, interest rate, and maturity date are as follows: \$ 784,413 with a fixed interest rate of 1.60% annually and maturing on January 12, 2019. The City's money market account with Bank United, which pays 1.0% annually, had an ending balance of \$ 1,054,976 at September 30, 2018. Interest rates fluctuate based upon market and economic conditions.

The City also has public depository money market accounts with the following banks as of September 30, 2018:

		Fair Value	Interest Rate
Centennial Bank	\$	1,396,915	1.01% annually
Capital Bank	Ş	1,076,842	0.60% annually
Florida Community Bank	\$	523 <i>,</i> 279	0.45% annually

As with the other money market accounts, interest rates fluctuate on the money market account based upon market and economic conditions.

The City also held U.S. Government Sponsored Agencies with SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, which had a balance of \$ 992,191 at September 30, 2018, of which \$497,817 was invested with the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Company ("FHLMC") and \$494,374 was invested with the Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA"). FHLMC had a Moody's credit rating of Aaa and FHMA had a Moody's credit rating of Aaa.

The City also holds a portfolio with Charles Schwab containing the assets of the Walt and Mary Barker Library Trust, which amounted to \$ 596,904 at September 30, 2018. Of this amount, \$ 589,906 was invested in mutual funds which have a Morningstar rating range of 2 to 5 stars. In addition, the portfolio contains \$ 6,998 invested in money market funds.

Fair Value Hierarchy: GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, establishes a hierarchy disclosure framework which prioritizes and ranks the level of market price observability used in measuring investment at fair value. Various inputs are used in determining the fair value of investments. These inputs are categorized into fair value hierarchy consisting of three broad levels for financial statement purposes as follows:

- Level 1 investments reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2 investments reflect prices that are based on similar observable assets either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value.

Investments classified as Level 1 in the primary government and fiduciary funds, in the tables below are valued using prices quoted in active markets for identical securities.

Investments classified as Level 2 in the primary government and fiduciary funds, in the tables below are valued based on significant other observable inputs, which may include, but are not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks and default rates), or other market corroborated inputs.

Investments classified as Level 3 in the fiduciary funds, in the table on page 45 are valued based on significant unobservable outputs based on all information available in the circumstances to the extent observable inputs are not available. The fair value of classified level 3 funds represents the value of unit positions in funds that are not publicly traded on an exchange. The fair value of the funds can be impacted by redemption restrictions imposed by the fund managers.

Investments		Fair Value	1	uoted Prices in Active Markets for entical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant nobservable Inputs (Level 3)	I	Investments Valued at NAV
U.S. Government sponsored agencies Mutual funds	\$	992,191 589,906	\$	- 589,906	\$ 992,191 -	\$	-	\$	-
Total investments measured at fair value		1,582,097	\$_	589,906	\$ 992,191	\$_	_	\$	-
Investments measured at amortized cost: Florida PRIME		7,652							
Money market funds and certificates of deposit	-	4,843,423							
	\$	6,433,172							

Fair values of investments held by the City's Governmental Investment Funds are classified at September 30, 2018 as follows:

Fiduciary Funds

The City has seven different pension plans included in the fiduciary funds. Of these plans, six are administered by the International City/County Management Association Retirement Corporation (ICMA-RC), and the other is managed by the Florida League of Cities through the Florida Municipal Pension Trust (FMPT). Four of the ICMA-RC plans operate under the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) 401(a) parameters, one plan serves as the City's IRS 457 deferred compensation plan, and one is a retirement health savings plan. Employees select from a diverse group of mutual funds including domestic equities, fixed income, international, and cash management portfolios. Additionally, the City has a defined benefit pension plan for police officers and firefighters who were hired after October 1, 2003 or employees who chose to convert from the 401a plan at that time. This plan is managed by the Florida League of Cities and overseen by the Police and Fire Pension Board.

As of September 30, 2018, the City had the following Fiduciary investments:

Investment Type	 Fair Value
U.S. stock funds Bond funds	\$ 20,753,217 8,834,714
Money market funds and other deposits Balanced funds International stock funds	7,969,109 7,638,922 4,083,660
Core real estate funds Specialty funds	2,348,041 516,529
	\$ 52,144,192

The table below summarizes the City's Fiduciary Investment Funds scheduled maturities (in years) of the investments held as of September 30, 2018:

	Investment Maturities (in years)							Maria
Investment Type	Fair Value	-	Less than 1		1 to 5		6 to 10	 More than 10
U.S. Stock funds Bond funds	\$ 20,753,217 8,834,714	\$	20,753,217	\$	- 564,391	\$	- 8,270,323	\$ -
Money market funds and other deposits	7,969,109		7,969,109		-		-	-
Balanced funds International stock funds	7,638,922 4,083,660		4,083,660		7,638,922 -		-	-
Core real estate funds Specialty funds	2,348,041 516,529		2,348,041 516,529		-		-	 -
Total	\$ 52,144,192	\$	35,670,556	\$	8,203,313	\$	8,270,323	\$

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk exists when there is a possibility that changes in interest rate could adversely affect the fair value of the investments. To mitigate its exposure to losses in fair value, the City's fiduciary funds are invested in a well-diversified and balanced portfolio. The overall focus is on long-term growth given that the funds are for employee retirement purposes. As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, fiduciary funds diversify investments by security type and institution, and limit holdings in any one type of investment with any one issuer with various durations of maturities.

Credit risk: Credit risk exists when there is a possibility the debt issuer may be unable to fulfill its obligations. The plan administrators handle selection of individual securities. Employees select from model portfolios offered by the Vantage Trust Company for the 401(a), 457, retirement health savings plan, and Roth IRA. The portfolio for the defined benefit plan is overseen by a Board of Trustees of the Florida Municipal Investment Trust comprised of local elected officials. Performance is monitored by the Asset Consulting Group of St. Louis, Missouri. The Trust places no limit on the amount that may be invested in an individual issue of the United States Treasury or any United States Agency. The fixed income portion is invested in two separate bond funds: the Broad Market High Quality bond fund, with a Fitch rating of AAf/S4 and a weighted average maturity of 6.40 years, and the Core Plus Fixed Income fund (Not rated) with a weighted average maturity of 7.00 years.

Concentration risk: The fiduciary funds policy is to maintain a diversified portfolio to minimize the risk of loss resulting from concentration of assets in a specific issuer. GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, requires disclosure when the percentage is 5% or more in any one issuer. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, or other pooled investments are excluded from this requirement. There were no individual investments that represent 5% or more in any one issuer at September 30, 2018.

Foreign currency risk: The ICMA-RC and FMPT funds could be exposed to foreign currency risk to the extent a participant has chosen to invest in international stock funds which has a balance of \$ 4,083,660 at September 30, 2018. It is the employee who has made that choice and bears the risk based upon concentration in that particular investment.

The City uses a pooled cash arrangement and at any point in time some funds may carry a higher balance of cash and provide resources to other funds that carry a negative balance. Those funds requiring cash at year end are shown with a payable amount. Those funds with available cash to be loaned out are shown with a receivable amount.

Fair values of investments held by the City's Fiduciary Investment Funds are classified at September 30, 2018 as follows:

Investments	Fa	r Value		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for dentical Asset (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant nobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Investments Valued at NAV
U.S. stock funds	\$20,	753,217	\$	9,091,280	\$ 11,661,937	\$	-	\$ -
Bond funds	8,	834,714		564,392	3,782,955		4,487,367	-
Money market funds								
and other deposits	7,	969,109		7,969,109	-		-	-
Balanced funds	7,	638,922		7,638,922	-		-	-
International stock funds	4,	083,660		378,973	3,704,687		-	-
Core real estate funds	2,	348,041		-	-		2,348,041	-
Specialty funds		516,529	-	516,529	-	-	-	-
Total investments measured								
at fair value	\$ <u>52</u> ,	144,192	\$	26,159,205	\$ 19,149,579	\$	6,835,408	\$ -

Note E - Interfund Transactions

Interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2018 were as follows:

Fund	_	Receivable	Payable
Major Funds: General fund Garbage and trash fund	\$	- 558,293	\$ 1,884,625
Public safety fund		374,090	-
Nonmajor Funds: Tennis center fund		_	19,257
Infrastructure fund		552,586	-
Stormwater fund		2,041	-
Special purpose fund		416,872	-
Total	\$	1,903,882	\$ 1,903,882

Interfund transfers during the year were as follows:

Fund	 Transfer In	Transfer Out
Budgeted Funds: Major Funds: General fund Garbage and trash fund Nonmajor Funds:	\$ 110,000 -	\$ 160,405 55,000
Tennis center fund Stormwater fund	136,405 _	- 55,000
Total budgeted funds	246,405	270,405
Nonbudgeted Funds: Nonmajor Funds:		
Special purpose fund	24,000	
Total nonbudgeted funds	24,000	
Total	\$ 270,405	\$ 270,405

Interfund transfers allow for appropriate allocation of resources when one fund is providing resources for another or a project calls for multiple sources of funds. These balances result from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are actually made.

Note E - Interfund Transactions (continued)

In FY 2018, the General Fund transferred \$ 160,405 to other funds including, \$ 136,405 for the Tennis Center budgeted subsidy for facility operations, and \$ 24,000 to the Special Purpose Fund for the City's Keeper Day and Lighthouse A'Glow celebrations. Additionally, the General fund received a total of \$ 110,000 for allocation of administrative expenses from other funds in the amount of \$ 55,000 from both the Garbage and Trash Fund and the Stormwater Fund.

Note F - Special Revenue Funds

The City has six special revenue funds. The Garbage and Trash Fund is budgeted and designed to account for revenues and expenditures associated with the collection and disposal of residential refuse. The Tennis Center Fund is budgeted and accounts for the operation of the City's recreational facility at Frank McDonough Park. The Public Safety Fund is appropriated as needed and accounts for Federal forfeitures, State forfeitures and other fine revenues restricted by law. The Infrastructure Fund is also appropriated as needed and accounts for capital improvement projects that are funded with transfers from the General Fund or occasionally grant dollars. The Stormwater Fund provides for funding of stormwater management projects, is budgeted, and is funded by a special assessment to benefiting properties.

The Special Purpose Fund actually represents a number of special purposes accounted for within individual sub funds. These special purpose sub funds account for transactions from specific revenue sources as required by law or administrative regulations. This fund is also appropriated on an as needed basis by the City Commission. The special purpose fund maintains an internal allocation of the intended purposes of its fund balance.

As of September 30, 2018, the following allocation of fund balance for all of the Special Purpose sub funds is as follows:

Recreational support: Sponsor fees for recreation programs Keeper Days for annual City anniversary LHP A'Glow for annual holiday celebration	\$ 15,686 8,733 2,095
Total	26,514
Environmental: Waterway cleanup and protection Beautification improvements in the City	317,467 13,711
Total	331,178
Cultural support: Library Cultural arts committee Senior outreach Historical committee	54,067 3,064 1,592 126
Total	58,849
Capital projects fund	1,259
Total special purpose fund	\$ 417,800

Note G - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Balance October 1, 2017	Additions	Retirements	Balance September 30, 2018
Governmental Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 7,059,360	\$ 1,767,228	\$ -	\$ 8,826,588
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	7,059,360	1,767,228		8,826,588
Capital assets, being depreciated Buildings and land improvements	10 024 717	109 202	050	10.022.160
Equipment and fixtures Infrastructure Vehicles	10,824,717 2,567,184 7,715,379 2,620,316	108,393 546,767 125,651 96,653	950 116,915 - 138,512	10,932,160 2,997,036 7,841,030 2,578,457_
Total capital assets being depreciated	23,727,596	877,464	256,377	24,348,683
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and land				
improvements Equipment and fixtures Infrastructure Vehicles	4,636,285 1,923,011 1,141,359 1,405,365	236,778 219,421 154,325 232,249	950 113,173 - 138,512	4,872,113 2,029,259 1,295,684 1,499,102
Total accumulated depreciation	9,106,020	842,773	252,635	9,696,158
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	14,621,576	34,691	3,742	14,652,525
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$	\$	\$3,742	\$
Total governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$ 21,680,936	\$ 1,801,919	\$ 3,742	\$ 23,479,113
Less: related debt	2,710,032	119,509	593,693	2,235,848
Less: debt service reserve	10,825	4,112		14,937
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 18,960,079	\$ <u>1,682,410</u>	\$ <u>(589,951)</u>	\$ <u>21,228,328</u>

Note G - Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	Ś	54,120
Public safety		456,971
Physical environment		190,585
Culture and recreation		141,097
Total depreciation expense -		
governmental activities	\$	842,773

Note H - Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of the changes in the long-term liabilities of the City for the year ended September 30, 2018:

	(Balance October 1, 2017	_	Additions	_	Deletions	S	Balance eptember 30 2018	,	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Notes and capital lease payable:										
Note payable Capital leases	\$	1,932,495 777,537	\$	- 119,509	\$	371,452 222,241	\$	1,561,043 674,805	\$ _	378,811 242,538
Total notes and capital leases payable	\$	2,710,032	\$_	119,509	\$_	593,693	\$_	2,235,848	\$_	621,349
Other liabilities: Compensated absences										
payable Net pension (asset) liability Net OPEB obligation,	\$	1,615,102 387,347	\$	39,686 2,950,918	\$	159,849 -	\$	1,494,939 3,338,265	\$	132,137 -
as restated (Note M)	_	248,100	-	34,181	-	-	-	282,281	-	
Total long-term liabilities	\$	2,250,549	\$	3,024,785	\$	159,849	\$	5,115,485	\$	132,137

Because almost all employees are funded by the General Fund, it is that fund that has predominately been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences, net pension liability and other post-employment benefits.

Note Payable: The City's Series 2002 General Obligation Bonds were refunded during FY 2011-2012 and covered in detail by previous year's report. On May 4, 2012 the City issued a \$ 3,685,000 note payable to defease the 2002 bonds. The note bears interest at 1.97%, is payable semi-annually, and matures in August 2022. The outstanding principal balance as of September 30, 2018 is \$ 1,561,043. Principal and interest on the note is funded by the voter approved ad valorem tax, the rate of which for FY 2017-18 was 0.1910.

Note H - Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

V . . . **F**

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for this note are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	-	Principal	-	Interest	Total
2019 2020 2021 2022	\$	378,811 386,257 393,958 402,017	\$	28,907 21,461 13,761 5,962	\$ 407,718 407,718 407,719 407,979
	\$ _	1,561,043	\$	70,091	\$ 1,631,134

Capital leases: As of September 30, 2018, the City had obligations under five separate lease purchase agreements. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the lease inception. Annual debt service payments are funded by General Fund revenues. The carrying value of these assets is approximately \$ 838,000.

<u>Series 2014:</u> lease purchase in the amount of \$ 470,192 funded the replacement of the frontline fire engine.

<u>Series 2015</u>: lease purchase in the amount of \$ 197,678 funded the acquisition of an ambulance and two police interceptors.

<u>Series 2016</u>: lease purchase in the amount of \$ 98,000 funded the acquisition of vehicles for recreation, police administration and public works.

<u>Series 2017:</u> lease purchase in the amount of \$ 420,000 funded the acquisition of server replacement equipment, multi-site surveillance system, and vehicles for building and zoning, police administration, and fire rescue.

<u>Series 2018</u>: lease purchase in the amount of \$ 119,509 funded the acquisition of vehicles and equipment for police administration and fire rescue.

The following schedule presents the future minimum lease payments under these capital leases, and the present net minimum lease payments at September 30, 2018:

Year Ending <u>September 30,</u>	_	Series 2014	_	Series 2015	_	Series 2016		Series 2017		Series 2018		Total
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023	\$	82,982 20,750 - - -	\$	33,303 26,423 13,196 - -	\$	25,384 19,038 - - -	\$	88,431 88,431 88,431 88,431 -	\$	26,133 26,133 26,133 26,133 26,133	\$	256,233 180,775 127,760 114,564 26,133
Total minimum lease payments		103,732		72,922		44,422		353,724		130,665		705,465
Less: amount representing interest	_	1,558	_	2,621	_	734	_	14,591	_	11,156	_	30,660
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$_	102,174	\$	70,301	\$	43,688	\$	339,133	\$_	119,509	\$	674,805

Note I - Receivables and Payables

Receivables at September 30, 2018 were as follows:

	Accounts	g	Inter- overnmental	_	Total
Governmental activities:					
General fund	\$ 418,437	\$	699,230	\$	1,117,667
Garbage and trash fund	57,252		377		57,629
Public safety fund	-		40		40
Tennis center fund	9,393		-		9,393
Stormwater fund	-		10		10
Debt service fund	_	_	15	_	15
	\$ 485,082	\$	699,672	\$	1,184,754

Payables at September 30, 2018 were as follows:

		Total
Governmental activities:		
General fund	Ś	224,259
Garbage and trash fund	•	138,893
Public safety fund		12,209
Tennis center fund		1,831
Special purpose fund		332
Stormwater fund		76,817
Total governmental activities	\$	454,341

All amounts at September 30, 2018 are payable to vendors/contractors.

Note J - Pension Plans

The City provides pension benefits for all its full-time employees through either a defined contribution or defined benefit plan. A summary of financial data can be found on pages 78-81.

The Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund has an annual audit performed by an independent auditor. The audited financial statements can be obtained from the Florida League of Cities, Retirement Services Division, P.O. Box 1757, Tallahassee, Florida 32302. The International City Management Association – Retirement Corporation also publishes an annual financial report that can be obtained at ICMA-RC, 777 North Capitol Street NE, Washington, DC 20002-4240.

Basis of Accounting

The Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund - Defined Contribution Plan, the Police and Fire Defined Benefit Plan, the Deferred Compensation Plan, and the Retirement Health Savings Plan (the "Plans") are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which the contributions are due. City contributions are recognized when due pursuant to actuarial valuations.

For purposes of measuring the net pension (asset) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Police and Fire Defined Benefit Plan and additions to/deductions from Police and Fire Defined Benefit Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Police and Fire Defined Benefit Plan.

Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund - Defined Contribution: In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the defined contribution plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate after completion of one year of continuous service and attainment of age 21. Additionally, police officers and firefighters employed by the City prior to October 2003 continue in the defined contribution plan if they did not convert to the defined benefit plan described later in this section. For the year 2018, the City made biweekly contributions to the defined contribution plan equal to 12.5% for general employees and 14% for fire, police and management employees of each participant's base salary. In addition, each participant was required to make the following contributions to the defined contribution plan: 3% of base salary for general employees, 8% of base salary for fire employees, and 6% of base salary for all other police and management employees.

The defined contribution plans were established by City Resolution No. 681 in April 1988 for general employees, Resolution No. 841 in January 1993 for fire employees, and Resolution No. 993 in October 1997 for police officers and management employees. Amendments to the defined contribution plans can only be made by resolution.

Each participant's interest in their accrued benefits from employer contributions and associated investment earnings is vested 20% after three years of credited service and 20% for each additional year of service for the next four years. Employee contributions vest immediately.

			Requ	ired	Contributior	n Am	ount	Percentage of Contributions to Total
Employee Classification	 Covered Payroll	_	City		Employee		Total	Covered Payroll
General Employees Firefighters Police Officers Management	\$ 1,523,974 270,900 100,670 948,305	\$	190,497 37,926 14,094 132,763	\$	45,719 21,672 6,040 56,898	\$	236,216 59,598 20,134 189,661	15.50% 22.00% 20.00% 20.00%
Total	\$ 2,843,849	\$	375,280	\$	130,329	\$	505,609	17.78%

Contributions made by the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 are as follows:

Plan membership at September 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

	General	Fire	Police	Management
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	6_	7_	2	9_
Terminated members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	5			1
Current employees: Fully vested Partially vested Nonvested	18 8 8	6 - -	8 - -	4 6 -
Total current employees	34	6	8	10
Total membership	45	13	10	20

Investment summaries at September 30, 2018, are as follows:

	General		Police	Management
Investment Type	Employees	Firefighters	Officers	Employees
Money Market Funds	23%	21%	47%	45%
Balanced Funds	64%	10%	17%	21%
U.S. Stock Funds	10%	58%	32%	30%
Bond Funds	2%	1%	1%	3%
International Stock Funds	1%	2%	3%	1%
Specialty Funds	0%	8%	0%	0%
	100%	100%	100%	100%
Fair Value				
of Investments	\$ 4,218,264	\$ 4,400,737	\$ 2,282,895	\$ 5,468,941

All defined contribution (401a) plans provide for employee loans. Loans are limited to 50% of the employee's vested balance not to exceed \$ 50,000. Interest rates are based on prime plus 0.5%. As of September 30, 2018, participant loans outstanding amounted to \$ 281,437.

Police and Fire - Defined Benefit: Effective October 1, 2003, the City established a defined benefit pension plan for full-time police officers and firefighters. The defined benefit pension plan is a single-employer variety. In accordance with Ordinance 835, the defined benefit pension plan is mandatory for all new hires and optional for all police officers and firefighters employed on October 1, 2003. In FY 2018, the City contributed 22.27% of employee base salaries and employees contributed 16.34%. All investments, totaling \$ 26,089,344 at September 30, 2018, are managed by the Florida League of Cities, Inc. through the Florida Municipal Pension Trust. The plan has no past service costs because any employees who opt to purchase past service with the City of Lighthouse Point expired in FY 2009. As of September 30, 2018, the membership in the plan consists of 52 active participants, two former employees who are either vested or entitled to a refund of employee contributions, and thirteen retirees/beneficiaries receiving a benefit.

Net Pension (Asset) Liability

The City's net pension (asset) liability as measured as of September 30, 2018 and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension (asset) liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017.

Actuarial assumptions. The total net pension (asset) liability in the October 1, 2017 valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Discount rate: 7.00% per annum (2.92% per annum is attributable to long-term inflation); this rate was used to discount all future benefit payments.

Salary increases: 7.00% per annum for employees less than age 35; 6.00% per annum for employees age 35 to age 45; 5.00% per annum for employees age 45 to age 55; and 4.00% per annum for employees at least age 55.

Cost-of-living increases: 3.00% as of each October 1 at least five years after retirement.

Mortality basis: Sex-distinct rates set forth in the RP-2000 Blue Collar mortality Table, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale BB.

Retirement: 4.30% at ages 50 and 54; 4.20% at age 52, 4.40% at age 55; 4.50% at age 56; 4.70% at age 57; or 100% at normal retirement age.

Other decrements: Assumed employment termination is based on age and ranges from 7.70% at age 25 to 4.40% at age 55. Assumed disability is based on age and ranges from 0.09% at age 25 to 0.00% at age 55.

Future contributions: Contributions from the employer and employees are assumed to be made as legally required.

Changes: Since the prior measurement date, the mortality basis was changed from a 2007 projection of the RP-2000 Mortality Table to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale BB.

Long-term expected rate of return - The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Investment Type	Target Allocation	Expected Long-Term Real Return
Core bonds	16%	0.58% per annum
Multi-sector	24%	1.08% per annum
U.S. large cap equity	39%	6.08% per annum
U.S. small cap equity	11%	6.83% per annum
Non-U.S equity	10%	6.83% per annum
Total or weighted arithmetic average	100%	4.08% per annum

Rate of Return - For the year ended September 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expenses, was 7.49%. The money-weighted rate of return express investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension (asset) liability was 7.00% per annum. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the Plan was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension (asset) liability.

Changes in the Net Pension (Asset) Liability

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability		
Balances, beginning	\$ 23,829,473	\$	(23,442,126)	\$	387,347		
Changes for the year: Service cost Expected interest growth Unexpected investment income Demographic experience Contributions - employer Contributions - member Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense Assumption changes	398,297 1,658,825 - 2,898,623 - - (746,176) - 1,803,577		(1,684,908) (99,694) - (1,372,606) (702,612) 746,176 51,416 -		398,297 (26,083) (99,694) 2,898,623 (1,372,606) (702,612) - 51,416 1,803,577		
Net changes	6,013,146		(3,062,228)		2,950,918		
Balances, ending	\$ 29,842,619	\$	(26,504,354)	\$	3,338,265		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	-	1% Decrease (6.00%)	-	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	-	1% Increase (8.00%)
Total pension liability Less fiduciary net position	\$ -	34,162,974 (26,504,354)	\$	29,842,619 (26,504,354)	\$ -	26,363,639 (26,504,354)
Net pension (asset) liability	\$	7,658,620	\$	3,338,265	\$	(140,715)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2018 the City recognized pension expense of \$ 974,994. At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between actual and investment gain/loss Change of assumptions Demographic gain/loss	\$ 312,395 4,171,024 2,725,439	\$	938,705 670,198 246,201	
Total	\$ 7,208,858	\$	1,855,104	

Note J - Pension Plans (continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended <u>September 30:</u>	Amount
2019	\$ 1,265,486
2020	\$ 953,093
2021	\$ 1,334,977
2022	\$ 1,476,213
2023	\$ 323,985

Deferred Compensation Plan: Employees may participate in a deferred compensation plan adopted under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457 as amended by Congress. The deferred compensation plan is available to all full-time employees of the City. Under the deferred compensation plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salaries and therefore defer paying taxes on such portion until the withdrawal date. The deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency subject to approval by the City. The deferred compensation plan is administered by an unrelated independent plan administrator. Under the terms of the Internal Revenue Code Section 457, all deferred compensation and income attributable to the investment returns are held in trust by the City for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. As part of its fiduciary role, the City has an obligation of due care in selecting the third party administrator, approving investments offered to participants, monitoring compliance with maximum contribution limits, catch-up provisions, and emergency withdrawals. The current plan administrator is the International City Management Association Retirement Corporation ("ICMA-RC"). In the opinion of the City's legal counsel, the City has acted in a prudent manner and is not liable for losses that may arise from the administration of the deferred compensation plan. Due to the level of fiduciary responsibility accepted by the City, the deferred compensation fund is presented as a Pension Trust Fund in the accompanying financial statements.

Retirement Health Savings Plan: As a voluntary supplement to the employees' required pension trust funds, the City established by Resolution 2003-1298 a retirement health saving plan and trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. The retirement health saving plan is fully funded by employee pre-tax contributions. The account totaled \$581,198 at September 30, 2018 and is invested by ICMA-RC per the direction of each participant. Funds can only be withdrawn for medical expenses as approved by Internal Revenue Service regulations. Should funds not be expended, they revert back to the City plan, however the City's policy is to distribute any remaining proceeds upon death of a participant to their beneficiaries as they have provided in writing. Based upon employee group commitments, the plan currently includes Fire Captains, Police Department non-union employees, Administrative Secretaries, the Chief Clerk of the Police Department, Fire Driver-Engineers, and Fire Rescue Supervisors.

Roth IRA: The City administration allows employees to make voluntary after-tax contributions to a Roth IRA, established through ICMA-RC. Participants choose how much to contribute to the voluntary plan, and the IRS provides guidelines on contributions and distributions.

Note K - Commitments and Contingencies

Risk management: The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City places all insurance risk, less nominal deductibles, in the hands of commercial carriers. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note K - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Grants compliance: The City receives financial assistance from federal, state and local governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and may be subject to audit by the grantor agencies. In accordance with Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the Florida Single Audit Act, the City was not required to conduct a "single audit" for federal or state grants. The threshold for such audits is \$ 750,000 for either level of government. For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City did not have any financial assistance that met the "single audit" threshold.

Note L - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

During fiscal year 2018, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. GASB Statement No. 75 specifies that governments must recognize their total OPEB liability and related deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense in the financial statements based on the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments, rather than the smaller net OPEB obligation based on contribution requirements, under GASB Statement No. 45. See Note N below for information on the effect of implementation on beginning net position in the government wide statements.

Plan Description and Funding Policy: The City's only post-retirement benefit is offering retired employees the opportunity to retain the City's health insurance coverage by paying the full premium paid by the City for active employees. For department directors only, employees who retire at age 62 with at least ten years of service receive the City health insurance until age 65 with the City paying the full premium for the retiree. At age 55 with at least ten years of service, a department director may receive 33% of the premium subsidy from the City.

Elected officials, who have served five years, are eligible to retain City health insurance at their own expense. All other employees may stay with the City's health plan upon normal retirement but without any City contribution. An actuarial valuation was completed as of October 1, 2017 and reflects the most current estimate of the other post-employment benefit obligation liability. As of September 30, 2018, the net obligation was \$282,281. Consequently, the Statement of Net Position reflects this amount.

The following table provides a summary of the number of participants in the plan as of the measurement date:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	4
Inactive plan members entitled to but	
not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	78
Total plan members	82

The liabilities and costs used in the valuation studies were based on numerous assumptions concerning the cost of benefits to be provided in the future, the contributions expected to be made by retirees in the future, the incidence and level of benefit coverage in the future, and the future demographic experience of the current active employees of the City and current retirees and their covered dependents. The cost developed pursuant to GASB Statement 75 is only an estimate of the true cost of providing post-employment benefits. The basis for these benefits is authorized by the City Commission by resolution.

Note L - Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Currently, the City's OPEB benefits are unfunded. This plan is not accounted for in a trust fund. To date, the City has followed a pay as you go funding policy, therefore, only those amounts necessary to provide for the City's reporting of current year benefit costs and expenses have been contributed from the General Fund. Contribution rates are determined by the City. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report and it is not included in the report of a public employee retirement system or a report of another entity.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The actuarial valuation of the calculation of OPEB involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the City and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the City and the plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

The total OPEB liability at September 30, 2018 was based on an actuarial valuation dated October 1, 2017 with a measurement date of September 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal.
Discount Rate Salary Increases	3.64% per annum. 3.00% per annum.
Cost-of-living Increases	Retiree contributions, health insurance premiums, and the implied subsidy have been assumed to increase in accordance with the healthcare cost trend rates.
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Increases in healthcare costs are assumed to be 8.00% for the 2017/18 fiscal year graded down by 0.50% per year to 5.00% for the 2023/2024 and later fiscal years.
Age-related Morbidity	Healthcare costs are assumed to increase at the rate of 3.50% for each year of age.
Implied Subsidy	Because the insurance carrier charges the same monthly rate for health insurance regardless of age, implied monthly subsidies of \$ 350.00 for the high-deductible plan and \$ 600.00 for the POS plan have been assumed at age 62 for the 2017/18 fiscal year; at other ages, the implied subsidy was developed based on the age-related morbidity assumption and, for other fiscal years, the implied subsidy was increased in accordance with the healthcare cost trend rates; the implied subsidy is assumed to disappear at age 65.

Note L - Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Mortality Basis	Sex-distinct rates set forth in the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale BB.
Retirement Age	For police officers and firefighters, retirement is assumed to occur at age 60 with eight years of service, at age 55 with 10 years of service, or at age 50 with 25 years of service; for general employees, retirement is assumed to occur at age 62 with eight years of service or at age 55 with 10 years of service.
Other Decrements	Assumed employment termination is based on the Scale 155 table; assumed disability is based on the Wyatt 1985 Disability Study (Class 1 for general employees and Class 4 for police officers and firefighters).
Coverage Election	25% of eligible employees who are not entitled to an explicit subsidy and 100% of eligible employees who are entitled to an explicit subsidy are assumed to elect medical coverage upon retirement or disability for life in accordance with their current health plan and coverage election; retirees are not assumed to have any dependent children.
COBRA	Future healthcare coverage provided solely pursuant to COBRA was not included in the OPEB valuation; because the COBRA premium is determined periodically based on plan experience, the COBRA premium to be paid by the participant is assumed to fully cover the cost of providing healthcare coverage during the relevant period.

There were no changes in assumptions or benefits during the year ended September 30, 2018.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at September 30, 2017 was 3.64%. Because the City's OPEB costs are funded on a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20 year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date was used to determine the total OPEB liability.

Total OPEB Liability of the City: The components of the City's net OPEB liability at September 30, 2018, are as follows:

Total OPEB liability OPEB Plan fiduciary net position	\$	282,281 -
City's net OPEB liability	\$ _	282,281
OPEB Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	=	0%

Note L - Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Measurement year ended September 30, 2018

Total OPEB liability: Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Benefit payments	\$ 29,429 10,007 (5,255)
Net change in total OPEB liability	34,181
Total OPEB liability, beginning	 248,100
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 282,281

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following table presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 3.64%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than current discount rate:

				Current Discount	
	1	% Decrease (2.64%)	_	Rate (3.64%)	1% Increase (4.64%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	317,138	\$	282,281	\$ 252,059

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current trend rate:

		1% Trend	-	Trend Rate		1% Trend
		Decrease	A	Assumption		Increase
	7.00% Decreasing			0% Decreasing	9.0	0% Decreasing
	_	to 4.00%	_	to 5.00%	_	to 6.00%
Total OPEB liability	\$_	241,977	\$_	282,281	\$_	331,717

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB: For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$ 34,181. At September 30, 2018, the City has no deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

Note M - Individual Fund Disclosures

At September 30, 2018, the Tennis Center Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$ 19,506. The City expects to reduce this deficit through transfers from the General Fund in Fiscal Year 2018-2019.

Note N - Restatement of Beginning Net Position

The net position of the Governmental Activities has been adjusted due to the adoption of GASB Statements No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, in fiscal year 2018 as follows:

Net Position, September 30, 2017, as previously reported	\$ 29,392,040
Cumulative Affect of Application of GASB 75, Net Pension Liability	40,900
Net Position, September 30, 2017, as restated	\$ 29,432,940

Note O - Subsequent Events

In the summer of 2018, the City reached agreement with both its firefighters and police officers to allow members to enroll in the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The join date for firefighters was October 1, 2018, and for police officers was March 1, 2019. Currently the City contributes 24.50% of eligible employee wages and employees contribute 3% of their wages. Employees may choose from the FRS Pension Plan (defined benefit) or FRS Investment Plan (defined contribution). There are currently 23 firefighters and 26 police officers participating in the FRS, and any vested benefit in the City's defined benefit plan is frozen until their eventual retirement. The FRS Pension Plan is one of the largest public retirement plans in the U.S. and comprises roughly three-quarters of total assets under Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) management. The Florida State Legislature determines plan structure, benefit levels, and funding. As of the date of this report, only 4 participants remain in the City's defined benefit plan.

On November 6, 2018, the citizens of Lighthouse Point approved a \$16.5 million Bond Referendum. The proceeds will be used to construct a Fire Station/Emergency Operations Center that can withstand a Category 5 hurricane as well as to purchase the land where it will be constructed, a new Public Works Building and renovation of an existing facility, a new Recreation building at Dan Witt Park, and a renovation project at the City's Library. The bonds have been validated by the Broward County Circuit Court, and the City Commission has passed a resolution authorizing a loan from the Florida Municipal Loan Council, as well as a supplemental resolution approving the form and execution of the bond purchase contract and other documents required for closing of the bonds, scheduled for mid-April 2019.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Required Supplementary Information Police and Fire Defined Benefit Pension Plan Schedule of Changes in Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

	_	2018		2017		2016	_	2015	_	2014
Total pension liability	_									
Service cost	\$	398,297	\$	371,661	\$	371,661	\$	253,497	\$	338,632
Expected interest growth		1,658,825		1,586,392		1,129,166		1,514,924		1,477,810
Demographic experience		2,898,623		(426,868)		659,097		(32,379)		-
Assumption changes		1,803,577		-		4,860,207		(1,940,714)		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of										
member contributions		(746,176)	-	(455,688)	-	(454,253)	-	(355,333)	-	(599,481)
Net change in total pension liability		6,013,146		1,075,497		6,565,878		(560,005)		1,216,961
Total pension liability - beginning		23,829,473	_	22,753,976	-	16,188,098	_	16,748,103	_	15,531,142
Total pension liability - ending (A)	\$_	29,842,619	\$	23,829,473	\$	22,753,976	\$	16,188,098	\$	16,748,103
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	1,372,606	\$	991,535	Ś	815,761	\$	776,750	Ś	812,593
Contributions - member	Ŷ	702,612	Ŷ	722,202	Ŷ	564,019	Ŷ	544,741	Ŷ	561,829
Net investment income (loss)		1,733,186		2,653,471		1,400,099		(79,907)		1,198,583
Benefit payments, including refunds of		1,700,100		2,000,171		1,100,000		(73)3077		1,100,000
member contributions		(746,176)		(455,688)		(454,253)		(355,333)		(387,047)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	3,062,228	-	3,911,520	•	2,325,626	-	886,251	-	2,185,958
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		23,442,126		19,530,606		17,204,980		16,318,729		14,132,771
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B)	<u>ج</u>	26,504,354	¢.	23,442,126	Ś	19,530,606	Ś	17,204,980	¢	16,318,729
rian inductary net position - ending (b)	-	20,304,334	7=	23,442,120	Ŷ	19,930,000	7	17,204,300	7	10,510,725
City net pension (asset) liability - ending (A) - (B)	\$	3,338,265	\$	387,347	\$	3,223,370	\$	(1,016,882)	\$	429,374
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension (asset) liability		88.81%		98.37%		85.83%		106.28%		97.44%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,261,638	\$	3,261,638	\$	3,011,289	\$	3,043,337	\$	3,125,632
City net pension (asset) liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll		102.35%		11.88%		107.04%		-33.41%		13.74%

Note: This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

Police and Fire Defined Benefit Pension Plan **Required Supplementary Information** City of Lighthouse Point, Florida **Schedule of City Contributions** Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

	2018	I	2017	1	2016	I	2015	I	2014	I	2013	I	2012	I	2011		2010		2009
Actuarially determined contribution Actual contribution	\$ 1,372,607 \$ 991,535 957,596 991,535	ۍ ۱	991,535 991,535	ۍ ا	\$ 815,761 815,761	ۍ ا	776,750 776,750	Ŷ	812,593 812,593	ŝ	\$ 1,194,863 1,194,863	۰. د	791,670 791,670	-0-	761,846 761,846	ۍ ا	624,251 624,251	\$	283,521 283,521
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 415,011 \$	به ال	ſ	ۍ ۲	ſ	ې م	1	ې م	ľ	ې بې	1	ال بې	ſ	ال ج	ſ	ŝ	,	ۍ بې	ľ
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,261,638 \$ 3,261,638 \$ 3,011,289	Ŷ	3,261,638	Ŷ	3,011,289	Ŷ	3,043,337	Ŷ	3,125,632	Ŷ	3,108,447		N/A	Ŷ	2,718,225	\$ 2,	2,572,144	\$ 2	2,441,440
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	29.36%		30.40%		27.09%		25.52%		26.00%		38.44%		N/A		28.03%		24.27%		11.61%
Covered navroll for the 2012 year is not available	not available																		

Covered payroll for the 2012 year is not available.

Valuation date: October 1, 2017

Meth

d to determine contribution rates:	7.00% per annum (2.92% per annum is attributable to long term inflation); this rate was used to discount all future benefit payments.	7.00% per annum for employees less than age 35, 6.00% per annun for employees age 35 to age 45	5.00% per annum for employees age 45 to age 55, and 4.00% per annum for employees at least age 55	3.00% as of each October 1 at least five years after retirement	Sex-distinct rates set forth in the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale BB	4.30% at ages 50 and 54, 4.20% at age 52, 4.40% at age 55, 4.50% at age 56, 4.70% at age 57, or 100% at normal retirement age.	Assumed employment termination is based on age and ranges from 7.70% at age 25 to 4.40% at age 55.	Assumed disability is based on age and ranges from 0.09% at age 25 to 0.00% at age 55.	Contributions from the employer and employees are assumed to be made as legally required.	Since the prior measurement date, the mortality basis was changed from a 2007 projection of the RP-2000 Mortality Table to the RP-2000 Rue Collar Mortality Table with full concertional improvements in mortality using Scale RB
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:	Discount rate 7.00	Salary increases 7.00	5.00	Cost-of-living increases 3.00	Mortality basis Sex-	Retirement age 4.30	Other decrements Assu	Assu	Future contributions	Changes Sinc

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Required Supplementary Information Police and Fire Defined Benefit Pension Plan Schedule of Investment Returns Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	7.49%	13.46%	8.20%	-0.23%	8.50%

Note: This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

Fiscal Year: Measurement Date:	2018 9/30/2018
Total OPEB liability Service cost Interest Benefits payments	\$ 29,429 10,007 (5,255)
Net change in total OPEB liability	34,181
Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 248,100 282,281
Covered payroll	\$ 4,992,342
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	5.65%

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the OPEB plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

Plan Assets. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets all of the criteria of GASB No. 75, paragraph 4, to pay benefits.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes:	ć 7.745.000	÷ 7.04.254	¢ 7.004.054	<u> </u>
Current Delinquent	\$ 7,715,000	\$ 7,601,351 133,939	\$ 7,601,351 134,253	\$ - 314
Demiquent				
	7,715,000	7,735,290	7,735,604	314
Franchise taxes:				
Electricity	850,400	850,400	819,719	(30,681)
Solid waste	47,000	47,000	49,414	2,414
	897,400	897,400	869,133	(28,267)
Utility service taxes:				
Electricity	1,177,000	1,177,000	1,171,027	(5,973)
Water	533,500	533,500	551,744	18,244
Gas	1,500	1,500	929	(571)
Propane	56,000	56,000	45,895	(10,105)
Communications services	645,000	680,096	678,977	(1,119)
	2,413,000	2,448,096	2,448,572	476
Licenses and permits:				
Business license tax	73,000	73,000	75,257	2,257
Building permits	324,000	437,006	444,205	7,199
Plumbing permits	74,700	74,700	81,617	6,917
Electrical permits	124,200	124,200	126,416	2,216
Other	307,700	314,352	366,290	51,938
	903,600	1,023,258	1,093,785	70,527
Intergovernmental revenues:				
State revenue sharing	300,000	300,000	316,771	16,771
Other state revenue sharing	52,000	52,000	52,729	729
Alcoholic beverage license	7,000	7,000	881	(6,119)
Gasoline tax	191,500	191,500	192,000	500
Half cent sales tax	710,000	710,000	719,855	9,855
Firefighters supplemental	14,000	14,000	12,021	(1,979)
Motor fuel rebate County occupational license	5,000 11,000	5,000 11,000	5,380 11,564	380 564
Federal grants	30,000	133,881	128,881	(5,000)
State grants	1,500	1,500	1,096	(404)
Local grants	70,000	70,000	55,718	(14,282)
	1,392,000	1,495,881	1,496,896	1,015

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
Revenues (continued)				
Charges for services:				
Lien search fees	32,000	32,000	36,450	4,450
Zoning fees	10,000	10,000	29,899	19,899
Merchandise sales	-	-	1	1
Certification, copying, research	500	500	26	(474)
City commission appeals	-	-	225	225
Other fees - city clerk	500	500	904	404
Accident reports	400	400	1,482	1,082
Fingerprinting fees	5,000	5,000	5,945	945
Alarm fees	8,000	8,000	8,030	30
Special detail fees	30,000	30,000	35,513	5,513
Fire inspection fees	25,000	25,000	22,761	(2,239)
Construction inspection fees	1,000	1,000	5,811	4,811
Other fees - fire	750	750	550	(200)
Ambulance fees	245,000	245,000	252,560	7,560
Library fees	1,400	1,400	1,150	(250)
Photostat and other fees	1,750	1,750	2,280	530
Registration - recreation	42,000	42,000	39,420	(2,580)
Summer recreation fees	55,000	55,000	57,200	2,200
Other recreation fees	7,000	7,000	6,141	(859)
	465,300	465,300	506,348	41,048
Non ad valorem assessments:	91E 000	91E 000	022 756	7 756
Special assessments - fire	815,000	815,000	822,756	7,756
Fines and forfeitures:	815,000	815,000	822,756	7,756
Court fines	16,000	16,000	8,250	(7,750)
Library fines	750	750	460	(290)
Parking citations	2,600	2,600	1,875	(725)
Code enforcement fines	80,000	142,912	190,530	47,618
code enforcement mes	80,000	142,912	190,550	47,010
	99,350	162,262	201,115	38,853
Miscellaneous income:				
Interest income	40,000	80,807	61,830	(18,977)
Other	55,000	143,054	205,309	62,255
	95,000	223,861	267,139	43,278
Allocation of fund balance		1,768,928		(1,768,928)
Total revenues	14,795,650	17,035,276	15,441,348	(1,593,928)
			a a satisficant a second	

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
Expenditures:				
General government:				
Legislative - commission Personal services	42,484	12 101	43,042	(
Operating expenditures	42,484 67,117	42,484 126,032	108,297	(558) 17,735
Capital outlay	-	1,750,000	1,767,228	(17,228)
Grants and aids	11,195	11,195	11,195	(,/,/,/,/,/
	120,796	1,929,711	1,929,762	(51)
Executive - Mayor:				
Personal services	29,959	29,959	29,913	46
Operating expenditures	16,458	21,916	23,046	(1,130)
Capital outlay		983	_	983
	46,417	52,858	52,959	(101)
Administration/finance:				
Personal services	637,322	637,322	632,940	4,382
Operating expenditures	129,790	137,190	141,685	(4,495)
Capital outlay				
	767,112	774,512	774,625	(113)
City attorney:				
Operating expenditures	151,400	194,807	194,807	
Support services:				
Personal services	93,049	65,302	65,302	-
Operating expenditures	491,740	488,038	509,405	(21,367)
Capital outlay	25,000	211,643	189,864	21,779
	609,789	764,983	764,571	412
Total general government	1,695,514	3,716,871	3,716,724	147
Public safety: Police department:				
Personal services	5,188,874	5,081,075	5,078,903	2,172
Operating expenditures	266,444	302,753	310,486	(7,733)
Capital outlay	27,015	61,904	67,644	(5,740)
	5,482,333	5,445,732	5,457,033	(11,301)

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
Public safety (continued) Fire department:				
Personal services	3,738,526	3,610,427	3,612,513	(2,086)
Operating expenditures	196,830	199,359	255,445	(56,086)
Capital outlay	216,700	323,329	293,747	29,582
	4,152,056	4,133,115	4,161,705	(28,590)
Building department:				
Personal services	236,098	227,502	226,795	707
Operating expenditures Capital outlay	387,400	507,058 	508,052 	(994)
	623,498	734,560	734,847	(287)
Code enforcement:				
Personal services	262,462	256,963	257,702	(739)
Operating expenditures Capital outlay	22,665	22,665 	22,274	391
	285,127	279,628	279,976	(348)
Total public safety	10,543,014	10,593,035	10,633,561	(40,526)
Physical environment: Public works:				
Personal services	988,562	987,005	985,041	1,964
Operating expenditures	425,106	838,615	852,314	(13,699)
Capital outlay		15,297	9,242	6,055
Total physical environment	1,413,668	1,840,917	1,846,597	(5,680)
Transportation: Community bus:				
Personal services	35,579	35,579	36,168	(589)
Operating expenditures	9,920	9,920	12,414	(2,494)
Total transportation	45,499	45,499	48,582	(3,083)

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
Culture/recreation:				
Library:	202.450	207 022	207 702	20
Personal services	303,458	297,822	297,793	29
Operating expenditures	33,380	31,031	81,158	(50,127)
Capital outlay	44,000	49,645	29,603	20,042
	380,838	378,498	408,554	(30,056)
Recreation department:				
Personal services	265,769	256,349	255,799	550
Operating expenditures	182,885	197,160	218,616	(21,456)
Capital outlay	117,700	127,328	105,981	21,347
	566,354	580,837_	580,396	441
Total culture/recreation	947,192	959,335	988,950	(29,615)
Debt service:				
Principal	236,830	222,799	222,241	558
Interest	15,543	13,531	14,089	(558)
Other debt service	1,000		,	-
Total debt service	253,373	236,330	236,330	
Total expenditures	14,898,260	17,391,987	17,470,744	(78,757)
F				
Excess of revenues over	(102 (10)	(256 744)	(2,020,200)	
expenditures	(102,610)	(356,711)	(2,029,396)	(1,672,685)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	135,000	135,000	110,000	(25,000)
Transfers out	(160,405)	(160,405)	(160,405)	-
Capital lease issuance	128,015	136,521	119,509	(17,012)
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	102,610	111,116	69,104	(42,012)
		_	_	_
Net change in fund balance	\$	\$(245,595)	(1,960,292)	\$(1,714,697)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			5,806,003	
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$ 3,845,711	
-				

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with Final
_	Original	_	Final	_	Amounts	-	Budget
Revenues:							
Charges for services:	<u> </u>		60.000		64.226		4.226
Membership fees e		\$	60,000	\$	64,236	\$	4,236
Daily use fees	16,000		16,000		16,190		190
Revenue sharing	25,000		25,000		24,996		(4)
Summer camp fees	3,000	_	3,000	_	3,191	_	191
	104,000	_	104,000		108,613	_	4,613
Miscellaneous:	4 000		4 000		4 9 9 9		
Other	1,000		1,000		1,000	_	-
	1,000	_	1,000	_	1,000	_	
Total revenues	105,000		105,000		109,613		4,613
Expenditures:							
Culture/recreation:							
Personal services	191,889		191,889		186,887		5,002
Operating expenditures	49,516	_	49,516		49,721	_	(205)
Total expenditures	241,405	_	241,405		236,608	_	4,797
Evenes (deficiency) of							
Excess (deficiency) of	(126 405)		(126 405)		(126.005)		0.410
revenues over expenditures	(136,405)		(136,405)		(126,995)		9,410
Other Financing Sources:							
Transfers in	136,405		136,405		136,405		_
	130,405	-	130,403	_	130,405	-	
Total other financing							
sources	136,405		136,405		136,405		-
		_				-	
Net change in							
fund balance §	-	\$	-		9,410	\$	9,410
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year		· =			(28,916)	' =	
· · ·					i		
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year				\$	(19,506)		

Original Final Amounts Budget Revenues: Non ad valorem assessments: Stormwater fees \$ 265,000 \$ 271,093 \$ 6,093 265,000 265,000 271,093 \$ 6,093 Miscellaneous: Interest income 1,500 1,500 3,438 1,938 Allocation of fund balance 74,500 74,500 - (74,500) Total revenues 341,000 341,000 274,531 (66,469) Expenditures: Finance/administration: Operating expenditures 8,500 8,500 3,904 4,596 Physical environment: Operating expenditures 47,500 230,000 125,651 104,349 277,500 277,500 277,500 264,846 12,654 Total expenditures 55,000 55,000 55,000 - (83,719) Other Financing sources (uses) (55,000) (55,000) - - (49,219) \$ (83,719) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year \$ _ \$ _ - (49,219) \$ (83,719)		Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with Final
Non ad valorem assessments: Stormwater fees \$ 265,000 \$ 271,093 \$ 6,093 Miscellaneous: Interest income 1,500 1,500 3,438 1,938 Allocation of fund balance 74,500 74,500 . . Total revenues 341,000 341,000 274,531 . . Physical environment: Operating expenditures 8,500 8,500 3,904 4,596 Physical environment: Operating expenditures 47,500 277,500 139,195 . Operating expenditures 230,000 230,000 125,651 104,349 277,500 277,500 268,750 17,250 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 55,000 55,000 5,781 . Total expenditures 55,000 55,000 5,781 . . Total expenditures 286,000 268,750 . . . Total expenditures 55,000 55,000 Total other financing sources (uses)		Original	_	Final	_	Amounts	_	Budget
Stormwater fees \$ 265,000 \$ 271,093 \$ 6,093 Miscellaneous: 1,500 265,000 265,000 271,093 \$ 6,093 Miscellaneous: 1,500 1,500 3,438 1,938 Interest income 1,500 1,500 3,438 1,938 Allocation of fund balance 74,500 - (74,500) Total revenues 341,000 341,000 274,531 (66,469) Expenditures: 8,500 8,500 3,904 4,596 Operating expenditures 8,500 8,500 3,904 4,596 Operating expenditures 47,500 47,500 139,195 (91,695) Capital outlay 230,000 230,000 125,651 104,349 277,500 277,500 268,750 17,250 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 55,000 55,000 5,781 (83,719) Other Financing sources (uses): (55,000) (55,000) - - - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>								
Miscellaneous: Interest income 1,500 1,500 3,438 1,938 Allocation of fund balance 74,500 74,500 - (74,500) Total revenues 341,000 341,000 274,531 (66,469) Expenditures: Finance/administration: (69,469) (66,469) Operating expenditures 8,500 8,500 3,904 4,596 Physical environment: 0perating expenditures 47,500 139,195 (91,695) Operating expenditures 230,000 230,000 125,651 104,349 2777,500 277,500 264,846 12,654 Total expenditures 286,000 286,000 268,750 17,250 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 55,000 5,781 (83,719) Other Financing sources (uses): (55,000) (55,000) - - Total other financing sources (uses) (55,000) (55,000) - - Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ - (49,219) \$ (83,719) <td></td> <td>265,000</td> <td>\$</td> <td>265,000</td> <td>\$</td> <td>271,093</td> <td>\$</td> <td>6,093</td>		265,000	\$	265,000	\$	271,093	\$	6,093
Interest income 1,500 1,500 3,438 1,938 Allocation of fund balance 74,500 74,500 .		265,000		265,000		271,093		6,093
Interest income 1,500 1,500 3,438 1,938 Allocation of fund balance 74,500 74,500 .	Miscellaneous:				_		-	
Allocation of fund balance 74,500 - (74,500) Total revenues 341,000 341,000 274,531 (66,469) Expenditures: Finance/administration: 0 0 3,904 4,596 Operating expenditures 8,500 8,500 3,904 4,596 Physical environment: 0 0 230,000 139,195 (91,695) Capital outlay 230,000 230,000 125,651 104,349 277,500 277,500 264,846 12,654 Total expenditures 286,000 268,750 17,250 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 55,000 55,000 5,781 (83,719) Other Financing sources (uses): Total other financing sources (uses) (55,000) - - - Met change in fund balance \$ - \$ - (49,219) \$ (83,719) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 344,738 - 344,738 - -		1,500	_	1,500	_	3,438	-	1,938
Total revenues 341,000 341,000 274,531 (66,469) Expenditures: Finance/administration: 0perating expenditures 8,500 8,500 3,904 4,596 Operating expenditures 8,500 8,500 3,904 4,596 Physical environment: 0perating expenditures 47,500 47,500 139,195 (91,695) Capital outlay 230,000 230,000 125,651 104,349 277,500 277,500 264,846 12,654 Total expenditures 286,000 286,000 268,750 17,250 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 55,000 5,781 (83,719) Other Financing sources (uses): Transfers out (55,000) (55,000) - Total other financing sources (uses) (55,000) (55,000) (55,000) - Net change in fund balance \$ _ \$ _ (49,219) \$ (83,719) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 344,738 344,738 344,738 344,738 344,738 </td <td></td> <td>1,500</td> <td></td> <td>1,500</td> <td>_</td> <td>3,438</td> <td>-</td> <td>1,938</td>		1,500		1,500	_	3,438	-	1,938
Expenditures:	Allocation of fund balance	74,500	_	74,500	_	-	-	(74,500)
Finance/administration: 0perating expenditures 8,500 3,904 4,596 0perating expenditures 8,500 8,500 3,904 4,596 Physical environment: 0perating expenditures 47,500 47,500 139,195 (91,695) Operating expenditures 47,500 230,000 2230,000 125,651 104,349 Capital outlay 230,000 230,000 125,651 104,349 277,500 277,500 264,846 12,654 Total expenditures 286,000 286,000 268,750 17,250 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 55,000 55,000 5,781 (83,719) Other Financing sources (uses): Transfers out (55,000) (55,000) - - Total other financing sources (uses) (55,000) (55,000) (55,000) - - Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ - (49,219) \$ (83,719) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 344,738 344,738 - - - -	Total revenues	341,000	_	341,000	_	274,531	_	(66,469)
Operating expenditures 8,500 8,500 3,904 4,596 8,500 8,500 3,904 4,596 Physical environment: 0perating expenditures 47,500 139,195 (91,695) Capital outlay 230,000 230,000 125,651 104,349 277,500 277,500 268,750 17,250 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 55,000 55,000 5,781 (83,719) Other Financing sources (uses): Total other financing sources (uses): - - - Total other financing sources (uses) (55,000) (55,000) (55,000) - Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ (49,219) \$ (83,719) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 344,738 344,738 - - -	-							
8,500 8,500 3,904 4,596 Physical environment: 0perating expenditures 47,500 47,500 139,195 (91,695) Capital outlay 230,000 230,000 125,651 104,349 277,500 277,500 264,846 12,654 Total expenditures 286,000 286,000 268,750 17,250 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 55,000 5,781 (83,719) Other Financing sources (uses): Total other financing sources (uses) - - Total other financing sources (uses) (55,000) (55,000) - - Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ - (49,219) \$ (83,719) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 344,738 344,738 - - - -		8,500		8.500		3.904		4.596
Physical environment: Operating expenditures 47,500 139,195 (91,695) Capital outlay 230,000 230,000 125,651 104,349 277,500 277,500 264,846 12,654 Total expenditures 286,000 286,000 268,750 17,250 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 55,000 55,000 5,781 (83,719) Other Financing sources (uses): Transfers out (55,000) (55,000) - - Total other financing sources (uses) (55,000) (55,000) - - - Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ - (49,219) \$ (83,719) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 344,738 -			-		-		-	
Operating expenditures Capital outlay 47,500 230,000 47,500 230,000 139,195 104,349 (91,695) 104,349 Z77,500 277,500 264,846 12,654 Total expenditures 286,000 286,000 268,750 17,250 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 55,000 55,000 5,781 (83,719) Other Financing sources (uses): Transfers out (55,000) (55,000) (55,000) - Total other financing sources (uses) (55,000) (55,000) (55,000) - - Net change in fund balance \$ \$	Physical environment:	,	-	,	-	,	-	,
277,500 277,500 264,846 12,654 Total expenditures 286,000 286,000 268,750 17,250 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 55,000 55,000 5,781 (83,719) Other Financing sources (uses): Transfers out (55,000) (55,000) - - Total other financing sources (uses) (55,000) (55,000) (55,000) - - Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ - (49,219) \$ (83,719) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 344,738 344,738 - - - -	Operating expenditures	,		,				• • •
Total expenditures 286,000 286,000 268,750 17,250 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 55,000 55,000 5,781 (83,719) Other Financing sources (uses): Transfers out (55,000) (55,000) - - Total other financing sources (uses) (55,000) (55,000) (55,000) - - Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ - (49,219) \$ (83,719) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 344,738 344,738 - - - -	Capital outlay	230,000	_	230,000	_	125,651	-	104,349
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 55,000 55,000 5,781 (83,719) Other Financing sources (uses):		277,500	-	277,500	_	264,846	-	12,654
revenues over expenditures 55,000 55,000 5,781 (83,719) Other Financing sources (uses): Transfers out (55,000) (55,000) - Total other financing sources (uses) (55,000) (55,000) (55,000) - Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ - (49,219) \$ (83,719) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 344,738 344,738 344,738 - -	Total expenditures	286,000	_	286,000	_	268,750	-	17,250
Transfers out (55,000) (55,000) (55,000) - Total other financing sources (uses) (55,000) (55,000) (55,000) - Net change in fund balance \$ \$ (49,219) \$ (83,719) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 344,738 344,738		55,000	_	55,000	_	5,781	-	(83,719)
Total other financing sources (uses) (55,000) (55,000) - Net change in fund balance \$\$ - (49,219) \$ (83,719) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 344,738	Other Financing sources (uses):							
sources (uses) (55,000) (55,000) - Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ - (49,219) \$ (83,719) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 344,738 344,738	Transfers out	(55,000)	_	(55,000)	_	(55,000)	_	-
fund balance \$\$ \$ (49,219) \$\$ (83,719) Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 344,738 344,738 344,738		(55,000)	_	(55,000)	_	(55,000)	_	-
	-		\$ <u>_</u>			(49,219)	\$	(83,719)
Fund Balance, End of Year\$ 295,519	Fund Balance, Beginning of Year				_	344,738		
	Fund Balance, End of Year				\$_	295,519		

		Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget		
_	_						-		
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes	\$	407,719	\$	407,719	\$	411,639	\$	3,920	
Miscellaneous: Interest income	_	-		-	_	207	_	207	
Total revenues	_	407,719		407,719	_	411,846	-	4,127	
Expenditures: Debt service:									
Principal Interest	_	371,458 36,261		371,458 36,261	_	371,452 36,267	-	6 (6)	
Total expenditures	_	407,719	_	407,719	_	407,719	-		
Excess of revenues over expenditures	_				_	4,127	_	4,127	
Net change in fund balance	\$_		\$ <u></u>			4,127	\$_	4,127	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year					_	10,825			
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$_	14,952			

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

<u>Tennis Center Fund</u> - This fund accounts for membership revenues and expenditures associated with the operation of the City's nine lighted clay courts and Pro Shop located at Frank McDonough Park.

<u>Infrastructure Fund</u> - This fund accounts for improvements to bridges, seawalls, sidewalks, street paving, canals, buildings, and commission projects. The source of funds is primarily contributions.

<u>Stormwater Fund</u> - This fund was established in FY 2009/2010 to provide resources for stormwater management capital improvements and significant maintenance of stormwater infrastructure that had been funded in past years by grants.

<u>Special Purpose Fund</u> - This fund represents a number of special purposes accounted for within individual sub funds. These special purposes account for transactions from specific revenue sources as required by law or administrative regulations. This fund is not budgeted on an annual basis like operating funds but rather appropriated on an as needed basis by the City Commission.

Permanent Fund

<u>Walt and Mary Barker Library Fund</u> - This fund was established in FY 2015 to provide resources that enhance or augment the educational enjoyment of the City's library by residents. The funds were received from the Mary M. Barker Trust and shall be invested for growth and income. Each year, an amount equal to 5% of the January 1st value of the trust may be spent on library resources; however any expenditure of trust fund proceeds shall be at the discretion of the Lighthouse Point City Commission.

Debt Service Fund

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of governmental funds.

The Debt Service Fund was initially established to finance and account for the payment of interest and principal on the \$ 6,190,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2002. During FY 2012, the City issued a note payable in the amount of \$ 3,685,000 to defease the 2002 bonds. The note bears interest at 1.97%, is payable semi-annually, and matures in August 2022.

	Special Revenue							
	Tennis Center Fund		Infrastructure Fund		Stormwater Fund			
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 100	\$	-	\$	370,285			
Due from other funds	-		552,586		2,041			
Accounts receivable	9,393		-		-			
Due from other governments					10			
Total assets	\$ 9,493	\$	552,586	\$	372,336			
Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficit):								
Accounts payable	\$ 1,831	\$	-	\$	76,817			
Accrued payroll and related taxes	4,790		-		-			
Due to other funds	19,257		-		-			
Unearned revenue	3,121							
Total liabilities	28,999				76,817			
Fund balances (deficit):								
Nonspendable	-		-		-			
Restricted	-		-		295,519			
Committed	-		552,586		-			
Unassigned	(19,506)							
Total fund balances (deficit)	(19,506)		552,586		295,519			
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficit)	\$ 9,493	\$	552,586	\$	372,336			

-	Special Purpose Fund		Total	Permanent Walt and Mary Barker Library Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	1,260 416,872 - -	\$	371,645 971,499 9,393 10	\$ 596,904 - - -	\$ 14,937 - - 15	\$ 983,486 971,499 9,393 25
\$ <u>-</u>	418,132	\$	1,352,547	596,904	\$ 14,952	\$ 1,964,403
\$	332 - - -	\$	78,980 4,790 19,257 3,121	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 78,980 4,790 19,257 3,121
_	332	-	106,148		-	106,148
-	- - 417,800 - 417,800	-	- 295,519 970,386 (19,506) 1,246,399	500,000 96,904 - - 596,904	- 14,952 - - 14,952	500,000 407,375 970,386 (19,506) 1,858,255
-	417,800	-	1,240,333		14,332	1,030,233
\$ _	418,132	\$	1,352,547	\$ 596,904	\$ 14,952	\$ 1,964,403

	Special Revenue									
	Tennis Center Fund		Infrastructure Fund		Stormwater Fund					
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes Charges for services Non ad valorem assessments Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 108,613 - 1,000 109,613	\$	- - - 118,637 118,637	\$	271,093 3,438 274,531					
Expenditures: Current: General government					3,904					
Physical environment Culture/recreation Capital outlay Debt service: Principal	- 236,608 -		13,421 - -		139,195 - 125,651 -					
Interest Total expenditures	236,608				268,750					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(126,995)		105,216		5,781					
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	136,405 				(55,000)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	136,405				(55,000)					
Net change in fund balance	9,410		105,216		(49,219)					
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year	(28,916)		447,370		344,738					
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	\$ (19,506)	\$	552,586	\$	295,519					

Special Purpose Fund	 Total	Permanent Walt and Mary Barker Library Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ - - - 131,294	\$ - 108,613 271,093 254,369	\$ - - - 29,890	\$ 411,639 - - 207	\$ 411,639 108,613 271,093 284,466
131,294	634,075	29,890	411,846	1,075,811
8,530 74,778 7,319 - -	3,904 161,146 311,386 132,970 -	- - 10,541 - -	- - - - 371,452 36,267	3,904 161,146 321,927 132,970 371,452 36,267
90,627	609,406	10,541	407,719	1,027,666
40,667	24,669	19,349	4,127	48,145
24,000	160,405 (55,000)	-	-	160,405 (55,000)
24,000	105,405			105,405
64,667	130,074	19,349	4,127	153,550
353,133	1,116,325	577,555	10,825	1,704,705
\$ 417,800	\$ 1,246,399	\$ 596,904	\$ 14,952	\$ 1,858,255

		Defined Contribution Pension Plans										
	General	Fire	Police	Management	Total							
Assets: Investments Contributions receivable Participant loans	\$ 4,218,264 -	\$ 4,400,737 -	\$ 2,282,895 -	\$ 5,468,941 -	\$ 16,370,837 -							
receivable	182,127	32,478	31,806	35,026	281,437							
Total assets	4,400,391	4,433,215	2,314,701	5,503,967	16,652,274							
Liabilities:												
Net Position: Held in trust for pension and other benefits	\$	\$	\$ <u>2,314,701</u>	\$_5,503,967_	\$ 16,652,274							

Police and Fire Defined Benefit	C	Deferred Compensation	Retirement Health Savings Plan	Total			
\$ 26,089,344 415,010	\$	9,102,813 -	\$ 581,198 -	\$ 52,144,192 415,010			
		-		281,437			
26,504,354		9,102,813	581,198	52,840,639			
\$ 26,504,354	\$	9,102,813	\$ 581,198	\$ 52,840,639			

		Defined Contribution Pension Plans									
	General	Fire	Police	Management	Total						
Additions: Contributions											
City Employees	\$ 190,497 45,719	\$ 37,926 21,672	\$ 14,094 6,040	\$ 132,763 56,898	\$ 375,280 130,329						
Total contributions	236,216	59,598	20,134	189,661	505,609						
Investment earnings and expenses: Interest, dividend and	210.021	469 291	170 275	420 580	1 207 276						
investment value changes Less investment expense	310,931 32,433	468,381 32,673	178,375 17,060	439,589 40,565	1,397,276 122,731						
Net investment earnings	278,498	435,708	161,315	399,024	1,274,545						
Total additions	514,714	495,306	181,449	588,685	1,780,154						
Deductions:	~~~~~										
Benefits paid	69,255	177,280	8,755	202,668	457,958						
Refund of contributions: City Employees	-	- 7,921	-	-	- 7,921						
employees		7,921			7,921						
Total deductions	69,255	185,201	8,755	202,668	465,879						
Change in net position	445,459	310,105	172,694	386,017	1,314,275						
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension and Other Benefits:											
Beginning of Year	3,954,932	4,123,110	2,142,007	5,117,950	15,337,999						
End of Year	\$ 4,400,391	\$ 4,433,215	\$	\$5,503,967	\$ 16,652,274						

Police and Fire Defined Benefit	Deferred Compensation	Retirement Health Savings Plan	-	Total
\$ 1,372,606 702,612	\$ 472,060	\$ - 114,551	\$	1,747,886 1,419,552
2,075,218	472,060	114,551	-	3,167,438
1,784,602 51,416	752,967 66,815	37,965 6,669	-	3,972,810 247,631
1,733,186	686,152	31,296	-	3,725,179
3,808,404	1,158,212	145,847	-	6,892,617
675,630	457,045	26,002	-	1,616,635
- 70,546	-		-	- 78,467
746,176	457,045	26,002	-	1,695,102
3,062,228	701,167	119,845		5,197,515
23,442,126	8,401,646	461,353	_	47,643,124
\$ 26,504,354	\$ 9,102,813	\$ 581,198	\$ _	52,840,639

STATISTICAL SECTION

(NOT COVERED BY INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT)

This part of the City of Lighthouse Point's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Cit financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	y's 82-89
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significa local revenue source, the property tax.	ant 90-96
Debt Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	97-101
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader under the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	stand 102-103
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	d how 104-109
Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from t	he

comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

	Fiscal								
	_	2018	_	2017	-	2016	-	2015	
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	21,228,328 2,595,822 5,778,930	\$	18,960,079 2,951,222 7,480,739	\$	19,261,328 2,680,004 7,603,373	\$	17,949,228 3,995,702 7,469,821	
Total governmental activities net position	\$_	29,603,080	\$_	29,392,040	\$_	29,544,705	\$	29,414,751	

Notes: The City has no business-type activities.

2014	 2013	Year 2012	2011	2010	2009
\$ 16,691,679 3,250,412 5,899,447	\$ 16,705,644 3,191,909 6,421,799	\$ 15,540,755 3,331,058 6,339,706	\$ 15,392,168 3,410,406 6,237,128	\$ 15,316,538 4,048,277 6,110,724	\$ 14,921,902 4,529,846 5,407,842
\$ 25,841,538	\$ 26,319,352	\$ 25,211,519	\$ 25,039,702	\$ 25,475,539	\$ 24,859,590

		Fiscal							
		2018		2017		2016		2015	
Expenses:			•						
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	1,823,307	\$	1,781,048	\$	1,717,475	\$	1,624,496	
Public safety		10,696,943		10,120,375		9,827,589		8,684,687	
Physical environment		4,046,490		4,380,588		4,054,749		3,550,580	
Transportation		48,582		44,246		42,655		43,471	
Culture/recreation		1,329,199		1,286,251		1,262,675		1,196,903	
Interest expense		49,127		50,790		60,161		65,540	
Total governmental									
activities expenses	;	17,993,648	\$	17,663,298	\$	16,965,304	\$	15,165,677	
Program Revenues:									
Charges for services:									
General government	\$	67,505	\$	48,203	\$	53,324	\$	51,423	
Public safety		2,452,535		2,477,037		2,423,816		2,040,455	
Physical environment		1,931,329		1,936,657		2,133,587		2,100,378	
Culture/recreation		214,804		189,145		184,524		161,164	
Operating grants and									
contributions		244,468		130,980		129,830		162,097	
Capital grants and contributions		-		-		-		1,202,548	
Total governmental									
activities program									
revenues	\$	4,910,641	\$	4,782,022	\$	4,925,081	\$	5,718,065	
Total governmental									
activities net expense	\$	13,083,007	\$	12,881,276	\$	12,040,223	\$	9,447,612	
General Revenues and Change									
in Net Position:									
Taxes:	~	0 4 47 0 40	4		۷	7 270 000	4	C 020 0C2	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	8,147,243	\$	7,652,001	\$	7,270,669	\$	6,928,063	
Franchise taxes		865,160		873,192		850,214		864,725	
Utility service taxes		2,315,992		2,264,796		2,212,221		2,256,338	
Intergovernmental revenues Miscellaneous		1,274,422		1,297,569		1,209,109		1,166,306	
wiscellatieous		650,330		641,053		627,964		1,805,393	
Total general revenues	\$	13,253,147	\$	12,728,611	\$	12,170,177	\$	13,020,825	
-	~	;							
Change in net position	\$	170,140	\$	(152,665)	\$	129,954	\$	3,573,213	

					Ye	ear					
	2014		2013	-	2012		2011		2010		2009
\$	1,465,093 9,134,305 3,506,609 46,027 1,122,567 71,369	\$	1,415,364 8,686,485 3,854,194 44,667 1,156,366 77,180	\$ -	1,320,586 8,903,618 3,284,930 40,788 1,115,321 206,131	\$	1,370,967 8,569,761 3,989,844 40,474 1,201,806 197,849	\$	1,363,611 8,428,182 4,413,816 39,679 1,166,238 215,231	\$	1,440,339 8,161,594 4,776,528 40,852 1,141,223 229,439
\$_	15,345,970	\$	15,234,256	\$_	14,871,374	\$	15,370,701	\$	15,626,757	\$	15,789,975
\$	34,564 1,891,940 2,068,101 150,725	\$	27,335 1,603,627 2,236,065 125,904	\$	30,614 1,858,897 2,264,373 136,784	\$	22,940 1,609,068 2,369,597 142,928	\$	13,861 1,363,035 2,487,291 139,700	\$	11,479 1,256,534 1,901,360 142,078
-	119,455 		153,494 	-	93,412 155,985		222,371 102,386	-	188,259 261,156	-	214,979 369,768
\$	4,264,785	\$	4,146,425	\$_	4,540,065	\$	4,469,290	\$	4,453,302	\$	3,896,198
\$	11,081,185	\$	11,087,831	\$ <u></u>	10,331,309	\$	10,901,411	\$	11,173,455	\$	11,893,777
\$	6,583,961 869,058 3,124,968 1,153,978 416,655	\$	6,393,001 862,148 2,195,295 1,288,713 537,573	\$	6,120,388 825,196 2,184,080 1,089,223 284,239	\$	6,138,909 929,559 2,135,681 1,073,390 188,035	\$	6,945,061 970,558 2,116,737 1,352,185 404,863	\$	7,080,510 1,011,721 1,930,017 1,276,444 669,478
\$	12,148,620	:	11,276,730	=	10,503,126	:	10,465,574	:	11,789,404	\$	11,968,170
\$	1,067,435	\$	188,899	\$	171,817	\$	(435,837)	\$	615,949	\$	74,393

				F	isca	I		
		2018		2017		2016		2015
Concercl Frinds								
General Fund: Nonspendable	\$	81,542	\$	76,661	\$	62,003	\$	59,549
Committed	ې	1,492,589	ç	1,598,527	ç	1,365,837	ې	1,379,797
Assigned		2,250,000		3,750,000		3,750,000		3,750,000
Unassigned		21,580		380,815		887,155		349,186
C		· · ·				· · ·	•	· · · ·
Total general fund	\$	3,845,711	\$	5,806,003	\$	6,064,995	\$	5,538,532
All Other Governmental Funds:								
Major Funds:								
Garbage and trash fund:								
Restricted	\$	26,543	\$	221,423	\$	-	\$	-
Committed		393,327		393,327		393,327		324,682
Public safety fund:								
Restricted		1,688,447		1,796,681		1,953,004		2,069,312
Committed		-		-		-		-
Nonmajor Funds:								
Infrastructure fund:								
Committed		552,586		447,370		845,438		1,355,656
Debt service fund:								
Restricted		14,952		10,825		14,673		14,103
Walt and Mary Barker Library fur	nd:							170 100
Nonspendable		500,000		500,000		500,000		473,483
Restricted		96,904		77,555		19,579		-
Other nonmajor funds:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted Committed		295,519		344,738		192,748		1,438,804
		417,800 (10,506)		353,133		322,932		295,443
Unassigned (deficit)		(19,506)		(28,916)		(11,078)		(8,826)
Total all other								
governmental funds	\$	3,966,572	\$	4,116,136	\$	4,230,623	\$	5,962,657
5	Ŧ		Ŧ	, , -	Ŧ	, , -	7	. ,

Note: The General Fund contained no restricted funds in the last ten years.

					Y	'ear					
-	2014	_	2013	_	2012	_	2011	_	2010	_	2009
\$	57,923 1,560,813 3,750,000 158,139	\$	550,156 1,665,151 3,250,000 174,354	\$	64,938 1,889,680 3,750,000 249,129	\$	89,064 2,245,350 3,750,000 125,363	\$	414,244 2,028,184 3,823,043 142,563	\$	363,675 1,208,392 3,794,819 183,131
\$_	5,526,875	\$	5,639,661	\$	5,953,747	\$	6,209,777	\$	6,408,034	\$	5,550,017
\$	- 342,805	\$	- 471,867	\$	- 520,338	\$	- 617,829	\$	- 796,575	\$	- 861,392
	512,005		17 1,007		520,550		017,023		, , , , , , , , ,		001,002
	2,202,826 -		2,328,298 -		2,656,131 -		2,925,378 -		2,984,981 1,225		3,290,715 -
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	7,580		323		4,226		56,363		50,095		43,319
	-		-		-		-		-		-
-	- 1,040,006 1,046,300 (9,641)	-	750 863,288 859,603 -	-	- 670,701 744,121 -	-	- 428,665 761,417 (6,522)	-	- 172,244 989,080 (1,847)	-	- - 1,318,266 -
\$ _	4,629,876	\$_	4,524,129	\$ _	4,595,517	\$_	4,783,130	\$ _	4,992,353	\$_	5,513,692

			Fisc	al Y	ear		
	2018		2017		2016		2015
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes Franchise fees	\$ 8,147,243 869,133	\$	7,652,001 867,349	\$	7,270,669 847,516	\$	6,928,063 874,245
Utility service taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental revenues	2,448,572 1,093,785 1,496,896		2,397,754 953,071 1,431,410		2,360,010 1,083,509 1,348,559		2,353,013 913,141 1,333,079
 * Charges for services * Nonadvalorem assessments Fines and forfeitures 	614,961 2,758,864 203,342		565,855 2,549,895 582,221		2,423,630 885,813 402,299		2,368,838 883,227 188,214
Interest income Miscellaneous	104,127 492,786		91,912 586,528		65,359 566,985	-	74,328 2,946,439
Total revenues	18,229,709		17,677,996		17,254,349		18,862,587
Expenditures: General government	1,763,537		1,735,223		1,651,595		1,542,644
Public safety Physical environment Transportation	10,350,349 3,832,573 48,582		10,355,168 4,176,377 44,246		9,650,329 3,887,800 42,655		9,320,877 3,406,984 43,471
Culture/recreation Capital outlay Debt service:	1,175,293 2,644,692		1,155,759 449,298		1,099,429 1,680,540		1,120,957 1,737,933
Principal Interest Other	593,693 50,356 		503,408 51,996 -		484,229 60,343 1,000	-	476,214 66,747 -
Total expenditures	20,459,075	,	18,471,475		18,557,920		17,715,827
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,229,366)		(793,479)		(1,303,571)	-	1,146,760
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Capital leases Net proceeds of notes payable Payment to fiscal agent	119,509 - -		420,000		98,000 - -		197,678 - -
Transfers out	270,405 (270,405)		762,328 (762,328)		313,784 (313,784)		336,889 (336,889)
Total other financing sources (uses)	119,509		420,000		98,000	-	197,678
Net change in fund balances	\$ <u>(2,109,857)</u>	\$	(373,479)	\$	(1,205,571)	\$	1,344,438
Debt service as a % of noncapital expenditures	3.6%		3.1%		3.2%		3.4%

* Beginning in FY17, solid waste fees for the garbage and trash fund were designated as non ad valorem assessments.

					Fisca	al Yo	ear				
	2014		2013		2012		2011		2010	_	2009
\$	6,583,961 862,847 2,260,186 707,214 1,278,800 2,250,635 883,144 304,337 41,337 419,966	\$	6,393,001 864,519 2,239,104 605,477 1,432,563 2,412,786 841,554 133,114 33,226 518,735	\$	6,120,388 905,559 2,138,837 635,114 1,328,975 2,689,844 576,532 389,178 49,056 228,658	\$	6,138,909 929,559 2,139,372 529,905 1,398,147 2,789,909 577,446 247,273 42,643 153,676	\$	6,945,061 970,558 2,120,424 530,797 1,455,493 2,891,524 581,566 346,107 117,250 294,943	\$	7,080,510 1,011,721 1,932,024 417,812 1,587,770 2,339,440 554,199 273,421 123,842 606,343
	15,592,427		15,474,079		15,062,141		14,946,839		16,253,723		15,927,082
	1,433,511 8,901,379 3,417,866 46,027 986,683 686,317 525,369 72,506		1,345,069 8,782,071 3,712,686 44,579 1,000,339 397,492 499,021 78,296		1,307,179 8,578,790 3,470,209 40,807 1,037,569 534,520 460,611 202,774		1,291,841 8,184,831 3,845,327 40,365 1,061,719 284,292 446,369 199,025		1,284,206 7,943,944 4,254,355 39,662 1,013,857 769,111 457,481 217,673		1,285,048 7,656,733 4,579,722 43,198 1,009,842 590,233 451,335 229,641
-	-	-	-	-	20,000	-	550	-	550	_	550
-	16,069,658	-	15,859,553	-	15,652,459	-	15,354,319	-	15,980,839	_	15,846,302
-	(477,231)	-	(385,474)	-	(590,318)	-	(407,480)	-	272,884	_	80,780
-	470,192 - 273,000 (273,000)		235,511 (235,511)	-	126,675 3,685,000 (3,665,000) 180,000 (180,000)	-	221,051 (221,051)	-	63,795 - 118,564 (118,564)	_	47,562 - - 306,017 (306,017)
-	470,192	-		-	146,675	-		-	63,795	_	47,562
\$	(7,039)	\$_	(385,474)	\$	(443,643)	\$_	(407,480)	\$	336,679	\$_	128,342
	3.9%		3.7%		4.5%		4.3%		4.4%		4.5%

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Residential	Commercial	Other	Personal Property
2009	2008	2,830,154	158,127	22,048	25,537
2010	2009	2,269,144	161,598	22,154	24,775
2011	2010	1,853,180	151,486	23,355	22,922
2012	2011	1,897,551	144,278	22,972	23,332
2013	2012	1,994,093	143,483	24,009	21,967
2014	2013	2,109,780	140,854	28,578	24,317
2015	2014	2,370,635	140,326	29,413	25,995
2016	2015	2,630,639	141,754	30,113	26,671
2017	2016	2,780,511	155,879	30,118	27,196
2018	2017	2,973,368	167,257	30,789	28,922

Note: Other includes institutional, government, and miscellaneous property uses.

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser

Less: Exer	nptions	Total		Estimated	Net Assessed Value as a
Real Property	Personal Property	Taxable Assessed Value	City Direct Tax Rate	Actual Taxable Value	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value
941,210	5,159	2,089,497	3.5142	3,035,867	68.83%
617,028	4,568	1,856,075	3.8825	2,477,671	74.91%
406,911	4,075	1,639,957	3.8825	2,050,943	79.96%
435,107	4,230	1,648,796	3.8602	2,088,133	78.96%
472,386	3,996	1,707,170	3.8691	2,183,551	78.18%
523,322	3,946	1,776,261	3.8307	2,303,550	77.11%
679,481	4,978	1,881,910	3.8175	2,566,369	73.33%
844,533	4,979	1,979,665	3.8028	2,829,177	69.97%
896,758	5,305	2,091,641	3.7892	2,993,718	69.87%
950,577	5,350	2,244,409	3.7803	3,200,337	70.13%

	City o	f Lighthouse F	Point	Bi	oward Count	v	School Board
Fiscal Year	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total City Millage	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total County Millage	Operating Millage
2008/09	3.2822	0.2320	3.5142	4.8889	0.4256	5.3145	7.4170
2009/10	3.6188	0.2637	3.8825	4.8889	0.4256	5.3145	7.4310
2010/11	3.6188	0.2637	3.8825	5.1021	0.4509	5.5530	7.6310
2011/12	3.5893	0.2709	3.8602	5.1860	0.3670	5.5530	7.4180
2012/13	3.5893	0.2798	3.8691	5.2576	0.2954	5.5530	7.4560
2013/14	3.5893	0.2414	3.8307	5.4400	0.2830	5.7230	7.4800
2015/14	3.5893	0.2282	3.8175	5.4584	0.2646	5.7230	7.4380
2016/15	3.5893	0.2135	3.8028	5.4741	0.2489	5.7230	7.2030
2017/16	3.5893	0.1999	3.7892	5.4474	0.2216	5.6690	6.8360
2018/17	3.5893	0.1910	3.7803	5.4623	0.2067	5.6690	6.4740

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser

				erlapping Rat	es		
	l Board		South Florida	Florida	North		Total Direct
Debt Service Millage	Total School Board Millage	Child Services Council	Water Management District	Inland Navigation District	Broward Hospital District	Hillsboro Inlet District	and Overlapping Rate
-	7.4170	0.3754	0.6240	0.0345	1.7059	0.0860	19.0715
-	7.4310	0.4243	0.6240	0.0345	1.7059	0.0860	19.5027
-	7.6310	0.4696	0.6240	0.0345	1.8750	0.0860	20.1556
-	7.4180	0.4789	0.4363	0.0345	1.8750	0.0860	19.7419
-	7.4560	0.4902	0.4289	0.0345	1.8564	0.0860	19.7741
-	7.4800	0.4882	0.4110	0.0345	1.7554	0.0860	19.8088
-	7.4380	0.4882	0.3842	0.0345	1.5939	0.0860	19.5653
0.0710	7.2740	0.4882	0.3551	0.0320	1.4425	0.0860	19.2036
0.0703	6.9063	0.4882	0.3307	0.0320	1.3462	0.0860	18.6476
0.0654	6.5394	0.4882	0.3100	0.0320	1.2483	0.0860	18.1532

	Fisc	al Year 20)18		Fisca	al Year 200	9
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage o Total City Taxable Assessed Value	of	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Centro Heritage Venetian Isle	\$ 18,411,720	1	0.82%	\$	21,192,760	1	1.02%
Florida Power & Light Co	9,021,073	2	0.40%				
Acheson, James C & Suzanne J	8,509,960	3	0.38%		8,700,000	4	0.42%
Lighthouse Point Yacht Club	6,421,400	4	0.29%				
Grove Gateway LLC & JCS Investment							
Mgmt	6,299,810	5	0.28%		5,368,490	10	0.26%
Wye, Jane & Thomas	5,986,160	6	0.27%				
Verrillo, James & Teresa	5,603,850	7	0.25%		9,062,980	3	0.54%
ACL Holdings LLC	5,469,610	8	0.24%				
Foxman, Leonard A Trustee Leonard A							
Foxman Liv Tr	5,183,040	9	0.23%				
Rosen, Lawrence	4,978,500	10	0.22%				
Beacon Light Partners LTD	-		-		11,193,670	2	0.54%
Sheehan Pontiac	-		-		7,245,030	5	0.35%
Silver Seas Hotel, Inc.	-		-		6,998,360	6	0.34%
Louis R. Bianculli	-		-		5,942,000	7	0.29%
Shawn and Susan Ryan	-		-		5,824,220	8	0.28%
First States Investors 5000A	-				5,780,470	9	0.28%
Total	\$ 75,885,123		3.38%	\$	87,307,980		4.32%

Source: Broward County Revenue Collector

	Тахе	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year						
Fiscal Year	Gross Levy	Discount	Net Levy					
2009	7,368,624	316,056	7,052,568					
2010	7,208,468	309,283	6,899,185					
2011	6,380,071	273,740	6,106,331					
2012	6,382,448	273,944	6,108,504					
2013	6,610,703	283,841	6,326,862					
2014	6,812,658	340,039	6,472,619					
2015	7,195,575	358,575	6,837,000					
2016	7,535,473	372,364	7,163,109					
2017	7,930,348	359,908	7,570,440					
2018	8,495,187	372,468	8,122,719					

Notes: Florida Statutes provide for up to a 4% discount for timely payment of property taxes.

Collections in subsequent years include prior year's collections, corrections, and penalties.

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser

	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Total Collect	Total Collections to Date				
Amount	Percentage of Gross Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Gross Levy				
6,627,949	89.95%	98,399	6,726,348	91.28%				
6,846,662	94.98%	212,441	7,059,103	97.93%				
5,926,606	92.89%	188,496	6,115,102	95.85%				
5,931,892	92.94%	164,493	6,096,385	95.52%				
6,228,508	94.22%	162,200	6,390,708	96.67%				
6,421,761	94.26%	159,268	6,581,029	96.60%				
6,768,795	94.07%	170,320	6,939,115	96.44%				
7,100,350	94.23%	188,367	7,288,717	96.73%				
7,463,634	94.11%	141,396	7,605,030	95.90%				
8,005,847	94.24%	-	8,005,847	94.24%				

	Gover	nmental Acti	vities				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Capital Leases	Notes Payable	Total Primary Government	Per Capita Personal Income	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2009	4,505,000	661,440	-	5,166,440	40,437	1.16%	469
2010	4,235,000	537,755	-	4,772,755	41,481	1.05%	436
2011	3,955,000	371,386	-	4,326,386	42,194	0.99%	418
2012	-	328,452	3,684,000	4,012,452	43,351	0.88%	381
2013	-	166,208	3,347,222	3,513,430	43,792	0.77%	338
2014	-	454,476	3,003,777	3,458,253	43,283	0.77%	333
2015	-	526,137	2,653,532	3,179,669	44,909	0.68%	307
2016	-	496,857	2,296,583	2,793,440	46,906	0.57%	266
2017	-	777,537	1,932,495	2,710,032	48,680	0.53%	257
2018	-	674,805	1,561,043	2,235,848	N/A	N/A	N/A

Sources: Per capita personal income provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce (http://www.bea.gov).

Notes: Per capita personal income is representative of Miami/Ft. Lauderdale/ Pompano Beach metropolitan area.

The City had no notes payable prior to fiscal year 2012. The 2012 notes were issued to refund the 2002 General Obligation Bonds.

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Taxable Value	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
2009	4,505,000	2,076,613,016	0.22%	409
2010	4,235,000	1,843,382,439	0.23%	387
2011	3,955,000	1,631,901,386	0.24%	382
2012	-	1,648,795,869	0.00%	-
2013	-	1,707,169,924	0.00%	-
2014	-	1,776,261,097	0.00%	-
2015	-	1,881,909,580	0.00%	-
2016	-	1,979,665,674	0.00%	-
2017	-	2,091,641,994	0.00%	-
2018	-	2,244,395,332	0.00%	-

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser's Office

Note: The City issued General Obligation Bonds in 2002, which were refunded in fiscal year 2012 with a promissory note.

Jurisdiction	 Net Debt Outstanding	Estimate Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Broward County School Board of Broward County	\$ 181,970,000 1,662,914,000	1.27% 1.16%	\$ 2,311,019 19,289,802
Subtotal, overlapping debt			21,600,821
City direct debt			2,710,032
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 24,310,853

Sources: Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit.

Notes: The estimated percentage applicable is derived using taxable value data provided by the Broward County Property Appraiser, Form DR-403. That percentage is multiplied by the total County debt outstanding.

The School Board of Broward County debt outstanding is as of June 30, 2018.

The City Charter does not establish a legal debt margin nor does the Florida Statutes impose a limit.

The City Charter does not set a debt margin.

The City does not have any pledged revenue.

Calendar	Calendar		Unemployment	Personal	Income
Year	Population	Enrollment	Rate	Total	Per Capita
2009	11,020	255,738	6.0%	70,090,397	40,437
2010	10,955	255,203	10.0%	72,712,604	41,481
2011	10,344	256,872	11.5%	75,315,293	42,194
2012	10,536	258,803	9.0%	78,687,882	43,351
2013	10,401	260,796	8.4%	80,525,783	43,792
2014	10,374	262,563	6.4%	80,905,552	43,283
2015	10,358	265,401	5.6%	85,167,498	44,909
2016	10,506	268,836	5.0%	89,572,271	46,906
2017	10,526	271,105	4.6%	94,239,400	48,680
2018	10,560	271,517	3.9%	N/A	N/A

Sources: School enrollment data provided by the School Board of Broward County. Unemployment rates provided by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics Personal income data provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce

Notes: School Enrollment data is County-wide.

Unemployment rates are representative of Miami / Fort Lauderdale / Pompano Beach metropolitan area.

Per capita personal income are representative of Fort Lauderdale / Pompano Beach / Deerfield Beach metropolitan area.

		Fiscal Year 2018		Fiscal Year 20		014	
				Total			Total
Employer	Type of Business	Employees	Rank	County	Employees	Rank	County
Publix Supermarkets	Retail	193	1	0.019%	275	1	0.027%
City of Lighthouse Point	Municipality	105	2	0.010%	103	2	0.010%
Hendrick Honda	Automotive	103	3	0.010%	*	*	*
Sheehan Buick GMC, Inc.	Automotive	100	4	0.010%	*	*	*
Bonefish Mac's Sports Grille	Restaurant	100	4	0.010%	85	4	0.008%
Lighthouse Point Yacht Club	Restaurant	85	5	0.008%	84	5	0.008%
Papa's Raw Bar	Restaurant	63	6	0.006%	*	*	*
Phil Smith Kia	Automotive	52	7	0.005%	*	*	*
McDonald's	Restaurant	48	8	0.005%	*	*	*
The Nauti Dawg Marina Café	Restaurant	46	9	0.005%	48	6	0.005%
TJ Maxx	Retail	43	10	0.004%	*	*	*
Pompano Honda	Automotive				99	3	0.010%
Total		938		0.092%	694		0.068%

Source: Individual businesses upon payment of annual business tax.

* Data not available for fiscal year 2014

Note: This schedule is intended to present information for the current year and nine years ago. However, information prior to FY 2014 is not available as this was the first year businesses provided this information.

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Number of Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2018	2017	2016	2015
General government:				
Finance and Administration	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Subtotal	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Public Safety:				
Police	42.05	42.03	43.00	43.00
Fire	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00
Building	3.00	3.50	3.50	3.00
Code Enforcement	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Subtotal	75.05	75.53	76.50	76.00
Public Works	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
Transportation	0.82	0.82	0.88	0.88
Culture/Recreation:				
Library	4.10	4.10	3.90	3.90
Recreation	8.00	7.60	7.68	6.04
Subtotal	12.10	11.70	11.58	9.94
Total authorized employees	104.97	105.05	105.96	103.82

Source: City of Lighthouse Point departmental staff.

Note: All employee counts are reported as Full-Time Equivalents (FTE).

2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
42.50 27.00 3.00 3.00	42.50 27.00 2.00 3.00	42.50 27.00 3.00 3.00	41.50 27.00 3.00 2.50	43.00 27.00 3.00 3.07	42.60 27.00 3.00 3.07
75.50	74.50	75.50	74.00	76.07	75.67
12.00	12.00	12.00	14.00	15.00	15.00
0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88	1.09
3.90 6.04	3.45 6.04	4.45 6.04	4.45 6.04	3.45 6.04	3.95 6.04
9.94	9.49	10.49	10.49	9.49	9.99
103.32	101.87	103.87	104.37	106.44	106.75

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program		2018	2017	2016	2015
General government: Square miles	-	2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49
Elections Registered voters		6,855	8,379	8,640	7,827
Votes cast in last election		-	2,235		1,722
Lien searches processed		478	530	506	525
Business licenses issued		480	494	449	415
Ordinances prepared and					
adopted		16	9	16	10
Resolutions prepared and					
adopted		65	60	64	57
Commission minutes prepared					
adopted		30	19	21	29
Agenda packets prepared		25	17	19	26
Public safety:					
Police					
Stations		1	1	1	1
Uniformed employees		34	34	34	34
Calls-for-service handled		10,380	10,615	10,724	10,940
Traffic accidents handled Traffic citations/warnings		427	455	451	400
issued Fire		2,354	2,231	3,070	3,462
Stations		1	1	1	1
Uniformed employees		26	26	26	26
Incidents responded to		1,460	1,704	1,397	1,444
Building		2)400	1,701	1,007	-,
Permits issued		3,149	3,070	3,297	2,863
Value of construction	\$	50,925,434 \$	41,555,309 \$	42,754,614 \$	33,659,276
Physical environment					
Miles of streets		41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12
Miles of waterways		18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00
Culture/Recreation Library					
Books in collection		40,688	42,593	41,761	41,841
Circulation		41,117	41,272	39,482	40,377
Volunteer hours		8,498	9,447	10,000	10,400
Recreation					
Facilities					
Al Fletcher Park acreage		0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Dan Witt Park acreage		6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
DeGroff Park acreage		4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60
Exchange Club park acreage		14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00
Frank McDonough Park acreage		6.10	6.10	6.10	6.10
Tennis Center		1	1	1	1

Source: City of Lighthouse Point departmental staff.

Notes:

Library circulation dropped when the City changed to a fee-for-service library for non-residents (adults over the age of 14 years) as of July 1, 2011.

 2013	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49
7,894	7,894	7,894	7,622	7,771	7,578
2,639	2,639	2,639	2,614	2,614	2,614
459	459	440	346	361	246
460	460	462	481	500	509
3	3	9	8	4	5
51	51	57	50	61	60
25	25	26	28	24	28
20	20	26	24	24	24
1	1	1	1	1	1
1 34	1 34	1 33	1 33	1 33	1 35
8,516	8,516	8,330	7,986		35 8,387
347	347	324	362	7,925 339	314
2,366	2,366	2,299	2,530	2,086	4,308
1	1	1	1	1	1
26	26	26	26	26	26
1,235	1,235	1,297	1,293	1,242	1,202
2,634 26,680,297 \$	2,634 26,680,297 \$	1,548 25,131,177 \$	2,322 19,231,270 \$	2,288 18,457,987 \$	1,801 14,663,933
41 10	41.12	41 10	41.12	41 10	41 1 2
41.12 18.00	18.00	41.12 18.00	41.12 18.00	41.12 18.00	41.12 18.00
38,323	38,323	42,227	41,662	37,721	38,756
42,673	42,673	42,681	59,759	71,910	70,693
10,200	10,200	10,166	8,600	8,250	8,600
0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60
14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00
6.10	6.10	6.10	6.10	6.10	6.10
0120			• • = •		

City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2018	2017	2016	2015
Governmental activities:				
General government				
Miles of streets	41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12
Square feet of buildings	55,208	55,208	55,208	55,208
Public safety:				
Number of police stations	1	1	1	1
Number of fire stations	1	1	1	1
Culture/Recreation:				
Libraries	1	1	1	1
Acres of parks	31	31	31	31
Number of parks	5	5	5	5

Source: City Departments

2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12	41.12
55,208	55,208	55,208	55,208	55,208	55,208
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
31	31	31	31	31	31
5	5	5	5	5	5

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report to City Management

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Section 218.415 Florida Statutes



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Lighthouse Point, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 22, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 22, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO CITY MANAGEMENT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Lighthouse Point, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida (the "City) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated March 22, 2019.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 22, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The City was established in 1957 under the provision of Chapter 57-1534 of the laws of the State of Florida. The City does not have any component units.



Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a and 10.556 (7)., Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Members of the City Commission, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 22, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415 FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Lighthouse Point, Florida Lighthouse Point, Florida

We have examined the City of Lighthouse Point, Florida's (the "City") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2018. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with the specific requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with the specific requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2018.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Members of the City Commission, management, and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 22, 2019

