AUDIT REPORT

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018



City of Miami Beach, Florida Audit Report

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City of Miami Beach, Florida

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Jimmy L. Morales
City Manager

John Woodruff
Chief Financial Officer

Report prepared by: Finance Department

City of Miami Beach, Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

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City of Miami Beach, 1700 Convention Center Drive, Miami Beach, Florida 33139, www.miamibeachfl.gov

March 29, 2019

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Miami Beach, Florida (the "City"), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the governmental activities, business-type activities, fiduciary activities, and discretely presented component units of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the financial activities of the City have been included.

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an effective internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that complete and accurate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants and for the City Commission to appoint an audit committee to make the selection of the independent auditor. Crowe Horwath LLP was selected by the audit committee and then approved by the City Commission. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion and that the City's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of the federal Single Audit Act of 1996 as amended, the State of Florida Single Audit Act in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Florida Rules of the Auditor General, Section 10.550. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations and federal, state, and county programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and the Internal Audit Department of the City. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP requires that management provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The City was incorporated as a municipal corporation on March 26, 1915 and was created by the Florida Legislature, Chapter 7672, Laws of Florida (1917). The City is governed by an elected Mayor and six Commissioners. The City operates under a Commission-Manager form of government. The term for the Mayor is two years, with a lifetime term limit of three two-year terms. The term for the Commissioners is four years, with a lifetime term limit of two four-year terms. The Commission is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, approval of property tax levies, authorizing and approving debt secured by the full faith and credit of the City or any of its revenue streams, appointing committees, and hiring the City's manager, clerk, attorney, and inspector general. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Commission, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the heads of various departments with the consent of the City Commission.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities that the City is considered financially responsible. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

The City provides a full range of services. These services include police and fire protection, recreational activities, cultural events, sanitation services, water, sewer and storm water services, public transportation, neighborhood and community services, and the construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure. This report includes activities of the Miami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority, Miami Beach Employee's Retirement Plan, the City Pension Fund for Firefighters and Police Officers, Firemen's and Policemen's Relief and Pension Funds, Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Trust, the Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority, and the Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency").

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. Prior to the first public hearing required by state law, the City Commission is presented with a proposed budget. The proposed budget includes anticipated expenditures and the means for funding them. After Commission review and two public hearings, the budget is adopted. The budget is approved by fund and department. Management may transfer amounts between line items within a department as long as the transfer does not result in an increase in the department's budget. Increases to funds or a department budgets and transfers between departments require Commission approval. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP for all governmental funds except the capital projects fund, which adopts project-length budgets. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in the required supplementary information section of this report for the general fund, the resort tax special revenue fund, and the Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency special revenue fund. Funds and grants that have multi-year project budgets are not presented in the statements.

Local Economy

The City of Miami Beach (the "City") is located on a seven (7.1) mile barrier island surrounded by the Atlantic Ocean to the east and Biscayne Bay to the west. The world-renowned Miami Beach is often parceled out by three main districts: South Beach, Mid-Beach, and North Beach. Each of these districts has a distinct culture and identity offering a dazzling array of amenities catering to both residents and tourists. Overall, the City is recognized globally as a distinctive tourist and cultural destination, a vibrant business and residential community with world class art, culture, dining, nightlife, events and shopping.

The population of Miami Beach for 2018 was 93,323, with a household median income of \$51,822 and a median age of 40.6. The City's labor force consists of 55,892 individuals; the primary industries are food preparation and serving (15.6%), office and administrative services (13.9%), and sales (13.0%). The unemployment rate of 2018 was 3.1% in comparison to Miami-Dade County which was 4.1%, and 54.3% of the population in Miami Beach has a bachelor degree. The City's tourism and hospitality industry provides a foundation for revenue generated through room nights and resort taxes, while the newly renovated Miami Beach Convention Center plays host to major conferences and shows from around the world. The City's hotel data exhibited steady growth in key indicators during 2018 of 11.8% based on RevPar (revenue per available room), 9.0% based on ADR (average daily rate), and 2.6% based on hotel occupancy, demonstrating a healthy and robust tourism

economy. Consistent with previous years, Miami Beach remains the most common area for visitor lodging in the Greater Miami area with over 50% of the visitors.

In recent years, the City has diversified beyond its traditional tourism based economy to become a leading multiindustry business center to include arts and entertainment, health care, cultural programming, and professional services industries. The City has hosted world renowned events and conventions over the last few years including the 65th Annual U.S. Conference of Mayors, International Tennis Federation Seniors Championship, Major League Baseball's Fanfest, and Yachts Miami Beach Show. In 2018, the world's most prestigious art fair, Art Basel, based in Switzerland, celebrated the 17th anniversary of its Miami Beach exhibition, with attendance and sales increasing year over year.

Miami Beach is also beginning to see an increase in the growth of an entrepreneurial and tech community. Currently the City is home to two WeWork locations -- one in the South of Fifth neighborhood and the other on Lincoln Road. Many of the members represent the industries of real estate, hospitality and creative makers. Additionally, Venture City, a global investment and technology accelerator, launched its second location in Miami Beach at 1111 Lincoln Road in 2017.

Miami Beach contains some of the country's most sought after real estate. Lincoln Road ranks as Florida's most expensive retail leasing location and fifth nationally. The City's lifeblood hospitality industry features the world's most recognizable hotels, from innovative new development like the Faena district to the historic architecture along South Beach's Ocean Drive. Miami Beach also contains some of the nation's most expensive residential zip codes, continually supported by strong international investment.

Convention Center Renovation

The Miami Beach Convention Center (the "Center"), originally built in 1957, recently completed a \$515 million renovation and expansion. The new Center is setting a high standard of excellence and redefining meeting and entertainment solutions when hosting large-scale business, trade, civic, and cultural events. The City's professional design team, consisting of nationally recognized Fentress Architects, the local design firm of Arquitectonica, and international landscape architects West 8, have designed a Center that will position itself among the top globally significant convention centers in the world.

The new 1.4 million square foot, LEED certified facility includes a state-of-the-art 60,000 square foot grand ballroom, additional meeting rooms with flexible arrangements, a 20,000 square foot glass rooftop junior ballroom, advanced technology, and new versatile indoor/outdoor public spaces. For added convenience, 800 parking spaces located across from the Center have been relocated within the footprint of the building thus allowing the 5.8 acre parking lot to be converted into a public park surrounded by canopy trees, a flexible lawn area, a food pavilion, and a public plaza to honor the City's veterans. The park has potential to become the new civic "heart" of Miami Beach and is scheduled to be completed during 2019.

The transformation enables the Center to keep up with the demands of the competitive national and international convention community, while new outdoor public spaces have been created to improve walkability, connecting the Center and the City's adjacent historical cultural district and resorts. The project commenced in December, 2015 and was substantially completed in September, 2018.

New Convention Center Hotel

In November, 2018 voters approved the leasing of city land for a new 800 room Convention Center Hotel. An adjacent connected hotel is essential to completing the state-of-the-art Miami Beach Convention Center campus, which will enable the City of Miami Beach to be more competitive in attracting world-class events and meetings.

The development of an adjacent convention center hotel has been contemplated for more than two decades. In that span, the City has solidified its brand as an international destination for tourism, arts and culture, shopping, dining and entertainment. This privately-funded hotel will help make Miami Beach a more competitive convention destination and is anticipated to generate millions in annual revenue to benefit residents.

2018 General Obligation Program

In November, 2018 voters also approved all three ballot items of the proposed \$439 million General Obligation Bond, which addresses critical infrastructure needs for the city's parks, recreation facilities and cultural facilities (\$169 million); neighborhood and infrastructure (\$198 million); and police, fire and public safety (\$72 million).

The bond program is comprised of 57 projects, including creating a new North Beach community center and funding for 41 Street revitalization, which are intended to create town centers that will allow residents to enjoy themselves closer to their homes; boosting lighting, adding more license plate readers and upgrading the public safety radio system to enhance safety; replacing two aging fire stations that have nearly reached their endpoints; refurbishing many of our parks and repairing cultural centers; neighborhood resiliency improvements and beautification to compliment the planned storm water and water/sewer projects; and much more. Twenty-five percent of this G.O. Bond directly addresses the effects of climate change, while many of the other projects address other resiliency challenges.

Approval of the bond program will be transformative in enhancing the quality of life and property values of the City of Miami Beach. The first tranche of approximately \$150 million will be issued in April 2019.

Resiliency

The City of Miami Beach continues to be a leader in resilience. The City was selected by the Rockefeller Foundation to join 100 Resilient Cities in 2016, with a Resilience Strategy targeted to be released in early 2019. The City was selected within a unique partnership with Miami-Dade County and the City of Miami, known collectively as Greater Miami and the Beaches. Though this award, 100 Resilient Cities provides expert consultant support to develop a Resilience Strategy. The City is also leveraging access to \$200 million value of resilience solutions through 100 Resilient Cities partner services.

Urban resilience is the capacity of individuals, communities, institutions, businesses and systems within a city to survive, adapt and grown, no matter what kinds chronic stresses and acute shocks they experience. One of the City's top resilience stresses is sea level rise, and the City has made a commitment to invest in aging infrastructure, adapt to sea level rise, and use the best available science to do so. This includes elevating roads, upgrading its gravity-based stormwater infrastructure with tidal control valves, pump stations, pipes, and other innovative structures to improve drainage. The City has also updated the land development regulations to incorporate climate adaptation and resilience, such increasing sea wall height, increasing base flood elevation, establishing freeboard above FEMA base flood elevation, requiring sea level rise and resiliency review criteria for Land Use Boards, introducing additional commercial height standards, and increasing set-backs and open space for single family homes. Our natural resources, including the coral reef tract and the beach and our mature sand dune system protect the eastern side of our island from wave energy and storm surge events. The Resilience Strategy will define our top implementable actions to increase our resilience today and for years to come.

Budgeting

Although the development of our budget this year has been challenging, through rigorous review and good leadership, the Adopted Work Plan and Budget for fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 was balanced and enables the City to continue delivering outstanding, enhanced services to our residents, businesses and visitors, and continuing structural enhancements to ensure the long-term sustainability of the City.

Adopted tax rates: The millage rate is the tax per dollar of assessed value of property. The rate is expressed in "mills", where one mill is one-tenth of a cent (\$0.001). The City Commission adopted a total combined millage rate for the City of 5.8888 mills. The total adopted operating millage is 5.7224 mills, including a general operating millage rate of 5.6989 mills and a general fund capital renewal and replacement rate of 0.0235 mills. The adopted voted debt service millage rate is decreased from 0.1796 to 0.1664, a decrease of 0.0132 mills. The adopted combined millage rate reflects the lowest millage rate in the history of the City of Miami Beach.

Property Values and Ad Valorem Taxes: On July 1, 2017, the City received the "2017 Certification of Taxable Value" from the Property Appraiser's Office stating that the taxable value for the City of Miami Beach is \$37.4 billion, including \$859 million in new construction. The preliminary 2017 value represents an increase of \$2.7 billion or 7.8 percent more than the July 1, 2016, Certification of Taxable Value of \$34.7 billion.

Determining the Voted Debt Service Millage Levy: The general obligation debt service payment for fiscal year 2018 was approximately \$5.9 million. Based on the July 1, 2017 Certified Taxable Value from the Property Appraiser, these bonds would require the levy of a voted debt service millage of 0.1644 mills. This represents a decrease of 0.0132 mills.

Efficiencies and Reductions: As with the preparation of budgets for the last ten years, departments continued to analyze and present their budgets from two perspectives: 1) reviewing for potential efficiencies, reorganizations to reduce cost, etc., without impacting services; and 2) performing a modified zero-based analysis of each department budget, identifying potential service reduction alternatives versus core functions. As part of the fiscal year 2018 budget adopted in September 2017, the Finance & Citywide Projects Committee requested that departments submit lists of potential reductions and efficiencies totaling 5 percent of their 2017 budgets. Across all funds, a total of \$3.0 million of reductions were adopted including 13 full-time positions and 1 part-time position.

Debt Administration

The general obligation debt rating of the City remained at Aa2 with Moody's and AA+ with Standard and Poor's. Under current state statutes, general obligation bonded debt issued by the City is subject to a legal limitation based on 15% of total assessed value of real and personal property.

On December 14, 2017, the City issued at par value \$115.2 million of Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds secured by the net revenues of the City's combined water and sewer system. The Series 2017 Bonds are being used for the purpose of providing funds to finance the cost of certain capital improvements as part of the City's multi-year program to upgrade the facilities and enhance the effectiveness and reliability of the Water and Sewer Utility as well as to provide current refunding and defeasance of all outstanding Series 2000 Bonds, prepayment of all outstanding Series 2006B-2 Bonds, and prepayment of all the outstanding Series 2006E Bonds The bonds are rated Aa3 by Moody's and AA- by Standard and Poor's. The Bonds have an all-inclusive true interest cost of 3.75% for 30 year fixed rate debt. The advance refunding generated \$7.2 million in savings, with average annual savings of \$550,000 in 2018 – 2030. The refinancing also restructured the debt to provide more overall level debt service, which reduces the impact of the additional debt service for capital improvements to ratepayers.

On December 22, 2017, the City issued at par value \$156.6 million of Stormwater Revenue Bonds secured by the net revenues of the City's stormwater system. The Series 2017 Bonds are being used for the purpose of providing funds to finance a portion of the costs of certain capital improvements as part of the City's multi-year program to improve and enhance the effectiveness and reliability of the Stormwater Utility as well as provide for the advance refunding and defeasance for a portion of the outstanding 2011A Bonds and 2011B Bonds. The City will provide for the refunded bonds to be redeemed on September 1, 2021 at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the refunded bonds, without premium. The bonds are rated Aa3 by Moody's and AA- by Standard and Poor's. The Bonds have an all-inclusive true interest cost of 3.81% for 30 year fixed rate debt. The advance refunding generated \$5.5 million in savings, with average annual savings of \$230,000 in 2018 – 2041.

Subsequent to September 30, 2018, the City obtained a bank loan on December 5, 2018 in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$15.0 million to pay costs of vehicles and equipment.

Further information regarding outstanding debt, debt capacity, and debt ratios, is located in the Statistical Section.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. This was the thirty-first (31) consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the City received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2017. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the

City's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report was made possible by the dedicated work and tireless efforts of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the Mayor and City Commission, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Sincerely,

Jimmy L. Morales City Manager John Woodruff

Chief Financial Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

City of Miami Beach Florida

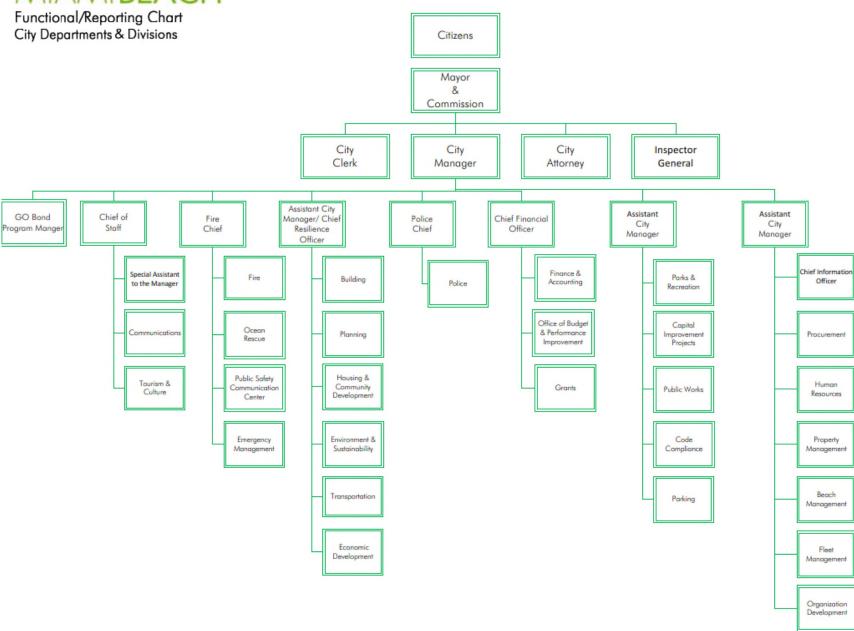
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

MIAMIBEACH



CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA List of Elected Officials and Administration

City Commission

Dan Gelber, Mayor

John Elizabeth Alemán, Commissioner Ricky Arriola, Commissioner Michael Góngora, Commissioner Joy Malakoff, Commissioner Mark Samuelian, Commissioner Micky Steinberg, Commissioner

Administration

Jimmy L Morales, City Manager

John Woodruff, Chief Financial Officer

Kathie G. Brooks, Assistant City Manager Eric Carpenter, Assistant City Manager Mark Taxis, Assistant City Manager Susy Torriente, Assistant City Manager





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Miami Beach, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Miami Beach, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the City of Miami Beach Florida Employees' Retirement Plan and the City Pension Fund for Firefighters and Police Officers, which represent 34 percent, 36 percent, and 24 percent; and 48 percent, 51 percent, and 33 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the financial statements of the aggregate remaining fund information of the City. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the City of Miami Beach Florida Employees' Retirement Plan and the City Pension Fund for Firefighters and Police Officers, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the City Pension Fund for Firefighters and Police Officers were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 75. In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, *Accounting and financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, as amended, and No. 57, *OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans*. This Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expenses as well as identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Beginning net position was restated as part of the implementation. Note disclosures and required supplementary information requirements about OPEB are also addressed. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period.* This statement requires that interest costs incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest costs incurred before the end of a construction period are not included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that *management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information* on pages 13-26 and 108-116 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including

comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2019 on our consideration of City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crowe LLP

Crown LLP

Miami, Florida March 29, 2019

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Miami Beach's (the "City") financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the year ended September 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented herein in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1-6 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at September 30, 2018 by \$1.1 billion (net position). Of this amount, \$1.0 billion was net investment in capital assets. Additionally, \$269.0 million was restricted by laws, agreements, or debt covenants. The City has a negative unrestricted net position of \$167.2 million.
- During fiscal year 2018, the City's net position increased by \$84.2 million when compared to the prior. Of this amount, there was a \$64.3 million increase in governmental activities and an increase of \$19.9 million in business-type activities. For the governmental activities, revenues from charges for services increased by \$3.8 million or 3.8%, operating grants and contributions increased by \$3.5 million or 19.6%, capital grants and contributions increased \$5.7 million or 559.3% and general revenues increased by \$46.2 million or 14.0%, while expenses increased by \$8.1 million or 1.8%. For the business-type activities, charges for services increased \$2.5 million or 1.4%, while expenses increased by \$9.4 million or 5.3% over the prior year.
- Overall the City's assets and deferred outflows increased from \$2.9 billion to \$3.2 billion. Major changes occurring
 in this area were; \$170.4 million increase in unrestricted cash and investments, \$118.4 million decrease in
 restricted cash due to capital outlays relating to bond proceeds, \$175.6 million in net additions to capital assets
 and \$45.1 million increase in deferred outflows of resources mainly due to actuarial determined amounts relating
 to Pension and Other Post Employment Liabilities.
- The City's overall liabilities and deferred inflows increased from \$1.9 billion to \$2.1 billion. Major changes occurring in this area were; \$174.7 million increase in long term debt due to the issuance of the Series 2017 Stormwater and Series 2017 Water and Sewer bonds. Also, there was an increase in Deferred Inflows of \$25.9 million due to increases in the actuarial determined Pension and Other Post Employment Liabilities.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which have the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to that of a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during each fiscal year. Changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes and earned, but unused vacation leave).

Both the statement of net position and the statement of activities of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic development, human services, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include storm water, water, sewer, parking, convention center, sanitation, and Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency's parking and leasing operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself, but also a legally separate Visitor and Convention Authority and a legally separate Health Facilities Authority. Financial information for these component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 27-28 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental fund financial statements focus is on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of a fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains eighteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, resort tax special revenue fund, Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency special revenue fund, and capital projects fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other thirteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds are provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, its resort tax special revenue fund, and its Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency's special revenue fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for all of the above funds to demonstrate compliance with the fund's budget. The City also adopts a multi-year capital budget which is not included in this report, but can be found at the City's website.

The governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 29-32 of this report.

Proprietary Funds.

The City maintains seven different types of enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its storm water utilities, water and sewer utilities, parking, convention center complex, sanitation, and Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency's parking and leasing. The City maintains six internal service funds. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its fleet management, property management, central services, risk management self-insurance, health self-insurance and communications operations. Since these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements separate information for the storm water utilities, water and sewer, parking, and convention center complex, which are considered to be major funds of the City. Data from the other three proprietary funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major proprietary funds is provided in the form of combining statements within the supplemental information section of this report.

Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements within supplemental information section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 33-36 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support City programs. The fiduciary funds include the four Pension Trust Funds, one OPEB Trust Fund and one general agency fund.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 37-38 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 39-107 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also represents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplemental information can be found on pages 108-116 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, non-major enterprise funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplemental information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 117 - 137 of this report.

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Government-wide Financial Analysis

The table below summarizes the statement of net position:

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH Net Position (in thousands)

	Government	al activities	Business-ty	oe activities	Total			
	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018		
Current and other assets	\$ 714,773	\$ 623,543	\$ 323,300	\$ 479,521	\$ 1,038,073	\$ 1,103,064		
Capital assets	1,009,450	1,153,354	759,458	791,108	1,768,908	1,944,462		
Total assets	1,724,223	1,776,897	1,082,758	1,270,629	2,806,981	3,047,526		
Deferred outflows	124,703	157,681	13,248	25,886	137,951	183,567		
Total deferred outflows	124,703	157,681	13,248	25,886	137,951	183,567		
Long-term liabilities								
outstanding	1,240,407	1,239,003	445,446	621,504	1,685,853	1,860,507		
Other liabilities	142,302	144,826	51,753	50,654	194,055	195,480		
Total liabilities	1,382,709	1,383,829	497,199	672,158	1,879,908	2,055,987		
Deferred inflows	2,095	22,333	1,206	6,821	3,301	29,154		
Total deferred inflows	2,095	22,333	1,206	6,821	3,301	29,154		
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets	712,552	632,999	438,447	411,086	1,150,999	1,044,085		
Restricted	196,074	196,553	135,521	72,477	331,595	269,030		
Unrestricted	(444,504)	(301,136)	23,633	133,973	(420,871)	(167,163)		
Total net position	\$ 464,122	\$ 528,416	\$ 597,601	\$ 617,536	\$ 1,061,723	\$ 1,145,952		

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$1.1 billion at September 30, 2018, an increase of \$84.2 million or 7.9% from the prior year as restated.

The largest portion of the City's net position, \$1.0 billion or 91.1%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, building, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$269.0 million or 23.5% represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. This includes but is not limited to grant proceeds, Redevelopment Agency tax increments, Resort Tax proceeds, impact fees, Interlocal agreements, and debt service requirements. The remaining balance of net position is negative and represents unrestricted net position. Unrestricted net position is a negative \$167.2 million, consists of negative \$301.1 million from governmental activities and a positive \$134.0 million from business type activities. For financial reporting purposes, these balances are considered unrestricted, however, most of these balances are committed or assigned at the fund level by the City Commission.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City can report a positive net position. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year. The City's net position increased by \$84.2 million, or 7.9%, during the current fiscal year. Governmental activities accounted for an increase of \$64.3 million and business type activities accounted for a decrease of \$19.9 million.

City of Miami Beach Changes in Net Position - Governmental Activities (in thousands)

· · · · · ·		2017	2018	% of To Rev/Exp/0	
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	100,283	\$ 104,129	20.5	%
Operating grants and contributions		17,672	21,130	4.2	
Capital grants and contributions		1,023	6,745	1.3	
General revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes, levied for general					
purposes		161,290	177,359	34.9	
Property taxes, levied for debt services	3	5,917	5,938	1.2	
Resort tax		81,910	87,595	17.2	
Tax increments		51,843	72,236	14.2	
Utility		12,583	12,837	2.5	
Local business tax		5,029	5,592	1.1	
Communication Service Tax		3,746	4,076	0.8	
Miscellaneous		2,038	3,989	0.8	
Unrestricted investment earnings		5,786	6,732	1.3	
Total revenues		449,120	508,358	100.0	%
Expenses:					
General government		66,173	59,545	13.2%	
Public safety		246,568	244,306	54.0	
Physical environment		7,053	6,939	1.5	
Transportation		24,833	34,843	7.7	
Economic environment		6,670	10,248	2.3	
Human services		3,248	3,530	0.8	
Culture and recreation		64,873	69,371	15.3	
Interest on long-term debt		25,018	 23,790	5.3	
Total expenses		444,436	452,572	100.0	%
Changes in net position before			 		
transfers and gain on sale of capital		4,684	55,786		
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets		14		0.0%	
Insurance Proceeds relating to impairments			1,312		
Extraordinary item		769	1,089	12.8	
Transfers		1,470	6,107	71.8	
Total of Other Revenues		2,253	8,508	100.0	%
Net Revenue/(Expense)		6,937	64,294		
Net position - beginning		518,230	464,122		
Restatement for GASB 75		(61,045)	 		
Net position - ending	\$	464,122	\$ 528,416		

Governmental activities.

Governmental activities increased by \$64.3 million. Key elements of the fluctuation are as follows:

Governmental activities revenues consisted of program revenues which amounted to \$132.0 million and general revenues which amounted to \$376.4 million, for a total of \$508.4 million. Property tax revenue for general purposes which represents 36.1% of total revenues was \$188.3 million. This is an increase of \$16.1 million or 10.3% from the prior year.

Property taxes are levied by the City based on the Miami-Dade County property appraisers determined property values in the City. The Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser determined that certified taxable property values in the City increased from \$34.7 billion in 2017 to \$37.4 billion in 2018, an increase of \$2.7 billion or 7.8%. The City's operating millage rate for 2018 increased from 5.7092 to 5.7224, an increase of 0.2%

Charges for services which represent 20.5% of total revenues were \$104.1 million. This amount is an increase of \$3.8 million or 3.8% over the prior year. These charges at the government wide statement level are primarily derived from Parks and Recreation (including Golf Courses) user fees, ambulance fees, off duty services, franchise fees, rents and leases, license, permits, fines, forfeitures and administrative fees from enterprise funds and some forms of intergovernmental revenues.

Tax increment revenue which represents 14.2% of the revenues was \$72.2 million. This amount is an increase of \$20.4 million or 39.3% from the prior year. Tax increments revenue is computed by applying the operating tax rate for the City and Miami-Dade County, Florida, (the "County") multiplied by the increased value of property in the district over the base property value minus 5%. Both the City and the County are required to fund this amount annually without regard to tax collections or other obligations. Fluctuations in tax increment revenue are based on real estate property values City wide.

Resort tax which represents 17.2% of revenues was \$87.6 million which is an increase of \$5.7 million or 6.9% from the prior year. Resort tax is a 4% tax on the rent of a room or rooms in any hotel, motel, rooming house or apartment house and 2% on the total sales price of all food and beverage (included beer and wine sold at retail in any restaurant). Fluctuations in resort tax revenues are based on the fluctuations in the sales of the above items and vary from one year to another based on the economy.

Intergovernmental revenues totaled \$27.9 million during fiscal year 2018. Intergovernmental revenue increased by \$9.2 million or 49.1% from the prior year. These revenues are derived from federal and state grantors for various City initiatives, such as community development or state housing initiatives, impact fees, special assessments, other tax sources, and capital project grants.

Governmental activities expense consisted of functional expenses for the City's general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, human services, culture and recreation and interest on long-term debt. These functional expenses amounted to \$452.6 million. Significant portions of these expenses were in the public safety, general government and culture and recreation functions.

General government function expense was \$59.5 million and represents 13.2% of total expense. The City's general government function includes the City attorney's office, public works department, planning department, capital investment and upkeep office, budget and finance office, office of procurement, city manager's office, city clerk's office, human resources office and other special projects. Total general government expenditures decreased by \$6.6 million or 10.0% from the prior year. The decrease in expenditures is primarily due to decreased operating expenditures relating to capital projects.

Public safety function expense was \$244.3 million and represents 54.0% of total expenses. The City's public safety function includes the personnel and operations for police, fire, ocean rescue, building operations, emergency 911 services and other. In addition, grant funded expenses for police, fire and other public safety activities are reported under this category. Total public safety expenses decreased by \$2.3 million or 0.9% from the prior year. The decrease in public safety expenditures are primarily related to OPEB expenditures.

Culture and recreation function expense was \$69.4 million and represents 15.3% of total expenses. The City's culture and recreation function includes expenses for grant funded culture and recreation activities, the City's parks and recreation department, Office of Tourism and Cultural Development, Bryon and Colony theater operations, golf course operations, and a variety of arts, cultural and entertainment programs. Expenses in this function had a net increase of \$4.5 million or

6.9% from the prior year. The increase is primarily due to increased contract maintenance costs for activities such as security, environmental, and landscaping services.

The table below summarized the changes in net position for the City's business type activities.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH Changes in Net Position Business-type Activities (in thousands)

			% of To	tal
	2017	2018	Rev or Ex	¢ρ
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 185,838	\$ 188,381	88.1	%
Operating grants and contributions	2,916	18,843	8.8	
Capital Grants and Contributions	10,038		0.0	
General revenues:				
Tax increments	11,425		0.0	
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,482	6,539	3.1	
Total revenues	211,699	213,763	100.0	%
Expenses:				
Storm water	13,375	22,269	11.9	%
Water	29,814	30,978	16.5	
Sewer	44,613	44,473	23.7	
Parking	46,635	50,696	27.0	
Convention Center	18,256	12,039	6.4	
Sanitation	20,573	22,167	11.8	
Redevelopment Agency's Parking	4,625	4,756	2.5	
Redevelopment Agency's Leasing	520	461	0.2	
Total expenses	178,411	187,839	100.0	%
Increase in net position before transfers and				
gain on sale of capital assets and investments	33,288	25,924		
Gain on sale of capital assets	2	118		
Special item	(68,901)			
Transfers	(1,470)	(6,107)		
Increase in net position	(37,081)	19,935		
Net position - beginning	660,755	623,674		
Restatement fr implementation of GASB 75		(26,073)		
Net position - beginning, as restated.	660,755	597,601		
Net position - ending	\$ 623,674	\$ 617,536		

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Business-type activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$19.9 million.

Key elements of the net increase are as follows:

- The Storm Water Utility fund had an increase in net position of \$7.8 million. Operating revenues increased by \$0.7 million or 2.5% and operating expenses increased by \$.04 million or 4.4% from the prior year. The monthly storm water rate includes fees to cover debt service on \$264.4 million of outstanding storm water revenue bonds Net non-operating expenses was \$9.3 million, and consisted of \$2.2 million in interest income and \$11.5 million in interest and fiscal charges. On October 18, 2017, the City passed an ordinance to adjust the Stormwater rate by the Consumer Price Index (CPI) published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics for All Urban Consumers, Miami-Fort Lauderdale area. The first CPI increase of 2.8% will increased the rate for Fiscal Year 2018 to \$23.30 per Equivalent Resident Unit (ERU).
- The Water and Sewer fund had an increase in net position of \$10.1 million. Operating revenues increased by \$1.3 million or 1.6% and operating expenses decreased by \$4.6 million or 6.3% from the prior year. Net non-operating expenses were \$5.3 million and consisted of \$7.6 million in interest and fiscal charges and \$2.3 in interest income. The monthly water and sewer rates include fees to cover debt service on \$163.0 million of outstanding water and sewer revenue bonds. he consumption rates on residential units vary from \$0.297 to \$0.722 based on the units of consumption. A unit is equivalent to 1,000 gallons. Base facility charges for a residential unit vary from \$8.04 for a ¾ inch meter size to \$12.13 for a 4 inch meter. For commercial and multi-family, the base facility charge ranges from \$8.04 for a ¾ inch meter to \$1,305.27 for a 12 inch meter. Additionally, there is a consumption charge for the water that varies on the meter size from \$0.365 per unit to \$0.573 per unit. Sewer rates are also based on water consumption with a flat base facility charge. The sewer consumption rate is \$0.938 per 1,000 gallons of water usage and a base facility charge of \$8.69 for residential units. The commercial and multi-family base facility charges vary from \$8.69 for a ¾ inch meter to \$1,537.66 for a 12 inch meter.
- The Parking System fund had a decrease in net position of \$6.1. Operating revenues increased by \$1.1 million or 2.3% and operating expenses increased by \$2.9 million or 6.8% from the prior year. Net non-operating expenses were \$625,851 million and consisted of \$4.6 million in interest and fiscal charges, \$13,846 in gain on disposal of capital asset and \$1.3 in interest income. Also included in this amount is \$2.6 million in intergovernmental revenues for the City's share in parking ticket revenue from Miami-Dade County. Intergovernmental revenue decreased by \$318,100 or 10.9% from the prior year. In October 2018, metered parking hours of operation in the Entertainment District were expanded to 24 hours a day; Municipal Parking Lot No. P71, located at 46th Street and Collins Avenue transitioned to daily flat rate of \$20.00, enforced 24 hours a day; and parking space rentals related to construction were increased to \$35 daily. In October 2016, rates increased at metered parking lots and on-street locations throughout South Beach and Middle Beach. On-street meter rates increased from \$1.75 to \$4.00 per hour in South Beach and \$1.00 to \$3.00 per hour in Middle Beach. Metered parking lot rates increased from \$1.75 to \$2.00 per hour in South Beach and from \$1.00 to \$2.00 per hour in select location in Middle Beach
- The Convention Center fund had an increase in net position of \$10.8 million. Operating revenues decreased by \$220,255 or 8.1% and operating expenses decreased by \$6.3 million or 34.8% from the prior year. Net non-operating revenues were \$16.5 million consisting of \$266,972 in interest income and \$16.2 million in intergovernmental revenue. Intergovernmental revenues increased by \$6.2 million or 61.9% from the prior year due to increased funding from Miami-Dade County. The Convention Center's largest operating expenses were, contractual services and personal services costs. The Convention Center has been under construction since December 2015. The Convention Center has maintained half of the building operational for events. The facility partially opened to host Art Basel in December of 2018.
- Other Enterprise funds, which include the Sanitation and Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency's (RDA) Parking and Leasing funds, had a decrease in net position of \$2.7 million. The Parking funds accounts for the Anchor garage and Penn garage. The Leasing funds accounts for the Anchor Shoppe and Penn Shoppe. In the combined funds, operating revenues decreased by \$365,912 or 1.6% and operating expenses increased by \$1.5 million or 6.2% from the prior year. Net non-operating revenues were \$583,395 and consisted of \$78,968 gain on disposal of capital assets, \$506,290 in interest income and \$1,863 in interest and fiscal charges.

Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The table below summarizes the changes in the fund balances of the City's governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

(in thousands)

Miami Dagah

Fund balances	 General	Re	sort Tax	R	mi Beach edevel- pment agency	<u>Cap</u>	ital Projects	 er Govern- ntal Funds	Total Govern- mental Funds		
Sep. 30, 2017 Revenues Expenditures Other financing	\$ 71,190 290,127 (312,882)	\$	22,669 88,444 (19,924)	\$	69,731 51,172 (19,752)	\$	281,871 32,695 (160,485)	\$ 100,918 33,299 (90,850)	\$	546,379 495,737 (603,893)	
sources (uses) Extraordinary	38,926		(62,994)		(35,217)		11,413	58,172		10,300	
item	1,089									1,089	
Fund balances Sept. 30, 2018	\$ 88,450	\$	28,195	\$	65,934	\$	165,494	\$ 101,539	\$	449,612	

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's funding requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The City's general fund is required to adopt an annual budget prepared on a basis consistent with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Surpluses from any prior fiscal years cannot be appropriated in future fiscal years.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance of the general fund was \$88.5 million. This consisted of \$11.4 million restricted for building department operations, \$45.6 million for emergencies and purchase commitments, \$0.5 million assigned for the future budget, and \$30.9 million in unrestricted fund balance.

The general fund's net increase in fund balance for the fiscal year was \$17.3 million. Overall revenues had a net increase of \$17.8 million or 6.6% over the prior year. Ad-valorem tax, which is 60.9% of the general fund revenue collected (excluding transfers), increased by \$15.7 million or 9.8%. There were also increases in administrative fees of \$2.1 million or 11.2% over the prior year. Expenditures in the general fund increased by \$14.7 million or 4.9%, primarily in the public safety function, which account for 66.5% of general fund expenditures.

The resort tax fund accounts for the collection of special tax levied city-wide on food, beverage and room rents used to support tourist related activities. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance of the resort tax fund was \$28.2 million an increase of \$5.5 million or 24.4% from the prior fiscal year. Resort tax collected during the year was \$87.6 million, an increase of \$5.7 million or 6.9% from the prior fiscal year. Net other financing uses, which was \$63.0 million decreased by \$6.1 million or 8.8% and expenditures increased by \$2.3 million or 13.2%.

The Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency (the Agency) Special Revenue Fund accounts for the operations of the Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency, a tax increment district of the City. The Agency was established in 1976 under the provisions of Chapter 163 of the Florida Statutes to spur development and redevelopment in the South Shore and City Center/Historic Convention Village Redevelopment and Revitalization Area of the City. Tax increments collected during the year was \$49.9 million, which is a decrease of \$1.9 million or 3.7%, and net other financing uses increased by \$29.2 million or 487.5% due to the debt associated with the 2015A tax increment revenue refund bonds. Expenditures increased by \$3.9 million or 25.1%. The fund balance of the Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund

decreased by \$3.8 million or 5.4% from the prior fiscal year.

The City's capital projects fund accounts for the funding of the City's capital program. The primary resources are obtained from the issuance of City debt, tax increments and intergovernmental revenues. Intergovernmental revenues were \$2.6 million. Intergovernmental revenues increased \$1.6 or 157.9% from the prior fiscal year. Net other financing sources during the year totaled \$11.4 million. Net other financing sources increased by \$10.2 million or 840.9% from the prior fiscal year. The increase in net other financing sources is primarily due to transfers for capital projects. The capital projects fund balance decreased by \$116.4 million or 41.3% from the prior fiscal year.

The other governmental funds consist of the City's debt service funds and other special revenue funds, which accounts primarily for grants and current debt service. Ad Valorem tax collected for debt service was \$5.9 million which was approximately the same as the prior year. Intergovernmental revenue, which was \$7.4 million, increased by \$4.2 million or 126.5%. Net other financing sources, which totaled \$58.2 million, increased by \$12.3 million or 26.8%. Expenditures in the fund decreased by \$8.9 million or 8.9%. The fund balance increased by \$621,278 or 0.6% from the prior year.

Proprietary funds

The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The total increase in net position for all enterprise funds was \$19.9 million. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The following information is presented to assist the reader in comparing the original budget (adopted budget), and the final amended budget (amended budget), and reflects how actual results compare to these budgeted amounts. The amended budget can be modified subsequent to the end of the fiscal year. Detailed budget information can be found in the RSI section of this document. During the year, there was a \$1.1 million positive variance between final budget revenues and actual revenues. There were also a \$15.0 million positive variance between the final budget expenditures and actual expenditures resulting in expenditures being under budget.

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General Fund Revenues Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018 (in thousands)

	Original Adopted Budget			ıl Amended Budget	 Actual	% of Actual Revenue over Total Revenue
Revenues						
Taxes:						
Property	\$	175,544	\$	175,544	\$ 176,718	53.5 %
Sales, use and fuel taxes		979		979	1,064	0.3
Utility		11,679		11,679	11,951	3.6
Local business		5,025		5,025	5,592	1.7
Communication service		3,062		3,062	 4,076	1.2
Total tax revenue		196,289		196,289	199,401	60.4
Revenues other than taxes:						
Franchise fees		8,115		8,115	8,173	2.5
Permits		24,661		25,138	23,905	7.2
Intergovernmental		10,734		10,734	11,008	3.3
Charges for services		18,831		18,831	18,434	5.6
Rents and leases		5,495		5,495	5,644	1.7
Interest income		692		692		
Fines and forfeits		1,341		1,341	1,988	0.6
Administrative fees		21,419		21,419	20,811	6.3
Other		923		923	762	0.2
Other financing sources		31,261		32,340	38,926	11.8
Extraordinary item					1,089	0.3
Fund balance		3,000		6,542		
Total revenues other than taxes		126,472		131,570	130,740	
Total revenues	\$	322,761	\$	327,859	\$ 330,141	100.0 %

General Fund Expenditures Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018 (in thousands)

	9	nal Adopted Budget	 Amended udget	Actual	% of Actual Revenue over Total Revenue		
General government	\$	53,076	\$ 53,757	\$ 46,868	15.0 %		
Public safety		211,006	212,506	207,995	66.5		
Physical Environment		3,707	4,069	4,069	1.3		
Transportation		5,109	5,436	5,128	1.6		
Economic Environment		1,844	2,936	2,620	0.8		
Human Services		2,478	2,576	2,189	0.7		
Culture and recreation		43,421	43,902	42,087	13.5		
Capital Outlay		602	1,158	410	0.1		
Debt service		1,519	1,519	1,516	0.5		
Total expenditures	\$	322,761	\$ 327,859	\$ 312,882	100.0 %	_	

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities at September 30, 2018 amounts to \$1.9 billion (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, water & sewer distribution, storm drainage systems, lighting systems, sidewalks, curbs, signage, equipment, street improvements, air rights and parks, which are detailed as follows (net of accumulated depreciation):

Capital Assets

(in thousands)

	Governmental					Business-Type				Total			
	2017		2018		2017		2018		2017			2018	
Land Intangible assets Construction	\$	58,759 4,182	\$	58,759 4,182	\$	25,835 4,318	\$	25,838 4,318	\$	84,594 8,500	\$	84,597 8,500	
work-in-progress	5	09,915		633,661		343,195		373,779		853,110		1,007,440	
Building & Structure Permanent	,	72,922		75,848		114,876		103,602		187,798		179,450	
improvements Furniture, Fixtures	2	55,677		246,303		11,381		25,306		267,058		271,609	
& Equipment		24,970		30,956		44,798		42,402		69,768		73,358	
Infrastructure		83,025		103,645		215,055		215,863		298,080		319,508	
Total	\$ 1,0	09,450	\$ 1	,153,354	\$	759,458	\$	791,108	\$ ^	1,768,908	\$	1,944,462	

The City has developed various capital improvement programs to improve the quality of life of its residents. Major projects include citywide water, wastewater and storm water improvements, streetscape enhancements and improvements to parks, beaches, and fire stations. Major capital asset events in progress during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Completed Lighting at Bayshore Lower North Bay Road Installation of the decorative street lighting system along the entire length of North Bay Road from Sunset (20 street) to the North and south of Alton Road.
- Completed Relocation of Fire Hydrants at Biscayne Beach Neighborhood To expand parking spaces at the
 Biscayne Beach neighborhood which is generally bounded by 79th Street on the south; 85th Street on the north,
 Crespi Boulevard on the east; and Hawthorne Avenue on the west. Relocation of fire hydrants yielding 12
 additional parking spaces throughout the Biscayne Beach Neighborhood.
- Completed Seawall- Muss Park Rehabilitation Replacement of 300 linear feet of seawall to minimize deposition
 of sediments into Biscayne Waterway which flows into Biscayne Bay Aquatic Preserve, improve water quality, and
 protect upland structures such as roads, bridges, and utilities from damage caused by a seawall failure.
- Biscayne Point Island Entrance Renovation Construction that includes the revision to the entrance median, new fencing enhanced landscape, modifications to existing pavers and sidewalks, guard house improvements and additional lighting.
- Completed construction of Muss Park Playground and Other Improvements New playground structure for children ages 5 to 12, to include safety surface and an extended shade structure that cover the entire area. Concrete sidewalks around the play areas and seating under the shade structure. Other park improvements include re-irrigation and re-sodding of the field, and installation of irrigation surrounding the building.
- Completed construction of Seawall Fleet Management Complete design and total replacement of approximately 200 feet of seawall to protect upland structures such as the adjacent city facilities building, city property and existing utilities from damage caused by a seawall failure. In addition, this project reduces the introduction of sediments into Government Cut. The project is a deep-water seawall that includes deeper, more costly, sheet piling and coordination with federal, state and local environmental regulatory agencies.

- Completed Renovation of Miami Beach Tennis Center Renovation/expansion of the North Shore Tennis Center Building. This project includes a dedicated entrance and indoor space similar to the Flamingo Park Tennis Center Building. By enclosing the building, creates a tennis center-like environment as requested by the current players and will better accommodate the youth academy instruction.
- Completed Phase 1 of City Tidal Flooding Mitigation Installed automated valves that close during high tides on stormwater infrastructure in low-lying locations.
- Completed Drainage Hot Spots (27300) Stormwater improvements addressing drainage hot spots throughout the City including the 1800 block of Biarritz, 4400 block of Middle North Bay Road, and 46th Street and Royal Palm Avenue.
- Completed Phase 3 Infiltration/In-Flow Program Rehabilitation of Sanitary Sewer Lines to eliminate and/or reduce levels of infiltration / in-flow.
- Completed Wastewater & Water Upgrades Miscellaneous Wastewater and Water Upgrades Citywide including sewer manholes, sewer line replacement.
- Completed the 63rd Street 16" Watermain Replacement Replaced existing 16" cast iron distribution water main at Pinetree Drive to Indian Creek at 63rd Street.
- Continued construction included the following:
 - Altos del Mar Park
 - Beach walk II Phase II
 - Bayshore D Sunset Islands III & IV Neighborhood Improvements
 - Collins Park Parking Garage
 - Convention Center Renovation
 - Convention Center Carl Fisher Renovation
 - Flamingo Park Handball Courts Renovations
 - Flamingo Park Fitness Cluster
 - Flamingo Park Master Plan Park wide Improvements Ph. I
 - Lifeguard Stands Replacement Ph. VI, VII
 - Middle Beach Recreational Corridor Ph. 2 Section 1
 - Middle Beach Recreational Corridor Ph. 2 Section 2
 - Ocean Rescue 79th Street Sub Headquarter Trailer Replacement
 - Palm & Hibiscus Neighborhood Improvements
 - Stormwater Pump Station at 19 Street East of Meridian
 - South Pointe Remediation Cut Walk
 - Sunset Islands I & II Guardhouse
 - Surface Parking Lot P2 (1A) Penrod's at One Ocean Drive
 - Venetian Islands Neighborhood Improvements
 - West Avenue Phase II Improvements South of 14th Street

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in <u>Note 6</u> to the financial statements.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

Long-term Debt

Outstanding Debt General Obligation, Special Obligation, Revenue Bonds and Loans (in thousands)

	Governme	ntal activities	Business-ty	pe activities	Т	otal
	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018
General obligation	\$ 46,380	\$ 42,535	\$	\$	\$ 46,380	\$ 42,535
Special obligation	507,870	496,890			507,870	496,890
Revenue bonds			374,335	519,320	374,335	519,320
Loans	25,843	20,200	276		26,119	20,200
Other debt	10,122	9,153			10,122	9,153
Total	\$ 590,215	\$ 568,778	\$ 374,611	\$ 519,320	\$ 964,826	\$ 1,088,098

At the end of the current fiscal year the City had total bonded debt, loans and other long-term debt of \$1.1 billion. Governmental activities had a net debt decrease of \$21.4 million or 3.6% while business-type activities debt increased by \$144.7 million or 38.6%. The increase is due to the issuance of the Series 2017 Water and Sewer and Series 2017 Stormwater bonds. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 10 to the financial statements.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Miami Beach's finances for all those with an interest in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to The City of Miami Beach, Finance Department, 1700 Convention Center Drive, Miami Beach, Florida 33139.

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CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2018

		Primary Government		
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Cash and investments	\$ 489,578,798	\$ 183,142,833	\$ 672,721,631	\$ 4,866,397
Cash with fiscal agent	250,000		250,000	
Receivables (net)	15,145,493	26,371,813	41,517,306	
Due from other governments	18,551,602		18,551,602	353,117
Prepaid expenses	1,603,610	580,632	2,184,242	
Inventories	399,134	1,795,501	2,194,635	
Restricted cash and investments	98,014,374	267,630,819	365,645,193	
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	58,758,676	25,836,726	84,595,402	
Intangible assets Construction in progress	4,181,941 633,661,236	4,318,059 373,779,393	8,500,000 1,007,440,629	
Capital assets net of accumulated	633,661,236	373,779,393	1,007,440,629	
depreciation:				
Buildings and structures	75,847,812	110,779,861	186,627,673	
Permanent improvements	246,303,434	10,832,448	257,135,882	
Machinery and equipment	30,955,542	42,414,997	73,370,539	125,856
Infrastructure	103,645,163	223,146,060	326,791,223	
Total assets	1,776,896,815	1,270,629,142	3,047,525,957	5,345,370
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
GASB 68 - Employees Retirement Plan	65,855,022	17,156,349	83,011,371	258,752
GASB 68 - Police & Fire Retirement Plan	80,579,940		80,579,940	
GASB 75 - OPEB	10,032,049	1,137,790	11,169,839	28,786
Unamortized refunding costs	1,214,321	7,592,191	8,806,512	
Total deferred outflows of resources	157,681,332	25,886,330	183,567,662	287,538
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	36,561,032	15,642,426	52,203,458	
Retainage payable	20,224,818	7,944,427	28,169,245	
Accrued expenses	13,027,882	4,928,879	17,956,761	165,856
Accrued interest payable	3,468,541		3,468,541	
Unearned revenue	23,110,790	2,197,201	25,307,991	
Deposits	51,400	6,308,692	6,360,092	
Due to other governments	3,835	6,656	10,491	
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year	48,377,499	13,625,639	62,003,138	
Due in more than one year				
Other long-term liabilities	639,162,658	553,782,958	1,192,945,616	16,360
Net Pension Liability - MBERP	171,951,371	44,796,248	216,747,619	675,618
Net Pension Liability - MBF&P	301,417,365		301,417,365	
Net OPEB Liability	126,472,099	22,925,235	149,397,334	314,744
Total liabilities	1,383,829,290	672,158,361	2,055,987,651	1,172,578
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	45 007 444	0.000.000	10 000 101	00.000
GASB 68 - Employees Retirement Plan GASB 68 - Police & Fire Retirement Plan	15,327,144 4,279,607	3,992,980	19,320,124 4,279,607	60,222
GASB 75 - OPEB	1,966,189	2,828,309	4,794,498	2,161
Unearned other revenues	759,591		759,591	2,101
Total deferred inflows of resources	22,332,531	6,821,289	29,153,820	62,383
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	632,998,945	411,086,647	1,044,085,592	125,856
Restricted for:				
Debt Service	1,510,531	68,900,836	70,411,367	
Economic development	67,817,989		67,817,989	
Capital Improvement	38,467,621		38,467,621	
Convention center		2,441,268	2,441,268	
Transportation	52,500,244		52,500,244	
Building operations	11,447,181		11,447,181	
Public safety	657,526		657,526	
Human services	68,801		68,801	
Quality of life improvement	23,681,542		23,681,542	
Water and sewer system	101 5	1,134,571	1,134,571	
Culture & recreation Unrestricted	401,909	100.070.500	401,909	4.070.004
	(301,135,963) \$ 528,416,326	133,972,500 \$ 617,535,822	(167,163,463) \$ 1,145,952,148	4,272,091 \$ 4,397,947
Total net position	\$ 528,416,326	\$ 617,535,822	\$ 1,145,952,148	\$ 4,397,947

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

			Program Revenues						Net (Expense) I Changes in N				
			Operating	(Capital			Pri	mary Government				
		Charges for	Grants and	Gr	ants and		Governmental		Business-type			Compon	nent
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Con	ntributions		Activities		Activities		Total	Units	š
Primary government:													
Governmental activities:													
General government	\$ 59,544,525	\$ 85,678,600	\$ 8,002,774	\$	4,620,574	\$	38,757,423	\$		\$	38,757,423	\$	
Public safety	244,304,594	9,014,798	1,192,269		54,400		(234,043,127)				(234,043,127)		
Physical environment	6,939,057		15,000		1,138,452		(5,785,605)				(5,785,605)		
Transportation	34,843,267	400	8,503,387		418,217		(25,921,263)				(25,921,263)		
Economic environment	10,247,677		952,570				(9,295,107)				(9,295,107)		
Human services	3,529,909		1,779,749				(1,750,160)				(1,750,160)		
Culture and recreation	69,371,471	9,434,770	684,256		513,223		(58,739,222)				(58,739,222)		
Interest on long-term debt	23,790,283						(23,790,283)				(23,790,283)		
Total governmental activities	452,570,783		21,130,005		6,744,866		(320,567,344)				(320,567,344)		
Business-type activities:		,			5,1 11,000		(==,==,==,==,				(===,===,===)		
Storm Water	22,269,049	29,293,550							7,024,501		7,024,501		
Water	30,977,477								4,129,211		4,129,211		
Sewer	44,472,734								6,604,677		6,604,677		
Parking	50,696,556	, ,	2,596,982						250,846		250,846		
Convention Center	12,039,318		16,245,707						6,705,776		6,705,776		
Sanitation	22,166,744		10,243,707						, ,		, ,		
	22,100,744	16,456,469							(5,710,275)		(5,710,275)		
Redevelopment Agency's	4.750.400	4 0 40 000							(400 705)		(400 705)		
Parking	4,756,468	4,346,683							(409,785)		(409,785)		
Redevelopment Agency's													
Leasing	461,042								788,873		788,873		
Total business-type activities	187,839,388		18,842,689						19,383,824		19,383,824		
Total primary government	\$ 640,410,171	\$ 292,509,091	\$ 39,972,694	\$	6,744,866		(320,567,344)		19,383,824		(301,183,520)		
Component units:													
Visitor and Convention	\$ 1,874,138	\$	\$	\$								(1,8	874,138
Health Facilities	420												(420
Total component units	\$ 1,874,558	\$	\$	\$,	(1,8	874,558
•													
		General revenues:											
		Taxes:											
		Property taxes, levied for	or general purposes				177,358,634				177,358,634		
		Property taxes, levied for					5,938,336				5,938,336		
		Resort taxes	or dobt our woo				87,595,052				87,595,052	2.8	841,810
		Tax increment					72,235,505				72,235,505	-, <	511,010
		Utility taxes					12,837,343				12,837,343		
		Local business tax					5,592,363				5,592,363		
		Communication service	tov				4,075,570				4,075,570		
		Miscellaneous	ldX										4 001
			t-1t-				3,989,438		440 745		3,989,438		1,06
		Gain (loss) on sale of capi					0.704.500		118,745		118,745		
		Unrestricted investment ea	•				6,731,596		6,538,780		13,270,376		6,854
		Insurance proceeds relatin	g to impairments				1,311,745				1,311,745		
		Extraordinary item					1,089,334				1,089,334		
		Transfers					6,106,910		(6,106,910)				
		· ·	es, extraordinary expens	e, and tra	ınsfers		384,861,826		550,615		385,412,441		849,729
		Change in net po	sition				64,294,482		19,934,439		84,228,921		975,17
		Net position - beginning					525,166,801		623,674,313		1,148,841,114	3,7	722,596
		Restatement for implementa	tion of GASR 75				(61,044,957)		(26,072,930)		(87,117,887)		299,820
		·								-			422.776
		Net position - beginning- rest	tated			_	464,121,844	_	597,601,383	•	1,061,723,227		, -
		Net position - ending				5	528,416,326	\$	617,535,822	ъ	1,145,952,148	\$ 4.3	397,947

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2018

	General		Resort Tax		Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency		Capital Projects		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and investments Receivables (net of	\$ 98,609,882	\$	25,031,531	\$	66,264,357	\$	213,679,575	\$	109,364,242	\$ 512,949,587
allowance for uncollectibles) Accrued interest Due from other fund	4,643,132 1,822,595 1,581,048		5,426,188				61,787 321,243		919,676	11,050,783 2,143,838 1,581,048
Due from other governments Prepaids	23,255			_			14,847,306 22,806		3,704,296 1,612	18,551,602 47,673
Total assets	\$ 106,679,912	\$	30,457,719	\$	66,264,357	\$	228,932,717	\$	113,989,826	\$ 546,324,531
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable Retainage payable	\$ 5,362,905 19,744	\$	620,848	\$	187,296	\$	22,807,335 19,456,215	\$	4,760,017 748,859	\$ 33,738,401 20,224,818
Accrued expenditures Uneamed revenues Deposits	7,958,364 4,810,584		1,641,663		143,538		1,872,680 14,902,225		748,468 3,801,412 51,400	12,364,713 23,514,221 51,400
Due to other governments Due to other funds	3,835								0 0	3,835
Due to other fund Environmental remediation	75,000	_					4,400,000	_	1,581,048	1,581,048 4,475,000
Total liabilities	18,230,432		2,262,511		330,834	_	63,438,455		11,691,204	 95,953,436
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable other revenues									759,591	 759,591
Total deferred inflows of resources	 							_	759,591	 759,591
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable Restricted Committed	23,255 11,447,181 45,607,227		28,195,208		65,933,523		22,806 155,739,574 25,002,247		1,612 90,413,432 15,174,432	47,673 351,728,918 85,783,906
Assigned Unassigned	 500,000 30,871,817	_					(15,270,365)	_	1,286,969 (5,337,414)	 1,786,969 10,264,038
Total fund balances	 88,449,480		28,195,208		65,933,523	_	165,494,262		101,539,031	 449,611,504
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 106,679,912	\$	30,457,719	\$	66,264,357	\$	228,932,717	\$	113,989,826	\$ 546,324,531

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2018

Total fund balances - governmental funds			\$	449,611,504
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:				
Land Intangible assets Construction in progress Building and structures Permanent improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Accumulated depreciation Total capital assets	\$	58,150,156 4,181,941 631,688,476 136,279,936 394,018,701 25,637,243 241,481,978 (365,023,821)	_	1,126,414,610
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:		(500, 405, 000)		
Bonds payable Loans payable Net premium on bonds Compensated absences Accrued interest payable OPEB Net pension liability - MBERP Net pension liability - MBF&P		(539,425,000) (26,247,616) (46,039,349) (23,386,782) (3,468,541) (119,307,925) (155,391,679) (301,417,365)		
Total long term liabilities	_	(301,417,300)	-	(1,214,684,257)
Unavailable revenues that meet the criteria for recognition in the Statement of Activities.				2,342,979
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions and deferred refunding costs are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.				
Deferred refunding costs Deferred outflows of resources relating to ERP pension Deferred outflows of resources relating to P&F pension Deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources relating to ERP pension Deferred inflows of resources relating to P&F pension Deferred inflows of resources relating to OPEB	_	1,214,321 59,512,886 80,579,940 9,559,526 (13,851,070) (4,279,607) (819,475)	_	131,916,521
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management, property management, central services, self insurance, and communications to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the				
statement of net position.				32,814,969
Net position of governmental activities			\$	528,416,326

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	General	Resort Tax		Miami Beach edevelopment Agency	Capital Projects	C	Nonmajor Sovernmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				<u> </u>					
Taxes:									
Property	\$ 176,718,001	\$	\$		\$	\$	5,938,336	\$	182,656,337
Sales, use and fuel	1,064,324						3,875,355		4,939,679
Utility	11,951,223						886,120		12,837,343
Resort		87,595,052							87,595,052
Local business	5,592,363								5,592,363
Tax increment				49,920,277	22,315,228				72,235,505
Communication service	4,075,570								4,075,570
Other							2,125,635		2,125,635
Franchise fees	8,173,295								8,173,295
Permits	23,905,369						23,588		23,928,957
Intergovernmental	11,008,345				2,555,967		7,441,068		21,005,380
Charges for services	18,434,148						5,918,166		24,352,314
Rents and leases	5,643,817						1,510,003		7,153,820
Interest		634,752		1,251,506	3,095,800		791,696		5,773,754
Fines and forfeitures	1,987,646						868,041		2,855,687
Administrative fees	20,810,564								20,810,564
Special assessment		197,427			14,055				211,482
Impact fees							3,486,229		3,486,229
Other	761,949	 16,770			4,713,674		434,549		5,926,942
Total revenues	290,126,614	 88,444,001		51,171,783	32,694,724		33,298,786		495,735,908
EXPENDITURES									
Current:	40.000.000	4 0 47 000		= 040 000	45.070		0.40.00=		== +0+00+
General government	46,868,306	1,647,060		5,810,280	15,970		843,005		55,184,621
Public safety	207,996,513	6,486,802		4,496,365	166,776		11,029,175		230,175,631
Physical environment	4,068,646				99,413		2,215,992		6,384,051
Transportation	5,127,814			0.007.000	2,298,542		15,401,934		22,828,290
Economic environment	2,619,698			6,097,202			1,063,337		9,780,237
Human services	2,188,871	=0= =			0.000.054		1,287,204		3,476,075
Culture and recreation	42,087,107	11,765,744		1,059,914	2,300,651		2,414,658		59,628,074
Capital Outlay	409,606	23,337		2,288,222	155,603,081		9,901,421		168,225,667
Debt service:									
Principal retirement	1,212,873						19,699,733		20,912,606
Interest	192,250						26,990,645		27,182,895
Other	110,600	 1,239		10.751.000			2,751		114,590
Total expenditures	312,882,284	 19,924,182		19,751,983	160,484,433		90,849,855		603,892,737
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	(00.755.070)	CO 540 040		24 440 000	(407 700 700)		(57.554.000)		(400, 450, 000)
over (under) expenditures	(22,755,670)	 68,519,819	_	31,419,800	(127,789,709)		(57,551,069)		(108, 156, 829)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Loan proceeds							1,362,339		1,362,339
Sale of capital assets	594,270								594,270
Impairment					(1,311,745)				(1,311,745)
Insurance recovery					1,311,745				1,311,745
Transfers in	46,420,325	1,787,261		822,399	13,087,221		65,122,112		127,239,318
Transfers out	(8,089,000)	 (64,780,870)		(36,039,313)	(1,674,314)		(8,312,104)	_	(118,895,601)
Total other financing sources (uses)	38,925,595	 (62,993,609)		(35,216,914)	11,412,907	_	58,172,347	_	10,300,326
EXTRAORDINARY ITEM									
Extraordinary item	1,089,334		_			_		-	1,089,334
Net change in fund balances	17,259,259	5,526,210		(3,797,114)	(116,376,802)		621,278		(96,767,169)
Fund balances - beginning of year	71,190,221	 22,668,998		69,730,637	281,871,064		100,917,753		546,378,673

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds		\$ (96,767,169)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:		
Capital outlay Contributions proprietary funds, net Deletions Depreciation expense Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense	\$ 168,225,667 (7,290,584) (2,907,610) (23,133,641)	1
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, loans) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations is an expenditure in the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. In the current year, these amounts consist of:		
Proceeds from state revolving loan Bonds principal retirement Amortization of unamortized refunding costs Amortization of net bond premium(s) OPEB Total long term-debt retirement and related transactions	(1,362,339) 20,912,606 345,365 2,999,302 4,660,488	27,555,422
Expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:		
Increase in compensated absences Increase in accrued interest expense Total additional expense	(2,117,650)	(1,817,343)
In government funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contribution was:		
Employees Retirement Plan (ERP) Police & Fire Retirement Plan (P&F)	(3,782,748)	
Unearned revenue that meet the revenue recognition criteria in the Statement of Activities, but not the fund statements, i.e. property taxes.		640,644
Internal funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management, property management, central services, self insurance, and communications to individual funds.		11,171,258
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 64,294,482
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2018

		Sept	ember 30, 2018				
	Storm Water	Water and	Parking System	Convention Center	Nonmajor Enterprise	Totala	Governmental Activities- Internal
ASSETS	Utility Fund	Sewer Fund	Fund	Complex Fund	Funds	Totals	Service Funds
Current assets:							
Cash and investments	\$ 35,870,981	\$ 42,742,742	\$ 46,680,847	\$ 18,553,268	\$ 39,294,995	\$ 183,142,833	
Cash with fiscal agent Restricted cash and investments:							250,000
Revenue bonds covenant	8,522,207	14,930,727	11,558,489			35,011,423	
Accounts receivable (net of	-,,	,,. =:	,,			,,	
allowance for uncollectibles)	2,789,171	9,779,508	5,511,518	7,323,892	937,377	26,341,466	11,324
Accrued interest receivable	19,027	1,476	9,844	00 505	400.050	30,347	4 555 007
Prepaid expenses Inventories		1,795,501	405,041	66,535	109,056	580,632 1,795,501	1,555,937 399,134
Total current assets	47,201,386	69,249,954	64,165,739	25,943,695	40,341,428	246,902,202	76,859,980
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash and investments:							
Customer deposits and advance sales		6,578,399	482,606	1,658,536	290,209	9,009,750	
Impact fees - water and sewer		1,135,551	,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1,135,551	
Interlocal agreement				1,711,723		1,711,723	
Revenue bonds covenant	108,360,408	97,262,256	15,139,708			220,762,372	
Capital assets:	1 207 00	4 400 E00	10 044 400	2 000 274	2 400 002	25 026 726	600 F20
Land Intangible assets	1,297.00	1,492,598	18,844,498 4.318.059	2,089,371	3,408,962	25,836,726 4,318,059	608,520
Buildings and structures	9,074,836	8,791,852	102,636,630	44,575,596	32,112,613	197,191,527	2,624,671
Parking lots	2,21 1,222	-,,	10,545,474	.,,,,	,,	10,545,474	_,=_,,=.,
Mains and lines	94,391,734	188,454,830				282,846,564	
Meters and hydrants		13,221,458	17,386,639			30,608,097	
Machinery and equipment	2,288,222.00	53,428,835	7,482,773	4,707,357	4,572,509	72,479,696	59,942,884
Construction in progress Less accumulated depreciation	169,703,414.00 (15,943,530.00)	79,492,659 (86,287,864)	65,650,525 (57,838,866)	58,932,795 (32,824,878)	(13,602,854)	373,779,393 (206,497,992)	1,972,760 (38,209,640)
Total capital assets (net of	(13,343,330.00)	(00,207,004)	(37,030,000)	(32,024,070)	(13,002,034)	(200,431,332)	(30,203,040)
accumulated depreciation)	259,515,973	258,594,368	169,025,732	77,480,241	26,491,230	791,107,544	26,939,195
Total noncurrent assets	367,876,381	363,570,574	184,648,046	80,850,500	26,781,439	1,023,726,940	26,939,195
Total assets	415,077,767	432,820,528	248,813,785	106,794,195	67,122,867	1,270,629,142	103,799,175
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pensions - MBERP	1,554,614	3,500,818	6,312,625	130,171	5,658,121	17,156,349	6,342,134
Deferred refunding	6,347,821	908,687	335,683		-,,	7,592,191	
OPEB	92,475	230,601	381,604	5,268	427,842	1,137,790	472,523
Total deferred outflows of resources	7,994,910	4,640,106	7,029,912	135,439	6,085,963	25,886,330	6,814,657
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:	1,592,259	7,067,319	5,027,360	1,267,921	687,567	15 640 406	2,822,635
Accounts payable Retainage payable	4,673,005	933,404	2,331,089	6,929	007,307	15,642,426 7,944,427	2,022,033
Accrued expenses	1,257,690	1,539,464	968,769	732,563	430,393	4,928,879	663,169
Due to other governments			1,306		5,350	6,656	
Bonds payable	5,020,137	4,832,119	2,075,076			11,927,332	
Loans payable		0.004.050	40.070		0.050	0.000.000	1,962,782
Deposits Accrued compensated absences	137.194	6,294,358 303.728	10,676 571,565	4,719	3,658 481.101	6,308,692 1,498,307	595.838
Unearned revenues	157,134	303,720	452,639	1,669,905	74,657	2,197,201	333,030
Environmental remediation liability				200,000		200,000	
Insurance claims incurred but not							
reported							1,810,000
Pending insurance claims Total current liabilities	12,680,285	20,970,392	11,438,480	3,882,037	1,682,726	50,653,920	8,390,000 16,244,424
Total current habilities	12,000,203	20,970,332	11,430,400	3,002,037	1,002,720	30,033,920	10,244,424
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Pending insurance claims							5,481,860
Insurance claims incurred but not reported							26,523,504
Deposits		284,041	19,291	1,658,536	211,894	2,173,762	20,023,304
Accrued compensated absences	69,905	241,040	501,348	1,047	472,975	1,286,315	915,612
Net pension liability - MBERP	4,059,189	9,140,842	16,482,640	339,886	14,773,691	44,796,248	16,559,692
Net OPEB liability	1,863,265	4,646,370	7,688,916	106,135	8,620,549	22,925,235	7,164,173
Loans payable							2,286,811
Revenue bonds payable (net of unamortized discounts)	281,273,776	173,484,435	95,564,670			550,322,881	
Total noncurrent liabilities	287,266,135	187,796,728	120,256,865	2,105,604	24,079,109	621,504,441	58,931,652
Total liabilities	299,946,420	208,767,120	131,695,345	5,987,641	25,761,835	672,158,361	75,176,076
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pensions - MBERP	264 022	014 700	1 460 205	30,296	1 216 075	2 002 000	1,476,073
OPEB	361,822 183,753	814,782 1,170,580	1,469,205 285,926	10,211	1,316,875 1,177,839	3,992,980 2,828,309	1,146,714
Total deferred inflows of resources	545,575	1,985,362	1,755,131	40,507	2,494,714	6,821,289	2,622,787
			-				
NET POSITION	70 000 511	454 440 007	00 470 004	77 470 040	20 404 000	444 000 0 17	20.000.000
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	72,238,514	151,410,907	83,472,684	77,473,312	26,491,230	411,086,647	22,689,602
Interlocal agreement				2,441,268		2,441,268	
Water and sewer system		1,134,571		2,1,200		1,134,571	
Debt covenant	17,411,626	39,930,721	11,558,489			68,900,836	
Unrestricted	32,930,542	34,231,953	27,362,048	20,986,906	18,461,051	133,972,500	10,125,367
Total net position	\$ 122,580,682	\$ 226,708,152	\$ 122,393,221	\$ 100,901,486	\$ 44,952,281	\$ 617,535,822	\$ 32,814,969

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Storm Water Utility Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	Parking System Fund	Convention Center Complex Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Totals	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services Permits, rentals, and other	\$ 29,293,550	\$ 85,962,691 221,408	\$ 45,419,057 2,931,363	\$ 2,479,496 19,891	\$ 14,636,865 7,416,202	\$ 177,791,659 10,588,864	\$ 82,596,525 4,151,399
Total operating revenues	29,293,550	86,184,099	48,350,420	2,499,387	22,053,067	188,380,523	86,747,924
Operating expenses:							
Personal services	2,743,705	6,051,930	13,077,184	4,275,506	11,230,614	37,378,939	12,477,389
Operating supplies	30,773	148,819	148,781	150,262	49,885	528,520	3,972,774
Contractual services	2,537,984	47,620,270	13,181,081	2,502,968	9,001,825	74,844,128	13,451,689
Utilities	260,611	1,236,123	3,038,732	25,648	215,470	4,776,584	1,862,971
Insurance	200,011	1,200,120	175,669	46,066	210,470	221,735	11,197,830
	457,000	3,230,000	3,617,311	1,868,134	2,311,000	11,483,445	1,793,125
Internal charges	,			, ,			
Depreciation	3,105,905	5,615,163	5,745,404	1,443,387	1,304,272	17,214,131	5,542,849
Administrative fees	1,467,000	1,809,000	3,392,261	586,000	1,927,000	9,181,261	1,100,000
Claims and judgments	440.000	. =				. =	31,767,887
Other operating	110,662	1,594,146	3,190,591	836,943	981,869	6,714,211	422,494
Total operating expenses	10,713,640	67,305,451	45,567,014	11,734,914	27,021,935	162,342,954	83,589,008
Operating income (loss)	18,579,910	18,878,648	2,783,406	(9,235,527)	(4,968,868)	26,037,569	3,158,916
Nonconstitut annous							
Nonoperating revenues							
(expenses):							
Intergovernmental			2,596,982	16,245,707		18,842,689	
Interest and fiscal charges	(11,483,714)	(7,647,017)	(4,558,033)		(1,863)	(23,690,627)	(137,783)
Gain (loss) on disposal of							
capital assets		61,475	13,846	(35,544)	78,968	118,745	301,172
Interest income	2,189,459	2,254,705	1,321,354	266,972	506,290	6,538,780	989,369
Total nonoperating revenues							
(expenses)	(9,294,255)	(5,330,837)	(625,851)	16,477,135	583,395	1,809,587	1,152,758
, ,			· · · · · · · ·				
Income before contributions, transfers							
and special item	9,285,655	13,547,811	2,157,555	7,241,608	(4,385,473)	27,847,156	4,311,674
Capital contributions							7,290,584
Transfers in		124,705		4,813,284	1,715,000	6,652,989	0
Transfers out	(1,438,706)	(3,602,000)	(8,274,000)	(1,214,000)	(37,000)	(14,565,706)	(431,000)
Transiers out	(1,430,700)	(3,002,000)	(0,274,000)	(1,214,000)	(37,000)	(14,303,700)	(431,000)
Change in net position	7,846,949	10,070,516	(6,116,445)	10,840,892	(2,707,473)	19,934,439	11,171,258
Net position - beginning	116,799,023	222,618,876	136,481,183	90,177,938	57,597,293	623,674,313	29,961,762
Restatement for GASB 75	(2,065,290)	(5,981,240)	(7,971,517)	(117,344)	(9,937,539)	(26,072,930)	(8,318,051)
Net position - as restated	114,733,733	216,637,636	128,509,666	90,060,594	47,659,754	597,601,383	21,643,711

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	torm Water Jtility Fund		Water and Sewer Fund	Pa	arking System Fund		Convention Center omplex Fund		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Totals		Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts received from customers Payments to suppliers	\$ 29,727,954 (5,388,588)	\$	86,352,466 (51,851,380)	\$	48,372,671 (19,583,544)	\$	(2,382,520) (3,532,376)	\$	22,626,658 (11,680,377)	\$	184,697,229 (92,036,265)	\$	86,776,500 (31,126,022)
Payments to employees Payments for claims and judgments	(3,035,841)		(7,316,903)		(13,142,378)		(4,282,630)		(11,303,989)		(39,081,741)		(12,635,853) (29,787,936)
Payments for interfund services used	 (1,924,000)		(5,039,000)		(7,009,572)	_	(2,454,134)	_	(4,238,000)		(20,664,706)	_	(2,893,125)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	 19,379,525		22,145,183	_	8,637,177	_	(12,651,660)		(4,595,708)		32,914,517		10,333,564
Cash flows for non-capital financing activities: Contributions from other governments Transfers in					2,596,982		4,813,284		1,715,000		2,596,982 6,528,284		
Transfers out Net cash provided by (used in)	 (1,314,001)		(3,602,000)	_	(8,274,000)		(1,214,000)		(37,000)	_	(14,441,001)	_	(431,000)
non-capital financing activities	 (1,314,001)		(3,602,000)	_	(5,677,018)	_	3,599,284	_	1,678,000	_	(5,315,735)	_	(431,000)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Principal paid on loans Proceeds from issuance of bonds	(38,650) 79,255,693		(80,636) 70,119,388		(57,875)				(98,705)		(275,866) 149,375,081		(1,145,000)
Bond issuance costs Proceeds from bond premium Interest and fiscal charges Principal paid on bonds	(1,325,908) 20,957,766 (9,913,332) (3,880,001)		(1,093,881) 15,560,197 (6,547,489) (7,414,618)		(4,581,594) (1,670,000)		40.045.707		(1,863)		(2,419,789) 36,517,963 (21,044,278) (12,964,619)		(136,354)
Contributions from other governments Purchase of capital assets	(21,040,146)		(6,730,791)		(18,316,109)		16,245,707 (2,203,317)		(709,736)		16,245,707 (49,000,099)		(7,457,921)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Net cash provided by (used in) capital			61,475	_	41,188	_	(35,544)		90,141	_	157,260	_	325,747
and related financing activities	 64,015,422		63,873,645	_	(24,584,390)	_	14,006,846	_	(720,163)		116,591,360		(8,413,528)
Cash flows from investing activities:													
Interest on investments Net cash provided by investing activities	2,206,636 2,206,636	_	2,254,645 2,254,645	_	1,338,264 1,338,264	_	266,972 266,972	_	506,290 506,290	_	6,572,807 6,572,807	_	989,369 989,369
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments	84,287,582		84,671,473		(20,285,967)		5,221,442		(3,131,581)		150,762,949		2,478,405
Cash and investments - beginning of year	68,466,014	_	77,978,202	_	94,147,617		16,702,085	_	42,716,785		300,010,703	_	72,415,180
Cash and investments - end of year	\$ 152,753,596	\$	162,649,675	\$	73,861,650	\$	21,923,527	\$	39,585,204	\$	450,773,652	\$	74,893,585
Classified as: Current assets Restricted assets	\$ 44,393,188 108,360,408	\$	57,673,469 104,976,206	\$	58,239,336 15,622,314	\$	18,553,268 3,370,259	\$	39,294,995 290,209	\$	218,154,256 232,619,396	\$	74,893,585
Total cash and investments	\$ 152,753,596	\$	162,649,675	\$	73,861,650	\$	21,923,527	\$	39,585,204	\$	450,773,652	\$	74,893,585
Non-cash transactions affecting financial position: Change in construction and		_	(100 500)		0.450	_		_		_	(45, 450)		
related liabilities Capital contributions Debt proceeds relating to escrow Escrow deposit	\$ 52,958 - 77,294,307 (77,294,307)	\$	(100,566) 45,060,612 (45,060,612)	\$	2,152	\$		\$		\$	(45,456)	\$	7,290,584
Capital contributions of capital assets Assets relating to capital leases Change in deferred refunding costs Change in bond discount/premium	266,482 (18,989,926)		172,990 (281,765)		85,706 347,901						525,178 (18,923,790)		1,409,725 (1,409,725)
Total non-cash transactions affecting financial position	\$ (18,670,486)	\$	(209,341)	\$	435,759	\$		\$		\$	(18,444,068)	\$	7,290,584

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

(continued)

	Storm Water Utility Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	Parking System Fund	Convention Center Complex Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Totals	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOM	ME (LOSS) TO NET	CASH PROVIDE	D BY OPERATIN	G ACTIVITIES			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 18,579,910	\$ 18,878,648	\$ 2,783,406	\$ (9,235,527)	\$ (4,968,868)	\$ 26,037,569	\$ 3,158,916
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to cash provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation	3,105,905	5,615,163	5,745,404	1,443,387	1,304,272	17,214,131	5,542,849
Provision for uncollectible accounts	416,216	393,209	(1,749)		(66,943)	740,733	(3,818
Pension expense	(167,449)	(963,588)	88	(1,786)	269,368	(863,367)	178,904
OPEB Expense	(110,747)	(394,891)	(378,280)	(6,266)	(566,993)	(1,457,177)	(479,686)
Changes in assets/liabilities and deferred inflows:							
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(106,486)				(106,486)	(4,613)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	18,188	(67,822)	13,475	(6,621,190)	642,197	(6,015,152)	32,394
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense			(79,390)	(23,473)	(7,891)	(110,754)	(150,014)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(2,534,416)	(1,273,842)	297,101	(1)	(1,354,444)	(4,865,602)	(236,971
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	125,607	234,100	168,790	6,591	208,963	744,051	286,173
Increase (decrease) in deposits		(157,020)	866	744,378	(4,062)	584,162	
Increase (decrease) in due to other governments			(59,283)		(19,253)	(78,536)	
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues			9,659	994,905	2,399	1,006,963	
Increase (decrease) in environmental remediation liability				50,000	(135,410)	(85,410)	
Increase in pending insurance claims							174,048
(Decrease) in insurance claims incurred but not reported							1,805,903
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	(53,689)	(12,288)	137,090	(2,678)	100,957	169,392	29,479
Total adjustments	799,615	3,266,535	5,853,771	(3,416,133)	373,160	6,876,948	7,174,648
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 19,379,525	\$ 22,145,183	\$ 8,637,177	\$ (12,651,660)	\$ (4,595,708)	\$ 32,914,517	\$ 10,333,564

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

September 30, 2018

	 Trust Funds	A	gency Fund
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,932,034	\$	19,018,206
Receivables:			
Accounts, net			47,982
Accrued interest	2,638,092		
Contributions	500,000		
Other	1,104,332		
Prepaid expenses	4,472		
Investments:			
Short-term investments	7,716,171		
U.S. Government securities	161,966,894		
Corporate bonds and notes	191,322,379		
Bond Funds	47,948,693		
Foreign Bonds and private placements	42,440,874		
Common stocks and index funds	776,421,632		
Foreign Stocks	139,936,162		
Real estate funds	155,942,831		
Infrastructure investments	40,805,491		
Mutual funds	70,630,850		
Total investments	 1,635,131,977		
Total assets	 1,643,310,907	\$	19,066,188
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	375,903	\$	477,176
Accrued expenses	278,998		
Deposits	 		18,589,012
Total liabilities	 654,901	\$	19,066,188
Net Position			
Restricted for pension and OPEB benefits	\$ 1,642,656,006		

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Trust Funds
Additions:	
Contributions -	
Employer	\$ 81,559,204
Employee	14,836,305
State of Florida	2,125,635
Total contributions	 98,521,144
Investment Income -	
Net increase in fair value of investments	120,919,159
Interest and dividends income	23,719,271
	 144,638,430
Investment management expenses	(5,690,376)
Net investment income	138,948,054
Total additions	 237,469,198
Deductions:	
Benefit paid	139,544,762
Contributions refunded	1,383,069
Administrative expenses	1,753,035
Total deductions	142,680,866
Net increase	 94,788,332
Net position - amount restricted for pension and OPEB benefits -	
beginning of year	 1,547,867,674
Net position - amount restricted for pension and OPEB benefits -	
end of year	\$ 1,642,656,006

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Miami Beach, Florida (the "City") have been prepared in accordance with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United State of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, which along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units.

A. Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated as a municipal corporation on March 26, 1915 and was created by the Florida Legislature, Chapter 7672, Laws of Florida (1917). The City is governed by an elected mayor and six-member commission. The City operates under a Commission-Manager form of government.

Financial accountability includes such aspects as appointment of governing body members, budget review, approval of property tax levies, outstanding debt secured by the full faith credit of the City or its revenue stream, and responsibility for funding deficits.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable, or for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Blended component units presented herein, although legally separate entities, are substantively the same as the governing body of the primary government, and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. The component units are described below.

1. Blended Component Units:

Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency

The Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency") was created under the Community Redevelopment Act of 1969, enacted by the Florida Legislature. The Agency's Board of Directors is the City Commission. The Agency's executive director is the City Manager. The Agency's budget is adopted by its directors, and over 50% of the Agency's operating revenue is derived from the City's tax increment contributions.

Normandy Shores Local Government Neighborhood Improvement District

The Miami Beach Normandy Shores Local Government Neighborhood Improvement District (the "NSNID") was created under Chapter 163.506, of the Florida Statutes. The NSNID's Board of Directors is the City Commission. The NSNID's revenues are derived from ad valorem taxes. The NSNID is accounted for as a blended component unit in the City's Governmental Funds financial statements under the column entitled, "Other Governmental Funds". It is also reported in the supplementary information, Non-Major Special Revenue Funds under the column "Other Special Revenue Fund".

2. Discretely Presented Component Units-Governmental Fund Type:

Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority

The Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority (the "Authority") was created under the Health Facilities Authorities Law, Chapter 154, Part III of the Florida Statutes. The Authority's Board is appointed by the City Commission, serves a four-year term and is subject to reappointment. The revenue of the Authority is derived from fees generated from the sale of bonds to finance health facilities within Miami Beach. The City receives all funds of the Authority in excess of operational needs of the

Authority. Debt issued under the oversight of the Authority is not debt of the City or the Authority and therefore is not included in the accompanying financial statements. The Authority is accounted for as a discretely presented component unit in the City's financial statements. The Authority accounts for its financial activities using only a general fund.

Miami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority

The Miami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority (the "VCA") was created under Chapter 67-930, Section 8, of the Florida Statutes. The VCA is appointed by the City Commission to administer a portion of the collections of the municipal resort tax in order to promote tourism and convention business. The VCA is accounted for as a discretely presented component unit in the City's financial statements.

Complete financial statements for the component units may be obtained at the entity's offices:

Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency 1700 Convention Center Drive Miami Beach, Florida 33139

Miami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority 777 17th Street, Suite 402A Miami Beach, Florida 33139

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns reflect a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given functional category are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific functional category. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given functional category and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular functional category. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments necessary to reconcile the fund based financial statements to the government-wide presentation.

Internal service funds of a government are presented in summary form as part of the proprietary fund financial statements. Since the principal users of the internal services are the City's governmental activities, financial statements of internal service funds are consolidated into the governmental column when presented at the government-wide level. The costs of these services are allocated to the appropriate functional activity.

The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, pension participants, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the City, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, except for the agency fund which has no measurement focus and is reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, including charges for services are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, pensions, pollution remediation obligation and other postemployment benefits are recorded only when payment is due, or when the City has made a decision to fund those obligations with current available resources.

Property taxes, when levied for, charges for services, franchise taxes, licenses, grants and intergovernmental revenues, when all eligibility requirements are met, and interest associated with the current fiscal period, if measurable and available, have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable when the City receives the cash.

Governmental funds – typically are used to account for tax-supported activities. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources that relate to the general operations of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Resort Tax Special Revenue Fund accounts for the collection of the special tax levied city-wide on food, beverage and room rents used to support tourist related activities.
- The Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund accounts for the operations of the Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency, a tax increment district of the City. The Agency was established in 1976 under the provisions of Chapter 163 of the Florida Statutes to spur development and redevelopment in the South Pointe and City Center/Historic Convention Village Redevelopment and Revitalization Area of the City. The South Pointe District under the jurisdiction of the Agency has expired and South Pointe is now under jurisdiction of the City.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for proceeds of the City's bond sales and other revenues whose expenditure is restricted to the construction and acquisition of major capital assets.

Proprietary funds – are used to account for activities supported, at least in part, by fees or charges. The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The Storm Water Utility Fund accounts for the storm water utility operations of the City.
- The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the water and sewer operations of the City.
- The Parking System Fund accounts for the parking operations of the City.
- The Convention Center Complex Fund accounts for the Convention Center and the Theatre of Performing Arts (TOPA) operations of the City.

Other fund types:

Internal service funds - account for services provided to other departments or agencies of the government. The internal service operations include:

- Fleet Management accounts for the warehouse operations and the purchase and maintenance of the City's fleet of vehicles.
- Property Management accounts for the cleaning, operating and renovations of City buildings.
- Central Services accounts for the operation of the office supplies warehouse, central printing function and central mail facility.
- Risk Insurance accounts for the City's Risk insurance operations, both retained and insured.
- Health Insurance accounts for the City's Health insurance operations, both retained and insured.
- Communications accounts for centralized telecommunications and information technology operations.

Fiduciary Funds - used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other Governments and other funds. The City reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Pension trust funds include:

Retirement System for Miami Beach Employees', Retirement System for Firefighters and Police Officers, Policemen's Relief and Pension Fund, Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund, and Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB).

 General Agency fund – this fund accounts for general deposits held in trust until obligations are met or refunds are made.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's enterprise funds and the General Fund as well as cost reimbursement transactions between the enterprise funds and various other functions of City government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for those sectors. The following describes the four basic types of *interfund transactions* made during the year and the related accounting policies:

1. Transactions for services rendered or facilities provided are recorded as revenue in the receiving fund and expenditures, either as internal charges or administrative fees, in the disbursing fund;

- Transactions to reimburse a fund for expenditures made by it for the benefit of another fund are recorded as expenditures in the disbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the receiving fund:
- 3. Transactions which are recurring annual transfers between two or more budgetary funds are recorded as transfers in and out; and
- 4. Transactions recording capital contributions between funds are recorded in the proprietary funds and are net to zero in the government-wide statement of activities. The governmental funds do not record capital assets or capital transfers of assets.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions, including special assessments.

Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. All taxes are included in general revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and the internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance or Equity

1. Cash and investments

All cash and investments are reflected as pooled cash and investments except for amounts held by fiscal agent. Cash and investments consist of demand deposits with banks, United States Treasury Obligations, State or Municipal Obligations, Money Market Funds, and cash held at investment institutions. Investments are recorded at fair value, except for those investments with remaining maturities of one year or less at the time of purchase, which are recorded at amortized cost. For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows for the Proprietary Fund Types, pooled cash and investments are considered cash and cash equivalents.

The cash and investments for the retirement system are maintained in separate cash and investment accounts. The retirement system investments are held in United States Treasury Obligations, loans guaranteed by Government agencies, Mutual and Money Market Funds, General Obligation or Revenue Bonds issued by States and Municipalities, dividend paying stocks of domestic corporations, bonds, notes or other interest bearing obligations of domestic corporations, and shares and accounts of savings and loan associations. The retirement system's investments are recorded at fair value. Please refer to Note 3 for more detailed information regarding the City's investments.

2. Receivables and payables

During the course of its operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services, construct assets, and service debt. To the extent that certain transactions between funds have not been paid or received as of September 30, balances of

interfund amounts receivable or payable have been reflected. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Accounts receivable in excess of 90 days that are not deemed collectible, comprise the allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Following are the significant components of the receivables due to the City at September 30, 2018:

- a. Water, Sewer and Waste Fees This amount represents the unpaid, unbilled and billed charges for various fines and municipal services;
- b. Taxes, Franchise Fees and Rents This amount represents Ad Valorem taxes, including delinquent taxes, communication and utility taxes, along with franchise fees and rent payments due by September 30, 2018, but not collected as of that date;
- c. Resort Taxes Receivable This amount represents resort taxes due by September 30, 2018, but not collected as of that date;
- d. Storm Water Receivable This amount represents the unpaid, billed charges for treating water runoff from impervious areas; and
- e. Accrued Interest Receivable This amount represents the interest earned but not collected on the City's investments at September 30, 2018.
- f. Intergovernmental Receivable This amount represents grant revenue earned but not received by the City as of September 30, 2018 and state revenue sharing received within 45 days of year end.

3. Inventories and prepaids

Material and supplies in inventory are reported as current assets of the proprietary funds and on the government – wide financial statements at cost. Governmental funds inventory is stated at cost and accounted for on the consumption basis. Fund balance includes a nonspendable amount for the amount of the inventory since inventories are not available for appropriation and expenditure.

Expenditures made for services that will benefit periods beyond September 30, 2018 are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide financial statements. Accordingly a portion of fund balance has been reserved to indicate that these funds are not available for appropriation.

4. Restricted assets

Certain proceeds of the storm water enterprise fund revenue bonds, water and sewer enterprise fund revenue bonds, and the parking system enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Certain proceeds in the convention center complex enterprise fund are restricted as a result of an interlocal agreement between Miami-Dade County and the City to fund the cost of capital improvements to the Convention Center and the Theatre of Performing Arts (TOPA). Customer deposits are restricted for in the water and sewer fund, parking system fund, convention center fund and other non-major enterprise funds. The governmental fund types report unspent bond proceeds as restricted on the statement of net position.

5. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or at

valuations, which approximate cost. In the case of initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets, the City chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. Gifts or contributions of property received are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the time received by the City. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City, as well as the component units, is depreciated over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Capital Assets Category	Capitalizing Threshold	Estimated Useful Life (in years)
Land	Capitalize all	Not depreciable
Intangible assets	Capitalize all	Not depreciable
Construction in progress	\$ 100,000	Not depreciable
Building and structure	100,000	50 years
Permanent improvements	100,000	Limited to useful life of bldg. not to exceed 35 years
Furniture & equipment	5,000	7 years
Motor vehicles	5,000	5 years
Motor vehicles greater than \$50,000	50,000	10 years
Maintenance and heavy moving equipment	5,000	15 years
Infrastructure	100,000	30-50 years

In the governmental funds, capital assets are recorded as expenditure and no depreciation expense is recorded.

6. Compensated absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. When terminated, an employee is paid for accumulated vacation leave and a percent of unused sick leave hours, subject to certain limitations. All vacation and sick pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for those amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

7. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Debt principal payments are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Unearned revenue

Resources that do not meet revenue recognition requirements (not earned) are recorded as unearned

revenue in the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

9. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- a. A deferred charge on refunding is reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. Deferred charges on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- b. Deferred outflows of resources related to the MBERP and MBF&P pension plans are recognized when the City makes contributions subsequent to the measurement date and when there are differences between expected and actual experience. Differences between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions are deferred and amortized over the average of the expected remaining service lives of employees who are provided with benefits through the pension plans. Employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date are deferred and recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent reporting year. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are deferred and amortized over five years. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are only reported on the proprietary funds and the government-wide financial statements.
- c. Deferred outflows of resources relating to Other Post Employment Benefits are recognized when the City makes contributions subsequent to the measurement date, when there are differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, changes in funds proportionate shares of the deferrals, and differences between expected and actual investment earnings. The difference between expected and actual investment earnings is amortized over five years. Other deferrals are amortized over the average remaining service life of participants.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- a. Unavailable property taxes are reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The government-wide statement of net position reports deferred inflows as a result of receiving grants with grantor stipulations that funds received cannot be used until future periods. These amounts are capitalized and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the time requirements have been met and the amounts may be spent.
- b. Deferred inflows of resources related to the MBERP and MBF&P pension plans are reported when changes in the net pension liability are not included in the pension expense of the actuarially calculated net pension liability, such as differences between projected and actual investment earnings. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are deferred and amortized over five years. The deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are only reported on the proprietary funds and the government-wide financial statements.
- c. Deferred inflows of resources relating to Other Post Employment Benefits are recognized when there are differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, changes in funds proportionate shares of the deferrals, and differences between expected and actual investment earnings. The difference between expected and actual investment earnings is amortized over five years. Other deferrals are amortized over the average remaining service life of participants.

10. Net position/fund balance

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for governmental funds. It establishes criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classification and clarifies definitions for governmental fund types. Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

On June 5, 1996, the City Commission adopted Resolution No. 96-22014 which appropriated \$10 million into a reserve for contingencies in the General Fund. This resolution called for this reserve to remain at 11% of the General Fund operating budget of the ensuing year. On February 18, 1998, the City Commission adopted Resolution No. 98-22661 which defined a public emergency for which funds could be used as well as stipulating that expenditure specifically requires a 5/7 vote rather than a majority of the Commission.

On September 21, 2006, the Commission adopted Resolution No. 2006-26341 which stated that in addition to the 11% of General Fund operating budget emergency reserve, the City shall have a goal to maintain a General Fund reserve for contingencies equal to 6% of the General Fund operating budget. In combination with the 11% of emergency reserve, this represents 2 months of the General Fund operating budget expenditures. If the reserve for contingencies level falls below the 6% level, a plan of action will be required to increase the reserves over three to seven years (to at least 6%) and a percentage of any additional undesignated fund balance shall be earmarked toward attainment of the 6% level.

On July 22, 2014, the City's Resort Tax Reserve Fund Policy was amended to state the goal is reserve three months of total fund revenue of the 2% resort tax fund. The minimum acceptable reserve is to be two months of operating expenses or two months of total revenues. The policy was established to ensure the continuity of operations of both the Resort Tax Fund and the General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available for use, it is the City's practice to use restricted resources first. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance.

The City reports the following fund balance classifications for the governmental fund balance:

- Non-spendable Fund Balance amounts that cannot be spend because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Examples on nonspendable fund balance include inventories and/or prepaid expenses.
- Restricted Fund Balance amounts that are restricted to specific purposes when constraints
 placed on the use of resources are either by (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt
 covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by
 law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.
- Committed Fund Balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to
 constraints imposed by formal action of the City Commission through an ordinance or resolution
 which are equally binding as the highest decision making authority. The Commission adopts a
 City resolution, which includes the amount to be committed and the reason for the commitment.
 Only an adopted resolution by the Commission can establish, modify or rescind the commitment.
- Assigned Fund Balance amounts that are constrained by the City Commission's or an official delegated by the governing body's (City Manager) intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Fund balance is primarily assigned based on the City's budgeting policy. Some amounts are approved and assigned by the City commission subsequent to September 30, 2018.

Unassigned Fund Balance – may include residual positive fund balance within the General Fund
which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund
balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed
amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as follows:

- a. Net Investment in Capital Assets is intended to reflect the portion of net position which are associated with capital assets, less outstanding capital assets related debt, net of unspent bond and loan proceeds.
- b. Restricted Net Position have third party (statutory, bond covenant or granting agency) limitations on their use, or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted Net Position have no third party limitations on their use. While City management may have categorized and segmented portions for various purposes, the City Commission has the unrestricted authority to revisit or alter these managerial decisions.

11. Restricted component of net position

Restricted Net Position consists of amounts restricted to comply with grant contracts and other externally imposed constraints or by legislation that are legally enforceable. At September 30, 2018, the Government-wide statement of net position reported \$196,553,344 in governmental activities' restricted net position. Of this amount, \$195,042,813 is restricted as a result of enabling legislation.

12. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U. S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's estimates.

13. Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss from civil liability to other parties (automobile liability, general liability, police professional liability, public official liability); statutory workers' compensation benefits for injured employees; and the theft or accidental damage to City property (buildings and business contents).

The City established an internal service Risk Insurance Fund (the "Fund") to account for its risk financing activities. The Fund charges the operating funds insurance premiums. The accrued liability for estimated insurance claims represents an estimate of the ultimate cost of settling claims arising prior to year end, including claims incurred but not yet reported. The Fund pays for all claims and judgments made against the City for accidental losses for which the City is self-insured, and the premium costs for insurance policies to protect the City's property.

14. Employee benefit plans

The City provides separate defined benefit pension plans for general employees and for police and fire department personnel. The City no longer offers benefits under a defined contribution pension plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) to new employees. However, current employees are still participating in the plan. The City also offers an optional deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The 457 Plan

and the 401(a) Plan are not included in the City's financial statements.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Miami Beach Employees' Retirement System (MBERP) and Miami Beach Retirement Systems for Firefighters and Police Officers (MBF&P) and additions to and deletions from the systems' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms discussed in NOTE 16. Investments are reported at fair value.

15. Post-employment benefits other than pensions (OPEB)

Pursuant to Section 112.08, Florida Statutes, the City is required to permit eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to participate in the City's health insurance program at a cost to the retirees that is no greater than the cost at which coverage is available for active employees. The City has a single employer OPEB plan with benefits based on age and date of employment. The City has established an irrevocable trust fund to hold the assets of the OPEB plan. OPEB liabilities reported in the statement of activities are typically liquidated from the general fund. Please refer to Note 21 for more information.

16. Health self-insurance

Pursuant to City Code Chapter 78, Article II, Sections 78 through 81, the City provides for employees health care coverage with the cost of such coverage shared between the employee and the City. In addition, the collective bargaining agreements of the American Federation of State, County and Government Supervisors Association (GSA) all require the City to provide group health care coverage to their members. Currently the City provides its active, full time employees and retirees the opportunity to purchase group health care coverage (medical and dental). The City's group health plan excludes coverage for members of the Fraternal Order of Police (FOP) and the International Association of Fire Fighters (IAFF). FOP members are eligible to participate in the City's dental plan. The City and the employee/ retiree contribute to the cost of this coverage, at different rates, based on the plan elected. Municipal Employees (ASFCME), the Communication Workers of America (CWA), and the plan elected.

The City established an internal service Health Insurance Fund (the "Fund") to account for Medical and Dental activities. Revenues from employee and City premiums are recorded in the Fund. The Fund pays for all claims and the premium cost of "stop loss" insurance coverage. Both medical and dental claims are administered by a third party service provider.

17. Recent accounting pronouncements adopted/implemented

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statements No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". The objective of this Statement is to improve the financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions and improves information for OPEB that is provided by other entities. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for the City's financial year ending September 30, 2018. The City has restated beginning net assets in the Statement of Activities, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, Proprietary Funds, and Combining Statement of Activities, Discretely Presented Component Units Please refer to Note 17 for more information relating to GASB 75.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 81, "Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements". The

objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. This Statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Furthermore, this Statement requires that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. This Statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for the City's financial year ending September 30, 2018. This statement did not have a material impact on the City.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 82, "Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73". This Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The provisions of this statement are effective for the City's financial year ending September 30, 2018. This statement did not have a material impact on the City.

In March 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 85, "Omnibus 2017". The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits). The provisions of this Statement are effective for the City's financial year ending September 30, 2018. This statement did not have a material impact on the City.

In May 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 86, "Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues". The primary objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for insubstance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The provisions of this Statement are effective for the City's financial year ending September 30, 2018. This statement did not have a material impact on the City.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period." This statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The provisions of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, however, the City has chosen to early implement this standard for reporting periods after September 30, 2017.

NOTE 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Fund Balance/Net Position

At September 30, 2018, the City's HOME Investment Partnership Program Grant fund (HOME) had a net negative fund balance of \$185,473. The HOME fund's negative fund balance is primary due to unreimbursed grant expenditures. The City's Sanitation and Property Management Funds' had a negative net position of \$6,628,219

and \$1,153,292, respectively. The Sanitation and Property Management Funds' negative net position is due to their proportionate share of the City's overall GASB 75 OPEB balances.

NOTE 3 - Deposits and Investments

City's Pooled Portfolio Investments:

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

The City's Investments are made based on prevailing market conditions at the time of the transaction with the intent to hold the instrument until maturity. If the yield of the portfolio can be improved by the sale of an investment, prior to its maturity, with the reinvestment of the proceeds, then this provision is allowed. As a means of limiting exposure to fair value losses, the City's investment policy limits maturity of its investments to seven (7) years or less.

As of September 30, 2018, the City had the following investments in its portfolio:

		Investment M	1atu	rities (in years)	
City's	Fair		Less		
Investment Type	 Value		Than 1		1-5
U.S. Government Agencies	\$ 157,485,175	\$	76,513,965	\$	80,971,210
U.S. Government Treasuries	160,480,225		57,005,380		103,474,845
Commercial paper	6,191,359				6,191,359
Corporate bonds	67,571,481		18,918,526		48,652,955
Israeli Bonds	10,000,000				10,000,000
FLCLASS Pool	547,037,600		547,037,600		
Total	\$ 948,765,840	\$	699,475,471	\$	249,290,369

Concentration of Credit Risk The City's investment plan limits the amount that can be invested in any one issuer as well as maximum portfolio allocation percentages. The investment policy allows for a maximum of 100% of the portfolio in Time Deposits, U.S. Treasury Bills, U.S. Treasury Notes and Money Market Mutual/Trust Funds, 50% in U.S. Government Agencies and Municipal Obligations, 25% in Fixed Income Mutual Funds sponsored by the Florida League of Cities, 20% in Bankers Acceptances, Commercial Paper, Corporate Bond and Notes and Externally Managed Funds requiring specific approval by the City Commission, 15% in Mortgage Backed Securities, and 10% in Interest Rate Swaps. There were no individual investments that represent five percent or more of total investments at September 30, 2018.

<u>Credit Risk</u> This is the risk that a security or a portfolio will lose some or all of its value due to a real or perceived change in the ability of the issuer to repay its debt. State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds rated in one of the top two ratings issued by the Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSROs). It is the City's policy to limit its exposure in these investment types to the top rating issued by NRSROs. U.S. government agencies are only implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government. U.S. Government Treasuries explicitly guaranteed by the U. S. Government are not considered to have credit risk exposure.

As of September 30, 2018 the City's investments were rated by Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's as follows:

Investment		Standard &			Reported
Туре	Issuer	Poor's	Moody's		Value
US Government Agencies:					
3	FHLB	AA+	Aaa	\$	45,273,572
	FNMA	AA+	Aaa		31,831,737
	FHLMC	AA+	Aaa		42,777,309
	FFCB	AA+	Aaa		37,602,557
				\$	157,485,175
US Government Treasuries:					
	U. S. Government	AA+	Aaa	\$	28,000,000
		AA+	Aaa		132,480,225
				\$	160,480,225
Commercial Paper:					_
	FNMA	AA+	Aaa	\$	4,205,196
	FHLMC	AA+	Aaa	. —	1,986,163
				\$ _	6,191,359
Corporate Bonds:					
	Johnson & Johnson SR	AAA	Aaa	\$	2,302,758
	Apple Inc. (2021)	AA+	Aa1		4,911,782
	Apple Inc. (2019)	AA+	Aa1		8,746,785
	Apple Inc. (2020)	AA+	Aa1		1,868,804
	Microsoft Corp. (2019)	AAA	Aaa		1,727,177
	Microsoft Corp. (2020)	AAA	Aaa		7,886,935
	Chevron Corp.	AA-	Aa2		4,996,829
	Chevron Corp. (2020)	AA-	Aa2		7,900,336
	Toyota Motor Credit	AA-	Aa3		9,944,074
	Berkshire Hathaway	AA	Aa2		4,936,553
	Exxon Mobil	AA+	Aaa		7,823,685
	Wal-Mart	AA	Aa2		4,525,763
				\$	67,571,481
Israeli Bonds:					_
ISIACII DUIIUS.	State of Israel	A+	A1	\$	10,000,000
				\$ =	10,000,000
FLCLASS	Local Government Invt. Pool	AAAm	N/A	\$	547,037,600
Total				_{\$} =	948,765,840
				Ť =	0.0,700,070

<u>Fair Value Measurement</u>: In February 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72, addressing the accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. GASB No. 72 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are based on other significant observable inputs such as indices for fixed income bonds and quoted prices similar assets in markets that are not active; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2018:

			Mea	Fair Value asurements Using	
Investments by Fair Value Level		Fair Value		Level 2	
U.S. Government Agencies	\$	157,485,175	\$	157,485,175	
U.S. Government Treasuries		160,480,225		160,480,225	
Commercial Paper		6,191,359		6,191,359	
Corporate Bonds		67,571,481		67,571,481	
State of Israel Bonds		10,000,000		10,000,000	
Total Debt Securities	-	401,728,240	_	401,728,240	
Total investments by fair value	_	401,728,240	\$	401,728,240	
Investments measured at Net Asset Value (FL CLASS)	_	547,037,600			
Total Investments	\$	948,765,840			
Investments Measures at the NAV:					
				Redemption	
		Fair Value		Frequency	Notice Period
FLCLASS	-	\$ 547,037,600		Daily	Same day

Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (FLCLASS) is an external local government investment pool created by interlocal agreement under F.S. 163.01. The pool is supervised by an appointed Board of Trustees comprised of eligible participants of the program. The Board acts as the liaison between the participants, the custodian, and the program administrator. The fund is an S&P AAAm rated money market product offering a fiscally conservative diversification option for Florida local governments. The objective of the fund is to provide investors with liquidity, stable share price and as high a level of current income as is consistent with preservation of principal and liquidity. The weighted average maturity is 481 days as of September 30, 2018.

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The City's cash and investments held at September 30, 2018 (including restricted cash and cash with paying agent) are shown below:

Schedule of cash and investments by fund:	
General	\$ 98,609,882
Resort Tax	25,031,531
Redevelopment Agency	66,264,357
Capital Projects	213,679,575
Storm Water	152,753,596
Water & Sewer	162,649,675
Parking	73,861,650
Convention Center Complex	21,923,527
Internal Service	74,893,585
Agency	19,018,206
Nonmajor Governmental	109,364,242
Nonmajor Enterprise	39,585,204
Total cash and investments	\$ 1,057,635,030

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institutional failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it.

<u>Deposits</u> All deposits are held in banking institutions approved by the State Treasurer of the State of Florida to hold public funds. Under the Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", the State Treasurer requires all qualified public depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral equal to 50% to 125% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance held. The percentage of eligible collateral (generally, United States governmental and agency securities, state or municipality government debt, or corporate bonds) to public deposits is dependent upon the depository's financial history and its compliance with Chapter 280, Florida Statues. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses.

Securities pledged as collateral are held by a third party. Joint custody safekeeping receipts are held in the name of the depository institution, but pledged to the City. The security cannot be released, substituted or sold without the City's approval and release of the security.

<u>Investments</u> The City's investment policy requires that securities be registered in the name of the City. All safekeeping receipts for investment instruments are held in accounts in the City's name and all securities are registered in the City's name.

At September 30, 2018, the General Fund had \$0 investment return. The General Fund earned \$3.0 million in investment income and incurred an unrealized loss on investments of \$3.0 million. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, the City is required to adjust interest earnings on the financial statements to reflect unrealized gains and losses due to year over year changes in the market value of the City's investment portfolio. As of September 30, 2018 the City's investment portfolios have an unrealized loss of approximately \$3.9 million as a result of significant increases in interest rates during the prior 12 months. This adjustment results in \$0 reported investment return for the purposes of reporting in the year-end financial statements. The City primarily utilizes a buy and hold to maturity investment strategy and unrealized gains and losses are not recognized for securities held to maturity. While increasing rates resulted in unrealized losses as of fiscal year end, this interest rate scenario has also provided increased income opportunities

compared to the prior year for reinvested proceeds as interest rates increased more than 1.30% during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Employee Retirement Systems Investments:

The City has adopted ordinances which govern the investment of funds for all of the Employee's Retirement Systems (the System). Each Plan is allowed to invest in a wide range of instruments including but not limited to United States Treasury obligations, loans guaranteed by government agencies, Mutual and Money Market funds, Private Placement, Real Estate funds, General Obligation or Revenue Bonds issued by states and municipalities, dividend paying stocks of domestic corporations, International Equity Funds, bonds, notes or other interest bearing obligations of domestic corporations, and shares and accounts of savings and loan associations. Each Plan has a Board of Trustees who authorizes the investment policy.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity an investment has, the greater the sensitivity of fair value changes due to its dependence on the market interest rate.

Information about the sensitivity of fair value of the System's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided in the table below that shows the distribution of the Systems investment by maturity at September 30, 2018.

City Pension Fund for Firefighters and Police Officers:

			_		Investment Ma	aturi	ties (in years)		
		Fair	•	Less					More
Investment Type		Value		Than 1	 1-5		6-10		than 10
U.S. government securities	\$	30,898,782	\$	5,989,687	\$	\$	24,909,095	\$	
Corporate bonds and notes		184,944,266		11,684,241	98,859,816		74,400,209		
Foreign bonds		10,124,625			10,124,625				
Private placement	_	32,316,249		5,339	142,829	_	169,934	_	31,998,147
Total	\$	258,283,922	\$	17,679,267	\$ 109,127,270	\$	99,479,238	\$	31,998,147

Miami Beach Employees' Retirement Plan:

		Investment Maturities (in years)							
	Fair	Less						More	
Investment Type	 Value	Than 1		1-5		6-10		than 10	
U.S. government securities	\$ 128,937,443	\$	\$	128,937,443	\$		\$		
Bond funds	47,948,693			47,948,693					
Total	\$ 176,886,136	\$	\$	176,886,136	\$		\$	-	

Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund:

			Investment Maturities (in years)					
	Fair		Less				More	
Investment Type	 Value	-	Than 1		1-5	_	6-10	
U.S. government securities	\$ 1,235,864	\$	449,398	\$	97,664	\$	688,802	
Corporate bonds and notes	 4,365,367		199,955		2,548,214		1,617,198	
Total	\$ 5,601,231	\$	649,353	\$	2,645,878	\$	2,306,000	

Policemen's Relief and Pension Fund:

		 Investment Maturities (in years)					
	Fair	Less					
Investment Type	 Value	 Than 1		1-5	_	6-10	
U.S. government securities	\$ 894,805	\$ 552,941	\$	341,864	\$		
Corporate bonds and notes	 2,012,746	 124,719		1,095,253		792,774	
Total	\$ 2,907,551	\$ 677,660	\$	1,437,117	\$	792,774	

Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

The System's investment policy utilizes portfolio diversification in order to control credit risk. The Systems have no limit imposed on fixed income securities issued directly by the U.S. Government or any agency or instrumentality thereof. The City pension fund for firefighters and police officers limits corporate debt securities (bonds, notes, debentures at the time of purchase) to only the highest three categories of quality by any of the following listed services: Moody's, Standards and Poor's or Fitch's Manual. Any issue which is downgraded to investment grade fourth category may be held. Any issue if downgraded below investment grade by two of the three of the above mentioned ratings services must either be sold or specifically approved for retention by the Board. Commercial paper must be rated Moody's P1 or Standard and Poor's A1. Bonds issued by the State of Israel may also be purchased. The City employee's retirement system limits commercial paper to those rated only in the highest category. Other fixed income securities that are classified "Investment Grade" in the top four rating by Standard & Poor's and Moody's can also be purchased. The firefighters and police officers pension funds follow state law, which limits investments in debt securities to those with the top three ratings issued by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. There were no individual investments that represent five percent or more of the total investments at September 30, 2018.

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<u>Foreign Currency Risk</u> Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The Plan has exposure through international holding in a private placement trust fund. The Plan has exposure to currency fluctuations at September 30, 2018 as follows:

		Estimated Holdings of the City's Pension Fund for Police and Fire of the total Private Placement Fund (Valued in U.S. Dollars)
Australian Dollar	\$	4,668,063
Brazilian Real	·	875,890
British Pound Sterling		1,624,410
Canadian Dollar		2,505,565
Danish Krone		1,996,694
Euro		1,850,430
Indian Rupee		956,501
Indonesian Rupiah		968,019
Malaysian Ringgit		1,585,227
Mexican Peso		1,686,159
New Zealand Dollar		1,650,113
Polish Zloty		1,632,577
Peruvian Nuevo Sol		615,536
Romanian Leu		327,852
Singapore Dollar		1,613,572
South African Rand		1,024,121
Thai Baht	_	965,915
Total	\$	26,546,644

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Credit risk is generally measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization. The following table discloses credit ratings by investment type at September 30, 2018.

City Pension Fund for Firefighters and Police Officers:

	Fair Value	Percentage of Portfolio
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 30,898,782	11.96 %
Quality rating of credit risk debt securities		
AAA	12,777,799	4.95
AA+	1,555,794	0.60
AA	16,884,178	6.54
AA-	16,217,920	6.28
A+	23,794,975	9.21
Α	30,453,697	11.79
A-	49,584,195	19.20
BBB+	29,178,853	11.30
BBB	11,026,529	4.27
BBB-	31,885,799	12.35
BB+	32,884	
BB	475	
BB-	7,632	
B+	175	
В	463	
B-	162	
Total credit risk debt securities	223,401,530	86.49
* Not Rated	3,983,610	1.55
Total fixed income securities	\$ 258,283,922	100.00 %

Miami Beach Employees' Retirement Plan:

		Fair Value	Percentage of Portfolio	
Quality rating of credit risk debt securities				
	AA	\$ 47,948,693	27.11	%
	AA-	128,937,443	72.89	
Total credit risk debt securities		\$ 176,886,136	100.00	%

Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund:

	Fair	Percentage of
	 Value	Portfolio
U.S. Government Securities Quality rating of credit risk debt securities	\$ 1,235,864	22.07%
Aaa	240,527	4.29
Aa1	150,311	2.68
Aa2	102,641	1.83
Aa3	302,345	5.40
Baa1	550,520	9.83
A1	393,328	7.02
A2	911,244	16.27
A3	1,714,451	30.61
Total credit risk debt securities	4,365,367	77.93
Total fixed income securities	\$ 5,601,231	100.00 %

Policemen's Relief and Pension Fund:

	Fair	Percentage of	
	Value	Portfolio	
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 894,805	30.78	%
Quality rating of credit risk debt securities			
AAA	149,515	5.14	
AA+	74,978	2.58	
A+	345,583	11.89	
A	446,643	15.36	
A-	444,049	15.27	
BBB+	453,270	15.59	
BBB	98,708	3.39	
Total credit risk debt securities	2,012,746	69.22	
Total fixed income securities	\$ 2,907,551	100.00	%

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As of September 30, 2018 the System had the following cash and investments in its portfolio:

		Fair		
	_	Value		
Short term investments	\$	7,603,918		
	φ			
U.S. government securities		33,029,451		
Corporate bonds and notes		368,208,515		
Foreign bonds		42,440,874		
Common stocks and index funds		776,421,632		
Foreign stocks		139,936,162		
Real estate funds		155,942,831		
Infrastructure investments		40,805,491		
Mutual funds	_	36,854,994		
Total cash and investments	\$	1,601,243,868		

<u>Fair Value Measurement:</u> In February 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 72, addressing the accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. GASB No. 72 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are based on other significant observable inputs such as indices for fixed income bonds and quoted prices similar assets in markets that are not active; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investments are reported at fair value. The fair value of quoted investments is based on the closing sales price or bid price as reported by recognized security exchanges. Fair value for stocks is determined by using the closing price listed on the national securities exchanges at September 30. Securities traded in the over-the counter market and listed securities for which no sale was reported on that date are valued at the last reported bid price. Commercial paper, time deposits and short-term investment pools are valued at cost, which approximates fair value.

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The City Pension Fund for Firefighters and Police Officers has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2018:

				Fair Value Meas	ureme	ents Using	
Investments by fair value level	2018			Level 1		Level 2	
Short-term investment funds	\$	4,989,221	\$	4,989,221	\$		
Equity securities							
Common stocks		348,453,158		348,453,158			
Total equity securities		353,442,379		353,442,379	-		
Debt securities							
Government and agency obligations		24,472,778				24,472,778	
Municipal/provincial obligations		6,426,004				6,426,004	
Corporate bonds		195,068,891				195,068,891	
Total debt securities		225,967,673				225,967,673	
Total investments by fair value level		579,410,052	\$	353,442,379	\$	225,967,673	
Investments measured at the net asset value							
Commingled domestic equity funds		165,246,203					
Real estate fund		87,318,906					
Private placement		32,316,249					
Commingled international equity funds		36,118,858					
Mutual funds		21,866,964					
Total investments measured at net asset value		342,867,180					
Total investments	\$	922,277,232					

<u>Short-term investment funds</u>: These consist primarily of money market funds, commercial paper and similar instruments with maturities of less than one year. Short term investments are reported at fair value or at cost or amortized cost, which approximates fair value. For those investments which are reported at fair value, the investments are valued using similar methodologies as described within the debt securities section below.

<u>Equity securities</u>: These include common stock, domestic and international equity funds. Domestic securities traded on a national securities exchange are valued at the last reported sales price on the last business day of the fiscal year. Securities traded in the over-the counter market and listed securities for which no sale was reported on that date are valued at the last reported bid price. International equities are valued based upon quoted foreign market prices and translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate in effect at September 30, 2018. Securities which are not traded on a national security exchange are valued by the respective fund manager or other third parties based on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings.

<u>Debt securities</u>: Debt securities consist primarily of negotiable obligations of the U.S. government and U.S. government-sponsored agencies, corporations, and foreign debt securities (included in international fixed income in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position). These securities can typically be valued using the close or last traded price on a specific date (quoted prices in active markets). When quoted prices are not available, fair value is determined based on valuation models that use inputs that include market observable inputs. These inputs included recent trades, yields, price quotes, cash flows, maturity, credit ratings, and other assumptions based upon the specifics of the investment's type.

<u>Real estate</u>: Real estate funds are valued using their respective net asset value ("NAV") as of September 30, 2018. The most significant input into the NAV of such funds is the fair value of the investment holdings. These holdings are valued by the general partners on a quarterly or semi-annual basis, in conjunction with management

and investment advisors.

The Plans valuation methods for investments measured at the net asset value ("NAV") per share (or its equivalent) as of September 30, 2018, are as follows:

		2018						
	_	Investmer	nts Measured at	the NAV				
	-			Redemption				
			Redemption	Notice				
		2018	Frequency	Period				
Commingled	•							
Domestic equity fund (1)	\$	165,246,203	Monthly	10 Days				
Real estate fund (2)		87,318,906	Quarterly	45 Days				
Private placement (3)		32,316,249	Weekly	1 Day				
Commingled								
International equity fund (4)		36,118,858	Daily	Same Day				
Mutual funds (5)		21,866,964	Daily	Same Day				
Total investments measured at the NAV	\$	342,867,180						

There were no unfunded commitments at September 30, 2018.

- (1) Commingled domestic equity fund consists of one comingled investment vehicle which invests primarily in publicly traded equity securities. The fund is valued at the net asset value of units held at the end of the period based upon the fair value of the underlying investments.
- (2) The real estate fund invests primarily in United States commercial real estate. The fair value of the investment in the fund is valued at the net asset value of outstanding units held at the end of the period based upon the fair value of the underlying investments.
- (3) The private placement fund invests primarily in international bonds. The fair value of this investment is valued at the net asset value of units held at the end of the period based upon the fair value of the underlying investments.
- (4) Commingled international equity fund consists of one commingled investment vehicle which invests primarily in publicly traded global equity securities. The fund is valued at the net asset value of units held at the end of the period based upon the fair value of the underlying investments.
- (5) These mutual funds are open-end mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds are required to publish their daily NAV and to transact at that price. They are determined to be actively traded.

The Miami Beach Employees' Retirement Plan has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2018:

				Fair V	'alue	Measurements	Usin	g
Investments by fair value level		2018		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
Equity securities								
Domestic equities								
S&P Index	\$	106,294,889	\$		\$	106,294,889	\$	
Large cap fund PLUS		90,899,545				90,899,545		
Mid-cap index fund		29,079,149				29,079,149		
Small-cap index		21,091,331				21,091,331		
International equities								
International equity growth		75,978,588				75,978,588		
Emerging markets core		27,621,812		27,621,812				
Mutual fund equities (DROP)		14,988,030		14,988,030				
Total equity securities		365,953,344		42,609,842		323,343,502		
Fixed income		,						
Core bond index fund		47,948,693				47,948,693		
Bond fund		128,937,443				128,937,443		
Total fixed income		176,886,136				176,886,136		
Real estate strategic property fund		66,286,956					•	66,286,956
Total investments by fair value level		609,126,436	\$	42,609,842	\$	500,229,638	\$	66,286,956
Investment measured at the net asset value (Na	(VA							
Infastructure Fund		40,805,491						
Total investment measured at NAV		40,805,491						
Short-term investment fund (exempt)		2,496,064						
Total investments	\$	652,427,991						
Investments Measured at the NAV								
		E	aha ⁽	motion				

		Redemption	
		Frequency	Redemption
	Fair Value	(if Currency Eligible)	Notice
Infrastructure Fund	\$ 40,805,491	Semi-annual	90 Days

At September 30, 2018, there were no unfounded commitments. This fund is focused on identifying a universe of investments that best meet the portfolio's risk management objectives. This involves the identification of investments that have assets predominantly invested in developed economies. Limits have been applied to country and regional exposure. The return pattern expected from global infrastructure is an inflationary return component plus a substantial premium, as well as competitive performance relative to the S&P Global Infrastructure Index. The fund is valued at the net asset value of units held at the end of the period based upon the fair value of the underlying investments held by the fund less its liability.

The Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund had the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2018:

			F	air Value Meas	surem	ents Using
Investments by fair value level		2018		Level 1		Level 2
Equity securities			-		-	
Common stocks	\$	10,847,202	\$	10,847,202	\$	
Total equity securities		10,847,202		10,847,202		
Debt securities						
U.S. treasury securities		990,406		990,406		
U.S. agency securities		245,458				245,458
Corporate bonds		4,365,367				4,365,367
Total debt securities		5,601,231				4,610,825
Total investments by fair value level		16,448,433	\$	10,847,202	\$	4,610,825
Investment measured at the net asset value	ue (NAV)					
Real estate fund		1,450,504				
Total investment measured at NAV		1,450,504				
Money market funds (exempt)		116,248				
Total investments	\$	18,015,185				
Investments Measured at the NAV						
		Reder	mptio	n Frequency		Notice
_	Fair Valu	ie (if C	urren	cy Eligible)		Period
Real estate fund	1,450,5	504	Qua	arterly		10 days

The Policemen's Relief and Pension Fund have the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2018:

		Mea	asureme	nts U	its Using		
2018			Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
\$	2,012,746	\$	2,012,746	\$		\$	
	894,805		894,805				
	2,385				2,385		
	4,510,155		4,510,155				
	216,904		216,904				
	886,465						886,465
\$	8,523,460	\$	7,634,610	\$	2,385	\$	886,465
	\$	\$ 2,012,746 894,805 2,385 4,510,155 216,904 886,465	\$ 2,012,746 \$ 894,805 2,385 4,510,155 216,904 886,465	2018 Level 1 \$ 2,012,746 \$ 2,012,746 894,805 894,805 2,385 4,510,155 4,510,155 216,904 216,904 886,465	2018 Level 1 L \$ 2,012,746 \$ 2,012,746 \$ 894,805 894,805 2,385 4,510,155 4,510,155 216,904 216,904 886,465	2018 Level 1 Level 2 \$ 2,012,746 \$ 2,012,746 \$ 894,805 894,805 894,805 2,385 4,510,155 4,510,155 216,904 886,465 216,904	\$ 2,012,746 \$ 2,012,746 \$ \$ 894,805

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the System will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institutional failure, the System's deposits may not be returned to it. Consistent with the System's investment policy, the investments are held by the System's custodial bank and registered in the System's name. All System's deposits are insured and or collateralized by a financial institution separate from the System's depository financial institution. At September 30, 2018, the Miami Beach Employees' Retirement Plan had an uninsured cash balance of approximately \$3,479,000 with one financial institution.

City's OPEB Trust Investments:

At September 30, 2018, the City's OPEB Trust Fund investments were comprised of \$138,354 in cash and money market accounts and \$33,775,856 in mutual funds.

<u>Fair Value Measurement:</u> In February 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72, addressing the accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. GASB No. 72 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are based on other significant observable inputs such as indices for fixed income bonds and quoted prices similar assets in markets that are not active; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The OPEB Trust had the following fair value measurements at September 30, 2018:

	2018
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)	
Mutual Funds	\$ 33,775,856
Total investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)	33,775,856
Total Investments	\$ 33,775,856

The OPEB Trusts' valuation methods for investments measured at the net asset value ("NAV") per share (or its equivalent) as of September 30, 2018, are as follows:

		201	8	
		Investments Meas	ured at the NAV	
	2018	Unfunded	Redemption	Redemption
	 2010	Commitments	Frequency	Noticed Period
Mutual Fund	\$ 33,775,856	N/A	Daily	Same Day

The mutual funds are open-end mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds are required to publish their daily NAV and transact at that price. They are determined to be actively traded.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the System will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institutional failure, the System's deposits may not be returned to it. Consistent with the City's investment policy, the investments are registered in the City's name. All City deposits are insured and or collateralized by a financial institution separate from the System's depository financial institution. At September 30, 2018, the Plan had an uninsured cash balance of approximately \$3,479,000 with one financial institution.

Discretely Presented Component Units:

Component unit's cash and investment in the amount of \$4,866,397 consists of demand deposit and money market deposit accounts. These accounts are not subjected to interest rate risks, credit risks or concentration of credit risks. All deposits are held in banking institutions approved by the State Treasurer of the State of Florida to hold public funds. Under the Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", the State Treasurer requires all qualified public depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral equal to 50% to 125% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance held. The percentage of eligible collateral (generally, United States

governmental and agency securities, state or municipality government debt, or corporate bonds) to public deposits is dependent upon the depository's financial history and its compliance with Chapter 280, Florida Statues. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses.

For the Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority and the Miami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority, securities pledged as collateral are held by a third party. Joint custody safekeeping receipts are held in the name of the depository institution, but pledged to the component unit. The security cannot be released, substituted or sold without the component unit's approval and release of the security.

NOTE 4 - Receivables

Receivables at September 30, 2018 for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	_		(Governme	ntal Fun	ds							
Receivables: Accounts	-	General 8,242,985	\$ 4,6	esort -ax 660,919	Pro	pital jects	\$	Nonmajor Funds 1,550,593	- -	Tota	4,497		
Special Assessment Gross receivables Less: allowance	_	8,242,985		265,269		61,787	_	1,550,593		15,28	7,056 1,553		
for uncollectible accounts Net total receivables	_ \$	(3,599,853) 4,643,132	\$ 5.4	 26,188 \$		61,787	_	(630,917) 919,676		(4,230	0,770)		
Tecelvables	Ψ=	4,040,132	Ψ <u> </u>	120,100		roprietar	_		= ^Ψ =	11,000	0,703		
	Storm Water	ar	ater nd wer	Parki	ng	Conve Cer Com	nter	Nor	major ınds		Internal Service		Total
Receivables: Accounts \$	4,644,584		45,309	5,539					28,27		75,901	\$_	33,457,954
Gross receivables Less: allowance	4,644,584	13,4	45,309	5,539	,993	7,32	3,892	2 2,4	28,27	5	75,901		33,457,954
for uncollectible accounts Net total	(1,855,413	(3,6	65,801)	(28	,475)			(1,4	90,89	8)	(64,577)	-	(7,105,164)

NOTE 5 - Property Taxes

receivables

Property values are assessed (levied) by the Miami-Dade County Property Assessor as of January 1 of each year, at which time taxes become an enforceable lien on property. State of Florida Amendment No. 10 to the Florida Constitution known as "Save our Homes" limits assessment increases on homestead property to the lesser of 3% or the consumer price index. Tax bills are mailed in October and are payable upon receipt with discounts at the rate of 4% if paid in November, decreasing by 1% per month with no discount available if paid in

5,511,518 \$ 7,323,892 \$

937,377 \$

9,779,508 \$

the month of March. For fiscal year 2018, due to hurricane Irma, Miami-Dade County was delayed in sending the 2017 Tax Notices. As a result, the early payment discount of 4% was extended for thirty (30) days following the mailing of the original tax notice until December 13, 2017. Taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment and State law provides for enforcement of collection of personal property taxes by seizure of the property or by the sale of the property or by the sale of interest bearing tax certificates to satisfy unpaid property taxes. The procedures result in the collection of essentially all taxes prior to June 30 of the year following the year of assessment.

NOTE 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activities for the year ended September 30, 2018 were as follows:

Primary Government Governmental activities:

	_	Beginning Balance	Adjustments/ Increases	Adjustments/ Decreases	_	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	58,758,676 \$	\$		\$	58,758,676
Intangible assets	φ	4,181,941	Φ	,	φ	4,181,941
Construction work-in-progress		509,914,889	167,128,087	43,381,740		633,661,236
Total capital assets, not being	-	000,011,000	107,120,007	10,001,110	-	000,001,200
depreciated	-	572,855,506	167,128,087	43,381,740	_	696,601,853
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Building and structures		133,354,673	5,549,934			138,904,607
Permanent improvements		392,205,304	1,836,689	23,292		394,018,701
Furniture & fixtures		8,492,057	363,259	557,053		8,298,263
Machinery and equipment		70,081,462	13,740,122	6,539,720		77,281,864
Infrastructure	_	213,898,230	27,583,927	179	_	241,481,978
Total capital assets, being						
depreciated	-	818,031,726	49,073,931	7,120,244	_	859,985,413
Less: accumulated depreciation for:						
Building and structures		60,432,335	2,624,460			63,056,795
Permanent improvements		136,528,276	11,191,520	4,529		147,715,267
Furniture & fixtures		5,285,585	1,026,967	557,054		5,755,498
Machinery and equipment		48,317,544	6,869,715	6,318,172		48,869,087
Infrastructure		130,873,165	6,963,828	178		137,836,815
Total accumulated depreciation	_	381,436,905	28,676,490	6,879,933		403,233,462
Total capital assets, being						
depreciated, net		436,594,821	20,397,441	240,311		456,751,951
	-				_	
Governmental activities	Φ	4 000 450 007 🌣	407 FOF FOO A	40,000,054	Φ	4 450 050 004
capital assets, net	\$ _	1,009,450,327 \$	187,525,528 \$	43,622,051	\$_	1,153,353,804

Primary Government Business-type activities:

	_	Beginning Balance		Increases	_	Adjustments/ Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	25,835,429	\$	1,297	\$;	\$	25,836,726
Intangible assets		4,318,059						4,318,059
Construction work-in-progress	_	343,194,779	_	45,272,593	_	14,687,979		373,779,393
Total capital assets, not being								
depreciated	-	373,348,267	-	45,273,890	-	14,687,979	_	403,934,178
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Main & lines		268,836,200		14,010,364				282,846,564
Building & structure		184,863,796		662,866		45,695		185,480,967
Meters & hydrants		32,715,123		25,414		2,132,440		30,608,097
Furniture, equipment & vehicles		72,013,197		3,650,877		3,184,378		72,479,696
Improvements other than building								
including parking lots	_	22,256,034	_		_		_	22,256,034
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated	_	580,684,350	-	18,349,521	-	5,362,513	_	593,671,358
Less: accumulated depreciation for:								
Main & lines		53,781,187		5,919,316				59,700,503
Building & structure		69,987,869		4,758,933		45,694		74,701,108
Meters & hydrants		21,072,312		2,413,309		2,115,228		21,370,393
Furniture, equipment & vehicles		38,858,336		3,574,261		3,130,194		39,302,403
Improvements other than building	_	10,875,273	_	548,312	_		_	11,423,585
Total accumulated depreciation	_	194,574,977	-	17,214,131	-	5,291,116	_	206,497,992
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated, net	_	386,109,373	_	1,135,390	-	71,397	_	387,173,366
Business-type activities, combined								
capital assets, net	\$_	759,457,640	\$	46,409,280	\$_	14,759,376	\$_	791,107,544

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	7,822,244
Public safety		2,798,579
Physical environment		395,645
Transportation		9,325,523
Economic environment		291,335
Human services		714
Culture and recreation		8,042,490
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$	28,676,490
Business-type activities:		
Storm Water	\$	3,105,905
Water & Sewer	·	5,615,163
Parking Systems		5,745,404
Convention Center Complex		1,443,387
Nonmajor enterprise		1,304,272
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$	17,214,131
The second of th		,,

Accumulated Depreciation – For governmental activities, the increase in accumulated depreciation includes \$5,542,849 of depreciation expenses for internal services.

NOTE 7 - Construction and other Commitments

At September 30, 2018 the City funds had active construction projects which includes, but is not limited to water; waste water and storm water improvements; as well as a variety of streetscape enhancement projects. The following table sets forth these commitments by fund:

Storm Water Utility	\$ 43,722,923
Water & Sewer	16,625,992
Sanitation	95,975
Parking Systems	3,947,500
Convention Center Complex	3,441,235
Non-major Enterprise	2,238,195
Internal Service	 1,595,163
	\$ 71,666,983

The City funds had the following encumbrance commitments at September 30, 2018.

General		\$ 1,236,636
Redevelopment Agency		1,503,373
Resort Tax		236,838
Capital Project		71,246,314
Other Governmental	_	14,297,806
	_	\$ 88,520,967

NOTE 8 - Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

As of September 30, 2018, the General Fund was due \$1,581,048 from the Other Governmental Funds. The interfund outstanding balance is due to an interfund advance for the Sunset Island underground utilities project in the amount of \$1,532,002 and pending grant receipts in the HOME fund of \$49,046.

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

									Transfe	r Fro	om								
Transfer To		General	Resort Tax	_	Redeve- lopment Agency	Capital Projects	 Other Govern- mental	_	Storm Water		Water Sewer	Pa	arking	Con- ventior Center		Other Enter- prise	Internal Service	_	Total
General Resort Tax Redeve- lopment	\$		\$ 35,483,165	\$ \$	S 1,079,000 \$	\$	\$ 1,878,160 1,787,261	\$		\$	3,580,000 \$	4,4	400,000	\$	\$	\$		\$	46,420,325 1,787,261
Agency Capital							822,399												822,399
Projects Other Govern-		2,400,000			10,687,221														13,087,221
mental Water		5,689,000	28,426,705		23,273,092	1,674,314	11,000		470,001 124,705		22,000	3,8	874,000	1,214,0	00	37,000	431,000		65,122,112 124,705
Convention Ctr Other					1,000,000		3,813,284												4,813,284
Enterprise	_		 871,000	_					844,000									_	1,715,000
	\$	8,089,000	\$ 64,780,870	\$	36,039,313	1,674,314	\$ 8,312,104	\$	1,438,706	\$	3,602,000 \$	8,2	274,000	\$ 1,214,0	00 \$	37,000 \$	431,000	\$	133,892,307

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the debt service fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due (2) move restricted amounts from borrowings to the debt service fund to establish mandatory reserve accounts, and (3) move unrestricted general revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Major transfers for the year were:

The General Fund transferred \$4.6 million for debt service payments, \$1.0 million to other special revenue funds, and \$2.4 million to the pay as you go capital fund. The resort tax fund transferred to the general fund \$35.5 million for citywide tourism. The resort tax fund also transferred \$14.7 million for debt services, \$6.4 million for transportation, \$1.4 million for cultural arts council programs, \$0.9 million to the Sanitation Fund and \$6.4 million to other funds to fund various south beach, middle and north beach approved projects. Redevelopment Agency Fund transferred \$23.3 million to other governmental funds for debt service payments and Beach Renourishment. The RDA also transferred \$10.7 million to capital project funds. The Parking System transferred \$4.4 million to the general fund and \$3.8 million to the transportation fund for operating activities and \$81,000 to other governmental funds for debt service.

NOTE 9 - Operating Leases

The City serves as the lessor for tenants leasing various parking facilities, marina, and offices and retail facilities. The tenant leases are considered operating leases, which expire at various dates through fiscal year 2053. Future minimum lease receivables under the operating leases at September 30, 2018, are as follows:

	Business-type Operating		Governmental Operating
September 30	Leases	_	Leases
2019	\$ 1,897,230	\$	2,491,429
2020	1,934,525		2,423,700
2021	1,805,311		2,079,724
2022	1,800,879		1,864,045
2023	1,713,824		1,825,919
2024 and thereafter	18,914,418	_	10,729,589
	\$ 28,066,187	\$	21,414,406

The following schedule provides an analysis of the City's investment in property under operating leases and property held for lease by major classes as of September 30, 2018:

Parking facilities	\$	7,947,504
Recreational facilities		15,831,132
Retail space		51,121,003
Marina	_	5,654,752
	·-	80,554,391
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(48,709,454)
Net book value of leased assets	\$	31,844,937

NOTE 10 - Long-Term Debt

A. General Obligation Bonds – Governmental Activities

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction and improvements of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities. The amount of outstanding general obligation bonds issued is \$42,535,000. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. These bonds are generally issued as 20-year serial bonds.

The General Obligation Bonds outstanding at September 30, 2018 consist of the following:

Issue Name	Interest Rate	Year Issued	Final Maturity		Original Issue	Outstanding 9/30/2018
General Obligation - Series 2003	2.00-5.25	2003	2033	\$	62,465,000 \$	28,080,000
General Obligation - Series 2011	3.00-5.00	2011	2023		34,840,000	14,455,000
	I Obligation Bond		_020	\$_	97,305,000 \$	42,535,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Fig. al Vana	General Obligation Bonds							
Fiscal Year		30V6	ernmental Activitie	S				
Ending								
September 30	 Principal		Interest		Total			
2019	\$ 3,995,000	\$	1,904,969	\$	5,899,969			
2020	4,145,000		1,745,169		5,890,169			
2021	1,990,000		1,537,919		3,527,919			
2022	2,150,000		1,458,319		3,608,319			
2023	2,175,000		1,350,819		3,525,819			
2024-2028	12,530,000		5,181,044		17,711,044			
2029-2033	15,550,000		2,160,225		17,710,225			
	42,535,000		15,338,464		57,873,464			
Plus: Unamortized								
Bond Premium	699,230			_	699,230			
	\$ 43,234,230	\$	15,338,464	\$	58,572,694			

On July 22, 2003, the City issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003, in the amount of \$62,465,000. These bonds were issued to provide funds to pay the cost of improving neighborhood infrastructure in the City, consisting of streetscape and traffic calming measures, shoreline stabilization and related maintenance facilities, and Fire Safety Projects and the Parks and Beaches projects. The Bonds will be repaid solely from ad-valorem taxes assessed, levied and collected. On December 1, 2011, the \$62,465,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003 were partially refinanced by the issuance of the \$34,840,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011.

On December 1, 2011, the City issued \$34,840,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011. This Series of bonds were issued by the City for the purpose of (i) refunding the Series 2000 General Obligation Bonds maturing after December 1, 2011, and the Series 2003 General Obligation Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2014 through and including September 1, 2023, and (ii) paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds. The General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 will be payable from ad valorem taxes assessed, levied and collected, without limitation as to rate or amount, on all taxable property within the corporate limits of the City. The Series 2011 Bonds were issued with interest rates of 3.00% to 5.00% payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1, and will mature serially through September 1, 2023

At September 30, 2018, the City did not have any defeased General Obligation debt.

B. Special Obligation Bonds - Governmental Activities

At September 30, 2018 the outstanding principal of special obligation bond issues and repayment sources are as follows:

				Total	Total
				Original	Outstanding
	Issue Name	Repayment Source		Issue	Principal
1985E	Gulf Breeze Fixed Rate, Series C	Non ad-valorem	- \$ -	22,500,000	\$ 3,340,000
2015	Resort Tax Revenue Bonds	Resort tax revenue		194,920,000	184,620,000
2015A	Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds	RDA tax increment revenue		286,245,000	282,545,000
2015B	Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds	RDA tax increment revenue		35,850,000	26,385,000
	Total Special Obligation Bonds		\$	539,515,000	\$ 496,890,000

On August 1, 2001, the City executed three loan agreements with the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida, Local Government Pool to borrow \$47,145,000 on fixed rate notes. The Gulf Breeze Series B, in the amount of \$2,200,000, principal is to be repaid in fourteen annual installments commencing December 1, 2002 with interest paid semi-annually. The Gulf Breeze Series C, in the amount of \$22,445,000, principal is to be repaid in fourteen annual installments commencing December 1, 2002 with interest paid semi-annually. The Gulf Breeze Series E, in the amount of \$22,500,000, principal is to be repaid in nineteen annual installments commencing December 1, 2002 with interest paid semi-annually. \$17,115,000 was used to repay the outstanding balance of the City Gulf Breeze, Florida Local Government Loan Program Series 1985C variable rate notes. \$14,977,000 was used to repay a portion of the outstanding principal from the Sunshine State Loan. The remaining funds will be used for the renovation and improvement of two City owned golf courses and their related facilities.

On December 15, 2015 the City issued \$194,920,000 in Series 2015 Resort Tax Revenue Bonds for the purpose of providing funds to finance a portion of the costs of acquiring and constructing renovations to the Convention Center and related improvements and pay the costs of issuing the Series 2015 bonds. The Series 2015 bonds were issued with interest rates of 3.00% to 5.00% payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1.

In August 2007, the Resort Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 1996, were defeased. As a result, the outstanding balance of \$3,060,000 was removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. At September 30, 2018, \$1,035,000 is still considered defeased.

On December 15, 2015 the City issued \$286,245,000 in Series 2015A Tax Increment Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds to provide for the current refunding of all of the Agency's Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005B; finance certain costs of acquiring and constructing renovations to the convention center and certain other improvements; and pay costs of issuance of the Series 2015A bonds. The Series 2015A bonds were issued with interest rates of 4.00% to 5.00% payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1.

On December 15, 2015 the City issued \$35,850,000 in taxable Series 2015B Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds to provide for the advance refunding of all of the Agency's Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 1998A; provide for the current refunding of all of the Agency's Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2005A; and pay costs of issuance of the Series 2015B bonds. The Series 2015B bonds were issued with interest rates of 1.93% to 3.69% payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1.

On September 22, 2005, the City partially refunded/defeased the Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 1998A by the issuance of the Series 2005A and 2005B tax increment revenue refunding bonds. On

December 15, 2015, the City issued \$286,245,000 in Series 2015A Tax Increment Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds to provide for the current refunding of all of the Agency's Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005B. At September 30, 2018, \$3,420,000 is still considered defeased.

At September 30, 2018 debt service requirements to maturity for special obligation bonds are as follows:

Debt Service Requirements

Fiscal Year	Special Obligation Bonds								
Ending September 30		Principal		Interest		Total			
2019	\$	11,405,000	\$	23,920,654	\$	35,325,654			
2020		11,865,000		23,464,928		35,329,928			
2021		12,385,000		22,974,735		35,359,735			
2022		11,685,000		22,481,115		34,166,115			
2023		12,155,000		22,027,697		34,182,697			
2024-2028		65,650,000		101,154,400		166,804,400			
2029-2033		83,665,000		83,149,500		166,814,500			
2034-2038		107,190,000		59,618,875		166,808,875			
2039-2043		137,275,000		29,526,350		166,801,350			
2044-2045		43,615,000		2,200,200		45,815,200			
		496,890,000		390,518,454	_	887,408,454			
Plus: Net unamortized									
Bond Premium		45,340,119			_	45,340,119			
	\$	542,230,119	\$ [390,518,454	\$	932,748,573			

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, maximum annual debt service on the tax increment bonds was \$21,729,597 and the tax increment revenues totaled \$49,920,277. Remaining outstanding principal and interest is \$547,589,654.

C. Revenue Bonds – Business-Type Activities

Parking Fund

On November 16, 2010, the City issued \$17,155,000 in Parking Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A and \$27,405,000 in Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B. The Series 2010A Bonds are being issued by the City for the purpose of providing funds, together with other available moneys, to (i) current refund the City's outstanding Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 1997, previously issued in the aggregate principal amount of \$21,000,000, (ii) fund a deposit to the Reserve Account and (iii) pay costs of issuance of the Series 2010A Bonds. The Series 2010A Bonds were issued with interest rates of 3.00% to 5.00% payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1, and will mature serially through September 1, 2022.

The Series 2010B Bonds are being issued by the City for the purpose of providing funds, together with other available moneys, to (i) pay the costs of acquiring and constructing a new parking garage and other capital improvements to the Parking System, (ii) fund a deposit to the Reserve Account and (iii) pay costs of issuance of the Series 2010B Bonds. The Series 2010B Bonds were issued with interest rates of 4.00% to 5.00% payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1, and will mature serially through September 1, 2040.

On December 15, 2015, the City issued \$58,825,000 in Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 2015. The Series 2015 Bonds are being issued for the purpose of providing funds to finance a portion of the costs of constructing a new parking facility and improvements to a surface parking lot to service the City's convention center, which is being renovated, and pay the costs of issuing the Series 2015 Bonds. The Series 2015

Bonds were issued with interest rates of 3.00% to 5.00% payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1, and will mature through September 1, 2045.

Parking Revenue Fund indebtedness at September 30, 2018, is comprised of the following issued indebtedness:

\$ 17,155,000	Series 2010A Parking Revenue Refunding Bonds due in annual installments through 2022: interest at 3.00% - 5.00% \$ 5,815,000
\$ 27,405,000	Series 2010B Parking Revenue Bonds due in annual installments through 2040: interest at 4.00% - 5.00% \$ 27,405,000
\$ 58,825,000	Series 2015 Parking Revenue Bonds due in annual installments through 2045: interest at 3.00% - 5.00% \$ 58,670,000

At September 30, 2018, no Parking obligations were considered defeased.

The aggregate maturities of Long-Term Debt at September 30, 2018, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Bonded Debt							
Ending								
September 30	_	Principal		Interest	_	Total		
2019	\$	1,740,000.00	\$	4,512,913.00	\$	6,252,913		
2020		1,805,000.00		4,444,113.00		6,249,113		
2021		1,895,000.00		4,354,663.00		6,249,663		
2022		1,990,000.00		4,261,613.00		6,251,613		
2023		2,070,000.00		4,182,013.00		6,252,013		
2024-2028		11,905,000.00		19,350,139.00		31,255,139		
2029-2033		15,080,000.00		16,170,988.00		31,250,988		
2034-2038		19,235,000.00		12,021,500.00		31,256,500		
2039-2043		24,545,000.00		6,707,750.00		31,252,750		
2044-2045		11,625,000.00		879,000.00		12,504,000		
		91,890,000		76,884,692		168,774,692		
Plus: Net Unamortized								
Bond Premium		5,749,746			_	5,749,746		
	\$	97,639,746	\$	76,884,692	\$_	174,524,438		

All parking revenue bonds are payable from and secured by a lien on and pledge of net revenues derived from the operation of the City's parking system. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on all Parking bonds is \$168,774,692. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$6,249,713 and \$14,260,889 respectively.

Water and Sewer Fund

The Water & Sewer Fund issued \$54,310,000 in Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2000, on September 1, 2000. The bonds will be repaid solely from pledged revenues of the Water and Sewer system. They are registered transcripts and insured. The bonds were issued to construct various improvements and extensions to the Water and Sewer utility. This bond was partially refunded by the issuance of the Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-1A and Taxable Series 2009J-1B. The portion of the Series 2000 bonds refunded was \$23,480,000. These bonds were fully refunded by the Series 2017

bonds at September 30, 2018.

On May 1, 2006, the City obtained four loans from the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida Local Government Loan Pool Program. The City of Miami Beach intends to use a loan from the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida, Series 1985B Bond proceeds and a loan from the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida, Series 1985C proceeds to refund all of the City of Miami Beach's outstanding Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1995. In addition, the City intends to use a loan from the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida, Series 1985B Bond proceeds and a loan of the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida, Series 1985E Bond proceeds to pay the cost of certain improvements to its water and sewer utility. As evidence of such loans, the City's Water and Sewer Fund issued \$8,500,000 in Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2006B-1, \$18,300,000 in Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2006B-2, \$27,500,000 in Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series, 2006C, and \$5,700,000 in Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2006E. The bonds will be repaid solely from pledged revenues of the Water and Sewer system. They are registered transcripts and insured. The Refunding bonds were issued to refund the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1995, and the other two bonds were issued to construct various improvements and extensions to the Water and Sewer utility. These bonds were fully refunded by the Series 2017 bonds at September 30, 2018.

On February 17, 2010, the City obtained three loans from the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida Local Government Loan Pool Program. The City intends to use one of the loans from the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida, Series 1985J proceeds to pay the cost of certain improvements to its water and sewer utility. As evidence of such loans, the City's Water and Sewer Fund issued \$13,590,000 in Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-1A, \$10,000,000 in Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-1B, and \$30,000,000 in Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-1C. The bonds will be repaid solely from pledged revenues of the Water and Sewer system. They are registered transcripts and insured. The two refunding bonds were issued to partially refund the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2000, and the other bond was issued to construct various improvements and extensions to the Water and Sewer utility.

On December 14, 2017, the City issued \$115,180,000 in Water and Sewer Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2017. The bonds will be repaid solely from pledged revenues of the Water and Sewer system. They are registered transcripts and insured. The bonds were issued to construct various improvements and extensions to the Water and Sewer utility and to fully refund the Series 2000, Series 2006B-2, and Series 2006 as of September 30, 2018. Principal is payable annually, interest is payable semiannually, and the issue bears interest of 3.00% to 5.00%. Refer to Note 15 for more information relating to the refunding.

Indebtedness of the Water and Sewer Fund at September 30, 2018 is as follows:

\$ 13,590,000	2009J-1A Water & Sewer Revenue Refund Gulf Breeze Loan Series 1985J due in annu through 2020: Interest at 4.10% - 4.50%	•	
\$ 10,000,000	2009J-1B Water & Sewer Revenue Refund Gulf Breeze Loan Series 1985J due in annu through 2023: Interest at 4.82% - 5.00%	•	
\$ 30,000,000	2009J-1C Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds Gulf Breeze Loan Series 1985J due in annu through 2039: Interest at 5.00%	ual ins	tallments 30,000,000
\$ 115,180,000	2017 Water \$ Sewer Revenue and Refund Due in semi-annual installments through 20 Interest at 3.00 - 5.00%	•	nds 114,550,000

At September 30, 2018, none of the bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

The aggregate maturities of Long-term debt as of September 30, 2018 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Bonded Debt									
Ending										
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total							
2019 \$	4,170,000 \$	7,548,581 \$	11,718,581							
2020	4,360,000	7,367,338	11,727,338							
2021	4,455,000	7,272,794	11,727,794							
2022	4,575,000	7,148,963	11,723,963							
2023	4,805,000	6,916,213	11,721,213							
2024-2028	24,300,000	31,188,406	55,488,406							
2029-2033	22,720,000	25,425,775	48,145,775							
2034-2038	27,015,000	19,385,625	46,400,625							
2039-2043	33,735,000	12,662,400	46,397,400							
2044-2047	32,905,000	4,213,500	37,118,500							
	163,040,000	129,129,594	292,169,594							
Less:										
Unamortized Discount	15,276,554		15,276,554							
	\$ 178,316,554	\$ 129,129,594	\$ 307,446,148							

All water & sewer revenue bonds are payable from and secured by a lien on and pledge of net revenues of the water and sewer utility and to the extent provided in the bond resolution, from impact fees, and from all moneys held in the funds and accounts established under the bond resolution. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$292,169,594. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$13,862,843 and \$27,392,749 respectively.

Storm Water

On February 17, 2010, the City obtained a loan from the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida Local Government Loan Pool Program. The City intends to use this loan from the City of Gulf Breeze, Florida, Series 1985J proceeds to partially refund the Series 2000 bonds. As evidence of such loan, the City's Storm Water Fund issued \$16,185,000 in Storm Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-2. The bonds will be repaid solely from pledged revenues of the Storm Water system. They are registered transcripts and insured.

On December 7, 2011, the City issued \$52,130,000 in Storm Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A and \$26,575,000 in Storm Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011B. The Series 2011A Bonds are being issued by the City for the purpose of providing funds to (i) pay the costs of certain capital improvements to its Storm Water Utility, (ii) fund a deposit to the Reserve Account, and (iii) pay the costs of issuing the Series 2011A Bonds. The Series 2011A Bonds were issued with interest rates of 4.00% to 5.25% payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1, and will mature serially through September 1, 2041. The Series 2011B Bonds are being issued by the City for the purpose of providing funds, together with other available moneys of the City, to (i) refund, defease and redeem the outstanding Series 2000 Bonds, including interest to accrue to their redemption date, and (ii) paying the costs of such issuance, refunding, defeasance and redemption. The Series 2011B Bonds were issued with interest rates of 2.00% to 5.25% payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1, and will mature serially through September 1, 2030. Both Series 2011A and 2011B Bonds will be repaid solely from pledged revenues of the Storm Water System. At September 30, 2018, \$44,270,000 and \$25,265,000 of the Series 2011A and 2011B bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

On August 5, 2015, the City issued \$99,590,000 in Stormwater Revenue Bonds, Series 2015. The Series 2015 Bonds are being issued by the City for the purpose of providing funds to (i) finance a portion of the costs of certain capital improvements currently contemplated as part of the City's five year program to improve and enhance the effectiveness and reliability of the Stormwater Utility, and (ii) pay the costs of issuing the Series 2015 Bonds. The Series 2015 Bonds were issued with interest rates of 2.00% to 5.00% payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1, and will mature serially through September 1, 2045. The Series 2015 Bonds will be repaid solely from pledged revenues of the Stormwater System.

On December 22, 2017, the City issued \$156,550,000 in Stormwater Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2017. The bonds will be repaid solely from pledged revenues of the Water and Sewer system. They are registered transcripts and insured. The bonds were issued to construct various improvements and extensions to the Stormwater utility and to partially advance refund (~92.8%) the Series 2011A and Series 2011B obligations as of September 30, 2018. Principal is payable annually, interest is payable semiannually, and the issue bears interest of 3.00% to 5.00%. Refer to Note 15 for more information relating to the refunding.

Indebtedness of the Storm Water Fund at September 30, 2018 is as follows:

In	itial Issuance	Description	_0	outstanding
\$	16,185,000	2009J-2 Storm Water Revenue Refunding Bonds Due in annual installments through 2020: Interest at 2.00% - 4.50%	\$	5,505,000
\$	52,130,000	2011A Storm Water Revenue Bonds Due in annual installments through 2041: Interest at 4.00% - 5.25%		3,675,000
\$	26,575,000	2011B Storm Water Revenue Refunding Bonds Due in annual in stallments through 2030: Interest at 2.00% - 5.25%		450,000
\$	99,590,000	2015 Storm Water Revenue Bonds Due in annual installments through 2045: Interest at 2.00% - 5.00%		98,710,000
\$	156,550,000	2017 Storm Water Revenue and Refunding Bonds Due in annual installments through 2047: Interest at 3.00% - 5.00%		156,050,000
		Total bonds outstanding	\$	264,390,000

The aggregate maturities of Long-term debt at September 30, 2018 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Bonded Debt									
Ending September 30	Principal	Interest	Total							
2019	\$ 4,025,000	\$ 11,886,984	\$ 15,911,984							
2020	4,185,000.00	11,747,206	15,932,206							
2021	4,350,000.00	11,594,206	15,944,206							
2022	5,250,000.00	11,485,219	16,735,219							
2023	5,505,000.00	11,231,794	16,736,794							
2024-2028	31,800,000.00	51,868,819	83,668,819							
2029-2033	39,890,000.00	43,788,656	83,678,656							
2034-2038	48,495,000.00	35,179,425	83,674,425							
2039-2043	61,245,000.00	22,422,650	83,667,650							
2044-2047	59,645,000.00	7,295,700	66,940,700							
	264,390,000	218,500,659	482,890,659							
Plus Unamortized Premium	21,903,913		21,903,913							
	\$ 286,293,913	\$ 218,500,659	\$ 504,794,572							

All storm water revenue bonds are payable from and secured by a lien on and pledge of net revenues of the stormwater utility and from all moneys held in the funds and accounts established under the Bond Resolution. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$482,890,659. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$14,177,399 and \$23,602,994 respectively.

D. Equipment Loan

On February 20, 2008, the City entered into a new loan agreement which allows the City to be reimbursed for the purchase of machinery and equipment up to a maximum of \$37,500,000. The interest rates on this loan agreement range from 1.9% to 4.5%. At September 30, 2018, the City was indebted for \$3,105,103. During the fiscal year, the City paid off all indebtedness except as noted below.

The aggregate maturities of loans at September 30, 2018 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Loans										
Ending											
September 30		Principal			Interest			Total			
2019	\$	1,689,444		\$	54,743	\$;	1,744,187			
2020		710,013			25,172			735,185			
2021		365,862			12,191			378,053			
2022		226,452			5,222			231,674			
2023		70,002			1,764			71,766			
2024-2025		43,330	_		1,215			44,545			
	\$	3,105,103	_	\$	100,307	\$	<u> </u>	3,205,410			

The above debt has been recorded in the following funds:

Internal Service \$ 3,105,103 \$ 3,105,103

E. Energy Savings Obligation

On May 25, 2010, the City entered into an equipment lease purchase financing agreement with a financial institution for the construction/purchase of energy saving equipment. At September 30, 2018, the outstanding balance on this loan was \$9,152,803. The interest rate on this loan is a fixed 4.18%. Principal and interest payment are made monthly. The first payment was made on May 25, 2012 and the last payment will be made on April 25, 2025.

The aggregate maturities of other long-term obligations at September 30, 2018 are as follows:

Fiscal Year				
Ending	l	_ong-term		
September 30	(Obligation	 Interest	 Total
2019	\$	1,062,244	\$ 362,620	\$ 1,424,864
2020		1,173,139	316,261	1,489,400
2021		1,296,242	264,757	1,560,999
2022		1,410,512	208,412	1,618,924
2023		1,531,742	147,157	1,678,900
2024-2025		2,678,924	 94,974	 2,773,898
	\$	9,152,803	\$ 1,394,181	\$ 10,546,984

F. Line of Credit

On May 21, 2014, the City of Miami Beach issued Resolution No. 2014-28599 which authorized the issuance of a line of credit not to exceed an aggregate principal amount of \$60 million to pay the costs of capital projects. The line of credit was obtained from one financial institution. The line of credit was renewed on July 29, 2016. Tax-exempt draws against the line of credit will have a variable interest rate of 70% of Libor rate plus 0.50%, and the taxable draws will have a variable rate equal to Libor rate plus 0.75%. For the period ending July 28, 2016, there will be an annual fee of 0.20% on the unused portion of the line of credit payable on a quarterly basis. For the periods commencing on July 29, 2016, the annual fee on the unused portion of the line of credit increased to 0.25%. The City shall pay the financial institution the entire unpaid principal balance together with all accrued and unpaid interest on May 30, 2018 (the "Maturity Date"). The Line was renewed on July 27, 2018 with Resolution 2018-30354. The annual fee for the line of credit is .25%. Taxexempt draws against the line of credit will have a variable interest rate of 80% of Libor rate plus 0.55%, and the taxable draws will have a variable rate equal to Libor rate plus 0.75%. As of September 30, 2018, no amounts have been drawn down from this line of credit.

G. Pension Loan

On September 1, 2005 the City issued \$53,030,000 in taxable Series 2005 Special Obligation Bonds for the purposes of, together with other legally available funds of the City, refunding the City's outstanding Series 1994 Taxable Special Obligation Bonds (Pension Funding Project) maturing September 1, 2015 and September 1, 2021, making the required payment with respect to a Hedge Agreement and paying the costs of issuing the Series 2005 and refunding the Refunded Bonds, including the premiums for the Bond Insurance Policy and Reserve Account Surety Bond. The Series 2005 bonds were issued with interest rates of 4.24% to 5.23% payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1.

On December 22, 2016 the City obtained a loan in the amount of \$19,679,000 to refund the outstanding Series 2005 taxable special obligation refunding bonds (as noted in the above paragraph). Interest of 1.69% is payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1, commencing on March 1, 2017. This loan fully refunded the \$53,030,000 in taxable Series 2005 Special Obligation Bonds.

The aggregate maturities of the pension loan obligations at September 30, 2018 are as follows:

		Loan						
Fiscal Year Ending September 30	Principal	Interest	Total					
2019	\$ 4,623,000	\$ 175,844	\$ 4,798,844					
2020	4,633,000	97,716	4,730,716					
2021	1,149,000	19,418	1,168,418					
	\$ 10,405,000	\$ 292,978	\$ 10,697,978					

H. Clean Water State Revolving Loan

On November 12, 2014, the City of Miami Beach entered into the Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan Agreement with the State of Florida Department of Environment Protection. The amount of the loan is \$7,500,000 plus \$147,500 of capitalized interest and \$150,000 in loan service fees which amounts to \$7,797,500 to be repaid back to the State. Loan payments commenced on February 15, 2018 and semiannually thereafter on August 15 and February 15 of each year until all amounts due have been fully paid. The interest rate on this loan is 1.62% per annum. The loan shall be repaid in 40 semiannual loan payments of \$229,001. Loan disbursements from the State to the City will be made for reimbursements of allowable costs. The loan is recorded as a loan payable in the governmental activities of the City's government wide statements. As of September 30, 2018, \$6.2 million of loan disbursements were received

by the City and \$7.0 million of allowable costs have been incurred by the City. The outstanding portion of the loan is \$6,689,811. The loan is secured by the Stormwater fund's pledged revenues and will be repaid with such funds.

The aggregate maturities of the loan at September 30, 2018 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Loan									
Ending September 30	Principal	Interest	Total							
2019	\$ 338,443	\$ 119,559	\$ 458,002							
2020	343,948	114,054	458,002							
2021	349,542	108,460	458,002							
2022	355,228	102,774	458,002							
2023	361,006	96,996	458,002							
2024-2028	1,895,044	394,966	2,290,010							
2029-2033	2,054,260	235,750	2,290,010							
2034-2037	1,767,003	65,012	1,832,015							
	\$ 7,464,474	\$ 1,237,571	\$ 8,702,045							

I. Capital Lease

The City leases communication equipment which is classified under capital leases. The leased equipment is amortized on a straight line basis over 7 years. The accumulated amortization at September 30, 2018 was \$184,607. effective monthly interest rate relating to the lease is 3.06%. The equipment's original future present value of the minimum lease payments was \$1,429,725. Below is a schedule detailing the minimum lease payments and the related interest component of each payment.

						Pres	sent Value of the		
	Mii	nimum Lease	Minimum Lease						
September 30, Payments			Interest			Payments			
2019	\$	308,307	\$	34,969		\$	273,338		
2020		308,307		26,617			281,690		
2021		308,307		18,010			290,297		
2022		308,307		9,141			299,166		
	\$	1,233,228	\$	88,737	3	\$	1,144,491		

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2018 is as follows:

Governmental activities:

		Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Bonds payable:	_						_		_	
General obligation	\$	46,380,000	\$		\$	3,845,000	\$	42,535,000	\$	3,995,000
Special obligation		507,870,000				10,980,000		496,890,000		11,405,000
Plus: Net unamortized bond Premiur	n	49,038,652				2,999,302		46,039,350		2,917,617
Less: Net unamortized bond Discour	nt									
Total bonds payable	_	603,288,652				17,824,302	_	585,464,350	_	18,317,617
Claims and judgments		40,225,413		31,767,887		29,787,936		42,205,364		10,200,000
Compensated absences		22,751,103		10,943,987		8,796,856		24,898,234		8,796,856
Energy savings obligation		10,121,802				968,999		9,152,803		1,062,244
Net OPEB Liability		122,793,788		4,126,738		448,427		126,472,099		
Pension Loan		14,988,000				4,583,000		10,405,000		4,623,000
Loans payable		10,854,534		1,765,769		2,825,389		9,794,914		1,689,444
Environmental remediation liability				4,475,000				4,475,000		3,415,000
Capital lease obligations				1,409,725		265,234		1,144,491		273,338
Net pension liability - MBERP		159,840,307		12,111,064				171,951,371		
Net pension liability - MBF&P		297,629,899		3,787,466				301,417,365		
Governmental activity			-							_
Long-term liabilities	\$_	1,282,493,498	\$	70,387,636	\$	65,500,143	\$	1,287,380,991	\$_	48,377,499
Business-type activities:										
Revenue bonds payable	\$	374,335,000	\$	\$ 271,730,000	\$	126,745,000	\$	519,320,000	\$	9,935,000
Plus:Unamortized bond Premium	*	9,405,031	*	36,517,963	*	2,624,632	*	43,298,362	*	2,017,580
Less:Unamortized bond Discount		(507,182)		22,211,222		(139,033)		(368,149)		(25,248)
Total bonds payable	-	383,232,849		308,247,963	-	129,230,599	_	562,250,213	_	11,927,332
	_								_	
Loans payable		275,866				275,866				
Environmental remediation liability		285,410		50,000		135,410		200,000		200,000
Compensated absences		2,615,230		1,667,699		1,498,307		2,784,622		1,498,307
Net OPEB Liability		25,914,100				2,988,865		22,925,235		
Deposits		7,895,360		6,895,787		6,308,693		8,482,454		6,308,692
Net pension liability - MBERP		44,227,273		1,594,406		1,025,431		44,796,248		
Business-type activity	_						-		_	
Long-term liabilities	\$_	464,446,088	\$	318,455,855	\$	141,463,171	\$	641,438,772	\$_	19,934,331
					_		_			

In the above schedule, the Net OPEB Liability's beginning balance was restated to reflect GASB 75; refer to note 17 and 21 for more information. The City's internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At September 30, 2018, \$1,511,449 in compensated absences, \$1,144,491 in capital leases, and \$3,105,103 in loans payable are included in the above amounts for the internals service funds. Also, for the governmental activities, claims and judgments and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the internal service and general fund respectively.

NOTE 11 - Governmental Fund - Fund Balance

Below is a table of fund balance categories and classifications at September 30, 2018 for the City's governmental funds:

							Miami Beach					
					Resort		Redevelopment		Capital			Other
		General		_	Tax		Agency	_	Projects		_	Governmental
Fund balances:												
Non-spendable:												
Prepaids	\$	23,255	. \$			\$		\$ _	22,806	\$	_	1,612
Total Prepaid		23,255		_				_	22,806		_	1,612
Restricted:												
General government									26,321,736			853,290
Building operations reserves Public safety		11,447,181							756,200			2,470,722
Human services												492,970
Physical environment									2,561,446.00			1,701,145
Economic environment							65,933,523					1,895,682
Quality of Life Improvement												23,681,542
Transportation									6,212,348			56,097,782
Culture and recreation					28,195,208				80,559,335			1,709,768
Sewer Improvement									81,683			
Street Improvement									2,422,927			
Infranstructure									20,938			
Communications									78,488			
RDA City Center Improvement									3,218,443			
Capital Improvements									8,429,546			
Neighborhood Improvement									4,436,277			
South Pointe Improvement									20,640,207			
Debt service												1,510,531
Total Restricted		11,447,181			28,195,208		65,933,523		155,739,574			90,413,432
Committed:			-									
Reserve-set aside for future budgets		6,252,000										
General government		1,578,727							1,518,609			
Public safety									77,045			
Culture and recreation									3,962,299			9,730,495
Transportation									788,726			
Physical environment									28,358			
Public safety and health		36,393,500										
Encumbrances		1,383,000										
Reserve pay as you go									10,968,179			
Capital Reserve									7,659,031			
Capital Renewal and Replacement												5,443,937
Total Committed		45,607,227		_		,			25,002,247			15,174,432
Assigned:			-									
Reserve-set aside for future budgets		500,000										
Public safety												1,286,969
Total Assigned		500,000										1,286,969
Unassigned:			-									
Non-funded Capital									(97,695)			
Reimbursable grants funds									(15, 172, 670)			(3,872,177)
Reimbursable boardup/ Relocation charges												(6,405)
Non reimbursable grant funds												(1,458,832)
Residual fund balance		30,871,817						_			_	
Total Unassigned		30,871,817							(15,270,365)			(5,337,414)
Total Fund Balance	\$	88,449,480	٠	_	28,195,208	Ф	65,933,523	<u> </u>	16E 404 202	φ.	_	101 520 024
i otai runu baiance	Ф	00,449,480	Φ.	-	26,195,208	Φ	00,933,523	\$ _	165,494,262	\$	_	101,539,031

The negative unassigned fund balance in the Capital Projects funds is primarily due to \$13 million of unreimbursed grants relating to the A1A Indian Creek Project and \$2.2 million in other DOT, FDOT, and other miscellaneous grants. The Capital Projects fund also had \$98,000 in unreimbursed capital expenses. The Other Special Revenue fund's negative position is comprised of \$3.9 million in reimbursable grants, \$6,400 of board

up/relocation charges, and \$1.5 million in non-reimbursable grants. The Other Special Revenue fund's largest reimbursable grant pending is the West Avenue Bridge project in the amount of \$1.4 million.

NOTE 12 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss from civil liability to other parties (automobile liability, general liability, police professional liability, public official liability); statutory workers' compensation benefits for injured employees; and the theft or accidental damage to City property (buildings and business contents).

The City established an internal service Self-Insurance Fund (the "Fund") to account for its risk financing activities. The Fund pays for all claims and judgments for which the City is liable, for self-insured programs, and the premium costs for insurance policies that protect the City's property and financial interests.

Insurance coverage is procured for losses to City buildings above various deductible amounts. The City maintains excess coverage with an independent insurance carrier solely for Workers Compensation. The City does not maintain excess coverage with independent insurance carriers for general, automobile, police professional and public official liability programs. Premiums are charged to the respective City funds and determined based on amounts necessary to provide funding for current losses and to meet the required annual payments during the fiscal year. There were no settlements in excess of applicable insurance for the past three years. During fiscal year 2018 the City paid \$2.5 million in property insurance premiums (including flood insurance).

The Fund derives revenue from all City departments through an allocation formula and from investment income earned on cash and investments within the Fund. The Fund accrues an amount based on an external actuarial computation which includes known claims and an estimate for claims incurred but not yet reported, regardless of the ultimate date of payment or disposition.

The following are the changes in the funds' claims liability amount during fiscal years 2017 and 2018 respectively:

		2017			2018
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$	31,447,000		\$	38,497,702
Incurred claims (includes incurred but not yet reported)		13,133,111			7,979,880
Less: claim payments	6,082,409				6,082,218
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$	38,497,702		\$	40,395,364

The City established an internal service Health Insurance Fund (the "Fund") to account for Medical and Dental activities. Revenues from employee and City premiums are recorded in the Fund. The Fund pays for all claims and the premium cost of "stop loss" insurance coverage. Both medical and dental claims are administered by a third party service provider.

The following are the changes in the funds' claims liability amount during fiscal years 2017 and 2018 respectively:

	 2017	2018
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$ 1,284,508	\$ 1,727,711
Incurred claims (includes incurred but not yet reported)	21,085,587	23,788,007
Less: claim payments	 20,642,384	 23,705,718
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$ 1,727,711	\$ 1,810,000

NOTE 13 - Pollution Remediation

GASB Statement 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations, establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution remediation obligations. The City has identified eight (8) sites that are undergoing pollution remediation activities. These sites and activities are as follows:

- 1. Miami Beach Golf Course Material Recovery Facility(MRF) ammonia contamination
- 2. Miami Beach Golf and Normandy Shores Course arsenic investigation
- 3. Normandy Shores Fold Course arsenic investigation
- 4. Maurice Gibb Park hydrocarbon contamination
- 5. Fleet Management Mechanical Maintenance Facility synthetic oil investigation
- 6. Former Par 3 Golf Course arsenic investigation
- 7. Miami Beach Convention Center- arsenic investigation
- 8. Collins Park Garage Hydrocarbon Remediation

As of September 30, 2018, the City has recorded pollution remediation liabilities of:

Description	Total Obligation		Current
Fleet Management Mechanical Maintenance Facility -		_	
synthetic oil investigation	\$	75,000	\$ 15,000
Miami Beach Convention Center- arsenic investigation		200,000	200,000
Maurice Gibb Park - hydrocarbon contamination		800,000	800,000
Collins Park Garage Hydrocarbon Remediation		1,000,000	1,000,000
Former Par 3 Golf Course - arsenic investigation		1,000,000	
Miami Beach Convention Center- arsenic investigation		1,600,000	 1,600,000
	\$	4,675,000	\$ 3,615,000

Other remediation or monitoring costs were deemed immaterial and will be paid from annual operating expenses. These obligations are estimates and are subject to change depending on price increases or reductions, technology, and changes in laws and regulations.

NOTE 14 - Significant Commitments and Contingencies

The City, in the normal course of operations, is a party to various other actions in which plaintiffs have alleged certain damages. In all cases, management does not believe the disposition of these matters will materially affect the financial position of the City. Probable losses are accrued in the City's Risk Self-Insurance fund.

The City participates in a number of Federal and State assisted grant programs, which are subject to financial and compliance audits. Audits for these programs are to be conducted at a future date, and the City expects the amount, if any, of the expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agency to be immaterial.

NOTE 15 - Current and Advance Refunding

On December 14, 2017, the City issued \$115,180,000 in Water and Sewer Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 to provide for the current refunding of the Series 2000 bonds and advance refunding of the Series 2006B-2 and Series 2006 obligations as of September 30, 2018. The net proceeds of the issue were placed into an irrevocable escrow deposit account, which invested in government obligations, that will provide monies sufficient to pay the principal and interest of the refunded bonds. On the date of issue, \$44,330,000 of principal was refunded. The aggregate difference in debt service between the refunding debt and the refunded debt is \$1,075,230 and the economic gain on the transaction was \$6,136,486.

On December 22, 2017, the City issued \$156,550,000 in Stormwater Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 to partially advance refund (~92.8%) the Series 2011A and Series 2011B obligations as of September 30, 2018. The net proceeds of the issue were placed into an irrevocable escrow deposit account, which invested in government obligations, will provide monies sufficient to pay the principal and interest of the refunded bonds at September 1, 2021. On the date of issue, \$69,535,000 of principal was refunded. The aggregate difference in debt service between the refunding debt and the refunded debt is \$6,554,883 and the economic gain on the transaction was \$4,079,909.

NOTE 16 - Pension Plan

A. Miami Beach Employees' Retirement Plan (MBERP)

Summary of Significant Accounting Principles

The Plan financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which the contributions are due. City contributions are recognized as revenues when due pursuant to actuarial valuations. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Interest income is recorded as earned and dividend income is recorded as of the ex-dividend date.

Investments are recorded at fair value, except for short-term investments which are reported at amortized cost, in the Statement of Plan Net Position. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The diversity of the investment types in which the Trust has entered into requires a range of techniques to determine fair value.

Unrealized gains and losses are presented as net appreciation in fair value of investments on the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position along with gains and losses realized on sales of investments. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded on a trade-date basis.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Plan Description

Pursuant to Modification 29 of the Florida State Social Security Agreement effective January 1, 1955 The City of Miami Beach does not participate in the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance System (OASI) embodied in the Social Security Act. The Miami Beach Employees' Retirement Plan (the Plan) is a single employer defined benefit pension plan for general employees established by the City of Miami Beach, Florida (the City) effective March 18, 2006. The Miami Beach Employees' Retirement System was created under and by the authority of Chapter 18691, Laws of Florida, Act of 1937, as amended, by merging the "Retirement System for General Employees of the City of Miami Beach" created by Ordinance 1901 with the "Retirement System for Unclassified Employees and Elected Officials of the City of Miami Beach" created by Ordinance 88-2603, as amended.

Members are full-time employees, classified and unclassified positions, who work more than 30 hours per week except for policemen and firemen and persons who elect to join the defined contribution retirement Plan sponsored by the City. Membership consisted of the following as of October 1, 2017, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Inactive plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1,065
Inactive plan members entitled but not yet receiving benefits	195
Active plan members	1,175
Total members	2,435

The plan provides for retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits at three different tiers depending on when the members entered the Plan.

The First Tier is for members who entered the Plan prior to the Second Tier Dates. The Second Tier is for members who entered the Plan on or after the Second Tier Dates but before the Third Tier Dates. The Third Tier is for members who entered the Plan on or after the Third Tier Dates. Both the Second Tier and Third Tier Dates were established when each of the unions bargained with the City to establish new guidelines for retirement benefits relating to employees associated with their Unions. The Second Tier Dates are April 30, 1993 for members of AFSCME; August 1, 1993 for those classified as Other and GSAF, and February 21, 1994 for members of CWA. The Third Tier Dates are September 30, 2010 for members of AFSCME, GSAF and for those classified as other, and October 27, 2010 for members of CWA.

Classified members administered under the First Tier are eligible for normal retirement at age 50 and five years of Creditable Service and are entitled to benefits of 3% of Final Average Monthly Earnings (FAME) multiplied by the first 15 years of Creditable Service plus 4% of FAME multiplied by years of service in excess of 15 years, with the total not to exceed 90% of FAME. First Tier unclassified members accrued 4% for creditable service before October 18, 1992. Unclassified First Tier members accrued 3% per year of service after October 18, 1992, with the total not to exceed 80% of FAME. Classified and unclassified members administered under the Second Tier are eligible for Normal Retirement at age 55 and five years of creditable service and are entitled to benefits of 3% of FAME multiplied by creditable service, subject to a maximum of 80% of FAME. Classified and unclassified members administered under the Third Tier are eligible for Normal Retirement at age 55 with at least 30 years of creditable service, or age 62 with at least five years of creditable service and are entitled to benefits of 2.5% of FAME multiplied by creditable service, subject to a maximum of 80% of FAME. For elected officials, City Manager or City Attorney, the benefit is 4% of FAME for each year of creditable service as an elected official, city manager or city attorney plus the retirement benefit as defined above for any other period of city employment, subject to a maximum of 80% of FAME.

Final average monthly earnings (FAME) means one-twelfth of the average annual earnings during the highest two paid years of credible service. For Unclassified First Tier members who became a member prior to October 18, 1992 and was continuously a member from that date until March 18, 2006, FAME is defined as the larger of one-twelfth average covered salary during the two highest paid years of creditable service or one-twelfth of the pay of the year immediately preceding March 18, 2006. Effective as of September 30, 2010, FAME for members who have obtained normal retirement age or are within 24 months from normal retirement age is defined as average covered salary during the two highest paid years of creditable service. FAME for those members who as of September 30, 2010 are between 24 and 36 months from normal retirement age is defined as average covered salary during the three highest paid years of creditable service. FAME for those members who as of September 30, 2010 are between 36 and 48 months from normal retirement age is defined as average covered salary during the four highest paid years of creditable service. FAME for those members who as of September 30, 2010 are more than 48 months from normal retirement age is defined as average covered salary during the five highest paid years of creditable service. A Member with five or more years of creditable service may, at any time prior to retirement, elect to purchase a maximum of two years additional creditable service. Effective September 30, 2013, Members whose classification is included in the CWA and GSAF bargaining unit and Members who are not included in any

collective bargaining unit shall not be eligible to purchase additional creditable service. Effective April 23, 2015, members whose classifications are included in the AFSCME bargaining unit are not eligible to purchase additional creditable service.

Any First Tier member who terminates employment may either request a refund of their own contributions plus interest, or receive their accrued benefit beginning at age 50, if at least five years of creditable service are completed. Any Second Tier member who entered on or after the Second Tier Date and who terminates employment after five years of creditable service may either request a refund of their own contributions plus interest or receive their accrued benefit beginning at age 55. Any Third Tier member who entered on or after the Third Tier Date and who terminates employment after five years of creditable service but prior to the normal or early retirement date shall be eligible to receive a normal retirement benefit at age 62.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP)

A DROP was enacted on January 28, 2009 by Ordinance 2009-3626. Under this Plan, First and Second Tier members who have attained eligibility for Normal Retirement may continue working with the City for up to three years, while receiving a retirement benefit that is deposited into a DROP account. Third Tier members may participate in a DROP account for up to five years. Effective July 17, 2013, Members within classifications in the CWA bargaining unit who were hired prior to October 27, 2010, and Members not included in any bargaining unit who were hired prior to September 10, 2010, may elect to retire for the purposes of the Plan but continue employment with the City for up to sixty months, and have their monthly retirement benefit paid into a DROP account during the DROP period. Effective October 1, 2013, any member within classifications in the GSAF bargaining may elect to retire for the purposes of the Program but continue employment with the City for up to sixty months, and have their monthly retirement paid into a DROP account during the DROP period. Effective April 23, 2014, members within classifications in the AFSCME bargaining unit who were hired prior to September 30, 2010, may elect to retire for the purposes of the Plan but continue employment with the City for up to sixty months, and have their monthly retirement benefits paid into a DROP account during the DROP period. The amount of the benefit is calculated as if the participant had retired on the date of DROP commencement. Upon termination with the City, the accumulated value of the DROP account is distributed to the participant. A member's creditable service, accrued benefit and compensation calculation shall be frozen.

A series of investment vehicles which are established by the board of trustees are made available to DROP participants to choose from. Any losses, charges, or expenses incurred by the participant in their DROP account are not made up by the City or the Trust, but shall be borne by the participant. Upon termination of employment, a member may receive distributions in accordance with the Plan.

A DROP participant shall not be entitled to receive an ordinary or service disability retirement and in the event of death of a DROP participant, there shall be no accidental death benefit for pension purposes. DROP participation does not affect any other death or disability benefit provided to a member under federal law, state law, City ordinance, or any rights or benefits under any applicable collective bargaining agreement. First and Second Tier members receive an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) of 2.5%. The COLA is not payable while members are in the DROP. For Third Tier members the COLA is 1.5%.

As of September 30, 2018, there were 129 members in the DROP and the value of DROP investment was \$14,988,030, which is included in the Plan's net position. The DROP also allows for member loans. Approximately \$334,000 in loans were outstanding as of September 30, 2018.

Funding Policy, Contributions Required and Contributions Made

The City is to contribute such amounts as are necessary to maintain the actuarial soundness of the Plan and to provide the Plan with assets sufficient to meet the benefits to be paid to the members. All First Tier members who participate are required to contribute 12% of their covered salary to the Plan. All Second and

Third Tier members are required to contribute 10% of their covered salary. The City Commission has the authority to increase or decrease contributions.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the City was required to make contributions of \$31,892,485 or 37.52% of covered payroll to the Plan in accordance with actuarially determined requirements computed through an actuarial valuation performed as of October 1, 2016. For the year ended September 30, 2018, the employees contributed \$8,242,590 and buybacks were \$1,381,297.

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$3,129,130. At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows	Inflows
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 119,750	\$ 4,586,615
Change in Assumptions	51,257,888	
Net Difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments		14,793,731
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	31,892,485	
	\$ 83,270,123	\$ 19,380,346

City contributions of \$31,892,485 subsequent to the measurement date that are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	Net Deferred			
Year Ending	Outflows of			
September 30,	Resources			
2019	\$ 13,032,561			
2020	13,682,743			
2021	2,652,473			
2022	2,629,515			
	\$ 31,997,292			

The following methods and assumptions were used to determine the total pension liability:

Valuation Date October 1, 2016 Measurement Date September 30, 2017

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Inflation 3.00%

Salary Increases 4.5% to 7.0% depending on service, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.65%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of

eligibility condition.

Mortality The healthy post-retirement mortality table is the RP-2000

mortality table for annuitants with future improvements in mortality projected to all future years using Scale BB. For females, the base mortality rates include a 100% white collar adjustment. For males, the base mortality rates include a 50% blue collar adjustment and a 50% white collar adjustment. The pre-retirement mortality table is the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Participant Mortality Table with the same white and blue collar adjustments and the same mortality improvement projection scales. For disabled retirees, the mortality table is the RP-2000 Mortality Table for disabled nuitants, setback 4 years for males and setforward 2 years for females, with no provision made for future mortality improvements. These are the same rates used for Regular Class members of the Florida Retirement System (FRS)

in their Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2016.

Net Pension Liability of the City

The components of the net pension liability of the City at September 30, 2018 were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 834,047,463
Plan fiduciary net position	(616,624,226)
Net pension liability	\$ 217,423,237

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Long-Term	
	Asset		Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocatio	n	Rate of Return	
Domestic equities	39	%	5.73	%
Fixed income	28		4.43	
International equities	16		6.75	
Real estate	10		5.50	
Infrastructure	7		6.56	
Total	100	%		

Discount

A single discount rate of 7.65% was used to measure the total pension liability. This is a decrease of 0.05% from the discount rate of 7.70% used in the prior measurement. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments of 7.65%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the total actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments (7.65%) was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The following table shows the components of the City's annual pension liability and related plan fiduciary net position measured as of September 30, 2018:

	Increase (Decrease)				
				Plan	
		Total Pension		Fiduciary Net	Net Pension
		Liability		Positon	Liability
		(a)		(b)	(a-b)
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$	759,676,742	\$	555,001,936	\$ 204,674,806
Changes for the year					
Service cost		13,720,496			13,720,496
Interest		57,800,541			57,800,541
Difference between expected and actual					
experience of the total pension liability		(4,242,257)			(4,242,257)
Changes of assumptions		52,573,659			52,573,659
Contributions - employer				29,358,098	(29,358,098)
Contributions - employee				7,871,072	(7,871,072)
Net investment income				70,646,599	(70,646,599)
Benefit payments		(44,576,144)		(44,576,144)	
Refunds		(905,574)		(905,574)	
Administrative expenses				(703,539)	703,539
Other				(68,222)	68,222
Net changes		74,370,721		61,622,290	12,748,431
Balances at September 30, 2017	\$	834,047,463	\$	616,624,226	\$ 217,423,237

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Plan's net pension liability calculated using a single discount rate of 7.65 percent, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

Current Single				
		Discount Rate		
1% Decrease		Assumption		1% Increase
6.65		7.65%		8.65%
\$ 319,180,844	\$	217.423.237	\$	133.204.815

B. Retirement System for Firefighters and Police Officers (MBF&P)

Summary of Significant Accounting Principles

The Plan financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which the contributions are due. City contributions are recognized as revenues when due pursuant to actuarial valuations. Share plan contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are approved by the State. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Interest income is recorded as earned and dividend income is recorded as of the ex-dividend rate.

Investments are recorded at fair value in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The diversity of the investment types in which the Trust has entered into requires a range of techniques to determine fair value.

Unrealized gains and losses are presented as net appreciation in fair value of investments on the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position along with gains and losses realized on sales of investments. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded on a trade-date basis.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, the actual results could differ from those estimates.

Plan Description

Pursuant to Modification 29 of the Florida State Social Security Agreement effective January 1, 1955 the City of Miami Beach does not participate in the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance System (OASI) embodied in the Social Security Act. The plan is a single employer defined benefit plan established by the City of Miami Beach, Florida (The "City") and was created under Chapter 23414, Laws of Florida, Special Acts of 1945, as amended through October 14, 2015. The Plan's governing board is the Board of Trustees, which comprises nine members: three of which are elected by the fire department, three of which are elected by the police department, and three of which are appointed by the mayor. Members are substantially all police officers and firefighters employed by the City of Miami Beach, Florida. Members are further divided in the following three tiers:

Tier One members are those hired prior to July 14, 2010.

Tier Two members are those hired on or after July 14, 2010, but prior to September 30, 2013.

Tier Three members are those hired on or after September 30, 2013, but prior to June 8, 2016 and July 20, 2016 for Fire Department and Police Department members, respectively.

Tier Four members are those hired on or after June 8, 2016 and July 20, 2016 for Fire Department and Police Department members, respectively

Tier One members

Members who met eligibility to retire prior to September 30, 2013 may retire on a service retirement pension upon the attainment of age 50 or, if earlier, the date when age and length of creditable service equals to at least 70 years. Members eligible to retire on or after September 30, 2013 may retire on a service retirement pension upon the attainment of age 50 or, if earlier, the date when the member attains age 47 and length of creditable service equals to at least 70 years.

Upon retirement, a member who met eligibility to retire on or before September 30, 2013 will receive a monthly pension, payable for life, equal to 3% of the average monthly salary, as defined in the Plan

ordinance, for each of the first 15 years of creditable service and 4% of the average monthly salary for each year of creditable service in excess of 15 years, provided that the pension does not exceed 90% of the average monthly salary. Members who met eligibility to retire on or after to September 30, 2013 will receive a monthly pension, payable for life, equal to 3% of the average monthly salary, as defined in the Plan ordinance, for each of the first 20 years of creditable service and 4% of the average monthly salary for each year of creditable service in excess of 20 years, provided that the pension does not exceed 85% of the average monthly salary. All retirees and beneficiaries receiving a monthly pension as of September 30, 2010 will receive a 2.5% increase in benefits on October 1st of each year. Members that retire on or after September 30, 2010 will receive a 2.5% increase in benefits annually on the anniversary date of the member's retirement.

Tier Two members

Any member may retire on a service retirement pension upon the attainment of age 50 and the completion of at least 5 years of credible pension service or, if earlier, the date when the member attains age 48 plus the length of creditable service equals to at least 70 years.

Upon retirement, a member will receive a monthly pension, payable for life, equal to 3% of the average monthly salary, as defined in the Plan ordinance, for each of the first 20 years of creditable service and 4% of the average monthly salary for each year of creditable service in excess of 20 years, provided that the pension does not exceed 85% of the average monthly salary. The average monthly salary of the employee is computed based on the salary for the three highest paid years prior to the date of retirement or the average of the last three paid years to the employee prior to the date of retirement, whichever produces the greater benefit after consideration of the overtime limitations. For limitation and detailed information, please see the pension plan statement. All retirees and beneficiaries will receive a 1.5% increase in benefits annually on the anniversary date of the member's retirement.

Tier Three members

Any member may retire on a service retirement pension upon the attainment of age 50 and the completion of at least 5 years of credible pension service or, if earlier, the date when the member attains age 48 plus the length of creditable service equals to at least 70 years.

Upon retirement, a member will receive a monthly pension, payable for life, equal to 3% of the average monthly salary, as defined in the Plan ordinance, for each of the first 20 years of creditable service and 4% of the average monthly salary for each year of creditable service in excess of 20 years, provided that the pension does not exceed 85% of the average monthly salary. The average monthly salary of the employee is computed based on the salary for the five highest paid years prior to the date of retirement or the average of the last five paid years to the employee prior to the date of retirement, whichever produces the greater benefit after consideration of the overtime limitations. For limitation and detailed information, please see the pension plan statement. All retirees and beneficiaries will receive a 1.5% increase in benefits annually on the anniversary date of the member's retirement.

Tier Four members

Any member may retire on a service retirement pension upon the attainment of age 52 and the completion of at least 5 years of credible pension service or, if earlier, the date when the member attains age 48 plus the length of creditable service equals to at least 70 years.

Upon retirement, a member will receive a monthly pension, payable for life, equal to 3% of the average monthly salary, as defined in the Plan ordinance, for each of the first 20 years of creditable service and 4% of the average monthly salary for each year of creditable service in excess of 20 years, provided that the pension does not exceed 85% of the average monthly salary. The average monthly salary of the employee is computed based on the salary for the five highest paid years prior to the date of retirement or the average of the last five paid years to the employee prior to the date of retirement, whichever produces the greater benefit after consideration of the overtime limitations. For limitation and detailed information, please see the pension

plan statement. All retirees and beneficiaries will receive a 1.5% increase in benefits annually on the anniversary date of the member's retirement.

Any member of the plan who becomes totally and permanently disabled at any time as a result of illness or injury suffered in the line of duty may be retired on an accidental disability pension. For a service connected disability, the minimum pension payable is 85% of monthly salary of the employee at the time of disability retirement, less any offset for worker's compensation. Any member who becomes totally or permanently disabled after 5 years of creditable service as a result of illness or injury not suffered in the line of duty may be retired on an ordinary disability retirement pension. Upon disability retirement, a member receives a monthly pension equal to their service retirement benefits. For a non-service connected disability, the pension is the accrued benefit after 5 years of creditable service. The plan also provides death benefits for beneficiaries or members for service connected and non-service connected death.

If a member resigns or is lawfully discharged before retirement, their contributions with 3% interest per annum are returned to them. The Plan also provides a special provision for vested benefits for members who terminate after 5 years of service.

In the alternative and in lieu of the normal form of benefit, the member may, at any time prior to retirement, elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit with 120 monthly payments guaranteed. If the member should die before 120 monthly payments are made, benefits will continue to be paid to the member's designated beneficiary for the balance of the 120 month period. If the retired member is living after 120 monthly payments are made, the payments shall be continued for the member's remaining lifetime. In case of termination of the Plan, benefits accrued to members to the extent funded will be non-forfeitable.

At September 30, 2018 the plan membership consisted of the following:

Active Members			503
Deferred Vested Members			21
Retired Members and beneficiaries:			
a. Service	704	*	
b. Disabled	53		
			757
Total			1,281

* Including members in the DROP Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP)

An active member of Tier One may enter into the DROP on the first day of any month after meeting eligibility to retire. Members who entered the DROP on or before September 30, 2015, shall be eligible to participate for a period not to exceed 72 months. Members who entered the DROP on or after October 1, 2015, shall be eligible to participate for a period not to exceed 96 months. All members shall receive a 2.5% COLA increase in benefits annually on the anniversary date of the member's entry into the DROP, in conjunction with a few annual exceptions.

An active member of Tier Two, Three or Four may enter into the DROP on the first day of any month after meeting eligibility to retire. Members who entered the DROP on or after October 1, 2015, shall be eligible to participate for a period not to exceed 96 months. All members shall receive a 1.5% COLA increase in benefits annually on the anniversary date of the member's entry into the DROP, in conjunction with a few annual exceptions.

Once a member enters the DROP, their monthly retirement benefit is fixed, and their monthly benefit is paid into their DROP account. Upon termination of employment, the balance in the member's DROP account,

including earnings, is payable to them and they will begin to receive their normal retirement benefit.

At September 30, 2018, the total amount of the Deferred Retirement Option Plan payable, \$21,866,964, represents the balance of the self-directed participants as all the participants are now in the self-directed DROP.

Funding Policy, Contributions Required and Contributions Made

The City (the "Employer") is required to contribute an actuarially determined amount that, when combined with members' contributions, will fully provide for all benefits as they become payable. All Tier One and Tier Two members are required to contribute 10% of their salary to the Plan, while all Tier Three members are required to contribute 10.5% of their salary to the Plan. The City Commission has the authority to increase or decrease contributions.

The actual contribution from the City of Miami Beach, and the State of Florida for active employees for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, was \$37,519,388 and \$120,549 respectively. Covered payroll excluding DROP members was \$64,181,403. The contribution required from the City and the State of Florida for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, was actuarially determined by the October 1, 2016 valuation to be \$37,639,937.

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$7,599,414. At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Def	erred Inflows
	of Resources		Ot	f Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	12,846,024	\$	_
Changes in assumptions		30,214,528		
City contributions subsequent to measurement date		37,519,388		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments				4,279,607
	\$	80,579,940	\$	4,279,607

City contributions of \$37,519,388 subsequent to the reporting date that are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future years as follows:

Year ended September 30:

2019	\$ 18,147,485
2020	18,046,428
2021	3,754,420
2022	(1,167,388)
2020	
Total	\$ 38,780,945

The following methods and assumptions were used to determine the total pension liability at the actuarial valuation date of October 1, 2016. The actuarial valuation was rolled forward to the September 30, 2017 measurement date.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Inflation 3.00%

Salary Increases 2.88% – 10.70%

Cost-of-Living Increases 1.50%, 2.00% or 2.50%

Investment Rate of Return 7.85%, compounded annually, net of investment expenses

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition

Mortality For healthy participants during employment, RP-2000 Combined Healthy

Participant Mortality Tables, separate rates for males and females, with 90% Blue Collar Adjustment/10% White Collar Adjustments and fully generational mortality improvements projected to each future decrement

date with Scale BB.

For healthy participants post-employment, RP-2000 Annuitant Mortality Tables, separate rates for males and females, with 90% Blue Collar Adjustment/10% White Collar Adjustments and fully generational mortality improvements projected to each future decrement date with Scale BB.

For disabled participants, RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Tables, separate rates for males and females, without projection for future mortality improvement.

Discount

A discount rate of 7.85% was used to measure the September 30, 2017 total pension liability; a decrease from the prior year rate of 7.90%. This discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on Fund investments of 7.85%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed member contributions will be made at the current member contribution rate and employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined current contribution rates and the member contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future expected benefit payments to current Fund members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Fund investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Net Pension Liability of the City

The components of the net pension liability of the City at September 30, 2018 were as follows:

Total pension liability \$1,175,854,765
Plan fiduciary net position (874,437,400)
Net pension liability \$301,417,365

The target and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed
Target Asset Class	Asset Allocation
Domestic equities	50%
Fixed income	30
International equities	5
Real estate equity	10
Cash/short-term investments	5
Total	100%

Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*

Asset Class	2018	2017
Domestic equity	7.50%	7.50%
International equity	8.50	8.50
Domestic bonds	2.50	2.50
International bonds	3.50	3.50
Real estate	4.50	4.50
Alternative investments	6.24	6.24

^{*}Real rates of return are net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.50% for 2018 and 2017.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension	
	Liability	Net Position	Liability	
	(a)	(b)	(a) – (b)	
Balances at September 30, 2016	\$1,104,054,031	\$ 806,424,132	\$ 297,629,899	
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	17,530,982		17,530,982	
Interest	87,422,136		87,422,136	
Difference between expected and actual experience	141,740		141,740	
Benefit changes	(9,688,441)		(9,688,441)	
Changes of assumptions	34,969,254		34,969,254	
Contributions – employer		35,367,866	(35,367,866)	
Contributions – employee		6,198,244	(6,198,244)	
Net investment income		85,791,174	(85,791,174)	
Benefit payments, including refunds	(58,574,937)	(58,574,937)		
Administrative expense		(769,079)	769,079	
Net changes	71,800,734	68,013,268	3,787,466	
Balances at September 30, 2017	\$1,175,854,765	\$ 874,437,400	\$ 301,417,365	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Plan's net pension liability calculated using a single discount rate of 7.85 percent, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

	Current	
1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
6.85%	7.85%	8.85%
\$ 453.430.256	\$ 301.417.365	\$ 177.550.349

C. Florida's Federal-State Social Security Agreement

Pursuant to Modification 29 of the Florida State Social Security Agreement effective January 1, 1955, the City of Miami Beach does not participate in the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance System (OASI) embodied in the Social Security Act. Instead, it provides eligible employees a comprehensive defined benefit pension plan. Contributions to Social Security for fiscal year 2018 and 2017 would have been \$10,618,430 and \$9,966,055, respectively. The City of Miami Beach does participate in the hospital insurance tax, also known as Medicare, and withholds taxes accordingly.

D. Firemen's and Police Relief and Pension Funds

The City's firefighters and police officers are members of two separate non-contributory money purchase benefit plans established under the provisions of Florida Statutes, Chapters 175 and 185, respectively. These plans are funded solely from proceeds of certain excise taxes levied by the City and imposed upon property and casualty insurance coverage within City limits. This tax, which is collected from insurers by the State of Florida, is remitted to the Plans' Boards of Trustees. The City is under no obligation to make any further contributions to the plans. The excise taxes received from the State of Florida and remitted to the plans for the year ended September 30, 2018 was \$1,355,329 for firefighters and \$770,306 for police officers. These payments were recorded on the City's books as revenues and expenditures during the fiscal year.

Plan benefits are allocated to participants based upon their service during the year and the level of funding received during the year. Participants are fully vested after 10 years of service with no benefits vested prior to 10 years of service, except those prior to June 1983. All benefits are paid in a lump sum format, except for the Police Relief Funds, where participants may also elect not to withdraw or to partially withdraw, his or her retirement funds.

E. Defined Contribution Retirement Plan-401(A)

Effective October 18, 1992 City's Ordinance No. 92-2813 provided for the creation of a Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (the "Plan") under section 401(A) of the internal revenue code of 1986. The Plan provides retirement and other related benefits for eligible employees as an option over the other retirement systems sponsored by the City.

Any person employed on or after October 18, 1992, in the unclassified service of the City, has the right to select the Plan as an optional retirement plan to the Unclassified Employees and Elected Officials Retirement System. At the time of the Ordinance, employees of the City who were members of the Unclassified Employee and Elected Official Retirement System (the "System") had the irrevocable right to elect to transfer membership from the System to the Plan for a limited period of time. Effective March 19, 2006 the Plan is no longer offered to new employees of the City. Employees participating in the Plan prior to March 19, 2006 were given the option to transfer membership to the System.

The Plan is administered by a Board of Trustees, which has the general responsibility for the proper operation and management of the Plan. The Plan complies with the provisions of section 401(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and may be amended by the City Commission of the City. The City has no fiduciary responsibility for the Plan, consequently, amounts accrued for benefits are not recorded in the fiduciary fund.

Employees in the Plan hired prior to February 21, 1994 are required to contribute 10% of their salary while those hired subsequent to February 21, 1994 are required to contribute 8% of their salary. The City matches the employee's contribution 100%. The Plan of each employee is the immediate property of the employee. Employees have Nationwide Retirement Solutions or IMCA-RC as their plan administrator. In addition, the employee is responsible for the investment of their funds amongst choices of investment vehicles offered by their selected plan administrator.

Plan information as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 is as follows:

Members in the Plan		23
City's contribution	\$ 130,812	
Percentage of covered payroll		7.71%
Employees' contribution	131,117	
Percentage of covered payroll		7.73%

F. Aggregate Pension Amounts

The below chart shows the aggregate fiscal year 2018 pension liabilities, deferred inflows, deferred outflows, and pension expenses by pension plan:

		Retirement System for
	Miami Beach	Firefighters
	Employees'	and Police Officers
Account	Retirement System	(MBF&P)
Net pension liability	\$ 217,423,237	\$ 301,417,365
Deferred outflows	83,270,123	80,579,940
Deferred inflows	19,380,346	4,279,607
Pension expense	3,129,130	7,599,414

Financial Statements

Each of the Retirement Systems is audited separately. Complete financial statements can be obtained at the following offices:

City of Miami Beach Employee	City of Miami Beach Retirement System for
Retirement System	Firefighters and Police Officers
1700 Convention Center Drive	1691 Michigan Ave. Suite 555
Miami Beach, Florida 33139	Miami Beach, Florida 33139
Miami Beach Policemen's Relief	Miami Beach Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund
and Pension Fund	City of Miami Beach
999 11 th Street	2300 Pine Tree Drive
Miami Beach, Florida 33139	Miami Beach, Florida 33140

NOTE 17 - Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

Pursuant to Section 112.08, Florida Statutes, the City is required to permit eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to participate in the City's health insurance program at a cost to the retirees that is no greater than the cost at which coverage is available for active employees. The City's single employer defined benefit Postemployment Benefit Plan (the "Plan") currently provides the following postemployment benefits:

- 1. Health and Dental Insurance Employees hired prior to March 18, 2006 are eligible to receive a 50% health insurance contribution of the total premium cost. Employees hired after March 18, 2006, after vesting in City's retirement plans, are eligible to receive an offset to the retiree premium equal to \$10 per year of credible service, up to a maximum of \$250 per month until age 65 and \$5 per year of credible service up to a maximum of \$125, thereafter.
- 2. Life Insurance (\$1,000)

At September 30, 2008 and pursuant to resolution 2009-27024 the City established an OPEB Trust (the "Trust") and began funding its OPEB obligation. Stand-alone financial statements for the Trust are not prepared.

The City's plan's board is comprised of a Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees is comprised of three members. The members are the City's Chief Financial Officer or designee, Budget and Performance Improvement Director or designee, and the Human Resources Officer of designee. Each member has a term of four years.

The determination of the net OPEB obligation at September 30, 2018 is based on a rolled-forward valuation date of September 30, 2018. At this time, the plan participation consisted of:

Active OPEB plan participants	2,248
Inactive members receiving benefit payments	1,177
Total	3,425

Funding Policy

The City has the authority to establish and amend funding policy. For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City paid \$11,647,331 in OPEB benefits on a pay-as-go basis and \$500,000 to the Trust. The City's net OPEB liability at September 30, 2018 was \$149,712,078. It is the City's intent to base future Trust contributions on the annual required contribution (ARC) in subsequent annual actuarial reports; however, no Trust contributions are legally or contractually required.

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OPEB Plan Assets and Policies

The Plan's investment composition is controlled by the City's OPEB Trust investment policy as adopted by the OPEB Trustee and as limited by Florida Statute. 218.415. The Trustee utilizes an investment manager to invest the trust assets. The policy determines the maximum and minimum allocations between investment classes; as noted below. The investment policy may be amended with a majority vote of the OPEB Trustee members. It is the City's policy to maximize the returns of the plan's asset through diversification of equities and fixed income securities without a significant investment in cash or cash equivalents. The composition of the Plan's investments at September 30, 2018 in comparison to the Plan's investment policy is noted below:

	Allocation Mix			
	Minimum	Target	Maximum	
Equity Investments	40%	60%	75%	
Fixed Income	25%	39%	60%	
Cash and Equivalents (Money Market) Total	0%	1%	100%	

Please refer to note 3 for more detailed information regarding the OPEB Trusts' plan assets.

Rate of Return

As of September 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return, net of OPEB plan expenses, was 8.01%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. The rate of return incorporates the timing and size of cash flows to determine an internal rate of return on a monthly accrual basis. Cash flows used in the calculation excludes reinvested dividends, unrealized and realized gains or losses, and other fees and charges not converted into cash. Contributes are treated as a positive cash flow and benefit payments as a negative cash flow.

Discount rates are used in determining the present value as of the valuation date of future cash flows currently expected to be required to satisfy the postretirement benefit obligation. For unfunded plans, interest rate using a long-term expected rate of return on tax-exempt, high-quality municipal bond. For funded plans, the expected long-term rate of return on trust assets, to the extent the net fiduciary position is projected to be sufficient to provide the benefits. For partially funded plans or if a funded shortfall is projected, the interest rate is blended between the funded and the unfunded rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the total actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The long-term expected rate of return on the plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. For the fiscal year ended 2018, the discount rate used for the actuarial valuation was 8.0% based on the long term expected rate of return on the City's OPEB Trust as a whole. The City's current OPEB plan investment allocation is noted above.

Receivables

As of September 30, 2018, the plan had \$500,000 in receivables from the City. The amount represents the fiscal year's funding.

Net OPEB Liability of the City

The components of the net OPEB liability of the City at September 30, 2018, were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability	\$ 184,126,288
OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position	34,414,210
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 149,712,078
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB	40,000/
liability	18.69%

Schedule of Deferred Inflows/Outflows

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows of
		of Resources	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	7,430,274	\$
Net difference between projected and actual investments			1,028,308
Change in proportion - funds		3,768,351	3,768,351
	\$	11,198,625	\$ 4,796,659

Amortization of Net Deferred (Inflows)/Outflows

Year	A	mortization
2019	\$	903,921
2020		903,921
2021		903,921
2022		1,132,241
2023		1,218,078
Thereafter		1,339,884
	\$	6,401,966

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Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation Date September 30, 2018

Discount Rate 8.00% per annum. This was based on the estimated long term rate of return from the

City's OPEB trust

Asset Valuation Method Fair Market Value

Current Asset Mix Currently the City is targeted to invest approximately 60% in equities and 39% in

bonds, with the remainder as cash.

Salary Increase Rate 3.5% per annum Inflation Rate 2.0% per annum

Census Data The census was provided by the City as of August 2017.

Marriage Rate It is assumed that 40% of future retirees have a spouse. This is based on the current

retiree demographic.

Spouse Age Spouse dates of birth were provided by the City. Where this information is missing,

male spouses are assumed to be three years older than female spouses.

Medicare Eligibility All current and future retirees are assumed to be eligible for Medicare at age 65.

Amortization Method

Experience gains and losses are amortized over the average remaining service of active and inactive plan members (who have no future service). Investment gains and losses are amortized over a closed period of five years starting on October 1, 2016.

Plan Participation Percent The participation percentage is the assumed rate of future eligible retirees who elect to

continue health coverage at retirement. It is assumed that 70% of future retirees will participate in the retiree medical plan and 100% participate in the life insurance plan. For those employees hired after 3/18/2006, it is assumed that 40% continue on the plans post-Medicare. This assumes that a one-time irrevocable election to participate

is made at retirement.

Mortality Rates RP-2014 generational table, scaled back to 2006, then forward using scale MP-16

The health care cost trend assumptions are used to project the cost of health care in future years. The following annual trends are based on the current HCA Consulting trend study, and are applied on a select and ultimate basis. Select trends are reduced 0.5% each year until reaching the ultimate trend rate.

Expense Type	Select	Ultimate
Pre-medicare Medical and Rx	7.00%	4.50%
Medicare Benefits	6.00	4.50
Stop Loss Fees	7.00	4.50
Administrative Fees	4.50	4.50

The Per Capita Health Claim Costs for expected retiree claim costs were developed using historical claim experience through September 2018. For the police and fire plans, the claims were developed based on the premium equivalents and age adjusted. The annual age 60 and 70 claim costs for retirees and their spouses are as follows:

Per Capita Costs	Age 60	Age 70
Police	\$ 10,554	\$ 5,630
Fire	10,974	5,979
Other	11,135	7,043

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

1	% Decrease	Discount Rate	1	% Increase
	(7%)	(8%)		(9%)
Net OPEB Liability \$	151,934,000	\$ 149,712,078	\$	107,584,000

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1- ppercentage-point higher (than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost Trend	
		Rate	
	1% Decrease	(Refer to assumptions)	1 % Increase
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 107,584,546	\$ 149,712,078	\$ 151,525,000

For the September 30, 2018 OPEB Trust Fund financial statements, please refer to pages 133-134.

NOTE 18 – Tax Abatement Disclosures

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the City is not aware of and has not made any commitments or agreements to reduce property taxes. The City is not subject to any tax abatement agreements entered into by other governmental entities.

NOTE 19 - Extraordinary Item

Extraordinary Item

Between July and December 2016, the City was the victim of fraudulent banking withdrawals totaling \$3,686,712. As of September 30, 2016 and September 30, 2017, the City had a remaining unrecovered balance of \$1,858,398 and \$1,089,334, respectively. For the period ending September 30, 2018, the City has recognized the \$1,089,334 unrecovered balance as extraordinary revenue. The City received \$1,054,485 in cash and \$34,849 as interest. The recovered amount has been recorded as revenue, classified as an extraordinary item, in the City's general fund on pg. 31 and in the governmental activities of the on pg. 28.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 20 - Subsequent Events

On December 5, 2018, the City entered into an equipment loan agreement with Raymond James Capital Funding, Inc. The purpose of the loan is to purchase vehicles and other equipment. The aggregate loan amount is for \$15,000,000 with funding available in \$500,000 disbursements. For advances payable over 60 months, the interest rate is the 3 year constant maturity Treasury Index multiplied by 75.50% plus 0.72%, for advances payable over 84 months, the interest rate is the 5 year constant maturity U.S. Treasury Index multiplied by 75.50% plus 0.71%, and for advances payable over 108 months, the interest rate is the 7 year constant maturity U.S. Treasury Index multiplied by 75.50% plus 0.94%. Principal and interest is due monthly.

On November 6, 2018, the electorate of the City of Miami Beach approved the issuance of \$439,000,000 of general obligation bonds, consisting of (i) \$169,000,000 for parks, recreational facilities, and cultural facilities, (ii) \$198,000,000 for neighborhoods and infrastructure, and (iii) \$72,000,000 for police, fire, public safety, and security improvements. As the overall \$439 million General Obligation Bond (GOB) program will be implemented over a period of approximately 10 to 12 years, rather than all at once, the City anticipates issuing tranches every 3 years. At this time, 4 funding tranches are anticipated as follows: \$153 million in FY 2019, \$100 million in FY 2022, \$100 million in FY 2025, and \$86 million in FY 2028. Necessary millage rate increases will be gradually phased to cover the debt service costs associated with the bond issuances. The City has dedicated a portion of its property taxed to repay the debt.

NOTE 21 – Restatement for GASB 75

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City adopted GASB 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." The statement requires the City to recognize its Net OPEB liability as well as the deferred inflows and outflows associated with such valuation. In recognizing the City's Net OPEB liability and related deferrals, the City has restated its beginning net position as noted below:

	 Governmental Activities	-	torm Water Jtility Fund	Wat	ter and Sewer Fund	Pa	rking System Fund	onvention enter Fund	Oth	er Enterprise Funds	Inte	ernal Service Funds
September 30, 2017 Restatement for GASB 75 October 1, 2017	\$ 525,166,801 (61,044,957) 464,121,844		116,799,023 (2,065,290) 114,733,733		222,618,876 (5,981,240) 216,637,636		136,481,183 (7,971,517) 128,509,666	90,177,938 (117,344) 90,060,594		57,597,293 (9,937,539) 47,659,754		29,961,762 (8,318,051) 21,643,711
Balances At October 1, 2017 Net OPEB liability Deferred inflow - OPEB Net Total	\$ 122,793,787 752,625 123,546,412	\$	2,052,709 12,581 2,065,290	\$	5,944,804 36,436 5,981,240	\$	7,922,956 48,561 7,971,517	\$ 116,629 715 117,344	\$	9,877,001 60,538 9,937,539	\$	8,267,379 50,672 8,318,051
Balance at September 30, 2017 Restatement Amount	\$ 62,501,455 61,044,957											

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (RSI)

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS BY EMPLOYER AND OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITIES MIAMI BEACH EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (MBERP) (Unaudited)

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Actuarially determined contribution	\$31,892,485	\$29,358,098	\$27,783,852	\$26,317,983	\$25,602,030	\$21,222,051	\$17,583,191	\$14,474,678	\$17,137,394	\$12,863,823
Actual contribution	31,892,485	29,358,098	27,783,852	26,456,580	25,602,030	21,222,051	17,583,191	14,474,678	17,137,394	12,863,823
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (138,597)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$85,003,174	\$77,013,213	\$71,863,150	\$82,359,302	\$76,362,960	\$65,054,000	\$66,347,000	\$68,844,000	\$70,098,000	\$68,010,000
Actual contribution as a % of covered payroll	37.52%	38.12%	38.66%	32.12%	33.53%	32.62%	26.50%	21.03%	24.45%	18.91%

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date October 1, 2016

Notes Actuarially determined contributions are calculated as of October 1, which is two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Amortization Method Level Dollar, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 30 years

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.0%

Salary Increases 4.5% to 7.0% depending on service, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.65%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Healthy Participant Mortality Table for males and females with mortality improvements projected to all future years

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS BY EMPLOYER AND OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITIES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR FIREFIGHTERS AND POLICE OFFICERS (MBF&P) (Unaudited)

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Actuarially determined contribution	\$37,639,937	\$35,367,866	\$34,970,641	\$33,149,388	\$35,960,326	\$39,492,050	\$36,297,459	\$32,811,570	\$23,403,818	\$20,159,995
Actual contribution	37,639,937	35,367,866	34,970,641	33,149,388	35,960,326	39,492,050	36,297,459	32,811,570	23,403,818	20,159,995
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll (excluding DROP)	\$64,181,403	\$59,907,167	\$56,759,632	\$56,545,113	\$50,740,542	\$47,164,030	\$53,273,735	\$49,041,435	\$49,144,179	\$50,393,490
Actual contribution as a % of covered payroll	58.65%	59.04%	61.61%	58.62%	70.87%	83.73%	68.13%	66.91%	47.62%	40.01%

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date

Actuarially determined contributions are calculated as of October 1st - two years prior to the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Notes

MBF&P actual contributions include certain Chapter 175/185 non-employer contribution amounts. These amounts are from the State of Florida.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 30 years

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.00% Payroll Growth 2.60%

Salary Increases 2.88% - 10.70%

Investment Rate of Return 7.85%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition

For healthy participants during employment, RP-2000 Combined Healthy Participant Mortality Tables, separate rates for males and females, with 90% Blue Collar Adjustment/10% White Collar Adjustments and fully generational mortality improvements projected to each future decrement date with Scale BB.

For healthy participants post-employment, RP-2000 Annuitant Mortality Tables, separate rates for males and females, with 90% Blue Collar Adjustment/10% White Collar Adjustments and fully generational mortality improvements projected to each future decrement date with Scale BB.

For disabled participants, RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Tables, separate rates for males and females, without projection for future mortality improvement.

Mortality

Cost-of-Living Increases 1.50%, 2.00% or 2.50%

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MIAMI BEACH EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (MBERP) (Unaudited)

		2018	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability					
Service cost	\$	13,720,496	\$ 12,906,811	\$ 11,795,411	\$ 12,306,795
Interest		57,800,541	56,164,518	54,152,569	51,809,378
Benefit changes		-			(1,183,267)
Differences between expected and actual experience		(4,242,257)	(2,210,692)		4,909,738
Changes of assumptions		52,573,659	11,676,037	11,026,357	
Benefit payments		(44,576,144)	(41,900,843)	(35,874,016)	(37,501,400)
Refunds		(905,574)	(948,535)	(941,310)	(1,143,866)
Other		-		311,076	311,077
Net change in total pension liability	-	74,370,721	35,687,296	40,470,087	29,508,455
Total pension liability - beginning		759,676,742	723,989,446	683,519,359	654,010,904
Total pension liability - ending	\$	834,047,463	\$ 759,676,742	\$ 723,989,446	\$ 683,519,359
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$	29,358,098	\$ 27,783,852	\$ 26,456,580	\$ 25,602,030
Contributions - member		7,871,072	7,341,533	7,310,183	7,373,407
Net investment income		70,646,599	55,818,905	(5,048,406)	51,773,646
Benefit payments		(44,576,144)	(41,900,843)	(35,874,016)	(37,501,400)
Refunds		(905,574)	(948,535)	(941,310)	(1,143,866)
Administrative expenses		(703,539)	(677,509)	(706,283)	(668,851)
Other		(68,222)			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		61,622,290	47,417,403	(8,803,252)	45,434,966
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		555,001,936	507,584,533	516,387,785	470,952,819
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	616,624,226	\$ 555,001,936	\$ 507,584,533	\$ 516,387,785
City's net pension liability	\$	217,423,237	\$ 204,674,806	\$ 216,404,913	\$ 167,131,574
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		73.93%	73.06%	70.11%	75.55%
Covered payroll	\$	77,013,213	\$ 71,863,150	\$ 82,359,302	\$ 76,362,960
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		282.32%	284.81%	262.76%	218.86%

Notes to Schedule: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available. The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

From fiscal year 2017 to 2018, the discount rate used to determine the net pension liability decreased from 7.70% to 7.65%.

From fiscal year 2016 to 2017, the discount rate used to determine the net pension liability decreased from 7.85% to 7.70%.

From fiscal year 2015 to 2016, the discount rate used to determine the net pension liability decreased from 8.00% to 7.85%.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR FIREFIGHTERS AND POLICE OFFICERS (MBF&P) (Unaudited)

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$ 17,530,982	\$ 17,803,602	\$ 16,098,560	\$ 14,763,595
Interest	87,422,136	82,627,847	78,415,039	75,108,912
Benefit changes	(9,688,441)			
Differences between expected and actual experience	141,740	14,588,712	12,428,547	7,685,043
Changes of assumptions	34,969,254	2,447,885	5,686,196	
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(58,574,937)	(54,861,660)	(62,686,716)	(53,605,094)
Net change in total pension liability	71,800,734	62,606,386	49,941,626	43,952,456
Total pension liability - beginning	1,104,054,031	1,041,447,645	991,506,019	947,553,563
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 1,175,854,765	\$ 1,104,054,031	\$ 1,041,447,645	\$ 991,506,019
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - City and State	\$ 35,367,866	\$ 34,970,641	\$ 33,149,388	\$ 35,960,326
Contributions - member	6,198,244	5,984,397	5,944,414	5,258,974
Net investment income	85,791,174	70,539,300	5,689,333	72,259,674
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(58,574,937)	(54,861,660)	(62,686,716)	(53,605,094)
Administrative expenses	(769,079)	(826,044)	(777,493)	(905,130)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	68,013,268	55,806,634	 (18,681,074)	58,968,750
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	806,424,132	750,617,498	769,298,572	710,329,822
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 874,437,400	\$ 806,424,132	\$ 750,617,498	\$ 769,298,572
City's net pension liability	\$ 301,417,365	\$ 297,629,899	\$ 290,830,147	\$ 222,207,447
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.37%	73.04%	72.07%	77.59%
Covered payroll	\$ 59,907,167	\$ 56,759,632	\$ 56,545,113	\$ 57,545,593
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	503.14%	524.37%	514.33%	386.14%

Notes to Schedule: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available. The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

There were no changes to the investment return for the period ending September 30, 2018. For September 30, 2017, investment return was decreased from 7.90% to 7.85% and the mortality assumptions were updated to the assumption used in the Florida Retirement System July 1, 2016 Actuarial Valuation. For September 30, 2016, investment return was decreased from 7.95% to 7.90%, withdrawal and retirement rates were updated, disability incidence was updated to 65% service incurred / 35% non-service incurred and the load for compensation and rojected pensionable payroll was replaced with actual pensionable pay these changes first affect the contribution for fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. For September 30, 2015, investment return was decreased from 8.00% to 7.95% and payroll growth assumption was limited to 10-year average.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (unaudited) (*)

	_	2018	_	2017
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost	\$	3,921,508	\$	3,074,151
Interest		14,345,708		13,700,847
Changes of assumptions		(2,399,422)		
Benefit payments		(11,647,331)		(10,111,628)
Net change in total OPEB Liability		4,220,463		6,663,370
Total OPEB liability - beginning		179,905,825		173,242,455
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	184,126,288	\$	179,905,825
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - employer	\$	1,039,279	\$	438,000
Net investment income		2,540,698		3,302,688
Administrative expense		(65,711)		145,690
Net Change in plan fiduciary net position		3,514,266		3,886,378
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		30,899,944		27,013,566
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	34,414,210	\$	30,899,944
City's Net OPEB Liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	149,712,078		149,005,881
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage				
of the total OPEB liability		18.69%		17.18%
Covered-employee payroll ^	\$	147,122,000	\$	142,146,603
City's net OPEB liability as a percentage				
of covered payroll		101.76%		104.83%

^{* -} Fiscal year 2017 is the first year data is available. The City will accumulate a ten year schedule as data becomes available.

^{^-} Employees do not contribute towards OPEB.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - CITY CONTRIBUTIONS Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	20113	2012	2011	2010	2009
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 15,055,943	\$ 15,055,943	\$27,783,852	\$26,317,983	\$25,602,030	\$21,222,051	\$17,583,191	\$14,474,678	\$17,137,394	\$12,863,823
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	12,686,610	10,549,628	27,783,852	26,456,580	25,602,030	21,222,051	17,583,191	14,474,678	17,137,394	12,863,823
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 2,369,333	\$ 4,506,315	\$ -	\$ (138,597)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	147,122,000	142,146,603	71,863,150	82,359,302	76,362,960	65,054,000	66,347,000	68,844,000	70,098,000	68,010,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.62%	7.42%	38.66%	32.12%	33.53%	32.62%	26.50%	21.03%	24.45%	18.91%

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Valuation Date September 30, 2018

Discount Rate 8.00% per annum. This was based on the estimated long term rate of return from the City's OPEB trust

Asset Valuation Method Fair Market Value

Current Asset Mix Currently the City is targeted to invest approximately 60% in equities and 39% in bonds, with the remainder as cash.

Salary Increase Rate 3.5% per annum Inflation Rate 2.0% per annum

Census Data The census was provided by the City as of August 2017.

Marriage Rate It is assumed that 40% of future retirees have a spouse. This is based on the current retiree demographic.

Spouse Age Spouse dates of birth were provided by the City. Where this information is missing, male spouses are assumed to be three years older than female spouses.

Medicare Eligibility All current and future retirees are assumed to be eligible for Medicare at age 65.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal based on level percentage of projected salary.

Amortization Method Experience gains and losses are amortized over the average remaining service of active and inactive plan members (who have no future service). Investment gains and

losses are amortized over a closed period of five years starting on October 1, 2016.

Plan Participation Percentage The participation percentage is the assumed rate of future eligible retirees who elect to continue health coverage at retirement. It is assumed that 70% of future retirees

will participate in the retiree medical plan and 100% participate in the life insurance plan. For those employees hired after 3/18/2006, it is assumed that 40% continue on

the plans post-Medicare. This assumes that a one-time irrevocable election to participate is made at retirement.

Mortality Rates RP-2014 generational table, scaled back to 2006, then forward using scale MP-16

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS Last 10 Fiscal Years (*)

Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense 11.69% 8.01%

^{*} Fiscal year 2017 is the first year data is available. The City will accumulate a ten year schedule as data becomes available.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Budgete	d Amounts	•	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 175,544,000	\$ 175,544,000	\$ 176,718,001	\$ 1,174,001
Sales, use and fuel taxes	979,000	979,000	1,064,324	85,324
Utility	11,679,000	11,679,000	11,951,223	272,223
Local business	5,025,000	5,025,000	5,592,363	567,363
Communication service	3,062,000	3,062,000	4,075,570	1,013,570
Franchise fees Permits	8,115,000 24,661,000	8,115,000 25,138,000	8,173,295 23,905,369	58,295 (1,232,631)
Intergovernmental	10,734,000	10,734,000	11,008,345	274,345
Charges for services	18,831,000	18,831,000	18,434,148	(396,852)
Rents and leases	5,495,000	5,495,000	5,643,817	148,817
Interest income	692,000	692,000		(692,000)
Fines and forfeits	1,341,000	1,341,000	1,987,646	646,646
Administrative fees	21,419,000	21,419,000	20,810,564	(608,436)
Other	923,000	923,000	761,949	(161,051)
Total revenues	288,500,000	288,977,000	290,126,614	1,149,614
Expenditures				
General government:				
Mayor and Commission	2,291,000	2,305,486	2,220,336	85,150
City Manager	3,959,000	3,959,000	3,820,623	138,377
City Clerk	1,697,000	1,741,606	1,631,356	110,250
Budget and Performance Management	3,435,000	3,682,000	3,076,606	605,394
Finance	6,039,000	6,053,000	5,981,069	71,931
Human Resources Procurement	2,801,000 2,427,000	2,801,000 2,461,137	2,574,043 2,271,765	226,957 189,372
City Attorney	5,802,000	5,757,146	5,183,658	573,488
Planning	4,504,000	4,631,537	4,428,925	202,612
Media Relations	2,091,000	2,127,196	2,085,411	41,785
Public Works	4,507,400	4,647,620	4,026,513	621,107
Capital Improvement	5,077,000	5,077,196	4,626,119	451,077
Unclassified	8,445,400	8,513,035	4,941,882	3,571,153
Total general government	53,075,800	53,756,959	46,868,306	6,888,653
Public safety:				
Building Services	15,227,600	15,727,088	13,706,366	2,020,722
Code Compliance	5,977,000	5,944,736	5,436,569	508,167
Fire	73,501,000	73,607,382	72,901,201	706,181
Police	105,919,000	106,046,525	105,243,053	803,472
Emergency Management	10,381,000	11,180,000	10,709,324	470,676
Total public safety	211,005,600	212,505,731	207,996,513	4,509,218
Physical Environment Transportation	3,706,600 5,109,000	4,069,400 5,436,000	4,068,646 5,127,814	754 308,186
Economic Environment	1,843,600	2,935,600	2,619,698	315,902
Human Services	2,478,400	2,576,151	2,188,871	387,280
Culture and recreation	43,421,000	43,901,875	42,087,107	1,814,768
Capital Outlay	602,000	1,158,284	409,606	748,678
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	1,214,000	1,214,000	1,212,873	1,127
Interest and fiscal charges	194,000	194,000	192,250	1,750
Other	111,000	111,000	110,600	400
Total expenditures	322,761,000	327,859,000	312,882,284	14,976,716
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(34,261,000)	(38,882,000)	(22,755,670)	16,126,330
Other financing sources (uses)				_
Transfers in	39,350,000	40,429,000	46,420,325	5,991,325
Transfers out	(8,089,000)	(8,089,000)	(8,089,000)	=0.4.0==
Sale of capital assets	04.004.000	00.040.000	594,270	594,270
Total other financing sources (uses)	31,261,000	32,340,000	38,925,595	6,585,595
EXTRAORDINARY ITEM			4 000 224	1 000 224
Extraordinary expense Net change in fund balances	(3,000,000)	(6,542,000)	1,089,334 17,259,259	1,089,334 \$ 21,622,591
Fund balances - beginning of year	71,190,221	71,190,221	71,190,221	Ψ 21,022,001
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 68,190,221	\$ 64,648,221	\$ 88,449,480	
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CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Resort Tax R	Rever	nue Fund			Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency							
	Original	Final				Variance		Original		Final				Variance
	Budgeted	Budgeted		Actual		Favorable		Budgeted		Budgeted		Actual		Favorable
	 Amounts	 Amounts		Amounts	<u>(</u> L	Infavorable)		Amounts		Amounts		Amounts	(l	Jnfavorable)
Revenues														
Resort taxes	\$ 83,027,000	\$ 85,132,000	\$	87,595,052	\$	2,463,052	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Tax increment								52,491,000		52,491,000		49,920,277		(2,570,723)
Rents and leases														
Interest income	135,000	135,000		634,752		499,752		150,000		150,000		1,251,506		1,101,506
Special assessment	65,000	65,000		197,427		132,427								
Other	6,000	6,000		16,770		10,770								
Total revenues	83,233,000	85,338,000		88,444,001		3,106,001		52,641,000		52,641,000	_	51,171,783		(1,469,217)
Expenditures														
General government	1,772,000	1,786,323		1,647,060		139,263		20,380,533		20,380,533		5,810,280		14,570,253
Public safety	6,438,000	6,572,026		6,486,802		85,224		4,639,000		4,638,972		4,496,365		142,607
Economic environment								3,472,000		8,669,398		6,097,202		2,572,196
Culture and recreation	12,597,000	12,156,290		11,765,744		390,546		1,325,000		1,325,000		1,059,914		265,086
Capital Outlay		28,361		23,337		5,024		15,977,842		15,957,870		2,288,222		13,669,648
Debt Service:														
Interest and fiscal charges	2,000	2,000		1,239		761								
Total expenditures	20,809,000	20,545,000		19,924,182		620,818		45,794,375		50,971,773		19,751,983		31,219,790
Excess (deficiency) of revenues														
over (under) expenditures	 62,424,000	 64,793,000		68,519,819		3,726,819		6,846,625		1,669,227		31,419,800		29,750,573
Other financing sources (uses)														
Transfers in				1,787,261		1,787,261						822,399		822,399
Transfers out	(62,424,000)	(64,966,000)		(64,780,870)		185,130		(22,784,000)		(36,050,221)		(36,039,313)		10,908
Total other financing sources (uses)	(62,424,000)	(64,966,000)		(62,993,609)		1,972,391	_	(22,784,000)		(36,050,221)	_	(35,216,914)		833,307
Net change in fund balances		(173,000)		5,526,210		5,699,210		(15,937,375)		(34,380,994)		(3,797,114)		30,583,880
Fund balances - beginning of year	 22,668,998	22,668,998		22,668,998				69,730,637		69,730,637		69,730,637		
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 22,668,998	\$ 22,495,998	\$	28,195,208	\$	5,699,210	\$	53,793,262	\$	35,349,643	\$	65,933,523	\$	30,583,880

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET TO ACTUAL SEPTEMBER 30. 2018

1. Budgetary Policy

A. Budgetary Data

The City is required to prepare, approve, adopt and execute an annual budget for such funds as may be required by law or by sound financial practices and generally accepted accounting principles.

The City' has legally adopted annual budgets for the General Fund, and the City's two (2) major special revenue funds which are the Resort Tax Fund and the Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency Fund. Budget to actual comparisons for the General Fund, Resort Tax Fund and Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency Fund are presented in the Required Supplementary Information section of this report.

Pursuant to the City's Charter, the City Manager shall make public a budget summary setting forth the proposed cost of each individual department and reflecting the personnel for each department. The proposed budget includes anticipated expenditures and the means of financing them. After Commission review and public hearings, the budget is adopted prior to October 1st. The budgets are approved by fund and department, and authorized at the department level. Management may transfer amounts between line items within a department as long as the transfer does not result in an increase in the department's budget. Increases to funds or department budgets and transfers between departments require City Commission approval.

There were eight (8) supplemental budgetary appropriations for the funds mentioned above; five (5) operating (counting RDA separately) and three (3) capital during fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Budgets are considered a management control and planning tool and as such are incorporated into the accounting system of the City. Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting. All operating appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase order commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as commitments of fund balances, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

2. Miami Beach Employees' Retirement System (MBERP) Actuary Assumptions

Please refer to page 108 for the actuary assumptions.

3. Retirement System for Firefighters and Police Officers (MBF&P) Actuary Assumptions

Please refer to page 109 for the actuary assumptions.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds:

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Community Development Block Grant Fund: This fund accounts for the receipt and expenditure of funds under this Federal Program.

State Housing Initiatives Partnership Fund: This fund accounts for the receipt and expenditure of funds under this State Program.

Parking Impact Fees Fund: This fund accounts for impact fee revenue paid, primarily by owners of new and existing construction, in lieu of their ability to provide adequate parking spaces as defined by City Ordinance. The fund is also responsible for the disbursement of funds for various parking related projects in the impacted areas.

Transportation Concurrency Management Fund: This fund oversees, maintains, and directs the City's concurrency management system, the land use/transportation planning and traffic management efforts and projects.

Police Confiscation and Training Fund: This fund accounts for revenues received that are restricted to police related expenditures with multiple restrictions.

HOME Investment Partnership Program Grant Fund: This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures that are governed by the HOME grant agreements between the Federal Government and the City.

Other Special Revenue Fund: This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures of a series of small grants.

Debt Service Funds:

Debt Service Funds account for the payment of interest and principal of the current portion of long-term debt, primarily from tax proceeds and earnings on temporary investments.

General Obligation Debt Service Fund: This fund accounts for principal and interest payments made for general obligations.

Pension Loan Fund: This fund accounts for principal and interest payments made for the Pension Loan.

Gulf Breeze Special Obligation Fund: This fund accounts for principal and interest payments made for the Gulf Breeze VRDS.

Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency Fund: This fund accounts for principal and interest payments made for the Tax Increment Revenue Special Obligation Bonds.

Sunshine State Special Obligation Fund: This fund accounts for principal and interest payments made for the Sunshine State VRDS.

Resort Tax Debt Service Fund: This fund accounts for principal and interest payments made for the Resort Tax bond.

Energy Savings Debt Service Fund: This fund accounts for principal and interest payment on the Ameresco loan.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINED BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2018

	 Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and investments Receivables, net Due from other governments Prepaids	\$ 107,880,417 892,970 3,704,296 1,612	\$ 1,483,825 26,706	\$	109,364,242 919,676 3,704,296 1,612
Total assets	\$ 112,479,295	\$ 1,510,531	\$	113,989,826
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable Retainage payable Accrued expenditures Unearned revenues Deposits Due to other fund	\$ 4,760,017 748,859 748,468 3,801,412 51,400 1,581,048	\$	\$	4,760,017 748,859 748,468 3,801,412 51,400 1,581,048
Total liabilities	 11,691,204			11,691,204
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable other revenues	 759,591			759,591
Total deferred inflows of resources	 759,591		_	759,591
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	 1,612 88,902,901 15,174,432 1,286,969 (5,337,414)	1,510,531		1,612 90,413,432 15,174,432 1,286,969 (5,337,414)
Total fund balances	 100,028,500	 1,510,531		101,539,031
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	\$ 112,479,295	\$ 1,510,531	\$	113,989,826

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES	•		
Property taxes	\$	\$ 5,938,336	\$ 5,938,336
Sales, use and fuel taxes	3,875,355		3,875,355
Utility taxes	886,120		886,120
Other taxes	2,125,635		2,125,635
Federal grants	1,081,509		1,081,509
State grants	306,897		306,897
Grants from other local units	6,052,662		6,052,662
Charges for services	5,918,166		5,918,166
Fines and forfeitures	868,041		868,041
Impact Fees	3,486,229		3,486,229
Interest income	726,409	65,287	791,696
Permits	23,588		23,588
Rent and leases	1,510,003		1,510,003
Miscellaneous	434,549		434,549
Total revenues	27,295,163	6,003,623	33,298,786
EXPENDITURES Current:			
General government	843,005		843,005
Public safety	11,029,175		11,029,175
Physical environment	2,215,992		2,215,992
Transportation	15,401,934		15,401,934
Economic environment	1,063,337		1,063,337
Human services	1,287,204		1,287,204
Culture and recreation	2,414,658		2,414,658
Capital Outlay	9,901,421		9,901,421
Debt Service:			
Principal	333,026	19,366,707	19,699,733
Interest	124,976	26,865,669	26,990,645
Other		2,751	2,751
Total expenditures	44,614,728	46,235,127	90,849,855
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
(under) expenditures	(17,319,565)	(40,231,504)	(57,551,069)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Issuance of debt	1,362,339		1,362,339
Transfers in	22,656,168	42,465,944	65,122,112
Transfers out	(11,000)	(8,301,104)	(8,312,104)
Total other financing sources (uses)	24,007,507	34,164,840	58,172,347
Net change in fund balances	6,687,942	(6,066,664)	621,278
Fund balances - beginning of year	93,340,558	7,577,195	100,917,753
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 100,028,500	\$ 1,510,531	\$ 101,539,031

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

September 30, 2018

	De	Development Initiativ Block Grant Partner		tate Housing Initiatives Partnership Fund	atives Parking nership Impact Fees		Transportation Concurrency Management Fund		Police Confiscation and Training Fund		Home Investment Partnership Program Grant Fund		Other Special t Revenue Fund		 Total
ASSETS															
Cash and investments Receivables, net Due from other governments Prepaids	\$	26,344 100,120	\$	1,293,914	\$	24,176,441 25,623	\$	17,901,206	\$	616,539 1,978 46,569	\$	113,435	\$	63,865,973 865,369 3,444,172 1,612	\$ 107,880,417 892,970 3,704,296 1,612
Total assets	\$	126,464	\$	1,293,914	\$	24,202,064	\$	17,901,206	\$	665,086	\$	113,435	\$	68,177,126	\$ 112,479,295
LIABILITIES															
Accounts payable Retainage payable Accrued expenditures Unearned revenue Due to other fund Deposits	\$	49,161 26,236 3,685 25,964	\$	2,334	\$	18,801	\$	16,441 31,923	\$	4,855 46,569	\$	6,148 1,646 242,068 49,046	\$	4,668,425 684,552 743,137 3,486,811 1,532,002 51,400	\$ 4,760,017 748,859 748,468 3,801,412 1,581,048 51,400
Total liabilities		105,046		2,334		18,801	_	48,364		51,424		298,908		11,166,327	 11,691,204
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES															
Unavailable other revenues				759,591											 759,591
Total deferred inflows of resources				759,591	_										759,591
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned		21,418		531,989		24,183,263		17,852,842		613,662		(185,473)		1,612 45,699,727 15,174,432 1,286,969 (5,151,941)	 1,612 88,902,901 15,174,432 1,286,969 (5,337,414)
Total fund balances		21,418		531,989		24,183,263		17,852,842		613,662		(185,473)		57,010,799	 100,028,500
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	\$	126,464	\$	1,293,914	\$	24,202,064	\$	17,901,206	\$	665,086	\$	113,435	\$	68,177,126	\$ 112,479,295

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Community Development Block Grant Fund	State Housing Initiatives Partnership Fund	Parking Impact Fees Fund	Transportation Concurrency Management Fund	Police Confiscation and Training Fund	HOME Investment Partnership Program Grant Fund	Other Special Revenue Fund	Total
Revenues: Sales, Use and Fuel Taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 3,875,355	\$ 3,875,355
Utility taxes	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	886,120	886,120
Other taxes							2,125,635	2,125,635
Federal grants	474,00	04			171,230	(485,195)	921,470	1,081,509
State grants	, -	233,158			,	(,,	73,739	306,897
Grants from other local units		,			23,498		6,029,164	6,052,662
Charges for services				27,625			5,890,541	5,918,166
Fines and forfeitures							868,041	868,041
Impact Fees			1,928,140	1,558,089				3,486,229
Interest income	2	22 17,318	333,008	169,007	8,496	24	198,534	726,409
Permits							23,588	23,588
Rent and leases							1,510,003	1,510,003
Miscellaneous		75,515	<u>i</u>				359,034	434,549
Total revenues	474,02	26 325,991	2,261,148	1,754,721	203,224	(485,171)	22,761,224	27,295,163
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Physical environment Transportation Economic environment Human services Culture and recreation Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest Other	457,3:	23 325,991	221,394	46,427	232,893 54,400	(374,968)	843,005 10,796,282 2,215,992 15,401,934 654,991 1,287,204 2,414,658 9,579,200 333,026 124,976	843,005 11,029,176 2,215,992 15,401,934 1,063,337 1,287,204 2,414,658 9,901,421 333,026 124,976
Total expenditures	457,32	23 325,991	221,394	46,427	287,293	(374,968)	43,651,268	44,614,728
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	16,70	03 0	2,039,754	1,708,294	(84,069)	(110,203)	(20,890,044)	(17,319,565
Issuance of debt							1,362,339	1,362,339
Transfers in				1,674,314			20,981,854	22,656,168
Transfers out							(11,000)	(11,000
Total other financing sources (uses)			0	1,674,314			22,333,193	24,007,507
Net change in fund balances	16,70	03 0	2,039,754	3,382,608	(84,069)	(110,203)	1,443,149	6,687,942
Fund balances - beginning of year	4,7	15 531,989	22,143,509	14,470,234	697,731	(75,270)	55,567,650	93,340,558
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 21,4	18 \$ 531,989	\$ 24,183,263	\$ 17,852,842	\$ 613,662	\$ (185,473)	\$ 57,010,799	\$ 100,028,500

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

September 30, 2018

	General Obligation lebt Service Fund	Pension Loan Debt enice Fund	Gulf Breeze Special Obligation Debt Service Fund		Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency Debt Service Fund	Sunshine State Special Obligation Debt Service Fund	Resort Tax Debt Debt		ergy Savings Debt rvice Funds	 Total
ASSETS										
Cash and investments Receivables, net	\$ 784,821 26,706	\$ 255,074	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	443,930	\$ 1,483,825 26,706
Total assets	\$ 811,527	\$ 255,074	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	443,930	\$ 1,510,531
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted	 811,527	 255,074				_			443,930	 1,510,531
Total fund balances	811,527	255,074	-		_				443,930	 1,510,531
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 811,527	\$ 255,074	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	443,930	\$ 1,510,531

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	General Obligation Debt Service Fund	Pension Loan Debt Service Fund	Gulf Breeze Special Obligation Debt Service Fund	Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency Debt Service Fund	Sunshine State Special Obligation Debt Service Fund	Resort Tax Debt Service Fund	Energy Savings Debt Service Funds	Total
Revenues Property taxes Interest income Total revenues	\$ 5,938,336 65,287 6,003,623	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 5,938,336 65,287 6,003,623
Expenditures Debt Service: Principal Interest Other Total expenditures	3,845,000 2,058,769 1,205 5,904,974	4,583,000 253,297 4,836,297		6,670,000 14,993,923 1,169 21,665,092		3,300,000.00 9,154,500.00 377 12,454,877	968,707 405,180 1,373,887	19,366,707 26,865,669 2,751 46,235,127
Excess of expenditures over revenues	98,649	(4,836,297)		(21,665,092)		(12,454,877)	(1,373,887)	(40,231,504)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	(1,878,160.00)	4,839,000	(2,483,113.00)	21,665,092	(126,547)	14,182,852 (3,813,284)	1,779,000	42,465,944 (8,301,104)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,878,160)	4,839,000	(2,483,113)	21,665,092	(126,547)	10,369,568	1,779,000	34,164,840
Net change in fund balances	(1,779,511)	2,703	(2,483,113)		(126,547)	(2,085,309)	405,113	(6,066,664)
Fund balances - beginning of year	2,591,038	252,371	2,483,113		126,547	2,085,309	38,817	7,577,195
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 811,527	\$ 255,074	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 443,930	\$ 1,510,531

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGETED NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

For the Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2018

		General Obligation	n Debt Service Fund			Miami Beach Rede Special Obligation	1 0 ,			Resort Tax Debt Service Fund					
	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)			
Revenues															
Property taxes	\$ 5,914,000	\$ 5,914,000		\$ 24,336	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Interest income			65,287	65,287											
Total revenues	5,914,000	5,914,000	6,003,623	89,623											
Expenditures															
Debt Service:															
Principal	3,845,000	3,845,000	3,845,000		6,670,000	6,670,000	6,670,000		3,300,000	3,300,000	3,300,000				
Interest	2,059,000	2,059,000	2,058,769	231	14,994,000	14,994,000	14,993,923	77	9,155,000	9,155,000	9,154,500	500			
Other	10,000	10,000	1,205	8,795	12,000	12,000	1,169	10,831	10,000	10,000	377	9,623			
Total expenditures	5,914,000	5,914,000	5,904,974	9,026	21,676,000	21,676,000	21,665,092	10,908	12,465,000	12,465,000	12,454,877	10,123			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues															
over (under) expenditures															
, , ,			98,649	98,649	(21,676,000)	(21,676,000)	(21,665,092)	10,908	(12,465,000)	(12,465,000)	(12,454,877)	10,123			
Other financing sources (uses)					_										
Transfers in					21,676,000	21,676,000	21,665,092	(10,908)	13,271,000	14,271,000	14,182,852	(88,148)			
Transfers out		(1,879,000)	(1,878,160)	(840)						(3,813,500)	(3,813,284)	216			
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,879,000)	(1,878,160)	(840)	21,676,000	21,676,000	21,665,092	(10,908)	13,271,000	10,457,500	10,369,568	(87,932)			
Net change in fund balances		(1,879,000)	(1,779,511)	99,489					806,000	(2,007,500)	(2,085,309)	(77,809)			
Fund balances - beginning of year	2,591,038	2,591,038	2,591,038						2,085,309	2,085,309	2,085,309				
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 2,591,038	\$ 712,038	\$ 811,527	\$ 99,489	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 2,891,309	\$ 77,809	\$	\$ (77,809)			

MIAMIBEACH

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CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS September 30, 2018

		Sanitation Fund	R	Miami Beach dedevelopment Agency's Parking Fund	F	Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency's Leasing Fund		Totals
ASSETS								
Current assets:	•	44.040.044	•	10.055.100	•	44 000 000	•	00 004 005
Cash and investments	\$	11,016,641	\$	16,955,492	\$	11,322,862	\$	39,294,995
Accounts receivable (net of		005.404				44.042		007 077
allowance for uncollectibles)		895,464		100.056		41,913		937,377
Prepaid expenses	_	44 040 405		109,056		44 204 775		109,056
Total current assets Noncurrent assets:	_	11,912,105		17,064,548		11,364,775		40,341,428
Cash and investments								
				81,247		208,962		290,209
Customer deposits and advance sales Capital assets:				01,247		200,902		290,209
Land		405,680		2,793,052		210,230		3,408,962
Buildings and structures		1,289,353		28,426,115		2,397,145		32,112,613
Machinery and equipment		3,646,158		926,351		2,397,143		4,572,509
Less accumulated depreciation		(2,344,455)		(10,344,174)		(914,225)		(13,602,854)
Total capital assets (net of		(2,344,433)		(10,344,174)		(914,223)		(13,002,034)
accumulated depreciation)		2,996,736		21,801,344		1,693,150		26,491,230
Total noncurrent assets		2,996,736		21,882,591		1,902,112		26,781,439
Total assets		14,908,841		38,947,139		13,266,887		67,122,867
10141 453013		14,500,041		30,347,133		13,200,007		07,122,007
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pensions - MBERP		5,658,121						5,658,121
OPEB		427,842						427,842
Total deferred outflows of resources		6,085,963						6,085,963
	_	0,000,000						3,000,000
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		439,906		241,531		6,130		687,567
Accrued expenses		340,087		90,306				430,393
Due to other governments		·				5,350		5,350
Deposits				3,658				3,658
Accrued compensated absences		481,101						481,101
Unearned revenues				74,657				74,657
Total current liabilities		1,261,094		410,152		11,480		1,682,726
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Deposits				2,932		208,962		211,894
Accrued compensated absences		472,975						472,975
Net pension liability - MBERP		14,773,691						14,773,691
Net OPEB liability		8,620,549						8,620,549
Total noncurrent liabilities		23,867,215		2,932		208,962		24,079,109
Total liabilities		25,128,309		413,084		220,442		25,761,835
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pensions - MBERP		1,316,875						1,316,875
OPEB		1,177,839						1,177,839
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,494,714						2,494,714
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		2,996,736		21,801,344		1,693,150		26,491,230
Unrestricted		(9,624,955)		16,732,711		11,353,295		18,461,051
Total net position	\$	(6,628,219)	\$	38,534,055	\$	13,046,445	\$	44,952,281

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Sanitation Fund	Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency's Parking Fund	Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency's Leasing Fund	Totals
Operating revenues:	<u>-</u>	_			
Charges for services	\$	10,853,124	\$ 3,783,741	\$	\$ 14,636,865
Permits, rentals, and other		5,603,345	 562,942	1,249,915	 7,416,202
Total operating revenues		16,456,469	4,346,683	1,249,915	22,053,067
Operating expenses:					
Personal services		11,230,614			11,230,614
Operating supplies		44,934	4,951		49,885
Contractual services		5,895,836	2,826,988	279,001	9,001,825
Utilities		26,999	168,992	19,479	215,470
Internal charges		1,832,000	449,000	30,000	2,311,000
Depreciation		403,233	823,687	77,352	1,304,272
Administrative fees		1,671,000	250,000	6,000	1,927,000
Other operating		772,876	 164,359	44,634	 981,869
Total operating expenses		21,877,492	 4,687,977	456,466	 27,021,935
Operating income (loss)		(5,421,023)	 (341,294)	793,449	 (4,968,868)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Interest and fiscal charges		(1,863)			(1,863)
Gain (Loss) on disposal of					
capital assets		78,968			78,968
Interest income		173,480	 212,125	120,685	 506,290
Total nonoperating expenses		250,585	 212,125	120,685	 583,395
Income before contributions					
and transfers		(5,170,438)	 (129,169)	914,134	 (4,385,473)
Transfers in		1,715,000			1,715,000
Transfers out		(37,000)			(37,000)
Change in net position		(3,492,438)	(129,169)	914,134	(2,707,473)
Net position - beginning of year		6,801,758	38,663,224	12,132,311	57,597,293
Restatement for GASB 75		(9,937,539)	,,	, - ,	(9,937,539)
Net position - as restated		(3,135,781)	38,663,224	12,132,311	47,659,754
Net position - ending of year	\$	(6,628,219)	\$ 38,534,055	\$ 13,046,445	\$ 44,952,281

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Sanitation Fund		Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency's Parking Fund		Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency's Leasing Fund		Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:	Φ.	47.040.000	Φ	4 0 4 5 0 0 0	Φ	4 007 070	Φ.	00 000 050
Receipts received from customers Payments to suppliers	\$	17,013,960 (8,137,550)	\$	4,345,020 (3,190,813)	\$	1,267,678 (352,014)	\$	22,626,658 (11,680,377)
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees		(11,303,989)		(3, 190, 613)		(352,014)		(11,303,989)
Payments for interfund services used		(3,503,000)		(699,000)		(36,000)		(4,238,000)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(5,930,579)	_	455,207		879,664		(4,595,708)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(5,930,579)	_	400,207	_	679,004		(4,393,706)
Cash flows for non-capital financing activities:								
Transfers in		1,715,000						1,715,000
Transfers out		(37,000)						(37,000)
Net cash provided by non-capital financing	_	(0.,000)	_		_			(0.,000)
activities		1,678,000						1,678,000
30		.,0.0,000	_		_			1,070,000
Cash flows from capital and related financial activities:								
Principal paid on loan		(98,705)						(98,705)
Interest and fiscal charges		(1,863)						(1,863)
Purchase of capital assets		(274,531)		(435,205)				(709,736)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		90,141		, ,				90,141
Net cash used in capital and related			_					
financial activities		(284,958)		(435,205)				(720, 163)
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Interest on investments		173,480		212,125		120,685		506,290
Net cash provided by investing activities		173,480		212,125		120,685		506,290
Net increase in cash and investments		(4,364,057)		232,127		1,000,349		(3,131,581)
Cash and investments - beginning of year		15,380,698		16,804,612		10,531,475		42,716,785
Cash and investments - end of year	\$	11,016,641	\$	17,036,739	\$	11,531,824	\$	39,585,204
Olassified and								
Classified as:	r.	44.040.044	Φ	40 OFF 400	œ.	11 222 622	r.	20 204 005
Current assets	\$	11,016,641	\$	16,955,492	\$	11,322,862	\$	39,294,995
Restricted assets			_	81,247		208,962		290,209
Total cash and investments	\$	11,016,641	\$	17,036,739	\$	11,531,824	\$	39,585,204

(continued)

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA OPERATING ACTIVITIES

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

(continued)

	Sanitation Fund		F	Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency's Parking Fund	Redevelo Agend	ami Beach levelopment Agency's asing Fund		Totals
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVI	DED BY	:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(5,421,023)	\$	(341,294)	\$	793,449	\$	(4,968,868)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation		403,233		823,687		77,352		1,304,272
Provision for uncollectible accounts		(66,868)				(75)		(66,943)
Pension expense		269,368						269,368
OPEB Expense		(566,993)						(566,993)
Changes in assets/liabilities and deferred inflows:								
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		624,359				17,838		642,197
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense				(7,891)				(7,891)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(1,283,600)		(76,973)		6,129		(1,354,444)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		145,398		78,610		(15,045)		208,963
Increase (decrease) in deposits				(4,062)				(4,062)
Increase (decrease) in due to other governments				(19,269)		16		(19,253)
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues				2,399				2,399
Increase (decrease) in environmental remediation liability		(135,410)						(135,410)
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences		100,957						100,957
Total adjustments		(509,556)		796,501		86,215		373,160
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(5,930,579)	\$	455,207	\$	879,664	\$	(4,595,708)

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS September 30, 2018

September 30, 2018									
	Fleet Management Fund	Property Management Fund	Central Services Fund	Risk Insurance Fund	Health Insurance Fund	Communications Fund	Total		
ASSETS									
Current assets:									
Cash and investments	\$ 86,455	\$ 4,416,190	\$ 1,384,945	\$ 43,420,457	\$ 11,999,506	\$ 13,336,032	\$ 74,643,585		
Cash with fiscal agent				250,000			250,000		
Accounts receivable, net		3,664	2,563		1,042	4,055	11,324		
Prepaid expenses				1,317,543		238,394	1,555,937		
Inventories	284,053	89,984	25,097				399,134		
Total current assets	370,508	4,509,838	1,412,605	44,988,000	12,000,548	13,578,481	76,859,980		
Noncurrent assets:									
Capital assets:									
Land	608,520						608,520		
Buildings and structures	2,605,395	19,276					2,624,671		
Machinery and equipment	37,783,647	2,586,159	79,931	130,271		19,362,876	59,942,884		
Construction in progress	(00 711 710)	10,400	(10.505)	(440.404)		1,962,360	1,972,760		
Less accumulated depreciation	(26,741,712)	(2,124,079)	(49,597)	(116,421)		(9,177,831)	(38,209,640)		
Total capital assets (net of	44.055.050	404 750	20.224	40.050		40 447 405	00 000 405		
accumulated depreciation)	14,255,850	491,756	30,334	13,850		12,147,405	26,939,195		
Total consts	14,255,850 14,626,358	491,756 5,001,594	30,334	13,850 45,001,850	12,000,548	12,147,405 25.725.886	26,939,195		
Total assets	14,020,330	5,001,594	1,442,939	45,001,650	12,000,546	25,725,000	103,799,175		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Pensions - MBERP	1,074,170	1,533,269	213,258	509,291	86,407	2,925,739	6,342,134		
OPEB	187.222	114,715	18,144	28,362	2,341	121.739	472,523		
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,261,392	1,647,984	231,402	537,653	88,748	3,047,478	6,814,657		
							2,011,001		
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable	966,161	425,391	6,598	258,203	876,632	289,650	2,822,635		
Accrued expenses	357,352	94,492	11,222	29,717	7,289	163,097	663,169		
Accrued compensated absences	104,567	128,824	36,837	40,237	1,740	283,633	595,838		
Loans payable	1,689,444	,	,	,	.,	273,338	1,962,782		
Insurance claims incurred but not reported	, ,				1,810,000	,	1,810,000		
Pending insurance claims				8,390,000			8,390,000		
Total current liabilities	3,117,524	648,707	54,657	8,718,157	2,695,661	1,009,718	16,244,424		
Noncurrent liabilities:									
Accrued compensated absences	170,781	85,960	13,263	86,431	46,095	513,082	915,612		
Net pension liability - MBERP	2,804,721	4,003,457	556,829	1,329,791	225,613	7,639,281	16,559,692		
Net OPEB liability	1,656,928	2,311,392	365,577	330,199	47,171	2,452,906	7,164,173		
Loans payable	1,415,658					871,153	2,286,811		
Pending insurance claims				5,481,860			5,481,860		
Insurance claims incurred but not reported				26,523,504			26,523,504		
Total noncurrent liabilities	6,048,088	6,400,809	935,669	33,751,785	318,879	11,476,422	58,931,652		
Total liabilities	9,165,612	7,049,516	990,326	42,469,942	3,014,540	12,486,140	75,176,076		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Pensions - MBERP	250,003	356,854	49,634	118,533	20,110	680,939	1,476,073		
OPEB	11,381	396,500	78,946	2,268	24,580	633,039	1,146,714		
Total deferred inflows of resources	261,384	753,354	128,580	120,801	44,690	1,313,978	2,622,787		
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	11,150,748	491,756	30,334	13,850		11,002,914	22,689,602		
Unrestricted	(4,689,994)	(1,645,048)	525,101	2,934,910	9,030,066	3,970,332	10,125,367		
Total net position	\$ 6,460,754	\$ (1,153,292)	\$ 555,435	\$ 2,948,760	\$ 9,030,066	\$ 14,973,246	\$ 32,814,969		

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Fleet Management Fund	Property Management Fund	Central Services Fund	Risk Insurance Fund	Health Insurance Fund	Communications Fund	Total
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$ 8,869,374	\$ 8,782,782	\$ 1,080,430	\$ 17,851,870	\$ 30,437,509	\$ 15,574,560	\$ 82,596,525
Permits, rentals, and other	127,624	Ψ 0,702,702	ψ 1,000,430	1,126,344	2,735,470	161,961	4,151,399
Total operating revenues	8,996,998	8,782,782	1,080,430	18,978,214	33,172,979	15,736,521	86,747,924
Operating expenses:							
Personal services	2.298.562	3,037,657	422,932	1,021,946	180,270	5,516,022	12,477,389
Operating supplies	2,624,753	50,478	1,321	42,249	,	1,253,973	3,972,774
Contractual services	1,364,857	3,600,929	394,756	2,298,885	964,444	4,827,818	13,451,689
Utilities	76,906	646,277	2,512	814	00.,	1,136,462	1,862,971
Internal charges	463,081	624,000	94,870	61,090		550,084	1,793,125
Administrative fees	400,001	024,000	34,070	1,100,000		330,004	1,100,000
Depreciation	3,835,781	173,837	8,102	5,361		1,519,768	5,542,849
Insurance	3,033,701	173,037	0,102	2.254.072	8.943.758	1,519,700	11,197,830
				, - ,-	-,,		, ,
Claims and judgments	4.007	7.440	07.040	7,979,880	23,788,007	07.005	31,767,887
Other operating	1,387	7,148	67,346	221,890	37,498	87,225	422,494
Total operating expenses	10,665,327	8,140,326	991,839	14,986,187	33,913,977	14,891,352	83,589,008
Operating income (loss)	(1,668,329)	642,456	88,591	3,992,027	(740,998)	845,169	3,158,916
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Interest and fiscal charges	(93,730)	(694)				(43,359)	(137,783)
Gain (loss) on sale of	(, ,	,				(, ,	, , ,
capital assets	268,463	32,485		10,800		(10,576)	301,172
Interest income	15,861	61,250	18,848	568,772	123,262	201,376	989,369
Total nonoperating revenues							
(expenses)	190,594	93,041	18,848	579,572	123,262	147,441	1,152,758
Income (loss) before contributions							
and transfers	(1,477,735)	735,497	107,439	4,571,599	(617,736)	992,610	4,311,674
Capital contributions	545,790					6,744,794	7,290,584
Transfers out	(17,000)	(393,000)	(2,000)	(3,000)		(16,000)	(431,000)
Change in net position	(948,945)	342,497	105,439	4,568,599	(617,736)	7,721,404	11,171,258
No. 100 Inc. 1				(4 222 4==-	0 ====	10.10= 00=	00 004 ===
Net position-beginning	8,946,433	1,262,862	905,253	(1,303,153)	9,723,337	10,427,030	29,961,762
Restatement for GASB 75	(1,536,734)	(2,758,651)	(455,257)	(316,686)	(75,535)	(3,175,188)	(8,318,051)
Net position - as restated	7,409,699	(1,495,789)	449,996	(1,619,839)	9,647,802	7,251,842	21,643,711
Net position-ending	\$ 6,460,754	\$ (1,153,292)	\$ 555,435	\$ 2,948,760	\$ 9,030,066	\$ 14,973,246	\$ 32,814,969

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Ma	Fleet nagement Fund		Property Management Fund		Central Services Fund	_	Risk Insurance Fund		Health Insurance Fund	Co	mmunications Fund		Totals
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Payments for claims and judgments Payments for interfund services used	\$	9,024,318 (2,958,845) (2,288,510) (463,081)	\$	8,782,782 (4,535,649) (3,146,107) (624,000)	\$	1,080,430 (459,338) (452,393) (94,870)	\$	18,978,214 (5,362,951) (948,960) (6,082,218) (1,161,090)	\$	33,174,235 (10,135,750) (164,363) (23,705,718)	\$	15,736,521 (7,673,489) (5,635,520)	\$	86,776,500 (31,126,022) (12,635,853) (29,787,936) (2,893,125)
r dyments for interfacial services asea		(400,001)	_	(024,000)	_	(34,070)	_	(1,101,030)				(000,004)	_	(2,030,120)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		3,313,882		477,026	_	73,829		5,422,995	_	(831,596)		1,877,428		10,333,564
Cash flows for non-capital financing activities:														
Transfers out		(17,000)		(393,000)	_	(2,000)	_	(3,000)				(16,000)		(431,000)
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities		(17,000)		(393,000)	_	(2,000)		(3,000)				(16,000)		(431,000)
Cash flows from capital and related financial activities:														
Principal paid on loan		(2,154,652)		(94,356)								1,104,008		(1,145,000)
Interest and fiscal charges Purchase of capital assets		(92,398) (3,311,594)		(694) (93,292)								(43,262) (4,053,035)		(136,354) (7,457,921)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		272,760		32,485			_	10,801				9,701		325,747
Net cash used in capital and related financial activities	1	(5,285,884)		(155,857)				10,801				(2,982,588)		(8,413,528)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments		15,861		61,250		18,848		568,772		123,262		201,376		989,369
Net cash provided by investing activities		15,861		61,250		18,848		568,772		123,262		201,376		989,369
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments		(1,973,141)		(10,581)		90,677		5,999,568		(708,334)		(919,784)		2,478,405
Cash and investments - beginning of year		2,059,596		4,426,771		1,294,268	_	37,670,889		12,707,840		14,255,816		72,415,180
Cash and investments - end of year	\$	86,455	\$	4,416,190	\$	1,384,945	\$	43,670,457	\$	11,999,506	\$	13,336,032	\$	74,893,585
Classified as: Cash and investments-current	\$	86,455	\$	4,416,190	\$	1,384,945	\$	43,670,457	\$	11,999,506	\$	13,336,032	\$	74,893,585
Non-cash transactions affecting financial position: Capital contributions of capital assets Assets relating to capital leases Liabilities relating to capital leases	\$	545,790	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	6,744,794 1,409,725 (1,409,725)	\$	7,290,584 1,409,725 (1,409,725)
Total Non-cash transactions affecting financial position	\$	545,790	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	7,290,584
	<u> </u>	3.0,100	<u>-</u>		Ť		Ť		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	5, , , 0 /	_	,=00,001

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

(continued)

	Fleet Management Fund	Property Maintenance Fund	Central Services Fund	Risk Insurance Fund	Health Insurance Fund	Communications Fund	Totals
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INC	OME (LOSS) TO	NET CASH PRO	VIDED BY (USED	IN) OPERATING	ACTIVITIES:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,668,329)	\$ 642,456	\$ 88,591	\$ 3,992,027	\$ (740,998)	\$ 845,169	\$ 3,158,916
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation	3,835,781	173,837	8,102	5,361		1,519,768	5,542,849
Provision for uncollectible accounts		(99)			(3,719)		(3,818)
Pension expense	30,991	37,138	1,604	62,501	6,617	40,053	178,904
OPEB Expense	(55,647)	(165,474)	(28,877)	(12,581)	(6,125)	(210,982)	(479,686
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease in inventories	(1,508)	(3,105)					(4,613
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	27,320	99			4,975		32,394
Increase in prepaid expense	3,503			(64,030)	3,850	(93,337)	(150,014
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	788,421	(232,696)	6,596	(330,718)	(193,900)	(274,674)	(236,971
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	34,966	(2,120)	(6,113)	11,985	10,874	(20,113)	29,479
Increase (decrease) in pending insurance claims				174,048			174,048
(Decrease) in insurance claims incurred but not reported				1,723,614	82,289		1,805,903
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	318,384	26,990	3,926	(139,212)	4,541	71,544	286,173
Total adjustments	4,982,211	(165,430)	(14,762)	1,430,968	(90,598)	1,032,259	7,174,648
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 3,313,882	\$ 477,026	\$ 73,829	\$ 5,422,995	\$ (831,596)	\$ 1,877,428	\$ 10,333,564

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF PLAN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

September 30, 2018

		Employees' Retirement System		Retirement System for Firefighters and Police Officers		Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund		Policemen's Relief and Pension Fund	_	Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension (OPEB)		Totals
Assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,706,911	\$	30,125	\$	96.865	\$	72,032	\$	26,101	\$	3,932,034
Accrued interest receivable	·		·	2,330,628	·	46,527	·	21,314	·	•	·	2,398,469
Contribution receivable				239,623		-,-		,-		500,000		739,623
Other receivables		333,855		171				770,306		•		1,104,332
Prepaids		,						4,472				4,472
Investments:								•				,
Short-term investments		2,496,064		4,989,221		116,248		2,385		112,253		7,716,171
U.S. Government securities		128,937,443		30,898,782		1,235,864		894,805		·		161,966,894
Corporate bonds and other municipal obligations				184,944,266		4,365,367		2,012,746				191,322,379
Bond Funds		47,948,693										47,948,693
Foreign Bonds and private placements				42,440,874								42,440,874
Common stocks and index funds		247,364,914		513,699,361		10,847,202		4,510,155				776,421,632
Foreign Stocks		103,600,400		36,118,858				216,904				139,936,162
Real estate funds		66,286,956		87,318,906		1,450,504		886,465				155,942,831
Infrastructure investments		40,805,491										40,805,491
Mutual funds		14,988,030		21,866,964						33,775,856		70,630,850
Total investments		652,427,991	_	922,277,232		18,015,185		8,523,460	_	33,888,109	_	1,635,131,977
Total assets		656,468,757	_	924,877,779		18,158,577		9,391,584		34,414,210	_	1,643,310,907
Liabilities												
Accounts payable				374,803		1,100						375,903
Accrued expenses		261,146	_					17,852	_			278,998
Total liabilities		261,146	_	374,803		1,100	_	17,852	_			654,901
Net Position												
Restricted for pension and OPEB benefits	\$	656,207,611	\$	924,502,976	\$	18,157,477	\$	9,373,732	\$	34,414,210	\$	1,642,656,006

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Employees' Retirement System	<u> </u>	Retirement System for Firefighters and Police Officers	Firemen's Relief and ension Fund	Policemen' Relief and Pension Fu	i	В	stemployment enefits Other han Pension (OPEB)	Totals
Additions:										
Contributions -										
Employer	\$	31,892,485	\$	37,519,388	\$	\$		\$	12,147,331	\$ 81,559,204
Employee		8,242,590		6,593,715						14,836,305
State of Florida				120,549	 1,305,449	699,	637			 2,125,635
Total contributions		40,135,075		44,233,652	 1,305,449	699,	637		12,147,331	 98,521,144
Investment income -										
Net increase in fair value of investments		44,693,992		72,432,733	1,417,320	745,	981		1,629,133	120,919,159
Interest and dividends income		8,768,807		13,066,970	364,863	169,			1,349,565	23,719,271
	•	53,462,799		85,499,703	1,782,183	915,	047		2,978,698	 144,638,430
Investment management expenses		(2,176,906)		(3,404,852)	 (76,989)	(31,	629)			 (5,690,376)
Net investment income/(loss)		51,285,893		82,094,851	 1,705,194	883,	418		2,978,698	 138,948,054
Total additions/(reduction)		91,420,968		126,328,503	 3,010,643	1,583,	055		15,126,029	 237,469,198
Deductions:										
Benefit paid		49,726,168		75,459,049	1,895,811	816,	403		11,647,331	139,544,762
Contributions refunded		1,381,297		1,772						1,383,069
Administrative expenses		730,118		802,106	 66,778	88,	322		65,711	 1,753,035
Total deductions		51,837,583		76,262,927	 1,962,589	904,	725		11,713,042	 142,680,866
Net increase/(decrease)		39,583,385		50,065,576	1,048,054	678,	330		3,412,987	94,788,332
Net position - amount restricted for pension and OPEB benefits - beginning of year	_	616,624,226		874,437,400	 17,109,423	8,695,	402		31,001,223	 1,547,867,674
Net position - amount restricted for pension and OPEB benefits - end of year	\$	656,207,611	\$	924,502,976	\$ 18,157,477	\$ 9,373,	732	\$	34,414,210	\$ 1,642,656,006

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA AGENCY FUND

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Se	eptember 30, 2017		Additions	 Deductions	s	eptember 30, 2018
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	21,694,336 80,964	\$	96,430,211 2,674,006	\$ 99,106,341 2,706,988	\$	19,018,206 47,982
Total Assets	\$	21,775,300		99,104,217	\$ 101,813,329	\$	19,066,188
Liabilities							
Accounts payable Deposits	\$	278,372 21,496,928	\$	72,682,430 97,343,447	\$ 72,483,626 100,251,363	\$	477,176 18,589,012
Total Liabilities	\$	21,775,300	\$	170,025,877	\$ 172,734,989	\$	19,066,188

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CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

September 30, 2018

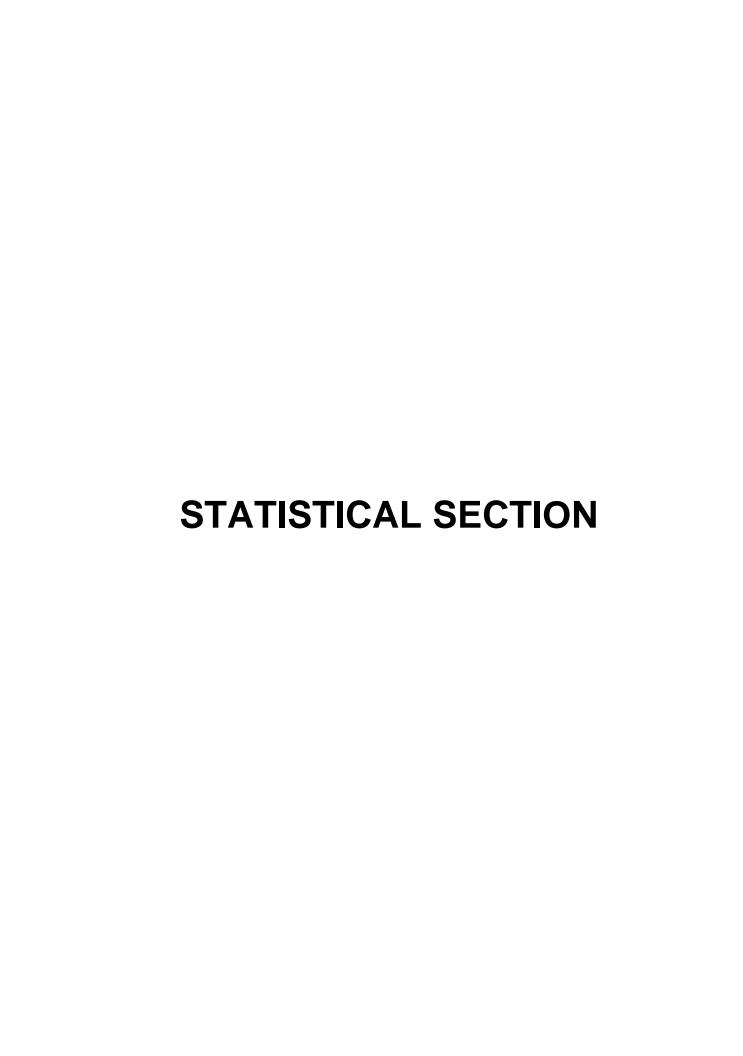
	Miami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority	Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority	Total
Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 4,790,749	\$ 75,648	\$ 4,866,397
Due from primary government	353,117		353,117
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	125,856		125,856
Total assets	5,269,722	75,648	5,345,370
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred outflows- OPEB	28,786		28,786
Deferred outflows- net pension resources	258,752		258,752
Total deferred outflows of resources	287,538		287,538
Liabilities			
Accrued expenses	250		250
Accrued grants	165,606		165,606
Total current liabilities	165,856		165,856
Non-current liabilities			
Net OPEB liability	314,744		314,744
Net pension liability	675,618		675,618
Compensated absences	16,360		16,360
Total non-current liabilities	1,006,722		1,006,722
Total liabilities	1,172,578		1,172,578
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred inflows-OPEB	2,161		2,161
Deferred inflows-net pension liability	60,222		60,222
Total deferred inflows of resources	62,383		62,383
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	125,856		125,856
Unrestricted	4,196,443	75,648	4,272,091
Total net position	\$ 4,322,299	\$ 75,648	\$ 4,397,947

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

						ense) Revenue a es in Net Positio	
		Expenses	(/isitor and Convention Authority	-	Health Facilities Authority	Totals
Miami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority							
Cultural - grant program General administrative	\$	969,209 904,929	\$	(969,209) (904,929)	\$		\$ (969,209) (904,929)
Total Miami Beach Visitor and Convention Authority		1,874,138		(1,874,138)			(1,874,138)
Miami Beach Health Facilities Authority							
General administrative		420				(420)	 (420)
Total component units	\$	1,874,558					(1,874,558)
	General	evenues:					
	Resort	tax allocation		2,841,810			2,841,810
		aneous				1,065	1,065
	Interes	t		6,107		747	 6,854
		general revenues		2,847,917		1,812	 2,849,729
		ange in net position		973,779		1,392	975,171
	-	ion - beginning		3,648,340		74,256	 3,722,596
		nent for GASB 75		(299,820)			 (299,820)
	•	ion - beginning restated		3,348,520		74,256	 3,422,776
	Net posit	ion - ending	\$	4,322,299	\$	75,648	\$ 4,397,947

MIAMIBEACH

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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Miami Beach's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current level of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting - Unaudited)

							F	iscal Year									
	2009		2010	2011		2012		2013	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
						,		•									
Governmental activities														_		_	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 340,034	,				,,		429,859,674	.=0,000,0				58,538,326	\$	712,557,077	\$	632,998,945
Restricted	232,738	,568	99,434,540	66,049,987		108,516,557		129,615,957	146,377,70)1	172,033,018	1	91,637,742		196,069,003		196,553,344
Unrestricted	2,239	,393	126,677,221	136,255,477		118,779,886		131,579,116	160,427,9	99	(175,574,362)	(2	31,946,281)		(383,459,279)		(301,135,963)
Total net position for governmental activities	575,012	,370	602,080,089	602,892,320		655,542,995		691,054,747	736,795,3	70	487,944,401	5	18,229,787	_	525,166,801	_	528,416,326
Business-type activities																	
Net investment in capital assets	320,033	.874	346,807,794	381,291,750		375,703,323		382,255,186	343,218,83	33	410,865,702	4	74,091,817		438,446,944		411,086,647
Restricted	18,984		41,033,514	36,061,707		41,491,319		40,085,381	88,568,1		48,205,531		59,759,212		135,521,099		72,476,675
Unrestricted	122,454	,301	114,224,652	124,563,510		146,511,507		161,059,156	168,294,64	14	135,968,387		26,903,541		49,706,270		133,972,500
Total net position for business-type activities	461,472	,485	502,065,960	541,916,967	_	563,706,149		583,399,723	600,081,58	30	595,039,620	6	60,754,570	_	623,674,313	_	617,535,822
Primary government																	
Net investment in capital assets	660,068	.283	722,776,122	781,878,606		803,949,875		812,114,860	773,208,50)3	902,351,447	1.0	32,630,143	1	,151,004,021		1,044,085,592
Restricted	251,722	•	140,468,054	102,111,694		150,007,876		169,701,338	234,945,80		220,238,549		51,396,954		331,590,102		269,030,019
Unrestricted	124,693	,694	240,901,873	260,818,987		265,291,393		292,638,272	328,722,6	43	(39,605,975)	(2	05,042,740)		(333,753,009)		(167,163,463)
Total net position for primary government	\$ 1,036,484	,855 \$	1,104,146,049	1,144,809,287	\$ 1,	,219,249,144	\$ 1,	274,454,470 \$	1,336,876,9	50 \$	1,082,984,021	\$ 1,1	78,984,357	\$ 1	,148,841,114	\$	1,145,952,148

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

		2009	_	2010		2011	_	2012		2013		2014		2015	_	2016		2017		2018
Expenses																				
Governmental activities:																				
General government	\$	44,331,119	\$	44,772,492	\$	47,705,535	\$	41.088.006	\$	45.986.648	\$	43.365.675	\$	47.397.904	\$	52.618.959	s	66.172.986	\$	59.544.525
Public safety	Ψ	155,153,733	Ψ	164,903,020	Ψ	176,946,485	Ψ	175,282,705	Ψ	188,420,690	Ψ	197,239,550	Ψ	192,976,434	Ψ	220,109,566	Ψ	246,568,234	Ψ	244,304,594
Physical environment		2,237,314		2,654,793		2,883,878		2,412,040		2,739,664		3,168,494		4,198,730		5,548,076		7,053,251		6,939,057
Transportation		8,927,038		10,229,616		10,639,329		16,084,458		11,842,989		14,386,802		17,448,894		18,120,846		24,832,644		34,843,267
Economic environment		3,934,183		12,569,809		20,504,954		4,406,521		4,537,985		4,876,697		5,611,831		6,535,179		6,669,550		10,247,677
						, ,														
Human services		1,606,517		1,714,419		1,462,354		2,218,460		2,138,763		2,212,540		2,783,057		3,332,947		3,247,822		3,529,909
Culture and recreation		41,569,779		42,088,492		43,241,187		43,713,126		49,424,532		53,476,429		59,368,604		63,385,681		64,872,655		69,371,471
Interest on long-term debt		11,767,919		11,294,742		10,571,366		9,739,449		9,467,996	_	8,819,846		8,242,353		30,627,226	_	25,017,810	_	23,790,283
Total governmental activities expenses		269,527,602		290,227,383		313,955,088		294,944,765		314,559,267		327,546,033		338,027,807		400,278,480		444,434,952		452,570,783
Business-type activities:																				
Stormwater		3,755,854		4,116,313		4,831,699		6,713,885		7,651,595		7,876,993		10,418,758		9,508,836		13,375,369		22,269,049
Water		23,467,862		26,677,078		28,376,149		27,124,273		28,797,909		28,965,261		29,255,282		30,317,357		29,813,596		30,977,477
Sewer		25,425,037		28,895,679		29,548,149		28,205,784		31,186,853		31,373,772		35,733,735		38,583,070		44,612,955		44,472,734
Parking		25,141,478		26,903,927		28,674,475		28,773,051		33,137,387		37,071,518		38,123,221		43,015,148		46,634,653		50,696,556
Convention Center		14,743,596		13,520,338		14,270,835		17,666,204		17,153,279		17,417,988		16,190,590		14,495,430		18,255,990		12,039,318
Other		15,784,821		19,138,483		19,079,420		19,688,052		20,029,662		20,132,046		21,516,603		21,993,702		25,717,476		27,384,254
Total business-type activities expenses		108,318,648		119,251,818		124,780,727		128,171,249		137,956,685		142,837,578		151,238,189		157,913,543		178,410,039		187,839,388
Total primary government expenses	\$	377,846,250	\$	409,479,201	\$	438,735,815	\$	423,116,014	\$	452,515,952	\$	470,383,611	\$	489,265,996	\$	558,192,023	\$	622,844,991	\$	640,410,171
Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services:																				
General government	\$	47,607,219	\$	43,225,083	\$	50,693,412	\$	55,699,107	\$	67,605,958	\$	72,088,018	\$	75,232,828	\$	80,758,157	\$	81,694,256	\$	85,678,600
Public safety	*	5,668,803	•	5,707,217	*	2,403,350	•	7,934,329	•	8,146,390	•	8,101,151	*	9,073,918	•	10,190,087	•	10,165,262	•	9,014,798
Culture and recreation		6,513,589		6,852,311		10,969,329		7,284,999		7,708,231		8,120,209		8,497,903		8,744,939		8,396,344		9,434,770
Other		20,305		16,040		14,470		17,745		29,211		42,993		1,723,853		35,917		27,390		400
Operating grants and contributions		18,890,498		30,959,673		27,185,554		25,061,223		19,528,573		19,206,319		27,376,359		17,240,055		17,671,894		21,130,005
Capital grants and contributions		4,766,094		8,313,962		4,400,711		4,899,293		3,449,389		3,937,362		13,830,485		1,913,922		1,022,828		6,744,866
Total governmental activities program revenue		83,466,508		95,074,286	-	95,666,826	_	100,896,696		106,467,752	-	111,496,052	-	135,735,346	-	118,883,077	-	118,977,974	_	132,003,439
Business-type activities:		00,100,000		00,011,200	_	00,000,020		100,000,000		100, 107,702		111,100,002	_	100,700,010	_	110,000,011		110,011,011		102,000,100
Charges for services:																				
Stormwater		9,671,731		11,212,773		11,683,524		11,612,237		11,671,714		11,715,299		21,258,353		21,490,894		28,570,734		29,293,550
Water		30,141,576		32,941,405		33,303,263		33,172,990		32,788,878		33,403,046		33,870,737		35,403,282		34,308,346		35,106,688
Sewer		32,906,403		35,786,811		35,248,733		35,091,105		35,409,042		36,737,566		42,169,257		45,389,228		50,534,934		51,077,411
Parking		28,267,558		30,014,763		34,876,171		38,185,494		40,302,744		40,049,313		42,672,887		51,499,302		47,285,421		48,350,420
Convention Center		6,884,276		6,898,642		6,376,573		9,969,719		9,494,760		8,302,873		17,147,941		5,937,041		2,719,642		2,499,387
Other		10,758,578		9,787,677		10,588,118		15,046,388		17,467,720		20,820,772		20,486,111		21,509,417		22,418,979		22,053,067
Operating grants and contributions		13,360,122		13,882,449		13,944,300		10,659,421		10,025,165		10,622,366		12,000,851		7,741,012		2,915,802		18,842,689
Capital grants and contributions		13,300,122		13,002,449		13,344,300		10,000,421		10,025,105		10,022,300		12,000,001		38,982,120		10,037,561		10,042,009
Total business-type activities program revenue	_	131,990,244		140,524,520	_	146,020,682		153,737,354	_	157,160,023	_	161,651,235	_	189,606,137	_	227,952,296	_	198,791,419	_	207.223.212
,, , , ,	\$		•		¢		•		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		•	339,226,651
Total primary government program revenue	ф	215,456,752	ý	235,598,806	Ф	241,687,508	Þ	254,634,050	Ф	263,627,775	à	273,147,287	ф	325,341,483	Þ	346,835,373	Þ	317,769,393	\$	339,220,001

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

Mark Expanse November Nov					F	iscal Year					
		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	Net (Evnence)/Devenue										
Property taxes Prop	· · · /	\$ (186.061.00/) \$ (105.153.007)	¢ (218 288 262)	\$ (10/1 0//8 0/60)	¢ (208 001 515)	\$ (216,040,081)	\$ (202.202.461)	\$ (281.305.403)	\$ (325.456.978)	\$ (320 567 344)
Trace primary government not exporate \$ (162,386,486) \$ (173,880,356) \$ (187,048,307) \$ (186,481,584) \$ (188,881,77) \$ (187,285,524) \$ (183,084,550) \$ (21,256,550) \$ (21,256,550) \$ (21,156	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		, , , , , ,	, , ,	,	. , ,	,	,		,	
Central Revenues and Other Changes in net position Cocumeratial activaties: Tasks Property frames \$133,056,627 \$119,990,444 \$113,448,465 \$116,004,442 \$117,163,735 \$121,555,598 \$133,098,279 \$147,594,779 \$167,006,455 \$182,298,577 \$8,601,029 \$47,73,891 \$32,001,167 \$9,617,029 \$67,700,108 \$7,998,916 \$2,833,144 \$81,910,020 \$7,956,655 \$100,000,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$1,000											
Taxes	Total primary government not expense	ψ (102,000, 1 00	(170,000,000)	ψ (101,040,001)	ψ (100,101,301)	Ψ (100,000,177)	ψ (131,230,324)	ψ (103,324,313)	ψ (211,000,000)	(303,073,330)	(501,100,520)
Property tarses	General Revenues and Other Changes in net po	sition									
Properly taxes	Governmental activities:										
Resort taxies 37,412,291 42,394,376 48,773,891 53,920,167 58,617,992 61,760,518 67,999,916 82,631,44 81,910,002 87,585,052 Tax increment 47,655,002 44,012,804 461,452,57 42,413,302 43,297,433 48,903,300 30,041,08 4374,089 51,043,091 72,255,755 C0mmunication service 97,196,266 63,93,924 5,869,903 54,43,905 45,93,983 44,930,255 12,304,982 12,825,22 12,873,44 12,912,935 12,941,41 12,941,41	Taxes										
Tax increment 47,655,082 44,012,804 46,145,267 42,411,382 43,297,433 49,982,380 38,094,108 44,974,888 51,943,091 72,225,505 Utility taxes 9,225,671 9,575,273 10,296,778 10,296,	Property taxes	\$ 133,505,827	\$ 119,990,444	\$ 113,448,485	\$ 116,004,442	\$ 117,163,758	\$ 121,595,988	\$ 133,099,279	\$ 147,504,790	\$ 167,206,453	\$ 183,296,970
Dility taxes	Resort taxes	37,412,291	42,394,976	48,773,891	53,920,167	58,617,992	61,760,518	67,999,916	82,633,144	81,910,032	87,595,052
Communication service 7,196,266 6,328,244 5,859,003 5,443,905 4,833,886 4,678,905 4,519,303 4,983,225 3,745,988 5,592,383 Local husiness tax 3,864,320 4,296,739 4,242,891 4,404,337 4,411,861 4,493,990 4,623,996 4,098,786 5,023,388 4,075,570 Miscellaneous 884,995 6,653,210 616,470 883,487 98,271 1,154,512 1,437,002 2,162,942 2,037,864 3,989,438 Unnealized loss on investments 10,899,704 3,102,439 3,288,360 4,749,664 3,494,199 3,088,992 5,284,909 4,415,405 5,786,366 6,731,596 Insurance process relating to imparments 2,8337 89,522 264,801 259,635 491,394 200,295 387,671 409,907 13,699 Extraordinary Expense 1,485,545 1,437,504,331 8,328,465 4,409,667 4,663,756 9,783,889 10,067,140 1,469,533 6,106,910 Total governmental activities 2,4708,004 222,203,165 219,100,483 246,688,744 243,603,267 283,953,410 277,389,673 311,690,789 332,333,992 334,861,265 Business-type activities 1,445,125 1,4	Tax increment	47,655,082	44,012,804	46,145,257	42,411,382	43,297,433	49,962,380	38,094,108	44,974,888	51,843,091	72,235,505
Local business tax	Utility taxes	9,225,871	9,975,273	10,209,678	10,293,270	11,391,955	12,364,114	12,192,935	12,308,962	12,582,522	12,837,343
Miscellaneous 884,995 6,663,210 618,470 883,477 982,771 1,154,512 1,437,032 2,162,942 2,037,864 3,389,438 Unrestined insestment earnings 10,898,704 3,102,439 3,283,800 4,748,664 3,494,199 3,088,992 5,264,909 4,415,405 5,786,366 6,731,596 insurance proceeds relating to impartments Gain or (loss) or disposal of capital assets 28,837 89,522 264,801 259,635 491,394 200,295 387,671 409,907 13,699 Extraordinary Expense Extraordinary Expense Transfers (3,420,189) (14,625,515) (13,750,433) 8,328,465 4,409,667 4,663,756 9,763,889 10,067,140 1,496,533 6,106,910 1,496,535 1,406,240 1,406,4067 1,406,407 1,406,407 1,406,407 1,406,407 1,406,409,407 1,406,409 1,4	Communication service	7,196,266	6,328,924	5,859,093	5,443,905	4,583,368	4,678,905	4,519,938	4,963,225	3,745,968	5,592,363
Unrealized loss on investments Unrestricted investment earnings I 10,899,704	Local business tax	3,684,320	4,298,739	4,242,891	4,404,357	4,411,851	4,493,950	4,629,996	4,098,786	5,029,398	4,075,570
Unrestricted investment earnings 10,899,704 3,102,439 3,288,360 4,749,664 3,494,199 3,088,992 5,264,009 4,415,405 5,786,366 6,731,596 finsurance proceeds realizing to impartments	Miscellaneous	894,995	6,653,210	618,470	883,457	982,771	1,154,512	1,437,032	2,162,942	2,037,864	3,989,438
Insurance proceeds relating to imparments Gain or (loss) on disposal of capital assets Extraordinary Expense Extraordinary Expense Extraordinary Expense Transfers (3,420,189) (14,625,515) (13,750,433) (14,625,515) (13,750,433) (14,625,515) (13,750,433) (14,625,515) (13,750,433) (14,625,515) (13,750,433) (14,625,515) (13,750,433) (14,625,515) (14,626,637,60) (14,626,637,60) (14,626,637,60) (14,626,637,60) (14,637,60) (14,663,765) (14,663,76	Unrealized loss on investments					(5,241,121)					
Cain or (loss) on disposal of capital assets 28,837 89,522 264,801 259,635 491,394 200,295 387,671 409,907 13,699 799,066 1,089,334 17,087,149 17,089,334 14,665,515 1,089,334 14,665,515 1,089,334 14,665,515 1,089,334 1,089,344 1,089,345	Unrestricted investment earnings	10,899,704	3,102,439	3,288,360	4,749,664	3,494,199	3,088,992	5,264,909	4,415,405	5,786,366	6,731,596
Extraordinary Expense (3,420,189) (14,625,515) (13,750,433) 8,328,465 4,409,667 4,663,756 9,763,889 10,067,140 1,469,533 6,106,910 1,006,140 1,469,533 6,106,910 1,006,140 1,006,140 1,469,533 6,106,910 1,006,140 1,469,533 6,106,910 1,006,140 1,469,533 1,006,140 1,469,533 1,006,140 1,469,533 1,006,140 1,469,533 1,006,140 1,469,533 1,006,140 1,469,533 1,006,140 1,469,533 1,006,140 1,469,533 1,006,140 1,469,533 1,006,140 1,469,533 1,006,140 1,469,533 1,006,140 1,469,533 1,006,140 1,469	Insurance proceeds relating to imparments										1,311,745
Transfers (3,420,189) (14,625,515) (13,750,433) 8,328,465 4,409,667 4,663,756 9,763,889 10,067,140 1,469,533 6,106,910 Total governmental activities 247,083,004 222,220,816 219,100,493 246,688,744 243,603,267 263,963,410 277,389,673 311,680,789 332,333,392 384,861,826 Business-type activities: Tax increment 2,405,168 2,619,643 3,071,141 3,046,200 3,671,000 3,671,	Gain or (loss) on disposal of capital assets	28,837	89,522	264,801	259,635	491,394	200,295	387,671	409,907	13,699	
Total governmental activities	Extraordinary Expense								(1,858,400)	769,066	1,089,334
Business-type activities: Tax increment 2,405,168 2,619,643 3,071,141 3,046,200 3,671,000 3,671	Transfers	(3,420,189	(14,625,515)	(13,750,433)	8,328,465	4,409,667	4,663,756	9,763,889	10,067,140	1,469,533	6,106,910
Tax increment 2,405,168 2,619,643 3,071,141 3,046,200 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 3,671,000 1,1425,128 Resort Taxes Unrealized gain on investments Unrestricted investment earnings 2,941,879 2,083,080 1,714,113 1,391,120 1,333,480 1,114,406 777,943 1,661,658 1,482,014 6,538,780 Gain (Loss) on disposal of capital assets 7,465 7,365 114,222 73,427 107,809 170,103 410,679 (68,899,246) 118,745 Transfers 3,420,189 14,625,515 13,750,433 (8,328,465) (4,409,667) (4,663,756) (9,763,889) (10,067,140) (1,469,533) (6,106,910) Total business-type activities 8,767,236 19,320,773 18,611,052 (3,776,923) 490,236 217,071 (8,518,069) (4,323,803) (57,461,637) 550,615 Total primary government \$255,850,240 \$241,541,589 \$237,711,545 \$242,921,821 \$244,093,503 \$264,180,481 \$268,871,604 \$307,356,986 \$274,932,355 \$385,412,441 Business-type activities \$61,021,910 \$27,067,719 \$812,231 \$52,650,675 \$35,511,752 \$47,913,429 \$75,097,212 \$30,285,386 \$6,937,014 \$64,294,482 Business-type activities 32,438,832 40,593,475 39,851,007 21,789,182 19,693,574 19,030,728 29,849,879 65,714,950 (37,080,257) 19,934,499	Total governmental activities	247,083,004	222,220,816	219,100,493	246,698,744	243,603,267	263,963,410	277,389,673	311,680,789	332,393,992	384,861,826
Resort Taxes Unrealized gain on investments Unrestricted investment earnings 2,941,879 2,083,080 1,714,113 1,391,120 1,333,480 1,114,406 777,943 1,661,658 1,482,014 6,538,780 Gain (Loss) on disposal of capital assets (7,465) 75,365 114,222 73,427 107,809 170,013 410,679 (68,899,246) 118,745 Transfers 3,420,189 14,625,515 13,750,433 (8,328,465) (4,409,667) (4,663,756) (9,763,889) (10,067,140) (1,469,533) (6,106,910) Total business-type activities 8,767,236 19,320,773 18,611,052 (3,776,923) 490,236 217,071 (8,518,069) (4,323,803) (57,461,637) 550,615 Total primary government \$255,850,240 \$241,541,589 \$237,711,545 \$242,921,821 \$244,093,503 \$264,180,481 \$268,871,604 \$307,356,986 \$6,937,014 \$64,294,482 Business-type activities 32,438,832 40,593,475 39,851,007 21,789,182 19,693,574 19,030,728 29,849,879 65,714,950 (37,080,257) 19,934,439	Business-type activities:				•						
Unrestricted investment earnings 2,941,879 2,083,080 1,714,113 1,391,120 1,333,480 1,114,406 777,943 1,661,658 1,482,014 6,538,780 Gain (Loss) on disposal of capital assets (7,465) 75,365 114,222 73,427 107,809 170,013 410,679 (68,899,246) 118,745 Transfers 3,420,189 14,625,515 13,750,433 (8,328,465) (4,409,667) (4,663,756) (9,763,889) (10,067,140) (1,469,533) (6,106,910) Total business-type activities 8,767,236 19,320,773 18,611,052 (3,776,923) 490,236 217,071 (8,518,069) (4,323,803) (57,461,637) 550,615 Total primary government \$255,850,240 \$241,541,589 \$237,711,545 \$242,921,821 \$244,093,503 \$264,180,481 \$268,871,604 \$307,356,986 \$274,932,355 \$385,412,441 \$	Tax increment	2,405,168	2,619,643	3,071,141	3,046,200	3,671,000	3,671,000		3,671,000		
Unrestricted investment earnings 2,941,879 2,083,080 1,714,113 1,391,120 1,333,480 1,114,466 777,943 1,661,658 1,482,014 6,538,780 Gain (Loss) on disposal of capital assets (7,465) 75,365 114,222 73,427 107,809 170,013 410,679 (68,899,246) 118,745 Transfers 3,420,189 14,625,515 13,750,433 (8,328,465) (4,409,667) (4,663,756) (9,763,889) (10,067,140) (1,469,533) (6,106,910) Total business-type activities 8,767,236 19,320,773 18,611,052 (3,776,923) 490,236 217,071 (8,518,069) (4,323,803) (57,461,637) 550,615 Total primary government \$255,850,240 \$241,541,589 \$237,711,545 \$242,921,821 \$244,093,503 \$264,180,481 \$268,871,604 \$307,356,986 \$274,932,355 \$385,412,441 \$\$\$\$ Governmental activities \$61,021,910 \$27,067,719 \$812,231 \$52,650,675 \$35,511,752 \$47,913,429 \$75,097,212 \$30,285,386 \$6,937,014 \$64,294,482 \$\$\$\$ Business-type activities 32,438,832 40,593,475 39,851,007 21,789,182 19,693,574 19,030,728 29,849,879 65,714,950 (37,080,257) 19,934,439	Resort Taxes									11,425,128	
Gain (Loss) on disposal of capital assets (7,465) 75,365 114,222 73,427 107,809 170,013 410,679 (88,899,246) 118,745 Transfers 3,420,189 14,625,515 13,750,433 (8,328,465) (4,409,667) (4,663,756) (9,763,889) (10,067,140) (1,469,533) (6,106,910) Total business-type activities 8,767,236 19,320,773 18,611,052 (3,776,923) 490,236 217,071 (8,518,069) (4,323,803) (57,461,637) 550,615 Total primary government \$\frac{255,850,240}{255,850,240}\$\frac{241,541,589}{241,541,589}\$\frac{237,711,545}{237,711,545}\$\frac{242,921,821}{244,093,503}\$\frac{244,093,503}{244,093,503}\$\frac{264,180,481}{268,871,604}\$\frac{268,871,604}{268,871,604}\$\frac{307,356,986}{307,356,986}\$\frac{274,932,355}{274,932,355}\$\frac{3385,412,441}{382,441}\$\frac{118,745}{242,921,821}\$\frac{244,093,503}{244,093,503}\$\frac{247,913,429}{247,913,429}\$\frac{75,097,212}{75,097,212}\$\frac{30,285,386}{30,285,386}\$\frac{6,937,014}{64,294,482}\$\frac{64,294,482}{307,936,439}\$\frac{19,693,574}{19,930,728}\$\frac{19,030,728}{29,849,879}\$\frac{65,714,950}{65,714,950}\$\frac{(37,080,257)}{(37,080,257)}\$\frac{19,934,439}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{29,849,879}\$\frac{29,849,879}{65,714,950}\$\frac{65,714,950}{65,714,950}\$\frac{318,745}{29,349,879}\$\frac{19,934,339}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{29,849,879}\$\frac{29,849,879}{65,714,950}\$\frac{65,714,950}{67,714,950}\$\frac{19,934,39}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,030,728}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\frac{19,030,728}{19,934,439}\$\	Unrealized gain on investments					(178,004)	(12,388)	297,864			
Transfers 3,420,189 14,625,515 13,750,433 (8,328,465) (4,409,667) (4,663,756) (9,763,889) (10,067,140) (1,469,533) (6,106,910) Total business-type activities 8,767,236 19,320,773 18,611,052 (3,776,923) 490,236 217,071 (8,518,069) (4,323,803) (57,461,637) 550,615 Total primary government \$255,850,240 \$241,541,589 \$237,711,545 \$242,921,821 \$244,093,503 \$264,180,481 \$268,871,604 \$307,356,986 \$274,932,355 \$385,412,441 Change in net position Governmental activities \$61,021,910 \$27,067,719 \$812,231 \$52,650,675 \$35,511,752 \$47,913,429 \$75,097,212 \$30,285,386 \$6,937,014 \$64,294,482 Business-type activities 32,438,832 40,593,475 39,851,007 21,789,182 19,693,574 19,030,728 29,849,879 65,714,950 (37,080,257) 19,934,439	Unrestricted investment earnings	2,941,879	2,083,080	1,714,113	1,391,120	1,333,480	1,114,406	777,943	1,661,658	1,482,014	6,538,780
Total business-type activities 8,767,236 19,320,773 18,611,052 (3,776,923) 490,236 217,071 (8,518,069) (4,323,803) (57,461,637) 550,615 Total primary government \$255,850,240 \$241,541,589 \$237,711,545 \$242,921,821 \$244,093,503 \$264,180,481 \$268,871,604 \$307,356,986 \$274,932,355 \$385,412,441 Change in net position Governmental activities \$61,021,910 \$27,067,719 \$812,231 \$52,650,675 \$35,511,752 \$47,913,429 \$75,097,212 \$30,285,386 \$6,937,014 \$64,294,482 Business-type activities 32,438,832 40,593,475 39,851,007 21,789,182 19,693,574 19,030,728 29,849,879 65,714,950 (37,080,257) 19,934,439	Gain (Loss) on disposal of capital assets		(7,465)	75,365	114,222	73,427	107,809	170,013	410,679	(68,899,246)	118,745
Total primary government \$ 255,850,240 \$ 241,541,589 \$ 237,711,545 \$ 242,921,821 \$ 244,093,503 \$ 264,180,481 \$ 268,871,604 \$ 307,356,986 \$ 274,932,355 \$ 385,412,441 \$	Transfers	3,420,189	14,625,515	13,750,433	(8,328,465)	(4,409,667)	(4,663,756)	(9,763,889)	(10,067,140)	(1,469,533)	(6,106,910)
Change in net position Governmental activities \$ 61,021,910 \$ 27,067,719 \$ 812,231 \$ 52,650,675 \$ 35,511,752 \$ 47,913,429 \$ 75,097,212 \$ 30,285,386 \$ 6,937,014 \$ 64,294,482 Business-type activities 32,438,832 40,593,475 39,851,007 21,789,182 19,693,574 19,030,728 29,849,879 65,714,950 (37,080,257) 19,934,439	Total business-type activities	8,767,236	19,320,773		(3,776,923)	490,236	217,071	(8,518,069)	(4,323,803)	(57,461,637)	550,615
Governmental activities \$ 61,021,910 \$ 27,067,719 \$ 812,231 \$ 52,650,675 \$ 35,511,752 \$ 47,913,429 \$ 75,097,212 \$ 30,285,386 \$ 6,937,014 \$ 64,294,482 Business-type activities 32,438,832 40,593,475 39,851,007 21,789,182 19,693,574 19,030,728 29,849,879 65,714,950 (37,080,257) 19,934,439	Total primary government	\$ 255,850,240	\$ 241,541,589	\$ 237,711,545	\$ 242,921,821	\$ 244,093,503	\$ 264,180,481	\$ 268,871,604	\$ 307,356,986	\$ 274,932,355	\$ 385,412,441
Governmental activities \$ 61,021,910 \$ 27,067,719 \$ 812,231 \$ 52,650,675 \$ 35,511,752 \$ 47,913,429 \$ 75,097,212 \$ 30,285,386 \$ 6,937,014 \$ 64,294,482 Business-type activities 32,438,832 40,593,475 39,851,007 21,789,182 19,693,574 19,030,728 29,849,879 65,714,950 (37,080,257) 19,934,439	Change in net position										
Business-type activities 32,438,832 40,593,475 39,851,007 21,789,182 19,693,574 19,030,728 29,849,879 65,714,950 (37,080,257) 19,934,439	• .	\$ 61,021.910	\$ 27,067.719	\$ 812.231	\$ 52,650.675	\$ 35,511.752	\$ 47,913.429	\$ 75,097.212	\$ 30,285.386	\$ 6,937.014	\$ 64,294,482
וסומו אין דיייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	Total primary government	\$ 93,460,742		\$ 40,663,238	\$ 74,439,857	\$ 55,205,326	\$ 66,944,157	\$ 104,947,091	\$ 96,000,336	\$ (30,143,243)	\$ 84,228,921

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

				Fisca	l Year						
	2009	2010	2011	2012		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Fund											
Nonspendable	\$ 164,846	\$	\$ 78,020	\$ 10,558	\$	332	\$	\$ 19,765	\$ 1,268	\$	\$ 23,255
Restricted	6,200,000	4,653,291	4,653,291	5,188,291		7,289,291	4,752,809	8,328,543	10,436,543	11,447,181	11,447,181
Committed	39,821,254		272,922	3,915,257		3,048,458	29,505,725	48,151,901	48,307,433	59,243,040	45,607,227
Assigned	4,499,003	44,452,200	47,865,087	47,506,132		43,800,099	16,244,357	2,791,000	3,139,732	500,000	500,000
Unassigned	4,385,813	6,053,327	2,906,247	4,232,166							30,871,817
Total general fund	\$ 55,070,916	\$ 55,158,818	\$ 55,775,567	\$ 60,852,404	\$	54,138,180	\$ 50,502,891	\$ 59,291,209	\$ 61,884,976	\$ 71,190,221	\$ 88,449,480
All Other Governmental Funds											
Nonspendable	\$ 4,490	\$ 4,489	\$ 4,490	\$ 4,490	\$	4,490	\$	\$	\$	\$ 52,500	\$ 24,418
Restricted	219,624,064	226,066,215	219,902,708	231,046,613		250,022,626	266,604,162	278,623,633	671,137,967	448,306,775	340,281,737
Committed	50,557,449	45,904,634	42,625,948	39,723,193		39,141,545	43,288,503	38,450,565	47,915,741	41,600,188	40,176,679
Assigned	49,918	69,221	53,020	42,116		165,534	752,927				1,286,969
Unassigned		(3,540,285)	(2,445,745)	(4,596,490)		(4,537,581)	(2,360,199)	(1,675,799)	(2,430,061)	(14,771,011)	(20,607,779)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 270,235,921	\$ 268,504,274	\$ 260,140,421	\$ 266,219,922	\$	284,796,614	\$ 308,285,393	\$ 315,398,399	\$ 716,623,647	\$ 475,188,452	\$ 361,162,024

Note: The City implemented Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,

B	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 240,019,580	\$ 233,363,354	\$ 238,204,970	\$ 240,478,321	\$ 246,332,649	\$ 261,527,060	\$ 269,294,092	\$ 303,445,683	\$ 329,005,151	\$ 372,057,484
Franchise fees	9,265,529	8,456,962	8,005,556	9,261,120	7,775,685	8,206,099	8,361,063	8,067,568	8,323,438	8,173,295
Permits	15,761,752	10,746,531	12,649,435	15,825,051	17,897,983	19,638,114	23,123,876	24,166,916	25,505,418	23,928,957
Intergovernmental	17,446,057	30,551,634	21,083,904	20,726,490	17,468,596	17,290,372	18,169,906	17,232,200	15,092,659	21,005,380
Charges for services	12,292,964	12,647,769	13,453,404	15,793,374	16,547,096	21,520,543	23,191,434	23,896,852	23,207,231	24,352,314
Rents & leases	4,909,518	4,856,424	5,611,215	6,154,965	6,821,959	6,801,937	7,134,082	6,935,619	6,927,962	7,153,820
Interest	10,207,446	2,611,739	2,924,400	4,471,754	3,266,782	2,857,175	5,044,062	4,186,774	5,688,621	5,773,754
Fines and forfeitures	2,627,410	3,419,409	3,090,229	3,391,565	3,276,222	3,143,282	2,690,178	2,556,092	2,435,516	2,855,687
Administrative fees	8,407,571	8,827,372	14,830,787	15,018,027	15,595,882	14,446,790	15,027,026	19,017,177	18,722,193	20,810,564
Special assessment	767,239	741,796	748,128	697,000	737,063	647,145	282,647	238,294	225,639	211,482
Impact fees	1,448,689	1,211,002	1,897,593	5,319,311	2,340,350	4,439,358	10,377,988	2,208,524	3,208,281	3,486,229
Other revenues	6,178,008	8,052,435	9,043,926	4,090,875	3,938,918	2,881,720	4,145,958	1,941,465	2,658,893	5,926,942
Total revenues	329,331,763	325,486,427	331,543,547	341,227,853	341,999,185	363,399,595	386,842,312	413,893,164	441,001,002	495,735,908
Expenditures										
General government	41,509,515	40,436,067	54,260,197	44,345,488	43,932,077	44,948,607	48,528,841	54,034,457	54,784,677	55,184,621
Public safety	147,543,192	153,278,244	163,631,354	169,615,823	178,483,658	184,316,059	190,560,357	202,413,979	218,797,756	230,175,631
Physical environment	2,156,520	2,435,047	2,618,574	2,134,541	2,414,724	2,765,742	3,822,556	4,835,660	6,641,109	6,384,051
Transportation	5,503,295	6,236,431	4,712,854	5,489,882	5,083,060	5,944,005	9,120,845	10,106,470	15,975,480	22,828,290
Economic environment	4,487,831	13,103,994	6,725,993	5,536,866	5,480,964	4,528,992	5,287,707	6,237,203	6,306,965	9,780,237
Human services	1,573,533	1,673,702	1,441,069	2,216,627	2,103,404	2,222,204	2,892,116	3,206,331	3,181,696	3,476,075
Culture and recreation	38,647,808	38,637,014	39,142,720	41,056,256	42,468,693	45,973,463	52,123,363	55,685,165	55,723,327	59,628,074
Capital Outlay	72,042,408	55,060,144	47,432,227	38,137,968	25,145,843	33,489,057	44,556,879	152,900,118	270,877,710	168,225,667
Debt service										
Principal	12,623,520	15,227,706	12,829,124	13,920,633	15,632,156	15,719,650	16,781,013	21,018,490	19,990,093	20,912,606
Interest	11,734,519	11,077,047	10,462,092	9,863,906	14,567,063	8,706,129	8,066,696	28,398,933	27,940,540	27,182,895
Other									174,056	114,590
Total expenditures	337,822,141	337,165,396	343,256,204	332,317,990	335,311,642	348,613,908	381,740,373	538,836,806	680,393,409	603,892,737
Excess of revenue over			<u> </u>				,			
(under) expenditures	(8,490,378)	(11,678,969)	(11,712,657)	8,909,863	6,687,543	14,785,687	5,101,939	(124,943,642)	(239, 392, 407)	(108,156,829)
Other Financing										
Sources (Uses)										
Refunding Bonds Issued				34,840,000				518,824,800	3,034,478	1,362,339
Premium on refunding bonds issued				3,117,141				52,632,633	19,679,000	
Payment to escrow agent				(37,957,141)				(50,954,074)	(19,215,000)	
Transfer to escrow agent										
Proceeds from loan		13,279,659					313,000			
Sale of assets	5,421	4,478	14,592	34,321	30,478	20,850	13,392	18,220	8,338	594,270
Impairment										(1,311,745)
Insurance recovery										1,311,745
Transfers in	80,562,562	71,821,958	64,082,002	91,924,389	87,275,289	101,957,775	80,751,364	635,933,939	93,919,605	127,239,318
Transfers out	(81,247,765)	(75,070,671)	(60, 131, 041)	(89,712,235)	(82,130,842)	(96,910,822)	(70,278,371)	(625,834,461)	(90,933,030)	(118,895,601)
Total other financing		·					·			
sources (uses)	(679,782)	10,035,424	3,965,553	2,246,475	5,174,925	5,067,803	10,799,385	530,621,057	6,493,391	10,300,326
EXTRAORDINARY ITEM Extraordinary expense								(1,858,400)	769,066	1,089,334
Net change in fund balances	\$ (9,170,160)	\$ (1,643,545)	\$ (7,747,104)	\$ 11,156,338	\$ 11,862,468	\$ 19,853,490	\$ 15,901,324	\$ 403,819,015	\$ (232,129,950)	\$ (96,767,169)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	9.16%	9.32%	7.87%	8.09% 1	9.74%	7.75%	7.37%	12.80%	11.70%	11.04%

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands of dollars)

	Real Property									Exemptions								
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Residential Property		Commercial Property		Industrial Property	c	Other Property		Value of Taxable Property		Real property- Amendment 10 Excluded Value ^C		Less: Tax-Exempt Property		Other Adjustments to Just Value		Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate ^D
2009	\$ 18,911,637	\$	5,265,399	\$	51,025	\$	2,528,317	\$	26,756,378	\$		\$	1,703,041	\$		\$	25,053,337	5.8930
2010	16,794,033		5,735,610		35,601		1,512,322		24,077,566				1,668,428				22,409,138	5.9123
2011 ^B	18,228,553		5,551,314		48,983		2,599,899		26,428,749		1,651,400		2,624,675		47,932		22,104,742	6.5025
2012	18,370,666		5,909,382		48,770		2,643,427		26,972,245		1,740,330		2,614,791		638,834		21,978,290	6.4539
2013	20,334,542		6,246,840		38,810		2,713,143		29,333,335		2,311,720		2,615,045		1,334,248		23,072,322	6.3477
2014	22,262,896		6,870,554		34,051		2,776,696		31,944,197		2,787,123		2,507,009		1,993,488		24,656,577	6.1163
2015	26,372,550		7,457,822		31,671		3,004,039		36,866,082		3,888,518		2,478,873		3,394,820		27,103,871	6.0237
2016	31,699,064		9,389,064		43,114		3,516,886		44,648,127		5,649,696		2,504,591		5,795,949		30,697,891	5.9123
2017	36,227,540		10,081,176		55,583		4,012,695		50,376,994		6,835,074		2,601,055		6,243,108		34,697,757	5.8888
2018	36,319,906		11,028,601		54,118		3,956,081		51,358,706		6,236,526		2,642,773		5,082,345		37,397,062	5.8888

Source: 2017 Tax Roll for Miami-Dade County

Note: Increases in assessed value for homesteaded property is limited to 3% per year or CPI whichever is less and for non-homesteaded property the increase is limited to 10% per year.

Note: Exemptions for real property include: \$25,000 homestead exemption; an additional \$25,000 homestead exemption (excluding School Board taxes) starting in FY 2009; widows/widowers exemption; governmental exemption; disability/blind age 65 and older exemption; institutional exemption; economic development exemption and other exemptions as allowed by law.

A Data not available in individual real property categories for this year.

^B Total actual and assessed values are estimates based on the First Certified 2011 Tax Roll made available on July 1, 2012, prior to any adjustments processed by the Value Adjustment Board.

c Amendment 10 was an amendment to the Florida Constitution in 1992 which capped the assessed value of properties with homestead exemption to increases of 3% per year or the Consumer Price Index, whichever is less (193,155, F.S.), no data available for fiscal years 2002 through 2010.

^D Total direct rate includes 5.7224 mills for operating and 0.1664 mills for debt service.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

	City of Mia	ami Beach Direct	Rates	Ove			
Fiscal Year Ended	Operating	Debt Service	Total Direct	School District	County	State	
September 30,	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Total
2009	5.6555	0.2375	5.8930	7.7970	5.9263	0.6585	20.2748
2010	5.6555	0.2568	5.9123	7.9950	6.0050	0.6590	20.5713
2011	6.2155	0.2870	6.5025	8.2490	6.6565	0.6585	22.0665
2012	6.1655	0.2884	6.4539	8.0050	5.7695	0.4708	20.6992
2013	6.0909	0.2568	6.3477	7.9980	5.6610	0.4634	20.4701
2014	5.8634	0.2529	6.1163	7.9770	5.7980	0.4455	20.3368
2015	5.7942	0.2295	6.0237	7.9740	5.9009	0.4187	20.3173
2016	5.7092	0.2031	5.9123	7.6120	5.9009	0.3871	19.8123
2017	5.7092	0.1796	5.8888	7.3220	5.8509	0.3627	19.4244
2018	5.7224	0.1664	5.8888	6.9940	5.8182	0.3420	19.0430

Source: Miami-Dade County, Florida; Department of Property Appraisal 2017 Millage Table and The City of Miami Beach 2017/2018 Adopted Budget Book.

State Legislated Operating millage Requirements

Pursuant to recently enacted State legislation, the City may elect to approve millage rates above the roll-back rate up to the constitutional cap of 10 mills subject to the following votes by the Commission or referendum:

Option I: A majority of the Commission Millage is required to approve a millage up to 8.1906 (equivalent to 100.55% of prior year maximum as valorem proceeds allowed by a majority vote, net of the impact of the Tax Increment Districts). The adjustment of 100.55% reflects the statewide per capita personal income increase for the prior year.

Option II: A row-thirds approval (5 of 7 votes) of the Commission is required to approve a millage up to 9.0097 (equivalent to a 10% increase in the ad valorem revenues above Option I).

Option III: A unanimous approval of the Commission or referendum is required to approve a millage above 9.0097 up to the 10 mill cap

^A Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to owners within the City of Miami Beach. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Miami Beach property owners.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS, CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

2018 2009

Taxpayer	Та . <u>—</u>	axable Assessed Value	Percentage of The City's Certified Taxable Assessed Value	Taxpayer	T: 	axable Assessed Value	Percentage of The City's Certified Taxable Assessed Value
Fountainbleau Florida Hotel LLC	\$	372,960,174	1.00 %	MB Redev. Inc./Lowes Hotel	\$	280,000,000	1.04 %
MB Redevlopment INC/Lowes Hotel		233,000,000	0.62	MCZ/ Centrum Flamingo II		172,183,094	0.64
PPF MBL Portfolio LLC		201,778,466	0.54	Fountainbleau Florida Hotel LLC		148,189,442	0.55
Florida Power & Light Company		177,705,311	0.48	Di Lido Beach Hotel Corp		130,000,000	0.48
PDS Development		176,832,043	0.47	MCZ/Centrum Flamingo II		93,000,000	0.35
Playa Retail Investments LLC		144,650,000	0.39	Philips S Beach LTD/Shore Club		83,435,043	0.31
3201 Hotel LLC		127,199,260	0.34	Sandy Lane Residential LLC		79,519,415	0.30
2201 Collins Fee LLC		121,864,465	0.33	Royal Palm Hotel LLC		79,385,373	0.30
SB Hotel owner LP		118,743,474	0.32	City Natl Bank of Florida		78,252,750	0.29
Eden Roc LLP		114,860,800	0.31	2201 Collins Fee LLC		68,727,288	0.26
	\$	1,789,593,993	4.79 %		\$	1,212,692,405	4.52 %

Source: 2018 and 2009 Miami-Dade County, Florida Ad Valorem Assessment Roll for the City of Miami Beach.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS, FISCAL YEARS 2009 THRU 2018

			Collected with Fiscal Year of			(Collections	Total Collection	s to Date
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	_	Taxes levied for the fiscal year	Amount	Percenta of Lev	_		Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2009	\$	150,588,328	\$ 144,321,499	95.84	%	\$	4,748,981	\$ 149,070,480	98.99
2010		138,703,567	131,355,903	94.70			4,029,310	135,385,213	97.61
2011		136,549,286	128,719,932	94.27			1,750,558	130,470,490	95.55
2012		134,753,401	129,572,373	96.16			3,400,840	132,973,213	98.68
2013		139,133,369	130,317,166	93.66			2,318,192	132,635,358	95.33
2014		143,266,670	139,729,175	97.53			2,906,543	142,635,718	99.56
2015		155,102,311	151,761,695	97.85			3,801,215	155,562,910	100.30
2016		172,420,383	168,150,832	97.52			3,991,663	172,142,495	99.84
2017		194,111,744	187,054,786	96.36			5,851,577	192,906,363	99.38
2018		209,212,631	203,265,792	97.16				203,265,792	97.16

Sources: Millage and taxable value table, the City of Miami Beach adopted budget book, Miami-Dade County real estate delinquent tax system and the City of Miami Beach finance department.

Note: Assessments as of January 1 of the year listed; bills mailed in October of that year; taxes become delinquent at the end of April of the subsequent year.

For the City of Miami Beach, the period for which levied coincides with the fiscal year.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands of dollars)

Sunchine

Gulf Breeze

Governmental Activities

Pension

Redevelopment

395,819

383,509

562,251

1,055,302

1,022,761

1,178,212

24.51

22.70

25.95

11.5253

11.1270

12.7641

Total

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Resort Tax Revenue Bonds	Gulf Breeze Government Loan Program	Sunshine State Loan Program	Pension Obligation Bonds	Agency Tax Increment Revenue Bonds	Loans Payable	Other Obligations	Total Governmental Activities
2009	\$ 73,580	\$	\$ 24,650	\$ 2,930	\$ 42,885	\$ 83,740	\$ 10,528	\$ 1,260	\$ 239,573
2010	70,985		22,243		40,055	79,485	8,949	15,435 ^C	237,152
2011	68,280		19,739		37,095	75,035	9,438	15,225	224,812
2012	64,045		17,128		33,995	70,375	11,815	14,780	212,138
2013	61,745		14,386		30,550	66,058	12,374	13,551	198,664
2014	59,338		11,510		26,935	60,365	13,558	12,882	184,588
2015	55,419		8,484		23,160	55,367	11,779	11,801	166,010
2016	51,425	213,288	5,310		19,215	350,692 ^H	8,551	11,002	659,483
2017	47,363	208,906	4,350			342,669 H	25,843 ^I	10,121	639,252
2018	43,234	204,411	3,340			334,479 ^H	21,344 ^J	9,153	615,961
		Business-type	activities A			Tota	al		
Fiscal Year	Storm Water Revenue Bonds	Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds	Parking Revenue F Bonds/Loan G	Loan Payable		Total Business Activities	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2009	\$ 43,970	\$ 103,439	\$ 24,639	\$ 1,133		\$ 173,181	\$ 412,754	12.23 %	\$ 4.3891
2010	42,645	129,437 ^F	22,960	1,220		196,262	433,414	12.84	4.6687
2011	42,700	125,557	45,966	1,670		215,893	440,705	13.62	5.0206
2012	94,646	121,507	44,040	2,025		262,218	474,356	13.55	5.2649
2013	93,108	117,272	42,059	1,793		254,232	452,896	11.85	4.9862
2014	92,487	114,492	40,686	1,271		248,936	433,524	11.99	4.7848
2015	190,545	109,569	38,476	1,143		339,733	505,743	13.24	5.5133

<u>Note</u>: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<u>Note</u>: Business-type activities outstanding debt is presented net of discount/premium.

^A Net of Premium and discount

187,619

184,169

286,294

2016

2017

2018

^B See Demographic and Economic Statistics page for population information

105,810

99,406

178,317

- C New equipment lease began in fiscal year 2010
 D The 1994 Sunshine State VRDS bonds were paid off in fiscal year 2010
- E New debt issued in fiscal year 2012, 2015 and 2018
- F New debt issued in fiscal year 2010 and 2018
- ^G New debt issued in fiscal year 2011 and 2016
- H New debt issued in fiscal year 2016
- Pension Obligation bond was fully refunded with pension loan obtained by the City. Loan is reported in loans payable, see footnote 10.

101,620

99,658

97,640

J Includes the Pension loan, loans payable and capital leases

770

276

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands of dollars)

Net Bonded Debt

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Gulf Breeze Fixed Rate Bonds ^D	Pension Sunshine State Refunding Bonds VRDS A		Total	Fund Balance Reduction	Grand Total	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Debt Per Capita B
2009	\$ 72,702	\$ 24,163	\$ 42,885	\$ 2,930	\$ 142,680	\$ (7,954)	\$ 134,726	0.53 %	1.5172
2010	70,196	21,587	40,055		131,838	(8,119)	123,719	0.53	1.4202
2011	67,579	18,601	37,095		123,275	(8,617)	114,658	0.56	1.4044
2012	62,491	15,499	33,995		111,985	(10,083)	101,902	0.51	1.2429
2013	59,692	12,583	30,550		102,825	(9,852)	92,973	0.45	1.1318
2014	56,519	9,455	26,935		92,909	(9,973)	82,936	0.38	1.0207
₂₀₁₅ c	55,419	8,484	23,160		87,063	(9,851)	77,212	0.32	0.9491
₂₀₁₆ c	51,425	5,310	19,215		75,950	(21,390)	54,560	0.25	0.8295
₂₀₁₇ c	47,363	4,350	-		51,713	(7,577)	44,136	0.15	0.5626
₂₀₁₈ c	43,234	3,340	-		46,574	(812)	45,762	0.12	0.5046

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^A The 1994 Sunshine State VRDS bonds were paid off in fiscal year 2010.

 $^{^{\}mbox{\footnotesize B}}$ See page 151 for population information.

 $^{^{\}rm C}\,$ Debt net of premium and discount

^DThese bonds are repaid from general non ad-valorem funds. See Note 10 for more details.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Fiscal Year		
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Debt limit	\$ 3,882,603,724	\$ 3,465,358,138	\$ 3,315,711,442	\$ 3,296,743,489	\$ 3,460,848,297
Total net debt applicable to limit	72,702,497	70,195,935	67,579,117	62,490,554	60,722,308
Legal Debt margin	\$ 3,809,901,227	\$ 3,395,162,203	\$ 3,248,132,325	\$ 3,234,252,935	\$ 3,400,125,989
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	1.87%	2.03%	2.04%	1.90%	1.75%
			Fiscal Year		
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Debt limit	\$ 3,698,486,533	\$ 4,065,580,713	\$ 4,604,683,630	\$ 5,204,663,566	\$ 5,609,559,374
Total net debt applicable to limit	56,518,915	52,080,035	48,840,920	44,772,315	42,422,703
Legal Debt margin	\$ 3,641,967,618	\$ 4,013,500,678	\$ 4,555,842,710	\$ 5,159,891,251	\$ 5,567,136,671
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	1.53%	1.28%	1.06%	0.86%	0.76%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2018

Assessed value	\$ 37,397,062,490
Debt limit (15% of assessed value)	5,609,559,374
Debt applicable to limit:	
General obligation bonds	43,234,230
Less: Amount set aside for repayment of general	
obligation debt	811,527
Total net debt applicable to limit	42,422,703
Legal debt margin	\$ 5,567,136,671

Note: Assessed value is the certified taxable value as of January 1, 2017.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Less:		Debt S	Service	<u></u>	
Fiscal Year	Revenue		Operating Expenses	Net available Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	
Parking R	Rever	nue Bonds						
2009	\$	31,205,131	\$ 18,954,338	\$ 12,250,793	\$ 1,648,712	\$ 1,318,222	4.13	
2010		32,943,350	19,279,179	13,664,171	1,727,294	1,240,684	4.60	
2011		38,141,715	19,437,690	18,704,025	2,015,876	1,773,541	4.94	
2012		40,254,446	20,364,735	19,889,711	1,909,458	2,121,143	4.93	
2013		41,608,717	22,099,777	19,508,940	1,972,110	2,050,454	4.85	
2014		40,423,375	25,631,104	14,792,271	2,049,762	1,977,231	3.67	
2015		42,740,752	28,094,275	14,646,477	1,405,000	1,834,663	4.52	
2016		52,263,779	31,863,161	20,400,618	2,230,508	3,882,226	3.34	
2017		47,420,407	32,519,424	14,900,983	1,600,000	4,652,713	2.38	
2018		48,575,322	34,314,433	14,260,889	1,670,000	4,579,713	2.28	

<u>Note:</u> Revenue includes operating revenues and nonoperating interest income but excludes interest earned on bond proceeds as per the official bond statement. Operating expenses excludes depreciation, amortization and administrative fees. The 5th & Alton and 7th Street Garages are not included as part of the Parking Systems Funds.

Water & S	ewei	r Revenue Bond	ls					
2009	\$	64,360,255	\$	38,982,808	\$ 25,377,447	\$ 3,740,000	\$ 5,187,155	2.84
2010		69,632,326		45,831,721	23,800,605	3,775,000	5,036,856	2.70
2011		69,086,475		48,509,804	20,576,671	3,930,000	5,961,736	2.08
2012		68,622,998		46,769,683	21,853,315	4,100,000	5,801,135	2.21
2013		68,382,564		49,737,831	18,644,733	4,285,000	5,633,434	1.88
2014		69,399,550		49,242,030	20,157,520	3,185,000	5,476,073	2.33
2015		76,118,870		53,527,238	22,591,632	4,935,000	5,299,541	2.21
2016		80,863,818		57,123,647	23,740,171	3,770,000	5,111,733	2.67
2017		84,740,505		62,870,251	21,870,254	6,415,000	4,889,445	1.93
2018		87,212,562		59,819,813	27,392,749	7,330,000	6,532,843	1.98

<u>Note:</u> Revenue includes operating revenues and nonoperating interest income but excludes interest earned on bond proceeds and water and sewer impact fees as per the official bond statement. Operating expenses excludes depreciation, amortization and administrative fees.

Stormwate	er Re	evenue Bonds						
2009	\$	10,129,595	\$ 2,875,115	\$ 7,254,480	\$ 1,135,000	\$ 2	2,434,511	2.03
2010		11,444,244	2,716,689	8,727,555	1,190,000	- :	2,381,166	2.44
2011		11,845,218	3,346,893	8,498,325		- 2	2,042,670	4.16
2012		11,754,024	3,770,907	7,983,117	1,500,000	;	3,337,013	1.65
2013		11,778,578	3,011,708	8,766,870	1,545,000	4	4,302,595	1.50
2014		11,938,937	3,287,102	8,651,835	1,590,000	4	4,258,872	1.48
2015		21,321,751	4,804,628	16,517,123	2,620,000	4	4,208,297	2.42
2016		21,833,308	4,467,788	17,365,520	2,720,000	8	8,516,865	1.55
2017		28,587,321	6,903,636	21,683,685	3,250,000	8	8,111,226	1.91
2018		29,743,251	6,140,735	23,602,516	4,213,026	9	9,964,373	1.66

Note: Revenue includes operating revenues and nonoperating interest income but excludes interest earned on bond proceeds as per the official bond statement. Operating expenses excludes depreciation, amortization and administrative fees. Debt service includes the State Revolving Loan - refer to Note 10.

Redevelopment Agency												
2009	\$	70,858,394	\$	500,000	\$ 70	,358,394	\$	4,045,000	\$	4,329,697		8.40
2010		73,108,937		500,000	72	,608,937		4,255,000		4,138,267		8.65
2011		81,936,306		500,000	81	,436,306		4,450,000		3,943,254		9.70
2012		84,906,486		500,000	84	,406,486		4,660,000		3,733,816		10.06
2013		90,690,478		500,000	90	,190,478		4,885,000		3,512,766		10.74
2014		37,456,562		500,000	36	,956,562		4,885,000		3,513,000		4.40
2015		36,251,898			36	,251,898		5,375,000		3,039,103		4.31
2016		42,216,634			42	,216,634		7,985,000	1	3,744,597		1.94
2017		49,332,005			49	,332,005		7,985,000	1	3,744,597		2.27
2018		49,920,277			49	,920,277		7,985,000	1	3,744,597		2.30

Note: "Redevelopment Revenues" includes all tax increments derived RDA operations excluding those relating to the Children's trust. Per the bond documents, debt service coverage is "Trust Fund Revenues" as defined above divided by the maximum annual debt service requirement. Therefore, operating expenses are \$0.

Resort Ta	X					
2016	\$	82,754,779	\$ 82,754,779	\$ 8,505,000	\$ 3,949,750	6.64
2017		81,910,032	81,910,032	8,505,000	3,949,750	6.58
2018		87.595.052	87.595.052	8.505.000	3.949.750	7.03

Note: Per the bond documents, "Resort Tax Revenues" are all municipal taxesa imposed, levied, and collected pursuant to the Resort Tax regulations. The revenues do not include special assessment revenues. Per the bond documents, debt service coverage is "Resort Tax Revenues" as defined above divided by the maximum annual debt service requirement. Therefore, operating expenses are \$0.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

DIRECT DEBT General obligation indebtedness Public improvement bonds Premium/(Discount) Total General obligation indebtedness			\$	42,535,000 699,230 43,234,230
Non-self-supporting indebtedness (net of premium/discour	nt): ^A			
Gulf breeze government loan program Pension Loan Tax increment revenue bonds Resort Tax bonds Energy savings obligation Equipment Loan Clean water state revolving loan Capital Lease Obligation Total non-self-supporting indebtedness Total direct indebtedness	\$	3,340,000 10,405,000 334,478,885 204,411,235 9,152,803 3,105,103 6,689,811 1,144,491		572,727,328 615,961,558
OVERLAPPING DEBT B Miami-Dade County Total general obligation indebtedness Percent applicable to City Total school district obligation indebtedness Percent applicable to City Total net non-self-supporting indebtedness Percent applicable to City C		1,828,451,011 13.7271% 902,981,000 13.7271% 2,281,442,049 13.7271%	_	250,993,299 123,953,105 313,175,832
Total overlapping debt				688,122,236
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$	1,304,083,794

^A Excludes self-supporting debt obligations.

^B All debt listed as Overlapping Debt is secured either solely from a tax source or from a combination of self-supporting revenues and a tax source.

^C Based upon 2017 assessed valuation figures for the City and Dade County.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS, LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Miami-Dade County

Year	Miami Beach Population	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)		Per Capita Personal Income		A	uto Tags	Bank Deposits (Thousands)		_	School Age Population	Unei	mployment Rate	
2008	94,040	\$	88,955	\$	35,887		2,160,963		\$	77,178		345,150		5.8
2009	92,833		90,916		36,357		2,074,138				Α	345,458		10.7
2010	87,779		92,227		36,846		1,999,364			80,352		347,133		12.4
2011	90,097		96,657		37,834		2,007,052			82,935		349,945		11.3
2012	90,848		100,688		38,860		1,691,167	В		91,040		353,152		9.3
2013	91,026		104,373		39,880			Α		95,058		355,268		8.4
2014	91,732		111,529		41,883			Α		102,382		355,913		6.8
2015	91,564		116,553		47,026			Α		114,771		356,480		5.1
2016	91,917		121,447		49,018			Α		124,922		356,086		4.6
2017	92,307		126,715		49,185			Α		128,390		354,172		3.6

Source: Florida Statistical Abstract, US Census American Community Survey, Bureau of Labor Statistics, FDIC - Branch Office Deposits, Dade County School District

^A Data not available

^B Does not include mobile homes, trailers or vessels, dealer or transporter license plates, half-year truck/tractor registrations or permanent government license plates.

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS, CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

Tan	arget	Public	Employers

	-	2016*		2008		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	
Miami-Dade County Public Schools	33,477	1	1.22 %	54,861	1	
Miami-Dade County	25,502	2	0.93	33,653	2	
Federal Government	19,200	3	0.70	20,400	3	
Florida State Government	17,100	4	0.62	17,000	4	
Jackson Health System	9,797	5	0.36	11,875	5	
City of Miami	3,997	6	0.15	4,600	8	
Florida International University	3,534	7	0.13	8,500	6	
Homestead AFB	3,250	8	0.12			
Miami VA Medical Center	2,500	9	0.09	2,310	10	
Miami Dade College	2,390	10	0.09	5,865	7	
City of North Miami Beach				3,878	9	

Ten Largest Private Employers

	Terr Largest	i iivate Liii			
		2016*		2008	8
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank
University of Miami	12,818	1	0.47 %	12,765	1
Baptist Health South Florida	11,353	2	0.41	11,615	3
American Airlines	11,031	3	0.40	9,000	4
Carnival Cruise Lines	3,500	4 (t)	0.13		
Miami Children's Hospital	3,500	4 (t)	0.13		
Mount Sinai Medical Center	3,321	6	0.12		
Florida Power and Light	3,011	7	0.11		
Royal Caribbean	2,989	8	0.11		
Wells Fargo	2,050	9	0.07		
Bank of America Merrill Lynch	2,000	10	0.07		
Publix Super Markets				11,760	2
Precision Response Corporation				5,000	7
Bellsouth/AT&T				4,100	9
Winn-Dixie Stores				8,000	5
Florida Power & Light Co.				3,952	10
United Parcel Service				5,144	6
The Home Depot				4,500	8

Source: Employer and employees information provided by the Beacon Council. Miami Dade's Official Economic Development Partnership. Percentage of total County employment was calculated based on total County employment of 2,751,796 as provided by US Census American Community Survey.

*The principal employer data for fiscal year 2017 & 2018 are not available as of the date of this report.

(t): Ranking is equal/tied based on the reported employee counts.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of September 30

Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General government:										
Mayor and Commission	19	19	18	18	18	18	20	19	20	20
City Manager	11	10	10	10	10	13	15	16	16	16
Office of Communications	6	5	5	5	5	4	9	9	14	14
Budget and Performance Improvement	19	18	18	18	18	18	20	20	20	20
Organization Development and Performance Initiatives							2	2	2	3
Finance	37	37	37	37	37	37	50	50	64	65
Information Technology	40	38	36	36	37	36	38	39	44	44
Human Resources	17	15	14	14	14	15	23	27	28	29
Risk Management ^C	6	6	7	7	7	6				
City Clerk	16	14	14	14	13	14	14	15	15	15
Procurement	9	9	9	8	8	8	12	16	17	18
City Attorney	20	19	19	19	19	19	21	22	22	24
Economic Development and Cultural Arts:										
Real Estate, Housing and Comm. Development ^B		13	13	13	13	11	11	15	27	23
Economic development	5									
Building	79	72	66	73	73	73	86	85	88	88
Environment & Sustainability ^D									10	12
Planning	26	26	25	25	25	25	26	26	27	27
Tourism & Cultural Development	11	11	11	11	11	13	17	18	18	18
Bass Museum	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	2	2	2
Operations:										
Neighborhood Services ^A	56									
Community Services		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Code Compliance		42	30	41	41	42	57	58	61	61
Parks & Recreation	195	182	156	173	173	167	152	150	151	162
Public Works	47	44	42	41	40	42	57	70	68	78
Sanitation	187	187	187	179	178	178	169	172	171	172
Property Management	66	54	24	50	50	50	33	34	34	34
Capital Improvement Projects	32	35	35	37	37	36	34	36	36	34
Parking	118	117	83	116	110	111	107	114	115	113
Sewer	38	33	35	35	34	34	34	37	37	30
Stormwater	25	25	23	21	21	21	29	32	32	30
Water	59	54	56	52	52	52	52	53	53	48
Fleet Management	21	21	21	20	20	22	22	22	22	21
Transportation Management ^E							6	9	16	15
Public safety:										
Police - Officers	381	370	370	370	381	381	385	409	408	408
Police - Civilians	149	140	138	138	144	158	92	78	97	100
Fire - Officers	203	200	200	200	200	200	201	200	213	213
Fire - Civilians	27	26	27	27	27	27	27	30	31	32
Ocean Rescue	76	76	56	76	76	76	78	92	91	91
Emergency Management							72	73	78	75
Total	2,009	1,930	1,797	1,896	1,904	1,919	1,983	2,054	2,152	2,159

Source: City of Miami Beach Budget Department

Note:In FY 2011 the City reduced its FTE by 133, this is due to adopted efficiencies and service reductions.

^ANeighboorhood Service was dissolved in 2009.

^B Housing and Comm Development was part of Neighborhood services in 2009 which merged with Economic development to become Real Estate, Housing and Comm Development.

^C Risk Management merged with Human Resources in 2015

^DOrdinance 2016-3997 was passed in 2016 to creating the Environment & Sustainability Department, previously part of the Building Department.

^EOrdinance 2014-3865 was passed in May 2014 creating the Transporation Management Department.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Fiscal	Year					
Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General government:										
Mayor and commission										
Ordinances approved	39	44	43	35	26	73	69	72	97	79
Resolutions approved	308	274	245	230	266	382	383	435	428	479
City manager										
Better Place Requests Open and Closed	4	10	N/A	42	2	7	58	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Requests Received	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	27,855	39,092	10,946
Total Requests Completed	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	27,605	37,735	10,926
Budget and performance improvement										
Audits performed	272	263	233	235	198	187	155	174	187	224
Grants awarded	\$ 6,934,165 \$	5,639,593 \$	3,221,421 \$	2,869,671 \$	3,574,486 \$	3,447,853 \$	3,146,417 \$	8,002,420 \$	5,974,620 \$	8,123,083
Finance		40.057	40.004	40.000	40.070	40.075	40.005	40.405	40.400	40.075
Utility customer accounts	10,044	10,057	10,061	10,062	10,070	10,075	10,085	10,125	10,123	10,075
Licenses issued	8,650 2,658	7,748 4,076	7,718 6,600	6,592 6,326	6,496	6,943 6,734	7,555 6,298	7,928 4,750	8,489	7,912 4,950
Lien statements Annual resort tax accounts	2,658 1,066	1,050	1,067	1,066	7,355 1,087	1,054	6,298 1,058	4,750 1,049	4,267 1,030	4,950 1,005
Human resources	1,066	1,050	1,067	1,000	1,067	1,054	1,056	1,049	1,030	1,005
Employees	1,902	1,869	1,837	1,824	1,905	1,930	1,960	2,054	2,152	2,159
Hires	188	206	146	154	176	163	218	258	380	308
Building	188	200	140	134	170	103	210	230	300	308
Building and trade permits processed/issued	11,361	11,039	12,523	13,272	13,881	14,071	14,076	12,645	11,045	10,575
Certificates	383	411	342	417	529	536	558	587	597	481
Tourism & cultural development	303	711	04 <u>2</u>	717	323	550	330	307	551	401
Film & print and special events permits	966	1.023	1,215	1.225	1,190	1.141	1,249	1.041	1.184	1.050
Bass Museum Visitors	26,414	29,642	26,477	36,708	47,162	64,323	53,093	21,570	9,716	111,470
Theater Events (Byron/Colony)	225	223	218	222	237	172	90	1,049	958	1,157
Operations:								.,		.,
Parking										
Residential Parking Permits	11,557	11,830	12,357	13,720	12,523	14,566	13,539	13,647	13,663	12,439
Municipal Parking Permits	41,651	53,502	42,152	44,418	47,600	51,230	43,014	41,422	43,188	37,889
Total Vehicle Entries - Garages	2,254,119	2,162,618	2,530,878	2,582,466	2,887,722	3,310,093	3,121,623	3,172,477	2,895,615	2,714,033
Parks & recreation										
Summer Camp	2,758	2,398	2,538	2,561	2,568	2,653	2,689	3,230	2,457	2,281
After and Play School Participants	2,680	3,217	3,501	3,276	3,056	3,139	3,091	1,405	1,316	1,073
Athletics	2,656	2,079	2,251	2,042	2,104	2,215	2,143	2,718	5,226	6,021
Pool Attendance	141,524	160,456	157,227	138,005	128,852	133,373	118,553	173,228	150,021	156,640
Golf course patrons ^A	66,358	73,447	80,782	71,528	76,230	79,532	75,542	74,237	71,807	78,654
Public Works-Engineering/Water/Sewer/Streets										
Right-of-Way permits issued	935	868	855	822	801	967	1,144	1,247	1,227	1,132
Cleaning and inspection of sewer lines	778,937	N/A	964,703	824,212	937,000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Storm sewers cleaned	78,279	N/A	1,253	97,425	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	7,092	7,891
Sanitation										
Residential Waste (tons per year)	13,354	12,980	12,172	10,233	8,920	8,972	8,278	8,036	8,036	8,028
Litter Cans	2,735	2,735	2,735	2,735	2,765	2,787	2,376	2,424	2,479	2,361
Mechanized Sweeping (miles per day)	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Mobile Sweeping (miles per day)	156	156	156	156	156	156	156	156	156	156
Fleet Management	890,529	000.075	900,211	858,767	698,280	0.40, 400	847,359	862,970	899,289	935,173
Fuel consumed - diesel and unleaded (gallons) Preventive maintenance jobs	890,529 3,160	903,675 3,053	3,181	3,174	3,519	849,400 3,153	3,334	3,549	4,334	3,725
Police	3, 160	3,053	3,101	3,174	3,519	3, 133	3,334	3,549	4,334	3,725
Total number of arrests	13,338	10,801	9,588	9,890	10,577	8,280	6,644	6,458	5,790	4,993
Traffic Violations	44,521	39,586	49,561	48,344	50,590	71,562	64,478	57,488	46,695	39,368
Fire	44,321	39,300	49,501	40,344	30,390	71,302	04,476	37,400	40,095	39,300
Emergency responses	25,015	20,356	21,429	22,263	22,948	23,415	25,185	25,384	26,081	25,771
Existing building inspections	978	1,500	1107	773	961	1,985	1,461	3,248	3,056	7,069
Night club inspections	2,769	3,198	3,718	1,957	2,477	1,775	333	23	81	7,009
Site inspections	4,953	3,672	5187	7,369	9,047	9,736	10,868	8,531	9,337	6,899
On duty inspections	1,856	1,793	1478	187	1233	1,774	1,946	2,086	N/A	N/A
Ocean rescue - victims rescued	579	645	747	531	733	575	788	886	495	785
Ocean recue prevention	349,882	320,858	257,862	250,310	273,543	208,027	217,367	228,294	232,017	339,128
	,.02	,		,	,0		,		,	,

N/A - Information not available or service is not longer being performed.

Source: Various City of Miami Beach departments and Departmental Workplans.

 $^{^{\}rm A}\,{\rm The}$ City opened a second golf course which was operational for 9 months during

^B In FY 2010 the City used a new method to track requests from residents.

^C Decrease is due to Bass Museum renovation.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

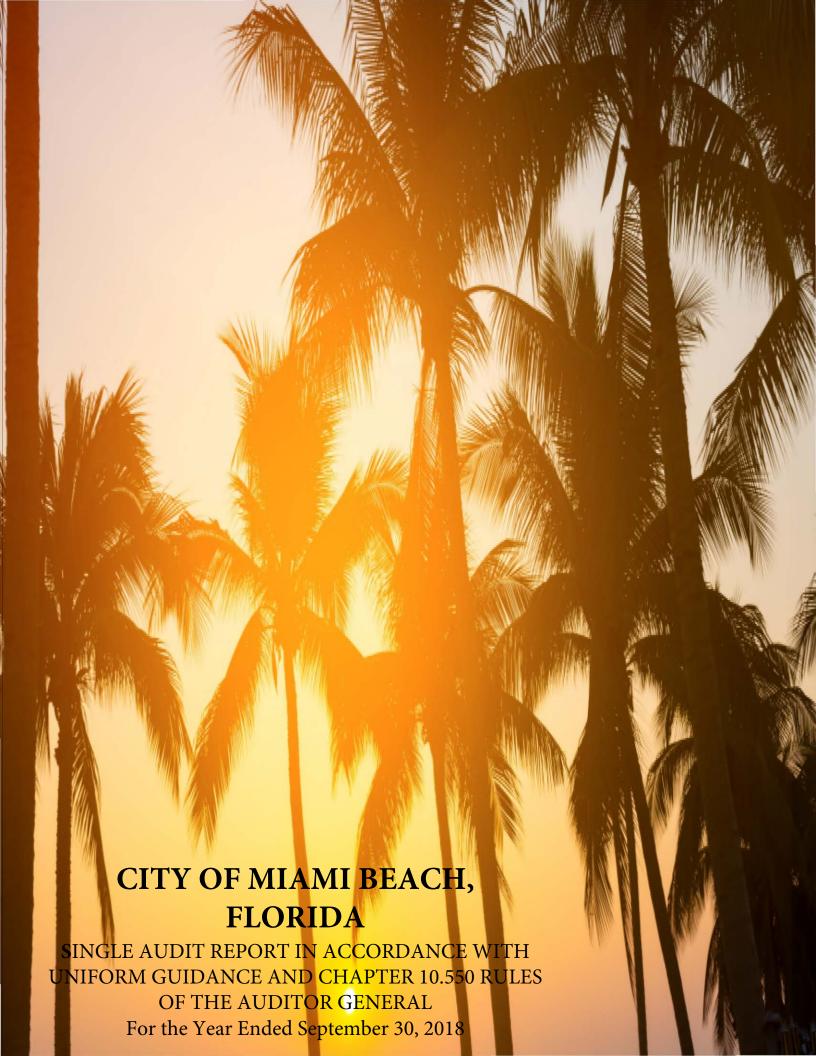
	Fiscal Year										
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
Function/Program											
Police		_						_	_	_	
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Zone offices	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Vehicles assigned to the police department	440	486	486	530	530	530	530	530	548	586	
Fire stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Water	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	
Water mains (miles)	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	
Water valves	23,000 1,009	23,000	23,000 1,009	23,000 1,009	23,000 1,009	23,000 1,009	23,000 1,009	23,000	23,000 1,009	23,000	
Fire hydrants Fire lines	717	1,009 717	717	717	717	717	717	1,009 717	717	1,009 717	
Meters	12,460	12,460	12,460	12,460	12,460	12,460	12,460	12,460	12,460	12,460	
Water pumping stations	12,460	12,460 5	12,460	12,460	12,460	12,460	12,460	12,460	12,460	12,460	
Storage capacity (millions of gallons)	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	14,000	14,000	
Stormwater	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	14,000	14,000	
Stormwater pipes (miles)	59	59	59	59	59	59	99	99	99	99	
Drainage basins	172	172	172	172	172	172	471	471	471	471	
Stormwater catch basins	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	4,779	4,779	4,779	4,779	
Manholes	2,161	2,161	2,161	2,161	2,161	2,161	2,616	2,616	2,616	2,616	
Outfalls	2,	2,.0.	2,	2,.0.	2,.0.	2,.0.	2,0.0	2,0.0	2,0.0	367	
Stormwater Pump stations										49	
Sewer											
Sanitary gravity sewer pipes (miles)	152	152	152	152	152	152	122	122	122	122	
Force main pipes (miles)	21	21	21	21	21	21	22	22	22	22	
Manholes	3,293	3,293	3,293	3,293	3,293	3,293	3,160	3,160	3,160	3,160	
Wastewater pump stations	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	
Other public works											
Streets (miles)	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	
Sidewalks (miles)	242	242	242	242	242	242	242	242	242	242	
Curb and gutter (miles)	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	
Alleys (miles)	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	
Seawalls (linear feet)	7,300	7,300	7,300	7,300	7,300	7,300	7,300	7,300	7,300	7,300	
Streetlights	6,200	6,893	6,893	6,893	6,893	6,893	6,893	6,893	7,200	7,200	
Street lights cable (miles)	265	263	263	263	263	263	263	263	263	263	
Up-lights										1,200	
Parking											
Parking Lots & Garages	70	75	76	76	76	76	76	77	77	77	
Parking Spaces	8,404	8,404	8,424	8,592	8,424	8,424	8,424	8,424	9,677	9,677	
Parks and recreation	727	727	727	727	727	727	500	500	504	500	
Recreational open space (acres) Playground tot-lots	19	727 15	727 19	727 19	727 19	19	526 20	526 21	524 21	520 23	
Stadiums	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	23 2	
Sports fields	7	7	7	7	7	7	5	5	5	6	
Tennis sites	6	6	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	5	
Basketball court sites	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
Ice Rink	10	10	1	1	1	10	10	1	1	1	
Pools	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Youth/Community centers	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	6	
Bark parks	4	3	4	4	4	5	9	9	9	7	
Parks - passive and staffed	26	26	26	26	36	36	42	41	41	40	
Municipal regulation golf courses	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Trucks, off-road, and other vehicles	98	97	98	N/A	N/A	N/A	84	87	87	87	
Sanitation											
Sweepers	9	6	6	6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Front end loader	3										
Trucks, Vans, and other vehicles	83	79	84	90	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Pressure washers	9	9	7	7	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Transit-minibuses	4										

Source: Various City of Miami Beach departments.

N/A- Data not available

MIAMIBEACH

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CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA SINGLE AUDIT REPORT IN ACCORDANCE WITH UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550 RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Miami Beach, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Miami Beach, Florida (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2019. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the City of Miami Beach Florida Employees' Retirement Plan, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those other auditors. Our report also includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the City Pension Fund for Firefighters and Police Officers, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. The financial statements of the City Pension Fund for Firefighters and Police Officers were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2018-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City's Response to Findings

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Crown Llt

Miami, Florida March 29, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROJECT; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550 RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

The Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Miami Beach, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Financial Assistance Project

We have audited the City of Miami Beach, Florida's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the requirements described in the *Department of Financial Services' State Projects Compliance Supplement*, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs and state financial assistance projects for the year ended September 30, 2018. The City's major federal programs and state financial assistance projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs and state financial assistance projects.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs and state financial assistance projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program and state financial assistance project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state financial assistance project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Financial Assistance Project

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state financial assistance projects for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program and state financial assistance project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state financial assistance project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and state financial assistance project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and state financial assistance project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and state financial assistance project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Miami Beach, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2019, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial

statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Crowe LLP

Crowe

Miami, Florida May 16, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Entity Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant/Contract Number	rent Year enditures	ding Loan Iance	P	ustments to rior Year penditures	al Current Year enditures	through to
FEDERAL GRANTS:								
U.S. Department of Agriculture								
Passed-through the State of Florida Department of Agricultu	re and Consumer Se	ervic es:						
Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act - Urban Forestry - Protecting and Restoring Urban Tree Canopy for Stormwater Management	10.664	16-DG-11083112-001	\$ 29,247	\$ 	\$		\$ 29,247	\$ -
Total U.S. Department of Commerce			 29,247	 			29,247	 -
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development								
Direct Programs:								
Community Development Block Grant/ Entitlement Grants Community Development Block Grant/ Entitlement Grants	14.218 14.218	B-17-MC-12-0014 B-13-MC-12-0014	351,989 -	-		- (176,008)	351,989 (176,008)	47,960
Community Development Block Grant/ Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-09-MC-12-0014	-	-		(39,508)	(39, 508)	-
Community Development Block Grant/ Entitlement Grants Community Development Block Grant/ Entitlement Grants	14.218 14.218	B-12-MC-12-0014 B-14-MC-12-0014	39,085	-		(68,908) (51,725)	(29,823) (51,725)	-
Community Development Block Grant/ Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-15-MC-12-0014	101.583	-		(31,723)	101,583	-
Community Development Block Grant/ Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-16-MC-12-0014	300,816	-		-	300,816	-
Total Community Development Block Grant	- Entitlement Grant	s Cluster	793,473	-		(336,149)	457,324	47,960
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-13-MC-12-0212	85,376	-		-	85,376	-
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-10-MC-12-0212	-	-		(742,269)	(742, 269)	-
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-16-MC-12-0212	240,344	-		-	240,344	-
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-15-MC-12-0212	5,000	-		-	5,000	-
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-17-MC-12-0212	 36,582	 -			 36,582	
Total HOME Investment Partnerships Progra	n		 367,302	 		(742,269)	 (374, 967)	 -
Passed-through Miami-Dade County:								
Supportive Housing Program - FY 2017/Continuum of								
Care - City of Miami Beach Outreach Program	14.267	FL0177L4D001710	 21,028	 			 21,028	 -
Total Homeless Trust Grants			 21,028	 			 21,028	 -
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban	Development		 1,181,803	 		(1,078,418)	103,385	 47,960
U.S. Department of Justice								
Direct Programs:								
Edward Byme Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program - JAG Program (FY2015) - Miami Beach Electronic Records Improvement	16.738	2015-DJ-BX-0953	62.874				62.874	
Project	10.730	2010-01-07-0900	 02,014	 			 02,014	
Total Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assista	noo Crant Broars	m	62,874				62,874	

See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

(Continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Entity Program Title	Federal CFDA Number			Outstanding Loan Balance	Adjustments to Prior Year Expenditures	Total Current Year Expenditures	Passed through to Subrecipients	
Passed through the Florida Attorney General:								
VOCA -VICTIMS OF CRIME ACT - 2016/2017 VOCA -VICTIMS OF CRIME ACT - 2017/2018	16.575 16.575	VOCA-2016-MBPD-00179 VOCA-2017-MBPD-00001	\$ 58,803 432,935 491,738	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 58,803 432,935 491,738	\$ - - -	
Direct Programs:								
Edward Byrne Memorial Competitive Grant Program - City of Miami Beach Smart Policing Initiative for Body-Worn Camera Data-Sharing Federal Equitable Sharing Agreement	16.751 16.922	2015-WY-BX-0002 FL0130700	132,541 117,694	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	132,541 117,694	-	
Total U.S. Department of Justice			804,847			804,847		
U.S. Department of Transportation								
Passed through the Florida Department of Environmental P	rotection:							
Highway Planning and Construction - Recreational Trails Program	20.219	T14034/T1434	199,993	-	-	199,993	-	
Passed through the Florida Department of Transportation:								
Highway Planning and Construction - Middle Beach Recreational Corridor Phase 2 Highway Planning and Construction - Safe Routes to	20.205	G0l26	658,173	-	-	658,173	-	
School - Fienberg-Fisher K-8 Center Highway Planning and Construction - Safe Routes to	20.205	D617-028-B/GOK85	105,390	-	-	105,390	-	
School Infrastructure Project - Biscayne Elementary School Highway Planning and Construction - Safe Routes to	20.205	D617-030-B/G0K83	232,378	-	-	232,378	-	
School Infrastructure Project - North Beach Elementary School & Nautilus Middle Highway Planning and Construction - Beach Walk II	20.205	D617-029-B/G0K84	84,309	-	-	84,309	-	
Construction (3rd to 5th Streets along Beach)	20.205	GO071	734,780	-	-	734,780	-	
Passed through the Florida Department of Transportation: Passed through the University of North Florida Training ar	d Services Institute,	Inc.:						
Highway Planning and Construction - FDOT - UNF - Pedestrian and Bicycle Safety - 2019	20.205	G0Y79/433144-1-8404	812	-	-	812	-	
Passed through the Florida Department of Transportation: Passed through the University of South Florida Board of T	rustees:							
Highway Planning and Construction - FDOT - USF Pedestrian and Bicycle Safety - 2018	20.205	G0O23/433144-1	35,000			35,000		
Total Highway Planning and Construction C	uster		2,050,835			2,050,835		

See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

(Continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Entity Program Title Passed through the Florida Department of Transportation:	Federal CFDA Number	Grant/Contract Number	Current Year Expenditures	Outstanding Loan Balance	Adjustments to Prior Year Expenditures	Total Current Year Expenditures	Passed through to Subrecipients
State and Community Highway Safety Program (NHTSA 402 Funds) - Miami Beach Police Department Motorcycle Safety Campaign Total Highway Safety Cluster Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.600	G0P94	\$ 65,000 65,000 2,115,835	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 65,000 65,000 2,115,835	\$ - - -
U.S. Department of Homeland Security							
Direct Programs:							
Port Security Grant Program - Counter Terrorism and Security Maritime Capability Upgrade	97.056	EMW-2016-PU-000231-S01	18,079	-	-	18,079	-
Passed through the City of Miami:							
Homeland Security Grant Program - Urban Area Security Initiative 2016	97.067	17-DS-V9-11-23-02-346	96,753			96,753	<u>-</u>
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			114,832			114,832	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARD	os		\$ 4,246,564	\$ -	\$ (1,078,418)	\$ 3,168,146	\$ 47,960

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State Project/Pass-Through Entity Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant/Contract Number	Current Year Expenditures	Outstanding Loan Balance	Adjustments to Prior Year Expenditures	Total Current Year Expenditures	Passed through to Subrecipients
State of Florida, Department of Environmental							
Direct Programs:							
Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects (Clean Water State Revolving Loan Agreement)	37.077	SW131300	\$ 1,765,769	\$ 5,257,069	\$ -	\$ 7,022,838	<u>\$</u>
Total State of Florida, Department of Environ	mental Protection		1,765,769	5,257,069		7,022,838	<u> </u>
State of Florida, Housing Finance Corporation							
Direct Programs:							
State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) Program	40.901	N/A	325,991	<u> </u>		325,991	
Total State of Florida, Housing Finance Corpo	oration		325,991			325,991	
Florida Department of State							
Direct Programs:							
St. of FI - Div of Historical Resources - Carl Fisher Club House 28th Street Obelisk Restoration Project	45.031 45.032	18.h.sm.100.052 SC729	10,238 58,083		<u> </u>	10,238 58,083	<u> </u>
Total Florida Department of State			68,321			68,321	
Florida Department of Transportation							
Direct Programs:							
State Road A1A/Indian Creek Corridor Public Transit Service Development Program - Middle	55.000	AS-343/439228-2-58-01	6,931,228	-	-	6,931,228	-
Beach Trolley	55.012	G0O17	285,117			285,117	
Total Florida Department of Transportation			7,216,345			7,216,345	
Florida Department of Health							
Direct Programs:							
Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Matching Grant	64.003	M5067	56,249			56,249	
Total Florida Department of Health			56,249			56,249	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL	ASSISTANCE		\$ 9,432,675	\$ 5,257,069	\$ -	\$ 14,689,744	\$ -

1. GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance (the "Schedule") presents the expenditure activity of all federal awards and state financial assistance project of the City of Miami Beach, Florida (the "City") for the year ended September 30, 2018. The City's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 of the City's basic financial statements. All federal awards and state financial assistance project received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as amounts passed through other government agencies are included in the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance and is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Costs Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the requirements described in the *Department of Financial Services' State financial assistance projects Compliance Supplement.* Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the City.

2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting for grants which are accounted for in the governmental fund types and on the accrual basis of accounting for grants which are accounted for in the proprietary fund types. Expenditures are recognized following cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

3. NON-CASH AND FEDERAL INSURANCE

There were no non-cash awards or Federal insurance maintained in the current year.

4. LOANS OUTSTANDING

On November 12, 2014, the City of Miami Beach entered into the Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan Agreement with the State of Florida Department of Environment Protection. The amount of the loan is \$7,500,000 plus \$147,500 of capitalized interest and \$150,000 in loan service fees which amounts to \$7,797,500 to be repaid back to the State. Loan payments commenced on February 15, 2018 and are due semiannually on August 15 and February 15 of each year until all amounts due have been fully paid. The interest rate on this loan is 1.62% per annum. The loan shall be repaid in 40 semiannual loan payments of \$229,001. Loan disbursement from the State to the City will be made for reimbursements of allowable invoiced costs. The loan is secured by the Stormwater fund's pledged revenues and will be repaid with such funds.

The proceeds from the loan are disbursed to the City on a reimbursement basis as eligible expenditures are incurred. The City has repaid \$333,026 of principal as of September 30, 2018. The amount of the loan outstanding at September 30, 2018 is \$6,689,811.

5. **NEGATIVE EXPENDITURES**

Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent disallowed expenditures relating to the Office of the Inspector General's audit of the City's Housing and Urban Development funds.

CITY MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS September 30, 2018

Section I - Summary of Independent Auditor's Results

Financial Statement	s	
Type of auditor's repo	ort issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over fi	inancial reporting:	
Material weak	kness(es) identified?	No
	ficiencies identified not be material weaknesses?	Yes
Noncompliance mater	rial to financial statements noted?	No
Federal Awards and	State Financial Assistance	
Type of auditor's repo	ort issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Internal Control over r	major programs:	
Material weak	kness(es) identified?	No
	ficiencies identified not be material weaknesses?	None Noted
accordance with 2 CF	closed that are required to be reported in R 200.516(a), Section 215.97, Florida Statutes Rules of the Auditor General	No
Identification of major	programs and state financial assistance projects:	
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u> 20.219 & 20.205	Name of Federal Program or Cluster U.S. Department of Transportation: Federal Highway Planning and Construction C	Cluster
<u>CSFA Number(s)</u> 37.077	Name of State Financial Assistance Project Florida Department of Environmental Protection: Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Water State Revolving Loan Agreemer	
40.901	State of Florida Housing Finance Corporation: State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) P	,
Dollar threshold used Federal State	to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000 \$440,692
Auditee qualified as lo	ow-risk auditee?Yes	XNo

CITY MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS September 30, 2018

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2018-001

Classification: Significant Deficiency

Criteria or specific requirement: The City should complete a review of all fee changes that are completed in the EnerGov system to ensure accuracy of the fees as approved by ordinance.

Condition: The City did not have a formal procedure to review changes to fees completed in the EnerGov system completed by the senior system analyst in the Building department.

Context: During our testing of Information Technology controls related to the EnerGov system it was determined there are no controls in place related to having an independent review of changes made to fees in the EnerGov system.

Effect: Inaccurate fee changes may result in an improper fee being charged to customers.

Cause: There is no formal written policy to document the review of fee changes completed in EnerGov.

Recommendation: We recommend that a formal written policy be developed which includes a documented independent review of all changes to fees that have been adopted though City ordinance and that there be a quarterly review of EnerGov activity logs for all fee changes.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective action: At the time of this audit, the Building Department had an informal procedure regarding the changing of fees based on approved City ordinances. The Building Department felt that the procedures in place included sufficient internal checks and balances. The procedures were subsequently formalized into a policy, but the auditors indicated that the policy was not sufficiently adequate for the process.

The City Policy is presently being amended to add an automatic auditing component to any EnerGov programing fee changes. The new policy will provide notification to the IT Department and the Building Department of any changes in the fees made within the EnerGov programing for verification of compliance with City Ordinance. The policy is currently in the review process and should be fully implemented within 60 days.

Section III - Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Findings and Questioned Costs

No items noted.

CITY MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS September 30, 2018

Summary of Prior Year Audit Findings

There were no prior year audit findings



City of Miami Beach, 1700 Convention Center Drive, Miami Beach, Florida 33139, www.miamibeachfl.gov

City of Miami Beach, Florida Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

Audit Finding Number: 2018-001

Contact Person(s): City of Miami Beach Finance Department – Allison Williams, Deputy

Finance Director

Corrective Action Planned: The City is working across departments on written policies for fee

changes made in Energov, the City's permitting system. The policy will include independent review of changes made to fees. In addition, there will be a quarterly review or comparable activity of the EngerGov

activity log for fee changes.

Anticipated Completion Date: July 30, 2019.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA

REPORTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

September 30, 2018

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA REPORTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 10.550, *RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL*September 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Miami Beach, Florida

We have examined the City of Miami Beach, Florida (the "City") compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, concerning the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2018. Management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes* for the year ended September 30, 2018.

The purpose of this report is solely to comply with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General.* Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Exrure LLP

Miami, Florida March 29, 2019



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Miami Beach, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Miami Beach, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2019. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of (1) City of Miami Beach Florida Employees' Retirement Plan and (2) City Pension Fund for Firefighters and Police Officers, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include our consideration of the other auditors' management letters that are reported on separately by those other auditors. The financial statements of the City Pension Fund for Firefighters and Police Officers were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reports

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Financial Assistance Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 29, 2019 should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Such information is disclosed in Note 1.A. to the financial statements.

Financial Condition

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we report the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Annual Financial Report

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.b., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we report the results of our determination as to whether the annual financial report for the City for the year ended September 30, 2018, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), *Florida Statutes*, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. In connection with our audit, we determined that these two reports were in agreement.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.d, *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, provided the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit, within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), *Florida Statutes*. In connection with our audit, we determined that all special district component units provided the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), *Florida Statutes*.

Other Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the City Commission, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Crowe LLP

Crown Llf

Miami, Florida March 29, 2019

MUNICIPAL SECURITY DISCLOSURE

City of Miami Beach, Florida

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018



Prepared by:

The City of Miami Beach Finance Department 1700 Convention Center Drive, Miami Beach, Florida • 33139 Tel: (305) 673 – 7466 • Fax: (305) 673 – 7795



City of Miami Beach, 1700 Convention Center Drive, Miaml Beach, Florida 33139, www.miamibeachfl.gov

OFFICE OF THE CITY MANAGER

Tel: (305) 673-7010, Fax: (305) 673-7782

May 22, 2019

DAC Attn: Diana O'Brien 390 N. Orange Ave., Suite 1750 Orlando, FL 32801

Re: Annual Report for the City of Miami Beach, Florida, in accordance with Continuing Disclosure Requirements of SEC Rule 15c2-12

In accordance with the undertakings of the City of Miami Beach, Florida (the "City") regarding continuing disclosure made pursuant to SEC Rule 15c2-12(b) (5) (i), by the Resolutions adopted by the Mayor and City Commission, the governing body of the City, described below, enclosed is the annual financial information and operating data for the Fiscal Year ending on September 30, 2018, as described in the respective undertaking for the following bond issues of the City:

\$54,310,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2000, (the "2000 Water and Sewer Bonds")

- Official Statement dated August 31, 2000

 Resolution No. 2000-24041, adopted on July 26, 2000, and Continuing Disclosure Commitment, dated as of August 15, 2000

(Note: The outstanding balance on the above City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Bonds, Series 2000 were fully refunded by the Series 2017 bonds at September 30, 2018.)

\$22,500,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, City of Gulf Breeze Fixed Rate Loan, Series 1985E (used to repay a portion of the outstanding principal from the Sunshine State Loan and renovation and improvement of two City owned golf courses and their related facilities), ("2001 Gulf Breeze Loan")

- Loan Agreement dated August 1, 2001

 Resolution No. 2001-24500, adopted on June 26, 2001, and Continuing Disclosure Commitment, dated as of August 1, 2001 \$62,465,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003 (used to improve neighborhood infrastructure in the City, consisting of streetscape and traffic calming measures, shoreline stabilization, Fire Safety Projects and Beaches Projects)

- Official Statement dated July 22, 2003

- Resolution No. 2003-25240, adopted on June 11, 2003, and Continuing Disclosure Commitment, dated as of July 22, 2003.
- \$18,300,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2006B-2, City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985B, (used to pay the cost of certain improvements to its water and sewer utility), ("2006 Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985B)

- Loan Agreement dated April 19, 2006

- Resolution No. 2006-26153, adopted on March 8, 2006, and Continuing Disclosure Commitment, dated as of April 19, 2006
- (Note: The outstanding balance on the above City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2006B-2 were fully refunded by the Series 2017 bonds at September 30, 2018.)
- \$5,700,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2006E, City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985E (used to pay the cost of certain improvements to its water and sewer utility), ("2006 Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985E")

- Loan Agreement dated April 19, 2006

- Resolution No. 2006-26153, adopted on March 8, 2006, and Continuing Disclosure Commitment, dated as of April 19, 2006
- (Note: The outstanding balance on the above City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2006E were fully refunded by the Series 2017 bonds at September 30, 2018.)
- \$13,590,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-1A, City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J (used to refund a portion of the City's outstanding Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2000), ("2009 Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J)

- Loan Agreement dated February 1, 2010

- Resolution No. 2009-27243, adopted on October 14, 2009, and Continuing Disclosure Commitment, dated as of February 17, 2010
- \$10,000,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-1B, City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J (used to refund a portion of the City's outstanding Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2000), ("2009 Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J)

- Loan Agreement dated February 1, 2010

 Resolution No.2009-27243, adopted on October 14, 2009, and Continuing Disclosure Commitment, dated as of February 17, 2010 \$30,000,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-1C, City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J (used for paying the cost of certain improvements to the water and sewer utility), ("2009 Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J)

- Loan Agreement dated February 1, 2010

- Resolution No.2009-27243, adopted on October 14, 2009, and Continuing Disclosure Commitment, dated as of February 17, 2010
- \$16,185,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida Stormwater Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-2, City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J (used to refund a portion of the City's outstanding Stormwater Revenue Bonds, Series 2000), ("2009 Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J)

- Loan Agreement dated February 1, 2010

- Resolution No. 2009-27242, adopted on October 14, 2009, and Continuing Disclosure Commitment, dated as of February 17, 2010
- \$40,000,000 City of Miami Beach, Water and Sewer Bonds, Series 2010 (Local advance to refund the remaining outstanding City of Gulf Breeze Local Government Loan Program Floating Rate Demand Revenue Bonds, Series 1985J (as originally issued, the "1985J" Bonds" and with respect to the refunded portion, the "Refunded 1985J Bonds") in an estimated principal amount of \$40,000,000 on December 1, 2020 (the Crossover Date")

- Loan Agreement dated February 1, 2010

- Resolution No. 2009-27243, adopted on October 14, 2009, and Continuing Disclosure Commitment, dated as of February 17, 2010
- \$17,155,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Parking Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A, (the "Series 2010A Parking Bonds"), (used to refund the City's outstanding Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 1997),

- Official Statement dated October 29, 2010

- Resolution No. 2010-27491 adopted on September 20, 2010 and Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment), dated as of November 16, 2010
- \$27,405,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B, (the "Series 2010B Parking Bonds"), (used to pay the costs of acquiring and constructing a new parking garage and other capital improvements to the Parking System)

- Official Statement dated October 29, 2010

- Resolution No. 2010-27491, adopted on September 20, 2010 and Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment), dated as of November 16, 2010
- \$52,130,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Stormwater Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, (the "Series 2011A Stormwater Bonds"), (used to pay the costs of certain capital improvements to its stormwater utility)

- Official Statement dated November 17, 2011

- Resolution No. 2011-27782, adopted on October 19, 2011, and Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment), dated as of December 7, 2011
- (Note: The outstanding balance on the above City of Miami Beach, Florida Stormwater Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A were partially refunded by the Series 2017 bonds at September 30, 2018.)

- \$26,575,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Stormwater Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011B, (the "Series 2011B Stormwater Bonds"), (used to refund, defease and redeem the outstanding Stormwater Revenue Bonds, Series 2000)
 - Official Statement dated November 17, 2011
 - Resolution No. 2011-27782 adopted on October 19, 2011 and Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment), dated as of December 7, 2011
 - (Note: The outstanding balance on the above City of Miami Beach, Florida Stormwater Revenue Bonds, Series 2011B were partially refunded by the Series 2017 bonds at September 30, 2018.)
- \$34,840,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 (used to refund the \$15,910,000 City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985B, the \$14,090,000 City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985E, and partially refund the City of Miami Beach, Florida, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003)
 - Official Statement dated November 16, 2011
 - Resolution No. 2011-27783, adopted on October 19, 2011, and Continuing Disclosure Commitment, dated as of December 1, 2011
- \$99,590,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Stormwater Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, (the "Series 2015 Stormwater Bonds"), (used to pay the costs of certain capital improvements to its stormwater utility)
 - Official Statement dated July 24, 2015
 - Resolution No. 2015-28988 adopted on April 15, 2015 and Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment), dated as of August 5, 2015
- \$58,825,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, (the "Series 2015 Parking Bonds"), (used to pay the costs of acquiring and constructing a new parking facility and improvements to a surface lot to service the City's Convention Center)
 - Official Statement dated November 20, 2015
 - Resolution No. 2015-29176 adopted on October 14, 2015 and Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment), dated as of December 15, 2015
- \$194,920,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Resort Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, (the "Series 2015 Resort Tax Bonds"), (used to finance a portion of the costs of acquiring and constructing renovations to the Miami Beach Convention Center and related improvements)
 - Official Statement dated November 18, 2015
 - Resolution No. 2015-29175 adopted on October 14, 2015 and Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment), dated as of December 15, 2015
- \$115,180,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Water and Sewer Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017, (the "Series 2017 Bonds"), (used to finance the cost of acquiring, constructing and equipping improvements to the Water and Sewer Utility as well as to provide current refunding and defeasance of all outstanding Series 2000, Series 2006B-2, Series 2006E Bonds)
 - Official Statement dated November 30, 2017
 - Resolution No. 2017-30060 adopted on October 18, 2017 and Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment), dated as of December 14, 2017

- \$156,550,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Stormwater Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017, (the "Series 2017 Bonds"), (used to finance a portion of improving and upgrading the Stormwater Utility as well as to provide for the partial advance refunding and defeasance of Series 2011A, 2011B Bonds)
 - Official Statement dated December 13, 2017
 - Resolution No. 2017-30059 adopted on October 18, 2017 and Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment), dated as of December 22, 2017

Other Obligations:

Original Amount	Description	Agreement date	Final Maturity
\$37,500,000	Equipment Loan	February 20, 2008	September 30,2025
\$13,279,659	Energy Savings Loan	May 25, 2010	April 25,2025
\$60,000,000	Line of Credit (Renewed)	July 29, 2016	July 27, 2020
\$19,679,000	Pension Loan	December 22, 2016	September 1, 2021
\$7,500,000	Clean Water State Revolving Loan	November 12, 2014	August 15, 2037
\$1,409,725	Capital Lease	July 27, 2017	October 27, 2021

Subsequent to fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the City of Miami Beach issued the following debt:

- \$162,225,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, General Obligation and Refunding Bonds, Series 2019, (the "Series 2019 Bonds"), (used to improve public safety, neighborhood infrastructure, parks and recreational and cultural in the City, as well as to provide for the refunding of all the outstanding City of Miami Beach, Florida General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003.
 - Official Statement dated April 17, 2019
 - Resolution No. 2019-30754, adopted on March 13, 2019, and Continuing Disclosure Commitment, dated as of May 2, 2019

\$15,000,000 City of Miami Beach Equipment Line of Credit

- Agreement dated December 5, 2018,
- Final Maturity on December 5, 2023

Such information and the operating data are hereinafter collectively entitled the "Fiscal Year 2018 Annual Information."

The information is for the Fiscal Year of the City ended September 30, 2018, and constitutes the annual information, agreed to be provided under the provisions regarding continuing disclosure set forth in the Resolutions adopted at the time of the primary offerings referenced above. No representation is made as to the materiality or completeness of that information. Other relevant information for that period may exist, and matters may have occurred or become known during or since that period, which an investor would consider to be material to the making of an investment decision. Further, no representation is made that such information is indicative of financial or operating results of the City since the end of that Fiscal Year or of future financial or operating results.

Any questions concerning this filing should be directed to John Woodruff, Chief Financial Officer, 1700 Convention Center Drive, Miami Beach, Florida 33139; Telephone (305) 673-7466.

Very Truly Yours,

John Woodruff

Chief Financial Officer

City of Miami Beach and the

Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency

City of Miami Beach, Florida Report of Annual Financial Information For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

The following provides, in accordance with provisions regarding continuing disclosure set forth in (1) Resolution No. 2000-24041, adopted on July 26, 2000 (the "2000 Water and Sewer Bond Resolution"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Continuing Disclosure Commitment dated as of August 15, 2000, (2) Resolution No. 2001-24500, adopted on June 26, 2001 (the "2001 Gulf Breeze Loan Resolution"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Continuing Disclosure Commitment, dated as of August 1, 2001, (3) Resolution No. 2003-25240, adopted on June 11, 2003 (the"2003 G. O. Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Continuing Disclosure Commitment dated as of July 22, 2003,(4) Resolution No. 2006-26153, adopted on March 8, 2006 (the"2006 Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Continuing Disclosure Commitment dated as of April 19, 2006, (5) Resolution No. 2009-27243, adopted on October 14, 2009 (the "2009 Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Continuing Disclosure Commitment dated as of February 17, 2010, (6) Resolution No. 2009-27242, adopted on October 14, 2009 (the "2009 Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Continuing Disclosure Commitment dated as of February 17, 2010, (7) Resolution 2010-27491, adopted on September 20, 2010 (the "Series 2010A Parking Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of November 16, 2010, (8) Resolution 2010-27491, adopted on September 20, 2010 (the "Series 2010B Parking Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of November 16, 2010, (9) Resolution 2011-27782, adopted on October 19, 2011 (the "Series 2011A Stormwater Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of December 7, 2011, (10) Resolution 2011-27782, adopted on October 19, 2011 (the "Series 2011B Stormwater Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of December 7, 2011, (11) Resolution 2011-27783, adopted on October 19, 2011 (the "Series 2011General Obligation Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of December 1, 2011, (12) Resolution 2015-28988, adopted on April 15, 2015 (the "Series 2015 Stormwater Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of August 5, 2015, (13) Resolution 2015-29176, adopted on October 14, 2015 (the "Series 2015 Parking Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of December 15, 2015, and (14) Resolution 2015-29175, adopted on October 14, 2015 (the "Series 2015 Resort Tax Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of December 15, 2015, (15) Resolution 2017-30060, adopted on October 18, 2017 (the "Series 2017 Water and Sewer Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of December 14, 2017, (16) Resolution 2017-30059, adopted on October 18, 2017 (the "Series 2017 Storm water Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of December 22, 2017, (17) Resolution 2019-30754, adopted on March 13, 2019 (the "Series 2019 General Obligation and Refunding Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of May 2, 2019, and SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i), annual financial information and operating data for the City's Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2018 ("Fiscal Year 2018") of the type included in the final official statements for its primary offerings of:

- \$54,310,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2000, (the "2000 Water and Sewer Bonds")
 - (Note: The outstanding balance on the above City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Bonds, Series 2000 were fully refunded by the Series 2017 bonds at September 30, 2018.)
- \$22,500,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, City of Gulf Breeze Fixed Rate Loan, Series 1985E (used to repay a portion of the outstanding principal from the Sunshine State Loan and renovation and improvement of two City owned golf courses and their related facilities), ("2001 Gulf Breeze Loan")
- \$62,465,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003 (used to improve neighborhood infrastructure in the City, consisting of streetscape and traffic calming measures, shoreline stabilization, Fire Safety Projects and Beaches Projects), (the "2003 G.O. Bonds")
- \$18,300,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2006B-2, City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985B, (used to pay the cost of certain improvements to its water and sewer utility), ("2006 Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985B)
 - (Note: The outstanding balance on the above City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2006B-2 were fully refunded by the Series 2017 bonds at September 30, 2018.)
- \$5,700,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2006E, City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985E (used to pay the cost of certain improvements to its water and sewer utility), ("2006 Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985E")
 - (Note: The outstanding balance on the above City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2006E were fully refunded by the Series 2017 bonds at September 30, 2018.)
- \$13,590,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-1A, City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J (used to refund a portion of the City's outstanding Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2000), ("2009 Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J)
- \$10,000,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-1B, City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J (used to refund a portion of the City's outstanding Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2000), ("2009 Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J)
- \$30,000,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-1C, City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J (used for paying the cost of certain improvements to the water and sewer utility), ("2009 Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J)
- \$16,185,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida Stormwater Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-2, City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J (used to refund a portion of the City's outstanding Stormwater Revenue Bonds, Series 2000), ("2009 Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J)

- \$40,000,000 City of Miami Beach, Water and Sewer Bonds, Series 2010 (Local advance to refund the remaining outstanding City of Gulf Breeze Local Government Loan Program Floating Rate Demand Revenue Bonds, Series 1985J (as originally issued, the "1985J" Bonds" and with respect to the refunded portion, the "Refunded 1985J Bonds") in an estimated principal amount of \$40,000,000 on December 1, 2020 (the Crossover Date")
- \$17,155,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Parking Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A, (the "Series 2010A Parking Bonds"), (used to refund the City's outstanding Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 1997)
- \$27,405,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B, (the "Series 2010B Parking Bonds"), (used to pay the costs of acquiring and constructing a new parking garage and other capital improvements to the Parking System)
- \$52,130,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Stormwater Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, (the "Series 2011A Stormwater Bonds"), (used to pay the costs of certain capital improvements to its stormwater utility)
 - (Note: The outstanding balance on the above City of Miami Beach, Florida Stormwater Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A were partially refunded by the Series 2017 bonds at September 30, 2018.)
- \$26,575,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Stormwater Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011B, (the "Series 2011B Stormwater Bonds"), (used to refund, defease and redeem the outstanding Stormwater Revenue Bonds, Series 2000)
 - (Note: The outstanding balance on the above City of Miami Beach, Florida Stormwater Revenue Bonds, Series 2011B were partially refunded by the Series 2017 bonds at September 30, 2018.)
- \$34,840,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 (used to refund the \$15,910,000 City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985B, the \$14,090,000 City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985E, and partially refund the City of Miami Beach, Florida, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003)
- \$99,590,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Stormwater Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, (the "Series 2015 Stormwater Bonds"), (used to pay the costs of certain capital improvements to its stormwater utility)
- \$58,825,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, (the "Series 2015 Parking Bonds"), (used to pay the costs of acquiring and constructing a new parking facility and improvements to a surface lot to service the City's Convention Center)
- \$194,920,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Resort Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, (the "Series 2015 Resort Tax Bonds"), (used to finance a portion of the costs of acquiring and constructing renovations to the Miami Beach Convention Center and related improvements)
- \$115,180,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Water and Sewer Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017, (the "Series 2017 Bonds"), (used to finance the cost of acquiring, constructing and equipping improvements to the Water and Sewer Utility as well as to provide current refunding and defeasance of all outstanding Series 2000, Series 2006B-2, Series 2006E Bonds)

\$156,550,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Stormwater Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017, (the "Series 2017 Bonds"), (used to finance a portion of improving and upgrading the Stormwater Utility as well as to provide for the partial advance refunding and defeasance of Series 2011A, 2011B Bonds)

Other Obligations:

Original Amount	Description	Agreement date	Final Maturity
\$37,500,000	Equipment Loan	February 20, 2008	September 30, 2025
\$13,279,659	Energy Savings Loan	May 25, 2010	April 25, 2025
\$60,000,000	Line of Credit (Renewed)	July 29, 2016	July 27, 2020
\$19,679,000	Pension Loan	December 22, 2016	September 1, 2021
\$7,500,000	Clean Water State Revolving Loan	November 12, 2014	August 15, 2037
\$1,409,725	Capital Lease	July 27, 2017	October 27, 2021

Subsequent to fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the City of Miami Beach issued the following debta

\$162,225,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, General Obligation and Refunding Bonds, Series 2019, (the "Series 2019 Bonds"), (used to improve public safety, neighborhood infrastructure, parks and recreational and cultural in the City, as well as to provide for the refunding of all the outstanding City of Miami Beach, Florida General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003.

\$15,000,000 City of Miami Beach Equipment Line of Credit, Agreement dated December 5, 2018, Final Maturity on December 5, 2023

The above annual financial information and operating date are hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Fiscal Year 2018 Annual Information."

The Fiscal Year 2018 Annual Information constitutes only the annual financial information and operating data agreed to be provided pursuant to the provisions regarding continuing disclosure in the Resolutions adopted at the time of the primary offerings referenced above and the Continuing Disclosure Commitments, dated as of August 15, 2000, August 1, 2001, July 22, 2003, April 19, 2006, February 17, 2010, November 16, 2010, December 7, 2011, December 1, 2011, August 5, 2015, December 15, 2015, December 14, 2017, December 22, 2017, and May 2, 2019. No representation is made as to the materiality or completeness of that information.

Other relevant information for Fiscal Year 2018 may exist, and matters may have occurred or become known during or since that period, which a reasonable investor would consider to be important when making an investment decision. Further, no representation is made that the Fiscal Year 2018 Annual Information is indicative of financial operating results of the City since the end of Fiscal Year 2018 or future financial or operating results.

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA

John Woodruff, Chief Financial Officer 1700 Convention Center Drive, Miami Beach, FL 33139 Telephone: (305) 673-7466

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INTRODUCTION

This Report of Annual Financial Information is being filed with the Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA), a service of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB), pursuant to the provisions regarding continuing disclosure set forth in (1) Resolution No. 2000-24041, adopted on July 26, 2000 (the "2000 Water and Sewer Bond Resolution"), and the Continuing Disclosure Commitment dated as of August 15, 2000, (2) Resolution No. 2001-24500, adopted on June 26, 2001 (the "2001 Gulf Breeze Loan Resolution", by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Continuing Disclosure Commitment, dated as of August 1, 2001, (collectively, the "Disclosure Provisions"), (3) Resolution No. 2003-25240, adopted on June 11, 2003 (the "2003 G.O. Bonds") by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Continuing Disclosure Commitment dated as of July 22, 2003, (4) Resolution No. 2006-26153, adopted on March 8, 2006 (the"2006 Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Continuing Disclosure Commitment dated as of April 19, 2006, (5) Resolution No. 2009-27243, adopted on October 14, 2009 (the "2009 Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Continuing Disclosure Commitment dated as of February 17, 2010, (6) Resolution No. 2009-27242. adopted on October 14, 2009 (the "2009 Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Continuing Disclosure Commitment dated as of February 17, 2010, (7) Resolution 2010-27491, adopted on September 20, 2010 (the "Series 2010A Parking Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of November 16, 2010, (8) Resolution 2010-27491, adopted on September 20, 2010 (the "Series 2010B Parking Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of November 16, 2010, (9) Resolution 2011-27782, adopted on October 19, 2011 (the "Series 2011A Stormwater Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of December 7, 2011, (10) Resolution 2011-27782, adopted on October 19, 2011 (the "Series 2011B Stormwater Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of December 7, 2011, (11) Resolution 2011-27783, adopted on October 19, 2011 (the "Series 2011General Obligation Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of December 1, 2011 (12) Resolution 2015-28988, adopted on April 15, 2015 (the "Series 2015 Stormwater Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of August 5, 2015, (13) Resolution 2015-29176, adopted on April 15, 2015 (the "Series 2015 Parking Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of December 15, 2015, (14) Resolution 2015-29175, adopted on October 14, 2015 (the "Series 2015 Resort Tax Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of December 15, 2015, (15) Resolution 2017-30060, adopted on October 18, 2017 (the "Series 2017 Water and Sewer Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of December 14, 2017, (16) Resolution 2017-30059, adopted on October 18, 2017 (the "Series 2017 Storm water Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of December 22, 2017, (17) Resolution 2019-30754, adopted on March 13, 2019 (the "Series 2019 General Obligation and Refunding Bonds"), by the Mayor and City Commission, and the Disclosure Dissemination Agent Agreement (Continuing Disclosure Commitment) dated as of May 2, 2019, in connection with the issuance of:

\$54,310,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2000 (the "2000 Water and Sewer Bonds");

(Note: The outstanding balance on the above City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Bonds, Series 2000 were fully refunded by the Series 2017 bonds at September 30, 2018.)

- \$22,500,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, City of Gulf Breeze Fixed Rate Loan, Series 1985E (used to repay a portion of the outstanding principal from the Sunshine State Loan and renovation and improvement of two City owned golf courses and their related facilities), (the "2001 Gulf Breeze Loan");
- \$62,465,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003 (used to improve neighborhood infrastructure in the City, consisting of streetscape and traffic calming measures, shoreline stabilization, Fire Safety Projects and Beaches Projects, (the "2003 G.O. Bonds");
 - (Note: The outstanding balance on the above City of Miami Beach, Florida General Obligation Bond, Series 2003 were refunded by the Series 2019 bonds on May 2, 2019.)
- \$18,300,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2006B-2, City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985B, (used to pay the cost of certain improvements to its water and sewer utility), ("2006 Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985B);
 - (Note: The outstanding balance on the above City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2006B-2 were fully refunded by the Series 2017 bonds at September 30, 2018.)
- \$5,700,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2006E, City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985E (used to pay the cost of certain improvements to its water and sewer utility), ("2006 Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985E");
 - (Note: The outstanding balance on the above City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2006E were fully refunded by the Series 2017 bonds at September 30, 2018.)
- \$13,590,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-1A, City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J (used to refund a portion of the City's outstanding Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2000), ("2009 Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J);
- \$10,000,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-1B, City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J (used to refund a portion of the City's outstanding Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2000), ("2009 Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J);
- \$30,000,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-1C, City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J (used for paying the cost of certain improvements to the water and sewer utility), ("2009 Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J);
- \$16,185,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida Stormwater Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2009J-2, City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J (used to refund a portion of the City's outstanding Stormwater Bonds, Series 2000), ("2009 Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985J);
- \$40,000,000 City of Miami Beach, Water and Sewer Bonds, Series 2010 (Local advance to refund the remaining outstanding City of Gulf Breeze Local Government Loan Program Floating Rate Demand Revenue Bonds, Series 1985J (as originally issued, the "1985J" Bonds" and with respect to the refunded portion, the "Refunded 1985J Bonds") in an estimated principal amount of \$40,000,000 on December 1, 2020 (the Crossover Date")

- \$17,155,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Parking Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A (the "Series 2010A Parking Bonds"), (used to refund the City's outstanding Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 1997);
- \$27,405,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B (the "Series 2010B Parking Bonds"), (used to pay the costs of acquiring and constructing a new parking garage and other capital improvements to the Parking System);
- \$52,130,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Stormwater Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, (the "Series 2011A Stormwater Bonds"), (used to pay the costs of certain capital improvements to its stormwater utility);
 - (Note: The outstanding balance on the above City of Miami Beach, Florida Stormwater Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A were partially refunded by the Series 2017 bonds at September 30, 2018.)
- \$26,575,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Stormwater Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011B, (the "Series 2011B Stormwater Bonds"), (used to refund, defease and redeem the outstanding Stormwater Revenue Bonds, Series 2000);
 - (Note: The outstanding balance on the above City of Miami Beach, Florida Stormwater Revenue Bonds, Series 2011B were partially refunded by the Series 2017 bonds at September 30, 2018.)
- \$34,840,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 (used to refund the \$15,910,000 City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985B, the \$14,090,000 City of Gulf Breeze Loan, Series 1985E, and partially refund the City of Miami Beach, Florida, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003);
- \$99,590,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Stormwater Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, (the "Series 2015 Stormwater Bonds"), (used to pay the costs of certain capital improvements to its stormwater utility);
- \$58,825,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Parking Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, (the "Series 2015 Parking Bonds"), (used to pay the costs of acquiring and constructing a new parking facility and improvements to a surface lot to service the City's Convention Center); and,
- \$194,920,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Resort Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, (the "Series 2015 Resort Tax Bonds"), (used to finance a portion of the costs of acquiring and constructing renovations to the Miami Beach Convention Center and related improvements).
- \$115,180,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Water and Sewer Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017, (the "Series 2017 Bonds"), (used to finance the cost of acquiring, constructing and equipping improvements to the Water and Sewer Utility as well as to provide current refunding and defeasance of all outstanding Series 2000, Series 2006B-2, Series 2006E Bonds); and,
- \$156,550,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, Stormwater Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017, (the "Series 2017 Bonds"), (used to finance a portion of improving and upgrading the Stormwater Utility as well as to provide for the partial advance refunding and defeasance of Series 2011A, 2011B Bonds).

Other Obligations:

Original Amount	Description	Agreement date	Final Maturity
\$37,500,000	Equipment Loan	February 20, 2008	September 30, 2025
\$13,279,659	Energy Savings Loan	May 25, 2010	April 25, 2025
\$60,000,000	Line of Credit (Renewed)	July 29, 2016	July 27, 2020
\$19,679,000	Pension Loan	December 22, 2016	September 1, 2021
\$7,500,000	Clean Water State Revolving Loan	November 12, 2014	August 15, 2037
\$1,409,725	Capital Lease	July 27, 2017	October 27, 2021

Subsequent to fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the City of Miami Beach issued the following debt:

\$162,225,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida, General Obligation and Refunding Bonds, Series 2019, (the "Series 2019 Bonds"), (used to improve public safety, neighborhood infrastructure, parks and recreational and cultural in the City, as well as to provide for the refunding of all the outstanding City of Miami Beach, Florida General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003.

\$15,000,000 City of Miami Beach Equipment Line of Credit, Agreement dated December 5, 2018, Final Maturity on December 5, 2023

The Disclosure Provisions were executed and delivered for the benefit of the holders, owners and beneficial owners of each series of Bonds and in order to assist the underwriters of each series of Bonds in complying with the terms and provisions of Rule 15c2-12 adopted by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (17 C.F.R. 240.115c2-12).

In connection with the issuance of each series of Bonds, the City delivered Official Statements dated August 31, 2000 (as to the 2000 Water and Sewer Bonds), August 1, 2001 (as to the 2001 Gulf Breeze Loan), July 22, 2003 (as to the 2003 G.O. Bonds), April 19, 2006 (as to the Series 2006 Bonds), February 17, 2010 (as to the Series 2009 Bonds), October 29, 2010 (as to the Series 2010A & 2010B Parking Bonds), November 17, 2011 (as to the Series 2011A & 2011B Stormwater Bonds), November 16, 2011 (as to the Series 2011 General Obligation Bonds), July 24, 2015 (as to the Series 2015 Stormwater Bonds), November 20, 2015 (as to the Series 2015 Parking Bonds), November 18, 2015 (as to the Series 2015 Resort Tax Bonds), October 18, 2017 (as to the Series 2017 Water and Sewer Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds), December 13, 2017 (as to the Series 2017 Storm water Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds), and April 17, 2019 (as to the Series 2019 General Obligation Bond and Refunding bonds).

Capitalized terms used herein shall have the meanings set forth in the respective official Statements.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

The General Obligation Bonds outstanding at September 30, 2018 consist of the following:

(Note: The above \$ 62,465,000 City of Miami Beach, Florida General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003 were refunded by the Series 2019 bonds on May 2, 2019.)

\$ 34,840,000 General Obligation Series 2011 Bonds due in annual installments through 2023: interest at 3.00% - 5.00% \$14,455,000

City of Miami Beach, Florida Property Tax Levies and Collections Fiscal Years 2009 through 2018

			Collected Fiscal yea					Collections		Total Collectio	ns to Date
Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy (A)	Ī	Amount		Percentage of Levy		ir	Subsequen Years	t	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2009 \$	150,588,328	\$	144,321,499	(A)	95.84	%	\$	4,748,981	\$	149,070,480	98.99 %
2010	138,703,567		131,355,903		94.70			4,029,310		135,385,213	97.61
2011	136,549,286		128,719,932		94.27			1,750,558		130,470,490	95.55
2012	134,753,401		129,572,373		96.16			3,400,840		132,973,213	98.68
2013	139,133,369		130,317,166		93.66			2,318,192		132,635,358	95.33
2014	143,266,670		139,729,175		97.53			2,906,543		142,635,718	99.56
2015	155,102,311		151,761,695		97.85			3,801,215		155,562,910	100.30
2016	172,420,383		168,150,832		97.52			3,991,663		172,142,495	99.84
2017	194,111,744		187,054,786		96.36			5,851,577		187,054,786	96.36
2018	209,212,631		203,265,792		97.16			(B)		203,265,792	97.16

Source: Millage and taxable value table, the City of Miami Beach adopted budget book, Miami-Dade County real estate delinquent tax system and the City of Miami Beach Finance Department.

Note: Assessments as of January 1 of the year listed; bills mailed in October of that year; taxes become delinquent at the end of April of the subsequent year.

- (A) For the City of Miami Beach, the period for which levied coincides with the fiscal year.
- (B) Data not available at this time

The table below shows Ad valorem tax rates and Ad valorem tax levies for general government operations and debt service.

City of Miami Beach, Florida Statement of Tax Levies and Tax Rates Fiscal Years 2009 through 2018

Fiscal Year Ended		General F	und		Debt Servic	e Fund		Total	
September 30,	. 7	Tax Levy	Millage	6	Tax Levy	Millage	6	Tax Levy	Millage
2009	\$	144,531,572	5.6555 \$	5	6,056,756	0.237	\$	150,588,328	5,8925
2010		132,674,507	5,6555		6,029,060	0.257		138,703,567	5.9125
2011		130,522,428	6.2155		6,026,858	0.2870		136,549,286	6.5025
2012		128,731,789	6,1655		6,021,612	0.2884		134,753,401	6.4539
2013		133,504,645	6.0909		5,628,724	0.2568		139,133,369	6.3477
2014		137,342,804	5.8634		5,923,866	0.2529		143,266,670	6.1163
2015		149,192,989	5.7942		5,909,322	0.2295		155,102,311	6,0237
2016		166,497,378	5.7092		5,923,005	0.2031		172,420,383	5.9123
2017		188,191,613	5.7092		5,920,131	0.1796		194,111,744	5.8888
2018		203,300,903	5.7224		5,911,728	0.1664		209,212,631	5.8888

Source: City of Miami Beach Comprehensive Annual Financial Report September 30,2018

City of Miami Beach Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt September 30, 2018

DIRECT DEBT			
General Obligation Indebtedness			
Public Improvement Bonds	\$42,535,000		
Public Improvement Premium	699,230		
Total General Obligation Indebtedness		\$	43,234,230
Non-self-supporting Indebtedness: (a)			
Gulf Breeze Government Loan Program	\$ 3,	340,000	
Pension Loan	10	,405,000	
Tax Increment Revenue Bonds	334	,478,885	
Resort Tax	204	,411,235	
Energy Savings Obligation	g	,152,803	
Equipment Loan	1.3	3,105,103	
Capital Lease Obligation	6	6,689,811	
Total Non-Self Supporting Indebtness	1	1,144,491 \$	572,727,328
Total Direct Indebtedness			615,961,558
OVERLAPPING DEBT (b)			
Miami-Dade County			
Total General Obligation Indebtedness	1,828	3,451,011	
Percent Applicable to City (c)	1	13.7271%	250,993,299
Total School District Obligation Indebtedness		920,008	
Percent Applicable to City (c)	.1	13.7271%	123,953,105
Total Net Non-self-supporting Indebtedness	281	1,442,049	
Percent Applicable to City (c)	1	13.7271% \$	313,175,832
Total Overlapping Debt			688,122,236
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT		\$	1,304,083,794

⁽a) Excludes self-supporting debt obligations.

⁽b) All debt listed as Overlapping Debt is secured either solely from a tax source or from a combination of self-supporting revenues and a tax source

⁽c) Based upon 2017 assessed valuation figures for the City and Miami-Dade County.

OTHER OBLIGATIONS PAYABLE FROM NON-AD VALOREM FUNDS

As of September 30, 2018, the City had outstanding the following long-term debt issues which are secured by a covenant to budget and appropriate in from Non-Ad Valorem Funds.

C	Total outstanding Principal	Maximum Annual bt Service	Issue Description	Agreement Date	Final Maturity
\$	3,340,000	\$ 1,200,500	1985E Gulf Breeze Fixed Rate, Series C	August 1, 2001	December 1, 2020
	10,405,000	4,798,844	Pension Loan	December 22, 2016	September 1, 2021
	3,105,103	1,744,187	Equipment Loan	February 20, 2008	September 30, 2025
	9,152,803	1,738,879	Energy Saving Loan	May 25, 2010	April 25, 2025
	6,689,811	458,002	Clean Water State Revolving Loan	November 12, 2014	August 15, 2037
	1,144,491	308,307	Capital Lease	July 27, 2017	October 27, 2021
	-	- 4	Line of Credit (1) Renewed	July 29, 2016	July 27, 2020

Source: City of Miami Beach Finance Department

Subsequent to fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the City of Miami Beach issued the following non-ad valorem debt:

15,000,000 City of Miami Beach Equipment Line of Credit, Agreement dated December 5, 2018, Final Maturity on December 5, 2023

⁽¹⁾ As of September 30, 2018, no draws have been made on this Line of Credit.

PARKING BONDS

Parking Revenue Fund indebtedness at September 30, 2018, is comprised of the following issued indebtedness:

\$ 17,155,000 Series 2010A Parking Revenue Refunding Bonds due in annual installments through 2022: interest at 3.00% - 5.00% \$5,815,000

\$ 27,405,000 Series 2010B Parking Revenue Bonds due in annual installments through 2040: interest at 4.00% - 5.00% \$27,405,000

\$ 58,825,000 Series 2015 Parking Revenue Bonds due in annual installments through 2045: interest at 3.00% - 5.00% \$58,670,000

Parking Enterprise Fund operating indicators are noted below:

September 30, 2018
<u>10</u>
5,048
4,629
6,089
15,766

Summary of City Parking Inventory in South Beach

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Off-St	treet	
Description	On-Street	City Garage	City Lot	Total
Alton Road	381	500	243	1,124
Convention Center & Sunset Harbour	898	3,100	916	4,914
Flamingo Park/Residential	335	780	358	1,473
Ocean Drive	880	1,089	108	2,077
South Pointe	703	B	400	1,103
Totals:	3,197	5,469	2,025	10,691
By Percentage:	29.9%	51.2%	18.9%	

Summary of City Parking Inventory in Middle Beach

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Off-S	reet	
Description	On-Street	City Garage	City Lot	Total
Middle Beach	583		881	1,464
41st Street Corridor	412	620	495	1,527
Totals;	995	620	1,376	2,991
By Percentage:	33.3%	20,7%	46.0%	

Summary of City Parking Inventory in North Beach

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Off-S	reet	
Description	On-Street	City Garage	City Lot	Total
Atlantic Heights	120	0	146	266
Town Center	120	0	537	657
North Shore	495	0	470	965
Biscayne Beach	0	0	0	0
Normandy Shores	0	0	0	0
Normandy Isle	121	0	75	196
Totals:	856	0	1228	1818
By Percentage:	47%	0%	68%	

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

Category of Parking	Rates Prior	Rates Effective
Parking Meter Hourly Rates		
South Beach On-Street Meters	\$4.00 per hour	\$4.00 per hour
South Beach Off-Street Meters	\$2,00 per hour	\$2.00 per hour
East Middle Beach - Collins		
Avenue / Indian Creek		
(23rd - 44th Streets) - On-Street	\$2.00 man have	\$3.00 per hour
Meters East Middle Beach - Collins	\$3.00 per hour	\$5.00 per flour
Avenue / Indian Creek		
(23rd - 44th Streets) - Off-Street		
Meters	\$2.00 per hour	\$2.00 per hour
West Middle Beach - 23rd -63rd		
Streets (Excluding East Middle	East Target	
Corridor) - On-Street Meters	\$1.00 per hour	\$1.00 per hour
West Middle Beach - 23rd -63rd		
Streets (Excluding East Middle Corridor) - Off-Street Meters	\$1.00 per hour	\$1.00 per hour
North Beach On-Street Meters	\$1.00 per hour	\$1.00 per hour
North Beach Off-Street Meters	\$1,00 per hour	\$1.00 per hour
. 101111 2711711 231 231 231 231 231		
Parking Meter Hours of Operation		
South Beach On/Off-Street Meters	9am-3am/ 7 days per week	9am-3am/ 7 days per week
East Middle - Collins Avenue /		
Indian Creek		
(23rd - 44th Streets) - On/Off-		0 0 /71
Street Meters	9am-3am/7 days per week	9am-3am/ 7 days per week
West Middle Beach - 23rd -63rd Streets (Excluding East Middle		
Corridor) - On/Off-Street Meters	8am-6pm/ 7 days per week	8am-6pm/ 7 days per week
North Beach	8am-6pm/ 7 days per week	8am-6pm/ 7 days per week
Municipal Parking Garages		
Each of first 4 hours	\$1.00 per hour	\$2.00 per hour
Monthly Rate	\$100.00 monthly	\$100.00 monthly
V. X. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.		
Parking Spaces Daily Rentals		
Valet Parking	\$31.50 per space/per day	\$31,50 per space/per day
Construction	\$25.00 per space/per day	\$25.00 per space/per day
Special Event:	\$25.00 per space/per day	\$25.00 per space/per day
Residential Daily Visitor Parking	\$3.00 per day	\$3.00 per day

Parking Rates

On-Street Meters: The rates at on-street meters are \$1.00 per hour in the West Middle and North Beach Parking Zones; \$3.00 per hour in the East Middle Beach Parking Zone and \$\$4.00 per hour in the South Beach Parking Zone. Similarly, time limits at the meters range from one hour to twelve hours, depending on rate and location. In general, the short-term meters are located to serve customers of nearby businesses and promote turnover of the parking spaces. The longer-term meters serve employees and visitors to some beach areas.

Parking Lots: The rates at metered parking lots are \$2.00 per hour in the East Middle and South Beach Parking Zones and \$1.00 per hour in the West Middle and North Beach Parking Zones. Generally, when surface parking lots are used for special events, a flat rate of \$20.00 per vehicle is charged upon entry. Parking lots have both transient revenues, and monthly permit parking revenues. Monthly parking revenues are at the rate of \$70.00 per month plus tax for all municipal parking lots.

Garages: The 7th Street, 12th Street, 13th Street Municipal Parking Garages charge for parking at the rate of \$1.00 per hour. A maximum rate of \$20.00 per 24-hour maximum is charged. Monthly parking revenues are at the rate of \$100.00 per month plus tax for all garages except the 42nd Street Garage which is at the rate of \$70.00 per month plus tax. Storage in municipal parking garages is prohibited. The 42nd Street Garage charges \$1.00 per hour up to twenty-four hours with a maximum of \$8.00 for the entire day. The 17th Street Garage and the City Hall Garage charge \$1.00 per hour up to six hours, six hours to seven hours charge is \$8.00, seven to eight hours charge is \$10.00, eight to fifteen hours charge is \$15.00, and fifteen hours to twenty-four hours charge is \$20.00. The 16th Street Garage charges \$1.00 per hour up to two hours, two hours to three hours charge is \$6.00, three to six hours charge is \$10.00, and six to twenty-four hours charge is \$16.00. Monthly parking revenues are at the rate of \$107.00 per month tax included.

Table of Historical Parking System Net Revenues, Debt Service, and Debt Service Coverage City of Miami Beach, Florida

Fiscal Years Ending September 30, 2009 Through September 30, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Revenues	\$ 31,205	\$ 32,943	\$ 38,142	\$ 40,254	\$ 41,609	\$ 40,423	\$ 42,741		\$ 47,420	\$ 48,575
Current Expenses	18,954	19,279	19,438	20,365	22,100	25,631	28,094	31,863	32,519	34,314
Net Revenues (Available for Debt Service	12,251	13,664	18,704	19,889	19,509	14,792	14,647	20,401	14,901	14,261
Debt Service	2,967	2,968	3,790	4,031	4,023	4,027	3,240	6,113	6,253	6,249
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	4.13	4.60	4.94	4.93	4.85	3.67	4.52	3.34	2.38	2.28

Source: City of Miami Beach Finance Department

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City of Miami Beach, Florida Parking Debt Service Requirements

	Parking Revenue Bonds	nue Bonds	Parking Revenue Bonds	nue Bonds			Total	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	1	Interest	Total P&I
2019 \$	1,660,000	\$ 1,585,512	\$ 80,000	\$ 2,927,400	\$ 1,740,000	\$ 00	4,512,912 \$	6,252,912
2020	1,725,000	1,519,113	80,000	2,925,000	1,805,000	00	4,444,113	6,249,113
	1,810,000	1,432,862	85,000	2,921,800	1,895,000	00	4,354,662	6,249,662
	1,790,000	1,342,363	200,000	2,919,250	1,990,000	00	4,261,613	6,251,613
2023	000'096	1,270,762	1,110,000	2,911,250	2,070,000	00	4,182,012	6,252,012
2024	1,000,000	1,231,163	1,165,000	2,855,750	2,165,000	00	4,086,913	6,251,913
2025	1,045,000	1,188,662	1,220,000	2,797,500	2,265,000	00	3,986,162	6,251,162
2026	1,095,000	1,139,019	1,280,000	2,736,500	2,375,000	00	3,875,519	6,250,519
	1,145,000	1,088,375	1,345,000	2,672,500	2,490,000	00	3,760,875	6,250,875
2028	1,195,000	1,035,419	1,415,000	2,605,250	2,610,000	00	3,640,669	6,250,669
2029	1,250,000	980,150	1,485,000	2,534,500	2,735,000	00	3,514,650	6,249,650
2030	1,310,000	922,337	1,560,000	2,460,250	2,870,000	00	3,382,587	6,252,587
	1,370,000	861,750	1,635,000	2,382,250	3,005,000	00	3,244,000	6,249,000
2032	1,440,000	793,250	1,715,000	2,300,500	3,155,000	00	3,093,750	6,248,750
2033	1,510,000	721,250	1,805,000	2,214,750	3,315,000	00	2,936,000	6,251,000
2034	1,585,000	645,750	1,895,000	2,124,500	3,480,000	00	2,770,250	6,250,250
2035	1,665,000	566,500	1,990,000	2,029,750	3,655,000	00	2,596,250	6,251,250
2036	1,750,000	483,250	2,090,000	1,930,250	3,840,000	00	2,413,500	6,253,500
2037	1,835,000	395,750	2,195,000	1,825,750	4,030,000	00	2,221,500	6,251,500
2038	1,930,000	304,000	2,300,000	1,716,000	4,230,000	00	2,020,000	6,250,000
2039	2,025,000	207,500	2,415,000	1,601,000	4,440,000	00	1,808,500	6,248,500
2040	2,125,000	106,250	2,540,000	1,480,250	4,665,000	00	1,586,500	6,251,500
2041	-	1	4,900,000	1,353,250	4,900,000	00	1,353,250	6,253,250
2042		τ	5,140,000	1,108,250	5,140,000	00	1,108,250	6,248,250
2043	,	r	5,400,000	851,250	5,400,000	00	851,250	6,251,250
2044	1	T	5,670,000	581,250	5,670,000	00	581,250	6,251,250
2045		T	5,955,000	297,750	5,955,000	00	297,750	6,252,750
e	000 000 88	40 000 000	\$ 58 670 000	\$ 67 063 700	(c)	9	A 700 K00 97	168 777 687

(c) Series 2010 A&B and 2015 Bonds outstanding debt as of September 30, 2018

Incurrence of Additional Parking System Debt

There was no additional parking debt issued during Fiscal Year 2018.

Expansion of Parking System

There was no expansion of the parking system during Fiscal Year 2018.

Reduction of Parking System

There were no reductions in parking spaces during Fiscal Year 2018.

Change in Senior Management of the Parking System

From fiscal years 2009 through April 2013, there were no changes in the Senior Management of the System. The Parking System's Director, Saul Frances, has been Director of the System since October 2000. In April 2013, the City of Miami Beach hired a new City Manager, Jimmy Morales, Esq. Mr. Morales is responsible for overseeing all of the City's departments including the Parking System. In February 2017, the City of Miami Beach hired John Woodruff as the new Chief Financial Officer. Among other responsibilities, Woodruff is part of the management team, along with the City Manager and Parking Director, who are responsible for the operation of the Parking System. Below are the biographies of Mr. Morales, Mr. Frances and Mr. Woodruff.

Mr. Morales was appointed City Manager for the City of Miami Beach in April 2013. Prior to his appointment, Mr. Morales was a Shareholder and Member of Board of Directors for Stearns Weaver Miller Weissler Alhadeff & Sitterson, P.A. from 2000-2013. He served as City Attorney for the City of Doral, Florida from 2009-2013, and City Attorney for the City of Marathon, Florida from 2005 to 2009. He was a Member of the Board of County Commissioners, Miami-Dade County, Florida from 1996-2004. He has received the following awards and certifications: Greater Miami Chamber of Commerce Bill Colson Leadership Award for Outstanding Leadership and Superior Ability, 2000; SAVE Dade Champion of Equality, 2006; Miami Beach High School Hall of Fame, 2004; Top Lawyers in South Florida, South Florida Legal Guide, 2008-2009, 2011; Florida Super Lawyers, 2006-2010. Education: A.B., Magna Cum Laude, Harvard University; J.D., Magna Cum Laude, Harvard Law School.

The current Parking Director is Saul Frances. He has been the Parking Director for the City of Miami Beach since October 2000. Prior to Parking Director for the City of Miami Beach, Mr. Frances served as Assistant Parking Director for the City from December 1993 to October 2000 and Director of Planning and Development for the Miami Parking System from April 1987 to December 1993. Mr. Frances received his Bachelor of Science in Business Administration from Florida International University. He was awarded the certification of Certified Administrator of Public Parking from the International Parking Institute, and he is a Certified Parking Enforcement Specialist in the State of Florida.

John Woodruff was appointed Chief Financial Officer (CFO) for the City of Miami Beach in February 2017. Prior to becoming CFO, he served as Budget Director for the City of San Antonio, Texas for one year. John had previously served as the Director of the City of Miami Beach's Office of Budget & Performance Improvement, which included the City's Internal Audit function, from 2013 to 2016. He also served as Interim CFO for four months in 2015 and 2016. In addition, John served as Budget Director in Pinellas County for five years. John has an MBA in International Business and is a member of the International City/County Management Association.

THE WATER AND SEWER UTILITY

Water and Sewer Fund indebtedness at September 30, 2018, is comprised of the following issued indebtedness:

- \$ 13,590,000 Series 2009J-1A Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds Gulf Breeze Loan Series 1985E due in annual installments through 2020; interest at 4.10% - 4.50% \$8,490,000
- \$ 10,000,000 Series 2009B Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds
 Gulf Breeze Loan Series 1985J due in annual installments
 through 2023: interest at 4.82% 5.00% \$10,000,000
- \$ 30,000,000 Series 2009J-1C Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds
 Gulf Breeze Loan Series 1985J due in annual installments
 through 2039: interest at 5.00%
 \$30,000,000
- \$115,180,000 Series 2017 Water \$ Sewer Revenue and Refunding Bonds
 Due in semi-annual installments through 2047:
 Interest at 3.00 5.00% \$114,550,000

Existing Arrangements with the County

The County and the City of Miami Beach executed a new 20-year water service agreement on July 29, 2008. The County charges a uniform rate to all its large volume users. For fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the current rate was \$1.8341 per thousand gallons. In addition, the County and the City executed a new 20-year wastewater service agreement on December 17, 2014. The wastewater charges levied by County on Miami Beach are different for the dry season and the wet season. For fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the current dry season charge was \$2.7070 per thousand gallons and the current wet season charge was \$3.4804 per thousand gallons.

General Water and Sewer Supply Agreement

There were no changes to the information disclosed in the Continuing Disclosure Agreements contained in the Series 2017 Bond Official Statement dated November 30, 2017.

General Water and Sewer cost of Water Purchased

There were no changes to the information disclosed in the Continuing Disclosure Agreements contained in the Series 2017 Bond Official Statement dated November 30, 2017.

Sanitary Sewer Service Agreement

There were no changes to the information disclosed in the Continuing Disclosure Agreements contained in the Series 2017 Bond Official Statement dated November 30, 2017.

Cost of Sanitary Sewer Service Purchased

There were no changes to the information disclosed in the Continuing Disclosure Agreements contained in the Series 2017 Bond Official Statement November 30, 2017.

Rates, Fees and Charges

Water System - Water Use

Summary	September 30,2018
Average Annual Accounts Served	13,621
Average Annual ERUs Served	40,659
Total Finished Water Purchased	
Total Gallons (000s)	8,419,472
MGD Annual Average Daily Flow	23,067
Total Finished Water Sold to Retail Customers	
Total Gallons (000s)	6,763,787
MGD Annual Average Daily Flow	18,531
Non Revenue Water Percentage (% of Purchase)	19.66%

Source: Finance and Public Works Department and 2018 Stormwater utility report

Water- Main Piping

Diameter	Length (miles) (less than forty years)	Length (miles) (forty years or older)	Total Length (miles)
2 4 inches	2.91	15.17	18.08
6 8 inches	23.43	72.31	95.74
10 12 inches	7.59	17.66	25.25
14 24 inches	8.24	24.20	32.44
26 36 inches	0.16	2.89	3.05
Above 36 inches	0.08	2.63	2.71
Total	42.41	134.86	177.27

Source: Engineering Report dated September 29, 2017

Sewer System - Wastewater Disposal

Summary	September 30, 2018
Average Annual Retail Accounts Served	10,273
Average Annual ERUs Served	34,478
Total Wastewater Treatment by Contract (Satellite Cities)	
Total Gallons Purchased (000s)	8,082,041
MGD Annual Average Daily Flow	22,143
Fotal Wastewater Flow Billed to Customers	
Fotal Callons Billed Retail Customers (000s)	
Amount of Callons Billed	5,258,875
MGD Annual Average Daily Flow	14,408
Fotal Gallons Billed Wholesale Customers (000s)	
Amount of Gallons Billed	825,083
MGD Annual Average Daily Flow	2,261
Fotal Wastewater Billed to both Retail and Wholesale Customers (000s)	
Total Gallons Billed (000s)	6,083,958
MGD Annual Average Daily Flow	16,668

Source: Finance and Public Works Department and 2018 Stormwater utility report

City of Miami Beach, Florida Table of Historical Water and Sewer Utility Net Revenues, Debt Service, and Debt Service Coverage Fiscal Years Ending September 2009 through September 30, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

9 \$ 33,424 1 36,208 0 \$ 69,632	35,243	\$ 33,623 35,000 \$ 68,623	\$ 32,819 35,565 \$ 68,384	\$ 33,306 36,094 \$ 69,400	\$ 34,246 41,873 \$ 76,119	\$ 35,429 45,435 \$ 80,864	\$ 34,257 50,483 \$ 84,740	\$ 35,523 51,689
1 36,208	35,243	35,000	35,565	36,094	41,873	45,435	50,483	51,689
				-				
0 \$ 69,632	\$ 69,087	\$ 68,623	\$ 68,384	\$ 69,400	\$ 76,119	\$ 80,864	\$ 94 74A	E 07 040
							\$ 04,740	\$ 87,212
2 \$ 21,999	\$ 23,770	\$ 22,917	\$ 23,874	\$ 23,636	\$ 24,087	\$ 25,136	\$ 27,664	\$ 24,523
1 23,832	24,740	23,853	25,864	25,606	29,440	31,988	35,206	35,296
3 \$ 45,831	\$ 48,510	\$ 46,770	\$ 49,738	\$ 49,242	\$ 53,527	\$ 57,124	\$ 62,870	\$ 59,819
7 \$ 23,801	\$ 20,577	\$ 21,853	\$ 18,646	\$ 20,158	\$ 22,592	\$ 23,740	\$ 21,870	\$ 27,393
7 \$ 8,812	\$ 9,892	\$ 9,901	\$ 9,918	\$ 8,661	\$ 10,235	\$ 8,882	\$ 11,304	\$ 13,862
4 270	2.08	2.21	1.88	2 33	2.21	2.67	1.93	1.98
	7 \$ 23,801 7 \$ 8,812	7 \$ 23,801 \$ 20,577 7 \$ 8,812 \$ 9,892	7 \$ 23,801 \$ 20,577 \$ 21,853 7 \$ 8,812 \$ 9,892 \$ 9,901	7 \$ 23,801 \$ 20,577 \$ 21,853 \$ 18,646 7 \$ 8,812 \$ 9,892 \$ 9,901 \$ 9,918	7 \$ 23,801 \$ 20,577 \$ 21,853 \$ 18,646 \$ 20,158 7 \$ 8,812 \$ 9,892 \$ 9,901 \$ 9,918 \$ 8,661	7 \$ 23,801 \$ 20,577 \$ 21,853 \$ 18,646 \$ 20,158 \$ 22,592 7 \$ 8,812 \$ 9,892 \$ 9,901 \$ 9,918 \$ 8,661 \$ 10,235	7 \$ 23,801 \$ 20,577 \$ 21,853 \$ 18,646 \$ 20,158 \$ 22,592 \$ 23,740 7 \$ 8,812 \$ 9,892 \$ 9,901 \$ 9,918 \$ 8,661 \$ 10,235 \$ 8,882	7 \$ 23,801 \$ 20,577 \$ 21,853 \$ 18,646 \$ 20,158 \$ 22,592 \$ 23,740 \$ 21,870 7 \$ 8,812 \$ 9,892 \$ 9,901 \$ 9,918 \$ 8,661 \$ 10,235 \$ 8,882 \$ 11,304

The minimum coverage per the bond resolution is 110%

Source: City of Miami Beach Finance & Budget Department

OTABLE WATER - DOMESTIC	Effective October 1,2017	POTABLE WATER - DOMESTIC	Effective October 1,2017
Individual-Meted			
Residential Rates		Nonresidential Service Rates:	
Base Facility Charge		Base Facility Charge	
Size of Mo		Size of Meter	
3/4"	\$8.04	3/4"	\$8.04
1"	8.39	1"	17.35
1.5"	9.21	1.5"	33,10
2"	10.03	2"	51.84
3"	10,53	3"	100.12
4"	12.13	4"	155.48
		6"	311.48
Consumption Charge per 1,000 Gallons		8"	491.89
0 to 8,000 Gallons	\$0.93	10*	706,09
8,001 to 16,000 Gallons	2.55	12"	1,305,27
16,001 to 24,000 Gallons	3.79		
Over 24,000 Gallons	5.18	Consumption Charge per 1,000 Gallons	[1]
E 101 Z 11000 Callain		Block 1	\$1.62
Pass-Through Rate			
per 1,000 Gallons		Block 2	2.78
All Usage per 1,000 Gallons	\$2.04	Block 3	3.70
Master-Metered Multifamily Residentia	Service Rates:	Purchased Water Pass-	
Alaster Weteren Waltimanny Residence	a portrace remedi	All Usage per 1,000 Gallons	\$2.04
Base Facility Charge			
Size of Mo		POTABLE WATER - IRRIGATION	
3/4"	\$8.04		
1"	17.35	Individually-Metered Residential Rates:	
1.5"	33.10	7	
2"	51.84	Base Facility Charge	
3"	100.12	Size of Meter	
4"	155,48	3/4"	\$8.04
6"	311.48	T"	8.39
8"	491.89	1.5"	9.21
10"	706.09	2"	10.03
12"	1,305.27	3"	10.53
12	1,305.21	4"	12.13
1. T. A. P.		0.000	
Water Consumption Charge per 1,000		Consumption Charge per 1,000 Gallons	
Charge per 1,000			
Block 1	\$1.62	0 to 16,000 Gallons	\$2.54
Block 2	2.78	Over 16,000 Gallons	5,18
Block 3	3.70		
		Purchased Water Pass-	
		All Usage per 1,000 Gallons	\$2.03
Purchased Water			
Pass-Through Rate			
per 1,000 Gallons			
All Usage per 1,000 Gallons	\$2.03		

Master-Metered Multifamily Residential Irrigation Service:	October 1,2017	FIRE SPRINKLER SYSTEM	October 1,201
Base Facility Charge	Rate	Base Facility Charge	Rate
Size of Meter		Size of Meter	
3/4"	\$8.04	2"	\$9.6
1"	17.35	3"	17.6
1.5"	33.10	4"	26.7
2"	51.84	6"	51.93
3"	100.12	8"	82.1
4"	155.48	10"	117.4
6"	311.48		
8"	491.89	Tapping fee, per size of tap in inches	Rate
10"	706.09	3/4-inch	\$ 4,726.00
12"	,305.27	1- inch	4,665.00
		1 1/2- inch	5,106.00
Consumption Charge per 1,000		2- inch	5,116.00
Block I	\$2.54	3- inch	5,627.00
Block 2	5.18	4- inch	6,189.00
		6- inch	6,808.00
Purchased Water Pass-Through			-,,,-
All Usage per 1,000 Gallons	\$2.03	Guarantee of payment deposit, per ser 3/4-inch	rvice in inches;
		1- inch	50.00
Nonresidential Service:		I 1/2- inch	60.00
Nomesidennar Service.		2- inch	100.00
Dana Farillia Channa		3- inch	500.00
Base Facility Charge			
Size of Meter	WO 0.4	4- inch	600.00
3/4"	\$8.04	6- inch	1,000.00
1"	17,35	8- inch	1,500.00
1.5"	33.10	Re-read fee (Charged if meter	25.00
2"	51.84	Special read fee	25.00
3"	100.12	Servicing a meter found damaged,	Actual Cost
4"	155.48		
6"	311.48	FIELD VISIT FEE:	
8"	491.89	Normal business hours	\$ 25.00
10"	706.09	After normal business hours	50.00
12"	1,305.27		
Consumption Charge per 1,000	\$2.54		
Block 1	5.18		
Block 2	5.18		
Purchased Water Pass-Through			
All Usage per 1,000 Gallons	\$1.93		
3"	97.39		
4"	151.24		
6"	302.99		
8"	478.48		
10"	686.84		
12"	1,269.69		
Consumption Charge per 1,000			
Block 1	\$2.47		
Block 2	5.04		
Purchased Water Pass-Through	42.3		
All Usage per 1,000 Gallons	\$2.03		

Individually-Metered Residential:	Effective October 1,2017	Non-residential	October 1,2017
Base Facility Charge	Rate	Base Facility Charge	Rate
Size of Meter		Size of Meter	
All Meter Sizes	\$8.69	3/4"	\$8.69
		P^{n}	19.40
Consumption		1.5"	37.27
All Flow per 1,000 Gallons	\$4.38	2"	58.70
		3"	115.86
Purchased		4"	180.16
All Flow per 1,000 Gallons	\$5.00	6"	358.78
		8"	573.12
Master-Metered		10"	823.19
		12"	1,537.66
Base Facility Charge			250.34
Size of Meter		Consumption Charge	
3/4"	\$8.69	All Flow per 1,000 Gallons	\$4.38
L"	19.40		
1.5"	37.27	Purchased Sewer	
2"	58.70	All Flow per 1,000 Gallons	\$5.00
3"	115.86		
4"	180.16		
6"	358,78		
8"	573.12		
10"	823.19		
12"	1,537,66		
Consumption			
All Flow per 1,000 Gallons	\$4.38		
Purchased			
All Flow per 1,000 Gallons	\$5,00		

Anticipated Cost Increases

Miami Beach is a large volume customer of the County's water and sewer system. Therefore, cost increases incurred with respect to the County's system, which are passed through to the County's customers, have a direct impact on the rates charged by Miami Beach to its retail customers. Miami Beach anticipates that there will be rate increases imposed by the County over next several years. These increases may occur as a result of a variety of factors, including County debt obligations, capital improvements, and increased operating costs. A portion of these costs are expected to be included in the volume customer rate charged to Miami Beach.

THE STORMWATER UTILITY

Storm Water Fund indebtedness at September 30, 2018, is comprised of the following issued indebtedness:

- \$ 16,185,000 Series 2009J-2 Storm Water Revenue Refunding Bonds
 Gulf Breeze Loan Series 1985E due in annual installments
 through 2020: interest at 2.00% 4.50%
 \$5,505,000
- \$ 52,130,000 Series 2011A Storm Water Revenue Bonds, due in annual installments through 2041: interest at 4,00% 5,25% \$3,675,000
- \$ 26,575,000 Series 2011B Storm Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments through 2041: interest at 4.00% 5.25% \$450,000
- \$ 99,590,000 Series 2015 Storm Water Revenue Bonds, due in annual installments through 2045; interest at 2.00% 5.00 % \$98,710,000
- \$156,550,000 Series 2017 Stormwater Revenue and Refunding Bonds due in annual installments through 2014: interest at 3.00% 5.00% \$156,050,000

Rates, Fees and Charges

On October 18, 2017, the City Commission amended Article III of Chapter 110 (Stormwater Utility) of the Miami Beach City Code as follows (Ordinance #2017-4145):

110-109(c) - Stormwater utility service charge effective for billings on or after October 1:

	2	2009	1	2010	2	2011	2012	3	2013	2014	13	2015	2016	2017	2018
Per equivalent															
residential unit (ERU)	\$	9.06	\$	9.06	\$	9.06	\$ 9.06	\$	9.06	\$ 16.67	\$	16.67	\$ 22.67	\$ 23.30	\$ 24.12

City of Miami Beach, Florida Table of Historical Stormwater Utility Net Revenues, Debt Service, and Debt Service Coverage Fiscal Years Ending September 2009 through September 30, 2018 (in thousands of dollars)

	2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	=	2015		2016		2017		2018
s	10.130	s	11,444	S	11.845	S	11.754	S	11.779	5	11 939	S	21 322	S	21.833	S	28 587	\$	29,743
\$		-		\$	11,845	\$	11,754	\$	11,779	_	11,939								29,743
\$	2,875	\$	2,717	\$	3,347	\$	3,771	\$	3,012	\$	3,287	\$	4,805	\$	4,467	\$	6,904	\$	6,140
\$	2,875	\$	2,717	5	3,347	\$	3,771	\$	3,012	\$	3,287	\$	4,805	\$	4,467	\$	6,904	\$	6,140
\$	7,255	\$	8,727	\$	8,498	\$	7,983	\$	8,767	\$	8,652	\$	16,517	\$	17,366	\$	21,683	\$	23,603
\$	3,570	\$	3,571	\$	2,043	S	4,837	\$	5,848	\$	5,849	\$	6,828	\$	11,237	\$	11,361	\$	14,177
	2.03		2.44		4.16		1.65		1.50	_	1.48		2.42		1,55		1.91		1.66
	\$ \$	\$ 10,130 \$ 2,875 \$ 2,875 \$ 7,255 \$ 3,570	\$ 10,130 \$ \$ 10,130 \$ \$ \$ 2,875 \$ \$ 2,875 \$ \$ \$ 7,255 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 3,570 \$ \$	\$ 10,130 \$ 11,444 \$ 10,130 \$ 11,444 \$ 2,875 \$ 2,717 \$ 2,875 \$ 2,717 \$ 7,255 \$ 8,727 \$ 3,570 \$ 3,571	\$ 10,130 \$ 11,444 \$ \$ 10,130 \$ 11,444 \$ \$ \$ 10,130 \$ 11,444 \$ \$ \$ \$ 2,875 \$ 2,717 \$ \$ 2,875 \$ 2,717 \$ \$ \$ 7,255 \$ 8,727 \$ \$ \$ \$ 3,570 \$ 3,571 \$	\$ 10,130 \$ 11,444 \$ 11,845 \$ 10,130 \$ 11,444 \$ 11,845 \$ 2,875 \$ 2,717 \$ 3,347 \$ 2,875 \$ 2,717 \$ 3,347 \$ 7,255 \$ 8,727 \$ 8,498 \$ 3,570 \$ 3,571 \$ 2,043	\$ 10,130 \$ 11,444 \$ 11,845 \$ \$ 10,130 \$ 11,444 \$ 11,845 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 10,130 \$ 11,444 \$ 11,845 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 2,875 \$ 2,717 \$ 3,347 \$ \$ \$ 2,875 \$ 2,717 \$ 3,347 \$ \$ \$ \$ 7,255 \$ 8,727 \$ 8,498 \$ \$ \$ \$ 3,570 \$ 3,571 \$ 2,043 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 3,570 \$ 3,571 \$ 2,043 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 3,570 \$ \$ 3,571 \$ 2,043 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 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The minimum coverage per the bond resolution is 110%

Source: City of Miami Beach Finance & Budget Department

Comparative Rates

Based on monthly stormwater utility fees for Florida local governments, as compiled in the 2018 Stormwater Utility Report by the Florida Stormwater Association, the current and projected fees for services of the Stormwater Utility are higher than the fees charged for such services by other cities and counties in Florida. The average ERU rate for Florida cities and counties in the 2018 Florida Stormwater Association Report is \$7.80. Not including the City's current ERU rate of \$24.12, plus CPI (Consumer Price Index pursuant to Sec 110-171(b), the Florida Stormwater Association Report provides a range in monthly rates per ERU from \$0.75 to \$60.00.

The table on the next page lists the Florida local governments included in the 2018 Florida Stormwater Association Report and the Stormwater Utility fees charged by each governmental entity.

FSA 2018 Stormwater Utility Report 2-6 Comparative Monthly Stormwater Rates Based on Standardized Billing Area

Standardizing the billing area to 1,000 square feet gives the average for 2018 of \$3.46 (2016 was \$2.78).

Range of rate per 1,000 square feet: \$0.25(Low) \$25.10(High)

Jurisdiction	Rate/1000 Sq. Ft.
Brevard County	\$2.13
Charlotte County	\$0.25
City of Altamonte Springs	\$2.71
City of Cape Canaveral	\$3.38
City of Cape Coral	\$2.81
City of Casselberry	\$3.04
City of Clearwater	\$7.97
City of Clermont	\$0.95
City of Cocoa	\$3.12
City of Cocoa Beach	\$2.93
City of Coconut Creek	\$1.79
City of Cooper City	\$1.67
City of Coral Gables	\$5.67
City of Daytona Beach	\$6.06
City of DeBary	\$2.73
City of DeLand	\$1.77
City of Doral	\$2.58
City of Dunedin	\$6.50
City of Edgewater	\$4.93
City of Flagler Beach	\$3.05
City of Fort Meade	\$2.45
City of Fort Myers	\$3.04
City of Fort Pierce	\$2.06
City of Fort Walton Beach	\$1,48
City of Gainesville	\$4.11
City of Gulf Breeze	\$1.14
City of Gulfport	\$1.72
City of Haines City	\$2.55
City of Hallandale Beach	\$7.69

Jurisdiction	Rate/1000 Sq. Ft.
City of Hialeah	\$1.50
City of Homestead	\$1.69
City of Indian Harbour Beach	\$1.60
City of Jacksonville	\$1.61
City of Jacksonville Beach	\$3.33
City of Key West	\$6.06
City of Kissimmee	\$3.51
City of Lake Mary	\$0.87
City of Lake Worth	\$3.60
City of Lakeland	\$3.52
City of Largo	\$2.95
City of Leesburg	\$2.75
City of Longwood	\$2.07
City of Madeira Beach	\$8.01
City of Maitland	\$3.79
City of Margate	\$2.21
City of Melbourne	\$1.47
City of Miami	\$2.94
City of Miami Gardens	\$3.88
City of Minneola	\$3.64
City of Mulberry	\$1.23
City of Naples	\$6.90
City of Neptune Beach	\$1.58
City of New Port Richey	\$2.47
City of New Smyrna Beach	\$4.03
City of Niceville	\$0.60
City of North Bay Village	\$3.20
City of North Lauderdale	\$2.81
City of North Miami	\$3.52

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RESORT TAX BONDS

The Resort Tax Bonds outstanding at September 30, 2018 consist of the following:

\$ 194,920,000 Series 2015 Resort Tax Revenue Bonds due in annual installments through 2045: interest at 3.00% - 5.00% \$184,620,000

The following is additional Annual Financial Information as required by the Series 2015 Resort Tax Bonds that were issued on December 15, 2015, during fiscal year 2016.

Set forth below is a summary of Resort Tax Revenues by source for Fiscal Year 2014 through 2018 and projected for Fiscal Year 2019.

Source of Resort Tax Revenue	2014 (1)	2015 (1)	2016 (1)	2017 (1)	2018 (1)	Fiscal Year Ending Sept. 30 2019 (2)
3% on Transient Rentals	\$ 35,315,559	\$ 38,281,053	\$ 40,764,409	\$ 39,694,836	\$ 42,548,556	\$ 43,263,000
1% Additional Tax on Transient Rentals for Debt Service	-	4.	11,836,117	13,231,611	14,182,852	14,421,000
2% on Food and Beverages	26,444,959	29,718,863	30,032,618	28,983,585	30,863,644	31,780,000
Total	\$ 61,760,518	\$ 67,999,916	\$ 82,633,144	\$ 81,910,032	\$ 87,595,052	\$ 89,464,000

Source: City of Miami Beach Finance & Budget Departments

⁽¹⁾ Based on actual, audited amounts for the period indicated.

⁽²⁾ Represents the budgeted amounts per the City's Adopted Budget for Fiscal Year 2019

The information in the following table sets forth the historical and projected collection of Resort Tax Revenues, Maximum Annual Debt Service for the Series 2015 Bonds and coverage provided, or projected to be provided, by the Resort Tax Revenues.

Resort Tax Revenues, Debt Service and Debt Service Coverage

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Resort Tax Revenues	Maixmum Annual Debt Service on Series 2015 Bonds (1)	Coverage on Maixmum Annual Debt Service on Series 2015 Bonds (1)
2013	\$ 58,617,992	\$ 12,454,750	4.71
2014	61,760,518	12,454,750	4.96
2015	67,999,916	12,454,750	5.46
2016	82,754,779	12,454,750	6.64
2017	81,910,032	12,454,750	6.58
2018	87,595,052	12,454,750	7.03
2019 (2)	89,464,000	12,454,750	7.18
2020 (3)	89,464,000	12,454,750	7.18
2021 (3)	89,464,000	12,454,750	7.18
2022 (3)	89,464,000	12,454,750	7.18

Source: City of Miami Beach Finance & Budget Departments

- (1) Represents the Maximum Annual Debt Service on the Series 2015 Bonds. The Maximum Annual Debt Service on the Series 2015 Bonds is included in the historical years soley for purposes of showing the amount of coverage that would have been available if the Series 2015 Bonds had been issued prior to Fiscal Year 2011. The Maximum Annual Debt Service on the Series 2015 Bonds occurs in Fiscal Years 2031, 2037 and 2038.
- (2) Represents the budgeted amounts per the City's Adopted Budget for Fiscal Year 2019, plus the amount budgeted to be collected from the Additional Tax of one percent (1%) for Convention Center improvements.
- (3) Amounts presented assume no growth in Resort Tax Revenues from the amount budgeted for in Fiscal Year 2019.

MUNICIPAL SECURITY DISCLOSURE

Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018



Prepared by:

The City of Miami Beach Finance Department 1700 Convention Center Drive, Miami Beach, Florida • 33139 Tel: (305) 673 – 7466 • Fax: (305) 673 – 7795



City of Miami Beach, 1700 Convention Center Drive, Miami Beach, Florida 33139, www.miamibeachfl.gov

OFFICE OF THE CITY MANAGER

Tel: (305) 673-7010, Fax: (305) 673-7782

May 22, 2018

DAC Attn: Diana O'Brien 390 N. Orange Ave., Suite 1750 Orlando, FL 32801

Re: Annual Report for the Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency, and the City of Miami Beach, Florida, in accordance with Continuing Disclosure Requirements of SEC Rule 15c2-12

In accordance with undertakings of the City of Miami Beach (the "City") and the Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency") regarding continuing disclosure made pursuant to SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i), by the Resolutions adopted by the Mayor and City Commission of the City and by the Chairman and Members of the Agency, described below, enclosed is the annual financial information and operating data for the Fiscal Year ending on September 30, 2018, as described in the respective undertakings for the following bond issues of the Agency:

\$286,245,000 Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency, Tax Increment Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A (City Center/Historic Convention Village)

- Official Statement Dated November 19, 2015
- City Resolution No. 2015-29174 adopted on October 14, 2015, and Agency Resolution No. 619-2015 adopted on October 14, 2015, and the Continuing Disclosure Agreement dated December 15, 2015.

\$35,850,000 Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency, Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2015B (City Center/Historic Convention Village)

- Official Statement Dated November 19, 2015
- City Resolution No. 2015-29174 adopted on October 14, 2015, and Agency Resolution No. 619-2015 adopted on October 14, 2015, and the Continuing Disclosure Agreement dated December 15, 2015.

Such information and operating data are hereinafter collectively called the "Fiscal Year 2018 Annual Information."

The information is for the Fiscal Year of the Agency ended September 30, 2018, and constitutes the annual information, agreed to be provided under the provisions regarding continuing disclosure set forth in the Resolutions adopted at the time of the primary offerings referenced above. No representation is made as to the materiality or completeness of that information. Other relevant information for that period may exist, and matters may have occurred or become known during or since that period, which an investor would consider to be material to the making of an investment decision. Further, no representation is made that such information is indicative of financial or operating results of the Agency or the City since the end of that Fiscal Year or of future financial or operating results.

Any questions concerning this filing should be directed to John Woodruff, Chief Financial Officer, 1700 Convention Center Drive, Miami Beach, Florida 33139; Telephone (305) 673-7466.

Very truly yours,

John Woodruff

Chief Financial Officer City of Miami Beach and the Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency

MIAMI BEACH REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY AND

CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA REPORT OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

The following provides, in accordance with provisions regarding continuing disclosure set forth in Resolution No. 2015-29174, adopted by the Mayor and City Commission of the City of Miami Beach (the "City"), on October 14, 2015, and Resolution No. 619-2015, adopted by the Chairman and Members of the Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency") on October 14, 2015 (the "2015 Bond Resolution"), the Continuing Disclosure Agreement, dated as of December 15, 2015, by and among the Agency and Digital Assurance Certification, LLC (the "2015 Continuing Disclosure Agreement"), and SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i), annual financial information and operating data for the Agency's and the City's fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 ("Fiscal Year 2018") of the type included in the final official statement for its primary offerings of:

\$286,245,000 Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency, Tax Increment Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A (City Center/Historic Convention Village), and,

\$35,850,000 Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency, Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2015B (City Center/Historic Convention Village).

The above annual financial information and operating data are hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Fiscal Year 2018 Annual Information."

The Fiscal Year 2018 Annual Information constitutes only the annual financial information and operating data agreed to be provided pursuant to the provisions regarding continuing disclosure in the Bond Resolutions adopted at the time of the primary offerings referenced above and the Continuing Disclosure Commitments, dated as of December 15, 2015. No representation is made as to the materiality or completeness of that information.

Other relevant information for Fiscal Year 2018 may exist, and matters may have occurred or become known during or since that period, which a reasonable investor would consider to be important when making an investment decision. Further, no representation is made that the Fiscal Year 2018 Annual Information is indicative of financial operating results of the Agency or the City since the end of Fiscal Year 2018 or future financial or operating results.

MIAMI BEACH REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

CONTACT: John Woodruff, Chief Financial Officer Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency

1700 Convention Center Drive Miami Beach, Florida 33139 Telephone: (305) 673-7466

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INTRODUCTION

This Report of Annual Financial Information is being filed with the Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA), a service of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB), pursuant to the provisions regarding continuing disclosure set forth in Resolution No. 2015-29174, adopted by the Mayor and City Commission of the City of Miami Beach, on October 14, 2015, and Resolution No. 619-2015, adopted by the Chairman and Members of the Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency on October 14, 2015 (the "2015 Bond Resolution" and, collectively with the 1998 and 2005 Bond Resolutions, hereinafter referred to as the "Resolutions"), the Continuing Disclosure Agreement, dated as of December 15, 2015, (collectively, the "Disclosure Provisions") in connection with the issuance of:

\$286,245,000 Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency, Tax Increment Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A (City Center/Historic Convention Village), and,

\$35,850,000 Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency, Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2015B (City Center/Historic Convention Village).

The Disclosure Provisions were executed and delivered for the benefit of the holders, owners and beneficial owners of each series of bonds and in order to assist the underwriters of each series of Bonds in complying with the terms and provisions of Rule 15c2-12 adopted by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (17 C.F.R. □240.115c2-12).

In connection with the issuance of each series of Bonds, the Agency delivered Official Statements dated November 19, 2015 (as to the 2015 Bonds).

Capitalized terms used herein, and not otherwise defined, shall have the meanings set forth in the Official Statement.

TAX INCREMENT REVENUE BONDS

Historical Taxable Real Property and Tax Increment Revenues

The following table sets forth historical collections of Tax Increment Revenues in the City Center Historic Convention Village Redevelopment Area for Fiscal Years 1993 through 2018:

Miami Beach Redevelopment Agency Historical Taxable Real Property and Tax Increment Revenues City Center Historic Convention Village

Tax Year (FY Ended Sept. 30)	(Preliminary) Total Taxable Real Property	Increment of Taxable Real Property	Annual Change in Taxable Values	County Millage	City Millage	County Payments at 95%	City Payments at 95%	Total Tax Increment
Base/ 1992 (FY93)	\$ 292,572,271							
1993 (FY94)		\$ 80,744,176	27.6%	7.289	8.238	\$ 559,117	\$ 631,912	\$ 1,191,029
1994 (FY95)	470,779,626	178,207,355	26.1%	7.289	7,143	1,234,006	1,209,288	2,443,294
1995 (FY96)	491,677,581	199,105,310	4.4%	6.826	7,499	1,291,517	1,418,436	2,709,953
1996 (FY97)	497,342,509	204,770,238	1.2%	6.469	7.499	1,258,426	1,458,793	2,717,219
1997 (FY98)	531,364,583	238,792,312	6.8%	6,023	7.499	1,366,334	1,701,168	3,067,502
1998 (FY99)	609,832,451	317,260,180	14.8%	6.023	7.499	1,815,315	2,260,117	4,075,432
1999 (FY00)	894,145,474	601,573,203	46.6%	5,809	7,499	3,319,812	4,285,638	7,605,450
2000 (FY01)	1,021,968,290	729,396,019	14.3%	5.751	7.399	3,985,019	5,126,961	9,111,980
2001 (FY02)	1,218,222,763	925,650,492	19.2%	5.713	7.299	5,023,829	6,418,507	11,442,336
2002 (FY03)	1,359,799,118	1,067,226,847	11.6%	5.889	7.299	5,970,654	7,400,204	13,370,858
2003 (FY04)	1,498,627,666	1,206,055,395	10.2%	5.969	7,299	6,838,997	8,362,848	15,201,845
2004 (FY05)	1,633,198,959	1,340,626,688	9.0%	5.935	7.425	7,558,788	9,456,446	17,015,234
2005 (FY06)	2,270,499,203	1,977,926,932	39.0%	5.835	7.481	10,964,143	14,057,028	25,021,171
2006 (FY07)	3,003,565,939	2,710,993,668	32.3%	5.615	7.374	14,452,835	18,991,324	33,444,159
2007 (FY08)	3,585,310,480	3,292,738,209	19.4%	4.5796	5.656	14,325,453	17,690,977	32,016,430
2008 (FY09)	3,707,103,133	3,414,530,862	3.4%	4.8379	5.656	15,693,201	18,345,335	34,038,536
2009 (FY10)	3,446,724,524	3,154,152,253	-7.0%	4.8379	5.656	14,496,500	16,946,393	31,442,893
2010 (FY11)	3,404,963,718	3,112,391,447	-1.2%	5.4275	6.216	16,047,879	18,377,816	34,425,695
2011 (FY12)	3,423,353,944	3,130,781,673	0.5%	4.8050	6.1655	14,291,236	18,337,693	32,628,929
2012 (FY13)	3,608,718,451	3,316,146,180	5.4%	4.7035	6.0909	14,817,619	19,188,399	34,006,018
2013 (FY14)	3,871,409,731	3,578,837,460	7.3%	4.7035	5.8634	15,991,409	19,934,948	35,926,357
2014 (FY15)	4,186,683,074	3,894,110,803	8.1%	4.6669	5.7942	17,264,754	21,435,094	38,699,848
2015 (FY16)	4,821,643,185	4,529,070,914	15.2%	4.6669	5.7092	20,079,885	24,564,503	44,644,388
2016 (FY17)	5,612,744,843	5,320,172,572	16.4%	4.6669	5.7092	23,587,278	28,855,233	52,442,510
2017 (FY18)	5,702,556,459	5,409,984,188	1.60%	4.6669	5.7224	22,422,329	27,497,948	49,920,277
2018 (FY19)	5,993,199,959	5,700,627,688	5.10%	4.6669	5.7288	23,842,766	29,299,312	53,142,078

For Fiscal Year 2018/2019, the County's preliminary total Taxable Property Value differed from that of the City by \$4,680,387. The total value Real Property for the County was \$5,988,519,572.

Source: City of Miami Beach Budget Department

Annual Financial Information for the Series 2015 Bonds

The following is additional Annual Financial Information as required by the 2015 Bonds that were issued on December 15, 2015, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Set forth below is a table that shows the assessed value of the taxable real property in the Redevelopment Area that provided the basis for the amount of Trust Fund Revenues collected from the City and the County for the past ten (10) years.

Real Property Assessed Values

			A		В	= A - B			
Tax Roll	Fiscal			Percentage Increase or	Base		Percentage Increase or		Dollar Increase or
Year As of	Year Ended		Gross Taxable	Decrease Over	Year Taxable	Incremental	Decrease Over		Decrease
January 1		2	Value (1)	Prior Year	Value (2)	Value (3)	Prior Year		Prior Year
2008	2009	\$	3,432,433,257	1.98 % \$	292,572,271	\$ 3,139,860,986	2.17 %	5	66,540,884
2009	2010		3,149,258,145	-8.25	292,572,271	2,856,685,874	-9.02		(283, 175, 112)
2010	2011		3,088,176,384	-1.94	292,572,271	2,795,604,113	-2.14		(61,081,761)
2011	2012		3,407,221,550	10.33	292,572,271	3,114,649,279	11.41		319,045,166
2012	2013		3,610,880,289	5.98	292,572,271	3,318,308,018	6.54		203,658,739
2013	2014		3,871,409,731	7.22	292,572,271	3,578,837,460	7.85		260,529,442
2014	2015		4,186,683,074	8.14	292,572,271	3,894,110,803	8.81		315,273,343
2015	2016		4,821,643,185	15.17	292,572,271	4,529,070,914	16.31		634,960,111
2016	2017		5,612,744,843	16 41	292,572,271	5,320,172,572	17.47		791 101 658
2017	2018		5,702,556,459	1.60	292,572,271	5,409,984,188	1.69		89,811,616

Source: City of Miami Beach Budget Department

⁽¹⁾ Represents gross taxable value of real property in the Redevelopment Area, as reflected in the certified preliminary taxable values provided by Miami Dade County Property Appraiser for the Fiscal Years ended September 30, 2009 through 2018.

⁽²⁾ Represents taxable value of real property in the Redevelopment Area for the tax roll year as of January 1, 1992, Fiscal Year ended September 30, 1993.

⁽³⁾ Incremental Value equals the Gross Taxable Value minus the Base Year Taxable Value

Set forth below is a table that shows the rate of growth of taxable values and tax increment levied in the Redevelopment Area in accordance with the Act for the past five (5) Fiscal Years

Tax Increment Revenues and Growth (1)

		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
Current Year Taxable Value City Center New construction	69	3,871,409,731 (30,752,962)	69	4,186,683,074 (12,896,062)	69	4,821,643,185	(A)	5,612,744,843 (13,319,763)	69	5,702,556,459
Existing Value	ю	3,840,656,769	69	4,173,787,012	69	4,813,918,016	69	5,599,425,080	ы	5,702,824,708
Increase (Decrease) in Existing Value		8.13%		8.67%		15.34%		16.32%		1.85%
Exisiting Value	Ю	3,840,656,769	69	4,173,787,012	69	4,813,918,016	69	5,599,425,080	69	5,702,824,708
Final Gross Taxable Value Base Year Taxable Value	69	3,871,409,731 (292,572,271)	69	4,186,683,074 (292,572,271)	69	4,821,643,185 (292,572,271)	69	5,612,744,843 (292,572,271)	69	5,702,556,459 (292,572,271)
Increment Taxable Value	69	3,578,837,460	69	3,894,110,803	ь	4,529,070,914	69	5,320,172,572	69	5,409,984,188
City of Miam Beach (2) Millage Rate (City)		5.8634		5.7942		5.7092		5.7092		5.7224
Gross Increment Revenue (3)	69	20,984,156	69	22,563,257	69	25,857,372	69	30,373,929	69	30,958,094
Statutory Reduction (5.0%)		(1,049,208)		(1,128,163)		(1,292,869)		(1,518,696)		(1,547,905)
City Tax Increment Revenue (3)	69	19,934,948	69	21,435,094	69	24,564,503	69	28,855,233	69	29,410,189
Miami-Dade County (2) Millage Rate (County)		4.0735		4,6669		4,6669		4.6669		4.6669
Gross Increment Revenue (3) Statutory Reduction (5.0%)	69	16,833,062 (841,653)	69	18,173,426 (908,671)	69	21,136,721 (1,056,836)	69	(1,241,436)	Ю	25,247,855 (1,262,393)
County Tax Increment Revenue (3)	69	15,991,409	69	17,264,755	69	20,079,885	69	23,587,277	69	23,985,462
Total Tax Increment Revenue (3)	69	35,926,357	69	38,699,849	69	44,644,388	69	52,442,510	69	53,395,652

Source: Budget Department/Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser's Office

- (1) Represents gross taxable value of real property in the Redevelopment Area, as reflected in the certified preliminary taxable values provided by Miami Dade County Property Appraiser for the Fiscal Years ended September 30, 2014 through 2018
- (2) See "SECURITY AND SOURCES OF PAYMENT Pledged Funds" in the 2015 Bonds Official Statement for a description of the requirements imposed on each taxing authority for the determination of tax increment revenues.
- property values, refunds due to taxpayers, additional taxes payments required to be made or collections of delinquent taxes. response to petitions filed with the Miami-Dade County Value Adjustment Board, to account for changes in appraised (3) Represents amount of tax increment revenue owed, based on annual taxable values in the Redevelopment Area and the tax increment payment required pursuant to the provisions of the Act. Amounts reflected do not include annual adjustments made by the City, the County or the Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser's Office, or in Amount does not represent actual amount received in the Fiscal Year.

Set forth below is a table that shows the Trust Fund Revenues, debt service on the Outstanding Prior Bonds and the debt service coverage provided by the Trust Fund Revenues generated for the past ten (10) Fiscal Years.

Historical Trust Fund Revenues, Debt Service on Bonds and Debt Service Coverage

Fiscal Year Ended September 30	Trust Fund Revenue (1)	Or	ebt Service Outstanding Bonds (2)(3)	Debt Service Coverage On Outstanding Bonds (2)(3)
2009	\$ 70,358,394	\$	8,374,697	8.40
2010	72,608,937		8,393,267	8.65
2011	81,436,306		8,393,254	9.70
2012	84,406,486		8,393,816	10.06
2013	90,190,478		8,397,766	10.74
2014	36,956,562		8,398,000	4.40
2015	36,251,898		8,414,103	4.31
2016	42,216,634		21,729,597	1.94
2017	49,332,005		21,729,597	2.27
2018	49,920,277		21,729,597	2.30

Source: City of Miami Beach Finance Department

- (1) Reflects the amount of Trust Fund Revenues collected solely from the City and the County, which will be the only tax increment revenues available as part of the Pledged Funds securing the Series 2015 Bonds. See "SECURITY AND SOURCES OF PAYMENTS - Pledged Funds" and "TRUST FUND REVENUES -Historical Trust Fund Revenues" in the Series 2015 Bonds Official Statement.
- (2) All the Outstanding Prior Bonds have been defeased upon issuance of the Series 2015 Bonds on December 15, 2015. See "PURPOSE OF THE ISSUE - Plan of Refunding" in the Series 2015 Bonds Official Statement.
- (3) Starting in Fiscal Year 2016 amount represents maximum annual debt service.

The following table sets forth the Debt Service Requirement for each Fiscal Year for the Series 2015 Bonds and any new additional debt payable from the Pledged Funds.

Sillnia.		Selles 2010A Bolids		St	Series 2015B Bonds	S	Outstanding
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	Bonds
2016). 69	\$ 8.894,700.84	\$ 8,894,700.84	69	\$ 680,132.66	\$ 680,132,66	\$ 9,574,833,50
2017	1,815,000.00	14,132,250.00	15,947,250.00	4,680,000.00	1,038,328.76	5,718,328.76	N
2018	1,885,000,00	14,058,250.00	15,943,250.00	4,785,000.00	935,672.88	5,720,672.88	21,663,922.88
2019	1,960,000.00	13,981,350.00	15,941,350.00	4,920,000.00	809,303.80	5,729,303.80	21,670,653.80
2020	2,050,000.00	13,901,150.00	15,951,150.00	5,070,000.00	661,278.10	5,731,278.10	21,682,428.10
2021	2,135,000.00	13,817,450.00	15,952,450.00	5,260,000.00	493,534.50	5,753,534.50	21,705,984,50
2022	2,215,000,00	13,730,450.00	15,945,450.00	5,460,000.00	307,164.50	5,767,164.50	21,712,614.50
2023	2,310,000.00	13,639,950.00	15,949,950.00	5,675,000.00	104,647.00	5,779,647.00	21,729,597.00
2024	7,505,000.00	13,406,125.00	20,911,125.00	1	ì	7	20,911,125.00
2025	7,885,000.00	13,021,375.00	20,906,375.00	1	ï	ĵ	20,906,375.00
2026	8,290,000.00	12,617,000.00	20,907,000.00		T)	1	20,907,000.00
2027	8,715,000.00	12,191,875.00	20,906,875.00	X)	i	20,906,875.00
2028	9,165,000.00	11,744,875,00	20,909,875.00	Œ.	Ů,	T)	20,909,875.00
2029	9,635,000,00	11,274,875,00	20,909,875.00	X	0	1	20,909,875.00
2030	10,130,000.00	10,780,750.00	20,910,750.00	×	Х	2	20,910,750.00
2031	10,650,000.00	10,261,250.00	20,911,250.00	1	X	16	20,911,250.00
2032	11,195,000.00	9,715,125,00	20,910,125.00	2	ì	10	20,910,125.00
2033	11,770,000.00	9,141,000.00	20,911,000.00	00	ÿ	7	20,911,000.00
2034	12,370,000.00	8,537,500.00	20,907,500.00	C.	X	1	20,907,500.00
2035	13,005,000.00	7,903,125.00	20,908,125.00	1	X		20,908,125.00
2036	13,675,000,00	7,236,125.00	20,911,125.00	9	Ţ		20,911,125.00
2037	14,375,000.00	6,534,875.00	20,909,875.00	0)	0	20,909,875.00
2038	15,110,000.00	5,797,750.00	20,907,750.00	X	7		20,907,750.00
2039	15,885,000,00	5,022,875.00	20,907,875.00	-1	1	. 0	20,907,875.00
2040	16,700,000.00	4,208,250.00	20,908,250.00	7	Ť	(20,908,250.00
2041	17,555,000.00	3,351,875.00	20,906,875.00	-1	Y	£.	20,906,875.00
2042	18,455,000.00	2,451,625.00	20,906,625.00	T	ď	1	20,906,625,00
2043	19,405,000.00	1,505,125.00	20,910,125.00	X	ì	ì	20,910,125.00
2044	20,400,000.00	510,000.00	20,910,000.00	-1	7	ď	20,910,000.00
Total	00 000 345 300 9	8 300 836 876 8	A 450 643 025 9A	\$ 35 850 000 00	5 5 030 062 20	\$ 40 880 062 20	\$ 600 403 988 04

Issuance of Additional Debt Payable from the Pledge Funds:

There were no additional debt payable from the Pledged Funds incurred after the issuance of the Series 2015 Bonds on December 31, 2015 that are included in the Total Outstanding Column in the above Debt Service Schedule.