

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018



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FINANCIAL SECTION



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council Members The City of Milton, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Milton, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Milton, Florida, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Community Redevelopment Agency Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, Pension and OPEB Schedules, as outlined the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Milton, Florida's basic financial statements. The Combining Non-Major Fund Financial Statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining Non-Major Fund Financial Statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining Non-Major Fund Financial Statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 11, 2019, on our consideration of the City of Milton, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters.

The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Milton, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Warren averett, LLC

Fort Walton Beach, Florida June 11, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Milton, Florida (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by approximately \$37.6 million (net position), which represents an increase of \$494 thousand from the prior year. Of this amount, \$24.9 million represents net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, infrastructure, building, machinery and equipment), \$6.2 million is restricted for future obligations, and \$6.4 million is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The net position of the governmental-type activities of the City increased by \$591 thousand from the prior year.
- The net position of the business-type activities of the City decreased by \$97 thousand from the prior year.
- The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5.6 million, an increase of \$849 thousand. Approximately \$1.7 million (or 30%) of the ending fund balances are nonspendable, restricted, or assigned, and \$3.9 million (or 70%) is available for spending.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$3.9 million, or approximately six months of General Fund operating expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The focus of the financial statements is on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and major funds) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year-to-year, government-to-government), and enhance the City's accountability.

This discussion and analysis intends to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Designed to be corporate-like, the government-wide financial statements consolidate governmental and business-type activities into two columns, which add to a total for Primary Government. This provides readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. This statement combines and consolidates the governmental funds' current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of the financial position of the City.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges for services (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government (City Clerk, City Council, City Manager, human resources, finance, purchasing, fleet maintenance, service maintenance, administration, public works, and non-departmental expenses), public safety (police and fire), transportation (streets), economic environment, culture and recreation (parks), special revenue (Police Special Investigations, Red Light Camera Operations), capital projects, and debt service. The business-type activities of the City include natural gas, water and sewer, sanitation, Sundial utilities, and the non-major funds (marina and stormwater). The government-wide financial statements are found on pages 17-18 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities of objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds.

FUNDS

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements. Found on pages 19-24 of this report are the basic governmental fund financial statements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains the following individual governmental funds: General Fund, Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) Fund, Police Special Investigation Fund, Red Light Camera Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Debt Service Fund). Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the General Fund and Community Redevelopment Agency Fund which are considered major funds. Data from the other governmental funds (Police Special Investigation Fund, Red Light Camera Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Debt Service Fund) are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and can be found on pages 89-92 in the report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and CRA fund. A budgetary comparison statement is provided for each of these funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget, which is found on pages 23-24 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

All proprietary type funds of the City are maintained as enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its utility operations (natural gas, water and sewer, sanitation, Sundial utilities, marina, and stormwater).

The enterprise fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the governmentwide financial statements, only in more detail. Found on pages 25-30 are the basic enterprise fund financial statements, which include separate presentations of the four major enterprise funds (natural gas, water and sewer, sanitation, Sundial utilities). Data from the other two enterprise funds (marina and stormwater) are combined into a single, aggregated presentation and can be found on pages 91-94 in the report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The City's fiduciary funds include the Pension Trust Funds (general employees, firefighters, and police) and the Retired Employees' Insurance Fund. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. Found on pages 31-32 of this report are the basic fiduciary fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provide additional information, which is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Beginning on page 33 of this report are the notes to the financial statements.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Found on pages 76-87 of this report is the required supplementary information.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental and proprietary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Found on pages 89-94 of this report are the Combining Fund Statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$37.6 million (net position) for the fiscal year, as reported in Table 1. As reported in Table 2, the overall increase in the City's net position was \$493 thousand during the fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position, \$24.9 million (or 66%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, infrastructure, buildings, machinery and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City reports investment in its capital assets net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position \$6.2 million (or 17%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$6.4 million, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Table 1 CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 AND 2017

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	/pe Activities	То	otal
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Current and other asset	\$ 5,966,906	\$ 5,259,499	\$ 14,401,993	\$ 12,956,708	\$ 20,368,899	\$ 18,216,207
Capital assets	10,063,707	10,199,006	21,091,555	22,887,999	31,155,262	33,087,005
Total assets	16,030,613	15,458,505	35,493,548	35,844,707	51,524,161	51,303,212
Total deferred						
outflows of						
resources	1,883,491	2,250,163	317,905	353,990	2,201,396	2,604,153
Long-term liabilities						
outstanding	7,198,679	7,574,935	7,889,624	8,274,918	15,088,303	15,849,853
Other liabilities	302,108	328,651	372,560	337,083	674,668	665,734
Total liabilities	7,500,787	7,903,586	8,262,184	8,612,001	15,762,971	16,515,587
Total deferred						
inflows of						
resources	285,855	268,805	81,823	21,941	367,678	290,746
Net position						
Net investment in						
capital assets	9,872,496	9,627,486	15,133,488	16,547,284	25,005,984	26,174,770
Restricted	1,304,897	861,034	4,921,678	4,236,942	6,226,575	5,097,976
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,049,931)	(952,243)	7,412,280	6,780,529	6,362,349	5,828,286
Total net position	\$ 10,127,462	\$ 9,536,277	\$ 27,467,446	\$ 27,564,755	\$ 37,594,908	\$ 37,101,032

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$591 thousand and business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$97 thousand. Reported in Table 2 are the key elements of these increases.

Table 2CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDASTATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET POSITIONFOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 AND 2017

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Тс	otal
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
REVENUES						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 3,050,918	\$ 2,871,045	\$ 13,094,111	\$ 12,353,571	\$ 16,145,029	\$ 15,224,616
Capital grants						
and contributions	697,506	782,058	649,904	495,228	1,347,410	1,277,286
General revenues						
Property taxes	1,003,391	1,013,516	-	-	1,003,391	1,013,516
Other taxes	1,996,081	1,717,815	-	-	1,996,081	1,717,815
Other revenue	1,448,052	1,393,120	59,693	72,772	1,507,745	1,465,892
TOTAL REVENUES	8,195,948	7,777,554	13,803,708	12,921,571	21,999,656	20,699,125
EXPENSES						
Primary government						
General government	3,618,280	3,542,228	-	-	3,618,280	3,542,228
Public safety	4,367,327	4,158,060	-	-	4,367,327	4,158,060
Transportation	1,404,708	1,027,156	-	-	1,404,708	1,027,156
Economic environment	145,889	79,759	-	-	145,889	79,759
Culture and						
recreation	1,259,751	1,547,521	-	-	1,259,751	1,547,521
Debt service interest	11,312	19,573	-	-	11,312	19,573
Business-type activities						
Natural gas	-	-	2,880,143	2,721,547	2,880,143	2,721,547
Water and sewer	-	-	5,921,389	5,613,357	5,921,389	5,613,357
Sanitation	-	-	1,315,826	1,266,209	1,315,826	1,266,209
Sundial utilities	-	-	409,938	405,047	409,938	405,047
Non-major			474 047	407 474	474.047	407 474
proprietary funds			171,217	187,471	171,217	187,471
TOTAL EXPENSES	10,807,267	10,374,297	10,698,513	10,193,631	21,505,780	20,567,928
Increase (decrease)						
in net position						
before transfers	(2,611,319)	(2,596,743)	3,105,195	2,727,940	493,876	131,197
Transfers	3,202,504	2,919,558	(3,202,504)	(2,919,558)	-	-
Increase (decrease)						
in net position	591,185	322,815	(97,309)	(191,618)	493,876	131,197
NET POSITION,						
BEGINNING (Restated)	9,536,277	9,213,462	27,564,755	27,756,373	37,101,032	36,969,835
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 10,127,462	\$ 9,536,277	\$ 27,467,446	\$ 27,564,755	\$ 37,594,908	\$ 37,101,032

FINANCIAL IMPACTS

Normal Impacts

There are eight basic impacts on revenues and expenses as reflected below:

Revenues

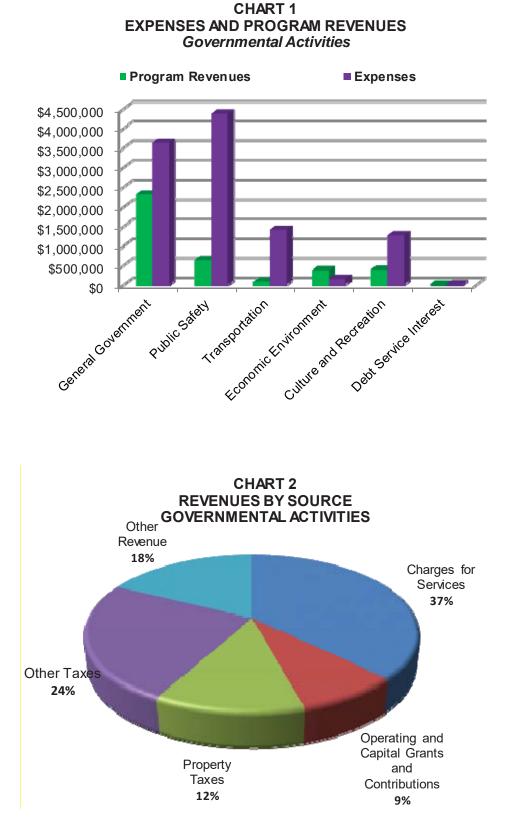
- Economic Condition: This can reflect a declining, stable, or growing economic environment and has a substantial impact on property, sales, gas or other tax revenue.
- Council Approved Rate Adjustments: While certain tax rates are set by statute, the City Council has significant authority to impose and periodically adjust rates (water, wastewater, natural gas, sanitation, stormwater, impact fees, recreation user fees, etc.).
- Changing Patterns in Intergovernmental Grant Revenue (Both Recurring and Non- Recurring): Certain recurring revenues (e.g. state revenue sharing and community development block grants) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring (or one-time) grants are less predictable and often distorting in their impact on year-to-year comparisons.
- Market Impacts on Investment Income: The current market conditions have a significant influence on the City's investment income, causing it to fluctuate greatly.

Expenses

- Introduction of New Programs: Within functional expense categories (police, fire, public works, parks and recreation, etc.), individual programs may be added or deleted to meet changing community needs.
- Authorized Position Adjustments: Changes in service demand may cause the City Council to change authorized staffing. Staffing costs (salary and related benefits) represent a significant portion of the City's operating costs.
- Salary Adjustments: The ability to attract and retain human and intellectual resources requires the City to strive to approach a competitive salary range position in the marketplace.
- Inflation: While overall inflation appears to be reasonably modest, the City is a major consumer of certain commodities such as paper, chemicals, supplies, fuel, oil and parts. Some fluctuations may experience commodity specific increases.

Current Year Impacts – Governmental Activities

- Charges for services increased by approximately \$180 thousand which was primarily due to the fire special assessment levied during the year to provide additional funding for fire protection resources.
- Other taxes increased by approximately \$278 thousand primarily due to the new ½ cent local option sales tax that was implemented during fiscal year 2017 within Santa Rosa County, and fiscal year 2018 was the first full year of the tax proceeds. The proceeds from this tax are restricted for capital improvements.
- Transportation expenses increased approximately \$377 thousand resulting from increased payroll and pension related costs and depreciation charges.



Current Year Impacts – Business-Type Activities

- Charges for services increased by \$740 thousand predominantly due to increased customers for water and sewer services based on growth in East Milton.
- Expenses in the business-type funds increased by approximately \$505 thousand due to increases in payroll and payroll related costs, as well as increases in shared personnel and technology costs with the governmental funds.

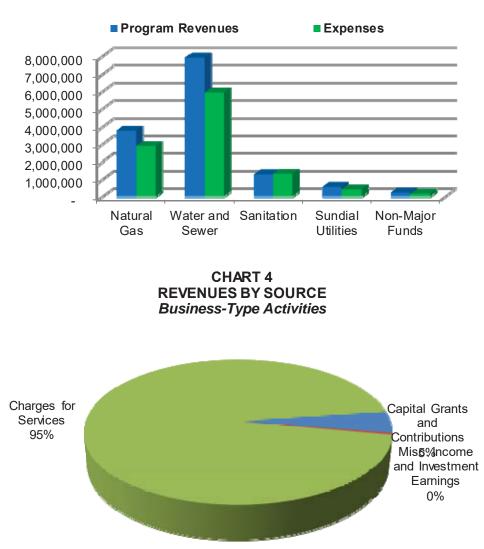


CHART 3 EXPENSES AND PROGRAM REVENUES Business-Type Activities

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5.6 million, an increase of \$849 thousand from the prior year. \$3.9 million constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the City Council's discretion. The remaining fund balance is restricted or assigned for various purposes and commitments.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$3.9 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately six months of the General Fund operating expenditures.

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$517 thousand. The key factor in the increase in fund balance is due to the previously mentioned fire special assessment levied in the current year.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but are more detailed.

Unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds totaled \$7.5 million at the end of the year. Proprietary funds net position decreased by \$97 thousand. The factors concerning the finances of these proprietary funds have been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original budgeted expenditures were increased by \$223 thousand, budgeted revenues were increased by \$50 thousand, and budgeted net transfers decreased by \$89 thousand, as presented in the final amended budget.

Actual results, when compared to the final budget, show a variance of \$868 thousand. The key factors in this variance are the result of implementing city-wide cost saving measures.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND OUTSTANDING DEBT

Capital Assets

The City's investments in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2018, amounts to \$31.2 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, water, wastewater and drainage system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads and highways, etc. The overall decrease in the City's capital assets is essentially attributable to current year depreciation offset by current year acquisitions.

Table 3 CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Depreciation) AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 AND 2017

	Governme	ental Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Тс	otal
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Land	\$ 2,980,908	\$ 2,809,941	\$ 1,073,027	\$ 1,073,027	\$ 4,053,935	\$ 3,882,968
Construction in progress	335,343	818,742	2,445,662	2,226,026	2,781,005	3,044,768
Buildings	1,689,678	2,090,443	17,500	26,967	1,707,178	2,117,410
Improvements other						
than buildings	4,063,458	3,323,667	16,117,467	18,318,530	20,180,925	21,642,197
Machinery and equipment	994,320	1,156,213	1,437,899	1,243,449	2,432,219	2,399,662
Total	\$ 10,063,707	\$ 10,199,006	\$ 21,091,555	\$ 22,887,999	\$ 31,155,262	\$ 33,087,005

Additional information on the capital assets of the City can be found in Note 5 of this report.

Outstanding Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$6.8 million. All of the City's debt represents loans secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., utility and tax revenues). The City has no general obligation or special assessment debt. The State of Florida does not place a legal limit of debt on municipalities. For general obligation debts greater than one year, the City is required to conduct a voter referendum process for approval of this type of debt.

Table 4
CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA
LONG-TERM DEBT OUTSTANDING
AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 AND 2016

	 Governmen	mental Activities			Business-Type Activities			Total			
	 2018	2017		2018		2017		2018			2017
Revenue notes payable	\$ -	\$	332,178	\$	2,337,835	\$	2,474,558	\$	2,337,835	\$	2,806,736
Capital leases	191,211		239,342		-		-		191,211		239,342
State revolving loan	-		-		3,620,232		3,866,157		3,620,232		3,866,157
Compensated absences	 433,791		406,665		171,654		153,342		605,445		560,007
Total	\$ 625,002	\$	978,185	\$	6,129,721	\$	6,494,057	\$	6,754,723	\$	7,472,242

The City's total debt decreased \$717 thousand during the fiscal year, which is primarily attributable to scheduled payments.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The State of Florida, by constitution, does not have a state personal income tax and therefore the State operates primarily using sales, gasoline and corporate income taxes. Local governments (cities, counties, and school boards) primarily rely upon property and a limited array of permitted other taxes (sales, gasoline, utility service taxes, etc.) and fees (franchise and occupational license) for their governmental activities. There are a limited number of state shared revenues and recurring and non-recurring grants from both the State and Federal Governments, which provide funding for specific programs, projects or activities. For the business-type activities and certain governmental activities (permitting and recreational programs) the user pays a related fee or charge associated with the service.

The level of taxes, fees, and charges for services (including development related impact fees) has an impact on the City's specific competitive ability to encourage development and redevelopment (office, retail, residential and industrial) for those businesses that choose to locate in our jurisdiction. As the City has limited growth potential, it places great emphasis on redevelopment and it is essential for the continued financial and economic health of our community.

The military has a significant presence in our community with Whiting Field Naval Base employing military and civilian personnel. This installation is essential to the continued long-term economic vitality of this area. Combined, the military and defense-related industries have a \$30 billion annual impact on Florida's economy. The Governor's Office of Trade, Tourism & Economic Development (OTTED) is positioned closely with the military commanders in Florida, which may aid in limiting future base realignment and closures from negatively affecting this area.

This strong relationship with the commanders gives the Governor and the state early warning of support issues they contend with on a regular basis. Regional economic indicators were also considered in preparing the 2019 fiscal year budget for the City:

- The local unemployment rate decreased during the fiscal year. The unemployment rate will impact the City's fee and usage based revenues, and shared portions of the State of Florida's usage based taxes.
- Property tax revenues are anticipated to increase slightly year-over-year by most regional municipalities. For the 2019 fiscal year, the City increased budgeted property tax revenues by approximately 5% from the prior year budget.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's financial information. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Chief Accountant, 6738 Dixon Street, Milton Florida 32572. The City's website address is www.ci.milton.fl.us. Inquiries may also be sent via email to the Finance Department at chiefaccountant@mymiltonflorida.com.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Primary Government	
	Governmental	Business-Type	
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,109,699	\$ 7,848,909	\$ 11,958,608
Receivables, net	209,496	1,209,133	1,418,629
Due from other governments	279,369	-	279,369
Interfund balances	(44,749)	44,749	-
Inventory	151,006	164,495	315,501
Restricted assets		,	
Cash and cash equivalents	1,262,085	5,134,707	6,396,792
Capital assets			
Non-depreciable	3,316,251	3,518,689	6,834,940
Depreciable, net	6,747,456	17,572,866	24,320,322
TOTAL ASSETS	16,030,613	35,493,548	51,524,161
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
OPEB related	136,955	68,832	205,787
Pension related	1,746,536	249,073	1,995,609
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	1,883,491	317,905	2,201,396
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	130,348	327,427	457,775
Accrued liabilities	79,029	45,133	124,162
Unearned revenue	92,731	-	92,731
Compensated absences	393,011	156,972	549,983
Revenue notes payable	-	138,938	138,938
State revolving loan payable	-	251,858	251,858
Capital lease payable	46,047	-	46,047
Payable from restricted assets			
Customer deposits	-	706,681	706,681
Non-current liabilities			
Compensated absences	40,780	14,683	55,463
Revenue notes payable	-	2,198,897	2,198,897
State revolving loan payable	-	3,368,374	3,368,374
Capital lease payable	145,164	-	145,164
Net OPEB	1,047,431	526,428	1,573,859
Net pension liability	5,526,246	526,793	6,053,039
TOTAL LIABILITIES	7,500,787	8,262,184	15,762,971
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
OPEB related	37,392	18,793	56,185
Pension related	248,463	63,030	311,493
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	285,855	81,823	367,678
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	9,872,496	15,133,488	25,005,984
Restricted			
Debt service	-	571,097	571,097
Public safety	58,919	-	58,919
Community redevelopment	51,608	-	51,608
Capital projects	1,194,370	4,350,581	5,544,951
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,049,931)	7,412,280	6,362,349
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 10,127,462	\$ 27,467,446	\$ 37,594,908

					Net (Expense) Re	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	s in Net Position
			Program Revenues	S		Primary Government	
Function/program activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Governmental activities							
General government	\$ 3,618,280	\$ 2,298,290	۰ ج	۰ ج	\$ (1,319,990)	۰ ه	\$ (1,319,990)
Public safety	4,367,327	623,742		•	(3,743,585)	•	(3,743,585)
Transportation	1,404,708	I	ı	77,349	(1,327,359)		(1,327,359)
Economic environment	145,889	30,855		336,382	221,348		221,348
Culture and recreation	1,259,751	98,031		283,775	(877,945)		(877,945)
Debt service interest	11,312	'	'		(11,312)	'	(11,312)
Total governmental activities	10,807,267	3,050,918	'	697,506	(7,058,843)		(7,058,843)
Business-type activities							
Natural gas	2,880,143	3,764,119			•	883,976	883,976
Water and sewer	5,921,389	7,249,743		649,904		1,978,258	1,978,258
Sanitation	1,315,826	1,288,559			•	(27,267)	(27,267)
Sundial utilities	409,938	561,882		•		151,944	151,944
Non-major proprietary funds	171,217	229,808		'	ı	58,591	58,591
Total business-type activities	10,698,513	13,094,111	'	649,904	'	3,045,502	3,045,502
Total primary government	\$ 21,505,780	\$ 16,145,029	' ج	\$ 1,347,410	(7,058,843)	3,045,502	(4,013,341)
	General revenues						
	Taxes						
	Property taxes				1,003,391		1,003,391
	Sales taxes				836,554		836,554
	Utility service taxes	es			1,159,527		1,159,527
	Municipal revenue sharing	sharing			1,321,316		1,321,316
	Gain on sale of assets	sets			22,229	ı	22,229
	Investment earnings	S			7,816	14,637	22,453
	Miscellaneous				96,691	45,056	141,747
	Transfers				3,202,504	(3,202,504)	
	Total general revenues and transfers	ues and transfers			7,650,028	(3,142,811)	4,507,217
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	SITION			591,185	(97,309)	493,876
	NET POSITION, BEGI	SINNING, RESTATED	ED		9,536,277	27,564,755	37,101,032
	NET POSITION, ENDING	DING			\$ 10,127,462	\$ 27,467,446	\$ 37,594,908

See notes to the financial statements.

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CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Ма	jor Funds				
	 General Fund	Rede	mmunity evelopment Agency	Capital Projects	on-Major vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,884,410	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 225,289	\$	4,109,699
Receivables	208,996		-	-	500		209,496
Due from other governments	180,617		-	98,752	-		279,369
Inventory	151,006		-	-	-		151,006
Restricted assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	 130,716		61,707	 989,850	 79,812		1,262,085
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,555,745	\$	61,707	\$ 1,088,602	\$ 305,601	\$	6,011,655
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	96,584		10,099	2,272	21,393		130,348
Due to other funds	22,073		-	22,676	-		44,749
Accrued liabilities	 79,029		-	 -	 -		79,029
Total liabilities	 197,686		10,099	 24,948	 21,393		254,126
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 194,982		-	 -	 -		194,982
FUND BALANCE							
Nonspendable							
Inventory	151,006		-	-	-		151,006
Restricted							
Capital projects	130,716			1,063,654	-		1,194,370
Public safety	-		-	-	58,919		58,919
Community redevelopment	-		51,608	-	-		51,608
Assigned	-		-	-	225,289		225,289
Unassigned	 3,881,355		-	 -	 		3,881,355
Total fund balances	 4,163,077		51,608	 1,063,654	 284,208		5,562,547
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 4,555,745	\$	61,707	\$ 1,088,602	\$ 305,601	\$	6,011,655

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Fund balance, total governmental funds		\$ 5,562,547
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Governmental non-depreciable assets	3,316,251	
Governmental depreciable assets Less accumulated depreciation	24,798,381 (18,050,925)	
	(10,000,020)	10,063,707
Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are not available/receivable or due/payable, respectively, in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources – OPEB related	136,955	
Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB related	(37,392)	
Deferred outflows of resources – pension related	1,746,536	
Deferred inflows of resources – pension related	(248,463)	1 507 626
Unavailable revenues for special assessments in governmental funds are susceptible to full accrual on the		1,597,636
entity-wide statements.		102,251
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Capital leases	(191,211)	
Compensated absences	(433,791)	
OPEB liability	(1,047,431)	
Net pension liability	(5,526,246)	(7.400.070)
		 (7,198,679)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 10,127,462

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Major Funds			
	General Fund	Community Redevelopment Agency	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 2,570,451	\$-	\$ 197,838	\$-	\$ 2,768,289
Licenses, fees, permits, and assessments	986,816	-	-	-	986,816
Intergovernmental	1,094,191	61,099	1,230,871	-	2,386,161
Charges for services	1,366,311	30,880	-	299,672	1,696,863
Fines and forfeits	27,727	-	-	-	27,727
Miscellaneous	306,034	51	309	1,152	307,546
Total revenues	6,351,530	92,030	1,429,018	300,824	8,173,402
EXPENDITURES Current					
General governmental	2,577,198	-	-	-	2,577,198
Public safety	3,484,122	-	-	250,930	3,735,052
Economic environment	88,017	57,872	-	-	145,889
Transportation	1,010,373	-	-	-	1,010,373
Culture and recreation	1,193,138	-	-	-	1,193,138
Capital outlay					
General governmental	233,299	-	1,117,477	-	1,350,776
Economic environment	-	122,300	-	-	122,300
Debt Service					
Principal	-	-	-	380,309	380,309
Interest	-			11,312	11,312
Total expenditures	8,586,147	180,172	1,117,477	642,551	10,526,347
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,234,617)	(88,142)	311,541	(341,727)	(2,352,945)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	3,222,504	26,000	163,905	280,844	3,693,253
Transfers out	(470,749)	(20,000)			(490,749)
Total other financing sources	2,751,755	6,000	163,905	280,844	3,202,504
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	517,138	(82,142)	475,446	(60,883)	849,559
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	3,645,939	133,750	588,208	345,091	4,712,988
FUND BALANCE, ENDING					

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Net change in fund balance – governmental funds		\$ 849,559
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated/amortized over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Expenditures for capital assets Less current year depreciation	1,473,076 (1,608,375)	(405 000)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		(135,299)
Principal payments		380,309
Special assessment revenue in the governmental funds is recognized when available however, the revenue was recognized in the statement of activities when it was earned (when levied) under full accrual accounting.		22,546
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Change in net pension liability and related deferred inflows		
and outflows of resources related to OPEB	(68,642)	
Change in net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions	(430,162)	
Change in long-term compensated absences	(27,126)	
		 (525,930)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 591,185

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Budgete	d Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 2,527,308	\$ 2,527,308	\$ 2,570,451	\$ 43,143
Licenses, fees, permits, & assessments	923,250	932,242	986,816	54,574
Intergovernmental	1,039,785	1,049,785	1,094,191	44,406
Charges for services	1,364,710	1,365,597	1,366,311	714
Fines and forfeits	26,950	26,950	27,727	777
Miscellaneous	228,181	257,885	306,034	48,149
Total revenues	6,110,184	6,159,767	6,351,530	191,763
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General governmental	2,637,402	2,657,074	2,577,198	79,876
Public safety	3,796,350	3,787,098	3,484,122	302,976
Transportation	1,075,901	1,082,038	1,010,373	71,665
Economic environment	-	-	88,017	(88,017)
Culture and recreation	1,281,680	1,349,151	1,193,138	156,013
Capital outlay				
General governmental	138,500	277,624	233,299	44,325
Total expenditures	8,929,833	9,152,985	8,586,147	566,838
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES				
UNDER EXPENDITURES	(2,819,649)	(2,993,218)	(2,234,617)	758,601
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	3,202,504	3,222,504	3,222,504	-
Transfers out	(382,855)	(491,944)	(470,749)	21,195
Total other financing sources	2,819,649	2,730,560	2,751,755	21,195
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	(262,658)	517,138	779,796
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		262,658	3,645,939	3,383,281
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$-	\$ -	\$ 4,163,077	\$ 4,163,077

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	C	Budgete Driginal	d An	nounts Final	Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget - ositive gative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	61,099 33,500	\$	61,099 33,500 -	\$ 61,099 30,880 51	\$	(2,620)
Total revenues EXPENDITURES		94,599		94,599	 92,030		(2,569)
Current Economic environment Capital outlay		129,599		114,807	57,872		56,935
Economic environment		35,000		123,433	 122,300		1,133
Total expenditures		164,599		238,240	 180,172		58,068
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(70,000)		(143,641)	 (88,142)		55,499
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out		-		26,000 (20,000)	26,000 (20,000)		-
Total other financing sources		-		6,000	6,000		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		(70,000) 70,000		(137,641) 137,641	 (82,142) 133,750		55,499 (3,891)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	-	\$		\$ 51,608	\$	51,608

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Major Funds								
	Natural Gas Fund	W	ater & Sewer Fund	Sa	nitation Fund	Sundial Utilities Fund		on-Major oprietary Funds	Total
ASSETS									
Current assets									
Cash and cash									
equivalents	\$ 1,726,332	\$	5,374,960	\$	38,441	\$ 286,111	\$	423,065	\$ 7,848,909
Receivables, net	229,866		780,891		121,821	39,397		37,158	1,209,133
Inventory	164,495		-		-	-		-	164,495
Internal balances	(435)		45,427		(243)	-		-	44,749
Restricted assets									
Cash and cash									
equivalents	213,029		4,350,581		-	571,097		-	 5,134,707
Total current assets	2,333,287		10,551,859		160,019	896,605		460,223	 14,401,993
Capital assets									
Non-depreciable	109,328		2,059,607		-	450,000		899,754	3,518,689
Depreciable, net	371,186		15,443,163		476,900	1,167,794		113,823	 17,572,866
Total capital assets	480,514		17,502,770		476,900	1,617,794		1,013,577	 21,091,555
TOTAL ASSETS	2,813,801		28,054,629		636,919	2,514,399		1,473,800	 35,493,548
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
OPEB related	17,740		24,127		8,515	7,096		11,354	68,832
Pension related	55,439		170,004		23,630			-	 249,073
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	73,179		194,131		32,145	7,096		11,354	 317,905

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – CONTINUED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Major Funds Non-Major Natural Gas Wator & Sowor Sanitation Non-Major Proprietary Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Funds Total Current liabilities Accounts payable \$ 170,837 \$ 113,453 \$ 36,769 \$ 4,502 \$ 1,846 \$ 327,427 Accounts payable \$ 170,837 \$ 113,453 \$ 36,769 \$ 4,502 \$ 1,846 \$ 327,427 Accounts payable \$ 17,775 5,852 - - 45,133 Revenue notes payable - <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>								
Current liabilities Current liabilities \$ 170,837 \$ 113,453 \$ 36,789 \$ 4,502 \$ 1,846 \$ 327,427 Accounds payable \$ 170,837 \$ 113,453 \$ 36,789 \$ 4,502 \$ 1,846 \$ 327,427 Accound liabilities Compensated absences \$ 51,224 & 22,23 23,525 - - 45,133 Revenue notes payable - - 138,938 - 138,938 -						Utilities	Proprietary	Total
Accounts payable \$ 170,837 \$ 113,453 \$ 36,789 \$ 4,502 \$ 1,846 \$ 327,427 Accrued liabilities 51,224 82,223 23,525 - - 156,972 Wages 11,516 27,765 5,852 - - 45,133 Revenue notes payable - - - 138,938 - 138,938 Note payable - 251,858 - <th>LIABILITIES</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th> </th>	LIABILITIES							
Accrued liabilities Compensated absences 51,224 82,223 23,525 - - 156,972 Wages 11,516 27,665 5,852 - - 45,133 Revenue notes payable - - 138,938 - 138,938 Note payable - - - - - payable - 251,858 - - - - Payable from restricted - </td <td>Current liabilities</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Current liabilities							
Compensated absences 51,224 82,223 23,525 - - 156,972 Wages 11,516 27,765 5,852 - - 45,133 Revenue notes payable - - - 138,938 - 138,938 Note payable - <t< td=""><td>Accounts payable</td><td>\$ 170,837</td><td>\$</td><td>113,453</td><td>\$ 36,789</td><td>\$ 4,502</td><td>\$ 1,846</td><td>\$ 327,427</td></t<>	Accounts payable	\$ 170,837	\$	113,453	\$ 36,789	\$ 4,502	\$ 1,846	\$ 327,427
Wages 11,516 27,765 5,852 - - 45,133 Revenue notes payable - - 138,938 - 138,938 Note payable - - - - - - State revolving loans - <td< td=""><td>Accrued liabilities</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Accrued liabilities							
Revenue notes payable - - 138,938 - 138,938 Note payable - 138,938 - <t< td=""><td>Compensated absences</td><td>51,224</td><td>Ļ</td><td>82,223</td><td>23,525</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>156,972</td></t<>	Compensated absences	51,224	Ļ	82,223	23,525	-	-	156,972
Note payable - <t< td=""><td>Wages</td><td>11,516</td><td>;</td><td>27,765</td><td>5,852</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>45,133</td></t<>	Wages	11,516	;	27,765	5,852	-	-	45,133
State revolving loans payable 251,858 - - 251,858 Unearned revenues -	Revenue notes payable			-	-	138,938	-	138,938
payable - 251,858 - - - 251,858 Unearmed revenues - 14,683 - - - - 14,683 - - - - 14,683 - - - - 14,683 - - - - 14,683 - - - 14,683 - - - 14,683 - - - 14,683 - - - 14,683 - - - - - - - - - -	Note payable			-	-	-	-	-
Unearmed revenues -	State revolving loans							
Payable from restricted assets 213,029 450,013 - 43,639 - 706,681 Total current liabilities 446,606 925,312 66,166 187,079 1,846 1,627,009 Non-current liabilities 446,606 925,312 66,166 187,079 1,846 1,627,009 Non-current liabilities - - 2,198,897 1,4683 1,491 - - 14,683 Revenue notes payable - - 2,198,897 2,198,897 3,368,374 - - 3,368,374 Net OPEB 135,678 184,521 65,125 54,271 86,833 526,428 Net pension liability 117,184 357,372 52,237 - - 526,793 Total non-current 1iabilities 257,571 3,918,750 118,853 2,253,168 86,833 6,635,175 TOTAL LIABILITIES 704,177 4,844,062 185,019 2,440,247 88,679 8,262,184 DEFERRED INFLOWS 0 7,119 10,874	payable			251,858	-	-	-	251,858
assets Customer deposits 213,029 450,013 - 43,639 - 706,681 Total current liabilities 446,606 925,312 66,166 187,079 1,846 1,627,009 Non-current liabilities 60,166 187,079 1,846 1,627,009 Compensated absences 4,709 8,483 1,491 - - 14,683 Revenue notes payable - - 2,198,897 - 2,198,897 State revolving loans - - 2,198,897 - 2,198,897 payable - 3,368,374 - - - 3,368,374 Net OPEB 135,678 184,521 65,125 54,271 86,833 526,428 Net pension liability 117,184 357,372 52,237 - - 526,793 Total non-current - 18,81750 118,853 2,253,168 86,833 6,635,175 TOTAL LIABILITIES 704,177 4,844,062 185,019 2,440,247 88,679 <td>Unearned revenues</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	Unearned revenues			-	-	-	-	-
Customer depositis 213,029 450,013 - 43,639 - 706,681 Total current liabilities 446,606 925,312 66,166 187,079 1,846 1,627,009 Non-current liabilities Compensated absences 4,709 8,483 1,491 - - 14,683 Revenue notes payable - - 2,198,897 - 2,198,897 State revolving loans - 3,368,374 - - 3,368,374 Net OPEB 135,678 184,521 65,125 54,271 86,833 526,428 Net pension liability 117,184 357,372 52,237 - - 526,793 Total non-current - - 3,918,750 118,853 2,253,168 86,833 6,635,175 TOTAL LIABILITIES 704,177 4,844,062 185,019 2,440,247 88,679 8,262,184 DEFERRED INFLOWS 0RESUNCCES - - 63,030 66,33,01 18,793 Pension related 4,844 <td>Payable from restricted</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Payable from restricted							
Total current liabilities 446,606 925,312 66,166 187,079 1,846 1,627,009 Non-current liabilities Compensated absences 4,709 8,483 1,491 - - 14,683 Revenue notes payable - - 2,198,897 - 2,198,897 State revolving loans - 3,368,374 - - - 3,368,374 Net OPEB 135,678 184,521 65,125 54,271 86,833 526,428 Net OPEB 135,678 184,521 65,125 54,271 86,833 6,635,175 Total non-current 1iabilities 257,571 3,918,750 118,853 2,253,168 86,833 6,635,175 TotAL LABILITIES 704,177 4,844,062 185,019 2,440,247 88,679 8,262,184 DEFERRED INFLOWS 0F RESOURCES - - 63,030 OPEB related 4,844 6,587 2,325 1,937 3,100 81,823 NET POSITION 18,793 47,119<	assets							
Non-current liabilities 1 <th1< th=""> 1 1 1</th1<>	Customer deposits	213,029)	450,013	 -	43,639		 706,681
Compensated absences 4,709 8,483 1,491 - - 14,683 Revenue notes payable - - - 2,198,897 - 2,198,897 State revolving loans - - 3,368,374 - - - 3,368,374 Net OPEB 135,678 184,521 65,125 54,271 86,833 526,428 Net pension liability 117,184 357,372 52,237 - - 526,793 Total non-current - - 3,918,750 118,853 2,253,168 86,833 6,635,175 TOTAL LIABILITIES 704,177 4,844,062 185,019 2,440,247 88,679 8,262,184 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - 63,030 18,793 Pension related 13,949 40,532 8,549 - 63,030 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS 18,793 47,119 10,874 1,937 3,100 81,823 Net investment in capital assets 480,514 13,882,538<	Total current liabilities	446,606	;	925,312	66,166	187,079	1,846	1,627,009
Revenue notes payable - - 2,198,897 2,198,897 State revolving loans - - - 2,198,897 payable - 3,368,374 - - - 3,368,374 Net OPEB 135,678 184,521 65,125 54,271 86,833 526,428 Net pension liability 117,184 357,372 52,237 - - 526,793 Total non-current - - 3,918,750 118,853 2,253,168 86,833 6,635,175 TOTAL LIABILITIES 704,177 4,844,062 185,019 2,440,247 88,679 8,262,184 DEFERRED INFLOWS 0F RESOURCES - - 63,030 18,793 OPEB related 4,844 6,587 2,325 1,937 3,100 18,793 Pension related 13,949 40,532 8,549 - 63,030 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS 18,793 47,119 10,874 1,937 3,100 81,823 Net investment	Non-current liabilities							
State revolving loans payable - 3,368,374 - - 3,368,374 Net OPEB 135,678 184,521 65,125 54,271 86,833 526,428 Net pension liability 117,184 357,372 52,237 - 526,793 Total non-current - - 3,918,750 118,853 2,253,168 86,833 6,635,175 TOTAL LIABILITIES 704,177 4,844,062 185,019 2,440,247 88,679 8,262,184 DEFERRED INFLOWS 0PEB related 4,844 6,587 2,325 1,937 3,100 18,793 Pension related 13,949 40,532 8,549 - 63,030 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS 18,793 47,119 10,874 1,937 3,100 81,823 NET POSITION 18,793 47,119 10,874 1,937 3,100 81,823 Restricted - - 571,097 - 571,097 Debt service - - 571,097 </td <td>Compensated absences</td> <td>4,709</td> <td>)</td> <td>8,483</td> <td>1,491</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>14,683</td>	Compensated absences	4,709)	8,483	1,491	-	-	14,683
payable - 3,368,374 - - - 3,368,374 Net OPEB 135,678 184,521 65,125 54,271 86,833 526,428 Net pension liability 117,184 357,372 52,237 - - 526,793 Total non-current - 118,853 2,253,168 86,833 6,635,175 TOTAL LIABILITIES 704,177 4,844,062 185,019 2,440,247 88,679 8,262,184 DEFERRED INFLOWS 704,177 4,844 6,587 2,325 1,937 3,100 18,793 Pension related 13,949 40,532 8,549 - 63,030 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS 18,793 47,119 10,874 1,937 3,100 81,823 NET POSITION 18,793 47,119 10,874 1,937 3,100 81,823 Restricted - - - 571,097 571,097 571,097 Debt service - - - 571,097 571,097 <td>Revenue notes payable</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>2,198,897</td> <td>-</td> <td>2,198,897</td>	Revenue notes payable		-	-	-	2,198,897	-	2,198,897
Net OPEB 135,678 184,521 65,125 54,271 86,833 526,428 Net pension liability 117,184 357,372 52,237 - - 526,793 Total non-current liabilities 257,571 3,918,750 118,853 2,253,168 86,833 6,635,175 TOTAL LIABILITIES 704,177 4,844,062 185,019 2,440,247 88,679 8,262,184 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 704,177 4,844,062 185,019 2,440,247 88,679 8,262,184 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - 63,030 18,793 Pension related 13,949 40,532 8,549 - - 63,030 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS 18,793 47,119 10,874 1,937 3,100 81,823 NET POSITION - - - 6571,097 571,097 15,133,488 Restricted - - - 571,097 571,097 571,097 Debt service - - <t< td=""><td>State revolving loans</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	State revolving loans							
Net pension liability 117,184 357,372 52,237 - - 526,793 Total non-current liabilities 257,571 3,918,750 118,853 2,253,168 86,833 6,635,175 TOTAL LIABILITIES 704,177 4,844,062 185,019 2,440,247 88,679 8,262,184 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - 63,030 18,793 Pension related 4,844 6,587 2,325 1,937 3,100 18,793 Pension related 13,949 40,532 8,549 - - 63,030 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS 18,793 47,119 10,874 1,937 3,100 81,823 NET POSITION - - - 63,030 6,720,041 1,013,577 15,133,488 Restricted - - - 571,097 - 571,097 Capital projects - - - 571,097 - 4,350,581 Unrestricted 1,683,496 5,124,460 (3,729)	payable			3,368,374	-	-	-	3,368,374
Total non-current liabilities 257,571 3,918,750 118,853 2,253,168 86,833 6,635,175 TOTAL LIABILITIES 704,177 4,844,062 185,019 2,440,247 88,679 8,262,184 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES OPEB related 4,844 6,587 2,325 1,937 3,100 18,793 Pension related 13,949 40,532 8,549 - - 63,030 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS 18,793 47,119 10,874 1,937 3,100 81,823 NET POSITION Restricted - - 571,097 - 571,097 Debt service - - - 571,097 - 571,097 Capital projects - - - 571,097 - 571,097 Unrestricted 1,683,496 5,124,460 (3,729) 228,255 379,798 7,412,280	Net OPEB	135,678	3	184,521	65,125	54,271	86,833	526,428
liabilities257,5713,918,750118,8532,253,16886,8336,635,175TOTAL LIABILITIES704,1774,844,062185,0192,440,24788,6798,262,184DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES672,3251,9373,10018,793OPEB related4,8446,5872,3251,9373,10018,793Pension related13,94940,5328,549-63,030TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS18,79347,11910,8741,9373,10081,823NET POSITION840,51413,882,538476,900(720,041)1,013,57715,133,488Restricted571,097-571,097Debt service4,350,5814,350,581Unrestricted1,683,4965,124,460(3,729)228,255379,7987,412,280	Net pension liability	117,184	<u> </u>	357,372	 52,237			 526,793
TOTAL LIABILITIES 704,177 4,844,062 185,019 2,440,247 88,679 8,262,184 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES OPEB related 4,844 6,587 2,325 1,937 3,100 18,793 Pension related 13,949 40,532 8,549 - - 63,030 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS 18,793 47,119 10,874 1,937 3,100 81,823 NET POSITION Restricted - - 571,097 - 571,097 Debt service - - 4,350,581 - - 4,350,581 Unrestricted 1,683,496 5,124,460 (3,729) 228,255 379,798 7,412,280	Total non-current							
TOTAL LIABILITIES 704,177 4,844,062 185,019 2,440,247 88,679 8,262,184 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES OPEB related 4,844 6,587 2,325 1,937 3,100 18,793 Pension related 13,949 40,532 8,549 - - 63,030 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS 18,793 47,119 10,874 1,937 3,100 81,823 NET POSITION Restricted - - 571,097 - 571,097 Debt service - - 4,350,581 - - 4,350,581 Unrestricted 1,683,496 5,124,460 (3,729) 228,255 379,798 7,412,280	liabilities	257,571		3,918,750	118,853	2,253,168	86,833	6,635,175
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES A	TOTAL LIABILITIES	704,177	,	4,844,062	185,019	2,440,247	88,679	8,262,184
Pension related 13,949 40,532 8,549 - - 63,030 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS 18,793 47,119 10,874 1,937 3,100 81,823 NET POSITION		· · · ·	_		 <u>,</u>	<u> </u>	. <u></u>	
Pension related 13,949 40,532 8,549 - - 63,030 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS 18,793 47,119 10,874 1,937 3,100 81,823 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 480,514 13,882,538 476,900 (720,041) 1,013,577 15,133,488 Restricted - - 571,097 - 571,097 Capital projects - 4,350,581 - - 4,350,581 Unrestricted 1,683,496 5,124,460 (3,729) 228,255 379,798 7,412,280	OPEB related	4,844	Ļ	6,587	2,325	1,937	3,100	18,793
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 480,514 13,882,538 476,900 (720,041) 1,013,577 15,133,488 Restricted - - 571,097 - 571,097 Capital projects - 4,350,581 - - 4,350,581 Unrestricted 1,683,496 5,124,460 (3,729) 228,255 379,798 7,412,280	Pension related	13,949)	40,532	8,549	-	-	63,030
Net investment in capital assets 480,514 13,882,538 476,900 (720,041) 1,013,577 15,133,488 Restricted 571,097 571,097 Debt service - 4,350,581 - - 4,350,581 Unrestricted 1,683,496 5,124,460 (3,729) 228,255 379,798 7,412,280	TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	18,793	3	47,119	 10,874	1,937	3,100	 81,823
assets480,51413,882,538476,900(720,041)1,013,57715,133,488RestrictedDebt service571,097-571,097Capital projects-4,350,5814,350,581Unrestricted1,683,4965,124,460(3,729)228,255379,7987,412,280	NET POSITION							
assets480,51413,882,538476,900(720,041)1,013,57715,133,488RestrictedDebt service571,097-571,097Capital projects-4,350,5814,350,581Unrestricted1,683,4965,124,460(3,729)228,255379,7987,412,280	Net investment in capital							
Debt service571,097-571,097Capital projects-4,350,5814,350,581Unrestricted1,683,4965,124,460(3,729)228,255379,7987,412,280	assets	480,514	Ļ	13,882,538	476,900	(720,041)	1,013,577	15,133,488
Debt service571,097-571,097Capital projects-4,350,5814,350,581Unrestricted1,683,4965,124,460(3,729)228,255379,7987,412,280	Restricted							
Capital projects - 4,350,581 - - 4,350,581 Unrestricted 1,683,496 5,124,460 (3,729) 228,255 379,798 7,412,280				-	-	571,097	-	571,097
Unrestricted 1,683,496 5,124,460 (3,729) 228,255 379,798 7,412,280	Capital projects			4,350,581	-	-	-	
		1,683,496	6		 (3,729)	228,255	379,798	
	TOTAL NET POSITION		_		\$ 			\$

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Major I				
	Natural Gas Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	Sanitation Fund	Sundial Utilities Fund	Non-Major Proprietary Funds	Total
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$ 3,764,119	\$ 7,249,743	\$ 1,288,559	\$ 561,882	\$ 229,808	\$ 13,094,111
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personal services	885,766	2,047,732	558,490	20,000	-	3,511,988
Operating	1,856,334	1,871,628	653,395	82,826	139,384	4,603,567
Depreciation	86,765	1,962,361	103,941	258,532	31,833	2,443,432
Total operating expenses	2,828,865	5,881,721	1,315,826	361,358	171,217	10,558,987
OPERATING INCOME	935,254	1,368,022	(27,267)	200,524	58,591	2,535,124
NON-OPERATING						
REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest expense	(78)	(90,868)	-	(48,580)	-	(139,526)
Interest income	4,898	9,324	-	21	394	14,637
Miscellaneous	4,570	20,703	273		19,510	45,056
Total non-operating						
revenues (expenses)	9,390	(60,841)	273	(48,559)	19,904	(79,833)
INCOME BEFORE OPERATING	6					
TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL						
CONTRIBUTIONS	944,644	1,307,181	(26,994)	151,965	78,495	2,455,291
Capital contributions	-	649,904	-	-	-	649,904
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(1,035,736)	(2,166,768)				(3,202,504)
Total transfers and						
capital contributions	(1,035,736)	(1,516,864)				(2,552,600)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(91,092)	(209,683)	(26,994)	151,965	78,495	(97,309)
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING	;					
OF YEAR, RESTATED	2,255,102	23,567,262	500,165	(72,654)	1,314,880	27,564,755
NET POSITION AT END						
OF YEAR	\$ 2,164,010	\$ 23,357,579	\$ 473,171	\$ 79,311	\$ 1,393,375	\$ 27,467,446

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Major				
	Natural Gas Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	Sanitation Fund	Sundial Utilities Fund	Non-Major Proprietary Funds	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM						
OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers/users	\$ 3,807,574	\$ 7,319,303	\$ 1,278,674	\$ 560,714	\$ 233,768	\$ 13,200,033
Payments to suppliers	(1,862,160)	(1,807,886)	(653,113)	(80,743)	(167,336)	(4,571,238)
Payments to employees	(869,111)	(2,036,153)	(552,811)	(16,444)	-	(3,474,519)
Miscellaneous income	4,570	20,703	273		19,510	45,056
Net cash provided by operating						
activities	1,080,873	3,495,967	73,023	463,527	85,942	5,199,332
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Due from other funds	-	154,573	-	-	-	154,573
Transfers out	(1,035,736)	(2,166,768)				(3,202,504)
Net cash provided by (used in)						
non-capital financing activities	(1,035,736)	(2,012,195)				(3,047,931)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND						
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisitions of capital assets	(10,548)	(370,503)	(238,095)	-	(27,482)	(646,628)
Capital contributions	-	649,904	-	-	-	649,904
Principal paid on long-term debt	-	(245,925)	-	(136,723)	-	(382,648)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(78)	(90,868)		(48,580)		(139,526)
Net cash used in capital						
and related financing activities	(10,626)	(57,392)	(238,095)	(185,302)	(27,482)	(518,897)

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Major					
	Natural Gas Fund			Sundial Utilities Fund	Non-Major Proprietary Funds	Total	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Interest income	\$ 4,898	\$ 9,324	\$-	\$ 21	\$ 394	\$ 14,637	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	39,409	1,435,704	(165,072)	278,246	58,854	1,647,141	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,899,952	8,289,837	203,513	578,962	364,211	11,336,475	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 1,939,361	\$ 9,725,541	\$ 38,441	\$ 857,208	\$ 423,065	\$ 12,983,616	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR CONSIST OF							
Current assets	\$ 1,726,332	\$ 5,374,960	\$ 38,441	\$ 286,111	\$ 423,065	\$ 7,848,909	
Restricted assets	213,029	4,350,581		571,097		5,134,707	
Total cash and cash							
equivalents	\$ 1,939,361	\$ 9,725,541	\$ 38,441	\$ 857,208	\$ 423,065	\$ 12,983,616	

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Major F					
	Natural Gas Fund			Sundial Utilities Fund	Non-Major Proprietary Funds	Total	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME							
TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING							
ACTIVITIES							
Operating income	\$ 935,254	\$ 1,368,022	\$ (27,267)	\$ 200,524	\$ 58,591	\$ 2,535,124	
Adjustments to reconcile							
operating income to net cash							
provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation	86,765	1,962,361	103,941	258,532	31,833	2,443,432	
Miscellaneous revenue	4,570	20,703	273	-	19,510	45,056	
Decrease (increase) in assets:							
Accounts receivable	27,506	32,113	(9,885)	(4,759)	3,960	48,935	
Inventory	(2,330)	-	-	3,018	-	688	
Increase in deferred outflows							
of resources	30,719	41,993	19,244	-	4,828	96,784	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:							
Accounts payable	(3,496)	63,742	2,202	2,083	(33,642)	30,889	
Compensated absences payable	8,187	7,453	2,673	-	-	18,313	
Wages	3,216	2,101	(729)	-	-	4,588	
Customer deposits	15,949	37,447	-	3,591	-	56,987	
Net pension liability	(35,891)	(102,399)	8,443	-	-	(129,847)	
Net OPEB liability Increase in deferred	(3,496)	(4,755)	(1,678)	(1,399)	(2,238)	(13,566)	
inflows of resources	13,920	67,186	(24,194)		3,100	60,012	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,080,873	\$ 3,495,967	\$ 73,023	\$ 463,527	\$ 85,942	\$ 5,199,332	

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Pe	ension Trust Funds	Retired mployees' urance Trust Fund
ASSETS			
Investments, at market	\$	27,492,851	\$ 2,767,336
Due from State of Florida		90,590	 -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	27,583,441	\$ 2,767,336
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payabe	\$	-	\$ 15,894
NET POSITION			
Held in trust for pension and OPEB	\$	27,583,441	\$ 2,751,442

See notes to the financial statements.

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Pen	sion Trust Funds	Retired Employees' Insurance Trust Fund		
ADDITIONS					
Contributions Employer	\$	961,675	\$	103,169	
Plan members	Ψ	321,631	Ψ	- 105,105	
State of Florida		165,705		-	
Total contributions		1,449,011		103,169	
Investment income		2,461,681		213,611	
Less investment expense		(329,127)		-	
Net investment income		2,132,554		213,611	
TOTAL ADDITIONS		3,581,565		316,780	
DEDUCTIONS Benefits and refunds paid					
Retirement payments		1,962,125		12,610	
Insurance premiums		-		636	
Total benefits and refunds paid		1,962,125		13,246	
Administrative expenses – other		6,649		33,602	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		1,968,774		46,848	
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,612,791		269,932	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING		25,970,650		2,481,510	
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 2	27,583,441	\$	2,751,442	

See notes to the financial statements.

1. DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of City

The City of Milton, Florida (the City) was originally incorporated under the Territorial Acts of 1844. The present charter was enacted in 1927 as Chapter 13105, Laws of Florida. The City is the county seat of Santa Rosa County and operates with a city manager-council form of government. The City Council is responsible for the establishment and adoption of policy. The execution of such policy is the responsibility of the City Manager appointed by the Council. As authorized by its charter, the City provides the following services: public safety (police, fire and inspection), roads and streets, water and sewer, sanitation, natural gas, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. In addition, the City maintains several trust funds in a fiduciary capacity. The City does not provide educational or library facilities, as those services are provided by the Santa Rosa County School Board and the West Florida Regional Library System, respectively.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP) in the United States of America applicable to governmental units and the Uniform Accounting System mandated by Chapter 218.33, Florida Statutes.

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies of the City:

The Reporting Entity

An eight-member City Council and a Mayor govern the City, each elected at-large for four-year terms. The Council has no powers other than those expressly vested in it by State Statute and the City Charter, and their governmental powers cannot be delegated. As required by GAAP in the United States, these financial statements present the City's the primary government. In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units for which the City may or may not be financially accountable and, as such, be included within the City's financial statements. Management utilized criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 61 for determining financial accountability of potential component units in evaluating all potential component units. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 61, the City (primary government) is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the potential component unit's governing board and 1) it is able to impose its will on the organization or 2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefit to or impose specific financial burden on the City. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The Milton Community Redevelopment Agency (the Agency) was established by the City as a separate legal entity in accordance with Florida Statute 163, Section III. The Agency oversees the redevelopment of the downtown area. The Community Redevelopment Advisory Board is appointed by the City Council of Milton, Florida through a City ordinance. The Mayor, City Manager, and one City Council member sit on the Advisory Board. In addition, City employees manage the Agency's assets. The Agency is reported in the financial statements of the primary government as a "blended component unit" as defined by GASB Statement No. 61. Separate financial statements of the Agency are not prepared.

1. DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The Reporting Entity – Continued

The Milton Housing Authority (the Authority) is considered a related organization to the City rather than a component unit. The City Council of Milton, Florida appoints the board members of the Authority; however, the Authority's board operates independently of the City Council and does not create a financial burden or benefit to the City.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Pension plans recognize revenue when contributions are due as there is a statutory requirement to make the contribution. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

1. DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting – Continued

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter, to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within six months of the end of the current fiscal period, except for property taxes, for which the period is 60 days. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Franchise taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales taxes, gasoline taxes, and other intergovernmental revenues collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the City, are also recognized as revenue. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The Santa Rosa County Tax Collector bills and collects property taxes for the City in accordance with the laws of the State of Florida. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of the date of assessment and remain in effect until discharge by payment. Taxes are payable when levied (on November 1, or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll becomes available to the Tax Collector).

The following is the current property tax calendar:

Lien Date Levy Date Due Date Delinquent Date January 1 November 1 November 1 April 1

Discounts of 1% for each month taxes are paid prior to March are granted.

Revenue recognition criteria for property taxes under the GASB requires that property taxes expected to be collected within 60 days of the current period be accrued. No accrual has been made for 2018 ad-valorem taxes because property taxes are not legally due until subsequent to the end of the fiscal year. Current year taxes, which are uncollected as of the end of the fiscal year, are generally immaterial in amount and highly susceptible to uncollectibility and, therefore, are not recorded as a receivable on the balance sheet date.

1. DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Basis of Presentation

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes there in, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's utility function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from cooperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for utility services. The City also recognizes as operating revenues, the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of service, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

The following three broad classifications are used to categorize the fund types used by the City:

Governmental

Governmental funds focus on the determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) and not net income. The City has two major governmental funds.

General Fund – This is the City's primary operating fund and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Community Redevelopment Agency Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures of the redevelopment area established within the City.

Capital Projects Fund –This fund is used the acquisition and/or construction of capital facilities, except for those accounted for in proprietary funds. This fund is presented at a non-major fund for public interest purposes.

1. DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Basis of Presentation – Continued

Proprietary

Proprietary funds focus on the determination of net income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. All of the City's proprietary funds are enterprise funds, as fees are charged to external users for services. The following is a description of the major proprietary funds of the City.

Natural Gas Fund – Used to account for the sale of natural gas to the City's residents.

Water and Sewer Fund – Used to account for the water and sewer operations of the City, which provides distribution of potable water, sales, service, sanitary wastewater collection, treatment and disposal.

Sanitation Fund – Accounts for the operation of the City that provides for solid waste collection, disposal, and/or recycling.

Sundial Utilities Fund – Accounts for wastewater services provided to residents of certain subdivisions around the Bagdad, Florida area.

Fiduciary

Fiduciary funds are used to account for the assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the City. The City has the following fiduciary funds:

Pension Trust Funds – Used to report the resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the three defined benefit pension plans administered by the City: General Employees' Retirement Fund, Police Officers' Retirement Fund and Firefighters' Retirement Fund.

Retired Employees' Insurance Trust Fund – Used to report the resources that are required to be held in trust for post-employment healthcare benefits.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Each fund's cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments are considered cash and cash equivalents. For purposes of these statements, all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

1. DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity – Continued

Deposits and Investments

Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, requires the investment of surplus public funds and prescribes the instruments in which those investments are authorized, specifically the State of Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, direct obligations of the U.S. Government or other obligations unconditionally guaranteed by the U.S. Government, collateralized interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in state or federal banks or savings and loan associations, debt securities of the Federal Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgages Corporation, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal National Mortgage Association, and securities of other interest in certain investment companies or investment trusts, the portfolio of which is limited to U.S. Government obligations or repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. The City adheres strictly to the provisions of those cited statutes, as well as with Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, which requires the City to maintain deposits only with "Qualified Public Depositories." The City maintains cash, money market deposit accounts, and certificates of deposit in each of the City's individual funds, which are stated at fair value. In addition, the City's General and Enterprise Funds have equity in a pooled cash bank account.

In addition, restricted cash accounts, certificates of deposit, and other investments are separately maintained in accordance with retirement fund plan documents and other contractual agreements. Investments are stated at fair value.

Each Board of Trustees of the various pension trust funds has developed an investment policy according to Chapter 112.661, Florida Statutes. These plans provide written investment policies which must be structured to maximize the plans' financial returns, including diversification of the plans' assets.

Receivables and Payables

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans between funds outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to other funds" or "due from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balance."

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide columnar presentation.

All proprietary fund receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

1. DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity – Continued

Inventories

Inventories held by the General Fund is valued at cost, based on first in, first out method. The General Fund inventory balance has been included as non-spendable in the fund financial statements to indicate that it is not available for appropriation.

Inventory recorded in the Natural Gas Fund consists of gas that is being held by the City for resale. The inventory is stated at cost and priced using the approved purchased gas adjustment (PGA) rates.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources of the governmental activities are classified as restricted due to external restrictions imposed on the City. The restricted assets include monies in the Police Special Investigation Fund, restricted for public safety purposes; monies in the Community Redevelopment Agency Fund, restricted for future downtown redevelopment costs; monies restricted for upcoming capital projects, and monies restricted for retirement funding.

Certain resources of the Natural Gas Fund, Water and Sewer Fund, and the Sundial Utilities Fund are classified as restricted assets because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or loan agreements.

Additionally, water and sewer, natural gas, and Sundial utility deposits received from customers are classified as restricted assets. This money is restricted for use as payment of the final customer bill, refund to a good-standing customer, or returned to the customer upon settlement of the final bill.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads, bridges, curbs and sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

1. DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity – Continued

Capital Assets – Continued

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year and an initial cost more than the following:

Land	All
Buildings and improvements	\$ 10,000
Infrastructure	\$ 10,000
Improvements – other	\$ 10,000
Equipment, vehicles, and computers	\$ 5,000

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs, that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset, are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Water and sewer system 5-5	0 Years
Natural gas distribution system20-5	0 Years
System infrastructure 20-4	0 Years
Buildings and improvements 5-2	20 Years
Tools and equipment 3-2	20 Years
Vehicles 3-1	0 Years

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused annual leave, sick pay and comp time. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Sick leave is accrued in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements based on a ratio of the sum of sick leave utilized over the last several years to the total balance of sick leave at the end of each fiscal year. A liability for the amounts of vacation and sick leave is reported in governmental fund financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The policy for accruing such time is as follows:

1. DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity – Continued

Annual Leave

Years of Employment

Hours accrued per Month (Firefighters/All Others)

0-5 Years 5-10 Years 10-15 Years 15-20 Years 20+ Years 12 hours/8 hours 15 hours/10 hours 18 hours/12 hours 21 hours/14 hours 24 hours/16 hours

Sick Leave

Firefighters accrue 15 hours per month of sick leave and all other employees accrue sick leave at the rate of 10 hours per month.

Compensatory Time

Compensatory time is accrued at time and a half for every hour worked in excess of 40 hours for the week. Employees may elect either to be paid these excess hours as overtime or to accrue them as comp time. In addition, on-call employees receive eight hours of compensatory time for every completed on-call period (one week). Employees must use on-call leave within the calendar year in which it is earned. A maximum of 40 hours of on-call time may be carried over to the next calendar year; however, the accumulated amounts may not be taken out as cash payments and are not paid if the employee is terminated.

Termination Policy

Upon termination of employment, an employee will be paid for accumulated annual leave up to 200 hours, 40% of sick leave hours in excess of 480 hours, and comp time. However, Firefighters may be paid for a maximum of 300 hours of annual leave and 40% of hours in excess of 720 hours of sick leave.

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or enterprise statement of net position. Debt premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the debt using the effective interest method. Debt is reported net of the applicable premium or discount. Debt issuance costs are reported as expenses in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize debt premiums and discounts as well as issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

1. DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity – Continued

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. As of September 30, 2018, the City has deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. As of September 30, 2018, the City has fiscal year 2019 business taxes received by the City in advance that qualifies for reporting in this category as well as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB.

Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of each plan, and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of each plan have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions, if any) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Administrative costs are financed from each respective fund's investment earnings.

Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

For the purposes of measuring the net OPEB Liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Retiree Health Care Plan and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, the plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Governmental Fund Balances

The City classifies fund balances in the governmental funds as follows:

<u>Nonspendable fund balances</u> – cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted fund balances</u> – can only be used for specific purposes which are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

1. DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Governmental Fund Balances – Continued

<u>Committed fund balances</u> – can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of a ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

<u>Assigned fund balances</u> – can only be used for specific purposes, but which do not meet the more formal criterion to be considered either restricted or committed. Fund balances may be assigned by the City Council, City Manager, or City Clerk for specific purposes through the budget process or agenda items. The assigned designation may be reversed by the City Council.

<u>Unassigned fund balances</u> – represent the residual positive fund balance within the General Fund, which has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned. In funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balances are limited to negative residual balances.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) are available for use in the General Fund or any other governmental fund, it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as needed. The City does not have a formal minimum fund balance requirement.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events were evaluated through June 11, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted by ordinance for all governmental and proprietary funds. However, budgets for proprietary funds are not legally required to be reported on and are not included in these financial statements. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end except for appropriations related to multi-year capital projects.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY – CONTINUED

Budgets – Continued

Budgetary data reflected in the financial statements are established by the following procedures:

Prior to October 1 of each year, proposed budgets are received by the City Council from the City Manager. These proposed expenditures, along with all estimated receipts, taxes to be levied, and balances expected to be brought forward, are considered by the City Council. The City Council requires such changes as deemed necessary, sets proposed mileages, and establishes dates for tentative and final public budget hearings as prescribed by Florida Statutes.

Proposed budgets are advertised in a newspaper of general circulation in the City. Public hearings are conducted for the purposes of receiving input, responding to complaints, and providing reasons and explanations for intended actions to all citizens participating.

Prior to October 1, the budget for all governmental and proprietary funds of the City is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. Budget amendments are periodically passed through resolutions during the fiscal year. Budgeted beginning fund balance in the accompanying financial statements reflects planned utilization of prior years' unassigned fund balance to the level required to accomplish current year objectives.

The City Charter states the level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations) has been established at the department level. Any revisions to the budget during each fiscal year must be approved by the City Council.

Budget amounts reflected in the financial statements are originally adopted amounts as amended by action of the City Council by revision of department totals. All amendments to originally adopted amounts were made in a legally permissible manner.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The investment of surplus funds is governed by the provisions of Florida Statute 218.415 as to the type of investments that can be made. Deposits may be subject to custodial credit risk, which is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned.

The City manages its custodial credit risk by maintaining its deposits with "Qualified Public Depositories" as defined in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. The provisions of this statute allow Qualified Public Depositories to participate in a multiple financial institution collateral pool to ensure the security for public deposits. All Qualified Public Depositories must deposit eligible collateral with the Treasurer of the State of Florida equal to or in excess of their required collateral pledging level. In the event of default by a qualified public financial institution, the Treasurer will pay public depositories all losses in excess of insurance and collateral through assessments among all Qualified Public Depositories. The City's deposits at September 30, 2018, were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or pooled collateral held by the State Treasurer and, therefore, have no custodial risk.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Investments – Fiduciary Funds

As of September 30, 2018, the City's investments consist of those held in the Fiduciary funds. The types of investments which can be made by the City are restricted by state statutes, retirement fund plan documents, and other contractual agreements. A description of the requirements and the types of investments allowed can be found in the following paragraphs.

Each pension plan and trust fund, have a separate Board of Trustees that governs the investments. The Board recognizes that the general investment objective is to maximize return consistent with the risks incumbent with each investment. The Board achieves its fiduciary responsibility regarding the investment objectives by practicing the Prudent Investment Rule, understanding that section 112.661(4) of the Florida Statutes supersedes any conflicting provisions of law guiding the Plans' investments.

A brief summary of the authorized investments include the following: cash instruments having a quality rating of Standard & Poor's A1, Moody's P1 or higher; obligations issued by the U.S. Government, or an agency or instrumentality of the U.S. Government, including mortgage-related securities; mortgage-related securities or asset-backed securities not issued by the U.S. Government or an agency or instrumentality thereof may also be purchased; bonds and other evidences of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by a corporation organized under the laws of the U.S.; stocks issued by a corporation organized under the laws of the U.S.; commingled stock and bond funds and mutual funds; international stocks; annuity and life insurance contracts of life insurance companies; bonds issued by the State of Israel; and investments in direct real estate investment partnerships.

In addition to authorizing investment instruments, the City's policies also identify various portfolio parameters addressing issuer diversification, term to maturity and liquidity.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – The City's investment policy encourages matching investment maturities with known cash needs and anticipated cash flow requirements in order manage interest rate risk. The investment policies for the trust funds do not specifically address interest rate risk.

	INVESTMENT MATURITIES (YEARS)					
	Fair Value	<1	1-5	6-10	>10	
Investments subject to interest rate risk						
Corporate bonds	\$ 4,213,294	\$ 100,878	\$ 2,474,022	\$ 974,988	\$ 663,406	
U.S. Government Obligations	510,933	49,820	151,161	232,739	77,213	
Municipal obligations	337,679	85,357			252,322	
Mortgage backed securities	2,623,245		704,010	395,041	1,524,193	
	\$ 7,685,150	\$ 236,056	\$ 3,329,193	\$ 1,602,768	\$ 2,517,134	
Investments not subject to interest						
rate risk	22,575,037					
Total	\$ 30,260,187					

As of September 30, 2018, the City had the following investments and maturities:

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Investments – Fiduciary Funds – Continued

<u>Credit Rate Risk</u> – The structure of the pension portfolios is designed to minimize credit risk. The Plans limit investments in bonds to those for which the issuer has a Standard and Poor's rating of AAA-BBB or Moody's rating of Aaa-Baa. All pension funds were in compliance with the restrictive investment policies regarding credit rate risk as of September 30, 2018.

<u>Concentration Credit Risk</u> – To limit the City's risk against possible credit losses, the policies state that the exposure of the portfolio to any one corporate issuer, other than securities of the U.S. Government or Agencies, shall not exceed 10% of the market value of the total fixed income portfolio.

Fair Value of Investments

The City measures and records its investments using fair value measurements guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follow:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs for an asset.

	Fair Value	Fair Value Level 1		Level 3
Short- term investments	\$ 4,560,129	\$ 4,488,846	\$ 69,614	\$ 1,669
Corporate bonds	4,213,294	-	4,163,281	50,013
U.S. Government Obligations	510,933	-	510,933	-
Municipal obligations	337,679	-	337,679	-
Mortgage backed securities	2,623,245	-	2,483,766	139,479
Common stock	18,014,908	18,014,908		
Total investments	\$ 30,260,187	\$ 22,503,754	\$ 7,565,272	\$ 191,161

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2018, were as follows:

	Gover Acti	nment vities		Business-Type Activities									
	General	Non	-Major	Na	tural Gas	W	/ater and Sewer	Sanit	ation	Sundial Utilities	N	on-Major	Total
Utility taxes and franchise fees Accounts, less allowance for	\$ 199,800	\$	-	\$	2,722	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 202,522
doubtful accounts	9,196		-		227,081		780,891	12	1,821	39,397		37,158	1,215,544
Other			500		63		-		-			-	563
	\$ 208,996	\$	500	\$	229,866	\$	780,891	\$ 12 ⁻	1,821	\$39,397	\$	37,158	\$ 1,418,629

As of September 30, 2018, the City has estimated \$66,000 as an allowance for uncollectible accounts related to business-type activities.

Due from Other Governments

The City's receivables from other governments for governmental activities as of September 30, 2018, are \$279,369. The receivables consist primarily of amounts due from the State of Florida relating to intergovernmental revenues and various government agencies for grant reimbursements.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases/ Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,809,941	\$ 170,967	\$ -	\$ 2,980,908
Construction in progress	818,742	94,907	(578,306)	335,343
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,628,683	265,874	(578,306)	3,316,251
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	9,603,589	-	-	9,603,589
Improvements other than buildings	8,361,899	1,073,443	578,306	10,013,648
Machinery and equipment	5,627,349	133,759	(579,964)	5,181,144
Total capital assets being depreciated	23,592,837	1,207,202	(1,658)	24,798,381
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	(7,513,146)	(400,765)	-	(7,913,911)
Improvements other than buildings	(5,038,232)	(911,958)	-	(5,950,190)
Machinery and equipment	(4,471,136)	(295,652)	579,964	(4,186,824)
Total accumulated depreciation	(17,022,514)	(1,608,375)	579,964	(18,050,925)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	6,570,323	(401,173)	578,306	6,747,456
Governmental activities, net	\$ 10,199,006	\$ (135,299)	\$ -	\$ 10,063,707
Business-type activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,073,027	\$-	\$ -	\$ 1,073,027
Construction in progress	2,226,026	219,636		2,445,662
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,299,053	219,636		3,518,689
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings	86,000	-	-	86,000
Improvements other than buildings	50,467,389	111,841	-	50,579,230
Machinery and equipment	3,405,503	315,511		3,721,014
Total capital assets being depreciated	53,958,892	427,352		54,386,244
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	(59,033)	(9,467)	-	(68,500)
Improvements other than buildings	(32,148,859)	(2,312,904)	-	(34,461,763)
Machinery and equipment	(2,162,054)	(121,061)		(2,283,115)
Total accumulated depreciation	(34,369,946)	(2,443,432)		(36,813,378)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	19,588,946	(2,016,080)		17,572,866
Business-type activities, net	\$ 22,887,999	\$(1,796,444)	\$ -	\$ 21,091,555

5. CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities

General government	\$ 939,136
Public safety	278,124
Transportation	364,406
Culture and recreation	26,709
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 1,608,375
Business-type activities	
Natural gas	\$ 86,765
Water and sewer	1,962,361
Sanitation	103,941
Sundial utilities	258,532
Non-major	31,833
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 2,443,432

<u>Construction Commitments</u> The City has ongoing projects relate to the East Milton Wastewater Treatment plant engineering and other projects with varying remaining commitments.

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The City administers three single-employer defined benefit pension plans: the General Employees' Retirement Plan (GERP), Police Officers' Retirement Plan (PORP) and the Firefighters' Retirement Plan (FRP). These plans provide benefits for all qualifying employees of the City. The financial activity of each plan is reported as a Pension Trust Fund in the City's combined financial statements. Detailed information about each of the pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Plan actuarial report. A separate audited financial report for each of the Plans is not available. Each plan's assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to members of that plan. A summary of significant accounting policies of the Pension Trust Funds can be found at Note 1.

General Employees' Retirement Plan (GERP)

Plan Description

The General Employees' Retirement Plan (GERP) is administered by a Board of Trustees (General Board) comprised of: a) two legal residents appointed by the City Council and b) three members of the plan. All Board Members serve three-year terms. Full-time employees who are classified as fulltime General Employees of the City enter the Plan on January 1 or July 1 after six months of employment.

Plan Membership as of October 1, 2016:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Current Receiving Benefits	47
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	5
Active Plan Members	58
Total	110

Benefits Provided

The plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits. A member may retire at age 55 with ten years of credited service (early retirement) or at age 65 and ten years of credited service or 25 years of credited service (normal retirement). Benefits become 100% vested upon completion of ten years of credited service. Members will receive the vested portion of his or her accrued benefit payable at the otherwise normal retirement date, or refund of member contributions. Non-vested terminated members receive a refund of member contributions. The plan provides a retirement benefit for normal retirement of 2.50% of average final compensation times credited service, with a maximum of 100% of average final compensation. Benefits for early retirement are accrued benefit, reduced actuarially to reflect early commencement of benefits. Varied benefits exist for disability and pre-retirement death.

The plan offers a Deferred Retirement Option Program whereby once normal retirements are met, an individual can participate for a period not to exceed 60 months. The DROP balance as of September 30, 2017 is \$924,596.

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

General Employees' Retirement Plan (GERP) – Continued

Funding Policy and Contributions

Both the City and the employees (at a rate of 10.0% of payroll) make contributions to the Plan. For the fiscal year, employees contributed \$208,659 to the Plan. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate: the contribution rate for 2018 was 22% of payroll.

Net Pension Liability of the Sponsor

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Net Pension Liability of the Sponsor – Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2016 updated to September 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	5.50%
Discount Rate	8.00%
Investment Rate of Return	8.00%

Mortality rates were based on the tables below. The date of the most recent experience study for which significant assumptions are based upon is not available.

Mortality Rate Healthy Lives:

Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant White Collar, Scale BB. Male: RP2000 Generational, 50% Annuitant White Collar / 50% Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale BB.

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives:

Female: 100% RP2000 Disabled Female set forward two years. Male: 100% RP2000 Disabled Male setback four years.

General Employees' Retirement Plan (GERP) – Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

General Employees' Retirement Plan (GERP) – Continued

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash or Cash Equivalents	0.50%	0.00%
Domestic Fixed income	27.50%	2.50%
Domestic Equity	52.00%	7.50%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.50%
International Equity	10.00%	8.50%
Total	100%	

Net Pension Liability of the Sponsor – Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

General Employees' Retirement Plan (GERP) – Continued

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Т	otal Pension Liability (a)		an Fiduciary let Position (b)		et Pension bility (Asset) (a)-(b)
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2017	\$	15,164,082	\$	12,781,798	\$	2,382,284
Changes:						
Service cost		313,360		-		313,360
Interest		1,203,306		-		1,203,306
Change in assumptions		-		-		-
Differences between projected						
and actual experience		(198,798)		-		(198,798)
Change in assumption						
Contributions – employer		-		410,250		(410,250)
Contributions – employee		-		212,565		(212,565)
Net investment income		-		1,332,803		(1,332,803)
Benefit payments, including						
refunds of employee contributions		(872,230)		(872,230)		-
Administrative expenses				(51,168)		51,168
Net changes		445,638		1,032,220		(586,582)
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2018	\$	15,609,720	\$	13,814,018	\$	1,795,702

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

	Current Discount					
	19	% Decrease 7.00%		Rate 8.00%	1	% Increase 9.00%
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	3,337,782	\$	1,795,702	\$	489,484

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

General Employees' Retirement Plan (GERP) – Continued

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$505,731. On September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to pension from the following sources:

	Οι	eferred utflows of esources	In	eferred flows of esources
City Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between Projected and Actual Earnings	\$	500,108 48,555 296,040	\$	- -
on Pension Plan investments				224,174
Total	\$	844,703	\$	224,174

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$500,108 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension (asset)/liability in the year ending September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended		
September 30:		
2019	\$	95,876
2020		124,261
2021		(36,481)
2022		(30,102)
2023		(33,133)
	_\$	120,421

Police Officers' Retirement Plan (PORP)

Plan Description

The Police Officers' Retirement Plan (PORP) is administered by a Board of Trustees (Police Board) comprised of: a) two City Council appointees and b) two members of the department elected by the membership, and c) a fifth member elected by the other 4 and appointed by the City Council.

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Police Officers' Retirement Plan (PORP) - Continued

Plan Membership as of October 1, 2016:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Current Receiving Benefits	14
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	4
Active Plan Members	17
Total	35

Benefits Provided

The plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits. A member may retire at age 50 with ten years of credited service (early retirement), at age 55 with ten years of credited service or the completion of 20 years of credited service, regardless of age (normal retirement). Benefits become 100% vested upon completion of 6 years of credited service. Members will receive the vested portion of his or her accrued benefit payable at the otherwise normal retirement date. The plan provides a retirement benefit for normal retirement of 3.1% of average final compensation times credited service for the first 15 years of credited service and 3.75% average final compensation times credited service for all years of service after 15 years. Normal retirees only receive a \$200 per month supplement from date of retirement to age 65. Benefits for early retirement are accrued benefit, reduced 3% for each year prior to normal retirement. Varied benefits exist for disability and pre-retirement death.

Funding Policy and Contributions

The City, the State of Florida, and employees (at 8.0% of payroll) make contributions to the Plan. For fiscal year 2018, employees contributed \$60,305 to the Plan. The State of Florida makes contributions based on an actuarially determined rate of 11.2% of total projected payroll. For fiscal year 2018, the State contributed \$90,590 to the Plan. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate for 2018 was 8.5% of payroll.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation.

Net Pension Liability of the Sponsor – Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2016 updated to September 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods.

Inflation Salary Increases Discount Rate Investment Rate of Return 2.50% Service Based 8.00% 8.00%

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Police Officers' Retirement Plan (PORP) – Continued

Net Pension Liability of the Sponsor – Actuarial Assumptions – Continued

Mortality Rate Healthy Lives:

Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant White Collar, Scale BB.

Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Annuitant White Collar /90% Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale BB.

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives:

Female: 60% RP2000 Disabled Female set forward two years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale. Male: 60% RP2000 Disabled Male setback four years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

The other significant assumptions are based upon the most recent actuarial experience study dated November 23, 2015 for the period 2009-2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	50%	7.50%
International Equity	10%	8.50%
Domestic Fixed Income	30%	2.50%
Real Estate	10%	4.50%
Total	100%	

Net Pension Liability of the Sponsor – Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Net Pension Liability of the Sponsor – Discount Rate – Continued:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)			et Pension bility (Asset) (a)-(b)
Reporting period ending						
September 30, 2017	\$	7,038,379	\$	7,189,727	\$	(151,348)
Changes:						
Service cost		193,067		-		193,067
Interest		581,666		-		581,666
Difference between projected and						
actual experience		197,192		-		197,192
Changes of assumptions		265,465		-		265,465
Contributions – employer		-		76,619		(76,619)
Contributions – state		-		90,756		(90,756)
Contributions – employee		-		65,909		(65,909)
Net investment income		-		760,325		(760,325)
Benefit payments, including						
Refunds of employee contributions		(347,056)		(347,056)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(42,971)		42,971
Net changes		890,334		603,582		286,752
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2018	\$	7,928,713	\$	7,793,309	\$	135,404

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

			Curr	ent Discount	:	
	1%	Decrease 7.00%		Rate 8.00%	1'	% Increase 9.00%
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	990,742	\$	135,404	\$	(580,987)

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Net Pension Liability of the Sponsor – Discount Rate – Continued:

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$183,671. On September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to pension from the following sources:

	Οι	eferred Itflows of esources	Deferred Inflows c Resource	of
City Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	155,189 36,745	\$	-
Net difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan investments		156,508		_
Total	\$	348,442	\$	-

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$155,189 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension (asset)/liability in the year ending September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:

2019	\$ 142,602
2020	123,794
2021	(34,860)
2022	 (38,283)
	\$ 193,253

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Fire Fighters' Retirement Plan (FRP)

Plan Description

The Fire Fighters' Retirement Plan (FRP) is administered by a Board of Trustees (Fire Board) comprised of: a.) two legal residents appointed by the City Council, b.) two members of the Department elected by the membership and c.) a fifth member elected by the other four and appointed by City Council.

Plan Membership as of October 1, 2016:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Current Receiving Benefits	13
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	1
Active Plan Members	16
Total	30

Benefits Provided

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. A member may retire at age 50 with ten years of credited service (early retirement) or at age 54 and ten years of credited service or 25 years of credited service regardless of age (normal retirement). Benefits become 100% vested upon completion of ten years of credit service. Members will receive the vested portion of his or her accrued benefit payable at the otherwise normal retirement date, or refund of member contributions. The plan provides a normal retirement benefit for normal retirement of 3.85% of average final compensation times credited service. In addition to the formula benefit, retirees receive \$165. Benefits for early retirement are accrued benefit, reduced by 3% per year for early commencement of benefits. Varied benefits exist for disability and pre-retirement death.

Funding Policy and Contributions

The City, the State of Florida, and employees (at 6.5% of payroll) make contributions to the Plan. For fiscal year 2018, employees contributed \$52,667 to the Plan. The State of Florida makes contributions based on an actuarially determined rate of 8.7% of total projected payroll. For fiscal year 2018, the State contributed \$75,115 to the Plan. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate: the contribution rate for 2018 was 43.7% of payroll.

Net Pension Liability of the Sponsor – Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2016 updated to September 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods.

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Fire Fighters' Retirement Plan (FRP) – Continued

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	6.00%
Discount rate	7.75%
Investment rate of return	7.75%

Mortality Rate Healthy Lives:

Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant White Collar, Scale BB. BY

Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Annuitant White Collar /90% Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale BB. Mortality Rate Disabled Lives:

Female: 60% RP2000 Disabled Female set forward two years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale. Male: 60% RP2000 Disabled Male setback four years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

The other significant assumptions are based upon the most recent actuarial experience study dated August 26, 2016 for the period 2005-2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2017, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	45%	7.50%
International Equity	15%	8.50%
Domestic Bonds	40%	2.50%
Total	100%	

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Fire Fighters' Retirement Plan (FRP) – Continued

Net Pension Liability of the Sponsor - Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)							
	Total PensionPlan FiduciaryLiabilityNet Position(a)(b)			et Pension bility (Asset) (a)-(b)				
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2017 Changes:	\$	8,034,933	\$	3,859,068	\$	4,175,865		
Service cost Interest		138,442 617,110		-		138,442 617,110		
Difference between projected and actual earnings		220,939		-		-		
Change in excess state money Contributions – employer Contributions – state		-		- 388,046		- (388,046) (54,714)		
Contributions – employee Net investment income		-		54,714 77,460 527,323		(54,714) (77,460) (527,323)		
Benefit payments, including Refunds of employee contributions Administrative expenses		(420,388)		(420,388) (17,120)		- 17,120		
Net changes		556,103		610,035		(53,932)		
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2018	\$	8,591,036	\$	4,469,103	\$	4,121,933		

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Fire Fighters' Retirement Plan (FRP) – Continued

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

	Current Discount						
	19	% Decrease 6.75%		Rate 7.75%	1% Increase 8.75%		
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	5,195,959	\$	4,121,933	\$	3,230,321	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Plan actuarial report. A separate audited financial report of the Plan is not available.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$545,722. On September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to pension from the following sources:

	Οι	eferred Itflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
City Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	\$	458,680	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions		119,522		-	
Net difference between Projected and Actual Earnings					
on Pension Plan investments		-		87,319	
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience		224,262		-	
Total	\$	802,464	\$	87,319	

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$458,680 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension (asset)/liability in the year ending September 30, 2018.

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Fire Fighters' Retirement Plan (FRP) – Continued

Other amounts reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:

2019	\$ 157,168
2020	161,127
2021	(16,822)
2022	 (45,008)
	\$ 256,465

Combined Plan Reporting

Below is a combined summary of the deferred inflows, outflows, and changes in net pension liability:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
General Employees' Retirement Plan Police Officers' Retirement Plan Fire Fighters' Retirement Plan		\$ 844,703 348,442 802,464	\$ 224,174 - 87,319
Total		\$ 1,995,609	\$ 311,493
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)-(b)
General Employees' Retirement Plan Police Officers' Retirement Plan Fire Fighters' Retirement Plan	Liability	Net Position	Liability (Asset)

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Fund Financial Statements

The following are the financial statements for the individual pension trust funds (GERP, PORP, FRP) for the year ended September 30, 2018.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF PLAN NET POSITION

	Employ	Funds		
	General Employees' Retirement Plan	Police Officers' Retirement Plan	Firefighters' Retirement Plan	Total Employee Retirement Plans
ASSETS				
Investments, at market	\$ 14,433,772	\$ 8,048,589	\$ 5,010,498	\$ 27,492,859
Due from State of Florida		90,590		90,590
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 14,433,772	\$ 8,139,179	\$ 5,010,498	\$ 27,583,449
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	\$ 14,433,772	\$ 8,139,179	\$ 5,010,498	\$ 27,583,449

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION

		Employ						
	General Employees' Retirement Plan		Police Officers' Retirement Plan		Firefighters' Retirement Plan			Total imployee etirement Plans
ADDITIONS								
Contributions								
Employer	\$	513,524	\$	60,832	\$	387,319	\$	961,675
Plan members		208,659		60,305		52,667		321,631
State of Florida		-		90,590		75,115		165,705
Total contributions		722,183		211,727		515,101		1,449,011
Investment income		1,259,641		661,317		540,723		2,461,681
Less investment expense		(151,895)		(112,538)		(64,694)		(329,127)
Net investment income		1,107,746		548,779		476,029		2,132,554
TOTAL ADDITIONS		1,829,929		760,506		991,130		3,581,565
DEDUCTIONS								
Benefits paid and administrative costs		1,152,507		390,471		425,779		1,968,757
NET INCREASE		677,422		370,035		565,351		1,612,808
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, BEGINNING	i	13,756,350		7,769,144		4,445,147		25,970,641
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	14,433,772	\$	8,139,179	\$	5,010,498	\$ 2	27,583,449

7. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers employees a deferred compensation plan (the Plan) created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan is a tax-deferred supplemental retirement program that allows City employees to contribute a portion of their salary, before federal income taxes, to a retirement account. The assets are held in trust for the employee's benefit. Individually, the Plan participants select and make changes in funding options made available by the independent plan administrator. Since Plan participants select the investment fund or funds in which their deferred compensation accounts are invested, the City has no liability for investment losses. The City's fiduciary responsibility is to administer the Plan properly, and to assure the investment alternatives made available are reasonable.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 32, the assets and liabilities of the Plan are not reflected in the City's financial statements since the City has no fiduciary responsibilities, other than administrative, in connection with the Plan.

Assets of the Plan have a fair value of \$912,613 at September 30, 2018. Contributions and distributions made during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, were \$87,202 and \$91,383, respectively. The Plan had net earnings of \$32,646.

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City purchases insurance through commercial carriers and coverage through Preferred Governmental Insurance Trust, which includes workers' compensation, comprehensive general liability, and automobile physical damage.

The remaining insurance coverage, which includes but is not limited to property, flood, inland marine, boiler and machinery, and fiduciary, is purchased from various commercial carriers. The City maintains minimal deductibles for insurance policies purchased through these carriers.

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from prior fiscal year. Insurance coverage has been sufficient to cover all claims made in the prior three fiscal years.

9. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Debt Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt liabilities of the City for the year ended September 30, 2018:

	Beginning Balance	Additions Reductions		Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities					
Revenues note payable	\$ 332,178	\$-	\$ (332,178)	\$-	\$-
Capital leases	239,342	-	(48,131)	191,211	46,047
Compensated absences	406,665	193,679	(166,553)	433,791	393,011
Total governmental activities	\$ 978,185	\$ 193,679	\$ (546,862)	\$ 625,002	\$ 439,058
Business-type activities					
Revenue notes payable	\$ 2,474,558	\$-	\$ (136,723)	\$ 2,337,835	\$ 138,938
State revolving loans payable	3,866,157	-	(245,925)	3,620,232	251,858
Compensated absences	153,342	112,284	(93,972)	171,654	156,972
Total business-type activities	\$ 6,494,057	\$ 112,284	\$ (476,620)	\$ 6,129,721	\$ 547,768

Description of Long-Term Debt Outstanding

	(Current	Lo	ng-Term	 Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
<i>Capital Lease</i> Lease/purchase agreement bearing interest of 2.69% per annum. Principal and interest payments of \$51,272 will be made on an annual basis until November 14, 2021. The lease is collateralized by a fire truck.	\$	46,047	\$	145,164	\$ 191,211
Accrued Compensated Absences Total long-term portion of accumulated, vested annual and sick leave for governmental fund types.		393,011		40,780	 433,791
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	439,058	\$	185,944	\$ 625,002

9. LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED

Description of Long-Term Debt Outstanding – Continued

	Current	Long-Term	Total
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Revenue Notes Payable			
Sundial Utilities			
Revenue note payable incurred for the acquisition of Sundial Utilities, Inc. (utility system) in the Sundial Utilities Fund, bearing interest at 1.62%. Annual principal and interest payments began June 15, 2014, and will be paid until maturity on June 15, 2033. The note is secured by revenues generated from current and future customers of the acquired utility			
system.	\$ 138,938	\$ 2,198,897	\$ 2,337,835
State Revolving Loans Payable			
<u>Water and Sewer</u> State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection State			
Revolving Loan Fund; interest at 2.46%; semi annual payments, including capitalized interest, of \$77,931 through March 15, 2027. Total approved loan is for \$14,916,418 for the purpose of improvements to the City's wastewater collection and treatment facilities. Amount outstanding includes capitalized interest of \$293,803.	127,393	1,061,534	1,188,927
State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection State Revolving Loan Fund; interest at 2.58%; semi annual payments of \$47,412, including capitalized interest, began January 15, 2015, maturing March 15, 2035. Total approved loan is for \$1,337,855, of which \$1,387,978 is outstanding at September 30, 2016. Amount outstanding includes capitalized interest of			
\$109,651.	62,519	1,205,128	1,267,647
State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection State Revolving Loan Fund; interest at 2.09%, semi annual payments of 42,968, including capitalized interest, began March 15, 2015, maturing September 15, 2034. Total approved loan is for \$1,355,338, of which \$1,283,754 is outstanding at September 30, 2015. Amount outstanding includes capitalized interest of \$18,350.	61,946	1,101,712	1,163,658
Total state revolving loans payable	251,858	3,368,374	3,620,232
Accrued Compensated Absences Accumulated, vested annual compensation for Proprietary Funds	156,972	14,682	171,654
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$ 547,768	\$ 5,581,953	\$ 6,129,721
GRAND TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT			\$ 6,754,723

9. LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

Annual Requirements to Amortize Debt Outstanding

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding except accrued and annual leave as of September 30, 2018, are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Year Ending	Capital	Lease			
September 30	Principal		Interest		
2019	\$ 46,047	\$	5,225		
2020	47,301		3,971		
2021	48,590		2,683		
2022	49,273		1,359		
Total	\$ 191,211	\$	13,238		

Business-Type Activities

	State Revolving Loans		Revenue No		tes Payable		
Year Ending September 30	F	Principal	 Interest		Principal		Interest
2019	\$	251,858	\$ 84,764	\$	138,938	\$	37,873
2020		257,935	78,686		141,189		35,622
2021		264,161	72,462		143,476		33,335
2022		270,537	66,085		145,801		31,011
2023		277,068	59,554		148,163		28,649
2024-2028		1,252,313	232,167		777,604		106,452
2029-2033		825,431	80,693		842,664		41,392
2034-2038		220,929	 4,920		-		-
Total	\$	3,620,232	\$ 679,331	\$	2,337,835	\$	314,334

10. GAS FUND LINE OF CREDIT

The City established a line of credit in the amount of \$500,000, which is renewable annually in August. Interest is payable monthly at a rate of prime less 1.5%. The line of credit must have a \$0 balance for at least 30 days during each year. The line of credit is secured by gas revenues received by the City. No draws on the line of credit were made during the year ended September 30, 2018.

11. CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the Water and Sewer Fund had \$649,904 of capital contributions related to impact fees.

12. INTERFUND BALANCES

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2018, is as follows:

Transfers Out	General	CRA	Capital Projects	Non-Major	Total
General	\$-	\$ 26,000	\$ 163,905	\$ 280,844	\$ 470,749
Non-Major Governmental	20,000	-	-	-	20,000
Natural Gas	1,035,736	-	-	-	1,035,736
Water and Sewer	2,166,768				2,166,768
Total	\$3,222,504	\$ 26,000	\$ 163,905	\$ 280,844	\$ 3,693,253

Transfers In

Transfers occurred during the year on a routine basis and were consistent with activities of the fund making the transfer.

13. POST-EMPLOYEE HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

Plan Description

The City provides limited healthcare benefits for retired municipal employees under the City of Milton Retired Employees Medical Insurance Fund Plan (Plan). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan that covers eligible retired employees of the City. The Plan, which is administered by the City, allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements under one of the City's retirement plans to continue medical and life insurance coverage as a participant in the City's plan. City ordinance assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Plan. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

The City implemented, in 2018, GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, for certain postemployment health care benefits provided by the City.

Benefits Provided

The benefits provided are the same as those provided for active employees. Spouses and dependents of eligible retirees are also eligible for medical coverage. All employees of the City are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits.

13. POST-EMPLOYEE HEALTHCARE BENEFITS – CONTINUED

Funding Policy

The City of Milton contributes 100% of the active health premium for a certain group of retirees participating in the City's group insurance plan. For the other current retirees and all future retirees hired on or before November 8, 2011, the City provides a credit of \$1/month for every year of credited service toward the premium of the City's group insurance plan. Employees hired after November 8, 2011 are not eligible for this credit. Once retirees are Medicare eligible, the City converts the health insurance to a Medicare Supplement policy. Retirees may purchase spouse coverage through the City's group insurance plan at their own expense. In future years, contributions are assumed to increase at the same rate as premiums. Life Insurance in the amount of \$12,000 may be purchased by the retiree at the active premium rate. This amount decreases to \$7,000 at age 65 and \$6,800 at age 70. Effective for fiscal year 2017, the Council voted to separate the life insurance policy from the active employees and retired employees such that retirees would be charged a higher premium than active employees.

Plan Membership as of October 1, 2016:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Current Receiving Benefits	16
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	-
Active Plan Members	129
Total	145
Inflation	3.00%

Investments

The following was the asset allocation policy and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of September 30, 2018:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash and cash equivalent	2.7%	0.0%
Fixed income	42.6%	2.5%
Domestic equity	46.8%	7.5%
International Equity	7.8%	8.5%
Miscellaneous	0.0%	4.5%
Total	100%	

The Plan did not hold investments in any one organization that represent 5% or more of the Fund's Fiduciary Net Position.

13. POST-EMPLOYEE HEALTHCARE BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Net OPEB Liability

The measurement date for GASB 74 reporting is September 30, 2017. The Sponsor's Net OPEB Liability was measured as of September 30, 2017. The Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined as of that date using a roll-forward of the October 1, 2016 valuation results at a discount rate of 7.50%.

The components of the NET OPEB Liability of the Sponsor on September 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)			Net OPEB bility (Asset) (a)-(b)
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2017	\$	3,708,482	\$	2,094,066	\$	1,614,416
Changes: Service cost		166,713		_		166,713
Interest		286,716		-		286,716
Explicit contributions - employer Implicit contributions - employer		-		201,812 91,488		(201,812) (91,488)
Net investment income		-		233,075		(233,075)
Explicit benefit payments Implicit benefit payments		(15,054) (91,488)		(15,054) (91,488)		-
Administrative expenses		(- · · ·) -		(32,389)		32,389
Net changes Reporting Period Ending		346,887		387,444		(40,557)
September 30, 2018	\$	4,055,369	\$	2,481,510	\$	1,573,859

13. POST-EMPLOYEE HEALTHCARE BENEFITS – CONTINUED

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Salary increases	Varies
Discount rate	7.50%
Investment rate of return	7.50%
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.0%-8.75%

Mortality

For Healthy Lives: For female lives, 100% of the Annuitant White-Collar table was used. For male (non-special risk) lives, a 50% Annuitant White-Collar table, 50% Annuitant Blue-Collar table blend was used. For male special risk lives, a 10% Annuitant White-Collar table, 90% Annuitant Blue-Collar table blend was used. All tables include fully generational adjustments for mortality improvements using improvement scale BB.

For Disabled Lives: For female (non-special risk) lives, 100% of the Disabled Female table was used, set forward two years. For female special risk lives, a 60% Disabled Female table, 40% Annuitant White Collar table with no setback blend was used. For male (non-special risk) lives, 100% of the Disabled Male table was used, set back four years. For Male special risk lives, a 60% Disabled Male table, 40% Annuitant White Collar table with no setback blend was used. Disabled male table, 40% Annuitant White Collar table with no setback blend was used. Disabled mortality has not been adjusted for mortality improvements.

Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the Discount Rate assumed that current Sponsor contributions will be made at the historical contribution rate which fully funds the actuarial determined contribution. Based on this assumption, the OPEB Plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to provide all future benefit payments. Therefore, the single equivalent discount rate was set equal to the investment rate of return assumption, 7.50%.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the Discount Rate as of September 30, 2018: The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the Sponsor, as well as what the Sponsor's Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	19	% Decrease 6.50%			1% Increase 8.50%	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,270,199	\$	1,573,859	\$	1,020,841

13. POST-EMPLOYEE HEALTHCARE BENEFITS – CONTINUED

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates as of September 30, 2018:

The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the Sponsor, as well as what the Sponsor's Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Healthcare Cost Trend

		neallicale cost neilu							
	1%	Decrease		Rate	1	% Increase			
	3.0	3.00%-7.75%		4.00%-8.75%		5.00%-9.75%			
Net OPEB Liability	\$	981,574	\$	1,573,859	\$	2,328,912			

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City will recognize OPEB Expense of \$308,928. On September 30, 2018, the Sponsor reported Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	O	Deferred utflows of esources	In	eferred flows of esources
City Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	205,787	\$	- 56,185
Total	\$	205,787	\$	56,185

Amounts reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB Expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:

2019	\$ (14,046)
2020	(14,046)
2021	(14,046)
2022	 (14,047)
	\$ (56,185)

Transition to GASB 75 – The difference between the Net OPEB Obligation as of September 30, 2017 and the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017 measurement date (September 30, 2016) is reported as a restatement of beginning net position. Restatements total \$879,226 and \$441,890 for governmental activities and business type activities, respectively.

14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The City participates in a number of federal and state assisted programs, such as the Disaster Funding Agreement, Disadvantaged Small Community Grants, Capitalization Grants for the State Revolving Fund and others. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by these grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount of expenditures, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies, cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Legal Issues

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits and claims. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In October 2018 the City entered into a financing agreement for advanced meter infrastructure radio read equipment totaling \$2.15 million. The loan requires 10 annual payments of \$256,970, and bears interest at 3.41%.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – UNAUDITED

Reporting Period ending Measurement Date		9/30/18 9/30/17		9/30/17 9/30/16		9/30/16 9/30/15		9/30/15 9/30/14
Total Pension Liability								
Service cost	\$	313,360	\$	318,891	\$	300,174	\$	299,907
Interest		1,203,306		1,131,940		1,107,941		1,073,644
Differences between expected and actual experience		(198,798)		(39,135)		(64,838)		-
Change in assumptions		-		444,060		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions		(872,230)		(1,044,056)		(1,079,979)		(810,211)
Net change in total pension liability		445,638		811,700		263,298		563,340
Total pension liability – beginning		15,164,082		14,352,382		14,089,084		13,525,744
Total pension liability – ending (a)	\$	15,609,720	\$	15,164,082	\$	14,352,382	\$	14,089,084
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions – employer	\$	410,250	\$	538,937	\$	463,611	\$	515,239
Contributions – member		212,565		229,488		211,695		216,487
Net investment income		1,332,803		938,420		173,587		1,056,606
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions		(872,230)		(1,044,056)		(1,079,979)		(810,211)
Administrative expenses		(51,168)		(51,481)		(33,907)		(30,596)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,032,220		611,308		(264,993)		947,525
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning		12,781,798	_	12,170,490		12,435,483		11,487,958
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$	13,814,018	\$	12,781,798	\$	12,170,490	\$	12,435,483
Net pension liability – ending (a)-(b)	\$	1,795,702	\$	2,382,284	\$	2,181,892	\$	1,653,601
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		88.50%		84.29%		84.80%		88.26%
Covered payroll	\$	2,125,652	\$	2,294,878	\$	2,534,951	\$	2,164,868
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	Ŧ	84.48%	Ŧ	103.81%	Ŧ	86.07%	Ŧ	76.38%

Notes to Schedule:

This information is not available for previous years.

Changes in Assumptions: For the reporting period 9/30/17, as a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the assumptions used by the Florida Retirement System. The inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3% to 2.5%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION POLICE RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – UNAUDITED

Reporting Period ending Measurement Date	 9/30/18 9/30/17	 9/30/17 9/30/16	 9/30/16 9/30/15	 9/30/15 9/30/14
Total Pension Liability				
Service cost	\$ 193,067	\$ 179,035	\$ 188,061	\$ 207,626
Interest	581,666	527,269	516,585	481,214
Differences between expected and actual experience	197,192	75,137	(185,417)	-
Changes of assumptions [^]	265,465	-	(44,471)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions	 (347,056)	 (414,900)	 (249,463)	 (204,802)
Net change in total pension liability	890,334	366,541	225,295	484,038
Total pension liability – beginning	 7,038,379	 6,671,838	 6,446,543	 5,962,505
Total pension liability – ending (a)	\$ 7,928,713	\$ 7,038,379	\$ 6,671,838	\$ 6,446,543
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions – employer	\$ 76,619	\$ 82,582	\$ 92,468	\$ 165,216
Contributions – state	90,756	89,139	80,630	79,290
Contributions – member	65,909	64,142	60,142	45,594
Net investment income	760,325	525,026	82,306	535,784
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions	(347,056)	(414,900)	(249,463)	(204,802)
Administrative expenses	 (42,971)	 (45,128)	 (43,647)	 (38,805)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	603,582	300,861	22,436	582,277
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	 7,189,727	 6,888,866	 6,866,430	 6,284,153
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$ 7,793,309	\$ 7,189,727	\$ 6,888,866	\$ 6,866,430
Net pension liability (asset) – ending (a)-(b)	\$ 135,404	\$ (151,348)	\$ (217,028)	\$ (419,887)
Plan fiduciary net position as a				
percentage of the total pension liability	98.29%	102.15%	103.25%	106.51%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 823,863	\$ 801,776	\$ 892,823	\$ 733,479
Net pension liability as a				
percentage of covered employee payroll	16.44%	-18.88%	-24.31%	-57.25%

Notes to Schedule:

This information is not available for previous years.

Changes in assumptions: For the reporting period 9/30/16, the inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3% to 2.5%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – UNAUDITED

Reporting Period ending Measurement Date		9/30/18 9/30/17		9/30/17 9/30/16		9/30/16 9/30/15		9/30/15 9/30/14
Total Pension Liability								
Service cost	\$	138,442	\$	120,267	\$	112,024	\$	114,365
Interest		617,110		584,392		567,389		544,624
Differences between expected and actual experience		220,939		64,117		105,996		-
Change in assumptions		-		239,044		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions		(420,388)		(787,258)		(361,274)		(364,527)
Net change in total pension liability		556,103		220,562		424,135		294,462
Total pension liability – beginning		8,034,933		7,814,371		7,390,236		7,095,774
Total pension liability – ending (a)	\$	8,591,036	\$	8,034,933	\$	7,814,371	\$	7,390,236
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions – employer	\$	388,046	\$	349,105	\$	272,667	\$	247,125
Contributions – state		77,460		81,560		77,020		85,115
Contributions – member		54,714		50,925		44,832		43,983
Net investment income		527,323		414,969		(202,680)		427,274
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions		(420,388)		(787,258)		(361,274)		(364,527)
Administrative expenses		(17,120)		(24,768)		(30,222)		(14,201)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		610,035		84,533		(199,657)		424,769
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning		3,859,068		3,774,535		3,974,192		3,549,423
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$	4,469,103	\$	3,859,068	\$	3,774,535	\$	3,974,192
Net pension liability – ending (a)-(b)	\$	4,121,933	\$	4,175,865	\$	4,039,836	\$	3,416,044
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		52.02%		48.03%		48.30%		53.78%
	¢		^		¢		¢	
Covered employee payroll (1)	\$	841,749	\$	783,461	\$	811,423	\$	639,252
Net pension liability as a								
percentage of covered employee payroll		489.69%		533.00%		497.87%		534.38%

Notes to schedule:

This information is not available for previous years

Changes in assumptions: For the reporting period 9/30/17, as a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the assumptions used by the Florida Retirement System for special risk employees. The inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3% to 2.5%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – UNAUDITED LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
General Employees' Retirement Plan										
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 500,108	\$ 410,250	\$ 493,399	\$ 463,611	\$ 515,239	\$ 431,650	\$ 350,068	\$ 263,193	\$ 212,522	\$ 146,590
Contributions in relation to the										
actuarially determined contributions	500,108	410,250	538,937	463,611	515,239	431,650	350,068	263,193	212,522	182,014
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$-	\$-	\$ (45,538)	<u>\$-</u>	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	<u>\$-</u>	\$ (35,424)
Covered employee payroll*	\$ 2,273,218	\$ 2,125,652	\$ 2,294,878	\$ 2,534,951	\$ 2,164,868	\$ 2,534,951	\$ 2,147,539	\$ 2,212,864	\$ 2,310,954	\$ 2,470,351
Net pension liability as a percentage										
of covered employee payroll	22.00%	19.30%	23.48%	18.29%	23.80%	17.03%	16.30%	11.89%	9.20%	7.37%
Police Officers' Retirement Plan										
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 150,981	\$ 158,182	\$ 165,968	\$ 158,624	\$ 244,248	\$ 267,788	\$ 247,022	\$ 228,650	\$ 190,324	\$ 114,610
Contributions in relation to the										
actuarially determined contribution	155,189	167,375	171,721	173,098	244,506	267,788	247,022	228,650	190,324	114,610
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (4,208)	\$ (9,193)	\$ (5,753)	\$ (14,474)	\$ (258)	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -
Covered employee payroll*	\$ 751,149	\$ 823,863	\$ 801,776	\$ 892,823	\$ 733,479	\$ 2,534,951	\$ 760,984	\$ 853,431	\$ 836,238	\$ 789,029
Net pension liability as a percentage										
of covered employee payroll	20.66%	20.32%	21.42%	19.39%	33.34%	10.56%	32.46%	26.79%	22.76%	14.53%
Firefighters' Retirement Plan										
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 467,637	\$ 470,538	\$ 406,616	\$ 349,687	\$ 332,240	\$ 279,992	\$ 216,366	\$ 203,499	\$ 203,450	\$ 97,209
Contributions in relation to the										
actuarially determined contributions	458,680	465,506	430,665	349,687	332,240	279,992	214,366	203,499	203,449	105,899
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 8,957	\$ 5,032	\$ (24,049)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,000	\$-	\$1	\$ (8,690)
Covered employee payroll*	\$ 875,724	\$ 841,749	\$ 783,461	\$ 811,423	\$ 676,661	\$ 2,164,868	\$ 657,941	\$ 655,402	\$ 739,015	\$ 728,150
Net pension liability as a percentage of	of									
covered employee payroll	52.38%	55.30%	54.97%	43.10%	49.10%	12.93%	32.58%	31.05%	27.53%	14.54%

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL RETIREMENT PLAN NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – UNAUDITED

Valuation Date:	October 1, 2016
Notes:	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, which is two year(s) prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.
Methods and Assumptions Us	ed to Determine Contribution Rates:
Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method
Amortization method:	Level Percentage of Pay, Closed
Asset valuation method:	Each year, the prior Actuarial Value of Assets is brought forward utilizing the historical geometric 4-year average Market Value return. It is possible that over time this technique will produce an insignificant bias above or below Market Value.
Inflation:	3.0% per year
Salary increases:	5.5% per year until the assumed Retirement age
Interest rate:	8.00% per year compounded annually, net of in-vestment related expenses. This assumption is in line with the national average for public programs and is reasonable based on the asset allocation.
Payroll growth:	0.02% (Utilized for amortizing the unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities)
Retirement age:	Earlier of Age 65 and ten years of service or the completion of 25 years of service, regardless of age. Also, any Member who has reached Normal Retirement is assumed to continue employment for one additional year.
Early retirement:	Commencing at eligibility for Early Retirement (age 55 with ten years of service), Members are assumed to retire with an immediate benefit at the rate of 1% per year.
Mortality:	 Healthy Lives: Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% combined Healthy White Collar, Scale BB. Male: RP2000 Generational, 50% Annuitant White Collar / 50% Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale BB Collar, Scale BB. Disabled Lives: Female: 100% RP2000 Disabled Female set forward two years. Male: 100% RP2000 Disabled Male setback four years. The above assumption rates were mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida. This law mandates the use of the assumption used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The above rates are those outlined in Milliman's July 1, 2015 FRS valuation report. We feel this assumption sufficiently accommodates future mortality improvements.

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION POLICE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – UNAUDITED

Valuation Date:	October 1, 2016
Notes:	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, which is two year(s) prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.
Methods and Assumptions Used to Deter	mine Contribution Rates:
Funding method:	Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method
Amortization method:	Level Percentage of Pay, Closed
Asset valuation method:	Each year, the prior Actuarial Value of Assets is brought forward utilizing the historical geometric 4-year average Market Value return. It is possible that over time this technique will produce an insignificant bias above or below Market Value.
Inflation:	3.0% per year
Salary increases:	Graded schedule based on service, grading from 12% to 4.5% at 10 or more years of service. This is based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2009-2015. Projected salary at retirement is increased based on service as of July 1, 2011 to account for non-regular compensation as follows (previously a flat 20% assumption):
	Service Final Salary Load
	N/A 0.00%
	≤ 1 year 5.00%
	≤ 10 years 15.00%
	≤ 20 years 20.00%
	> 20 years 30.00%
Interest rate:	8.0% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses. This is supported by the target asset class allocation of the trust and the expected long-term return by asset class.
Payroll increase:	3.00% per year
Cost-of-living increase:	1% per year (service retirees)
Retirement age:	Earlier of: 1) Age 55 and 10 years of service or 2) 20 years of service, regardless of age. Also, any Member who has reached Normal Retirement is assumed to continue employment for one additional year
Early retirement:	Commencing with the earliest Early Retirement Age (50), Members are assumed to retire with an immediate subsidized benefit at the rate of 5% per year.
Disability rates:	It is assumed that 75% of disablements and active Member deaths are service related.
Mortality:	 Healthy Males: RP2000 Generational, 10% Annuitant White Collar / 90% Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale BB. Healthy Females: RP2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant White Collar, Scale BB. Disabled Males: 60% RP2000 Disabled Male setback four years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale. Disabled Females: 60% RP2000 Disabled Female set forward two years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FIREFIGHTERS' RETIREMENT PLAN NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – UNAUDITED

Valuation Date:	October 1, 2016
Notes:	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, which is two year(s) prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported
Methods and Assumptions Use	d to Determine Contribution Rates:
Funding method:	Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method
Asset valuation method:	Each year, the prior Actuarial Value of Assets is brought forward utilizing the historical geometric 4-year average Market Value return. It is possible that over time this technique will produce an insignificant bias above or below Market Value.
Inflation:	3.0% per year
Salary increases:	6% per year until the assumed Retirement Age
Interest rate:	7.75% per year compounded appually, pet of investment related evenences
	7.75% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses.
Payroll growth:	10-year historical average of the actual payroll growth, limited to 5.0% per year (limited to 1.95% for 10/1/2014).
Retirement age:	Earlier of Age 54 and 10 years of service or the completion of 25 years of service, regardless of age. Also, any member who has reached Normal Retirement is assumed to continue employment for one additional year.
Early retirement:	Commencing at eligibility for Early Retirement, members are assumed to retire with an immediate benefit at the rate of 2% per year.
Disability rates:	It is assumed that 75% of disablements and active Member deaths are service related.
Mortality:	Healthy Livea
	 Healthy Lives: Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant White Collar, Scale BB. Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Annuitant White Collar / 90% Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale BB. Disabled Lives: Female: 60% RP2000 Disabled Female set forward two years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale. Male: 60% RP2000 Disabled Male setback four years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale. The assumed rates of mortality were mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida. This law mandates the use of the assumption used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The above rates are those outlined in the July 1, 2015 FRS actuarial valuation report. We feel this assumption sufficiently accommodates future mortality improvements.

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS – UNAUDITED

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Employees' Retirement Plan					
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return *Net of Investment expense	10.55%	7.77%	1.41%	9.19%	12.60%
Police Officers' Retirement Plan					
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return *Net of Investment expense	10.73%	7.80%	1.21%	8.55%	12.54%
Firefighters' Retirement Plan					
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return *Net of Investment expense	13.69%	11.21%	-5.08%	11.98%	7.54%

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – UNAUDITED

Reporting Period ending Measurement Date		9/30/18 9/30/17
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Explicit benefit payments Implicit benefit payments	\$	166,713 286,716 (15,054) (91,488)
Net change in total OPEB liability		346,887
Total OPEB liability – beginning		3,708,482
Total OPEB liability – ending (a)	\$	4,055,369
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Explicit contributions - employer Implicit contributions - employer Net investment income Explicit benefit payments Implicit benefit payments Administrative expenses	\$	201,812 91,488 233,075 (15,054) (91,488) (32,389)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		387,444
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning		2,094,066
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$	2,481,510
Net OPEB liability – ending (a)-(b)	\$	1,573,859
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		61.19%
Covered employee payroll	\$	5,838,317
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		26.96%

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS SCHEDULE OF SPONSOR CONTRIBUTIONS – UNAUDITED

	 2017
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ 321,320 201,812
Contribution deficiency	\$ 119,508
Covered employee payroll	\$ 5,838,317
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	3.46%

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS – UNAUDITED

_	2018	2017	2016	2015
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return	8.23%	10.70%	7.70%	0.40%
*Net of Investment expense				

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS NOTES TO THE OPEB SCHEDULES

Valuation Date:	October 1, 2016			
Notes:	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, which is two year(s) prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported			
Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:				
Funding method:	Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method			
Amortization method:	Level Percentage of Pay, Closed			
Remaining amortization period:	30 Years (as of 10/01/2016 valuation)			
Interest Rate:	7.5% per year, compounded annually, et of investment related expenses.			
Healthcare Inflation:	Initial rate of 8.75% in fiscal 2017, then 8.50% in fiscal 2018, grading down to the ultimate trend rate of 4.00% in fiscal 2073.			
Payroll Growth:	2.0% per year.			
Inflation:	3.0% per year.			

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA

COMBINING FUND STATEMENTS

These financial statements provide a more detailed view of the "Basic Financial Statements" presented in the preceding subsection.

Combining statements are presented when there is more than one fund of a given fund type.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Police Special Investigation Fund

To account for funds received from seized or forfeited property to be used for the purpose of defraying the cost of protracted or complex investigations, to provide additional technical equipment or to provide matching funds to obtain federal grants.

Red Light Camera Fund

To account for funds received from the red light camera service contract. Expenditures in this fund are to be used for public safety expenditures associated with operation of the red light camera.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest in accordance with bond ordinances.

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

מ							
Police	Special tigation	Re C	d Light amera	Det	ot Service	Tota Govi	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
	5						
θ	I	φ	ı	Υ	225,289	φ	225,289
	I		500				500
	9,193		70,619		'		79,812
θ	9,193	ω	71,119	မ	225,289	မ	305,601
θ	'	φ	21,393	မ	I	မ	21,393
	'		21,393		·		21,393
	9,193		49,726				58,919
	'		'		225,289		225,289
	9,193		49,726		225,289		284,208
Υ	9,193	θ	71,119	φ	225,289	မ	305,601
	A A A Police	olice S Investig	olice Special * Investigation 9,193 \$ 9,193 \$ \$ 9,193 \$ \$ 9,193 \$ \$ 9,193 \$ \$ 9,193 \$ \$ 9,193 \$ \$	olice Special Red Investigation -<	Olice Special Red Light Investigation - \$ - \$ - - \$ 500 \$	Investigation Red Light Debt - - \$ - - - \$ 500 9 9,193 \$ 71,119 \$ \$ 9,193 \$ 71,119 \$ \$ 9,193 \$ 71,119 \$ \$ 9,193 \$ 21,393 \$ \$ - 21,393 \$	Olice Special Red Light Debt Service - \$ - \$ 225,289 - - \$ 70,619 \$ 225,289 - - 9,193 \$ 71,119 \$ 225,289 - - - 9,193 \$ 71,119 \$ 225,289 -

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Special Rev	Special Revenue Funds		
	Police Special Investigation	Red Light Camera	Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Fines and forfeits	\$ 517	\$ 299,155	۰ ډ	\$ 299,672
Miscellaneous	80	1,001	71	1,152
Total revenues	597	300,156	71	300,824
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Public safety		250,930		250,930
Debt service				
Principal		I	380,309	380,309
Interest	'	'	11,312	11,312
Total expenditures	'	250,930	391,621	642,551
EXCESS OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	597	49,226	(391,550)	(341,727)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	'	'	280,844	280,844
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	597	49,226	(110,706)	(60,883)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	8,596	500	335,995	345,091
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 9,193	\$ 49,726	\$ 225,289	\$ 284,208

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NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The Proprietary Funds are used to account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprise where the intent of the government's council is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the government's council has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Stormwater Fund

To account for the income and expenses related to the operation of the stormwater utility system.

Marina Fund

To account for the income and expenses related to the operation of the Marina.

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Stormwater Fund	Marina Fund	Total Non- Major Funds
ASSETS			
Current assets	* • • • • 7 • •	* • • • • • • • •	* 400.005
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 324,720	\$ 98,345	\$ 423,065
Receivables, net	37,158		37,158
Total current assets	361,878	98,345	460,223
Capital assets			
Non-depreciable	380,350	519,404	899,754
Depreciable, net	87,573	26,250	113,823
Total capital assets	467,923	545,654	1,013,577
TOTAL ASSETS	829,801	643,999	1,473,800
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES OPEB related	11,354		11,354
	11,504	-	11,504
LIABILITIES Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	1,680	166	1,846
Non-current liabilities	1,000	100	1,040
Net OPEB	86,833		86,833
TOTAL LIABILITIES	88,513	166	88,679
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
OPEB related	3,100	-	3,100
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	467,923	545,654	1,013,577
Unrestricted	281,619	98,179	379,798
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 749,542	\$ 643,833	\$ 1,393,375

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Stormwater fund	Marina Fund	Total Non-Major Funds		
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 229,808	\$-	\$ 229,808		
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Operating	117,314	22,070	139,384		
Depreciation	22,833	9,000	31,833		
Total operating expenses	140,147	31,070	171,217		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	89,661	(31,070)	58,591		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest income	394	-	394		
Miscellaneous		19,510	19,510		
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	394	19,510	19,904		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	90,055	(11,560)	78,495		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	659,487	655,393	1,314,880		
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 749,542	\$ 643,833	\$ 1,393,375		

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Stormwater Fund	Marina Fund	Total Major Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 232,048	\$ 1,720	\$ 233,768	
Payments to suppliers	(145,242)	(22,094)	(167,336)	
Miscellaneous income		19,510	19,510	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	86,806	(864)	85,942	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisitions of capital assets	(27,482)		(27,482)	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(27,482)		(27,482)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest income	394		394	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	59,718	(864)	58,854	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	265,002	99,209	364,211	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$ 324,720	\$ 98,345	\$ 423,065	

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Stormwater Fund		Marina Fund		Total Non-Major Funds	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY						
OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating income (loss)	\$	89,661	\$	(31,070)	\$	58,591
Adjustments to reconcile operating						
income (loss) to net cash provided						
by operating activities:						
Depreciation		22,833		9,000		31,833
Miscellaneous income		-		19,510		19,510
Decrease (increase) in assets:						
Accounts receivable		2,240		1,720		3,960
Increase in deferred outflows		4,828		-		4,828
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:						
Accounts payable		(33,618)		(24)		(33,642)
Net OPEB		(2,238)		-		(2,238)
Increase in deferred inflows		3,100		-		3,100
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	86,806	\$	(864)	\$	85,942

COMPLIANCE SECTION



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON AN EXAMINATION OF COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council The City of Milton, Florida

We have examined the City of Milton, Florida's (the City) compliance with Florida Statute 218.415 with regards to the investments for the year ended September 30, 2018. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Milton, Florida complied, in all material respects, with Florida Statute 218.415 with regards to the investments for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Warren averett, LLC

Fort Walton Beach, Florida June 11, 2019



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council Members The City of Milton, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Milton, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Milton, Florida's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 11, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Milton, Florida's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Milton, Florida's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Milton, Florida's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be a material weakness. [2018-01]

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Milton's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

City of Milton, Florida's Response to Findings

City of Milton, Florida's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. City of Milton, Florida's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Warren averett, LLC

Fort Walton Beach, Florida June 11, 2019

CITY OF MILTON, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Finding 2018-001: Bank Reconciliation Process

Criteria and Condition:

Reconciliation of the month-end bank balance to the general ledger balance should be performed with no unreconciled difference existing upon completion. Throughout the year, the City's bank reconciliation for the pooled cash accounts did not agree to the general ledger balances. At September 30, 2018, an unreconciled difference of \$257 thousand existed.

Cause:

The City's pooled cash bank account reconciliation process is complex. Transactions affecting the pooled cash include non-cash transactions, wire transfers, posting of receipts from the Utility Billing software, etc. On-going monitoring is vital in the reconciliation process. The City had not adequately monitored the general ledger activity against the pooled bank account activity throughout the year.

Effect:

The September 30, 2018 reconciliation contained a material unreconciled difference of \$257 thousand.

Recommendation:

We recommend Management review the bank reconciliation process, and establish set procedures for monitoring and reconciling the pooled cash accounts on a timely basis.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:

The City will review current bank reconciliation procedures and discuss corrective actions to be made in the coming year.



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MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council Members City of Milton, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Milton, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated June 11, 2019.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Schedule of Findings and Responses; and Independent Accountants' Report on an Examination of Compliance Requirements in Accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in these reports and schedule, which are dated June 11, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial report. The current year finding 2018-001 is a reoccurrence of the finding reported as finding 2017-001 and finding 2016-001.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The official title and legal authority for the City of Milton, Florida has been disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements.

During 1992, the Florida Department of Community Affairs determined that the Housing Authority of the City of Milton, Florida was a dependent special district of the City. Utilizing the standards set forth in GASB Statement No. 61, the Housing Authority of the City of Milton, Florida was not considered as having met sufficient criteria for inclusion within the City's audited financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2019. As a result, the Housing Authority of the City of Milton, Florida is not included in the City of Milton, Florida's annual financial report.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether or not the City of Milton, Florida has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City of Milton, Florida did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b., and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City of Milton, Florida's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of Auditor General*, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. Our recommendations are outlined in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Management's Responses as well as below under the heading Current Year Findings and Recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.d, Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, provided the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit, within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. The City of Milton, Florida has no special districts that are component units.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of Auditor General*, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, members of the City Council, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We greatly appreciate the assistance and cooperation extended us during our audit.

Warren averett, LLC

Fort Walton Beach, Florida June 11, 2019