COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT





FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

City of Ocoee, Florida

Financial Report

For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

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Mayor Rusty Johnson

Commissioners Larry Brinson, Sr. District 1

Rosemary Wilsen District 2

Richard Firstner District 3

George Oliver III District 4

City Manager Robert D. Frank April 29, 2019

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commission and Citizens of the City of Ocoee,

Florida:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Ocoee,

Florida

for the year ended September 30, 2018 is submitted herewith pursuant to Article III, Section 11 of the City Charter, Florida Statutes Chapter 11, Section 45, and Chapter 10.550 of the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and that they be audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

The Annual Financial Report was compiled by the staff of the Finance Department. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Ocoee has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Ocoee's financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Ocoee's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects. We encourage readers to consider information provided in the Management Discussion and Analysis (p. 3-13) in conjunction with the information provided in this Transmittal.

The City of Ocoee's financial statements have been audited by McDirmit, Davis, & Company, LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Ocoee for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Ocoee's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

City of Ocoee • 150 N Lakeshore Drive • Ocoee, Florida 34761 Phone: (407) 905-3100 • www.ocoee.org



Mayor Rusty Johnson

Commissioners Larry Brinson, Sr. District 1

Rosemary Wilsen District 2

Richard Firstner District 3

George Oliver III
District 4

City Manager Robert D. Frank

Profile of the Government

The City of Ocoee is a municipal corporation of the State of Florida operating under a commission/manager form of government. Located in Central Florida, approximately 14 miles west of Orlando, the City of Ocoee encompasses approximately 17 square miles. Ocoee is home to approximately 47,000 residents.

Ocoee is conveniently situated along several of central Florida's major highways, such as Florida's Turnpike, SR 408, SR 50, and SR 429. Over the next several years the northern leg of SR 429 will be extended north to intersect with Interstate 4 near Sanford to form a major by-pass route west of Orlando. Downtown Orlando, including many tourist attractions and major employers, is an easy 15 minute drive from central Ocoee. Residents and visitors to Ocoee are within a days' drive from four major cruise ports, several international and regional airports, and Florida's award winning beaches. Contributing to Ocoee's appeal as a livable workable city are its many recreational opportunities, excellent schools, major hospital and county operated public library.

The City is empowered to levy a property tax on real estate and personal properties within its city limits. The City commission, comprised of the Mayor and four commissioners, is the governing body of the City. The City Manager is appointed by the commission and is responsible for implementing policies adopted by the commission and managing employees and the daily operations of the city government. The financial reporting entity, the City of Ocoee, includes all funds of the primary government and activity for the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA). The CRA was created in 2006 and is reported as a special revenue fund. Additional information can be found in Note 1 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

The fiscal operating year for the City is October 1st through September 30th. The City Manager submits an annual budget to the city commission by the first day of August for the ensuing year. Public hearings are held as required by the Truth In Millage Act (TRIM) prior to adoption of the millage rate and budget by the commission. Budgetary control over expenditures is at the department level. Commission approval is required to adjust the bottom line of a department. A budget to actual comparison for the general fund is provided on pages 19-20.

The provision of services such as police, fire rescue, municipal water and wastewater services, storm water management, and solid waste collection and disposal is an important aspect of Ocoee's growth management. Ocoee continues to expand and improve its wastewater and water facilities to keep pace with the City's growth, and to meet state concurrency requirements through an aggressive capital improvements program.

Occee focused economic development resources on promoting the reconstruction of its downtown area and encouraging light industrial developments within the city. Both development scenarios drive job creation. During the fiscal year, the City approved \pm 1,328,443 square feet of Light Industrial / Flex Office space in proximity of SR 429 and the City's Downtown.

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Factors affecting Financial Condition

Local economy. The City is primarily a residential and retail area with a moderate amount of light industry and commercial business. The City's total assessed valuation for real and personal property increased 13.6% from the

prior year indicating property values are continuing to increase in the City. The City's population has increased 35.8% from that of ten years ago. Local indicators point to a continued trend of growth as the City continues to work with builders, developers and residents for both commercial and residential development. The unemployment rate for Ocoee at September 30, 2018 was 2.5% which was lower than the state's unemployment rate at 3.3% and the national unemployment rate of 3.9%. The City is home to several major employers- Orlando Health Hospital, Super Wal-Mart, Florida Auto Auction, Orange County Public Schools, and Sysco Foods.

Long-term financial planning The City maintained a moderate property tax rate of 5.5 mils during fiscal year 2018 (tax year 2017). The maximum millage rate that can be levied is 10 mils. Projections for budgeted revenues remained conservative, particularly in the fees generated by building/construction areas. An increase in recurring revenues off-set the budgeted millage rate.

The City annually updates and adopts a 5-year Capital Improvements Plan (CIP). The CIP is a multi-year prioritized schedule of improvements that lists each capital improvement by year it is intended to be purchased or commenced; the amount to be spent per year; and, the method of financing such Improvement. Each year prior to the annual budget process the CIP is reviewed to ensure incorporation of all necessary capital improvements. The CIP is not a fixed document but a flexible, evolutionary document that may change to reflect changing priorities opportunities, costs, or different financing approaches.

Relevant Financial Policies. The City had no significant or material changes in financial policy and all required debt service payments of principal and interest were met.

Major Initiatives.

The Cities of Ocoee and Winter Garden co-adopted the SR 429 corridor development standards which were in development at the close of FY2017. In addition, the City initiated a study of the SR 438 Silver Star Road corridor with Metro Plan Orlando and a new Bluford Avenue Street from Orlando Avenue to Old Winter Garden Road.

To aid potential developers in visioning the City's improvement goals, the City created an urban design studio which enables staff to provide potential developers a design concept, consistent with other down town expansion, created and approved by City staff.

Fifty West is the City's Redevelopment District, centered on SR 50 between SR 429 to Clark Road. Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) completed the reconstruction of SR 50 through our City; and, we were awarded a highway beautification grant from FDOT to landscape the medians. The CRA plans to start installing plant materials in late spring or early summer 2019.

In addition to SR 50, the CRA is continues their efforts to "green-up" Fifty West through such projects as landscaping, median beautification and installation of a wellness park around the retention pond off of S. Bluford Ave.

Mayor Rusty Johnson

Commissioners Larry Brinson, Sr. District 1

Rosemary Wilsen District 2

Richard Firstner District 3

George Oliver III
District 4

City Manager Robert D. Frank

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The Fifty West Redevelopment District has seen increasing success since its inception. New businesses are locating to the area while existing establishments are refurbishing the buildings. During 2019 the development at City Center and the Maguire Corners will continue.

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George Oliver III District 4

Clty Manager Robert D. Frank In addition to development and redevelopment through the City, over the last several years the City has placed considerable focus on its public safety. This year the fire department began providing Fire-based EMS Transport services to its citizens and visitors. The transport of sick and injured patients by the fire department allows for a more efficient and timely response of resources. It also provides for better continuity of patient care by providing patient transportation by the same paramedics at the emergency scene directly to a hospital emergency room.

Awards and Acknowledgements.

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Ocoee for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. This was the twenty-eighth consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Robert D. Frank, MPA City Manager Rebecca Roberts, CPA Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Ocoee Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2017

Chuitopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF OCOEE, FLORIDA

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

September 30, 2018

ELECTED OFFICIALS

MAYOR	Leon "Rusty" Johnson
COMMISSIONER- District 1	Larry Brinson, Sr.
COMMISSIONER- District 2	Rosemary Wilsen
COMMISSIONER- District 3	Richard Firstner
COMMISSIONER- District 4	George Oliver

STAFF

CITY MANAGER	Robert Frank
ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER	Craig Shadrix
CITY CLERK	Melanie Sibbitt
FINANCE DIRECTOR	Rebecca Roberts
POLICE CHIEF	Charles Brown
FIRE CHIEF	John Miller
PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR	Steve Krug
CITY ENGINEER	Richard Campanale
HUMAN RESOURCES/RISK MANAGEMENT DIRECTOR	V. Gene Williford
UTILITIES DIRECTOR	Charles Smith
PARKS AND RECREATION DIRECTOR	Mark Johnson
SUPPORT SERVICES DIRECTOR	J. Allison Butler

LEGAL COUNSEL

Scott Cookson, Esq.
Shuffield, Lowman, and Wilson, P.A.

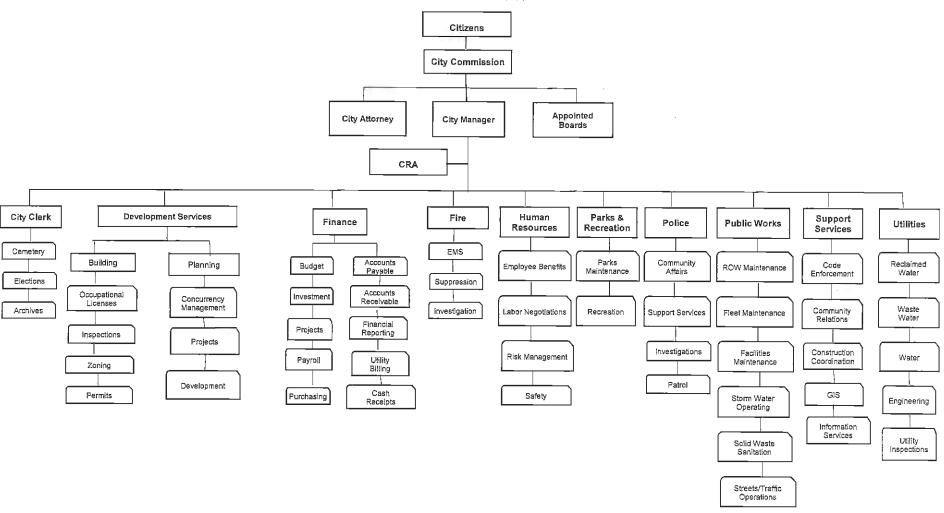
FINANCIAL ADVISOR

Mark Galvin
First Southwest Company

AUDITORS

McDirmit Davis & Company, LLC

City of Ocoee Organizational Chart Fiscal Year 2018





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Ocoee, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Ocoee, Florida*, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

City of Ocoee's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness accounting policies used and significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ocoee, Florida, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund, community redevelopment agency fund and road impact fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis-of-Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in the year ended September 30, 2018, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement ("GASBS") 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. As a result of the implementation of GASBS 75, the City reported a restatement for the change in accounting principle as of October 1, 2017. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, require that the management's discussion and analysis and the pension and other postemployment benefits disclosures on pages 3 through 14 and 69 through 76 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Ocoee, Florida's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated April 29, 2019 on our consideration of the City of Ocoee, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit preformed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Ocoee's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McDismit Davis & Company LLC

Orlando, Florida April 29, 2019 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Ocoee for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 is designed to assist the reader in a) focusing on significant financial issues, b) providing an overview of the City's financial activity, c) identifying changes in the City's financial position, d) identifying any material deviations from the approved budget, and e) identifying individual fund issues or concerns. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages iii-vi of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Ocoee exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$205,322,424 (net position). Of this amount, \$45,888,372 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position increased by \$14,729,101 or 7.8%.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Ocoee's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$54,894,380. Approximately 26% of this total amount, \$14,185,819 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$14,185,819, or 36% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City of Ocoee's total debt decreased by \$3,938,041 (4.57%) during the current fiscal year.

Using this Annual Report

The financial statement's focus is on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year to year or government to government) and enhance the City's accountability.

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Ocoee's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Ocoee's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City of Ocoee's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Ocoee is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Ocoee that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Ocoee include general government, public safety, physical environment, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of Ocoee include Water and Wastewater, Solid Waste, and Stormwater.

The government-wide financial statements include only the City of Ocoee itself (known as the *primary government*) and one blended component unit (The City of Ocoee Community Redevelopment Trust Fund). The Water and Wastewater fund, Solid Waste fund, and the Stormwater fund function as departments of the City of Ocoee, and therefore have been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 15-16 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Ocoee, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Ocoee can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the governmental-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Ocoee maintains 15 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Road Impact Fund, Community Redevelopment Fund, and 2017 Capital Projects Fund. Data from the other 11 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Ocoee adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General, Enterprise and Impact Fee Special Revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the General Fund, Road Impact Fund and Community Redevelopment Agency Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget on pages 20-23. Budgetary comparison schedules for nonmajor Impact Fee Special Revenue funds are presented on pages 83-85.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-23 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Ocoee maintains two types of proprietary funds: enterprise and internal service.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Ocoee uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Wastewater fund, Solid Waste fund, and Stormwater fund. Annual operating budgets are adopted for these funds. Internal service funds are an accounting tool used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among various functions. The City utilizes an internal service fund for its health insurance. Because services accounted for in the internal service fund predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Wastewater fund, Solid Waste fund, and for the Stormwater fund.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-28 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City of Ocoee's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 29-30 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 31-68 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

RSI can be found on pages 69-76 of this report.

Other Information

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the RSI. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 77-87 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis Statement of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Ocoee, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$205,322,424 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City of Ocoee's net position (67%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Ocoee uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Ocoee's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City of Ocoee's net position (11%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (\$45,888,372) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At September 30, 2018, the City of Ocoee is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position for the current and prior year. For more detail see the Statement of Net Position on page 15.

Statement of Net Position as of September 30,

		nmental ivities		iness vities	To	otal
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Current and Other Assets	\$ 69,092,277	\$ 61,286,463	\$ 31,964,337	\$ 28,189,237	\$ 101,056,614	\$ 89,475,700
Restricted Assets	-	-	13,446,824	15,223,434	13,446,824	15,223,434
Capital Assets	116,551,138	112,039,884	69,651,920	67,563,321	186,203,058	179,603,205
Total assets	185,643,415	173,326,347	115,063,081	110,975,992	300,706,496	284,302,339
Deferred Outflows of						
Resources	1,918,558	1,639,298	524,641	574,975	2,443,199	2,214,273
Current Liabilities	9,876,204	6,417,392	3,274,043	1,560,007	13,150,247	7,977,399
Long Term Liabilities Outstanding Other Liabilities	57,171,244 -	61,117,380	25,078,535 452,420	26,649,827 431,348	82,249,779 452,420	87,767,207 431,348
Total liabilities	67,047,448	67,534,772	28,804,998	28,641,182	95,852,446	96,175,954
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,500,758	1,101,595	474,067	309,140	1,974,825	1,410,735
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital						
Assets	88,420,850	87,143,185	48,326,212	47,653,248	136,747,062	134,796,433
Restricted	12,679,633	7,737,644	10,007,357	10,461,963	22,686,990	18,199,607
Unrestricted	17,913,284	11,448,449	27,975,088	24,485,434	45,888,372	35,933,883
Total net position	\$ 119,013,767	\$ 106,329,278	\$ 86,308,657	\$ 82,600,645	\$ 205,322,424	\$ 188,929,923

Statement of Activities

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Activities for the current and prior year. For more detailed information see the Statement of Activities on page 16. Note that total net position increased by \$14,729,101.

Net position for governmental activities increased by \$11,327,155.

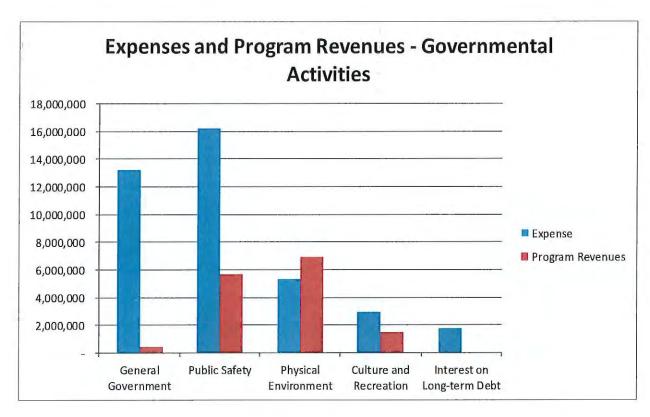
The City of Ocoee experienced continued growth in residential and commercial properties resulting in increased revenues of \$9,194,168 or 22.7% over the prior year.

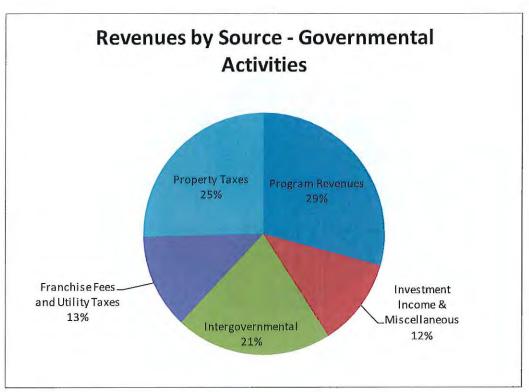
- Property taxes are \$879,503 or 7.5% higher than FY 2017
- Charges for services also grew by \$1,040,099 or 10%
- Expenditures increased by a modest 3% or \$1,144,385 over FY 2017

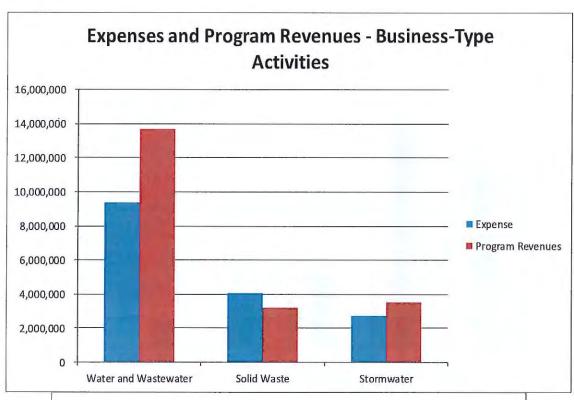
Net position for Business-Type Activities increased by \$3,401,946 primarily due to an increase in services charges and a reduction in transfers out for debt service.

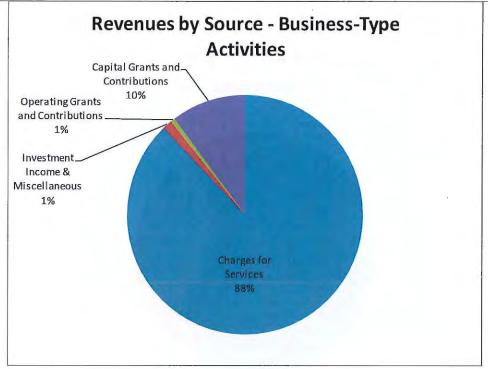
Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended September 30,

		Govern Acti	 		21.44	iness			Tot	al	
		2018	2017	-	2018		2017	_	2018		2017
Revenues:											
Program Revenues:											
Charges for Services	\$	11,050,014	\$ 10,010,715	\$	18,173,216	\$	17,632,426	\$	29,223,230	\$	27,643,141
Operating Grants and											
Contributions		2,798,378	2,157,004		129,410		1,115,283		2,927,788		3,272,287
Capital Grants and Contributions General Revenues:		662,282	487,181		2,109,731		2,652,962		2,772,013		3,140,143
Property Taxes		12,604,617	11,725,114		-		-		12,604,617		11,725,114
Franchise Fees and Utility Taxes		6,277,216	5,886,336		-		_		6,277,216		5,886,336
Intergovernmental		10,458,407	9,667,495		_		4		10,458,407		9,667,495
Other		5,811,010	533,411		273,422		127,519		6,084,432		660,930
Total revenues		49,661,924	40,467,256		20,685,779		21,528,190		70,347,703		61,995,446
Expenses:											
General Government	4	13,178,601	13,643,788		-				13,178,601		13,643,788
Public Safety		16,229,129	15,190,761		-		_		16,229,129		15,190,761
Physical Environment		5,298,461	5,332,183		_		-		5,298,461		5,332,183
Culture and Recreation		2,953,950	2,972,836				_		2,953,950		2,972,836
Interest on Long-term Debt		1,777,286	1,153,474		_				1,777,286		1,153,474
Water and wastewater		-	-		9,366,129		9,157,504		9,366,129		9,157,504
Solid Waste		-	-		4,064,133		2,809,579		4,064,133		2,809,579
Stormwater		-	-		2,745,162		3,009,574		2,745,162		3,009,574
Total expenses	=	39,437,427	38,293,042		16,175,424		14,976,657		55,612,851		53,269,699
Increase (Decrease) in Net											
Position Before Transfers		10,224,497	2,174,214		4,510,355		6,551,533		14,734,852		8,725,747
Transfers		1,108,409	2,669,804		(1,108,409)		(2,669,804)	_			-
Increase (Decrease) in Net											
Position		11,332,906	4,844,018		3,401,946		3,881,729		14,734,852		8,725,747
Net Position, October 1		106,329,278	101,485,260		82,600,645		78,718,916	_	188,929,923		180,204,176
Prior Year Restatement		1,357,334			306,066		-		1,663,400		-
Net Position, September 30	\$	119,013,767	\$ 106,329,278	\$	86,308,657	\$	82,600,645	\$	205,328,175	\$	188,929,923









Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Ocoee uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City of Ocoee's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Ocoee's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2018, the City of Ocoee's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$54,894,380 an increase of \$1,912,995 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 26% or \$14,185,819 of this total amount constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Ocoee. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$14,185,819 while total fund balance reached \$19,453,269. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 36% of total general fund expenditures compared to 36.6% for last year. Total fund balance represents 49.3% of total general fund expenditures compared to 49.1% for last year.

The Community Redevelopment Special Revenue Fund is considered a major fund in order for our external auditors to express an opinion on this fund as required by Florida Statutes chapter 163.387(8). This fund was created in 2006 as a dependent taxing district. The incremental annual increase in tax over the base years is used to fund projects. As of September 30, 2018, the fund balance was \$1,922,471 an increase of \$1,308,594 over the prior year. The CRA continued to focus on operational and planning efforts during the year. Revenues increased due to an overall increase in property values affecting the CRA's proportionate share. The fund balance in the CRA is designated for specific CRA capital improvement projects for FY 2019.

The Road Impact Fund balance increased \$2,548,673 during the year. The increase in fund balance is due to a 46.9% increase in impact fee revenue attributed to continued growth within the City. The fund balance is reserved for future planned road projects.

General Fund's fund balance increased by \$1,617,092, primarily due to an increase in revenues of \$1,482,180 from ad valorem and half cent sales taxes.

The fund balance of the 2017 Capital Projects Fund decreased \$6,262,840 during the current fiscal year. This decrease is due to expenditures on a number of projects in process during the year including the Lakeshore Centre and the Bluford Avenue redevelopment projects.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Ocoee's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water and Wastewater Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$15,919,042 and unrestricted net position for the Solid Waste and Stormwater Fund amounted to \$311,181 and \$11,246,337 respectively. The total increase in Water and Wastewater Fund was \$3,833,467, decrease in the Solid Waste Fund was \$1,102,065, and the Stormwater Fund increased \$410,776. Other factors concerning the finances of these three funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Ocoee's business-type activities on page 7.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Total appropriations and transfers out in the General Fund Budget did not change from the original to final budget; however, the allocation of appropriations did change. There were some adjustments to the original department budgets for the General Fund during the year but the total changes resulted in a net zero change for the General Fund budget.

During the year revenues were more than budgetary estimates by \$2,721,444, due primarily from greater than budgeted ad valorem, electric utility, half-cent sales tax and sponsorship revenues. These increases are directly attributable to the continued growth and development with the City.

During the year expenditures were less than budgetary estimates by \$4,439,512 due primarily to reduced debt service requirements and lower than budgeted salary expense in all operating departments.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City of Ocoee's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of September 30, 2018 amounts to \$186,203,058 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges.

Capital asset activity in the City included acquisition of land and, machinery and equipment in support of the downtown redevelopment efforts reflected in the increase in construction in process. Additional information on the City of Ocoee's capital assets can be found in note 7 on pages 47-49 of this report.

Capital Assets (net of depreciation) As of September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017

	Govern Activ			Busi			To	tal	
	2018	2017		2018		2017	2018		2017
Land	\$ 23,334,994	\$ 23,324,994	\$	5,157,406	\$	5,043,409	\$ 28,492,400	\$	28,368,403
Buildings	12,434,074	12,991,848		6,280,688		6,815,124	18,714,762		19,806,972
Improvements	12,942,017	13,883,077		33,132,151		35,197,881	46,074,168		49,080,958
Machinery and									
Equipment	5,398,756	4,359,254		2,866,490		2,130,439	8,265,246		6,489,693
Intangibles	161,383	202,091		7,017		16,103	168,400		218,194
Infrastructure	52,977,744	54,692,754		-		-	52,977,744		54,692,754
Construction in									
Progress	9,302,170	2,575,866		22,208,168		18,360,365	31,510,338		20,936,231
Total net			_		_				
position	\$ 116,551,138	\$ 112,029,884	\$	69,651,920	\$	67,563,321	\$ 186,203,058	\$	179,593,205

Long-term debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Ocoee had total bonded debt outstanding of \$58,255,000. All of this debt is secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds). The City of Ocoee also has various notes payable and capital lease obligations.

There are no limitations placed on the amount of debt the City may issue either by the City's charter, code of ordinances or by the Florida State Statutes.

Additional information on the City of Ocoee's long-term debt can be found in notes 8 and 9 on pages 49-52 of this report.

City of Ocoee, Florida Management's Discussion and Analysis

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City experienced an 10.9% increase in growth for assessed property values for the budgeted year 2018. This increase in property values continues with 13.6% growth for budget year 2019. The unemployment rate for Ocoee at September 30, 2018 was 2.5% which was lower than the state's rate of 3.3%. Local indicators again point to increased commercial and residential development activity.

The 2019 budget was approved with a millage of 5.5000 which is lower than the previous year's rate. The total operating budget adopted for fiscal year 2018-2019 is \$71,544,710. This increase of \$3,792,540 from 2018 is attributable to improving recurring revenue performance offset by reductions from non-recurring property disposition revenue.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Ocoee's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 150 N. Lakeshore Drive, Ocoee, Florida 34761.



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	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total
Assets:	Activities	 Activities		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 46,915,707	\$ 24,043,761	\$	70,959,468
Investments	20,957,906	5,062,155		26,020,061
Receivables, net	480,342	1,538,761		2,019,103
Inventories	44,228	-		44,228
Due from other governments	629,247	101,422		730,669
Internal balances	(1,125,332)	1,125,332		-
Prepaid costs	991,742	7,865		999,607
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	_	7,698,341		7,698,341
Investments	-	5,748,483		5,748,483
Net Pension Asset	198,437	85,041		283,478
Capital assets				
Capital assets (not being depreciated)	32,637,164	27,365,574		60,002,738
Capital assets (being depreciated net of accumulated				
depreciation)	83,913,974	42,286,346		126,200,320
Total Assets	185,643,415	 115,063,081		300,706,496
- 4 . 4 . 4 . 4 . 5	 			
Deferred Outflows of Resources		204.047		0.440.075
Deferred Pension and OPEB	1,918,558	221,817		2,140,375
Deferred Charge on Refunding	 1040 FF0	 302,824		302,824
	 1,918,558	 524,641	_	2,443,199
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	5,449,685	1,893,834		7,343,519
Matured bonds and interest payable	1,522,569	1,380,209		2,902,778
Accrued interest payable	18,524	<u>.</u>		18,524
Unearned revenue	2,885,426	-		2,885,426
Customer deposits payable	-	452,420		452,420
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year	2,371,283	1,388,864		3,760,147
Due in more than one year	54,799,961	23,689,671		78,489,632
Total liabilities	67,047,448	 28,804,998		95,852,446
Deferred Inflows of Resources	 · -			
Deferred innows of Resources Deferred pension earnings	1,500,758	474,067		1,974,825
Deletted pension earnings	 1,000,700	 414,001	-	1,014,020
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	88,420,850	48,326,212		136,747,062
Restricted for:	00,120,000	10,020,212		1001,002
Debt Service	123,593	_		123,593
Highways and streets	5,364,538	_		5,364,538
Public safety	2,658,625	•		2,658,625
Culture and recreation	2,610,406	_		2,610,406
Capital outlay	-	5,766,083		5,766,083
Renewal and replacement	_	4,241,274		4,241,274
Community Redevelopment	1,922,471	ije-⊺1je-1⊐ -		1,922,471
Unrestricted	17,919,035	27,975,088		45,894,123
Total net position	\$ 119,019,518	\$ 86,308,657	\$	205,328,175
	 ,	 ,,	, T	,,

Program Revenue Program Re
Functions/Programs: Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total Governmental activities: General Government \$ 13,178,601 \$ 423,657 \$ - \$ - \$ (12,754,944) \$ - \$ (12,754,944) \$ - \$ (12,754,944) \$ - \$ (12,754,944) \$ - \$ (12,754,944) \$ - \$ (12,754,944) \$ - \$ (10,564,582) - \$ (10,564,582)
Governmental activities: General Government \$ 13,178,601 \$ 423,657 \$ - \$ - \$ (12,754,944) \$ - \$ (12,754,944) Public Safety Public Safety \$ 16,229,129 \$ 4,370,274 \$ 1,294,273 \$ - (10,564,582) \$ - (10,564,582) Physical environment \$ 5,298,461 \$ 4,746,061 \$ 1,504,105 \$ 662,282 \$ 1,613,987 \$ - 1,613,987 \$ Culture and Recreation \$ 2,953,950 \$ 1,510,022 \$ - \$ - (1,443,928) \$ - (1,443,928) Interest on Long-term debt \$ 1,777,286 \$ - \$ - \$ (1,777,286) \$ - (1,777,286) \$ - (1,777,286) \$ - (1,777,286) \$ - (1,777,286) \$ - (1,777,286) \$ - (24,926,753) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
General Government \$ 13,178,601 \$ 423,657 \$ - \$ (12,754,944) \$ - \$ (12,754,944) Public Safety 16,229,129 4,370,274 1,294,273 - (10,564,582) - (10,564,582) Physical environment 5,298,461 4,746,061 1,504,105 662,282 1,613,987 - 1,613,987 Culture and Recreation 2,953,950 1,510,022 - - - (1,443,928) - (1,443,928) Interest on Long-term debt 1,777,286 - - - - (1,777,286) - (1,777,286) Total governmental activities 39,437,427 11,050,014 2,798,378 662,282 (24,926,753) - (24,926,753) Business-type activities: Water and wastewater 9,366,129 11,494,750 70,885 2,109,731 - 4,309,237 4,309,237 Solid Waste 4,064,133 3,165,442 54,981 - - - (843,710) (843,710) Stornwater 2,745,162 3,513,024 <t< td=""></t<>
Public Safety 16,229,129 4,370,274 1,294,273 - (10,564,582) - (10,564,582) Physical environment 5,298,461 4,746,061 1,504,105 662,282 1,613,987 - 1,613,987 Culture and Recreation 2,953,950 1,510,022 (1,443,928) - (1,443,928) - (1,443,928) Interest on Long-term debt 1,777,286 (1,777,286) - (1,777,286) - (1,777,286) Total governmental activities 39,437,427 11,050,014 2,798,378 662,282 (24,926,753) - (24,926,753) Business-type activities: Water and wastewater 9,366,129 11,494,750 70,885 2,109,731 - 4,309,237 4,309,237 Solid Waste 4,064,133 3,165,442 54,981 (843,710) (843,710) Stormwater 2,745,162 3,513,024 3,544 (771,406 771,406
Physical environment 5,298,461 4,746,061 1,504,105 662,282 1,613,987 - 1,613,987 Culture and Recreation 2,953,950 1,510,022 (1,443,928) - (1,443,928) Interest on Long-term debt 1,777,286 (1,777,286) - (1,777,286) - (1,777,286) Total governmental activities 39,437,427 11,050,014 2,798,378 662,282 (24,926,753) - (24,926,753) Business-type activities: Water and wastewater 9,366,129 11,494,750 70,885 2,109,731 - 4,309,237 4,309,237 Solid Waste 4,064,133 3,165,442 54,981 (843,710) (843,710) Stormwater 2,745,162 3,513,024 3,514,064 771,406 771,406
Physical environment 5,298,461 4,746,061 1,504,105 662,282 1,613,987 - 1,613,987 Culture and Recreation 2,953,950 1,510,022 - - - (1,443,928) - (1,443,928) Interest on Long-term debt 1,777,286 - - - - (1,777,286) - (1,777,286) Total governmental activities 39,437,427 11,050,014 2,798,378 662,282 (24,926,753) - (24,926,753) Business-type activities: Water and wastewater 9,366,129 11,494,750 70,885 2,109,731 - 4,309,237 4,309,237 Solid Waste 4,064,133 3,165,442 54,981 - - - (843,710) (843,710) Stormwater 2,745,162 3,513,024 3,544 - - 771,406 771,406
Interest on Long-term debt 1,777,286 (1,777,286) - (1,777,286) Total governmental activities 39,437,427 11,050,014 2,798,378 662,282 (24,926,753) - (24,926,753) Business-type activities: Water and wastewater 9,366,129 11,494,750 70,885 2,109,731 - 4,309,237 4,309,237 Solid Waste 4,064,133 3,165,442 54,981 (843,710) Stormwater 2,745,162 3,513,024 3,544 771,406 771,406
Interest on Long-term debt
Total governmental activities 39,437,427 11,050,014 2,798,378 662,282 (24,926,753) - (24,926,753) Business-type activities: Water and wastewater 9,366,129 11,494,750 70,885 2,109,731 - 4,309,237 4,309,237 Solid Waste 4,064,133 3,165,442 54,981 - (843,710) (843,710) Stormwater 2,745,162 3,513,024 3,544 - 771,406 771,406
Water and wastewater 9,366,129 11,494,750 70,885 2,109,731 - 4,309,237 4,309,237 Solid Waste 4,064,133 3,165,442 54,981 - - - (843,710) Stormwater 2,745,162 3,513,024 3,544 - - 771,406 771,406
Solid Waste 4,064,133 3,165,442 54,981 - - (843,710) Stormwater 2,745,162 3,513,024 3,544 - - 771,406 771,406
Solid Waste 4,064,133 3,165,442 54,981 - - (843,710) (843,710) Stormwater 2,745,162 3,513,024 3,544 - - - 771,406 771,406
Stormwater 2,745,162 3,513,024 3,544 - - 771,406 771,406
Total primary government \$ 55,612,851 \$ 29,223,230 \$ 2,927,788 \$ 2,772,013 (24,926,753) 4,236,933 (20,689,820)
General Revenues:
Property taxes 12,604,617 - 12,604,617
Franchise fees and utility taxes 6,277,216 - 6,277,216
Intergovernmental-unrestricted 10,458,407 - 10,458,407
Investment income and miscellaneous 2,079,913 177,636 2,257,549
Gain on sale of capital assets 3,731,097 95,786 3,826,883
Transfers 1,108,409 (1,108,409) -
Total general revenues and transfers 36,259,659 (834,987) 35,424,672
Change in net position 11,332,906 3,401,946 14,734,852
Net Position, beginning as previously reported 106,329,278 82,600,645 188,929,923
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle 1,357,334 306,066 1,663,400
Net position, beginning, as restated 107,686,612 82,906,711 190,593,323
Net Position, ending \$ 119,019,518 \$ 86,308,657 \$ 205,328,175

	General Fund		Road Impact	F 	Community Redevelopment Agency		2017 Capital Projects	 Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,188,468	\$	7,089,037	\$	2,110,478	\$	3,228,840	\$ 10,607,107	\$	40,223,930
Cash with paying agent Investments Receivables, net Inventories, at cost	5,047,688 430,810 44,228		3,658 8 -		-		15,906,560 - -	9,654 -		20,957,906 440,472 44,228
Due from other governments Due from other funds Prepaids	629,247 2,151,731 990,081		350,000		- 577 1,661		421	2,342,393		629,247 4,845,122 991,742
Total assets	\$ 26,482,253	\$	7,442,703	\$	2,112,716	\$	19,135,821	\$ 12,959,154	\$	68,132,647
Linkilities and Found Delevens										
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Retainage payable	\$ 941,805 1,254,452	\$	-	\$	43,093	\$	1,276,642 - -	\$ 155,041	\$	2,416,581 1,254,452 -
Deposits payable Due to other funds Due to other governments	1,677,005 2,618,371 20,538		- -		147,152 -		- -	696,173 -		1,677,005 3,461,696 20,538
Matured bonds payable Matured interest payable Unearned revenue	- 516,813		2,078,165		-		<u>.</u>	670,000 852,569 290,448		670,000 852,569 2,885,426
Total liabilities	7,028,984		2,078,165		190,245	_	1,276,642	2,664,231		13,238,267
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned Total fund balances	1,034,309 - 4,233,141 14,191,570 19,459,020	_	5,364,538 - - 5,364,538		1,922,471 - - 1,922,471		17,859,179 - - 17,859,179	 5,392,624 4,902,299 - 10,294,923	-	1,034,309 30,538,812 9,135,440 14,191,570 54,900,131
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 26,488,004	\$	7,442,703	\$	2,112,716	\$	19,135,821	\$ 12,959,154		
Amounts reported for governmental ac are different because: Capital assets used in governmenta and therefore are not reported in t	tivities in the statement	ent of	net position							116,551,138
internal service funds are used by m to individual funds. The assets an included in governmental activities	anagement to charg	rnal s	ervice funds are							4, 141,780
Deferred inflows and outflows of res recognized in governmental funds under full accrual accounting										417,800
Long-term liabilities are not due and therefore are not reported in the fu		nt per	od and							(56,991,331)
Net position of governmental ac	ctivities								\$	119,019,518

Taxes and impact fees	Revenues:	General Fund	Road	d Impact	Community Redevelopment Agency	2017 Capital		Total Governmental Funds
Licenses and permits	Taxes:							
Intergovernmental revenues		\$ 18,881,833	\$ 2,6	05,280	\$ 662,282	\$ -	\$ 1,529,607	\$ 23,679,002
Charges for services 3,759,290 - - 26,102 39,759,290 Fines and forfeitures 669,730 - 26,102 895,832 695,832		2,441,876		-	-	-	-	2,441,876
Fines and forfeitures 669,730	-	1 3,274,914		-	-	-	-	13,274,914
Nestment income	-	* *		-	_	-	-	3,759,290
Miscellaneous		669,730		-	-	-		695,832
Expenditures:		,		9,444	2,013	162,136	14,457	283,506
Expenditures: Current: General government 13,979,281 - 198,760 350 14,178,391 Public safety 16,606,300 - - - 7,250 16,613,550 1,61	Miscellaneous				1,105,406		248,964	1,789,278
Current: General government 13,979,281 - 198,760 350 14,178,391 Public safety 16,606,300 - 7,250 16,613,550 Physical environment 2,686,480 240 117,874 363,977 - 3,168,571 Culture and recreation 2,791,252 - 561,583 4,500 3,357,335 Debt Service: Principal 1,358,592 - 561,583 4,500 3,357,335 Interest and fiscal charges 114,573 - 561,583 1,756,477 1,871,050 Capital Outlay: General government 108,821 - 92,170 28,917 229,908 Public safety 1,455,183 - 92,170 28,917 229,908 Public safety 1,455,183 - 196,227 4,164,036 274,925 4,814,232 Culture and recreation 232,020 - 1,044,450 217,700 1,494,170 Total expenditures 39,445,735 66,051 314,101 6,424,976 3,204,231 49,455,094 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 112,272 2,548,673 1,455,600 (6,262,840) (1,385,101) (3,531,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers Out (4,155,214) - (147,006) - (68,637) (4,370,857) Bonds issued - (147,006) - (68,637) (4,370,857) Fremium on bonds issued - (147,006) - (58,637) (4,370,857) Fremium on bonds issued - (147,006) - (58,637) (4,370,857) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,510,571 - (147,006) - (4,086,577 5,450,142) Net change in fund balances 1,622,843 2,548,673 1,308,594 (6,262,840) 2,701,476 1,918,746 Fund balances, beginning 17,836,177 2,815,865 613,877 24,122,019 7,593,447 52,981,385	Total revenues	39,558,007	2,6	14,724	1,769,701	162,136	1,819,130	45,923,698
Current: General government 13,979,281 - 198,760 350 14,178,391 Public safety 16,606,300 - 7,250 16,613,550 Physical environment 2,686,480 240 117,874 363,977 - 3,168,571 Culture and recreation 2,791,252 - 561,583 4,500 3,357,335 Debt Service: Principal 1,358,592 - 561,583 4,500 3,357,335 Interest and fiscal charges 114,573 - 561,583 1,756,477 1,871,050 Capital Outlay: General government 108,821 - 92,170 28,917 229,908 Public safety 1,455,183 - 92,170 28,917 229,908 Public safety 1,455,183 - 196,227 4,164,036 274,925 4,814,232 Culture and recreation 232,020 - 1,044,450 217,700 1,494,170 Total expenditures 39,445,735 66,051 314,101 6,424,976 3,204,231 49,455,094 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 112,272 2,548,673 1,455,600 (6,262,840) (1,385,101) (3,531,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers Out (4,155,214) - (147,006) - (68,637) (4,370,857) Bonds issued - (147,006) - (68,637) (4,370,857) Fremium on bonds issued - (147,006) - (58,637) (4,370,857) Fremium on bonds issued - (147,006) - (58,637) (4,370,857) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,510,571 - (147,006) - (4,086,577 5,450,142) Net change in fund balances 1,622,843 2,548,673 1,308,594 (6,262,840) 2,701,476 1,918,746 Fund balances, beginning 17,836,177 2,815,865 613,877 24,122,019 7,593,447 52,981,385	Expenditures:							
Public safety 16,606,300 - - - 7,250 16,613,550 Physical environment 2,686,480 240 117,874 363,977 - 3,188,571 Culture and recreation 2,791,252 - - 561,583 4,500 3,357,335 Debt Service: Principal 1,358,592 - - - 882,217 2,240,809 Interest and fiscal charges 114,573 - - - - 1,756,477 1,871,050 Capital Outlay: - - - - - 22,170 28,917 229,908 Public safety 1,455,183 - - - - 31,895 1,487,078 Physical environment 113,233 65,811 196,227 4,164,036 274,925 4,814,232 Culture and recreation 232,020 - - 1,044,450 217,700 1,494,170 Total expenditures 39,445,735 66,051 314,101 6,424,976 3,204,231	•							
Public safety 16,606,300 - - - 7,250 16,613,550 Physical environment 2,686,480 240 117,874 363,977 - 3,188,571 Culture and recreation 2,791,252 - - 561,583 4,500 3,357,335 Debt Service: Principal 1,358,592 - - - 882,217 2,240,809 Interest and fiscal charges 114,573 - - - - 1,756,477 1,871,050 Capital Outlay: - - - - - 22,170 28,917 229,908 Public safety 1,455,183 - - - - 31,895 1,487,078 Physical environment 113,233 65,811 196,227 4,164,036 274,925 4,814,232 Culture and recreation 232,020 - - 1,044,450 217,700 1,494,170 Total expenditures 39,445,735 66,051 314,101 6,424,976 3,204,231	General government	13,979,281		-		198,760	350	14.178.391
Physical environment Culture and recreation 2,686,480 240 117,874 363,977 — 3,168,571 Culture and recreation 2,791,252 — — 561,583 4,500 3,357,335 Debt Service: Principal 1,358,592 — — — 882,217 2,240,809 Interest and fiscal charges 114,573 — — — 1,756,477 1,871,050 Capital Outlay: — — — — 1,756,477 1,871,050 Capital Outlay: General government 108,821 — — — 92,170 28,917 229,908 Public safety 1,455,183 — — — 31,895 1,487,078 Physical environment 113,233 65,811 196,227 4,164,036 274,925 4,814,232 Culture and recreation 232,020 — — 1,044,450 217,700 1,944,170 Total expenditures 39,445,735 66,051 314,101 6,222,840 (1	Public safety			-		-	7.250	
Culture and recreation Debt Service: 2,791,252 561,583 4,500 3,357,335 Debt Service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges 1,358,592 - - 882,217 2,240,809 Interest and fiscal charges 114,573 - - 1,756,477 1,871,050 Capital Outlay: General government 108,821 - 92,170 28,917 229,908 Public safety 1,455,183 - - 31,895 1,487,078 Physical environment 113,233 65,811 196,227 4,164,036 274,925 4,814,232 Culture and recreation 232,020 - - 1,044,450 217,700 1,494,170 Total expenditures 39,445,735 66,051 314,101 6,424,976 3,204,231 49,455,094 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 112,272 2,548,673 1,455,600 (6,262,840) (1,385,101) (3,531,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In 1,324,052 - - 4,155,214 5	Physical environment			240	117,874	363,977	-,	
Debt Service:	Culture and recreation			-	-		4.500	
Interest and fiscal charges	Debt Service:					,	.,	-,,
Interest and fiscal charges	Principal	1,358,592		-	_	-	882,217	2.240.809
General government 108,821 - 92,170 28,917 229,908 Public safety 1,455,183 - - - 31,895 1,487,078 Physical environment 113,233 65,811 196,227 4,164,036 274,925 4,814,232 Culture and recreation 232,020 - - 1,044,450 217,700 1,494,170 Total expenditures 39,445,735 66,051 314,101 6,424,976 3,204,231 49,455,094 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver Expenditures 112,272 2,548,673 1,455,600 (6,262,840) (1,385,101) (3,531,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In 1,324,052 - - 4,155,214 5,479,266 Transfers Out (4,155,214) - (147,006) - (68,637) (4,370,857) Bonds issued - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Interest and fiscal charges			-	-	-		
Public safety 1,455,183 - - - 31,885 1,487,078 Physical environment 113,233 65,811 196,227 4,164,036 274,925 4,814,232 Culture and recreation 232,020 - - 1,044,450 217,700 1,494,170 Total expenditures 39,445,735 66,051 314,101 6,424,976 3,204,231 49,455,094 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver Expenditures 112,272 2,548,673 1,455,600 (6,262,840) (1,385,101) (3,531,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses): 1,324,052 - - - 4,155,214 5,479,266 Transfers Out (4,155,214) - (147,006) - (68,637) (4,370,857) Bonds issued -	Capital Outlay:							, ,
Physical environment 113,233 65,811 196,227 4,164,036 274,925 4,814,232 Culture and recreation 232,020 - - 1,044,450 217,700 1,494,170 Total expenditures 39,445,735 66,051 314,101 6,424,976 3,204,231 49,455,094 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 112,272 2,548,673 1,455,600 (6,262,840) (1,385,101) (3,531,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In 1,324,052 - - - 4,155,214 5,479,266 Transfers Out (4,155,214) - (147,006) - (68,637) (4,370,857) Bonds issued - - - - - - - Premium on bonds issued - - - - - - - - Capital Leases 579,986 - - - - - - - - - - - - - </td <td>General government</td> <td>108,821</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>_</td> <td>92,170</td> <td>28,917</td> <td>229,908</td>	General government	108,821		-	_	92,170	28,917	229,908
Culture and recreation 232,020 - - 1,044,450 217,700 1,494,170 Total expenditures 39,445,735 66,051 314,101 6,424,976 3,204,231 49,455,094 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 112,272 2,548,673 1,455,600 (6,262,840) (1,385,101) (3,531,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In 1,324,052 - - 4,155,214 5,479,266 Transfers Out (4,155,214) - (147,006) - (68,637) (4,370,857) Bonds issued - - - - - - - Premium on bonds issued - - - - - - - - Capital Leases 579,986 - - - - - 579,986 Sale of Capital Assets 3,761,747 - - - - 3,761,747 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,510,571 - (147,006) - 4,	Public safety	1,455,183		-	-	-		•
Culture and recreation 232,020 - - 1,044,450 217,700 1,494,170 Total expenditures 39,445,735 66,051 314,101 6,424,976 3,204,231 49,455,094 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 112,272 2,548,673 1,455,600 (6,262,840) (1,385,101) (3,531,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In 1,324,052 - - - 4,155,214 5,479,266 Transfers Out (4,155,214) - (147,006) - (68,637) (4,370,857) Bonds issued - - - - - - - Premium on bonds issued - - - - - - - Capital Leases 579,986 - - - - - 579,986 Sale of Capital Assets 3,761,747 - - - - 3,761,747 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,510,571 - (147,006) - </td <td>Physical environment</td> <td>113,233</td> <td></td> <td>65,811</td> <td>196,227</td> <td>4,164,036</td> <td>274,925</td> <td>4,814,232</td>	Physical environment	113,233		65,811	196,227	4,164,036	274,925	4,814,232
Total expenditures 39,445,735 66,051 314,101 6,424,976 3,204,231 49,455,094 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 112,272 2,548,673 1,455,600 (6,262,840) (1,385,101) (3,531,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In 1,324,052 - - 4,155,214 5,479,266 Transfers Out (4,155,214) - (147,006) - (68,637) (4,370,857) Bonds issued - - - - - - - Premium on bonds issued -	Culture and recreation	232,020		-		1,044,450	217,700	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 112,272 2,548,673 1,455,600 (6,262,840) (1,385,101) (3,531,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In 1,324,052 - - 4,155,214 5,479,266 Transfers Out (4,155,214) - (147,006) - (68,637) (4,370,857) Bonds issued - - - - - - - Premium on bonds issued - <t< td=""><td>Total expenditures</td><td>39,445,735</td><td></td><td>66,051</td><td>314,101</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Total expenditures	39,445,735		66,051	314,101			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In 1,324,052 - - 4,155,214 5,479,266 Transfers Out (4,155,214) - (147,006) - (68,637) (4,370,857) Bonds issued - - - - - - Premium on bonds issued - <td>Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Transfers In 1,324,052 - - 4,155,214 5,479,266 Transfers Out (4,155,214) - (147,006) - (68,637) (4,370,857) Bonds issued - - - - - - Premium on bonds issued - - - - - - Capital Leases 579,986 - - - - - 579,986 Sale of Capital Assets 3,761,747 - - - 3,761,747 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,510,571 - (147,006) - 4,086,577 5,450,142 Net change in fund balances 1,622,843 2,548,673 1,308,594 (6,262,840) 2,701,476 1,918,746 Fund balances, beginning 17,836,177 2,815,865 613,877 24,122,019 7,593,447 52,981,385	Over Expenditures	112,272	2,5	48,673	1,455,600	(6,262,840)	(1,385,101)	(3,531,396)
Transfers In 1,324,052 - - 4,155,214 5,479,266 Transfers Out (4,155,214) - (147,006) - (68,637) (4,370,857) Bonds issued - - - - - - Premium on bonds issued - - - - - - Capital Leases 579,986 - - - - - 579,986 Sale of Capital Assets 3,761,747 - - - 3,761,747 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,510,571 - (147,006) - 4,086,577 5,450,142 Net change in fund balances 1,622,843 2,548,673 1,308,594 (6,262,840) 2,701,476 1,918,746 Fund balances, beginning 17,836,177 2,815,865 613,877 24,122,019 7,593,447 52,981,385	Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers Out (4,155,214) - (147,006) - (68,637) (4,370,857) Bonds issued	-	1 324 052		_		_	1 155 211	5 470 266
Bonds issued				_	(147 006)	_		
Capital Leases 579,986 - - - 579,986 Sale of Capital Assets 3,761,747 - - - 3,761,747 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,510,571 - (147,006) - 4,086,577 5,450,142 Net change in fund balances 1,622,843 2,548,673 1,308,594 (6,262,840) 2,701,476 1,918,746 Fund balances, beginning 17,836,177 2,815,865 613,877 24,122,019 7,593,447 52,981,385		(1,100,211)		_	(111,000)		(40,007)	(4,010,001)
Sale of Capital Assets 3,761,747 - - - 3,761,747 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,510,571 - (147,006) - 4,086,577 5,450,142 Net change in fund balances 1,622,843 2,548,673 1,308,594 (6,262,840) 2,701,476 1,918,746 Fund balances, beginning 17,836,177 2,815,865 613,877 24,122,019 7,593,447 52,981,385	Premium on bonds issued	-		_	_	_	_	_
Sale of Capital Assets 3,761,747 - - - 3,761,747 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,510,571 - (147,006) - 4,086,577 5,450,142 Net change in fund balances 1,622,843 2,548,673 1,308,594 (6,262,840) 2,701,476 1,918,746 Fund balances, beginning 17,836,177 2,815,865 613,877 24,122,019 7,593,447 52,981,385	Capital Leases	579.986		**	_	_	_	579 986
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,510,571 - (147,006) - 4,086,577 5,450,142 Net change in fund balances 1,622,843 2,548,673 1,308,594 (6,262,840) 2,701,476 1,918,746 Fund balances, beginning 17,836,177 2,815,865 613,877 24,122,019 7,593,447 52,981,385		-		_	-	_	-	•
Fund balances, beginning 17,836,177 2,815,865 613,877 24,122,019 7,593,447 52,981,385	•				(147,006)		4,086,577	
	Net change in fund balances	1,622,843	2,5	48,673	1,308,594	(6,262,840)	2,701,476	1,918,746
						24,122,019	7,593,447	52,981,385
	Fund balances, ending	\$ 19,459,020	\$ 5,3	64,538		\$ 17,859,179	\$ 10,294,923	\$ 54,900,131

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Net Change in Fund Balances - total governmental funds: Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. 1,660,823 The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, donations and transfers) is to decrease net position Cash pension contributions reported in the funds were more than the calculated pension expense on the statement of activities, and therefore increased net position 1,084,697 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (89,200) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. 4,541,904 The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. 1,660,823 The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, donations and transfers) is to decrease net position (30,650) Cash pension contributions reported in the funds were more than the calculated pension expense on the statement of activities, and therefore increased net position 1,084,697 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (89,200) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	Net Change in Fund Balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 1,918,746
of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. 4,541,904 The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. 1,660,823 The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, donations and transfers) is to decrease net position (30,650) Cash pension contributions reported in the funds were more than the calculated pension expense on the statement of activities, and therefore increased net position 1,084,697 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (89,200) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. 1,660,823 The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, donations and transfers) is to decrease net position (30,650) Cash pension contributions reported in the funds were more than the calculated pension expense on the statement of activities, and therefore increased net position 1,084,697 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (89,200) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the	4,541,904
transfers) is to decrease net position Cash pension contributions reported in the funds were more than the calculated pension expense on the statement of activities, and therefore increased net position 1,084,697 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (89,200) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. 2,246,586	the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is	1,660,823
on the statement of activities, and therefore increased net position 1,084,697 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (89,200) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. 2,246,586	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(30,650)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. (89,200)	•	1,084,697
health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. 2,246,586		(89,200)
	health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds	 2,246,586
Change in net position of governmental activities \$\frac{11,332,906}{2}\$	Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 11,332,906

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

	Budgeted		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 12,702,075	\$ 12,702,075	\$ 12,604,617	\$ (97,458)
Franchise	2,599,130	2,599,130	2,675,962	76,832
Utility	3,311,590	3,311,590	3,601,254	289,664
	18,612,795	18,612,795	18,881,833	269,038
Licenses and permits:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Building	1,156,245	1,156,245	2,042,769	886,524
Occupational	376,465	376,465	399,107	22,642
	1,532,710	1,532,710	2,441,876	909,166
Intergovernmental revenues:				·
Sales tax	6,783,480	6,783,480	7,013,913	230,433
State revenue sharing	1,632,765	1,632,765	2,219,661	586,896
Other state shared revenue	1,024,760	1,024,760	1,964,716	939,956
Other county shared revenue	2,516,435	2,516,435	2,713,213	196,778
·	11,957,440	11,957,440	13,911,503	1,954,063
Charges for services:				1,001,1000
Fire contract	550,000	550,000	550,000	-
Program activity fees	492,380	492,380	395,552	(96,828)
Develop. Review	48,775	48,775	95,500	46,725
Miscellaneous	2,237,855	2,237,855	2,218,179	(19,676)
	3,329,010	3,329,010	3,259,231	(69,779)
	<u> </u>		0,200,201	(00)110)
Fines and forfeitures	1,198,650	1,198,650	669,730	(528,920)
Investment income	24,440	24,440	95,088	70,648
Miscellaneous	130,780	130,780	248,008	117,228
Total revenues	36,785,825	36,785,825	39,507,269	2,721,444

Variance with
Final Budget -
sitive (Negative)

				Final Budget -
	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final	,	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government:				
Legislative	209,145	209,145	172,367	36,778
Executive	938,805	938,805	893,310	45,495
Finance and admin	2,015,020	2,015,020	1,928,754	86,266
Legal	276,500	276,500	137,304	139,196
Community development	848,505	848,505	586,825	261,680
General services	9,757,525	9,757,525	8,912,594	844,931
Building maintenance	2,627,340	2,627,340	2,014,689	612,651
	16,672,840	16,672,840	14,645,843	2,026,997
Public Safety:		•		
Police	11,177,955	11,177,955	10,236,152	941,803
Fire	7,754,935	7,754,935	7,917,574	(162,639)
Inspections	1,030,955	1,030,955	825,726	205,229
	19,963,845	19,963,845	18,979,452	984,393
Physical environment:			-	
Public works	3,928,365	3,928,365	2,788,887	1,13 <u>9,478</u>
Culture and recreation:				
Parks and recreation	2,861,730	2,861,730	2,573,086	288,644
Takal assu an dikuma	49 496 70 0	43,426,780	38,987,268	4,439,512
Total expenditures	43,426,780	45,420,760	30,901,200	4,439,312
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(6,640,955)	(6,640,955)	520,001	7,160,956
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	3,695,120	3,695,120	1,324,052	(2,371,068)
Transfers out	(4,796,705)	(4,796,705)	(4,155,214)	641,491
Proceeds from sale capital assets	3,781,800	3,781,800	3,761,747	(20,053)
Total other financing sources(uses)	2,680,215	2,680,215	930,585	(1,749,630)
		-		
Net change in fund balance	(3,960,740)	(3,960,740)	1,450,586	5,411,326
Fund balance, beginning	16,881,223	16,881,223	16,881,223	_
Fund balance, ending	\$ 12,920,483	\$ 12,920,483	\$ 18,331,809	\$ 5,411,326
· ····································			=======================================	

					Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	В	udgeted An	mounts	Actual Amount	-
		riginal	Final		
Revenues:					
Taxes and impact fees	\$ 1,22	9,815 \$	\$ 1,229,815	\$ 2,605,280	\$ 1,375,465
Investment income	<u> </u>	2,500_	2,500	9,444	6,944
Total revenues	1,23	2,315	1,232,315	2,614,724	1,382,409
Expenditures:					
Physical environment					
Roads	2	3,715	23,715	66,051	(42,336)
Total expenditures	2	3,715	23,715	66,051	(42,336)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
Expenditures	1,20	8,600	1,208,600	2,548,673	1,340,073
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	•				
Transfers out	(1,20	3,600)	(1,208,600)	-	1,208,600
Total other financing sources(uses)	(1,208	3,600)	(1,208,600)		1,208,600
Net change in fund balance		-	~	2,548,673	2,548,673
Fund balance, beginning	2,81	5,865	2,815,865	2,815,865	-
Fund balance, ending	\$ 2,81	5,865 \$	2,815,865	\$ 5,364,538	\$ 2,548,673

Community Redevelopment Agency

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

							Varia	ince with Final
							Bu	dget - Positive
	E	udgeted	Amoun	ts	A	ctual Amounts		(Negative)
		riginal		Final				
Revenues:								
Property tax	\$ 66	3,263	\$	663,263	\$	662,282	\$	(981)
Investment income		-		-		2,013		2,013
Miscellaneous		-		-		1,105,406		1,105,406
Total revenues	66	3,263		663,263		1,769,701		1,106,438
Expenditures:								
Physical environment	1.07	2,145		1,072,145		314,101		758,044
Total expenditures		2,145		1,072,145		314,101		758,044
rotal expellutures	1,07	2,170		1,012,140		014,101		100,011
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures	(40	8,882)		(408,882)		1,455,600		1,864,482
, in the second second						_		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		0,000)		(210,000)		(147,006)		62,994
Total other financing sources(uses)	(21	0,000)		(210,000)		(147,006)		62,994
Net change in fund balance	(61	8,882)		(618,882)		1,308,594		1,927,476
Fund balance, beginning	61	3,877		613,877		613,877		-
Fund balance, ending		5,005)	\$	(5,005)	\$	1,922,471	\$	1,927,476

				Enterpris	se Fun	ads			overnmental Activities-
	w	Water and astewater Fund	Soli	id Waste Fund	St	ormwater Fund	Total		nternal Service Fund
Assets								p	
Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,454,272	\$	934,782	\$	10,516,688	\$ 23,905,742	\$	6,691,777
Cash with fiscal agent		-		138,019		-	138,019		-
Investments		3,716,108		-		1,346,047	5,062,155		-
Receivables, net		1,489,092		27,938		21,731	1,538,761		39,870
Due from other governments		50,368		19,867		31,187	101,422		-
Due from other funds		1,210,879		274,919		329,842	1,815,640		-
Prepaids		5,753		1,931		181	7,865		-
Total current assets		18,926,472		1,397,456		12,245,676	32,569,604		6,731,647
Noncurrent assets:									
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		7,698,341		**		-	7,698,341		_
Restricted investments		5,748,483				-	5,748,483		_
Total restricted assets		13,446,824					 13,446,824		-
Net pension asset		54,280		20,398		10,363	85,041		
Capital assets:						,	•		
Land, buildings and equipment		84,576,220		3,282,826		51,728,718	139,587,764		_
Construction in progress		16,520,419				5,687,749	22,208,168		_
Less accumulated depreciation		(52,108,828)		(1,997,630)		(38,037,554)	(92,144,012)		_
Total capital assets (net of depreciation)		48,987,811		1,285,196		19,378,913	 69,651,920		
Total noncurrent assets		62,488,915		1,305,594		19,389,276	 83,183,785		
Total assets		81,415,387		2,703,050		31,634,952	115,753,389		6,731,647
Deferred Outflows of Resources									
Deferred charge on refunding	\$	302,824	\$	-	\$		\$ 302,824	\$	-
Deferred pension and OPEB		151,664	-	45,638	-	24,515	221,817	•	_
-	\$	454,488	\$	45,638	\$	24,515	\$ 524,641	\$	+
					_				

		Enterprise Funds									
		Water and stewater Fund	Solid V	Waste Fund		mwater Fund		Total	Inte	ernal Service Fund	
Liabilities											
Current Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	986,224	\$	369,428	\$	412,562	\$	1,768,214	\$	65,574	
Retainage payable				-		-		-		-	
Accrued liabilities		86,784		24,167		14,669		125,620		15,535	
Compensated absences		32,545		9,373		7,989		49,907		-	
Due to other funds		507,728		276,262		404,846		1,188,836		2,010,230	
Customer deposits payable		452,420		-		-		452,420		-	
Matured notes payable		890,000		-		-		890,000		-	
Matured interest payable		490,209		-		-		490,209		-	
Capital lease payable		-		423,957		-		423,957		-	
Bonds payable		915,000		-		-		915,000		-	
Total current liabilities		4,360,910		1,103,187		840,066		6,304,163		2,091,339	
Noncurrent Liabilities:											
Compensated Absences		292,901		84,360		71,898		449,159		-	
Bonds payable		22,023,199		_		-		22,023,199		-	
Capital lease payable		-		593,315		-		593,315		-	
Other post employment benefits		402,582		150,841		70,575		623,998		-	
Total noncurrent liabilities		22,718,682		828,516		142,473		23,689,671		-	
Total liabilities		27,079,592		1,931,703		982,539		29,993,834		2,091,339	
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Deferred pension and OPEB		322,528		99,861		51,678		474,067		-	
Net Position											
Net investment in capital assets		28,541,356		405,943		19,378,913		48,326,212		-	
Restricted for debt service		-		-		-		-		-	
Restricted for capital projects		5,766,083		-				5,766,083		-	
Restricted for renewal and replacement		4,241,274		-		-		4,241,274		-	
Unrestricted		15,919,042		311,181		11,246,337		27,476,560		4,640,308	
Total net position	\$	54,467,755	\$	717,124	\$	30,625,250		85,810,129	\$	4,640,308	
The assets and liabilities of certain internal serv statement, but are included in the business active.	vities of the	Statement of Net		nancial	; 		•	498,528	•		
Total net position per government-wide financia	ıl statements						\$	86,308,657			

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				Enterpris	se Fu	nds			overnmental Activities-
	Wa	Water and stewater Fund		Solid Waste Fund	Sto	rmwater Fund	Total	İ	nternal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:				<u> </u>			 		
Charges for services	\$	11,494,750	\$	3,165,442	\$	3,513,024	\$ 18,173,216	\$	7,258,999
Total operating revenues		11,494,750		3,165,442		3,513,024	 18,173,216	-	7,258,999
Operating Expenses:									
Salaries and benefits		3,010,795		1,093,167		574,244	4,678,206		-
Insurance claims and expenses		-		-		-	-		4,759,774
Materials and supplies		1,048,335		2,307,747		107,221	3,463,303		-
Depreciation and amortization		3,126,436		393,498		1,766,818	5,286,752		-
Other operating expenses		1,486,621		303,638		344,841	2,135,100		<u>-</u> .
Total operating expenses		8,672,187		4,098,050		2,793,124	15,563,361		4,759,774
Operating income (loss)		2,822,563		(932,608)		719,900	2,609,855		2,499,225
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):									
Investment income (loss)		124,891		9,141		43,604	177,636		7,129
Interest expense		(853,323)		(18,508)		-	(871,831)		_
Grant revenue		70,885		54,981		3,544	129,410		-
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		11,019		61,192		23,575	95,786		-
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)		(646,528)		106,806		70,723	(468,999)		7,129
Income before contributions and transfers		2,176,035		(825,802)		790,623	2,140,856		2,506,354
Capital Contributions:									
Connection fees		485,345		_		_	485,345		_
Developers and others		1,624,386		_		_	1,624,386		-
Transfers in		55,430		_		25,000	80,430		*
Transfers out		(507,729)		(276,263)		(404,847)	(1,188,839)		-
Change in net position		3,833,467		(1,102,065)		410,776	 3,142,178		2,506,354
Tatal and analism basis		EO 426 042		1 7/6 /07		30,179,875			2,133,954
Total net position, beginning		50,436,843		1,745,167					2,100,904
Cummulative effect of change in accounting principle		197,445		74,022 1,819,189	_	34,599 30,214,474			2,133,954
Net position - beginning, as restated		50,634,288	_	1,019,109	_	30,214,474			2,100,004
Total net position, ending	\$	54,467,755	\$	717,124	\$	30,625,250		\$	4,640,308
Internal service funds are used by management to charge t funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service Activities.							259,768		
Change in business-type activities in net position per gover	nment	-wide financial	staten	nents			\$ 3,401,946		

	Enterprise Funds							Governmental		
	144	Water and		Solid Waste					Ac	tivities- Internal
0-150-5-0-4-100		astewater Fund	_	Fund	St —	ormwater Fund	_	Total		Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:										
Receipts from customers	\$	11,846,654	\$	3,140,430	\$	3,630,115	\$	18,617,199	\$	-
Receipts from internal services provided		-		-				-		7,258,388
Payments to suppliers		(1,788,866)		(1,995,106)		(60,305)		(3,844,277)		(5,076,340)
Payments to employees		(3,051,457)		(1,091,460)		(549,483)	_	(4,692,400)	_	-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	7,006,331		53,864	_	3,020,327	_	10,080,522	_	2,182,048
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:										
Transfers in		55,430		-		25,000		80,430		_
Transfers out		(507,729)		(276,263)		(404,847)		(1,188,839)		_
Decrease in due from other funds		(1,210,879)		(274,919)		(25,000)		(1,510,798)		368,957
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		503,645		270,708		401,917		1,176,270		1,155,388
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		(1,159,533)		(280,474)		(2,930)	_	(1,442,937)		1,524,345
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:										
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		21,019		70.400		00 575		400 700		
Grant revenues				79,192		23,575		123,786		**
		71,101		54,981		3,544		129,626		~
Acquisition of capital assets		(4,250,058)		(915,310)		(1,581,343)		(6,746,711)		-
Proceeds from capital leases		-		889,379		-		889,379		-
Principal paid on revenue bonds, notes and leases		-		(455,061)		-		(455,061)		-
Interest paid on revenue bonds, notes and leases		(490,355)		(18,508)		-		(508,863)		-
Connection fees		1,453,091			_	-		1,453,091		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(3,195,202)		(365,327)	_	(1,554,224)	_	(5,114,753)		_
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:										
Sale (Purchase) of investments		(609,727)				990,660		380,933		_
Investment income		124,891		9,141		43,604		177,636		7,129
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	r	(484,836)		9,141		1,034,264	_	558,569		7,129
										· ·
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,166,760		(582,796)		2,497,437		4,081,401		3,713,522
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning		17,985,853		1,517,578		8,019,251		27,522,682		2,978,255
Cash and cash equivalents, end	\$	20,152,613	\$	934,782	\$	10,516,688	\$	31,604,083	\$	6,691,777
		20,102,010	*	001,102	<u></u>	10,010,000	Ψ	31,007,000	Ψ	0,001,111
Classified As:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,454,272	\$	934,782	\$	10,516,688	\$	23,905,742	\$	6,691,777
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		7,698,341						7,698,341		
Total	\$	20,152,613	\$	934,782	\$	10,516,688	\$	31,604,083	\$	6,691,777

	Enterprise Funds								Governmental	
	Wa	Water and stewater Fund		Solid Waste Fund	Sto	ormwater Fund		Total	Act	ivities- Internal Service Fund
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash										
Provided by Operating Activities										
Operating income (loss)	\$	2,822,563	\$	(932,608)	\$	719,900		2,609,855	_\$_	2,499,225
Adjustments Not Affecting Cash:										
Depreciation and amortization		3,126,436		393,498		1,766,818		5,286,752		-
Change in Assets and Liabilities:										
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		330,832		(5,604)		132,859		458,087		(611)
Decrease (Increase) in prepaid costs		2,123		257,123		42		259,288		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		895,999		359,156		395,603		1,650,758		(321,945)
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		42,963		10,147		8,338		61,448		5,379
Decrease in retainage payable		(152,032)		-		(3,888)		(155,920)		-
Increase in customer deposits		21,072		-		**		21,072		-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(61,974)		(2,023)		20,477		(43,520)		-
Increase in due from other governments		-		(19,408)		(15,768)		(35,176)		-
Increase in deferred outflows		26,415		8,634		4,885		39,934		-
Increase in deferred inflows		108,594		36,312		20,021		164,927		-
Increase in net pension liability		(160,669)		(52,781)		(29,693)		(243,143)		-
Increase in OPEB obligation		4,009		1,418		733		6,160		**
Total adjustments		1,057,332	_	592,974	=	533,609	_	2,183,915		(317,177)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	7,006,331	\$	53,864	\$	3,020,327	\$	10,080,522	\$	2,182,048
Noncash Capital and Financing Activities:										
Contributed assets	\$	656,640	\$		\$	_	\$	656,640	\$	<u> </u>

		otal Employee Pension Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,451,116
Receivables:	9	3,431,110
Employer contributions		_
Plan members contributions		_
Total receivables		_
Investments, at fair value:		
Common funds, equity		62,565,454
Common funds, bonds		22,297,142
Real estate investment trust		7,453,545
Total Investments		92,316,141
Total assets		95,767,257
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		174,894
Total liabilities		174,894
Net Position:		
Restricted for pensions	\$	95,592,363

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds

Additions:	 Total Employee Pension Funds
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 3,269,664
Plan members	1,281,824
State	 636,589
Total contributions	 5,188,077
Investment income:	
Interest	2,264,850
Net appreciation (loss) on fair value of investments	5,589,313
Net investment income (loss)	 7,854,163
Total additions	 13,042,240
Deductions:	
Benefits	4,479,407
Administrative expenses	687,601
Total deductions	5,167,008
Change in net position	7,875,232
Net position, beginning	 87,717,131
Net position, ending	\$ 95,592,363

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NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The City of Ocoee, Florida ("the City") is a political subdivision of the state of Florida located in Orange County, and was established by the Laws of Florida 10951 (1925). The legislative branch of the City is comprised of a five-member elected Commission, which is governed by the City Charter and by state and local laws and regulations. The City Commission is responsible for the establishment and adoption of policy; the execution of such policy is the responsibility of the City Manager appointed by the Commission.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, the City has considered all potential component units. The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by, the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government (a) is entitled to the organizations' resources; (b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (c) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization. Additionally, the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit. In applying the above criteria, the City has one blended component unit as follows:

The City of Ocoee created the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) in May of 2006. This is a dependent taxing district established in accordance with Chapter 163, Part III, Florida Statutes. Notification to affected taxing agency was done in compliance with Chapter 163.346, Part III, Florida Statutes. The incremental annual increase in tax over the base years will be used to fund projects designed to enhance and improve the described area. The purpose of the CRA is to utilize appropriate private and public resources to eliminate and prevent the development or spread of slum and blighted areas in designated areas within the City. Areas within the CRA are to be redeveloped as an economically sustainable and attractive mixed-use area offering a high quality local destination in a manner that promotes a positive image for the City.

The Ocoee Community Redevelopment Plan was adopted in Resolution No. 2006-007 by Ocoee City Commission to govern the use of these resources. The CRA is governed by a board of seven - the five members of the Ocoee City Commission and two individuals appointed by the City Commission. One of the appointed individuals is nominated by Orange County. The adoption of Ordinance No. 2006-012 established the Redevelopment Trust Fund to account for all transactions generated by activity in the CRA. The Community Redevelopment Agency serves to renew economic interest and improve commercial diversity and viability to Ocoee's redevelopment area known as 50 West and includes the Stat Road 50 corridor and surrounding area. The City approves the budget, provides funding and performs all accounting functions for the CRA. The CRA's services are provided exclusively to the City. Separate financial statements are not issued for the CRA; they are included on pages 17-20.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements; however, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The government reports the following funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund - the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Road Impact Special Revenue Fund - accounts for road impact fees collected from new developments which are restricted for use for planning, acquisition, expansion and development of improvements to the road system.

Community Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund - was established as a dependent taxing district. The incremental annual increase in tax over the base years will be used to fund projects designed to enhance and improve the described area.

2017 Capital Projects Fund - accounts for the resources to finance the Capital Improvements to the downtown area of the City. Some of the planned projects are City Hall Relocation, Bluford Avenue Reconstruction, Lakeshore Center Expansion, Lakefront Park Improvements, and the reconstruction of various downtown streets.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds - account for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Debt Service Funds - account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest on certain long-term debt.

Capital Projects Funds - account for financial resources segregated for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Major Proprietary Funds

Water and Wastewater Utility Fund - used to account for the operations of the City's water and wastewater systems, which are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the costs, including depreciation, of providing services to the general public on an ongoing basis are financed primarily through user charges.

Stormwater Utility Fund - accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's stormwater system and payment of related debt.

Solid Waste Utility Fund - accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's solid waste collection and disposal system.

Other Fund Types

Pension Trust Funds - account for activities of police officers, firefighters and general employees' retirement plans which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

Internal Services Fund - accounts for insurance activities of the City.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the City's water and wastewater function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance
Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's Water and Wastewater Utility, Solid Waste, and Stormwater Utility funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure, for fiscal year 2006. The effect of this statement is the inclusion of new disclosures for deposit and investment risk.

Investments of the City are reported at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, except for the position in the Florida State Board of Administration's Investment Pool (LGIP). In accordance with state law, the LGIP operates in conformity with all the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission's (SEC) Rule 2a7 as promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Accordingly, the LGIP's qualify as 2a7-like pools and are reported at the net asset value per share (which approximates fair value) even though it is calculated using the amortized cost method. The Florida State Board of Administration is subject to regulatory oversight by the State of Florida, although it is not registered with the SEC. The City's investments consist of investments authorized per the investment policy adopted in accordance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a non-spendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County bills and collects property taxes and remits them to the City. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

All property is reassessed according to its fair value on the lien date, or January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied on October 1 of each year. Discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in the month of November, 3% in the month of December, 2% in the month of January, and 1% in the month of February. The taxes paid in March are without discount. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. On or around May 31 following the tax year, certificates are sold for all delinquent taxes on real property.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Restricted assets

Certain proceeds of the City's enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Assets so designated are identified as restricted assets on the balance sheet.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Total interest expense incurred by business-type activities during the current year was \$871,831. There was no interest capitalized in enterprise fund capital assets in 2018.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	10-30
Improvements	20-40
Infrastructure	30-50
Intangible Assets	5-10
Equipment	5-10

Compensated absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused personal leave benefits. Since the City's policy is to pay accumulated personal leave when employees separate from service, all personal leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. For governmental funds, compensated absences, other post-employment benefits and net pension liability are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows of pension earnings reported in the enterprise and government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category, deferred inflows of pension investment earnings.

Net position flow assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund balance flow assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted first before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance, Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Commission is the highest level of decision making authority for the City that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classifications are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Commission has the responsibility for assigning fund balance. The commission may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

New GASB Statements Implemented

In fiscal year 2018, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, beginning net position of governmental activities, water & wastewater fund, solid waste fund and stormwater fund have been increased as follows:

	W	Water and astewater Fund	So	lid Waste Fund	S	tormwater Fund	To	otal Proprietary Funds
Net Position, October 1, 2017, previously stated	\$	50,436,843	\$	1,745,167	\$	30,179,875	\$	82,361,885
Restatement of Net Position Due to Implementation of GASB 75		197,445		74,022		34,599		306,066
Net Position, October 1, 2017, restated	\$	50,634,288	\$	1,819,189	\$	30,214,474	\$	82,667,951
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total			
Net Position, October 1, 2017, previously stated	\$	106,329,278	\$	82,600,645	\$	188,929,923		
Restatement of Net Position Due to Implementation of GASB 75		1,357,334		306,066		1,663,400		
Net Position, October 1, 2017, restated	\$	107,686,612	\$	82,906,711	\$	190,593,323		

NOTE 2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position- governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Notes Payable	\$ 4,212,000
Bonds Payable	38,070,000
Premium on Bonds Payable	2,994,949
Capital Leases Payable	1,318,739
Other Post Employment Benefits	2,768,731
Compensated Absences	2,043,833
Net Pension Liability	5,762,992
Net Pension Asset	(198,437)
Accrued Interest Payable	18,524
Net Adjustment to Reduce Fund Balance - total governmental funds to arrive at net position -	
governmental activities	\$ 56,991,331

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

Capital Outlay	\$	9,852,390
Depreciation Expense		(5,310,486)
Net Adjustment to Decrease Net Changes in Fund Balances - total governmental funds to	-	
arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	4,541,904

NOTE 2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Another element of that reconciliation states "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this difference are as follows:

Capital leases	\$ (579,986)
Principal Repayment	 2,240,809
Net Adjustment to Increase Net Changes in Fund Balances - total governmental funds to	
arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,660,823

Another element of that reconciliation states "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Compensated Absences	\$ 14,832
Other Post Employment Benefits	(197,796)
Accrued Interest Payable	(11,016)
Amortization of Premium	 104,780
Net Adjustment to Decrease Net Changes in Fund Balances - total governmental funds to	_
arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ (89,200)

NOTE 3 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General, Community Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund, Impact Fee Special Revenue and Enterprise Funds, except as described below under Budget Basis of Accounting. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The City follows these procedures set forth below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- Prior to August 1st, the City Manager submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1st. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayers comments.
- 3. On or before September 30th of each year, public hearings are completed and the Commission adopts the final budget and establishes the ad valorem tax millage.
- 4. The City cannot legally exceed the budget; however, the City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments within any fund. The City Commission must approve revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level.
- 5. Budgetary comparisons are not presented for Enterprise Funds since not required under generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 4 BUDGET BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The General Fund, Community Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund and Impact Fee Special Revenue Fund budgets are prepared on a budgetary basis, whereby encumbrances are treated as budgeted expenditures in the year of incurrence of the commitment to purchase. In addition, the City includes a portion of the prior year's fund balance represented by unappropriated liquid assets remaining in the fund as budgeted revenue in the succeeding year. The results of operations on a GAAP basis do not recognize the fund balance allocation as revenue as it represents prior periods' excess of revenues over expenditures. Also, the City does not budget for capital outlay expenditures and other financing sources related to the acquisition of assets through capital leases. The City does not budget for the state pension contributions that must be recorded as intergovernmental revenue and public safety expenditures in the General Fund GAAP financial statements.

The City also does not budget for Recreation Programs, Founders Day, Police Fundraiser, Community Events, and Fire Fully Involved, which are consolidated in the General Fund for GAAP purposes, however not included in the budgetary basis of the General Fund.

NOTE 4 BUDGET BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (CONTINUTED)

For the 2018 fiscal year, the following adjustments were necessary to convert General Fund expenditures on the GAAP basis to the budgetary basis:

	Expenditures	Revenues		Other Financing Sources (Uses)
General Fund:				
GAAP Basis	\$ 39,451,486	\$ 39,558,007	\$	1,510,571
Nonbudgeted State Pension Amounts	636,589	636,589		-
Nonbudgeted Capital Lease Transactions	(579,986)	-		(579,986)
Nonbudgeted Recreation Programs	(46,027)	(41,731)		20
Nonbudgeted Founders Day	(438,235)	(620,627)		-
Nonbudgeted Police Fundraiser	(15,786)	(12,086)		-
Nonbudgeted Community Events	(20,273)	(12,870)		
Nonbudgeted Fire Fully Involved	(500)	(13)		
Budgetary Basis	\$ 38,987,268	\$ 39,507,269	\$	930,585
			_	

NOTE 5 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$84,599,465 and the bank balance was \$87,887,948. Cash on hand of \$1,180 and Cash with Fiscal Agent of \$3,326,685 are not on deposit with a financial institution. Fiduciary cash of \$2,577,685 held by the pension funds is not in the City's bank accounts. All bank deposits were covered by Federal Depository Insurance or held in banks that are members of the State of Florida's Collateral Pool as specified under Florida law. This limits local government deposits to "authorized depositories." The State of Florida Collateral Pool is a multiple financial institution pool with the ability to assess its members for collateral shortfalls if a member institution fails. For this reason, the City considers its deposits insured or collateralized.

NOTE 5 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

The City's investment policy is governed by State Statutes and City ordinances. The investment policy does not apply to the City's Pension Funds and funds related to the issuance of debt where there are other existing policies or indentures in effect. City ordinance allows investments in any financial institution that is a qualified public depository of the State of Florida as identified by the State Treasurer, in accordance with chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. Authorized investments are:

- 1. State Board of Administration Local Government Investment Pool (SBA);
- Registered investment companies (money market mutual funds);
- 3. Money Market funds and Certificates of Deposit in state-certified qualified public depositories;
- 4. U.S. Government Agency Securities and U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds;
- 5. Repurchase agreements

The SBA is not a registrant with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC); however, the State of Florida does provide regulatory oversight. The Board has adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirements for a 2a-7 fund for the Florida Prime Fund; therefore, the pool account balance can be used as fair value for the financial reporting.

Investments made by the City of Ocoee at September 30, 2018 are summarized below. Defined benefit pension plan investments, other than \$62,565,454 in mutual funds investing in equity securities, are included below.

Investment Type	_	Fair Value	Credit Rating	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Florida Prime	\$	246,933	AAAm	33 days
Certificates of Deposit		3,408,725	Not rated	1.35 years
Money Market		1,103,811	Not rated	N/A
Florida Investment Trust		19,164,530	AA+	120 days
Pension Plan Investments:				
Fixed Income Securities		222,971,742	A-AAA	8.1 years
Real Estate and Misc, Assets	<u>=0</u>	7,453,545	Not Rated	
	\$	254,349,286		

NOTE 5 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk

The City's investment policy limits credit risk by restricting authorized investments to those described above. The policy requires that investments in U.S. Government Agency Securities be guaranteed by the full faith of the U.S. Government. Also, term repurchase agreements must be collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities and overnight (sweep) repurchase agreements must be collateralized by the full faith or general faith and credit obligations of the U.S. Government or U.S. Government Agency Securities. Securities of registered investment companies must be limited to U.S. Government obligations and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such U.S. Government obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy requires that bank deposits be secured as provided by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. This law requires local governments to deposit funds only in financial institutions designated as qualified public depositories by the Chief Financial officer of the State of Florida, and creates the Public Deposits Trust Fund, a multiple financial institution pool with the ability to assess its member financial institutions for collateral shortfalls if a default or insolvency has occurred. At September 30, 2018, all of the City's bank deposits were in qualified public depositories.

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments of collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At September 30, 2018, none of the investments listed are exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The policy has no limitations on portfolio composition.

Interest Rate Risk

The policy limits investment in U.S. Government Agency Securities, Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds to a maximum maturity of five years. The maximum length to maturity for Certificates of Deposit is three years.

Fair Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The City uses a market approach in measuring fair value that uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or similar assets, liabilities, or groups of assets and liabilities.

Assets or liabilities are classified into one of three levels. GASB 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application provides guidance for determining fair value of investments for financial reporting purposes. It has a 3 level hierarchy based on the valuation inputs used to measure the assets fair value. Level 1 is the most reliable and is based on quoted price for identical assets, or liabilities, in an active market. Level 2 uses significant other observable inputs when obtaining quoted prices for identical or similar assets, or liabilities, in markets that are not active, such as the net asset value of a fund portfolio, whereby the underlying assets are valued based on quoted prices or market-corroborated inputs. Level 3 is the least reliable, and uses significant unobservable inputs that uses the best information available under the circumstances, which includes the City's own data in measuring unobservable inputs.

NOTE 5 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2018:

			Fair Value Measurements Using						
		9/30/2018		uoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Si	gnificant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	J	Significant Jnobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
General Investments	-	3/30/2010	_	(reset 1)	_	(Level 2)	_	(revers)	
Florida Investment Trust	\$	19,164,530	\$	- 0-	\$	19,164,530	\$	-	
General Employees' Pension									
Equities									
Common stock	\$	7,986,010	\$	7,688,687	\$	297,323	\$	-	
Mutual funds		19,394,200		19,394,200		-		-	
Unit investment trusts		3,460,294		-		-		3,460,294	
Fixed Income									
Mutual funds		1,656,499		-		1,656,499		-	
Asset backed securities		2,437,698		-		2,437,698		-	
Collateralized mortgage obligations		270,427		14		270,427		-	
US government bonds		722,092		-		722,092		-	
Corporate bonds		3,456,818				3,456,818		-	
Foreign bonds		561,339	_	-		561,339		-	
Total	\$	39,945,377	\$	27,082,887	\$	9,402,196	\$	3,460,294	
Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension									
Equities									
Common stock	\$	15,147,724	\$	15,147,724	\$		\$		
Mutual funds		20,037,520		20,037,520		-		_	
Unit investment trusts		3,993,251		-				3,993,251	
Fixed Income									
Mutual funds		2,042,706		-		2,042,706		-	
US government bonds		7,054,336		_		7,054,336		_	
Corporate bonds		4,095,227	_	-		4,095,227			
Total	\$	52,370,764	\$	35,185,244	\$	13,192,269	\$	3,993,251	

NOTE 6 RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Accounts Receivable	for U	s Allowance Incollectible Accounts	Total
General fund	\$	565,810	\$	(135,000)	\$ 430,810
Road impact		8		-	8
Water and wastewater utility fund		1,615,024		(125,932)	1,489,092
Solid waste fund		29,619		(1,681)	27,938
Stormwater fund		23,287		(1,556)	21,731
Internal service fund		39,870		-	39,870
Other governmental funds		9,654			9,654
Total	_\$	2,283,272	\$	(264,169)	\$ 2,019,103

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	23,334,994	\$	-	\$	_	\$	23,334,994
Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being	_	2,575,866	_	7,121,685	_	(395,381)		9,302,170
depreciated	_	25,910,860	_	7,121,685		(395,381)	-	32,637,164
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings		19,511,272		-		-		19,511,272
Improvements		22,047,009		450,021		-		22,497,030
Machinery and equipment		14,573,188		2,274,893		(542,379)		16,305,702
Intangibles		874,393		14,996		-		889,389
Infrastructure		95,397,769		386,176		-		95,783,945
Total capital assets, being depreciated	_	152,403,631		3,126,086	_	(542,379)	_	154,987,338
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(6,519,424)		(557,774)		-		(7,077,198)
Improvements		(8,163,932)		(1,391,081)		-		(9,555,013)
Machinery and equipment		(10,213,934)		(1,204,741)		511,729		(10,906,946)
Intangibles		(672,302)		(55,704)		н		(728,006)
Infrastructure		(40,705,015)		(2,101,186)				(42,806,201)
Total accumulated depreciation		(66,274,607)		(5,310,486)		511,729	_	(71,073,364)
Total capital assets, being depreciated,								
net		86,129,024		(2,184,400)		(30,650)		83,913,974
Governmental activities capital assets,								
net	\$	112,039,884	\$	4,937,285	\$	(426,031)	\$	116,551,138

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:	_	Dalalice	_	Increases	-	Decreases	_	Dalance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	5,043,409	\$	123,997	\$	(10,000)	\$	5,157,406
Construction in progress	Ψ	18,360,365	Ψ	4,554,991	Ψ	(707,188)	*	22,208,168
Total capital assets, not being	_	10,000,000		1,001,001	_	(107,100)	_	22/200/100
depreciated		23,403,774	_	4,678,988	_	(717,188)		27,365,574
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings		20,220,421				-		20,220,421
Improvements		102,404,053		1,812,810		-		104,216,863
Machinery and equipment		8,632,707		1,618,741		(458,078)		9,793,370
Intangibles		199,704		-		-		199,704
Total capital assets, being depreciated		131,456,885		3,431,551		(458,078)		134,430,358
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(13,405,297)		(534,436)		-		(13,939,733
Improvements		(67,206,172)		(3,878,540)		-		(71,084,712
Machinery and equipment		(6,502,268)		(864,690)		440,078		(6,926,880
Intangibles		(183,601)		(9,086)				(192,687
Total accumulated depreciation		(87,297,338)		(5,286,752)	_	440,078		(92,144,012
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated, net		44,159,547	_	(1,855,201)	_	(18,000)		42,286,346
Business-type activities capital								
assets, net	\$	67,563,321	\$	2,823,787	\$	(735,188)	\$	69,651,920

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General government	\$	803,180
Public safety		1,223,444
Physical environment		2,746,127
Culture and recreation	100	537,735
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$	5,310,486
Business-type Activities:		
Water and wastewater	\$	3,126,436
Solid waste		393,498
Stormwater		1,766,818
Total depreciation expense, business-type activities	\$	5,286,752

NOTE 8 LEASES

Capital Leases

The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of vehicles, trucks, data processing, communications and office equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

 Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities
\$ 2,625,300	\$	1,795,680
(631,991)		(573,012)
\$ 1,993,309	\$	1,222,668
\$	\$ 2,625,300 (631,991)	\$ 2,625,300 \$ (631,991)

NOTE 8 LEASES (CONTINUED)

Amortization of equipment leased and capital leases is included in depreciation expense. The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2018 were as follows:

Year Ending September 30	1	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
2019	\$	692,120	\$ 441,862
2020		453,901	325,726
2021		200,282	227,941
2022		6,523	54,262
Total Minimum Lease Payments		1,352,826	1,049,791
Less: Amount representing interest		(34,087)	(32,519)
	\$	1,318,739	\$ 1,017,272

NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT

Notes Payable

The Governmental Activities Notes payable are secured by a covenant to budget and appropriate, not a pledge of specific revenues.

The City has notes payable for governmental. Outstanding notes payable at year end are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Capital Improvement Note, Series 2009 - payable in annual principal installments start 10/1/10 through 10/1/2024 and interest paid semi-annually at a variable rate equal to 67% of the sum of LIBOR plus 2.6%, with a floor of 2.1%

Non-Ad Valorem Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2012 - payable in annual principal installments

1,807,000 \$ 4,212,000

2,405,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for notes payable are as follows:

start 2/1/2013 through 2/1/2023 and interest paid semi-annually at 2.10%

Year Ending	Governmental Activities								
September 30,	-	Principal		Interest					
2019	\$	706,000	\$	84,819					
2020		729,000		69,909					
2021		751,000		54,527					
2022		778,000		38,682					
2023		803,000		22,239					
2024 - 2028		445,000		9,345					
	\$	4,212,000	\$	279,521					

NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Bonds Payable

The 2016 Water and Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bonds are secured by net revenue of the water and sewer system. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid is \$29,286,888. For the fiscal year, principal and interest paid on this series was \$1,870,419 and total pledged revenue was \$3,432,799.

The 2017 Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds are secured the half cent sales tax revenues, public services tax revenues, and the communications services tax revenues. Total principal and interest paid on this series was \$2,375,138 and total pledged revenue was \$11,685,595.

The City has bonds payable for both governmental and business-type activities. Outstanding bonds payable at year end are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 - payable in annual principal installments through 10/1/2046 and interest paid semi-annually at rates from 3.00% to 5.00%

\$ 38,070,000

Business-Type Activities

Water and Sewer System Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 - payable in annual principal installments through 10/1/2036 and interest paid semi-annually at rates from 2.00% to 5.00%

\$ 20,185,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for notes payable are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmenta	al Act	ivities	Business-Type Activities				
September 30,	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2019	\$ 685,000	\$	1,685,038	\$	915,000	\$	953,719	
2020	710,000		1,657,638		945,000		926,269	
2021	745,000		1,629,238		980,000		888,469	
2022	770,000		1,599,438		1,015,000		849,269	
2023	810,000		1,560,938		1,075,000		798,519	
2024 - 2028	4,695,000		7,155,938		6,145,000		3,135,344	
2029 - 2033	5,980,000		5,859,938		7,760,000		1,449,594	
2034 - 2038	7,640,000		4,206,438		1,350,000		100,706	
2039 - 2043	9,425,000		2,424,938		-		-	
2044 - 2047	6,610,000		502,125		<u> </u>		-	
	\$ 38,070,000	\$	28,281,667	\$	20,185,000	\$	9,101,889	

NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Balan	Beginning ce, as restated	Additions	Reductions		Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:							
Capital improvement notes payable	\$	4,890,000	\$ -	\$ (678,000)	\$	4,212,000	\$ 706,000
Bonds Payable		38,740,000	-	(670,000)		38,070,000	685,000
Premium on bonds issued		3,099,729	-	(104,780)		2,994,949	-
Capital lease		1,631,562	579,986	(892,809)		1,318,739	775,883
Compensated absences		2,058,665	191,068	(205,900)		2,043,833	204,400
Net pension liability		6,668,019		(905,027)		5,762,992	
Other post employment benefits		2,739,986	28,745	-		2,768,731	-
Governmental activity long-term			· _		_	· · ·	
liabilities	\$	59,827,961	\$ 799,799	\$ (3,456,516)	\$	57,171,244	\$ 2,371,283
Business-type Activities:							
Bonds payable	\$	21,075,000	\$	\$ (890,000)	\$	20,185,000	\$ 915,000
Premium on bonds issued		2,906,154	-	(152,955)		2,753,199	-
Capital lease		1,059,395	412,938	(455,845)		1,016,488	423,957
Compensated absences		542,586	10,739	(54,259)		499,066	49,907
Net pension liability		158,102		(158,102)		-	
Other post employment benefits		617,838	6,160	-		623,998	-
Business-type activity long-term		*					
liabilities	\$	26,359,075	\$ 429,837	\$ (1,711,161)	\$	25,077,751	\$ 1,388,864
	-						

For governmental funds, compensated absences, other post-employment benefits and net pension liability are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

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NOTE 10 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2018 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Community Redevelopment Agency	General Fund	\$ 577
Nonmajor Governmental	General Fund	2,342,393
General Fund	Community Redevelopment Agency	147,152
General Fund	Water and Wastewater Fund	507,728
General Fund	Solid Waste Fund	251,262
General Fund	Stormwater Fund	349,416
General Fund	Internal Service Fund	200,000
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental	696,173
Road Impact	Internal Service Fund	350,000
2017 Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	421
Water and Wastewater Fund	General Fund	61
Water and Wastewater Fund	Stormwater Fund	55,430
Water and Wastewater Fund	Internal Service Fund	1,155,388
Solid Waste Fund	General Fund	274,919
Stormwater Fund	Solid Waste Fund	25,000
Stormwater Fund	Internal Service Fund	 304,842
Total		\$ 6,660,762

Interfund balances represent reimbursements for a portion of salaries, purchases paid from an incorrect funds and transfer for debt service payment.

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

						Transfers In		
	G	eneral Fund	١	Water and Vastewater Fund		Stormwater Fund	Nonmajor Governmental	Total
Transfer Out:								
General fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,155,214	\$ 4,155,214
Community redevelopment agency		147,006		-		_	-	147,006
Water and wastewater fund		507,729		-		**	-	507,729
Solid waste fund		251,263		+		25,000	-	276,263
Stormwater fund		349,417		55,430		-	-	404,847
Nonmajor governmental		68,637			_		 	 68,637
Total	\$	1,324,052	\$	55,430	\$	25,000	\$ 4,155,214	\$ 5,559,696

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires collecting them to the fund that they are required to be expended from. Transfers are also used to a) accumulate required interest and principal debt payments for timely remittance, b) move administrative fees from the enterprise funds to the general fund, and c) move funds for purchases of computers based upon a replacement schedule.

NOTE 11 RETIREMENT PLANS

Defined Benefit Plan and Trust

The City maintains two separate single-employer defined benefit pension plans for police officers and firefighters and all other full-time employees who are included as part of the City's reporting entity in Pension Trust Funds. The plans do not issue stand-alone financial reports. Each plan provides retirement and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. In addition, the police and firefighters plan provides disability benefits to Plan members. Florida Statutes, Chapter 175 and 185 establish minimum benefit provisions. The City of Ocoee Commission appoints two boards of trustees, two trustees are elected by the employees and a fifth member is selected by the four trustees to administer the pension trust funds. This board of trustees may not amend any provisions of the pension plan without the approval of the City Commission.

Contributions from the State received under Florida State Statutes 175 and 185 amounted to \$636,589 in 2018 and were recorded as revenue and expenditures in the general fund. The amounts legally required at September 30, 2018 to be reserved for general employees and police and fire pension funds are \$40,785,441 and \$54,806,922 respectively.

Summary of Significant Accounting Principles

The Plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to each plan are recognized when due and formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. All Plan investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments without an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

Individual Pension Fund Statements

The pension plans do not issue stand-alone financial reports. Individual statements of net position and changes in pension fund net position for the two pension plans included in the City of Ocoee fiduciary funds are as follows:

Individual Statements of Fiduciary Net Position September 30, 2018

	Gen	General Employees				
		Pension	Police	and Fire Pension		
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	900,863	\$	2,550,253		
Investments, at fair value:						
Common funds - equity		27,380,210		35,185,244		
Real estate investment trust		3,460,294		3,993,251		
Common funds - bonds		9,104,873		13,192,269		
Total Investments		39,945,377		52,370,764		
Total assets		40,846,240		54,921,017		
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		60,799	0	114,095		
Total liabilities		60,799		114,095		
Net Position:						
Restricted for pensions	\$	40,785,441	\$	54,806,922		

Individual Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	General Employees Pension			
Additions: Contributions:	ф.	070 274		0.007.002
Employer Plan members State	\$	972,371 664,833 	\$	2,297,293 616,991 636,589
Total contributions		1,637,204		3,550,873
Investment income: Interest Net appreciation on fair value of investments Net investment income		881,138 2,924,609 3,805,747	_	1,383,712 2,664,704 4,048,416
Total additions		5,442,951		7,599,289
Deductions: Benefits Administrative expenses Total deductions		1,669,331 245,499 1,914,830		2,810,076 442,102 3,252,178
Change in net position		3,528,121		4,347,111
Net position, beginning Net position, ending	\$	37,257,320 40,785,441	\$	50,459,811 54,806,922

General Employees' Pension

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Method used to value investments - Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

Plan Description

Plan Administration - the General Employees' Pension is administered by a Board of Trustees comprised of two City Commission appointees, two members of the Plan elected by the membership, and a fifth member elected by the other four members, and appointed by City Commission.

Plan Membership - At September 30, 2018 plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	97
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	75
Active plan members	192
	364

Benefits Provided - The plan provides retirement, termination and death benefits.

Normal Retirement - Date: Attainment of Age 60. The Mayor and Commissioners have a 9 year Credited Service requirement in addition to the attainment of Age 60. Members (excluding the Mayor and Commissioners) hired after September 17, 2012, achieve normal retirement eligibility upon the attainment of age 62, with the completion of 7 years of credited service

Benefit: 3% of average final compensation for each year of credited service, limited to 81% of average final compensation. For members (including Mayor and Commissioners) hired or elected after September 17, 2012, the benefit is 2.25% of average final compensation for each year of credited service, limited to 70% of average final compensation.

Early Retirement - Eligibility: Age 50 and 5 years of credited service. The Mayor and Commissioners have a 9 year service requirement. Members (excluding the Mayor and Commissioners) hired after September 17, 2012, achieve early retirement eligibility upon the attainment of age 50 with the completion of 7 years of credited service. Accrued benefits are actuarially reduced.

Vesting - Members are 100% vested after 5 years of credited service. The Mayor and Commissioners have a 9 year requirement for vesting eligibility. Members (excluding the Mayor and Commissioners) hired after September 17, 2012 achieve 100% vesting eligibility upon the completion of 7 years of credited service. Members will receive the vested portion of their accrued benefit payable at the otherwise early (reduced) or normal (unreduced) retirement date.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefits - Vested: monthly accrued benefit payable to designated beneficiary for 10 years. Nonvested: refund of accumulated contributions without interest.

Contributions - Member contributions are 7.4% of salary. The Mayor and Commissioners are non-contributory participants. City contributions are the remaining amount required in order to pay current costs and amortize unfunded past service cost, if any, over 30 years.

Net Pension Liability - The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined as of that date. The components of the net pension liability on September 30, 2018 were as follows:

Total pension liability

Plan fiduciary net position

Sponsor's net pension liability

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of

Total pension liability

\$ 40,494,661
(40,778,139) *
\$ (283,478)

100.70%

^{*} includes accrued investment income net of prepaid city contributions not included in the fund.

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017 updated to September 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	4% - 5%
Discount rate	7.75%
Investment rate of return	7.75%

Mortality rates were based on the RP2000 Fully Generational with Scale BB, with white collar and annuitant adjustments for healthy lives. Mortality rates for disabled lives were based on the RP2000 without projection.

The actuarial assumptions used in the October 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed on July 25, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Target Allocation	of Return
Domestic equity	45.0%	7.50%
International equity	15.0%	8.50%
Broad market fixed income	25.0%	2.50%
Global fixed income	5.0%	3.50%
Real estate	10.0%	4.50%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total Pension		Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension	
		Liability		Net Position		Liability	
		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)	
Balances at September 30, 2017	\$	37,823,982	\$	37,268,072	\$	555,910	
Changes for a Year:							
Service Cost		1,211,261		-		1,211,261	
Interest		2,960,746		-		2,960,746	
Differences between expected and actual experience		162,806		_		162,806	
Contributions-employer		-		972,370		(972,370)	
Contributions-employee				664,834		(664,834)	
Net investment income		-		3,637,465		(3,637,465)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,664,134)		(1,664,134)		-	
Administrative Expense		-		(100,468)		100,468	
Net Changes		2,670,679		3,510,067		(839,388)	
Balances at September 30, 2018	\$	40,494,661	\$	40,778,139	\$	(283,478)	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

			Cur	rent Discount	
	<u> </u>	1% Decrease 6.75%		Rate 7.75%	1% Increase 8.75%
Net pension liability	\$	4,337,533	\$	(283,478)	\$ (4,177,767)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City will recognize a pension expense of \$715,153. On September 30, 2018 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	rred Outflows of Resources	Defe	rred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 200,316	\$	285,747
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	484,516		-
investments	 		1,149,954
	\$ 684,832	\$	1,435,701

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30:		
2019		\$ 52,869
2020	I	(237, 163)
2021		(448,311)
2022		(118,264)
2023		
Thereafter		-

Concentrations - The Plan did not hold investments in any one organization that represents 5 percent or more of the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position.

Rate of return - For the year ended September 30, 2018 the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 9.79 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) - members are eligible following satisfaction of normal retirement requirements (age 60). For members hired after September 17, 2012, the eligibility for DROP participation is the attainment of age 62 and the completion of 10 years of credited service. Participation is not more than 84 months from age 60. For members hired after September 17, 2012, the DROP participation period shall not exceed 60 months from the first date of normal retirement eligibility. Earnings accrue at a fixed annual rate of 3%, credited quarterly. The DROP balance as of September 30, 2018 is \$301,028.

Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Method used to value investments - Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

Plan Description

Plan Administration - The Plan is administered by a Board of Trustees comprised of two City Commission appointees, two members of the Plan elected by the membership, and a fifth member elected by the other four members, and appointed by City Commission.

Plan Membership - At September 30, 2018 plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	63
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	26
Active plan members	116
	205

Benefits Provided - The plans provide retirement, termination, disability and death benefits.

Normal Retirement - Date: Earlier of age 55 and 10 years of credited service, or 25 years of credited service, regardless of age.

Benefit: 3.5% of average final compensation times credited service. For firefighters hired after September 30, 2015 and Police Officers hired after May 16, 2017, the benefit accrual rate is 3.25% for each year of Credited Service. Maximum benefit for members hired before October 1, 2012, 100% of average final compensation. For member hired after September 30, 2012, 91% of average final compensation. For members hired under the 3.25% benefit accrual rate, the maximum benefit is 81.25% of average final compensation.

Early Retirement - Eligibility: Age 45 and 5 years of credited service. Accrued benefits are reduced 3% per year to age 50 and actuarially reduced from age 50 to age 45.

Vesting - Members are 100% vested after 5 years of credited service. For firefighters hired after September 30, 2015 and police officers hired after May 16, 2017, 100% vesting occurs after the completion of 7 years of credited service. Members will receive the vested portion of their accrued benefit payable at the otherwise early or normal retirement date.

Disability - For service incurred, covered from date of employment. For non-service incurred- 10 years of credited service. Benefit is accrued to date of disability but not less than 42% of average final compensation (service incurred). Additionally, the benefit cannot exceed a percentage of average final compensation as outlined above under maximum benefit.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefits - Vested: monthly accrued benefit payable to designated beneficiary for 10 years. Nonvested: refund of accumulated contributions without interest.

Supplement Benefit (Police only) - Initial crediting pursuant to a mutual consent agreement between the City and PBA, \$193,674 from the excess state monies reserve is allocated to eligible police officers. Annual crediting of 50% of annual Chapter 185 premium tax revenues received by the City in excess of \$223,377 shall be allocated based on a method to be determined. Investment earnings on the eligible share accounts shall be credited or debited annually, based on the Plan's net-of-fees investment performance for the immediately preceding plan year. Expenses are allocated annually in proportion to individual share account balances as a percentage of total plan assets.

Contributions - Member contributions are 8% of salary. The City contributions are the remaining amount required in order to pay current costs and amortize unfunded past service cost, if any, as provided in Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

Net Pension Liability - The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined as of that date. The components of the net pension liability on September 30, 2018 were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 60,949,229
Plan fiduciary net position	(55,186,937) *
Sponsor's net pension liability	\$ 5,762,292
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	
Total pension liability	90.55%

^{*} includes accrued investment income net of prepaid city contributions not included in the funds

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017 updated to September 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	service based
Discount rate	7.85%
Investment rate of return	7.85%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Generational Scale BB. Disabled lives. This assumption is believed to accommodate expected mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the October 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated October 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Target Allocation	of Return
Domestic equity	45.0%	7,50%
International equity	15.0%	8.50%
Broad market fixed income	25.0%	2.50%
Global bond	5.0%	3.50%
Real estate	10.0%	4.50%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.85%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)
Balances at September 30, 2017	\$ 56,945,613	\$ 50,675,403	\$ 6,270,210
Changes for a Year:			
Service Cost	1,597,646	_	1,597,646
Interest	4,514,299		4,514,299
Share plan allocation	58,503		58,503
Differences between expected and actual experience	304,104	(-)	304,104
Changes of assumptions	329,525		329,525
Contributions-employer	-	2,297,923	(2,297,923)
Contributions-state	-	636,589	(636,589)
Contributions-employee	-	616,991	(616,991)
Net investment income		3,892,569	(3,892,569)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,800,461)	(2,800,461)	-
Administrative expense		(132,147)	132,147
Net Changes	4,003,616	4,511,464	(507,848)
Balances at September 30, 2018	\$ 60,949,229	\$ 55,186,867	\$ 5,762,362

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

		Cur	rent Discount	
	 1% Decrease 6.85%		Rate 7.85%	1% Increase 8.85%
Net pension liability	\$ 13,039,284	\$	5,762,292	\$ (288,137)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City will recognize a pension expense of \$2,031,897. On September 30, 2018 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defe	erred Outflows of Resources	Defe	rred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	\$	557,216 800,015	\$	187,288
investments				131,478
	\$	1,357,231	\$	318,766

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30:	
2019	\$ 578,397
2020	20,050
2021	46,501
2022	287,912
2023	105,605
Thereafter	· -

Concentrations - The Plan did not hold investments in any one organization that represents 5 percent or more of the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position.

Rate of return - For the year ended September 30, 2018 the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was 7.74 percent.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) Police and Fire - members are eligible within 12 months following satisfaction of normal retirement requirements. Participation is not more than 60 months. Rate of return: at election of member (may change once during DROP period) either: 1) actual net rate of investment return (total return net of brokerage commissions, transaction costs, and management fees), or 2) 6.5%. Earnings are credited each fiscal quarter (2% for members entering the DROP after September 30, 2012). Additionally, members entering the DROP after September 30, 2012 cannot choose the Plan return option for investment crediting. The DROP balance as of September 30, 2018 is \$2,179,131.

NOTE 12 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In accordance with Florida Statutes Section 112.0801, the City makes continued group health insurance through the City's current provider available to retirees and eligible dependents provided certain service requirements and normal age retirement requirements have been met. This benefit has no cost to the City, other than the implicit cost of including retirees in the group calculation. All premiums are paid by the retiree. The City has fifteen retirees currently receiving benefits. The City has chosen pay-as-you-go funding, but is recording the liability in the government wide financial statements. This plan does not issue stand-alone financial statements.

NOTE 12 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Plan Description - The City of Ocoee's Retiree Health Care Plan (Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan that covers eligible retired employees of the City. The Plan, which is administered by the City, allows employees who retire and meet eligibility requirements under one of the City's retirement plans to continue medical and life insurance coverage as a participant in the City's plan. For purposes of applying Paragraph 4 under Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the Plan does not meet the requirements for an OPEB plan administered through a trust.

Employees Covered by Benefit terms - At September 30, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	72
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	<u> </u>
Active plan members	321_
	393

Benefits Provided - A retired employee and his or her spouse and eligible dependents are eligible to continue health insurance identical to active employees if they meet the eligibility for retirement under the applicable retirement plan. The retiree is responsible for paying the entire monthly premium for health coverage and that of any covered spouse or eligible dependents. Medicare coverage is assumed to become primary upon attainment of age 65.

Eligible retirees may also elect \$10,000 in life insurance coverage. The retiree is responsible for paying the entire monthly premium for coverage.

Summary of Actuarial Methods & Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

NOTE 12 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	Varies by service
Discount rate	3.64%
Initial trend rate	8.50%
Ultimate trend rate	4.00%
Years to ultimate	55

All mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 mortality tables. All mortality rates are those outlined in Milliman's July 1, 2017 Florida Retirement System (FRS) valuation report.

Discount Rate - Given the City's decision not to fund the program, all future benefit payments were discounted using a high-quality municipal bond rate of 3.64%. The high-quality municipal bond rate was based on the week closest but not later than the measurement date of the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index as published by the Federal Reserve. The 20-Bond Index is roughly equivalent to Moody's Investors Service's Aa2 rating and Standard & Poor's Corp.'s AA.

Below are the details regarding the Total OPEB liability for the measurement period from October 1, 2017 to September 30, 2018.

	(Decreases) in
	Total OPEB
	Liability
Balances at September 30, 2017 \$	3,357,824
Changes for a Year:	
Service Cost	265,605
Interest	109,613
Differences between expected and actual experience	· -
Changes of assumptions	(257,084)
Benefit payments	(83,229)
Other changes	
Net Changes	34,905
Balances at September 30, 2018	3,392,729

The following represents the Total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's Total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	Current Discount				
	 1% Decrease 2.64%		Rate 3.64%		1% Increase 4.64%
Net pension liability	\$ 3,854,354	\$	3,392,729	\$	3,008,170

NOTE 12 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The following represents the Total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's Total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare Cost					
	 1% Decrease 3.0% - 7.5%		Trend Rates 4.0% - 8.5%		1% Increase 5.0% - 9.5%	
Net pension liability	\$ 3,078,276	\$	3,392,729	\$	3,765,714	

For the year ended September 30, 2018 the City will recognize OPEB expense of \$338,492.

On September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		ed Outflows Resources	Defe	rred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	220.358
Changes of assumptions Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		98,312		
	<u>\$</u>	98,312	\$	220,358

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30:	
2019	\$ (36,726)
2020	\$ (36,726)
2021	\$ (36,726)
2022	\$ (36,726)
2023	\$ (36,726)
Thereafter	\$ (36,728)

NOTE 13 DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees three deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plans are administered by Great West, ICMA Retirement Corporation, Principal Group and Hartford. The plans permit participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Because the Plan Assets are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries, the Plan is not accounted for in the City's fund financials.

NOTE 14 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job-related illnesses or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Risk of loss from above is transferred by the City to various commercial insurers through the purchase of insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year, and settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage during the past three years.

The City became self-insured for employee health insurance effective November 1, 2007. As permitted by GASB Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, the City accounts for its self-insured assets, liabilities, net position and activities in an internal service fund.

The general, water and wastewater, solid waste, and stormwater funds participate in the program and make payments to the internal service fund based on the number of employees in each fund.

The City's health internal service fund covers claims up to \$100,000 per individual event and related claims. The City purchased excess stop loss coverage with an aggregate limit of \$1,000,000 per policy period.

The claims liability of \$65,574 represents claims processed through December 2018 which were applicable to the current fiscal year and any additional claims are deemed to be immaterial. Changes to the claims liability are as follows for the years ended September 30:

	 2018		
Claims liability, beginning of year	\$ 387,519	\$	450,635
Incurred claims	4,759,774		4,367,613
Payments on claims	 (5,081,719)		(4,430,729)
Claims liability, end of year	\$ 65,574	\$	<u>3</u> 87,519

The City also became self-insured for workers' compensation effective October 1, 2007. The City covers events up to \$600,000 even if more than one employee is involved in the event. The City has purchased excess stop loss coverage with an aggregate limit of \$1,000,000 per event. The City also has an aggregate retention limit of \$1,364,543 for all claims, and when this aggregate is reached, then the excess stop loss coverage up to \$1,000,000 in excess of the aggregate covers claims.

Worker's compensation claims are paid from each fund as incurred and, therefore, is not included in the internal service fund. Also, actuarial probabilities are not needed since no claims are pending at September 30, 2018.

NOTE 15 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government and the State of Florida. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

NOTE 16 FUND BALANCE

At September 30, 2018, the City's governmental fund balances were as follows:

	General Fund	Road Impact	Community Redevelopment Agency	2017 Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable	4					
Inventory and prepaids	\$ 1,034,309	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,034,309
Spendable						
Restricted for:						
Debt service	-	-		-	123,593	123,593
Community redevelopment	1=	-	1,922,471	-	-	1,922,471
Highways and streets	-	5,364,538		-		5,364,538
Fire	-	-	-	-	1,564,060	1,564,060
Police	-	-		-	1,094,565	1,094,565
Culture and recreation	-	_	-	-	2,610,406	2,610,406
Capital projects	-	_	-	17,859,179	-	17,859,179
Assigned to:						
Subsequent year expenditures	4,012,397	_	-	-	-	4,012,397
Transportation improvements	-	-	-			
Capital projects	220,744	-		-	4,902,299	5,123,043
Unassigned	14,185,819	-				14,185,819
Total fund balance	\$ 19,453,269	\$ 5,364,538	\$ 1,922,471	\$ 17,859,179	\$ 10,294,923	\$ 54,894,380

NOTE 17 COMMITMENTS

At September 30, 2018, the City had entered into contracts for construction in the amount of \$10,724,113.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Retiree Continuation Insurance Plan

Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	 9/30/2018
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 265,605 109,613
Changes of assumptions Benefit Payments Other changes	(257,084) (83,229)
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability, beginning Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 34,905 3,357,824 3,392,729
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	0.00%
Covered payroll*	\$ 16,884,918
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	20.09%

^{*}FY 2018 Covered Payroll, projected based on actual FY 2017 Covered Payroll.

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

FY2018 3.64% FY2017 3.06%

^{*}Only 1 year of data available; additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

9/30/2014 \$ 1,099,915
\$ 1,000,015
\$ 1,000,015
4 1,000,010
2,265,121
-
-
(1,043,921)
2,321,115
28,649,411
\$ 30,970,526
1,629,738
588,154
2,447,920
(1,043,921)
(60,184)
3,561,707
27,027,991
\$ 30,589,698
\$ 380,828
98,77%
\$ 7,988,910
4.77%

The covered payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 9/30/15 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Changes of assumptions:

For measurement date 9/30/2016, as a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the assumptions used by the Florida Retirement System.

The inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

^{*-} only four years of data available

Total Pension Liability	 9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016		9/30/2015	9/30/2014
Service cost	\$ 1,597,646	\$ 1,479,035	\$ 1,222,895	\$	1,245,860	\$ 1,315,099
Interest	4,514,299	4,202,389	3,985,189		3,784,844	3,562,111
Changes in Excess State Money		(664,444)	135,836		95,618	94,656
Share plan allocation	58,503	231,069	-		*	-
Differences between expected and actual						
experience	304,104	455,694	(315,979)		(146,497)	-
Changes of assumptions	329,525	475,896	416,293		-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions	(2,800,461)	(2,559,339)	 (2,478,996)		(2,234,870)	(1,812,744)
Net change in total pension liability	4,003,616	3,620,300	2,965,238		2,744,955	3,159,122
Total pension liability, beginning	 56,945,613	53,325,313	50,360,075		47,615,120	44,455,998
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$ 60,949,229	\$ 56,945,613	\$ 53,325,313	\$	50,360,075	\$ 47,615,120
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions, employer	2,297,293	1,813,985	1,762,326		1,726,011	1,943,350
Contributions, state	636,589	564,098	557,160		516,942	515,980
Contributions, employee	616,991	601,901	593,431		584,706	616,402
Net investment income	3,892,569	4,915,076	3,474,566		343,322	3,922,191
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions	(2,800,461)	(2,559,339)	(2,478,996)		(2,234,870)	(1,812,744)
Administrative expense	(132,147)	(80,547)	(100,422)	<u> </u>	(93,962)	(81,677)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	4,510,834	5,255,174	3,808,065		842,149	5,103,502
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning	50,675,403	45,420,229	41,612,164		40,770,015	35,666,513
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$ 55,186,237	\$ 50,675,403	\$ 45,420,229	\$	41,612,164	\$ 40,770,015
Net pension liability, ending (a)- (b)	\$ 5,762,992	\$ 6,270,210	\$ 7,905,084	\$	8,747,911	\$ 6,845,105
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	90.54%	88,99%	85.18%		82,63%	85.62%
Covered payroll Net pension liability as a percentage of covered	\$ 7,712,391	\$ 7,523,761	\$ 7,417,886	\$	8,310,219	\$ 7,705,028
payroll	74.72%	83,34%	106.57%		105.27%	88.84%

The covered payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 9/30/15 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Changes of benefit terms:

For measurement date 9/30/2017, the following plan changes were made:

- Ordinance 2017-016, adopted and effective May 16, 2017, implemented changes to the benefit accrual rate, maximum benefit, vesting, in addition to the establishment of a Share Plan. An Actuarial Impact Statement dated May 23, 2017 was issued for this amendment.
- 2. Ordinance 2017-032, adopted and effective December 5, 2017, provided details regarding the Share Plan established with Ordinance 2017-016. A letter of no actuarial impact was submitted for this amendment.

Changes of assumptions:

For measurement date 9/30/2018, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from lowering the investment return from 7.9% to 7.85% (net of fees).

City of Ocoee, Florida Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Police and Firefighters Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Changes of assumptions:

For measurement date 9/30/2017, as required by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality have been changed from those in the July 1, 2015 FRS valuation report to those used in the July 1, 2016 FRS valuation report. Additionally, the investment return assumption has been reduced from 7.95% to 7.90% (net of fees). This assumption will be reduced annually by 5 basis points until it reaches an ultimate rate of 7.75% with the October 1, 2020 actuarial valuation.

For measurement date 9/30/16, amounts reported as changes of assumptions were a result of the Experience Study dated October 30, 2015, the Board has made the following changes:

- 1. Salary Increases the assumed rate of individual salary increases was changed from a flat 6.0% each year to a service-based table.
- 2. Mortality Rates The assumed rates of mortality were changed to match what is used by the Florida Retirement System (FRS) for special risk participants
- Retirement Rates Modified for Normal and Early Retirement, per results of the Experience Study
- 4. Withdrawal Rates The assumed rates of turnover changed from an age-based table to a service-based table.

Additionally, the investment return assumption will be reduced below 8.00% with future valuations according to the following schedule:

Valuation Date	<u>Assumption</u>
10/1/2016	7.95%
10/1/2017	7.90%
10/1/2018	7.85%
10/1/2019	7.80%
10/1/2020	7.75%

Furthermore, the inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

^{*-} only five years of data available

Fiscal Year Ended		Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contr	ibutions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		Contribution deficiency (excess)		Covered Payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroil
9/30/2018	\$	971,105	\$	972,370	\$	(1,265)	\$	9,025,137	10.77%
9/30/2017	-	857,922	·	860,420		(2,498)		8,579,221	10.03%
9/30/2016		921,062		934,082		(13,020)		8,591,994	10.87%
9/30/2015		1,077,570		1,077,570		-		8,671,290	12.43%
9/30/2014		1,629,738		1,629,738		-		7,988,910	20.40%
9/30/2013		1,778,969		1,778,969		-		7,896,000	22.53%
Notes to schedule									
Valuation date		10/1/2016							
Actuarially determined contribut reported	tion ra	ates are calculate	ed as of	October 1, two years	prio	r to the end of t	the fi	scal year in wh	nich contributions are
Methods and assumptions used Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period	Entr Leve 25 y	y Age Normal el Percentage of ears (as of 10/1/	Pay, Cl 2016)	osed					
Mortality				mortality table (sex d					
				by Chapter 2015-15					
				of the two most recer					
Interest Rate	7.75	% per year, com	pounde	ed in the July 1, 2016 of d annually, net of inve d <i>Prior to 9/18/2012</i> : a	stme	nt expenses			
Normal Retirement				f credited service. No	_				-
				any member who h					
				•	idə i	reacticu nomia	31 10	III CINCIIL IS AS	Sautica to continuae
E to B. Community		loyment for one			۸/		- 50	la 50: 5 :	
Early Retirement				Prior to 9/18/2012: 8					
				rs Hired After 9/17/12					
	,		Non-Co	ntributory Members:	2% p	er year irom ag	es 50) to 59; 9 year	service requirement
	appl	ies.							
Termination Rates	Cre	dited Service	Term	ination Probability					
TOTTIMISMONT THEFT		s than 1 year		15%					
		f-10 years		10%					
	11	Years and		2%					
Salary Increases		dited Service		Increase					
(rst 10 years er than 10 years		5% 4%					
Final Year Salary Load									
Tinal Teal Galary Load	Yea	rs of Credited		Í					
		ervice as of							
		ober 1, 2011		Assumption					
		s than 1 year		No Load					
		to 10 years		10%					
	ا ۱۸۸	to to years		200/					

20%

Asset Smoothing Methodology

The actuarial value of assets is brought forward using the historical four-year geometric average of market value returns (net-of-fees). Over time, this may result in a deminis bias that is above or below the market

value of assets.

10 or more years

Payroll Increases

1.96% per year

^{*-} only five years of data available

Fiscal Year Ended	(Actuarially Determined Contribution	 Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	(Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
9/30/2018	\$	2,718,618	\$ 2,750,804	\$	(32,186)	\$ 7,712,391	35.67%
9/30/2017		2,235,309	2,246,389		(11,080)	7,523,761	29.86%
9/30/2016		2,171,957	2,183,650		(11,693)	7,417,886	29.44%
9/30/2015		2,147,335	2,147,334		1	8,310,219	25.84%
9/30/2014		2,364,673	2,364,673		-	7,705,028	30.69%
9/30/2013		2,421,668	2,421,668		-	7,414,782	32.66%

Notes to schedule

Valuation date

Early Retirement

10/1/2016 (AIS 5/23/17)

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method **Entry Age Normal**

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Pay, Closed Remaining Amortization Period 26 years (as of 10/1/2016)

Mortality

RP -2000 combined healthy mortality table (sex distinct). Disabled lives are set forward five years. The assumed rates of mortality are mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida. This law mandates the use of the assumption used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The above rates are those outlined in the July 1, 2016

Interest Rate 7.95% per year, compounded annually, net of investment expenses

Normal Retirement Based on the results of an experience study dated October 30, 2015, the below table reflects the

assumed rates of retirement once a member attains normal retirment eligibility with at least 25

Age	Prior Rates	credited service
		or more years of
		New rates- 25

Age	Prior Rates	credited service
45	100.00%	25.00%
46	100.00%	25.00%
47	100.00%	25.00%
48	100.00%	66.70%
49	100.00%	66.70%
50+	100.00%	100.00%

Additionally 100% assumed retirement upon the completion of at least 27 years of credited

54 are assumed to retire with an immediate subsidized benefit at the rate of 4% per year (except for a 25% assumption at age 50). The new rates were adopted as the result of the October 25,

2015 experience study

Disability Rate See table below. It is assumed that 75% of disablements and active

member deaths are service related

Disabled During the

	•
Age	Year
20	0.14%
30	0.18%
40	0.30%
50	1.00%

Termination Rate	According to the table below, based on the October 30, 2015 experience								
	Assumed								
	Credited Service Termination Rate								
	Less than 10 years 5.00%								
	10-14 years 2.00%								
	15 or more years 0.00%								
Salary Increases	According to the table below, based on the October 30, 2015 experience								
	Assumed Salary								
	Credited Service increase								
	Less than 1 year 13,00%								
	1-9 years 5.00%								
	10 or more years 4.50%								
Payroll Growth	2.64% per year								
Actuarial Asset Method	Each year, the prior actuarial value of assets is brought forward utilizing the historical geometric four-year average market value returns net-of-fees. It is possible that over time, this technique will produce an insignificant bias that is above or below market value.								

^{*-} only four years of data available

Fiscal Year Ended	General Employees Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Net of Investment Expense	Police and Fire Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Net of Investment Expense		
9/30/2018	9.79%	7.74%		
9/30/2017	11.75%	10.90%		
9/30/2016	8.82%	8.41%		
9/30/2015	1.47%	84.00%		
9/30/2014	8.92%	10.95%		

^{*-} only five years of data available



Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Fire Impact

 Accounts for Fire Impact fees collected from new developments which are restricted for acquisition of facilities and equipment determined to be needed to provide fire protection for new development within the City.

Police Impact

 Accounts for Police Impact fees collected from new developments which are restricted for acquisition of facilities and equipment determined to be needed to provide police protection for new development within the City.

Recreation Impact

 Accounts for the land and/or money received from owners or developers as a recreational facilities assessment when lands are subdivided within the City.
 Funds are restricted for the improvement or expansion of City parks.

Police Trust

 Accounts for the proceeds from property confiscated in police enforcement activities pursuant to F.S. 932.701 (Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act). Funds are restricted for funding police operations.

Police Training

 Accounts for the revenues received pursuant to F.S. 943.25(8) which imposes a \$2.00 court cost against every person convicted for violation of state penal or criminal statute or convicted of a municipal or county ordinance violation where said offense occurred within the City of Ocoee. Funds are restricted for education and training of law enforcement personnel.

Debt Service Funds

Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2017

 Accounts for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal and interest payments on the 2017 Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds, issued to refund the 2011 Capital Improvement Refunding Note, and the 2012 Transportation Improvement Refunding Note, and finance certain capital improvements.

Capital Projects Funds

Asset Acquisition

 Accounts for resources segregated for computer and other asset acquisitions approved by the commission by not completed at vear end.

Capital Projects Reserve

- Accounts for resources segregated for capital projects approved by the commission but not completed at year end.

Transportation Improvements

 Accounts for resources to finance the design, construction, paving and improvement of certain roads and drainage improvements within the City.

Coca Cola Property Improvements

- Accounts for the resources for the development - including infrastructure for the Crown Point area.

					Spe	ecial Revenue			_	
Acceptance	Fire Impact		Police Impact		Recreation Impact		Police Trust		Police Training	
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1 564 060	\$	076 404	\$	2 000 500	æ	440.057	e	74.047
Cash with paying agent	φ	1,564,060	Φ	876,491	Þ	2,906,580	\$	143,857	\$	74,217
Receivables, net		-				-		-		
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaids		-				-		-		•
Total assets	\$	1,564,060	\$	876,491	\$	2,906,580	\$	143,857	\$	74,217
Liabilities and Fund Balances:										
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	46,174	\$	_	\$	_
Retainage payable		-	·	-	·	-	,	_	*	_
Due to other funds		_		-		-		_		_
Matured bonds payable		-		_		-		-		_
Matured interest payable		-		-				_		_
Unearned revenue				-		250,000		-		_
Total liabilities		-				296,174				
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable		-		-		_		_		_
Restricted		1,564,060		876,491		2,610,406		143,857		74,217
Assigned		<u>-</u>		-				-		
Total fund balances		1,564,060		876,491		2,610,406		143,857		74,217
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,564,060	\$	876,491	\$	2,906,580	\$	143,857	\$	74,217

	Special Revenue			Debt S	Service		
		Total Special Revenue Funds		2016 Debt Service	Total Deb Service Funds		
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,565,205	\$	-	\$	-	
Cash with paying agent		-		-		-	
Receivables, net		-		-		-	
Due from other governments		-		-		-	
Due from other funds		-		2,342,335		2,342,335	
Prepaids							
Total assets	\$	5,565,205	\$	2,342,335	<u>\$</u>	2,342,335	
Liabilities and Fund Balances:							
Accounts payable	\$	46,174	\$	-	\$	-	
Retainage payable		_		-		-	
Due to other funds		_		696,173		696,173	
Matured bonds payable		-		670,000		670,000	
Matured interest payable		-		852,569		852,569	
Unearned revenue		250,000		-			
Total liabilities		296,174		2,218,742		2,218,742	
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable		_		-		-	
Restricted		5,269,031		123,593		123,593	
Assigned		-		-		-	
Total fund balances		5,269,031		123,593		123,593	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,565,205	\$	2,342,335	\$	2,342,335	
						Continued	

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	Capital Projects									
		Asset	0-	ultal Duala da		ansportation	Coca Cola		Tetal Carital	Total-Other
	Ac	quisition Fund		pital Projects teserve Fund	Improvements Fund		Property Improv Fund		Total Capital Projects	Governmental Funds
Assets:		Tana		- COOCIFO T GITG		1 4114		iipiovi ana	1 10 0 0 0 0	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	\$	4,600,039	\$	441,835	\$	28	\$ 5,041,902	\$ 10,607,107
Cash with paying agent		-		-		-		-	•	-
Receivables, net		-		8,694		960		-	9,654	9,654
Due from other governments		•		-		-		-	-	-
Due from other funds		-		-		58		-	58	2,342,393
Prepaids				-		110.000				-
Total assets	<u>\$</u>		\$	4,608,733	\$	442,853	\$	28	\$ 5,051,614	\$ 12,959,154
Liabilities and Fund Balances:										
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	108,867	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 108,867	\$ 155,041
Retainage payable	,		•	-	•	-		-	-	<u></u>
Due to other funds		-		-		_		-		696,173
Matured bonds payable		-				-		-	-	670,000
Matured interest payable		-		-		-		-	-	852,569
Unearned revenue				40,44 <u>8</u>		-			40,448	290,448
Total liabilities		-		149,315					149,315	2,664,231
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable		_		_		-		-	-	-
Restricted		-		-		_		-	_	5,392,624
Assigned		-		4,459,418		442,853		28	4,902,299	4,902,299
Total fund balances				4,459,418		442,853		28	4,902,299	10,294,923
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$		\$	4,608,733	\$	442,853	\$	28	\$ 5,05 <u>1,614</u>	\$ 12,959,154

				S	pecia	l Revenue Fun	ıds			
		Fire Impact	P	olice Impact		Recreation Impact		Police Trust	Poli	ice Training
Revenues:	_	T II O MILIPAGE	<u> </u>	olioo iiripaot	_	Impaor	_	T Ollos Trust	_ 1 01	ico maining
Taxes and impact fees	\$	526,844	\$	391,243	\$	611,520	\$	_	\$	_
Intergovernmental revenues	*	-	*	-	Ψ	011,020	۳	_	Ψ	
Fines and forfeitures		_		_		_		17,316		8,786
Investment income		2,061		1,152		4,136		234		114
Miscellaneous		-		-,		-				570
Total revenues		528,905		392,395		615,656	_	17,550		9,470
Expenditures: Current:										
General government				-		_		-		-
Public safety		-		-				7,250		-
Physical environment		-				-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		2,250		-		-
Debt Service:										
Principal		-		109,000		103,217		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		23,183		28,156		-		-
Capital Outlay:										
General government				-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-		-
Physical environment		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation						174,336				
Total expenditures				132,183		307,959		7,250		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over										
Expenditures		528,905		260,212		307,697		10,300		9,470
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in		-		-		•		-		-
Transfers out				-				 -		
Total other financing sources(uses)								<u> </u>		-
Net change in fund balances		528,905		260,212		307,697		10,300		9,470
Fund balances, beginning		1,035,155		616,279		2,302,709		133,557		64,747
Fund balances, ending	\$	1,564,060	\$	876,491	\$	2,610,406	\$	143,857	\$	74,217

City of Ocoee, Florida Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds

		Debt S	Service
	Total Special Revenue Funds	2016 Debt Service	Total Debt Service Funds
Revenues:	Mesende i dilda	- OEI VICE	OCIVICE I UIIUS
Taxes and impact fees	\$ 1,529,607	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental revenues	-	· -	
Fines and forfeitures	26,102	•	-
Investment income	7,697	1, 291	1,291
Miscellaneous	570		
Total revenues	1,563,976	1,291	1,291
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General government	-	350	350
Public safety	7,250	-	-
Physical environment	-	_	-
Culture and recreation	2,250	-	-
Debt Service:			
Principal	212,217	670,000	670,000
Interest and fiscal charges	51,339	1,705,138	1,705,138
Capital Outlay:			
General government	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-
Physical environment	•	-	
Culture and recreation	174,336		
Total expenditures	447,392	2,375,488	2,375,488
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over		(0.074.407)	(0.074.407)
Expenditures	1,116,584	(2,374,197)	(2,374,197)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers in	_	2,342,335	2,342,335
Transfers out	-	_,,	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,342,335	2,342,335
Net change in fund balances	1,116,584	(31,862)	(31,862)
Fund balances, beginning	4,152,447	155,455	155,455
Fund balances, ending	\$ 5,269,031	\$ 123,593	\$ 123,593
			Continued

			Capital Projects	ş		
	Asset Acquisition Fund	Capital Projects Reserve Fund	Transportation Improvements Fund	Coca Cola Property Improv Fund	Total Capital Projects	Total-Other Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Taxes and impact fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,529,607
Intergovernmental revenues	-	_	-		-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-		-	-	26,102
Investment income	-	4,740	729	-	5,469	14,457
Miscellaneous		252,657		(4,263)	248,394	248,964
Total revenues		257,397	729	(4,263)	253,863	<u>1,</u> 819,130
Expenditures: Current:						
General government	-	_	_	-	-	350
Public safety	_	-		-	-	7,250
Physical environment	-	-	-	-	-	, -
Culture and recreation	-	2,250	-	**	2,250	4,500
Debt Service:					·	•
Principal	_	-	_	-	-	882,217
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	1,756,477
Capital Outlay:				-		
General government	-	28,917	-		28,917	28,917
Public safety	-	31,895	-	-	31,895	31,895
Physical environment	-	274,925	-	-	274,925	274,925
Culture and recreation	-	43,364	-	-	43,364	217,700
Total expenditures	-	381,351	-	-	381,351	3,204,231
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over			-			
Expenditures		(123,954)	729	(4,263)	(127,488)	(1,385,101)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	-	1,812,879	_	•-	1,812,879	4,155,214
Transfers out	(68,637)	1,012,013		_	(68,637)	(68,637)
Total other financing sources(uses)	(68,637)	1,812,879			1,744,242	
Total other intanenty sources(4363)	(00,037)	1,012,013			1,144,242	4,086,577
Net change in fund balances	(68,637)	1,688,925	729	(4,263)	1,616,754	2,701,476
Fund balances, beginning	68,637	2,770,493	442,124	4,291	3,285,545	7,593,447
Fund balances, ending	\$	\$ 4,459,418	\$ 442,853	\$ 28	\$ 4,902,299	\$ 10,294,923
					<u> </u>	

Fire Impact Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

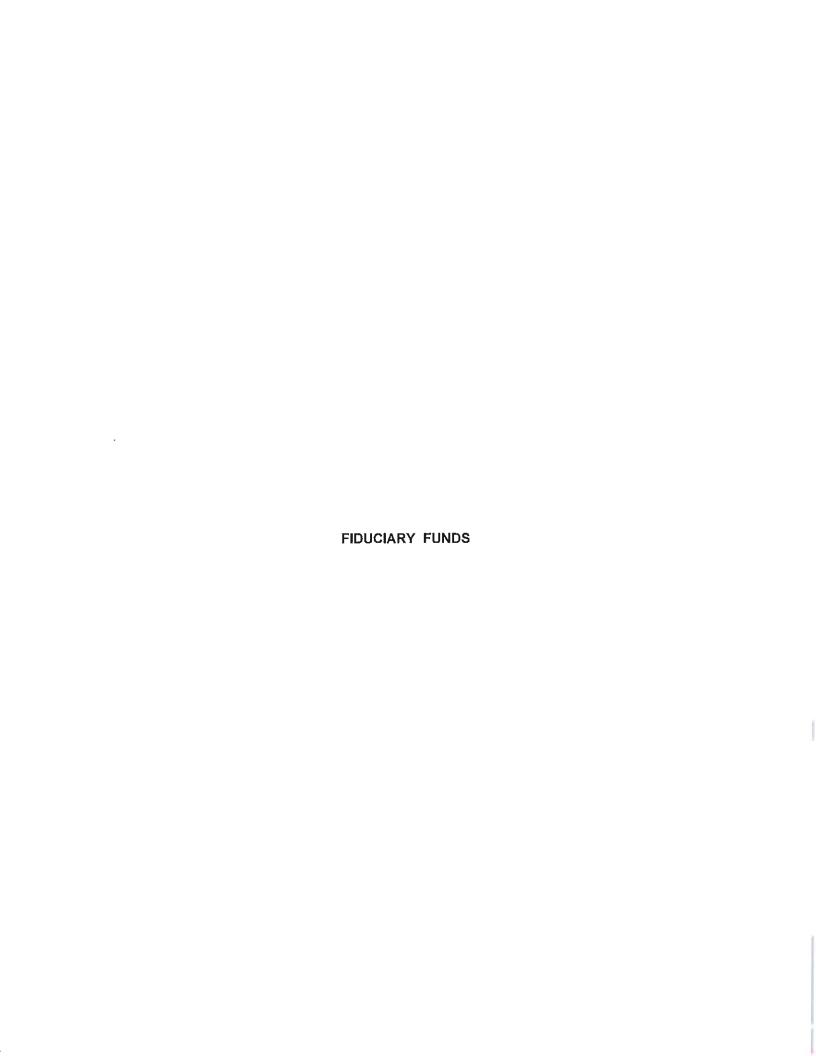
	Budgeted Ar Original			SFinal	A	ctual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	•	240.040	Φ.	040.040	ø	E00 044	æ	046 004
Taxes and impact fees Investment income	\$	310,010 140	\$	310,010 140	\$	526,844 2,061	\$	216,834 1,921
Total revenues		310,150		310,150		528,905	_	218,755
TotalTevenues		310,100		310,130	-	520,500	_	210,100
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety:								
Fire		80,150		80,150		_		80,150
Total expenditures		80,150		80,150				80,150
Total experiences		00,100					_	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		230,000		230,000		528,905	-	298,905_
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(230,000)		(230,000)				230,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(230,000)		(230,000)				230,000
Net change in fund balance		-		_		528,905		528,905
Fund balance, beginning		1,035,155		1,035,155		1,035,155		_
Fund balance, ending	\$	1,035,155	\$	1,035,155	\$	1,564,060	\$	528,905
, 5		<u> </u>					=	

		Budgeted	l Amount		A	ctual Amounts		/ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:		Original		Final				
Taxes and impact fees	\$	251,320	\$	251,320	\$	391,243	\$	139,923
Investment income	Ψ	201,020 40	Ψ	40	Ψ	1,152	φ	1,112
Total revenues		251,360		251,360		392,395		141,035
Expenditures: Current:								
Public Safety: Police		117,360		117,360				117 260
Debt Service:		117,300		117,300		-		117,360
Principal and Interest		134,000		134,000		132,183		1,817
Total expenditures		251,360		251,360		132,183		119,177
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures		-				260,212		260,212
Net change in fund balance		-		-		260,212		260,212
Fund balance, beginning		616,279		616,279		616,279		
Fund balance, ending	\$	616,279	\$	616,279	\$	876,491	\$	260,212

	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	\$ 469,930	\$ 469,930	\$ 611,520	\$ 141,590
Taxes and impact fees Investment income	ъ 469,930 930	ф 409,930 930	4,136	3,206
Total revenues	470,860	470,860	615,656	144,796
Total levellues	470,000	470,000	010,000	111,100
Expenditures:				
Culture and recreation:				
Parks and recreation	304,860	304,860	176,586	128,274
Debt Service:				
Principal and Interest	121,000	121,000	131,373	(10,373)
Total expenditures	425,860	425,860	307,959	117,901
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
Expenditures	45,000	45,000	307,697	262,697
	•		<u> </u>	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out	(45,000)	(45,000)		45,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(45,000)	(45,000)		45,000
Net change in fund balance	-	•	307,697	307,697
Fund balance, beginning	2,302,709	2,302,709	2,302,709	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 2,302,709	\$ 2,302,709	\$ 2,610,406	\$ 307,697

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	Ge	neral Employees Pension	 Police and Fire Pension	Total Employee Pension Funds		
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	900,863	\$ 2,550,253	\$	3,451,116	
Investments, at fair value:						
Common funds, equity		27,380,210	35,185,244		62,565,454	
Real estate investment trust		3,460,294	3,993,251		7,453,545	
Common funds, bonds		9,104,873	13,192,269_		22,297,142	
Total investments		39,945,377	52,370,764		92,316,141	
Total assets		40,846,240	54,921,017		95,767,257	
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		60,799	114,095		174,894	
Total liabilities		60,799	114,095		174,894	
Net Position:						
Restricted for pensions	<u>\$</u>	40,785,441	\$ 54,806,922	\$	95,592,363	

City of Ocoee, Florida Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

Additions:	Ge ——	neral Employees Pension	 Police and Fire Pension	Total Employee Pension Funds		
Contributions:						
Employer	\$	972,371	\$ 2,297,293	\$	3,269,664	
Plan members		664,833	616,991		1,281,824	
State		-	 636,589		636,589	
Total contributions		1,637,204	3,550,873		5,188,077	
Investment Income:						
Interest		881,138	1,383,712		2,264,850	
Net appreciation (depreciation) on fair value of						
investments		2,924,609	 2,664,704		5,589,313	
Net investment income		3,805,747	4,048,416		7,854,163	
Total additions		5,442,951	7,599,289		13,042,240	
Deductions:						
Benefits		1,669,331	2,810,076		4,479,407	
Administrative expenses		245,499	442,102		687,601	
Total deductions		1,914,830	3,252,178		5,167,008	
Change in net position		3,528,121	4,347,111		7,875,232	
Net position, beginning		37,257,320	50,459,811		87,717,131	
Net position, ending	\$	40,785,441	\$ 54,806,922	\$	95,592,363	

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Ocoee's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents		Page
Financial T	rends	88
	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue C	Capacity	95
	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capa	city	99
	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demograp	hic and Economic Information	103
	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating I	Information	105
	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

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City Of Occee

Net Position by Component

Last Ten Years Accrual Based Accounting (amount expressed in thousands)

_						I Year				
	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 86,049	\$ 87,258	\$ 86,871	\$ 87,154	\$ 87,432	\$ 87,717	\$ 87,359	\$ 87,677	\$ 87,143	\$ 88,421
Restricted	8,558	6,814	6,909	5,549	4,112	3,560	3,943	4,831	7,737	12,680
Unrestricted	16,080	16,938	14,491	11,810	11,959	9,816	3,661	8,983	11,448	17,919
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 110,687	\$ 111,010	\$ 108,071	\$ 104,512	103,503	101,093	\$ 94,963	\$ 101,491	\$ 106,328	\$ 119,020
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 43,489	\$ 42,827	\$ 41,936	\$ 41,155	\$ 41,661	\$ 45,527	\$ 44,515	\$ 44,787	\$ 47,653	\$ 48,326
Restricted	99	98	7,604	7,519	7,583	8,670	9,066	10,001	10,462	10,007
Unrestricted	29,230	29,348	23,385	24,461	24,305	22,110	23,137	23,931	24,485	27,975
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 72,818	\$ 72,273	\$ 72,925	\$ 73,135	\$ 73,549	\$ 76,307	\$ 76,718	\$ 78,719	\$ 82,600	\$ 86,308
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 129,538	\$ 130,085	\$ 128,607	\$ 128,309	\$ 129,093	\$ 133,244	\$ 131,874	\$ 132,464	\$ 134,796	\$ 136,747
Restricted	8,657	6,912	14,513	13,068	11,695	12,231	13,009	14,832	18,199	22,687
Unrestricted	45,310	46,286	37,876	36,271	36,246	31,926	26,798	32,914	35,933	45,894
Total primary government net position	\$ 183,505	\$ 183,283	\$ 180,996	\$ 177,647	\$ 177,034	\$ 177,401	\$ 171,681	\$ 180,210	\$ 188,928	\$ 205,328

Change in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Expenses					2010	2017	2010	2016	2017	2018
Governmental activities:										
General Government	9,052,571	9,458,398	9,441,940	9,416,758	9,938,792	10,681,945	12,495,444	13,039,440	13,649,539	13,178,601
Physical Environment	6,512,032	6,469,634	5,943,872	5,504,465	5,555,374	5,218,225	5,476,916	5,105,153	5,332,183	5,298,461
Public Safety	13,253,007	14,684,243	15,197,572	15,541,748	16,076,453	15,926,441	14,919,303	15,174,974	15,190,761	16,229,129
Parks & Recreation	2,728,016	2,664,419	2,480,771	2,666,475	2,737,947	3,035,914	3,197,256	2,944,167	2,972,836	2,953,950
Interest on Long Term Debt	1,559,990	1,588,285	1,511,332	1,402,016	895,124	798,482	746,693	711,401	1,153,474	1,777,286
Total governmental activities	33,105,616	34,864,979	34,575,487	35,531,462	35,203,690	35,661,007	35,835,612	36,975,135	38,298,793	39,437,427
Busîness-type activities										20,101,121
Water & Wastewater	8,162,218	7,721,263	7,851,659	8,087,860	8,132,179	8,293,957	9,094,414	10,615,152	9,157,504	9,366,129
Stormwater	2,476,890	2,463,252	2,497,936	2,456,562	2,770,460	2,841,248	2,849,891	2,658,963	3,009,574	2,745,162
Sanitation	2,288,589	2,443,280	2,388,845	2,104,964	2,178,409	2,720,559	2,300,596	2,552,590	2,809,579	4,064,133
Total business-type activities	12,927,697	12,627,795	12,738,440	12,649,386	13,081,048	13,855,764	14,244,901	15,826,705	14,976,657	16,175,424
Total Expenses	46,033,313	47,492,774	47,313,927	48,180,848	48,284,738	49,516,771	51,080,513	52,801,840	53,275,450	55,612,851
Program Revenues		-								00 0 2 20:
Governmental activies; Charges for services;										
General Government	428,227	445,380	413,648	404,022	404,374	400,175	419,721	410,555	414,888	423,657
Physical Environment	1,318,743	1,826,899	1,491,414	994,221	2,311,995	1,282,450	3,245,152	3,023,769	3,817,488	4.746,061
Public Safety	792,954	1,375,767	1,169,318	1,135,693	1,526,424	2,289,219	3,771,840	3,852,085	4,123,370	4,370,274
Parks & Recreation	722,111	820,505	877,217	849,167	1,162,865	1,021,146	1,239,553	1,212,834	1,654,969	1,510,022
Oper, Grants & Contributions	1,673,987	1,643,592	1,740,436	1,861,636	2,032,462	2,062,887	2,032,603	2,119,977	2,157,004	2,798,378
Capital Grants & Contributions	2,519,260	2,604,902	664,533	1,540,435	1,163,135	219,160	225,719	449,106	487,181	662,282
Total governmental activities	7,455,282	8,717,045	6,356,566	6,785,174	8,601,255	7,275,037	10,934,588	11,068,326	12,654,900	14,510,674
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water & Wastewater	7,828,428	7,832,384	8.470.715	8,485,818	8,716,867	9,155,979	9,661,139	10,541,635	11,471,245	14 404 750
Stormwater	2,650,040	3,141,760	3,401,041	3,360,566	3,349,634	3,199,105	2,918,911	2,825,072	3,094,732	11,494,750
Solid Waste	2,635,103	2,727,633	2,750,381	2,810,349	2,875,741	2,925,054	2,991,560	3,021,514		3,513,024
Oper, Grants & Contributions	465,863		_, _,_,	41,304	14,661	11,620	000,1 قديم	248,077	3,066,449	3,165,442
Capital Grants & Contributions	3,878,433	319,899	1,015,687	500,838	1,395,220	3,469,260	1,718,056	•	1,115,283	129,410
Total business-type activities	17,457,867	14,021,676	15,637,824	15,198,875	16,352,123	18,761,018	17,289,666	3,890,008 20,526,306	2,652,962	2,109,731
Total program revenues	24,913,149	22,738,721	21,994,390	21,984,049	24,953,378	26,036,055	28,224,254	31,594,632	21,400,671	20,412,357 34,923,031
, *				21,001,010	27,000,070	20,000,000	20,224,234	41,004,032	34,055,571	34,923,031

Net (expense) revenue Covernmental activities (25,850,334) (26,147,934) (26,218,821) (28,218,821) (28,748,285) (28,602,435) (28,385,870) (25,501,024) (25,908,805) (25,608,805) (24,926,753)		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2017
Business-type activities 4,530,170 1,333,881 2,899,384 2,549,489 3,271,075 4,905,264 3,044,765 4,699,601 6,424,014 4,236,833 Total net expense (21,120,164) (24,754,653) (25,319,537) (26,195,799) (23,331,360) (23,480,716) (22,856,259) (21,207,208) (19,219,979) (20,689,820)	Net (expense) revenue										
Business-type activities	Governmental activities	(25,650,334)	(26,147,934)	(28,218,921)	(28,746,288)	(26,602,435)	(28,385,970)	(25,901,024)	(25,906,809)	(25,643,893)	(24,926,753)
Commental expenses California Californ	Business-type activities	4,530,170	1,393,881	2,899,384	2,549,489	3,271,075	4,905,254	3,044,765	4,699,601	6,424,014	
Property Taxes 10,856,015 11,188,564 9,715,104 9,643,175 9,325,520 9,192,829 9,884,437 11,060,960 11,725,114 12,604,617 Franchise fees and utility taxes 5,350,413 5,801,550 5,566,196 5,283,990 5,276,556 5,703,266 5,833,539 5,809,887 5,886,338 6,277,216 Intergovernment Revenue 6,476,552 6,860,225 7,030,532 7,328,477 7,780,675 8,276,562 8,789,084 9,350,920 9,667,495 10,458,0476 1,790,011 1,790,011 2,204,225 2,410,292 2,581,232 2,840,910 2,414,089 2,805,550 2,872,166 2,859,804 1,108,409 1,1	Total net expense	(21,120,164)	(24,754,053)	(25,319,537)	(26,196,799)	(23,331,360)	(23,480,716)	(22,856,259)	(21,207,208)	(19,219,879)	(20,689,820)
Property Taxes 10,856,015 11,188,564 9,715,104 9,643,175 9,325,520 9,192,829 9,884,437 11,060,960 11,725,114 12,604,617 Franchise fees and utility taxes 5,350,413 5,801,550 5,566,196 5,283,990 5,276,556 5,703,266 5,833,539 5,809,887 5,886,338 6,277,216 Intergovernment Revenue 6,476,552 6,860,225 7,030,532 7,328,477 7,780,675 8,276,562 8,789,084 9,350,920 9,667,495 10,458,0476 1,790,011 1,790,011 2,204,225 2,410,292 2,581,232 2,840,910 2,414,089 2,805,550 2,872,166 2,859,804 1,108,409 1,1											
Property Taxes 10,856,015 11,188,564 9,715,104 9,843,175 9,325,520 9,192,829 9,884,437 11,060,960 11,725,114 12,604,617 Franchise fees and utility taxes 5,350,413 5,801,550 5,566,196 5,283,990 5,276,556 5,703,266 5,833,539 5,809,867 5,886,336 6,277,216 Intergovernment Revenue 6,476,552 6,860,225 7,030,532 7,328,477 7,750,675 8,276,562 8,789,064 9,350,920 9,667,495 10,458,407 Investment income and misc. 750,242 816,865 57,380 351,594 570,883 412,895 775,716 699,409 476,935 2,079,913 Gain on sale of capital assets 2,841,378 56,476 3,731,097 Transfers 1,790,011 2,204,225 2,410,292 2,581,232 2,640,910 2,414,089 2,605,550 2,872,166 2,869,804 1,108,409 Total governmental activities 25,223,233 26,471,430 25,279,504 25,188,468 25,594,544 25,999,841 27,888,308 32,434,700 30,482,160 38,259,655 Business-type activities Investment income and misc. 436,388 265,498 163,445 241,393 86,970 266,193 145,188 173,027 127,519 273,422 Total business-type activities (1,790,011) (2,204,225) (2,410,292) (2,581,232) (2,640,910) (2,414,089) (2,605,550) (2,872,166) (2,669,804) (1,108,409) Total government 23,889,610 24,532,703 23,032,657 22,848,629 23,040,604 23,851,745 25,427,944 29,735,561 27,939,875 35,424,672 Change in Net Position Governmental activities (427,101) 323,496 (2,939,417) (3,557,820) (1,007,891) (2,388,329) \$1,987,282 \$6,527,891 \$4,838,267 \$11,332,908 Business-type activities (427,101) 323,496 (52,894,917) (3,557,820) (1,007,891) (2,388,329) \$1,987,282 \$6,527,891 \$4,838,267 \$11,332,908 Business-type activities (427,101) 323,496 (52,893,417) (3,557,820) (1,007,891) (2,388,329) \$1,987,282 \$6,527,891 \$4,838,267 \$11,332,908 Business-type activities (427,101) 323,496 (52,893,417) (3,557,820) (1,007,891) (2,388,329) \$1,987,282 \$6,527,891 \$4,838,267 \$11,332,908 Business-type activities (427,101) 323,496 (52,837 209,850 717,135 2,757,358 584,403 2,000,482 3,881,729 3,401,946	General Revenue (Expenses) and Oth	ner Changes in Net I	Position								
Franchise fees and utility taxes 5,350,413 5,801,550 5,566,196 5,283,990 5,276,556 5,703,266 5,833,539 5,809,867 5,886,336 6,277,218 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Governmental activities										
Intergovernment Revenue 6,476,552 6,860,225 7,030,532 7,328,477 7,780,675 8,276,562 8,789,064 9,350,920 9,667,495 10,458,407 [Investment income and misc. 750,242 816,865 557,380 351,594 570,883 412,895 775,716 699,409 476,935 2,079,913 Gain on sale of capital assets 2,641,378 56,476 3,731,097 [Transfers 1,790,011 2,204,225 2,410,292 2,581,232 2,840,910 2,414,089 2,605,550 2,872,166 2,889,804 1,108,409] [Total governmental activities 25,223,233 26,471,430 25,279,504 25,188,488 25,594,544 25,999,641 27,888,306 32,434,700 30,482,160 36,259,659 [Investment income and misc. 436,388 265,498 163,445 241,393 86,970 266,193 145,188 173,027 127,519 273,422 [Transfers (1,790,011) (2,204,225) (2,410,292) (2,581,232) (2,581,232) (2,640,910) (2,414,089) (2,605,550) (2,872,166) (2,589,804) (1,108,409) [Total business-type activities (1,353,623) (1,938,727) (2,246,847) (2,339,839) (2,553,940) (2,147,896) (2,480,362) (2,699,139) (2,542,285) (834,987) [Total government 23,869,610 24,532,703 23,032,657 22,848,629 23,040,604 23,851,745 25,427,944 29,735,561 27,939,875 35,424,672 [Change in Net Position Governmental activities (427,101) 323,496 (2,939,417) (3,557,820) (1,007,891) (2,386,329) \$ 1,987,282 \$ 6,527,891 \$ 4,838,267 \$ 11,332,906 [Business-type activities 3,176,547 (544,846) 652,537 209,650 717,135 2,757,358 584,403 2,000,462 3,881,729 3,401,946 [Investment income and misc. (1,364,647) (2,44,648) (2,44,648) (2,348,448	Property Taxes	10,856,015	11,188,564	9,715,104	9,643,175	9,325,520	9,192,829	9,884,437	11,060,960	11,725,114	12,604,617
Investment income and misc. 750,242 616,865 557,380 351,594 570,883 412,895 775,716 699,409 476,935 2,079,913 Gain on sale of capital assets 2.5.0.0	Franchise fees and utility taxes	5,350,413	5,801,550	5,566,196	5,283,990	5,276,556	5,703,266	5,833,539	5,809,867	5,886,336	6,277,216
Gain on sale of capital assets - - - - - - 2,641,378 56,476 3,731,097 Transfers 1,790,011 2,204,225 2,410,292 2,581,232 2,640,910 2,414,089 2,605,550 2,872,166 2,689,804 1,108,409 Total governmental activities 25,223,233 26,471,430 25,79,504 25,188,468 25,594,544 25,999,641 27,886,306 32,434,700 30,482,160 36,259,659 Business-type activities 3,781,097 2,888,408 2,888,306 2,888,306 32,434,700 30,482,160 36,259,659 Business-type activities 436,388 265,498 163,445 241,393 86,970 266,193 145,188 173,027 127,519 273,422 Transfers (1,790,011) (2,204,225) (2,410,292) (2,581,232) (2,640,910) (2,414,089) (2,605,550) (2,872,165) (2,569,804) (1,108,409) Total government 23,869,810 24,532,703 23,032,657 22,848,629 23,040,604 23,851,745 25	Intergovernment Revenue	6,476,552	6,660,226	7,030,532	7,328,477	7,780,675	8,276,562	8,789,064	9,350,920	9,667,495	10,458,407
Transfers 1,790,011 2,204,225 2,410,292 2,581,232 2,640,910 2,414,089 2,605,650 2,872,166 2,689,804 1,108,409 Total governmental activities 25,223,233 26,471,430 25,279,504 25,188,468 25,594,544 25,999,641 27,888,306 32,434,700 30,482,160 36,259,659 Business-type activities Investment income and misc. 436,388 265,498 163,445 241,393 86,970 296,193 145,188 173,027 127,519 273,422 Transfers (1,790,011) (2,204,225) (2,410,292) (2,581,232) (2,640,910) (2,414,089) (2,605,550) (2,872,166) (2,669,804) (1,108,409) Total business-type activities (1,353,623) (1,938,727) (2,246,847) (2,339,839) (2,553,940) (2,147,896) (2,460,362) (2,699,139) (2,542,285) (834,987) Total government 23,869,610 24,532,703 23,032,657 22,848,629 23,040,604 23,851,745 25,427,944 29,735,551 27,939,875 35,424,672 Change in Net Position Governmental activities (427,101) 323,496 (2,399,417) (3,557,820) (1,007,891) (2,386,329) \$ 1,967,282 \$ 6,527,891 \$ 4,838,267 \$ 11,332,906 8 1,000,000 \$ 1,000,	Investment income and misc.	750,242	616,865	557,380	351,594	570,883	412,895	775,716	699,409	476,935	2,079,913
Total governmental activities 25,223,233 26,471,430 25,279,504 25,188,468 25,594,544 25,999,641 27,888,306 32,434,700 30,482,160 36,259,659 Business-type activities Investment income and misc. 436,388 265,498 163,445 241,393 86,970 266,193 145,188 173,027 127,519 273,422 Transfers (1,790,011) (2,204,225) (2,410,292) (2,581,232) (2,640,910) (2,414,089) (2,605,550) (2,872,165) (2,659,804) (1,108,409) Total business-type activities (1,353,623) (1,938,727) (2,246,847) (2,339,839) (2,553,940) (2,147,896) (2,460,362) (2,699,139) (2,542,265) (834,967) Total governmental activities (427,101) 323,496 (2,939,417) (3,557,820) (1,007,891) (2,386,329) \$ 1,987,282 \$ 6,527,891 \$ 4,838,267 \$ 11,332,908 Business-type activities 3,176,547 (544,846) 652,537 20,9650 717,135 2,757,358 584,403 2,000,482 3,881,729 3,401,948	Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,641,378	56,476	3,731,097
Business-type activities Investment income and misc. 436,388 265,498 163,445 241,393 86,970 266,193 145,188 173,027 127,519 273,422 Transfers (1,790,011) (2,204,225) (2,410,292) (2,581,232) (2,640,910) (2,414,089) (2,605,550) (2,872,166) (2,669,804) (1,108,409) Total business-type activities (1,353,623) (1,938,727) (2,245,847) (2,339,839) (2,553,940) (2,147,896) (2,460,362) (2,699,139) (2,542,285) (834,987) Total government 23,869,810 24,532,703 23,032,657 22,848,629 23,040,604 23,851,745 25,427,944 29,735,561 27,939,875 35,424,672 Change in Net Position Governmental activities (427,101) 323,496 (2,939,417) (3,557,820) (1,007,891) (2,386,329) \$ 1,987,282 \$ 6,527,891 \$ 4,838,267 \$ 11,332,906 Business-type actitivies 3,176,547 (544,846) 652,537 209,650 717,135 2,757,358 564,403 2,000,462 3,881,729 3,401,946	Transfers	1,790,011	2,204,225	2,410,292	2,581,232	2,640,910	2,414,089	2,605,550	2,872,166	2,669,804	1,108,409
Investment income and misc. 436,388 265,498 163,445 241,393 86,970 266,193 145,188 173,027 127,519 273,422 (7,90,011) (2,204,225) (2,410,292) (2,581,232) (2,640,910) (2,414,089) (2,605,550) (2,872,166) (2,669,804) (1,108,409) (2,610,510) (2,414,089) (2,610,510) (2,414,089) (2,610,510) (2,812,210) (2,812,210) (2,812,210) (2,114,089) (2,114,0	Total governmental activities	25,223,233	26,471,430	25,279,504	25,188,468	25,594,544	25,999,641	27,888,306	32,434,700	30,482,160	36,259,659
Transfers (1,790,011) (2,204,225) (2,410,292) (2,581,232) (2,640,910) (2,414,089) (2,605,550) (2,872,166) (2,669,804) (1,108,409) Total business-type activities (1,353,623) (1,938,727) (2,245,647) (2,339,839) (2,553,940) (2,147,896) (2,460,362) (2,699,139) (2,542,285) (834,987) Total government 23,869,610 24,532,703 23,032,657 22,848,629 23,040,604 23,851,745 25,427,944 29,735,561 27,939,875 35,424,672 Change in Net Position Governmental activities (427,101) 323,496 (2,939,417) (3,557,820) (1,007,891) (2,386,329) \$ 1,987,282 \$ 6,527,891 \$ 4,838,267 \$ 11,332,906 Business-type actitivies 3,176,547 (544,846) 652,537 209,650 717,135 2,757,358 564,403 2,000,462 3,881,729 3,401,946	Business-type activities										
Total business-type activities (1,353,623) (1,938,727) (2,245,647) (2,339,839) (2,553,940) (2,147,896) (2,460,362) (2,699,139) (2,542,265) (834,987) Total government 23,669,610 24,532,703 23,032,657 22,848,629 23,040,604 23,851,745 25,427,944 29,735,561 27,939,875 35,424,672 Change in Net Position Governmental activities (427,101) 323,496 (2,939,417) (3,557,820) (1,007,891) (2,386,329) \$ 1,987,282 \$ 6,527,891 \$ 4,838,267 \$ 11,332,906 8 1,987,282 \$ 6,527,891 \$ 4,838,267 \$ 3,401,946	Investment income and misc.	436,388	265,498	163,445	241,393	86,970	266,193	145,188	173,027	127,519	273,422
Total government 23,869,610 24,532,703 23,032,657 22,848,629 23,040,604 23,851,745 25,427,944 29,735,561 27,939,875 35,424,672 Change in Net Position Governmental activities (427,101) 323,496 (2,939,417) (3,557,820) (1,007,891) (2,386,329) \$ 1,987,282 \$ 6,527,891 \$ 4,838,267 \$ 11,332,906 Business-type actitivies 3,176,547 (544,846) 652,537 209,650 717,135 2,757,358 584,403 2,000,462 3,881,729 3,401,946	Transfers	(1,790,011)	(2,204,225)	(2,410,292)	(2,581,232)	(2,640,910)	(2,414,089)	(2,605,550)	(2,872,166)	(2,669,804)	(1,108,409)
Change in Net Position Governmental activities (427,101) 323,496 (2,939,417) (3,557,820) (1,007,891) (2,386,329) \$ 1,987,282 \$ 6,527,891 \$ 4,538,267 \$ 11,332,906 Business-type actitivies 3,176,547 (544,846) 652,537 209,650 717,135 2,757,358 584,403 2,000,462 3,881,729 3,401,946	Total business-type activities	(1,353,623)	(1,938,727)	(2,245,847)	(2,339,839)	(2,553,940)	(2,147,896)	(2,460,362)	(2,699,139)	(2,542,285)	(834,987)
Governmental activities (427,101) 323,496 (2,939,417) (3,557,820) (1,007,891) (2,386,329) \$ 1,967,282 \$ 6,527,891 \$ 4,838,267 \$ 11,332,906 Business-type actitivies 3,176,547 (544,846) 652,537 209,650 717,135 2,757,358 584,403 2,000,462 3,881,729 3,401,946	Total government	23,869,610	24,532,703	23,032,657	22,848,629	23,040,604	23,851,745	25,427,944	29,735,561	27,939,875	35,424,672
Governmental activities (427,101) 323,496 (2,939,417) (3,557,820) (1,007,891) (2,386,329) \$ 1,967,282 \$ 6,527,891 \$ 4,838,267 \$ 11,332,906 Business-type actitivies 3,176,547 (544,846) 652,537 209,650 717,135 2,757,358 584,403 2,000,462 3,881,729 3,401,946											
Business-type actitivies 3,176,547 (544,846) 652,537 209,650 717,135 2,757,358 584,403 2,000,462 3,881,729 3,401,946	Change in Net Position										
	Governmental activities	(427,101)	323,496	(2,939,417)	(3,557,820)	(1,007,891)	(2,386,329)	\$ 1,987,282	\$ 6,527,891	\$ 4,838,267	\$ 11,332,906
Total change in net position \$ 2,749,446 \$ (221,350) \$ (2,286,880) \$ (3,348,170) (290,756) 371,029 \$ 2,571,685 \$ 8,528,353 \$ 8,719,996 \$ 14,734,652	Business-type actitivies	3,176,547	(544,846)	652,537	209,650	717,135	2,757,358	584,403	2,000,462	3,881,729	3,401,946
	Total change in net position	\$ 2,749,446	\$ (221,350)	\$ (2,286,880)	\$ (3,348,170)	(290,756)	371,029	\$ 2,571,685	\$ 8,528,353	\$ 8,719,996	\$ 14,734,852

Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal		-		Half-Cent	Alcoholic Beverage	County 6 Cent	
Year	Property Tax	Franchise Fees -	Utility Tax	Sales Tax	License	Gas Tax	Total
2009	10,856,015	2,576,792	2,725,162	3,934,436	19,466	1,120,396	21,232,267
2010	11,188,564	2,643,596	3,157,954	3,956,965	9,593	1,115,594	22,072,266
2011	9,715,104	2,481,838	3,084,358	4,391,828	10,278	1,101,513	20,784,919
2012	9,643,175	2,372,389	2,911,601	4,598,067	19,745	1,110,779	20,655,756
2013	9,325,520	2,272,718	3,003,838	4,924,796	2,521	1,158,717	20,688,110
2014	9,192,829	2,461,250	3,242,016	5,314,028	21,206	1,269,929	21,501,258
2015	9,884,436	2,620,151	3,213,389	5,665,490	1,515	1,257,015	22,641,996
2016	11,060,960	2,457,176	3,352,691	6,084,185	9,703	1,373,709	24,338,424
2017	11,181,486	2,440,059	3,446,277	6,359,607	1,075	1,401,038	24,829,542
2018	12,604,617	2,675,962	3,601,254	7,013,913	11,809	1,472,446	27,380,001

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Pre-GA:	SB 54									
Fiscal Year			2009	2010							
General Fund											
Reserved			\$ 97,062	\$ 106,203							
Unreserved			12,575,887	12,801,901							
Total General Fund			\$ 12,672,949	\$ 12,908,104							
All other Governmental Funds											
Reserved											
Debt Service Funds			\$ 142,131	\$ 143,138							
Unreserved, reported in:											
Capital Projects Funds			3,877,476	3,375,480							
Special Revenue Funds			9,055,499	8,548,713							
িotat all other Governmental Funds			\$ 13,075,106	\$ 12,067,331	_						
				D1010B	- 						
Fiscal Year		2011	2012	Post GASB 2013	54	2014	2015	 2016	_	2017	 2018
General Fund	_								_	2411	
Non-Spendable	\$	99,416	\$ 127,412	\$ 121,556	\$	86,901	\$ 110,379	\$ 135,781	\$	146,586	\$ 1,03
Restricted		-	-	-		-	-	-			
Assigned		3,200,000	4,283,790	3,200,000		2,500,000	2,873,528	3,176,410		4,379,362	4,23
Unassigned		9,172,375	7,279,077	7,938,384		7,657,842	9,804,236	12,954,594		13,310,229	14,19
Total General Fund	\$	12,471,791	\$ 11,690,279	\$ 11,259,940	\$	10,244,743	\$ 12,788,143	\$ 16,266,785	\$	17,836,177	\$ 19,45
All other Governmental Funds											
Non-Spendable	\$	495	\$ 1,818	\$ 4,700	\$	3,445	\$ 5,572	\$ -	\$	-	\$
Restricted		6,909,134	5,548,030	4,106,828		3,558,497	3,937,663	4,831,346		31,859,663	30,53
Assigned		3,845,715	3,198,202	3,523,450		3,024,980	2,363,677	3,554,671		3,285,545	4,9
1.1			_								
Unassigned			 	 			 	•		_	

Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018
Revenues										
Taxes and Impact Fees	\$ 17,228	\$ 18,540	\$ 16,524	\$ 15,563	\$ 16,408	\$ 15,704	\$ 18,318	\$ 19,936	\$ 21,698	\$ 23,679
Licenses and Permits	1,123	1,207	1,148	1,041	1,589	1,053	1,964	1,711	2,345	2,442
Intergovernmental	8,151	9,869	9,078	10,118	10,081	10,349	10,822	11,590	11,831	13,275
Charges for services	749	797	852	919	1,056	1,947	3,257	3,292	3,349	3,759
Fines and forfeitures	369	914	709	786	955	1,185	1,081	761	710	695
Contributions	989	850	358	265	188	210		_	_	_
Investment earnings	530	299	211	142	34	63	112	82	93	284
Miscellaneous	207	511	343	207	535	288	553	616	382	1,789
Total revenues	29,346	32,977	29,223	29,041	30,846	30,799	36,107	37,988	40,408	45,923
Expenditures										
General government	8.307	8.811	8.323	8.343	9.080	9,559	11,077	40.004	15.500	
Public safety	12,243	13,561	14,161	14,291	15,110	14,937	14,634	12,281 14,76B	13,298	14,178
Physical environment	3,828	4,248	3,976	3,554	3,260	3,126	2,816		15,413	16,614
Culture and recreation	2,436	2,276	2,245	2,413	2,462	2,601	2,616	2,354	2,681	3,169
Capital outlay	4.180	4,383	1,605	2,413	2,402	2,507		2,459	2,575	3,357
Debt service	4,700	4,000	1,003	2,151	2,515	2,010	3,359	2,534	2,915	8,025
Principal	1,347	6,706	1,840	24,730	8,266	2.182	2.517	5,113	20,010	2,241
Interest	1,621	1,588	1,522	1,402	938	802	749	712	1,206	1,871
Other charges	-	-	-	-		-	_	-		
Total expenditures	33,962	41,373	33,672	57,530	41,631	35,722	37,777-	40,221	58,098	49,455
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,616)	(8,396)	(4,449)	(28,489)	(10,785)	(4,923)	(1,670)	(2,233)	(17,690)	(3,532)

<u>Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds</u> Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

					_					
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	7,210	6,098	6,843	6,337	6,861	5,845	6,089	7,491	48,820	5,479
Transfers out	(5,420)	(3,906)	(4,408)	(3,755)	(4,220)	(3,431)	(3,495)	(4,617)	(46,150)	(4,371)
Bonds	-	-	•		-	-		-	39,415	-
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		3,143	-
Capital leases	388	391	51	40	310	373	1,185	1,161	732	580
Promissory notes	-	5,000	м	23,022	6,291	-	-	-	-	-
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-
Proceeds of refunding bonds	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-
Sale of capital assets	44	40	215	57		73	154	3,755	57	3,762
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,222	7,623	2,701	25,701	9,242	2,860	3,933	7,790	46,017	5,450
Net change in fund balances	\$ (2,394)	\$ (773)	\$ (1,748)	\$ (2,788)	\$ (1,543)	\$ (2,063)	\$ 2,263	\$ 5,557	\$ 28,327	\$ 1,918
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	11.07%	11.48%	11.71%	10.87%	9.74%	9.87%	10.48%	15.45%	38.54%	10.38%

Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Revenues										
Taxes and Impact Fees	\$ 17,228	\$ 18,540	\$ 16,524	\$ 15,563	\$ 16,408	\$ 15,704	\$ 18,318	\$ 19,936	\$ 21,698	\$ 23,679
Licenses and Permits	1,123	1,207	1,148	1,041	1,589	1,053	1,964	1,711	2.345	2,442
Intergovernmental	8,151	9,859	9,078	10,118	10,081	10,349	10,822	11,590	11,831	13,275
Charges for services	749	797	852	919	1,056	1,947	3,257	3,292	3,349	3,759
Fines and forfeitures	369	914	709	786	955	1,185	1,081	761	710	695
Contributions	989	850	358	265	188	210	-		-	-
Investment earnings	530	299	211	142	34	63	112	82	93	284
Miscellaneous	207	511	343	207	535	288	553	616	382	1,789
Total revenues	29,346	32,977	29,223	29,041	30,846	30,799	36,107	37,988	40,408	45,923
Expenditures										
General government	0.007	0.544								
Public safety	8,307	8,611	8,323	B,343	9,080	9,559	11,077	12,281	13,298	14,178
•	12,243	13,561	14,161	14,291	15,110	14,937	14,634	14,768	15,413	16,614
Physical environment	3,828	4,248	3,976	3,554	3,260	3,126	2,816	2,354	2,681	3,169
Culture and recreation	2,436	2,276	2,245	2,413	2,462	2,601	2,625	2,459	2,575	3,357
Capital outlay	4,180	4,383	1,605	2,797	2,515	2,515	3,359	2,534	2,915	8,025
Debt service										
Principal .	1,347	6,706	1,840	24,730	8,266	2,182	2,517	5,113	20,010	2,241
Interest	1,621	1,588	1,522	1,402	938	802	749	712	1,206	1,871
Other charges			•	-		_	-	-	-	_
Total expenditures	33,962	41,373	33,672	57,530	41,631	35,722	37,777	40,221	58,098	49,455
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,616)	(8,396)	(4,449)	(28,489)	(10,785)	(4,923)	(1,670)	(2,233)	(17,690)	(3,532)

Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	2009	<u>2010</u>	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	7,210	6,098	6,843	6,337	6,861	5,845	6,089	7,491	48,820	5,479
Transfers out	(5,420)	(3,906)	(4,408)	(3,755)	(4,220)	(3,431)	(3,495)	(4,617)	(46,150)	(4,371)
Bonds	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,415	_
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,143	-
Capital leases	388	391	51	40	310	373	1,185	1,161	732	580
Promissory notes	-	5,000	-	23,022	6,291		_	_	_	
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	_	-
Proceeds of refunding bonds	-		-	-		-	_	-	_	-
Sale of capital assets	44	40	215	57	•	73	154	3,755	57	3,762
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,222	7,623	2,701	25,701	9,242	2,860	3,933	7,790	46,017	5,450
Net change in fund balances	\$ (2,394)	\$ (773)	\$ (1,748)	\$ (2,788)	\$ (1,543)	\$ (2,063)	\$ 2,263	\$ 5,557	\$ 28,327	\$ 1,918
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	11.07%	11.48%	11.71%	10.87%	9.74%	9.87%	10.48%	15.45%	38.54%	10,38%

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Real Property Assessed	Real Property Estimated Actual	Personal Property Assessed	Personal Property Estimated Actual	Total Assessed	Total Actual	Total Direct Tax Rate
2009	2,225,189	2,230,227	99,980	100,206	2,325,169	2,330,433	4.8252
2010	1,999,092	2,007,273	100,064	100,473	2,099,156	2,107,746	5.4974
2011	1,728,828	1,714,380	93,294	92,514	1,822,122	1,806,894	5.5574
2012	1,623,489	1,618,845	90,255	89,997	1,713,744	1,708,842	5.8460
2013	1,568,859	1,567,379	90,059	89,974	1,658,918	1,657,353	5.8460
2014	1,583,978	1,580,727	92,883	92,692	1,676,861	1,673,419	5.7855
2015	1,722,692	1,717,624	96,001	95,719	1,818,693	1,813,343	5.6371
2016	1,849,132	1,843,511	100,013	99,709	1,949,145	1,943,220	5.9104
2017	1,987,873	1,988,159	94,244	94,258	2,082,117	2,082,417	5,8291
2018	2,204,994	2,200,769	108,619	108,288	2,313,996	2,309,882	5.6546

Property Tax Rates

Direct and Overlapping¹ Governments

Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Overlap	ping Rates						
			Orange	County				School Distri	ct				
Fiscal Year	City of Ocoee Operating Millage	General County Millage	Capital Projects County Millage	Parks County Millage	Total County Millage	Local Required School Millage	Local Discretiona ry School Millage	Supplement al Discretionar y School Millage	Local Capital Improvemen t School Millage	Total School Milfage	Library Operating Millage	St. John's Water Manage- ment District	Total Direct & Overlappin g Rates
2009	4.8252	4.0441	0.2250	0.1656	4.4347	4.9930	0.4980	0.1590	1.5000	7.1500	0.3748	0.4158	17.2005
2010	5.4974	4.0441	0.2250	0.1656	4.4347	5.4250	0.7480	0.0000	1.5000	7.6730	0.3748	0.4158	18.3957
2011	5.5574	4.0441	0.2250	0.1656	4.4347	5.3960	0.7480	0.2500	1.5000	7.8940	0.3748	0.4158	18.6767
2012	5.8460	4.0441	0.2250	0.1656	4.4347	5.2970	0.7480	1.0000	1.5000	8.5450	0.3748	0.3313	19.5318
2013	5.8460	4.0441	0.2250	0.1656	4,4347	5.2300	0.7480	1.0000	1.5000	8.4780	0.3748	0.3313	19.4648
2014	5,7855	4.0441	0.2250	0.1656	4,4347	5.2260	0.7480	1.0000	1.5000	8.4740	0.3748	0.3164	19.3854
2015	5.6371	4.0441	0.2250	0.1656	4.4347	4.9700	0.7480	1.0000	1.5000	8.2180	0.3748	0.3023	18.9669
2016	5.9104	4.0441	0.2250	0.1656	4.4347	4.5630	0.7480	1.0000	1.5000	7.8110	0.3748	0.4158	18.9467
2017	5.6546	4.0441	0.2250	0.1656	4.4347	4.5630	0.7480	1.0000	1.5000	7.8110	0.0375	0.0272	17.9650
2018	5.5000	4.0441	0.2250	0.1656	4.4347	4.5630	0.7480	1.0000	1.5000	7.8110	0.0375	0.0272	17.8104

Source: Orange County Tax Collectors Office & Orange County Property Appraiser

^{1.} Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Ocoee.

Principal Property Taxpayers

September 30, 2018 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	:	2018		2009				
Taxpayer	 ole Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		
Windermere Owner LLC	\$ 61,715	1	16%					
Mar Casa Mirella LLC	52,671	2	14%					
Oasis at Lake Bennet LLC	44,634	3	12%					
Maguire Park Street Owner LLC	41,721	4	11%					
Advenir At The Oaks LLC	40,779	5	11%					
Arbours at Crown Point LLC	39,568	6	10%					
Duke Energy Florida Inc.	29,345	7	8%					
Manheim Remarketing LP	21,706	8	6%	24,482	3	11%		
Suso 4 Good Homes LP	19,900	9	5%					
West Oaks Mall FL LLC	15,085	, 10	4%	69,798	1	32%		
Wal-Mart Stores East Inc	14,479		4%	13,516	7	6%		
Good Homes Plaza (E&A) Ilc				15,500	5	7%		
Arden Park Ventures				18,562	4	9%		
City National Bank of Florida	-		_	34,318	2	16%		
Ocoee LLC	-			9,605	8	4%		
Oak Forest Partners				14,009	6	6%		
Westgate Resort				9,089	9	4%		
DDRM West Oaks Towne Ctr				9,036	10	4%		
	\$ 381,603		100.00%	\$ 217,915		100%		

Source: Orange County Property Appraiser

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Final Van		Collected within the			Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Total Tax Levy for Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2009	11,245	10,852	96.51%	4	10,856	96.54%		
2010	11,587	11,167	96.38%	22	11,189	96.57%		
2011	10,042	9,683	96.43%	32	9,715	96.74%		
2012	9,990	9,631	96.41%	12	9,643	96,53%		
2013	9,689	9,324	96.23%	2	9,326	96.25%		
2014	9,682	9,315	96.21%	-122	9,193	94,95%		
2015	10,222	9,847	96,33%	37	9,884	96,69%		
2016	11,174	10,491	93,89%	4	10,495	93.92%		
2017	12,139	11,004	90.65%	177	11,181	92.11%		
2018	12702	11,989	94.39%	135	12,009	94.54%		

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Governmental Activities

Business-Type Activities

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Refunding Revenue Bonds	Notes Payable	Capital Leases	Water Revenue Bonds	Notes Payable	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2009	25,020	13,100	536	15,180	5,705	281	59,822	6.72%	1,766
2010	24,170	12,635	536	14,715	5,505	35	57,596	6.02%	1,619
2011	23,280	11,925	346	12,500	7,051	155	55,257	6.17%	1,664
2012	0.00 *	33,736	147	12,300	6,696	419	53,298	5.95%	1,605
2013	0.00	31,879	339	12,095	6,360	416	51,089	5.59%	1,513
2014	0.00	29,894	514	0.00	17,931	573	48,912	5.36%	1,233
2015	0.00	27,767	1,309	0.00	17,283	700	47,059	5 .15%	1,171
2016	0.00	23,386	1,738	0.00	16,616	830	42,570	4.66%	1,016
2017	41,840 **	4,890	1,632	23,981 **	-	1,059	73,402	5.98%	1,704
2018	41,065	4,212	1,319	22,938	PRI	1,107	70,641	5.75%	1,640

^{*} Bonds refunded with Notes during the 2012 Fiscal Year.

Source: City of Ocoee

Metro Orlando Economic Development Commission US Department of Labor: Bureau of Labor Statistics

^{**} Notes refinanced with Bonds during the 2017 Fiscal Year.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

As of September 30, 2016 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Governmental Unit	Debt standing	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt		
Overlapping Debt:					
Orange County Library District	\$ _		\$	_	
Orange County School District	\$ -				
Orange County Government	\$ _				
St. John's River Water Management District	\$ -				
Subtotal, overlapping debt	\$ -				
Direct Debt:					
City of Ocoee Debt/All Funds (3)	42,282	-		-	
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 42,282		\$	-	

³ City of Ocoee does not currently have any General Obligation Debt which is being repaid through general property taxes.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

September 30, 2018

Assessed Value (FY2016)	\$ 2,626,031
Debt Limit 25% of Assessed Value	\$ 656,508
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit:	\$ _
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 656,508
Total Bonded Debt	\$

Article VIII Section 53 of the City Charter states that the City shall have the power to issue general obligation bonds in an aggregate principal amount of bonds outstanding at any time not in excess of Twenty-Five percent (25%) of the assessed value of the taxable property within the City as shown on the pertinent tax records at the time of the authorization of the general obligation bonds for which the full faith credit of the City is pledged.

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Water/Sewer Revenue Bonds and Notes

Debt Service Requirements

			_	Debt Service Requirements						
Fiscal Year End Sept. 30th	Gross Revenues	Operating Expenses	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage			
2009	8,394,464	6,261,698	2,132,766	455,000	1,073,403	1,528,403	1.40			
2010	8,386,012	5,715,865	2,670,147	485,000	951,527	1,436,527	1.86			
2011	8,730,055	5,962,597	2,767,458	531,000	883,390	1,414,390	1.96			
2012	8,922,597	5,860,140	3,062,457	555,000	851,335	1,406,335	2.18			
2013	9,149,151	6,172,153	2,976,998	541,000	748,854	1,289,854	2.31			
2014	10,456,403	6,041,532	4,414,871	524,000	686,218	1,210,218	3,65			
2015	11,252,533	6,785,561	4,466,972	648,000	608,657	1,256,657	3.55			
2016	10,614,349	6,966,652	3,647,697	667,000	590,871	1,257,871	2.90			
2017	11,537,885	7,361,092	4,176,793	725,000	829,099	1,554,099	2.69			
2018	12,104,986	8,672,187	3,432,799	890,000	980,419	1,870,419	1.84			

Demographic & Economic Statistics

Fiscal Year	_	Population	Personal Income (amounts expressed in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	Unemploy ment Rate
2009		33,871	890,401	26,288	37.0	9.6
2010		35,579	995,500	27,980	36.0	9.7
2011	2	36,020	978,015	27,152	33.5	9.3
2012	3	36,953	995,476	26,939	36.2	5.8
2013	4	37,615	979,870	26,050	36.7	5.0
2014	5	39,679	1,048,755	26,487	35.4	4.4
2015	6	40,171	1,023,275	25,473	35	4.2
2016	8	41,881	1,095,481	26,157	35.8	3.9
2017	2	43,072	1,228,198	28,515	35.9	2.7
2018	6	47,000	1,310,413	27.88	35.9	2.5

Sources:

1	FY 2006 Estimated-Metro Orlando Economic Development Commission
2	FY 2011 BEBR Demographics
3	FY 2012 Metro Orlando Economic Development Commission
4	FY 2013 Estimated-Metro Orlando Economic Development Commission
5	FY 2014 City of Ocoee Community Development Department
6	City of Ocoee Community Development Department

Principal Employers

Current Year and Ten Years Ago

	<u>2018</u>						
Employer	Percentage of Total City Employer Employees Rank Employment		Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	
West Oaks Mall	2106	1	35.96%	West Oaks Mall	687	4	12.72%
Health Central Hospital	1972	2	33.67%	Health Central Hospital	1600	1	29.62%
Orange County Schools	746	3	12.74%	Orange County Schools	601	5	11.13%
Westgate Resorts, LTD	606	4	10.35%	Westgate Resorts			
Publix	577	5	9.85%	Publix	459	7	8.50%
Sysco Foods	530	6	9.05%	Sysco Foods	540	6	10.00%
Wal-Mart	503	7	8.59%	Wal-Mart	749	3	13.87%
Manheim Auto Auction	352	8	6.01%	Manheim Auto Auction	819	2	15.16%
City of Ocoee	360	9	6.15%	City of Ocoee	356	8	6.59%
Wayne Automatic	211	10	3.60%	Wayne Automatic	150	9	2.78%
•				Dillards	127	10	2.35%
Total	5,857		100.00%	Total	5,401		100.00%

Source: City of Ocoee Planning Department

 2009 Populatiion
 34,530

 2018 Populatiion
 47,000

City of Ocoee, Florida

<u>City Government Employees by Function</u> <u>Last Ten Fiscal Years</u>

				Fiscal Ye	ar					
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Approved Positions										
General Government	68	66	63	62	60	60	59	64	67	68
Public Safety										
Police-Officers	14	15	15	15	16	23	23	22	15	14
Police-Sworn	64	63	65	65	64 ·	57	57	63	73	78
Police-Support	11	11	10	9	9	9	10	11	10	10
Fire Safety										
Firefighters	33	33	33	30	30	30	30	30	30	39
Fire-Officers	16	15	15	19	18	18	18	18	19	20
Fire-inspectors	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	1	1
Fire-Civilian	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Communication Operators	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Public Works	28	32	32	30	29	29	29	29	31	33
Parks & Recreation	39	39	39	38	39	42	41	44	44	68
Utilities Department	35	35	34	34	34	34	34	40	41	42
Stomwater	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	7	7	7
Sanitation	15	15	15	15	1 5	15	15	15	15	14
Total	346	334	331	325	323	327	326	347	355	397

Source: City of Ocoee Budget

^{*} Includes full and part-time positions

Operating Indicators by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year											
Function	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
Police			_								
Employees	117	118	117	118	118	119	125	127	98	93	
Auto Accidents	1,004	959	917	877	922	904	1,126	1,150	1,331	1428	
Arrests	1,216	1,072	1,337	972	1,074	1,434	1,454	982	1,035	1666	
Criminal Investigations	1,365	1,045	. 1,506	1,050	1,054	1,092	1,050	1,084	985	1012	
Total Service Calls	44,888	45,646	46,180	41,017	48,802	49,769	49,938	48,552	67,988	55987	
911 Calls Received	9,877	9,494	7,885	8,571	9,783	10,776	14,126	12,279	11,483	8207	
Pieces of Evidence Processed	7,512	3,851	3,147	2,385	7,035	5,458	4,005	2,014	4,986	3248	
Fire & Life Safety		,		,	,	,	.,	_,,	.,,		
Employees	57	57	57	56	55	52	55	54	52	65	
Total Permits Issued	118	77	164	139	312	259	199	171	250	329	
Construction Inspections	2,240	1,257	747	625	590	568	754	701	551	763	
Public Education Progams	96	83	85	79	139	139	285	105	266	228	
Emergency Calls Answered/Vehicle	435	272	355	327	270	270	102	153	350	283	
Emergency Calls Answered/Fire	813	800	772	798	401	116	106	83	200	183	
Emergency Calls Answered/All Other	3,020	3,909	3,087	3,205	3,969	4,813	4,367	5,689	6342	6490	
Miles of Streets, Sidewalks & Bike Paths	0,020	0,000	0,001	0,200	0,000	4,010	7,007	5,005	0342	0430	
Streets - paved	109	114	113.01	114.27	115.28	115.28	115.14	117	117	121.99	
Streets - unpaved	0	1	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.76	1	1	0.7	
Streefs - brick	2	2	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	2	2	1.99	
Sidewalks	177.5	175.4	175.4	175.4	175.4	175.4	175.4	175	175	175	
Culture and recreation											
Multi-purpose recreation center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Community Center	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Athletic fields	11	10	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	
Tennis courts	3	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	
Racquetball courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Shuffleboard courts	1	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	
Passive parks	15	16	16	16	16	15	16	16	16	15	
Parks & Rrecreation Ciity Playgrounds	10	10	10	10	10	9	10	10	10	10	

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

			F	iscal Year						
Function	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Water			<u> </u>			·				
New Connections	177	236	105	122	171	134	180	162	226	427
Number of Customers	12,503	12,908	11,292	11,300	11,314	11,745	13,319	13563	14,164	14683
Miles of water mains	151	151	149.51	153.03	155.04	156.04	159.72	164.5	180	179.16
Daily Average Consumption (gallons)	3.65	3.21	3.67	3.16	3.18	3.15	3.52	3.5	4	4.15
Plant capacity (Gallons)	4.33	4.33	4.66	4.66	4.66	4.88	6.80	6.1	5	2.38
Plant Permitted Daily capacity (MGD)	4.33	4.33	4.66	4.66	10.70	10.70	10.70	10.7	11	10.85
Service connections	12,503	12,908	10,609	11,080	11,314	11,319	11,424	16290	11,709	11,833
Deep wells	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Fire hydrants	963	1,052	1,056	1,056	1,334	1,334	1,334	1334	1,288	1,261
Sewer System:									,	, —
Miles of sanitary sewers	89	89	83.25	86.36	89.38	89.92	90.03	102	107	109.42
Lift stations	54	55	59	59	58	61	64	62	66	65
Daily average treatment (Gallons per day)	1.641	1.536	1.62	1.00	1.83	1.62	1.65	1.65	2	1.77
Plants capacity (MGD)	1.8	1.8	3.0	1.68	3.0	3.0	3.0	3	3	3
Disposal sites	6	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
General Government										
Personnel actions processed	n/a	n/a	n/a	17	13	15	15	9	29	11
Legal Notices published	103	112	91	86	86	93	201	63	100	118
Occupational Licenses issued	1,731	1,703	1,703	1,798	1,607	1,760	1,835	1582	1555	1456
Accidents & Injuries reviewed	39	36	56	37	39	43	43	43	36	23
Land Use amendments & rezonings	8	25	13	4	7	17	17	3	7	11
License/Permit Reviews	2,934	1,421	913	1,839	2,206	2,625	2,023	2792	3186	4123
Employees paid	412	419	418	413	404	414	413	431	442	468
A/P Checks issued	5,304	3,898	3,751	4,279	4,239	4,422	4,785	4664	4,285	4057
Purchase orders/EPO's processed	672	691	643	615	661	663	680	708	778	704

City of Ocoee, Florida

Capital Assets Statistics by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fis	cal Year						
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function				_						
Number of Municipal Employees	396	387	379	373	371	414	413	431	442	371
Elections:										
Registered voters	18,963	18,452	17,949	21,296	22,056	23,013	22,950	24,941	25,361	25,663
Votes in Municipal Elections	859	1,286	4,608	3,426	531	-		6,264	14,944	2,119
Police Protection:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol cars	61	70	76	74	76	75	75	79	70	70
Other vehicles	25	33	26	24	26	29	26	26	33	33
Auto Accidents	1,004	959	917	877	922	904	1,126	1,150	1,331	1,428
Arrests	1,216	1,072	1,337	972	1,074	1,434	1,454	952	1,035	1,666
Criminal Investigations	1,365	1,045	1,506	1,050	1,054	1,092	1,050	1,084	985	1,012
Total Service Calls	44,888	45,646	46,180	41,017	48,802	49,769	49,938	48,552	67,988	5,987
911 Calls Received	9,877	9,494	7,885	8,571	9,783	10,776	14,126	12,279	11,483	8,207
Pieces of Evidence Processed	7,512	3,851	3,147	2,385	7,035	5,458	4,005	2,014	4,986	3,248
Fire Protection:										
Stations	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Recreation:										
Multi-purpose recreation center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community Center	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
Athletic fields	11	10	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Tennis courts	3	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Racquetball courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Shuffleboard courts	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Passive parks	15	16	16	16	16	15	16	16	16	15
City Playgrounds	10	10	10	10	10	9	10	10	10	10

Capital Assets Statistics by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year

				, , , , , ,						
	2009	2010	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function			·						_	
Miles of Streets, Sidewalks & Bike Paths										
Streets - paved	109.44	112.85	113.01	114.27	115.28	115.28	115.14	117.15	117.00	121.66
Streets - unpaved	0.42	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.75	1.00	0.7
Streets - brick	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	2.00	1.99
Sidewalks	177.46	180.16	175.40	175.40	175.40	175.40	175,40	175.40	175.00	175
Bike paths	6.20	6.20	6.20	6,20	6.20	6.20	6.20	6.20	6.20	6.2
Water										
Miles of water mains	150.78	151.00	149.51	153.03	155.04	156.04	159.72	1645	180.00	179.16
Daily Average Consumption (MGD)	3.65	3.21	3.67	3.16	3.18	3.15	3.52	3.52	3.67	4.15
Plant capacity Permitted	4.33	4.33	4.66	4.66	4.88	4.88	6.08	6,08	4,88	10.85
Sewer System:										
Miles of sanitary sewers	88.64	88.64	83.25	86.36	89.38	89.92	90.03	102.18	107.47	109.42

City of Ocoee, Florida

Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expense by Type

General Employees Pension Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Revenues	by Source	Expenses by Type					
Year	Investment Income Net	Contributions	Benefits & Refunds	Investment Related Expenses (1)	Admin. Expenses	City Contribution as a Percent of Payroll		
2009	893,160	1,707,954	936,450	80,266	52,786	13.4%		
2010	1,991,764	1,956,175	910,863	108,584	33,207	15.4%		
2011	(164,397)	2,138,622	1,136,431	132,769	51,092	17.2%		
2012	2,914,936	2,109,364	1,244,973	140,014	59,424	17.5%		
2013	3,142,906	2,425,260	1,101,837	173,577	41,069	22.5%		
2014	2,447,920	2,217,892	1,043,921	-	60,184	20.4%		
2015	454,266	1,681,492	1,218,647	-	89,735	13.1%		
2016	2,736,440	1,556,414	1,939,917	-	70,328	10.7%		
2017	4,182,436	1,492,256	1,801,475	-	264,918	10.5%		
2018	3,805,747	1,637,204	1,669,331	-	245,499	8.9%		

City of Ocoee, Florida

Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expense by Type

Police and Fire Pension Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Revenues I	oy Source	Expenses by Type						
Year	Investment Income Net	Contributions	Benefits & Refunds	Investment Related Expenses (1)	Admin. Expenses	City Contribution as a Percent of Payroll			
2009	984,477	1,562,440	864,828	87,492	45,018	20.8%			
2010	2,097,302	2,079,314	984,185	141,998	37,946	19.6%			
2011	(107,044)	2,319,644	1,072,077	137,073	16,778	22.2%			
2012	4,017,592	2,618,959	1,236,784	190,271	62,361	26.7%			
2013	4,387,664	3,063,043	1,714,899	227,152	45,396	32.7%			
2014	3,992,191	3,075,732	1,812,744	=	81,667	30.7%			
2015	343,322	2,827,659	2,234,870	-	93,962	29.4%			
2016	3,465,045	2,901,224	2,473,894	-	62,462	29,3%			
2017	5,142,602	2,979,985	2,707,152	-	337,352	32.0%			
2018	4,048,416	3,550,873	2,810,076	=	442,102	28.0%			

Other Reports

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Ocoee, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ocoee, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 29, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Ocoee's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weakness or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Ocoee's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McDismit Davis & Company LLC

Orlando, Florida April 29, 2019



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Mayor and City Commission City of Ocoee, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of *Ocoee*, *Florida*, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated April 29, 2019.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards and Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professional Standards, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated April 29, 2019 should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i.)1., Rules of the Auditor General, require that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information has been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the *City of Ocoee, Florida* has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statues, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the *City of Ocoee, Florida* did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statues.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City of Ocoee, Florida's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we had the following recommendation:

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the City Commission and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McDismit Davis & Company LLC

Orlando, Florida April 29, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

The Honorable Mayor and City Commission City of Ocoee, Florida

We have examined City of Ocoee's (the City) compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the year ended September 30, 2018. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, City of Ocoee complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2018.

McDismit Davis & Company LLC

Orlando, Florida April 29, 2019 <u>Mayor</u> Rusty Johnson

City Manager Robert Frank



Commissioners
Larry Brinson, Sr., District 1
Rosemary Wilsen, District 2
Richard Firstner, District 3
George Oliver III, District 4

April 24, 2019

AFFIDAVIT OF IMPACT FEE COMPLIANCE

Impact fee collections, expenditures and accounting are provided for in separate accounting funds and comply with Florida Statute 163.31801.

Rebecca Roberts Finance Director

Rebecca Roberts is personally known to me.

Cam M. Hall

Notary Public State of Florida Cam M Hall My Commission GG 081912 Expires 08/14/2021

Sworn before me this April 24 2019

My Commission expires 6-14-21.

City of Ocoee • 150 N Lakeshore Drive • Ocoee, Florida 34761 phone: (407) 905-3100 • fax: (407) 905-3167 • www.ocoee.org

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