

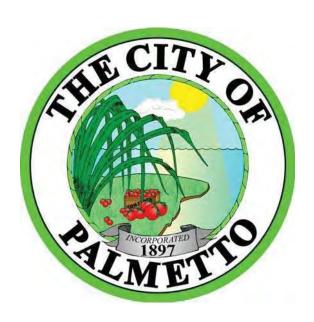


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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

City of Palmetto, Florida

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018



Prepared By
The Finance Department

Cheryl A. Miller, CGFO Finance Director



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City of Palmetto, Florida September 30, 2018

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March 22, 2019

To the Citizens of the City of Palmetto, Florida:

State law requires that all general purpose local governments publish each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, I present to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Palmetto, Florida, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Palmetto, Florida. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the reliability and completeness of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft or misuse, and to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The City of Palmetto has designed internal controls to provide reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free from any material misstatement. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) that the evaluation of the costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a comprehensive understanding of the City's financial activity have been included.

The City of Palmetto's basic financial statements have been audited by independent certified public accountants, Christopher, Smith, Leonard, Bristow & Stanell, P.A. The purpose of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, are free from material misstatement. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Palmetto's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component in the financial section of this report.

In addition to meeting the requirements of the state statutes, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act and the Florida Single Audit Act. The City did not expend the required minimum threshold of \$750,000 of Federal or State expenditures during fiscal year 2018 and did not require a single audit and therefore, an auditor's report is not required.

Government Auditing Standards require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements. This report and the management letter are included in the Management Section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Palmetto's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

THE CITY

The City of Palmetto, Florida was incorporated in 1897. The current charter was approved by the voters on November 8, 2016. Revisions to the charter included changing the residency requirements for elected officials, modifications to the selection process for electing a Vice Mayor and changing the time requirement for a charter review from every five years to every ten years. The government of the City consists of a Legislative Branch comprised of five elected Commissioners and an Executive Branch consisting of an elected Mayor. Three of the five Commissioners are elected by the electors of wards. The remaining two Commissioners are elected at-large by the electors of the entire City. The Mayor appoints all appointed officers of the City and the Commission has the power to confirm such appointments.

The City provides a range of municipal services. The public safety operation includes police protection, as well as building, code compliance and zoning. Recreational services include numerous neighborhood parks, recreational trails, tennis and basketball courts and an estuary park. Public Works provides essential street and highway maintenance, landscaping, solid waste, water, sewer, storm water and reuse water for irrigation. Other services provided include planning, redevelopment, engineering and general administrative services.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments of the City are required to submit requests to the City Clerk's office. The City Clerk's office compiles the budget requests from all departments and develops the citywide proposed budget. The proposed budget is presented to Commission for review in July. Public hearings are held in late summer and early fall, prior to adopting the final budget before September 30th of each year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and department, and monthly reporting is done to monitor the results during the year.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Palmetto is a waterfront community located on the Gulf Coast of Florida, midway between Tampa/St. Petersburg to the north and Sarasota to the south. Palmetto is at the crossroads of Southwest Florida's largest commercial centers. It is home to the thriving Port Manatee and is the hub of Manatee County's agricultural industry, which ranks in the top ten for agricultural sales in Florida. Nearly three million Floridians live within a 50-mile radius of Palmetto, creating one of the state's most stable marketplaces. Nine public and private universities and colleges are within 45 minutes of the City, along with many of Florida's most noted attractions, museums and beaches.

As with most cities throughout Florida, 2018 continued to show strong signs that the economy has rebounded and growth is making a steady comeback. Foreclosures and abandoned properties have slowed considerably compared to prior years. Over the past few years, the economic environment has placed additional demands on the City to ensure that the health, safety, and welfare of the community are maintained. Specifically, the State legislature continues to place financial pressures on local government via unfunded mandates, and home rule continues to come under attack. The increases to property values have helped to lessen this impact, but challenges still remain. Statewide unemployment has continued to decrease from 3.5 percent at the end of 2017 to 3.3 percent as of November 2018. Unemployment in the North Port, Bradenton, Sarasota Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) also showed a slight improvement during the year and was projected to be 2.9 percent in November 2018, compared to 3.5 percent in November 2017.

The City and its community leaders have made the commitment to work together and help achieve our goal of making the City of Palmetto a great place to live. Through our Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA), we have implemented a variety of programs to promote growth and economic development. Examples include downtown commercial core incentives for improvements to business properties coupled with additional incentives for hiring local businesses to complete the enhancements. In addition to developer incentives, storefront grants are available for commercial businesses, and the residential rehabilitation program that was started in 2010 continues to offer assistance to qualifying properties. More recently, the CRA created a Tax Incremental Financing (TIF) rebate incentive to encourage development for larger projects in excess of 10 million dollars.

Although the economy has certainly improved over the last five years, Palmetto continues to be faced with increasing costs, increasing demand for services, aging infrastructure and unfunded mandates by state and federal governments. Fortunately, in November 2016, residents of Manatee County passed an additional ½ cent sales tax. This tax will generate approximately \$15 million dollars over the next 15 years and the revenue will be used to fund much needed capital infrastructure in areas such as transportation, public safety, and parks. As stated above, the Florida Legislature continues to propose and pass legislation that puts additional pressure on local government. Fortunately, the additional homestead exemption referendum proposed in November 2018 was voted down by Floridians. However, reductions in state revenue dollars continue to make it difficult for cities across the state. Increasing property values during the last five years have helped offset declines in other areas, but tax revenues are still well below their peak of 2009. Since 2014, the final assessed taxable value has increased by 23 percent. This equates to an average annual increase of 3.8% over the period from 2014 to 2018.

Capital funding presents a big challenge for the City but the additional ½ cent sales tax will go a long way towards improving our aging infrastructure. During 2019, the City expects to vote on a

new utility rate structure to ensure the current rates support the costs to provide service. In addition, the City will continue to aggressively seek grant funds to help offset the costs for infrastructure projects. In fact, the City was just awarded a \$750,000 Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) through the State of Florida for utility improvements in a residential neighborhood. We are starting to see the benefits of this additional funding as many infrastructure projects are in the design phase or under construction. Major current and future initiatives for fiscal year 2018 and fiscal year 2019 include:

- New Equalization Tank at our Wastewater Treatment Plant to eliminate sanitary sewer overflow
- Continued development of the multimodal corridor via our partnership with FDOT
- Planning and design for a new Police Department Headquarters
- Street paving throughout the City
- Intersection improvements along 10th Street and 2nd Avenue West
- Multimodal enhancements on the Green Bridge via our FDOT partnership

Our focus will continue toward diversification and expansion of local businesses, enhancing communication with the community and developing tools to provide even more safety to our residents and businesses. The exercise of fiscal restraint, the safeguarding and control of the City's resources, and continued growth in its tax base and utility customers give cause for challenge, optimism and excitement for the future. The City will continue to implement and review policies such as our fund balance policy to ensure we continue to be well prepared and fiscally sound for many years to come.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Palmetto for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. This was the thirteenth consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City also received the GFOA's Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for its annual budget for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2018, the same period covered by this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This was the ninth consecutive year that the City received this award. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City's budget document was judged to be proficient in all the required categories including policy documentation, financial planning, organization, and as a communications medium.

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was accomplished through the diligent efforts of the City Clerk's Office, the Finance Department and other City staff. I would like to express my appreciation to the firm of Christopher, Smith, Leonard, Bristow & Stanell, P.A. for their cooperation and assistance throughout the year.

Sincerely,

Shirley Groover Bryant, Mayor

City of Palmetto



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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Palmetto Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



City of Palmetto, Florida Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018 List of Principal Officials

Elected Officials

Shirley Groover Bryant Mayor

Brian Williams
Vice Mayor, Ward 3
Tamara Cornwell
Commissioner At-Large
onathan Davis
arold Smith
Commissioner, Ward 1
Tambra Varnadore
Commissioner, Ward 2

Office of the City Clerk

ames R. Freeman City Clerk

Amber LaRowe Assistant City Clerk Cheryl A. Miller inance Director

Public Works

Allen Tusing Director

Mohammed Rayan Deputy Director of Public Works
Grace Johnson Public Works Coordinator

Police Department

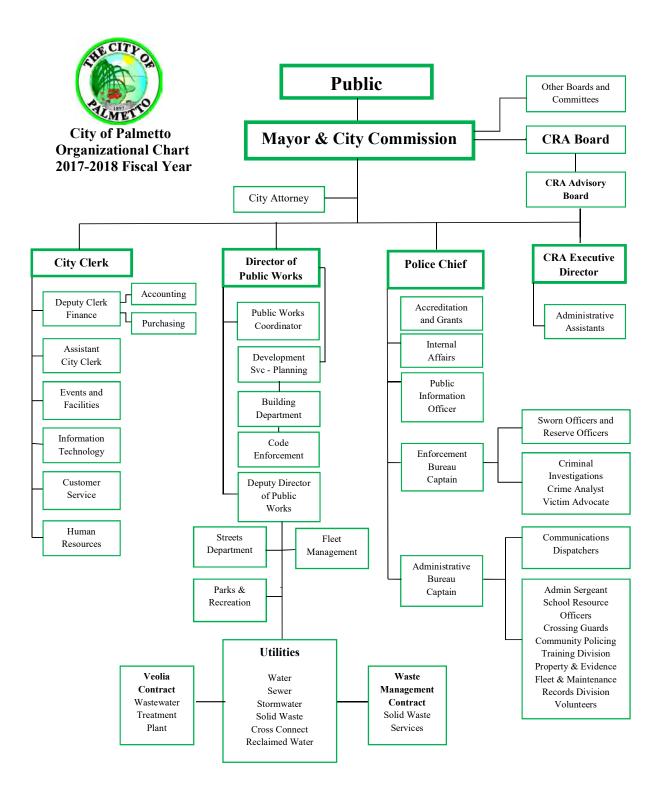
Scott TylerPolice ChiefMike StinsonCaptainLorenzo WaitersCaptain

Community Redevelopment Agency

Jeff Burton Director

City Attorney

Mark Barnebey City Attorney





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CS&L CPAs

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, and Members of the City Commission City of Palmetto, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Palmetto, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Palmetto, Florida, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note II to the financial statements, in 2018, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension and other post-employment benefit schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major fund statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund statements and schedules, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 22, 2019, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Christopher, Smith Jeunal, Briefen 2 Stanell, P.A. CHRISTOPHER, SMITH, LEONARD, BRISTOW & STANELL, P.A.

March 22, 2019 Bradenton, Florida

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Palmetto, Florida (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Mayor's letter of transmittal preceding this report and the City's financial statements beginning on page 26.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

At the close of the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018:

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities by \$81,256,552 (net position). Of this amount, \$10,804,973 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City reported an increase in total net position of \$6,548,988 compared to \$5,814,596 in fiscal year 2018. Increased revenues outpaced nearly stable expenses resulting in a healthier net position at the end of fiscal year 2018. The City's total net position increased by \$6,548,988, or 8.77%, in comparison to the prior year, which included a change in accounting principle due to the implementation of GASB 75.
- Total revenues increased \$2,146,743 or 8.14% in comparison to the prior year. Property taxes and half-cent sales taxes, increased \$533,186 and \$439,128 respectively. The increase of property taxes was due to a 6.89% increase in property values and the sales tax increase was a result of a full year of revenues from the half-cent sales tax for infrastructure. Other increases include utility rate increases for water, sewer and reuse.
- Total expenses increased \$1,412,351 or 6.88% in comparison to prior year. Governmental activities reported a net increase of \$994,262 due in part to the purchase of land for the future site of the police department and various department cost savings. Business-type activities increased of \$418,089 due in part to the removal of debris from Hurricane Irma.
- The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,427,606, an increase of \$1,781,235 in comparison with the prior year ending balance. Approximately 25.85% of this total amount, \$4,246,647 (unassigned fund balance), is available for spending at the City's discretion and is 34.80% of the total general fund expenditures. Restricted fund balance of \$8,872,485 is restricted for roadway infrastructure, Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA), building department operating expenses, law enforcement special projects, the maintenance of the City's cemetery and impact fees used to fund growth in the City. The committed fund balance in the amount of \$2,728,701 includes \$2,020,887 for the trailer park trust.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

The focus of the *government-wide financial statements* is on the overall financial position and activities of the City of Palmetto, and tend to be similar to that of a private-sector business. The City's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities. As described below, these statements do not include the City's fiduciary funds because resources of these funds cannot be used to finance the City's activities. However, these statements are included in the City's fund financial statements, because the City is financially accountable for those resources, even though they belong to other parties.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference between them reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents revenues and expenses, and shows how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported in a manner similar to the approach used by private-sector businesses in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred. Accordingly, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have consumed cash during the current period.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, highways and streets, recreation and economic and physical environmental services. The business-type activities of the City include solid waste collection, water and sewer, the storm water utility system and the reuse utility.

The government-wide financial statements are found on pages 26 through 28 of this report.

Fund financial statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the City rather than the City as a whole. Except for the General Fund, separate funds are established to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: 1) governmental funds, 2) proprietary funds, and 3) fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. These statements are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted to cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and buildings. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a short period after the end of the fiscal year, but do not include long-term debt, leases, compensated absences or other similar long-term liabilities. The difference between a fund's total assets, outflows, inflows and total liabilities is labeled as the fund balance, and generally indicates the amount that may be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected or paid during the current fiscal year or very shortly after the end of the year. For the most part, the balances and activities accounted for in the governmental funds are also reported in the governmental activities columns of the government-wide financial statements. However, because of the difference in accounting basis used to prepare fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements, there are often significant differences between the totals presented. For this reason, there is an analysis at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet that reconciles the total fund balances to the amount of net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis after the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

The City presents in separate columns, funds that are most significant to the City (major funds) and all other governmental funds are aggregated and reported in a single column (non-major funds). The City's only non-major governmental fund during the year-ended September 30, 2018 was the Capital Projects fund.

The City's governmental fund financial statements are presented beginning on page 29.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

Proprietary funds

Proprietary fund financial statements consist of a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position, and a statement of cash flows. These statements are prepared on an accounting basis that is similar to the basis used to prepare the government-wide financial statements. For financial reporting purposes, proprietary funds are grouped into enterprise funds and internal service funds. The City does not report any internal service funds.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, reuse, solid waste collection and storm water utility system.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the major enterprise funds which are the solid waste collection, water and sewer utility, storm water utility system, and reuse utility. The City does not have any non-major proprietary funds during the year-ended September 30, 2018.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 32 of this report.

Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary fund financial statements consist of a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Assets held by the City for other parties, either as a trustee or as an agent, and that cannot be used to finance the City's own operating programs are reported in the fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City's fiduciary funds consist of pension trusts that present the results of two defined benefit pension plans and an agency fund. Agency funds are unlike all other types of funds, reporting only assets and liabilities. They are merely clearing accounts for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governmental entities and are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 36 and 37 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 39 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post employment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 102 of this report.

Included in the required supplementary information are budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund, Community Redevelopment Fund and the Road and Bridge Fund found on pages 102 through 104.

The non-major Capital Projects Fund and combining statements for the fiduciary funds, which are not required supplementary information, begin on page 115.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$81,256,552 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The following schedule is a summary of the Statement of Net position found on page 26 of this report:

City of Palmetto's Net Position

		Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities					Total Primary Government			
		2018 2017			2018 2017		2017	2018			2017		
Assets													
Current and other assets	\$	14,318,224	\$	12,826,232	\$	5,567,382	\$	4,982,982	\$	19,885,606	\$	17,809,214	
Restricted assets		3,330,637		2,441,348		4,948,765		3,715,077		8,279,402		6,156,425	
Capital assets, net of													
depreciation	_	39,801,811		38,403,790	_	32,516,601	_	32,936,691	_	72,318,412	_	71,340,481	
Total assets	_	57,450,672		53,671,370	_	43,032,748		41,634,750	_	100,483,420		95,306,120	
Deferred outflows of resources	_	763,874	_	936,896	_	264,215	_	602,961	_	1,028,089	_	1,539,857	
Liabilities													
Current and other liabilities		806,647		579,097		984,425		966,703		1,791,072		1,545,800	
Non-current liabilities	_	7,641,276	_	8,609,639	_	9,272,234	_	10,579,593		16,913,510	_	19,189,232	
Total liabilities		8,447,923		9,188,736		10,256,659		11,546,296		18,704,582		20,735,032	
Deferred inflows of pension													
earnings		1,330,661		1,143,668		208,605		229,527		1,539,266		1,373,195	
Deferred inflows from OPEB		9,326				1,783				11,109			
Deferred inflows of resources		1,339,987		1,143,668		210,388		229,527		1,550,375		1,373,195	
Net Position													
Net investment in capital assets		35,933,864		34,364,152		24,524,166		24,414,011		60,458,030		58,778,163	
Restricted		8,872,485		5,751,126		1,121,064		1,120,585		9,993,549		6,871,711	
Unrestricted	_	3,620,287		4,160,584	_	7,184,686	_	4,927,292	_	10,804,973	_	9,087,876	
Total net position	\$	48,426,636	\$	44,275,862	\$	32,829,916	\$	30,461,888	\$	81,256,552	\$	74,737,750	

The overall net position of the City increased in 2018 as a result of increases in revenues and less of an increase in operating expenses. Changes in net position over time can be one of the best and most useful indicators of financial position. The total net position of the City increased from fiscal year 2017 by \$6,548,988 or 8.77%. The net position of governmental activities increased by \$4,176,115, or 9.44% due to the increase of approximately \$533,186 in property taxes, \$439,128 in half-cent sales taxes and smaller increases in nearly every other revenue type. Net position of business-type activities increased by \$2,372,873, or 7.79% primarily as a result of an approved increase in user fees for water, sewer and reuse utilities. The overall net operating income of the business-type activities is \$3,098,398.

A significant portion of the City's net position, \$60,458,030 or 74.40% reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, infrastructure and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should still be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$9,993,549 or 12.30% represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$10,804,973 or 13.30% may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The unrestricted net position includes the fund balance of the Trailer Park Trust (Governmental Activities) of \$2,020,887, which may be used upon approval of the City Commission after a duly advertised public hearing.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reported positive balances in all three categories of net position, which includes, governmental activities, business-type activities and total combined net position for the primary government.

The following is a summary of the information presented in the Statement of Activities found on pages 27 and 28 of this report:

City of Palmetto's Changes in Net Position

_	Governmental	Activities		Business-type	Activities	Total Primary Government			
	2018	2017		2018	2017	2018	2017		
Revenues									
Charges for services	\$ 1,472,954 \$	915,412	\$	10,997,039 \$	10,554,131 \$	12,469,993 \$	11,469,543		
Operating grants and									
contributions	6,000	1,952				6,000	1,952		
Capital grants and contributions	506,276	224,402		134,437	394,126	640,713	618,528		
General revenue									
Property taxes	8,277,283	7,744,097				8,277,283	7,744,097		
Other taxes	5,666,663	5,227,535				5,666,663	5,227,535		
Other	1,273,158	1,200,692	_	144,230	68,950	1,417,388	1,269,642		
Total revenues	17,202,334	15,314,090		11,275,706	11,017,207	28,478,040	26,331,297		
Expenses	<u> </u>								
Governmental Activities:									
General government	3,389,085	3,202,580				3,389,085	3,202,580		
Public safety	4,922,734	4,712,040				4,922,734	4,712,040		
Highways and streets	1,455,875	1,004,315				1,455,875	1,004,315		
Recreation	691,519	650,416				691,519	650,416		
Economic and physical									
environment	3,087,537	2,993,731				3,087,537	2,993,731		
Interest on long-term debt	123,283	112,689				123,283	112,689		
Business-type Activities:									
Solid Waste				2,324,223	2,001,143	2,324,223	2,001,143		
Water and Sewer				5,272,179	5,136,548	5,272,179	5,136,548		
Stormwater				497,092	559,892	497,092	559,892		
Reuse				165,525	143,347	165,525	143,347		
Total expenses	13,670,033	12,675,771	_	8,259,019	7,840,930	21,929,052	20,516,701		
Increase (decrease) in net position									
before transfers	3,532,301	2,638,319		3,016,687	3,176,277	6,548,988	5,814,596		
Transfers	643,814	611,935		(643,814)	(611,935)				
Change in net position	4,176,115	3,250,254		2,372,873	2,564,342	6,548,988	5,814,596		
Net position - beginning	44,275,862	41,025,608		30,461,888	27,897,546	74,737,750	68,923,154		
Change in accounting principle	(25,341)	+1,023,000 		(4,845)	27,077,540	(30,186)	00,723,134		
change in accounting principle	(23,371)		_	(1,013)		(30,100)			
Net position - beginning, as restated	44,250,521	41,025,608		30,457,043	27,897,546	74,707,564	68,923,154		
Net position - ending	\$ 48,426,636 \$	44,275,862	\$	32,829,916 \$	30,461,888 \$	81,256,552 \$	74,737,750		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

Governmental activities

Total revenues for governmental activities increased by \$1,888,244 or 12.33% when compared to the prior year. The net increase in revenues for the current year is the result of the following:

- City property tax revenues increased by \$533,186 or 6.89% due to an increase in property values. These increases affect both the property taxes collected by the City and the tax increment financing (TIF) monies received by the CRA from the City and Manatee County. This was the fifth year property values have increased, and it appears the trend will continue in the future.
- Capital grants applicable to governmental activities increased by \$281,874 or 125.61% due to grants received from Florida Department of Transportation for the 14th Ave and 17th St realignment.
- Other taxes increased by \$439,128 or 8.40% compared to the prior year due to a full year of the new half-cent sales tax, small increases in receipts of sales tax and utility tax revenue.
- Charges for services increased by \$557,542 or 60.91%. This increase in revenue is attributed to building and zoning fees associated with new development, transportation service reimbursement and other fee revenues.

Total expenses for governmental activities increased by \$994,262 or 7.84% in comparison to the prior year. The increase in the current year expenses is attributed to:

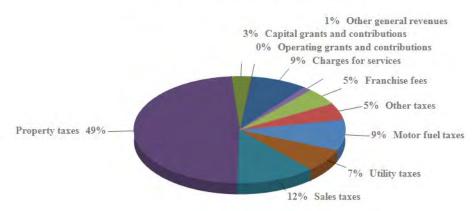
- General government increased by \$186,505 (5.82%) in comparison to prior year and accounts for 18.8% of the overall increase in governmental expenses. This increase includes \$132,598 in increased tax increment funds to CRA for increased property values.
- Public safety increased by \$210,694 (4.47%) and accounts for 21.2% of the overall increase in governmental expenses. The increase includes \$188,269 in costs for associated with contract service in the Community Department for the independent building inspector. In the previous year, the department was in the process of a reorganization and put in place necessary services for the increased growth within the City.
- Highways and streets increased by \$451,560 (44.96%) and accounts for 45.4% of the overall increase in
 governmental expenses and can be attributed to an increase of personnel costs of \$43,150 and the completion of
 several road projects totaling \$374,000. In the previous year, the department had a high level of attrition and is
 currently fully staffed.
- Increases in culture and recreation accounted for \$41,103 (6.32%), and accounts for 4.1% of the overall increase in governmental expenses. The increase includes \$29,472 in additional personnel cost for positions previously vacant in the previous fiscal year.
- Increases in interest on long-term debt accounted for \$10,594 (9.40%), and accounts for 1.1% of the overall increase in governmental expenses. The increase is due to a variable interest rate loan.
- Economic and physical environmental activities incurred minimal changes that allowed the other areas to remain relatively stable.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

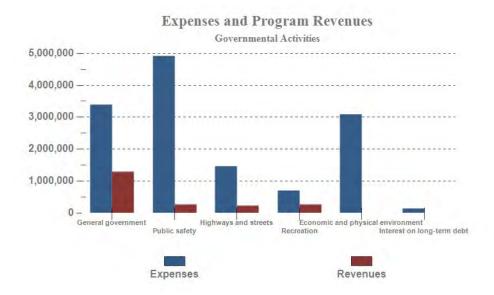
September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

The following graph shows the composition of revenues for the City's governmental activities:





The following chart compares expenses with program revenues, not including tax revenue, for the City's governmental activities:



Business-type Activities

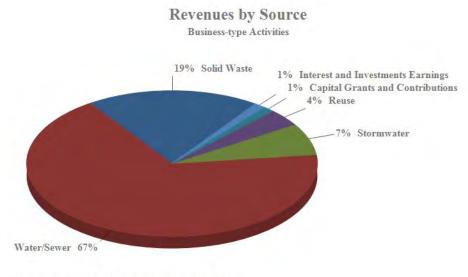
Total revenues increased by \$258,499 or 2.35% for the current year. This revenue increase was largely associated with increases in charges for services of \$442,908 offset by a decrease in capital grants totaling \$259,689. The increase in charges for services was due to a 4% increase in water, sewer and 2% in reuse user fees. This increase was the fifth year of a five-year plan from a rate study completed at the end of fiscal year 2013 and implemented at the beginning of fiscal year 2014. The City has completed a new user rate study in fiscal year 2019 that will be implemented in fiscal year 2020 pending final Commission approval in the summer of 2019. A small increase occurred in the solid waste rates based on the franchise agreements CPI changes and no changes were made to the stormwater rates.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

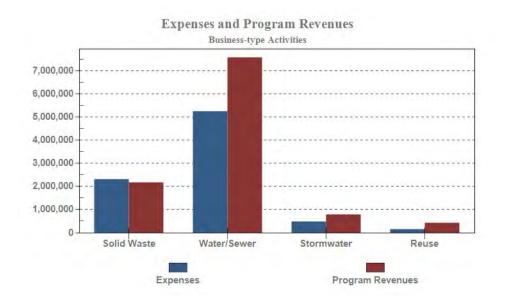
Total expenses increased by \$418,089 or 5.33% when compared to the previous year. Increased expenses in Solid Waste of \$323,080 was due to the debris removal from Hurricane Irma. Increases were due to increased personnel expenses in the Water/Sewer Department of \$49,871 and a slight increase in overall maintenance in the Reuse department. Greater detail and explanation is provided in the Proprietary funds section.

The following chart shows total revenues by source for all business-type activities:



* Zero Data, Operating Grants and Contributions

The following chart compares expenses with program revenues for the City's business type activities:



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The fund financial statements for the governmental funds are provided on pages 29 and 30. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financial requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund* balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,427,606 an increase of \$1,781,235 compared to the prior year. Approximately 25.85% of this amount, or \$4,246,647, constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the City's discretion subject to budgetary constraints. The total fund balance increase resulted from positive net change in General fund of \$530,276, CRA \$1,430,739 and Road and Bridge \$113,060 offset by a decrease in the Capital Projects Fund of \$292,840.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. General tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or by contractual agreement to another fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenses, fixed charges and capital improvement costs not paid through other funds are paid from this fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the general fund was \$9,899,578, as compared with \$9,369,302 in the previous year.

The breakdown of General Fund fund balance classifications is as follows:

- Unassigned fund balance is \$4,246,647 as compared to \$5,101,766 the previous year. The \$855,119 decrease was due in part to the purchase of land for the future site of the police department. The current unassigned fund balance is 4.27 months of budgeted 2019 expenditures.
- Assigned fund balance decreased by \$34,481 to \$316,356. This decrease was attributed to fewer carried forward
 encumbrances and a smaller portion of the available fund balance being assigned to fund 2019 capital projects. The
 City's fund balance policy allows that unassigned balances above five months of expenditure budget can be used to
 fund capital projects.
- Committed fund balance is \$2,020,887, all of which is associated with the Trailer Park Trust.
- Restricted fund balance is \$3,052,271 which includes \$979,924 for the Building department, \$1,619,586 for the infrastructure half-cent sales tax, \$398,383 for impact fees, \$54,378 in Law Enforcement/Cemetery Reserve and the remaining amount for law enforcement and cemetery use. The Building department restriction was increased \$393,871 from fiscal year 2018 operations. This is the fourth straight year reserves have increased due an upturn in construction.
- Nonspendable fund balance related to inventory is \$263,417.

Revenues for the General Fund increased by \$1,344,340 or 12.92%. The largest increases in revenue was mostly associated with taxes. The property taxes increased \$275,111 from higher property values, half-cent sales taxes increased \$382,058 due the first full year of a new voter approved sales tax and permits, fees and special assessments increased by \$384,153 due to a new residential construction project which also increased impacts fees by \$147,634. Other increases occurred in utility, other taxes, fines, interest and charges for services totaling \$164,651. Decreases in miscellaneous revenues and intergovernmental offset the increases totaling \$9,282.

Expenditures for the General Fund increased by \$1,765,435 or 16.92%. This increase was largely driven by the purchase of land for the police department of \$1,478,755. Other increases include increased TIF funds to the CRA of \$132,598 and consulting services in information technology and building department of \$171,629. Although there was a deficiency of revenues over expenditures of \$455,631, after taking into account transfers in, transfers out and capital leases, the net change in fund balance was \$530,276.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

Revenues for the CRA, a blended component unit of the City, increased \$301,242 or 8.90% compared to the previous year. TIF dollars from the City and County accounted for \$258,075, or 86%, of this increase. Total expenditures increased by \$233,653 or 10.99%. The majority of increased expenditures includes the Haben Boulevard landscape project and Department of Environment mitigation grant \$171,246 and additional consulting fees with a focus on brownfield mitigation of \$56,190.

Revenues in the Road and Bridge and Capital Projects Funds decreases by \$35,330 or 1.92%, and \$137,445 or 57.02% respectively for each fund. Revenues associated with charges for service in Road and Bridge accounted for the majority of the decrease. Revenues in the Capital Project was down by the reduction of from reimbursement grants received from SWFWMD and Department of Historical resources for the completion of the MMEC Phase I project and Carnegie Library restoration. Expenditures decreased in Capital Projects funds by \$874,767 due to the completion of the MMEC Phase I project and Carnegie Library restoration in the prior fiscal year. Expenditures increased by \$708,569 in the Road and Bridge fund due to the purchase of a new street sweeper of \$335,322 and increases to repair and maintenance and personnel expense totaling \$303,426.

Proprietary funds

The fund financial statements for the City's proprietary funds, provided on pages 32 through 35, provide essentially the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's proprietary funds reported combined ending net position of \$32,829,916, an increase of \$2,372,873 in comparison with the prior year. Total operating revenues associated with the proprietary funds were \$10,997,039. Total operating revenues, increased by \$442,908 or 4.20% compared to the previous year. The reasons for the increased revenues is explained below.

The Solid Waste Fund had operating loss of \$157,358 compared to the operating income of \$150,544 the previous year. The loss in the current year was due to costs associated with the removal of debris from Hurricane Irma. Net position decreased by \$217,345 after interest and transfers out, the total net position at the end of the current fiscal year, is \$439,361 of which, 97.58% is unrestricted.

The Water and Sewer Fund had operating income of \$2,539,380 for the year, and an increase in net position of \$1,959,980. This increase in net position is due to revenues from the rate increase which outpaced small increases in operating revenues. Revenues increased \$382,178 or 5.30% in accordance with the scheduled rate increases, and operating expenses an increase of \$141,601 or 2.80% as a result of higher personnel costs of \$71,852 due to filling vacancies and contract services of \$55,929. The unrestricted net position at the end of current fiscal year is \$5,490,229 and total net position is \$20,585,498.

The Stormwater Fund had operating income of \$391,597 and an increase in net position of \$368,675. The stormwater user fee structure for residential and commercial customers remains unchanged from 2008, however account audits of impervious areas resulted in revenues increasing by \$19,520 or 2.5% as a result of account adjustments. Operating expenses decreased by \$55,997 or 12.10%. The unrestricted net position at the end of current fiscal year is \$290,703 and the total net position is \$5,410,164.

The Reuse Fund had operating income of \$324,779 and an increase in net position of \$261,563. The fifth year of a five year rate study increased user fees 2% which increased total revenues from the previous year. The expenses increased by \$24,122 or 27.58% as a result of increase in contract services, pension expense and maintenance. At the end of the current fiscal year the unrestricted net position reflects a balance of \$975,025 and the total net position is \$6,394,893.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

GENERAL FUND BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget can be found on page 102. Revenues associated with the original and final amended budget were increased by \$1,826,716. Approximately \$1,013,873 of the revenue increase was associated with taxes. More specifically, \$984,000 in new half-cent sales tax and \$100,126 in utility taxes associated with electricity rate increases. Other taxes, impact fees, permits, fees and assessments and miscellaneous revenues were also increased by smaller amounts and offset by decreases to interest revenues and charges for services. The original General Fund budget anticipated decreasing the General Fund's fund balance by \$270,167 for use of fund balance to fund approved capital outlay and contingencies.

The General Fund total expense budget was increased by \$1,724,070 of which the largest adjustments totaling \$1,478,755 related to the purchase of land for the future police department. Purchase orders carryfoward from fiscal year 2017 was \$64,575. Transfers out were increased by \$23,546 to fund capital projects. The final amended budget anticipated decreasing the General Fund's fund balance by \$227,521 after transfers. This was largely due to the additional capital expense added during the year that surpassed the additional increase in revenues. However, the final result of a net increase \$530,276 was even better due to lower actual expenses compared to the final budget.

Actual revenues excluding other financing sources were more than final budgetary estimates by \$74,535. Actual revenues for investment earnings and fines and forfeitures were in excess of budget. However, these revenues were offset by unfavorable budget to actual receipts in two other revenue categories. Actual expenditures were less than budgetary estimates by \$714,407 and can be attributed to position vacancies throughout the City as well as conservative spending City-wide.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2018, amounts to \$72,318,412 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, infrastructure, and machinery and equipment. The total increase net of accumulated depreciation in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$977,931 or 1.37%. Factors contributing to the increase in capital assets include improvements to 14th Ave and 17th St realignment and the WWTP EQ Basin design, the purchase of land for the police department, three new police vehicles, and associated in car videos, seven vehicles for various utility departments, street sweeper, and mini excavator through a capital lease for a total of \$650,000.

The 2018 Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) was approved by the Commission on October 16, 2017 in the amount of \$9,176,940 for fiscal year 2018.

The CRA also budgeted approximately \$933,633 for other capital improvements within the CRA district.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

The following projects in 2018 had expenditures greater than \$50,000:

City Capital Projects

- Equalization Basin \$374,961 for the design of a Equalization Basis for the Waste Water Treatment Plant.
- 14th Avenue at 17th Street West \$279,532 for intersection improvements. This project was funded from a FDOT grant.
- Lift Station Upgrades \$66,814 for new lift stations and improvements to existing lift stations.
- Future site of the Palmetto Police Department and multimodel projects \$1,478,433.

CRA

- Edenfield \$167,088 for brownfield remediation at the Edenfield site in preparation for the construction of Connor Park.
- Palmetto Historic Park Building Restoration \$102,648 for the second phase of the restoration of the Carnegie Library. This project was funded in part with a Historic Resources grant.

City of Palmetto's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government			
		2018 2017			2018	2017	2018			2017	
Land	\$	6,500,443 \$	4,756,674	\$	279,415 \$	279,415	\$	6,779,858	\$	5,036,089	
Buildings		284,224	212,364		275,551	296,857		559,775		509,221	
Improvements other than											
buildings					23,972,242	24,338,642		23,972,242		24,338,642	
Machinery and equipment		2,268,396	2,221,606		1,917,687	2,046,360		4,186,083		4,267,966	
Infrastructure		27,633,747	27,597,847					27,633,747		27,597,847	
Construction in progress		3,115,001	3,615,299	_	6,071,706	5,975,417		9,186,707		9,590,716	
Total	\$	39,801,811 \$	38,403,790	\$	32,516,601 \$	32,936,691	\$	72,318,412	\$	71,340,481	

Additional information on the City's capital assets is presented in Note V, F beginning on page 63 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

Long-term Liabilities

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had long-term liabilities outstanding of \$16,913,510. Long-term liabilities includes compensated absences of \$731,465, net pension liability of \$3,015,101, and OPEB of \$288,455 as well as the City's bank loans and capital leases as shown in the table below. The City's debt is comprised of a \$4.3 million loan obtained in fiscal year 2004, a \$6.5 million loan obtained in fiscal year 2005, a \$5.3 million loan obtained in fiscal year 2007, a \$1.25 million loan in fiscal year 2014 and three State of Florida revolving fund loans. All loans were used to fund capital improvement projects throughout the City. An interest rate swap agreement exists with the loans obtained in fiscal years 2004, 2005 and 2007 which have a total liability of \$394,325 as of September 30, 2018 which is a decrease of \$338,682 from the prior year. The loans are secured by a primary pledge of the Water, Sewer, Reuse and Storm Water revenues, with a secondary pledge of the non-ad valorem General Fund revenues. The City has \$1,723,356 in outstanding capital leases as of September 30, 2018.

In fiscal year 2006, the Community Redevelopment Association (CRA) obtained a loan for \$4,395,000 to fund capital improvement projects within the CRA district and retire \$1,500,000 of debt issued in 2004. The current balance is \$1,738,348 as of September 30, 2018. The loan is secured by a primary pledge of Tax Increment Funds (TIF) and is included in the City's outstanding debt.

City of Palmetto's Loans and Capital Leases Payable

	Governmental Activities					Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government				
	2018			2017		2018		2017		2018		2017		
Bank Qualified Loans														
2004 Loan	\$	224,722	\$	259,385	\$	798,726	\$	921,927	\$	1,023,448	\$	1,181,312		
2005 Loan		610,209		681,922		2,456,443		2,745,127		3,066,652		3,427,049		
2007 Loan		513,060		557,185		2,528,396		2,745,849		3,041,456		3,303,034		
2014 Loan						968,017		1,041,015		968,017		1,041,015		
SRF Loans						922,887		725,663		922,887		725,663		
CRA Loan		1,738,348		1,977,750	_		_		_	1,738,348		1,977,750		
Total Loans		3,086,339		3,476,242		7,674,469		8,179,581		10,760,808		11,655,823		
Capital Leases		781,608		678,635	_	941,749	_	1,096,954	_	1,723,357		1,775,589		
Total Loans and Leases	\$	3,867,947	\$	4,154,877	\$	8,616,218	\$	9,276,535	\$	12,484,165	\$	13,431,412		

See Note V, G, and H on pages 66 through 78.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The unemployment rate for the North Port/Sarasota/Bradenton area for November 2018 was 2.90%, which is slightly lower that the State unemployment rate of 3.30% for the same time period. The national unemployment rate for the same time period is 3.70% percent (source: Bureau of Labor Statistics).

According to the 2010 Census, the City's population was 12,606. As of April 2018, the population is estimated at 13,259 a 5.08% percent increase since the 2010 census (source: Bureau of Economic and Business Research).

The 2018 taxable value of commercial and residential property increased from \$809,612,522 in fiscal year 2017 to \$851,952,040 for fiscal year 2018. This represents a 5.23 percent increase in taxable value and is largely attributed to the increased property values that are being experienced statewide. This increase of 5.23 percent was slightly less than the 6.7 percent increased realized a year ago. After several years of declining property values, fiscal year 2018 was the sixth year in a row that the City saw values increase. We expect that trend to continue based on economic data and the overall health of the real estate market within the City. Since the City's taxable value peaked in fiscal year 2008, values decreased by 36 percent during a four year slide ending in FY2012. The City has made adjustments along the way to meet the challenges of the economic downturn. We are well poised and encouraged by the direction of our economy here in Palmetto.

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

The General Fund property tax millage of \$5.9671 for fiscal year 2018 has remained the same since FY2016 when the millage increased by .25 mills. Prior to FY2016, the City passed millage increases in FY2012, 2013 and 2014 of .4523 mills, .10 mills and .50 mils respectively. These increases were driven by the declining property values during this timeframe.

The fiscal year 2018 pension contribution amounts as a percentage of each payroll dollar for the Police and General Employees Pension Plans was 25.48% and 24.47% respectively. This represented an decrease of 4.56% for the Police Plan and a decrease of 4.30% for the General Employees' Pension Plan. The decrease in contribution amounts was largely attributed to the strong investment returns for each plan. Despite rising health care costs, the City managed to realize only a 4.85% overall increase in premiums for fiscal year 2018.

Funding for capital projects continues to present a challenge to the City. The cost of construction materials, concrete and steel, have escalated creating a challenge as we move forward with major construction projects. However, in fiscal year 2019 the implementation of a utility rate study will provide much needed funding. In addition, the City continues to seek grants whenever possible to leverage City dollars. The plans for a new convention center hotel has been approved with incentives being provided by the CRA and the potential for a CDBG economic development grant submitted in FY2019. During fiscal year 2017, the City was awarded a Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) in the amount of \$750,000 for infrastructure improvements in west Palmetto. In addition, our funding partnership with FDOT for the MMEC Phase II project is expected to continue in the coming years as part of a five-year project in our old main street district. The City is also looking forward to Congestion Management Projects in fiscal year 2019 which will add turn lanes on 10th Street and 2nd Avenue. Construction of the new equalization basin at our Wastewater Treatment plant will begin in the Spring of 2019. This project is being funded with a loan from the Florida State Revolving Fund an overall cost of \$6.8 million. In addition, the City will begin the design of the new police department in Spring of 2019 utilizing funds from the capital infrastructure sales tax fund.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide users with a general overview of the City of Palmetto's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Clerk, P.O. Box 1209, Palmetto, FL 34220 or telephone (941) 723-4570. You may also access our website at www.palmettofl.org.

City of Palmetto, Florida For the Year Ended September 30, 2018



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CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

As of September 30, 2018

	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS	receivees	rictivities	10001
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,169,181 \$	4,590,394 \$	14,759,575
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible	920,503	1,245,429	2,165,932
Due from other governments	308,130		308,130
Investments	2,388,552		2,388,552
Internal balances	268,441	(268,441)	
Inventory	263,417		263,417
Restricted assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	3,330,637	4,948,765	8,279,402
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)			
Land	6,500,443	279,415	6,779,858
Buildings	284,224	275,551	559,775
Improvements other than buildings		23,972,242	23,972,242
Machinery and equipment	2,268,396	1,917,687	4,186,083
Infrastructure	27,633,747		27,633,747
Construction in progress	3,115,001	6,071,706	9,186,707
Total assets	57,450,672	43,032,748	100,483,420
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of pension resources	633,764		633,764
Accumulated decrease in fair value of swap agreement	130,110	264,215	394,325
			
Total deferred outflow of resources	763,874	264,215	1,028,089
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	497,882	283,800	781,682
Accrued interest	17,395	52,536	69,931
Unearned revenue	289,170		289,170
Customer deposits	2,200	648,089	650,289
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year	878,740	1,209,928	2,088,668
Due in more than one year	6,762,536	8,062,306	14,824,842
Total liabilities	8,447,923	10,256,659	18,704,582
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of pension earnings	1,330,661	208,605	1,539,266
Deferred inflows from OPEB	9,326	1,783	11,109
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,339,987	210,388	1,550,375
NET POSITION	,-	<u> </u>	
Net investment in capital assets	35,933,864	24,524,166	60,458,030
Restricted for:	33,933,604	24,324,100	00,438,030
Capital projects	1,919,772	623,782	2,543,554
Debt service	1,919,772	185,837	185,837
Building program	979,924	165,657	979,924
Law enforcement	50,693		50,693
Impact fees	754,525	311,445	1,065,970
Community redevelopment	3,883,488		3,883,488
Transportation	1,284,083		1,284,083
Unrestricted	3,620,287	7,184,686	10,804,973
Total net position	\$ 48,426,636 \$	32,829,916 \$	81,256,552

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Function/Programs	Expenses	rect Expenses Allocation
Primary Government:		
Governmental activities:		
General government	\$ 3,904,909	\$ (515,824)
Public safety	4,922,734	
Highways and streets	1,455,875	
Recreation	691,519	
Economic and physical environment	2,571,713	515,824
Interest on long-term debt	123,283	
Total governmental activities	13,670,033	
Business-type activities:		
Solid Waste	2,324,223	
Water and Sewer	5,272,179	
Stormwater	497,092	
Reuse	165,525	
Total business-type activities	8,259,019	
Total primary government	\$ 21,929,052	\$

		Program Revenues		Net (Expenses)	Revenues and Changes	in Net Position
		Operating	Capital		Primary Government	
Cl	narges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
\$	881,869	\$	\$ 402,679	\$ (2,104,537))\$ \$	(2,104,537)
	244,484	6,000		(4,672,250)		(4,672,250)
	203,537		83	(1,252,255)		(1,252,255)
	143,064		103,514	(444,941)		(444,941)
				(3,087,537)		(3,087,537)
	1,472,954	6,000	506,276	(123,283)		(123,283) (11,684,803)
	1,472,934	0,000	300,270	(11,064,603)		(11,084,803)
	2,166,408				(157,815)	(157,815)
	7,595,756		134,032		2,457,609	2,457,609
	798,498				301,406	301,406
	436,377		405		271,257	271,257
	10,997,039		134,437		2,872,457	2,872,457
\$	12,469,993	\$ 6,000	\$ 640,713	\$ (11,684,803)	2,872,457	8 (8,812,346)
Gener	al Revenues:					
	perty taxes			\$ 8,277,283	\$	\$ 8,277,283
	es taxes			2,030,235		2,030,235
	lity taxes			1,187,993		1,187,993
	tor fuel taxes er taxes			1,590,376 858,059		1,590,376 858,059
	nchise fees			906,516		906,516
	erest and invest	ment earnings		199,260	144,230	343,490
	er general reve			167,382		167,382
Trans				643,814	(643,814)	
T	otal general rev	venues and transfers		15,860,918	(499,584)	15,361,334
C	hange in net po	osition		4,176,115	2,372,873	6,548,988
Net po	sition - beginni	ing, as originally stated		44,275,862	30,461,888	74,737,750
Change	e in accounting	principle (Note II)		(25,341)	(4,845)	(30,186)
Net po	sition - beginni	ing, as restated		44,250,521	30,457,043	74,707,564
Net po	sition - ending			\$ 48,426,636	\$ 32,829,916	\$ 81,256,552

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2018

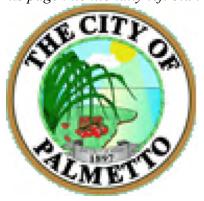
		General	R	Community Redevelopment Agency		Road and Bridge		Capital Projects (Nonmajor)	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible) Advances to other funds Due from other governments Investments	\$	3,908,007 360,113 270,119 188,425 2,388,552	\$	4,052,271 178,200 	\$	1,544,003 23,003 119,705	\$	664,900 357,509 	\$	10,169,181 918,825 270,119 308,130 2,388,552
Inventory Cash - Restricted	_	263,417 2,967,994	_		_	362,643	_		_	263,417 3,330,637
Total assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$</u>	10,346,627	= \$	4,230,471	\$	2,049,354	= \$	1,022,409	= \$	17,648,861
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Customer deposits payable	\$	216,955 77,170 1,200	\$	175,477 1,000	\$	93,700 	\$	29,145 	\$	515,277 77,170 2,200
Total liabilities		295,325		176,477		93,700		29,145		594,647
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue	_	151,724		170,506	_	18,928	_	285,450		626,608
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned		263,417 3,052,271 2,020,887 316,356 4,246,647		3,883,488 		 1,936,726 		 707,814 		263,417 8,872,485 2,728,701 316,356 4,246,647
Total fund balances		9,899,578	_	3,883,488	_	1,936,726	_	707,814		16,427,606
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	10,346,627	\$	4,230,471	\$	2,049,354	\$	1,022,409	=	
Adjustments for primary government total net positions General capital assets, net of accumulated deprect Unearned revenue Unavailable revenue Deferred outflows of pension resources Deferred inflows of pension earnings Deferred inflows from OPEB Long term debt for capital leases; compensated at Total net position for governmental activities	iatio bsen	nces, net pens	sion	n liabilites, OPF	EΒ	and loans			\$ <u>\$</u>	39,801,811 (212,000) 626,608 633,764 (1,330,661) (9,326) (7,511,166) 48,426,636

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Community	D J J	Capital	Total
	General	Redevelopment Agency	Road and Bridge	Projects (Nonmajor)	Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes					
Property	\$ 4,671,351	\$ 3,605,932	\$	\$	\$ 8,277,283
Sales	2,030,235				2,030,235
Utility	1,187,993				1,187,993
Motor fuel	11,818		1,578,558		1,590,376
Other	858,059				858,059
Permits, fees, and special assessments	1,678,070				1,678,070
Intergovernmental revenues	6,000			103,597	109,597
Fines and forfeitures	96,605				96,605
Charges for services	735,875		123,590		859,465
Interest earnings	104,271	69,344	25,645		199,260
Miscellaneous	179,940	11,636	1,134		192,710
Impact fees	186,062		79,947		266,009
Total revenues	11,746,279	3,686,912	1,808,874	103,597	17,345,662
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	3,492,141				3,492,141
Public safety	4,786,308				4,786,308
Highways and streets			990,841		990,841
Recreation	678,255				678,255
Economic and physical environment Capital outlay	1,210,354	1,716,737			2,927,091
Streets		92,600	375,966	326,766	795,332
Other	1,707,498	268,140		152,422	2,128,060
Debt service principal and interest	327,354	281,628	305,131		914,113
Total expenditures	12,201,910	2,359,105	1,671,938	479,188	16,712,141
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(455,631) 1,327,807	136,936	(375,591)	633,521
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	917,707	142,249		225,000	1,284,956
Transfers out	(60,000	·	(399,576)		
Capital leases	128,200		375,700	(172,27)	503,900
Total other financing sources (uses)	985,907		(23,876)	82,751	1,147,714
Net change in fund balances	530,276	·	113,060	(292,840)	
Fund balances, beginning	9,369,302		1,823,666	1,000,654	14,646,371
Fund balances, ending	\$ 9,899,578			•	

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CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	1,781,235
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		1,398,021
The issuance of long-term debt (i.e. loans and capital leases) provides current financial resources to government funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of government funds and does not effect net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related payments.		286,930
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		337,433
Some revenues reported in the statement of activities do not increase current financial resources.	_	372,496
Changes in net assets of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	4,176,115

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2018

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
		-	Water and				
	Sc	olid Waste	Sewer	Stormwater	Reuse		Total
ASSETS							
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	409,544	\$ 3,417,097	\$ 204,301	\$ 559,	452	\$ 4,590,394
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible)		225,311	854,817	87,482	77,	819	1,245,429
Total current assets		634,855	4,271,914	291,783	637,	271	5,835,823
Noncurrent assets							
Cash - Restricted							
Cash - capital projects			2,421,877	129,875	627,	860	3,179,612
Loan proceeds			623,782				623,782
Loan covenant accounts			7,480	177,065	l,	292	185,837
Impact fees			311,445				311,445
Customer deposits			648,089		-		648,089
Total cash - restricted			4,012,673	306,940	629,	152	4,948,765
Capital Assets:							
Land			4,815	274,600			279,415
Buildings			652,267				652,267
Improvements other than buildings			29,728,076	9,677,947	3,149,		42,555,413
Machinery and equipment		252,041	3,954,642	220,066		390	4,440,139
Construction in progress		(212.246)	2,069,540	20,125	3,982,		6,071,706
Less: accumulated depreciation		(213,346)	(17,244,200)	(3,234,093)	(790,	<u>/00)</u>	(21,482,339
Total capital assets (net of accumulated							
depreciation)		38,695	19,165,140	6,958,645	6,354,	121	32,516,601
Total noncurrent assets		38,695	23,177,813	7,265,585	6,983,	273	37,465,366
Total assets		673,550	27,449,727	7,557,368	7,620,	544	43,301,189
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Accumulated decrease in fair value of swap			02.440	170.011		056	264.215
agreement			83,448	179,811		956	264,215

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2018

LIABILITIES Total liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued interest payable Advances from other funds Compensated absences Capital leases payable-current Loans payable-current	140,227 1,330 8,053	129,577 29,107	7,442 17,291	6,554 6,138	Total 283,800
Total liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued interest payable Advances from other funds Compensated absences Capital leases payable-current	140,227 1,330	129,577 29,107 	7,442	6,554	
Total liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued interest payable Advances from other funds Compensated absences Capital leases payable-current	1,330	29,107	·	,	283 800
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued interest payable Advances from other funds Compensated absences Capital leases payable-current	1,330	29,107	·	,	283 800
Accrued interest payable Advances from other funds Compensated absences Capital leases payable-current	1,330	29,107	·	,	283 800
Advances from other funds Compensated absences Capital leases payable-current			17,291	6 138	
Compensated absences Capital leases payable-current					52,536
Capital leases payable-current				268,441	268,441
	8,053	10,603	4,701		16,634
		219,464	37,494	02.442	265,011
Loans payable-current		476,980	357,860	93,443	928,283
Total current liabilities payable from					
unrestricted assets	149,610	865,731	424,788	374,576	1,814,705
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:					
Customer deposits payable		648,089			648,089
Total current liabilities payable from restricted					
assets		648,089	 -		648,089
Total current liabilities	149,610	1,513,820	424,788	374,576	2,462,794
Noncurrent liabilities					
Loans payable		4,318,619	1,585,465	842,102	6,746,186
Interest rate swap contracts		83,448	179,811	956	264,215
Other post-employment benefits	5,395	30,407	8,262	752	44,816
Net pension liability	31,531	198,995	45,227	4,697	280,450
Compensated absences	3,989	31,810	14,103		49,902
Capital leases payable	20,010	621,297	35,430		676,737
Total noncurrent liabilities	60,925	5,284,576	1,868,298	848,507	8,062,306
Total liabilities	210,535	6,798,396	2,293,086	1,223,083	10,525,100
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows of pension earnings	23,454	148,016	33,641	3,494	208,605
Deferred inflows of other post employment					
benefits	200	1,265	288	30	1,783
Total deferred inflows of resources	23,654	149,281	33,929	3,524	210,388
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	10,632	14,152,562	4,942,396	5,418,576	24,524,166
Restricted for:					
Capital improvements		623,782			623,782
Debt service		7,480	177,065	1,292	185,837
Impact fees		311,445			311,445
Unrestricted	428,729	5,490,229	290,703	975,025	7,184,686
Total net position	\$ 439,361	\$ 20,585,498	\$ 5,410,164 \$	6,394,893	\$ 32,829,916

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Charges for sales and services		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
Charges for sales and services				Water and		_		
Charges for sales and services \$ 2,109,275 \$ \$ \$ \$ 2,105 Garbage and trash pickup \$ 2,109,275 \$ \$ \$ 3,920,545 3,920 Water sales 3,325,034 3,325 Sewer charges 3,325,034 3,325 Stormwater fees 787,141 788 Reuse fees 427,590 427 Installation and connection fees 36,400 427,500 427 Miscellaneous 30,212 202,039 342 26 232 Total operating revenues 2,166,408 7,595,756 798,498 436,377 10,997 Operating Expenses: Cost of sales and services 2,319,203 4,169,986 194,237 46,501 6,725 Depreciation 4,563 886,390 212,664 65,097 1,168 Total operating expenses 2,323,766 5,056,376 406,901 111,598 7,898 Operating income (loss) (157,358) 2,539,380 391,597 324,779 3,098 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		S	olid Waste	Sewer	Stormwater	Reuse	Total	
Charges for sales and services \$ 2,109,275 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 2,105 Garbage and trash pickup \$ 2,109,275 \$ 5 \$ \$ \$ 3,920 Water sales 3,320,545 787,141 3,322 Sewer charges 3,325,034 787,141 788 Stornwater fees 787,141 787,141 788 Reuse fees 427,590 427 Installation and connection fees 36,400 1 427,590 427 Miscellaneous 30,212 202,039 342 26 232 Total operating revenues 2,166,408 7,595,756 798,498 436,377 10,997 Operating Expenses: Cost of sales and services 2,319,203 4,169,986 194,237 46,501 6,725 Depreciation 4,563 886,390 212,664 65,097 1,168 Total operating expenses 2,323,766 5,056,376 400,901 111,598 7,898 Operating income (loss) (157,358) 2,539,380 391,597 324,779 3,098 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (457) (215,803) (90,191) (53,927) (366 Interest earnings (457) (215,803) (90,191) (53,927) (366 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 6,299 (101,747) (84,866) (35,834) (216 Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers (151,059) 2,437,633 306,731 288,945 2,882 Capital contributions-impact fees </th <th>Operating Revenues:</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Operating Revenues:							
Garbage and trash pickup \$ 2,109,275 \$ - \$ - \$ 2,109 Water sales - 3,920,545 - - 3,920 Sewer charges - 3,325,034 - - 3,920 Stormwater fees - - - 787,141 - 787 Reuse fees - - - - - 427,590 427 Installation and connection fees - - - - - 36,400 - - - 36 Penaltics and check charges 26,921 111,738 11,015 8,761 158 Miscellaneous 30,212 202,039 342 26 232 Total operating revenues 2,319,203 4,169,986 194,237 46,501 6,725 Depreciation 4,563 886,390 212,664 65,097 1,168 Total operating expenses 2,323,766 5,056,376 406,901 111,598 7,898 Operating income (loss)<								
Sewer charges 3,325,034 3,325 Stornwater fees 787,141 787 Reuse fees 36,400 36 Penalties and check charges 26,921 111,738 11,015 8,761 155 Miscellaneous 30,212 202,039 342 26 232 Total operating revenues 2,166,408 7,595,756 798,498 436,377 10,997 Operating Expenses: Cost of sales and services 2,319,203 4,169,986 194,237 46,501 6,725 Depreciation 4,563 886,390 212,664 65,097 1,168 Total operating expenses 2,323,766 5,056,376 406,901 111,598 7,898 Operating income (loss) (157,358) 2,539,380 391,597 324,779 3,098 Interest earnings 6,756 114,056 5,325 18,093 144 Interest expense <t< td=""><td></td><td>\$</td><td>2,109,275 \$</td><td></td><td>\$ \$</td><td> \$</td><td>2,109,275</td></t<>		\$	2,109,275 \$		\$ \$	\$	2,109,275	
Stormwater fees 787,141 787, 20 Reuse fees 427,590 427 Installation and connection fees 36,400 36 Penalties and check charges 26,921 111,738 11,015 8,761 158 Miscellaneous 30,212 202,039 342 26 232 Total operating revenues 2,166,408 7,595,756 798,498 436,377 10,997 Operating Expenses: Cost of sales and services 2,319,203 4,169,986 194,237 46,501 6,725 Depreciation 4,563 886,390 212,664 65,097 1,168 Total operating expenses 2,323,766 5,056,376 406,901 111,598 7,898 Operating Income (loss) (157,358) 2,539,380 391,597 324,779 3,098 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (157,358) 2,539,380 391,597 324,779 3,098 Interes	Water sales			3,920,545			3,920,545	
Reuse fees	Sewer charges			3,325,034			3,325,034	
Installation and connection fees	Stormwater fees				787,141		787,141	
Penalties and check charges 26,921 111,738 11,015 8,761 158 Miscellaneous 30,212 202,039 342 26 232 Total operating revenues 2,166,408 7,595,756 798,498 436,377 10,997 Operating Expenses: Cost of sales and services 2,319,203 4,169,986 194,237 46,501 6,725 Depreciation 4,563 886,390 212,664 65,097 1,168 Total operating expenses 2,323,766 5,056,376 406,901 111,598 7,898 Operating income (loss) (157,358) 2,539,380 391,597 324,779 3,098 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (457) (215,803) (90,191) (53,927) (360 Interest earnings 6,756 114,056 5,325 18,093 144 Interest earnings (457) (215,803) (90,191) (53,927) (360 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 6,299 (101,747) (84,866) (35,834)	Reuse fees					427,590	427,590	
Miscellaneous 30,212 202,039 342 26 232 Total operating revenues 2,166,408 7,595,756 798,498 436,377 10,997 Operating Expenses: Cost of sales and services 2,319,203 4,169,986 194,237 46,501 6,729 Depreciation 4,563 886,390 212,664 65,097 1,168 Total operating expenses 2,323,766 5,056,376 406,901 111,598 7,898 Operating income (loss) (157,358) 2,539,380 391,597 324,779 3,098 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 6,756 114,056 5,325 18,093 144 Interest expense (457) (215,803) (90,191) (53,927) (360 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 6,299 (101,747) (84,866) (35,834) (216 Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers (151,059) 2,437,633 306,731 288,945 2,882 Capital contributions-impact fees 134,032							36,400	
Total operating revenues 2,166,408 7,595,756 798,498 436,377 10,997 Operating Expenses: Cost of sales and services 2,319,203 4,169,986 194,237 46,501 6,725 Depreciation 4,563 886,390 212,664 65,097 1,168 Total operating expenses 2,323,766 5,056,376 406,901 111,598 7,898 Operating income (loss) (157,358) 2,539,380 391,597 324,779 3,098 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 6,756 114,056 5,325 18,093 144 Interest expense (457) (215,803) (90,191) (53,927) (360 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 6,299 (101,747) (84,866) (35,834) (216 Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers (151,059) 2,437,633 306,731 288,945 2,882 Capital contributions-impact fees 134,032 134 Capital contributions-grants	<u> </u>						158,435	
Operating Expenses: Cost of sales and services 2,319,203 4,169,986 194,237 46,501 6,725 Depreciation 4,563 886,390 212,664 65,097 1,168 Total operating expenses 2,323,766 5,056,376 406,901 111,598 7,898 Operating income (loss) (157,358) 2,539,380 391,597 324,779 3,098 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 6,756 114,056 5,325 18,093 144 Interest expense (457) (215,803) (90,191) (53,927) (360 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 6,299 (101,747) (84,866) (35,834) (216 Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers (151,059) 2,437,633 306,731 288,945 2,882 Capital contributions-impact fees 134,032 134 Capital contributions-grants 186,000 186 Transfers out (66,286) (611,685) (124,056)<	Miscellaneous	_	30,212	202,039	342	26	232,619	
Cost of sales and services 2,319,203 4,169,986 194,237 46,501 6,729 Depreciation 4,563 886,390 212,664 65,097 1,168 Total operating expenses 2,323,766 5,056,376 406,901 111,598 7,898 Operating income (loss) (157,358) 2,539,380 391,597 324,779 3,098 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 6,756 114,056 5,325 18,093 144 Interest earnings (457) (215,803) (90,191) (53,927) (360 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 6,299 (101,747) (84,866) (35,834) (216 Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers (151,059) 2,437,633 306,731 288,945 2,882 Capital contributions-impact fees 134,032 134 Capital contributions-grants 186,000 186 Transfers in 186,000 186 Transf	Total operating revenues	_	2,166,408	7,595,756	798,498	436,377	10,997,039	
Cost of sales and services 2,319,203 4,169,986 194,237 46,501 6,729 Depreciation 4,563 886,390 212,664 65,097 1,168 Total operating expenses 2,323,766 5,056,376 406,901 111,598 7,898 Operating income (loss) (157,358) 2,539,380 391,597 324,779 3,098 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 6,756 114,056 5,325 18,093 144 Interest earnings (457) (215,803) (90,191) (53,927) (360 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 6,299 (101,747) (84,866) (35,834) (216 Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers (151,059) 2,437,633 306,731 288,945 2,882 Capital contributions-impact fees 134,032 134 Capital contributions-grants 186,000 186 Transfers in 186,000 186 Total	Operating Expenses:							
Depreciation			2,319,203	4,169,986	194,237	46,501	6,729,927	
Operating income (loss) (157,358) 2,539,380 391,597 324,779 3,098 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 6,756 114,056 5,325 18,093 144 Interest expense (457) (215,803) (90,191) (53,927) (360 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 6,299 (101,747) (84,866) (35,834) (216 Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers (151,059) 2,437,633 306,731 288,945 2,882 Capital contributions-impact fees 134,032 134 Capital contributions-grants 186,000 186 Transfers in 186,000 186 Transfers out (66,286) (611,685) (124,056) (27,787) (825 Change in net position (217,345) 1,959,980 368,675 261,563 2,372 Total net position - beginning, as originally stated 657,251 18,628,956 5,042,270 6,133,411 30,461							1,168,714	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 6,756 114,056 5,325 18,093 144 Interest expense (457) (215,803) (90,191) (53,927) (360 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 6,299 (101,747) (84,866) (35,834) (216 Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers (151,059) 2,437,633 306,731 288,945 2,882 Capital contributions-impact fees 134,032 134 Capital contributions-grants 405 186,000 186 Transfers in 186,000 186 Transfers out (66,286) (611,685) (124,056) (27,787) (829 Change in net position (217,345) 1,959,980 368,675 261,563 2,372 Total net position - beginning, as originally stated 657,251 18,628,956 5,042,270 6,133,411 30,461	Total operating expenses		2,323,766	5,056,376	406,901	111,598	7,898,641	
Interest earnings 6,756 114,056 5,325 18,093 144 Interest expense (457) (215,803) (90,191) (53,927) (360 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 6,299 (101,747) (84,866) (35,834) (216 Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers (151,059) 2,437,633 306,731 288,945 2,882 Capital contributions-impact fees 134,032 134 Capital contributions-grants 405 186,000 186 Transfers in 186,000 186 Transfers out (66,286) (611,685) (124,056) (27,787) (829 Change in net position (217,345) 1,959,980 368,675 261,563 2,372 Total net position - beginning, as originally stated 657,251 18,628,956 5,042,270 6,133,411 30,461	Operating income (loss)		(157,358)	2,539,380	391,597	324,779	3,098,398	
Interest earnings 6,756 114,056 5,325 18,093 144 Interest expense (457) (215,803) (90,191) (53,927) (360 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 6,299 (101,747) (84,866) (35,834) (216 Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers (151,059) 2,437,633 306,731 288,945 2,882 Capital contributions-impact fees 134,032 134 Capital contributions-grants 405 186,000 186 Transfers in 186,000 186 Transfers out (66,286) (611,685) (124,056) (27,787) (829 Change in net position (217,345) 1,959,980 368,675 261,563 2,372 Total net position - beginning, as originally stated 657,251 18,628,956 5,042,270 6,133,411 30,461	Nononerating Revenues (Expenses)							
Interest expense (457) (215,803) (90,191) (53,927) (360 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 6,299 (101,747) (84,866) (35,834) (216 Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers (151,059) 2,437,633 306,731 288,945 2,882 Capital contributions-impact fees 134,032 134 Capital contributions-grants 405 Transfers in 186,000 186 Transfers out (66,286) (611,685) (124,056) (27,787) (829 Change in net position (217,345) 1,959,980 368,675 261,563 2,372 Total net position - beginning, as originally stated 657,251 18,628,956 5,042,270 6,133,411 30,461			6.756	114.056	5.325	18.093	144,230	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 6,299 (101,747) (84,866) (35,834) (216 Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers (151,059) 2,437,633 306,731 288,945 2,882 Capital contributions-impact fees 134,032 134 Capital contributions-grants 405 Transfers in 186,000 186 Transfers out (66,286) (611,685) (124,056) (27,787) (829 Change in net position (217,345) 1,959,980 368,675 261,563 2,372 Total net position - beginning, as originally stated 657,251 18,628,956 5,042,270 6,133,411 30,461					,		(360,378)	
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers (151,059) 2,437,633 306,731 288,945 2,882 Capital contributions-impact fees 134,032 134 Capital contributions-grants 405 Transfers in 186,000 186 Transfers out (66,286) (611,685) (124,056) (27,787) (829 Change in net position (217,345) 1,959,980 368,675 261,563 2,372 Total net position - beginning, as originally stated 657,251 18,628,956 5,042,270 6,133,411 30,461	•		<u> </u>				(216,148)	
transfers (151,059) 2,437,633 306,731 288,945 2,882 Capital contributions-impact fees 134,032 134 Capital contributions-grants 405 Transfers in 186,000 186 Transfers out (66,286) (611,685) (124,056) (27,787) (829) Change in net position (217,345) 1,959,980 368,675 261,563 2,372 Total net position - beginning, as originally stated 657,251 18,628,956 5,042,270 6,133,411 30,461			-,,	(===,, =,)	(0.1,000)	(00,000)	(===,===)	
Capital contributions-grants 405 Transfers in 186,000 186 Transfers out (66,286) (611,685) (124,056) (27,787) (829 Change in net position (217,345) 1,959,980 368,675 261,563 2,372 Total net position - beginning, as originally stated 657,251 18,628,956 5,042,270 6,133,411 30,461			(151,059)	2,437,633	306,731	288,945	2,882,250	
Capital contributions-grants 405 Transfers in 186,000 186 Transfers out (66,286) (611,685) (124,056) (27,787) (829 Change in net position (217,345) 1,959,980 368,675 261,563 2,372 Total net position - beginning, as originally stated 657,251 18,628,956 5,042,270 6,133,411 30,461	Canital contributions impact fees			134 032			134,032	
Transfers in Transfers out 186,000 (124,056) 186 (27,787)				154,052		405	405	
Transfers out (66,286) (611,685) (124,056) (27,787) (829) Change in net position (217,345) 1,959,980 368,675 261,563 2,372 Total net position - beginning, as originally stated 657,251 18,628,956 5,042,270 6,133,411 30,461	Transfers in				186,000		186,000	
Total net position - beginning, as originally stated 657,251 18,628,956 5,042,270 6,133,411 30,461			(66,286)	(611,685)		(27,787)	(829,814)	
	Change in net position		(217,345)	1,959,980	368,675	261,563	2,372,873	
Change in accounting principle (Note II) (545) (3,438) (781) (81) (4	Total net position - beginning, as originally stated		657,251	18,628,956	5,042,270	6,133,411	30,461,888	
	Change in accounting principle (Note II)		(545)	(3,438)	(781)	(81)	(4,845)	
Total net position - beginning, as restated 656,706 18,625,518 5,041,489 6,133,330 30,457			· · · · · ·				30,457,043	
· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		\$	'				32,829,916	

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Solid Waste	Water and Sewer	Stormwater	Reuse	Total Proprietary
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers and users	2,163,020	7,485,578	795,312	751,597	11,195,507
Payments to suppliers	2,190,588)	3,479,115)	64,655)	11,638)	5,745,996)
Payments to employees	151,939)	934,060)	212,006)	20,578)	1,318,583)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	179,507)	3,072,403	518,651	719,381	4,130,928
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Advances (to)/from other funds				49,089)	49,089)
Transfers from other funds			186,000		186,000
Transfers to other funds	66,286)	611,685)	124,056)	27,787)	829,814)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital and related					
financing activities	66,286)	611,685)	61,944	76,876)	692,903)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	8,097)	564,021)	21,129)	9,277)	602,524)
Proceeds from issuance of debt		368,749			368,749
Impact fee capital contributions		134,032			134,032
Grant capital contributions				405	405
Payments on capital lease obligations	4,937)	256,075)	40,294)		301,306)
Principal paid on capital debt		439,759)	344,593)	89,509)	873,861)
Interest paid on capital debt	457)	216,204)	92,746)	53,936)	363,343)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related					
financing activities	13,491)	973,278)	498,762)	152,317)	1,637,848)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest and dividends received	6,756	114,056	5,325	18,093	144,230
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	6,756	114,056	5,325	18,093	144,230

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	252,528)	1,601,496	87,158	508,281	1,944,407
Cash and cash equivalents - October 1	662,072	5,828,274	424,083	680,323	7,594,752
Cash and cash equivalents - September 30	409,544	7,429,770	511,241	1,188,604	9,539,159
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH					
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating income (loss)	157,358)	2,539,380	391,597	324,779	3,098,398
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net					
cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation expense	4,563	886,390	212,664	65,097	1,168,714
Non-cash pension expense	22,650)	248,082)	82,947)	8,191	345,488)
Non-cash other post employment expense	133	840	192	21	1,186
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	3,388)	133,238)	3,186)	315,220	175,408
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	807)	4,053	331	6,073	9,650
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		23,060			23,060
Total adjustments	22,149)	533,023	127,054	394,602	1,032,530
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	179,507)	3,072,403	518,651	719,381	4,130,928
Detail of cash and equivalents at September 30:					
Cash and equivalents	409,544	3,417,097	204,301	559,452	4,590,394
Restricted cash:	,.	-,,		,	.,,
Cash - Capital Projects		2,421,877	129,875	627,860	3,179,612
Loan proceeds		623,782			623,782
Loan covenant accounts		7,480	177,065	1,292	185,837
Impact fees					
Customer deposits		311,445 648,089			311,445 648,089
Total	409,544	7,429,770	511,241	1,188,604	9,539,159
NONCACH CARVEAL ACTIVITIES					
NONCASH CAPITAL ACTIVITIES		166 500	(2.202	46.251	275 222
Change in fair market value of interest rate swaps		166,590	62,382	46,251	275,223
Borrowing under capital lease	33,000	105,400	7,700		146,100

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS September 30, 2018

	Pension Tru	st
	Funds	Agency Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 61	9 \$
Interest and dividends receivable	40,97	7
Prepaid benefits	71,75	6 1,678
Investments, at fair value		
Money market funds	670,65	5
U. S. government securities	1,786,91	7
Corporate bonds	1,516,40	3
Corporate stocks	9,705,13	6
Mutual funds	11,684,70	
Alternative investments	2,987,77	2
Total investments	28,351,58	7
Total assets	28,464,93	9 1,678
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	64,68	7
Advances from other funds		1,678
Total liabilities	64,68	7 1,678
NET POSITION		
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 28,400,25	2 \$

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Pension Trust Funds
ADDITIONS	
Contributions: Employer Plan members State (from the General Fund) Miscellaneous	\$ 1,225,864 245,498 130,363 631
Total contributions:	1,602,356
Investment Earnings Interest Dividends Net increase in the fair value of investments Total investment earnings Less investment expense Net investment earnings Total additions	86,585 482,697 2,106,638 2,675,920 (129,082) 2,546,838 4,149,194
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits Refunds of contributions Administrative expenses	1,812,184 66,804 58,556
Total deductions	1,937,544
Change in net position	2,211,650
Net position, beginning	26,188,602
Net position, ending	<u>\$ 28,400,252</u>



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City of Palmetto, Florida September 30, 2018



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September 30, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Palmetto, Florida, (the City) was incorporated June 15, 1897, by referendum and amended in 2004 and 2010. The City was created under Chapter 11059, Laws of Florida, as amended, and may exercise any power for municipal purposes as set forth in Chapter 166, Florida Statutes. The City is located on the west coast of Florida in Manatee County and is comprised of seven square miles with a population of 13,259. The current charter provides for an elected mayor and a five-member commission, all serving four year terms. The City provides municipal services such as public safety (police), roads and streets, recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. The City also has enterprise operations consisting of solid waste (garbage and trash collection), water, sewer, reclaimed water and stormwater.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the accompanying financial statements present the primary government.

Blended Component Unit: The City Commission created the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA), pursuant to City Ordinance No. 259, adopted November 4, 1985, under the provisions of Section 163.357 of the Florida Statutes to provide for the rehabilitation, conservation and redevelopment of certain slum or blighted areas of the City. The City Commission reorganized the CRA in 2009, by declaring itself as the CRA Board and establishing a CRA Advisory Board to make recommendations to the CRA Board.

The CRA is presented as a blended component unit within the City's financial statements as the CRA Special Revenue Fund because: 1) The CRA substantively operates under the same body as the City through the City Commission which meets separately as the CRA's governing body to approve the adoption of their annual budget, the transactions of real property, and the execution of contracts and modifications to the community redevelopment plans, 2) The City Commission/CRA Board has operational responsibility of the CRA, 3) The CRA provides an exclusive service or benefit to the City and its citizens and, 4) The debt of the CRA is largely repayable from City resources.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements by allocation of these activities on a fund basis based on the predominant users of the services. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for their support.

September 30, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment, are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included as program revenues are reported as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (pension trust and agency funds) but are not included in the government-wide statements. A reconciliation is provided that converts the results of governmental fund accounting to the government-wide presentations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Debt expenditures, and expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, are usually recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

September 30, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Agency funds are unlike all other types of funds, reporting only assets and liabilities. Therefore, they do not have a measurement focus, but do however use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables. They are merely clearing accounts for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governmental entities.

Governmental funds report the following major funds:

The *general fund* is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Most of the essential governmental services such as general administration, police protection, public works administration and parks and landscape are provided by the General Fund. The City allocates charges for indirect services provided by General Fund departments based on a cost allocation plan. The funds are reported as interfund transfers to the General Fund. Reported with the General Fund are two "sub-funds". The <u>Trailer Park Trust</u> is a "sub-fund" which is separated for the convenience of the City in tracking certain investments and reports committed fund balance. The second sub-fund is the <u>Infrastructure Half-Cent Sales Tax Fund</u> which is used to record revenues and expenses from the county-wide half-cent sales tax approved by voters in November, 2016. The sales tax is to be used for capital improvements for public safety, transportation and parks and recreation and reports restricted fund balance.

The *road and bridge fund* is a special revenue fund that accounts for the construction, maintenance, repair and replacement of the City's streets, roads and bridges. Financing is provided primarily through motor fuel taxes.

The community redevelopment agency fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the rehabilitation, conservation and redevelopment of certain slum or blighted areas of the City. Financing is provided primarily through tax increment funding from the City and Manatee County.

The City also has a *capital projects* fund that is a non-major governmental fund. The capital projects fund accounts for the activities associated with construction and the preservation of the City's governmental capital assets. A joint capital projects fund, reported within the capital projects fund, is a sub-fund of the capital projects fund and accounts for the same type of activities that have funding sources from the City, CRA and grants.

Proprietary funds report the following major funds:

The solid waste fund accounts for the provision of garbage and trash collection to the City.

The water and sewer fund accounts for the provision of water and sewer service to the City and certain surrounding areas.

The stormwater fund accounts for the operation of a stormwater utility to improve stormwater drainage throughout the City.

The reuse water fund accounts for the operation of a reclaimed water utility to provide reclaimed water for irrigation in parts of the City.

September 30, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

In addition, the City reports the following fiduciary fund types:

The *pension trust funds* account for the activities of the Police and General Employees Pension plans. These funds accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

The agency fund accounts for amounts collected from employees through payroll deduction that are disbursed to governmental agencies and private companies for benefits selected by the City's employees.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are from charges to customers for sales and services in the solid waste, water and sewer, stormwater and reuse funds. The water and sewer fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. The City considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased as well as certain investments in the City's cash and investment pool that are to be cash equivalents for purposes of the statement of cash flows. Cash balances and requirements of all funds are considered in determining the amount to be invested. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to funds based on their average daily balances.

The City's investment policy authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, and corporate bonds of investment grade, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. Investments for the City are reported at fair value, except as noted below. The cash and investment pool maintained by the City is invested in collateralized certificates of deposits, the State Board of Administration (SBA) investment pool, Florida Safe Investment Pool (FL SAFE) and the Florida Municipal Investment Trust. The State Board of Administration and Florida Safe Investment Pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. Funds held with SBA are recognized at amortized cost and funds held with FL SAFE are recognized at net asset value.

September 30, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

2. Fair Value

The City uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is best determined based upon quoted market prices. However, in certain instances, there are no quoted market prices for certain assets or liabilities. In cases where quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on estimates using present value or other valuation techniques. Those techniques are significantly affected by the assumptions used, including the discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. Accordingly, the fair value estimates may not be realized in an immediate settlement of the asset or liability.

Fair value measurements focus on exit prices in an orderly transaction (that is, not a forced liquidation or distressed sale) between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions. If there has been a significant decrease in the volume and level of activity for the asset or liability, a change in valuation technique or the use of multiple valuation techniques may be appropriate. In such instances, determining the price at which willing market participants would transact at the measurement date under current market conditions depends on the facts and circumstances and requires the use of significant judgment.

The three categories within the hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, credit spreads, and market-corroborated inputs.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs shall be used to measure fair value to the extent that relevant observable inputs are not available, thereby allowing for situations in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flows methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment.

See Note V for additional information regarding fair value.

3. Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value

Investments valued using the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) are considered "alternative investments" and, unlike more traditional investments, generally do not have readily obtainable market values and take the form of limited partnerships. The City values these investments based on the partnerships' audited financial statements.

If September 30 statements are available, those values are used preferentially. However, some partnerships have fiscal years ending at other than September 30. If September 30 valuations are not available, the value is progressed from the most recently available valuation taking into account subsequent calls and distributions.

September 30, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

4. Receivables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 365 days and a percentage of those in excess of 90 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles.

5. Interfund Transactions

In the course of normal operations the City has numerous transactions between funds including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets and service debt. The General Fund provides administrative services to the enterprise funds. The cost of those services is allocated based on the total money spent by each department.

6. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are adjusted to annual counts and are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the average cost method. Inventory is accounted for using the consumption method, whereby inventories are recorded as expenditures when they are used rather than purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Proceeds of the City's loans, as well as other resources set aside in accordance with debt covenants are classified as restricted on the fund level balance sheet or statement of net position. These include the following: loan proceeds for capital improvements, lease proceeds awaiting final invoices, cash accounts used to accumulate resources to meet debt service requirements, impact fees and customer deposits.

Specific provisions of ordinances or resolutions adopted by City Commission and other agreements restrict the uses of certain proprietary fund assets. Assets so designated are identified as restricted assets on the balance sheet.

8. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Vacation pay is accrued when earned in proprietary fund financial statements. In governmental fund financial statements, the cost of vacation pay is recognized when payments are made to employees or when matured, as a result of employee resignation or retirement. Vacation pay is accrued up to forty-five days, which is paid to employees upon termination.

September 30, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

8. Compensated Absences (Continued)

Unused sick leave benefits can be accumulated up to 120 days. One-half of the accumulated sick leave benefit will be paid to employees upon retirement or death.

All vacation pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements. Sick leave is recorded in the financial statements at half the value only if the employee is vested.

9. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost per the schedule below. Equipment and vehicles with an individual cost between \$500 and \$2,000 are tracked as sundry items only, and not recorded as capital assets or depreciated. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if constructed. The capitalization policy was modified to revise the useful life of computer equipment, infrastructure and infrastructure equipment as noted below. Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated, using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives using these capitalization thresholds:

Assets	Useful Life	T	hreshold
Buildings and building improvements	30 years	\$	20,000
Machinery and equipment			
Computer Equipment	4 years	\$	2,000
Equipment and vehicles	7 years	\$	2,000
Software	7 years	\$	20,000
Infrastructure	40 years	\$	20,000
Infrastructure Equipment	20 years	\$	2,000
Improvements other than buildings	50 years	\$	20,000

Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets, works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement should be reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. Currently, the City is not involved with service concession arrangements. The government reports infrastructure assets on a network and subsystem basis. Accordingly, the amounts spent for the construction or acquisition of infrastructure assets are capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e. those reported by governmental activities) the government chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The government was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the government constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate.

September 30, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports the accumulated decrease in fair value of the SWAP agreement as a deferred outflow which is the offset of the fair market value of the City's derivatives (swap agreements). As the derivatives qualify as effective hedges – the change in fair market value occurs each year and the liability and deferred outflow are adjusted. Additionally, the City reports a deferred outflow related to the City's pension plans representing changes in the net pension liabilities that are not included in pension expense and must be amortized in a systematic and rational manner.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one deferred inflow reported in the governmental fund balance sheet, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, relates to unavailable revenues from grants and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available. Additionally, in the statement of net position, the City has deferred inflows of pension earnings and from other post employment benefits that will be recognized in future years.

11. Property Tax Calendar

The City levies property taxes each November 1, which become a lien on real and personal property located in the City. Property taxes are based on the assessed values determined by the Manatee County Property Appraiser as of the prior January 1. The property tax revenue for fiscal year 2018 was based on taxable assessed property values totaling \$851,952,040.

The State of Florida permits the City to levy taxes up to 10 mills of assessed property valuations for the General Fund. For the 2017-2018 fiscal year, the City levied taxes of \$5.9671 mills for the General Fund.

The Manatee County Tax Collector collects property taxes on behalf of each municipality within the county boundaries. All taxes are due from property owners on March 31. Taxes become delinquent on April 1. By May 31, of each year, either all taxes have been collected and remitted to the City or the delinquent taxes are raised by public auction of tax certificates. Due to this arrangement there are no material un-remitted tax revenues at the end of the fiscal year.

September 30, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

11. Property Tax Calendar (Continued)

The property tax cycle is summarized as follows:

June 1 Preliminary taxable valuation
July 1 Certification of valuations

September 14 Tentative tax levy set and first public hearing

September 28 Tax levy and budget adopted

October 1 Fiscal year begins for which tax is to be levied
November 1 - March 31 Property taxes are due with various discount rates
April 1 Taxes are delinquent and property is subject to lien

May 1 Delinquent tax certificates may be sold

12. Special Assessments

Special assessments are levied pursuant to State Statute and City Ordinances that result in a lien upon the properties involved.

13. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

The General Fund is typically used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences, net pension obligation and other postemployment benefit obligations for the governmental funds.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures in the year incurred.

14. Net Position/Fund Balance

The City classifies fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions.

September 30, 2018

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

14. Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

<u>Fund Equity:</u> Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance: Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable: Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either:

 (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted: Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- *Committed:* Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Commission through the adoption of a resolution. Only the City Commission may modify or rescind the commitment.
- Assigned: Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for
 specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Under City policy, assigned fund balance amounts
 represent intended uses established by the City Commission. The City Commission has authorized the City Clerk or
 his designee to assign fund balance.
- *Unassigned:* Fund balances are reported as unassigned when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the General Fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in other funds.

Net position: Net position is the result of assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The net position of the government-wide and proprietary funds are categorized as net investment in capital assets, reduced by accumulated depreciation and any outstanding debt incurred to acquire, construct or improve those assets excluding unexpended bond/loan proceeds, restricted or unrestricted. The first category represents net position related to property, plant, equipment and infrastructure. The restricted category represents the balance of assets restricted by requirement of externally imposed constraints or by legislation in excess of the related liabilities payable from restricted assets. Unrestricted net position consists of the net position not meeting the definition of either of the other two components.

Flow Assumptions: When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance/net position are available for use for expenditures/expenses incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use committed fund balance first then assigned and unassigned.

NOTE II - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE AND RESTATEMENT

A. Change in net position

During fiscal year 2018, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 75. Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This pronouncement required the restatement of the September 30, 2017 net position in governmental activities, business-type activities, and proprietary fund type statements. The net position has been restated at October 1, 2017 as follows:

Government-wide - Statement of Activities

	_(Governmental	Business Type			Total	
Net Position at October 1, 2017 - as originally stated	\$	44,275,862	\$	30,461,888	\$	74,737,750	
Change in accounting principle	_	(25,341)		(4,845)		(30,186)	
Net position at October 1, 2017 - as restated	<u>\$</u>	44,250,521	\$	30,457,043	\$	74,707,564	

Proprietary Funds - Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

			Water and					
	So	olid Waste	Sewer	S	Stormwater	Reuse		Total
Net Position at October 1, 2017 - as originally								
stated	\$	657,251	\$ 18,628,956	\$	5,042,270	\$6,133,411	\$	30,461,888
Change in accounting principle	_	(545)	(3,438)	_	(781)	(81)	_	(4,845)
Net position at October 1, 2017 - as restated	\$	656,706	\$ 18,625,518	\$	5,041,489	\$6,133,330	\$	30,457,043

September 30, 2018

NOTE III - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance–total governmental funds and net position–governmental* activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The elements of that reconciliation are as follows:

1. General government capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation: Capital assets are not included as part of total assets in the fund statements and need to be reported as capital assets in the government-wide statement of net position. The details of this \$39,801,811 difference are as follows:

Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)

Land	\$ 6,500,443
Buildings	284,224
Machinery and equipment	2,268,396
Infrastructure	27,633,747
Construction in progress	3,115,001
Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental funds to arrive at net position -	

2. Other liabilities: Other liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not recorded in the governmental funds. The details of this \$212,000 difference are as follows:

Unearned revenue for Manatee Fruit Company

Net adjustment to decrease fund balance - total governmental funds to arrive at net position governmental activities

\$ (212,000)

3. Deferred inflows: Revenues that are an acquisition of net position and applicable to a future reporting period and therefore unavailable for use in the governmental funds. The details of this \$626,608 difference are as follows:

Unavailable revenue - Code Enforcement	\$ 109,577
Unavailable revenue - Capital Projects	285,450
Unearned revenue - Special Assessments	52,275
Unearned revenue for grants which were earned in the governmental activities but did not meet the 60 day	
requirement in the governmental funds	179,306
Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental funds to arrive at net position -	
governmental activities	\$ 626,608

September 30, 2018

NOTE III - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position (Continued)

4. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the City's pension plans and OPEB are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources and are not recognized in the governmental funds. However, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 and No. 75. The details of these deferred resources are as follows:

Deferred outflows of pension resources	\$ 633,764
Deferred inflows of pension earnings	\$ (1,330,661)
Deferred inflows from OPEB	\$ (9,326)

5. Long-term debt for capital leases, compensated absences, net pension liabilities, OPEB and loans: Long-term liabilities, including loans payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund statements. The details of this \$7,511,166 difference are as follows:

2004 loan payable	\$ (224,722)
2005 loan payable	(610,209)
2007 loan payable	(513,060)
CRA loan payable	(1,738,348)
Capital leases payable	(781,608)
Compensated absences	(664,929)
Other post-employment benefits	(243,639)
Net pension liability	 (2,734,651)

Net adjustment to decrease fund balance - total governmental funds to arrive at net position governmental activities \$ (7,511,166)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between the net change in *fund balance-total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. The elements of that reconciliation are as follows:

1. Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures: In the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The details of this \$1,398,021 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay				\$	2,923,392
Depreciation expense					(1,524,984)
Capital assets sales				_	(387)
NT / 10 / / /	 	1	. 1.6. 1.4		

Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities \$ 1,398,021

September 30, 2018

NOTE III - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)
- 2. The issuance and repayment of long-term debt (i.e. loans and capital leases): The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds. The repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds and is reported as debt service payments in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. The details of this \$286,930 difference are as follows:

Principal payments on long-term bank loans	\$	389,903
Payments on capital leases		400,927
Capital lease additions		(503,900)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes	Ф	206.020
in net position of governmental activities	\$	286,930

3. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources: These expenses are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The details of this \$337,433 difference are as follows:

Changes in other post-employment benefits	\$ (6,193)
Change in net pension liability, deferred inflows and deferred outflows	357,915
Changes in compensated absences	(14,289)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes	
in net position of governmental activities	\$ 337,433

4. Some revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources: These revenues, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund statements. The details of this \$372,496 difference are as follows:

Change in unavailable revenue

Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities

\$ 372,496

September 30, 2018

NOTE IV - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental and proprietary funds.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. No later than the first regular City Commission meeting of September, the City Clerk submits to the City Commission, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing the expenditures.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution. The budget resolution restricts total expenditures by fund. Expenditures for any year may not exceed current year fund appropriations plus accumulated fund equity.
- 4. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e. the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the departmental cost center level. Transfers of appropriations between cost centers or funds require the approval of the City Commission. The transfer of appropriations between line items within the same departmental cost center can be accomplished with Department Head and City Clerk approval.
- 5. All unencumbered and unexpended appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Encumbered appropriations (i.e., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as committed or assigned fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.
- 6. The City Commission has the power to revise its budget appropriations by resolution from time to time during the fiscal year; however, no revision may be made by transferring any encumbered funds unless such funds are first released or discharged from any such encumbrance. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or amended by the City. Supplemental appropriations made during the fiscal year are included in the "Final Budget" columns on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances budget and actual.

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended September 30, 2018, expenditures did not exceed appropriations at the departmental level, the legal level of budgetary control.

September 30, 2018

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds, except the Pension Trust Funds. The main deposits and investments of the Pension Trust Funds are held separately from those of other City funds. The pension contributions are remitted to their respective trust funds on a biweekly basis. Interest income, attributed to the pooled cash and investments, is allocated monthly based on each fund's percentage of the total of pooled cash and investments.

At September 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the City's primary government deposits was \$25,428,146. This amount includes interest bearing time deposits consisting of collateralized certificates of deposit and FDIC insured certificates of deposit valued at \$15,054,001, two money market accounts valued at \$2,711,372, the SBA investment of \$2,879,198, the FMIT investment of \$187,578, loan covenant accounts of \$185,837, the operating account of \$2,019,608, petty cash \$2,000 and \$2,388,552 from the Trailer Park Trust fund that may be used only on approval by City Commission. The bank balance for the operating accounts was \$2,271,363. All deposits are insured by either the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or by the Multiple Financial Institution Collateral Pool established by Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. Chapter 280 requires all financial institutions holding municipal deposits to pledge securities with the State or third party custodians equal to a percentage between 25% and 200% determined by the State's Chief Financial Officer and based on information from nationally recognized financial rating services and established financial performance guidelines for the banking institutions. New and financially troubled institutions are required to pledge securities equal to 125% of municipal deposits with the State or third party custodians.

All deposits of the City are insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or by its agent in the entity's name.

The cash and investment pool maintained by the City invests in time deposits, the State Board of Administration investment pool, Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust (FL SAFE) investment pool and the Florida Municipal Investment Trust. The General Employees' Pension Plan and the Police Officers' Retirement Plan have individual investment policies and approved contracts for investment management services and for custody of securities. These funds invest in U.S. government securities, corporate stocks and bonds, money market funds, mutual funds, real estate, and alternative investments.

The City's investment guidelines have been defined in a written investment policy and approved by the City Commission for all funds except the Pension Trust Funds. This policy coincides with state statutes to reasonably insure the safety of the City's investments.

The respective Pension Boards have defined and adopted investment policies for the Pension Trust Funds and details of the investment assumptions, rates of returns and discount rates are found in Note V.

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Pension Plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was 9.46% for the Police Pension Plan and 10.07% for the General Employees' Pension Plan. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. The pension plans did not hold investments in any one organization that represent 5% or more of the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position.

September 30, 2018

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Included in cash and cash equivalents are certain funds held in investment pools due to their overall liquidity. The Florida State Board of Administration's (SBA) Local Government Surplus Funds Account and the Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust (FL SAFE) meet the criteria of 2a7-like pools. Funds held with the SBA are recognized at amortized cost and funds held with FL SAFE are recognized at net asset value.

The Local Government Surplus Funds Account is administered by the SBA under the regulatory oversight of the State of Florida, Chapter 19-7 of the Florida Administrative Code. The objectives of the pool are to provide a short-term, very liquid, high quality investment vehicle to participating local governments and to operate consistent with Section 215.47 of the Florida Statutes and as a 2a7-like fund using the Securities and Exchange Commission investment requirements for 2a-7. As a money market fund, the pool invests in instruments issued by financial institutions, non-financial corporations, the U. S. government and federal agencies. Money market instruments must be of the highest applicable rating, while other eligible securities must be rated investment grade. All maturity obligations of the U. S. government may not exceed two years and the weighted average maturity of the portfolio may not exceed 90 days.

With regard to redemption gates, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states that "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the Executive Director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the Executive Director until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days."

With regard to liquidity fees, Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. From October 1, 2017 through September 30, 2018, no such disclosure has been made.

As of September 30, 2018, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

September 30, 2018

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Florida Surplus Asset Fund Trust (FL SAFE) is a local government investment pool (LGIP) trust fund, organized under Florida Statutes 163-01, et seq. to be a Stable Net Asset Value investment pool. As such a LGIP trust, FL SAFE pools and invests the funds of its Florida local government participants within the Investment Policy, established by the FL SAFE Board, and limitations set forth in the Indenture of Trust. FL SAFE is overseen by a Board of Trustees comprised of Florida local government officials, who are themselves participants in FL SAFE as the investment officer or designee for their own local government. The primary objectives of FL SAFE are to provide safety, liquidity, transparency and yield for Florida government entities. The fund includes a liquid money market like investment, called the "FL SAFE Fund" and one or more Term Series portfolios, as may be established from time to time, each of which has a fixed duration. The Fund has received and maintained an AAAm rating since 2007 from Standard & Poor's ("S&P"). According to S&P's rating criteria, the AAAm rating signifies excellent safety of invested principal and a superior capacity to maintain a \$1.00 per share net asset value. However, it should be understood that the rating is not either a "market" rating nor a recommendation to buy, hold or sell the securities.

FMIT is an inter-local governmental entity created under the laws of the State of Florida to provide eligible units of local government with an investment vehicle to pool their surplus funds into one or more investment portfolios. These portfolios are actively traded and have been structured to meet a variety of investment horizons using those investments permitted under the Trust's investment policy. Fitch Ratings assigns bond fund ratings to the Trust's four fixed income funds and the investment performance and compliance are monitored and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Funds held in FMIT are recognized at fair value and are classified as investments.

As of September 30, 2018, the City had the following cash and investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)					
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	More than 10		
Cash and Short Term Investments	\$ 17,977,924	\$ 11,187,428 \$	6,790,496 \$		\$		
Investment Pools	5,544,749	5,544,749					
US Agencies	4,363,047	2,712,304	645,707	506,582	498,454		
Corporate Bonds	1,516,403	99,662	941,405	475,336			
Common Stock	9,705,136	9,705,136					
Mutual Funds - Fixed Income	3,389,421	3,389,421					
Mutual Funds - Equity	8,295,283	8,295,283					
Alternative Investments - Hedge Fund							
Alternative Investments - Real Estate	2,987,772	2,987,772					
Total cash and investments	\$ 53,779,735	\$ 43,921,755 \$	8,377,608 \$	981,918	\$ 498,454		

1. Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy requires diversification of the investments. The investment policy of the General Employees' Pension Fund requires the investment manager to maintain liquid reserves for the payment of pension benefits and expenses. This also limits exposure to fair value losses by allowing for quick liquidation in the event of fluctuating interest rates.

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

2. Credit Risk: City Investments. Credit quality risk results from potential default of investments that are not financially sound. The City invests a large amount of its surplus funds pursuant to Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes whereby the City is made whole by all participating banks should a principal loss be incurred by the City. This statute limits investing activities to the SBA, certificates of deposits, registered SEC and money market mutual funds, and intergovernmental investment pools. Investments of these types insure the security of the City's surplus funds. The City has invested funds in two investment pool's, both of which are currently rated by Standard and Poor's at AAAm as of September 30, 2018. These funds include \$2,879,198 in the SBA and \$2,665,551 in Florida Safe. The City also has \$15,054,001 in certificates of deposit and term series held by qualified participating depositories. Investments in the Florida Municipal Investment Trust (FMIT) are rated by Fitch for the 1-3 Year High Quality Bond Fund at AAAf/S2, and the Intermediate High Quality Bond Fund at AAAf/S3 as of September 30, 2018. The City has investments in these bond funds of \$187,578 and \$2,388,552, respectively.

Credit Risk: Pension Plans. Investments in the policies governing the General Employees' Pension Fund and the Police Officers' Pension Fund limit investments to the top three ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs).

General Employees' Pension Plan

		Credit Rating	Percent
Investments	Fair Value	(Moody's)	Distribution
Cash and Short Term Investments	\$ 445,728		3.00 %
U.S. Government Securities	1,081,428	Aaa	7.28 %
Corporate Bonds			
•	49,457	Aa3	0.33 %
	137,721	A1	0.93 %
	169,968	A2	1.14 %
	49,795	A3	0.34 %
	375,856	Not rated	2.53 %
Corporate Stock	8,672,113		58.36 %
Mutual Funds - Fixed Income	1,450,786		9.76 %
Mutual Funds - Equity	870,026		5.86 %
Alternative Investments - Real Estate	1,555,895		10.47 %
Total cash and investments	\$ 14,858,773		100.00 %

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits and Investments (Continued) Police Pension Plan

			Credit					
			Rating	Percent				
Investments	F:	air Value	(Moody's)	Distribution				
Cash and Short Term Investments	\$	224,927		1.67 %				
U.S. Governmental Securities								
		293,684	Aaa	2.18 %				
		411,805	Not Rated	3.05 %				
Corporate Bonds								
•		9,676	Aa3	0.07 %				
		91,988	A1	0.68 %				
		98,943	A2	0.73 %				
		253,553	A3	1.88 %				
		178,342	Baa1	1.32 %				
		101,104	Baa2	0.75 %				
Corporate Stock		1,033,023		7.66 %				
Mutual Funds - Fixed Income		1,938,635		14.37 %				
Mutual Funds - Equity		7,425,257		55.03 %				
Alternative Investments - Real Estate		1,431,877		10.61 %				
Total cash and investments	\$ 1	3,492,814		100.00 %				

- 3. Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires investment securities to be collateralized by direct obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the U. S. Government or by the actual security held in safekeeping. The cash and short term investments are largely comprised of cash in banks and certificates of deposit, where the bank is approved by the State of Florida as a qualified public depository. State approved banks are required to comply with Florida Statutes Chapter 280, which requires financial institutions to pledge securities with the state to insure government funds held by the bank.
- 4. Foreign Currency Risk: The City does not have an investment policy related to foreign currency risk.

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Fair Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles which are measured on a recurring basis. The City and the Pension Plans have the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30:

	Se	eptember 30, 2018	I	uoted Prices in Active Markets for entical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Un	ignificant observable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments by fair value level:								
Common Stocks	\$	9,705,136	\$	9,705,136	\$		\$	
Mutual Funds		11,684,704		11,684,704				
Money Market Funds		670,655		670,655				
Debt Securities:								
U.S. Treasury Notes		1,246,745				1,246,745		
U.S. Government Agencies		3,116,302				3,116,302		
Corporate Bonds		1,516,403	_		_	1,516,403	_	
Total investments by fair value level		27,939,945		22,060,495		5,879,450		<u></u>
Instruments measured at the net asset value (NAV): Real Estate:								
UBS Trumbull Property Fund		1,555,895						
Principal U.S. Property Account		1,431,877						
Total investments measured at NAV	_	2,987,772						
Total investments	\$	30,927,717	\$	22,060,495	\$	5,879,450	\$	
Investment derivative instruments:								
Interest rate swaps for loans	\$	394,325	\$		\$	394,325	\$	
Total Derivatives	\$	394,325	\$		\$	394,325	\$	

Common stocks, money market funds, and mutual funds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

The City did not have any Level 3 assets or liabilities.

Derivative instruments classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a market approach that considers benchmark interest rates and were established to offset the interest expense of three bank-qualified loans.

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Fair Value (Continued)

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) are presented in the following table:

				Unfunded	Redemption Frequency (If Currently	Redemption
<u>-</u>	F	Fair Value	(Commitments	Eligible)	Notice Period
Real Estate: UBS Trumbull Property Fund	\$	1,555,895	\$		Quarterly	60 Days Prior to Quarter End
		1 421 055				Daily, but Subject to
Principal U.S. Property Account		1,431,877			Monthly	Deferment
Total investments measured at NAV	\$	2,987,772	:			

^{1.} Real Estate Funds: This type includes two real estate funds that invest primarily in US commercial real estate. The fair values of the investments have been determined using the NAV per share of the plans' ownership interest in the fund. If the investments are sold, it is possible the sale amount will be different than the fair value the investments are currently recognized at.

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Receivables

Receivables and allowances for uncollectible accounts as of September 30, 2018 totals \$2,205,231 for the City at the fund level as shown below:

	Governmental Funds											
		General		CRA		Road & Bridge		Capital Projects		Total		Pension Trust
Accounts receivable	\$	120,877	\$	171,771	\$	503	\$		\$	293,151	\$	
Special assessments		33,347				18,929				52,276		
Intergovernmental		187,770								187,770		
Interest and dividends		13,064		6,429		3,571				23,064		40,977
Grants	_	5,055			_		_	357,509		362,564	_	
Gross Receivables Less: Allowances for Uncollectible		360,113		178,200		23,003		357,509		918,825		40,977
Officonectible	_		_		_		_				_	
Net Total Receivables	\$	360,113	\$	178,200	\$	23,003	\$	357,509	\$	918,825	\$	40,977

	Enterprise Funds										
	So	Solid Waste Water and		St	tormwater						
		Fund	S	ewer Fund		Fund	R	euse Fund		Total	
Accounts receivable	\$	348,664	\$	1,209,151	\$	134,317	\$	76,025	\$	1,768,157	
Special assessments				685						685	
Interest and dividends											
receivable		1,001		13,190		575		1,989		16,755	
Grants			_		_			26,011		26,011	
Gross Receivables		349,665		1,223,026		134,892		104,025		1,811,608	
Less: Allowances for										_	
Uncollectible		(124,354)		(368,209)		(47,410)		(26,206)		(566,179)	
Net Total Receivables	\$	225,311	\$	854,817	\$	87,482	\$	77,819	\$	1,245,429	

D. Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

1. Advances To/From Other Funds

The City reports interfund balances between funds as advances to/from other funds. The total of all balances agree with the sum of advances to/from other funds balances presented in the balance sheet/statement of net position for governmental funds and for proprietary funds.

At September 30, 2018, the General Fund advanced funds of \$1,678 to cover cash deficits in pooled cash within the Agency fund at year-end. This balance is a receivable that is expected to be liquidated early in the subsequent year.

During fiscal year 2014, the Trailer Park Trust fund advanced the Reuse fund \$500,000 to provide funding for the ASR Well project. This advance is being repaid to the Trailer Park Trust fund over ten years with 3% interest. The outstanding balance of the advance as of September 30, 2018 is \$268,441 and is reported with the General Fund in the financial statements.

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

D. Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers (Continued)

Receivable fund	Payable fund	 Amount
General Fund/Trailer Park Trust	Reuse	\$ 268,441
General Fund/Trailer Park Trust	Payroll Liability Fund	 1,678
Total		\$ 270,119

2. Interfund Transfers

The City reports interfund transfers between many of its funds. The sum of all transfers presented in the following schedule agrees with the interfund transfers presented in the governmental and proprietary fund financial statements.

Transfers are used to reimburse a fund for expenses incurred that benefit another fund. This happens primarily in the general fund which incurs expenses for certain departments that support the proprietary funds. These departments include: Public Works Administration, Engineering, Information Technology, Fleet Maintenance, Finance and Human Resources. Transfers are also used for funding capital projects and expenditures.

The composition of interfund transfers as of September 30, 2018, is as follows:

	Transfers In													
Transfers Out	Transfers In General Fund		General		T	Transfers In CRA Fund		CRA Pro		n Capital Projects Fund		tal Transfers In cts Stormwater		Total Fransfers
General Fund	\$		\$		\$	60,000	\$		\$	60,000				
CRA Fund		39,317								39,317				
Road and Bridge Fund		150,576				165,000		84,000		399,576				
Road and Bridge Fund				142,249						142,249				
Solid Waste Fund		66,286								66,286				
Water and Sewer Fund		509,685						102,000		611,685				
Stormwater Fund		124,056								124,056				
Reuse Fund		27,787			_					27,787				
Total	\$	917,707	\$	142,249	\$	225,000	\$	186,000	\$	1,470,956				

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Restricted Assets

The balances of the restricted asset accounts are as follows:

	Governmental Funds Road and						
		General		Bridge		Total	
Building Department reserve	\$	979,924	\$		\$	979,924	
Law Enforcement		50,693				50,693	
Impact fees		398,383		356,142		754,525	
Customer deposits		1,200				1,200	
Contributions - Capital improvements		1,537,794		6,501	_	1,544,295	
Total Governmental Restricted Assets	\$	2,967,994	\$	362,643	\$	3,330,637	

Proprietary Funds Water and Sewer Stormwater Reuse **Total** Cash - capital projects 2,421,877 129,875 3,179,612 627,860 Loan proceeds 623,782 623,782 Loan covenant accounts 7,480 177,065 1,292 185,837 Impact fees 311,445 311,445 Customer deposits 648,089 648,089 306,940 **Total Proprietary Restricted Assets** 4,012,673 \$ 629,152 4,948,765 **Total Restricted Assets** 8,279,402

F. Capital Assets

Governments possess many different types of assets that may be considered intangible assets, including easements and right of ways. GASB 51 requires that all intangible assets not specifically excluded by its scope provisions be classified as capital assets. The City has certain easements and right of ways that meet these requirements and have classified these assets as land in the governmental activities. These assets were not increased in fiscal year 2018 and total \$108,721.

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

F. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital asset activity, for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

Primary Government	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:	<u> </u>	Increases	Decreases	<u> </u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,756,674	\$ 1,743,769	\$	\$ 6,500,443
Construction in progress	3,615,299	334,341	(834,639)	3,115,001
Total capital assets, not being depreciated:	8,371,973	2,078,110	(834,639)	9,615,444
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	2,319,174	136,095		2,455,269
Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	7,854,994 41,243,664	624,816 927,238	(107,195)	8,372,615 42,169,542
			(1,360)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated:	51,417,832	1,688,149	(108,555)	52,997,426
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings	(2,106,810)	(64,235)		(2,171,045)
Machinery and equipment	(5,633,388)	(569,411)	98,580	(6,104,219)
Infrastructure	(13,645,817)	(891,338)	1,360	(14,535,795)
Total accumulated depreciation	(21,386,015)	(1,524,984)	99,940	(22,811,059)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	30,031,817	163,165	(8,615)	30,186,367
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 38,403,790	\$ 2,241,275	\$ (843,254)	\$ 39,801,811
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:		Increases	Decreases	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	Balance			Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	Balance \$ 279,415	\$	\$	Balance \$ 279,415
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 279,415 5,975,417	\$ 464,630	\$ (368,341)	\$ 279,415 6,071,706
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated:	Balance \$ 279,415	\$	\$	Balance \$ 279,415
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated:	\$ 279,415 5,975,417 6,254,832	\$ 464,630	\$ (368,341)	\$ 279,415 6,071,706 6,351,121
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated:	\$ 279,415 5,975,417	\$ 464,630	\$ (368,341)	\$ 279,415 6,071,706
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings	\$ 279,415 5,975,417 6,254,832	\$ 464,630 464,630	\$ (368,341) (368,341)	\$ 279,415 6,071,706 6,351,121 652,267
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings	\$ 279,415 5,975,417 6,254,832 652,267 42,164,112	\$ 464,630 464,630 391,301	\$ (368,341) (368,341)	\$ 279,415 6,071,706 6,351,121 652,267 42,555,413
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated: Less accumulated depreciation for:	\$ 279,415 5,975,417 6,254,832 652,267 42,164,112 4,219,248 47,035,627	\$ 464,630 464,630 391,301 261,034	\$ (368,341) (368,341) (40,143)	\$ 279,415 6,071,706 6,351,121 652,267 42,555,413 4,440,139 47,647,819
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated: Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings	\$ 279,415 5,975,417 6,254,832 652,267 42,164,112 4,219,248 47,035,627	\$ 464,630 464,630 391,301 261,034 652,335 (21,306)	\$ (368,341) (368,341) (40,143) (40,143)	\$ 279,415 6,071,706 6,351,121 652,267 42,555,413 4,440,139 47,647,819
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated: Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings	\$ 279,415 5,975,417 6,254,832 652,267 42,164,112 4,219,248 47,035,627 (355,410) (17,825,470)	\$ 464,630 464,630 391,301 261,034 652,335 (21,306) (797,844)	\$ (368,341) (368,341) (40,143) (40,143) 40,143	\$ 279,415 6,071,706 6,351,121 652,267 42,555,413 4,440,139 47,647,819 (376,716) (18,583,171)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated: Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	\$ 279,415 5,975,417 6,254,832 652,267 42,164,112 4,219,248 47,035,627 (355,410) (17,825,470) (2,172,888)	\$ 464,630 464,630 391,301 261,034 652,335 (21,306) (797,844) (349,564)	\$ (368,341) (368,341) (40,143) (40,143) 40,143	\$ 279,415 6,071,706 6,351,121 652,267 42,555,413 4,440,139 47,647,819 (376,716) (18,583,171) (2,522,452)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated: Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 279,415 5,975,417 6,254,832 652,267 42,164,112 4,219,248 47,035,627 (355,410) (17,825,470) (2,172,888) (20,353,768)	\$ 464,630 464,630 391,301 261,034 652,335 (21,306) (797,844) (349,564) (1,168,714)	\$ (368,341) (368,341) (40,143) (40,143) 40,143 40,143	\$ 279,415 6,071,706 6,351,121 652,267 42,555,413 4,440,139 47,647,819 (376,716) (18,583,171) (2,522,452) (21,482,339)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated: Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	\$ 279,415 5,975,417 6,254,832 652,267 42,164,112 4,219,248 47,035,627 (355,410) (17,825,470) (2,172,888)	\$ 464,630 464,630 391,301 261,034 652,335 (21,306) (797,844) (349,564)	\$ (368,341) (368,341) (40,143) (40,143) 40,143 40,143	\$ 279,415 6,071,706 6,351,121 652,267 42,555,413 4,440,139 47,647,819 (376,716) (18,583,171) (2,522,452)

September 30, 2018

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

F. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	514,429
Public safety		226,381
Streets and roads		483,259
Intergovernmental services		248,950
Recreation		51,965
Total depreciation for governmental activities	\$	1,524,984
Destruction and Man	_	
Business-type activities:		
Solid waste	\$	4,563
Water and sewer		886,390
Stormwater		212,664
Reuse		65,097
Total depreciation expense for business-type		
activities	\$	1,168,714

Construction Commitments

The City has various active construction projects. At September 30, 2018, the City's commitments with contractors, with the CRA listed separately for illustration purposes, are as follows:

Capital Projects		Spent-to- Date		emaining mmitment
Aquifer Storage Recovery Project	\$	3,936,794	\$	56
Inflow and Infiltration		1,450,415		
Equalization Basin		409,878		23,628
14th Ave & 17th Street Realignment		326,568		64
Fire Protection Upgrades		147,082		73,067
Palmetto Area Reuse System		45,247		80,500
Other projects		82,289		18,325
Total capital projects	\$	6,398,273	\$	195,640
CRA Projects		Spent-to- Date		emaining mmitment
	\$		\$	
Multimodal Emphasis Corridor	Ф	1,000,000	Ф	5,004
Sutton/Lamb Park Improvements		1,243,688		8,685
Other projects	_	155,148		
Total CRA projects	\$	2,788,432	\$	13,689

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

G. Capital Leases

The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of police vehicles and radio equipment, street sweeper, backhoe, vacuum truck, lightning loader, utility trucks and a city-wide telemetry meter system. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through capital leases as of September 30, 2018, are as follows:

	Year Ended September 30, 2018					
	Governmental Activities	Business -type Activities	Total			
Asset:						
Machinery & Equipment by Type						
Police Vehicles & Equipment	\$ 699,264	\$	\$ 699,264			
Light Duty & Equipment	252,331	1,632,456	1,884,787			
Heavy Duty & Equipment	525,532	318,422	843,954			
Office Systems	10,403		10,403			
Total Leased Assets	1,487,529	1,950,878	3,438,408			
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(346,406)	(98,874)	(445,280)			
Total Leases	\$ 1,141,123	\$ 1,852,004	\$ 2,993,128			

During the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018, lease payments were made totaling \$736,813 which includes principal payments of \$702,233 and \$34,580 in interest. The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2018, were as follows:

Year Ending September 30	vernmental Activities	siness-type Activities	 Total
2019	\$ 350,232	\$ 280,805	\$ 631,037
2020	241,978	260,746	502,724
2021	161,460	209,826	371,286
2022	55,611	155,283	210,894
2023	 	 71,302	 71,302
Total minimum lease payments	809,281	977,962	1,787,243
Less: amount representing interest	 (27,673)	 (36,214)	(63,887)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 781,608	\$ 941,748	\$ 1,723,356

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Long Term Liabilities

1. State Revolving Fund Loans

Reuse Loan

The City received funding in the amount of \$415,000 under the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Revolving Loan Program to assist in funding design and engineering costs (preconstruction project costs) related to the construction of reclaimed water reuse facilities.

As of September 30, 2018, the City had drawn down loan funds totaling \$134,200 representing the administrative and planning allowances. The loan balance at year end was \$21,352. Pledged revenues include water and sewer fund operating revenues, installation and connection fees, impact fees, and any local option sales tax revenues. The original amortization of the loan was to be repaid in forty semiannual payments of \$14,100 including interest which accrued semiannually at 3.18% (annual rate) of the unpaid balance. Payments began June 15, 2003 with the final maturity date of December 15, 2022. During fiscal year 2007, it was determined that no additional funding was necessary from the loan and it was finalized and the outstanding balance re-amortized. The interest rate and repayment term of the loan was not changed; however, the semiannual payment amount was changed to \$2,565.

During the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018, loan payments were made totaling \$5,090 which includes principal payments of \$4,347 and \$743 in interest. Annual installments for the fiscal years ending September 30, are as follows:

	Business-Type Activities									
Year	P	rincipal	Interest		Total					
2019	\$	4,486 \$	644	\$	5,130					
2020		4,630	500		5,130					
2021		4,779	351		5,130					
2022		4,932	198		5,130					
2023		2,525	39		2,564					
Total	\$	21,352 \$	1,732	\$	23,084					

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Long Term Liabilities (Continued)

Stormwater Loan

The City received funding in the amount of \$2,944,186 under the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Revolving Loan Program to assist in the construction of the City's stormwater system. These projects included the 10th Street and 10th Ave, Oakridge, Hidden Lake and Carr Drain projects.

As of September 30, 2018, the City had drawn down available loan funds totaling \$2,872,229. The loan balance at year end was \$532,786. Pledged revenues are stormwater fees. The original amortization of the loan was to be repaid in forty semiannual payments of \$100,744 including interest which accrues semiannually at 3.03% (annual rate) of the unpaid balance. Payments began October 15, 2001 with the final maturity date of April 15, 2021. During fiscal year 2007, it was determined that all projects approved for funding through this loan were complete and no additional funding was necessary. The loan was finalized and the outstanding balance re-amortized. The interest rate and repayment term of the loan was not changed; however, the semiannual payment amount was changed to \$93,565.

During the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018, loan payments were made totaling \$184,799 which includes principal payments of \$167,178 and \$17,621 in interest. Annual installments for the fiscal years ending September 30, are as follows:

		Business-Type Activities									
Year	F	Principal	Interest		Total						
2019	\$	172,282 \$	14,848	\$	187,130						
2020		177,542	9,588		187,130						
2021		182,962	4,168		187,130						
Total	\$	532,786 \$	28,604	\$	561,390						

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Long Term Liabilities (Continued) Water/Sewer Loan

The City received funding in the amount of \$390,000 under the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Revolving Loan Program to assist in funding design costs related to the construction of an equalization basin at the City's Waste Water Treatment Plant.

As of September 30, 2018, the City had drawn down loan funds totaling \$368,749. Pleadged revenues for the repayment of the loan are net water and sewer system revenues after payment of debt on the City's prior liens. The original amortization of the loan was to be repaid in forty semiannual payments of \$11,220 including interest which accrued semiannually at 1.13% (annual rate) of the unpaid balance. After the final disbursement of loan proceeds, the loan principal will be adjusted to reflect the actual dates and amounts of disbursements. Payments are to begin December 15, 2018 with the final maturity date of December 15, 2038.

Annual installments for the fiscal years ending September 30, are estimated based on the amount outstanding as follows:

		Busi	nes	s-Type Acti	vitie	S
Year	P	rincipal		Interest		Total
2019	\$	18,325	\$	4,115	\$	22,440
2020		18,532		3,908		22,440
2021		18,742		3,698		22,440
2022		18,955		3,485		22,440
2023		19,170		3,270		22,440
2024		19,387		3,053		22,440
2025		19,607		2,833		22,440
2026		19,829		2,611		22,440
2027		20,053		2,387		22,440
2028		20,281		2,159		22,440
2029		20,510		1,930		22,440
2030		20,743		1,697		22,440
2031		20,978		1,462		22,440
2032		21,216		1,224		22,440
2033		21,456		984		22,440
2034		21,699		741		22,440
2035		21,945		495		22,440
2036		22,194		246		22,440
2037	_	5,127		29		5,156
Total	\$	368,749	\$	40,327	\$	409,076

September 30, 2018

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Long Term Liabilities (Continued)

2. Capital Improvement Revenue Loans

2004 Bank of America Loan

On March 1, 2004, the City adopted Resolution No. 04-09 authorizing a loan by the City of \$4,300,000 through Bank of America, N.A. to finance the costs of certain capital projects within the City and to refund the outstanding balance of the City's Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 1998. The loan is payable from and secured by a pledge of and lien upon the stormwater, water, sewer and reuse revenues and certain other budgeted amounts and balances in certain funds created under the Resolution.

When originally issued, the interest rate on the loan was 64% of the 90 day LIBOR rate plus 111 basis points as set at the beginning of each quarter and is payable quarterly. The principal amount was swapped to an annual fixed rate of 4.235%, payable in quarterly installments through March 2024. Under terms of the Interest Rate Swap Agreement with Bank of America, N.A., the City received 64% of the 90 day LIBOR rate plus 111 basis points on the unamortized principal of the swap amount.

As a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, effective January 1, 2018, the maximum federal corporate tax rate was reduced from 35% to 21%. A contractual adjustment was made to the Interest Rate Swap Agreement with the City now paying 77.8% of the 90 day LIBOR rate plus 135 basis points. Both the fixed rate of 4.235% and the amount the City receives of 64% of the 90 day LIBOR plus 111 basis points are unchanged.

During the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018, loan payments were made totaling \$210,180 which includes principal payments of \$157,864 and \$52,316 in interest. The loan proceeds and payments were allocated according to the cost, or estimated cost, of the projects funded from the proceeds.

The allocation at September 30, 2018 was 21.96% to governmental activities and 78.04% to business-type activities. The completed governmental activity projects include the City's fiber optic ring, the street related portion of improvements to Fifth, Sixth and Seventh Streets and the City Hall portion of improvements to City buildings. The completed projects from the business-type activities include the utility portion of improvements to Fifth, Sixth and Seventh Streets, the installation of the City's reuse system, the Public Works portion of improvements to City buildings, and a portion of the Infiltration and Inflow Project.

Annual estimated installments for the fiscal years ending September 30, are as follows:

		Governme	nt A	Activities	Business-Ty	ре	Activities		(City-Wide	
Year	F	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	Total
2019	\$	36,374	\$	8,560	\$ 129,283	\$	30,422	\$ 165,657	\$	38,982	\$ 204,639
2020		38,328		6,969	136,228		24,769	174,556		31,738	206,294
2021		40,233		5,295	142,998		18,821	183,231		24,116	207,347
2022		42,284		3,538	150,289		12,573	192,573		16,111	208,684
2023		44,438		1,690	157,946		6,006	202,384		7,696	210,080
2024		23,065		124	81,982		442	105,047	_	566	105,613
Total	\$	224,722	\$	26,176	\$ 798,726	\$	93,033	\$ 1,023,448	\$	119,209	\$ 1,142,657

September 30, 2018

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Long Term Liabilities (Continued)

2005 Bank of America Loan

On June 20, 2005, the City adopted Resolution No. 05-40 authorizing a loan by the City of \$6,500,000 through Bank of America, N.A. to finance the costs of certain capital improvements within the City. The loan is payable from and secured by a pledge of and lien upon the stormwater, water, sewer and reuse revenues and certain other budgeted amounts and balances in certain funds created under the Resolution.

When originally issued, the interest rate on the loan was 64% of the 90 day LIBOR rate plus 111 basis points as set at the beginning of each quarter and is payable quarterly. The principal amount was swapped to an annual fixed rate of 4.345%, payable in quarterly installments of approximately \$125,000 through October 2025. Under terms of the Interest Rate Swap Agreement with Bank of America, NA, the City received 64% of the 90 day LIBOR rate plus 111 basis points on the unamortized principal of the swap amount.

As a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, effective January 1, 2018, the maximum federal corporate tax rate was reduced from 35% to 21%. A contractual adjustment was made to the Interest Rate Swap Agreement with the City now paying 77.8% of the 90 day LIBOR rate plus 135 basis points. Both the fixed rate of 4.345% and the amount the City receives of 64% of the 90 day LIBOR plus 111 basis points are unchanged.

During the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018, loan payments were made totaling \$512,812 which includes principal payments of \$360,397 and \$152,415 in interest. The original loan proceeds were allocated according to the cost, or estimated cost, of the projects funded from the proceeds.

The allocation at September 30, 2018, was 19.90% to governmental activities and 80.10% to business-type activities. The completed governmental activity projects include the sidewalk replacement and street resurfacing within the City and the street related portion of improvements to Fifth, Sixth and Seventh Streets. The completed and ongoing projects from the business-type activities include the utility portion of improvements to Fifth, Sixth and Seventh Streets, US 301 future utility expansion, seven stormwater projects throughout the City, upgrades to the Waste Water Treatment Plant and a portion of the Infiltration and Inflow Project.

Annual estimated installments for the fiscal years ending September 30, are as follows:

	(Government	al Activities	Business-T	ype	Activities		(City-Wide		
Year		Principal	Interest	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Total
2019	\$	74,912	\$ 27,955	\$ 301,566	\$	112,533	\$ 376,478	\$	140,488	\$	516,966
2020		78,133	24,997	314,532		100,627	392,665		125,624		518,289
2021		81,692	21,919	328,857		88,237	410,549		110,156		520,705
2022		85,345	18,699	343,561		75,275	428,906		93,974		522,880
2023		89,106	15,332	358,704		61,720	447,810		77,052		524,862
2024		93,190	11,821	375,146		47,588	468,336		59,409		527,745
2025		97,337	8,147	391,840		32,796	489,177		40,943		530,120
2026		10,494	668	42,237		2,691	52,731		3,359	_	56,090
Total	\$	610,209	\$ 129,538	\$ 2,456,443	\$	521,467	\$ 3,066,652	\$	651,005	\$	3,717,657

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Long Term Liabilities (Continued)

2007 Bank of America Loan

On November 5, 2007, the City adopted Resolution No. 07-46 authorizing a loan by the City of \$5,337,000 through Bank of America, N.A. to finance the costs of certain capital improvements within the City. The loan is payable from and secured by a pledge of and lien upon the stormwater, water, sewer, and reuse revenues and certain other budgeted amounts and balances in certain funds created under the Resolution.

When originally issued, the interest rate on the loan was 63.7% of the 90 day LIBOR rate plus 90 basis points as set at the beginning of each quarter and is payable quarterly. The principal amount was swapped to an annual fixed rate of 4.302%, payable in quarterly installments beginning February 2008 through November 2027. Under terms of the Interest Rate Swap Agreement with Bank of America, NA, the City received 63.7% of the 90 day LIBOR rate plus 90 basis points on the unamortized principal of the swap amount.

As a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, effective January 1, 2018, the maximum federal corporate tax rate was reduced from 35% to 21%. A contractual adjustment was made to the Interest Rate Swap Agreement with the City now paying 77.4% of the 90 day LIBOR rate plus 109 basis points. Both the fixed rate of 4.302% and the amount the City receives of 63.7% of the 90 day LIBOR plus 90 basis points are unchanged.

During the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018, loan payments were made totaling \$405,248 which includes principal payments of \$261,578 and \$143,670 in interest. The loan proceeds were allocated according to the cost, or estimated cost, of the projects funded from the proceeds.

At September 30, 2018, the allocation of funds was 16.87% to governmental activities and 83.13% to business-type activities. The ongoing governmental activity projects include the sidewalk replacement and street resurfacing within the City, Public Works facility upgrades, City building upgrades and the street related portion of US301 future utility expansion. The completed and ongoing projects from the business-type activities include the Jackson Park drainage, US301 future utility expansion, the Canal Road Phase II project, upgrades to the Waste Water Treatment Plant and portions of the Infiltration and Inflow Project and Aquifer Storage Recovery Project.

Annual estimated installments for the fiscal years ending September 30, are as follows:

		Governmen	tal	Activities		Business-Type Activiti			City-Wide					
Year	I	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Total
2019	\$	46,081	\$	21,336	\$	227,091	\$	105,147	\$	273,172	\$	126,483	\$	399,655
2020		48,071		19,322		236,896		95,218		284,967		114,540		399,507
2021		50,256		17,219		247,663		84,856		297,919		102,075		399,994
2022		52,484		15,021		258,644		74,026		311,128		89,047		400,175
2023		54,811		12,726		270,112		62,714		324,923		75,440		400,363
2024		57,213		10,328		281,948		50,895		339,161		61,223		400,384
2025		59,777		7,827		294,588		38,573		354,365		46,400		400,765
2026		62,428		5,213		307,648		25,690		370,076		30,903		400,979
2027		65,195		2,483		321,288		12,236		386,483		14,719		401,202
2028		16,744	_	182	_	82,518	_	897		99,262		1,079	_	100,341
Total	\$	513,060	\$	111,657	\$	2,528,396	\$	550,252	\$	3,041,456	\$	661,909	\$	3,703,365

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Long Term Liabilities (Continued)

2014 Water/Sewer Loan

On August 25, 2014, the City adopted Resolution No. 2014-15 authorizing a loan by the City of \$1,250,000 through the Branch Banking and Trust Company (BB&T) to finance certain capital improvement projects for the water and sewer fund. These projects include improvements for: inflow and infiltration program, fire protection, and a new chloramine system for the Waste Water Treatment Plant. The loan is payable from and secured by a pledge and lien upon the pledge to budget and appropriate legally available non-ad valorem revenues.

The interest rate on the loan is fixed at 3.05%, payable in quarterly installments of \$25,980 beginning in November, 2014 through August, 2029 entirely from the water and sewer fund.

During the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018, loan payments were made totaling \$103,556 which includes principal payments of \$72,998 and \$30,558 in interest. Annual estimated installments for the fiscal years ending September 30, are as follows:

		Business-T	ype Activitie	s
Year	I	Principal	Interest	Debt Service
2019	\$	75,250 \$	28,670	\$ 103,920
2020		77,572	26,348	103,920
2021		79,965	23,955	103,920
2022		82,432	21,488	103,920
2023		84,975	18,945	103,920
2024		87,597	16,323	103,920
2025		90,299	13,621	103,920
2026		93,085	10,835	103,920
2027		95,957	7,963	103,920
2028		98,917	5,003	103,920
2029		101,968	1,951	103,919
Total	\$	968,017 \$	175,102	\$ 1,143,119

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Long Term Liabilities (Continued)

CRA Loan Agreement 2006

On July 18, 2006, the City adopted Resolution No. 06-01 authorizing a loan by the CRA of \$4,395,000 through the Bank of America, N.A. to finance the purchase of property for CRA use, improvements to infrastructure and buildings within the CRA District and to refinance the 2004 CRA Capital Improvement Revenue Loan. The loan is payable from and secured by a pledge and lien upon the pledged Tax Increment Funding revenues.

The interest rate on the loan is 63.7% of the LIBOR rate plus 1.15%, payable quarterly in January, April, July and October. Principal shall be repaid in installments of \$54,938 in January, April, July and October. Final payment is due in July 2026.

During the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018, loan payments were made totaling \$281,628 which includes principal payments of \$239,402 and \$42,226 in interest. Annual estimated installments for the fiscal years ending September 30, are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities									
Year	Principal		Interest		Total					
2019	\$ 219,750	\$	83,780	\$	303,530					
2020	219,750		72,792		292,542					
2021	219,750		61,805		281,555					
2022	219,750		50,817		270,567					
2023	219,750		39,830		259,580					
2024	219,750		28,842		248,592					
2025	219,750		17,855		237,605					
2026	 200,098	_	6,867	_	206,965					
Total	\$ 1,738,348	\$	362,588	\$	2,100,936					

September 30, 2018

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Long Term Liabilities (Continued)

3. Interest Rate Swaps

The City entered into interest rate swaps as a means to lower its borrowing costs, when compared against fixed-rate loans. The City's interest rate swaps are types of derivative instruments that are intended to synthetically fix the debt's interest rate, thereby hedging the risk that rising interest rates will negatively affect cash flows or offset the changes in fair value of hedgeable items.

GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, is intended to improve how the City reports information about derivative instruments in the financial statements and manage specific risks. It requires the derivative instruments to be reported on the face of the financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting and provide transparency in the financial statements by reporting the fair market value of the derivatives.

In 2004, 2005, and 2007, the City entered into debt agreements for a total of \$16,137,000. The terms of the loans and associated interest rate swaps are described on pages 70 - 72. The fair value and changes in fair value of the interest rate swap contracts are as follows:

		Changes in Fair Value	S	Fair Value at eptember 30, 2018	 nal Value at ber 30, 2018
Governmental activities					_
Fair value hedges:					
Pay fixed-receive variable interest rate swap contract					
2004 Loan	\$	(9,254)	\$	(11,896)	\$ 224,722
2005 Loan		(27,476)		(48,003)	610,209
2007 Loan		(26,729)	_	(70,211)	 513,060
Total Governmental activities		(63,459)	_	(130,110)	 1,347,991
Business-type activities					
Pay fixed-receive variable interest rate swap contract					
2004 Loan		(32,890)		(24,157)	798,726
2005 Loan		(110,605)		(97,482)	2,456,443
2007 Loan		(131,728)		(142,576)	2,528,396
Total Business-type activities	_	(275,223)		(264,215)	5,783,565
Total interest rate swaps	\$	(338,682)	\$	(394,325)	\$ 7,131,556

September 30, 2018

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Long Term Liabilities (Continued)

The following table represents debt service payments on the variable rate notes, net of swap payments associated with the notes at year end. The variable interest at September 30, 2018 is assumed to be constant over the life of the note.

Year]	Principal		Variable Interest		Swap Interest	Net Cash Flows		
2019	\$	815,307	\$	64,431	\$	241,522	\$	1,121,260	
2020		852,188		55,552		216,350		1,124,090	
2021		891,699		46,261		190,086		1,128,046	
2022		932,607		36,542		162,590		1,131,739	
2023		975,117		26,380		133,808		1,135,305	
2024		912,544		16,944		104,254		1,033,742	
2025		843,542		8,307		79,036		930,885	
2026		422,807		4,382		29,880		457,069	
2027		386,483		895		13,824		401,202	
2028	_	99,262	_		_	1,079	_	100,341	
Total	\$	7,131,556	\$	259,694	\$	1,172,429	\$	8,563,679	

Fair value - Because interest rates have declined since the execution of the swaps, the swaps had a negative fair value of \$394,325 as of September 30, 2018. The swap's negative fair value may be countered in the future by an increase in interest rates resulting in a reduction in total interest payments. The fair value was estimated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the swap.

Credit risk – As of September 30, 2018 the City was not exposed to credit risk because the swap had a negative fair value.

Basis risk – The swaps do not expose the City to basis risk because the interest rate on the notes and the swaps are the same.

Termination risk – The City may terminate the contract and the swap would no longer carry a synthetic interest rate. Also, if at the time of termination the swap has a negative fair value, the City would be liable to the bank for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

September 30, 2018

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

H. Long Term Liabilities (Continued)

4. Conduit Debt

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private sector entity served by the bond issuance. No City, State or any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of September 30, 2018, there were two series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$14,464,728.

5. Other Information

In accordance with loan covenants and Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code, the City is required to rebate to the U.S. Treasury, every five years, earnings on loan proceeds in excess of bond yield. For the year ended September 30, 2018, no amounts were earned that are required to be rebated to the U.S. Treasury for 2018.

The original 2004 and 2005 Bank of America loan agreements limited additional debt in excess of \$500,000 on an annual basis. During the year ended September 30, 2014, the Bank permanently waived the restriction. For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General, CRA, and Road and Bridge Funds.

Details of the net pension liabilities are included in Note V, Sections C and D.

Details of the long-term liability for other post-employment benefits are included in Note V, Section F.

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Long Term Liabilities (Continued)

Water

Total state revolving loans

Total loans payable

Interest rate swap contracts

Net pension liability

Compensated absences

Capital leases

Other post-employment benefits

Total business-type activities long-term liabilities $\frac{10,579,593}{}$

]	Beginning Balance	I	ncreases		Decreases		Ending Balance		ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:										
Long-term bank loans										
2004 Loan	\$	259,385	\$		\$	34,663	\$	224,722	\$	36,374
2005 Loan		681,922				71,713		610,209		74,912
2007 Loan		557,185				44,125		513,060		46,081
CRA Loan	_	1,977,750	_		_	239,402	_	1,738,348		219,750
Total Long-term bank loans	_	3,476,242	_		_	389,903	_	3,086,339	_	377,117
Interest rate swap contracts		193,569				63,459		130,110		
Other post-employment benefits		221,431		25,341		3,133		243,639		
Net pension liability		3,389,120				654,469		2,734,651		
Capital leases		678,635		503,900		400,927		781,608		335,391
Compensated absences	_	650,642		362,734	_	348,447		664,929		166,232
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	<u>\$</u>	8,609,639	\$	891,975	\$	1,860,338	\$	7,641,276	\$	878,740
	1	Beginning						Ending	D	ue Within
		Balance	I	ncreases		Decreases		Balance	(ne Year
Business-type activities: Long-term bank loans:										
2004 Loan	\$	921,927	\$		\$	123,201	\$	798,726	\$	129,283
						288,684		2,456,443		301,566
2005 Loan		2,745,127				200,004		2,730,773		
		2,745,127 2,745,849				217,453		2,528,396		227,091
2005 Loan				 <u></u>						
2005 Loan 2007 Loan	_	2,745,849	_	 	_	217,453	_	2,528,396	_	75,250
2005 Loan 2007 Loan 2014 Loan	_	2,745,849 1,041,015		 		217,453 72,998		2,528,396 968,017	_	75,250
2005 Loan 2007 Loan 2014 Loan Total long-term bank loans	_	2,745,849 1,041,015		 	_	217,453 72,998		2,528,396 968,017	_	227,091 75,250 733,190 172,282 4,486

368,749

368,749

368,749

4,845

4,697

146,100

54,031

578,422

171,525

873,861

275,223

392,786

301,306

42,008

1,885,781

597

368,749

922,887

7,674,469

264,215

44,816

280,450

941,748

66,536

9,272,234

18,325

195,093

928,283

265,011

1,209,928

16,634

725,663

539,438

668,539

1,096,954

40,568

54,513

8,179,581

September 30, 2018

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

I. Fund Balances

Effective October 1, 2010, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement is implemented to address issues related to how fund balance was being reported and to clear up any confusion regarding the relationship between reserved fund balance and restricted net position. The City implemented GASB Statement 54 during fiscal year 2011 and is reporting the fund balance in summary in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The detail of the fund balance is as follows:

• Nonspendable - The following fund balances are nonspendable because they are allocated to:

General Fund

Nonspendable	<u>\$</u>	263,417	
Restricted - The following fund balances are restricted for:			
General Fund			
Building Department - used to fund operations	\$	979,924	
Infrastructure half-cent sales tax - voter approved to be used for capital improvements	•	1,619,586	
Impact fees - used to fund growth in general government, law enforcement and parks and recreation Proceeds from the Hazel Smith Estate for the beautification and maintenance of the City's		398,383	
cemetery.		3,685	
Special law enforcement reserve	_	50,693	
General Fund subtotal	\$	3,052,271	
Community Redevelopment Agency Fund			
Used to alleviate slum and blight in the City per Florida Statute 163	\$	3,883,488	
Community Redevelopment Agency Fund subtotal	\$	3,883,488	
Road and Bridge Fund			
Per Florida Statutes, this fund is restricted to the operations, maintenance and capital improvement of the City's roadways.			
Capital improvements	\$	290,000	
Impact fees - for the growth in transportation		356,142	
Boccage legal settlement		6,501	
General operating expenses		1,284,083	
Road and Bridge Fund subtotal	\$	1,936,726	
	-	<u> </u>	

Total Restricted Fund Balances \$ 8,872,485

September 30, 2018

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Fund Balances (Continued)

Committed - The following fund balances are committed to:

General Fund

Trailer Park Trust - City Commission approval required	<u>\$ 2</u>	,020,887
	General Fund subtotal \$ 2	,020,887

Capital Projects Fund

Capital Projects	<u>\$</u>	707,814
	Capital Projects Fund subtotal	707,814
	Total Committed Fund Balances \$	2.728.701

Assigned - The following fund balances are assigned to:

General Fund

Funding for Capital Improvements Program	\$	95,462
Tree reserve - used to replant trees in the City		24,776
One-time operating expenses		196,118
	Total Assigned Fund Balance \$	316,356

Unassigned - The City's policy is to maintain an adequate General Fund unassigned fund balance to provide liquidity in the event of an economic downturn or natural disaster. Through resolution, the City Commission has adopted a financial standard to maintain a General Fund unassigned fund balance of three to six months of budgeted expenditures.

September 30, 2018

NOTE V - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

J. Encumbered Commitments

The following table lists the outstanding encumbrances at September 30, 2018. These encumbrances are reported in the financial statements based on the specific purpose of the resources that have been provided.

	Governmental Activities								
					I	Road and	Capital Projects		
	Gen	eral Fund	CR	A Fund		idge Fund	Fund		Total
Operating Encumbrances	\$	42,440	\$	426,591	\$	412,763	\$ 	\$	881,794
Operating Capital Projects				30,185					30,185
Capital Improvement Projects (CIP)		99,978					26,314		126,292
Total Encumbrances Outstanding	\$	142,418	\$	456,776	\$	412,763	\$ 26,314	\$	1,038,271

	Business-Type Activities									
	Solic	l Waste	V	ater and	St	ormwater				-
	F	und	Se	wer Fund		Fund	Re	use Fund		Total
Operating Encumbrances	\$		\$	30,797	\$	9,906	\$	5,856	\$	46,559
Capital Improvement Projects (CIP)				111,585		18,325		80,557	_	210,467
Total Encumbrances Outstanding	\$		\$	142,382	\$	28,231	\$	86,413	\$	257,026
Total Outstanding Encumbrances									\$	1,295,297

NOTE VI - OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to risks of loss through various operations such as police, streets, water, sewer, and garbage operations and loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance.

The City purchases insurance through carriers, primarily, the Florida League of Cities' Florida Municipal Insurance Trust Fund, for large risks, and retains certain risks directly and through the use of deductibles on the insurance policy. The City's limits of insurance are based on the statutory limits of liability of \$100,000, with layering to a maximum of \$1,000,000, for certain types of exposures. The Florida League of Cities' Florida Municipal Insurance Trust is a non-assessable entity created by an act of the Legislature.

Risks retained by the City include risks of vehicle accidents for collision and comprehensive coverage, liability claims below the deductible or in excess of insured amounts, crime below a deductible of \$2,500, inland marine and property exposures less than \$10,000, and all unemployment insurance risks.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage for the current fiscal year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

September 30, 2018

NOTE VI - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Risk Management (Continued)

1. Unemployment Insurance

The City reimburses the State of Florida for eligible claims paid for unemployment benefits.

2. Workmen's Compensation

The City maintains an insurance policy with Florida Municipal Insurance Trust with regard to workmen's compensation benefits for employees.

B. Employee Pension Plans

The City has two (2) defined benefit single-employer pension plans:

- Palmetto General Employees' Pension Plan (PGEPP)
- Palmetto Police Pension Plan (PPPP)

The plans do not issue stand-alone financial reports and are not included in any other retirement system or entity's financial report. The City accounts for both plans as pension trust funds; therefore, they are accounted for in substantially the same manner as proprietary funds, with a capital maintenance measurement focus and employment of the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions, employer contributions and contributions from other entities are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

The City Commission approves all plan provisions and amendments. City ordinance and state law requires contributions to be determined by actuarial studies at least every three years; however, the City has elected to obtain these studies each year.

In 2015, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for the Palmetto Police Pension Plan and the Palmetto General Employees' Pension Plan. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by state and local governments for pension plans. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities.

A schedule of funding progress and employer contributions that include historical trend information about the annual required contributions of the employer are included as required supplementary information to the financial statements.

September 30, 2018

NOTE VI - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Palmetto General Employees' Pension Plan

Plan Administration

The City of Palmetto General Employees' Pension Plan (PGEPP), a defined benefit single-employer public employee retirement plan, is administered in accordance with Chapter 22, Article IV of the Palmetto City Code and Internal Revenue Code Section 401. The Plan is administered by a Board of Trustees which acts as the administrator of the plan. The Board consists of seven Trustees, two of whom shall be legal residents of the City who are appointed pursuant to City Charter, two of whom are Members of the plan who are elected by a majority of the General Employees who are Members of the plan, the City Clerk pursuant to City ordinance, and a sixth and seventh Trustee who are chosen by a majority of the first five Trustees.

Plan Membership

	As 01 September 30, 2017	As 01 September 30, 2018
Retirees, beneficiaries, and DROP participants benefits	58	57
Terminated employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	8	8
Active plan members	73	75
Total	139	140

Normal Retirement and Vesting

The Plan covers permanent, probationary and full time City of Palmetto employees who are not members of the Palmetto Police Pension Plan. Any participant, is vested once 10 years of creditable service is reached or 5 years for participants hired prior to January 1, 1995. Any vested participant, who has attained age 60 or has creditable service of 30 years regardless of age, is eligible for normal retirement. Such a retiree would receive a retirement benefit based upon a 2.5% of average annual earnings during the highest 5 years of the last 10 years of employment prior to the date of retirement multiplied by the years of credited service.

Early Retirement

Plan members with 10 years of credited service, or 5 years for participants hire prior to January 1, 1995, are eligible to retire at age 55 with a reduction of the accrued benefit of 3% per each year that the benefit commencement date precedes the Normal Retirement Date.

Disability

The Plan provides disability benefits of 2.5% of average final compensation times the years of credited service, providing 10 year of credited service has been attained, or 5 years for participants hired prior to January 1, 1995. This benefit is payable as of the date the Board determines such entitlement.

September 30, 2018

NOTE VI - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Palmetto General Employees' Pension Plan (Continued)

Termination of Employment

If an employee separates service from the City before achieving 10 years of credited service, the employee will receive his contributions plus 4% interest compounded annually. If an employee separates service from the City after achieving ten or more years, the employee may choose 1) refund of contributions with interest, 2) vested accrued benefit payable at Normal (unreduced) Retirement Date, or 3) vested accrued benefit payable at Early (reduced) Retirement Date, determined as if the Member had continued employment.

Death Benefits

The Plan provides death benefits for vested and non-vested members. Beneficiaries of members dying prior to vesting eligibility for retirement receive a full refund of the member's accumulated contributions with interest. A beneficiary of a member, who is vested will received an accrued benefit, payable for 10 years at the Member's otherwise Normal Retirement Date (unreduced), at the otherwise actuarially reduced Early Retirement Date, or immediately.

Contributions

Participants are required to contribute 5% of their annual salary to the Plan. The City contributes an amount to make the fund actuarially sound. The City's contribution rate for fiscal year 2018 was 24.47%.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

Effective October 18, 2004, the City approved an ordinance creating a deferred retirement option plan (DROP). In lieu of terminating employment, any member may elect to defer receipt of such service retirement pension and to participate in the DROP. A member's participation in the DROP may not exceed sixty months beginning at the time the member becomes eligible for Normal Retirement. A member may participate only once. An account is established for each member participating in the DROP. The member's DROP account consists of the monthly retirement benefit the member would have received had they terminated their employment and the earnings on those amounts. DROP accounts earn interest as elected by the plan member at an effective rate of 6.5% per annum, compounded monthly, or at the actual net rate of investment return realized by the plan. As of September 30, 2018, one employee is participating in the DROP program with a balance of \$139,899.

Net Pension Liability of the City

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined as of that date. The components of the net pension liability of the City at September 30, 2018, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 16,159,419
Plan fiduciary net position	(14,961,271)
City's net pension liability	1,198,148
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	
total pension liability	92.59 %

September 30, 2018

NOTE VI - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Palmetto General Employees' Pension Plan (Continued)

The required schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017, updated to September 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation2.30%Salary increasesService basedDiscount rate7.00%Investment rate of return7.00%

Mortality rates were based on the RP2000 Fully Generational with Scale BB, with collar and annuitant adjustments for males of 50% Annuitant White Collar, 50% Annuitant Blue Collar, and 100% Annuitant White Collar for females. The mortality rates for disabled lives are based on the RP2000 without projection and adjustments for males of 100% disabled male with four year setback and 100% disabled female with two year set forward for females.

Changes in actuarial assumptions

There were no changes in actuarial assumptions for the year ended September 30, 2018

Investment policy assumptions

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. For 2018 the inflation rate assumption of the investment advisor was 2.30%. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

September 30, 2018

NOTE VI - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Palmetto General Employees' Pension Plan (Continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocations	Return
Domestic equity	50.00 %	6.94 %
International equity	10.00 %	6.40 %
Fixed income	15.00 %	2.47 %
Global fixed income	5.00 %	2.21 %
Hedge funds	7.50 %	2.99 %
Real estate	12.50 %	3.32 %
Total	100.00 %	

Concentrations

The Plan did not hold investments in any one organization that represent 5% or more of the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position.

Rate of Return

For the year ended September 30, 2018 the annual money-weighted rate of return on Pension Plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 10.07%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate that the City's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE VI - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Palmetto General Employees' Pension Plan (Continued)

CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2017	\$ 15,913,324	\$ 13,784,575	\$ 2,128,749
Changes for a Year:			
Service cost	356,601		356,601
Interest	1,100,191		1,100,191
Differences between expected and actual experience	(104,875)		(104,875)
Changes of assumptions			
Changes of benefit terms			
Contributions - Employer		773,083	(773,083)
Contributions - Employee		157,785	(157,785)
Net investment income		1,379,409	(1,379,409)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(1,105,822)	(1,105,822)	
Administrative expense		(27,759)	27,759
Net changes	246,095	1,176,696	(930,601)
Reporting period ending September 30, 2018	\$ 16,159,419	\$ 14,961,271	\$ 1,198,148

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.0% lower (6.00%) or 1.0% higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1.0%	Current	1.0%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
City's net pension liability	\$ 3,001,996	\$ 1,198,148	\$ (313,223)

September 30, 2018

NOTE VI - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Palmetto General Employees' Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension expense and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized of pension expense of \$55,489. On September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Outfl	ows of ources	Iı	nflows of Resources
Net difference between expected and actual expense	\$		\$	273,970
Changes of assumptions				34,446
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				582,792
Total	\$		\$	891,208

The outcome of the deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the applicable year. There were no subsequent contributions for the year ended September 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30:

2019	\$ (315,629)
2020	\$ (264,544)
2021	\$ (226,718)
2022	\$ (84,317)

D. Palmetto Police Pension Plan

Plan Administration:

The City of Palmetto Police Pension Plan (PPPP), a defined benefit single-employer public employee retirement plan, is administered in accordance with Chapter 22, Article IV of the Palmetto City Code and Internal Revenue Code Section 401. The Plan is administered by a Board of Trustees which acts as the administrator of the plan. The Board consists of five Trustees, two of whom shall be legal residents of the City who are appointed by the City Commission, two of whom are Members of the plan who are elected by a majority of the Police Officers who are Members of the plan, and a fifth Trustee who is chosen by a majority of the first four Trustees.

Plan Membership:

	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2018
Retirees, beneficiaries, and DROP participants receiving benefits	30	32
Terminated employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	7	10
Active plan members	32	31
Total	69	73

As of

As of

September 30, 2018

NOTE VI - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Palmetto Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Normal Retirement and Vesting

The Plan covers permanent, probationary and full time City of Palmetto employees who are classified as uniform police personnel. Any participant is vested once 10 years of creditable service is reached. Any vested participant, who has attained age 55 or has creditable service of 23 years regardless of age, is eligible for normal retirement. Such a retiree would receive a retirement benefit based upon a 3% of average annual earnings during the highest 5 years of the last 10 years of employment prior to the date of retirement multiplied by the years of credited service with a maximum of 75% of average final compensation if hired after June 7, 1982.

On October 7, 2002, the City of Palmetto adopted Ordinance 02-579. This ordinance allows a member who previously served as a police officer with the City during a period of previous employment and for which period accumulated contributions were withdrawn from the plan, or a member who served as a police officer for any other municipal, county or state law enforcement department in the United States to purchase other police service time. To purchase other police service time, the police officer must contribute to the Plan, the amount actuarially determined for the time for which he or she is requesting credit, such that the crediting of service does not result in a cost or liability to the Plan. However, the member may not purchase prior police service that is counted for retirement benefits from another pension plan.

Early Retirement

Plan members with 10 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 50 with a reduction of the accrued benefit of 3% per each year that the benefit commencement date precedes the Normal Retirement Date.

Disability

The Plan provides disability benefits for both duty-related and non-duty related disabilities from the date of employment. A service incurred disability is computed at 3% of average final compensation (AFC) multiplied by years of credited service on the date of disability, actuarially reduced for payment prior to the normal retirement date. The actuarially reduced benefit may not be less than 62% of the members' AFC. The benefit provided for a non-service incurred disability is computed at the same 3% of AFC as a service incurred disability. However, to a member with 10 years of credited service, the actuarially reduced benefit may not be less than 25% of the member's AFC or 20% of the member's AFC for members with at least 5 years of service. Benefits are paid at a maximum of 75% of average final compensation if hired after June 7, 1982.

Termination of Employment

If an employee separates service from the City before achieving 10 years of credited service, the employee will receive his contributions only. If an employee separates service from the City after achieving ten or more years, the employee may choose 1) refund of contributions without interest, 2) vested accrued benefit payable at Normal (unreduced) Retirement Date, or 3) vested accrued benefit payable at Early (reduced) Retirement Date.

September 30, 2018

NOTE VI - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Palmetto Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Death Benefits

The Plan provides death benefits for vested and non-vested members. Beneficiaries of members dying prior to vesting eligibility for retirement receive a full refund of the member's accumulated contributions. A beneficiary of a member, who is vested or eligible for retirement upon their death, will receive a benefit payable for life equal to the accrued benefit on the date of death at early (reduced) or normal (unreduced) retirement date.

Contributions

Participants are required to contribute 5% of their annual salary to the Plan. Other contributions are received from the State of Florida and the City. The State of Florida contribution results from the City's share of insurance tax. The City contributes an amount to make the fund actuarially sound. The City's contribution rate was 25.48% for fiscal year 2018.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

Effective October 7, 2002, the City approved an Ordinance No. 02-759 creating a deferred retirement option plan (DROP). In lieu of terminating employment, any member may elect to defer receipt of such service retirement pension and to participate in the DROP. A member's participation in the DROP may not exceed sixty months beginning at the time the election becomes effective. A member may participate only once. An account is established for each member participating in the DROP. The member's DROP account consists of the monthly retirement benefit the member would have received had they terminated their employment and the earnings on those amounts. DROP accounts earn interest as elected by the plan member at an effective rate of 6.5% per annum, compounded monthly, or at the actual net rate of investment return realized by the plan. As of September 30, 2018, no officers are participating in the DROP program.

Net Pension Liability of the City

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined as of that date. The components of the net pension liability of the City at September 30, 2018, and reported for fiscal year 2018, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 15,320,520
Plan fiduciary net position	(13,503,567)
City's net pension liability	1,816,953
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	
total pension liability	88.14 %

The required schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

September 30, 2018

NOTE VI - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Palmetto Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017, updated to September 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation2.50%Salary increasesService basedDiscount rate7.00%Investment rate of return7.00%

Mortality rates were based on the RP2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant white collar, scale BB for females and RP2000 Generational, 10% Annuitant white collar/90% Annuitant blue collar, scale BB for males. The mortality rates for disabled is 60% RP2000 Disabled female set forward two years/40% Annuitant white collar with no setback and no projection scale and 60% RP2000 Disabled male setback four years/40% Annuitant white collar with no setback, no projection scale.

Changes in actuarial assumptions

For the actuarial valuation performed as of October 1, 2017, the investment return assumption was lowered from 7.10% to 7.00%.

Investment policy assumptions

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. For 2018, the inflation rate assumption of the investment advisor was 2.50%.

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE VI - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Palmetto Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Return
Domestic equity	45.00 %	7.50 %
International equity	15.00 %	8.50 %
Broad market fixed income	20.00 %	2.50 %
Global fixed income	5.00 %	3.50 %
Real estate	10.00 %	4.50 %
Alternative	5.00 %	6.00 %
Total	100.00 %	

Concentrations

The Plan did not hold investments in any one organization that represent 5% or more of the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position.

Rate of Return

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Pension Plan investments, net of Pension Plan investment expense, was 9.46%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate that the City's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE VI - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Palmetto Police Pension Plan (Continued)

CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Position Liability (a) - (b)
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2017	\$ 14,333,545	\$ 12,404,635	\$ 1,928,910
Changes for a Year:			
Service cost	341,648	==	341,648
Interest	1,016,788		1,016,788
Differences between expected and actual experience	173,880		173,880
Changes of assumptions	163,140		163,140
Changes of benefits terms			
Contributions - Employer		452,774	(452,774)
Contributions - State		130,363	(130,363)
Contributions - Employee		85,229	(85,229)
Net investment income		1,169,844	(1,169,844)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(708,481)	(708,481)	
Administrative expense		(30,797)	30,797
Net changes	986,975	1,098,932	(111,957)
Reporting period ending September 30, 2018	\$ 15,320,520	\$ 13,503,567	\$ 1,816,953

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.0% lower (6.00%) or 1.0% higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Current		
	1.0%	Discount	1.0%	
Г	Decrease	Rate	Increase	
	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%	
\$	3,629,830	\$ 1,816,953	\$ 306,046	

September 30, 2018

NOTE VI - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

D. Palmetto Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension expense and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognizes pension expense of \$597,330 and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
	F	Resources	R	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	171,310	\$	182,927
Changes of assumptions		462,454		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				465,131
	\$	633,764	\$	648,058

The outcome of the deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date is recognized as a reduction of the pension expense in the applicable year. There were no subsequent contributions for the year ended September 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:

2019	\$ 171,540
2020	\$ (55,321)
2021	\$ (72,187)
2022	\$ (58,326)

NOTE VI - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

E. Aggregate Information for City Pension Plans

The aggregate balances of the City pension plans are as follows:

	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	N	Net Pension Liability	Deferred Inflows	Pension Expense
Palmetto General Employees' Pension Plan Palmetto Police Pension Plan	\$	633,764	\$	(1,198,148) (1,816,953)	\$ 891,208 648,058	\$ 55,489 597,330
	\$	633,764	\$	(3,015,101)	\$ 1,539,266	\$ 652,819

F. Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

The combining statement of fiduciary net position and combining statement of changes in fiduciary net postion for the defined benefit pension plans are as follows:

	Palmetto Police	Palmetto General	Total
	Officers'	Employees	Fiduciary
	Pension Plan	Pension Plan	Funds
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 319		\$ 619
Interest and dividends receivable	10,235	30,742	40,977
Prepaid benefits		71,756	71,756
Investments			
Money market funds	224,927	445,728	670,655
U. S. government securities	705,489	1,081,428	1,786,917
Corporate bonds	733,606	782,797	1,516,403
Corporate stocks	1,033,023	8,672,113	9,705,136
Mutual funds	9,363,892	2,320,812	11,684,704
Alternative investments	1,431,877	1,555,895	2,987,772
Total Investments	13,492,814	14,858,773	28,351,587
Total Assets	13,503,368	14,961,571	28,464,939
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	64,687		64,687
Total liabilities	64,687		64,687
Net Position			
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 13,438,681	\$ 14,961,571	\$ 28,400,252

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018

NOTE VI - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

F. Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position (Continued)

	Palmetto Police Officers' Pension Plan	Palmetto General Employees Pension Plan	Total Fiduciary Funds
Additions	·		
Contributions			
Employer	\$ 452,774		\$ 1,225,864
Plan members	87,713	157,785	245,498
State (from the General Fund) Miscellaneous	130,363 331	300	130,363 631
Total contributions	671,181	931,175	1,602,356
Investment earnings Interest	48,191	38,394	86,585
Dividends	292,431	190,266	482,697
Net increase in the fair value of investments	867,214	1,239,424	2,106,638
Total investment earnings	1,207,836	1,468,084	2,675,920
Investment expense	(40,408)		(129,082)
Net investment earnings	1,167,428	1,379,410	2,546,838
Total additions	1,838,609	2,310,585	4,149,194
Deductions			
Benefits	773,165	1,039,019	1,812,184
Refunds of contributions		66,804	66,804
Administrative expenses	30,797	27,759	58,556
Total deductions	803,962	1,133,582	1,937,544
Change in net position	1,034,647	1,177,003	2,211,650
Net position, beginning of year	12,404,034	13,784,568	26,188,602
Net position, end of year	\$ 13,438,681	\$ 14,961,571	\$ 28,400,252

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE VI - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

G. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Administration

The City's Retiree Health Care Plan (Plan) is a single employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan that covers eligible retired employees of the City of Palmetto. The Plan, which is administered by the City, allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements under the City's retirement plans to purchase health insurance at the City's group rate as mandated by Florida Statutes 112.0801. For purposes of applying Paragraph 4 under Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, the Plan does not meet the requirement for an other post-employment benefit plan (OPEB) administered through a trust. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Employees covered by benefit terms: At October 1, 2017 the date of the acturial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Measurement period As of
	September 30, 2018
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	4
Active employees	107
	111

Benefits Provided

A retired employee and his or her spouse are eligible to continue health insurance identical to active employees if they meet the eligibility for retirement under the applicable Plan. The retiree is responsible for paying the entire monthly premium for health coverage including premiums for covered spouse or eligible dependents. Retiree coverage ceases upon coverage under another group policy (i.e. Medicare eligibility). Therefore, there is not liability to the City for these benefits.

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability, as of September 30, 2017, was measured using a discount rate of 3.64%. The Total OPEB Liability was "rolled back" from September 30, 2018 at 3.64%, thus producing no experience gain or loss for the period from September 30, 2017 to September 30, 2018.

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the October 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation rate	2.50%
Salary increase rate	Varies by Service
Discount rate	4.18%
Initial healthcare cost trend rate	8.50%
Ultimate trend rate	4.00%
Years to ultimate	55

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE VI - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

G. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Mortality rates for non-disabled participants were based on the RP-2000 mortality tables, projected generationally with Improvement Scale BB.

Mortality rates for disabled participants were based on the RP-2000 mortality tables with no projections.

Discount rate

Given the City's decision not to fund the program, all future benefit payments were discounted using a high-quality municipal bond rate of 4.18%. The high-quality municipal bond rate was based on the week closest to but not later than the measurement date of the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index as published by the Federal Reserve. The 20-Bond Index consists of 20 general obligation bonds that mature in 20 years. The average rating of the 20 bonds is roughly equivalent to Moody's Investors Service's Aa2 rating and Standard & Poor's Corp.'s AA.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	ncrease
(I	Decrease)
\$	292,186
	15,911
	10,898
	(12,960)
	(17,580)
	(3,731)
\$	288,455
	<u>(I</u>

Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.64% for the reporting period ending September 30, 2017, to 4.18% for the reporting period ending September 30, 2018.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB liability to changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (3.18)% or one percentage-point higher (5.18)% than the current discount rate:

	19	% Decrease D	Discount Rate	1% Increase
		(3.18%)	(4.18%)	(5.18%)
Total OPEB liability (asset)	\$	327.813 \$	288,455	275,799

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates.

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE VI - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

G. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase
	(3.00%-7.50%)	(4.00%-8.50%)	(5.00%- 9.50%)
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 260,003	\$ 288,455	\$ 321,996

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$29,458. At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Changes of assumptions	\$	\$ 11,109

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are recognized in OPEB expenses as follows:

Year ended: September 30,	
2019	\$ (1,851)
2020	\$ (1,851)
2021	\$ (1,851)
2022	\$ (1,851)
2023	\$ (1,851)
Thereafter	\$ (1,854)

H. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City Attorney that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

I. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2018

NOTE VI - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

I. Deferred Compensation Plan (Continued)

Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan are held in trust on behalf of the employees. Accordingly, the assets are not reported in these financial statements.

J. Subsequent Events

As of September 30, 2018, Manatee County and the City/CRA were negotiating the development of a hotel to combine with the existing convention center located in the City limits and the CRA District. The establishment of a major hotel continues to be a priority to the City with the negotiations continuing in fiscal year 2019 with the prospective developer.

The City has obtained a \$4.5 million loan from the State Revolving Loan fund for the construction of an Equalization Basin at the Wastewater Treatment Plant and the expansion of the City's reclaimed water utility. The design and engineering phase is ongoing as of September 30, 2018 however, construction and debt payments are not anticipated to begin until fiscal year 2019.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	PAGE
In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 34, the following budgetary comparisons for the Governmental Funds include: General, CRA, and Road and Bridge Funds.	
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - General Fund	102
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Community	
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Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Road and Bridge	104
Fund	104
In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Numbers 67 Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, implemented in fiscal year 2014, and 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - An Amendment of GASB No. 27, implemented in fiscal year 2015, the following is the historical trend information of the City's Pension Trust Funds.	
Pension Trust Funds	
Palmetto General Employees' Pension Plan	
Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	105
Schedule of Contributions	106
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Palmetto Police Officers' Pension Plan	
Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	109
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In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 75, <i>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions</i> , implemented in fiscal year 2018, the following is the historical trend information of the City's other post employement benefit.	
Schedule of Changes in the City's OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	113

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

REVENUES Taxes	Ori				Variance with
		ginal	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Property Sales Utility	1,0	655,217 \$ 016,362 087,867	4,671,351 \$ 2,030,235 1,187,993	4,671,351 2,030,235 1,187,993	\$
Motor fuel Other Permits, fees, and special assessments		11,000 819,996 235,900	11,818 852,892 1,678,070	11,818 858,059 1,678,070	5,167
Intergovernmental revenues Fines and forfeitures	,	32,800	18,726 63,538	6,000 96,605	(12,726 33,067
Charges for services Interest earnings Miscellaneous Impact Fees		769,207 57,600 159,079	735,857 51,941 183,261 186,062	735,875 104,271 179,940 186,062	18 52,330 (3,321
Total revenues	9,	845,028	11,671,744	11,746,279	74,535
EXPENDITURES			`		
Current General government					
Commission City Clerk City Attorney	2,2	264,294 207,857	264,294 2,210,531	242,033 2,151,678	22,261 58,853 17,105
Finance Human resources	(284,490 678,371	284,490 678,915	267,385 653,468	25,447
Total general goverment		200,101 635,113	203,768 3,641,998	3,492,141	26,191 149,857
Public Safety Police	4,2	238,485	4,324,389	4,139,632	184,757
Code enforcement Planning and zoning Building department	,	192,757 215,671 264,796	158,379 223,811 271,510	182,219 199,050 265,407	(23,840 24,761 6,103
Total public safety	4,9	911,709	4,978,089	4,786,308	191,781
Recreation Parks and recreation Events and facilities		599,593 161,431	605,169 172,414	520,471 157,784	84,698 14,630
Total recreation		761,024	777,583	678,255	99,328
Intergovermental services Information technology Public works administration		454,553 658,372	485,546 647,812	481,642 518,256	3,904 129,556
Fleet management		243,472	240,245	210,456	29,789
Total intergovernmental services	-	356,397 223,520	1,373,603	1,210,354	163,249
Capital outlay Debt service principal and interest		304,484 304	1,840,560 304,484	1,707,498 327,354	133,062 (22,870
Total expenditures	11,	192,247	12,916,317	12,201,910	714,407
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,,	347,219)	(1,244,573)	(455,631)	788,942
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	9	947,707 	947,707 (60,000)	917,707 (60,000)	(30,000
Capital leases		129,345	129,345	128,200	(1,145
Total other financing sources (uses)		077,052	1,017,052	985,907	(31,145
Net change in fund sources (uses)	`	270,167)	(227,521)	530,276	757,797
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	·	369,302 099,135 \$	9,369,302 9,141,781 \$	9,369,302 9,899,578	\$ 757,797

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (CRA) FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Budgeted A	mounts		
	_	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES					
Taxes					
Property	\$	3,605,399 \$	3,605,399 \$	3,605,932	
Intergovernmental revenues			200,000		(200,000)
Interest earnings		20,000	20,000	69,344	49,344
Miscellaneous	_	3,000	3,000	11,636	8,636
Total revenues		3,628,399	3,828,399	3,686,912	(141,487)
EXPENDITURES					
Intergovernmental services		1,988,144	2,630,837	1,716,737	914,100
Capital outlay					
Streets		80,000	177,604	92,600	85,004
Other		580,000	3,288,871	268,140	3,020,731
Debt service principal and interest		1,119,752	289,084	281,628	7,456
Total expenditures		3,767,896	6,386,396	2,359,105	4,027,291
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(139,497)	(2,557,997)	1,327,807	3,885,804
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in			142,249	142,249	
Transfers out		(39,317)	(39,317)	(39,317)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(39,317)	102,932	102,932	
Net change in fund sources (uses)		(178,814)	(2,455,065)	1,430,739	3,885,804
Fund balances - beginning		2,452,749	2,452,749	2,452,749	
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,273,935 \$	(2,316) \$	3,883,488	\$ 3,885,804

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Budgeted A	mounts		
		Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES					
Taxes					
Motor fuel	\$	1,536,383 \$	1,578,560 \$	1,578,558	
Charges for services		121,285	123,538	123,590	52
Interest earnings		12,500	13,593	25,645	12,052
Miscellaneous Impact fees		467	1,217 79,947	1,134 79,947	(83)
Total revenues	_	1,670,635	1,796,855	1,808,874	12,019
Total Tevenues	_	1,070,033	1,790,833	1,000,074	12,019
EXPENDITURES					
Highways and streets		1,151,937	1,544,710	990,841	553,869
Capital outlay					
Streets		386,000	399,000	375,966	23,034
Debt service principal and interest	_	299,122	299,122	305,131	(6,009)
Total expenditures		1,837,059	2,242,832	1,671,938	570,894
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(166,424)	(445,977)	136,936	582,913
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out		(214,576)	(399,576)	(399,576)	
Capital leases		381,000	381,000	375,700	(5,300)
Total other financing sources (uses)		166,424	(18,576)	(23,876)	(5,300)
Net change in fund sources (uses)			(464,553)	113,060	577,613
Fund balances - beginning		1,823,666	1,823,666	1,823,666	
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,823,666 \$	1,359,113 \$	1,936,726	\$ 577,613

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS PALMETTO GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	_	2014		2015		2016		2017	2018
Total pension liability									
Service cost	\$	388,341	\$	406,052	\$	432,504	\$	340,367	\$ 356,601
Interest		1,098,660		1,125,493		1,167,342		1,077,822	1,100,191
Differences between expected and actual									
experience				(473,204)		(598,066)		(91,591)	(104,875)
Changes of assumptions				481,905		(137,785)			
Benefit payments, including refunds of									
employee contributions		(1,213,674)	_	(1,080,222)	_	(937,187)	_	(940,734)	(1,105,822)
Net change in total pension liability		273,327		460,024		(73,192)		385,864	246,095
Total pension liability - beginning	1	14,867,301		15,140,628		15,600,652		15,527,460	15,913,324
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$]	15,140,628		15,600,652		15,527,460		15,913,324	16,159,419
Plan fiduciary net position									
Contributions - employer	\$	837,688		859,333		836,906		854,277	773,083
Contributions - employee		133,816		140,131		144,902		148,466	157,785
Net investment income		923,158		179,086		928,197		1,443,970	1,379,409
Benefit payments, including refunds of									
employee contributions		(1,213,674)		(1,080,222)		(937,187)		(940,734)	(1,105,822)
Administrative expense		(20,097)	_	(27,272)	_	(25,909)	_	(39,707)	(27,759)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		660,891		71,056		946,909		1,466,272	1,176,696
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning]	10,639,447		11,300,338		11,371,394		12,318,303	13,784,575
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	11,300,338		11,371,394		12,318,303		13,784,575	14,961,271
City's net pension liability - ending (a - b)	\$	3,840,290		4,229,258		3,209,157		2,128,749	1,198,148
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of									
the total pension liability		74.64 %		72.89 %		79.33 %		86.62 %	92.59 %
Covered employee payroll (2)	\$	2,676,320		2,938,908		2,898,036		2,969,332	3,155,700
City's net pension liability as a percentage of									
covered employee payroll		143.49 %		143.91 %		110.74 %		71.69 %	37.97 %

Notes to the Schedule:

- (1) GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. Information necessary for this table will accumulate until 10 years of data is available.
- (2) The covered employee payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 9/30/2015 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Changes of assumptions:

Changes of assumptions made August 26, 2016: Salary increases, Normal and Early Retirement Rates, Withdrawal Rates, Investment Return

Additionally, the inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.30%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

Changes of assumptions made in the October 1, 2017 valuation included a change in the mortality assumption to reflect changes from the rates utilized by the Florida Retirement System in the July 1, 2015 valuation to those utilized in the July 1, 2016 valuation for other than special risk employees.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

PALMETTO GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

		2014		2015		2016		2017	2018
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	837,688	\$	859,281	\$	836,083	\$	854,277	\$ 772,200
determined contributions		837,688		859,333	_	836,906		854,277	773,083
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_		_	(52)	_	(823)	_		(883)
Covered employee payroll (2)		2,676,320		2,938,908		2,898,036		2,969,332	3,155,700
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		31.30 %		29.24 %		28.88 %		28.77 %	24.50 %

Notes to the Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Valuation date October 1, 2016

Funding method Entry age normal actuarial cost method (level percent of pay).

Amortization method

Level dollar, closed

Remaining amortization period

20 years (as of 10/1/2015)

Mortality

Mortality Rate Healthy Inactive Lives: Female: RP 2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant White Collar, Scale BB.Male: RP 2000 Generational, 50% Annuitant White Collar / 50% Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale BB.Mortality Rate Healthy Active Lives: Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Combined Healthy (previously Annuitant) White Collar, Scale BB.Male: RP2000 Generational, 50% Combined Healthy (previously Annuitant) White

Collar / 50% Combined Healthy Blue Collar, Scale BB.

Interest rate Inflation

2.30% per year

Cost of living adjustments

None

Payroll increases

None

Actuarial value of assets

The Actuarial Value of Assets utilize four-year smoothing methodology. The annual difference between expected and actual investment earnings (Market Value, net of

investment-related expenses), is phased-in over a four-year period.

7% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses.

Normal Retirement Age (3):

Years of Servicet	Age	Probability of Retirement
10-29 years	60-63	80%
10-29 years	64-69	25%
10-29 years	70+	100%
30	All	33%
31	All	33%
32 + years	All	100%

Early Retirement Age:

A 10% probability of early retirement is assumed for each year of early retirement eligibility between the ages of 55 and 59. This assumption was approved by the Board as the result of an Experience Study for the period October 1, 2009 through September 30, 2015.

Salary increases:

Years of Service	Rates
0-2 years	6.00%

Years of Service	Rates
3-9 years	4.50%
10 or more years	4.00%

Disability Rates:

Age	Probability of Disability
25	0.09%
30	0.12%
35	0.14%
40	0.25%
45	0.35%
50	0.55%
55	0.74%
60	0.97%
65 and older	1.19%

Termination rates:

% of Active Members Separating Within Next

Sample Age	Years of service	Year
All	0-3 years	15%
	4 - 9 years	8.5%
	10 - 14 years	7.5%
	15 - 19 years	5%
	20 or more years	0%

Terminal leave pay:

Credited Service

as of 10/1/2012	Liability Loan
10 or more years	4.5%
At least 5, less than 10 years	3.0%
Less than 5 years	0.0%

- (1) GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. Information necessary for this table will accumulate until 10 years of data is available.
- (2) The covered employee payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 9/30/2015 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.
- (3) The rates above were previously adopted by the Board as ther result of an Experience Study for the period of October 1, 2000 through September 30, 2007

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS PALMETTO GENERAL EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2018	
Annual money-weighted rate of return						
net of investment expense	8.77 %	1.61 %	8.18 %	11.78 %	10.07 %	

Notes to the Schedule

(1) GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. Information necessary for this table will accumulate until 10 years of data is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS PALMETTO POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2014			2015		2016		2017		2018
Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$	393,530	\$	375,644	\$	392,233	\$	332,469	\$	341,648
Interest		883,658		933,499		975,789		984,780		1,016,788
Differences between expected and actual										
experience				(498,919)		(332,570)		81,800		173,880
Changes of assumptions				541,965		485,432		220,697		163,140
Benefit payments, including refunds of										
employee contributions		(585,282)	_	(621,699)	_	(703,105)	_	(1,073,813)		(708,481)
Net change in total pension liability		691,906		730,490		817,779		545,933		986,975
Total pension liability - beginning		11,547,437		12,239,343		12,969,833		13,787,612		14,333,545
Total pension liability - ending (a)		12,239,343	\$	12,969,833		13,787,612		14,333,545		15,320,520
Dlan C.d. siam. and modeling	_		_		=		_			
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer	\$	426,776	¢	437,216		442,836		525,731		452,774
Contributions - state	Ф	97,971	\$	103,281		114,200		121,071		130,363
Contributions - employee		74,568		77,319		82,118		86,729		85,229
Net investment income		1,032,897		(94,890)		1,076,748		1,308,549		1,169,844
Benefit payments, including refunds of		1,032,897		(94,690)		1,070,748		1,306,349		1,109,044
employee contributions		(585,282)		(621,699)		(703,105)		(1,073,813)		(708,481)
Administrative expense		(16,881)		(24,018)		(31,438)		(32,154)		(30,797)
<u>.</u>	_		-		-		_			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,030,049		(122,791)		981,359		936,113		1,098,932
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	9,579,905	_	10,609,954	_	10,487,163	_	11,468,522	_	12,404,635
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	10,609,954	\$	10,487,163	_	11,468,522	_	12,404,635	_	13,503,567
City's net pension liability - ending (a - b)	\$	1,629,389	\$	2,482,670	_	2,319,090	_	1,928,910	_	1,816,953
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of										
the total pension liability		86.69 %		80.86 %		83.18 %		86.54 %		88.14 %
Covered employee payroll (2)	\$	1,491,360	\$	1,663,139		1,642,361		1,734,587		1,704,571
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		109.26 %		149.28 %		141.20 %		111.20 %		106.59 %

Notes to the Schedule:

- (1) GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. Information necessary for this table will accumulate until 10 years of data is available.
- (2) The covered employee payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 9/30/2015 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Changes of assumptions:

For measurement date 9/30/2017, as required by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality have been changed from those in the July 1, 2015 Florida Retirement System (FRS) valuation report to those used in the July 1, 2016 FRS valuation report.

For measurement date 9/30/2016, amounts reported as changes of assumptions was a result of the Experience Study dated 8/26/2016, the Board approved the following changes of assumptions: Salary increases and Withdrawal Rates

The investment return assumtion will be lowered from the current 7.50% rate by the following schedule: 10/1/2016 - 7.25%; 10/1/2017 - 7.10%; 10/1/2018 - 7.00%

Inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PALMETTO POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

		2014		2015		2016		2017	2018
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	524,660	\$	536,596	\$	551,341	\$	640,930 \$	557,736
determined contributions		524,747		540,497		557,036		646,802	583,137
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	(87)	_	(3,901)	_	(5,695)	_	(5,872)	(25,401)
Covered employee payroll (2)		1,491,360		1,663,139		1,642,361		1,734,587	1,704,571
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		35.19 %		32.50 %		33.92 %		37.29 %	34.21 %

Notes to the Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Valuation date October 1, 2016

Funding method Entry age normal actuarial cost method (level percent of pay).

Amortization method Level dollar

Remaining amortization period

25 years (as of 10/1/2014)

Mortality Rate Healthy Inactive Lives: Female: RP 2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant Mortality White Collar, Scale BB.Male: RP 2000 Generational, 10% Annuitant White Collar / 90% Annuitant Blue Collar, Scale BB. Mortality Rate Healthy Active Lives: Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Combined Healthy (previously Annuitant) White Collar, Scale BB.Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Combined Healthy (previously Annuitant) White Collar / 90% Combined Healthy Blue Collar, Scale BB. Mortality Rates Disabled Lives: Female: 60% RP2000 Disabled Female set forward two years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale. Male: 60% RP2000 Disabled Male

setback four years / 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

Interest rate 7.25% per year compounded annually, net of investment related expenses.

2.50% per year Inflation

Cost of living adjustments None Payroll increases None

Actuarial value of assets The Actuarial Value of Assets utilize four-year smoothing methodology. The annual

difference between expected and actual investment earnings (Market Value, net of

investment-related expenses), is phased-in over a four-year period.

Normal Retirement Age:

Number of Years after First Eligibility for

Normal Retirement	Probability of Retirement
0 years	80%
1-4 years	40%
5 years	100%

5% for each eligible year Early Retirement Age:

Salary increases:		
	Years of Service	Rates
	Less than 1	8.0%
	1-4	5.5%
	5 or more	5.0%
Disability Rates:		
	Age	Probability of Disability
	25	0.15%
	30	0.18%
	35	0.23%
	40	0.30%
	45	0.51%
	50	1.00%

It is assumed that 75% of disablements and active member deaths are service related.

Termination rates:

	Years of Service	% of Active Members Separting within Next Year
	0-5	8.0%
	7-14	6.0%
	15 or more	-%
Terminal leave pay:		
	Credited Service as of 10/1/2011	Liability Loan
	10 or more years	4.5%
	1 - 10 years	3.5%
	Less than 1 year	0.0%

- (1) GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. Information necessary for this table will accumulate until 10 years of data is available.
- (2) The covered payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82, except for the 9/30/2015 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2018
Annual money-weighted rate of return					
net of investment expense	10.85 %	(0.90)%	10.33 %	11.46 %	9.46 %

Notes to the Schedule

(1) GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. Information necessary for this table will accumulate until 10 years of data is available.

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

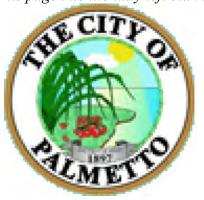
	2018
Total OPEB liability	
Service cost	\$ 15,911
Interest	10,898
Changes of assumptions	(12,960)
Benefit payment	(17,580)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(3,731)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	292,186
Total OPEB liability - ending	<u>\$ 288,455</u>
Covered employee payroll	\$ 5,312,728
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll	5.43 %

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms during the year ended September 30, 2018.

Changes in assumptions: There was a change in the discount rate from the reporting period ending September 30, 2017 which was 3.64% to 4.18% for the report period ending September 30, 2018.

(1) In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, implemented in Fiscal Year 2018, the City's other postemployment benefit plan historical schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. Information necessary for this table will accumulate until 10 years of data is available.

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COMBINING FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

These financial statements provide a more detailed view of the "Basic Financial Statements" presented in the preceding section.

Combining statements are presented when there are more than one fund of a given fund type. Individual fund statements are presented when there is only one fund of a given type. They are also necessary to present non-major capital project fund budgetary comparisons.

	PAGE
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis)	
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Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	117
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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original	Final			Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental revenues	\$		\$	731,685	\$	103,597	\$	(628,088)
Total revenues				731,685		103,597		(628,088)
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay								
Streets Other		 		1,399,468 253,841		326,766 152,422		1,072,702 101,419
Total expenditures				1,653,309		479,188		1,174,121
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures				(921,624)		(375,591)		546,033
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in				225,000		225,000		
Transfers out				(142,249)		(142,249)		
Total other financing sources (uses)				82,751		82,751		
Net change in fund sources (uses)				(838,873)		(292,840)		546,033
Fund balances - beginning		1,000,654		1,000,654		1,000,654		
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,000,654	\$	161,781	\$	707,814	\$	546,033

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS September 30, 2018

	Palmetto Police Officers' Pension Plan	Palmetto General Employees' Pension Plan	Total Fiduciary Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 319	\$ 300	\$ 619
Interest and dividends receivable	10,235	30,742	40,977
Prepaid benefits		71,756	71,756
Investments			
Money market funds	224,927	445,728	670,655
U. S. government securities	705,489	1,081,428	1,786,917
Corporate bonds	733,606	782,797	1,516,403
Corporate stocks	1,033,023	8,672,113	9,705,136
Mutual funds	9,363,892	2,320,812	11,684,704
Alternative investments	1,431,877	1,555,895	2,987,772
Total investments	13,492,814	14,858,773	28,351,587
Total assets	13,503,368	14,961,571	28,464,939
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	64,687		64,687
Total liabilities	64,687		64,687
NET POSITION			
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 13,438,681	\$ 14,961,571	\$ 28,400,252

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Palmetto Police Officers' Pension Plan	Palmetto General Employees' Pension Plan	Total Fiduciary Funds
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$ 452,774		
Plan members	87,713	157,785	245,498
State (from the General Fund) Miscellaneous	130,363 331	300	130,363 631
Total contributions:	671,181	931,175	1,602,356
Investment earnings	0/1,101	- 731,173	1,002,330
Interest	48,191	38,394	86,585
Dividends	292,431	190,266	482,697
Net increase in the fair value of investments	867,214	1,239,424	2,106,638
Total investment earnings	1,207,836	1,468,084	2,675,920
Less investment expense	(40,408	(88,674)	(129,082)
Net investment earnings	1,167,428	1,379,410	2,546,838
Total additions	1,838,609	2,310,585	4,149,194
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits	773,165	1,039,019	1,812,184
Refunds of contributions		66,804	66,804
Administrative expenses	30,797	27,759	58,556
Total deductions	803,962	1,133,582	1,937,544
Change in net position	1,034,647	1,177,003	2,211,650
Net position, beginning of year	12,404,034	13,784,568	26,188,602
Net position, end of year	\$ 13,438,681	\$ 14,961,571	8 28,400,252

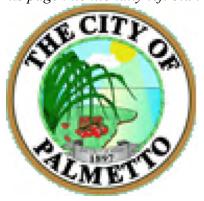
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

FIDUCIARY FUND - AGENCY FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Agency Fund							
	October 1, 2017 Addit		Additions	Deletions	September 30, 2018			
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$	2,895,360	\$ (2,895,360) \$			
Prepaid benefits		794	1,678	(794) 1,678			
Total assets		794	2,897,038	(2,896,154	1,678			
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities			2,996,026	(2,996,026)			
Advances from other funds		794	1,678	(794)1,678			
Total liabilities	\$	794 \$	2,997,704	\$ (2,996,820) \$ 1,678			

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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Palmetto, Florida's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. The following types of information are presented:

	FAGE
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Operating Indicators by Function	142
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	144

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year						
		2009		2010		2011	2012
Governmental Activities							
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$	26,180,322 2,303,732	\$	25,413,841 3,836,360	\$	27,139,012 \$ 8,923,098	30,654,831 5,078,638
Unrestricted		10,297,510		10,257,039		5,196,210	7,684,475
Governmental Activities net position	\$	38,781,564	\$	39,507,240	\$	41,258,320 \$	43,417,944
Business-type Activities							
Net investment in capital assets		15,824,203		16,716,784		17,638,823	18,570,910
Restricted		311,137		2,033,805		469,719	530,506
Unrestricted		1,058,757		1,215,155		2,548,267	2,392,528
Total business-type activities net position	\$	17,194,097	\$	19,965,744	\$	20,656,809 \$	21,493,944
Primary Government							
Net investment in capital assets	\$	42,004,525	\$	42,130,625	\$	44,777,835 \$	49,225,741
Restricted		2,614,869		5,870,165		9,392,817	5,609,144
Unrestricted		11,356,267		11,472,194		7,744,477	10,077,003
Total primary government net position	<u>\$</u>	55,975,661	\$	59,472,984	\$	61,915,129 \$	64,911,888

⁽¹⁾ GASB 63 & 65 was implemented during fiscal year 2013. Prior to this, Net Position was termed Net Assets and Net Investment in Capital Assets was titled Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt.

⁽²⁾ GASB 68 and 71 was implemented during fiscal year 2015. Prior to this net pension liability and associated deferred inflows and outflows of pension resources were not recorded.

	Fiscal Year													
	2013 2014 (1)						2015 2016 (2)				2017	2018		
\$	31,673,980 4,217,646 7,257,727	\$	32,241,516 3,193,316 6,679,783	\$	33,319,038 3,567,422 3,030,809	\$	33,506,241 4,378,810 3,140,557	\$	34,364,152 5,751,126 4,160,584	\$	35,933,864 8,872,485 3,620,287			
\$	43,149,353	\$	42,114,615	\$	39,917,269	\$	41,025,608	\$	44,275,862	\$	48,426,636			
	19,190,117 488,908 2,564,049		21,989,061 245,743 2,929,840		21,533,620 906,723 3,731,428		22,947,006 1,012,806 3,937,734		24,414,011 1,120,585 4,927,292		24,524,166 1,121,064 7,184,686			
\$	22,243,074	\$	25,164,644	\$	26,171,771	\$	27,897,546	\$	30,461,888	\$	32,829,916			
\$	50,864,097 4,706,554 9,821,776	\$	54,230,577 3,439,059 9,609,623	\$	54,852,658 4,474,145 6,762,237	\$	56,453,247 5,391,616 7,078,291	\$	58,778,163 6,871,711 9,087,876	\$	60,458,030 9,993,549 10,804,973			
\$	65,392,427	\$	67,279,259	\$	66,089,040	\$	68,923,154	\$	74,737,750	\$	81,256,552			

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (continued on subsequent pages)

	Fiscal Year							
		2009	2010	2011 (1)	2012			
Expenses								
Governmental activities:								
General government (net of indirect allocation)	\$	4,495,082 \$	4,036,111 \$	2,270,420 \$	2,667,131			
Public safety		4,776,464	4,648,615	4,256,660	4,432,536			
Highways and streets		895,995	870,116	960,680	827,562			
Recreation Intergovernmental (net of indirect allocation)		1,180,146 3,440,725	892,002 3,151,831	787,011 3,068,007	823,114 2,504,506			
Interest on long-term debt		229,944	188,221	171,188	160,217			
Total governmental activities expenses		15,018,356	13,786,896	11,513,966	11,415,066			
Business-type activities:								
Solid waste		2,041,362	2,008,625	1,974,313	1,990,565			
Water and sewer		4,489,574	3,794,901	4,193,367	4,258,959			
Stormwater		675,366	686,325	688,710	668,659			
Reuse		85,519	89,366	91,761	86,689			
Total business-type activties expenses		7,291,821	6,579,217	6,948,151	7,004,872			
Total primary government expenses	\$	22,310,177 \$	20,366,113 \$	18,462,117 \$	18,419,938			
Program revenues								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services								
General government		1,667,917	1,646,668	330,820	243,076			
Public safety		412,943	414,139	277,205	340,888			
Highways and streets Recreation		247,958 496,629	137,268 87,333	85,349 2,242	92,720			
Operating grants and contributions		48,000	3,000	209,731				
Capital grants and contributions	_	54,347	654,471	304,488	1,700,739			
Total governmental activities program revenues		2,927,794	2,942,879	1,209,835	2,377,423			
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services								
Solid waste		2,120,933	2,155,751	2,124,827	2,088,560			
Water and sewer		4,689,607	4,653,542	4,805,767	4,815,175			
Stormwater		824,822	804,251	788,920	788,563			
Reuse		188,115	184,702	187,480	188,069			
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions		223,712 44,906	132,575	912,043	211,618			
Total business-type activities program revenues		8,092,095	7,930,821	8,819,037	8,091,985			
Total primary government program revenues		11,019,889	10,873,700	10,028,872	10,469,408			
		11,017,007	10,073,700	10,020,072	10,402,408			
Net (Expense)/Revenue		(40.000	(40.04: ***	40.00	(0.65= -:			
Government activities	\$	(12,090,562)\$	(10,844,017)\$	(10,304,131)\$	(9,037,643)			
Business-type activities		800,274	1,351,604	1,870,886	1,087,113			
Total primary government net expense		(11,290,288)	(9,492,413)	(8,433,245)	(7,950,530)			

Fiscal Year								
2013 (2)	2014	2015 (3)	2016	2017	2018			
\$ 3,382,557 \$	3,434,529 \$	2,761,333 \$	3,063,567 \$	3,202,580 \$	3,389,085			
4,353,495	4,489,409	4,447,435	4,773,190	4,712,040	4,922,734			
894,480	1,332,919	1,030,938	1,163,107	1,004,315	1,455,875			
729,485 2,582,701	636,947 2,634,057	648,017 2,713,354	632,666 2,699,069	650,416 2,993,731	691,519 3,087,537			
151,233	129,675	120,874	116,363	112,689	123,283			
12,093,951	12,657,536	11,721,951	12,447,962	12,675,771	13,670,033			
2,075,468	2,200,590	2,180,098	2,001,620	2,001,143	2,324,223			
4,524,200	4,744,118	4,919,816	5,255,761	5,136,548	5,272,179			
656,269	612,953	574,894	593,910	559,892	497,092			
88,650	113,245	130,437	158,216	143,347	165,525			
7,344,587	7,670,906	7,805,245	8,009,507	7,840,930	8,259,019			
\$ 19,438,538 \$	20,328,442 \$	19,527,196 \$	20,457,469 \$	20,516,701 \$	21,929,052			
312,316 270,709 109,443 144,407	163,793 375,222 139,397 600 334,025	480,864 146,175 113,236 35,139 29,693 554,283	521,631 188,432 88,597 33,706 5,470 220,296	429,653 197,235 248,239 40,285 1,952 224,402	881,869 244,484 203,537 143,064 6,000 506,276			
836,875	1,013,037	1,359,390	1,058,132	1,141,766	1,985,230			
030,072	1,013,037	1,337,370	1,030,132	1,111,700	1,505,250			
2,136,874	2,177,967	2,272,215	2,170,087	2,151,687	2,166,408			
4,897,027	5,615,854	6,638,840	6,935,577	7,213,578	7,595,756			
785,132	785,144	781,649	786,912	778,978	798,498			
189,698	282,522	389,078	397,958	409,888	436,377			
513,359	960,091	67,137	41,303	394,126	134,437			
8,522,090	9,821,578	10,148,919	10,331,837	10,948,257	11,131,476			
9,358,965	10,834,615	11,508,309	11,389,969	12,090,023	13,116,706			
\$ (11,257,076)\$	(11,644,499)\$	(10,362,561)\$	(11,389,830)\$	(11,534,005) \$	(11,684,803)			
1,177,503	2,150,672	2,343,674	2,322,330	3,107,327	2,872,457			
(10,079,573)	(9,493,827)	(8,018,887)	(9,067,500)	(8,426,678)	(8,812,346)			
	•		·					

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting) (continued from previous pages)

	Fiscal Year							
		2009	2010	2011 (1)	2012			
Net (Expense)/Revenue								
Government activities Business-type activities	\$	(12,090,562) \$ 800,274	(10,844,017) \$ 1,351,604	(10,304,131) \$ 1,870,886	(9,037,643) 1,087,113			
Total primary government net expense		(11,290,288)	(9,492,413)	(8,433,245)	(7,950,530)			
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position								
Government activities:								
Taxes		0.051.550	0.101.007	(215 246	(107.010			
Property taxes		9,951,558	8,191,906	6,315,246	6,107,019			
Sales taxes		807,927	809,534	861,772	793,591			
Utility taxes		841,254	903,826	909,987	910,783			
Motor fuel taxes		1,205,131	1,219,376	1,227,138	1,202,520			
Other taxes		333,337	316,025	917,678	886,666			
Franchise fees		1,410,284	1,265,842	818,570	840,158			
Interest and investment earnings		338,298	253,740	196,277	178,264			
Other general revenues			(1.200.556)		270.266			
Transfers		262,209	(1,390,556)	808,543	278,266			
Total government activities		15,149,998	11,569,693	12,055,211	11,197,267			
Business-type activities:								
Investment earnings		22,231	29,487	29,989	28,288			
Transfers		(262,209)	1,390,556	(808,543)	(278,266)			
Total business-type activities		(239,978)	1,420,043	(778,554)	(249,978)			
Total primary government		14,910,020	12,989,736	11,276,657	10,947,289			
Change in Net Position								
Government activities		3,059,436	725,676	1,751,080	2,159,624			
Business-type activities		560,296	2,771,647	1,092,332	837,135			
Total primary government	\$	3,619,732 \$	3,497,323 \$	2,843,412 \$	2,996,759			

⁽¹⁾ As of fiscal year 2011, franchise fees are no longer reported as taxes.

⁽²⁾ GASB 63 & 65 was implemented during fiscal year 2013. Prior to this, Net Position was termed Net Assets and Net Investment in Capital Assets was titled Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt.

⁽³⁾ GASB 68 and 71 was implemented during fiscal year 2015. Prior to this net pension liability and associated deferred inflows and outflows of pension resources were not recorded.

	Fiscal Year									
	2013 (2)	2014	2015 (3)	2016	2017	2018				
\$	(11,257,076) \$ 1,177,503	(11,644,499) \$ 2,150,672	(10,362,561) \$ 2,343,674	(11,389,830) \$ 2,322,330	(11,534,005) \$ 3,107,327	(11,684,803) 2,872,457				
	(10,079,573)	(9,493,827)	(8,018,887)	(9,067,500)	(8,426,678)	(8,812,346)				
	5,802,343	6,252,171	6,557,041	7,261,107	7,744,097	8,277,283				
	848,863	912,455	950,806	987,991	1,648,177	2,030,235				
	986,029	1,088,481	1,096,095	1,107,225	1,143,031	1,187,993				
	1,194,620	1,298,344	1,428,522	1,528,050	1,591,988	1,590,376				
	864,389 811,682	853,806 856,531	781,298 904,809	813,066 848,579	844,339 882,834	858,059 906,516				
	26,515	107,545	111,708	123,720	138,093	199,260				
	20,313	107,545	244.338	192,608	179,765	167,382				
	454,044	(759,572)	406,595	458,963	611,935	643,814				
_	10,988,485	10,609,761	12,481,212	13,321,309	14,784,259	15,860,918				
	25,671	11,326	23,362	36,754	68,950	144,230				
	(454,044)	759,572	(406,595)	(458,963)	(611,935)	(643,814)				
	(428,373)	770,898	(383,233)	(422,209)	(542,985)	(499,584)				
	10,560,112	11,380,659	12,097,979	12,899,100	14,241,274	15,361,334				
	(268,591) 749,130	(1,034,738) 2,921,570	2,118,651 1,960,441	1,931,479 1,900,121	3,250,254 2,564,342	4,176,115 2,372,873				
\$	480,539 \$	1,886,832 \$	4,079,092 \$	3,831,600 \$	5,814,596 \$	6,548,988				

FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year						
	2009		2010		2011 (1)	2012	2012	
General fund								
Reserved	\$	1,473,190	\$	1,474,449 \$		\$	•	
Unreserved		5,381,549		6,078,712			-	
Nonspendable					459,956	345,96	52	
Restricted					1,041,681	797,18	81	
Committed					2,008,234	1,964,49	98	
Assigned					123,674	461,27	71	
Unassigned					4,022,971	4,047,70)2	
Total general fund	\$	6,854,739	<u>\$</u>	7,553,161 \$	7,656,516	7,616,61	14	
All other governmental funds								
Reserved		3,954,371		3,096,331			-	
Unreserved, reported in:								
Special revenue funds		3,877,606		3,666,272			•	
Capital projects funds		519		670,772			•	
Nonspendable					2,654		•	
Restricted					7,881,417	5,256,67	70	
Committed					876,753	941,84	1 9	
Total all other governmental funds	\$	7,832,496	\$	7,433,375 \$	8,760,824	6,198,51	19	

⁽¹⁾ During fiscal year 2011, the City implemented the new fund balance classifications under GASB No. 54.

	Fiscal Year											
2013			2014		2015		2016		2017		2018	
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		
	277,823 654,934 1,964,498 804,869 3,867,975		319,834 477,674 1,983,593 343,795 4,077,272		318,269 615,227 2,003,079 199,142 4,586,884		275,926 844,837 2,039,206 393,991 4,652,720		278,290 1,563,003 2,075,406 350,837 5,101,766		263,417 3,052,271 2,020,887 316,356 4,246,647	
\$	7,570,099	\$	7,202,168	<u>\$</u>	7,722,601	<u>\$</u>	8,206,680	<u>\$</u>	9,369,302	\$	9,899,578	
	4,509,519 583,906		3,320,385 281,583		3,556,542 262,856		3,670,011 846,341		4,301,268 975,801		5,820,214 707,814	
\$	5,093,425	\$	3,601,968	\$	3,819,398	\$	4,516,352	\$	5,277,069	\$	6,528,028	

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

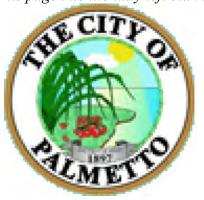
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year						
		2009	2010 (1)	2011	2012		
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	14,549,491 \$	12,706,509 \$	10,231,821 \$	9,900,579		
Permits, fees, and special assessments		299,253	215,939	1,015,445	1,023,579		
Intergovernmental revenues		102,347	657,471	514,219	1,700,739		
Charges for services		1,738,264	1,485,145	1,405,022	907,925		
Fines and forfeitures		113,690	161,769	29,843	101,317		
Interest earnings		338,298	253,740	196,277	178,264		
Impact fees (1)		177,611	245,878	4,045	12,611		
Miscellaneous		2,524,862	168,566	245,295	228,740		
Total revenues	\$	19,843,816 \$	15,895,017 \$	13,641,967 \$	14,053,754		
Expenditures							
General government		3,518,269	3,125,314	2,728,179	2,723,534		
Public safety		4,571,897	4,313,113	4,196,600	4,215,246		
Highways and streets		683,448	637,443	768,765	590,527		
Economic and physical environment		3,395,195	2,865,768	2,958,752	2,359,788		
Recreation		1,098,184	763,796	742,296	754,781		
Capital outlay		533,100	1,770,178	869,311	6,044,196		
Debt service		229,943	188,221	171,189	160,217		
Principal retirement Interest		697,993	625,867	543,020	466,938		
				'			
Total expenditures		14,728,029	14,289,700	12,978,112	17,315,227		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		5,115,787	1,605,317	663,855	(3,261,473)		
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		1,702,110	597,074	1,402,298	1,602,970		
Transfers out		(1,815,901)	(1,987,630)	(574,387)	(1,324,704)		
Capital leases			84,000	165,482	381,000		
Reallocation of loan							
Total other financing sources (uses)		(113,791)	(1,306,556)	993,393	659,266		
Net change in fund balances		5,001,996	298,761	1,657,248	(2,602,207)		
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures		6.54 %	6.50 %	5.90 %	5.56 %		

⁽¹⁾ Beginning in fiscal year 2011, franchise fees are no longer reported as taxes but are reported as permits, fees and special assessments.

	Fiscal Year 2017 2018												
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		2018						
	9,696,244 \$	10,405,257 \$	10,813,762 \$	11,697,439 \$	12,971,632	\$	13,943,946						
•	964,238	1,135,631	1,312,655	1,314,226	1,293,917	Ψ	1,678,070						
	102,941	334,025	511,887	229,447	226,354		1,078,070						
	846,821	783,332	874,483	716,463	894,464		859,465						
	61,545	58,255	53,414	47,122	38,955		96,605						
	26,515	107,545	111,708	123,720	138,093		199,260						
	21,292	65,417	34,422	64,528	108,684		266,009						
	168,543	255,752	279,535	215,230	200,756		192,710						
3	11,888,139 \$	13,145,214 \$	13,991,866 \$	14,408,175 \$	15,872,855	\$	17,345,662						
	3,378,574	2,767,181	2,896,947	3,111,603	3,299,997		3,492,141						
	4,159,702	4,264,229	4,337,159	4,456,172	4,653,229		4,786,308						
	609,082	757,656	635,317	740,798	664,664		990,841						
	2,421,266	2,483,372	2,587,428	2,522,372	2,807,943		2,927,091						
	672,960	598,012	637,539	617,505	650,987		678,255						
	1,679,365	2,636,068	2,323,322	1,724,190	2,008,448		2,923,392						
	151,233	339,802	629,785	663,096	681,294		790,830						
	526,340	347,493	120,954	116,369	112,689		123,283						
	13,598,522	14,193,813	14,168,451	13,952,105	14,879,251		16,712,141						
	(1,710,383)	(1,048,599)	(176,585)	456,070	993,604		633,521						
	2.001.000	1 250 442	1 146 055	2 207 657	1 270 501		1 204 056						
	2,081,969	1,358,442	1,146,055	3,207,657	1,379,591		1,284,956						
	(1,627,925)	(2,118,014) 291,500	(739,460)	(2,748,694)	(767,656)		(641,142						
	104,730		507,853	266,000	317,800		503,900						
	 	(342,717)	014 449	724.062	020.725	_	1 1 47 71 4						
	558,774	(810,789)	914,448	724,963	929,735	_	1,147,714						
	(1,151,609)	(1,859,388)	737,863	1,181,033	1,923,339	_	1,781,235						
	5.68 %	5.95 %	6.34 %	6.37 %	6.17 %		6.63 %						

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CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal year	Tax Year	Property Tax	Franchise Fees (2)	S	sales Tax (3)	ι	Itility Tax	Motor Fuel Tax	Other Taxes	Total
2009	2008	\$9,951,558	\$1,410,284	\$	807,927	\$	841,254	\$1,205,131	\$ 333,337	\$ 14,549,491
2010	2009	8,191,906	1,265,842		809,534		903,826	1,219,376	316,025	12,706,509
2011 (1)	2010	6,315,246			861,772		909,987	1,227,138	917,678	10,231,821
2012	2011	6,107,019			793,591		910,783	1,202,520	886,666	9,900,579
2013	2012	5,802,343			848,863		986,029	1,194,620	864,389	9,696,244
2014	2013	6,252,171			912,455		1,088,481	1,298,344	853,806	10,405,257
2015	2014	6,557,041			950,806		1,096,095	1,428,522	781,298	10,813,762
2016	2015	7,261,107			987,991		1,107,225	1,528,050	813,066	11,697,439
2017	2016	7,744,097		1	1,648,177		1,143,031	1,591,988	844,339	12,971,632
2018	2017	8,277,283		2	2,030,235		1,187,993	1,590,376	858,059	13,943,946
Change: 2009 - 2018		(16.82)%	(100.00)%		151.29 %		41.22 %	31.97 %	157.41 %	(4.16)%

- (1) During fiscal year 2009, City Commission approved the reorganization of the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA), declaring itself as the CRA Board changing the presentation of the CRA from a discretely presented component unit to a blended component unit as a special revenue fund included in governmental funds. Tax Increment Financing (TIF) received by CRA is now listed as property tax revenue.
- (2) Beginning in fiscal year 2011, Franchise Fees are no longer reported as taxes but are now reported as permits, fees and special assessments in the fund statements. Communication services taxes previously reported as franchise fees are now reported as other taxes.
- (3) During fiscal year 2017, Manatee County citizens approved an additional half-cent sales tax for the improvement of public infrastructure. The amount for 2017 reflects 12 months of Sales Tax and 8 months of Infrastructure Sales Tax. Subsequent years reflect 12 months of both taxes.

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Real Property (1)							
Fiscal year	Tax Year		Residential Property		Commercial Property (2)	0	ther Property	Pers	onal Property (2)
2010	2009	\$	800,179,028	\$	226,838,156	\$	148,447,421	\$	69,541,573
2011	2010		614,168,328		212,722,187		137,320,529		69,641,003
2012	2011		557,754,188		196,427,515		118,572,496		62,585,676
2013	2012		529,454,692		177,147,023		117,865,188		58,154,531
2014	2013		542,474,465		170,679,337		120,027,477		56,942,237
2015	2014		546,047,253		173,714,875		130,736,017		54,537,589
2016	2015		575,879,259		183,047,888		148,321,535		54,046,711
2017	2016		604,560,649		204,843,261		153,101,726		51,876,829
2018	2017		649,526,269		209,755,805		154,950,980		53,628,021
2019	2018		694,988,610		217,548,089		157,583,187		53,995,762

Source: Manatee County Property Appraiser's Office

- (1) Taxable value of property subject to direct tax rate.
- (2) Personal Property includes furniture, fixtures, tools, machinery, euqipment, etc. and is taxed at various rates.
- (3) Adopted Millage Rate
- (4) Estimated Actual Value represents the Total Net Taxable Assessed Value plus the value of:
 - A. Tax exempt properties (i.e. governmental and institutional),
 - B. Exemptions (i.e. homestead exemptions) and
 - C. The 1992 Florida Constitution amendment known as "Save Our Homes" (or Amendment 10 Cap).

Less: Tax Exempt Real Property		Total Taxable Assessed Value		Total Direct Tax Rate (3)	 timated Actual Taxable Value (4)	Assessed Value as a Percent of Actual Value
\$	315,710,987	\$	929,295,191	4.6662	\$ 929,295,191	100.0 %
	275,055,525		758,796,522	4.6662	763,433,066	99.4 %
	248,654,218		686,685,657	5.1185	686,685,657	100.0 %
	229,863,094		652,758,340	5.2171	652,758,340	100.0 %
	233,788,946		656,334,570	5.7171	656,334,570	100.0 %
	225,659,674		679,376,060	5.7171	679,376,060	100.0 %
	244,350,184		716,945,209	5.9671	716,945,209	100.0 %
	249,085,938		765,296,527	5.9671	765,296,527	100.0 %
	258,248,553		809,612,522	5.9671	809,612,522	100.0 %
	272,163,608		851,952,040	5.9671	851,952,040	100.0 %

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA

PROPERTY TAX RATES, DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value)

City Direct Rates

		(1)		Overlapping Rates	
Fiscal year	Tax Year	General Fund (1)	School District (2)	County (2)	Total
2009	2008	4.6662	7.5410	7.0961	19.3033
2010	2009	4.6662	7.5910	7.1135	19.3707
2011	2010	4.6662	7.9600	6.9900	19.6162
2012	2011	5.1185	7.5900	6.9900	19.6985
2013	2012	5.2171	7.5700	6.9800	19.7671
2014	2013	5.7171	7.3800	6.3100	19.4071
2015	2014	5.7171	7.2700	6.9400	19.9271
2016	2015	5.9671	6.9200	6.9400	19.8271
2017	2016	5.9671	6.6100	6.9100	19.4871
2018	2017	5.9671	7.3310	6.9275	20.2256

Sources:

- (1) Office of the City Clerk
- (2) Manatee County Tax Collector's Office

 $\underline{http://www.taxcollector.com/docs/tax/MillageRates.pdf}$

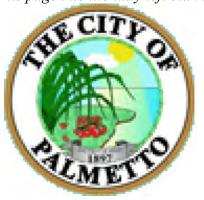
CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2018			2009	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assesssed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Wal-Mart Stores East LP	\$ 12,684,314	1	1 % \$	17,959,235	3	2 %
Florida Power & Light Co	11,749,710	2	1 %	6,144,402	10	1 %
Palm Bay MHC Holdings LLC	10,873,823	3	1 %			
Colonial Manor MHC Holdings LLC	10,140,271	4	1 %			
SS Palmetto LLC	7,724,592	5	1 %			
Palmetto, City of	7,344,713	6	1 %			
Palmetto Mobile Home Club Inc.	7,120,089	7	1 %			
Pacific Tomato Growers LTD	6,356,891	8	1 %	7,666,183	8	1 %
SPT Dolphin Palmetto Trace LLC	6,037,511	9	1 %			
Riverside Investment Property LLC	5,700,772	10	1 %			
Riviera Dunes Development Partners				31,646,695	1	3 %
Real Property Holding Palmetto FL LLC				18,204,808	2	2 %
TBR II Development LLC				16,227,994	4	2 %
R D Marina LLC				11,616,637	5	1 %
Sanctuary Residential Partners LLC				11,327,146	6	1 %
Waterford Palms at Riviera Dunes LLC				10,808,970	7	1 %
Bright House Networks Loc				7,108,024	9	1 %
	\$ 85,732,686		<u>10 %</u> \$	138,710,094		<u>15 %</u>
Note						
Total taxable assessed value	\$851,952,040		\$	929,295,191		

Source: Manatee Countee Property Top 100 Tax Payers/2018/Palmetto

Website: https://www.manateepao.com/dnn/Downloads/Additional-Downloads

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CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				thin the Fiscal ne Levy (2)		_	Total Collec	ctions to Date_
Fiscal year ended September 30,	Tax Year	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Amount (1)	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years (2)		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2009	2008	\$ 5,052,558	\$ 4,966,769	98.3 %	\$ 19,995	\$	4,986,764	99 %
2010	2009	4,336,277	4,203,070	96.9 %	22,957		4,226,027	97 %
2011	2010	3,524,841	3,411,075	96.8 %	9,223		3,420,298	97 %
2012	2011	3,422,787	3,386,486	98.9 %	2,925		3,389,411	99 %
2013	2012	3,415,249	3,292,442	96.4 %	8,815		3,301,257	97 %
2014	2013	3,752,330	3,623,920	96.6 %	5,942		3,629,862	97 %
2015	2014	3,889,099	3,755,416	96.6 %	7,798		3,763,214	97 %
2016	2015	4,278,064	4,134,271	96.6 %	3,435		4,137,706	97 %
2017	2016	4,557,792	4,383,765	96.2 %	_		4,383,765	96 %
2018	2017	4,842,830	4,668,081	96.4 %	-		4,668,081	96 %

Notes:

Source: Manatee County Property Appraiser's and Tax Collector's offices and Office of the City Clerk.

⁽¹⁾ Florida law allows a percentage discount for prompt payment of taxes. Accordingly, it is unlikely that the amount levied will equal the amount collected.

⁽²⁾ Manatee County's payment system started tracking prior year payments in fiscal year 2011. Therefore, taxes for prior years are only determinable if remitted in fiscal year 2011 or later.

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Governmen	tal Activities	Bus	Business-type activities					
Fiscal year	Bank Qualified Loans	Capital Leases	Bank Qualified Loans	State Revolving Loan Funds		Capital Leases	Total Primary Government (1)	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2009	\$ 6,630,671	\$ 442,606	\$ 10,136,732	\$ 1,926,841	\$	73,292	\$ 19,210,142	3.30 %	\$ 1,309
2010	6,290,948	240,462	9,712,117	1,792,033		26,465	18,062,025	3.10 %	1,250
2011	5,945,722	208,150	9,268,053	1,653,105		50,444	17,125,474	3.43 %	1,359
2012	5,595,143	472,791	8,805,056	1,509,929		39,162	16,422,081	3.06 %	1,288
2013	5,238,163	408,161	8,319,269	1,362,376		1,464,786	16,792,755	3.06 %	1,317
2014	4,547,953	489,532	9,388,019	1,210,313		1,632,738	17,268,555	2.71 %	1,349
2015	4,196,661	718,812	8,768,536	1,053,602		1,277,667	16,015,278	2.55 %	1,224
2016	3,839,607	678,764	8,125,454	892,106		1,161,853	14,697,784	2.24 %	1,124
2017	3,476,242	678,635	7,453,918	725,667		1,096,954	13,431,416	1.97 %	1,021
2018	3,086,339	781,608	6,751,582	922,887		941,748	12,484,164	1.57 %	850

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (2)	Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Net Bonded Debt (3)	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property (3)	Per Capita
2009	14,447	\$ 929,295,191	\$	\$	0 %	\$
2010	14,447	763,433,066	-	-	0 %	-
2011	12,606	686,685,657	-	-	0 %	-
2012	12,755	652,758,340	-	-	0 %	-
2013	12,755	656,334,570	-	-	0 %	-
2014	12,799	679,376,060	-	-	0 %	-
2015	13,082	716,945,209	-	-	0 %	-
2016	13,082	765,296,527	-	-	0 %	-
2017	13,156	809,612,522	-	-	0 %	-
2018	13,259	851,952,040	-	-	0 %	-

Source:

- (1) University of Florida, Bureau of Economic and Business Research. Table 1 Population Pg 11
- (2) Manatee County Property Appraiser's Office
- (3) Office of the City Clerk

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Governmental Unit	 Debt Dutstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Direct: City of Palmetto	\$ 3,867,947	100.00 %	\$ 3,867,947
Subtotal direct debt			3,867,947
Overlapping (2): Manatee County Manatee County School Board	122,544,000 174,491,573	3.60 % 3.60 %	4,405,884 6,273,581
Subtotal overlapping debt			10,679,465
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 14,547,412

Source: Manatee County Government

- (1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the County's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it buy the County's total taxableassessed value.
- (2) Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Palmetto. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal year	City Population	Personal Income thousand \$(1)	Personal Income Per Capita (2)	Median Age (3)	School Enrollment (4)	Manatee County Unemployment Rate (2)
2009	14,447	\$ 582,980	\$ 40,353	37	42,075	11.30%
2010	14,447	582,980	40,353	45	42,700	12.60%
2011	12,606	499,828	39,650	46	43,516	10.90%
2012	12,755	537,049	42,105	46	45,050	9.00%
2013	12,755	549,447	43,077	46	45,800	7.50%
2014	12,799	638,197	49,863	46	46,800	6.10%
2015	13,082	626,903	47,921	46	47,700	5.10%
2016	13,082	655,918	50,139	46	48,600	4.70%
2017	13,156	683,204	51,931	46	48,284	3.50%
2018	13,259	716,357	54,028	48	48,454	2.90%

Source:

- (1) University of Florida, Bureau of Economic and Business Research. Florida Estimates of Population Table 1 Pg. 11
- (2) U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis 2017
- (3) Personal income is a calculated amount based on population and per capita person income utilizing North Port Sarasota Brandenton Metropolitan Statistical Area
- (4) School enrollment exceeds the City population because the school system serves the entire county via Manatee County. Data provided by Manatee County Clerk of Circuit Court. FY2017-2018 Manatee County School Board CAFR page 167.

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS IN MANATEE COUNTY CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2018			2009	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment (1)	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment (1)
Manatee County School Board	5,695	1	3.28 %	5,300	1	4.24 %
Manatee County Government	1,944	2	1.12 %	1,864	5	1.49 %
Beall's Inc.	1,732	3	1.00 %	1,500	3	1.20 %
Manatee Memorial Hospital	1,200	4	0.69 %	1,500	4	1.20 %
Manatee County Sheriff's Department	1,176	5	0.68 %	1,067	7	0.85 %
Tropicana Products, Inc.	1,000	6	0.58 %	1,500	2	1.20 %
Publix	994	7	0.57 %	860	8	0.69 %
Blake Medical Center	849	8	0.49 %	1,156	6	0.93 %
IMG Academies	700	9	0.40 %			
Feld Entertainment	600	10	0.35 %			
TriNet	600	10	0.35 %			
Hoverround				670	9	0.54 %
City of Bradenton				583	10	0.47 %
Total	16,490		9.51 %	16,000		12.81 %
Note						
Total Manatee County	173,486			124,962		

Source:

⁽¹⁾ Data was unavailable specifically for the City of Palmetto. The above information is based on the county in which the City resides. Manatee County 2018 CAFR.

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of September 30,									
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function										
General government	17.5	17.5	17.8	17.8	21.0	20.0	19.0	19.0	19.5	19.0
Intergovernmental	12.5	13.5	12.0	13.3	13.3	13.5	12.5	12.0	12.0	12.0
Public safety										
Police										
Officers	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.8	35.8	36.0	35.5	35.0	35.0	35.0
Civilians	19.8	20.8	19.0	20.8	20.8	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
Highways and streets										
Engineering	3.0	3.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maintenance	4.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Sanitation	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	2.0
Culture and recreation	13.0	10.0	10.0	9.0	9.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	9.0	8.0
Water	13.0	13.0	14.0	12.0	11.0	11.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Sewer	6.0	6.0	4.0	7.0	7.0	6.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Total	125	124	116	122	125	124	122	121	124	121

Source: Payroll Reports: Cost Center Analysis

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year					
Function	2009	2010	2011	2012		
Police (1)						
Total calls/incidents (2)	-	25,862	27,848	23,471		
Adult arrests	567	478	473	470		
Juvenile arrests	112	93	100	99		
Traffic violations	2,450	1,993	1,419	2,120		
Traffic crash reports (2)	-	463	389	408		
Water						
New connections (3)	17	62	10	19		
Average daily consumption (4) (million of gallons)	1	1	1	1		
Average daily capacity (4) (million of gallons)	2	2	2	2		
Wastewater						
New connections (3)	28	58	11	13		
Average daily sewage treatment (4) (million of gallons)	1	1	1	1		
Average daily capacity (4) (million of gallons)	2	2	2	2		
Reuse						
New connections (3)	42	-	20	39		
Average daily consumption (4) (million of gallons)	1	1	1	1		
Average daily capacity (4) (million of gallons)	4	4	4	3		

N/A Information is not available

Source: (1) Palmetto PD

- (2) Data available from FY2010
- (3) Palmetto Customer Service
- (4) Palmetto Public Works

Fiscal Year						
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
20,911	19,819	17,930	15,092	18,713	18,948	
547	986	884	732	709	961	
74	149	193	156	132	125	
1,882	1,950	1,754	1,414	1,424	1,891	
448	551	651	687	678	689	
32	11	14	14	20	51	
1	1	1	1	1	1	
2	2	2	2	2	2	
15	11	11	9	12	47	
1	1	1	1	1	1	
2	2	2	2	2	2	
315	_	25	30	38	149	
1	1	1	1	1	1	
3	3	3	3	3	3	

CITY OF PALMETTO, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year					
Function	2009	2010	2011	2012		
Public Safety (1)						
Police						
Stations	1	1	1	1		
Patrol units	48	49	44	45		
K-9 units	2	2	2	2		
Highway and Streets (2)						
Streets (miles)	42	42	42	42		
Traffic signals	11	12	12	12		
Streetlights	864	864	864	864		
Culture and Recreation (3)						
Parks acreage	65	95	95	95		
Parks	12	12	12	12		
Tennis courts	1	1	1	1		
Utility Infrastructure						
Water mains (miles)	67	67	67	67		
Sewer (miles)	49	49	49	49		
Storm sewers (miles)	12	12	12	12		
Reclaimed water (miles)	23	23	23	23		

Source: (1) Palmetto PD

(2) Palmetto Public Works

(3) Palmetto Parks Department

Fiscal Year							
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		
1	1	1	1	1]		
41	44	46	45	44	48		
3	3	3	-	-	-		
42	42	42	42	42	42		
12	12	12	12	12	12		
1,111	1,111	928	928	928	706		
95	95	101	101	101	91		
12	12	13	13	13	13		
1	1	1	1	1	1		
67	67	74	74	74	74		
49	49	68	68	69	57		
12	12	27	27	64	64		
23	24	33	33	33	32		



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, and Members of the City Commission City of Palmetto, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Palmetto, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 22, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and

material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Christopher, Smith, Lemant, Briston & Standl, P.A.

CHRISTOPHER, SMITH, LEONARD, BRISTOW & STANELL, P.A.

March 22, 2019 Bradenton, Florida



MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Honorable Mayor, and Members of the City Commission City of Palmetto, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Palmetto, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated March 22, 2019.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 22, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.566(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City was not in a state of financial emergency as it did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by the same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Mayor and Members of the City Commission, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Christopher, Smith, Secrend, Bristow & Stemble P.A. CHRISTOPHER, SMITH, LEONARD, BRISTOW & STANELL, P.A.

March 22, 2019 Bradenton, Florida



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON INVESTMENT COMPLIANCE

To the Honorable Mayor, and Members of the City Commission City of Palmetto, Florida

We have examined the City of Palmetto, Florida's (the "City") compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2018. Management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds for the year ended September 30, 2018.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Christyphen, Smith, Seomard, Brister & Stanell, P.A. CHRISTOPHER, SMITH, LEONARD, BRISTOW & STANELL, P.A.

March 22, 2019 Bradenton, Florida