

VILLAGE OF VIRGINIA GARDENS, FLORIDA
Financial Section, Required Supplementary Information, and
Supplementary Financial Reports Compliance Section
September 30, 2018
With Independent Auditors' Report



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Village Council Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida (the "Village") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Other Matters - Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 8, and budgetary comparison information on page 29, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 26, 2019, on our consideration of the Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

June 26, 2019

Wither Smith + Brown, PC

As management of the Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida (the "Village"), we offer readers of the Village's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the auditors' report, the basic financial statements, and the notes to basic financial statements.

The Village implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 34 "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments" in fiscal year ended September 30, 2004. Under GASB Statement No. 34, retroactive infrastructure reporting for small governments is optional. Village management has reviewed the cost/benefit of the additional reporting requirements and determined not to retroactively apply the infrastructure reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 34. The Village has capitalized infrastructure assets since implementation of GASB Statement No. 34.

This discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Village's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the Village's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns. The information contained within this section should be considered only a part of a greater whole.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Village exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$5,420,188 (net position). Of this amount, \$964,019 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to residents and creditors.
- During the fiscal year, the Village's total net position increased by \$178,332.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund equity of \$781,110, an increase of \$41,141 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$446,305 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and supplementary financial reports compliance section. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Village:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Village's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Village government, reporting the Village's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements show how general government services such as public safety were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as the water fund.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information which further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Village's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of the Village include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, human services, and culture and recreation. The business-type activity of the Village includes a water fund.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 and 10 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Village maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the Village's law enforcement forfeiture fund and public works fund, which are considered to be special revenue funds.

The Village adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and public works fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 11 and 12 of this report.

Proprietary fund. The Village maintains one proprietary or enterprise fund. An enterprise fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses an enterprise fund to account for its water fund.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 15 of this report.

Notes to basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 28 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning budget to actual comparisons for the Village's general fund and public works fund. Required supplementary information can be found on page 29 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The table below summarizes the statements of net position:

Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Net Position

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	Septer	mber 30,	Septer	September 30,		September 30,		%
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	Change	Change
Current and other assets	\$ 975,884	\$ 1,361,057	\$ 649,497	\$ 623,680	\$ 1,625,381	\$ 1,984,737	\$ (359,356)	(18.1) %
Capital assets, net	3,959,667	3,830,245	161,697	185,537	4,121,364	4,015,782	105,582	2.6
Total assets	4,935,551	5,191,302	811,194	809,217	5,746,745	6,000,519	(253,774)	(4.2)
Long-term liabilities								
outstanding	48,857	53,795	-	-	48,857	53,795	(4,938)	(9.2)
Other liabilities	161,669	588,137	82,926	83,780	244,595	671,917	(427,322)	(63.6)
Total liabilities	210,526	641,932	82,926	83,780	293,452	725,712	(432,260)	(59.6)
Deferred inflows	33,105	32,951			33,105	32,951	154	0.5
Net position								
Investment in capital								
assets, net of								
related debt	3,959,667	3,830,245	161,697	185,537	4,121,364	4,015,782	105,582	2.6
Restricted	334,805	313,047	-	-	334,805	313,047	21,758	7.0
Unrestricted	397,448	373,127	566,571	539,900	964,019	913,027	50,992	5.6
Total net position	\$ 4,691,920	\$ 4,516,419	\$ 728,268	\$ 725,437	\$ 5,420,188	\$ 5,241,856	\$ 178,332	3.4 %

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$5,420,188 at the close of the most recent fiscal year and total net position increased by \$178,332 from the prior fiscal year.

The largest portion of the Village's net position (\$4,121,364 or 76%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, machinery, equipment, and vehicles) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Village's net position, \$334,805, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions as to how they may be used.

The balance of *unrestricted net position*, \$964,019, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to residents and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village is able to report positive balances in the three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The table below summarizes the statements of activities:

Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Changes in Net Position

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total				
	Year	Ended	Year Ended		Year	Ended			
	Septem	iber 30,	Septem	nber 30,	Septen	nber 30,	Amount	%	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	Change	Change	
Revenues									
Program revenues									
Fees, fines, and									
charges for services	\$ 400,767	\$ 510,938	\$ 350,456	\$ 334,330	\$ 751,223	\$ 845,268	\$ (94,045)	(11.1) %	
General revenues									
Ad valorem taxes	1,312,586	1,299,601	-	-	1,312,586	1,299,601	12,985	1.0	
Utility taxes and									
franchise fees	487,429	465,927	-	-	487,429	465,927	21,502	4.6	
Intergovernmental	990,988	1,331,606	-	-	990,988	1,331,606	(340,618)	(25.6)	
Investment earnings	10	63	-	-	10	63	(53)	(84.1)	
Miscellaneous	116,533	110,854			116,533	110,854	5,679	5.1	
Total revenues	3,308,313	3,718,989	350,456	334,330	3,658,769	4,053,319	(394,550)	(9.7)	
Expenses									
General government	985,617	914,041	-	-	985,617	914,041	71,576	7.8	
Public safety	1,243,392	1,277,468	-	-	1,243,392	1,277,468	(34,076)	(2.7)	
Physical environment	262,348	437,229	-	-	262,348	437,229	(174,881)	(40.0)	
Transportation	302,254	1,061,215	-	-	302,254	1,061,215	(758,961)	(71.5)	
Human services	34,472	35,046	-	-	34,472	35,046	(574)	(1.6)	
Culture and recreation	304,729	294,817	-	-	304,729	294,817	9,912	3.4	
Water			347,625	354,483	347,625	354,483	(6,858)	(1.9)	
Total expenses	3,132,812	4,019,816	347,625	354,483	3,480,437	4,374,299	(893,862)	(20.4)	
Increase (Decrease) in									
net position	175,501	(300,827)	2,831	(20,153)	178,332	(320,980)	499,312	155.6	
Net position, beginning									
of year	4,516,419	4,817,246	725,437	745,590	5,241,856	5,562,836	(320,980)	(5.8)	
Net position, end of year	\$ 4,691,920	\$ 4,516,419	\$ 728,268	\$ 725,437	\$ 5,420,188	\$ 5,241,856	\$ 178,332	3.4 %	

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased net position \$175,501 due mainly to decreases in physical environment and transportation expenses during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the Village's net position by \$2,831 due mainly to cost decreases during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Village's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$781,110, an increase of \$41,141.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$446,305. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents approximately 16% of total general fund expenditures.

Proprietary fund. The Village's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

The total increase in net position for the enterprise fund was \$2,831.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The following information is presented to assist the reader in comparing actual results with budgetary amounts:

- General fund revenues were \$94,353 higher than budgeted amounts, and expenditures were \$223,257 lower than budgeted amounts.
- Additional information on budgetary comparisons between the final budget and actual results can be found on page 29 of this report.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Village's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities at September 30, 2018, amounts to \$4,121,364.

The table below summarizes the capital assets of the Village:

Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Capital Assets

	 Governmer	tal /	Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total									
	 Septer	nbe	r 30,		September 30,		September 30,			Amount		%			
	 2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017		Change	Change	-
Land	\$ 77,311	\$	77,311	\$	-	\$	-	\$	77,311	\$	77,311	\$	-	-	%
Buildings and improvements	2,535,578		2,418,624		-		-		2,535,578		2,418,624		116,954	4.8	
Transportation equipment	535,642		459,824		57,486		57,486		593,128		517,310		75,818	14.7	
Machinery and equipment	890,981		811,034		84,398		84,398		975,379		895,432		79,947	8.9	
Infrastructure	2,917,751		2,773,382		-		-		2,917,751		2,773,382		144,369	5.2	
Water systems	 -				792,911		792,911		792,911		792,911			-	
Total	6,957,263		6,540,175		934,795		934,795		7,892,058		7,474,970		417,088	5.6	
Accumulated depreciation	 (2,997,596)		(2,709,930)	_	(773,098)		(749,258)		(3,770,694)		(3,459,188)	_	(311,506)	(9.0)	
	\$ 3,959,667	\$	3,830,245	\$	161,697	\$	185,537	\$	4,121,364	\$	4,015,782	\$	105,582	2.6	%

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on page 23 of this report.

Long-term obligations. At year end, the Village had \$48,857 in long-term obligations outstanding versus \$53,795 last year. There were deductions to compensated absences in the current year of \$4,938. Additional information on the Village's long-term obligations can be found in Note 9 on page 26 of this report.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Maritza Fernandez, Village Clerk, Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida.

Assets	Governmental Activities			ness-Type ctivities	Total	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	684,030	\$	_	\$	684,030
Receivables, net		92,786		68,275		161,061
Due from other governments		572,580		15,504		588,084
Internal balances		(503,403)		503,403		-
Prepaid items		31,363		-		31,363
Restricted assets – cash and cash equivalents		-		62,315		62,315
Restricted assets – investments		98,528				98,528
Total current assets		975,884		649,497		1,625,381
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		3,959,667		161,697		4,121,364
Total assets		4,935,551		811,194		5,746,745
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		85,244		20,611		105,855
Accrued liabilities		32,800		-		32,800
Compensated absences		43,625		-		43,625
Customer deposits		-		62,315		62,315
Long-term obligations						
Due in more than one year		48,857		<u> </u>		48,857
Total liabilities	,	210,526		82,926		293,452
Deferred Inflows						
Deferred revenue		33,105				33,105
Total deferred inflows		33,105				33,105
Net Position						
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		3,959,667		161,697		4,121,364
Restricted		334,805		-		334,805
Unrestricted		397,448	-	566,571	-	964,019
Total net position	\$	4,691,920	\$	728,268	\$	5,420,188

Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Government-Wide Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Program	Revenues	Net Revenues (Ex	xpenses) and Change	es in Net Position
Functions/Programs	Total Expenses	Charges for Services	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities						
General government	\$ 985,617	\$ 390,692	\$ -	\$ (594,925)	\$ -	\$ (594,925)
Public safety	1,243,392	10,075	-	(1,233,317)	-	(1,233,317)
Physical environment	262,348	-	-	(262,348)	-	(262,348)
Transportation	302,254	-	-	(302,254)	-	(302,254)
Human services	34,472	-	-	(34,472)	-	(34,472)
Culture and recreation	304,729			(304,729)		(304,729)
Total governmental activities	3,132,812	400,767	-	(2,732,045)	-	(2,732,045)
Business-type activity						
Water fund	347,625	350,456			2,831	2,831
	\$ 3,480,437	\$ 751,223	\$ -	(2,732,045)	2,831	(2,729,214)
		General revenues				
		Ad valorem taxes	S	1,312,586	-	1,312,586
		Utility taxes and	franchise fees	487,429	-	487,429
		Intergovernment	al	990,988	-	990,988
		Investment earni	ings	10	-	10
		Miscellaneous		116,533		116,533
		Total gene	eral revenues	2,907,546	<u>-</u>	2,907,546
		Changes i	n net position	175,501	2,831	178,332
		Net position, begin	ning of year	4,516,419	725,437	5,241,856
		Net position, end o	of year	\$ 4,691,920	\$ 728,268	\$ 5,420,188

			Мај	or Funds					
Assets		General Fund	Fo	Law orcement orfeiture Fund	Pub	olic Works Fund	Total Governmental Funds		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	684,030	\$	_	\$	_	\$	684,030	
Receivables	Ψ	92,786	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	92,786	
Due from other governments		258,968		_		313,612		572,580	
Due from other funds		270,857		_		-		270,857	
Prepaid items		31,363		_		-		31,363	
Restricted assets – investments		-		98,528		_		98,528	
Total assets		1,338,004		98,528		313,612		1,750,144	
Liabilities									
Liabilities									
Accounts payable		85,244		-		-		85,244	
Accrued liabilities		32,800		-		-		32,800	
Compensated absences		43,625		-		-		43,625	
Due to other funds		472,277		61,522		240,461		774,260	
Total liabilities		633,946		61,522		240,461		935,929	
Deferred Inflows									
Deferred revenue		33,105				<u>-</u>		33,105	
Total deferred inflows		33,105		-				33,105	
Fund Equity									
Fund balance									
Nonspendable		31,363		-		-		31,363	
Restricted		193,285		37,006		73,151		303,442	
Unassigned		446,305						446,305	
Total fund equity	\$	670,953	\$	37,006	\$	73,151	\$	781,110	
Reconciliation of the balance sheet of gover	nmenta	ıl funds to the	statem	ent of net po	sition				
Total fund balance - total governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities		tatament of no	t positio	a ara difforent	hoogus	0.	\$	781,110	
			-			е.			
Capital assets of \$6,957,264, net of accum		-	Φ 2,997,	597, are not ii	папсіаі			2.050.667	
resources and, therefore, are not reported i						4-4		3,959,667	
 Long-term liabilities of \$48,857 are not due in the funds. 	and pa	iyable in the cu	irrent pe	nod and are n	iot repor	tea		(48,857)	
Net position of governmental activities							\$	4,691,920	
							<u> </u>	.,,0=0	

			Maj	or Funds				
_	General Fund		Law Enforcement Forfeiture Fund		Pul	olic Works Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues	•	4 0 4 0 5 0 0	•		•		•	4 0 4 0 5 0 0
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,312,586	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,312,586
Utility taxes and franchise fees		487,429		=		-		487,429
Charges for services		273,477		-		-		273,477
Intergovernmental		614,308		-		376,680		990,988
Licenses, permits, and fees		117,215		-		-		117,215
Fines and forfeitures		10,075		-		-		10,075
Miscellaneous		116,533		10				116,543
Total revenues		2,931,623		10		376,680		3,308,313
Expenditures								
Current operating								
General government		928,205		-		-		928,205
Public safety		1,155,979		-		-		1,155,979
Physical environment		151,413		-		-		151,413
Transportation		-		-		302,254		302,254
Human services		27,748		_		-		27,748
Culture and recreation		259,469		_		-		259,469
Capital outlay		238,834		-		203,270		442,104
Total expenditures		2,761,648				505,524		3,267,172
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		169,975		10		(128,844)		41,141
Other financing sources (uses) – interfund transfers		(147,000)		-		147,000		-
Fund balances, beginning of year		647,978		36,996		54,995		739,969
Fund balances, end of year	\$	670,953	\$	37,006	\$	73,151	\$	781,110
Reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditum governmental funds to the statement of activities Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds amounts reported for governmental activities in the season of th	nds statement o enditures. I ul lives an eded depre	of activities are of However, in the d reported as de	different l statemer epreciation	pecause: nt of activities on expense. T	his is th		\$	41,141 129,422 4,938
- Change in long term person of compensated above								1,000
Change in net position of governmental activi	ties						\$	175,501

Assets	Water Fund
Current assets	
Receivables, net	\$ 68,275
Due from other governments	15,504
Due from other funds	507,450
Restricted assets – cash and cash equivalents	62,315
Total current assets	653,544
Capital assets, net	161,697
Total assets	815,241
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	20,611
Due to other funds	4,047
Payable from restricted assets – customer deposits	62,315
Total current liabilities	86,973
Net Position	
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	161,697
Unrestricted	566,571
Total net position	\$ 728,268

Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Water Fund	
Operating revenues		
User charges	\$	326,594
Service and hook-up charges		14,747
Miscellaneous		9,115
Total operating revenues		350,456
Operating expenses		
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits		128,437
Contractual services, materials, and supplies		195,348
Depreciation		23,840
Total operating expenses		347,625
Operating income		2,831
Net position, beginning of year		725,437
Net position, end of year	\$	728,268

	W	ater
	F	und
Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	389,442
Payments to suppliers	(199,852)
Payments to employees	(128,437)
Net cash provided by operating activities		61,153
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
Change in due to or from other funds		(61,153)
Change in customer deposits		3,650
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities		(57,503)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		3,650
Cash and cash equivalents		
Beginning of year		58,665
End of year	\$	62,315
Recorded in the statement of net position as follows		
Restricted assets – cash and cash equivalents	\$	62,315
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities		
Operating income	\$	2,831
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities		
Depreciation		23,840
Changes in		
Receivables		41,546
Due from other governments		(2,560)
Accounts payable		(4,504)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	61,153

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

The Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida (the "Village") was incorporated in 1953 under Chapter 29576 of the laws of Florida. The Village operates under a Council-Mayor form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture, recreation, public works, improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The Village complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The Village's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles are discussed in subsequent sections of this note. The remainder of the notes is organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of the Village's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Village is a Florida municipal corporation with a five-member Village Council which acts as the legislative branch and a Mayor who is the chief executive officer of the Village. As required by U.S. GAAP, these financial statements present the Village (the primary government). Using applicable GASB criteria, management has determined that the Village has no component units.

Reporting Model

GASB Statement No. 34 "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments" allows small governments to elect not to retroactively record infrastructure. Management has decided not to retroactively implement the recording of infrastructure assets.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and one proprietary fund. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when liabilities are incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures for claims and judgments, are recorded only when payments are due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of a specific revenue source that is legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The Village uses these funds to account for the activities of the law enforcement forfeiture fund and the public works fund.

The *law enforcement forfeiture fund* accounts for funds received under the provisions of the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act, which are to be expended for unbudgeted law enforcement purposes.

The *public works fund* accounts for funds received under Chapters 336.021(1)(a) and 206.605(3), Florida Statutes, which are to be expended for establishment, purchase, and maintenance of transportation systems and facilities and road and street rights of way.

The government reports the following major proprietary fund:

The water fund accounts for the activities of the Village's water services.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the GASB. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to the same limitation. The Village has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Village also recognizes as operating revenues the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity

(1) Deposits – Cash and Cash Equivalents

Florida Statutes provide for risk sharing collateral pools by banks and savings and loan associations. These collateral pools collateralize local government deposits and certificates of deposit with the participating depositories. The Village's demand deposits and certificates of deposit are placed in such authorized depositories.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned or the Village will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. At September 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the Village's deposits was \$844,873, and the bank balances of the Village's deposits were \$948,395. Bank balances were covered by certain levels of federal deposit insurance and the remainder was covered by pledged collateral as required by Florida Statutes. All collateral is pledged in the Village's name and is held by a third-party financial institution.

Highly liquid financial instruments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Village are considered to be cash equivalents.

(2) Village of Virginia Gardens' Investment Policies

(a) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation.

Investing is performed in accordance with investing policies prescribed by State Statutes, Village Charter, and Village Policies. Funds may be invested in (1) direct obligations of the United States Government, its agencies, or instrumentalities to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the government of the United States is pledged, (2) Florida State Board of Administration local government surplus funds trust fund, and (3) collateralized or insured certificates of deposit and other evidence of deposits in financial institutions.

All of the Village's nonpension investments are certificates of deposit in regional or national financial institutions.

(b) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The Village's policy provides that to the extent practical investments are to be matched to cash flow requirements. The Village manages interest rate risks by purchasing certificates of deposit with maturities of 180 days or less.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Village's investments in a single issuer.

(3) Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to or from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to or from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." See Note 12 for details of interfund transactions and balances, including receivables and payables, at September 30, 2018.

Management has determined that no allowance for bad debt is required for the general fund receivables.

Management evaluates the collectability of its user charges receivable in the water fund based on a combination of factors, including analysis of historical trends, aging of receivables, write-off experience, amounts held as deposit, and identification of specific accounts known as collection problems. The results of the evaluation are used to estimate the allowance amount, which management determined to be \$22,085 at September 30, 2018. An account is charged off when management determines a customer's inability to meet their financial obligations. This will occur after the water is shut off and the deposit is forfeited. There was no bad debt expense for the year ended September 30, 2018.

(4) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, transportation equipment, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and water systems, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of ordinary maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Buildings and improvements	7 – 40 years	N/A
Transportation equipment	3 – 7 years	5 years
Machinery and equipment	7 – 10 years	5 – 10 years
Infrastructure	25 years	N/A
Water systems	N/A	50 years

(5) Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that amounts become available. The general fund reports unavailable revenues from local business taxes and grant monies collected in advance.

(6) Compensated Absences

The policy of the Village is to allow vesting of employee leave benefits with the right to receive compensation under certain conditions. The liability for accrued compensated absences in the enterprise fund is accrued in that fund. The liability for employees of governmental funds is reported in the general fund.

(7) Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

As of September 30, 2018, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because of their nature (such as prepaid items) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Village itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., Village Council). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Village takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance amounts the Village intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Village Council or by an official or body to which the Village Council delegates the authority.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The Village Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by Village Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for a specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

In the general fund, the Village strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance to be used for unanticipated emergencies of approximately 25% of the actual U.S. GAAP basis expenditures and other financing sources and uses.

Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

<u>Budgetary Information</u> – The following procedures are used by the Village in legally adopting the budget for the general fund:

Legally Adopted Appropriated Budgets:

- Prior to August 1, the Mayor submits to the Village Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of an ordinance.
- The Mayor is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Village Council.
- The budgets for the general fund and the public works fund are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. GAAP.

There are no encumbrances outstanding at year end. All outstanding purchase orders are canceled and appropriations lapse at that time. Therefore, the Village did not report any fund balances reserved for encumbrances at year end.

The Village does not budget for the law enforcement forfeiture fund.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The government's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Village Council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. For the year ended September 30, 2018, actual expenditures were lower than the final budgeted amounts by \$223,257 in the General Fund.

Legally Authorized Nonappropriated Budget:

 A legally authorized nonappropriated budget is prepared for the enterprise fund. The Mayor is authorized to transfer budget amounts between line items of the authorized budget.

Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in accordance with the bases of accounting described in the previous paragraphs, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets or liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

The Village has evaluated subsequent events through June 26, 2019, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this evaluation, the Village has determined that no subsequent events have occurred which would require disclosure in the financial statements.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED INVESTMENTS

Cash and cash equivalents and restricted investments at September 30, 2018, consist of the following:

		Goverr Fund	nmenta Types			oprietary Ind Type			
	General Fund					iterprise Fund	Γotal All Funds	Financial Institution Balance	
Cash and cash equivalents Unrestricted									
Demand deposits	\$	684,030	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 684,030	\$	799,089
Restricted Demand deposits						62,315 (1)	62,315		50,778
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	684,030	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	62,315	\$ 746,345	\$	849,867
Restricted investments Certificates of deposit	\$		\$	98,528 (2)	\$		\$ 98,528	\$	98,528

¹ Restricted for customer utility deposits

² Restricted for unbudgeted law enforcement expenditures

3. RECEIVABLES AND DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Receivables and due from other governments consist of the following at September 30, 2018:

	General Fund			Water Fund		Public Works Fund		Total
Receivables								
Utility taxes	\$	23,760	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23,760
Franchise fees		55,374		-		-		55,374
User charges		-		90,145		-		90,145
Other		13,652		215		-		13,867
Total receivables		92,786	•	90,360		-		183,146
Less allowance for doubtful accounts				(22,085)				(22,085)
Total receivables, net	\$	92,786	\$	68,275	\$		\$	161,061
Due from other governments								
Miami-Dade County	\$	1,811	\$	15,504	\$	-	\$	17,315
State of Florida		21,342		-		271,123		292,465
United States Government-FEMA		235,815				42,489		278,304
Total due from other								
governments	\$	258,968	\$	15,504	\$	313,612	\$	588,084

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

	(Balance, October 1, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Transfers		Balance, September 30, 2018	
Governmental activities			•					
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$		\$ -	<u> </u>	\$		\$	77,311
Total capital assets not being depreciated		77,311						77,311
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings and improvements		2,418,624	116,954	-		-		2,535,578
Transportation equipment		459,824	100,833	(25,015)		-		535,642
Machinery and equipment		811,034	79,947	-		-		890,981
Infrastructure		2,773,382	144,370					2,917,752
Total capital assets being depreciated		6,462,864	442,104	(25,015)				6,879,953
Accumulated depreciation per capital asset group								
Buildings and improvements		(723,536)	(89,628)	-		-		(813,164)
Transportation equipment		(273,095)	(77,024)	25,015		-		(325,104)
Machinery and equipment		(695,086)	(35,094)	-		-		(730,180)
Infrastructure		(1,018,213)	(110,936)	<u> </u>		_		(1,129,149)
Total accumulated depreciation per capital								
asset group		(2,709,930)	(312,682)	25,015				(2,997,597)
Capital assets being depreciated, net		3,752,934	129,422					3,882,356
Governmental activities – capital assets, net	\$	3,830,245	\$ 129,422	\$ -	\$		\$	3,959,667

	Balance, October 1, 2017		A	dditions	itions Deletions Trans				Balance, tember 30, 2018
Business-type activities									
Capital assets being depreciated									
Water systems	\$	792,911	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 792,911
Transportation equipment		57,486		-		-		-	57,486
Machinery and equipment		84,398							84,398
Total capital assets being depreciated		934,795	_	-		-			934,795
Accumulated depreciation per capital asset group									
Water systems		(632,496)		(13,079)		-		-	(645,575)
Transportation equipment		(57,486)		-		-		-	(57,486)
Machinery and equipment		(59,276)		(10,761)		-		-	(70,037)
Total accumulated depreciation per capital									
asset group		(749,258)		(23,840)		-			 (773,098)
Capital assets being depreciated, net		185,537		(23,840)					161,697
Business-type activities – capital assets, net	\$	185,537	\$	(23,840)	\$		\$		\$ 161,697

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government for the year ended September 30, 2018, as follows:

General government	\$ 57,412
Public safety	92,351
Physical environment	110,935
Human services	6,724
Culture and recreation	 45,260
	\$ 312,682

5. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consist of the following at September 30, 2018:

	Governmental Activities General Fund		Business- Type Activities Enterprise Fund		Government- Wide	
Accounts payable						
Vendors	\$	85,244	\$	-	\$	85,244
DERM taxes				20,611		20,611
	\$	85,244	\$	20,611	\$	105,855
Accrued liabilities Salaries and benefits	\$	32,800	\$		\$	32,800

6. AD VALOREM TAX REVENUES

The Village levied a millage rate of \$5.1500 per \$1,000 of assessed value for the fiscal years 2018 and 2017. The County of Miami-Dade, Florida, bills and receives payments for all property taxes levied by the Village. Payments are then remitted to the Village.

Ad valorem taxes are levied on property values as of January 1 as assessed on July 1 with the millage rate established during September. The fiscal year for which taxes are levied begins October 1. Taxes are billed in October with a maximum discount available through November 30, and become delinquent April 1. Tax certificates are issued for delinquent taxes by May 31.

7. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

A. Money Purchase Pension Plan

The Village participates in a single-employer defined contribution money purchase pension plan for full-time police officers and certain Village administrative personnel. The benefits to be received by a participant are based solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account, the returns earned on the investment of those contributions, and forfeitures of nonvested terminated participants' accounts that may be allocated to remaining participants.

Since this plan qualifies as a defined contribution plan which is administered in its entirety under a pool arrangement by ICMA Retirement Corporation (a private sector plan administrator), the assets, liabilities, fund balances, and operations are not recorded within these basic financial statements.

<u>Funding Provisions</u> – Employees are required to contribute 5% of their compensation subject to certain limitations. The Village contributes an amount equal to 8% of participating employees' compensation. Total contributions were \$20,751 and \$12,969 for the Village and participants, respectively. Total eligible employees and participating employees were 10 and 6, respectively.

Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Village Council.

<u>Vesting Provisions of Village's Contributions</u> – An employee who leaves the employment of the Village is entitled to all of his or her contributions and a portion of the Village's contributions as follows:

	Percentage of
Years of Service	Balance Vested
0 years but less than 3	0%
3 years but less than 4	25%
4 years but less than 5	50%
5 years or more	100%

B. Deferred Compensation Plan

The Village offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all Village employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseen non-reimbursed emergency. The plan assets have been placed in a trust with a third-party trustee and, as such, are not recorded in the basic financial statements.

8. OPERATING LEASES AS LESSOR

The Village leases land that is used for cellular phone towers under various operating leases. The leases are renewable for terms of five years each. The current term expires during fiscal year 2021. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the Village received \$78,545 in rental income under these agreements. The amount of minimum rentals to be received is as follows:

Year	Amount
2019	\$ 81,757
2020	84,210
2021	29,303
	\$ 195,270

9. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Governmental Fund Type Long-Term Obligations

Changes in governmental fund type long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2018, were as follows:

	Addi	tione	Balance, September 30, 2018					
Compensated absences	\$	53,795	\$	-	\$	(4,938)	\$	48,857

The maturities for compensated absences are indeterminable.

Disclosure of Legal Debt Margin

The Village has no legal debt margin requirements set forth by either State Statute or Village ordinance.

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village has obtained insurance from commercial underwriters for all the aforementioned risks, including workers' compensation for the year ended September 30, 2018.

The Village has not paid any settlements in excess of insurance coverage for each of the past three years. Furthermore, the Village has no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year.

11. COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

A. Litigation

During the ordinary course of its operations, the Village is party to various claims, legal actions, and complaints. Some of these matters are covered by the Village's insurance program. Those which are not covered are handled by various law firms retained by the Village. Management does not believe that any such matters would have a material impact on the Village's basic financial statements.

B. Grant Expenditures

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although management expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Annexation

The Village is currently pursuing the annexation of additional lands which it believes will assist in the long-term growth by an increased tax base and job creation but will cost the Village additional monies for public safety and other services.

12. OTHER REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

U.S. GAAP requires disclosure, as part of the basic financial statements, of certain information concerning individual funds including:

A. Interfund Transactions and Balances

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at September 30, 2018, were:

	 nterfund ceivables	 nterfund ayables
Fund		
Governmental funds		
General fund	\$ 270,857	\$ 472,277
Law enforcement forfeiture fund	-	61,522
Public works fund	-	240,461
Enterprise fund – water fund	 507,450	 4,047
	\$ 778,307	\$ 778,307

The general fund collects revenues and pays expenditures/expenses for the water fund and the public works fund. These interfund accounts arise as a result of this net activity.

B. Fund Balances

The Village's fund balances are as follows at September 30, 2018:

	 General Fund	 Law orcement orfeiture Fund	 lic Works Fund	Total		
Nonspendable						
Prepaids	\$ 31,363	\$ 	\$ 	\$	31,363	
Restricted						
Law enforcement	193,285	37,006	-		230,291	
Transportation	 	 _	 73,151		73,151	
Total restricted	 193,285	37,006	 73,151		303,442	
Unassigned	 446,305	 	 		446,305	
Total fund balances	\$ 670,953	\$ 37,006	\$ 73,151	\$	781,110	



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2018

			General Fund			Public Works Fund						
	Original Budget	Budget Amendments	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Original Budget	Budget Amendments	Final Budget	Actual	Variance		
Revenues												
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,361,405	\$ (47,614)	\$ 1,313,791	\$ 1,312,586	\$ (1,205)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Utility taxes and franchise fees	417,700	65,985	483,685	487,429	3,744	-	-	-	-	-		
Charges for services	320,500	(60,010)	260,490	273,477	12,987	-	-	-	-	-		
Intergovernmental	311,729	248,135	559,864	614,308	54,444	365,490	13,550	379,040	376,680	(2,360)		
Licenses, permits, and fees	110,000	9,870	119,870	117,215	(2,655)	-	-	-	-	-		
Fines and forfeitures	16,500	(8,560)	7,940	10,075	2,135	-	-	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous	78,060	13,570	91,630	116,533	24,903							
Total revenues	2,615,894	221,376	2,837,270	2,931,623	94,353	365,490	13,550	379,040	376,680	(2,360)		
Expenditures												
Current operating												
General government	766,803	389,930	1,156,733	928,205	228,528	_	-	-	_	-		
Public safety	1,225,105	(37,772)	1,187,333	1,155,979	31,354	-	-	-	-	-		
Physical environment	185,494	(60,426)	125,068	151,413	(26,345)	-	-	-	-	-		
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	365,490	210,552	576,042	302,254	273,788		
Human services	46,613	(19,963)	26,650	27,748	(1,098)	-	-	-	-	-		
Culture and recreation	277,026	1,322	278,348	259,469	18,879	-	-	-	-	-		
Capital outlay	114,853	95,920	210,773	238,834	(28,061)	-	-	-	203,270	(203,270)		
Total expenditures	2,615,894	369,011	2,984,905	2,761,648	223,257	365,490	210,552	576,042	505,524	70,518		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over expenditures	-	(147,635)	(147,635)	169,975	317,610	-	(197,002)	(197,002)	(128,844)	68,158		
Other financing sources (uses)												
interfund tranfers	-	(147,000)	(147,000)	(147,000)	-	-	147,000	147,000	147,000	-		
Fund balances, beginning of year	647,978		647,978	647,978		54,995		54,995	54,995			
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 647,978	\$ (294,635)	\$ 353,343	\$ 670,953	\$ 317,610	\$ 54,995	\$ (50,002)	\$ 4,993	\$ 73,151	\$ 68,158		
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SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL REPORTS COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Village Council Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida (the "Village") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 26, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Purpose of This Report

Withem Smith + Brown, PC

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

June 26, 2019

Prior Year Recommendations:

Prior Year Findings	Prior Year Reference Number	Current Year Status	Present in Second Preceding Year Report
Public Works Fund Budget	2017-01	Corrected	Yes



MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY SECTION 10.550 OF THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Honorable Mayor and Village Council Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida (the "Village") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated June 26, 2019.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June 26, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The information is disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements. There are no component units related to the Village.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we report the results of our determination as to whether or not the Village has met one or more condition(s) described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Village did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.



Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Village's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Annual Financial Report

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether the annual financial report of the Village for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. In connection with our audit, we determined that these two reports are in agreement.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of This Letter

Wither Smith + Brown, PC

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the board members, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

June 26, 2019



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

Honorable Mayor and Village Council Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida

We have examined the Village of Virginia Gardens, Florida's (the "Village") compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2018. Management is responsible for the Village's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Village's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Village complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Village complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Village's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Village complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2018.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Village and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

June 26, 2019

Withem Smith + Brown, PC