CITY OF ANNA MARIA, FLORIDA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



To the Honorable City Commission City of Anna Maria, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Anna Maria, Florida, (City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Anna Maria, Florida, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 – 8, budgetary comparison information on page 28 and the schedule of the City's proportionate share of net pension liability, contributions and notes on pages 29 – 33 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance on pages 34–35 are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the Florida Single Audit Act and Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 23, 2020 on our consideration of the City of Anna Maria, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Anna Maria, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Christopher, Sill, Leonard, Bristow + Staney, P.1.

CHRISTOPHER, SMITH, LEONARD, BRISTOW & STANELL, P. A.

April 23, 2020 Bradenton, Florida City of Anna Maria

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Anna Maria, Florida (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Readers should consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$11,961,720 (net position). A portion of the City's net position \$339,506 represents resources from transportation taxes, discretionary surtax, and storm water fees that are subject to restrictions on how they may be used. Unrestricted net position of \$1,603,837 may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors in accordance with the City's fiscal policies.
- The City's total net position increased by \$4,426,805.
- As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental fund reported ending fund balance of \$2,360,233 an increase of \$585,738 in comparison with the prior year. The General Fund has restricted fund balance in the amount of \$339,506, for transportation taxes, discretionary surtax and storm water fees. The amount of fund balance available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance) is \$1,993,017.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Anna Maria, Florida's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows and liabilities, with the net difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected revenues).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by advalorem taxes, and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The City is engaged in only governmental activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 and 10 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The City has only governmental funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. These funds are reported using the modified accrual method of accounting and the current financial resources focus. As a result long-term assets and liabilities are not included. The City uses a General fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund. All general tax revenues are accounted for in this fund. From this fund all general operating expenditures, capital and debt services expenditures are paid.

A reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between the governmental fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements is presented.

The City adopts an annual budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 to 14 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 15 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Anna Maria, Florida, assets exceeded liabilities by \$11,961,720 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A large portion of the City's net position \$10,018,377 reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens within the boundaries of the City; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The City also had significant assets in cash and investments at year-end. Investments are held in Qualified Public Depositories, or the State Local Government Surplus Trust Fund as allowed by Florida Statutes.

The following table presents a condensed statement of net position as of September 30, 2019, with comparative totals for September 30, 2018.

Net Position

	Net Fosition				
			vernmental Activities		overnmental Activities
		-	2019	1	2018
Current and other assets		\$	2,881,229	\$	2,371,895
Capital assets		-	11,450,467	1	7,947,064
Total assets		1	14,331,696	1	10,318,959
Deferred outflows of pension resources			294,478		382,729
Long-term liabilities outstanding			2,126,098		2,505,856
Other liabilities		1.00	438,488		597,400
Total liabilities			2,564,586		3,103,256
Deferred inflows of pension earnings			99,868		63,517
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets			10,018,377		6,152,470
Restricted			339,506		178,451
Unrestricted			1,603,837	-	1,203,994
Total net position		\$	11,961,720	\$	7,534,915

The City's net position increased \$4,426,805 during the current fiscal year. Revenues increased \$2,977,627 mainly due to taxes and capital grants. The City received \$3,549,184 of grants mainly related to the City Pier. Expenses decreased \$245,416 mainly due to public works.

The following table provides a summary of the City's operations for the year ended September 30, 2019 with comparative totals for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Changes in Net Position

	Governmental <u>Activities</u> 2019	Governmental <u>Activities</u> 2018
Revenues:	2019	
Program revenues:	\$ 1,283,834	\$ 1,265,902
Charges for services	5 1,203,034	5 1,203,902 -0-
Operating grants and contributions		
Capital grants and contributions	3,549,184	<u>828,902</u> 2,094,804
General revenues:	4,833,018	2,094,804
Ad valorem taxes	2,166,920	1,967,833
Franchise fees	225,280	211,317
Communication service tax	102,569	102,492
Stormwater utility fee	173,326	154,334
State revenue sharing	46,246	45,750
Discretionary tax	119,685	118,288
Sales tax	123,133	125,993
Other taxes	240,941	247,246
Interest income	42,774	32,576
Miscellaneous	41,768	37,400
Total general revenues	3,282,642	3,043,229
Total revenues	8,115,660	5,138,033
Expenses:		
General government	674,934	597,811
Public works/building department	1,628,171	2,020,457
Code enforcement	405,179	437,951
Public safety	950,731	841,395
Interest	29,840	36,657
Total expenses	3,688,855	3,934,271
Increase (decrease) in net position	4,426,805	1,203,762
Net position – Beginning	7,534,915	6,331,153
Net position – Ending	<u>\$ 11,961,720</u>	<u>\$ 7,534,915</u>

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The City utilizes only one Governmental Fund which is the General Fund.

Governmental fund. The focus of the City's *governmental fund* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's general fund reported an ending fund balance of \$2,360,233, an increase of \$585,738 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total \$339,506 is restricted for transportation taxes, discretionary surtax and storm water fees. \$1,993,017 is *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the City's discretion.

As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 27% of general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$585,738 during the current fiscal year. The significant reasons for the decrease are as follows:

- Total revenues increased \$2,895,120 from the prior year. This was due primarily to increased taxes, as well as grants related to the City Pier.
- Total expenditures increased \$1,111,604, due mainly to an increase in funds expended for projects incurred for the City Pier.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City's general fund budget was not amended during the year. Original and final budgeted revenues, excluding the use of reserves were \$8,673,968. Original and final budgeted expenditures were \$9,736,044. Actual revenues were less than budgeted revenues by \$640,816, mainly due to grants. Actual expenditures were \$2,288,630 less than final budgeted expenditures due mainly to less operating and capital outlay costs than anticipated.

The General Fund budget is presented as required supplementary information on page 28.

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets amounts to \$11,450,467 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, machinery and equipment. The City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year increased by \$3,503,403; this was comprised of \$3,688,813 of capital additions, and \$185,410 of depreciation expense.

The following is a condensed schedule of capital assets.

		vernmental <u>Activities</u> 2019	Go	vernmental Activities 2018
Land	\$	2,836,020	\$	2,836,020
Construction in progress		4,551,869		1,240,747
Buildings and improvements		462,662		238,809
Infrastructure		3,489,987		3,504,265
Machinery and equipment		109,929		127,223
Total (net of depreciation)	<u>s</u>	11,450,467	\$	7,947,064

See Note 3 of this report for additional information on the City's capital assets.

Long-Term Obligations

The City has existing debt of \$1,432,090. The City paid down principal on debt in the amount of \$362,504.

See Note 6 for additional information on the City's long-term debt.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The millage rate in the 2020 budget is 2.05 mills which, is the same as the 2019 budget. The original 2020 budget includes \$7,859,406 of revenues and expenditures.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Anna Maria, Florida's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City at, City of Anna Maria, Florida, P.O. Box 779, 10005 Gulf Drive, Anna Maria, Florida 34216.

CITY OF ANNA MARIA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,011,196
Investments	1,128,278
Due from other governments	319,434
Prepaid expense	27,710
Other receivables	55,105
Restricted assets:	,
Temporarily restricted:	
Cash and cash equivalents	331,071
Investments	8,435
Capital assets:	
Land	2,836,020
Construction in progress	4,551,869
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	4,062,578
Total Assets	14,331,696
Deferred outflows of pension resources	294,478
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	269,135
Accrued expenses	79,005
Unearned revenue	90,348
Non current liabilities	
Due within one year	156,714
Due in more than one year	1,969,384
Total Liabilities	2,564,586
Deferred inflows of pension earnings	99,868
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	10,018,377
Restricted for:	
Storm water	65,961
Streets and roads	166,160
Infrastructure	107,385
Unrestricted	1,603,837
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 11,961,720

CITY OF ANNA MARIA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenue Operating Grants and Contributions	capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change In Net Position Total
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 674,934	\$ –	\$ –	\$ –	\$ (674,934)
Public Works/Building Department	1,628,171	1,064,481	-	3,549,184	2,985,494
Code Enforcement	405,179	3,050	-	-	(402,129)
Public Safety	950,731	216,303	-	-	(734,428)
Interest	29,840		-	_	(29,840)
Total Governmental Activities	3,688,855	1,283,834	-	3,549,184	1,144,163
	General Reven Ad Valorem ta Franchise fees Communicatio Stormwater ut Revenue shari Discretionary Sales tax Other taxes Interest incom Miscellaneous Total general	ixes on service tax ility fee ng – State tax ne revenues			2,166,920 225,280 102,569 173,326 46,246 119,685 123,133 240,941 42,774 41,768 3,282,642
	Change in Net	Position			4,426,805
	Net Position – Net Position –				7,534,915 \$ 11,961,720

CITY OF ANNA MARIA, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	General Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,011,196
Investments	1,128,278
Cash – restricted	331,071
Investments-restricted	8,435
Due from other governments	319,434
Prepaid expense	27,710
Other receivables	55,105
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,881,229
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 269,135
Accrued expenses	25,242
Accrued wages	53,763
Unearned revenue	90,348
TOTAL LIABILITIES	438,488
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Unavailable revenue	82,508
Fund Balances:	
Nonspendable	27,710
Spendable:	, -
Restricted	339,506
Unassigned	1,993,017
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	2,360,233
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 2,881,229

CITY OF ANNA MARIA, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Fund Balance – Governmental Fund	\$ 2,360,233
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	11,450,467
Deferred outflows of pension resources are not recognized in the governmental funds, however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting.	294,478
Deferred inflows of pension earnings are not recognized in the governmental funds, however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting.	(99,868)
Transactions recorded as revenues in the statement of activities, but did not meet the availability criteria under the modified accrual basis of accounting, and therefore are considered to be deferred inflows until available in the general fund.	82,508
Long-term liabilities, which includes notes payable and net pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Long term Debt Net Pension Liability	(1,432,090) (694,008)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 11,961,720

CITY OF ANNA MARIA, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	GENERAL FUND
REVENUES	
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,166,920
State revenue and other taxes	632,574
Franchise fees	225,280
Stormwater utility fees	173,326
Licenses and permits	1,064,481
Grants	3,466,676
Fines	219,353
Interest	42,774
Other sources	41,768
Total Revenues	8,033,152
EXPENDITURES	
General government:	
Personal services	249,974
Operating	360,133
Capital outlay	19,292
Total General Government	629,399
Public works/building department:	
Personal services	857,943
Operating	396,985
Capital outlay	3,806,768
Total Public Works	5,061,696
Code Enforcement	
Personal services	194,175
Operating	177,139
Capital outlay	43,082
Total Code Enforcement	414,396
Public safety	949,579
Debt service:	
Principal	362,504
Interest	29,840
Total Debt Service	392,344
Total Expenditures	7,447,414
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	585,738
FUND BALANCE, October 1, 2018	1,774,495
FUND BALANCE, September 30, 2019	\$ 2,360,233

CITY OF ANNA MARIA, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balance – total governmental fund	\$ 585,738
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which additions exceed depreciation expense and any loss on disposal of assets.	3,503,403
Amount of debt principal payments reported as an expenditure in the fund statements, but considered a reduction of a liability in the government-wide statements, and, therefore, not included as an expense item in the statement of activities.	362,504
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources as they do not meet the availability criteria and are not reported as revenues in the funds. This amount represents the change in unearned revenue.	82,508
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount represents the change in:	
Net pension liability Deferred outflows of pension resources Deferred inflows of pension earnings	17,254 (88,251) (36,351)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 4,426,805

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies followed by the City of Anna Maria, Florida:

A. <u>REPORTING ENTITY</u> – The City of Anna Maria was created with the power to exercise all necessary municipal services. The present charter has been revised periodically and currently provides for an elected Mayor and a five-member commission. The following services are authorized by the present charter: public safety, streets and roads, sanitation, health and social service, culture/recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. No potential component units exist.

The official title of the entity is the City of Anna Maria. The City was established in 1923 under the Laws of Florida Chapter 9675 and operates under a charter, which was last revised in February of 1978 and amended in 1994 and 2003. The legal authority for the City is in Chapter 165 of the Florida Statutes.

B. <u>BASIS OF PRESENTATION</u> – The City's basic financial statements include Government-wide (which reports the City as a whole) and Fund financial statements (which report only on the General Fund). The basic financial statements present only governmental activities, as the City conducts no business type activities.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING: BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS- The Government-Wide Financial Statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The City has no interfund activity. The City's net position is reported in three parts (as applicable): net investment in capital assets; restricted net position, and unrestricted net position. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges for services including licenses and permits, fines and other related revenues and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> - The City's accounts are organized on the basis of funds, which are self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balance, revenues and expenditures. The City utilizes Governmental funds, which follow the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when they become measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a fund liability is incurred. The City reports the following governmental fund, which is a major fund:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION - CONTINUED

GOVERNMENTAL FUND

<u>GENERAL FUND</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax revenues are accounted for in this Fund. From the Fund are paid the general operating expenditures, capital expenditures and debt service expenditures of the City.

C. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> - Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life of longer than one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value of the asset or extend the useful life of the asset are expensed as incurred. The City has elected to report general infrastructure assets on a prospective basis only.

Property, plant and equipment of the City are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset</u>	<u>Years</u>
Building	40
Infrastructure	15 - 40
Improvements	20
Vehicles	5
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 - 10

- D. <u>LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS</u> The City's long-term debt, is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are not reported as they are not due to be paid from current financial resources. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred in the government-wide financial statements pursuant to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 65.
- E. <u>BUDGETARY INFORMATION</u> Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles except for certain grant revenues and expenditures related to the City Pier for the governmental fund. Expenditures should not exceed total appropriations. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Budget amendments are approved by the City Commission.
- F. <u>PROPERTY TAXES</u> Property taxes become due and payable on November 1st of each year. The County tax collector remits the City's portion as such revenues are received. The City collects nearly all of its tax revenue during the period from November 1 through April 1, at which time the property taxes become delinquent. The key dates in the property tax cycle are as follows:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. <u>PROPERTY TAXES - CONTINUED</u>

Assessment roll validated	July 1
Millage resolution approved	September 30
Beginning of fiscal year for which	
taxes have been levied	October 1
Tax bills rendered and due	November 1
Property taxes payable:	
Maximum discount	November 30
Delinguent	April 1
Tax certificates sold	May 31

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied to the extent they result in current receivables. Under the system outlined above, no material amount of taxes is receivable after the end of the fiscal year.

- G. <u>ESTIMATES</u> The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- H. <u>ACCRUED VACATION AND SICK PAY</u> The City records a liability for accrued vacation and sick leave in the general fund, as the amounts are considered current obligations.
- 1. <u>FUND BALANCE</u> The City follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54. This statement established fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance classifications, under GASB 54, are Nonspendable and Spendable. Spendable is then further classified as Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds, but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed upon fund balance. Fund Balance can have different levels of restraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance.

In accordance with GASB Statement 54, the City classified governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable - includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual requirements.

NOTE 1 -SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

I. FUND BALANCE - CONTINUED

Spendable Fund Balance:

Restricted – includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of State or Federal laws or enabling legislation, or which are externally restricted by providers, such as creditors or grantors.

Committed – includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes that are approved by a formal action of the City Commissioners through a resolution or the budget process.

Assigned - includes amounts designated for a specific purpose by the City Commissioners through a resolution or the budget process, which are neither restricted or committed.

Unassigned – includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

The City uses restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made. The City does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

Conoral Eund

	<u>Gen</u>	<u>ierai Fund</u>
<u>Nonspendable:</u>		
Prepaid expenses	\$	27,710
<u>Spendable</u> :		
Restricted:		
Local gas tax and right of way fees for road maintenance		166,160
Discretionary Surtax		107,385
Stormwater		65,961
		<u>339,506</u>
Unassigned		1,993,017
Total Fund Balances	\$	2,360,233

- J. <u>INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES</u> The City has no interfund receivables or payables.
- K. <u>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u> In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. One item qualifies for reporting in this category. A deferred outflow of pension resources is reflected in the government-wide statement of net position.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

K. <u>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - CONTINUED</u> - In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. A deferred inflow of pension earnings is reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

NOTE 2 – <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS</u>

The City's investment policies are governed by Florida Statutes in addition to its own investment policies. City monies are authorized to be invested in the following:

- Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (LGSF) or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized through the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act.
- S.E.C. registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a certified qualified public depository.
- Direct Obligations of the U.S. Treasury.
- Interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts in State Certified Qualified Public Depositories as defined in Section 280.02 Florida Statutes.

City bank accounts are with banking institutions that post collateral as required by state statutes (Qualified Public Depositories). The City's policy minimizes credit risk by limiting investments to the safest types. The City's policy minimizes interest rate risk by structuring investments to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and investing operating funds in shorter term investments.

Local Government Surplus Trust Funds Investment Pool

The City has investments with the State Board of Administration Florida PRIME Fund (Florida PRIME), which are administered by the Florida State Board of Administration (SBA). The City's investments in the Pool are through shares owned in the fund and not the underlying investments. The Florida PRIME is considered a 2a7-like pool and recognized at amortized cost. The account balance in the Florida PRIME approximates its fair value. The Florida PRIME investments are subject to overnight withdrawal. There is a risk of loss of interest on the investments if there are changes in the underlying indexed base.

Interest Rate Risks

The City does not have a specific policy concerning interest rate risk. The City primarily invests in certificates of deposit and other insured deposits and similar investment pools as a means of managing fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Florida PRIME dollar weighted average days to maturity (WAM) is 37 days. Next interest rate reset dates for floating rate securities are used in the calculation of the WAM. The weighted average life of Florida PRIME at September 30, 2019 is 85 days.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS- CONTINUED

Credit Risks

Credit risk is the possibility that an issuer of a fixed income security held by the Florida PRIME will default on the security by failing to pay interest or principal when due. If an issuer defaults, the Florida PRIME will lose money.

Florida PRIME invests in top-tier, money market assets of the highest quality and has a Standard and Poors rating of AAAm.

Foreign Currency Risk

Florida PRIME was not exposed to any foreign currency risk during the period from October 1, 2018 through September 30, 2019.

With regards to redemption gates, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states that "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the Executive Director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the Executive Director until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days."

With regard to liquidity fees, Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. Through September 30, 2019, no such disclosure has been made.

As of September 30, 2019, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

At September 30, 2019, the City had investments in the Florida PRIME in the amount of \$1,136,713. For further information regarding the Local Government Surplus Trust Funds Investment Pool, readers should refer to the financial statements and disclosures of the Florida State Board of Administration Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Investment Pool.

NOTE 3 -CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 was:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	<u>Reclass</u>	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 2,836,020	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 2,836,020
Construction in progress	1,240,747	3,311,122	-0-		4,551,869
Total capital assets, not being					
depreciated	4,076,767	3,311,122	-0-	-0-	7,387,889
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	709.687	244.996	-0-	-0-	954,683
Infrastructure	4,334,606	117,142	-0-	-0-	4,451,748
Machinery and equipment	615,485	15,553	-0-	_0_	631,038
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,659,778	377,691	-0-	-0-	6,037,469
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	470,878	21,143	-0-	-0-	492,021
Infrastructure	830,341	131,420	-0-	-0-	961,761
Machinery and equipment	488,262	32,847	_0_	-0-	521,109
Total accumulated depreciation	1,789,481	185,410	0_		1,974,891
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	3,870,297	192,281	-0-	- 0-	4,062,578
Governmental activities capital					
assets, net	<u>\$ 7,947,064</u>	<u>\$ 3,503,403</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ 11,450,467</u>

Depreciation expense was allocated \$21,314 to general government, \$162,944 to public works and \$1,152 to public safety.

NOTE 4 - <u>RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT -WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The reconciliation between the net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds as reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, and the changes in net position as reported in the statement of activities is included on page 14 of the basic financial statements. One line in that reconciliation explains that "Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The detail is shown below:

Capital additions reported as expenditures	
in the General Fund	\$ 3,688,813
Depreciation Expense	 <u>(185,410</u>)
	\$ 3,503,403

NOTE 5 – <u>RETIREMENT PLAN</u>

Plan Description

Employees of the City are provided with pensions through the Florida Retirement System which is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The State of Florida issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at <u>http://myfloridacfo.com/Division/AA/Reports/ default.htm</u>.

Under this system, there are two defined benefit pension plans: The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program:

- The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple employer qualified defined benefit pension plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) available for eligible employees. The FRS was established and is administered in accordance with Chapter 121, Florida Statutes.
- The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS) is a cost-sharing, multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, Florida Statutes.

Benefits Provided

The FRS provides retirees a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options. Benefits under FRS are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation.

If first employed prior to July 1, 2011: Normal retirement age for "regular" employees is 62 or 30 years of service and vesting occurs after 6 years of creditable service. Normal retirement age for "special risk" employees is 55 or 25 years of service and vesting occurs after 6 years of creditable service. The average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings.

If first employed on or after July 1, 2011: Normal retirement age for "regular" employees is 65 or 33 years of service and vesting occurs after 8 years of creditable service. Normal retirement age for "special risk" employees is 60 or 30 years of service and vesting occurs after 8 years of creditable service. The average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings.

The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

Under the HIS Plan, the benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees in paying their health insurance costs. Eligible retirees and beneficiaries receive a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT PLAN - CONTINUED

Contributions Required and Made

Per Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. Effective July 1, 2011, both employee and employers of the FRS are required to make contributions to establish service credit for work performed in a regularly established position. The Florida Legislature established a uniform contribution rate system for the FRS. The uniform rates are based on the class an employee is placed into which requires employees to contribute 3% and employers to contribute a specified percentage based on class. The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2019, ranged from 8.26% – 8.47% for regular employees and 48.70% – 48.82% for elected officials of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$69,346 for the year ended September 30, 2019.

The HIS Program is funded by required contributions of 1.66% and is included in the contribution rates noted above.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>.

At September 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$694,008 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability which includes both FRS and HIS. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportion was .001350031% for FRS and .002047333% for HIS was consistent with its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$162,916. At September 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	FRS			HIS								
	[Deferred	Deferred		Deferred		De	ferred	De	eferred		
	Οι	utflows of	Inflows of		Inflows of		Inflows of		Out	tflows of	In	flows of
	Resources		Resources		Resources		Resources		Res	sources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	27,576	\$	(289)	\$	2,782	\$	(280)				
Changes in assumptions		119,414		-0-		26,525	(18,723)				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on												
pension plan investments		-0-	(25,722)		148		-0-				
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions												
and proportionate share of contributions		53,747	(39,080)		49,333	(15,774)				
City contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2019												
measurement date		11,728		-0-		3,225		-0-				
	\$	212,465	\$ (65,091)	\$	82,013	\$ (34,777)				

NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT PLAN - CONTINUED

Total deferred outflows were \$294,478 and total deferred inflows were \$99,868. \$11,728 (FRS) and \$3,225 (HIS) were reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30:	FRS	HIS
2020	\$ 20,070	\$ 6,123
2021	20,070	6,123
2022	20,070	6,123
2023	20,070	6,123
2024	20,070	6,123
Thereafter	35,296	13,396
	<u>\$ 135,646</u>	<u>\$ 44,011</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation (June 30, 2019 measurement date) was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60 percent
Salary increases	3.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.90 percent, including inflation at 2.60%

Mortality rates for FRS were based on the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018, and mortality rates for HIS were based on the generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018. Because the HIS is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed for that Plan, but were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Plan.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in October 2019 at the FRS Actuarial Assumptions conference based on a review of long-term assumptions developed both by Milliman's capital market assumptions team, which consults with the Florida State Board of Administration. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the long-term target asset allocation. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption, (2.60%). These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

NOTE 5 – <u>RETIREMENT PLAN – CONTINUED</u>

	Target	Annual Arithmetic
<u>Asset Class</u>	Allocation	Return
Cash	1%	3.30%
Fixed income	18%	4.10%
Global equity	54%	8.00%
Real estate (property)	11%	6.70%
Private equity	10%	11.20%
Strategic investments	6%	5.90%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total FRS pension liability was 6.90%, (7.00% in the prior year) and the HIS pension liability was 3.50%. The HIS rate decreased from 3.87% in the prior year, based on the most recent actuarial study. The HIS rate is based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at to contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decre (5.90%		scount Rate (6.90%)	 % Increase (7.90%)
City's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability	\$ 803,	712 \$	464,932	\$ 181,993

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.50%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percent-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	.,.	5 Decrease (2.50%)	-	count Rate	 % Increase (4.50%)
City's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability	\$	261,502	\$	229,076	\$ 202,069

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The City's proportion of net position has been determined on the same basis of each Plan.

NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT PLAN - CONTINUED

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Florida comprehensive annual financial report.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Governmental Activities

On August 22, 2016, the City refinanced the remaining balance of the 2011 revenue bonds with a \$2,411,746 Public Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2016. The note bears interest of 1.90%, with monthly installments of principal and interest commencing on September 22, 2016. The note is secured by pledged revenues including certain franchise fees, half-cent sales taxes and communication services taxes.

Future maturities of direct borrowing are as follows:

Year ending			
<u>September 30</u> :	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u> </u>
2020	\$ 156,714	\$ 35,630	\$ 192,344
2021	159,717	32,627	192,344
2022	162,779	29,565	192,344
2023	165,898	26,446	192,344
2024	169,078	23,266	192,344
2025-2029	617,904	60,031	677,935
Total	<u>\$ 1,432,090</u>	<u>\$ 207,565</u>	<u>\$ 1,639,655</u>

Long-term liabilities changed as follows for the year ended September 30, 2019:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
Governmental Activities	Balance	Additions	<u>Reductions</u>	Balance	One Year
2016 Refunding Note	<u>\$1,794,59</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$(362,504)</u>	<u>\$1,432,09</u>	<u>\$ 156,714</u>
	<u>4</u>			<u>0</u>	
Total Direct Borrowing	\$1,794,59	-0-	(362,504)		156,714
	4			1,432,090	
Net Pension Liability		261,246	(278,500)		_0_
	<u>711,262</u>			<u>694,008</u>	
	<u>\$2,505,85</u>	<u>\$261,246</u>	<u>\$(641,004)</u>	<u>\$2,126,09</u>	<u>\$ 156,714</u>
	<u>6</u>			<u>8</u>	

Events of default may occur if the City fails to make scheduled payments under the terms of the note agreement. An event of default may subject the City to certain finance-related consequences such as:

Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, the Note shall bear interest at the Default Rate and all payments made on the Note during any such period shall be applied first to interest and then to principal. Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, the Noteholder may proceed to protect and enforce its rights under the laws of the State of Florida or under this Agreement by such suits, actions or special proceedings in equity or at law, or by proceedings in the office of any board or officer having jurisdiction, either for the specific performance of any covenant or agreement contained herein or in aid or execution of any power herein granted or for the enforcement of any proper legal or equitable remedy, as the Noteholder shall deem most effective to

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

Governmental Activities - Continued

protect and enforce such rights. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Noteholder shall have the right to bring a mandamus action to require the City to perform its obligations under this Agreement. Acceleration of the payments due on the Note shall not be a remedy hereunder. The City shall reimburse the Holder and its agents for all reasonable legal and collection costs to exercise its remedies or collect its payments in the case of an Event of Default. The Holder shall never have the right to compel the exercise of the ad valorem taxing power of the City to pay the Note or the interest thereon.

NOTE 7 - OPERATING LEASE

The City leases a facility under an operating lease used for the City annex. The lease ends on

May 31, 2021. Current year rent expense was \$38,576.

Future commitments under the lease agreement are approximately \$39,700 for 2020, and \$27,016 for 2021.

NOTE 8 – <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year, and there have been no settlements or claims in excess of coverage.

NOTE 9 – <u>CONTINGENCIES</u>

The City is currently involved in litigation with various parties. The outcome of these matters and potential losses to the City cannot be determined. As a result, no liability has been recorded in these financial statements. It is at least reasonably possible that additional liabilities could result in the near term.

NOTE 10 – <u>SUBSEQUENT EVENTS</u>

As of the date through which the City has evaluated events occurring subsequent to the balance sheet date, April 23, 2020, Management of the City is evaluating the risks associated with the COVID-19 pandemic. Management of the City is in the process of implementing risk mitigation as to the risk of impact, if any, of COVID-19 related to all aspects of the City's business transactions and human interaction within and outside of the City. However, the City cannot, at this time, make a determination on the ultimate impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF ANNA MARIA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)			
REVENUES	\$ 2,245,437	\$ 2,245,437	\$ 2,166,920	¢ (70 E17)			
Ad valorem taxes State shared revenue	\$ 2,245,437	\$ 2,245,437	\$ 2,166,920	\$ (78,517)			
and other taxes	791,665	791,665	632,574	(159,091)			
Franchise fees	157,000	157,000	225,280	68,280			
Stormwater utility fee	89,697	89,697	173,326	83,629			
Licenses and permits	1,089,596	1,089,596	1,064,481	(25,115)			
Grants	4,062,793	4,062,793	3,466,676	(596,117)			
Fines and forfeitures	4,062,795	4,062,793	219,353	76,353			
Interest	35,000	35,000	42,774	70,353			
Other sources	59,780	59,780	42,774 41,768	(18,012)			
Total Revenues	8,673,968	8,673,968	8,033,152	(640,816)			
	0,075,500	0,075,500	0,000,102	(010,010)			
EXPENDITURES							
General government							
Personal services	344,738	344,738	249,974	94,764			
Operating	346,381	346,381	360,133	(13,752)			
Capital outlay	35,000	35,000	19,292	15,708			
Public Works/Building							
Personal services	908,126	908,126	857,943	50,183			
Operating	1,203,534	1,203,534	396,985	806,549			
Capital outlay	5,003,656	5,003,656	3,806,768	1,196,888			
Code Enforcement							
Personal services	210,800	210,800	194,175	16,625			
Operating	229,100	229,100	177,139	51,961			
Capital outlay	77,000	77,000	43,082	33,918			
Public Safety			040 570	2 0 7 9			
Operating Data Service	952,657	952,657	949,579	3,078			
Debt Service	<u>425,052</u> 9,736,044	<u>425,052</u> 9,736,044	<u>392,344</u> 7,447,414	32,708			
Total Expenditures	9,730,044	9,730,044	7,447,414	2,288,030			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,062,076)	(1,062,076)	585,738	1,647,814			
FUND BALANCE, October 1, 2018	1,774,495	1,774,495	1,774,495				
FUND BALANCE, September 30, 2019	\$ 712,419	\$ 712,419	\$ 2,360,233	\$ 1,647,814			

Note 1-Budget Basis

The general fund budget is presented on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

CITY OF ANNA MARIA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – FRS AVAILABLE FISCAL YEARS*

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS)

		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.00	0757165%	0.0	0.001068746%		001258397%	0	.001459582%	0	.001579931%	0.	001350031%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	46,198	\$	138,043	\$	317,746	\$	431,735	\$	475,883	\$	464,932
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	414,018	\$	486,275	\$	545,165	\$	627,108	\$	726,477	\$	700,173
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		11%		28%		58%		69%		66%		66%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		96.09%		92.00%		84.88%		83.89%		84.26%		82.61%

CITY OF ANNA MARIA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – HIS AVAILABLE FISCAL YEARS*

RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM (HIS)

		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018	2019		
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.00	1328868%	0.00	0.001455577%		0.001708915%		1954387%	0.0	02223888%	0.0	02047333%	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	124,252	\$	148,446	\$	199,167	\$	208,972	\$	235,379	\$	229,076	
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	414,018	\$ 486,275		\$ 545,165		\$ 627,108		\$ 726,477		\$ 700,173		
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		30%		31%		37%		33%		32%		33%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		99.00%		50.00%		97.00%		1.64%		2.15%		2.63%	

CITY OF ANNA MARIA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS – FRS AVAILABLE FISCAL YEARS*

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS)

	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 16,585	\$	26,057	\$	30,688	\$	37,997	\$	45,027	\$	41,861
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 16,585		26,057		30,688		37,997		45,027		41,861
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 414,018	\$	486,275	\$	545,165	\$	627,108	\$	726,477	\$	700,173
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	4.01%		5.36%		5.63%		6.06%		6.20%		5.98%

CITY OF ANNA MARIA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS - HIS AVAILABLE FISCAL YEARS"

RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM (HIS)

	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	
Contractually required contribution	\$	4,552	\$	5,564	\$	8,759	\$	10,343	\$	12,060	\$	11,369
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		4,552		5,564		8,759		10,343		12,060		11,369
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	414,018	\$	486,275	\$	545,165	\$	627,108	\$	726,477	\$	700,173
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		1.10%		1.14%		1.61%		1.65%		1.66%		1.62%

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Actuarial assumptions for both defined benefit plans (FRS and HIS) are reviewed annually by the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumptions Conference. The FRS Pension Plan has a valuation performed annually. This HIS Program has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan was completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018. Because the HIS Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed for this program.

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was determined by the individual entry age normal actuarial cost method. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.60%. Payroll growth for both plans is assumed at 3.25%. Both the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return used for FRS Pension Plan investments is 6.90%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Because the HIS Program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 3.50%) based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index) was used to determine the total pension liability for the program. Mortality assumptions for FRS were based on the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018, and mortality assumptions for HIS were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2019:

- FRS: The long-term expected rate of return decreased from 7.00% to 6.90% and the mortality assumption was changed from the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables to the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.
- HIS: The municipal rate used to determine total pension liability decreased from 3.87% to 3.50%.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CITY OF ANNA MARIA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Project	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subreceipients	Total Expenditures
US Department of Homeland Security Passed through Florida Division of Emergency Management Disaster Grants – Public Assistance	97.036	Z0049	N/A	\$ 1,113,125
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS				<u>\$ 1,113,125</u>

STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE State Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Project	CSFA Number	Pass–Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subreceipients	Total Expenditures
Florida Division of Emergency Management				
Local Emergency Management and Mitigation Initiatives	31.064	19-SP-10-08-51-01-298	N/A	750,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE				\$ 750,000

CITY OF ANNA MARIA, FLORIDA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance includes the federal and state grant activity of the City of Anna Maria, Florida (City) and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Audits,* and of the Florida State Single Audit Act and Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida, Chapter 10.550. Some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the City's operations, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City. The City has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE B - CONTINGENCIES

Grant monies received and distributed by the City are for specific purposes and are subject to review by the grantor agencies. Such audits may result in requests for reimbursement due to disallowed expenditures. Based on prior experience, the City does not believe that such allowances, if any, would have a material effect on the financial position of the City. As of April 23, 2020, there were no material questioned or disallowed costs as a result of grant audits in process or completed.

OTHER REPORTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

MANGEMENT LETTER

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON INVESTMENT COMPLIANCE



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Honorable City Commission City of Anna Maria, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Anna Maria, Florida (City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 23, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a

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Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Christopher State borand Brostow + Stanell, P.A.

CHRISTOPHER, SMITH, LEONARD, BRISTOW & STANELL, P.A.

April 23, 2020 Bradenton, Florida



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Honorable City Commission City of Anna Maria, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited the City of Anna Maria, Florida's, (City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance* Supplement and the requirements described in the *Department of Financial Services'* State Projects Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major Federal programs and State projects for the year ended September 30, 2019. The City's major Federal program and State projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with Federal and State statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its Federal awards and State projects applicable to its Federal programs and State projects.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major Federal programs and State projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal* Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal* Awards (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program or State project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major Federal program and State project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs and State projects for the year ended September 30, 2019.

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Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major Federal program and State project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major Federal program and State project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program or State project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program or State project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with the type of compliance requirement of a Federal program or State project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Christopher, Sith, Leonard, Brixen + Stand, P.A.

CHRISTOPHER, SMITH, LEONARD, BRISTOW & STANELL, P.A.

April 23, 2020 Bradenton, Florida Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements			
Type of Auditor's report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>		
Internal Control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>x</u> no	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	<u>x</u> none reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	<u>x</u> no	
Federal Awards and State Projects			
Internal Control over major Federal programs and State projects:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>x</u> no	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	<u>x</u> none reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major Federal programs and State projects:	<u>Unmodified</u>		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a) or Chapter 10.550	yes	<u>x</u> no	
Identification of Major Federal Programs:	CFDA Number		
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036		
Identification of Major State Projects:	<u>CSFA Number</u>		
Local Emergency Management and Mitigation Initiatives	31.064		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:			
Federal State	<u>\$750,0</u> \$300,0		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	yes	<u>x</u> no	

CITY OF ANNA MARIA, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

No matters were reported.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

Section III - Federal Program and State Project Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

No summary schedule of prior audit findings is required because there were no prior audit findings related to federal programs or state projects.

MANAGEMENT LETTER



To the Honorable City Commission City of Anna Maria, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of City of Anna Maria, Florida (City) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated April 23, 2020.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated April 23, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statues, and identification of the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

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Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we do not have any such recommendations.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the City Commissioners, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Brintow + Stanell, P.t.

CHRISTOPHER, SMITH, LEONARD, BRISTOW & STANELL, P.A.

April 23, 2020 Bradenton, Florida INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE



To the Honorable City Commission City of Anna Maria, Florida

We have examined the City of Anna Maria's (City) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds for the year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Christopher, Sut Lemal, Bristow + Starell, P.A.

CHRISTOPHER, SMITH, LEONARD, BRISTOW & STANELL, P.A.

April 23, 2020 Bradenton, Florida

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